The Times

VOL. V. NO. 1528. OTTAWA, THURSDAY DECEMBER 1, 1870 {PRICE—3 CENTS

AGENTS WANTED, who can make from $5 to $10 a day. Address, T. W. FARRELL, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Nov 11, 1870 1511 1m

Legal.

J. W. C. WARD, Barrister at-law, Ad vocate, &c. Opposite Russell House, Ottawa, Canada.

WRIGHT & CLEMOW, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. &c. for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec. Office over Durie's Book Store, Sparks street
W McKAY WRIGHT. 13w F C CLEMOW.

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 358y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. S. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.
43utf JOHN J. GEMMELL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

KEEFER & KIMBER, Barristers and Attornies at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, &c. for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec. Office—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.
AUGUSTUS KEEFER. RENE EDWARD KIMBER.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa 489y

A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON

J. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 1906tf

Medical.

DOCTOR HENDERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Surgery—That recently occupied by Dr Malloch, Duke st. Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1388y

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.
N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be found at his residence, Murray street.

DR. G. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

GEORGE HUTCHISON, L. D. S.,

SURGEON DENTIST,

Sparks Street.

OPPOSITE "TIMES" OFFICE.

DR. HUTCHISON is fully prepared to supply sets of TEETH, or to insert single Teeth where wanting, on either gold, silver or vulcanite rubber plates, fitting so closely and easily to the mouth as to be capable of all the uses to which natural teeth are applied, without the slightest inconvenience to the wearers, and after wearing for a short time in use, without even a consciousness of the presence of a substance foreign to the mouth.
N. B. with a view to the removal of painful sensations during the operation of extracting teeth or diseased tooth, has introduced into his practice the use of the Nitrous Oxide or laughing gas, which the sufferer inhales without pain or inconvenience, and loses his tooth as it were a pleasant dream.
May be consulted any day, except Sunday, at his office from 9 a. m. to 6 p. m.
Ottawa September 2, 1870

Hotels and Saloons.

THE METROPOLITAN, AUMOND'S BLOCK, *Rideau Street Ottawa.* P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

WAVERLY HOUSE, BARRINGTON-STREET, HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA, Established 1851.
Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.
969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE, Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.
E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor, (Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)
A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT, M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor*, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brandies, Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

MR. DUIGNAN'S, SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA
A few more gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen visiting the Capital will find superior accommodation by the day or week at moderate terms.
The House is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Parliament Buildings and the 219tf

THE UNION HOUSE,
W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR,
CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS *OTTAWA.*
EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.
The Bar always supplied with the
CHOICEST LIQUORS,
And the table spread with
EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON
Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.

C. T. R. HIGGINS,
Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co, General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufacturers and Mining Agent Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mann Bros Hardware Store

DANCING AND DEPORTMENT.
Mrs Robert Stewart having made arrangements with an accomplished lady teacher, announces that her Dancing Classes will commence on Wednesday, the 22nd instant
Further particulars may be obtained on application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street.
Ottawa September 9th, 1869. 1148tf

WANTED.
An experienced First-class Common School Teacher, who is not afraid to compete (as far as his profession is concerned) with any person in either Province, desires an engagement in Ontario, to date from the first of January next. Best of references.
Address, stating salary, &c.,
A D PRATT, Hull, P. Q
Hull, 31st Oct. 1870 1502tf

WANTED by a young Lady a situation is competent to teach French, and is a good sewer, would go out by the day if necessary.
Ottawa, Nov 21, 1870 1519 1s

Groceries.

DENIS WHELAN,
39 RIDEAU STREET,
OTTAWA
HAVING OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT
(nearly opposite the Old Stand,)
Offers for sale at VERY LOW PRICES a large and well selected stock, comprising Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy Soaps, Sauces, Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, Candles, Coarse and Fine Salt. Also. *Bordeaux and other Vinegars*
MESS PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS,
And the numerous other articles necessary to constitute a complete stock.
TEAS—Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial Young Hyson, quite fresh and cheap.
COFFEE—Fresh Coffee *ground* and *roasted* daily on the premises.
LIQUORS—COGNAC BRANDIES Renault & Co, Hennessy, Piper's and other brands.
HOLLAND GIN—De Kuyper's and Houtman's, in wood and bottle.
WINES—Sherries of all grades, Ports of fine quality, Burgundy, Sauterne and Maderia Wines all prices, in wood and bottle, improved by age.
HIGHWINES, OLD RYE, PROOF AND WHISKEY,
High proof and flavor, at extremely low prices.
Thorne's and Stewart's Scotch Whiskey and Old Tom.
Dunville's Irish Whiskey.
Murphy's Old Irish Potteen.
Guinness' and London Porter, pts and qts.
Molson's and other Ales.
Sugars and Syrups, all grades.
Sale at refiners' prices.
THE OLD STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE SELLING AT TWENTY-FIVE PER CENT BELOW COST.
Now is the time for bargains. 7105

1870. 1870.
SPRING IMPORTATIONS.
C MEARA & CO.
Beg most respectfully to intimate to their friends and customers that they have just received and have ready for inspection
A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT OF CLOTHS AND TWEEDS
Suitable for the coming season, comprising
ENGLISH, FRENCH, SCOTCH AND CANADIAN MANUFACTURES OF THE
NEWEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE DESIGNS.
THE READY-MADE CLOTHING DEPARTMENT
is also very complete, and will be found of the best materials and most fashionable styles.
Special attention is called to a
LARGE ASSORTMENT OF SPRING AND SUMMER OVERCOATS
OF THE NEWEST STYLES.
Suspenders, Scarfs, Ties, Collars, Shirts, Gloves, &c. &c. Together with a large and well assorted stock of
DRY GOODS.
Tailoring Department under the supervision of a first class cutter
Suits made to order in best and latest styles Good fit ensured or no sale.
A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO

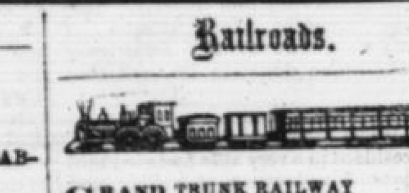
Hardware.

BLYTH & KERR,
No. 25 RIDEAU STREET,
Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c.
All work in any of the above branches executed in a prompt and workmanlike manner.
Special attention given to Roofing and fitting up Galvanised Iron and Tin Gutters, Conductors, &c., &c.
IMPORTERS OF GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.
JUST RECEIVED, ex "Pride of Canada" and "Oscola," a splendid assortment of Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots, Jelly Moulds, Wire Dish Covers, Spice Boxes, Ladies' Dressing Cases, Trays, Enamelled Pie Dishes, Preserving Pans, Deff Milk Saucepans, &c., &c.
Constantly on hand, Cooking Stoves, (best makers) Hot Air Furnaces, Water Coolers, Baths, (all kinds) Cutlery, Plated and Britannia Metal Ware,
—ALSO—
FISHING TACKLE, comprising Rods, Lines, Flies, Hooks, Floats, Trolls, Panniers, Landing Nets, Fly Books, &c. &c.
Ottawa, August 10, 1870 1432 1y

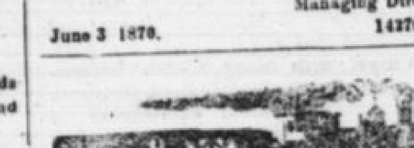
DARLEY'S
ARABIAN OIL
FOR HORSES AND CATTLE
A NEVER-FAILING REMEDY.
This valuable preparation combines all the medicinal virtues of those articles which long experience has proved to possess most safe and efficient properties for the cure of Flesh Wounds, Sprains, Bruises, Galls of all kinds, Cracked Heels, Ring Bone, Spavin, Callous, Fistula, Sweeney, External Poisons, Scratches or Grease, Strains, Lameness, Mange, Witlows, Corns, Sand Cracks, Foundered Feet, Horn Distemper, Swellings, and many other diseases which horses and cattle are subject to.
The celebrated Liniment has been used for many years, and its curative properties thoroughly tested, and it is conceded to be the cheapest and most reliable remedy for all external complaints ever offered to the public—it never fails when timely used and faithfully applied.
To be had of all Druggists and Country Merchants throughout the Dominion. Price 25c. per bottle.
NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, Ont. Proprietors.
Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W M Massey, H F McCarthy, J Skinner, in Ottawa, all Medicine Dealers.
November 24, 1870 1522tf

WANTED
By a young girl a situation as SEAMSTRESS, or DRESS-MAKER, in a private family or place of business
References given if required. Apply at the TIMES OFFICE.
August 1st, 1870 1434-tf

Railroads.



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY OF CANADA.
Special attention is directed to this Company's announcement, in regard to the
RUNNING OF TRAINS FOR THE ENSUING SEASON
In addition to the Fast Time which it is intended to make between the
EAST AND WEST,
With close connections at all points. The line will be equipped with handsome
NEW FIRST-CLASS CARS,
Unsurpassed on the continent.
TRAINS WILL RUN BETWEEN
Portland and Montreal in 13 Hours.
Montreal and Toronto in 13 Hours.
Stopping only at the most important Stations.
As fast as completed,
PULMAN'S
PALACE SLEEPING CARS
Will be run on the Through Trains and the service will be performed over the entire line in a manner equal to that of any railway on this continent. Special arrangements have been made to accommodate the pleasure travel.
For further particulars see advertisements and time tables.
C J BRYDGES, Managing Director.
June 3 1870. 1427tf



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY OF CANADA
IMPROVED SERVICE OF TRAINS FOR THE SUMMER OF 1870.
ACCELERATION OF SPEED.
NEW CARS ON ALL EXPRESS TRAINS.
Portland to Montreal in 13 Hours.
Montreal to Toronto in 13 Hours.
On and after JUNE 13th the new arrangements will be put in force, and trains will leave Montreal as follows:

GOING WEST.

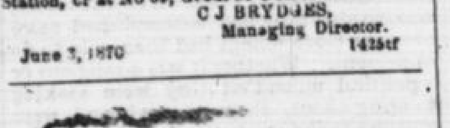
Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points west at	9 00 a m
NIGHT, do do	9 00 p m
Mail Train for Toronto and intermediate Stations	7 00 a m
Accommodation Train for Brockville and intermediate stations	5 00 p m

Trains for Lachine at 6 00 a m, 7 00 a m, 9 15 am, 12 noon, 1 30 p m, 4 00 p m, 5 30 p m, and 6 30 p m. The 1 30 p m Train runs through to Province Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and intermediate stations at	7 10 a m
Express for Boston, via Vermont Central, at	9 00 a m
Express for New York and Boston, via Vermont Central, at	3 45 p m
Express for New York and Boston, via Plattsburg, Lake Champlain, Burlington and Rutland, at	6 00 a m
Do do do do	4 00 p m
Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham, Portland and Lower Provinces at	1 10 p
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, and the Lower Provinces, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St Hilaire, St Hyacinthe, Upton, Acton, Richmond, Brompton Falls, Sherbrooke, Lennoxville, Compton, Coaticooke and Norton Mills only at	10 10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all night trains. Baggage checked through.
The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotta" leave Portland for Halifax, N S, every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, respectively, at 4 00 p. m. They have excellent accommodations for passengers and Freight
The International Company's Steamers running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every Monday and Thursday at 6 00 p m for St John, N B, &c.
Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.
For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way station apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station, or at No 39, Great St James Street.
C J BRYDGES, Managing Director.
June 3, 1870 1425tf



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.
1870.] SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS. [1870
Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at	0 a.
Night do do do do do	0 p m
Accommodation Train for Cornwall and Intermediate Stations at	00 p m
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at	7:30 am
Trains for Lachine at 6:00 a m, 7:00 am 9 to a m, 12 noon, 1:30 p m, 4:00 p m and 5:30 p m.	

The 1.30 p m train runs through to Province Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at	7:00 a m
Express for Boston at	8:40 a m
Express for New York and Boston via Vermont Central at	3:45 p m
Express for New York and Boston via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at	6.00 a m
Express for Island Pond, at	2:00 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at	10:10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.
The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotta" leaves Portland every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, for Halifax, N.S., respectively at 4 p. m.
They has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.
The International Company's Steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway leave Portland every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 6 p m, for St John, N.B., &c.
Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.
For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Offices, Bonaventure Station, and 39 Great St James Street.
C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director
Montreal, May, 1870.
OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.
A & A H TAYLOR, Agents

ELECTRICITY IS LIFE
PULVERMACHER'S PATENT
GALVANIC CHAIN-BANDS
BELTS, AND POCKET BATTERIES
These highly improved inventions render Electricity perfectly self-applicable, and extremely efficacious in a mild continuous form no shock or unpleasant sensation being experienced, whereby it becomes a true fountain of health and vigour, speedily soothing agonising pains, reanimating torpid limbs reviving the sluggish functions of life, and imparting renewed energy and vitality to constitutions enfeebled by whatever cause. Medicines and their deleterious consequences are thus entirely dispensed with. The daily increasing number of cures effected by PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC SYSTEM is so extensive and varied, that it forcibly points to this invention as the embryo of a universal remedy.
N. B.—The following testimony from the elite of the English medical faculty has been received:
"We, the undersigned, have much pleasure in testifying that Mr. J. L. PULVERMACHER's recent improvements in his Voltaic Batteries and Galvanic Appliances for Medical Purposes are of great importance to Scientific Medicine, and that he is entitled to the consideration and support of every one disposed to further the advancement of real and useful progress.
"Dated the 9th day of March, 1866.
"SIR CHARLES LOCOCK, Bart., M. D., F R C. P.
"SIR HENRY HOLLAND, Bart., M. D., F. R. S.
"SIR WM. FERGUSSON, Bart., F. R. S.
"EDWD. H. SIEVEKING, M. D., M R C S.
"SIR J. RANALD MARTIN, F. R. C. S."
PULVERMACHER'S SYSTEM is also approved of by an official report of the Academie de Medicine, Paris, Royal College of Physicians, London, and the Imperial Faculty of Vienna, and its curative virtues are confirmed by thousands of private testimonials of cures effected (See pamphlet gratis).
These facts appeal to the good sense of every sufferer to avail himself of this scientific and curative progress, to which the inventor has devoted a life-time of study and labour, as an ardent disciple of that great benefactor of mankind, the late illustrious electrician MICHAEL FARADY.
PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC CHAINS are exceedingly effective without the aid of medicine, restriction of diet or the least derangement of the patient's habits and daily occupations, in the following maladies:

Rheumatism	Female Complaints
Gout	Constipation
Sciatica	Cramp
Lumbago	Sluggish Circulation
Neuralgia	Urinary Disorders
Head and Toothache	Paralysis
Liver Complaints	Epilepsy
Tic Doloreux	Nervous Debility
Indigestion	Functional Disorders
Deafness	&c., &c
Spasms	

The effects of the application of Pulvermacher's Chains in any of the above disorders is immediately perceptible—the relief of pain instantaneous.
PRICE LIST OF PULVERMACHER'S CHAIN BANDS AND BATTERIES.
B CHAIN BANDS for Nervous Deafness, Head, Tooth, and Face Ache, and Noises in the Head, 21s. to 30s
B. CHAIN BANDS for loss of Voice and other affections of the Throat, 10s. 6d. to 21s.
N. CHAIN BANDS for Sciatica, Rheumatic Neuralgia, and Gouty Pains, Local Paralysis, Cramp, &c., 18s. to 22s and 40s
B CHAIN BANDS for Lumbago, Indigestion, Liver, Chest, and Functional Disorders, &c., (worn as a belt), 22s to 40s and 55s.
B CHAIN BANDS for Writer's Cramp, Trembling, Nervousness, &c, 22s to 30s and 40s
B COMBINED CHAIN BAND for Cantil, Paralysis, Epilepsy, General Debility Functional Disorders, &c , 30s to 50s
A complete Set of COMBINED CHAIN BANDS, BELTS, and CHAIN BATTERY for restoring vital energy, £5 to £7.
The public are most earnestly cautioned to beware of Pseudo Electric Belts advertised by sham Doctors, &c., for improper purposes, and so severely stigmatized by Vice Chancellor Malins in the suit Pulvermacher vs Hammond, alias Henry James, alias C. T. Raphey, M. R. C. S, alias Henry Burrows, &c, &c.
No Galvanic Belts are genuine but those bearing the fac simile of M. Pulvermacher's signature on the label.
A pamphlet containing full particulars may be had at the Drug Store of A. Christie, Sparks Street.
J. L. PULVERMACHER, Galvanic Establishment, 200 Regent Street, London, W.
Ottawa, September 6, 1870 1455 1awk y

SCYTHES!
SCYTHES!! SCYTHES!!!
AND OTHER
HARVESTING IMPLEMENTS.
At the sign of the ANVIL, No. 24 Rideau street, you can find a complete assortment of,
Grass and other Scythes.
Blood oil or Steel, all lengths.
Blood Cast Steel, "
Blood German Steel, "
Pride of the Field silver Steel.
Bonnie Blue Bell, "
Red Rover or Champion "
Flint's Celebrated Scyth,
Whittings Eureka Scyth ground, ready for use.
Hay Rakes, straight and bent.
Hay Forks, two and three prongs.
Straw Forks, three prongs.
Scythes Snathes.
Grain Cradles, Muley and Grape Vine.
Scythes-stones and grindstones of all sorts and sizes.
—ALSO,—
A complete assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, Paints, Oil, Glass, Putty, Coal Oil, &c., &c.
THOS. BIRKETT, No. 24, Rideau Street.

TO FARMERS
Who have suffered by fire we make a reduction in the price of Stoves,

Elevated Oven	Cook Stoves.
Low Oven	Cook Stoves.
Double Stoves.	Parlour Stoves.
Box Stoves all sizes.	Hotel Cook Stoves.
Dumb Stoves.	Hot Air Furnaces.
Stove Pipes.	Elbows.
Zinc.	

Our WINTER STOCK, just received at the
"CAPITAL STOVE DEPOT."
35 Sussex Street,
H MEADOWS & CO.
Ottawa, September 9, 1870.

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

1870. FALL ARRANGEMENT. 1870.

Close A.M.	Close A.M.	Close P.M.	MAILS.	Delivered A.M.	Delivered A.M.	Delivered P.M.
11.15		2.30	Eastern, by Train; Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	9.00		4.00
6.00			Montreal, by Steamer			
11.15			Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B., by St. L. & O. Railway	9.00		4.00
8.30		8.30	Western, by Train; Toronto, Hamilton, London, Kingston, Western, U.S., and all places west of Prescott	9.00		7.15
8.30		8.30	Fort Garry and other places in the Province of Manitoba to be despatched in closed mail from Windsor, Ontario, daily, via St. Pauls, Minnesota. Ordinary Dominion rates of postage	9.00		7.15
1.15		8.30	United States, by St. L. & O. Railway; Ogdensburgh, New York, Boston, &c			4.00
6.00			Lower Ottawa, by Steamer; Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville, &c	8.00		6.30
6.00			Upper Ottawa, by Steamer; Onslow, Arnprior, Sand Point, Renfrew, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c.	8.00	11.00	6.00
		12.15	Upper Ottawa, by Stage; Pakenham, March, Huntley, Carp, &c	9.00		
4.00	11.00	4.00	Aylmer, by Stage; Hull, Clarendon, Bristol, &c	9.10		4.00
7.30	11.15		Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Burritt's Rapids by St. L. & O. Railway	9.00		
11.15			North Gower, Kars, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	9.00		1.30
8.30			Osgoode, Russell, and Line of St. L. & O. Railway	8.00		1.30
8.30		4.30	For Brockville, Perth, Smith's Falls, Appleton and Carleton Place, per Canada Central Railway			
8.30			For Sand Point and places on the Brockville and Ottawa Railway, North of Carleton Place Junction, and places on C. C. Railway			5.00
6.00			Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate offices daily; Aylwin, Kazabazua, Low, River Desert, Six Portages, Wright, close Tuesdays and Fridays; arrive Tuesdays and Fridays		11.30	
		12.30	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays			

Matter posted up to 9.30 p.m. will be forwarded East and West in supplementary package the same night.
The Western Mail arriving at 7 p. m. will be delivered the same evening.

BRITISH MAILS.

Per Cunard Line, close every Tuesday at 10.45 a. m.
Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 10.30 a. m.
A supplementary bag for Canadian steamer will be closed at 11.30, in which all paid unregistered matter will be sent.

MONEY ORDERS

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.
OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on special deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.
POST OFFICE, Ottawa, 21st Nov., 1870.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor, little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations

Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment Cures Croup or Rattles.—DR BINGHAM, of Utica New York, says: "I have used Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment in my practice a number of years, and can say with pleasure I deem it one of the greatest discoveries of the age; for the cure of Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammatory Rheumatism, and in Childbed Fever, it operates with perfect success. In cases of Burns, Bruises, Frozen Limbs, it acts like a charm.
DR. J. P. KENNEDY, of Chittenango, New York, says: "It has stood the *test trial*, and has not been found wanting. Its astonishing cures of Inflammation of the Lungs and Croup and the wonderful success in subsiding the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of remedies for these complaints."
DR. A. W. BELDING, of Knowlesville, New York says, "I have used it in severe cases of Spectal Irritation and for the worst cases of Piles, and sundry other complaints, and find it a superior article, and well worthy the notice of all."
Purchasers should be sure and ask for Dr. F. Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and see that the words "A. TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT" are on the wrapper.
Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for the Canadas. Sold in Ottawa by all Druggists and by medicine dealers everywhere.

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE,
—BY—
P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.
Wholesale and Retail dealers and Commission Merchants, No. 36 Rideau-St., and Duke St., Chaudiere,
Desire to draw the attention of the Public to their well assorted Stock of Groceries, Wines Liquors, and Provisions, all of which will be sold at prices not to be rivalled either here or elsewhere.
Having the advantage of buying our Goods at the lowest prices and direct from the importing Vessels, enables us to sell in future as we have done heretofore, which we hope has given satisfaction to those who have favored us with a call.
Rye, Proof and High Wines of the best always on hand. Also, Gin, Brandies and Wines directly imported. Those who have not already tried our Goods are respectively invited to call. Remember our motto: "Quick Sales and Light Profits." Salt and Fish constantly on hand.
P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.
August 7, 1870. 1428-1y

SITUATION WANTED
AS FARMER
A Married Man, who understands farming in all its departments; has had long experience in Canada.
Address B. E., FARMER, Hull, P.Q.

An Old Jacobite Song.

The sun rises bright in France
And fair sets he;
But he has tint the blink he had
In my ain countrie.
It's nae my ain ruin
That weets aye my e'e,
But the dear Marie I left ahin;
Wi' sweet bairnies three.

Fu' beinly lowed my ain hearth
And smiled my ain Marie!
O I've left all my heart behind
In my ain countrie!
O I'm leal to high Heaven
Which aye was leal to me;
And it's there I'll meet ye a' soon
Frae my ain countrie.

OLLA PODRIDA.

As an evidence of the tenacious national spirit of the French, we hear of the Chasseur who was recently shot at Inglœstadt, for an attack on a lieutenant who had him in charge. He fell waving his cap and shouting, "Vive la France!"

The opening of the theatres in Paris is a military provision, to prevent the troops and the populace from dwelling too much on their desperate situation.

For over thirty years an old gentleman at St. Albans, Vt., has made a practice of getting out of bed every night at 11, 12, 2, and 4 o'clock, to enjoy a "comfortable smoke."

A lady in Jasper county, Ind., aged seventy-five, wants a divorce from her husband, aged seventy-eight, because he spends half his time running about with the girls.

During the earthquake last month an oil well at South Olive, Ohio, threw up a set of tools that had been burried in it for months.

The spectacle of a woman driving a two horse team, with two black bears and a cow chained behind, enlivened a Western city recently.

The press of America is nearly unanimous in calling Mrs. Dr. Walker's attention to an advertisement of "A female physician wanted to go to India."

Donkey's flesh ranks very high among the new species of food adopted by the besieged Parisians. It is said to resemble veal, with a poultry flavor.

In Chicago the inexorable decrees of fashion make it imperative on dogs of good family to wear black and red promenade blankets, and to have the leading strings attached to the left side of the collar.

A New Hampshire magistrate is under indictment for having married a matron of 40 to a youth of 15, whom she had captured, and who states that he was afraid to say "no" when asked the momentous question.

This is what a California paper says of the Legislature of that State: "This mud volcano of ours which gets in operation biennially and pollutes the whole atmosphere by its foul exhalations, throws up more laws at one eruption for the unhappy half million of people who reside within the limits of California than the British Parliament, which has to regulate the concerns of an empire that contains rising one hundred and eighty million souls."

A good deal of unpleasant feeling has been created in England by statements that the Irish and English members of the Papal Brigade have been very badly treated by the Italian officials, notwithstanding that they were protected by a special clause in the convention between General Kanzler and the Italian commander. Some of the best families in England had representatives in the brigade.

Some idea of the railway travel into and out of London may be had from the fact that the total number of trains entering and leaving the city in one day is fifty-four per hour, or very nearly one per minute during the the whole of the twenty four hours of the day; and this immense business is conducted with a freedom from accident that is almost exemption

Australia appears to be faithful to England. The Melbourne *Argus* says: "In the whole of these colonies the Governments and the people have obeyed one impulse, and acknowledged one duty to be paramount over all others—that of maintaining the unity of the empire and defending ourselves against any enemy with whom England may engage in warfare."

Meetings to protest against the usurpation of the King of Italy have been held in Ireland. That in Wexford was convened by the Earl of Granard, K. P., Lord Lieutenant of Leitrim. It will be remembered that Lord and Lady Granard were not not long since parties to a suit involving the disposition of the personal property of the latter's mother, Lady Esmonde, which excited extraordinary interest in Ireland, owing to its assuming the character of a Catholic and Protestant contest, Lady Esmonde having disinherited, so far as was in her power, Lady Granard, in consequence of her having become a Roman Catholic.

Narrow Escape of Mrs. Yelverton.

The Mariposa *Gazette*, of November 10th, has the following:

"We learn that the Hon. Mrs. Yelverton met with a serious misfortune on Sunday last in attempting to leave Yosemite Valley unattended. Mrs. Yelverton had been spending several months at the valley, and on Sunday morning started alone on horse back from Hutching's Hotel to come out to Clark & Moore's, expecting to overtake on the trail an English party which left an hour or so before. Nothing more was known of her journey until Monday morning, when Frederick Leidig and Hugh Daveney took the trail to come to Mariposa. About a quarter of a mile below the Hermitage they noticed a woman's track in the snow on the lower side of the trail and wandering away from it, and, knowing that Mrs. Yelverton had attempted to pass out the day before, were satisfied that the tracks were hers, and immediately began a search for her. The tracks led around among the trees, bushes, and rocks, a circle of more than a mile, and Mrs. Yelverton was finally found, wet, chilled, bewildered, and exhausted, about a quarter of a mile from where she had left the trail. She had been out through the storm of Sunday night, and would probably soon have perished but for a fortunate chance. As it was snowing again when she was found, the tracks, in the snow, which attracted the notice of the gentleman named, might not have been visible an hour later. Nothing was to be seen of her horse. When the gentlemen had brought Mrs. Yelverton back to the trail, Mr. Hutchings came along, also on his way to Mariposa, and she was placed on Hutching's horse, and taken to Leidig's, Mrs Yelverton was at times unconscious, but with proper restoratives and the kind care of Mrs. Leidig, was sufficiently recovered to be removed toward evening to Hutchings's, where she had been boarding. It is supposed Mrs. Yelverton became bewildered in the snow storm of Sunday afternoon, and she could no longer manage her horse, and dismounted and tried to walk back, but lost her way, and wandered till exhausted. Considering that she was five mile from any house, and other circumstances detailed; it is very fortunate that the mishap did not prove worse in its consequence.

An Immense Stock of Ribbons, just marked off
For Novelties in Laces, Millinery and General Fancy Goods.
T. HUNTON SHOOLBRED & CO.

Canadian Mail News.

Minks are uncommonly numerous in the neighborhood of Prescott this season, and approach the farm houses without fear. The skin of this valuable little animal is worth from three to five dollars, and the farmers trap large numbers of them.

Crude oil at Petrolia is quoted at $1.55 to $1.65, and refined at 20 to 23 cents. Some new strikes have been made in the McMillan, Perkins and Shoemaker tracts. The 100 barrel well, reported as struck by Mr. Vivian in the North-west tract, turns out to be only a 25 barrel well.

Charles Wilcox, of Rochester, fell asleep in his seat on the Great Western, and when he awoke at Ingersoll, he discovered that he was robbed of his wallet, containing an even $500 in greenbacks.

Application will be made at the next session of the Local Legislature of Ontario for an Act to erect the Township of Proton and Egremont, in the County of Grey and Luther, Arthur and Minto, and the village of Mount Forest, in the County of Wellington, into a junior County.

Napanee has made a long stride this year. Over one hundred buildings have been erected at an estimated cost of $100,000. A steam fire engine, with engine house, cost over $6,000; and a mile of good gravelled street, with the same length of covered sewerage, has been constructed.

Mr. Lech, of Peterboro, has shown how to make money in Canada, by returning the other day from the back country with over $3,000 worth of peltry, consisting of 500 mink, 100 fisher, 150 martin, and over 2,000 muskrat. He will return in a week or two for another lot. The Peterboro *Examiner* says an industrious woman, who was evidently not troubled with dyspepsia, sold in the backwoods to Mr. Lech $51 worth of furs, trapped this fall by herself, and during the time she was attending to the trapping she raised 400 bushels of potatoes.

The Hamilton *News* says:

A gentleman living on Main street east, on Thursday, after setting a trap, and instructing his wife what to do with Mr. Rat, if caught, came down town. He had not long been gone before a huge rat, the undoubted father of a whole colony of rats, entered the trap and was caught Obedient to instructions the lady took the trap into the sitting-room called in a terrier, opened the trap, jumped upon a chair, and the fun commenced. The dog was a game one and went to his business with a will, but the rat met him half way, and a struggle commenced of such a dubious character, and so lively withal that the lady for safety got upon the table. Finally the dog got so nearly whipped that she opened the door and called in a tame racoon, the canine, meantime seizing the occasion to slip out as the coon slipped in. The racoon made a pass for the rat, and the latter seized his coonship by the throat, and another desperate encounter took place, the lady again retreating to her perch. She finally, to save the live of the coon, came down, and with a broom-handle knocked the rat off. It was not until a second dog had been called, who also had a long struggle, that the rat yielded, the fight lasting an hour and fifteen minutes, and occasioning the upsetting of everything moveable in the room except a stove, lounge and table.

Eugenie's Home.

A fairer home in this her time of trial, says an English correspondent, than that which she has found at Camden Place, Chiselhurst—one, too, more hallowed by interesting tradition and historical association—the Empress could not well have. A house that is the picture of Georgian substantiality and comfort, warm and snug-looking, with walls of yellow brick, standing on a kind of platform of velvet turf, whence there is a view right away past the leafy woodlands of Kent, past Sydenham, with its glass palace, past rustic homesteads and smoky towns, away to the breezy uplands of Surrey—a house up to which there leads a stately avenue of trees, which have outlived storm and tempest as they have outlived the gallants and the belles, the courtiers and the wits, the statesmen and the authors of a past regime, who have talked, flirted, intrigued, speculated beneath their shades; entered through huge gates fantastically decorated with white and gold; a garden whose beds gleam in the bright October sun with the gayest of autumnal flowers, populous with statues who meet you at every bend in the groves and every turn in your walk; a park in front, on one side elevated above the surrounding country, and looking down upon a magnificent series of woods, whose foliage glistens with the thousand hues of autumn—green, russet, golden; on the other immediately contiguous to Chiselhurst common; this is Camden Place. A fair place, and a pleasant, in truth, one which does infinite credit to the judgment of old William Camden to have selected as his Tusculum, whither he occasionally resorted for rest and relaxation when overcome with the labors of state, and to which i. e., to the house which then stood here, when he felt that he had done enough for one lifetime, he betook himself in 1609 to spend the remainder of his days.

Price of Provisions in Paris.

The *Patrie* received in Rouen by a balloon which left Paris on Nov. 8, has a minute but fearfully significant account of the prices attained by the necessaries of life Beef and mutton are served out in rations at the rate of 50 grammes (or one ounce and two thirds) per head; but the price, though high, does not seem to be excessive, being under Government control. Bread and wine continue abundant, and relatively cheap, but the flesh of horses, mules, and asses, has experienced a tremendous advance, viz: horse is sold at 1f. 25c. per lb, and mule at 9f. per lb., and at these prices they are in such demand that the supply at the public market runs short. Before the siege a good fat goose fetched from 5 to 7 francs; at present the current price is 25 francs to 30 francs; chickens fetch from 14 to 15 francs; a brace of pigeons is considered cheap at 12 francs; turkey is a very scarce article; there are none to be had at the markets—a few are to be seen at poulterer's shops; the writer who supplies the *Patrie* with these interesting details saw one sold for 55 francs. At ordinary times it would have been dear at 12 francs. The common price for a couple of rabbits is 28 francs. Ham (smoked) is eight francs a pound, and saucision de Lyon exactly double. Salted or potted meats are not to be had at any price. Sea fish is, of course, entirely absent, but the Seine continues to supply fresh-water fish, which are highly prized, and still more highly priced. Fancy 20 francs and 30 francs for one carp, and four, five, and six francs for a dish of gudgeons. Salt fish is as scarce as fresh. The *Patrie* says that a fishmonger in Rue Montmartre had his shop closed by the police to protect him against a mob infuriated at his charging 2f. 50c for a red herring. The boisseau of potatoes (eight gallons) was worth 6f on Nov. 3. Eggs are 4 francs 60c. a dozen—nearly fourpence a piece. Fresh butter still exists, but its scarcity may be imagined from the fact of its being sold to crack restaurants at the rate of 22f. 50c. per lb.; salt butter may be had for 7f, per pound, but it is as nasty as it is dear; lard has long since vanished; but a vile compound of beef suet and other substances, about 2f. a pound, is used as a substitute. Equally important is the fact, vouched for by the *Patrie* of the increasing scarcity of fuel, especially of charcoal, which is almost exclusively used in Paris for cooking purposes. Its price has risen to 22f. 50c. and 25f. the sack of 50 kilogs—in plain English at the rate of £20 sterling per ton.

Vast German Works.

The London *Daily News* says:—

"When the siege of Paris is at an end, and strangers are permitted to roam over the German batteries, the world will be astonished at the vastness of the constructions with which the German engineers are girding the city. Day after day, for nearly a month, trains of waggons loaded with timber have passed up the heights, and thousands of hands have been engaged in making gabions for the earthworks. While time fights for the Germans, and every day brings the Parisians a day nearer to the end of their resources, the besiegers need not open their fire until their preparations are completed, and our Special Correspondent assures us that the extent of those preparations is marvellous. Nothing is to be left to chance. A question, however, arises: Can the besiegers wait until the Parisians are exhausted? Will not the winter make their position untenable by spreading sickness and disease? There can be no doubt we think, that the besiegers can maintain their position, provided only that their supplies are not interrupted. The position of the Germans before Paris is much less exposed than is commonly assumed. As our correspondent remarks, the men can be lodged when off duty in a crowd of villas and places which the French authorities, notwithstanding the ruthlessness of their decrees, permitted to remain. Firing is abundant, as there is no reason why the enemy should spare the beautiful woods around Paris, which General Trochu vainly attempted to burn. The present system of requisitions cannot be continued on a large scale for an indefinite time, for the country around Paris must soon be exhausted. But up to the present time the army has lived in the greatest abundance, and when these requisitions are discontinued the German army must live as other armies have done. The soldiers will want for nothing while their communications with Germany are maintained, and it does not seem likely that the latter will ever again be so insecure as they have been."

The French Infantry.

A correspondent writes as follows: Soldiers who have got into the habit of giving way, as the French infantry has, can scarcely have any confidence infused into them, unless they obtain a few easy successes to encourage them. They have got into such a habit of singing out, "Nous sommes trahis" whenever they cut and run, in order to put the blame on other shoulders, that as soon as an unexpected fire is opened upon them in a battle they say they are "trahis." They expect their officers to tell them "there yonder are 2,000 men, we are 2,000, we must fire at them; but if in the meanwhile a battery opens upon them, or a concealed battalion open fire from behind a hedge, the cry is "trahis!" and "sauve qui peut!" No doubt they have been often, and in fact generally are, badly handled. So was the light cavalry at Balaclava, but they went on and on, and I never said they were betrayed. I was talking yesterday to a cavalry officer who was at Sedan, and was with the few squadrons who cut their way through or rather rushed off under a heavy fire into Belgium, when the Germans curled round the French through the village which is near the Belgian frontier, on the road to Bouillon, "LaChapelle," I think it is called. He was at the battle of Artenay, and gave me some interesting and some ludicrous details on the cavalry affair which took place there.

There were nine regiments of cavalry there, under the command of a brave but stupid old general. He took care to have them well massed together, so as to offer an easy mark to artillery, and then ordered a charge upon the Prussian cavalry, each regiment in column of squadrons. It is well known the Prussian cavalry never move without a proportionate amount of artillery; the consequence was that they had not advanced many yards before, whirr, and a shell passed in the midst of them, followed rapidly by others. An immediate retreat is, of course, necessary, which they execute slowly, but under the fire of the artillery. Now, if that large force of cavalry had been spread out in a "charge en fourageurs," against which the Prussian guns would have had comparatively little effect, the result might have been very good. The Prussian cavalry, which was less numerous, might have been enveloped and its guns taken. The same officer told me that the faces of the soldiers, as soon as they hear the cannonade, are a remarkable study, and when they see the men about them carried off they cease to know where they are or, what they are about. If you want a man to gallop to some neighboring corps to take a single message, or for any reason whatever, it is only by sheer menace you can induce him to ride off. In fact, they are terror-stricken, and yet the cavalry is better than the infantry.

Concerning Swearing.

The *Spectator* remarks that men swear for the reason that children scream, because they lack a command of words, and because an oath, like a loud cry, has often the force of a whole sentence. The Frenchman swears with his shoulders, while his less refined neighbors swear with their mouths. When a young lady wishes to make any part of a letter particularly emphatic, she feels that her command over the forms of rhetoric is too small to convey the requisite verbal force; so she resorts to a mechanical device, by underscoring the words on which she means the reader to lay particular stress. That is the fashion in which she swears. Hence, the quantity of imprecation in the epistles of pious and half-educated young ladies is appalling.

Emigration.

The Dublin *Nation* publishes the following regarding the pamphlet recently issued by the Government of Quebec on the subject of emigration:

"To those who intend to emigrate to Canada we should recommend a pamphlet now before us, and published by order of, the Government of Quebec. The political organization of the Dominion, the climate, the soil and its productions, the state of agricultural and manufacturing industry, the rights a colonist acquires, and the obligations he contracts, by settling upon the public lands, are all more or less fully treated of. There can be no doubt that the advantages offered by Canada as a field for immigrants who are willing and able to work are by no means inconsiderable, and, in comparison with those offered by other lands, worthy of attention. In saying this we must not be understood as advocating emigration from Ireland. It is the conviction of almost everyone who knows thoroughly the state and the capabilities of this country that it has already suffered too great a reduction of the population.—*Dublin Nation*, Nov 5th, 1870.

All the New Materials in Dress Goods French Merinos, both Plain and Fancy, Very Cheap.
HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO

To hand, our Autumn Shade in "Jose" the best Kid Gloves," also "Jouvines" (gold medal) new colours at 75ct. per pair.
T. HUNTON, SHOOLBREAD & Co.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Notice of Removal—Dr. Henry.
Metcalfe Board of Public Instruction—J. R. Cousens, M.D., Secretary.

The Ottawa Times.

Office: 34, Sparks Street

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 1, 1870.

For interesting reading matter see First Page.

We notice an utterly untruthful telegram from Ottawa in the Hamilton *Times*, stating that Sir John A Macdonald does not come to his office. He is at his office every day, as any one in Ottawa can ascertain.

The Ottawa correspondent of the Toronto *Globe* announces certain Cabinet changes. He makes a practice of doing so at regular stated intervals, in the hope, we presume, of some day being correct. As usual there is not the slightest shadow of foundation for his story.

The *Globe* says that Mr. Mackenzie and the members of the present Opposition are exceedingly useful in watching the Government and keeping them from corruption and extravagance. Then by all means let them retain their seats on the Opposition benches. They do not want office for office sake, at least so the *Globe* assures us, and like good patriots will no doubt be satisfied with any position in which they can serve the country. Let them remain "watching and waiting."

Too much praise can scarcely be accorded to some of the country organs of the opposition party, for the independent stand which they have made when called upon by the *Globe* to follow its disgraceful example in its attacks both upon the Premier and the Grand Trunk Railway. The *Globe* has evidently lost all its influence with them. In former days it simply had to indicate the course to be pursued, and all the minor organs of the party, the "Tray, Blanche, and Sweetheart" of the pack, used to take up the cry, but that time has passed for ever. Country journals are more independent now-a-days, and are given to form opinions of their own, instead of having them provided for them by their bullying Toronto contemporary.

In spite of all the American cable telegraph news compilers may do to try and persuade us to the contrary, it is certain that Russia, in consequence of Great Britain's remonstrance, has consented to submit her grievances to the consideration of a conference of the Great Powers. Great Britain has gained her end and Russia has been compelled to succumb. The case briefly stated stands thus: Russia said, "in spite of the provisions of the treaty of Paris I will increase my military and naval strength in the Black Sea." Great Britain through Earl Granville objected, and pointed out that this could only be done with the consent of the other powers which were parties to the treaty. Russia is now understood to be ready to participate in an international conference so soon as one can be held. So the triumph if there is one at all certainly rests with England.

MR. ANGLIN.

Mr. Anglin's paper the *Freeman* says:—"Since Sir Francis Hincks, in his speech at Pembroke, referred to Mr. Anglin as one who might be invited to represent New Brunswick in a new Ministry, scarcely a day has passed in which Mr. Anglin's name has not appeared in one or more of the papers published in Ontario which support the present Government."

It also states that these papers have misrepresented Mr. Anglin. Mr. Anglin has published a card in which he denies that he is an annexationist, or that he seeks or desires the separation of the Province from the British Crown. The Toronto *Globe* accepts the declaration as perfectly satisfactory, and as quite sufficient in itself to wipe out the recollection of all that he and the *Freeman* have done and said in the past. "The charge of disloyalty" says the *Globe* "is effectually stamped out," and Mr. Anglin is patted on the back as a full fledged "loyalist." People in New Brunswick where he is best known will be astonished and amused at the idea of Mr. Anglin appearing in such an inappropriate character.

AFFAIRS IN MANITOBA

A correspondent of the *Courrier de St Hyacinthe* having written something relative to Manitoba affairs which can by dint of ingenious contriving be tortured into an accusation against the Government, is quoted as an authority by the Toronto *Globe*. The correspondent in question affirms that the Canadian Government promised to grant an amnesty to Riel and others concerned in the Red River *emeute*, at a time when they had no more authority in the North West Territory than they had in Alaska; and the *Globe*, which is not in the habit of agreeing with our St. Hyacinthe contemporary but is of course only too glad to unite with anyone against the Government, quotes it as an authority. In reference to this amnesty question ministers have spoken in the clearest and most open manner. They have declared on more than one occasion that it was never promised, never discussed in Council, and never recommended by them to the Imperial authorities. In the estimation of the *Globe*, however, the word of a Cabinet Minister is as nothing compared with that of an anonymous correspondent of a French Canadian paper, and an effort is made to impress the people of Ontario with the idea that the Government made a promise which they afterwards broke. The *Globe* may rely upon it, however, that all its efforts are in vain. This, like all the rest of its attacks upon the Government, is based upon a mistaken idea, viz, that nine-tenths of the people of Canada are a set of simpletons incapable of forming an opinion of their own. Fortunately for the Government, however, and fortunately for the country at large, our contemporary falls into a grievous error when he so supposes. The amnesty story deceived a few of them at first it is true, but everyone now understands that it was a falsehood manufactured out of whole cloth, and seeing as they do what a wonderful change for the better has been effected in Manitoba in so short a time, how misrule and confusion have given place to law and order,—in spite of all the *Globe* can say, the people whom it seeks to hoodwink and betray think these matters over, and come to the conclusion that the policy pursued by the Government cannot have been such a bad one after all.

The fact is, as we have before asserted, that if there is one thing more than another for which the present Administration deserve the esteem and confidence of the whole people of Canada, it is for the manner in which, when subjected to much pressure from thoughtless and excited persons, they managed the Manitoba business. The situation was most precarious: at the time, possibly very few persons recognised or understood how full of peril it was. A moment's weakness or vacillation might, and very probably would have resulted in civil war, but the government met the difficulty like statesmen, and not like politicians whose sole anxiety it was to win a brief and transient popularity with the party to which they belonged. The consequence is that to-day, instead of being employed in cutting each other's throats, our fellow subjects in Manitoba are squabbling over their elections in the most satisfactory manner possible, and, to their credit be it spoken, have so far conducted their electioneering matters in an enlightened spirit, which would do honor to older communities.

In this as in other matters, we may well hope that the influence and example of Governor Archibald, is not, and will not be without their due effect upon the people of Manitoba. As he, throughout the whole of his political career always avoided personalities, and rose superior to petty jealousies and strifes; as he in the midst of the most animated debates and the most exciting political struggles never forgot what was due to his own dignity and position, so let us hope that the people over whom he exercises authority, recognising the importance of the responsibilities confided to them, will ignore all personal jealousies and partisan feelings, and prove themselves worthy of their new position.

THE ALABAMA CLAIMS.

It was stated in a cable despatch a short time since that the British Government had expressed a desire to have the *Alabama* claims settled, and the N. Y. *Tribune* declared with an apparent chuckle, that this desire for a settlement arose in consequence of Great Britain being "uneasy" concerning the attitude which the United States might possibly assume in the event of her being mixed up with present European complications. The facts are these: Mr. Secretary Fish, a few months since, made out a fresh indictment against the British Government, which, without stating what amount of reparation was desired, was presented to them, with the intimation that the American Government would be glad to know what Mr. Gladstone's Cabinet had to offer. To this the reply was made that England had in every possible way shown her readiness to have the matter amicably adjusted, and would "attentively consider any proposition," at the same time, however, distinctly refusing to propose any new basis of settlement herself. On the strength of this, the statement is made that England, "growing uneasy at the spectre of the unsettled Alabama claims," is trying to have them settled at once. England's position throughout the whole controversy has been a dignified and honourable one; even the N. Y. *World* and other papers antagonistic to her are compelled to admit this. She is always ready to consider any proposition made by the United States Government, and she always has been, but she declares now, as she has done formerly, that the initiative must now be taken by the Americans, who have repudiated the agreement formerly made between the representatives of the two countries.

All that is said by American journals relative to the terrible things to be done by American privateers in case of a war between Great Britain and Russia, is simply absurd. Russia in common with the other great powers has abolished privateering, and will not issue "letters of marque" under any circumstances. She did not attempt it during the Crimean war, and most assuredly would not do so now. So although American neutrality laws might, and no doubt would be evaded or set aside, our neighbors are not likely even if war should ensue, to be able to avenge their wrongs under cover of the Russian flag.

Some days since we announced with much regret the death of Mr John Vladislaus Gzowski, of the Bank of Montreal, and youngest son of C. S. Gzowski, Esq., of Toronto.

In Ottawa he had many warm friends, who greatly deplore his untimely death and most sincerely sympathize with his bereaved parents in the loss of a son of so much promise and worth.

THE ŒCUMENICAL COUNCIL, lately called at Rome is an instance of the solicitude of the Catholic Church for the welfare and prosperity of her Communicants. Large assemblies of this nature containing representatives from all parts of the world, should be of some benefit to our race. We hope this opinion will be as harmonious and unanimous as the verdict in favor of the Great Shoshonees Remedy, for diseases of the lungs, blood, stomach, liver, &c. For by all druggists

VERY NATURAL—When a person has proved an article and found it good, and answering the purpose for which it is intended, he will not readily abandon it for one of doubtful reputation, or concerning which he knows nothing. We are led to make these remarks owing to the course always pursued by those who have used that celebrated and truly valuable horse-medicine known as "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy." All are so well pleased with it that they will not use any other; many have waited several weeks until the agent could obtain a new supply. There is nothing equal to it as a condition medicine, or for any complaint affecting the wind of horses. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd & Co., is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada. Sold by all Medicine Dealers.

JACKETS.—A large stock new stylish Jackets, at moderate prices, at
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

Latest by Telegraph

BY PEOPLE'S LINE.

OFFICE:—G. P. Drummond's Exchange Office 19 Sparks Street.

QUEBEC.

QUEBEC, Nov. 30, 1870.

Resolutions to be moved in the Legislative Assembly by the Hon. Mr. Chauveau:

Resolved.—1st. That according to the provisions of the one hundred and forty-second section of the British North America Act, 1867, the Division and adjustment of the debts, credits, liabilities, properties, and assets of Upper and Lower Canada should have been referred to the arbitrament of three Arbitrators, one chosen by the Government of Ontario, one by the Government of Quebec, and the third by the Government of Canada. The last mentioned not to be a resident either in Ontario or in Quebec.

2nd—That the Hon. Charles Dewey Day having been appointed Arbitrator by the Province of Quebec, the Hon. David Lewis MacPherson by the Province of Ontario, and the Hon. John Hamilton Grey, by the Government of Canada, and the last named Arbitrator having taken up his residence in Ottawa, the Government of the Province of Quebec, having deemed it incumbent upon them to protest against his continuing in office, and to express both to the Government of Canada and to the arbitrators themselves, their firm conviction that to carry out the true intent and meaning of the British North America Act, the decision of the Arbitrators should be unanimous.

Third—That subsequently on the ninth day of July last, the Hon. Charles Dewey Day, the Arbitrator appointed by the Province of Quebec, differing in opinion with the other Arbitrators respecting a preliminary judgment, which appeared to him based upon pretensions at once unfounded in fact and in law, and deeming that by rendering of that judgment the examination of the question would be restricted by the inflexible rule of an erroneous judgment, and that it would be, therefore, impossible to arrive at any equitable and satisfactory conclusion, felt it to be his duty to resign his office.

Fourth,—That such resignation having been accepted by the Government of the Province of Quebec, notice thereof was immediately given to wit, on the 11th day of July last to the Government of Canada, and to Messrs. Grey and MacPherson, the Government of the Province of Quebec at the same time protesting against any ulterior action on the part of the arbitration commission, which was thus rendered incomplete.

Fifth—That notwithstanding the representations so made to them, Messrs. Grey and MacPherson entered upon the examination of the questions submitted by the two Provinces, without the Province of Quebec being in any way represented, and on the third day of September last rendered a pretended award against which His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor of the Province of Quebec, by a depatch dated the 13th day of September last, and addressed to His Excellency the Governor General, protested as unjust and illegal.

Sixth—That the injustice of the said pretended award is evident from the same having been rendered wholly in the interest of the Province of Ontario; and from the fact that, while Messrs. Gray and MacPherson refused to take into consideration the relative financial positions of the two Provinces at the time of the Union, they have taken into consideration the object and nature of certain items of expenditure as having been incurred in one or the other section of the Province of Canada, from the period of the Union to Confederation; that the said pretended award is further unjust, inasmuch as the division of the credits, properties, and assets of the late Province of Canada does not even proceed upon the same basis and principles as those which appear to have been adopted in relation to the division of the balance of the debt, and does not rest upon any principle whatsoever, but is purely arbitrary, and favours the Province of Ontario at the expense of the Province of Quebec; that, lastly the provisions of the said pretended award fully justify the apprehension of the distinguished lawyer selected by this Province, as its arbitrator and the firm and independent line of conduct which he adopted in the interest of justice.

Seventh—That the said pretended award is absolutely illegal, null and void, for the reasons hereinbefore set forth, and also as having been rendered by two arbitrators who by the resignation of their colleague remained without any power or jurisdiction, and that, therefore, the intentions of the British North America Act have not been carried out, and no valid title has been conferred upon either province in relation to the credits, properties and assets which it was the duty of the said arbitrators to apportion and devide between the two Provinces.

Eighth That the Province of Quebec can neither submit to its property being disposed of, or to any sum whatever being exacted from it, nor can it accept any property, credits or assets, in virtue of the said pretended award; and that it is bound to resist by all the means within its power to the execution of the said pretended award, claiming as it does that justice be done, and that its rights as recognized by the British North America Act be maintained.

Ninth—That an humble address based upon the foregoing resolutions be presented to His Excellency the Governor General, praying His Excellency to adopt such measures as are best calculated to insure justice to this Province, and that the hon. Messrs. to form a Select Committee to prepare the said address.

THE WAR.

LONDON, Nov. 30.—The following dated Versailles early this morning, has just been received by way of Berlin:—

On Monday and Tuesday the forts around Paris, particularly those to the south, maintained a furious cannonade merely to cover a sortie in force.

On Tuesday the Parisians came out toward L'Hay supported by their gunboats on the Seine.

At this point, the position of the Sixth Prussian Corps, they attacked fiercely.

Simultaneously other sorties were made in other directions with a view probably to prevent reinforcements to the Sixth Corps. In all cases however the French were repulsed and driven back behind the fortifications.

The entire Prussian loss in these actions was only 7 officers and a few hundred men, while the French lost 1,600 prisoners alone.

The French have been badly beaten near Amiens. Their army was totally defeated and fled towards Arros. Four French guns were captured.

On Monday, the 25th, the main body of the French army of the Loire attempted to force a passage toward Fontainebleu by a heavy general attack. They encountered the 10th Prussian Corps at Beaune, 26 miles north of Orleans.

The Prussians were quickly reinforced with the 5th infantry and 1st cavalry divisions.

The French onslaught was repulsed with heavy loss in killed, wounded and prisoners, especially the latter.

Failing in this attempt the army of the Loire withdrew.

VERSAILLES, Nov. 30.—It now appears that the greater part of the French army of the Loire was engaged against the Prussian 10th corps at Beaune on Monday.

From additional particulars which have just come to hand in the reports of commanders there is no question but that the defeat of the French was most complete. At least 1,000 killed were left on the field by the fleeing French.

1,700 wounded prisoners had been captured by the Germans at the last accounts, and the number was constantly increasing as the Prussians were in hot pursuit.

A sortie from Paris was made in the direction of St. Cloud on Monday. It was easily repulsed by the Prussians, who suffered only a slight loss.

The people of Versailles were terribly excited during the battle.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 30.—The most important features of the Postmaster-General's report may be summed up as follows:—

1. He reiterates the recommendation of his last report for the repeal of the franking system, and presents an array of statistics in support of them.

2. He speaks favourably of the postal telegraph system, but declines recommending its adoption till the franking privilege is abolished, as he does not believe that any postal system can be made efficient with that being an inconvenience on the service.

3. He favours the granting of subsidies to ocean steamship lines carrying the American flag in cases where such lines, from their carrying trade, are enabled to make a partial return to the United States Treasury.

4. He alludes to negotiations for the establishment of an international postal money order system with England, and states that the expenditure exceed the receipts of the department some seven millions of dollars.

Fire Relief Committee.

The fire Relief Committee beg to acknowledge with thanks the following kind donations:

From inhabitants of Belleville, per Rev. Mr. MacLaren, 2 cases of clothing.

Inhabitants of Kingston, 1 box clothing.

Inhabitants of Hamilton, 1 case clothing.

Ladies of Whitby, 4 cases, blankets quilts and clothing.

Mr. and Mrs. James Aitken, Montreal, 1 box clothing.

Inhabitants of School Section No 6, North Gower, 1 parcel quilts, blankets, &c.

Ottawa, 30th Nov., 1870.

FOR LADIES.

A lady reporter wrote up "Style in the Sanctuary" for a Chicago paper.

The streets of Paris are swept by women.

Cincinnati has two base ball clubs composed of girls.

Miss Bessie Cotton, of Indiana, boasts of having been engaged to eight young gentlemen at once for a year.

A near sighted Indiana youth was driven to suicide by proposing to the wrong girl and getting laughed at.

It begins to look ominous when the woman of the period wants her club; she used to be satisfied with her broomstick.

The daughters of President Grant and Governor Hoffman are expected to make their debut into society this winter.

"A Shoemaker" writes that he is not only willing to give woman her rights, but her "rights and lefts." This is his last joke.

There is a letter at the Bridgeport, Conn., Post Office awaiting an owner, addressed as follows:

"please send to the lady who lives in—— street near Main st. with a black fence with steps gitting up."

Two San Jose lovers, both under age, evaded the law by hiring a steamtug and a minister, going to sea a marine league and there getting married.

Ladies and Children's Fancy Woolen Goods in endless Variety. Clouds from 37½c. to 2.50 at
T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.

TWO QUESTIONS EASILY ANSWERED.—Why should men wear beards? Because they are a great protection to the throat and lungs, and add much to their personal appearance.

Why should we use "Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers?" Because when used for coughs, colds tickling in the throat, Hoarseness, &c., they act like a charm Ministers and lawyers use them, physicians recommend them, and singers and public speakers say they are the very best medicine in existence for the cure of such complaints. Sold by all medicine dealers, at 25 cts. per box.

BREAKFAST.—EPPS'S COCOA—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.—The very agreeable character of this preparation has rendered it a general favorite. The *Civil Service Gazette* remarks:—"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well selected cocoa, Mr Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills." Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in tin-lined packets, labelled—JAMES EPPS & Co., Homœopathic Chemists, London.

THE FLORENCE NIGHTINGALE OF THE NURSERY—The following is an extract from a letter written by the Rev. C. Z. Weiser, to the "German Reformed Messenger, at Chambersburg, Penn.:

A BENEFACTRESS.

Just open the door for her, and MRS. WINSLOW will prove the American Florence Nightingale of the Nursery. Of this we are sure, that we will teach our "SUSY" to say, "A BLESSING ON MRS. WINSLOW," for helping her to survive and escape the griping, colicking and teething siege. We confirm every word set forth in the PROSPECTUS. It performs precisely what it professes to perform, every part of it—nothing less. Away with your "Cordial," "Paregoric," "Drops," "Laudanum," and every other "narcotic," by which the babe is drugged into stupidity, and rendered dull and idiotic for life.

We have never seen Mrs. Winslow—know her only through the preparation of her "Soothing Syrup for Children Teething." If we had the power, we would make her, as she is, a physical Saviour to the Infant Race. 25 cents per bottle sold by all druggists.

Be sure and call for

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP.

Having the fac-simile of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

A "COUGH," "COLD," OR IRRITATED THROAT, if allowed to progress, results in serious pulmonary and Bronchial affections, oftentimes incurable.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES

Reach DIRECTLY the affected parts, and give almost instant relief. In BRONCHITIS, ASTHMA, and CATARRH they are beneficial. Obtain only the *genuine* BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES, which have *proved* their efficacy by test of many years. Among testimonials attesting their efficacy are letters from—

E. H. Chapin, D. D; New York,
Henry Ward Beecher, Brooklyn, N. Y.,
N. P. Willis, New York,
Hon. C. A. Phelps, Pres, Mass. Senate,
Dr. G. F. Bigelow, Boston,
Prof. Edwd. North, Clinton, N. Y.,
Surgeons in the Army, and others of eminence.

Sold everywhere at 25 cents per box.

"TROCHES," so called, sold by the ounce, are a poor imitation and nothing like BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES, which are sold only in boxes with a fac-simile of the proprietors,

JOHN I. BROWN & SON.

This care in putting up the Troches is important as a security to the purchaser in order to be sure of obtaining the genuine Brown's Bronchial Troches.

St. Andrew's Day.

St. George for Merrie England; St. Patrick for the fair Emerald Isle, and St. Andrew for the land of the brown heath, or more familiarly known—the land o' cakes. Individually is each saint honored once every year by the nationality he presides over. Once each year is it the privilege of each of the three nationalities forming the kingdom of Great Britain to hold forth on the peculiar merits of its patron saint as inferior to none other, if not superior to any on the broad face of the world. But this is, as it were, a family proceeding. While each of the three families amicably and zealously claims the superiority as belonging to its own Saint, let an outsider question the prestige of one and he will find the combination as zealous of the honor of its sister nationality as it is of its own. To heap an indignity on one is to insult the kingdom. The three nationalities united have proved invincible, and while each on the battle field has its own fierce war cry, all admit the fight to be for "Queen and Country." Yesterday it was the anniversary of Scotland's patron saint, and all honour was done the day by the St. Andrew's Society, Scotchmen and descendants of Scotchman in the city. The day was as beautiful as a sharp November day, with a blue sky and bright sun, could be. From the tower of the Parliament Buildings the British ensign blew steadily in the breeze, while from different buildings and residences in the city flags were hoisted in honour to the day.

THE MEETING AND PROCESSION.

At one o'clock the carefully prepared programme announced that members of the St. Andrew's Society and Scotchmen not members of the Society would meet at the Albion Hotel, to march in procession to the Church, to observe the services peculiar to the day, or in other words to hear the annual sermon. Accordingly at one o'clock a very respectable number of brither Scots had assembled at the Albion, and while exchanging salutations and congratulations the St. Andrew's Society held a short meeting in a room in rear of the building, where a number of members were elected and other business transacted. The Society then formed in procession in the street, and, being joined by other Scots, marched away to church, headed by the pipers, Sutherland's band, and a large British Ensign. Closely following the band were a number of boys, dressed in Highland costume. The following was the order of the procession:—

British Ensign.
Pipers.
Band.
Boys in Kilts.
Flag of the Cross of St. Andrew.
Members of the St. Andrew's Society.
Banner.
Scotchmen not members of the Society and Descendants of Scotchmen.

The procession marched from Nicholas street along Sparks, turning into Banks street, and from thence to St. Andrew's Church.

IN CHURCH.

In Church a large number of persons had assembled to take part in the services, and upon the entering and seating of the processionists the Rev. Mr. Gordon ascended to the pulpit and began service by calling upon the congregation to sing the 121st Psalm After prayer the 58th chapter of Isaiah, and the 18th chapter of Romans were read as being appropriate to the occasion. The sermon was on the text from the 14th chapter of Ephesians, 25th verse and was an able and eloquent effort on the duty of man to man as members of the same family.

THE DINNER

was a sumptuous affair. It may certainly be said both as regards get up and numbers attending to be one of the most successful entertainments of the kind that has taken place in Ottawa for many years. By half past seven the hour named for the assemblage of guests, a large concourse of persons had collected in the large waiting room above Gowan's Hall, where the dinner was to take place. At eight o'clock the President followed by the guests and members of the society, walked into the dining Hall to the music of the bagpipes and took his seat at the head of the table. The table proper was arranged across the head of the room, down the aisles of which ran other long tables. The room was tastefully decorated with flags.

On the right of the Chair, which was occupied by the President of the Society, E. McGillivray, Esq., were seated Hon. Sir Francis Hincks, Hon. Mr. Tilley, Rev. Father Dawson, and Dr. Grant.

On the left of the Chairman the Hon Dr. Tupper, Hon Peter Mitchell, and Sandford Fleming, Esq., were seated.

The Vice Chairs were occupied by Mr. James Russell and Mr. J. P. Macpherson.

On the right of Mr. Macpherson sat Lieutenant-Colonel Chamberlin in the uniform of a Colonel of Canadian Militia, and to the left Dr. Sweetland, President of the St. George's Society.

Among the guests were many leading citizens.

Gowan's band furnished excellent and appropriate music.

The following is the bill of fare furnished by that skillful caterer, Mr. W. Bartlett:

BILL OF FARE.

Scotch Haggis.

Soup.—Oyster, vermicelli, gravy.

Boiled.—Leg of mutton, caper sauce, chicken, round of beef, suet pudding, tongue, turkey, bread sauce, ham.

Roast.—Sirloin of beef, horse radish, turkey, mutton, currant jelly, goose, apple sauce, chicken, duck, lemon sauce.

Vegetables, &c.—Turnips, carrots, parsnips, potatoes.

Puddings and Pastry.—Plum pudding, charlotte russe, port wine jelly, blanc mange, plum tart, raspberry tart, apple pie, custards, bread, oatmeal cake, cheese and celery.

Dessert.—Grapes, apples, almonds, raisins, hazle nuts.

The battle of knives and forks over, the Secretary read letters of apology from Lord Lisgar, Sir John A. Macdonald, Sir George E. Cartier, Hon. Mr. Dunkin, Hon. A. Morris, Hon. Mr. Langevin, Hon. Mr. Aikins, Hon. Joseph Howe, R. W. Scott, Esq., M. P. P., Mayor Rochester Rev. Wm. Gordon; Mr. Kehoe, Vice President of St. Patrick's Society, and Thomas Reynolds, Esq., Managing Director of the St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway.

In the letter of apology from His Excellency the Governor-General was enclosed a cheque of $40 to be applied to the charitable funds of the Society.

The President then called the assemblage to order, and said that the first toast he had the honour to propose was one they would receive with right loyal enthusiasm. Not only in every part of the Dominion was Her Majesty's name respected, but in the world was no name more respected than that of the Queen of England. It was more than a quarter of a century since her Majesty had ascended to the throne of Great Britain, and during that time every throne in Europe had changed occupants with the exception of the throne of Great Britain, which had known no change. (Cheers.) He hoped the Queen of Great Britain would long live to reign over the Kingdom. The toast was drank with rousing cheers, the band playing "God save the Queen."

The toast of the Prince and Princess of Wales and Royal Family followed.

Band—"God bless the Prince of Wales."

The President then stated that the next toast he had the honor of proposing was that of His Excellency the Governor General. He thought the thanks of the Society were due to His Excellency for the handsome donation he had sent them.

Drank with great enthusiam.

Band—"The Fine Old Irish Gentleman."

The President in a very able and eloquent speech stated his pleasure at having men present who were able to rise of themselves. They had all honor Canadians could confer upon them, and he was happy to see one amongst them who had received marks of favour from the Queen earned by his own energy and bravery. Amongst them were men who were engaged in the grand scheme of extending the Dominion of Canada from the Atlantic to the Pacific, and he was glad to find their efforts not unappreciated. He did not intend to indulge in any volubility or to make a long speech, but would say that the toast he had to propose was that of Her Majesty's Ministers. (Cheers.) The gentleman who was to respond to this toast had served Her Majesty not only in this country but in others, and that he had done his duty none doubted. He called upon them to drink the health of Her Majesty's Ministers.

Sir Francis Hincks upon rising to respond to the toast was received with deafening cheers. He said he had great pleasure in responding to the toast proposed and so heartily responded to. He was sorry the Province he was so particularly connected with should be so poorly represented. Some of his colleagues were unavoidably absent. The first minister he knew intended to come but was prevented from being present by serious illness in his family. Two other of his colleagues who were either Scotch or descended from Scotch, and who would have been present, were detained by illness, and it devolved upon him who was only an Irishman, (cheers and laughter) to return thanks for the proposition of the toast. It was not the first occasion he was happy to say, of his meeting with Scotch friends (Loud cheers) A good many years ago he was President of the St. Patrick's Society of Montreal (cheers) and while he held that office it was his pleasure to meet with many Scotch friends It was a very great pleasure then, for there was far geater political excitement in these days than there was now. The Irish, as a rule, then were on the opposite side of politics to the Scotch, and it was always the greater pleasure that he met his Scotch friends in a social way. It was at his last dinner a President of the St. Patrick Society that he had the pleasure of proposing the health of the worthy father of one of his colleagues of to-day (cheers), the health of the Hon. William Morris, who, he might mention, was then opposed to him in politics (cheers), and it afforded him great pleasure on the present occasion to pay a tribute to his character. This was the fifth city in Canada he had been a resident in, and the third in Ontario. In all places, he could say, he had found Scotchmen taking leading parts, and evincing by industry and integrity that high character belonging to the race (cheers) Not only in this colony but in other colonies he had been in did he find Scotchmen taking a prominent part (cheers). It was his fortune always where he had come in contact with Scotchmen to secure their goodwill. He could assure them that the other ministers and himself felt grateful for the response they had given to the toast. There were so many things disconnected with politics that he could mention in immediate connection with the Province of Ontario, such as the extension of the country to the Pacific, and the opening of communication thereto. He could assure them those projects were engaging the earnest attention of the Government. He was laboring under a severe cold, and he was afraid they could not follow his observations without a certain amount of discomfort. He again begged to return his cordial thanks for the honour conferred upon the Ministry and himself by the proposal of the toast they had just drank to.

The gallant knight sat down amid prolonged cheering.

Hon. Mr Tilley said he thanked them cordially for the manner in which the toast had been received When Sir Francis Hincks responded he had the advantage of him in being an Irishman, which was next door neighbour to them. (Cheers.) It was to be supposed he had a warmer heart to them than he who was only a blue nose. He had great pleasure in listening to the manner in which they had received the toast, for why? They were engaged as a Government in consolidating the British Possessions, and they were glad of their sympathy. No matter who the men were who were engaged in establishing the British Possessions they should have such sympathy as that expressed to night. He felt that although not altogether agreeing on minor points they were in favor of Union, because they were Scotchmen, and because Scotchmen were for the most part Presbyterians. Presbyterians were engaged in uniting the member of their Church into one body, not only throughout the Dominion but in Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, also, so that they had accomplished more than the Government had been able to do at present. Whether it was a religious or a political union that they were seeking to bring about, they required and were entitled to the sympathies of the people No matter whether they were engaged in furthering Church or State they were entitled to the prayers of the people. (Cheers) It was a saying with them in New Brunswick that it was a good trade to be a Scotchman. (Laughter.) Three-fourths of their business was engaged in by Scotchmen. The reason of this was their superior education, as stated by Dr. Tupper. If the union of the Provinces in Confederation had done nothing else it had brought together a great many Scotchmen (Cheers.) Before Confederation they had been engaged very largely in trade with the neighbouring Republic, but now we were developing a large trade among ourselves. He again thanked them for the kind reception of the toast. (Loud cheers.)

Hon. Dr. Tupper said that he had not expected to have been called upon to reply to this toast, and after what his colleagues had said it was unnecessary, as he could not add a word to the remarks which had fallen from their lips. He accepted the toast, which had been received in so gratifying a manner, as evidence not of a regard for the Ministers in a party sense, but as a proof that the people believed that, so far as in them lay, they (the Ministers) were doing what they thought to be their duty with regard to the great questions of the day. (Cheers.) When called on to make way for their successors they would be prepared to extend the same courtesy to them which they had received on that occasion. Although not able to claim the high honour of being a Scotchman, being in fact only a Blue-nose; (Laughter.) yet several years of his life had been spent in old Edinburgh, and the recollection of Scottish hospitalities and Scottish friendships there enjoyed were fresh in his memory yet. Belonging as he did, however, to New Scotland, it always invigorated and warmed his heart to meet with Scotchmen, and to join in national gatherings like the present. (Cheers.) Go where one would throughout the civilized world we should always find that Scotchmen attained to distinction and position by the force of their intellect and the perseverance which under all circumstances distinguishes them. Their success was also attributable to the fact that, from the days of their earliest history almost, all the leading people among them were wise enough to understand the advantages of education, and to provide for a general diffusion of knowledge among all classes of the nation. (Cheers.) He (Dr. Tupper) was proud to know that in this "Canada of ours" the energy and enterprise not of Scotchmen only, but of Englishmen and Irishmen also had been transplanted from the old land, and that taking example from the wisdom of Scotchmen the same system of free education had been adopted here. (Cheers.) And in years to come as the people of this country go on progressing and increasing in numbers and in natural resources, they will distinguish themselves, as their ancestors have done before them, in a way which will make us who remain at home proud and happy to call them countrymen The honorable gentleman concluded a very eloquent speech amid loud applause.

Hon. Mr. Mitchell in response to loud calls thought it would be uncourteous in him to decline to make a few remarks. He would ask his colleague, Sir Francis Hincks, in speaking of his Scotch colleagues not to omit his name (Cheers) He was the son of a Scotchman, and he was always proud to acknowledge his ancestry. The descendants of Scotchmen in this country perhaps had not the advantages they had in the mother land of the correct moral training, but the descendonts of Scotchmen in this country inherited many of these traits of character, and the energy and industry so characteristic of the Scotch of the Mother Country. The speaker then referred to his late introduction to the ministry, and to the many benefits his country (New Brunswick) enjoyed from Confederation. Confederation was not yet completed. It must extend to the Pacific. This was its certain destiny: Prince Edward Island and Newfoundland would find it to their interest to come into Confederation. He looked upon this country with pride, and they had every reason to do so (cheers). He thanked them for this opportunity of meeting the natives of his country once more (loud cheers).

Here the strains of the bagpipes were heard, and a procession of waiters bearing punch bowls, filled with reeking contents, entered the Hall headed by the bagpipes, and with due ceremony a bowl of punch was deposited in front of the President and others before the Vice Presidents.

The President then proposed, with that eloquence so peculiar to him, "The Army and Navy and Volunteers."

Drank with rousing cheers.

Band—"The British Grenadiers."

Col. Chamberlin being called on, said he felt much pleasure in responding to the toast, but he could not speak as a representative of those sturdy blue jackets of the navy, whose name and uniform and appearance were always sufficient to awaken enthusiasm. As a simple member of the volunteers he would say that in this day of small beginnings in Canada, when they had been called upon to go forth and confront the band of robbers; he would not call them invaders, they had done their duty. If their conduct then had been deserving of their country's praise it was because they loved their country (cheers), for who would not fight in defence of their homes and firesides, their wives and children and all that was dear and sacred to them. They had not had any opportunity of displaying any great-strategy or warlike tactics on that occasion. All they could do was to take up the best position they could and hold it, and this they had done (cheers). He could assure them that it did not take much to drive the rabble back; there was no great effort required on their part to defeat men who were half beaten before they commenced to fight by the consciousness of the badness of their cause, but they had the evil reward of knowing that their conduct had been appreciated by their countrymen, and by their gracious Queen (Cheers). He hoped to be allowed to say a word as to his own personal connection with Scotland and Scotchmen. He had been baptized by a Scotchman, a Scotchman had whacked the Latin Grammar and a little Greek into him; it was a Scotch Adjutant-General who first gave him his commission, and another who had more latterly given him the advantage of his countenance, assistance and support. (Cheers) He was proud and happy to be present on that occasion, and had much pleasure in responding to the toast. There had been some talk concerning the "Army of Canada," but if the red coat he wore ceased to be the uniform of this country's defenders, and the Union Jack was no longer the symbol of our nationality, he would cease to be a soldier. (Cheers.)

Mr. Sinclair, being called upon, sang "Rule Britannia" in good style.

Captain Forsyth, being called upon to respond to the toast of the "Army and Navy," said he did not understand why he should be requested to respond after the able and eloquent address of Colonel Chamberlin, who was a distinguished member of the Canadian Army As for himself, he had been connected for many years with the force, and he had always found them, when danger threatened the country, anxious to meet the foe He could say for them that they were as jolly a lot of fellows as any person could wish to associate with

Capt. Stewart being called upon thanked the company for the hearty manner in which they had drunk the toast. He had been with Capt. Forsyth to the front in 1866-70 to repel the marauders, and he could testify to the gallant manner in which the volunteers conducted themselves on those occasions. With a patriotic love of country, they always showed themselves eager to engage the enemy and if ever a foe threatened the peace of the Dominion again he was sure they would be as ready to respond to their country's call, and would render as on the occasions mentioned a good account of themselves.

The Chairman then proposed "The day and all who honor it"

The Chairman in introducing the toast said that at the first organization of the St. Andrew's Society in Ottawa many perhaps felt discouraged at the nature of its prosperity, but those who were now members of it felt pround of their connection therewith. The Society was in a flourishing condition, and it afforded assistance to great numbers of poor. Though the distributions were necessarily not very large, yet pecuniary assistance had been given by it to persons in Upper and Lower Canada, and even in the old country.

Bagpipes—"Scots wha hae wi' Wallace bled."

Dr. Grant being called upon congratulated the Society upon the success which had attended their efforts, and the many friends who had come together on the occasion. Scotchmen always listened to the call of charity. In any city in the Dominion, when charity calls upon the benevolence, differences of all kinds, whether national or religious, are forgotten. It was not his intention to deliver a speech on the occasion; he would confine himself to the toast, "The Day and All who honour it." He did not know why St. Andrew was chosen as patron Saint by Scotchmen unless it was because he was remarkable for his unflinching strictness in truth and honesty. He hoped and believed that Scotchmen in every quarter of the Dominion or Empire possessed that philantropic love of country which was evinced by the sentiments they had heard expressed that night. They were but as a handful in comparison to those of their countrymen who were celebrating the event in the different parts of the Dominion. But he felt sure the same spirit was everywhere reflected. Scotchmen held high and distinguished positions in every trade, profession and business in the country. But they did not arrogate all the merit to themselves, and he only hoped that in the land of their adoption they would cultivate those feelings which would lead to that unanimity which should signalize and characterize the whole human family. The gentleman made a lengthy and able address, and was loudly applauded during its delivery.

Mr. Champness was then called upon for a song, and sung "My Ancestors were Englishmen."

The next toast proposed was "The Land o' Cakes."

Bagpipes—"Ye Banks and Braes."

Father Dawson being called upon to respond, said he would give no reason why Scotland was called "the land o' cakes." Every person was aware of the circumstances. He would say a few words about dear old Scotland. Many people might think it a hopeless task to attempt to call anything great from the history of a country of barren hills and rocky highlands. But Scotland presented that physical appearance, and yet it was renowned for the glories of its military achievements, and owing to its historical celebrity was so much visited by great men that it has become as classic a land as ancient Greece. Greece was still honored for its ancient greatness, and so was Scotland. Scotland, as Greece of old, might be likened to a beautiful maiden. But while Greece was no longer a living Greece, Scotland was a living Scotland still; to Scotland is still attributed all the traits and characteristics of the beautiful maiden.

The Rev. gentleman continued a lengthy address, during which he referred eloquently to the distinction which Scotchmen have gained as well in intellectual pursuits as on the battle field.

The Rev. gentleman wandered over the battle fields of Europe and India pointing out the many acts of valor which almost invariably changed the tide of victory: at Balaklava, Inkerman, and Waterloo Scotchmen won glory, and Lord Clyde put down the great rebellion in India.

Mr. Sinclair—"The Heather Hill"

The land of our adoption was ably responded to by Mr. Thorburn.

Hon. Sir Francis Hincks proposed the health of the president and members of the St. Andrew's Society.

The Chairman returned thanks for himself and on behalf of the Society.

Mr. Potts, being called upon, sang in good style "Annie Laurie."

Then followed the toasts of the vice chair.

The first was "Our Commercial Interests."

Music—Band.

"Our Educational Institutions."

Band—La Canadienne.

Mr. Kennedy being called upon to respond, said he felt considerable trepidation in rising to respond to the toast after having heard so many able and eloquent speeches. He would say, however, that the people of Ontario might well fell proud of their educational institutions. They had an excellent University, in which not only the art of peace was taught but also that of war. The "Queen's Own," who stood so gallantly against the marauders in '66, were organized in the University.

In the course of a very good address Mr. Kennedy remarked that the common schools of Ottawa were not up to the standard at which they should be. He did not blame the teachers for this unfortunate circumstance.

"The learned professions" was then proposed. Mr. Lee and Dr. McGillivray responded.

The toast "The Sister Societies" was responded to by Dr. Sweetland on behalf of the St. George's Society, and Dr. Dorion on behalf of the St Jean Baptiste Society.

After some remarks Dr Sweetland said he did not think it necessary to make a long address at that hour of the night. He thought Scotchmen had already been sufficiently flattered by previous speakers. Scotchmen did not care about having their ears tickled with what was not true. He would say however, that they succeeded in whatever they undertook, and that that success was almost wholly due to their great perseverance of which Scotch characteristic he wished every other nationality was possessed.

Dr. Dorion being called on said, he had been invited there merely as a representative of the press, and not as a representative of any of the Sister societies In his own language he could inflict upon them a long speech, but he would not do so. On behalf of the St. Jean Baptise Society he would thank the company for their regard for it. Dr Grant had said that St Patrick was born in Scotland, but as for St Jean Baptiste he did not know whether he was born in Scotland or in a desert. (Laughter.)

Song by Mr. Sinclair.

Toast—"The Mayor and Coporation."

There was no member of this venerable body present to respond.

"Our Guests," "The Press," and some other toasts having been proposed and responded to, the Chairman left; and, after indulging in minor ceremonies and some amusement, the company dispersed.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

DR HENRY has removed his Residence and Surgery to the corner of Bank and Victoria Streets, near the Parliament Buildings.
December 1, 1870. 1530b

THE METCALFE CIRCUIT
Board of Public Instruction
For the Municipalities of
OSGOODE, GLOUCESTER AND NEW EDINBURGH,
Will meet at the Grammar School House, Metcalfe,
On Thursday and *Friday, Dec* 15th and 16th insts.,
At nine o'clock, a.m. Candidates must produce testimonials of moral character.
Teachers are requested to take notice that Certificates from other Boards cannot be received, nor Permits granted to those who neglect to attend at this examination.
J. R. COUSENS, M.D, Secretary.
Metcalfe, December 1, 1870. 1528 1st

ST. JAMES' HOTEL.
METCALFE AND QUEEN STREETS.
The Proprietor, G. B EVANS,
Begs respectfully to announce to the public in general that the above premises will be opened for business this day, 29th inst, and hopes by strict attention to business and moderate charges, to merit their patronage and favour.
Ottawa, Nov 29, 1870 1526tf

A SPECIALITY.
THE ULSTER OVER COAT
Is the Great Novelty in
GENTLEMEN'S GARMENTS
This Season.
A Specimen on View at
MAGEE & RUSSELL'S.
Ottawa, Nov 30, 1870 532tf

CATHOLIC APOSTOLIC CHURCH.
The series of Lectures by the Rev W W CUTHBERT upon the immediate future of the Church and the world will be continued in the new Church, Albert street, on TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SUNDAY Evenings, at half-past 7 o'clock. The attendance of the Christian community is invited.
November 29, 1870. 1526 3

THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

Leave Brockville ..... 7.31 a m 12.00 noon 7.00 p m
Arrive Ottawa ..... 10.35 a m 3.45 p m 7.15 p m
Connections made at Prescott Junction with Grand Trunk Railway for all points south east and west.
Ottawa Office—York street, corner of Sussex street.
A & H TAYLOR, Agents.

LOCAL NEWS.

Devlin's Fur Depot.

☞ 50 dozen Velveteen Hats, from 25 cents upwards. A large assortment of flowers and Feathers. Trimmed Hats and Bonnets.

At the "Goblen Lion."
R. L. JAMES & Co.

The *Queen Victoria* made her last trip of the season yesterday.

LARCENY AGAIN.—About 5 o'clock last evening a 4 pound weight was stolen from a grocery at the corner of Dalhousie and Church streets.

BLANKETS, Cornwall, St. Lawrence and Empire Mills Blankets, in all sizes and weights, very cheap at
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

Coal is being rapidly removed from the canal bank, near the Sapper's bridge, where it had been deposited by late arrival of barges.

Carpets and House Furnishings made a speciality, at Garland, Mutchmor & Co's. A large stock and new styles, at reduced prices.
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

☞ All Wool Tartans in all the leading clans. A large lot ex last steamer, at
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

The Monthly meeting of the members and friends of the Ottawa Immigrant Aid Society, will be held in their rooms, Aumond's Block, Rideau street, on Tuesday next the 6th Dec. at 8 o'clock p.m. when business of great importance will be transacted.

ST. PATRICK'S HALL.—The readings which were to be held at the above Hall last evening had to be *unavoidably* postponed to Wednesday evening next. A good programme was arranged for last evening, and on next Wednesday evening we all expect to partake of the rich treat in store for us at the St. Patrick's Hall.

The Ottawa markets were well supplied yesterday. In the prices of all kinds of meat there was a downward tendency. The highest for which pork was sold was $7 50, and sometimes so low as $6 50. Potatoes 50c per bushel. Hay sold for $18 and $20 per ton. Hardwood (seasoned) $4 cord.

HULL READINGS.—We are pleased to notice a continuance, and, moreover, an increase of interest in these readings. The Hall last night was crowded to excess, many not being able to get seats. The programme was lengthy and very attractive.

Devlin's Fur Depot.

NOTICE.—Now is the time. Go and see C. P. Dorion, 60 Sparks Street, for stoves and stove-pipe fitting. No puff; but see for yourselves. Lumbermen and country Merchants come and see. The most complete House in this Line in the Capital. See Posters. C. P. Dorion, 60 Sparks Street. 1486 2m.

BAD PRACTICE.—The habit of allowing horses to stand with their heads near show goods in the street is not a very recommendable one. Yesterday a horse was left standing on Sussex street near some goods piled on boxes on the side-walk, and imagining that oats or salt was within a roll of cotton he considerably tore the latter before seen.

Butter, which generally sells for 18c and 20c in firkins in Ottawa can be purchased for 16c to 17c in the neighbourhood of Arnprior. Farmers are, therefore, keeping over their butter until sleighing, when they will bring it to Ottawa. Pork is about the same price up there as it is here, but oats sell at 60c per bushel. Large quantities of this latter article will be supplied to the shanties at first sleighing.

Devlin's Fur Depot.

A WAGER.—A certain tinsmith on Sussex street who has been bald for some time, but who lamented very much the loss of his natural head gear, resolved to leave no stone unturned in the attempt to restore his youthful curls. He tried innumerable articles reputed as almost unfailing hair restoratives; tried patents, quick prescription but after weary months of impatient toil he was forced to relinquish all hope of ever again having the pleasure of seeing a natural hair grow from his head. It was a sorrowful moment to him; many a night he had spent in applying fluid and pastes of every kind colour and odour to his precious caput, many a morning he had got up at early day and with eager hope endeavored by frightful contortions of his neck before the mirror to see if there yet protruded above the surface even a hair, and morning after morning "nary a hair" was to be seen.

A couple of weeks ago he was relating to some of his friends the failure of all his endeavours, and gave evidence of much regret thereat.

In the course of some of his remarks he said he would give $100 to the man who would cause the growth of hair on his head again. A barber was by, and he, urged by the offer to make extraordinary efforts, agreed then and there with the tinsmith to restore the growth of his hair for the sum of money offered. He commenced operations immediately, and applications of divers natures followed quick and thick upon the head of the unfortunate, whose credulity was by this time completely exhausted in such matters, and now believed he was undergoing a repetition of what he had done himself. To wind up at all events, and to give full justice to the barber we must state that this morning two hairs actually made their appearance, and every hope is entertained that ere long the perseverance of the tinsmith will be rewarded with a good crop of the same.

Devlin's Fur Depot.

CANADIAN INSTITUTE.—The inauguration of this Institute for soirees, literary, musical and dramatic entertainments, took place last night on Sussex street. The inaugural address was delivered in French by the President, Monsieur S. Drapeau, who reviewed the history of the Institute for the past twenty years. During the course of his remarks he was frequently interrupted by rounds of applause. The room was densely crowded, and the manner in which the various personages performed their parts, as arranged on the programme, is deserving of the highest credit. The acting of Monsieur A. Olivier, in his two characters as "Prosper" and "Vincent," was inimitable. In fact he kept the audience convulsed with laughter. Monsieur E. B. St. Aubin sang a song at the close of the dramatic performance, in his usual happy manner. The evening's entertainment was then brought to a close by the National Anthem, after which the audience dispersed, all apparently well pleased with their evening's enjoyment.

Police Court.

Mary Smith was charged with vagrancy. She was found wandering on Sparks street last night the worse of liquor. Fined $2 and costs or one week.

Catherine Doyle was charged with using abusive language towards a woman in Lower Town, and breaking the glass and sash in her door. It appears that the children of the plaintiff, Mrs. Gaffrey, were in the habit of annoying the defendant. The latter was fined $2 and costs, or, in default, one week in gaol.

A case of liquor selling on Sunday was dismissed.

The next case was that of the larceny of the watch, &c. from Mrs. Goulin.

Constable Graham sworn—Said he accompanied the prisoner from Mrs. Goulin's to the police station on Sunday. When told Detective O'Neil was going to search for the watch, and that the search was to be in the yard, he said in his opinion it was useless, as he believed Mr. Goulin had taken the watch and given it to the girl or that Mrs. Goulin had mislaid it herself.

Mrs. Goulin sworn—Said on the Sunday in question the prisoner told me not to be uneasy, that he felt confident the watch would be recovered. I saw the prisoner in the yard after Detective O'Neil had been there and he then went upstairs. I found the watch, &c. on Monday evening last under the washstand in my room. The watch received some injury while stolen.

In the cross examination it was elicited that Mrs. Goulin searched under the washstand in question on Sunday morning, and the watch was not there.

Mr. Goulin sworn—Said he did not see the watch from the time he saw it with Mrs. Goulin until it was found after being stolen. He did not know who took the watch.

The case was sent to the Quarter Sessions.

Mr. Taillon appeared for the prisoner Bail was refused.

WALTHAM WALTHAM

THE AMERICAN WATCH

The public of the United States and Canada have now had over ten years experience of WALTHAM WATCHES, and they are now everywhere acknowledged to be the ONLY RELIABLE

TIME-KEEPERS!

Almost all other watches are sold under false pretences; not one in a hundred bears the name of the real maker; the public have absolutely no security, and have, therefore, been constantly imposed upon. On the contrary, every buyer of a Waltham Watch gets a guarantee of the company, and no matter from whom he buys it, he has positive security that he is getting a TIME KEEPER.

It must be admitted that the apparent interest of watchmakers lies in selling other watches, which they can make larger profits but men of enterprise in the trade prefer an article of large and ready sale, and which leaves no bad stock. It is "small profits and quick returns."

These watches can be had in several grades (all guaranteed), the silver cases are made from coin silver, and from 2 to 5 ounces in weight. The gold cases are made in 18 carat gold, and from 3 4 to 4 ounces in weight; the size for ladies are richly engraved or enamelled. For the quality both in gold and silver are the

CHEAPEST WATCHES IN THE WORLD.

These watches can be ordered of any reliable watchmaker or jeweller in the Dominion; but he guarantees the company should be invariably required. The Company in all cases pay the Government duty, which makes the Canadian consumer a privileged purchaser

ROBERT WILKES,
Sole Wholesale Agent for the Dominion of Canada
Toronto—48 and 50 Yonge Street.
Montreal—443 St. Paul Street
1527 3

T. HUNTON SHOULBRED & Co

47. SPARKS ST. 49.

Will receive this week 'per Express,' from LONDON, England,

2 CASES OF MILLINERY,

Containing the VERY LATEST Styles in

Bonnets, Hats,

and some very Choice things in

Flowers, Feathers and Trimmings,

Per S. S. "MORAVIAN."

1 Case Extra Cloths, in the new

Satin Cloths,

Trimming to match all our Fashionable

Dress Goods.

—ALSO—

1 Case of Newest

Mantle Cloths.

The "OLIVE GREEN" appears still prove the most fashionable, and of the above, we are in receipt of ten piece

"New Seal and plucked Otter Skins hand."

Fancy Wove Goods still arriving.

Clouds, Breakfast Shawls, Ties &c.,

in endless Variety.

T. HUNTON, SHOULBRED & CO

47 and 49 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, Oct. 11 1870.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY

☞ A GOOD SALESMAN ☜

FOR CLOTHING

Apply at this Office.

Ottawa, Nov 16th, 870 1514tf

DR. DICKINSON,

RESIDENCE and SURGERY, Kent Street, Ottawa

R. L. JAMES & CO.

DRESS GOODS.

A large assortment worth from 20 to 90 cents, at 15 to 80.

A

SPECIAL LINE

of French Merinos, very cheap.

BLACK SILKS,

very much under Market value, and considerably lower than present Ottawa prices.

MILLINERY.

It is now pretty generally known that in this Department, especially the prices, are EXCEEDINGLY MODERATE,

AT THE

GOLDEN LION.

R. L. JAMES & Co.

ATTENTION!

If you want Choice VIRGIN HONEY, call at the NEW GROCERY STORE, Corner of Sussex and York Streets.

If you want SUPERIOR HEESE, call at the NEW GROCERY STORE, Corner of Sussex and York Streets.

If you want FIRST-CLASS DAIRY BUTTER, call at the NEW GROCERY STORE, Corner Sussex and York Streets.

—ALSO—

New Crop West End, Layers, Valencia and Seedless Raisins and Currants, Fresh Turkey Figs, Malaga Grapes, Lemons, Choice Imperial Prunes, Candied Peels, Gelatine, Cross & Blackwell's Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies, and Marmalades, Fresh Oysters, Lobsters Sardines, Mackerel, Salmon and Tomatoes, with a choice lot of Scotch and English Ales and Porter, Wines and Brandies, Gin, Scotch Whiskey, Jamaica Rum, Old Rye, Syrups and

JOHN A. BITTERS,

CONSTANTLY ON HAND,

At the New GROCERY STORE, Corner Sussex and York Streets.

Extra Fine Green, Black and Japan Teas, Rio, Java and Turkey Coffee.

—ALSO—

Fine Family and Pastry Flour, Oat and Corn Meal, at the NEW GROCERY STORE, Corner Sussex and York streets.

J. M. C. DELES DERNIERS,

Corner Sussex and York-sts.

Ottawa, Nov 29, 1870 1526tf

TO LUMBERMEN.

L. ROSE,

PROVISION BROKER.

LONDON, ONT.,

Inspects every BARREL of PORK he Ships and Ships only a FIRST-CLASS Article. He has for Sale from some of the Leading Packers and Curers:

Heavy Mess Pork, guaranteed.

Ex. P. Pork made from Heavy Mess.

Shoulders Mess Mutton.

Heavy Bacon, &c., at the lowest FIRST PRICES, and on Terms to suit Purchasers.

No. 1 Sup. Flour, Oats, Corn, &c., bought on commission.

White Beans always on hand.

Orders or enquiries have prompt attention.

Through rates to Brockville, Sand Point and Ottawa.

L. ROSE,
Produce Broker,
London, Ont.

London, Ont., Nov. 24, 1870 1522 2m

NOVEMBER ARRIVAS,

NEW FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOODS.

MAGEE & RUSSELL

Having met with UNAPPROACHABLE SUCCESS this AUTUMN, in the disposal of their IMMENSE IMPORTATIONS, (the Largest ever brought to Ottawa in one Season) were under the agreeable necessity of re-ordering a Second Supply to fill up the numerous blanks made in their Several Departments.

☞ Owing to the terrible conflict now raging in Europe our resident agents were enabled to secure during the consequent depression of Trade in Britain many very valuable lines at exceedingly low prices for cash.

☞ A portion of Shipments not yet to hand, are expected this week. The following comprises a few of the leading articles, viz:

DRESS GOODS:

WINCIES, SCOTCH PLAID TARTANS, FRENCH MERINOES, and SATEEN COSTUME CLOTH

See Figured Sateen Cloths at 90 cts. per yard, the Newest Dress Material of the season.

SILKS, SATINS, VELVETS:

Black VELVETS, VELVETEENS, EPANGLES, SILKS, SATINS, and CRAPES.

☞ All our Mantle Velvets were purchased in June, only a few days before they advanced considerably in price, and as they are likely to be fully 50 per cent dearer in the Spring, would advise Ladies to Purchase at the present time; will guarantee the best value in Canada. Silks Satins, &c, equally good value.

DOMESTICS:

New Grey Cottons, White Shirtings, Sheetings, Pillow Cottons, Prints, Linen and Cotton Tickings, Linen and Cotton Diapers, Table Linen of every description, Quilts and Counterpanes, Towels and Towelling, &c., &c. We can confidently recommend the above mentioned Domestic Goods, being excellent value.

WOOLLENS:

BLANKETS, English and Canadian Plain and Fancy FLANNELS, Waterproof Cloakings, Black and Blue Presidents, Pilots, Beavers, and the New Irish Frieze Cloths, for making Fashionable Ulster Over-Coats A Specimen Coat for Sale.

RIBBONS AND LACES.

100 dozen large New Style Hair Nets, 200 dozen Cambric Handkerchiefs, One Case Black and Colored Ribbon Velvets, Silk, Satin and Sash Ribbons, Fringes, Buttons Collars and Cuffs, and a magnificent variety Real Lace Goods.

HOSIERY AND GLOVES.

50 dozen Gents White and Lavender Kid Gloves; also, 20 dozen Plush and Lamb Lined Kid Gloves and Mitts, some with Seal Cuffs, besides a first-class Stock of Woollen Mock and Real Buckskin Gloves, Canadian, Scotch and English Lambs Wool Underclothing, Scotch and Canadian Fingering Yarns, &c, &c.

CARPETS.

New Double With Damasks at 45cts, Green Hemp, at $1.10, the Cheapest in Ottawa, New Harness Muslin and Lace Curtains, also Lace by the yards, one Cask varnished Coffins and one Case Stair Rods

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

DRY GOODS!

DRY GOODS!

DRY GOODS!

PATTERSON & BRYSON.

In consequence of our great success since opening we have been obliged to lay in a large additional Stock, which we will mark as low as heretofore, being determined to retain our already well established character, for selling cheaper than any other House in the Trade.

IN CANADIAN GOODS

We have made such arrangements with the factories in the Dominion as will enable us to keep constantly on hand a large and Assorted Stock of Tweeds, Flannels, Blankets (Grey and White), Cotton and Yarns, Cotton Yarn, Hosiery, Underclothing, etc., etc., etc.

—ALSO—

An entirely new and well assorted Stock of British and Foreign Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, which have been marked at prices to defy competition.

☞ REMEMBER THE PLACE,

53 Sparks Street,
Directly Opposite
BATE & Co.

PATTERSON & BRYSON.

JAMES PRACOCK,

FURS, FURS, FURS,

FURS.

I beg to intimate that my FUR STOCK is now complete in every

DEPARTMENT.

AN EARLY CALL IS SOLICITED.

☞ Remember the place,

33 Rideau street.

OPPOSITE OLD STAND.

CHARLES J. TANKER, accountant: Books posted Accounts made out. Apply at the office of H P Hill, Collector Refer to Dr Hill, G H Pinhey

Ottawa, Nov 5, 1870

THE TEA POT,

RIDEAU STREET.

The Proprietor begs to inform the lovers of THE TEA POT and the public generally, that the alterations are now completed, the whole premises having been thoroughly renovated and stocked with

New and Fresh Goods

Of the very best quality. He is now prepared to execute orders Wholesale and Retail, and every article will be guaranteed, as they have been selected with the greatest care.

Teas in great variety,
Coffee the very best—roasted and ground daily,
Raisins, Currants, Figs, &c, &c,
Port Wine, Sherry Wine, Brandy,
English Old Tom Gin—Booth's, Bernard's & Thompson's.

An Old Lady's Evening Wish.

My wishes soar not very high,
Nor do they widely roam
These moderate wishes are confin'd
To comforts found at home.

Give me what I enjoy so well—
A snug domestic scene;
And take my word, I fell myself
As happy as a Queen,

I'll tell you what I wish for now—
'Tis not a large desire;
I wish to sit at perfect ease,
Beside my evening fire.

I wish a friend or two would call,
To ask me how I do;

Then truly happy I should be,
And they'd be happy, too.

I'd set the tea things on the tray,
And we should all agree,
While taking ever-welcome cups
Of JOHN HILL'S wholesome tea.

The tea would gladden every heart,
And brighten every face;
And nothing more could we desire
In such a happy case.

With JOHN HILL'S Tea I always crown.
The comforts of my home;
And when I can partake of this
My wishes seldom roam.

All goods delivered free (within the limits of the city) by our own waggons, and every attention will be paid to proper packing and delivery.

JOHN HILL,
"THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET.

BONUS YEAR.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS.

1870.

SPECIAL INTIMATION.

LIFE ASSOCIATION OF SCOTLAND.

FOUNDED 1838.

ANNUAL REVENUE, - £ 257,683 Stg.

FUNDS in hand and invested, 1,357,386 "

The BOOKS and ACCOUNTS have been for many years subjected (not early only, or at any other interval, but) to a continuous AUDIT—apart from the Directors and other officials—by a Professional Accountant of high standing and experience. In the VALUATIONS also, which are made on approved Tables of Mortality, the most Assurance Premiums only are taken into account. Thus by constant independent checks and rigid tests, the utmost precaution is adopted to secure the present conduct and permanent stability of the Institution. It has always maintained a high position among the Assurance Offices of the Kingdom, and has already paid SUMS ASSURED and BONUSES to the amount of

$8,159,044.00

The amount paid last year alone having been upwards of

$601,763,00

The Funds remaining in hand and invested are upwards of

$6.605,945.00.

The List of Policy-holders in Class B. for 1870 will be closed as at

5TH DECEMBER.

Previous Entrants will be entitled to a

WHOLE YEAR'S BONUS

More than later Entrant will receive.

☞ The PROFITS are allocated on a principle which gives LARGER BONUSES than ANY OTHER SYSTEM.

F WARDLAW,
Secretary.

Agents for Ottawa, J T & R PENNOCK.

November 8, 1870 68tD5

IF YOU WANT

TO SAVE MONEY

GO TO THE

PEOPLE'S TEA STORES.

—BY—

P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.,

No. 36, Rideau St., and Duke St., Chaudiere,

OTTAWA,

Where from their great increase of business and the large addition now put to their Store, with a well selected Stock, and constant attention on their part, will enable them to sell at prices not to be equalled elsewhere.

There will be found always on hand a general assortment of

GROCERIES,
TEAS in particular, imported,
LIQUORS, WINES, BRANDIES,
GIN, IRISH and
SCOTCH WHISKEY,
Gooderham & Worts'
HIGHWINES,
OLD RYE, and PROOF,

With a fine assortment of Christmas and New Year's FRUITS and SYRUPS.

—ALSO—

WINTER APPLES,
ORANGES and LEMONS,
CHEESE, HAMS,
and BACON.

Remember our Motto—"Quick Sales and light Profits."

☞ Try their TEAS. ☜

Ottawa, Nov 29, 1870 1526

ANNUAL MEETING of the Stockholders of the Ottawa Peat Company will be held at the Russell House, Ottawa, on Tuesday the 6th December next at 12 o'clock, noon, for the organization of the Company, under the Act of Incorporation, for the selection of Directors and for the transaction of general business.

Ottawa, Nov 22, 1870 1521

HARDWARE! HARDWARE!

Sign of the ANVIL No 24 Rideau Street, where you can get a complete assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, and at prices to suit purchasers. Consisting in part of

GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHINGS:

Butcher Knives, Knives and Forks Pocket Knives, Table Spoons, Tea Spoons Tea Trays, Tacks Mats, Butts, Screws Locks, Bolts Catches, Latches, Axes, Saws, Planes, Squares, Hammers, Shoeshaves, Gouges, Chisels Augers, Auger Bits, Gimlet Bits, Levels, Boring Machines, Draw Knives &c &c, &c together with

PAINT OF ALL COLOURS:

Rose, Pink Burn Umber, Terra de Sienna, Chrome Yellow Yellow Ochre, Celestial Blue, Paris Green, Brunswick Green, Magnesia Green, Venetian Green, Red Lead, White Lead, in Oil or Dry, Drop Black, Ivory Black, Lamp Black, Boiled Oil, Raw Oil Turpentine, Benzole, Coal Oil, Paint Brushes, Varnishes, &c

THOS BIRKETT,
No. 24, Rideau street.
Sign of the Anvil.

P. S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the City.

Ottawa, Nov 18, 1870.

WANTED.

For the First and Second Departments of the Arnprior Common School, two MALE TEACHERS. Salary for first, four hundred; second, three hundred dollars per annum. Services to commence about 1st January, 1871. Applications received up to 1st December, 1870. Stating qualifications, &c.

DR. CRAWSTON
Chairman
GEO. CRAIG,
Secretary.

Arnprior, Nov 9, 1870 1593

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,

25 SUSSEX STREET

Elevated Oven Cook Stoves, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Low Oven Cook Stoves, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Double Stoves, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Box and Parlor Stoves, at
H. MEADOWS & Co

Coal Stoves, Base Burners, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

The Quintal Coal Stove, at
H. MEADOWS & Co

Parlour Cook Stoves, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Dumb Stoves, all sizes, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Hot Air Furnaces, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Stove Pipes and Elbows, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Lumbermen's Supplies, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

1st Prize Stoves can be seen, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.

Ottawa, Oct. 13, 1870.

THOMAS ISAAC,

DEALER IN

Shelf and Heavy Hardware

HENEY'S STONE BUILDING,

Wellington Street, Upper Town, Ottawa

Cooking and Fancy Stoves
Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope
Twine, Glass, Oil
Putty, &c.,
Always on hand.

Ottawa December 10, 1869. 1235.1

ROUSILLON VIN ROUGE.

An excellent light RED WINE for ordinary use, not unlike PORT, but higher in body.

$1.25 Per GALLON.

$4.00 Per DOZEN.

J. P. MACPHERSON,
Wine Merchant,
Elgin Street.

Ottawa, Nov 17, 1870 1516

CANADA PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Application will be made to Parliament, at its next Session, for the Incorporation of a Company to construct a Railway through British North America, connecting with the present Railway system of Canada, and thence to proceed to the North of Lake Superior and through the North West Territory to the Yellow or Leather Head Pass of the Rocky Mountains, there to connect with the projected Railway through British Columbia to the Pacific,—with such powers and privileges as may be necessary to carry the same into operation.

ALFRED WADDINGTON.

Ottawa, Oct 21, 1870 1493 2m

NOTICE

Is hereby given that the Corporation of the City of Ottawa will apply to the Legislature of the Province of Ontario, at its next Session for an Act to amend the Act Incorporating the Ottawa City Street Passenger Railway Company.

W P LETT,
City Clerk.

Ottawa Nov 11, 1870 1511 4w 8w

LANGUAGES.

A. GAY, B. A., French teacher at the GRAMMAR SCHOOL, offers his leisure hours to persons desirous of learning the French, Spanish or Italian languages. A thorough knowledge is acquired in a short time. Charges moderate. Mrs Robitaille's Boarding House, Sparks-st.

Ottawa, Nov 18 1870 1517 3w

CANADA AND

U. S. PATENT AGENCY.

Patents solicited in Canada and the United States; Trade and Timber Marks, Industrial Designs, Copyrights, Transfers, &c, registered on the shortest notice, Copies of Laws, Circulars, and information, sent free on application. Drawings prepared and copied.

Charges moderate. United States Patents particularly attended to. Several valuable Patent Rights for sale.

G. COUKSOLLES.

November 26, 1870 1524tf

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

14 RIDEAU STREET,

Have now received a full supply of

☞ NEW FALL GOODS ☜

—IN ALL—

DEPARTMENTS.

Ottawa, September 26, 1870

Railroads.

THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

ALTERATION OF TIME,

On and from MONDAY next, the 21st inst., three trains will run daily on this Railway as follows.

Going South Ottawa to Prescott.

MAIL will leave Ottawa at 9 30 a m, connecting at Prescott with the Grand Trunk Express, for the West, and with the Ogdensburg Railway, for Boston New York, &c

MAIL will leave Ottawa at 2 00 noon, connecting with the Grand Trunk Express, for Montreal.

EXPRESS will leave Ottawa at 10 30 p m, connecting with the Grand Trunk Expresses, East and West.

Going North Prescott to Ottawa.

MAIL will leave Prescott Junction at 6 a m, connecting with the G T Expresses East and West and arriving in Ottawa at 8.30 a m.

MAIL will leave Prescott Junction at 4.25 p m, connecting with the G. T. Express leaving Montreal at 8 a m, and arriving in Ottawa at 8.45 p m

EXPRESS will leave Prescott Junction at 6.30 p m, connecting with G T. Expresses, East and West, and arriving in Ottawa at 7 p m.

20 minutes allowed at Prescott Junction refreshments.

Tickets may be obtained on application to any of the Company's Agents, or at any of the Principal Stations of the Grand Trunk Railway.

All trains on this Line are run on Montreal time.

R LUTTRELL, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director

Ottawa, November 19, 1870.

CANADA CENTRAL AND BROCKVILLE AND OTTAWA RAILWAYS.

ALTERATION OF TRAINS,

COMMENCING NOVEMBER 21st

SLEEPING CARS between TORONTO and OTTAWA, going through in 13 HOURS.

On and after MONDAY, 21st November, Trains will run as follows:—

Leave Brockville at 4.45 a.m., 7.00 a.m., and 3.50 p m.

Arrive at Ottawa at 8.38 a m, 12.50 p m, and 8.10 p m.

Leave Ottawa at 9.10 a m, 4.30 p m, and 10.25 p m.

Arrive at Brockville at 2.10 a m, 1.40 p m, and 9.37 p m.

Arrive at Sand Point at 1.25 p m, and 8.00 p m.

Trains on Canada Central and Perth Branch make certain connections with all trains on B. & O Railway

A Sleeping Car will leave Toronto on Monday, Wednesday and Friday nights, by the Grand Trunk 7 30 p m train, and go through to Ottawa, arriving at 8.38 a m.

Returning, it will leave Ottawa on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday nights, at 10 25 p m, and go through to Toronto by G. T. Train, arriving at Toronto at 11.30 a m.

Freight forwarded with despatch. Car loads go through in Grand Trunk Cars to all points, without transhipment.

☞ Certain connections made with Grand Trunk Trains.

H ABBOTT,
Manager.

Brockville, Ont., Nov 14, 1870 1516tf

JUST RECEIVED,

FRENCH MERINOES,

GENUINE FRENCH MERINOES,

Fine, Wide, Heavy, and Warranted all Wool, in the following Colours:

LIGHT BROWN,

MID BROWN,

DARK BROWN,

VIOLET,

AGULINE,

MAROON,

RIFLE GREEN,

ROSE,

DRAB

and

SCARLET.

Really better Goods than sold other years at 3s. 9d., for 2s. 6d. per yard. The Nicest, Cheapest, and most durable Dress, for either street or in-door wear, in Ottawa.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

20 Sparks Street

Ottawa, Nov. 30, 1870.

NOTICE.

The Partnership existing between the undersigned, in the City of Ottawa, under the name of WATSON & CLISBY, Saloon Keepers, was dissolved by mutual consent, on the First Day of SEPTEMBER, A.D., 1870.

WATSON & CLISBY,
JAMES ROY WATSON,
LAVEL RENT CLISBY.

Witness of Signature,
D. S. GRANT,
JAMES STARKER.

Ottawa, Nov 11, 1870 1516tf

Insurance.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY of Canada, Head Office, Toronto.

President—The Hon John Hillyard Cameron M.P.
Vice President—Lewis Moffatt, Esq.
Other Directors—C J Campbell, Esq. Hon Malcolm Cameron, W T Macdonnell, Esq. A R McMaster, Esq. H S Howland, Esq. Geo Duggan, Esq. A T Fulton, Esq. Angus Morrison, Esq. M P. J S Crocker, Esq.
Banker—The Canadian Bank of Commerce.
Agents for Ottawa—Messrs J T & W PENNOCK.

The rates of the PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY are as low as its long experience has shown to be profitable.

The test of the value of insurance is, however not when the premiums are being paid, but when losses are being settled, and, from the equity and promptness of its settlements the Provincial Insurance Company is second to none.

Its Inspectors are always sent to adjust every important loss directly it occurs.

It has no adjusted losses due and unpaid.

It respectfully solicits a share of the patronage of the insuring public of Ottawa.

ARTHUR HARVEY, Manager.
1298tf

UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY *OF MAINE.*

Finance Department, Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No. 16.
The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:
No. 33 The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.
Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.
B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B.
For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON, Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U.S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81.
The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.
B. R. CORWIN, Manager
Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

Steamers.

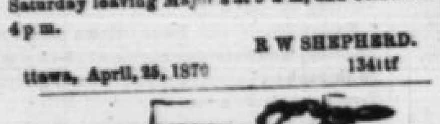
THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COY'S STEAMERS.

MAIL STEAMER
"QUEEN VICTORIA,"
Capt. Bowie,

Has commenced her regular trips between Ottawa and Montreal, with Mails and Passengers, leaving Ottawa at 7 a.m. daily.

MARKET STEAMER
FAIRY
Capt. Nichols,

Will commence running her regular trips from Major's Wharf to Ottawa every Monday and Saturday leaving Major's at 5 a m, and Ottawa at 4 p m.
R W SHEPHERD.
Ottawa, April 25, 1870 1341tf



UNION FORWARDING RAILWAY COMPANY

CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after the FIRST OF SEPTEMBER, THE STEAMER "ANN SISSON,"
Will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted) at 7 a.m., for Des Joachims, and intermediate ports. The steamer
"JASON GOULD"
Will leave Pembroke Daily at 3 p.m.
steamer
"SIR JOHN YOUNG"
Will leave Havelock daily at 7 a m for Chapeau. Returning will leave Chapeau at 1 o'clock p.m.
R S CASSELS, President
Ottawa, August 22, 1870 144 tf

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN
INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER.	
First Cabin, Payable in Gold.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 0
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	35 0
PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX	
First Cabin, Payable in Gold.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Halifax	20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	45 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	30 00
Halifax	15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates.
For further information, apply at the Company's offices,
JOHN G. DALE, Agent, 15 Broadway, New York,
or HERRICK & CROMBIE Ottawa.

DOMINION TELEGRAPH INSTITUTE,
34 KING STREET EAST, TORONTO, ONT.
ESTABLISHED IN 1868,

For the purpose of qualifying Operators for the TELEGRAPH AND RAILROAD LINES
Then and now so rapidly building in the Dominion and United States. It is become one of the Permanent Institutions of the Country.
And has turned out OVER 100 OPERATORS,
Who now fill important positions with GOOD SALARIES,

LADIES and GENTLEMEN desiring to learn this light and honourable profession, should do so at once. The average length of time required is three months. Ladies learn more rapidly than gentlemen. Both sexes admitted from 14 years of age and upwards.
For full particulars and terms address
T H CHURCHILL, Toronto, Ontario.
Ottawa, September 22, 1870 1 4tt 13

FOR SALE.
A beautiful country residence with Fifteen (15) Acres of Land (or more if necessary) attached; the house and outbuildings being completely surrounded by a grove of lovely shade trees. The whole within 10 minutes drive of the Government Buildings.
Terms of sale, cash, if preferable to purchaser Otherwise a small payment down, and the balance in from 1 to 10 years, to suit purchaser.
Apply to the Proprietor,
R A BRADLEY, Solicitor, Elgin-st., Ottawa.
Nearly opposite the Post Office.
N. B.—Money to lend on Real Estate. Terms easy.

OUT TO-DAY.
THE Canadian Parliamentary Calendar AND Directory for 1870.
To be obtained at HOPE & CO., and JONES & HOLLAND
1362tf

Medical.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

As a family Remedy it is well and favourably known relieving thousands from pain in the Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER
Has now been before the public for a length of time and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions have been properly followed, but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing the Diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it.
Price only Twenty five Cents per bottle.
NORTHROP & LYMAN.
Sold in Ottawa by H F McCarthy, J Skinner, John Roberts J P Featherston, George Mortimer, W d Massey, and all Medicine Dealers.
November 30, 1870 1527y

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.
STOP AND SEE!

The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.
They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great
SHOSHONEES REMEDY.
Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton. Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hoosy, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.
Handbook containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.
Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1. 13y

To Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:
Madoc, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869
This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands, in fact I was getting almost helpless I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.
MARY ANN DOUGHTY
Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings this ninth day of February, 1869.
A F WOOD, J P, &c.
I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth I have known her before, during, and since her illness I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle
A F WOOD, J P.
Warden County of Hastings Province of Ontario, D[illegible] of Canada.

For sale by DRUGGISTS AND GROCERS [illegible] ttawa.
TRADE-MARK GARDNER MONTREAL

GARDNER'S QUININE WINE BITTERS,
Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion, an excellent TONIC for persons recovering from illness. For sale in quart bottle; price one dollar.
GARDENER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children—it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.
Gardener's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best ask for GARDENER'S and take no other.
GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.
Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.
J GARDENER, Chemist,
457 Notre Dame Street, Montreal,
Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

DUTCH BULBS!

The Subscriber has just received a full assortment from a celebrated Grower in HOLLAND, both for Spring Gardening and in-door Culture

THE ASSORTMENT INCLUDES
Hyacinths, many varieties,
Tulips, "
Lilies, "
Narcissus, "
Jonquills, "
Anemones, "
Ranunculus, "
&c., &c.

The Flower Roots above mentioned not coming to hand till late in the season, are offered for sale at low prices.
ALEXANDER CHRISTIE, Druggist,
40 Sparks-st, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Nov. 18, 1870 1517yl

Medical.

GABRIEL'S PREPARATIONS FOR THE TEETH.
TRADE MARK. MANUFACTURED ONLY BY MESSRS GABRIEL. Dentists. LUDGATE HILL. LONDON.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH.
Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers.
MESSRS. GABRIEL,
The old-established Dentists,
64 Ludgate Hill, London,
And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth. Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache, no matter how far decayed Price 1s 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations

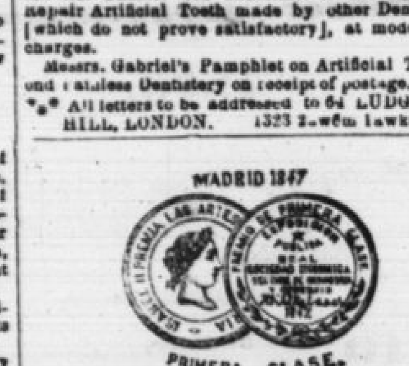
GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself This beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth. Price 5s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE, for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; is is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.
See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it. Price 5s.

PARTIES AT A DISTANCE REQUIRING ARTIFICIAL TEETH may have them supplied, in partial or complete sets, on Messrs. Gabriel's new system, by sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of One Guinea, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded, with all necessary instructions Messrs. Gabriel will undertake to Remodel or Repair Artificial Teeth made by other Dentists, [which do not prove satisfactory], at moderate charges.
Messrs. Gabriel's Pamphlet on Artificial Teeth and Painless Dentistry on receipt of postage.
** All letters to be addressed to 64 LUDGATE HILL, LONDON. 1323 2-wom lawk6m



ALKABASAR
ARRIVED AT LAST!

This elegant Turkish TONIC is one of the most salutary and delicate preparations ever submitted for public approval in this hemisphere, and asserts its pretentions to patronage on the following grounds:—
That it is a preparation of one of the most eminent Purveyors to the Ottoman Court.
It prevents acidity of the Stomach.
It relieves lowness of spirits
It is a mild and invigorating tonic, and a most efficient but innocuous stimulent.
It renders the breath sweet and agreeable.
It stimulates the appetite if taken BEFORE meals.
It promotes digestion if taken AFTER meals.
It neutralizes the propensity for strong liquors.
It renders the intellect bright and clear.
If taken habitually it imparts vitality and energy to all the bodily organs.
By its use a man of 70 will become, as it were, restored to the elasticity of 30; and to persons of delicate constitutions it is strongly recommended.
It is an especial favourite with Oriental ladies.
Secure, then, health, longevity and vital energy by the habitual use of the ALKABASAR TURKISH TONIC.
Kept in stock by the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.
For directions for use see labels on bottles.
HENRY CHAPMAN & CO.,
EVANS, MERCER & CO.,
Montreal,
Sole Agents for the Dominion
Montreal, July 6. 1415-y

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.
Prepared by special permission on the original recipe of
F. P. VERRI, M. D.,
Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.
Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion,
PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.
A. M. F. GIANELLI,
Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.
N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.
For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.
None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.
1022tf A. M. F GIANELLI.

H. R. FRIPP,
ORGANIST AND TEACHER OF MUSIC.
Residence—Elgin Street, South of Slater Street. Classes for beginners at Mr Gowan's Hall on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 4½ p m.
Ottawa, July 15th, 1870, 1410 tf

MUSICAL ACADEMY.
Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street.
Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

LOST
From the Farm of MRS. STEWART on the bank of the Canal, on the 20th inst., TWENTY-THREE LAMBS, marked with a stroke on the back with ar. Information to be given to WM SLATTERY, Butcher By Ward Market.
Augus[illegible]

Commission Merchants

J. BERMINGHAM,
GENERAL AUCTIONEER.
OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his Spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit continuance of the support and patronage liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate, that in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p. m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 25. Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hands for sale.
J BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer
Ottawa, March 1870.

M. FOOTE & COMPANY,
IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALER
—IN—
TEAS AND WINES,
6 HOSPITAL STREET
MONTREAL.
Ottawa August 23, 1870 n1414tf

DOMINICK FOX.
GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,
Clarence Street, next to the City Hotel Ottawa.
Solicits the patronage of the Lumber Merchants generally on the Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging men and attending to their rafts while passing here to the best of his ability.
REFERENCES.
Alex Fraser, Esq. Walter Smith, Esq.
John Poupore, Esq. R W Cruice, Esq.
1324t.

W. H. EASTON & CO.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS, FORWARDERS
DEALERS IN
Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c
OTTAWA,
End of Little Sussex-st.
Cash advanced on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases
W. H. EASTON R. M. EASTON

FOR SALE.
MESS AND PRIME MESS PORK.
FLOUR NO. 1 & EXTRA
WHITE BEANS,
At Ottawa, Sand Point and Pembroke.
S CHRISTIE,
No 5 Sparks street.
[illegible] 18, 1870

GOVERNMENT HOUSE.
OTTAWA, 26th day of Sept., 1870.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs and under and in virtue of the authority given by the 8th Section of the Act 31 Vic. Cap. 6, intituled "An Act respecting the "Customs." His Excellency has been pleased to make the following Regulation:
Grand Harbour, in the Island of Grand Manan, in the Province of New Brunswick shall be and the same is hereby erected into an Out Port of Customs, and attached to the Port of Campo Bello (Welchpool.)
WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Privy Council,
Canada.
Ottawa, Oct. 4, 1870. 1478

GOVERNMENT HOUSE.
OTTAWA, Thursday, 22nd day of Sept, 1870
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs and under and in virtue of the 54th Section of the Act 31st Victoria Cap. 6, intituled "An Act respecting the Customs.
His Excellency has been pleased to Order and it is hereby Ordered, that the Out Port of Port Ryerse attached to the Port of Dover, in the Province of Ontario, be and the same is hereby constituted and appointed to be a Warehousing Port, within the meaning of that Act.
WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Privy Council,
Canada.
Ottawa, Oct. 4, 1870. 1478

Medical.

Ayer's Hair Vigor,

For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.

A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. *Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color with the gloss and freshness of youth.* Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

HAIR DRESSING,

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,
PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS,
LOWELL, MASS.
PRICE $1.00.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

For Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption.

Probably never before in the whole history of medicine, has anything won so widely and so deeply upon the confidence of mankind, as this excellent remedy for pulmonary complaints. Through a long series of years, and among most of the races of men it has risen higher and higher in their estimation, as it has become better known. Its uniform character and power to cure the various affections of the lungs and throat, have made it known as a reliable protector against them. While adapted to milder forms of disease and to young children, it is at the same time the most effectual remedy that can be given for incipient consumption, and the dangerous affections of the throat and lungs. As a provision against sudden attacks of *Croup*, it should be kept on hand in every family, and indeed as all are sometimes subject to colds and coughs, all should be provided with this antidote for them.

Although settled *Consumption* is thought incurable, still great numbers of cases where the disease seemed settled, have been completely cured, and the patient restored to sound health by the *Cherry Pectoral.* So complete is its mastery over the disorders of the Lungs and Throat, that the most obstinate of them yield to it. When nothing else could reach them, under the *Cherry Pectoral* they subside and disappear.

Singers and Public Speakers find great protection from it.

Asthma is always relieved and often wholly cured by it.

Bronchitis is generally cured by taking the *Cherry Pectoral* in small and frequent doses.

So generally are its virtues known that we need not publish the certificates of them here, or do more than assure the public that its qualities are fully maintained.

Ayer's Ague Cure,

For Fever and Ague, Intermittent Fever, Chill Fever, Remittent Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical or Bilious Fever, &c., and indeed all the affections which arise from malarious, marsh, or miasmatic poisons.

As its name implies, it does *Cure*, and does not fail. Containing neither Arsenic, Quinine, Bismuth, Zinc, nor any other mineral or poisonous substance whatever, it in nowise injures any patient. The number and importance of its cures in the ague districts, are literally beyond account, and we believe without a parallel in the history of Ague medicine. Our pride is gratified by the acknowledgments we receive of the radical cures effected in obstinate cases, and where other remedies had wholly failed.

Unacclimated persons, either resident in, or travelling through miasmatic localities, will be protected by taking the *AGUE CURE* daily.

For *Liver Complaints*, arising from torpidity of the Liver, it is an excellent remedy, stimulating the Liver into healthy activity.

For Bilious Disorders and Liver Complaints, it is an excellent remedy, producing many truly remarkable cures, where other medicines had failed.

Prepared by DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical and Analytical Chemists, Lowell, Mass., and sold all round the world.

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

LEA & PERRINS'
CELEBRATED
WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,
Declared by Connoisseurs
TO BE
THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.
CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivalled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to
ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,
and to see that their names are upon the wrapper labels, stopper and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c, &c, and by Grocers and Oilmen universally 52v1236 law

PRIVATE BILLS.
Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly, which are published in the "Ontario Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.
All Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the Session.
CHARLES T GILLMOR,
Clerk of the House.
Toronto March 15, 1870 1309 td lawk.

NOTICE.
I hereby give notice that I shall not be responsible for any debt contracted in my name after this date without my written order.
CHAS. GOULDEN.
Ottawa, Augus[illegible] 6 9m

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.
W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

S. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.
REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

PRESERVE YOUR ROOFS.
PATENT PLASTIC SLATE PAINT,
Is the best and cheapest material in use for preserving new, or repairing old
IRON OR TIN ROOFS,
No matter how bad their condition. Also first rate for
SHINGLE ROOFS,
Making them
FIRE AND WATER PROOF,
Hardens into a coating of SOLID SLATE by exposure.
Price $6 a barrel, mixed ready for use.
A barrel will cover 10 squares (10 x 10).

SHEATHING FELT
For lining Frame Buildings under the clap boards. An effectual protection against cold, damp and vermin. Rats and mice will not come near it.
No FRAME DWELLING should be without
Send for Circular, instructions, &c.
BUCHANAN & CO.,
Wholesale Depot for Roofing Materials and Founder's Supplies,
32 Lemoine Street.
Montreal.
Ottawa, September 21, 1870 1468

A. E. GENDREAU,
HAIR DRESSING PARLOUR,
Wellington street,
Opposite the Bank of Montreal.

MR GENDREAU, the proprietor of that so popular Parlour, has the pleasure to announce to his numerous friends and the public in general, that to answer to the great encouragement which he has received up to the present, he has determined to enlarge and thoroughly furnish anew his establishment He will save no expense to render Parlour the most comfortable, and procure the most experienced hair dressers.

MR GENDREAU having served considerable time in some of the best and most extensive Hair Dressing Saloons in the Dominion and United States, is in a position to conduct the duties of his establishment in a manner that cannot be surpassed.

He will have always on hand the best perfumes imported directly from Paris and London. MR GENDREAU solicits a visit to convince all of the truth of his statements.

SATCHELL BROS
BUTCHERS TO
HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantly on hand
FRESH KILLED
STALL-FED
BEEF AND MUTTON.
ALSO,
THEIR CELEBRATED
SPICED AND SALT ROUND,
AND
ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES,
To be had at
THEIR STALLS,
Nos. 5 and 7,
BY-WARD MARKET

FOR STYLISH SIGNS AND HANDSOME WALL PAINTING GO TO THE LANG PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT A. W LANG, Sparks Street.
No Benzine or Coal Oil used.

PEOPLE'S TELEGRAPH COMPANY
Incorporated under Chapter LXVII of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada.
OTTAWA OFFICE—G P DRUMMOND'S Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.
DIRECTORS:
A JOSEPH, Chairman; D C THOMSON, Treasurer; S B FOOTE A THOMSON, T H DUNN.
DRUMMOND Manager 1141tf

TWO OR THREE GENTLEMAN can be accommodated with
ROOMS, WITH OR WITHOUT BOARD.
Apply at
MR. ROWSELL'S,
Opposite the Union Hotel,
Centre Town.
Ottawa, July 5, 1870. 1430 tf

EDGAR DOWARD, Organist, Christ Church, teacher of Organ, Piano and Singing Residence—O'Connor street. Mr. Doward was formerly Choirster Boy and Articled Pupil of Mr W. Done, of Worcester Cathedral, England.
1390y

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.
In the matter of
JOSEPH HENRY CASSELS,
the Village of Kenmore
AN INSOLVENT.
ASSIGNEES SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power vested in me as Assignee of the estate and effects of the above named Insolvent, I shall offer for sale by Public Auction, at the Court House, in the City of Ottawa, at the hour of 12 o'clock, noon on FRIDAY, the TWENTY-FIFTH day of NOVEMBER next, all the estate, right, title interest and equity of redemption of the said Insolvent, and of myself, as such Assignee as aforesaid, in and to that certain parcel or tract of land and premises situate, lying and being in the Township of Gloucester, in the County of Carleton, containing by admeasurement fifty acres of land be the same more or less, being composed of the west quarter of lot number two, in the third Concession of the said Township, Rideau Front.

Terms and conditions made known at the time of sale, and particulars can be had by applying to
CHAS BAILLIF,
Assignee,
401 Notre Dame St.
Dated Montreal, 17th Sept, 1870. 1459 3aw271

GREAT CENTRAL AIR LINE ROUTE
VIA
GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.
[The Model Road of Canada]
To Sarnia, Detroit, Milwaukee.
CHICAGO,
Cincinnati, St. Louis, New Orleans, and all Points in the West and South.

NORTHERN TRANSPORTATION CO'S 20 First-Class Upper Cabin Steamers.
DAILY LINE BETWEEN
OGDENSBURG & CHICAGO,
Making sure connections with Railway for all Points West and South.
Parties going west can secure Tickets at this office to any Point desired,
VIA
ALL RAIL OR ALL BOAT
Fares always cheaper than by any other Route.
Be sure and procure TICKETS at this office by the
GREAT CENTRAL ROUTE
AND SAVE MONEY, TIME AND DISTANCE
Comparitive distance of the several Western Routes to Chicago:

American—Ogdensburg or Prescott to Chicago	850 miles
Grand Trunk to Detroit	736 do
Grand Trunk to Toronto, Great Western to Detroit	730 do
Leaving in favor of the Great Central Route	120 do

For TICKETS to any Points in the United States, and all information apply to
J T CORCORAN,
General Western Railway and Steamboat Ticket office, at H Palmer's store, next to Fingland & Draper's, Sussex st two doors from Rideau st

IN CHANCERY.
Pursuant to a decree of the Court of Chancery, made in a cause Spain vs. Watt, the Creditors of Martin Spain, late of the Township of Nepean, in the County of Carleton who died in or about the month of NOVEMBER, 1867, are on or before the 15th NOVEMBER next, to send by post prepaid, to Messrs. Kennedy & Christie, of the City of Ottawa, the Solicitor of the Defendants, Arthur Watt, the Executor of the deceased, their christian and surnames, addresses and descriptions, the full particulars of their claims, a statement of their accounts and the nature of the securities (if any) held by them, or in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said decree. Every Creditor holding any security is to produce the same before me at my Chambers, at the City of Ottawa, on the 23rd day of November, 1870, at 11 o'clock, in the forenoon, being the time appointed for adjudication on the claims.
Dated this 21st day of October, 1870.
(Signed), W. M. MATHESON,
Master at Ottawa.
SCOTT & ROSS,
Plaintiff's Solicitors.
Ottawa, Oct 24, 1870 1485 1d

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
OTTAWA,
10th day of November, 1870.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

Whereas it has been represented to His Excellency, that the public convenience would be promoted if the Out-Ports of St Armand and Rousse's Point, which are situate in closer proximity to the Port of St. John's, than to that of Montreal, with which they are now connected, were detached from the last mentioned Port and placed under the survey of the Port of St. Johns; His Excellency on the recommendation of the Hon. the Minister of Customs, and under and in pursuance of, the 8th section of the Act 31st Victoria Chapter 6, intituled:
"An Act respecting the Customs," has been pleased to Order, and it is hereby Ordered that on, from and after the First day of December next the Out-Ports of St Armand and Rouse's Point shall be and they are hereby respectively detached from the Port of Montreal and placed under the Survey of the Port of St. Johns, in the Province of Quebec.
WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Privy Council,

PRESTON & ROWSELL.
MILITARY TAILORS
—AND—
HABIT MAKERS
NO. 36 SPARKS STREET
A SELECT ASSORTMENT
OF
Tweeds,
Broad Cloths,
Doe Skins,
Fancy Coatings,
Vestings, &c.
SHIRTS MADE TO ORDER
Ottawa, July 26, 1870.
PRESTON & ROWSELL. PRESTON & ROWSELL.

HIGHER EDUCATION.
HELLMUTH COLLEGE.
Board and Tuition per annum, $22[illegible].
HELLMUTH LADIES' COLLEGE
Inaugurated by H. R. H. Prince Arthur. Board and Tuition $236 per annum.
PRESIDENT:—The Very Rev. I. Hellmuth, D.D., Dean of Huron
For Particulars apply to Major Evans, London, Canada West.
August 5, 1870. 1[illegible]

Ayer's Sarsaparilla,

FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

The reputation this excellent medicine enjoys, is derived from its cures, many of which are truly marvellous. Inveterate cases of Scrofulous disease, where the system seemed saturated with corruption, have been purified and cured by it. Scrofulous affections and disorders, which were aggravated by the scrofulous contamination until they were painfully afflicting, have been radically cured in such great numbers in almost every section of the country, that the public scarcely need to be informed of its virtues or uses.

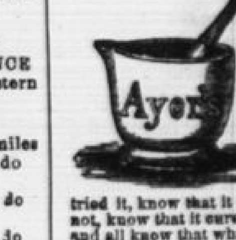
Scrofulous poison is one of the most destructive enemies of our race. Often, this unseen and unfelt tenant of the organism undermines the constitution, and invites the attack of enfeebling or fatal diseases, without exciting a suspicion of its presence. Again, it seems to breed infection throughout the body, and then, on some favorable occasion, rapidly develop into one or other of its hideous forms, either on the surface or among the vitals. In the latter, tubercles may be suddenly deposited in the lungs or heart, or tumors formed in the liver, or it shows its presence by eruptions on the skin, or foul ulcerations on some part of the body. Hence the occasional use of a bottle of this *Sarsaparilla* is advisable, even when no active symptoms of disease appear. Persons afflicted with the following complaints generally find immediate relief, and, at length, cure, by the use of this SARSAPARILLA: *St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Sore Ears,* and other eruptions or visible forms of *Scrofulous* disease. Also in the more concealed forms, as *Dyspepsia, Dropsy, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Neuralgia,* and the various *Ulcerous* affections of the muscular and nervous systems.

Syphilis or Venereal and Mercurial Diseases are cured by it, though a long time is required for subduing these obstinate maladies by any medicine. But long continued use of this medicine will cure the complaint. *Leucorrhœa or Whites, Uterine Ulcerations,* and *Female Diseases,* are commonly soon relieved and ultimately cured by its purifying and invigorating effect. Minute Directions for each case are found in our Almanac, supplied gratis. *Rheumatism and Gout,* when caused by accumulations of extraneous matters in the blood, yield quickly to it, as also *Liver Complaints, Torpidity, Congestion* or *Inflammation of the Liver,* and *Jaundice,* when arising, as they often do, from the rankling poisons in the blood. This SARSAPARILLA is a great restorer for the strength and vigor of the system. Those who are *Languid* and *Listless, Despondent, Sleepless,* and troubled with *Nervous Apprehensions* or *Fears,* or any of the affections symptomatic of *Weakness,* will find immediate relief and convincing evidence of its restorative power upon trial.

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,
Practical and Analytical Chemists.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

For all the purposes of a Laxative Medicine.



Perhaps no one medicine is so universally required by everybody as a cathartic, nor was ever any before so universally adopted into use, in every country and among all classes, as this mild but efficient purgative *Pill.* The obvious reason is, that it is a more reliable and far more effectual remedy than any other. Those who have tried it, know that it cured them; those who have not, know that it cures their neighbors and friends, and all know that what it does once it does always—that it never fails through any fault or neglect of its composition. We have thousands upon thousands of certificates of their remarkable cures of the following complaints, but such cures are known in every neighborhood, and we need not publish them. Adapted to all ages and conditions in all climates; containing neither calomel or any deleterious drug, they may be taken with safety by anybody. Their sugar coating preserves them ever fresh and makes them pleasant to take, while being purely vegetable no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.

They operate by their powerful influence on the internal viscera to purify the blood and stimulate it into healthy action—remove the obstructions of the stomach, bowels, liver, and other organs of the body, restoring their irregular action to health, and by correcting, wherever they exist, such derangements as are the first origin of disease.

Minute directions are given in the wrapper on the box, for the following complaints, which these *Pills* rapidly cure:—

For **Dyspepsia** or **Indigestion, Listlessness, Languor** and **Loss of Appetite,** they should be taken moderately to stimulate the stomach and restore its healthy tone and action.

For **Liver Complaint** and its various symptoms, **Bilious Headache, Sick Headache, Jaundice** or **Green Sickness, Bilious Colic** and **Bilious Fevers,** they should be judiciously taken for each case, to correct the diseased action or remove the obstructions which cause it.

For **Dysentery** or **Diarrhœa,** but one mild dose is generally required.

For **Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the Side, Back** and **Loins,** they should be continuously taken, as required, to change the diseased action of the system. With such change those complaints disappear.

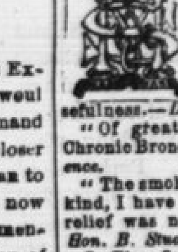
For **Dropsy** and **Dropsical Swellings** they should be taken in large and frequent doses to produce the effect of a drastic purge.

For **Suppression** a large dose should be taken as it produces the desired effect by sympathy.

As a *Dinner Pill,* take one or two *Pills* to promote digestion and relieve the stomach.

An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and bowels into healthy action, restores the appetite, and invigorates the system. Hence it is often advantageous where no serious derangement exists. One who feels tolerably well, often finds that a dose of these *Pills* makes him feel decidedly better, from their cleansing and renovating effect on the digestive apparatus.

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical Chemists,
LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.
Ottawa, August 7, 1870.



FOR ASTHMA,
and Chronic Bronchitis
DATURA TATULA,
Affords Immediate Relief.
"A remedy of great power and usefulness.—*Dr W. Parker.*
"Of great efficacy in cases of Asthma and Chronic Bronchitis. —*Dublin Journal Medical Science.*
"The smoke causes no nausea. When thought kind, I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."—*General Alexander to Hon. B. Stuart.*
In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.
Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, Boxes, 5s, 8s and 15s.
Pastilles for Inhalation, Boxes, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.
SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.
AGENTS—Messrs F. Cundill & Co., Montreal

FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION of COD LIVER OIL, the fat eaten at meals, &c In digestive activity, superior to Pepsine.
Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 12s6d. Pancreatine Wine, bottles [illegible]
N.B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil.
AGENTS—Messrs F. [illegible]

NOTICE.
LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF ONTARIO,
TORONTO, 29th October, 1870.
Notice is hereby given, that the last day for receiving Petitions for Private Bills will be WEDNESDAY, the TWENTY-EIGHTH day of DECEMBER next
CHARLES T. GILLMOR,
Clerk.

STRAYED,
Into the subscribers premises on the night of the 17th, a KID, with collar and chain attached The owner can have it by proving property and paying this advertisement.
ROBERT SKEAD
Ottawa, Nov 21, 1870

SEMINARY FOR YOUNG LADIES,
A Branch of the Monklands Villa,
MARIA ESTABLISHMENT, MONTREAL.
The Sisters of the Congregation de Notre Dame respectfully inform the public that they will open their classes on the 1st September.
Besides the Boarding school a Select Day School is attached to the establishment
For particulars and terms apply to the
LADY SUPERIOR
Corner of O'Conner and Wellington Streets.
Ottawa, August 12, 1870

THE HOWLEY FARM TO LET.
Lot No 30, 1st Concession of Gloucester R. Front, containing 300 acres, 150 acres well cleared and in good state of cultivation, opposite Manotic, and fifteen miles from Ottawa, with good fences, a fine dwelling house, two story high, barns and outhouses complete, is now to let on reasonable terms, for a term of years. Apply for further particulars to
CHARLES ROWAN,
Ottawa.
Ottawa September 5, 1870 [illegible]

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, 35 Sparks-st., Centre Town, Ottawa.
JAMES COTTON, Managing Director.

TIGHT BINDING

The Times

VOL. V. NO. 1529. OTTAWA, FRIDAY DECEMBER 2, 1870 PRICE—3 CENT

AGENTS WANTED, who can make from $5 to $10 a day. Address, T W FARRELL, Ottawa. Ottawa, Nov 11, 1870 151 1m

Legal.

J. W. WARD, Barrister at-law, Advocate, &c. Opposite Russell House, Ottawa Canada.

WRIGHT & CLEMOW, Barristers and Attorneys at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. &c., for the Provinces Ontario and Quebec. Office over Durie's Book Store, Sparks street, Ottawa.
W McKay Wright 12w F C Clemow.

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. S. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.
Robert Lees. 43utf John J. Gemmill.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal 34-6m

KEEFER & KIMBER, Barristers and Attorneys at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, &c., for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec Office—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.
Augustus Keefer. Rene Edward Kimber.

NICHOLSON & ..., Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 189y

A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 962y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
William Mosgrove 368tf George Taillon

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec. Hull, near the Post Office. 90tf

Medical

DOCTOR HENDERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Surgery—That recently occupied by Dr. Malloch, Duke st, Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1388y

DR. ... LAND, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Store in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, ... at Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m. N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of disease of the EYE and EAR. At night ... at his residence, Murray street.

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office Sparks st. ... Central Ottawa 34utf

GEORGE HUTCHISON, L. D. S.,
SURGEON DENTIST,
Sparks Street.
OPPOSITE "TIMES" OFFICE.

DR. HUTCHISON is fully prepared to supply new Sets of TEETH, or to insert single Teeth where wanting, on either gold, silver or vulcanite rubber plates, fitting so closely and easily to the mouth as to be capable of all the uses to which natural teeth are applied, without the slightest inconvenience to the wearers, and after being for a short time in use, without even a consciousness of the presence of a substance originally foreign to the mouth.

Dr. H. with a view to the removal of painful sensations during the operation of extracting decayed or diseased teeth, has introduced into his practice the use of the Nitrous Oxide or laughing gas, which the sufferer inhales without danger or inconvenience, and loses his tooth as it were in a pleasant dream.

He may be consulted any day, except Sunday, at his office from 9 a. m. to 6 p. m.

Ottawa September 2, 1870

Hotels and Saloons.

THE METROPOLITAN, AUMOND'S BLOCK, Rideau Street Ottawa.
222tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

WAVERLY HOUSE,
BARRINGTON-STREET,
HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,
Established 1851.
Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.
969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE, Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.
E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor, (Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)
A spacious-sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT, M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brandies Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

N... DOUGLAS'..., SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA

A few ... gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen visiting the Capital will find superior accommodation by the day or week at moderate terms. N. B.—This house is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Parliament Buildings and the ... 219tf

THE UNION HOUSE,
W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR,
CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS
OTTAWA.
EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.
The Bar always supplied with the
CHOICEST LIQUORS,
And the table spread with
EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON
Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.

C. T. R. HIGGINS,
Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co, General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufactures and Mining Agent Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mason Bros Hardware Store.

DANCING AND DEPORTMENT.

Mrs Robert Stewart having made arrangements with an accomplished lady teacher, announces that her Dancing Classes will commence on Wednesday, the 22nd instant.

Further particulars may be obtained on application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street.

Ottawa September 9th, 1869 1148tf

WANTED.
An experienced First-class Common School Teacher, who is not afraid to compete (so far as his profession is concerned) with any person in either Province, desires an engagement in Ontario, to date from the first of January next. Best of references.
Address, stating salary, &c.,
A D PRATT,
Hull, P Q.
Hull, 31st Oct. 1870 1502tf

WANTED by a young Lady a situation ... competent to teach French, and is a good ... would go out by the day if necessary.
Ottawa, Nov 21, 1870 1519 1m

Groceries.

DENIS WHELAN,
39 RIDEAU STREET,
OTTAWA
HAVING OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT
(nearly opposite the Old Stand,)

offers for sale at VERY LOW PRICES a large and well selected stock, comprising Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy Soaps, Sauces, Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, Candles, Coarse and Fine Salt. Also,
Bordeaux and other Vinegars
MESS PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS,
and the numerous other articles necessary to constitute a complete stock.

TEAS—Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial Young Hyson, quite fresh and cheap.

COFFEE—Fresh Coffee ground and roasted daily on the premises.

LIQUORS—Cognac Brandies Renault & Co, Hennessy, Piper's and other brands.

HOLLAND GIN—De Kuyper's and Houtman's, in wood bottle.

WINES—Sherries of all grades, Ports of fine quality, Burgundy, Sauterne and Maderia Wines all prices, in wood and bottle, improved by age.

HIGHWINES, OLD RYE, PROOF AND WHISKEY
high proof and flavor, at extremely low prices.
Thorne's and Stewart' Scotch Whiskey and Old Tom.
Dunville's Irish Whiskey.
Murphy's Old Irish Potteen.
Guinness' and London Porter, pts and qts.
Molson's and other Ales.
Sugars and Syrups, all grades.
Sale at refiners' prices.
THE OLD STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE SELLING AT TWENTY-FIVE PER CENT BELOW COST.
Now is the time for bargains. 1185

1870. 1870.
SPRING IMPORTATIONS.
O'MEARA & CO.

Beg most respectfully to intimate to their friends and customers that they have just received and have ready for inspection

A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT OF CLOTHS AND TWEEDS

Suitable for the coming season, comprising ENGLISH, FRENCH, SCOTCH AND CANADIAN MANUFACTURE OF THE NEWEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE DESIGNS.

THE READY-MADE CLOTHING DEPARTMENT is also very complete, and will be found of the best materials and most fashionable styles.

Special attention is called to a LARGE ASSORTMENT OF SPRING AND SUMMER OVERCOATS OF THE NEWEST STYLES.

Suspenders, Scarfs, Ties, Collars, Shirts, Gloves, &c. &c. Together with a large and well assorted stock of

DRY GOODS.

Tailoring Department under the supervision of a first class cutter.

Suits made to order in best and latest styles. Good fit ensured or no sale.

A. DUFF O'MEARA & CO

Hardware.

BLYTH & KERR,
No. 25 RIDEAU STREET,
Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c.

All work in any of the above branches executed in a prompt and workmanlike manner.

Special attention given to Roofing and fitting up Galvanized Iron and Tin Gutters, Conductors, &c., &c.

IMPORTERS OF GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

JUST RECEIVED ex "Pride of Canada" and "Oceola," a splendid assortment of Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots, Jelly Moulds, Wire Dish Covers, Spice Boxes, Ladies' Dressing Cases, Trays, Enamelled Pie Dishes, Preserving Pans, Deli Milk saucepans, &c., &c.

Constantly on hand, Cooking Stoves, (best makers) Hot Air Furnaces, Water Coolers, Baths, (all kinds) Cutlery, Plated and Britannia Metal Ware.

—ALSO—

FISHING TACKLE comprising Rods, Lines, Flies, Hooks, Floats, Coils, Panniers, Landing Nets, Fly Books, &c &c.

Ottawa, August 10, 1870 1432 1y

DARLEY'S
ARABIAN OIL
FOR HORSES AND CATTLE
A NEVER-FAILING REMEDY.

This valuable preparation combines all the medicinal virtues of those articles which long experience has proved to possess the most safe and efficient properties for the cure of Fresh Wounds, Sprains, Bruises, Galls of all kinds, Cracked Heels, Ring Bone, Spavin, Callous, Fistula, Sweeney, External Poisons, Scratches or Grease, Strains, Lameness, Mange, Witlows, Corns, Sand Cracks, Foundered Feet, Horn Distemper, Swellings, and many other diseases which horses and cattle are subject to.

The celebrated Liniment has been used for many years, and its curative properties thoroughly tested, and it is conceded to be the cheapest and most reliable remedy for all external complaints ever offered to the public—it never fails when timely used and faithfully applied.

To be had of all Druggists and Country Merchants throughout the Dominion. Price 25c. per bottle.

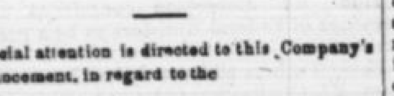
NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, Ont. Proprietors.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W M Massey, H F McCarthy, J Skinner, in Ottawa, all Medicine Dealers.

November 24, 1870 1522tf

WANTED
By a young girl a situation as SEAMSTRESS, or DRESS-MAKER, in a private family or place of business.
References given if required. Apply at the TIMES OFFICE.
August 1st, 1870 1424-tf

Railroads.



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY OF CANADA.

Special attention is directed to this Company's announcement, in regard to the

RUNNING OF TRAINS FOR THE ENSUING SEASON.

In addition to the Fast Time which it is intended to make between the

EAST AND WEST,

With close connections at all points. The line will be equipped with handsome

NEW FIRST-CLASS CARS,

Unsurpassed on the continent.!

TRAINS WILL RUN BETWEEN
Portland and Montreal in 13 Hours.
Montreal and Toronto in 13 Hours.
Stopping only at the most important Stations.

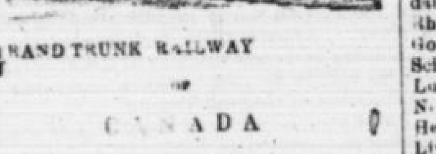
As fast as completed,

PULMAN'S PALACE SLEEPING CARS

Will be run on the Through Trains and the service will be performed over the entire line in a manner equal to that of any railway on this continent. Special arrangements have been made to accommodate the pleasure travel.

For further particulars see advertisements and time tables.

C J BRYDGES, Managing Director.
June 3 1870. 1447tf



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY OF CANADA

IMPROVED SERVICE OF TRAINS FOR THE SUMMER OF 1870.

ACCELERATION OF SPEED.

NEW CARS ON ALL EXPRESS TRAINS.

Portland to Montreal in 13 Hours.
Montreal to Toronto in 13 Hours.

On and after JUNE 13th the new arrangements will be put in force, and trains will leave Montreal as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points west at .... 9 00 a m
NIGHT, do do .... 9 00 p m
Mail train for Toronto and intermediate Stations .... 7 00 a m
Accommodation Train for Brockville and intermediate stations .... 5 00 p m
Trains for Lachine at 6 00 a m, 7 00 a m, 9 15 am, 12 noon, 1 00 p m, 4 00 p m, 5 30 p m, and 6 30 p m. The 1 30 p m Train runs through to Province Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and intermediate stations at .... 7 10 a m
Express for Boston, via Vermont Central, at .... 9 00 a m
Express for New York and Boston, via Vermont Central, at .... 3 45 p m
Express for New York and Boston, via Plattsburg, Lake Champlain, Burlington and Rutland, at .... 6 00 a m
Do do do do .... 4 00 p m
Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham, Portland and Lower Provinces at .... 1 30 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, and the Lower Provinces, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St Hilaire, St Hyacinthe, Upton, Acton, Richmond, Brompton Falls, Sherbrooke, Lennoxville, Compton, Coaticooke and Norton Mills only at 10 10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all night trains. Baggage checked through.

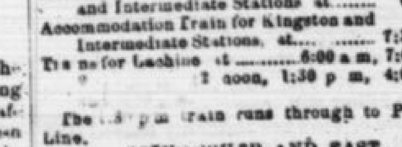
The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotte" leave Portland for Halifax, N S, every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, respectively, at 4 00 p m. They have excellent accommodations for passengers and Freight.

The International Company's Steamers running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway leave Portland every Monday and Thursday at 6 00 p m for St John, N B. &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principle stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station, or at No 39, Great St James Street.

C J BRYDGES, Managing Director.
June 3, 1870 1425tf



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1870.] SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS. [1870

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at .... [illegible] a m
Night do do do do .... [illegible] p m
Accommodation Train for Cornwall and Intermediate Stations at .... [illegible] p m
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at .... 7:30 a m
Trains for Lachine at .... 6:00 a m, 7:00 a m, [illegible] noon, 1:30 p m, 4:00 p m
The [illegible] p m train runs through to Province Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at .... 7:00 a m
Express for Boston at .... 8:40 a m
Express for New York and Boston via Vermont Central at .... 3:45 p m
Express for New York and Boston via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at .... 6.00 a m, 3:00 p m
Express for Island Pond, at .... 2:00 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at .... 10:10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotte" leaves Portland every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, for Halifax, N.S., respectively at 4 p m.

They has excellent accommodation for passenger and freight.

The International Company's Steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway leave Portland every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 6 p m, for St John, N.B., &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Offices, Bonaventure Station, and 39 Great St James Street.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director
Montreal, May, 1870.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.
A & A H TAYLOR, Agents

ELECTRICITY IS LIFE

PULVERMACHER'S PATENT
GALVANIC CHAIN-BANDS
BELTS, AND POCKET BATTERIES

These highly improved inventions render Electricity perfectly self-applicable, and extremely efficacious in a mild continuous form no shock or unpleasant sensation being experienced, whereby it becomes a true fountain of health and vigour, speedily soothing agonizing pains, reanimating torpid limbs, reviving the sluggish functions of life, and imparting renewed energy and vitality to constitutions enfeebled by whatever cause. Medicines and their deleterious consequences are thus entirely dispensed with. The daily increasing number of cures effected by PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO GALVANIC SYSTEM is so extensive and varied, that it forcibly points to this invention as the embryo of a universal remedy.

N. B.—The following testimony from the elite of the English medical faculty has been received:

"We, the undersigned, have much pleasure in testifying that Mr. J. L. Pulvermacher's recent improvements in his Voltaic Batteries and Galvanic Appliances for Medical Purposes are of great importance to Scientific Medicine, and that he is entitled to the consideration and support of every one disposed to further the advancement of real and useful progress.

"Dated the 9th day of March, 1866.
"SIR CHARLES LOCOCK, Bart., M D, F R C P.
"SIR HENRY HOLLAND, Bart., M D, F. R. S.
"SIR WM. FERGUSSON, Bart., F. R. S.
"EDWD. H. SIEVEKING, M. D, M R C S
"SIR J. RANALD MARTIN, F R C S."

PULVERMACHER'S SYSTEM is also approved of by an official report of the Academie de Medicine, Paris, Royal College of Physicians, London, and the Imperial Faculty of Vienna, and its curative virtues are confirmed by thousands of private testimonials of cures effected (See pamphlet gratis).

These facts appeal to the good sense of every sufferer to avail himself of this scientific and curative progress, to which the inventor has devoted a life-time of study and labour, as an ardent disciple of that great benefactor of mankind, the late illustrious electrician MICHAEL FARADY.

PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC CHAINS are exceedingly effective without the aid of medicine, restriction of diet or the least derangement of the patient's habits and daily occupations, in the following maladies:

Rheumatism	Female Complaints
Gout	Constipation
Sciatica	Cramp
Lumbago	Sluggish Circulation
Neuralgia	Urinary Disorders
Head and Toothache	Paralysis
Liver Complaints	Epilepsy
Tic Doloreux	Nervous Debility
Indigestion	Functional Disorders
Deafness	&c., &c.
Spasms	

The effects of the application of Pulvermacher's Chains in any of the above disorders is immediately perceptible—the relief of pain instantaneous.

PRICE LIST OF PULVERMACHER'S CHAIN BANDS AND BATTERIES.

B CHAIN BANDS for Nervous Deafness, Head, Tooth, and Face Ache, and Noises in the Head, 21s. to 30s
B. CHAIN BANDS for loss of Voice and other affections of the Throat, 10s 6d. to 21s.
N. CHAIN BANDS for Sciatica, Rheumatic Neuralgia, and Gout, Pains, Local Paralysis, Cramp, &c., 18s. to 22s. and 40s
B CHAIN BANDS for Lumbago, Indigestion Liver, Chest, and Functional Disorders, &c, (worn as a belt). 22s to 40s and 55s.
B CHAIN BANDS for Writer's Cramp, Trembling, Nervousness, &c, 22s to 30s and 40s
B COMBINED CHAIN BAND for Central Paralysis, Epilepsy, General Debility Functional Disorders, &c, 30s to 50s
A complete Set of COMBINED CHAIN BANDS, BELTS, and CHAIN BATTERY for restoring vital energy, £5 to £7.

The public are most earnestly cautioned to beware of Pseudo Electric Belts advertised by sham Doctors, &c., for improper purposes and so severely stigmatized by Vice Chancellor Malins in the suit Pulvermacher vs Hammond, alias Henry James, alias C T, Raphey, M. R. C. S, alias Henry Burrows, &c, &c.

No Galvanic Belts are genuine but those bearing the fac simile of M. Pulvermacher's signature on the label.

A pamphlet containing full particulars may be had at the Drug Store of A. Christie, Sparks Street.

J. L. PULVERMACHER, Galvanic Establishment, 200 Regent Street, London, W.
Ottawa, September 6, 1870 1455 1awk y

SCYTHES! SCYTHES!! SCYTHES!!!
AND OTHER
HARVESTING IMPLEMENTS.

At the sign of the ANVIL, No. 24 Rideau street, you can find a complete assortment of

Grass and other Scythes.
Blood oil or Steel, all lengths.
Blood Cast Steel, "
Blood German Steel, "
Pride of the Field Silver Steel.
Bonnie Blue Bell, "
Red River or Champion "
Flint's Celebrated Scyth,
Wattings Eureka Scyth ground, ready for use.
Hay Rakes, straight and bent
Hay Forks, two and three prongs.
Straw Forks, three prongs.
Scythes Snathes.
Grain Cradles Maley and Grape Vine.
Scythes-stones and grindstones of all sorts and sizes.

—ALSO,—

A complete assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, Paints, Oil, Glass, Putty, Coal Oil, &c., &c.

THOS BIRKETT. No. 24, Rideau Street.

TO FARMERS

We have suffered by fire we make a reduction in the price of Stoves,

Elevated Oven Cook Stoves.
Low Oven Cook Stoves.
Double Stoves. Parlour Stoves.
Box Stoves all sizes. Hotel Cook Stoves.
Dumb Stoves. Hot Air Furnaces.
Stove Pipes. Elbows.
Zinc.

Our WINTER STOCK, just received at the "CAPITAL STOVE DEPOT." 35 Sussex Street,

H MEADOWS & CO.
Ottawa, September 9, 1870.

POST OFFICE. OTTAWA.
Arrival and Departure of Mails.
1870. FALL ARRANGEMENT. 1870.

MAILS.	CLOSE. A.M.	CLOSE. A.M.	CLOSE. P.M.	DELIVERED. A.M.	DELIVERED. A.M.	DELIVERED. P.M.
Eastern, by Train; Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	11.15		9.30	9.00		4.00
Montreal, by Steamer	6.00					
Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B., by St. L. & O. Railway	11.15			9.00		4.00
Western, by Train; Toronto, Hamilton, London, Kingston, Western, U.S., and all places west of Prescott	8.30		8.30	9.00		7.15
Fort Garry and other places in the Province of Manitoba to be despatched in closed mail from Windsor, Ontario, daily, via St. Paul's, Minnesota. Ordinary Dominion rates of postage	8.30		8.30	9.00		7.15
United States, by St. L. & O. Railway; Ogdensburgh, New York, Boston, &c.	1.15		8.30	9.00		4.00
Lower Ottawa, by Steamer; Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville, &c.	6.00			8.00		6.30
Upper Ottawa, by Steamer; Onslow, Arnprior, Sand Point, Renfrew, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c.	5.00			8.00	11.00	4.00
Upper Ottawa, by Stage; Pakenham, March, Huntley, Carp, &c.			12.15			
Aylmer, by Stage; Hull, Clarendon, Bristol, &c.	5.00	11.00	4.00	9.00		4.00
Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Burritt's Rapids by St. L. & O. Railway	7.30	11.15		9.00		
North Gower, Kars, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	11.15			8.00		
Osgoode, Russell, and Line of St. L. & O. Railway	8.30					1.30
For Brockville, Perth, Smith's Falls, Appleton and Carleton Place, per Canada Central Railway	8.30		4.30		11.30	1.30
For Sand Point and places on the Brockville and Ottawa Railway, North of Carleton Place Junction, and places on C. C. Railway	8.30					
Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate office daily; Aylwin, Kazabazua, Low, River Desert, Six Portages, Wright, close Tuesdays and Fridays; arrive Tuesdays and Fridays	6.00					5.00
Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays			12.30			

Matter posted up to 9.2[illegible] p.m. will be forwarded East and West in supplementary package the same night.

The Western Mail arriving at 7 p. m. will be delivered the same evening.

BRITISH MAILS.

Per Cunard Line, close every Tuesday at 10.45 a. m.

Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 10.00 a. m.

A supplementary bag for Canadian steamer will be closed at 11.30, in which all paid unregistered matter will be sent.

MONEY ORDERS.

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on special deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.
POST OFFICE, Ottawa, 21st Nov., 1870.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents. Sold everywhere Be sure to call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the fac-simile of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper All others are base imitations.

Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment Cures Croup or Rattles.—Dr. BINGHAM, of Utica, New York, says: "I have used Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment in my practice a number of years, and can say with pleasure I deem it one of the greatest discoveries of the age; for the cure of inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammatory Rheumatism, and in Child-bed Fever, it operates with perfect success. In cases of Burns, Bruises, Frost Limbs, it acts like a charm."

Dr. J. P. KENNEDY, of Chittenango, New York, says: "It has stood the test trial, and has not been found wanting. Its astonishing cures of Inflammation of the Lungs and Croup and the wonderful success in subsiding the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of remedies for these complaints."

Dr. A. W. SELDING, of Knoxtesville, New York says, "I have used it in several cases of special irritation and for the worst cases of Piles and sundry other complaints, and find it a superior article, and well worthy the notice of all."

Purchasers should be sure and ask for Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and see that the words "A. TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT" are on the wrapper.

Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for the Canadas. Sold in Ottawa by all Druggists and medicine dealers everywhere.

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE,
—BY—
P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.
Wholesale and Retail dealers and Commission Merchants, No. 36 Rideau-St., and Duke St., Chaudiere,

Desire to draw the attention of the Public to their well assorted stock of Groceries, Wines Liquors, and Provisions, all of which will be sold at prices not to be rivalled either here or elsewhere.

Having the advantage of buying our Goods at the lowest prices, and direct from the importing Vessels, enables us to sell in future as we have done heretofore, which we hope has given satisfaction to those who have favored us with a call. Rye, Proof and High Wines of the best always on hand. Also, Gin, Brandies and Wines directly imported. Those who have not already tried our Goods are respectively invited to call. Remember our motto "Quick Sales and Light Profits." Salt and Fish constantly on hand.

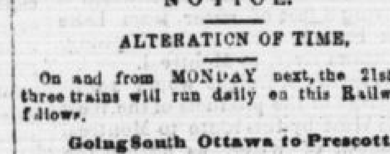
P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.
August 7, 1870. 1428-1y

SITUATION WANTED
AS FARMER

A Married Man, who understands farming in all its departments; has had long experience in Canada.

Address R. E., FARMER, Hull, P.Q.

Railroads.



THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

ALTERATION OF TIME,

On and from MONDAY next, the 21st inst., three trains will run daily on this Railway as follows.

Going South Ottawa to Prescott.

MAIL will leave Ottawa at 9 30 a m, connecting at Prescott, with the Grand Trunk Express for the West, and with the Ogdensburg Railway, for Boston, New York, &c

MAIL will leave Ottawa at 12 00 noon, connecting with the Grand Trunk Express, for Montreal,

EXPRESS will leave Ottawa at 10 30 p m, connecting with the Grand Trunk Expresses, East and West.

Going North Prescott to Ottawa.

MAIL will leave Prescott Junction at 6 a m, connecting with the G. T. Expresses East and West, and arriving in Ottawa at 8 30 a m.

MAIL will leave Prescott Junction at 1.2[illegible] p m connecting with the G. T. Express leaving Montreal at 8 a m, and arriving in Ottawa at 3 45 p m

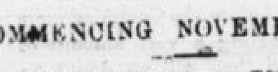
EXPRESS will leave Prescott Junction at 4 50 p m connecting with G T. Expresses, East and West, and arriving in Ottawa at 7 p m

20 minutes allowed at Prescott Junction refreshments.

Tickets may be obtained on application to any of the Company's Agents, or at any of the Principal Stations of the Grand Trunk Railway,

All trains on this Line are run on Montreal time.

R LUTTRELL, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director
Ottawa, November 19, 1870.



CANADA CENTRAL AND BROCKVILLE AND OTTAWA RAILWAYS.

ALTERATION OF TRAINS,

COMMENCING NOVEMBER 21st

SLEEPING CARS between TORONTO and OTTAWA going through in 13 HOURS.

On and after MONDAY, 21st November, Trains will run as follows:—

Leave Brockville at 4.45 a.m., 7 [illegible] a m, and 3. 0 p m.

Arrive at Ottawa at 8 [illegible] a m [illegible] p m, and 8.10 p m.

Leave Ottawa at 9,10 a m, 4.30 p m, and 1-25 p m

Arrive at Brockville at 2.10 a m, 1.40 p m, and 9. 7 p m.

Arrive at Sand Point at 1.25 p m, and 8.00 p m.

Trains on Canada Central and Perth Branch make certain connections with all trains on B. & O Railway

A Sleeping Car will leave Toronto on Monday, Wednesday and Friday nights, by the Grand Trunk 7 30 p m train, and go through to Ottawa arriving at 8.38 a m

Returning, it will leave Ottawa on Tuesday Thursday and Saturday nights, at 10 25 p m, and go through to Toronto by G. T. Train, arriving at Toronto at 11.5[illegible] a m.

Freight forwarded with despatch. Car loads go through in Grand Trunk Cars to all points, without transhipment.

Certain connections made with Grand Trunk Trains.

H ABBOTT, Manager.
Brockville, Ont., Nov 14, 1870 1516tf

IMPORTANT SALE
—OF—
REAL ESTATE,
Mill Property, Farms, Timber Lands, Timber Licenses, &c.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

In the matter of
THOMAS D. LEWIS,
Of Templeton, County of Ottawa, Quebec,
INSOLVENT,

The subscriber will offer for sale by Public Auction, at the Court House, Town of Aylmer, on THURSDAY the fifteenth of December, at twelve o'clock Noon.

The Valuable Real Estate Timber Lands, Saw Mill, known as Eagle Mills, Templeton; Carpenter's and Blacksmiths' Shop, Dwelling Houses, Barns, Stables, &c., erected on the following properities to wit:

In the Township of Templeton, in the County Of Ottawa Quebec:

Fifth Range—West half Lot 15, 100 Acres.
Seventh Range—North half Lots 1, 2, 3. 285 Acres.
Lots 7, 100 Acres.
Eigth Range—Part lot 3, 124 acres.
Part lot 4, 200 acres.
South half lot 5, 100 acres.
Do lot 7, 100 acres.
Do lot 8, 100 acres.
West half lot 12, 100 acres. On this is a valuable farm.
North half lot 17, 100 acres.
Do lot 18, 100 acres.
Ninth Range—North half lot 5, 100 acres.
Lot 13, 200 acres. On this lot is erected a Saw Mill, known as the "Eagle Mills," Carpenter's Shop, Blacksmith's Shop, Cook House, four other Houses, three Barns, and other buildings thereon erected.
South half lot 14, 100 acres, with buildings thereon erected.
South half lot 18, 100 acres.
Tenth Range—West half lot 5, 100 acres.
East half lot 5, 100 acres,
West half lot 6, 100 acres.
Lot 9, 100 acres.
Lot 13, 200 acres, with Dwelling House and Barn.
North half lot 17, 100 acres.
North half lot 18, 100 acres,
North half lot 19, 100 acres.
Eleventh Range—Lot 6, 200 acres. This is valuable timber Land.
Twelfth Range—Part lot 14, 45 acres, commonly called McGregor's Farm.
Thirteenth Range—Part lot 13, 40 acres, with buildings thereon erected.
Also Insolvents interest on lot 15, in the 15th concession of Templeton, Quebec.

—ALSO—

THE UNDERMENTIONED LICENSES COMMONLY CALLED TIMBER LIMITS, will be sold at the same time belonging to same Estate:—

First License—Number Eight (8) for 1870 and 1871, to Cut Timber on the following limits:

PORTLAND, QUEBEC—Area 17½ square miles—To commence at the rear line of the township of Templeton, running on said rear line 6½ miles on the course due north, and in breadth not more than half way to the height of land between the Blanche and Lierve Rivers. The western boundary of this limit is the township of Wakefield. The upper boundary of this limit has only 2½ miles.

Secondly—License number eighty-eight (88) for 1870 and 1871, to cut Timber on the following limits, viz., Wakefield, Quebec.

Area 7½ square miles—Lots number 16, 17, 19, 20 and 21 in the eighth (8) Range; and 17, 18, 19, 21, 26 in the ninth (9) Range; 17 to 2[illegible] inclusive, E; ½ 22, N. ½ 25, 24, S. ½ 27, in the tenth Range; and 17, 18, 19, 20, and 21, S ½ 22, E. ½ 23, S. ½ 24, 25, 26 in the eleventh Range of the township of Wakefield.

Also, the Insolvents interest in the Graphite Company of Canada, 200 shares

Farming and Milling Implements, including a valuable Gumming Machine, Lathe Machine, Dies, Slab Cutters, &c., &c., &c.

For further particulars, apply to,

WILLIAM LINDSAY, Assigneee,
2, Merchants Exchange Montreal.
November 24, 1870 1522tf

Jottings Here and There.

Diamonds in the London market have fallen in value thirty per cent, owing to the great quantity offered by refugees from France.

All the German forces are now concentrating on Paris to form a defensive semicircle from Etamps by Chartres and Dreux to Mante-sur Seine. Prince Frederick Charles commands on the south, the Grand Duke of Mecklenburg-Schwerin on the west, and General Manteuffel on the north.

Joe Jefferson and J. S. Clarke are said to have won the greatest American dramatic successes in London, the former playing "Rip Van Winkle" 130 nights, and the latter "De Boots" 240 nights.

People of Paris are said to be wonderfully quiet considering their situation; but the *Gaulois* of the 12th had printed a strong appeal to the Government, saying: "You know that your army of relief is a phantom The provinces cannot come to the help of Paris. You ought to confess the truth You know it is equally impossible to cut through the Prussian lines so that the garrison can reach the Loire. To get provisions for such a sortie you must win a great battle, which, with your present army you never can do."

It is understood that President Grant's forthcoming message will recommend the passage by Congress of a law pemitting the issuance of American registers to foreign built ships owned in the United States This announcement has aroused the Eastern shipbuilders, who are actively at work endeavoring to counteract the President's recommendation.

A correspondent with Garibaldi sends a graphic but lamentable account of the state of the General's army on November 8. It would be almost impossible, he says, to conceive one worse dressed, armed or organized.

The Mayor of Southampton lately gave a fancy dress ball, which was attended by seven hundred and eighty Ladies and gentlemen, in honor of the engagement of the Princess Louise with the Marquis of Lorne.

The *Army and Navy Gazette* says that Lieutenant Governor the Hon. James Lindsay, who has just returned to England from special duty in Canada, does not return to the War Office.

Drs Potts, alias Duval, who signalized himself a few years ago in London by the "laying on of hands" in special diseases and laid violent hands on a young woman named McTaggart, has been convicted of poisoning his wife, and has been sent to jail for life in Janesville, Wis. He lately perpetrated a joke upon the authorities by asking to be made chaplain of the institution, as he believes his religious views and his ability to express them entitle him to that position.

Mark Twain promises, for the January Galaxy, an original portrait of King William of Prussia.

A balloon, according to the account of three persons who were captured in it near Verdon, came there from Paris in three hours and a quarter, or at the rate of about forty-five miles an hour.

A fraudulent bankrupt started for Queensville a few months ago, carrying with him some hundreds of pounds, and no doubt congratulated himself on the prospect of reaching a country so remote that he would be well out of the reach of hungry creditors. His disgust may be imagined when he was received on his arrival by an English police officer with whom he was acquainted, who speedily proceeded to nip in the bud his emigration plans. The officer had come by overland mail. and the pair are now on their way back to England.

The *Constitutionel* says: "It appears that the celebrated Pythoness of Tours, who lives in the quartier of the Rue du Petit Cupidore, has interpreted the wonderful appearance of the Aurora Borealis of the 24th inst., in accordance with the position of the planets and constellation, in a manner extraordinarily favourable to France.

Captain Watson, 2nd battalion, 11th Regiment, has met with a serious accident while on a shooting expedition in South Africa. A lion he had twice wounded turned and followed him. Captain Watson ran into a swamp, but was pursued and caught by the infuriated beast, which seized him by the shoulder and head One of the party then came up and shot the lion.

DOMINION NEWS.

The Long Point Company have closed the ducking season. Mr. Brown, of Hamilton, and Mr Whitcher, of Ottawa, remained till the closing. They brought over with them eight hundred—all large ducks of their own shooting. Something over 10,000 ducks have been token by the Company and their guests this season, besides what has been killed by poachers.

The Kingston *Whig* says the two prisoners Deacon and Mann, condemned to be hanged for murder, are more penitent and resigned. The gallows, a permanent structure inside the gaol, is to be altered for their execution simultaneously. The sentence of the law will be carried out in private under the new Act.

Every man in Renfrew who can muster a barrel of pork and flour, two or three hundred acres of limits, and a dozen of axes is away lumbering. Never was there such a stir in the timber making regions, and operatives never received such high wages The ravages made in the woods by the late fires render it an imperative necessity to make all timber possible in the burnt districts, for next year it will be useless for manufacturing purposes.

The Hamilton and Lake Erie Railway Company will make application next session for an act to amend its incorporation and enable them to extend their line of railway to Lake Erie.

The Hamilton *Times* announces that the Wellington, Grey and Bruce railway will be opened for public traffic to Alma on the first inst. This section will now be handed over to the Great Western and be worked under the management of Mr. Muir.

Mr. John Simon, of Logan, his wife and four children died last week of diptheria.

A few days ago John Wilbourne and J. Geddings were convicted at Milton of stealing sheep and selling the mutton at reduced rates, which they could afford to do.

Mr. Sheriff Mathieu, of Richelieu, is about to take out an action for libel against *Le Pays*.

VERY NATURAL.—When a person has proved an article and found it good, and answering the purpose for which it is intended, he will not readily abandon it for one of doubtful reputation, or concerning which he knows nothing. We are led to make these remarks owing to the course always pursued by those who have used that celebrated and truly valuable horse medicine known as "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy." All are so well pleased with it that they will not use any other; many have waited several weeks until the agent could obtain a new supply. There is nothing equal to it as a condition medicine, or for any complaint affecting the wind of horses. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd & Co., is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada. Sold by all Medicine Dealers.

VARIETIES.

The splendid spectacle of the aurora borealis gave rise to a most extraordinary scene at Caltanisetta, in Sicily. On perceiving the unwonted appearance of the sky, the inhabitants rushed out of their houses in wild dismay, trembling and shrieking. Some threw up their hands in dispair toward the blood red heavens, imploring mercy and forgivness. Others leaped about the streets with violent gesticulations and cries of "The end has come!" or fell upon their knees, beating their breasts and confessing their sins aloud.

The shooting of sentries is apparently carried on to a horrible degree in the lines before Paris. Dr. Russell declares there has never been so much sentry engagements as in this siege; they take "pot shotts," and kill and wound all they can at the outposts on both sides. They are at it all day and night long. The Prussians understand soldiering too well to like this objectless loss of life and waste of ammunition, but they must fire when fired upon. When the nights are clear there is a continual popping going on. In this the Chassepots have the best of it.

A correspondent of the London *Times*, an engineer, writes from before Paris:

"The Prussian officers seem to enjoy their life in Versailles, but they do yearn to get inside of the walls of beautiful Paris. They freely declare that Paris would be in their hands in three weeks—that is on the 18th of November, but I knew those three weeks were more likely to be nine weeks. They are evidently quite vexed that Paris has held out so long. They are so provoked that they express the determination to burn it with Greek fire it it holds out much longer. But that they cannot do, for the best of all reasons *they cannot throw a shell into the city*. At no point are the Prussians nearer than six miles from the ramparts. Hence bombardment is an absurdity. Paris is invincible, except to famine."

A friend writes that he picked up, some time since, at a book stall, an old family Bible, bearing the name of a Black Country Collier, and the number and respective ages of his poogency. On the fly leaf under the heading which appears at the commencement of this paragraph, he deciphered with some difficulty the following directions in regard to the supernatural phases of mining life:

1 To dreame of a broken shoe, a sure signe of danger.

2 If you mete a woman at the risinge of ye sun, turne again from ye pit: a signe of death.

3. To dreame of a fire is a signe of danger.

4. To see a bright lighte in ye mine, is a warninge to flee away.

5. When foule smells ben about ye pit, a sure signe that ye imps ben an near.

6 To charme away ghost and ye like: take a Bible and a key, hold both in ye righte hand, and say ye Lord's prayer, and they will speedily get farre away.

THE ŒCUMENICAL COUNCIL, lately called at Rome is an instance of the solicitude of the Catholic Church for the welfare and prosperity of her Communicants. Large assemblies of this nature containing representatives from all parts of the world, should be of some ... We hope this opinion will be as harmonious and unanimous as the verdict in favor of the Great Shoshonees Remedy, for diseases of the lungs, blood, stomach, liver, &c. For by all druggists.

TWO QUESTIONS EASILY ANSWERED.—Why should men wear beards? Because they are a great protection to the throat and lungs, and add much to their personal appearance.

Why should we use "Bryan's Pulmonic Waters?" Because when used for coughs, colds tickling in the throat, Hoarseness, &c., they act like a charm. Ministers and lawyers use them, physicians recommend them, and singers and public speakers say they are the very best medicine in existence for the cure of such complaints. Sold by all medicine dealers, at 25 cts. per box.

BREAKFAST.—EPPS'S COCOA.—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.—The very agreeable character of this preparation has rendered it a general favorite. The *Civil Service Gazette* remarks:—"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors bills." Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in tin-lined packets, labelled—JAMES EPPS & CO., Homœopathic Chemists, London.

THE FLORENCE NIGHTINGALE OF THE NURSERY—The following is an extract from a letter written by the Rev. C. Z. Weizer, to the "German Reformed Messenger, at Chambersburg, Penn.:

A BENEFACTRESS.

Just open the door for her, and Mrs. WINSLOW will prove the American Florence Nightingale of the Nursery. Of this we are sure, that we will teach our "SUSY" to say, "A BLESSING ON MRS. WINSLOW," for helping her to survive and escape the griping, colicking and teething siege. We confirm every word set forth in the PROSPECTUS. It performs precisely what it professes to perform, every part of it—nothing less. Away with your "Cordial," "Paregoric," "Drops," "Laudanum," and every other "Narcotic," by which the babe is drugged into stupidity, and rendered dull and idiotic for life.

We have never seen Mrs. Winslow—know her only through the preparation of her "Soothing Syrup for Children Teething." If we had the power, we would make her, as she is, a physical saviour to the Infant Race. 25 cents per bottle sold by all druggists.

Be sure and call for

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP.

Having the fac-simile of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

A "COUGH," "COLD," OR IRRITATED THROAT, if allowed to progress, results in serious pulmonary and Bronchial affections, oftentimes incurable.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES

Reach DIRECTLY the affected parts, and give almost instant relief. In BRONCHITIS, ASTHMA, and CATARRH they are beneficial. Obtain only the genuine BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES, which have proved their efficacy by test of many years. Among testimonials attesting their efficacy are letters from—

E. H. Chapin, D. D, New York,
Henry Ward Beecher, Brooklyn, N. Y.,
N. P. Willis, New York,
Hon. C. A. Phelps, Pres. Mass. Senate,
Dr. G. F. Bigelow, Boston,
Prof. Edwd. North, Clinton, N. Y.,
Surgeons in the Army, and others of eminence

Sold everywhere at 25 cents per box.

"TROCHES," so called, sold by the ounce, are a poor imitation and nothing like BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES, which are sold only in boxes with a fac-simile of the proprietors,

JOHN I. BROWN & SON,

This care in putting up the Troches is important as a security to the purchaser in orders to be sure of obtaining the genuine Brown's Bronchial Troches.

An Immense Stock of Ribbons, just marked off

For Novelties in Laces, Millinery and General Fancy Goods.

T. HUNTON SHOOLBRED & CO.

Ladies and Children's Fancy Woolen Goods in endless Variety. Clouds from 37½c. to 2.50 at

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.

To hand, our Autumn Shade in "Josephine, best Kid Gloves." also "Jouvines" (gold medal) new colours at 75ct. per pair.

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBREAD & Co.

The Ottawa Times.

Office: 38, Sparks Stree[t]

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 2, 1870.

☞ *For interesting reading matter see First Page.*

The Minister of Public Works left for Quebec yesterday morning.

The *N. Y. Evening Mail*, arguing in favour of the annexation of Canada, quotes Mr. McKenzie's speech to show that corruption and discontent prevail in this country. It may be a satisfaction to the honourable gentleman to knew that annexationists on both sides of the border approve of his present course, and of the unfounded abuse which he heaps upon the Government.

We have received a copy of the *Weekly Review* which in accordance with the notice previously given, appeared for the first time on Wednesday last. It is a well printed, handsome looking sheet, and while not agreeing altogether with some of the articles contained in it, we are pleased to notice the calm argumentative style and excellent tone which distinguish them.

Mr. Whitcher, Commissioner of Fisheries has returned to town from Long Point. As will be seen by the following extract from the Hamilton *Spectator* he had a very narrow escape during his absence from Ottawa, and we are sure that his numerous friends in this city will unite with us in congratulating him upon his safe return, after the endurance of so much peril and hardship. The *Spectator* says:—

W. F. Whitcher, Esq., Commissioner of Fisheries, was in town yesterday and was the guest of John Brown, Esq. Mr. Whitcher had been west on business connected with his department, and while in the neighborhood of Long Point, availed himself of the opportunity to indulge in a little recreation from the toils of office, and betook himself to the wild duck preserve, where he killed no less than 384 ducks. Mr. Whitcher leaves for Ottawa this morning. In connection with the foregoing, our readers will easily recollect the storm of Thursday night, which raged with unequal violence on the upper lakes. The pelting rain, hail and snow driven every where by the pitiless wind, made even safely housed persons shiver at the very thought of outsiders. Yet Mr. Whitcher was imprisoned by the storm and darkness and his canoe swamped by the waves. He was stranding among the reeds on the lee shore during sixteen hours, in the wet and cold, and on the following morning was found almost buried up in the snow and ice. We offer Mr. Whitcher our sincere congratulations on his escape—not merely as a thorough sportsman but because of his pluck and endurance in "paddling his own canoe."

It appears that the account which appeared of the Toronto *Globe* respecting an accident on the Grand Trunk Railway was altogether incorrect. Only one man, the engine driver, not two, as stated by the *Globe*, was injured, and he was able to go to Belleville and walk home without assistance. The editor of the Belleville *Intelligencer* who was a passenger in the express says:—

The cause of the accident was not a defect in the rail, but the result of a broken axle. The "eye witness" who informed the *Globe* that the rails were literally worn away in that vicinity, must have worked strongly upon his imagination, because the express train did not stop at the scene of the accident, and there was no possibility of any one on the express train ascertaining in what condition the rails were. The "lightning express" was not "obliged to put back to Kingston," because when it reached Kingston the accident was known there, and the train did not go on until the track was clear. In less than half an hour after the express was at Kingston, the nature and extent of the accident was known to most of the passengers, and it was known that the injury would be repaired and the train be ready to leave between nine and ten o'clock. This information was cheerfully given to all who made enquiries, and considering the nature and extent of those enquiries the conduct of the officials could not have been more civil or courteous. Some of the passengers, upon finding out how long the train would be delayed, did go down to the city. Instead of passing "six dreary hours" in the Grand Trunk waiting room the passengers had the privilege—and most of them availed themselves of it—of whiling away the hours in the cars of the express train, which consisted of two of the best coaches on the line, besides the luxurious apartments of one of Pullman's Palace cars, and one of the Grand Trunk sleeping cars, all well warmed, well ventilated, and having civil, polite and courteous attendants. The delay, of course, was to be regretted, but under the circumstances the passengers could hardly have been placed in a more fortunate or comfortable position. So much for the *Globe's* fabrications.

COMMON SENSE VERSUS FACTION.

The result of the late elections in Halifax and other places in Nova Scotia, proves very conclusively that the people of that Province are not only inclined to "accept the situation" and remain true to the old flag, but that they are completely tired of factious agitation, and are determined to have nothing further to do with those, who for the past four years have sacrificed the best interests of the Province in order to cause dissatisfaction and disquietude for the purpose of carrying out their own selfish purposes. The result of the elections in Hants, Colchester, Cumberland, and Halifax may be accepted by the Local Government as a notice to quit; as a proof that the electors of Nova Scotia have now fully made up their minds as to what is the proper course to pursue; that they have been hoodwinked long enough, and that the reign of Faction is at an end, so far as they are concerned.

We always foresaw what the end must be. It did not require any prophetic inspiration to enable us to do so. Demagogues and political charlatans may hold sway over the public mind for a season, but in the end the common sense of the people is sure to prove too much for them, and, stripped of all disguise, they fall, to rise no more. Their plausible assurances may deceive for a time, but there is too much intelligence and good sense in Canada to admit of the possibility of their doing so for any lengthened period. Faction, wherever it raises its head, is doomed to fall before it has done much mischief.

The Local Government of Nova Scotia have shamelessly betrayed the trust confided in them. They have sacrificed the interests of the province; have been guilty of reckless extravagance; their only policy being to hold on to the spoils of office, and to oppose every measure, whether good or bad, which has been introduced by the Dominion Government. In this last particular their policy is identical with that of the Ontario Brown-Mackenzie party. The rallying cry of the latter is "Down with the Government," and no matter what the Ministerial policy may be, it is, as a matter of course, denounced, however much it may in all respects be adapted to the requirements of the country.

The common sense of Nova Scotia has proved too much for Faction there. The common sense of Ontario will triumph over all the efforts of the Factionists here. Elected to office by the will of the people declared in an unmistakeable manner three years ago, the Dominion Government fairly represent the public opinion of the country to-day. They are working earnestly and zealously, with a view of dealing fairly and in a statesmanlike manner with those important questions in which the people are most deeply interested. Their cause is the people's cause; their downfall means the deferring of a settlement of all great national questions and the triumph of Faction. We say it means the deferring of a settlement of all those great questions which agitate the public mind to-day, because an administration formed by the Factionists would be a coalition of the worst and most unmanageable kind;—a coalition composed of men who have no great national policy in common, who are not in fact in accord on any one subject, save in a desire for office and hostility to the present Government. These are facts which may be scouted and sneered at, but they cannot be controverted. The policy of the present Administration as to the development of the North West, the Transcontinental Railroad, the question of Immigration, the protection of the Fisheries, &c., is fully determined in all its general outlines, and, so far as it has been made known, is in accordance with the views and wishes of the people.

The *Globe* and Mr. MacKenzie call the members of the Cabinet opprobrious names, and simply because they do so have the impudence to call upon the electors to oppose them, to "hound them from office" and do all kinds of terrible things! But we rely with the utmost confidence upon the common sense of the people, certain as we are that it will prove too much for the Factionists.

GENERAL HOOKER WANTS CANADA.

It is now, if we mistake not, rather more than seven years ago, since "Fighting Joe Hooker," having brought a series of champagne lunches and other festivities to an end, crossed the Rappahanock and with the unfortunate army of the Potomac which at that time he commanded, became hopelessly entangled in the mazes of the "Wilderness." Before advancing on the foe, General Hooker indulged, according to the custom of American generals, in a few boasting and grandiloquent telegrams the last of which assured President Lincoln that his was "the finest army on the planet." Within a week afterwards this same army had been utterly routed by a mere handful, comparatively speaking, of General Lee's ill clad, ill-fed, and poorly armed veterans, and General Hooker was abused by every Northern journalist as an incapable drunken braggart. In other words like McClellan, Pope, Burnside, and many others, poor "Joe Hooker," in the ordinary parlance of the day, was "shelved." For years we have heard little or nothing of him, but last week at a dinner given in Cleveland to some of the veterans of the late war, we find that he had not only sufficiently recovered the disgrace of his defeat to enable him to appear and talk in public, but that he is "spoiling for a fight" with Canada. He did not say what the Canadians have done to offend him, but simply declared that he did not want England to own any possessions on this continent. "England has no Government of her own," say the sagacious Joe "and why should it attempt to govern a people so far away." This certainly seems rather incoherent and nonsensical, but then General Hooker always does become incoherent after dinner. He did not improve as he went on, for said he, at length in a burst of martial fervour "I want to take part in one more war and *that's* Canada!" Then he sat down and was heard no more. Now if an English General were to get upon his legs after dinner, and, becoming pot valiant were to hurl defiance at another European power, he would most surely be severely reprimanded. Fancy one of our Indian or Crimean heroes publicly declaring that he wanted to "take part in one more war and that's Prussia!" He would be looked upon as either drunk or mad. But when an American General thus breathes forth belligerent threatenings, his audience generally have the bad taste to applaud him as though he had done something which was highly gallant and creditable. Of course it is all a matter of taste, and if the Americans like their Generals to enact the *role* of *Bombastes Furioso* we have perhaps no right to complain. At all events in view of what we have heard and seen of General Hooker's abilities as a military leader, the people of this country need not feel much alarm concerning anything he may do. With all his bluster and desire for war, he is, after all, a very harmless individual. Poor "Joe!"

OLD ENGLAND.

American journals which proclaimed in exultant terms that "the hour had arrived for Old England to be dragged down from the position she has held for so many centuries" strive in vain to conceal their disappointment at the result of the recent negotiations between Russia and England. The *N. Y. Sun* however, candidly admits that it "does credit to the sagacity and firmness of Lord Granville," and adds:—

This action on the part of Russia is not what was expected. The world believed that she was in dead earnest, and that the white feather if shown anywhere would be displayed by England But as the case now appears, it is Russia that has yielded. and England that has won the diplomatic victory.

THE CANAL COMMISSIONERS.

The Secretary of the Canal Commission has addressed a series of printed questions to every one in the Dominion and United States likely to afford reliable information in reference to the improvement of the inland waters of the Dominion. These questions are connected with the Welland Canal and its proposed enlargement, the St. Lawrence canals, the Lachine canal, the St. Lawrence river and rapids, the Rideau canal, the Sault Ste. Marie canal, Caughnawaga canal, Richelieu river and the Chambly canal, and the Ottawa, Georgian Bay, Murray, and Bay Verte canals. The questions proposed in reference to the Ottawa canal are as follows:—

1. Of what benefit to the commerce of the Dominion would be the construction of a canal giving 8 feet of water from Lake Huron *via* French river, Lake Nipising, and the Ottawa river, to Montreal.

2. What saving of freight would result in the carriage of the products of the West and North West by this route to Montreal on such depth of water, as against the Welland and St. Lawrence canals as they now are, or supposing the Welland to be enlarged to a capacity suitable for the largest vessels now trading on the Upper Lakes?

3. Supposing the amount necessary to enlarge the Welland canal to the capacity of the largest vessels navigating the Upper Lakes, if expended on the Ottawa canal, would give a continuous depth for barge navigation of 8 feet, which would be the preferable investment?

4. Suppose the French river were made navigable from Lake Huron to Lake Nipissing, and a railway were built from the east end of Lake Nipissing to Montreal. or, supposing a railway were built from Montreal *via* Ottawa to Parry Sound or any other point between it and the mouth of French river, how would such railway answer the purposes of the trade to be done on the proposed Ottawa Canal?

5. Would the construction of the proposed Ottawa Canal in any way reduce the cost of floating or carrying timber from points on the Upper Ottawa?

6. Is it probable that the tolls derivable from the trade on this canal would pay a reasonable rate of interest on the outlay necessary for its construction?

The plan pursued for obtaining information is a good one, and will enable the Secretary to lay before the Commissioners at their next meeting a vast amount of facts, with which they will no doubt be able to deal in an intelligent manner. It is all very well for the Toronto *Globe* and its Ottawa correspondent to be constantly trying to impress the public with the idea that Mr. Hugh Allan and the other Commissioners are a set of incapables, but no one else believes it. We anticipate highly beneficial results to the country at large from this Commission, nor do we agree with the *Globe* in thinking that men of so much business energy and ability, will have to sit for a year before they can accomplish anything at all.

THE SHORT SCHOOL TIME MOVEMENT AND SCIENTIFIC TECHNICAL EDUCATION.

At the opening of the Winter Session of the Ottawa Literary and Historical Society, some time since, an address on the above subjects was read by the President, E. A. Meredith, Esq., L. L. D. We had intended to have published a report of it at the time, but were prevented from doing so by an unusual pressure of matter. It will, however, be read with equal interest at this late day, and the importance of the subjects treated of justifies us in asking our readers to peruse it with attention and care.

Mr. Meredith briefly alluded to the circumstances which led to the foundation of the Society, and then spoke as follows:

In the early part of the summer of 1869, the people of England were frightened from their propriety by the publication of Scott Russell's work on "Systematic Technical Education." The author dedicated his work to the Queen, and states in some what quaint language, that his object in so doing "is to entreat her to consider the case of the uneducated English folk, who are now suffering great misfortune in their trades, commerce and manufactures, as well as in their social, moral and intellectual condition, through having been neglected and allowed to fall behind other nations, better cared for by the men whose duty it was to lead as well as govern the people."

Although Scott Russell was probably the first writer of much merit in England who had devoted a special treatise to this matter, yet before that work appeared the importance of the subject had forced itself on the attraction of many thinking men, both on this continent and in England.

In England, a special committee of the House of Commons was appointed in 1868 "to enquire into the provisions for giving instructions in theoretical and applied science to the industrial classes." The report of a committee is contained in a Blue Book of 480 pages, described as a "Mine of Educational Knowledge" In their report the committee not only strongly urge the paramount necessity of providing increased technical education of a practical character for the *Workingman* (the branch of the general subject specially referred to by them); but they also recommend the establishment of higher schools and colleges of science, and the granting of degrees in science in the older Universities.

Again, in the United States, such was the general demand for increased scientific education, that Congress, 1863, in compliance with petitions from all parts of the Union, passed a bill appropriating to every State a portion of the public lands, for the purpose of encouraging instruction in theoretical and applied science.

This enlightened legislation of Congress has already led to the establishment of several scientific schools—amongst which the most notable probably is the "Sheffield Scientific School" in connection with Yale College, Connecticut.

Besides this institution the United States already possess many others of a similar character, such as the "School of Mines" of Columbia College, New York, and the "Cornell University." In one year, 1867, institutions of this class in the United States received no less that $3,000,000 from private benefactors, in addition to large grants from the General and State Governments.

On the continent of Europe, especially Switzerland and Germany, the most strenuous and successful efforts have been made by their Governments to extend to all the industrial classes—the manufacturer, and foreman as well as the artisan a thoroughly practical scientific education. Germany can already boast no less than 6 Technical Universities, and there are, we are informed on good authority, "at least 100 preparatory and technical Colleges in Germany, for each "School or College in England having any pretension to teach the practical application of science."

The practical benefits resulting from the organized system of technical education provided for the manufacturing and industrious classes on the continent of Europe was made manifest at the great International Exhibition held at Paris in 1867, contrasted with the first International Exhibition in London in 1851. In the latter the products of English labor were found to compare favorably in most Departments of Industry with those of the most advanced nations of Continental Europe, while in many of the most important manufactures - the superiority of British products was admitted. At the Exhibition in 1867, on the other hand, it was found that England had lost her previous superiority in almost every branch of manufacture, while in a great number of the most important Departments of industry her products were excelled by those of Germany and Switzerland.

This *fact* was admitted by the English jurors, special commissioners, and artisans, and they were equally unanimous in *accounting* for the general superiority of the continental products by the superior character of the *scientific education* of the artisan, foreman, and manufacturer of the continent.

The cause of scientific education has found advocates in Canada also. It has especially been urged for many years past, most ably and persistently, by that advanced and practical educationist, Mr. Principal Dawson, of McGill College, Montreal, and the authorities of that university, so far as their limited means would permit, have endeavored to supply this want.

More recently also, Professor Howe, of Windsor College, N. S., has strenuously urged the same enlightened views.

Almost the last official act of Sir William Logan, before retiring from the direction of the Geological Survey, a position which he had for so many years filled with honor to himself and with credit and advantage to the public, was to address an earnest appeal to the Government in favor of the promotion of scientific education in Canada, more especially in connection with the mining interests of the country and the Geological Survey. In that view Sir William Logan urged, in compliance as he stated with the views of many persons of influence, the establishment at Montreal of a Government "School of Mines in connection with the Geological Survey."

The existence at Montreal of the able staffs of Professors connected with the Geological Survey and with McGill College, with their large geological collections, and scientific apparatus, seem to present peculiar facilities for the establishment there of an efficient school of mines at a small initial outlay, and small annual expenditure, and it may be safely asserted that, taking into consideration all the circumstances of the country, it would be difficult to suggest any way in which the new system of "technical or scientific Education" could be more advantageously or easily inaugurated in Canada, than by the establishment of a government school of mines at Montreal as recommended by Sir William.

The immediate objects of such an institution would be to educate young men for every kind of practical work in connection with mining industry, in other words to supply competent mining engineers, managers, smelters and assayers to the mines now in operation or to such mines as may hereafter be opened, many mines being now closed altogether or worked unprofitably solely from incompetent management.

How much the want of men properly educated for mining operations is now felt is shewn in the official report of the Chief Commissioner of Mines for the Province of Nova Scotia for the past year.

Alluding to the comparative failure of the results of gold mining in that Province for the preceding year, he does not hesitate to ascribe this failure mainly to the *want of skill*, of management, to expensive (because unscientific) modes of various mining operations, as compared with those employed in other countries; in other words to the want of *proper technical education* on the part of all those engaged in gold mining operations.

This want would, no doubt, soon be supplied by the establishment of a well equipped school of mines, and when we bear in mind the enormous and rapidly increasing value of the mineral wealth of Canada, the gold, iron, copper, coal and other mines scattered over the Dominion, it is difficult to over estimate the impetus which would thus be given to all branches of mining industry in the country.

But in addition to those obvious and direct benefits which would result from the establishment of the proposed school of mines, the indirect and incidental benefits to the country would be hardly less important. Properly organized and equipped such a school could not fail to become for Canada what Dr. Dawson says the "Scientific School of Sheffield" is for the United States.

Again the establishment of such a school would, of necessity, in a few years, be the means of introducing the *practical or industrial* element more largely into our general system of education; to the very great benefit of the country.

All who have paid attention to such matters in this country for the last 20 years have regretted the fact, that among the middle and lower classes in Canada there has been for years past a growing distaste for agricultural, and for industrial pursuits, and a *craze* for the learned professions or for business. Hence it happens that many who might have worked honestly and well with their hands, have preferred working dishonestly or badly with their heads. * * * * * * Whatever would inspire our young men with greater love for agriculture and for industrial occupations would doubtless be a boon to the country, and such, unquestionably, must be the tendency of the establishment of a school of mines. The practical character of the education there given would soon leaven the entire mass of educational institutions of the country, and our public schools, colleges, and universities would all insensibly become more practical in their aims and mode of teaching.

The next subject connected with the great question of national education which I propose to notice this evening, is the modern movement generally known under the title of "Short School Time." To this movement I called public attention in Canada so far back as June 1862. And I ventured on the assertion that "no part of the able and voluminous report was so suggestive, none so certain to bring about eventually a radical and permanent revolution in the whole system of national education, as the short and unpretending communication, published in the appendex, and addressed to Mr. Nassau Sencor, one of the Royal Commissioners, by Mr. Edwin Chadwick."

Mr. Chadwick's brief communication bore the title "Half School Time, with Military and Naval Drill in Public Schools" It aimed to prove that in our ordinary public and private schools too much time is devoted to mere book work, too little to physical or industrial training That the mind of the pupil is over worked, his body insufficiently exercised. That by this unnatural proceeding the mental and physical powers of the boy were often seriously impaired.

Mr. Chadwick asserted that it was demonstrable, nay, that it had been demonstrated by actual experiment, that by employing in physical training, more especially in systematic military or naval drills a portion of the hours spent uselessly or hurtfully over books, incalculable benefits, physical, moral, economic and intellectual, must result primarily to the pupils and secondarily to the nation.

My object in referring to the subject this evening is to note very briefly the present state of public opinion in Europe in reference to this great educational movement. What are the facts? The half time system has, we find, been adopted very generally in the large public schools in England and in *all* the district poor law schools without exception. In North Germany also, (as we learn from the address at the opening of the Social Science Congress last year in England) the principle is being very extensively adopted. In France a decree has been passed for the introduction of military drill and gymnastic exercise in all the *Lyceums*; and in Scotland the same thing has already been done for all the schools known in that country as *secondary* schools, and it is added that public opinion there is in favor of its extension to all *primary* schools.

Thus we see that in England, France, Germany and Holland, the nations in the van in Europe in educational progress—the half time or Chadwick system is surely and rapidly winning its way to general acceptance and adoption, and I may add that, everywhere the sanitary, economical, moral and intellectual benefits claimed for by its author have been abundantly established by the crucial test of experiments upon a large scale and extending over a number of years and tried in various countries. I may further observe that the new system is also steadily making way in Canada and possibly still more rapidly in the United States.

In confirmation of the views that I have this evening been advocating, I venture to appeal to the events of the great war which is still unhappily being waged between two of the greatest military powers in Europe. That most sad and most causeless war is destined, no doubt, to point many a moral and teach many a lesson. But I refer to it now because it seems to me to enforce by the terrible logic of facts many of the conclusions which I have this evening laboured to establish. To the amazing and utterly unlooked-for success which has, so far, attended the Prussian arms in this tremendous conflict, many causes doubtless have contributed, but unquestionably one of these causes is the marked efficiency of the individual Prussian soldier. And to what is this due but to the fact that the Prussian system of education makes it reasonably certain that every individual citizen shall be not only a well educated man (as compared with the mass of other nations), but also a well-drilled soldier. In Prussia, education is compulsory, every man is taught and well taught. In Prussia, too, every man serves his country for a certain time in the army, and thus every man is a soldier. Hence it has been truly said that the present struggle is one between 'an armed nation and an army' The system of short school time with regular drill would go far to secure to any country which adopted it in all its public schools, the advantages which Prussia obtains by a much more costly process.

But if the system of Popular Education which obtains in Prussia, secures for that country marked efficiency in the *rank and file* of their army, and further makes the Prussian Nation practically a nation of soldiers, we must look to some other cause to explain the admitted superiority of the officers of the Prussian army; I say *admitted* superiority, because even the French themselves confess that their Generals have from the commencement of the campaign, shown themselves altogether inferior to their opponents. To what then must we ascribe this admitted superiority of the Prussian officers over the French. It is *not* assuredly because the former are more intelligent, more brave, or possess greater aptitude for war than the latter. * * * No! the superiority of the Prussian officers will be found, I think, to be due to this: That the Prussian Government, anticipating it may be the terrible conflict which is now going on, has for some years past been devoting itself earnestly to the perfecting of the military system; as one important means to this end Prussia has seen to the education of the higher officers of her vast army; she has taken effectual measures to secure that; they shall be thoroughly instructed theoretically and practically in the art of war; in other words, she has afforded them that *special scientific education* which their profession requires; and it is this high scientific professional education which makes the Prussian officers to-day not only superior to the French, but probably to the officers of any other European army. * * *

We in this Canada of our are accustomed to boast, and with reason, of the material progress and prosperity of our country. We point with pride to the amazing geographical extension of the Dominion in the recent past, and to its probable extension in the future. Resting on the shores of the Ottawa, our Dominion already extends the entire length of the mighty river St. Lawrence, and passing beyond the great chain of our inland seas. It stretches out towards the fertile valley of the Saskatchwan, destined it would seem, very shortly to over-leap this barrier and extend her boundaries to the shores of the remote Pacific. "*Nec jam nunc rerum natura sufficit videt*" would not be an inappropriate motto of our national shield. Let us hope that the social, intellectual, and moral progress of the country may be in some degree commensurate with our territorial extension! Canada's sons may indeed well be satisfied with their country. True it is, that we in this new world back those high titles and distinctions to that splendid landed aristocracy, which gives at once stability and grace to the social features of the old world. But we do not on that account less affectionately cherish our connection with the dear old Mother Country, or less decidedly eschew incorporation with our neighbours. We may not, indeed, transplant to the new soil the peer and prince of the old land. but we can aim at something better and higher than this we can in the noble words of Chalmers:—"Go forth among our people. and do all that lies within the compass of education both to elevate their standard of comfort, and to pour such a moral lustre over them as might equalize them to peers and princes in all the loftiest attributes of humanity.

A Sad Affair.

At the preliminary examination of Mrs. Hanson for the killing of her husband, at Marshalltown, Iowa, the brother in law of the deceased testified that he was present at the time of the shooting. He testified that Hanson was cutting up his wife's clothes, after brutal and profane insolence on his part, when Mrs. H. went up to him and said "George, please don't." Then, he continued: "she stepped back; when he threw the clothes down. and getting up. gave them a kick, and, stepping towards his wife, struck her in the face, knocking her down. I stepped up to interfere, when, she getting up, he struck her the second time, knocking her down. I tried again to stop him, and she cries out, 'Oh, George, you'll kill me;' he uttered an oath and knocked her down the third time in front of the sofa, she pleading for him to stop; as she straightened up, he clinched her by the throat, and jammed her upon the sofa, at the same time striking her in the face with the other hand. I begged of him to desist, and was attempting to get hold of his arm, supposing he still had his knife in his hand, when I heard the first report of the pistol; he then struck her twice when I heard the second report, and again when I heard the third report; when he jumped back, throwing me from him upon the bed. When I got up I saw him lying on the floor by the door, and Mrs. Hanson dropped down upon the sofa, exclaiming, 'Oh, what have I done?' I said I did not know, but that she had better go into the other room. She went out, and I came directly to the Mayor's office; when I returned, Hanson was on the bed, dead."

The German Army of the North continues to move upon Lille and the manufacturing towns of Northern France, much in the same cautious and guarded manner their brethren of the East keep advancing towards Lyons. The Prussian chiefs are fully aware of the moral advantage to be gained in exacting terms from the French people, by having first brought the war home to the populations of the large cities.

All the New Materials in Dress Goods French Merinos, both Plain and Fancy Very Cheap.

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QUEBEC.

QUEBEC, Dec. 1, 1870.

In discussing the dual system, Mr. Bellingham replied to Mr. Blanchard, doubting the evil of Federal Minsters representing local interests, and excusing their occasional absence. He commenced by hoping that Federal Ministers would retain their local seats.

Hon. Mr. Chauveau upheld the system, and held that power lay in the people, and moved a six months hoist.

Hon. Mr. Robertson considered the presence of Federal Ministers to be a great assistance.

Several others addressed the House, and Hon. Mr. Ouimet was speaking, when the Speaker left the chair at six o'clock.

THE WAR.

This Morning's Despatches.

LONDON, Dec. 1.—A balloon, probably from Paris, was seen late last evening over the English channel, seemingly trying to make a landing on one of the Sicily Islands. A violent east wind prevailed at the time, and it was carried out to sea, and unquestionably lost in the attempt.

The *Times'* Vesailles despatch this morning says the acceptance of the Prussian conditions of peace by parties representing the French Government will be required before the capitulation of the city will be received.

About one-third of the town of Thionville was destroyed by fire during its bombardment by the Prussians.

The army of the Loire is retreating. Its present position and numbers are unknown.

Advices have been received here of a battle between the French under Briand, and the Prussians, at Eter pagny, in which the Prussians were beaten with a heavy loss.

The French captured three officers and a number of cannon and horses, as well as a quantity of small arms.

The *Times* also has a special from Versailles announcing that negotiations for a conference are progressing.

All the passengers of the Bremen steam ship *Union*, which recently went ashore off the coast of Scotland, have been safely landed.

The *Telegraph* says that the feeling is becoming universal throughout England that the French war is rapidly drawing to a close. Apparent impossibility of the combining and concentrating of the French armies will, it is said, soon compel the capitulation of General Trochu.

Prominent members of the Ministry are urging the immediate calling of a convention to settle the Russian question, and that it shall also arrange and adopt a peace policy for Prussia and France.

It is reported that Paladines was not only wounded but taken prisoner yesterday.

The French claim to have won a victory at Beune La Ralanda, a little village in the Department of the Loire. The victorious French say they were young conscripts under fear of arrest at the time. They were gallant and steady. The French forces have recovered within the past few days the following places lately held by the Germans: Bessie, Nugent, LaBarnard, aun St. Calais, in the Department of Sarthe: Mantarre and Mondoubleau, in the Department of Loire et Cher; and Montargis, in the Department of Loiret.

The Suez Canal is to pass into English hands, or at least come under English control. The Duke of Sutherland will probably be the chief man of the company.

The Prussian losses in the battle before Amiens were 74 officers and 130 prisoners.

The French army in the North is in a state of disorganization.

The citadel of Amiens capitulated, after a short resistance, in which its commander was killed. 400 prisoners were taken.

The retreat of Garibaldians from Pasques was converted into a disorderly flight.

The Department of Cheris is declared in a state of siege.

A band of Franc-tireurs ambuscaded in the forest of Montargis, surprised a Prussian detachment and killed 11.

TOURS, Dec. 1.—A credit for 95,000,000 has been opened to settle actual contracts for the amount and credit of 15,000,000 francs, in addition to these a credit for one milion one hundred thousand francs has been opened for the purchase of grain in Algeria.

Bourbaki has taken command of the 19th corps.

VERSAILLES, Nov. 30th—A lively fire was kept up all last night from the forts around Paris, and this evening the garrison made sorties at various points on the Seine and Marne.

The Prussian positions were attacked at 11 this morning, and a sanguinary battle took place, in which the Wurtemburg troops were mainly engaged, supported by portions of the 12th, 2nd, and 7th corps. Fighting ended with the night, and the enemy were everywhere repulsed.

FALMOUTH, 1st.—The Gibraltar and Malta cable is broken somewhere between Lisbon and Gibraltar. Messages for India and the East are now forwarded overland to the Mediterranean coast and thence proceeds right down the Red Sea and across the India Ocean.

BRUSSELS 1st.—The *Independence Belge* referring to the retreat of the French Army of the North West towards Arras, says it will doubtless occupy the great quadrilateral formed by the fortresses of the north, and which is impregnable.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

LONDON, Dec. 1.—It is said the Prussians have suddenly evacuated Amiens, retiring on Paris. This movement is regarded at Lille as very significant in the latter city.

It is believed a great battle is proceeding around Paris to-day.

The Paris *Moniteur* chronicles six military executions in its last number.

HEART'S CONTENT, Dec. 1.—A steamer will be despatched from this point immediately in search of the steamer "Robert Lowe," now engaged in repairing cables.

The latter steamer was sent out to repair the cable of 1866, and the steamer which is to follow will carry information that the cable of 1865 has suddenly ceased working and ascertain if interruption was not caused by Lowe's grappling the wrong cable.

NEW YORK, Dec. 1.—The cable of 1866 which failed last year, was repaired several months ago but failed again.

A steamer has been engaged several days grappling for the broken cable with a view to its repair.

It is supposed that the cable of 1866 has been caught by mistake and broken by the grapples. The French cable, which works nearly as well as usual on business coming to America, developed, several months ago, faults near the eastern end, which of late has rendered it difficult to transmit signals from this side.

It is hoped that the cables of 1865 and 1866 will be both repaired in a few days.

The earliest information of any change will be duly given.

NEW YORK, Nov. 30.—A London despatch says that the *Times* contains important rumoors that are afloat to the effect that Bismarck has resumed his old plan to restore the French Empire. To prove that the *Times* says that terms of peace have already been settled, if not signed, with Napoleon, at Wilhelmshone, whereby, upon a basis of the cession of the strongholds of Strasbourg and Metz to Germany, Napoleon and his Marshals, McMahon, Bazaine, Leboeuf and Canrobert, at the head of the remnants of the Imperial guard, and the 300,000 French prisoners now confined in Germany, who are to have their arms restored, will march in pageant from the Rhine and relieve the German guard now before Paris. They will force the capitulation of the capital; the German troops besieging Paris, being superseded by the French will return home, excepting those whose presence will be necessary to hold the ceded Provinces. The *Times* considers the story difficult to believe, but the difficulties of Bismarck and Napoleon may have rendered them careless of consequences or caused them to blind or overlook them.

ENGLAND AND PEACE.

An American Paper that dares tell the Truth.

From the Chicago Tribune.

The neutrality which England firmly maintains, in the midst of the wars about her has drawn upon her, from one party, great praise, and from another, great blame. By one she is taunted with want of spirit and loss of courage, and charged with sordid meanness and greed of gain that has eaten up all the ancient pluck and bravery of her nature, so that she no longer feels a wrong, or resents an insult. By the other this firm neutrality is declared to be a triumph of the noble spirit of humanity, a vigorous struggle over the baser struggles of our nature, and an example of wise and Christain statesmanship that challenges the admiration and gratitude of the world. We share in this latter feeling, and think that too much praise cannot be given to England's devotion to peace, and her determination, by all means possible, to keep out of war. It is one of the most auspicious omens of the times, that a great and warlike nation, hitherto always jealous in honor, and sudden and quick in quarrel, is growing deaf to all the old, loud battle cries and begins to feel that the prosperity of the people, and the greatness of a nation are not to be sought by the wild methods of fire and sword. It is true that peace brings physical growth and material prosperity; peace fills a land with plenty and prosperity; and peace goes hand in hand with wealth and luxury; but it does not follow that because these are the blessings of peace, therefore, to love, and struggle for, peace reveals a sordid, a craven, or a mean spirit Neither can we find proof of any such spirit, or any want of courage or honor, in the conduct of England. We find she has not shown a whit too much reluctance, or a whit too great determination not to be drawn into war. We trust that she will hold, to the end, fast to her purpose, and be neither coaxed, nor bullied, nor taunted from it. No nation can resolve too firmly, nor struggle too resolutely too keep out of war. A nation should go to the very edge of endurance it should call upon it utmost patience and forbearance, it should use all means of compromise, exhaust all methods of conciliation, and submit to fiercest storms of calumny and abuse, rather than plunge into the gulf of war. In looking at the conduct of England, and making all allowances for the influence of sordid, selfish and mean motives, knowing all her greed of gain, and her fear that her commerce and industry should be crippled, and her profits swallowed up, and it will still be true that her peace policy has also been largely moulded by the higher principles and more humane sentiments of a growing Christian culture. The statesmanship of England, besides the love of worldly prosperity, has also felt the inspiration of the Gospel spirit of good will to men, and is brought more and more under the control of the spirit that abhors violence and bloodshed, and revolts against mere brute force as the worst possible arbiter in human affairs. The neutrality of England is, beyond a doubt, largely due to the spread and growing power of a high Christian civilization, and, as such, is one of the most auspicious signs of our times.

CATHOLIC APOSTOLIC CHURCH.

The series of Lectures by the Rev W H CUTHBERT. upon the immediate future of the church and the world, will be continued in the new Church, Albert street, on TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SUNDAY Evenings, at half-past 7 o'clock. The attendance of the Christian community is invited.

November 28, 1870. 1526 3

DR. DICKINSON,

RESIDENCE AND SURGERY, Kent Street, Ottawa

WALTHAM WALTHAM

THE AMERICAN WATCH

The public of the United States and Canada have now had over ten years experience of WALTHAM WATCHES, and they are now every where acknowledged to be the ONLY RELIABLE

TIME-KEEPERS!

Almost all other watches are sold under false pretences; not one in a hundred bears the name of the real maker; the public have absolutely no security, and have, therefore, been constantly imposed upon. On the contrary, every buyer of a Waltham Watch gets a guarantee of the company, and no matter from whom he buys it, has positive security that he is getting a TIME KEEPER.

It must be admitted that the apparent interest of watchmakers lies in selling other watches, which they can make larger profits. but men enterprise in the trade prefer an article of large and ready sale, and which leaves no bad stock It is "small profits and quick returns."

These watches can be had in several grades (all guaranteed), the silver cases are made from coin silver, and from 2 to 6 ounces in weight. The gold cases are made in 18 carat gold, and from 3 4 to 4 ounces in weight; the size for ladies are richly engraved or enamelled. For the quality, both in gold and silver, are the

CHEAPEST WATCHES IN THE WORLD

These watches can be ordered of any reliable watchmaker or jeweller in the Dominion; but he guarantee of the company should be invariably required. The Company in all cases pay the Government duty, which makes the Canadian consumer a privilged purchaser

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NOTICE.

THE CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY Co

Will apply to the

PARLIAMENT

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At its next Session, for the

CONTINUANCE AND EXTENSION

FOR FOUR YEARS,

Of the Provisions of the Act

INCORPORATING THAT COMPANY,

And of the Acts mentioned therein, in so far as they relate to a Grant of Land in aid of the Company.

W R WORSLEY,

Sec. C

Oct 15, 1870

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT

OTTAWA, 26th November, 1870

Authorised discount on AMERICAN INVOICES until futher notice, 11 per cent

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,

Commissioner of Customs

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

DR HENRY has removed his Residence and Surgery to the corner of Bank and Victoria Streets, near the Parliament Buildings.

December 1, 1870. 1528b

A SPECIALITY.

☞ THE ULSTER OVER COAT

Is the Great Novelty in

GENTLEMEN'S GARMENTS

This Season.

☞ A Specimen on View, at

MAGEE & RUSSELL'S.

Ottawa, Nov 30, 1870 1527tf

ST. JAMES' HOTEL,

METCALFE AND QUEEN STREETS.

The Proprietor, G. R EVANS,

Begs respectfully to announce to the public in general that the above premises will be opened for business this day, 29th inst, and hopes by strict attention to business and moderate charges, to merit their patronage and favour.

Ottawa, Nov 29, 1870 1526tf

TEACHER WANTED

A MALE TEACHER, holding a First-Class Certificate, for one of the Schools in Hawkesbury Village, Ont Salary, $300 per annum. Duties to commence on the 2nd day of January, 1871 Applications, with testimonials, will be received until 8th December, by

JOHN McKERCHAR,

Secretary Board of School Trustees,

Ottawa, Nov 22 1870 ... 8

JUST RECEIVED,

FRENCH MERINOES,

GENUINE FRENCH MERINOES,

Fine, Wide, Heavy, and Warranted all Wool, in the following Colours:

LIGHT BROWN,

MID BROWN,

DARK BROWN,

VIOLET,

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MAROON,

RIFLE GREEN,

ROSE,

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and

SCARLET.

Really better Goods than sold other years at 3s. 9d., for 2s. 6d. per yard. The Nicest, Cheapest, and most durable Dress, for either street or in-door wear, in Ottawa.

GARLAND MUTCHMOR & CO.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

20 Sparks Street

Ottawa, Nov 30, 1870.

T HUNTON SHOOLBRED & Co

47. SPARKS ST. 49.

Will receive this week "per Express," from LONDON, England,

2 CASES OF MILLINERY,

Containing the Very Latest Styles in

Bonnets, Hats,

and some very Choice things in

Flowers, Feathers and Trimmings,

Per S. S. "MORAVIAN."

1 Case Extra Cloths, in the new

Satin Cloths,

Trimming to match all our Fashionable

Dress Goods.

—ALSO—

1 Case of Newest

Mantle Cloths.

The "OLIVE GREEN" appears still to prove the most fashionable, and of the above, we are in receipt of ten piece

"New Seal and plucked Otter Skins hand."

Fancy Wove Goods still arriving.

Clouds, Breakfast Shawls, Ties &c.,

in endless Variety.

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO

47 and 49 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, Oct 11 1870.

TIGHT BINDING

TRAVELLER'S GUIDE.

GRAND TRUNK AND OTTAWA RAILWAY

Depart.....8.30 a.m., 12 noon, 10 p.m.
Arrive.....8.30 a.m., 3.45 p.m., 7.15 p.m.
The above trains connect at Prescott Junction with Grand Trunk Railway for all points south and west.
OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.
ALEX. TAYLOR, Agent.

LOCAL NEWS.

Devlin's Fur Depot.

☞ 50 dozen Velveteen Hats, from 25 cents upwards. A large assortment of Flowers and Feathers. Trimmed Hats and Bonnets.
At the "Golden Lion."
R. L. JAMES & Co.

JACKETS.—A large stock new stylish Jackets, at modest prices, at
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

The steamer *Queen Victoria* is now laid up for the season.

The Chaudière Falls are now worth looking at.

The markets were well supplied generally yesterday, but scarcely any change in prices, with the exception of vegetables which were slightly lower in price.

BLANKETS.—Cornwall, St. Lawrence and Empire Mills Blankets, in all sizes and weights, very cheap at
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

Carpets and House Furnishings made a speciality, at Garland, Mutchmor & Co's. A large stock and new styles, at reduced prices.
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

☞ All Wool Tartans in all the leading clans. A large lot ex last steamer, at
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

Devlin's Fur Depot.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT.—The Treasurer of the Irish Protestant Benevolent Society begs to acknowledge with thanks the following donations in aid of the funds of the Society: Mr. Thos. McGarity, $10; Mr. George May, $4; Mr. Jos. McCullough, sr., $4.

CHRIST CHURCH READINGS.—The usual weekly readings in connection with Christ Church will take place this evening, in Gowan's Hall, at 8 o'clock, instead of half past seven, as heretofore. A good programme is expected.

NOTICE.—Now is the time. Go and see C. P. Dorion, 60 Sparks Street, for stoves and stove-pipe fitting. No puff; but see for yourselves. Lumbermen and country Merchants come and see. The most complete House in this Line in the Capital, see Posters. C. P. Dorion, 60 Sparks Street. 1486 2m.

St. Patrick's Readings, Wednesday night, were postponed on account of a disappointment experienced by the Committee in securing music. A large audience came to the Hall and were much disappointed in learning of the postponement. Next Wednesday evening the readings will surely come off.

POLICE COURT.—Thursday—Wm. Condell, for cruelty to a horse, was fined $2 and costs.

Three boys, John Guinan, Thomas Hughes, and one Parillard were charged with breaking into Mrs. Cunningham's apple shop and stealing various articles. Adjourned until to-morrow.

A liquor case was adjourned until Monday next.

ELGIN STREET.—It will be remembered that last winter and spring repeated complaints were made with regard to the manner in which that portion of Elgin street extending from the Post Office to Sparks street was kept. This is a portion of street necessarily the most travelled in the city, and being on a grade, it is very desirable that particular attention should be given it. If the ice were taken off it at present it would be a blessing.

Devlin's Fur Depot.

READINGS.—The programme at the Congregational Church Readings last evening was choice and as usual there, well executed. Mrs. Jones and Miss Washburn performed a beautiful duet, and Miss Johnson, a pupil of Mr. Workman, showed great efficiency and correctness in her playing. Mr. Guthrie's recitation was superior to what is generally heard at public readings. Owing to a lecture on Thursday next in Gowan's Hall by the Rev Mr. King, the readings in the Congregational Church will be postponed until the week following.

THE BISHOP OF ONTARIO.—The delegation, consisting of Rev. J. S. Lauder, S. B. Lewis, and J. A. Slater, Esqs., appointed to carry to the Bishop a most numerously signed requisition from the Church of England inhabitants of Ottawa, praying His Lordship to remove to Ottawa, returned home last night. His Lordship has been pleased to accede to the pray of the requisition, and will take up his residence in Ottawa at an early day.

YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION.—The first of a series of lectures to be given in connection the Y. M. C. A. was delivered last night in Gowan's Hall, by the Rev. Mr. Stephenson. The chair was occupied by Dr. Grant, M.P., and the Mayor and several other gentlemen were on the platform. There was a very fair attendance. The lecture was styled "The Central Force of Christianity," which the lecturer in a most eloquent manner shewed to be "Love." We, of course, cannot pretend to enter into any account of the lecture itself, but we confidently assert that if the remainder of the series at all approach to the same standard, they will form one of the most interesting courses that has ever been given in Ottawa.

The half demolished building in Queen street, adjoining the Union House, is a favorite resort for boys, who make it their headquarters, and from thence climb to neighboring sheds, tearing up shingles in the course of their rambles, and doing other damage. Besides this they are loud in their use of oaths and foul language. Did they confine their sport to week days it would not be so bad, but on Sunday afternoon last their fun was resumed with great energy, to the annoyance of the neighborhood and outrage of the Sunday school, being held in the Baptist church hard by. Although depraved themselves, these large-sized boys should remember persons in the neighborhood are not, and it might be well if a policeman would bring this fact to their remembrance.

The farmers who were burned out by the serious fires, are now, it appears in a better condition to endure the winter than could have been expected. Those who had their houses and barns destroyed have erected small shanties, in which those who remain at home will spend the winter. Farmers who had live stock after the fire have generally sold all out with the exception of one or two cases, and a team of horses with which to begin life again. The young men of families thus circumstanced have generally gone to the shanties, where during the winter they will earn sufficient to buy seed, &c., in the spring. A great many have gone with their teams to the shanties. Though we are happy to be able to give so favorable an account of the condition of the farmers who have met with such misfortune, yet we do not mean to insinuate they are out of need of further assistance from relief committees. All the assistance possible is still necessary, and the cause of relief should still be prosecuted with vigor.

Devlin's Fur Depot.

SHADE TREES.—No one will deny the desirableness of having shade trees adorn our streets. They add immensely to the appearance of a street in general, and an indifferently built house is made to appear very handsome by the proximity of trees. Therefore, it should be the desire of every person individually and of the community in general to have the city properly planted with trees, which is being done in fact to a great extent in Ottawa, but at the same time certain very bad privileges characteristic of Ottawa have a counteracting effect upon this public enterprize. We refer to the habit of tying horses to the trees, young boys breaking off branches, and the depredations of cows left at large in the streets. Some effectual steps should be taken towards the proper protection of shade trees.

Board of School Trustees.

Last night the regular monthly meeting of the Board of School Trustees was held in the City Hall.

The members present were Messrs. Pratt, May, Alexander, LeSueur, Kirby, Wills, and Preston.

The minutes of meetings held during the month were read by the Secretary and approved of.

A number of communications were read by the Chairman, among which were the following:

To the Chairman of Board of School Trustees:

SIR,—I still hold a cheque for an insurance on Central School house, due 2nd last month, amount $40. I have got tired going and sending to the Chamberlain after it, who says, "no funds," or "just too late."

Last year it was three months before I got the money—of course it will be all right some time—but it puts me to trouble and annoyance.

(Signed) GEO. P. DRUMMOND.

A communication was read from John Burns for $40 house rent.

In reference to Mr. Drummond's communication, Mr. Pratt thought it ought to be referred to the Finance Committee.

Mr. LeSueur thought no action was necessary in regard to the communication from Mr. Armstrong.

The Chairman thought the interest ought to be paid.

Mr. May moved, seconded by Mr. Alexander, that the communication from the Local Superintendent be referred to the School Management Committee, and that the suggested repairs be referred to the Building Committee.

Mr. Pratt thought the Superintendent should look after the Duke street school windows at the same time.

The Superintendent—It is in the hands of the Committee.

Mr. Preston thought the Eastern School should be attended to also. The proposition might be added to the motion. The addition to the motion was made when the resolution was declared carried.

Mr. LeSueur moved, seconded by Mr. Pratt, that in conformity with the suggestion or request of Mr. J. C. Armstrong to the Chairman, that he be allowed interest upon the coupons held by him for the time elapsed since they matured, and until such coupons are honored be complied with, and that the Chairman be, and hereby is, authorized to inform Mr. Armstrong that said interest will be paid to him.

Mr. Preston thought the matter should be referred to the Finance Committee. It was not a legal debt this paying interest upon interest.

Mr. Kirby thought although not legal, it was a just debt and should be paid.

Mr. Preston—It is not a legal debt.

Mr. Alexander was not in a position at the moment to speak as to the legality of the claim, but he thought it was a claim that in equity should be paid.

Mr. LeSueur thought if the paying of the interest upon the interest be illegal, no action of the Finance Committee could make it legal.

Mr. Preston said there was no doubt as to the illegality. The matter should be referred to the Finance Committee.

The motion was then put and carried.

Moved by Mr. Pratt, seconded by Mr. Wills, that Mr. Drummond's communication be referred to the Finance Committee, and that the account for rent from Mr. Burns be received, and the Chairman is hereby authorized to sign a cheque for the amount of forty dollars, on the certificate of the Finance Committee, being given for the correctness of the same, suspending rule 4 for that purpose.

The motion was then put and carried.

Two months' report from the Local Superintendent, and a number of reports from teachers were here laid upon the table.

Mr. Alexander moved, seconded by Mr. May, that the reports be referred to the Committee of School Management.

Mr. Preston thought the schools had been neglected during the month. Two schools had only been visited twice, one four times, and another five times. It had been stated that Mr. Cousens had visited the schools daily, but here was his own statement to the contrary. There was a discrepancy somewhere.

The motion was then carried.

Mr. Pratt wanted to go on with the appointment of school teachers and leave the unfinished business of last meeting alone, and for that purpose would move the suspension of section 6, rule 2.

Discussion followed as to the necessity of the suspension of the rule, during which Mr. Pratt again expressed his anxiety to go on at once with the appointment of school teachers. It was time this was done. The resolution was then declared carried.

Mr. May submitted the following resolution, seconded by Mr. Wills, that Duncan Robertson, Wm Stewart and Miss Murray be appointed under this Board for the first six months of next year at the same salary received by them this year.

Mr May explained his object in moving the resolutions. It was a view to do away with the possibility of any injustice to the teachers.

Mr. Preston thought it was not a motion to be laid before the Board. If it was to appoint all the teachers it would be very well. He thought the motion was an injustice to the three teachers named in it. It was tantamount to saying at the end of three months we do not want your services any longer. The three teachers were old and capable servants, and he thought they had too much spirit to accept the appointment. If all the teachers had been appointed for six months it would have saved the exposure of the names of the three teachers.

Mr. May stated that his object in bringing in the motion was not to do any one an injustice, but do away with the differences existing among the Board. He thought the motion was a feasible way of getting over the difficulty.

Mr. Preston begged to move in amendment, seconded by Mr. LeSueur, that the words "six months" be expunged and the following be inserted, viz.: "the year 1871," and that the motion so amended pass.

The amendment was then put to vote and carried.

Yeas—Pratt, Preston, LeSueur, Alexander.

Nays—Kirby, May, Wills.

Mr. Wills moved, seconded by Mr. LeSueur, that the following teachers be and are hereby appointed to teach in Central School East during the year 1871, viz.:—Messrs. J. C. Stewart, C. Harper; Misses Johnston, Fleming, Wood, Gilmour, Rathwell, and Steacy.

Moved by Mr. Kerby in ammendment, seconded by Mr. Preston, that all the words in the motion just read be expunged, and the following substituted in lieu, that all the school teachers be appointed at the same salaries, all rules and regulations to the contrary being cancelled.

Mr. Pratt would like to vote upon the principle point in the resolution. The resolution if carried would annul the resolution appointing Mr. Robertson to a situation in the Central School West. He thought Mr. Robertson's name should be brought up in a special resolution. Besides in his opinion the resolution was out of order.

The Chairman ruled, the motion in order.

Mr. Pratt supported the resolution. He thought the Central School East, under its present teachers was prospering, and consequently the appointment should not be destroyed by the removal of any of the teachers. He thought Mr. Pratt was urged to the course he was following by conscientious principles, but it would be wrong to improve one school in a manner detrimental to another. It would not be right to build up one at the expense of another. He hoped Mr Pratt, with all his anxiety for the welfare of the Western School, would not sacrifice the interests of the Eastern thereto.

Mr. LeSueur thought that if this strain of proceeding were continued they would arrive at nothing definite. They were upsetting one night what had been done on a previous occasion.

Mr May, in further support of his motion, stated that he thought, as he had said at a former meeting that Mr. Robertson was not fitted for the place he occupied, and it was only from conscientious convictions that he moved the motion. The removal of Mr Robertson from it could not injure the Central School East but might benefit the Central School West.

Mr. Alexander was at a loss to understand how gentlemen who had received the votes for the removal of Mr. Robertson could not vote for the cancelling of that resolution. He thought such conduct would be regarded as very strange, and probably make themselves a laughing stock for the public.

The yeas and nays were then called for with the following result:

Yeas—May, Preston, Kirby and Wills.

Nays—Alexander, Pratt and LeSueur.

Moved by Mr. Pratt, seconded by Mr. LeSueur, that the following be and are hereby appointed assistant teachers in the Central School West:

Mr. Parlowe, Misses Sparks, Miss Leving, and Miss Humphrey, and that Miss Butterworth be appointed teacher in the Duke street school.

Mr. Preston thought an older teacher should have been removed to the Duke street school. Miss Butterworth was a very good teacher, but a more experienced and older teacher should have been removed.

The resolution was carried.

Mr. LeSueur gave notice that he would, at the next meeting of the Board, bring in a resolution for the reconsideration of the resolution passed that night, and annulling a resolution carried at the previous meeting, and removing Mr. J. P. Robertson to the Central School West.

The Board then adjourned.

NOTICE.

The Partnership existing between the undersigned, in the City of Ottawa, under the name of WATSON & CLISBY, Saloon Keepers, was dissolved by mutual consent, on the First Day of SEPTEMBER, A.D., 1870.
WATSON & CLISBY,
JAMES ROY WATSON,
LAVELLE NT CLISBY.
Witness of Signature,
D. H. GRANT,
JAMES STARMER.
Ottawa, Nov 11, 1870 1516tf

THE DOMINION ALMANAC FOR 1871 WILL BE PUBLISHED EARLY IN DECEMBER

It is intended to serve as a convenient book of reference, and at the same time to be acceptable as an agreeable private companion. With this end in view, in addition to much valuable statistical information, a large amount of interesting matter will be found in it which will recommend it to every family. The favorable reception which it met with in Ontario and Quebec has induced the proprietor to hope that it will, this year, commence with a still larger share of patronage. In order to increase its circulation, and to render it still more valuable as an advertising medium, the price will, this year, be reduced to 10 cents per copy—considerably less than the actual cost of publication.

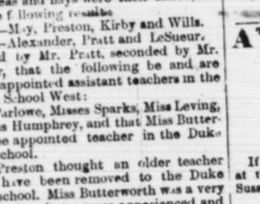
The following are the rates for advertising:

One Page at beginning or end of the Book	$15 00
Half do do	8 00
Quarter Page do do	4 00
One Page in body of work	20 00
Half do do	10 00

Every advertiser taking a page will receive 12 copies of the Almanac for distribution; for half a page, 6 copies; and for a quarter of a page, 3 copies.

Applications for advertisements should be sent in at once.

Address:
"DOMINION ALMANAC"
Ottawa.
Ottawa, Oct 31, 1870 1502tf



NOTICE

is hereby given, that an application will be made to the Legislature of the Province of Ontario at its next Session, for an Act to authorize the construction of Water Works in and for the City of Ottawa.
WM P LETT,
City Clerk.
City Hall, Ottawa, October 12th, 1870 1492 lawk-2m

R. L. JAMES & CO.

DRESS GOODS.

A large assortment worth from 20 to 90 cents, at 15 to 80.

A SPECIAL LINE of French Merinos, very cheap.

BLACK SILKS, very much under Market value, and considerably lower than present Ottawa prices.

MILLINERY.

It is now pretty generally known that in this Department, especially the prices, are EXCEEDINGLY MODERATE,

AT THE GOLDEN LION.

R. L. JAMES & Co.

ATTENTION!

If you want Choice VIRGIN HONEY, call at the New GROCERY STORE, Corner of Sussex and York Streets.

If you want SUPERIOR CHEESE, call at the New GROCERY STORE, Corner of Sussex and York Streets.

If you want FIRST-CLASS DAIRY BUTTER, call at the New GROCERY STORE, Corner Sussex and York Streets.

—ALSO—

New Crop West End, Layers, Valencia and Seedless Raisins and Currants, Fresh Turkey Figs, Malaga Grapes, Lemons, Choice Imperial Prunes, Candied Peels, Gelatine, Cross & Blackwell's Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies, and Marmalades, Fresh Oysters, Lobsters, Sequin Mackerel, Salmon and Tomatoes, with a choice lot of Scotch and English Ales and Porter, Wines and Brandies, Gin, Scotch Whiskey, Jamaica Rum, Old Rye, Syrups and

JOHN A. BITTERS,

CONSTANTLY ON HAND,

At the New GROCERY STORE, Corner Sussex and York Streets.

Extra Fine Green, Black and Japan Teas, Rio, Java and Turkey Coffee.

—ALSO—

Fine Family and Pastry Flour, Oat and Corn Meal, at the NEW GROCERY STORE, Corner Sussex and York streets.

J. M. C. DELES DERNIERS,
Corner Sussex and York-sts.
Ottawa, Nov 29, 1870 1526tf

TO LUMBERMEN.

L. ROSE,
PROVISION BROKER.
LONDON, ONT.,

Inspects every BARREL of PORK he Ships and Ships only a FIRST-CLASS Article. He has for Sale from some of the Leading Packers and Curers:

Heavy Mess Pork, guaranteed.
Ex P. Pork made from Heavy Mess.
Shoulders Mess Mutton.
Heavy Bacon, &c., at the lowest FIRST PRICES, and on Terms to suit Purchasers.
No 1 Sup. Flour, Oats, Corn, &c., bought on commission.
White Beans always on hand.
Orders or enquiries have prompt attention.
Through rates to Brockville, Sand Point and Ottawa.

L. ROSE,
Produce Broker,
London, Ont.
London, Ont., Nov. 24, 1870 1522 2m

NOVEMBER ARRIVALS,

NEW FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOODS.

MAGEE & RUSSELL

Having met with UNAPPROACHABLE SUCCESS this AUTUMN, in the disposal of their IMMENSE IMPORTATIONS, (the Largest ever brought to Ottawa in one Season) were under the agreeable necessity of re-ordering a Second Supply to fill up the numerous blanks made in their Several Departments.

☞ Owing to the terrible conflict now raging in Europe our resident agents were enabled to secure during the consequent depression of Trade in Britain many very valuable lines at exceedingly low prices for Cash.

☞ A portion of Shipments not yet to hand, are expected this week. The following comprises a few of the leading articles, viz.:

DRESS GOODS:

WINCIES, SCOTCH PLAID TARTANS, FRENCH MERINOES, and SATEEN COSTUME CLOTH

See French Sateen Cloths at 90 cts. per yard, the Newest Dress Material of the season.

SILKS, SATINS, VELVETS:

Black VELVETS, VELVETEENS, EPANGLES, SILKS, SATINS, and CRAPES.

☞ All our Mantle Velvets were purchased in June, only a few days before they advanced considerably in price, and as they are likely to be fully 50 per cent dearer in the Spring, would advise Ladies to Purchase at the present time; will guarantee the best value in Canada. Silks Satins, &c., equally good value.

DOMESTICS:

New Grey Cottons, White Shirtings, Sheetings, Pillow Cottons, Prints, Linen and Cotton Tickings, Linen and Cotton Diapers, Table Linen of every description, Quilts and Counterpanes, Towels and Towelling, &c., &c. We can confidently recommend the above mentioned Domestic Goods, being excellent value.

WOOLLENS:

BLANKETS, English and Canadian Plain and Fancy FLANNELS, Waterproof Cloakings, Black and Blue Freizes, Pilots, Beavers, and the New Irish Frieze Cloths, for making Fashionable Ulster Over-Coats. A Specimen Coat for Sale.

RIBBONS AND LACES.

100 dozen large New Style Hair Nets, 200 dozen Cambric Handkerchiefs, One Case Black and Colored Ribbon Velvets, Silk, Satin and Sash Ribbons, Fringes, Buttons, Collars and Cuffs, and a magnificent variety Real Lace Goods.

HOSIERY AND GLOVES.

50 dozen Gents White and Lavender Kid Gloves; also, 20 dozen Plush and Lamb Lined Kid Gloves and Mitts, some with Seal Cuffs, besides a first-class Stock of Woollen Mock and Real Buckskin Gloves, Canadian, Scotch and English Lambs Wool Underclothing, Scotch and Canadian Fingering Yarns, &c., &c.

CARPETS.

New Double Width Damasks at 45cts., Green Repp, at $1.10, the Cheapest in Ottawa, New Harness Muslin and Lace Curtains, also Lace by the yards, one Cask varnished Cornices and one Case Stair Rods.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

DRY GOODS!
DRY GOODS!
DRY GOODS!

PATTERSON & BRYSON.

In consequence of our great success since opening we have been obliged to lay in a large additional Stock, which we will mark as low as heretofore, being determined to retain our already well established character, for selling cheaper than any other House in the Trade.

IN CANADIAN GOODS

We have made such arrangements with the factories in the Dominion as will enable us to keep constantly on hand a large and Assorted Stock of Tweeds, Flannels, Hosiery (Grey and White), Cotton and Wool Yarn, Hosiery, Underclothing, etc., etc., etc.

—ALSO—

An entirely new and well assorted Stock of British and Foreign Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, which have been marked at prices to defy competition.

☞ REMEMBER THE PLACE,

53 Sparks Street,
Directly Opposite
BATE & Co.

PATTERSON & BRYSON.

JAMES PRACOUA,

FURS, FURS, FURS, FURS.

I beg to intimate that my FUR STOCK is now complete in every

DEPARTMENT.

AN EARLY CALL IS SOLICITED.

☞ Remember the place,
33 Rideau Street.
OPPOSITE OLD STAND.

CHARLES J. TASKER, Accountant: Books posted Accounts made out. Apply at the office of H P Hill, solicitor References: Dr Hill, C H Fisher
Ottawa, Nov 8, 1510

THE TEA POT,
RIDEAU STREET.

The Proprietor begs to inform the lovers of THE TEA POT and the public generally, that the alterations are now completed, the whole premises having been thoroughly renovated and stocked with

New and Fresh Goods

Of the very best quality. He is now prepared to execute orders Wholesale and Retail, and every article will be guaranteed, as they have been selected with the greatest care.

Teas in great variety,
Coffees—the very best—roasted and ground daily,
Raisins, Currants, Figs, &c., &c.,
Port Wine, Sherry Wine, Brandy,
English Old Tom Gin—Booth's, Bernard's & Thompson's.

An Old Lady's Evening Wish.

My wishes soar not very high,
Nor do they widely roam
These moderate wishes are confin'd
To comforts found at home.

Give me what I enjoy so well—
A snug domestic scene;
And take my word, I feel myself
As happy as a Queen,

I'll tell you what I wish for now—
'Tis not a large desire;
I wish to sit at perfect ease,
Beside my evening fire.

I wish a friend or two would call,
To ask me how I do;
Then truly happy I should be,
And they'd be happy, too.

I'd set the tea things on the tray,
And we should all agree,
While taking ever-welcome cups
Of JOHN HILL'S wholesome tea.

The tea would gladden ev'ry heart,
And brighten every face;
And nothing more could we desire
In such a happy case.

With JOHN HILL'S Tea I always crown
The comforts of my house;
And when I can partake of this
My wishes seldom roam.

All goods delivered free (within the limits of the city) by our own waggons, and every attention will be paid to proper packing and delivery.

JOHN HILL,
"THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET.

BONUS YEAR.

SPECIAL INTIMATION.

LIFE ASSOCIATION OF SCOTLAND.

FOUNDED 1838.

ANNUAL REVENUE, £ 257,683 Stg.
FUNDS in hand and invested, 1,357,386 "

The BOOKS and ACCOUNTS have been for many years subjected (not yearly only, or at any other interval, but) to a continuous AUDIT—apart from the Directors and other officials—by a Professional Accountant of high standing and experience. In the VALUATION also, which are made on approved Tables of Mortality, the net Assurance Premiums only are taken into account. Thus by constant independent checks and rigid tests, the utmost precaution is adopted to secure the prudent conduct and permanent stability of the Institution. It has always maintained a high position among the Assurance Offices of the Kingdom, and has already paid Sums Assured and Bonuses to the amount of

$8,159,044.00

The amount paid last year alone having been upwards of

$601,763,00

The Funds remaining in hand and invested are upwards of

$6,605,945.00.

The List of Policy-holders in Class B. for 1870 will be closed as at

5TH DECEMBER.

Previous Entrants will be entitled to a

WHOLE YEAR'S BONUS

More than later Entrant will receive.

☞ The PROFITS are allocated on a principle which gives LARGER BONUSES than ANY OTHER SYSTEM.

F WARDLAW,
Secretary.

Agents for Ottawa, J T & R PENNOCK.
November 8 1870 68 D5

IF YOU WANT TO SAVE MONEY GO TO THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORES.

—BY—

P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.,

No. 36 Rideau St., and Duke St., Chaudiere, OTTAWA,

Where from their great increase of business and the large addition now put to their Store, with a well selected Stock, and constant attention on their part, will enable them to sell at prices not to be equalled elsewhere.

There will be found always on hand a general assortment of GROCERIES, TEAS in particular, imported, LIQUORS, WINES, BRANDIES, GIN, IRISH and SCOTCH WHISKEY, Gooderham & Worts' HIGHWINES, OLD RYE, and PROOF, With a fine assortment of Christmas and New Year's FRUITS and SYRUPS.

—ALSO—

WINTER APPLES, ORANGES and LEMONS, CHEESE, HAMS, and BACON.

Remember our Motto—"Quick Sales and light Profits."

☞ Try their TEAS. ☜

Ottawa, Nov 29, 1870 1526

A GENERAL MEETING of the Stockholders of the Ontario Peat Company will be held at the Russell House, Ottawa, on Tuesday, the 6th December next, at 12 o'clock, noon, for the organization of the Company, under the Act of Incorporation, for the selection of Directors, and for the transaction of general business.
Ottawa, Nov 23, 1870 1521

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS.

1870.

Fine Ships Cognac, from Charente, and Nero, from Oporto, (and to arrive from Italy,)

THE FOLLOWING GOODS;

10 HHDS. BRANDY, First Class Brands, warranted genuine for family use.

10 HHDS. PORT WINE, very old vintage, 1851, The only old and reliable wines for family use in the city, and used by all the best doctors in this vicinity. Ordered expressly for the purpose.

25 CASKS SHERRY WINE, Fine, very fine and Extra V P for family use or first class hotels. A trial will show that they are cheap and reliable, and the price as low as the common trashy kind generally used.

GIN, RUM and WHISKEY, The very best brands to be had.

ALES & PORTER—ALL KINDS, Dubl Porter, put up to order. Dawes Ales and Porter, in good condition, always on hand.

COFFEE, The very best, always Fresh Roasted and Ground on the premises.

TEAS, BLACK, in different kinds; also very fresh sound and sweet. GREEN, of the various kinds, new season and fragrant.

SUGARS, SYRUPS and FRUITS, all kinds.

REESOR'S CHEESE, Queen's, Arms and Stilton, very good.

PICKLES, SAUCES and FLAVOURING EXTRACTS, The very best, from the Crosse & Blackwell's, London.

FANCY SOAPS, Direct from London, put up to order from the maker, a very superior article, very cheap.

A full and well assorted stock of general Groceries, Wines, and Liquors, OF ALL KINDS.

The above goods are well known to be the finest kind brought into this city, and are well worth being tried by families requiring them for common goods.

A call solicited by
THOS. PATTERSON,
No. 26 Rideau Street,
Ottawa, 8th June, 1870.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

14 RIDEAU STREET,

Have now received a full supply of

NEW FALL GOODS

—IN ALL—

DEPARTMENTS.

Ottawa, September 26, 1870

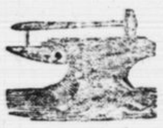
CANADA AND U. S. PATENT AGENCY.

Patents solicited in Canada and the United States; Trade and Timber Marks, Industrial Designs, Copywrights, Transfers, &c., registered on the shortest notice, Copies of Laws, Circulars, and information, sent free on application. Drawings prepared and copied.

Charges moderate. United States Patents particularly attended to. Several valuable Patent Rights for sale.

G. COUSSOLLES,
November 26, 1870 1524tf

HARDWARE! HARDWARE!



Sign of the ANVIL No 24 Rideau Street, where you can get a complete assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, and at prices to suit purchasers. Consisting in part of

GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHINGS:

Butcher Knives, Knives and Forks, Pocket Knives, Table Spoons, Tea Spoons, Tea Trays, Table Mats, Buts, Screws, Locks, Bolts, Catches, Latches, Axes, Saws, Planes, Squares, Hammers, Spokeshaves, Gouges, Chisels, Augers, Auger Bits, Steel Bits Bevils, Levels, Boring Machines, Draw Knives, &c. &c. &c. together with

PAINT OF ALL COLOURS:

Rose, Pink, Burn. Umber, Terra de Sienna, Chrome Yellow, Yellow Ochre, Celestial Blue, Paris Green, Brunswick Green, Magnesia Green, Venetian Green, Red Lead, White Lead, in Oil or Dry, Drop Black, Ivory Black, Lamp Black, Boiled Oil, Raw Oil, Turpentine, Benzole, Coal Oil, Paint Brushes, Varnishes, &c.

THOS BIRKETT,
No. 24, Rideau street,
Sign of the Anvil.

P.S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the City.

Ottawa, Nov 15, 1870.

WANTED.

For the First and Second Departments of the Arnprior Common School, two MALE TEACHERS. Salary for first, four hundred; second, three hundred dollars per annum. Services to commence about 1st January, 1871. Applications received up to 1st December, 1870, Stating qualifications, &c.

DR. CRANSTON
Chairman
GEO. CHALK,
Secretary.
Arnprior, Nov 9, 1870 15 9 3

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,

35 SUSSEX STREET.

Elevated Oven Cook Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Low Oven Cook Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Double Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co
Box and Parlor Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co
Coal Stoves, Base Burners, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
The Quintal Coal Stove, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Parlour Cook Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Dumb Stoves, all sizes, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Hot Air Furnaces, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Stove Pipes and Elbows, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Lumbermen's Supplies, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
1st Prize Stoves can be seen, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Ottawa, Oct. 13, 1870

THOMAS ISAAC,

DEALER IN

Shelf and Heavy Hardware

HENEY'S STONE BUILDING,

Wellington Street, Upper Town, Ottawa

Cooking and Fancy Stove, Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope, Twine, Glass, Oil, Putty, &c., *Always on Hand.*

Ottawa December 20, 1869. 1236.1

ROUSILLON VIN ROUGE.

An excellent light RED WINE for ordinary use, not unlike PORT, but higher in body.

$1 25 Per GALLON.

$4.00 Per DOZEN.

J. P. MACPHERSON,
Wine Merchant,
Elgin Street.
Ottawa, Nov 17, 1870 1516

CANADA PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Application will be made to Parliament, at its next Session, for the Incorporation of a Company to construct a Railway through British North America, connecting with the present Railway system of Canada, and thence to proceed to the North of Lake Superior and through the North West Territory to the Yellow or Leather Head Pass of the Rocky Mountains, there to connect with the projected Railway through British Columbia to the Pacific,—with such powers and privileges as may be necessary to carry the same into operation.

ALFRED WADDINGTON.
Ottawa, Oct 21, 1870 1493 2m

NOTICE

Is hereby given that the Corporation of the City of Ottawa will apply to the Legislature of the Province of Ontario, at its next Session, for an Act to amend the Act Incorporating the Ottawa City Street Passenger Railway Company.

W P LETT,
City Clerk.
Ottawa, Nov 11, 1870 1511 tuk 8w

LANGUAGES.

A GAY, B. A., French Teacher at the GRAMMAR SCHOOL, offers his leisure hours to persons desirous of learning the French, Spanish or Italian languages. A thorough knowledge is acquired in a short time. Charges moderate.

Mrs Robitaille's Boarding House, Sparks-st.
Ottawa, Nov 18 1870 1517 2w

Insurance.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY of Canada, Head Office, Toronto.

President—The Hon John Billyard Cameron M.P.
Vice President—Lewis Moffatt, Esq.
Other Directors—C J Campbell, Esq, Hon Malcolm Cameron, W T Macdonnell, Esq, A R McMaster, Esq, H S Howland, Esq, Geo Duggan, Esq, a T Fulton, Esq, Angus Morrison, Esq, M P J S Crooker, Esq.
Banker—The Canadian Bank of Commerce.
Agents for Ottawa—Messrs J T & W PENNOCK.

The rates of the PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY are as low as its long experience has shown to be profitable

The cost of the value of insurance is, however not when the premiums are being paid, but when losses are being settled, and, from the equity and promptness of its settlements the Provincial Insurance Company is now and to come.

Its inspectors are always sent to adjust every important loss directly it occurs.

It has no adjusted losses due and unpaid.

It respectfully solicits a share of the patronage of the insuring public of Ottawa.

ARTHUR HARVEY, Manager.
1298tf

UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 12th October, 1869.

No. 184.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 35 The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.
Deposit in U. S. 5s of '81—$50,000.

D. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B
For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON, Auditor

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U.S. Gold Bonds, 5s of '81

The Hon. Col. John Hamilton Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

D. R. CORWIN, Manager
Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 394tf

Steamers.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION CO'Y'S STEAMERS.

MAIL STEAMER

"QUEEN VICTORIA,"

CAPT. BOWIE,

Has commenced her regular trips between Ottawa and Montreal, with Mails and Passengers, leaving Ottawa at 7 a.m. daily.

MARKET STEAMER

FAIRY

CAPT. NICHOLS,

Will commence running her regular trips from Major's Wharf to Ottawa over Monday and Saturday leaving Major's at 5 a.m, and Ottawa at 4 p.m.

R W SHEPHERD.
Ottawa, April, 25, 1870 1341tf

UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY

CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after the FIRST OF SEPTEMBER, THE STEAMER ANN SISSON, Will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted) at 7 a.m., for Point Fortune, and intermediate ports. The steamer

"JASON GOULD"

Will leave Pembroke Daily at 2 p.m. steamer

"SIR JOHN YOUNG"

Will leave Havelock daily at 7 a.m for Chapeau returning will leave Chapeau at 1 o'clock p.m.

R D CASSELS, President
Ottawa, August 22, 1870 144 U

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown.....$100 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.
Liverpool or Queenstown.....35 00
PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER TO HALIFAX
First Cabin, Payable in Gold.
Liverpool or Queenstown.....$100 00
Halifax.....20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer.....45 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.
Liverpool or Queenstown.....30 00
Halifax.....15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer.....30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's Office,
JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
15 Broadway, New York,
or HENRICK & CROMBIE Ottawa.

DOMINION TELEGRAPH INSTITUTE,
34 KING STREET EAST,
TORONTO, ONT.
ESTABLISHED IN 1868,

For the purpose of qualifying Operators for the TELEGRAPH AND RAILROAD LINES

Then and now so rapidly building in the Dominion and United States. It is become one of the Permanent Institutions of the Country.

And has turned out OVER 100 OPERATORS,

Who now fill important positions with GOOD SALARIES,

LADIES and GENTLEMEN desiring to learn this light and honourable profession, should do so at once. The average length of time required is three months. Ladies learn more rapidly than gentlemen. Both sexes admitted from 14 years of age and upwards.

For full particulars and terms address
T B CHURCHILL,
Toronto, Ontario.
Ottawa, September 22, 1870 13

FOR SALE.

A beautiful country residence with Fifteen (15) Acres of Land (or more if necessary) attached; the house and outbuildings being completely surrounded by a grove of lively shade trees. The whole within 10 minutes drive of the Government Buildings.

Terms of sale, cash. If preferable to purchaser Otherwise a small payment down, and the balance in from 5 to 10 years, to suit purchaser.

Apply to the Proprietor,
R A BRADLEY,
Solicitor, Elgin-st., Ottawa.
Nearly opposite the Post Office.

N. B.—Money to lend on Real Estate Terms easy.

OUT TO-DAY.

THE Canadian Parliamentary Calendar AND Directory for 1870.

To be obtained
COPE & CO., and JONES & HOLLAND
1366tf

Medical.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

As a family Remedy it is well and favourably known relieving thousands from pain in the Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Has now been before the public for a length of time and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions have been properly followed, but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing the Diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it.

Price only twenty five Cents per bottle.

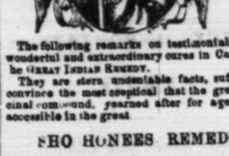
NORTHROP & LYMAN.

Sold in Ottawa by H F McCarthy, J Skinner, John Robertson, J P Featherston, George Mortimer, W M Massey, and all Medicine Dealers.

November 30, 1870 1527y

SHOSHONEE REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!



The following remarks on testimonials of more wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHO HONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Erestown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Conneaut, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hoover, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but had now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonee Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pills, $1. 12y

To Messrs. GRAHAM, LAIN & SILLS, Conway Falls, County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:

Shoshone, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Feb 9th, 1869

This is to certify that during the winter of 1868 I was taken with a weakness of the ankles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk but was confined to my room. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing at different times three doctors, and medicine of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonee Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands, in fact I was getting almost helpless. I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonee Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonee Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings, his ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonee Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle.

A F WOOD, J P,
Warden of Hastings Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.

For sale by DRUGGISTS AND GROCERS throughout Canada.

TRADE MARK GARDNER'S MONTREAL

GARDNER'S QUININE WINE BITTERS,

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons recovering from illness. For sale in quart bottles, price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children—it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardener's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best ask for GARDENER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.
Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.
J GARDENER, Chemist,
457 Notre Dame street, Montreal,
Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

DUTCH BULBS!

The Subscriber has just received a full assortment from a celebrated Grower in HOLLAND, both for Spring Gardening and in-door Culture

THE ASSORTMENT INCLUDES
Hyacinths, many varieties,
Tulips, "
Lilies, "
Narcissus, "
Jonquils, "
Anemones, "
Ranunculus, "
&c., &c.

The Flower Roots above mentioned not coming to hand till late in the season, are offered for sale at low prices.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE,
Druggist,
40 Sparks-st, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Nov. 18, 1870 1317y1

Medical.

GABRIEL'S PREPARATIONS

TRADE MARK. MANUFACTURED ONLY BY MESSRS GABRIEL, Dentists, LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.

FOR THE TEETH.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH.

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers.

MESSRS. GABRIEL,
Dentists,
64 Ludgate Hill, London.

And at LIVERPOOL and SHREWSBURY.

GABRIEL'S WHITE SUTTA PERCHA CEMENT, for Stopping Decayed Teeth. Renders the teeth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations

GABRIEL'S SILVER ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth. Price 2s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE, for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.

See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it. Price 2s.

PARTIES AT A DISTANCE REQUIRING ARTIFICIAL TEETH may have them supplied, in partial or complete sets, on Messrs. Gabriel's new system, by sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of One Guinea, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded, with all necessary instructions. Messrs. Gabriel will undertake to Remodel or Repair Artificial Teeth made by other Dentists, (which do not prove satisfactory), at moderate charges.

Messrs. Gabriel's Pamphlet on Artificial Teeth and painless Dentistry on receipt of postage.

*** All letters to be addressed to 64 LUDGATE HILL, LONDON. 1333 1-w1w lawx6m

MADRID 1867 — PARIS 1867 — LONDON 1862 — PRIMERA CLASE — MENTION HONORABLE — GENERAL EXCELLENCE

ALkabasar

ARRIVED AT LAST!

This elegant Turkish TONIC is one of the most salutary and delicate preparations ever submitted for public approval in this hemisphere, and asserts its pretentions to patronage on the following grounds:—

That it is a preparation of one of the most eminent Purveyors to the Ottoman Court.

It prevents acidity of the Stomach.

It relieves lowness of spirits.

It is a mild and invigorating tonic, and a cordial without innocuous stimulant.

It renders the breath sweet and agreeable.

It stimulates the appetite if taken BEFORE meals.

It promotes digestion if taken AFTER meals.

It tranquilizes the prepensity for strong liquors.

It renders the intellect bright and clear.

If taken habitually it imparts vitality and energy to all the bodily organs.

By its use a man of 70 will become, as it were, restored to the elasticity of 30; and by persons of delicate constitutions it is strongly recommended.

It is an especial favourite with Oriental ladies.

Secure, then, health, longevity and vital energy by the habitual use of the ALKABASAR TURKISH TONIC

Kept in stock by the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion

For directions for use see labels on bottles

HENRY CHAPMAN & CO., EVANS, MERCER & CO., Montreal,
Sole Agents for the Dominion
Montreal, July 6. 1415-y

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission on the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion,

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,
Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F. GIANELLI

H. R. PRIPP,

ORGANIST AND TEACHER OF MUSIC.

Residence—Elgin Street, South of Slater Street.

Classes for beginners at Mr Gowan's Hall on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 4½ p.m.

Ottawa, July 15th, 1870. 1410 tf

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatoire of Paris. Lessons on Piano or Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street.

Ottawa, June 23, 1870 1755y

LOST

From the Farm of MRS. STEWART on the bank of the Canal, on the 20th inst., TWENTY-THREE LAMBS marked with a stroke on the back with an Iron. Information to be given to WM. CLATTERY, Butcher By Ward Market.

August 25 (Post)

Commission Merchants.

J. BERMINGHAM,

GENERAL AUCTIONEER.

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit continuance of the support and patronage liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate, that in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p.m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required.

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 25.

Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hands for sale

J BERMINGHAM
Auctioneer

Ottawa, March 1870.

M. FOOTE & COMPANY,

IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALER IN TEAS AND WINES,

6 HOSPITAL STREET MONTREAL.

Ottawa August 23, 1870 n1444tf

DOMINICK FOX.

GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT, Clarence Street, next to the City Hotel Ottawa.

Solicits the patronage of the Lumber Merchants generally on the Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging men and attending to their rafts while passing here to the best of his ability.

REFERENCES.

Alex Fraser, Esq. Walter Smith, Esq.
Joseph Aumoupore, Esq. R W Cruice, Esq.
1324t.

W. H. EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS, FORWARDERS

DEALERS IN

Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c

OTTAWA,

End of Little Sussex-st.

Cash advanced on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases

W. H. EASTON R. M. EASTON

FOR SALE:

MESS AND PRIME MESS PORK.

FLOUR NO. 1 & EXTRA

WHITE BEANS,

At Ottawa, Sand Point and Pembroke.

S CHRISTIE,
No 5 Sparks street.
Ottawa, Aug 18, 1870

GOVERNMENT HOUSE.

OTTAWA, 26th day of Sept., 1870.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs and under and in virtue of the authority given by the 8th Section of the Act 31 Vic. Cap. 6, intituled "An Act respecting the Customs." His Excellency has been pleased to make the following Regulation:

Grand Harbour, in the Island of Grand Manan, in the Province of New Brunswick shall be and the same is hereby erected into a Out Port of Customs, and attached to the Port of Campo Bello (Welchpool)

WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Privy Council,
Canada
Ottawa, Oct. 4, 1870. 1478:

GOVERNMENT HOUSE.

OTTAWA, Thursday, 22nd day of Sept, 1870

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs and under and in virtue of the 54th Section of the Act 31st Victoria Cap. 6, intituled "An Act respecting the Customs.

His Excellency has been pleased to Order and it is hereby Ordered, that the Out Port of Port Ryerse attached to the Port of Dover, in the Province of Ontario, be and the same is hereby constituted and appointed to be a Warehousing Port, within the meaning of that Act.

WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Privy Council,
Canada.
Ottawa, Oct. 4, 1870. 1478 2

Medical.

Ayer's Hair Vigor,

For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.

A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. *Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color with the gloss and freshness of youth.* Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

HAIR DRESSING,

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,

PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS,

LOWELL, MASS.

PRICE $1.00.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

For Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption.

Probably never before in the whole history of medicine, has anything won so widely and so deeply upon the confidence of mankind, as this excellent Remedy for pulmonary complaints. Through a long series of years, and among most of the races of men it has risen higher and higher in their estimation, as it has become better known. Its uniform character and power to cure the various affections of the lungs and throat, have made it known as a reliable protector against them. While adapted to milder forms of disease and to young children, it is at the same time the most effectual remedy that can be given for incipient consumption, and the dangerous affections of the throat and lungs. As a protection against sudden attacks of *Croup*, it should be kept on hand in every family, and indeed as all are sometimes subject to colds and coughs, all should be provided with this antidote for them.

Although settled *Consumption* is thought incurable, still great numbers of cases where the disease seemed settled, have been completely cured, and the patient restored to sound health by the *Cherry Pectoral*. So complete is its mastery over the disorders of the Lungs and Throat, that the most obstinate of them yield to it. When nothing else could reach them, under the *Cherry Pectoral* they subside and disappear.

Singers and Public Speakers find great protection from it.

Asthma is always relieved and often wholly cured by it.

Bronchitis is generally cured by taking the *Cherry Pectoral* in small and frequent doses.

So generally are its virtues known that we need not publish the certificates of them here, or do more than assure the public that its qualities are fully maintained.

Ayer's Ague Cure,

For Fever and Ague, Intermittent Fever, Chill Fever, Remittent Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical or Bilious Fever, &c., and indeed all the affections which arise from malarious, marsh, or miasmatic poisons.

As its name implies, it does *Cure*, and does not fail. Containing neither Arsenic, Quinine, Bismuth, Zinc, nor any other mineral or poisonous substance whatever, it in nowise injures any patient. The number and importance of its cures in the ague districts, are literally beyond account, and we believe without a parallel in the history of Ague medicine. Our pride is gratified by the acknowledgments we receive of the radical cures effected in obstinate cases, and where other remedies had wholly failed.

Unacclimated persons, either resident in, or travelling through miasmatic localities, will be protected by taking the *AGUE CURE* daily.

For *Liver Complaints*, arising from the sluggishness of the Liver, it is an excellent remedy, stimulating the Liver into healthy activity.

For Bilious Disorders and Liver Complaints, it is an excellent remedy, producing many truly remarkable cures, where other medicines had failed.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & Co., Practical and Analytical Chemists, Lowell, Mass., and sold all round the world.

PRICE $1 PER BOTTLE.

LEA & PERRINS' CELEBRATED WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

Declared by Connoisseur TO BE THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.

CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivalled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,

and to see that their names are upon the wrapper, labels, stopper and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and venders of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c, &c, and by Grocers and Oilmen universally. 52y1236 law

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly, which are published in the "Ontario Gazette", to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the Session.

CHARLES T GILLMOR,
Clerk of the House.
Toronto March 15, 1870 1389 td law.

NOTICE.

I hereby give notice that I shall not be responsible for any debts contracted in my name after this date without my written order.

CHAS. GOULDEN.
Ottawa, August 6 3m

Miscellaneous.

WHISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.

W. S. WHISTLE. R. LANG.

JAS. SIMS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.

REFERENCES.—H Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Rend's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.

OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

PRESERVE YOUR ROOFS.

PATENT PLASTIC SLATE PAINT,

Is the best and cheapest material in use for preserving new, or repairing old

IRON OR TIN ROOFS,

No matter how bad their condition. Also fire rate for

SHINGLE ROOFS,

Making them FIRE AND WATER PROOF,

Hardens into a coating of SOLID SLATE by exposure.

Price $6 a barrel, mixed ready for use.

A barrel will cover 10 squares (10 x 10).

SHEATHING FELT

For lining Frame Buildings under the clap boards. An effectual protection against cold, damp and vermin. Rats and mice will come near it.

No FRAME DWELLING should be without

Send for Circular, Instructions, &c.

BUCHANAN & CO.,
Wholesale Depot for Roofing Materials and Founder's Supplies,
22 Lemoine Street.
Montreal.
Ottawa, September 21, 1870 1468

A. E. GENDREAU,

HAIR DRESSING PARLOUR,

Wellington street,

Opposite the Bank of Montreal.

MR GENDREAU, the proprietor of that so popular Parlour, has the pleasure to announce to his numerous friends and the public in general, that to answer to the great encouragement which he has received up to the present, he has determined to enlarge and thoroughly furnish anew his establishment. He will save no expense to render Parlour the most comfortable, and obliging, in the city. Most experienced hair dressers.

MR GENDREAU having served considerable time in some of the best and most extensive Hair Dressing Saloons in the Dominion and United States, is in a position to conduct the duties of his establishment in a manner that cannot be surpassed.

He will have always on hand the best perfumes imported directly from Paris and London.

MR GENDREAU solicits a visit to convince all of the truth of his statements.

SATCHELL BROS

BUTCHERS TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantly on hand

FRESH KILLED *STALL-FED* BEEF AND MUTTON.

ALSO,

THEIR CELEBRATED SPICED AND SALT ROUND, AND *ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES,*

To be had at

THEIR STALLS,

Nos. 5 and 7,

BY-WARD MARKET

No Benzine or Coal Oil used.

THE LANG CO'S PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT. HANDSOME WALL PAINTING AND STYLISH SIGNS

A. W. LANG, Sparks Street.

PEOPLE'S TELEGRAPH COMPANY

Incorporated under Chapter LXVII of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada

OTTAWA OFFICE—G P DESMOND'S Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.

DIRECTORS:

A JOSEPH, Chairman; D C THOMSON, Treasurer; S B FOOTE A THOMSON, T H DUNN. DESMUOND Manager 1161tf

TWO OR THREE GENTLEMEN can be accommodated with

ROOMS, WITH OR WITHOUT BOARD.

Apply at

MR. ROWSELL'S,
Opposite the Union Hotel,
Centre Town.
Ottawa, July 5 1870 1430 t

EDGAR DOWARD, Organist Christ Church, teacher of Organ, Piano and Singing. Residence—O'Connor street. Mr. Doward was formerly Choirster Boy and Articled Pupil of Mr W. Done, of Worcester Cathedral, England.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

In the matter of

JOSEPH HENRY CASSELS,

the Village of Kenmore

AN INSOLVENT.

ASSIGNEES SALE OF REAL ESTATE

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power vested in me as Assignee of the estate and effects of the above named insolvent, I shall offer for sale by Public Auction, at the Court House, in the City of Ottawa, at the hour of 12 o'clock, noon on FRIDAY, the TWENTY-FIFTH day of NOVEMBER next, all the estate, right, title, interest and equity of redemption of the said Insolvent, and of myself, as such Assignee as aforesaid, in and to that certain parcel or tract of land and premises situate, lying and being in the Township of Gloucester, in the County of Carleton, containing by admeasurement fifty acres of land be the same more or less, being composed of the west quarter of lot number two, in the third Concession of the said Township, Rideau Front.

Terms and conditions made known at the time of sale, and particulars can be had by applying to

CHAS BAILLIE,
Assignee,
401 Notre Dame St.
Dated Montreal, 17th Sept, 1870. 1469 3aw271

GREAT CENTRAL AIR LINE ROUTE VIA GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.

[The Model Road of Canada]

To Sarnia, Detroit, Milwaukee, CHICAGO, Cincinnati, St. Louis, New Orleans, and all Points in the West and South.

NORTHERN TRANSPORTATION CO'S 20 First-Class Upper Cabin Steamers.

DAILY LINE BETWEEN OGDENSBURG & CHICAGO,

Making sure connections with Railway for all Points West and South.

Parties going west can secure Tickets at this office to any Point desired, VIA ALL RAIL OR ALL BOAT

Fares always cheaper than by any other Route.

Be sure and procure TICKETS at this office by the GREAT CENTRAL ROUTE AND SAVE MONEY, TIME AND DISTANCE

Comparative distance of the several Western Routes to Chicago:

American—Ogdensburg or Prescott.....	
to Chicago	850 miles
Grand Trunk to Detroit.....	730 do
Grand Trunk to Toronto, Great Western to Detroit.....	730 do
Leaving in favor of the Great Central Route	120 do

For TICKETS to any Points in the United States, and all information apply to

J P SHOORAN,
General Western Railway and Steamboat Ticket office, at H Palmer's store, next to England's Drapery, Sussex street two doors from Rideau st

IN CHANCERY.

Pursuant to a decree of the Court of Chancery, made in a cause Spain vs. Watt, the creditors of Martin Spain, late of the Township of Nepean, in the County of Carleton, who died in or about the month of NOVEMBER, 1867, are on or before the 15th NOVEMBER next, to send by post prepaid, to Messrs. Kennedy & Christie, of the City of Ottawa, the Solicitor of the Defendants, Arthur Watt, the Executor of the deceased, their christian and surnames, addresses and descriptions, the full particulars of their claims, a statement of their accounts and the nature of the securities (if any) held by them, or in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said decree.

Every Creditor holding any security is to produce the same before me at my Chambers, at the City of Ottawa, on the 23rd day of November, 1870, at 11 o'clock, in the forenoon, being the time appointed for adjudication on the claims.

Dated the 21st day of October, 1870.

(Signed), W. M. MATHESON, Master at Ottawa

SCOTT & ROSS,
Plaintiff's Solicitors.
Ottawa, Oct. 24, 1870 1495 1d

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,

OTTAWA,

10th day of November, 1870.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

Whereas it has been represented to His Excellency, that the public convenience would be promoted if the Out-Ports of St Armand and Rouse's Point, which are situate in closer proximity to the Port of St. Johns, than to that of Montreal, with which they are now connected, were detached from the last mentioned Port and placed under the survey of the Port of St. Johns; His Excellency on the recommendation of the Hon the Minister of Customs, and under and in pursuance of the 8th section of the Act 31st Victoria Chapter 6, intituled:

"An Act respecting the Customs," has been pleased to Order, and it is hereby Ordered that on, from and after the First day of December next the Out-Ports of St Armand and Rouse's Point shall be and they are hereby respectively detached from the Port of Montreal and placed under the Survey of the Port of St. Johns, in the Province of Quebec.

WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Privy Council,

PRESTON & ROWSELL.

MILITARY TAILORS AND HABIT MAKERS

NO. 36 SPARKS STREET

PRESTON & ROWSELL

A SELECT ASSORTMENT OF

Tweeds,

Broad Cloths,

Doe Skins,

Fancy Coatings,

Vestings, &c.

SHIRTS MADE TO ORDER

Ottawa, July 26, 1870.

HIGHER EDUCATION.

HELLMUTH COLLEGE.

Board and Tuition per annum, $22.

HELLMUTH LADIES' COLLEGE

Inaugurated by H. R. H. Prince Arthur. Board and Tuition $236 per annum.

PATRONESS:—The Very Rev. I. Hellmuth, D.D., Dean of Huron

For Particulars apply to Major Evans, London, Canada West.

August 8, 1870. 1 : 1

Sarsaparilla,

PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

The reputation this excellent compound has derived from the many cures of which are truly marvellous, has caused numerous imitations to appear, bearing some resemblance to it in name, hoping to share in the success of the original. But the fact that they are not cured by the first, is the best evidence that they are not the same in character or effect. Scrofulous poison is one of the most destructive enemies of our race. Often, this taint is inherited from parents who unknowingly transmit it with life, and invites the attack of enfeebling or fatal diseases, without exciting a suspicion of its presence. Again, it seems to breed infection through the entire system, so that, on some favorable occasion, it may develop into one or either of its hideous forms, either on the surface or among the vitals. Scrofula, either in the form of humors forced to the surface, or hidden, or also may be suddenly developed in the lungs or vitals, forms of *Scrofulous* disease. Also in its more concealed forms, as *Dyspepsia, Dropsy, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Neuralgia*, and the various *Cutaneous* affections of the skin, and nervous systems.

Syphilis or *Venereal* and *Mercurial Diseases* are cured by it, though a long time is required to eradicate these obstinate maladies by any remedy. But long continued use of this medicine will surely root the complaint. *Leucorrhea* or *Whites*, *Ulcerations*, and *Female Diseases*, for which it is commonly seen relieved and ultimately cured by its purifying and invigorating effect. Hence its recommendations for each case are found in our Almanac, supplied gratis. *Rheumatism* and *Gout*, which are caused by accumulations of extraneous matter in the blood, yield quickly to it. It also *Liver

The Times

VOL. V. NO. 1530. OTTAWA, SATURDAY DECEMBER 3, 1870 PRICE—3 CENTS

AGENTS WANTED, who can make from $5 to $10 a day. Address, T. W. FARRELL, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Nov 11, 1870 1511 1m

Legal.

J. W. WARD, Barrister-at-law, Advocate, &c. Opposite Russell House, Ottawa Canada.

WRIGHT & CLEMOW, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c, &c, for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec. Office over Durie's Book Store, Sparks street, Ottawa.
W McKay Wright 128 F C Clemow.

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 358y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.
Robert Lees. 43utf John J. Gemmell.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister, Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

KEEFER & KIMBER, Barristers and Attornies at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, &c, for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec. Office—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.
Augustus Keefer. Rene Edward Kimber.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

J. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
William Mosgrove. 366tf George Taillon

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

Medical.

DOCTOR HENDERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Surgery—That recently occupied by Dr. Malloch, Duke st, Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1388y

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.
N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be found at his residence, Murray street.

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 54utf

GEORGE HUTCHISON, L. D. S.,
SURGEON DENTIST,
Sparks Street.
OPPOSITE "TIMES" OFFICE.

DR. HUTCHISON is fully prepared to supply sets of TEETH, or to insert single Teeth where wanting, on either gold, silver or vulcanite rubber plates, fitting so closely and easily to the mouth as to be capable of all the uses to which natural teeth are applied, without the slightest inconvenience to the wearers, and after using for a short time in use, without even a consciousness of the presence of a substance originally foreign to the mouth.

Dr. H. with a view to the removal of painful consciousness during the operation of extracting decayed or diseased teeth, has introduced into his practice the use of the Nitrous Oxide or laughing gas, which the sufferer inhales without danger or inconvenience, and loses his tooth as it were in a pleasant dream.

He may be consulted any day, except Sunday, at his office from 9 a. m. to 6 p. m.

Ottawa, September 2, 1870

Hotels and Saloons.

THE METROPOLITAN, AUMOND'S BLOCK, *Rideau Street Ottawa.*
193tf P. O'MEARA, Proprietor.

WAVERLY HOUSE,
BARRINGTON-STREET,
HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,
Established 1851.
Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.
969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE, Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.
E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor, (Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)
A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT, M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor*, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brandies Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Oysters, Game &c., daily

MR. DUIGNAN'S,
SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA
A few more gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen visiting the Capital will find superior accommodation by the day or week at moderate terms.
N B—This house is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Parliament Buildings and the ... 2191f

THE UNION HOUSE,
W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR,
CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS
OTTAWA.
EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.
The Bar always supplied with the
CHOICEST LIQUORS,
And the table spread with
EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON
Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.

ST. R. HIGGINS,
Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co, General Commission Agent, Importer, Manufactures and Mining Agent. Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mann Bros Hardware Store.

DANCING AND DEPORTMENT.
Mrs Robert Stewart having made arrangements with an accomplished lady teacher, announces that her Dancing Classes will commence on Wednesday, the 22nd instant.
Further particulars may be obtained on application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street.
Ottawa September 9th, 1869. 1148tf

WANTED.
An experienced First-class Common School Teacher, who is not afraid to compete (so far as his profession is concerned) with any person in either Province, desires an engagement in Ontario, to date from the first of January next. Best of references.
Address, stating salary, &c.,
A D PRATT, Hull, P. Q.
Hull, 31st Oct, 1870 1502tf

WANTED by a young Lady a situation. Is competent to teach French, and is a good ... would go out by the day if necessary.
Ottawa, Nov 21, 1870 1519 1a

Groceries.

DENIS WHELAN,
39 RIDEAU STREET,
OTTAWA
HAVING OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT
(*nearly opposite the Old Stand,*)
offers for sale at VERY LOW PRICES a large and well selected stock, comprising Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy Soaps, Sauces, Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, Candles, Coarse and Fine Salt. Also, *Bordeaux and their Vinegars*
MESS PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS,
and the numerous other articles necessary to constitute a complete stock.
TEAS— Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial Young Hyson, quite fresh and cheap.
COFFEE— Fresh Coffee *ground* and *roasted* daily on the premises.
LIQUORS— COGNAC BRANDIES Renault & Co, Hennessy, Piper's and other brands.
HOLLAND GIN— De Kuyper's and Houtman's, in wood bottle.
WINES— Sherries of all grades, Ports of fine quality, Burgundy, Sauterne and Maderia Wines all prices, in wood and bottle, improved by age.
HIGHWINES, OLD RYE, PROOF AND WHISKEY,
High proof and flavor, at extremely low prices. Thorne's and Stewart's Scotch Whiskey and Old Tom.
Dunville's Irish Whiskey.
Murphy's Old Irish Potteen.
Guinness' and London Porter, pts and qts.
Molson's and other Ales.
Sugars and Syrups, all grades.
Sale at refiners' prices.
THE OLD STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE SELLING AT TWENTY-FIVE PERCENT BELOW COST.
Now is the time for bargains. 1105

1870. 1870.
SPRING IMPORTATIONS.
O'MEARA & CO.
Beg most respectfully to intimate to their friends and customers that they have just received and have ready for inspection
A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT OF CLOTHS AND TWEEDS
Suitable for the coming season, comprising ENGLISH, FRENCH, SCOTCH AND CANADIAN MANUFACTURES OF THE NEWEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE DESIGNS.
THE READY-MADE CLOTHING DEPARTMENT
Is also very complete, and will be found of the best materials and most fashionable styles.
Special attention is called to a
LARGE ASSORTMENT OF SPRING AND SUMMER OVERCOATS
OF THE NEWEST STYLES.
Suspenders, Scarfs, Ties, Collars, Shirts, Gloves, &c, &c. Together with a large and well assorted stock of DRY GOODS.
Tailoring Department under the supervision of a first class cutter.
Suits made to order in best and latest styles. Good fit ensured or no sale.
A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO

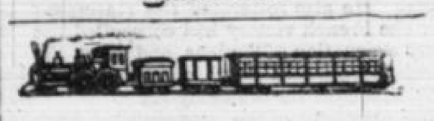
Hardware.

BLYTH & KERR,
No. 25 RIDEAU STREET,
Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c.
All work in any of the above branches executed in a prompt and workmanlike manner.
Special attention given to Roofing and fitting up Galvanized Iron and Tin Gutters, Conductors, &c., &c.
IMPORTERS OF GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.
JUST RECEIVED, ex "Pride of Canada" and "Oceola," a splendid assortment of Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots, Jelly Moulds, Wire Dish Covers, Spice Boxes, Ladies' Dressing Cases, Trays, Enamelled Pie Dishes, Preserving Pans, Deit Milk Saucepans, &c., &c.
Constantly on hand, Cooking Stoves, (best makers) Hot Air Furnaces, Water Coolers, Baths, (all kinds) Cutlery, Plated and Britannia Metal Ware,
—ALSO—
FISHING TACKLE, comprising Rods, Lines, Flies, Hooks, Floats, Trolls, Panniers, Landing Nets, Fly Books, &c. &c.
Ottawa, August 10, 1870 1432 ly

DARLEY'S
ARABIAN OIL
FOR HORSES AND CATTLE
A NEVER-FAILING REMEDY.
This valuable preparation combines all the medicinal virtues of those articles which long experience has proved to possess the most safe and efficient properties for the cure of Flesh Wounds, Sprains, Bruises, Galls of all kinds, Cracked Heels, Ring Bone, Spavin, Callous, Fistula, Sweeney, External Poisons, Scratches or Grease, Strains, Lameness, Mange, Witlows, Corns, Sand Cracks, Foundered Feet, Horn Distemper, Swellings, and many other diseases which horses and cattle are subject to.
The celebrated Liniment has been used for many years, and its curative properties thoroughly tested, and it is conceded to be the cheapest and most reliable remedy for all external complaints ever offered to the public—it never fails when timely used and faithfully applied.
To be had of all Druggists and Country Merchants throughout the Dominion. Price 25c. per bottle.
NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, Ont. Proprietors.
Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W M Massey, H F McCarthy, J Skinner, in Ottawa, all Medicine Dealers.
November 24, 1870 1522tf

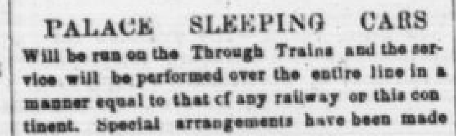
WANTED
By a young girl a situation as SEAMSTRESS, or DRESS-MAKER, in a private family or place of business.
References given if required. Apply at the TIMES OFFICE.
August 1st, 1870 1424-tf

Railroads.

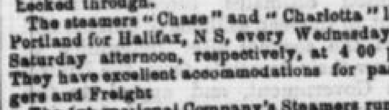


GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY OF CANADA.

Special attention is directed to this Company's announcement, in regard to the
RUNNING OF TRAINS FOR THE ENSUING SEASON.
In addition to the Fast Time which it is intended to make between the
EAST AND WEST,
With close connections at all points. The line will be equipped with handsome
NEW FIRST-CLASS CARS,
Unsurpassed on the continent.
TRAINS WILL RUN BETWEEN
Portland and Montreal in 13 Hours.
Montreal and Toronto in 13 Hours.
Stopping only at the most important Stations.
As fast as completed,
PULMAN'S PALACE SLEEPING CARS
Will be run on the Through Trains and the service will be performed over the entire line in a manner equal to that of any railway on this continent. Special arrangements have been made to accommodate the pleasure travel.
For further particulars see advertisements and time tables.
C J BRYDGES, Managing Director.
June 3 1870. 1437tf



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY OF CANADA
IMPROVED SERVICE OF TRAINS FOR THE SUMMER OF 1870.
ACCELERATION OF SPEED.
NEW CARS ON ALL EXPRESS TRAINS.
Portland to Montreal in 13 Hours.
Montreal to Toronto in 13 Hours.
On and after JUNE 13th the new arrangements will be put in force, and trains will leave Montreal as follows:
GOING WEST.
Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points west at ... 9 00 a m
NIGHT, do do ... 9 00 p m
Mail Train for Toronto and intermediate Stations ... 7 00 a m
Accommodation Train for Brockville and intermediate stations ... 5 00 p m
Trains for Lachine at 6 00 a m, 7 00 a m, 9 15 a m, 12 noon, 1 30 p m, 4 00 p m, 5 30 p m, and 6 30 p m. The 1 30 p m Train runs through to Province Line.
GOING SOUTH AND EAST
Accommodation Train for Island Pond and intermediate stations at ... 7 10 a m
Express for Boston, via Vermont Central, at ... 9 00 a m
Express for New York and Boston, via Vermont Central, at ... 3 45 p m
Express for New York and Boston, via Plattsburg, Lake Champlain, Burlington and Rutland, at ... 6 00 a m
Do do do do ... 4 00 p m
Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham, Portland and Lower Provinces at ... 1 10 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, and the Lower Provinces, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St Hilaire, St Hyacinthe, Upton, Acton, Richmond, Brompton Falls, Sherbrooke, Lennoxville, Compton, Coaticooke and Norton Mills only at 10 10 p m
Sleeping Cars on all night trains. Baggage checked through.
The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotta" leave Portland for Halifax, N S, every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, respectively, at 4 00 p m. They have excellent accommodations for passengers and Freight.
The International Company's Steamers running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every Monday and Thursday at 6 00 p m for St John, N B, &c.
Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.
For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way station apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station, or at No 39, Great St James Street.
C J BRYDGES, Managing Director.
June 3, 1870 1425tf



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.
1870.] SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS. [1870
Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:
GOING WEST.
Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at ... 0 a m
Night do do do do do ... 0 p m
Accommodation Train for Cornwall and Intermediate Stations at ... 00 p m
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at ... 7:30 am
Trains for Lachine at ... 6:00 a m, 7:00 a m, 9 15 a m, 12 noon, 1:30 p m, 4:00 p m and 5:30 p m.
The 1:30 p m train runs through to Province Line.
GOING SOUTH AND EAST.
Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at ... 7:00 am
Express for Boston at ... 8:40 am
Express for New York and Boston via Vermont Central at ... 3:45 pm
Express for New York and Boston via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at ... 6.00 a m
Express for Island Pond, at ... 2:00 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at ... 10:10 p m
Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.
The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotta" leave Portland every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, for Halifax, N.S., respectively at 4 p m.
They have excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.
The International Company's steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway leave Portland every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 6 p m, for St. John, N.B., &c.
Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.
For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Offices, Bonaventure Station, and 39 Great St James Street.
C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director
Montreal, May, 1870.
OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street. A & H TAYLOR, Agents

ELECTRICITY IS LIFE
PULVERMACHER'S PATENT
GALVANIC CHAIN-BANDS
BELTS, AND POCKET BATTERIES
These highly improved inventions render Electricity perfectly self-applicable, and extremely efficacious in a mild continuous form, no shock or unpleasant sensation being experienced, whereby it becomes a true fountain of health and vigour, speedily soothing agonizing pains, re-animating torpid limbs, reviving the sluggish functions of life, and imparting renewed energy and vitality to constitutions enfeebled by whatever cause. Medicines and their deleterious consequences are thus entirely dispensed with. The daily increasing number of cures effected by PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO GALVANIC SYSTEM is so extensive and varied, that it forcibly points to this invention as the embryo of a universal remedy.
N. B.—The following testimony from the elite of the English medical faculty has been received:
"We, the undersigned, have much pleasure in testifying that Mr. J. L. PULVERMACHER'S recent improvements in his Voltaic Batteries and Galvanic Appliances for Medical Purposes are of great importance to Scientific Medicine, and that he is entitled to the consideration and support of every one disposed to further the advancement of real and useful progress.
"Dated the 9th day of March, 1866.
"SIR CHARLES LOCOCK, Bart., M. D., F. R. C. P.
"SIR HENRY HOLLAND, Bart., M. D., F. R. S.
"SIR WM. FERGUSSON, Bart., F. R. S.
"EDWD. H. SIEVEKING, M. D., M R C S
"SIR J. RANALD MARTIN, F. R. C. S."
PULVERMACHER'S SYSTEM is also approved of by an official report of the Academie de Medicine, Paris, Royal College of Physicians, London, and the Imperial Faculty of Vienna, and its curative virtues are confirmed by thousands of private testimonials of cures effected. (See pamphlet gratis).
These facts appeal to the good sense of every sufferer to avail himself of this scientific and curative progress, to which the inventor has devoted a life-time of study and labour, as an ardent deciple of that great benefactor of mankind, the late illustrious electrician MICHAEL FARADY.
PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC CHAINS are exceedingly effective without the aid of medicine, restriction of diet, or the least derangement of the patient's habits and daily occupations, in the following maladies:

Rheumatism	Female Complaints
Gout	Constipation
Sciatica	Cramp
Lumbago	Sluggish Circulation
Neuralgia	Urinary Disorders
Head and Toothache	Paralysis
Liver Complaints	Epilepsy
Tic Doloreux	Nervous Debility
Indigestion	Functional Disorders
Deafness	&c., &c.
Spasms	

The effects of the application of Pulvermacher's Chains in any of the above disorders is immediately perceptible—the relief of pain instantaneous.
PRICE LIST OF PULVERMACHER'S CHAIN BANDS AND BATTERIES.
B CHAIN BANDS for Nervous Deafness, Head, Tooth, and Face Ache, and Noises in the Head, 21s. to 30s
B CHAIN BANDS for loss of Voice and other affections of the Throat, 10s 6d. to 21s.
N. CHAIN BANDS for Sciatica, Rheumatic, Neuralgia, and Gouty Pains, Local Paralysis, Cramp, &c., 18s, to 22s. and 40s
B CHAIN BANDS for Lumbago, Indigestion, Liver, Chest, and Functional Disorders, &c., (worn as a belt), 22s to 40s and 55s.
B CHAIN BANDS for Writer's Cramp, Trembling, Nervousness, &c, 22s to 30s and 40s.
B COMBINED CHAIN BAND for Central Paralysis, Epilepsy, General Debility Functional Disorders, &c, 30s to 50s.
A complete Set of COMBINED CHAIN BANDS BELTS, and CHAIN BATTERY for restoring vital energy, £5 to £7.
The public are most earnestly cautioned to beware of Pseudo Electric Belts advertised by sham Doctors, &c., for improper purposes, and so severely stigmatized by Vice Chancellor Malins in the suit Pulvermacher vs Hammond, alias Henry James, alias C. T, Raphey, M. R. C. S, alias Henry Burrows, &c, &c.
No Galvanic Belts are genuine but those bearing the fac simile of M. Pulvermacher's signature on the label.
A pamphlet containing full particulars may be had at the Drug Store of A. Christie, Sparks Street.
J. L. PULVERMACHER, Galvanic Establishment, 200 Regent Street, London, W.
Ottawa, September 6, 1870 1455 1awk y

SCYTHES!
SCYTHES!! SCYTHES!!!
AND OTHER
HARVESTING IMPLEMENTS.
At the sign of the ANVIL, No. 24 Rideau street, you can find a complete assortment of
Grass and other Scythes.
Blood Silver Steel, all lengths.
Blood Cast Steel, "
Blood German Steel, "
Pride of the Field silver Steel.
Bonnie Blue Bell, "
Red Rover or Champion "
Flint's Celebrated Scyth,
Whitings Eureka Scyth ground, ready for use.
Hay Rakes, straight and bent.
Hay Forks, two and three prongs.
Straw Forks, three prongs.
Scythes Snathes.
Grain Cradles, Muley and Grape Vine.
Scythes-stones and Grindstones of all sorts and sizes.
—ALSO,—
A complete assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, Paints, Oil, Glass, Putty, Coal Oil, &c., &c.
THOS. BIRKETT, No. 24, Rideau Street.

TO FARMERS
Who have suffered by fire we make a reduction in the price of Stoves,
Elevated Oven Cook Stoves.
Low Oven Cook Stoves.
Double Stoves. Parlour Stoves.
Box Stoves all sizes. Hotel Cook Stoves.
Dumb Stoves. Hot Air Furnaces.
Stove Pipes. Elbows.
Zinc.
Our WINTER STOCK, just received at the
"CAPITAL STOVE DEPOT."
35 Sussex Street,
H MEADOWS & CO.
Ottawa, September 9, 1870.

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

Arrival Departure of Mails.

1870. FALL ARRANGEMENT. 1870.

MAILS	CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE P.M.	DELIVERED A.M.	DELIVERED A.M.	DELIVERED P.M.
Eastern, by Train; Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	11.15		9.30	9.00		4.00
Montreal, by Steamer	6.00					
Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B., by St. L. & O. Railway	11.15		8.30	9.00		4.00
Western, by Train; Toronto, Hamilton, London, Kingston, Western, U.S., and all places west of Prescott	8.30		8.30	9.00		7.15
Fort Garry and other places in the Province of Manitoba to be despatched in closed mail from Windsor, Ontario, daily, via St. Pauls, Minnesota. Ordinary Dominion rates of postage	8.30		8.30	9.00		7.15
United States, by St. L. & O. Railway; Ogdensburgh, New York, Boston, &c	1.15		8.30	9.00		4.00
Lower Ottawa, by Steamer; Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville, &c	6.00			8.00		6.30
Upper Ottawa, by Steamer; Onslow, Arnprior, Sand Point, Renfrew, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c	5.00			8.00	11.00	6.00
Upper Ottawa, by Stage; Pakenham, March, Huntley, Carp, &c			12.15	9.00		
Aylmer, by Stage; Hull, Clarendon, Bristol, &c	5.00	11.00	4.00	9.00		4.00
Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Burritt's Rapids by St. L. & O. Railway	7.30	11.15		9.00		
North Gower, Kars, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	11.15			9.00		1.30
Osgoode, Russell, and Line of St. L. & O. Railway	8.30			8.00		1.30
For Brockville, Perth, Smith's Falls, Appleton and Carleton Place, per Canada Central Railway	8.30		4.30			
For Sand Point and places on the Brockville and Ottawa Railway, North of Carleton Place Junction, and places on C. C. Railway	8.30					5.00
Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate offices daily; Aylwin, Kazabazua, Low, River Desert, Six Portages, Wright, (close Tuesdays and Fridays; arrive Tuesdays and Fridays	6.00					
Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays			12.15		11.30	

Matter posted up to 9.30 p.m. will be forwarded East and West in supplementary package the same night.

The Western Mail arriving at 7 p. m. will be delivered the same evening.

BRITISH MAILS.

Per Cunard Line, close every Tuesday at 10.45 a. m.

Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 10.30 a. m.

A supplementary bag for Canadian steamer will be closed at 11.30, in which all paid unregistered matter will be sent.

MONEY ORDERS

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on special deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

POST OFFICE, Ottawa, 21st Nov., 1870.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper All others are base imitations.

Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment Cures Croup or Rattles.—DR. BINGHAM, of Utica New York, says: "I have used Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment in my practice a number of years, and can say with pleasure I deem it one of the greatest discoveries of the age; for the cure of Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammatory Rheumatism, and in Childbed Fever, it operates with perfect success. In cases of Burns, Bruises, Frost Limbs, it acts like a charm."

DR. J. P. KENNEDY, of Chittenango, New York, says: "It has stood the *test trial*, and has not been found wanting. Its astonishing cures of Inflammation of the Lungs and Croup and the wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of remedies for these complaints."

DR. A. W. BELDING, of Knowlesville, New York says; "I have used it in several cases of Special Irritation and for the worst cases of Piles, and sundry other complaints, and find it a superior article, and well worthy the notice of all."

Purchasers should be sure and ask for Dr. E. Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and see that the words "A. TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT" are on the wrapper.

Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for the Canadas. Sold in Ottawa by all druggists and by medicine dealers everywhere.

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE,
—BY—
P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.
Wholesale and Retail dealers and Commission Merchants, No. 36 Rideau-St., and Duke-St., Chaudiere,
Desire to draw the attention of the Public to their well assorted Stock of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, and Provisions, all of which will be sold at prices not to be rivalled either here or elsewhere.
Having the advantage of buying our Goods at the lowest prices, and direct from the importing Vessels, enables us to sell in future as we have done heretofore, which we hope has given satisfaction to those who have favored us with a call. Rye, Proof and High Wines of the best always on hand. Also, Gin, Brandies and Wines directly imported. Those who have not already tried our Goods are respectively invited to call. Remember our motto. "Quick Sales and Light Profits." Salt and Fish constantly on hand.
P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.
August 7, 1870. 1428-1y

SITUATION WANTED
AS FARMER
A Married Man, who understands farming in all its departments; has had long experience in Canada.
Address R. E., FARMER, Hull, P.Q.

Railroads.

THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.
NOTICE.
ALTERATION OF TIME.
On and from MONDAY next, the 21st inst., three trains will run daily on this Railway as follows:
Going South Ottawa to Prescott.
MAIL will leave Ottawa at 9 30 a m, connecting at Prescott, with the Grand Trunk Express, for the West, and with the Ogdensburg Railway, for Boston, New York, &c.
MAIL will leave Ottawa at 12 00 noon, connecting with the Grand Trunk Express, for Montreal,
EXPRESS will leave Ottawa at 10 30 p m, connecting with the Grand Trunk Expresses, East and West
Going North Prescott to Ottawa.
MAIL will leave Prescott Junction at 6 a m, connecting with the G. T. Expresses East and West, and arriving in Ottawa at 8 30 a m.
MAIL will leave Prescott Junction at 1.25 p m, connecting with the G. T. Express leaving Montreal at 8 a m, and arriving in Ottawa at 3 45 p m.
EXPRESS will leave Prescott Junction at 5 30 p m, connecting with G. T. Expresses, East and West, and arriving in Ottawa at 7 p m
20 minutes allowed at Prescott Junction for refreshments.
Tickets may be obtained on application to any of the Company's Agents, or at any of the Principal Stations of the Grand Trunk Railway.
All trains on this Line are run on Montreal time.
R LUTTRELL, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.
Ottawa, November 19, 1870.

CANADA CENTRAL AND BROCKVILLE AND OTTAWA RAILWAYS.
ALTERATION OF TRAINS.
COMMENCING NOVEMBER 21st
SLEEPING CARS between TORONTO and OTTAWA, going through in 13 HOURS.
On and after MONDAY, 21st November, Trains will run as follows:—
Leave Brockville at 4.45 a.m., 7.10 a.m., and 2.50 p m.
Arrive at Ottawa at 8.38 a m, 12.50 p m, and 8.10 p m.
Leave Ottawa at 9,10 a m, 4.30 p m, and 10.25 p m.
Arrive at Brockville at 2.10 a m, 1 40 p m, and 9. 7 p m.
Arrive at Sand Point at [illegible] p m, and 8 30 p m.
Trains on Canada Central and Perth Branch, make certain connections with all trains on B. & O. Railway.
A Sleeping Car will leave Toronto on Monday, Wednesday and Friday nights, by the Grand Trunk 7 30 p m train, and go through to Ottawa, arriving at 8.38 a m.
Returning, it will leave Ottawa on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday nights, at 10.25 p m. and go through to Toronto by G. T. Train, arriving at Toronto at 11.30 a m.
Freight forwarded with despatch. Car loads go through in Grand Trunk Cars to all points, without transhipment.
Certain connections made with Grand Trunk Trains.
H ABBOTT, Manager.
Brockville, Ont., Nov 14, 1870

IMPORTANT SALE
—OF—
REAL ESTATE,
Mill Property, Farms, Timber Lands, Timber Licenses, &c.
INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.
In the matter of
THOMAS D. LEWIS,
Of Templeton, County of Ottawa, Quebec,
INSOLVENT,
The subscriber will offer for sale by Public Auction, at the Court House, Town of Aylmer, on THURSDAY the fifteenth of December, at twelve o'clock Noon.
The Valuable Real Estate Timber Lands, Saw Mill, known as Eagle Mills, Templeton; Carpenter's and Blacksmiths' Shop, Dwelling Houses, Barns, Stables, &c., erected on the following properities to wit:
In the Township of Templeton, in the County Of Ottawa Quebec:
Fifth Range—West half Lot 15, 100 Acres.
Seventh Range—North half Lots 1, 2, 3. 285 Acres.
Lots 7, 100 Acres.
Eigth Range—Part lot 3, 124 acres.
Part lot 4, 200 acres.
South half lot 5, 100 acres,
Do lot 7, 100 acres.
Do lot 8, 100 acres.
West half lot 12, 100 acres. On this is a valuable farm.
North half lot 17, 100 acres.
Do lot 18, 100 acres.
Ninth Range—North half lot 5, 100 acres.
Lot 13, 200 acres. On this lot is erected a Saw Mill, known as the "Eagle Mills," Carpenter's Shop, Blacksmith's Shop, Cook House, four other Houses, three Barns, and other buildings thereon erected.
South half lot 14, 100 acres, with buildings thereon erected.
South half lot 18, 100 acres.
Tenth Range—West half lot 5, 100 acres.
East half lot 5, 100 acres.
West half lot 6, 100 acres.
Lot 9, 100 acres.
Lot 13, 200 acres, with Dwelling House and Barn.
North half lot 17, 100 acres.
North half lot 18, 100 acres.
North half lot 19, 100 acres.
Eleventh Range—Lot 6, 200 acres. This is valuable timber Land.
Twelfth Range—Part lot 14, 25 acres, commonly called McGregor's Farm.
Thirteenth Range—Part lot 13, 40 acres, with buildings thereon erected.
Also Insolvents interest on lot 15, in the 15th concession of Templeton, Quebec.
—ALSO—
THE UNDERMENTIONED LICENSES COMMONLY CALLED TIMBER LIMITS, will be sold at the same time belonging to same Estate:—
First License—Number Eight (8) for 1870 and 1871, to Cut Timber on the following limits:
PORTLAND, QUEBEC—Area 17½ square miles—To commence at the rear line of the township of Templeton, running on said rear line 6½ miles on the course due north, and in breadth not more than half way to the height of land between the Blanche and Lierve Rivers. The western boundary of this limit is the township of Wakefield. The upper boundary of this limit has only 2½ miles.
Secondly—License number eighty-eight (88) for 1870 and 1871, to cut Timber on the following limits, viz., Wakefield, Quebec.
Area 7½ square miles—Lots number 16, 17, 19, 20 and 21 in the eighth (8) Range; and 17, 18, 19, 21, 26 in the ninth (9) Range; 17 to 20 inclusive, E. ½ 22, N. ½ 25, 26, S. ½ 27, in the tenth Range; and 17, 18, 19, 20, and 21, S. ½ 22, E. ½ 23, S. ½ 24, 25, 26 in the eleventh Range of the township of Wakefield.
Also, the Insolvents interest in the Graphite Company of Canada, 200 shares
Farming and Milling Implements, including a valuable Gumming Machine, Lathe Machine, Dies, Slab Cutters, &c., &c., &c.
For further particulars, apply to
WILLIAM LINDSAY, Assignee,
2, Merchants Exchange Montreal.
November 24, 1870 1522tf

Napoleon and His Generals.

The Emperor, on receiving General Boyer at Wilhelmshohe, is said to have commented on the sudden change of opinion respecting himself in Paris, where the enthusiasm for him in consequence of the declaration of war was almost oppressive. "When," he said, "I was on the point of starting for the army, I intended going from St. Cloud through Paris. The Prefect of Police, however, assured that the enthusiasm of the population was such that they would take the horses out of the carriage in order to drag it, that they would throng the streets, and that all sorts of extraordinary proceedings were to be feared. I was, therefore, obliged to abandon my plan. And you see the same people follow with the same enthusiasm the banner of a few heroes. We shall see whether they make a better hand of it." The *Cologne Gazette* remarks that the Emperor was thought at the time to avoid Paris for fear of some peace demonstrations, which were then of occasional occurrence. "Yesterday morning," says the *Times'* correspondent at Cassel, in a letter of the 3rd inst., "at one a.m., the Frankfort train brought another batch of prisoners. They were escorted by a detachment of the 81st regiment, Hessians, and a strong guard had been drawn up on the platform of the station. When the train had stopped I beheld a scene which I am not likely to witness over again. No less than 21 captive generals of different rank were in the railway station here on one spot, huddled together, and no less than 87 superior officers, the greater part of them belonging to the staff, thronged the platform, to say nothing of about 40 orderlies. They were conducted to the waiting room, and, their number having been found in accordance with the official list of the escorting officers, they were walked off to the Hotel du Nord, opposite the station. A hearty meal had been prepared for the officers in the spacious dining room, while the generals had a smaller room set apart for them. The way in which they did honor to the various dishes proved clearly that for a long time they had not enjoyed such luxuries. These generals were originally to be confined in Cassel, but subsequently a message was received, according to which 16 of them and a part of the officers were to travel on to Berlin, the rest being retained here. Among the latter was General Prince Murat, brother to Achille, who was, by special permission, allowed to take up his residence at Wilhelmshohe. The new comers had not yet risen from the table when another special train ran into the station, bringing the Marshals Leboeuf and Canrobert, General Frossard and ten more officers. Leboeuf is a tall stately figure, his face bearing a pronounced military air. Canrobert is set and stout, of the Bazaine type. They also repaired to the hotel, joining their comrades, and day was already dawning when they went to bed. In the afternoon the marshals, with the exception of Bazaine, and several generals drove to Wilhelmshohe to pay their respects to the Emperor. In company with Leboeuf, Napoleon returned from his usual afternoon's promenade, when Canrobert stood under the western portico of the chateau. The Emperor walked up to him, and, embracing him fervently, and kissed him on both cheeks. They then retired into the palace."

Two Royal Visits.

The Prince of Wales has for the second time this autumn been paying a visit *en garcon* to a nobleman whose grandfather's house was as agreeable to the last holder of the prince's title as that of the present peer seems to be to the prince. Londesborough is the grandson of an Irishman who began life as simple Jack Burton, member of a "good family" in the County of Meath, Ireland. This gentleman had the luck, good or ill, accordingly as people look at things, to win the heart of a Miss Denison, daughter of a millionaire merchant, carrying on business in a nook called St. Mary Axe, London, who brought her husband an enormous fortune. Later he succeeded to an Irish barony, but far higher things were in store.

At a time when George the Fourth's unpopularity was at its height in England the government of the day thought that a visit to Ireland might provoke a wholesome diversion in the King's favor, in that country at all events. No monarch had been there since the time of James the Second, and the royal visit produced all the effect desired. Among those with whom the King was brought into communication on this occasion was the former Miss Denison, and he accepted the invitation to Slane Castle, her husband's seat in Meath. The rumors of the proceedings which took place on the occasion were highly favorable to the hostess's power of pleasing.

From that time the Marchioness of Conyngham, as she presently became, was a prominent royal favourite, and exercised an acknowledged influence over George the Magnificent. Her husband was appointed to a high place at court, and soon after found himself raised to an English peerage, a marquisate. The bulk of Miss Denison's fortune was settled on her second son, Lord Albert Conyngham, with the condition of his resuming the name of Denison. He subsequently became peer under the title of Lord Londesborough, and this is the nobleman who is now revelling in the guinea which came from St. Mary Axe and entertaining princes.

There is a rather curious story, very generally credited by those not given to credulity in reference to an eminent prelate and Lady Conyngham's eldest son. The bishop, when quite young, was travelling with the young nobleman as tutor, and while staying at some place in Switzerland his charge must needs fancy himself madly in love with the very attractive daughter of a poor cure. The tutor was in great consternation; the more he reasoned with his pupil the more determined the youth became. At length in despair he wrote Lady Conyngham; her answer was sharp, sharp short and decisive: "You must marry her yourself;" and it may very well be supposed that an intimation was added that such a service would not be forgotten. Now the tutor was a young man of extraordinary personal advantage, both in looks and manner; he forthwith commenced his suit, putting forth all his power, and before long he had entirely got the better of the amorous earl. They were married. From that time he steadily ascended the rungs of the ladder of fortune until he reached one of the greatest prizes of the Church of England, in days when they were great indeed. It is only right to add that he was a most amiable and excellent man, and that the marriage turned out remarkably well.

BREAKFAST.—EPPS'S COCOA.—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.—The very agreeable character of this preparation has rendered it a general favorite. The *Civil Service Gazette* remarks:—"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills." Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in tin-lined packets, labelled—JAMES EPPS & Co., Homoeopathic Chemists, London.

To hand, our Autumn Shade in "Josephine, best Kid Gloves," also "Jouvines" (gold medal) new colours at 75ct. per pair.
T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & Co.

De Omnibus Rebus.

Telegraphic communication between England and the Channel Islands has been completed by the landing of the shore end of the wire at Plemart Point, in Jersey.

According to *Voss's Gazette*, the German soldiers now in France and fit for service number 690,000, while there are 160,000 horses. The daily requirements of these forces are 250,000 loaves of bread, 185 oxen, 400 cwt. of bacon, 540 cwt. of rice, 160,000 quarts of brandy, and 40 cwt. of coffee, 68,000 cwt. of hay and large quantities of oats and straw.

Prince Christian was sworn in as High Steward of the royal borough of New Windsor, in room of the late Prince Consort. The ceremony was made the occasion of great festivities.

The *Church Herald* states that Mr. Gladstone will be brought forward at the next general election, for the City of London, and that Baron Rothschild will probably retire.

Lady Burgoyne has received from the Empress a costly gold locket, in which Her Majesty's photograph is to be enclosed as a souvenir of her memorable voyage to England in Sir John Burgoyne's yacht, the *Gazelle*, from which she landed at Ryde.—*Hants Advertiser.*

In Scotland, an iron district, said to be of extraordinary richness, is about to be opened in the vicinity of the Pentland Hills, a few miles from Edinburgh.

John Bull is authorized to state that the Empress of the French has determined to abstain, when in this country, from all political action, and has referred to "communiquer de programme a aucun journal."

The prizes offered for competition at the Smithfield Club Cattle Show of the present year amount in the aggregate to nearly £2,500. The exhibition is to be opened on Monday, Dec. 5th.

A letter was received at Paterson the other day directed to "An Honest Man in the Paterson Post-office." No time was wasted in the search, but the missive was at once forwarded to the dead letter office at Washington.

W. Pratt Charles, of Michigan, failed to appear at his wedding because he "didn't feel well enough acquainted with her.

St. Louis has a genius who advertises as a "chronic physician."

German is to be taught in the public schools in New York.

LITERARY.

We hear that the first two volumes of Mr. W. H. Dixon's "History of the Tower" may be looked for in a few months.

Goldsmith's novel, is the title of a new drama lately brought out in London.

The antiquarians of Hartford, after much comparing of notes, have decided that the first theatrical performances in that city were given in 1705.

A new twopenny edition for children has been brought out in Holland of the never-dying "Robinson Crusoe."

The *Athenaeum* hears that the "Stories of Old Japan," by Mr. Mitford, Secretary to our Embassy in Japan, is likely to prove a very curious and interesting book. Its woodcuts have been drawn on the wood by Japanese artists in Japan, and sent over here; so that they may be relied on as genuine.

A recently published English book is said to bear this title: "The Heraldry of Smith: being a Collection of the Arms borne by, or attributed to, most Families of that Surname in Great Britain, Ireland and Germany."

The new book upon Chinese Immigration called "Why and How," will doubtless reach the largest sale of any book published this season, with the exception of Josh Billings's Almanac. It is already running on its third edition.

Two members of the Rothschild family are bringing out "The History and Literature of the Israelites according to the Old Testament and the Apocrypha."—Miss Hampden has written a life of her father, the late Bishop of Hereford, which ought to be an instructive commentary upon factitious ecclesiastical combinations, and a "caution" to agitators, to use an Americanism.

Miss E. S. Drewry has in the press a novel entitled "Baptized with a Curse."

THE ARCH IN BABYLON.—It had long been a question how the Hanging Gardens of Babylon were supported at so great a height—the idea being, until lately, taken for granted that the Babylonians did not understand the principle of the arch. But it is now known that very perfect arches were built in Egypt, in Assyria, and in Babylonia, centuries before Nebuchadnezzar's time, and so the question is simplified. The ancient Romans, when they had to carry a stone acqueduct across a deep ravine, sometimes built three or four tiers of arches one above another, till the required level to which the water was to be carried was reached. In the same manner, on a larger scale, were the hanging gardens raised. They built one storey of arches, covering the required space; on this was placed a second storey, and thus was storey after storey raised.—*The Architect.*

The hereditary Grand Duke of Russia is about to enter the ranks of royal authors with a work on the defence of Sebastopol.

The learned Dr. Credlius has gone to Nancy to search the archives for books taken from German libraries by the French.

VERY NATURAL.—When a person has proved an article and found it good, and answering the purpose for which it is intended, he will not readily abandon it for one of doubtful reputation, or concerning which he knows nothing. We are led to make these remarks owing to the course always pursued by those who have used that celebrated and truly valuable horse-medicine known as "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy." All are so well pleased with it, that they will not use any other; many have waited several weeks until the agent could obtain a new supply. There is nothing equal to it as a condition medicine, or for any complaint affecting the wind of horses. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd & Co., is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada. Sold by all Medicine Dealers.

TWO QUESTIONS EASILY ANSWERED.—Why should men wear beards? Because they are a great protection to the throat and lungs, and add much to their personal appearance.
Why should we use "Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers?" Because when used for coughs, colds, tickling in the throat, Hoarseness, &c., they act like a charm. Ministers and lawyers use them, physicians recommend them, and singers and public speakers say they are the very best medicine in existence for the cure of such complaints. Sold by all medicine dealers, at 25 cts. per box.

An Immense Stock of Ribbons, just marked off For Novelties in Laces, Millinery and General Fancy Goods.
T. HUNTON SHOOLBRED & CO.

Ladies and Children's Fancy Woolen Goods in endless Variety. Clouds from 37½c. to 2.50 at
T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Life in Large Cities—Rev. W. Stephenson.
For Sale or Exchange—W. C. Smillie.
Canada Central and Brockville and Ottawa Railways.—H. Abbott.

The Ottawa Times.

Office: 35, Sparks Street

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 3, 1870.

☞ *For interesting reading matter see First Page.*

The Treasurer of Ontario is in town.

The extension of the Toronto and Nipissing Railway as far as Moose Factory is proposed.

Mr. Bowen, M. P., for the North Riding of Brant, is at the Russell House.

"General" O'Neill has published an "official" account of the Fenian campaign of May last. He says very truly that it failed in consequence of the Fenians being "so backward in coming forward." During his imprisonment, his family were supported by contributions from Horace Greeley, General Butler, and other friends and admirers of fillibusterism.

A Hamilton paper started the report that Mr. Brydges had resigned his position as Managing Director of the Grand Trunk Railway. There is not a word of truth in the story. The English shareholders would not hear of it for a moment, and in fact his resignation would be regarded as a serious calamity on both sides of the Atlantic. In this country it would be universally regretted.

The *British Colonist*, (V. I.), declares itself to be in favor of granting a free homestead to every *bona fide* settler in British Columbia, and we cordially agree with our contemporary in this respect. The *Colonist* says that people who sail up and down the Fraser river, or travel through the Cascades in one of the express coaches, little dream that behind the fringe of fir and cottonwood and jungle, there lies a broad expanse of the richest prairie land, admirably adapted for agricultural purposes.

President Grant has provided no less than twenty three of his relations with situations under Government. Some of them, utterly ignorant men, are entrusted with situations of great trust. One of them, who was a cattle drover and horse breaker up to the time of President Grant's election, is now United States Minister to Guatemala! The New York *Sun* thanks God that the country never before had a President so utterly shameless.

The *British Colonist* (V. I.) argues strongly in favour of Esquimault as the terminus of the Canadian Pacific Railroad, and points out that if no insuperable engineering difficulties exist, the line certainly ought to terminate at that point. At the same time it very sensibly says that the people of Victoria would place themselves in an exceedingly false and unfavorable light, if they allowed the carrying out of Confederation with all its attendant benefits to be endangered, for the sake of securing the terminus of the railway. The fact is that it is simply a money question. Esquimault is without doubt by far the best place for the terminus, but in order to get there a considerable additional outlay will be rendered necessary. The Government should be left free to act as they think best in the matter.

ANNEXATION.

The N. Y. *Tribune* deprecates any agitation or effort on the part of the Americans to bring about the annexation of Canada, and then goes on to try and prove to the people of this country, that socially and politically they would be far better off were they enfolded beneath the sheltering wing of the American Eagle. It tells us that the value of our real estate, produce, &c., would be greatly enhanced, but it omits to say one word concerning the additional burthen of taxation we should be called on to bear, or the higher prices which we should have to pay for all kinds of manufactured goods. In fact it shows only the bright side of the picture and carefully avoids affording us a sight of the reverse. It coolly makes assertions without attempting to prove their correctness, and lays down as an established and universally acknowledged truism that if the Union Jack were superseded by the "stars and stripes;" and a four year's despotism were established in place of our present constitutional form of representative government, prosperity, such as was never known here, and which certainly does not exist in the United States at the present moment, would become permanent in Canada.

Canada is and ever must remain, to a large extent, an agricultural country. As our North West territory is opened up and settled, the proportionate importance of agriculture, as compared with other interests, will become larger. Consequently it may be assumed that the prosperity of the farming community may be taken as a fair evidence of the welfare of the whole. In answer, then, to the *Tribune's* assertions, we will hazard a statement which is capable of verification, and that is that the farmers of Canada are as a rule more prosperous than those of America, that they own of agricultural implements considerably more per acre than their neighbours across the line, that their farms are better cultivated and yield a larger annual return per acre. What has the *Tribune* to say against this?

All this talk about American prosperity and Canadian lack of progress is, after all, the greatest moonshine. Our neighbours are undoubtedly a very energetic "go-ahead" set, and have prospered wonderfully in that great country full of all kinds of magnificent resources which it is their good fortune to possess. But we do not believe that if a fair comparison were instituted between the people of the two countries to-day, it would be found that we are much behind our neighbors. We are quite sure that the Americans cannot be more generally contented than the people of this country are; contented and grateful as Canadians are, not only for the almost universal prosperity which exists throughout the land, but also for that liberty and those political institutions which they deem unequalled.

But even if we were not so prosperous, and had not so much reason to be contented with our lot, the *Tribune* may rely upon it that "agitation" of any kind would be equally ill-advised and useless. We are but giving expression to the sentiments which universally prevail from Halifax to Fort Garry, when we say that neither threats, bribes, or cajoleries of any kind will have any effect upon the people of Canada, or induce them even to *think* of casting aside their birthright with all the glorious privileges and blessings which we enjoy as subjects of Queen Victoria. Friends and good neighbors we wish to be to the Americans, but no nearer tie can ever connect us.

THE SUPREME COURT ACT.

We resume the consideration of this measure. The necessity that was so much felt for the creation of an efficient Court of Appeal was not confined to Upper Canada; in the other Provinces the same want existed and the same difficulty was experienced in supplying it; the machinery of such a tribunal being found too expensive for any one single province. The present proposal is to establish one general Court for the whole Dominion, to which the legal learning of each Province will doubtless contribute its share in supplying efficient judges. The Court is to consist of a Chief and six Puisne judges, and is to have appellate jurisdiction over judgments and decrees from the Court of Error and Appeal in Ontario, of the Court of Queen's Bench in the Province of Quebec, of the Supreme Court in either of the Provinces of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, and of any other Superior Court of last resort now or hereafter established in any Province of Canada. Provision is also made for an appeal from any of the Superior Courts in any of the Provinces by *consent*. Before proceeding with the details of the bill, we may mention, that the measure originated in a Bill introduced last session by Sir John A. Macdonald, but which his very serious illness obliged him to abandon for that session. Since then much care and pains have been bestowed on perfecting the draft and obtaining suggestions and views from the various Provinces interested, and consequently it has undergone much modification and amendment, some of the changes being very decided improvements. To avoid as much as possible professional technicalities we may state in general terms that the leading feature in the new bill is that it omits the enactments giving to the Court a concurrent local jurisdiction, except in cases afterwards mentioned, and creating a Court of Admiralty. Whatever necessity may exist, for such a Court, and we believe such does exist, the grafting of its powers on those of the Supreme Court of Appeal was a mistake, and only calculated to encumber its machinery. This change may therefore be looked on as a good one. The former bill provided for appeals from the Court of Chancery, Queen's Bench, and Common Pleas in Ontario. The present one gives such appeal only by consent of parties, thus leaving litigants still the opportunity of availing themselves of the local Courts of Appeal when their decisions are not open to the objections pointed out in our last article. The new bill gives an appeal from the Supreme Court to the Queen in Council, which the former one did not. This is a privilege which, in all likelihood, will be rarely exercised; the efficiency of the new Court will no doubt, be felt to be such that it will be seldom that suitors will find it necessary to go beyond it to obtain a satisfactory decision of contested questions. Its decrees will carry such weight that they will seldom be appealed from, but that the opportunity might not be denied to any one of invoking the highest English judicial tribunal, the clause relating to the appeal to the Privy Council has been introduced. It is only when the matter at issue is over the value of £500 sterling that this right is given. Similar to the existing provision for appealing from the Court of Error and Appeal in Ontario to the Queen in Council,—apropos of which there appears to be nothing in the shape of an express enactment in this bill which would take away that right should any one choose to exercise it and appeal direct from the Court of Error and Appeal to the Privy Council,—it is only by implication at the utmost that such right is taken away. In addition to the provision for appeal in cases of over £500 value, it is enacted that nothing "in this act shall extend, or be construed to extend, to take away or abridge the undoubted right of Her Majesty, upon the humble petition at any time of any party feeling aggrieved by any judgment of the Supreme Court, in any case in which it may appear to Her Majesty that some constitutional question, or some matter of great public interest, or some right which cannot be estimated in money is involved, or in which for any other reason Her Majesty may be so advised to admit the appeal of such party therefrom upon such terms, securities, limitations, restrictions, and regulations as to Her Majesty may seem fit, or to reverse, correct, or vary such judgment as to Her Majesty may seem meet, but except in cases where an appeal is allowed by this section or the three succeeding sections, (those relating to cases of over £500 value,) the judgment of the Supreme Court shall be final and conclusive." Thus in every possible case, not otherwise provided for, a final resort to Her Majesty is permitted where the decree of the Supreme Court works an injustice. The clause was not in the old act, and may be considered a valuable protection, in the cases it affects, to the rights of suitors. It does not appear to apply to appeals in criminal cases, the judgment of the Supreme Court in such cases being final and conclusive.

Outside Paris all that is known is that the Germans are unweariedly perfecting their arrangements for bombardment, and that a great many additional guns have been brought up to their entrenchments by the invaders. Report says that Von Moltke has been obliged to entrench himself in rear of his position, in order to provide against the threatened assault of the army under Paladines on its western flank.

THE EMPEROR'S PAMPHLET.

The pamphlet which the Emperor Napoleon has published, setting forth the causes of the disasters which have lately fallen upon France and himself, is a remarkable document. There seems to be something unusually sad in the spectacle of a man who, a few short months ago, was to all appearance the arbiter of fate in Europe, sitting down in his captivity to write the history of his own defeat. With merciless criticism he exposes the evil effects of an exaggerated system of centralization, and of the red tapeism and routine which existed in France under the Empire. When Napoleon took the field he knew that France could really only place 300,000 men in the field, against 450,000 Prussians and 100,000 South Germans. What he mainly depended upon was his ability to move with greater celerity and dispatch, and he hoped to be able to cross the Rhine, separate South Germany from Prussia, and by a brilliant success neutralize the former and win the alliance of Austria. But he was deceived. Instead of having 300,000 men at Metz, Strasbourg, and Chalons as he had expected, he had only 180,000 men. These were deficient in field equipments, while his cavalry force was ridiculously small. Waiting for reinforcements, &c., precious time was lost, and then came the terrible disasters of Woerth and Weissenburg. When the army fell back from Metz towards Chalons, the Emperor and Marshal MacMahon wanted to retire upon Paris, the latter declaring that it "was only under the walls of Paris that his troops would be able to offer the enemy any serious resistance." But Ollivier and the Cabinet of the Regency would not hear of this. They sent the most pressing orders to the Marshal directing him to make a flank march to the relief of Metz. The effort was made, and ended in Sedan and in the fall of the Empire. The Emperor's pamphlet shows very clearly that the military organization of France was "a delusion and a snare;" that it collapsed and proved utterly insufficient so soon as it was tested.

BLACKWOODS MAGAZINE FOR NOVEMBER is received and for sale by Messrs. Durie, Bros. It contains the following papers; Nuremburg or how to build houses; A very strange correspondent; The poetry and humour of the Scottish language; Earl's Dene Part XIII; Professor Porter on the Human Intellect; and the Great French Collapse.

THE CANADIAN ALMANAC FOR 1871.—Messrs. Jones & Thompson have this excellent Almanac for sale. We have already referred to the large amount of useful information which it contains.

The Street Railway.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

SIR,—In most cities, indeed, I may say all cities in which I have had occasion to remark the system of running street railway cars, the most conspicuous, and in my own estimation the most indispensable portion of their outfit, with a view to the public service and convenience, is the presence of an individual in the rear of each car *with an eye to business.*

Now I have on *numerous* occasions come upon one of these cars, just, as some hundred feet or so ahead of me, it has turned the corner of a cross street, and owing to there being no "eye" behind to observe my signal to "heave to," it has of course, in obedience to the exertions of its unconscious driver pursued the "even tenor" of its way, leaving me to plod on foot the weary mile or so, I should willingly have forked out twice the fare for being carried over.

Economy should be certainly the order of the day in all things, but if there are more served like myself, (and I do not see why there should *not* be) it may become a question whether the absence of the individual alluded to is not a very doubtful bit of *saving* to the Street Railway Company of Ottawa. What do they say themselves?

Yours, truly,
A NEGLECTED SIGNALLER.

Ottawa, November 30, 1870.

News and Gossip.

PRINCE ARTHUR AND THE PRINCE IMPERIAL.—The Prince Imperial frequently rides over from Chislehurst to the ranger's house, Blackheath and Woolwich, on a visit to His Royal Highness Prince Arthur, lieutenant in the Rifle Brigade. The young Prince, who looks pale and delicate, seems gratified at possessing Prince Arthur's friendship, and has manifested great interest in examining the photographs and hearing the adventures of Prince Arthur in Canada. Some of the prints represent Prince Arthur on snow shoes and resting on the branches of trees, cut down by the native attendants when the snow was on the ground, the Prince on one occasion being fifteen consecutive days travelling through the snow. Prince Arthur has on one or two occasions returned the visits of the Prince Imperial by driving over to Camden House, Chislehurst, and conversing with the Empress.

SIDNEY SMITH ON WAR.—If three men were to have their legs and arms broken, and were to remain all night exposed to the inclemency of the weather, the whole country would be in a state of the most dreadful agitation. Look at the wholesale deaths of a field of battle, ten acres covered with dead and half dead and dying; and the shrieks and agonies of many thousand human beings. There is more of misery inflicted on mankind by one year of war than by all the civil peculations and aggressions of a century. Yet it is a state into which the mass of mankind rush with the greatest avidity, hailing official murderers in scarlet, gold and cock's feathers as the greatest and most glorious of human creatures. It is the business of every wise and good man to set himself against this passion for military glory, which really seems the most fruitful source of human misery.

WEALTHY FAMILIES OF GREAT BRITAIN.—The enormous incomes of the landed nobility of Great Britain render it impossible for the Royal Family to vie with them in splendour and princely magnificence. The rent rolls of the families of Sutherland, Buccleuch, Westminster, Devonshire, and Northumberland are said to range from a quarter to half a million sterling a year. The vast accumulations of wealth in the families of the Overstones Rothschilds, Barings, and other merchant princes and bankers enable them to compete with the richest of the nobility in show and display in patronizing art and in works of beneficence. By the side of twenty of the nobles and many of the leading commoners, the Prince of Wales is comparatively a poor man.

A FRENCH VIEW OF THE MARQUIS OF LORNE.—M. von Bismarck is furious to see the hand of the young Princess Louise, 22 years old, daughter of Queen Victoria, escape a German Prince under the protection of the Chancellor of the Northern Confederation. The young Princess will simply marry the eldest son of the Duke of Argylle (sic) the Marquis de Lhorne (sic), a Scotchman. The English themselves are rather annoyed to see such a mesaillance, not because of the fortune of this young Marquis, but because of the *blood which runs in his veins*. The English are very aristocratic, and this *Scotch blood* is not noble enough.—*Union Liberale* (Tours paper.)

DYING UNNECESSARILY.—Dr. Peter Hood relates the following two remarkable cases which seems to show, he says, that even aged persons are sometimes allowed to die unnecessarily:

"There are many facts which seem to show that even aged persons are sometimes allowed to die unnecessarily. Instances might be quoted of persons who were believed to be dead, but were recovered, and amongst them not the least remarkable was that of a celebrated west country baronet who was laid out in his coffin. His old butler volunteered to watch his master's corpse throughout the night; but, most probably thinking the time would hang heavy on him, he invited a friend to share his vigil with him. This butler's only fault, as a servant, was his indulgence in stimulating beverages; and he did not omit, on this occasion, to have recourse to him. As the night wore on, the idea rose in the butler's mind that there would be no harm if he administered to his late master a glass of the brandy he and his companion were engaged in drinking, and he proposed it to his comrade, saying "He has been a good master to me for many years, and has given me many a glass, and I will do the same by him before he is taken from our sight." He did as he said, and poured a glass of brandy down his master's throat, which had the instantaneous effect of recalling him to life, and he survived for many years."

An Example to the World.

Under the above heading the Philadelphia *Trade Journal* pays a well deserved, handsome compliment to the two leading statesmen of the Dominion: "Although the adjoining Province of Canada may exercise but a small influence in the political arrangement of the world in general, yet it must not be forgotten that it occupies a position of much greater importance to the family of nations than that of any individual State of this Union, with, perhaps, the single exception of the State of New York. The Government of the Dominion, patterned as it is after that of Great Britain, is a wonderful institution in its way; and the opportunities for plunder are as great as they usually are in all countries where politicians and statesmen are numerous. In view of these considerations there is something for real admiration in the political characters of men like Sir John A. Macdonald, K. C. B., and Sir G. Cartier, Bart. Both these gentlemen have held for sixteen years the highest positions—next to the Governor General—which the Provinces could confer. Had they been like too many of our own politicians, "lookers after perquisites," they could now stand among the wealthiest men in Canada. They, however, are both poor, having drawn only their annual salaries in their long term of office, during which their incumbency was signalized by Royal approbation in the creation of the one a Knight Commander of the Bath, and of the other a Baronet of the United Kingdom. The people of Canada, irrespective of party, are now arranging a plan for creating for each a testimonial of one hundred and fifty thousand dollars. Money could not be put to a better use than this, since it shows the high appreciation on the part of a grateful people of important services which have been performed in as patriotic a manner as though the legal compensation had been ten times its actual amount. Truly, this is an example to the world."

Halifax Election.

From the Amherst Gazette.

More importance is attached to the result of the Halifax election than is usually given to a single contest. Both the Dominion and Local Governments were put upon their trial in the metropolitan county, after a three years' lease of power. The challenge was given and accepted as a test of public sentiment on the question that has divided political parties in this Province the past three years. At the general election the Anti Confederates carried Halifax county by about 250 majority, and are now in a minority of 20. This statement hardly gives the full revulsion of public sentiment on the question at issue, as about two hundred votes were given to the Local Government candidate in the city on the school question, otherwise Mr. Hill's majority would have been 220, and five hundred votes would be the correct change from the Anti-Confederate to the Confederate ranks. The tendency of the political current being the same in Halifax, as in Hants, Colchester, Kings, and Cumberland, gives the result of this election still more political significance, and indicates pretty clearly what the result of the elections to be held next summer will be in the Central Counties, if run upon the now old issue.

Mr. Chambers stated on Declaration day at Truro that thirteen hundred more of the electors of Colchester had gone over to Confederation, and there were not three hundred, Anti-Confederates left in that large county. Indeed, this old issue is so near dead that we presume it will not be revived again after the Guysboro' Election, but that new political questions will be raised and presented to the electors at the coming General Election.

The Brunswick Diamonds.

A Geneva (Switzerland) letter to the Boston *Advertizer* says:

The old Duke of Brunswick, every hair of whose head is of silk, has been astonishing Geneva by his odd sociabilities. The Duke possesses the finest diamonds in the world. Let a revolution breeze up, the old fellow, independent as the snail who carries his house on his head, takes his box of diamonds under his arm. Recently he has been seen in a jeweller's store in Geneva with his box of diamonds, and he has kindly taken out the compartments and shown his treasures to persons in the shop. Two American ladies at different times have been allowed to gaze under these circumstances at the Duke's diamonds. The jeweller with bated breath, has asked them did they know they had been talking to the Duke of Brunswick. No, they believed they had a Jew pedlar before them, and one lady declares she told the horrified jeweller that he might be a duke, but he was not a gentleman. At home, in his hotel at Paris, the Duke keeps his diamonds in a stronghold made in the wall; and you may remember some years since that, by accident leaving his door open, a servant stold some of these treasures; the servant was arrested with the diamonds. While the matter was in litigation, the Brunswickers appeared with the charge that the Duke had stolen their crown jewels, but as it is difficult to identify diamonds the Duke was not relieved of his booty. Many of your readers who have visited the Tuileries may remember to have seen some of these diamonds, for the Duke wore at these balls epaulettes of diamonds, magnificent studs of diamonds, and his sword hilt was studded with diamonds. At Paris he has affected the manners of royalty, some cousin or near relative always carrying and sending messages to him in the third person, so that it is the more surprising to find him hobnobbing with plain citizens; for besides displaying himself and his jewels in jewelry shops, the Duke plays chess with quiet citizens of Geneva.

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QUEBEC.

QUEBEC, Dec. 2, 1870.

In the Admiralty Court Judge Black gave judgment in favour of the steamship *Hibernian* in the case of Redpath and Northern Transportation Line *v.s. Hibernian*. The amount involved was £7,000 stg. for damages by the collision. Hon. Solicitor-General of the Province acted as counsel for the prosecutioners, and J. W. and W. Cook for steamship *Hibernian*. Notice was give that appeal will be made to the Privy Council.

Last night a lecture was given in the hall of the Young Men's Christian Association by Rev. Mr. Johnston on "Our Formation of character. Rev. Mr. Doherty lectured on "The Temporal Power of the Pope.

In the Legislative Assembly to-day Mr. Chauveau informed the House that it would close about the 24th, and that the arbitration question would come up on Tuesday.

The House was then on the question of the reply to the Supply Bill.

To-day, at a meeting of the Levis and Kennebec Railroad, the Vice President was authorised to sign a contract with Mr. Hulbert for the construction of fifty miles of road. Mr. Hulbert will commence operations immediately.

A meeting in reference to the extension of Sorel and Drummondville road is to be held next week.

THE WAR.

This Morning's Despatches.

LONDON, Dec. 2.—Despatches from Paris, dated 30th, says that operations by the French commenced yesterday at different points around the city. General Ducrot, with a large force, marched out of Paris and occupied Montreuil, which however, he was soon compelled to evacuate. The heaviest fighting was done at Champigny, Brie and Villiers sur Marne. The French are now renewing the attack in the South.

A despatch from Tours, dated Thursday. 1st, says news of successful sorties around Paris had caused the most indescribable excitement.

It is reported that Garibaldi has had great successes at Auton, nothing official is received.

The French successes at the Pacay department of Loire are not confirmed.

The *Times* this evening has a special despatch from Berlin dated yesterday, to the following effect:—Nearly the whole of the French troops are now concentrated between Blois and Lyons. If defeated, their retreat upon Lyons is probable. Lyons is strongly fortified and well provisioned.

The priests in the central districts, prompted by Dupanloup, are preaching against the Prussians as heretics. The rustics are consequently terribly incensed against the invaders.

The German patrols in the valley of the Loire are shot down from every hedge and building.

The Prussian bearers of despatches are killed when nobody but innocent looking Frenchmen are in sight. Many of these friends have been captured by the Prussians, and will probably be brought to trial.

The municipal elections occurred in several cities in England yesterday. In some cases they were attended with disorder, but the great precautions of the Government prevented any serious outbreaks. At Cork the election passed off quietly, though trouble was apprehended. John Daly was elected Mayor unanimously. There was a riot at Limerick, as well as other district proceedings. Alderman McDonald was elected Mayor.

The demonstration at Dublin yesterday for sympathizing with the Pope was well attended by members of Parliament and other influential persons.

The *Times* has a special from Berlin dated yesterday, giving the state of affairs in the interior of France.

There is much excitement here and throughout England over the war news received from France.

Despatches from Prince George of Saxony have been received by the King of Saxony describing the fighting at Noisy and Villieres, and states that the French were repulsed and driven over between the two villages, leaving behind hundreds of prisoners.

The King of Wurtemburg has sent a despatch to General Obrenit, congratulating him on the gallantry displayed by the Wurtemburg troops.

Later accounts increase the loss of the Wurtemburgers.

The Russian "Cross Gazette" attributes the frequent breeches of parole by the French officials to the machinations of the French Government.

The Prussians have burned the town of Charleville because the Francs Tireurs of the place fired upon them as they approached.

The passenger baggage is a portion of the cargo of the steamship "Union" which has been saved.

The Oxford eight have sent the usual challenge to the Cambridge crew for the annual boat race.

A special despatch to the 'Times' from Tours says the army of the Loire has effected a junction with Trochu's forces.

The Germans under Frederick Charles are retiring before the united armies. It is said that Trochu has with him outside the walls 150,000 men and 200 cannon.

A Frankfort special says that Odo Russell's interview with Bismarck was of a diplomatic character. He represented to Bismarck that England would not fight upon the Eastern question, the Black Sea fleet matter, or about the integrity of the Turkish empire, but would assuredly fight upon any arbitrary breach of the treaty by Russia, and the insult to England implied in the tone adopted by the Russian Government. Bismarck was wary, and urged a conference, but with the object of backing up Russia's demands. Russia proposed Constantinople or St. Petersburg as the place for the conference, but Bismarck made a proposition in favour of England by fixing London.

The Prussians yesterday at 2 o'clock, p. m., attacked Autun with 12 cannon and infantry and cavalry. At four o'clock they were repulsed with great loss. The Mobiles behaved well. The Prussians were expected to return to day.

TOURS, 2nd—The "Monitor" of this city has the following details:—On the morning of the 29th ult., the first sortie of the French garrison at Paris was begun at Chalsey, L'Hay and Chevilly. The battle in that neighborhood lasted all night of the 29th and till next night. Gen. Ducrot then crossed the Marne and occupied Mont Meli. Subsequently he evacuated that point and engaged the enemy at Champagny, fighting his way to Bril. He then marched back to the Marne, recrossed that river by bridges and maintained his position on the bank. He tookt wo guns from the Prussians; he has since taken up his position at Thernay.

The army of the Loire has been engaged with the Prussians to-day. The position of the latter extended from Chateau Dun, where their right was posted through Bonnville to Toury, and from there to Pithiviers and Beaum la Rolande. Their second line in the rear extended from Fontainebleau by way of Montreau and Villeneuve to Troyes, where it joined the first Prussian line.

General Changy reports the successful advance of the French left yesterday.

The city is intensely excited. In response to the shouts of the people, Gambetta appeared and praised Generals Trochu and Ducrot for their successful sorties He also reiterated the statement that the French victory had compelled the hasty evacuation of Amiens, and that the Germans from that point were hastening to assistance of the besieging army.

The members of the Government here have referred to their colleagues in Paris the English note, asking France to take part in the conference on the Eastern question.

LAVAL 2nd.—The city is overjoyed with news from Gambetta, announcing the success at Paris, where sorties were made in force, defeating the Prussians along the entire line. The line of battle was many miles in extent. Great numbers of prisoners and cannon have been captured by the French. The corps were commanded by Trochu, Ducrot, and Vierron. Gambetta, in announcing the victory, says that one of the results of it has been the evacuation of Amiens by the Prussians, who have to-day started for Paris to reinforce the German army. The battle at Paris began on Tuesday, 29th, and at last accounts the garrison remained outside in the position that they had captured from the Prussians.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

LONDON, Dec. 2.—Private despatches to the Stock Exchange and Lloyd's, assert that Gen. Trochu succeeded in cutting through the Prussians' lines in the North of Paris, in such force that the Germans were driven from all their positions with general rout.

A great battle is now going on in the west of the city.

NEW YORK, Dec. 2.—The *Tribune's* correspondent at St. Petersburg telegraphs the full text of Gortschakoff's reply to Earl Granville, which, however, contains little that has not been touched upon by the regular cable de-patches.

Russia declined, as is already known, to discuss the propriety of her former note, to change any precedent, or cite an example, as such a controversy would in no way promote the good understanding which is desired.

After referring to the invariable failure of the attempt made at different times to assemble the powers in a general conference with a view to remove the cause of the difficulty which disturbs the general peace.

Gortschakkoff continues:—"The prolongation of the present crisis and the absence of a regular Goverument in France, postpone still further the possibility of such a conference. Meanwhile the position in which the treaty left Russia has become more and more intolerable. Earl Granville will agree that the Europe of to-day is very far from being the Europe which signed the treaty of 1856. It was impossible that Russia should agree to remain the only power bound indefinately to an arrangement, which, onerous as it was at the time when it was concluded, became daily weaker in its guarantee, and our august master has too deep a sense of what he owes to his country to force it to submit any longer to an obligation against which the national sentiment protests. We cannot admit that a note, followed by its immediate application, and which visibly restores to Russia a right of which no great power could consent to be deprived, ought to be considered as a menace to peace, nor that, in avoiding one point of the treaty of 1866 the abrogation of all is implied. The Imperial Cabinet never had any such intention; on the contrary, our communication of October 19th, declared in more explicit terms that the Emperor maintained his adhesion to the general principles of the treaty of 1856, and that he is ready to come to an agreement with the signatory powers of that treaty either to confirm its general stipulations or to renew them, or to substitute for them any other equitable arrangement which may be thought suitable to secure the peace of the East and the equilibrium of Europe. There seems then to be no reason why the Cabinet of London should not, if it please, enter into an explanation with the signers of the treaty of 1858. For our part we are ready for any deliberation having for its object the settlement of guarantees for the consolidation of peace in the East."

NEW YORK, Dec. 2.—A notable letter, written by the Hon. Reverdy Johnson, our ex-Minister to the Court of Great Britain, in answer to certain enquiries put by the President of an Insurance Company, in regard to the tenure of our claims against the British Government, on account of the depredations of the rebel cruiser "Alabama," is published.

Johnson estimates these claims to amount to thirteen millions of dollars, and advises the seekers after indemnity to withdraw their demands from the United States Government, and appeal to the Government of Great Britain for indemnity.

BERLIN, 2.—King William telegraphs the following to the Queen, dated Versailles Nov. 30th: The sixth corps yesterday repulsed a sortie of the French near L'Hay, on the south of Paris. Over a hundred French prisoners were taken, and several hundred dead and wounded left on the field. The French also made a sortie on the position of the Wurtembergers and Saxons at Bonneval, Champigny, and Villiers, to the east and south-east of Paris. The positions were taken by the French, but were subsequently retaken by the Prussians. At the same time sorties were made at the north and west at St. Denis against the fourth corps and the guards. The French were repulsed and driven back behind the works in all cases. I remain at Versailles, as it is the central point.

(Signed) WILLIAM.

Ottawa Enterprise.

During the year just expiring very noticeable improvements have been made to the city in every quarter by private individuals in the way of building and improving old buildings. Business men, in particular, have spared neither pains nor expense in this respect. They seem to have vied with one another in embellishing their business establishments, and, by the way, it may be inferred that that firm which is able to improve its establishment at great expense is one which has extensively gained the public patronage.

While passing down Rideau street yesterday our attention was attracted by a beautiful sign board being placed over Mr. John Hill's "Tea Pot," well known grocery store on that street. This sign is beyond all doubt the most expensive and certainly the most neatly finished and beautiful to be seen in any part of the city. The ground of the sign board which is very large, is black, in contrast with which the brilliant golden letters look admirably. We appreciate enterprize of this nature, and are always glad to notice and encourage it so far as lies in our power, and it is the duty of a public who wish well to their city to act in like manner. Therefore while referring to this matter we may state that it is not the only improvement which has been made to Mr. Hill's establishment within a few months. All the partitions on the ground floor have been torn down, and the whole neatly finished. Besides this enlargement to accomodate increase of business a good store house has been erected at the rear, and another department brought into shape up stairs for lighter goods. Everything about the premises has been arranged in the most improved style so that all goods are kept in the best possible manner. Shelves, counters, drawers, &c., have been painted and polished up, so that everything in the store wears an appearance of extreme neatness and scrupulous cleanliness. Mr. Hill is the only member of the old "Tea Pot" firm now carrying on business in Ottawa, and he seems to inherit in himself their united enterprise; and it is evident from his vastly increased business that he has secured the patronage of all the old customers of both establishments. Experience is the best teacher, and this conduct on the part of the public shows in what high estimation they hold Mr. John Hill's "Tea Pot" establishment, Rideau street.

Devlin's Fur Depot.

THE FLORENCE NIGHTINGALE OF THE NURSERY—The following is an extract from a letter written by the Rev. C. Z. Weiser, to the "German Reformed Messenger, at Chambersburg, Penn.:

A BENEFACTRESS.

Just open the door for her, and Mrs. WINSLOW will prove the American Florence Nightingale of the Nursery. Of this we are sure, that we will teach our "SUSY" to say, "A BLESSING ON MRS. WINSLOW," for helping her to survive and escape the griping, colicking and teething siege. We confirm every word set forth in the PROSPECTUS. It performs precisely what it professes to perform, every part of it—nothing less. Away with your "Cordial," "Paregoric," "Drops," "Laudanum," and every other "Narcotic," by which the babe is drugged into stupidity, and rendered dull and idiotic for life.

We have never seen Mrs. Winslow—know he only through the preparation of her "Soothing Syrup for Children Teething." If we had the power, we would make her, as she is, a physical Saviour to the Infant Race. 25 cents per bottle sold by all druggists.

Be sure and call for
MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP.
Having the fac-simile of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

A "COUGH," "COLD," OR IRRITATED THROAT, if allowed to progress, results in serious pulmonary and Bronchial affections, oftentimes incurable.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES

Reach DIRECTLY the affected parts, and give almost instant relief. In BRONCHITIS, ASTHMA, and CATARRH they are beneficial. Obtain only the *genuine* BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES, which have *proved* their efficacy by test of many years. Among testimonials attesting their efficacy are letters from—
E. H. Chafin, D. D; New York,
Henry Ward Beecher, Brooklyn, N. Y.,
N. P. Willis, New York,
Hon. C. A. Phelps, Pres, Mass. Senate,
Dr. G. F. Bigelow, Boston,
Prof. Edwd. North, Clinton, N. Y.,
Surgeons in the Army, and others of eminence.
Sold everywhere at 25 cents per box.
"TROCHES," so called, sold by the ounce, are a poor imitation and nothing like BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES, which are sold only in boxes with a fac-simile of the proprietors,
JOHN I. BROWN & SON,
This care in putting up the Troches is important as a security to the purchaser in order to be sure of obtaining the genuine Brown's bronchial Troches.

BIRTH.

In this city, on the 1st instant, the wife of Mr. J. B. Harington Neeve, Receiver-General's Department, of a son.

WALTHAM WALTHAM

THE AMERICAN WATCH

The public of the United States and Canada have now had over ten years experience of WALTHAM WATCHES, and they are now everywhere acknowledged to be the ONLY RELIABLE

TIME-KEEPERS!

Almost all other watches are sold under false pretences; not one in a hundred bears the name of the real maker; the public have absolutely no security, and have, therefore, been constantly imposed upon. On the contrary, every buyer of a Waltham Watch gets a guarantee of the company, and no matter from whom he buys it, has positive security that he is getting a TIME KEEPER.

It must be admitted that the apparent interest of watchmakers lies in selling other watches, which they can make larger profits: but men enterprise in the trade prefer an article of large and ready sale, and which leaves no bad stock. It is "small profits and quick returns."

These watches can be had in several grades (all guaranteed), the silver cases are made from coin silver, and from 2 to 6 ounces in weight. The gold cases are made in 18 carat gold, and from 1 3-4 to 4 ounces in weight; the size for ladies are richly engraved or enamelled. For the quality, both in gold and silver, are the

CHEAPEST WATCHES IN THE WORLD

These watches can be ordered of any reliable watchmaker or jeweller in the Dominion; but the guarantee of the Company should be invariably required. The Company in all cases pay the Government duty, which makes the Canadian consumer a privilged purchaser

ROBERT WILKES,
Sole Wholesale Agent for the Dominion of Canada
Toronto—48 and 50 Yonge Street.
Montreal—145 St. Paul Street
1397 3

LIFE IN LARGE CITIES.

The Rev. W. STEPHENSON will preach the third of his series of Sermons to Young Men, in the Wesleyan Church, Metcalfe Street,

TO-MORROW EVENING.

SUBJECT:
"GAMBLERS AND GAMBLING."
Ottawa, Dec 3, 1870 1530 1

FOR SALE, OR EXCHANGE

For Property in Montreal, improved or unimproved, the new Mansard Roof Stone House situated in Victoria Crescent, having all the modern conveniences of heat, water and gas, good out-building, on an ample Lot, and enjoying the finest river view in Ottawa. For further particulars apply to W. C. SMILLIE, on the premises, or at the Office of the BRITISH AMERICAN BANK NOTE COMPANY, Wellington Street.
Ottawa, Dec. 3, 1870 1530 1m

CANADA CENTRAL AND BROCKVILLE AND OTTAWA RAILWAYS.

ALTERATION OF TRAINS,
Commencing DECEMBER 5, 1870.

SLEEPING CARS between TORONTO and Ottawa, going through in 13 HOURS.

On and after MONDAY, Dec. 5, TRAINS will run as follows:—

Leave Brockville

EXPRESS, at 4 45 a m, connecting with Grand Trunk Express from the West, and arriving at Ottawa, at 8.30 a m.

MAIL TRAIN, at 7.30 a m, arriving at Ottawa at 1.50 p m.

EXPRESS, at 3.30 p m, connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express from the West, and arriving at Ottawa at 7.16 p m.

Leave Ottawa.

EXPRESS, at 9 40 a m, arriving at Brockville at 1.40 p m, and connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express going West.

MAIL TRAIN, at 3.45 p m, arriving at Brockville 9.15 p m.

EXPRESS, at 10.30 p m, arriving at Brockville at 2.15 a m, and connecting with Grand Trunk Night Express going West.

Arrive at Sand Point 1.35 and 7.10 p m.

Trains on Canada Central and Perth Branch make certain connections with all trains on B. & O. Railway.

A Sleeping Car will leave Toronto on Monday, Wednesday and Friday nights, by the Grand Trunk 7.30 p m train, and go through to Ottawa, arriving at 8.20 a m.

Returning, it will leave Ottawa on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday nights, at 10 30 p m, and go through to Toronto by G. T. Train, arriving at Toronto at 11.30 a m.

Freight forwarded with despatch, as the C. C. and B. & O. Railways are the same guage as the Grand Trunk. Car loads go through in Grand Trunk Cars to all points, without transhipment.

☞ Certain connections made with Grand Trunk Trains.

H ABBOTT, Manager.
Brockville, Ont., Dec 1, 1870 1530 2

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

DR HENRY has removed his Residence and Surgery to the corner of Bank and Victoria Streets, near the Parliament Buildings.
December 1, 1870. 1528b

A SPECIALITY.

☞ THE ULSTER OVER COAT
Is the Great Novelty in
GENTLEMEN'S GARMENTS
This Season.
☞ A Specimen on View, at
MAGEE & RUSSELL'S.
Ottawa, Nov 30, 1870 1527f

ST. JAMES' HOTEL,
METCALFE AND QUEEN STREETS.

The Proprietor, G. R. EVANS,

Begs respectfully to announce to the public in general that the above premises will be opened for business this day, 29th inst, and hopes by strict attention to business and moderate charges, to merit their patronage and favour.
Ottawa, Nov 29, 1870 1526tf

TEACHER WANTED

A MALE TEACHER, holding a First-Class Certificate, for one of the Schools in Hawkesbury Village, Ont. Salary, $300 per annum. Duties to commence on the 2nd day of January, 1871. Applications, with testimonials, will be received until 10th December, by
JOHN McKERCHAR,
Secretary Board of School Trustees.
Ottawa, Nov 22 1870 1511 6

JUST RECEIVED,

FRENCH MERINOES,

GENUINE FRENCH MERINOES,

Fine, Wide, Heavy, and Warranted all Wool, in the following Colours:

LIGHT BROWN,
MID BROWN,
DARK BROWN,
VIOLET,
AGULINE,
MAROON,
RIFLE GREEN,
ROSE,
DRAB
and
SCARLET.

Really better Goods than sold other years at 3s. 9d., for 2s. 6d. per yard. The Nicest, Cheapest, and most durable Dress for either street or in-door wear, in Ottawa.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.
WHOLESALE & RETAIL.
30 Sparks Street
Ottawa, Nov. 30, 1870.

T. HUNTON SHOOLBRED & CO
47. SPARKS ST. 49.

Will receive this week "per Express," from LONDON, England,

2 CASES OF MILLINERY,
Containing the Very Latest Styles in
Bonnets, Hats,
and some very Choice things in
Flowers, Feathers and Trimmings,
Per S. S. "MORAVIAN."
1 Case Extra Cloths, in the new
Satin Cloths,
Trimming to match all our Fashionable
Dress Goods.
—ALSO—
1 Case of Newest
Mantle Cloths.
The "OLIVE GREEN" appears still prove the most fashionable, and of the above, we are in receipt of ten piece
"New Seal and plucked Otter Skins hand."
Fancy Wove Goods still arriving.
Clouds, Breakfast Shawls, Ties &c.,
in endless Variety.
T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO
47 and 49 Sparks Street.
Ottawa, Oct 11 1870.

DR. DICKINSON,
Residence and Surgery, Kent Street, Ottawa

TRAVELLERS GUIDE.

LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY

Depart.....8.30 a.m., 12 noon, 10 p.m.
Arrive.....9.20 a.m., 3.48 p.m., 7 15 p.m.,

The above trains connect at Present Junction with Grand Trunk Railway for all points south east and west.

Ottawa Office—York street, corner o Sussex street.

A & H TAYLOR, Agents.

LOCAL NEWS.

Devlin's Fur Depot.

☞ 20 dozen Velveteen Hats, from 25 cents upwards. A large assortment of Flowers and Feathers. Trimmed Hats and Bonnets.

At the "Golden Lion."

R. L. JAMES & Co.

JACKETS.—A large stock new stylish Jackets, at moderate prices, at

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

CONCERT.—The St. George's Society concert will take place on the 15th inst.

READINGS.—The readings in the Temperance Hall last evening were very interesting and instructive and largely attended.

The contract for clearing the snow off the Parliament buildings during the present winter season has been given to Denatte O'Neil.

A contemporary states that a young man well known in this city, went out to hunt on Saturday and has not since been heard of. His friends are anxious as to his safety.

Carpets and House Furnishings made a speciality, at Garland, Mutchmor & Co's. A large stock and new styles, at reduced prices.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

☞ All Wool Tartans in all the leading clans. A large lot ex last steamer, at

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

Sir Francis Hincks is expected to preside at the monthly meeting of the Ottawa Immigrant Aid Society, on Tuesday next.

The question of immigration will be fully ventilated on Tuesday next, at the meeting of the Ottawa Immigrant Aid Society, and all who are interested in immigration should make it a point to attend.

We are requested to state that Alderman Cunningham will not be a candidate for municipal honours at the approaching municipal election.

BAZAAR.—There is to be a bazaar in Gowan's Hall, this day, in behalf of the House of Refuge. Such institutions assuredly merit the support of those who are happily removed from the necessity of using them.

ARRIVALS AT THE RUSSELL HOUSE.—FRIDAY.—J Briggs, W Patterson, J Courtee, T Darling, Montreal; W Bown, J Bown, Bradford; Wm Beatty, Parry Sound; J Johnson, Cleveland; J Benson, Peterboro; C Holyoke, Bangor; A Gear, Toronto; W Cook, R Cook, Whitehall.

The markets were fairly supplied yesterday and there was no material change in prices. Hay was rather plentiful, and sold at from $17 to $20 per ton.

Potatoes, though the supply was not very great, sold for 48 cents per bushel.

Butter was rather a shade lower in price.

So scarce are hands for the shanties this winter that a gentleman who left the city some days ago for the purpose of hiring men in Lower Canada, returned to the city with only two, all he could succeed in employing.

BLANKETS, Cornwall, St. Lawrence and Empire Mills Blankets, in all sizes and weights, very cheap, at

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

Devlin's Fur Depot.

CHANGE OF TIME.—By reference to another column it will be seen that a change of time in the running of trains on the Canada Central, and Brockville & Ottawa railways is announced. Until further notice, trains will leave Ottawa at 9.40 a.m., 3.45 p.m. and 10.30 p.m.

The Prescott *Telegraph* states that "they understand Sir Francis Hincks has purchased the Colton property at Brockville, lately owned by Mr. Broadhead, and that he will shortly take up his residence there The house which has been erected at immense cost is one of the finest in Canada and occupies a charming situation."

NOTICE.—Now is the time. Go and see C. P. Dorion, 60 Sparks Street, for stoves and stove-pipe fitting. No puff; but see for yourselves. Lumbermen and country Merchants come and see. The most complete House in this Line in the Capital, See Posters. C. P. Dorion, 60 Sparks Street. 1486 2m.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT—The Superioress and Sisters of the Convent of Good Shepherd beg publicly to return grateful thanks to H. Abbott, Esq., Manager of the Canada Central Railway, for conveying, free of all charge, over his line, goods for the benefit of their institution. And also heartfelt thanks to the generous donors in the Township of Huntley and village of Almonte.

CHAUDIERE.—Nothing of any importance transpired at the Chaudiere during the week.

From the mills and mill yards which are now being cleared out great quantities of rubbish are being thrown into the river. The piling grounds on the Hull side of the river are still undergoing improvement. A number of men continue blasting operations.

POLICE COURT—Friday.—The adjourned case against the three boys for breaking into, and stealing fruits from Mrs Cunningham's apple store, at the end of Sapper's bridge. The prisoners, after receiving a good warning were let go on giving security for their good behavior during one year.

Thos. Keys was charged with obstructing an open drain by placing therein an insufficient box. Adjourned until Monday.

Devlin's Fur Depot.

BUYING GEESE.—A few days ago a young man who had just set up an independent establishment, after taking unto himself a wife, went to the market to purchase provisions, Seein that geese were very cheap he bought two very big, very heavy, and apparently very fat ones. He took them home and his sweet partner immediately proceeded to prepare them for the frying pan, but on opening them they were found to be already stuffed with cabbage. This fact accounted for their great weight.

MEETINGS FOR SOCIAL WORSHIP.—To meet a want that exists of some place for worship on Sunday afternoon when most, if not all, of our city churches are closed, a few of the members of the Young Men's Christian Association have organized a meeting to be held in the rooms of the Association. To all they extend an invitation to attend these meetings for social worship. The first meeting will be held on Sunday next at three o'clock.

THE REV. MR. STEPHESON.—Already the Rev. Mr. Stepheson has attracted considerable attention by the able, graphic, and, we may say, eloquent lectures, which he has given, for some weeks past, on the ordinary occurences of life—the vices rather of human existance—and it is therefore almost unnecessary for us to draw attention to the lecture which it is his purpose to deliver to-morrow evening, on "gamblers and gambling." Life itself is not invariably a gambol and the game of life, as a rule, takes, ordinarily speaking, strange turns.

CHRIST CHURCH AND CHAPEL READINGS.—These readings given in Gowan's Hall last night were as usual well attended. The music and singing were generally very good and well received, but of the generality of the readings we are unable to judge owing to the voice of the readers being drowned by those whose taste the readings did not please. In an audience like this where tastes are so different it is, of course, impossible to please all at the same time, and therefore those gentlemen who cannot appreciate a tame, instructive reading should allow those hear it who can do so.

THE BAND OF THE OTTAWA GARRISON ARTILLERY.—The practice of this band last night was something to surprise those who expected but little concord from the novices of our volunteers. The band of our Garrison Artillery has proved itself worthy of the spirit which gave it forth to the community. Among its numbers are many of those who had served in the ranks as regulars and the order and discipline of the army are brought to bear in the practice of our thriving bands. We were glad to notice the presence of many of the officers of the Brigade. This evidence of interest, coupled with the presence of many prominent citizens, is suggestive that the idea of a permanent military band has been taken up by the inhabitants of the Capital, and will be carried out.

A number of young men in a certain locality have adopted a very novel method of affording themselves amusement. The locality refered to, it appears boasts of a very numerous feeline population. "The boys" entice a number of cats into a small shed at a small opening, in which a bag is so fixed that when alarmed the cats run into it in their attempt to escape. The cats in the shed, the dog is put in with them and the door closed. The sport then begins. The cats rush about wildly for a while and finally bolt into the bag where they fight among themselves one endeavoring to get at the bottom of the bag, the dog meanwhile carrying on the siege with vigor. The enterprising young men say their entertainments are superior to those of the New Orleans Minstrels!

FIRE.—A fire occurred yesterday in the or near the village of St. Joseph situated some miles from Ottawa. A barn containing a quantity of straw, and, we believe, a little grain was destroyed.

The fire was the result of very singular conduct on the part of the owner of the building destroyed. It appears that his premises were extensively infested with rats, and that they were of considerable annoyance to him. He, therefore, employed every method in his endeavours to rid himself of them. Yesterday he caught a big fellow and determined to make an example of him to his comrades. With this end in view he soaked the poor rat in coal tar and then setting fire to him let him go. The rat, all in a blaze, immediately run under the barn where, no doubt, some of his astonished fellows had for a moment or two opportunity to realize the terrible fate to which he was comdemned. It was only for a few moments, however, for soon the straw was on fire resulting in the destruction of the whole farm.

THE PARLIAMENT LIBRARY.—Active preparations are being made in rear of the main Parliament Building for the completion of the handsome library. The numerous sheds in the neighborhood, and which have been left standing since the erection of the main Building are now occupied by workmen; immense quantities of freestone have been brought to the ground and lie piled in huge heaps; the ring of the anvil is heard in the blacksmiths' shops; stone cutters are busy at work, and there is a scene of activity and life presented significant of the presence of busy hands and an active contractor. During the winter months the work of preparing the stone will be gone on with in the closed sheds in which stoves have been placed to make the workmen as comfortable as possible, as cutting stone in our severe winter season is anything but an easy or enjoyable task. By spring time a great quantity of stone will thus be ready for the masons, and building operations will then be proceeded with in earnest. The temporary roof on the portion of the library already built will be left during the winter. The library once completed, the sheds removed and the ground laid out, the Parliament buildings will be complete with the exception of the main tower.

☞ Is health worth having? If it is protect it—it is a jewel as easily lost as virtue, and in many cases as difficult to recover. In this climate, and more particularly at this season of the year, people are very apt to take cold and suffer from sore throat, coughs spitting of blood and pulmonary complaints generally, which if not checked immediately leads to serious consequences. The question arises—which is the quickest and most effectual remedy? Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers have been before the public for twenty years, and have always given perfect satisfaction, and invariably effect permanent cures when taken in season. Sold by all medicine dealers and country stores generally throughout the Province, at 25cts per box.

R. L. JAMES & CO.

DRESS GOODS.

A large assortment worth from 20 to 90 cents, at 15 to 80.

A

SPECIAL LINE

of French Merinos, very cheap.

BLACK SILKS,

very much under Market value, and considerably lower than present Ottawa prices.

MILLINERY.

It is now pretty generally known that in this Department, especially the prices, are EXCEEDINGLY MODERATE,

AT THE

GOLDEN LION.

R. L. JAMES & Co.

ATTENTION!

If you want Choice VIRGIN HONEY, call at the New GROCERY STORE, Corner of Sussex and York Streets.

If you want SUPERIOR CHEESE, call at the New GROCERY STORE, Corner of Sussex and York Streets.

If you want FIRST-CLASS DAIRY BUTTER, call at the New GROCERY STORE, Corner Sussex and York Streets.

—ALSO—

New Crop West End, Layers, Valencia and Seedless Raisins and Currants, Fresh Turkey Figs, Malaga Grapes, Lemons, Choice Imperial Prunes, Candied Peels, Gelatine, Cross & Blackwell's Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies and Marmalades, Fresh Oysters, Lobsters Salmon, Mackerel, Salmon and Tomatoes, with a choice lot of Scotch and English Ales and Porter, Wines and Brandies, Gin, Scotch Whiskey, Jamaica Rum, Old Rye, Syrups and

JOHN A. BITTERS,

CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

At the New GROCERY STORE, Corner Sussex and York Streets.

Extra Fine Green, Black and Japan Teas, Rio, Java and Turkey Coffee.

—ALSO—

Fine Family and Pastry Flour, Oat and Corn Meal, at the NEW GROCERY STORE, Corner Sussex and York streets

J. M. C. DELESDERNIERS,

Corner Sussex and York-sts.

Ottawa, Nov 29, 1870 1526 f

TO LUMBERMEN.

L. ROSE,

PROVISION BROKER.

LONDON, ONT,

Inspects every BARREL of PORK he Ships and Ships only a FIRST-CLASS Article. He has for Sale from some of the Leading Packers and Curers:

Heavy Mess Pork, guaranteed.

Ex. P. Pork made from Heavy Mess.

Shoulders Mess Mutton.

Heavy Bacon, &c., at the lowest First Prices, and on Terms to suit Purchasers

No. 1. Sup. Flour, Oats, Corn, &c., bought on commission.

White Beans always on hand.

Orders or enquiries have prompt attention.

Through rates to Brockville, Sand and Ottawa.

L. ROSE,

Produce Broker,

London, Ont.

London, Ont., Nov. 24, 1870 1522 2m

NOVEMBER ARRIVAS,

NEW FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOODS.

MAGEE & RUSSELL

Having met with UNAPPROACHABLE SUCCESS this AUTUMN, in the disposal of their IMMENSE IMPORTATIONS, (the Largest ever brought to Ottawa in one Season) were under the agreeable necessity of re-ordering a Second Supply to fill up the numerous blanks made in their Several Departments.

☞ Owing to the terrible conflict now raging in Europe our resident agents were enabled to secure during the consequent depression of Trade in Britain many very valuable lines at exceedingly low prices for cash.

☞ A portion of shipments not yet to hand, are expected this week. The following comprises a few of the leading articles, viz:

DRESS GOODS:

WINCIES, SCOTCH PLAID TARTANS, FRENCH MERINOES, and SATEEN COSTUME CLOTH

See Figured Sateen Cloths at 90 cts. per yard, the Newest Dress Material of the season.

SILKS, SATINS, VELVETS:

Black VELVETS, VELVETEENS, EPANGLES, SILKS, SATINS, and CRAPES.

☞ All our Mantle Velvets were purchased in June, only a few days before they advanced considerably in price, and as they are likely to be fully 50 per cent dearer in the Spring, would advise Ladies to Purchase at the present time; will guarantee the best value in Canada. Silks Satins, &c., equally good value.

DOMESTICS:

New Grey Cottons, White Shirtings, Sheetings, Pillow Cottons, Prints, Linen and Cotton Tickings, Linen and Cotton Diapers, Table Linen of every description, Quilts and Counterpanes, Towels and Towelling, &c., &c. We can confidently recommend the above mentioned Domestic Goods, being excellent value.

WOOLLENS:

BLANKETS, English and Canadian Plain and Fancy FLANNELS, Waterproof Cloakings, Black and Blue Presidents, Pilots, Beavers, and the New Irish Frieze Cloths, for making Fashionable Ulster Over-Coats A Specimen Coat for Sale.

RIBBONS AND LACES.

100 dozen large New Style Hair Nets, 200 dozen Cambric Handkerchiefs, One Case Black and Colored Ribbon Velvets, Silk, Satin and Sash Ribbons, Fringes, Buttons Collars and Cuffs, and a magnificent variety Real Lace Goods.

HOSIERY AND GLOVES.

50 dozen Gents White and Lavender Kid Gloves; also, 20 dozen Plush and Lamb Lined Kid Gloves and Mitts, some with Seal Cuffs, besides a first-class Stock of Woollen Mock and Real Buckskin Gloves, Canadian, Scotch and English Lambs Wool Underclothing, Scotch and Canadian Fingering Yarns, &c., &c.

CARPETS.

New Double Width Damasks at 45cts., Great Bepp, at $1.10, the Cheapest in Ottawa. New Harness Muslin and Lace Curtains, also Lace by the yards, one Cask varnished Cornices and one Case Stair Rods.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

DRY GOODS!

DRY GOODS!

DRY GOODS!

PATTERSON & BRYSON,

In consequence of our great success since opening we have been obliged to lay in a large additional Stock, which we will mark as low as heretofore, being determined to retain our already well established character, for selling cheaper than any other House in the Trade.

IN CANADIAN GOODS

We have made such arrangements with the best factories in the Dominion as will enable us to keep constantly on hand a large and well Assorted Stock of Tweeds, Flannels, Blankets (Grey and White), Cotton and Linen Bags, Cotton Yarn, Hosiery, Underclothing, etc., etc., etc.

—ALSO—

An entirely new and well assorted Stock of British and Foreign Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, which have been marked at prices to defy competition.

☞ REMEMBER THE PLACE,

53 Sparks Street,

Directly Opposite

BATE & Co.

PATTERSON & BRYSON.

JAMES PRACOUA,

FURS, FURS, FURS,

FURS.

Beg to intimate that my FUR STOCK is now complete in every

DEPARTMENT.

AN EARLY CALL IS SOLICITED.

☞ Remember the place,

33 Rideau Street.

OPPOSITE OLD STAND.

CHARLES J. TANKER, Accountant: Books posted Accounts made out. Apply at the office of H P Hill Solicitor References: Dr Hill, C H Pinhey.

Ottawa, Nov 5, 1870

THE TEA POT,

RIDEAU STREET.

The Proprietor begs to inform the lovers of THE TEA POT and the public generally, that the alterations are now completed, the whole premises having been thoroughly renovated and stocked with

New and Fresh Goods

Of the very best quality. He is now prepared to execute orders Wholesale and Retail, and every article will be guaranteed, as they have been selected with the greatest care.

Teas in great variety,
Coffee—the very best—roasted and ground daily,
Raisins, Currants, Figs, &c., &c.,
Por, Wine, Sherry Wine, Brandy,
English Old Tom Gin—Booth's, Bernard's & Thompson's.

An Old Lady's Evening Wish.

My wishes soar not very high,
Nor do they widely roam
These moderate wishes are confin'd
To comforts found at home.

Give me what I enjoy so well—
A snug domestic scene;
And take my word, I feel myself
As happy as a Queen.

I'll tell you what I wish for now—
'Tis not a large desire;
I wish to sit at perfect ease,
Beside my evening fire.

I wish a friend or two would call,
To ask me how I do;
Then truly happy I should be,
And they'd be happy, too.

I'd set the tea things on the tray,
And we should all agree.
While taking ever-welcome cups
Of JOHN HILL'S wholesome tea.

The tea would gladen every heart,
And brighten every face;
And nothing more could we desire
In such a happy case.

With JOHN HILL'S Tea I always crown
The comforts of my home;
And when I can partake of this
My wishes seldom roam.

All goods delivered free (within the limits of the city) by our own waggons, and every attention will be paid to proper packing and delivery.

JOHN HILL,

"THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET.

BONUS YEAR.

SPECIAL INTIMATION.

LIFE ASSOCIATION OF SCOTLAND.

FOUNDED 1838.

ANNUAL REVENUE, £ 257,683 Stg.

FUNDS in hand and invested, 1,357,386 "

The BOOKS and ACCOUNTS have been for many years subjected (not yearly only, or at any other interval, but) to a continuous AUDIT—apart from the Directors and other officials—by a Professional Accountant of high standing and experience. In the VALUATIONS also, which are made on approved Tables of Mortality, the net Assurance Premiums only are taken into account. Thus by constant independent checks and rigid tests, the utmost precaution is adopted to secure this prudent conduct and permanent stability of the Institution. It has always maintained a high position among the Assurance Offices of the Kingdom, and has already paid SUMS ASSURED and BONUSES to the amount of

$8,159,044.00

The amount paid last year alone having been upwards of

$601,763,00

The FUNDS remaining in hand and invested are upwards of

$6,605,945.00.

The List of Policy-holders in Class B. for 1870 will be closed as at

5TH DECEMBER.

Previous Entrants will be entitled to a

WHOLE YEAR'S BONUS

More than later Entrant will receive.

☞ The PROFITS are allocated on a principle which gives LARGER BONUSES than ANY OTHER SYSTEM.

P WARDLAW,

Secretary.

Agents at Ottawa, J T & J PENNOCK.

November 8, 1870 68d5

IF YOU WANT

TO SAVE MONEY

GO TO THE

PEOPLE'S TEA STORES.

— BY —

P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.,

No. 36 Rideau St., and Duke St., Chaudiere,

OTTAWA,

Where from their great increase of business and the large addition now put to their Store, with a well selected Stock, and constant attention on their part, will enable them to sell at prices not to be equalled elsewhere.

There will be found always on hand a general assortment of

GROCERIES,
TEAS in particular, imported,
LIQUORS, WINES, BRANDIES,
GIN, IRISH and
SCOTCH WHISKEY,
Gonderham & Worts'
HIGHWINES,
OLD RYE, and PROOF,

With a fine assortment of Christmas and New Year's FRUITS and SYRUPS.

—ALSO—

WINTER APPLES,
ORANGES and LEMONS,
CHEESE, HAMS,
and BACON.

Remember our Motto—"Quick Sales and light Profits."

☞ Try their TEAS. ☜

Ottawa, Nov 29, 1870 1526

A GENERAL MEETING of the Stockholders of the Ottawa Peat Company will be held at the Russell House, Ottawa, on Tuesday, the 6th December next, at 12 o'clock, noon, for the organization of the Company, under the Act of Incorporation, for the selection of Directors, and for the transaction of general business.

Ottawa, Nov 22, 1870 1521

HARDWARE! HARDWARE!

Sign of the ANVIL, No. 24 Rideau Street, where you can get a complete assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, and at prices to suit purchasers Consisting in part:

GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHINGS:

Butcher Knives, Knives and Forks, Pocket Knives, Table Spoons, Tea Spoons, Tea Trays, Tack Nails, Bolts, Screws, Locks, Bolts, Catches, Latches, Axes, Saws, Planes, Squares, Hammers, Spokeshaves, Gouges, Chisels, Augers, Auger Bits, Steel Bits Bevels, Levels, Boring Machines, Draw Knives, &c. &c. &c. together with

PAINT OF ALL COLOURS:

Rose, Pink, Burnt Umber, Terra de Sienna, Chrome Yellow, Yellow Ochre, Celestial Blue, Paris Green, Brunswick Green, Magnesia Green, Venetian Green, Red Lead, White Lead, in Oil or Dry, Drop Black, Ivory Black, Lamp Black, Boiled Oil, Raw Oil, Turpentine, Benzole, Coal Oil, Paint Brushes, Varnishes, &c

THOS. BIRKETT,

No. 24, Rideau street,

Sign of the Anvil.

P.S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the City.

Ottawa, Nov 18, 1870.

WANTED.

For the First and Second Departments of the Aylmer Common School, two MALE TEACHERS. Salary for first, four hundred; second, three hundred dollars per annum. Services to commence about 1st January, 1871. Applications received up to 1st December, 1870. Stating qualifications, &c.

DR. CRANSTON
Chairman
GEO. CRAIG,
Secretary.

Aylmer, Nov 9, 1870 15 9 3

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,

35 SUSSEX STREET

Elevated Oven Cook Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co.

Low Oven Cook Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co.

Double Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co

Box and Parlor Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co

Coal Stoves, Base Burners, at H. MEADOWS & Co.

The Quintal Coal Stove, at H. MEADOWS & Co.

Parlour Cook Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co.

Dumb Stoves, all sizes, at H. MEADOWS & Co.

Hot Air Furnaces, at H. MEADOWS & Co.

Stove Pipes and Elbows, at H. MEADOWS & Co.

Lumbermen's Supplies, at H. MEADOWS & Co.

1st Prize Stoves can be seen, at H. MEADOWS & Co.

Ottawa, Oct. 13, 1870.

THOMAS ISAAC,

DEALER IN

Shelf and Heavy Hardware

HENEY'S STONE BUILDING,

Wellington Street, Upper Town, Ottawa

Cooking and Fancy Stoves
Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope
Twine, Glass, Oil,
Putty, &c.,
Always on Hand.

Ottawa December 20, 1869. 1236 f

ROUSILLON VIN ROUGE.

An excellent light RED WINE for ordinary use, not unlike PORT, but lighter in body.

$1.25 Per GALLON.

$1.00 Per DOZEN.

J. P. MACPHERSON,

Wine Merchant,

Elgin Street.

Ottawa, Nov 17, '70 1516

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

14 RIDEAU STREET,

Have now received a full supply of

NEW FALL GOODS

— IN ALL

DEPARTMENTS.

Ottawa, September 26, 1870

CANADA AND U. S. PATENT AGENCY.

Patents solicited in Canada and the United States; Trade and Timber Marks, Industrial Designs, Copywrights, Transfers, &c., registered on the shortest notice, Copies of Laws, Circulars, and information, sent free on application Drawings prepared and copied.

Charges moderate United State Patents particularly attended to. Several valuable Patent Rights for sale.

T. G. COURSOLLES,

November 26, 1870 1524 f

NOTICE

Is hereby given, that an application will be made to the Legislature of the Province of Ontario at its next Session, for an Act to authorise the construction of Water Works in and for the City of Ottawa.

WM PLETT,
City Clerk

City Hall, Ottawa,
October 12th, 1870 1492 law3m

NOTICE.

The Partnership existing between the undersigned, in the City of Ottawa, under the name of WATSON & CLISBY, Saloon Keepers, was dissolved by mutual consent on the First Day of SEPTEMBER, A.D., 1870.

WATSON & CLISBY,
JAMES ROY WATSON,
LAVEL KENT CLISBY.

Witness of Signature,
D. M. GRANT,
JAMES STARMER.

Ottawa, Nov 11, 1870 1516tf

NOTICE.

THE CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY CO

Will apply to the

PARLIAMENT

—OF THE—

☞ PROVINCE OF ONTARIO ☜

At its next Session, for the

CONTINUANCE AND EXTENSION

FOR FOUR YEARS,

Of the Provisions of the Act

INCORPORATING THAT COMPANY,

And of the Acts mentioned therein, in so far as they relate to a Grant of Land in aid of the Company.

W R WORSLEY,
Sec. C

Oct 15, 1870

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,

OTTAWA,

Friday, the 18th day of Nov., 1870.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

Whereas by the Act 32 Victoria, Chapter 3, Section 28, intituled: "An Act to amend and continue the Act 32 and 33 Victoria, Chapter 3, and to establish and provide for the Government of the Province of Manitoba, it is provided that such provisions of the Customs Laws of Canada (other than such as prescribe the rate of duties payable) as may be from time to time declared by the Governor General in Council, to apply to the Province of Manitoba, shall be applicable thereto and in force therein accordingly.

His Excellency in Council on the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs, and under the authority aforesaid, has been pleased to Order and it is hereby Ordered, that the following provisions of the Customs Laws of Canada, being the Acts or parts of Acts of the Parliament of Canada hereinafter mentioned, and the same are hereby declared to apply to the said Province of Manitoba that is to say:

Sections 1 to 14 inclusive, and also Sections 37 to 50 inclusive, of the Act 31 Victoria, Chapter 5, intituled: "An Act respecting the Collection and Management of the Revenue, the Auditing of Public Accounts, and the liability of Public Accountants."

The whole of the Act 31 Victoria, Chapter 6, intituled: "An Act respecting Customs," excepting thereout, Sections 2, 3, 4, 5, 19, 20 101, 138, 139 and 140.

Sections 8, 10, 11, 13, 17 and 18 of the Act 31 Victoria, Chapter 7, intituled an Act respecting Duties of Customs, with the Tariff of Duties payable under it."

Sections 10 and 13 of the Act 31 Victoria Chapter 44, intituled: "An Act to amend the Act of the present Session, intituled: "An Act imposing Duties of Customs, with the Tariff of Duties payable under it" And

The whole of the Act 33 Victoria, Chapter 8, intituled: "An Act to explain and amend the Act respecting the Collecting and Management of the Revenue, the Auditing of Public Accounts, and the liability of Public Accountants"

WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Privy Council,
Canada.

15 9 3

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,

OTTAWA,

18th day of November, 1870.

PRESENT

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Ministers of Customs and under the authority given by the Act of the Parliament of Canada, 31 Vic., Cap. 6, intituled "An Act respecting the "Customs," the provisions of which have by Order in Council of this day been declared to be applicable to the Province of Manitoba. His Excellency has been pleased to Order: And it is hereby Ordered that the Town of Winnipeg in the said Province shall be and the same is hereby constituted and appointed a Port of Entry and a Warehousing Port, and that North Pembina shall be and the same is hereby constituted and appointed an out Port of Customs and placed under the survey of the Port of Winnipeg.

WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Privy Council,
Canada.

Ottawa, Nov. 21, 1870 1519 3

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,

OTTAWA, 3rd Nov., 1870

To COLLECTORS OF CUSTOMS.

"SLATE."—SCHEDULE C.—FREE GOODS.

With reference to item of the Tariff, it is held by this Department, that SLATE simply in a quadrangular form, whatever may be its size or thickness is entitled to exemption. If otherwise, especially shapen or if it be polished, or artificially bored, it becomes subject to 15 per cent and 5 per cent duty, as a non-enumerated article.

E. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs

Ottawa, Nov 14, 1870

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT

OTTAWA, 25th November, 1870

[illegible] INVOICES until further notice.

E. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs

LANGUAGES.

A GAY, B. A, French Teacher at the GRAMMAR SCHOOL, offers his leisure hours to persons desirous of learning the French, Spanish or Italian languages. A thorough knowledge is required in a short time. Charges moderate.

Mrs. Robitaille's Boarding House, Sparks st.

Ottawa, Nov 18 1870 1517 2w

Insurance.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY of Canada, Head Office, Toronto.

President—The Hon John Hillyard Cameron M.P.

Vice President—Lewis Moffatt, Esq.

Other Directors—C J Campbell, Esq, Hon Malcolm Cameron, W T Macdonnell, Esq, A R McMaster, Esq, H S Howland, Esq, Geo Duggan, Esq, A T Fulton, Esq, Angus Morrison, Esq, M P J S Crocker, Esq.

Banker—The Canadian Bank of Commerce.

Agents for Ottawa—Messrs J T & W PENNOCK.

The rates of the PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY are as low as its long experience has shown to be profitable.

The cost of the value of insurance is, however, not when the premiums are being paid, but when losses are being settled, and, from the equity and promptness of its settlements the Provincial Insurance Company is second to none.

Its Inspectors are always sent to adjust every important loss directly it occurs.

It has no adjusted losses due and unpaid.

It respectfully solicits a share of the patronage of the insuring public of Ottawa.

ARTHUR HARVEY, Manager.

1288f

UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 12th October, 1868

No. 34

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 35 The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. & of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B

For the Minister of Finance

JOHN LANGTON, Auditor.

I have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U.S. Gold Bonds, 6 of '81

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN, Manager.

Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

Steamers.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COY'S STEAMERS.

MAIL STEAMER

"QUEEN VICTORIA,"

CAPT. BOWIE,

Has commenced her regular trips between Ottawa and Montreal, with Mails and Passengers, leaving Ottawa at 7 a m. daily.

MARKET STEAMER

FAIRY

CAPT. NICHOLS,

Will commence running her regular trips from Major's Wharf to Ottawa ever Monday and Saturday leaving Major's at 5 a m, and Ottawa at 4 p m.

R W SHEPHERD.

Ottawa, April, 25, 1870 1341tf

UNION FORWARDING & RAILWAY COMPANY

CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after the FIRST OF SEPTEMBER,

THE STEAMER "ANN SISSON,"

Will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted) at 7 a. m., for Des Joachims, and intermediate ports. The steamer

"JASON GOULD"

Will leave Pembroke Daily at 2 p. m. steamer

"SIR JOHN YOUNG",

Will leave Havelock daily at 7 a. m. for Chapeau. Returning will leave Chapeau at 1 o'clock p. m.

R S CASSELS, President.

Ottawa, August 22, 1870 144.tf

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMERS

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown.....$100 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown..... 35 00

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown.....$100 00

Halifax..... 20 00

St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer..... 45 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown..... 30 00

Halifax..... 15 00

St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer..... 30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's Office,

JOHN G. DALE, Agent, 15 Broadway, New York,

or HENRICK & CROMBIE, Ottawa.

DOMINION TELEGRAPH INSTITUTE,

34 KING STREET EAST, TORONTO, ONT.

ESTABLISHED IN 1863,

For the purpose of qualifying Operators for the TELEGRAPH AND RAILROAD LINES

Then and now so rapidly building in the Dominion and United States. It is become one of the Permanent Institutions of the Country.

And has turned out OVER 100 OPERATORS,

Who now fill important positions with GOOD SALARIES.

LADIES and GENTLEMEN desiring to learn this light and honourable profession, should do so at once. The average length of time required is three months. Ladies learn more rapidly than gentlemen. Both sexes admitted from 14 years of age and upwards.

For full particulars and terms address

T H CHURCHILL, Toronto, Ontario.

Ottawa, September 22, 1870 13

FOR SALE.

A beautiful country residence with Fifteen (15) Acres of Land (or more if necessary) attached; the house and outbuildings being completely surrounded by a grove of lovely shade trees. The whole within 10 minutes drive of the Government Buildings.

Terms of sale, cash, if preferable to purchaser Otherwise a small payment down, and the balance in from 1 to 10 years, to suit purchaser.

Apply to the Proprietor,

R A BRADLEY, Solicitor, Elgin-st., Ottawa.

Nearly opposite the Post Office.

N. B.—Money to lend on Real Estate. Terms easy.

OUT TO-DAY.

THE Canadian Parliamentary Calendar AND Directory for 1870.

To be obtained

OPE & CO., and JONES & HOLLAND

Medical.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

As a family Remedy it is well and favourably known relieving thousands from pain in the Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Has now been before the public for a length of time and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions have been properly followed, but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing the Diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it.

Price only Twenty-five Cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN.

Sold in Ottawa by H F McCarthy, J Skinner, John Roberts, J P Featherston, George Mortimer, W M Massey, and all Medicine Dealers.

November 30, 1870 1527y

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!

The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great colonial compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHOSHONEES REMEDY

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter O V Miller, of Ernstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Heavy, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1 13y

To Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada.

Madoc, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869.

This is to certify that during the winter of 1856 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sough medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless. I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a ort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings his ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle

A F WOOD, J P, Warden county of Hastings Province of Ontario, Canada.

For sale by DRUGGISTS AND GROCERS generally throughout Canada.

TRADE MARK GARDNER MONTREAL

Medical.

GABRIEL'S PREPARATIONS FOR THE TEETH.

TRADE MARK. MANUFACTURED ONLY BY MESSRS GABRIEL, Dentists. LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR LEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH.

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers.

MESSRS. GABRIEL, The old-established Dentists, 64 Ludgate Hill, London, And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth. Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache, no matter how far decayed Price 1s 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations

GABRIEL'S ODEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth. Price 3s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE, for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; is is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.

See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it. Price 2s.

PARTIES AT A DISTANCE REQUIRING ARTIFICIAL TEETH may have them supplied, in partial or complete sets, on Messrs. Gabriel's new system, by sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of One Guinea, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded, with all necessary instructions Messrs. Gabriel will undertake to Remodel or repair Artificial Teeth made by other Dentists, (which do not prove satisfactory), at moderate charges.

Messrs. Gabriel's Pamphlet on Artificial Teeth and Painless Dentistry on receipts of postage.

*** All letters to be addressed to 64 LUDGATE HILL, LONDON. 1323 2-w6m lawx6m

MADRID 1867 PRIMERA CLASE. PARIS 1867 LONDON 1862 MENTION HONORABLE GENERAL EXCELLENCE

Whiskey

ARRIVED AT LAST!

This elegant Turkish TONIC is one of the most salutary and delicate preparations ever submitted for public approval in this hemisphere, and asserts its pretentions to patronage on the following grounds:—

That it is a preparation of one of the most eminent Purveyors to the Ottoman Court.

It prevents acidity of the Stomach.

It relieves lowness of spirits.

It is a mild and invigorating tonic, and a cost efficient but innocuous stimulent.

It renders the breath sweet and agreeable.

It stimulates the appetite if taken BEFORE meals.

It promotes digestion if taken AFTER meals.

It neutralizes the prepensity for strong liquors.

It renders the intellect bright and clear.

If taken habitually it imparts vitality and energy to all the bodily organs.

By its use a man of 70 will become, as it were, restored to the elasticity of 30; and to persons of delicate constitutions it is strongly recommended.

It is an especial favourite with Oriental ladies.

Secure, then, health, longevity and vital energy by the habitual use of the ALKABASAR TURKISH TONIC.

Kept in stock by the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.

For directions for use see labels on bottles.

HENRY CHAPMAN & CO., EVANS, MERCER & CO., Montreal, Sole Agents for the Dominion

Montreal, July 6. 1415-y

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission on the rigina recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion,

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI, Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F GIANELLI.

H. R. FRIPP, ORGANIST AND TEACHER OF MUSIC.

Residence—Elgin Street, South of Slater Street. Classes for beginners at Mr Gowan's Hall on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 4½ p m.

Ottawa, July 15th, 1870, 1410 tf

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano at 1 Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street.

Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

LOST

From the Farm of MRS. STEWART on the bank of the Canal, on the 26th inst., TWENTY-THREE LAMBS, marked with a stroke on the back with ar. Information to be given to WM SLATTERY, Butcher By Ward Market.

August 29, 1870.

Commission Merchants.

J. BERMINGHAM, GENERAL AUCTIONEER.

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his Spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit continuance of the support and patronage liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quiet sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate, that in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p.m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 25.

Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hands for sale.

J BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer

Ottawa, March 1870.

E. FOOTE & COMPANY,

IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALER —IN—

TEAS AND WINES,

6 HOSPITAL STREET MONTREAL.

Ottawa August 23, 1870 n1446tf

DOMINICK FOX.

GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT, Clarence Street, next to the City Hotel Ottawa.

Solicits the patronage of the Lumber Merchants generally on the Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging men and attending to their rafts while passing here to the best of his ability.

REFERENCES.

Alex Fraser, Esq. Walter Smith, Esq.

Joh cupore, Esq. R W Cruice, Esq.

1324t.

W. H. EASTON & CO., COMMISSION MERCHANTS, FORWARDERS

DEALERS IN Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.

OTTAWA, End of Little Sussex-st.

Cash advanced on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases

W. H. EASTON R. M. EASTON

FOR SALE.

MESS AND PRIME MESS PORK.

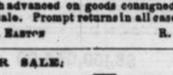
FLOUR NO. 1 & EXTRA

WHITE BEANS,

At Ottawa, Sand Point and Pembroke.

S CHRISTIE, No 5 Sparks street.

Ottawa, Mar 18, 1870.



GOVERNMENT HOUSE.

OTTAWA, 26th day of Sept., 1870.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs and under and in virtue of the authority given by the 8th Section of the Act 31 Vic. Cap. 6, intituled "An Act respecting the Customs." His Excellency has been pleased to make the following Regulation:

Grand Harbour, in the Island of Grand Manan, in the Province of New Brunswick shall be and the same is hereby erected into a Out Port of Customs, and attached to the Port of Campo Bello (Welchpool.)

WM. H. LEE, Clerk Privy Council, Canada.

Ottawa, Oct. 4, 1870. 1478

GOVERNMENT HOUSE.

OTTAWA, Thursday, 22nd day of Sept, 1870

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs and under and in virture of the 54th Section of the Act 31st Victoria Cap. 6, intituled "An Act respecting the Customs.

His Excellency has been pleased to Order and it is hereby Ordered, that the Out Port of Port Ryerse attached to the Port of Dover, in the Province of Ontario, be and the same is hereby constituted and appointed to be a Warehousing Port, within the meaning of that Act.

WM. H. LEE, Clerk Privy Council, Canada.

Ottawa, Oct. 4, 1870. 1478 2

Medical.

Ayer's Hair Vigor,

For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.

A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. *Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color with the gloss and freshness of youth.* Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

HAIR DRESSING,

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS, LOWELL, MASS.

PRICE $1.00.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

For Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption.

Probably never before in the whole history of medicine, has anything won so widely and so deeply upon the confidence of mankind, as this excellent Remedy for pulmonary complaints. Through a long series of years, and among most of the races of men it has been higher and higher in their estimation, as it has become better known. Its uniform character and power to cure the various affections of the lungs and throat, have made it known as a reliable protector against them. While adapted to milder forms of disease and to young children, it is at the same time the most effectual remedy that can be given for incipient consumption, and the dangerous affections of the throat and lungs. As a provision against sudden attacks of *Croup*, it should be kept on hand in every family, and indeed as all are sometimes subject to colds and coughs, all should be provided with this antidote for them.

Although settled *Consumption* is thought incurable, still great numbers of cases where the disease seemed settled, have been completely cured, and the patient restored to sound health by the *Cherry Pectoral*. So complete is its mastery over the disorders of the Lungs and Throat, that the most obstinate of them yield to it. When nothing else could reach them, under the *Cherry Pectoral* they subside and disappear.

Singers and Public Speakers find great protection from it.

Asthma is always relieved and often wholly cured by it.

Bronchitis is generally cured by taking the *Cherry Pectoral* in small and frequent doses.

So generally are its virtues known that we need not publish the certificates of them here, or do more than assure the public that its qualities are fully maintained.

Ayer's Ague Cure,

For Fever and Ague, Intermittent Fever, Chill Fever, Remittent Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical or Bilious Fever, &c., and indeed all the affections which arise from malarious, marsh, or miasmatic poisons.

As its name implies, it does *Cure*, and does not fail. Containing neither Arsenic, Quinine, Bismuth, Zinc, nor any other mineral or poisonous substance whatever, it in nowise injures any patient. The number and importance of its cures in the ague districts, are literally beyond account, and we believe without a parallel in the history of Ague medicine. Our pride is gratified by the acknowledgments we receive of the radical cures effected in obstinate cases, and where other remedies had wholly failed.

Unacclimated persons, either resident in, or travelling through miasmatic localities, will be protected by taking the *AGUE CURE* daily.

For Liver Complaints, arising from torpidity of the Liver, it is an excellent remedy, stimulating the Liver into healthy activity.

For Bilious Disorders and Liver Complaints, it is an excellent remedy, producing many truly remarkable cures, where other medicines had failed.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Practical and Analytical Chemists, Lowell, Mass., and sold all round the world.

PRICE ONE DOLLAR PER BOTTLE.

LEA & PERRINS' CELEBRATED WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

Declared by Connoisseur TO BE THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.

CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivalled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE, and to see that their names are upon the wrapper labels, stopper and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c, &c, and by Grocers and Oilmen universally 52v1236 law

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly, (which are published in the "Ontario Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next proceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the Session.

CHARLES T GILLMOR, Clerk of the House.

Toronto March 15, 1870 1309 td lawk.

NOTICE.

I hereby give notice that I shall not be responsible for any debt contracted in my name after this date without my written order.

CHAS. GOULDEN.

Ottawa, August 6 3m

Miscellaneous.

TRISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.

W. R. TRISTLE, R. LANG.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.

REFERENCES.—H Allans, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Davies' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.

OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

PRESERVE YOUR ROOFS.

PATENT PLASTIC SLATE PAINT,

Is the best and cheapest material in use for preserving new, or repairing old

IRON OR TIN ROOFS,

No matter how bad their condition. Also fire rate for

SHINGLE ROOFS,

Making them

FIRE AND WATER PROOF,

Hardens into a coating of SOLID SLATE by exposure.

Price $6 a barrel, mixed ready for use.

A barrel will cover 10 squares (10 x 10)

SHEATHING FELT

For lining Frame Buildings under the clap boards. An effectual protection against cold, damp and vermin. Rats and mice will come near it.

No FRAME DWELLING should be without

Send for circular, instructions, &c.

BUCHANAN & CO., Wholesale Depot for Roofing Materials and Founder's Supplies, 32 Lemoine Street, Montreal.

Ottawa, September 21, 1870 1468

A. E. GENDREAU, HAIR DRESSING PARLOUR, *Wellington street,* Opposite the Bank of Montreal.

MR GENDREAU, the proprietor of that so popular Parlour, has the pleasure to announce to his numerous friends and the public in general, that to answer to the great encouragement which he has received up to the present, he has determined to enlarge and thoroughly furnish anew his establishment He will save no expense to render Parlour the most comfortable, and to procure the most experienced hair dressers.

MR GENDREAU having served considerable time in some of the best and most extensive Hair Dressing Saloons in the Dominion and United States, is in a position to conduct the duties of his establishment in a manner that cannot be surpassed.

He will have always on hand the best perfumes imported directly from Paris and London. MR GENDREAU solicits a visit to convince all of the truth of his statements.

SATCHELL BROS.

BUTCHERS TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constant on hand

FRESH KILLED *STALL-FED* BEEF AND MUTTON.

ALSO, THEIR CELEBRATED SPICED AND SALT ROUND, AND *ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES,*

To be had at THEIR STALLS, Nos. 5 and 7, *BY-WARD MARKET*

No Benzine or Coal Oil used.

THE LANG PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT

PRESTON & ROWSELL'S ENGLISH AND HANDSOME WALL PAINTING

A. W LANG, Sparks Street.

PEOPLE'S TELEGRAPH COMPANY

Incorporated under Chapter LXVII of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada.

OTTAWA OFFICE—G P DESMOND'S Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.

DIRECTORS:

A JOSEPH, Chairman; D C THOMSON, Treasurer; S B FOOTE A THOMSON, T H DUNN. DRUMMOND Manager 1141tf

TWO OR THREE GENTLEMEN can be accommodated with ROOMS, WITH OR WITHOUT BOARD.

Apply at MR. ROWSELL'S, Opposite the Union Hotel, Centre Town.

Ottawa, July 5, 1870. 1400 tf

EDGAR DOWARD, Organist, Christ Church, teacher of Organ, Piano and Singing Residence—O'Connor street. Mr. Doward was formerly Choirster Boy and Articled Pupil of Mr W. Done, of Worcester Cathedral, England.

Miscellaneous.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

In the matter of JOSEPH HENRY CASSELS, the Village of Kenmore *AN INSOLVENT.*

ASSIGNEES SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power vested in me as Assignee of the estate and effects of the above named Insolvent, I shall offer for sale by Public Auction, at the Court House, in the City of Ottawa, at the hour of 12 o'clock, noon on FRIDAY, the TWENTY-FIFTH day of NOVEMBER next, all the estate, right, title, interest and equity of redemption of the said Insolvent, and of myself, as such Assignee as aforesaid, in and to that certain parcel or tract of land and premises situate, lying and being in the Township of Gloucester, in the County of Carleton, containing by admeasurement fifty acres of land be the same more or less, being composed of the west quarter of lot number two, in the third Concession of the said Township, Ellis an Front.

Terms and conditions made known at the time of sale, and particulars can be had by applying to

CHAS BAILLIE, Assignee, 401 Notre Dame St.

Dated Montreal, 17th Sept, 1870. 1469 3aw27t

GREAT CENTRAL AIR LINE ROUTE VIA GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.

[The Model Road of Canada]

To Sarnia, Detroit, Milwaukee, CHICAGO, Cincinnati, St. Louis, New Orleans, and all Points in the West and South.

NORTHERN TRANSPORTATION CO'S 20 First-Class Upper Cabin Steamers. DAILY LINE BETWEEN OGDENSBURG & CHICAGO, Making sure connections with Railway for all Points West and South.

Parties going west can secure Tickets at this office to any Point desired, VIA ALL RAIL OR ALL BOAT

Fares always cheaper than by any other Route.

Be sure and procure TICKETS at this office by the GREAT CENTRAL ROUTE AND SAVE MONEY, TIME AND DISTANCE.

Comparative distance of the several Western Routes to Chicago:

American—Ogdensburg or Prescott..... to Chicago.....	850 miles
Grand Trunk to Detroit.....	736 do
Grand Trunk to Toronto, Great Western to Detroit.....	730 do
Leaving in favor of the Great Central Route.....	120 do

For TICKETS to any Points in the United States, and all information apply to

J T JOHCORAN, General Western Railway and Steamboat Ticket office, at H Palmer's store, next to England & Draper's, Sussex st, two doors from Rideau-st.

IN CHANCERY.

Pursuant to a decree of the Court of Chancery, made in a cause Spain vs. Watt, the Creditors of Martin Spain, late of the Township of Nepean, in the County of Carleton, who died in or about the month of NOVEMBER, 1867, are on or before the 15th NOVEMBER next, to send by post prepaid, to Messrs. Kennedy & Christie, of the City of Ottawa, the Solicitor of the Defendants, Arthur Watt, the Executor of the deceased, their christian and surnames, addresses and descriptions, the full particulars of their claims, a statement of their accounts and the nature of the securities (if any) held by them, or in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said decree.

Every Creditor holding any security is to produce the same before me at my Chambers, at the City of Ottawa, on the 23rd day of November, 1870, at 11 o'clock, in the forenoon, being the time appointed for adjudication on the claims.

Dated the 21st day of October, 1870.

(Signed), W. M. MATHESON, Master at Ottawa.

SCOTT & ROSS, Plaintiff's Solicitors.

Ottawa, Oct 24, 1870 1495 1d

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA, 10th day of November, 1870.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

Whereas it has been represented to His Excellency, that the public convenience would be promoted if the Out-Ports of St Armand and Rousse's Point, which are situate in closer proximity to the Port of St. John's, than to that of Montreal, with which they are now connected, were detached from the last mentioned Port and placed under the survey of the Port of St. Johns; His Excellency on the recommendation of the Hon. the Minister of Customs, and under and in pursuance of the 8th section of the Act 31st Victoria Chapter 6, intituled:

"An Act respecting the Customs," has been pleased to Order, and it is hereby Ordered that on, from and after the First day of December next the Out-Ports of St. Armand and Rouse's Point shall be and they are hereby respectively detached from the Port of Montreal and placed under the Survey of the Port of St. Johns, in the Province of Quebec.

WM. H. LEE, Clerk Privy Council,

PRESTON & ROWSELL.

MILITARY TAILORS AND HABIT MAKERS

NO. 36 SPARKS STREET

A SELECT ASSORTMENT OF Tweeds, Broad Cloths, Doe Skins, Fancy Coatings, Vestings, &c.

SHIRTS MADE TO ORDER

Ottawa, July 26, 1870.

PRESTON & ROWSELL. PRESTON & ROWSELL.

HIGHER EDUCATION.

HELLMUTH COLLEGE.

Board and Tuition per annum, $32.

HELLMUTH LADIES' COLLEGE

Inaugurated by H. R. H. Prince Arthur. Board and Tuition $236 per annum.

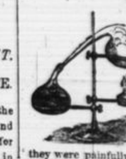
PATRONAGE:—The Very Rev. I. Hellmuth, D.D., Dean of Huron

For Particulars apply to Major Evans, London, Canada West.

August 8, 1870. 1 ad

Sarsaparilla

ING THE BLOOD.



The reputation this excellent medicine enjoys is derived from its cures. Many of which are truly marvellous. Intractable cases of Scrofulous disease, where the system seemed saturated with corruption, have been purified and cured by it. Scrofulous tumors and ulcerous sores, which were gravated by the usual treatment, have healed under its influence. Many persons have been cured in such great numbers that they were painfully afflicting, have been restored to health and vigor. Many who were reduced to the verge of the grave, and who, to all appearance, were hopelessly consumptive, have been restored to health, and are now living in the enjoyment of health. Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Liver Complaint, Costiveness, Pimples on the face, Blotches, Boils, Tetter or Ringworm, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Sore Eyes, Sore Ears, and other eruptions, which are the visible forms of Scrofulous disease. Also in its presence by eruptions on the skin, or in the internal organs of the body. Hence the occasional use of a bottle of this Sarsaparilla is advisable, even when no active symptoms of disease appear. Persons affected with the following complaints generally find immediate relief and in time, cure, by the use of this SARSAPARILLA: *Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Sore Ears,* and other eruptions, visible forms of *Scrofulous* disease. Also in its presence by eruptions on the skin, or in the internal organs of the body. Hence the occasional use of a bottle of this *Sarsaparilla* is advisable, even when no active symptoms of disease appear. Persons affected with the following complaints generally find immediate relief and in time, cure, by the use of this SARSAPARILLA: *L.A: St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas,

The Times

VOL. V. NO. 1531. OTTAWA, MONDAY DECEMBER 5, 1870 PRICE—3 CENT

AGENTS WANTED, who can make $3 to $10 a day. Address, T. W. FARRELL, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Nov 11, 1870. 1511 1m

Legal.

J. W. W. WARD, Barrister at-law, Advocate, &c., Opposite Russell House, Ottawa. Car 4s.

WRIGHT & CLEMOW, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. &c. for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec. Office over Durie's Book Store, Sparks street, Ottawa.
W McKAY WRIGHT. 12w F C CLEMOW.

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. S. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.
ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister, Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

KEEFER & KIMBER, Barristers and Attorneys at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, &c., for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec. Office—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.
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WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 196tf

Medical.

DOCTOR HENDERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Surgery—That recently occupied by Dr. Malloch, Duke st, Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1388y

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur, Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.
N.B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street. Central Ottawa. 3tf

GEORGE HUTCHISON, L. D. S.,

SURGEON DENTIST,

Sparks Street.

OPPOSITE "TIMES" OFFICE.

DR. HUTCHISON is fully prepared to supply sets of TEETH, or to insert single Teeth where wanting, on either gold, silver or vulcanite rubber plates, fitting so closely and easily to the mouth as to be capable of all the uses to which natural teeth are applied, without the slightest inconvenience to the wearers, and after using for a short time in use, without even a consciousness of the presence of a substance foreign to the mouth.

Dr. H. with a view to the removal of painful consciousness during the operation of extracting decayed or diseased teeth, has introduced into his practice the use of the Nitrous Oxide or laughing gas, which the sufferer inhales without danger or inconvenience, and loses his tooth as it were in a pleasant dream.

He may be consulted any day, except Sunday, at his office from 9 a. m. to 6 p. m.
Ottawa September 2, 1870

Hotels and Saloons.

THE METROPOLITAN,
AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa.
192tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

WAVERLY HOUSE,
BARRINGTON-STREET,
HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,
Established 1851.
Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.
969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,
Corner James and King-sts.,
Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.
E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor.
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)
A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*
Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brandies Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

MR. DUIGNAN'S,
SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA
A few more gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen visiting the Capital will find superior accommodation by the day or week at moderate terms.
N B.—This house is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Parliament Buildings and the 219tf

THE UNION HOUSE,
W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR,
CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS
OTTAWA.
EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.
The Bar always supplied with the
CHOICEST LIQUORS,
And the table spread with
EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON
Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.

C. T. R. HIGGINS,
Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co, General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufactures and Mining Agent. Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mann Bros Hardware Store.

DANCING AND DEPORTMENT.
Mrs Robert Stewart having made arrangements with an accomplished lady teacher, announces that her Dancing Classes will commence on Wednesday, the 22nd instant
Further particulars may be obtained on application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street.
Ottawa September 9th, 1869. 1148tf

WANTED.
An experienced First-class Common School Teacher, who is not afraid to compete (so far as his profession is concerned) with any person in either Province, desires an engagement in Ontario, to date from the first of January next. Best of references.
Address, stating salary, &c.,
A D PRATT,
Hull, P. Q.
Hull, 31st Oct, 1870. 1502tf

WANTED by a young Lady a situation. is competent to teach French, and is a good hand to go out by the day if necessary.
1519 1a

Groceries.

DENIS WHELAN,
39 RIDEAU STREET,
OTTAWA
HAVING OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT
(nearly opposite the Old Stand,)
offers for sale at VERY LOW PRICES a large and well selected stock, comprising Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy Soaps, Sauces, Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, Candles, Coarse and Fine Salt. Also, *Bordeaux and other Vinegars*

MESS PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS,

and the numerous other articles necessary to constitute a complete stock.

TEAS—Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial Young Hyson, quite fresh and cheap.

COFFEE—Fresh Coffee *ground* and *roasted* daily on the premises.

LIQUORS—COGNAC BRANDIES Renault & Co, Hennessy, Piper's and other brands.

HOLLAND GIN—De Kuyper's and Houtman's, n wood bottle.

WINES—Sherries o all grades, Ports of fine quality, Burgundy, Souterne and Maderia Wines all prices, in wood and bottle, improved by age.

HIGHWINES, OLD RYE, PROOF AND WHISKEY,
high proof and flavor, at extremely low prices.
Thorne's and Stewart's Scotch Whiskey and Old Tom.
Dunville's Irish Whiskey.
Murphy's Old Irish Potteen.
Guinness' and London Porter, pts and qts.
Molson's and other Ales.
Sugars and Syrups, all grades.
Sale at refiners' prices.
THE OLD STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE SELLING AT TWENTY-FIVE PER CENT BELOW COST.
Now is the time or bargains. 1105

1870. 1870.

SPRING IMPORTATIONS.

O'MEARA & CO.

Beg most respectfully to intimate to their friends and customers that they have just received and have ready for inspection

A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT OF CLOTHS AND TWEEDS

Suitable for the coming season, comprising ENGLISH, FRENCH, SCOTCH AND CANADIAN MANUFACTURES OF THE NEWEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE DESIGNS.

THE READY-MADE CLOTHING DEPARTMENT

Is also very complete, and will be found of the best materials and most fashionable styles.

Special attention is called to a LARGE ASSORTMENT OF SPRING AND SUMMER OVERCOATS *OF THE NEWEST STYLES.*

Suspenders, Scarfs, Ties, Collars, Shirts, Gloves, &c. &c. Together with a large and well assorted stock of

DRY GOODS.

Tailoring Department under the supervision of a first class cutter
Suits made to order in best and latest styles Good fit ensured or no sale.
A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO

Hardware.

BLYTH & KERR,
No. 25 RIDEAU STREET,
Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c.

All work in any of the above branches executed in a prompt and workmanlike manner.
Special attention given to Roofing and fitting up Galvanized Iron and Tin Gutters, Conductors, &c., &c.

IMPORTERS OF GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

JUST RECEIVED ex "Pride of Canada" and "Ocsola," a splendid assortment of Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots, Jelly Moulds. Wire Dish Covers, Spice Boxes, Ladies' Dressing Cases, Trays, Enamelled Pie Dishes, Preserving Pans, Deal Milk saucepans, &c., &c.
Constantly on hand, Cooking Stoves, (best makers) hot Air Furnaces, Water Coolers, Baths, (all kinds) Cutlery, Plated and Britannia Metal Ware,
—ALSO—
FISHING TACKLE, comprising Rods, Lines, Flies, Hooks, Floats, Trolls, Panniers, Landing Nets, Fly Books, &c. &c.
Ottawa, August 10, 1870 1432 1y

DARLEY'S
ARABIAN OIL
FOR HORSES AND CATTLE
A NEVER-FAILING REMEDY.

This valuable preparation combines all the medicinal virtues of those articles which long experience has proved to possess the most safe and efficient properties for the cure of Flesh Wounds, Sprains, Bruises, Galls of all kinds, Cracked Heels, Ring Bone, Spavin, Callous, Fistula, Sweeney, External Poisons, Scratches or Grease, Strains, Lameness, Mange, Wit-lows, Corns, Sand Cracks, Foundered Feet, Horn Distemper, Swellings, and many other diseases which horses and cattle are subject to.

The celebrated Liniment has been used for many years, and its curative properties thoroughly tested, and it is conceded to be the cheapest and most reliable remedy for all external complaints ever offered to the public—it never fails when timely used and faithfully applied.

To be had of all Druggists and Country Merchants throughout the Dominion. Price 25c. per bottle.
NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont.
Proprietors.
Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W M Massey, H F McCarthy, J Skinner, in Ottawa, all Medicine Dealers.
November 24, 1870 1522tf

WANTED
By a young girl a situation as SEAMSTRESS, or DRESS-MAKER, in a private family or place of business.
References given if required. Apply at the TIMES OFFICE.
August 1st, 1870 1424-tf

Railroads.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY OF CANADA.

Special attention is directed to this Company's announcement, in regard to the

RUNNING OF TRAINS FOR THE ENSUING SEASON.

In addition to the Fast Time which it is intended to make between the

EAST AND WEST,

With close connections at all points. The line will be equipped with handsome

NEW FIRST-CLASS CARS,

Unsurpassed on the continent!

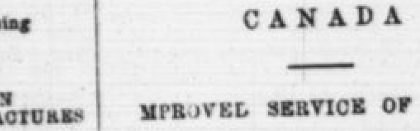
TRAINS WILL RUN BETWEEN
Portland and Montreal in 13 Hours.
Montreal and Toronto in 13 Hours.
Stopping only at the most important Stations.

As fast as completed,

PULMAN'S PALACE SLEEPING CARS

Will be run on the Through Trains and the service will be performed over the entire line in a manner equal to that of any railway or this continent. Special arrangements have been made to accommodate the pleasure travel.

For further particulars see advertisements and time tables.
C J BRYDGES,
Managing Director.
June 3 1870. 1417tf



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY OF CANADA

IMPROVED SERVICE OF TRAINS FOR THE SUMMER OF 1870.

ACCELERATION OF SPEED.

NEW CARS ON ALL EXPRESS TRAINS.

Portland to Montreal in 13 Hours.
Montreal to Toronto in 13 Hours.

On and after JUNE 13th the new arrangements will be put in force, and trains will leave Montreal as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points west at....	9 00 a m
NIGHT, do do	9 00 p m
Mail Train for Toronto and intermediate Stations	7 00 a m
Accommodation Train for Brockville and intermediate stations	5 00 p m
Trains for Lachine a 6 00 a m, 7 00 a m, 9 15 a m, 12 noon, 1 30 p m, 4 00 p m, 5 30 p m, and 6 30 p m. The 1 30 p m Train runs through to Province Line.	

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and intermediate stations at	7 10 a m
Express for Boston, via Vermont Central, at	9 00 a m
Express for New York and Boston, via Vermont Central, at	3 45 p m
Express for New York and Boston, via Plattsburg, Lake Champlain, Burlington and Rutland, at	6 00 a m
Do do do do	4 00 p m
Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham, Portland and Lower Provinces at	11) p
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, and the Lower Provinces, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St Hilaire, St Hyacinthe, Upton, Acton, Richmond, Brompton Falls, Sherbrooke, Lennoxville, Compton, Coaticooke and Norton Mills only at	10 10 p m

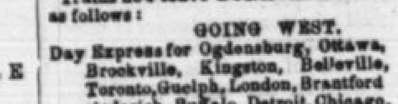
Sleeping Cars on all night trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotta" leave Portland for Halifax, N S, every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, respectively, at 4 00 p m. They have excellent accommodations for passengers and Freight.

The International Company's Steamers running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every Monday and Thursday at 6 00 p m for St John, N B, &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way station apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station, or at No 39, Great St James Street.
C J BRYDGES,
Managing Director.
June 3, 1870 1425tf



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1870.] SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS. [1870

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at	0 a m
Night do do do do do	0 p m
Accommodation Train for Cornwall and Intermediate Stations at	00 p m
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at	7:30 a m
Trains for Lachine at 6:00 a m, 7:00 a m, 9 15 a m, 12 noon, 1:30 p m, 4:00 p m and 5:30 p m.	

—The 1:30 p m train runs through to Province Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at	7:00 a m
Express for Boston at	8:40 a m
Express for New York and Boston via Vermont Central at	3:45 p m
Express for New York and Boston via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at	6.00 a m
Express for Island Pond, at	2:00 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at	10:10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotta" leave Portland every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, for Halifax, N.S., respectively at 4 p m.

They has excellent accommodation for passenger and freight.

The International Company's steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway leave Portland every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 6 p m, for St. John, N.B., &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Offices, Bonaventure Station, and 39 Great St James Street.
C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director
Montreal, May, 1870.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.
A & A H TAYLOR, Agents

ELECTRICITY IS LIFE

PULVERMACHER'S PATENT

GALVANIC CHAIN-BANDS BELTS, AND POCKET BATTERIES

These highly improved inventions render Electricity perfectly self-applicable, and extremely efficacious in a mild continuous form, no shock or unpleasant sensation being experienced, whereby it becomes a true fountain of health and vigour, speedily soothing agonising pains, re-animating torpid limbs, reviving the sluggish functions of life, and imparting renewed energy and vitality to constitutions enfeebled by whatever cause. Medicines and their deleterious consequences are thus entirely dispensed with. The daily increasing number of cures effected by PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC SYSTEM is so extensive and varied, that it forcibly points to this invention as the embryo of a universal remedy.

N. B.—The following testimony from the elite of the English medical faculty has been received:

"We, the undersigned, have much pleasure in testifying that Mr. J. L. PULVERMACHER's recent improvements in his Voltaic Batteries and Galvanic Appliances for Medical Purposes are of great importance to Scientific Medicine, and that he is entitled to the consideration and support of every one disposed to further the advancement of real and useful progress.
"Dated the 9th day of March, 1866.
"SIR CHARLES LOCOCK, Bart., M. D., F. R. C. P.
"SIR HENRY HOLLAND, Bart., M. D., F. R. S.
"SIR WM. FERGUSSON, Bart., F. R. S.
"EDWD. H. SIEVEKING, M. D., M R C S.
"SIR J. RANALD MARTIN, F. R. C. S."

PULVERMACHER'S SYSTEM is also approved of by an official report of the Academie de Medicine, Paris, Royal College of Physicians, London, and the Imperial Faculty of Vienna, and its curative virtues are confirmed by thousands of private testimonials of cures effected. (See pamphlet gratis).

These facts appeal to the good sense of every sufferer to avail himself of this scientific and curative progress, to which the inventor has devoted a life-time of study and labour, as an ardent disciple of that great benefactor of mankind, the late illustrious electrician MICHAEL FARADY.

PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC CHAINS are exceedingly effective without the aid of medicine, restriction of diet, or the least derangement of the patient's habits and daily occupations, in the following maladies:

Rheumatism	Female Complaints
Gout	Constipation
Sciatica	Cramp
Lumbago	Sluggish Circulation
Neuralgia	Urinary Disorders
Head and Toothache	Paralysis
Liver Complaints	Epilepsy
Tic Doloreux	Nervous Debility
Indigestion	Functional Disorders
Deafness	&c., &c.
Spasms	

The effects of the application of Pulvermacher's Chains in any of the above disorders is immediately perceptible—the relief of pain instantaneous.

PRICE LIST OF PULVERMACHER'S CHAIN BANDS AND BATTERIES.

B. CHAIN BANDS for Nervous Deafness, Head, Tooth, and Face Ache, and Noises in the Head, 21s. to 30s.
B. CHAIN BANDS for loss of Voice and other affections of the Throat, 10s. 6d. to 21s.
N. CHAIN BANDS for Sciatica, Rheumatic, Neuralgia, and Gouty Pains, Local Paralysis, Cramp, &c., 18s. to 22s. and 40s.
B CHAIN BANDS for Lumbago, Indigestion, Liver, Chest, and Functional Disorders, &c., (worn as a belt), 22s to 40s and 55s.
B CHAIN BANDS for Writer's Cramp, Trembling, Nervousness, &c, 22s to 30s and 40s.
B COMBINED CHAIN BAND for Cantal, Paralysis, Epilepsy, General Debility Functional Disorders, &c., 30s to 50s.
A complete Set of COMBINED CHAIN BANDS, BELTS, and CHAIN BATTERY for restoring vital energy, £5 to £7.

The public are most earnestly cautioned to beware of Pseudo Electric Belts advertised by sham Doctors, &c., for improper purposes, and so severely stigmatised by Vice Chancellor Malins in the suit Pulvermacher vs Hammond, alias Henry James, alias C. T. Raphey, M. R. C. S, alias Henry Burrows, &c, &c.

No Galvanic Belts are genuine but those bearing the fac simile of M. Pulvermacher's signature on the label.

A pamphlet containing full particulars may be had at the Drug Store of A. Christie, Sparks Street.
J. L. PULVERMACHER,
Galvanic Establishment,
200 Regent Street, London, W.
Ottawa, September 6, 1870 1455 1awk y

SCYTHES!

SCYTHES!! SCYTHES!!!

AND OTHER

HARVESTING IMPLEMENTS.

At the sign of the ANVIL, No. 24 Rideau street, you can find a complete assortment of,

Grass and other Scythes.
Blood Silver Steel, all lengths.
Blood Cast steel, "
Blood German Steel, "
Pride of the Field silver Steel.
Bonnie Blue Bell, "
Red Rover or Champion "
Flint's Celebrated Scyth,
Whitings Eureka Scyte ground, ready for use.
Hay Rakes, straight and bent.
Hay Forks, two and three prongs.
Straw Forks, three prongs.
Scythes Snathes.
Grain Cradles, Muley and Grape Vine.
Scythes-stones and Grindstones of all sorts and sizes.

—ALSO,—

A complete assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, Paints, Oil, Glass, Putty, Coal Oil, &c., &c.
THOS. BIRKETT.
No. 24, Rideau Street.

TO FARMERS

Who have suffered by fire we make a reduction in the price of Stoves,

Elevated Oven Cook Stoves.
Low Oven Cook Stoves.
Double Stoves. Parlour Stoves.
Box Stoves all sizes. Hotel Cook Stoves.
Dumb Stoves. Hot Air Furnaces.
Stove Pipes. Elbows.
Zinc.

Our WINTER STOCK, just received at the

"CAPITAL STOVE DEPOT."
35 Sussex Street,
H MEADOWS & CO.
Ottawa, September 9, 1870.

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

Arrival Departure of Mails.

1870. FALL ARRANGEMENT. 1870.

MAILS.	CLOSE. A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	DELIVERED. A.M.	A.M.	P.M.
Eastern, by Train; Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	11.15		8.30	9.00		4.00
Montreal, by Steamer	6.00			9.00		4.00
Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B., by St. L. & O. Railway	11.15			9.00		7.15
Western, by Train; Toronto, Hamilton, London, Kingston, Western, U.S., and all places west of Prescott	8.30		8.30			
Fort Garry and other places in the Province of Manitoba to be despatched in closed mail from Windsor, Ontario, daily, via St. Paul, Minnesota. Ordinary Dominion rates of postage	8.30		8.30	9.00		7.15
United States, by St. L. & O. Railway; Ogdensburgh, New York, Boston, &c.			8.30	9.00		4.00
Lower Ottawa, by Steamer; Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville, &c.	1.14					6.30
Upper Ottawa, by Steamer; Onslow, Arnprior, Sand Point, Renfrew, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c.	6.00			8.00		6.00
Upper Ottawa, by Stage; Pakenham, March, Huntley, Carp, &c.	5.00		12.15	8.00		
Aylmer, by Stage; Hull, Clarendon, Bristol, &c.	5.00	11.00	4.00	9.00	11.00	4.00
Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Burritt's Rapids by St. L. & O. Railway	7.30	11.15		9.00		
North Gower, Kars, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	11.15			9.10		
Osgoode, Russell, and Line of St. L. & O. Railway	8.30			9.00		1.30
For Brockville, Perth, Smith's Falls, Appleton and Carleton Place, per Canada Central Railway	8.30		4.30	8.00		1.30
For Sand Point and places on the Brockville and Ottawa Railway, North of Carleton Place Junction, and places on C. C. Railway	8.30					
Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate offices daily; Aylwin, Kazabazua, Low, River Desert, Six Portages, Wright, close Tuesdays and Fridays; arrive Tuesdays and Fridays	6.00					5.00
Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays	6.00		12.30		11.30	

Matter posted up to 9.30 p.m. will be forwarded East and West in supplementary package the same night.

The Western Mail arriving at 7 p. m. will be delivered the same evening.

BRITISH MAILS.

Per Cunard Line, close every Tuesday at 10.45 a. m.

Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 10.30 a. m.

A supplementary bag for Canadian steamer will be closed at 11.30, in which all paid unregistered matter will be sent.

MONEY ORDERS

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on special deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required.
G. P. BAKER,
Postmaster.
POST OFFICE,
Ottawa, 21st Nov., 1870.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it; there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations

Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment Cures Croup or Rattles.—DR. BINGHAM, of Utica New York, says: "I have used Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment in my practice a number of years, and can say with pleasure I deem it one of the greatest discoveries of the age; for the cure of Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammatory Rheumatism, and in Child-bed Fever, it operates with perfect success. In cases of Burns, Bruises, Frost Limbs, it acts like a charm.

Dr. J. P. KENNEDY, of Chittenango, New York, says: "It has stood the test trial, and has not been found wanting. Its astonishing cures of Inflammation of the Lungs and Croup and the wonderful success in subsiding the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of remedies for these complaints."

DR. A. W. BELDING, of Knowlesville, New York says: "I have used it in several cases of Special Irritation and for the worst cases of Piles, and sundry other complaints, and find it a superior article, and well worthy the notice of all."

Purchasers should be sure and ask for Dr. R. Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and see that the words "A. TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT" are on the wrapper.

Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for the Canadas. Sold in Ottawa by all druggists and by medicine dealers everywhere.

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE,
—BY—
P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.
Wholesale and Retail dealers and Commission Merchants, No. 36 Rideau-St., and Duke St., Chaudiere,

Desire to draw the attention of the Public to their well assorted Stock of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, and Provisions, all of which will be sold at prices not to be rivalled either here or elsewhere.

Having the advantage of buying our Goods at the lowest prices, and direct from the Importing Vessels, enables us to sell in future as we have done heretofore, which we hope has given satisfaction to those who have favored us with a call. Rye, Proof and High Wines of the best always on hand. Also, Gin, Brandies and Wines directly imported. Those who have not already tried our Goods are respectively invited to call. Remember our motto. "Quick Sales and Light Profits." Salt and Fish constantly on hand.
P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.
August 7, 1870. 1428-1y

SITUATION WANTED AS FARMER

A Married Man, who understands farming in all its departments; has had long experience in Canada.
Address R. E., FARMER, Hull, P.Q.

Railroads.

THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

ALTERATION OF TIME.

On and from MONDAY next, the 21st inst., three trains will run daily on this Railway as follows.

Going South Ottawa to Prescott.

MAIL will leave Ottawa at 9 30 a m, connecting at Prescott, with the Grand Trunk Express, for the West, and with the Ogdensburg Railway, for Boston, New York, &c.

MAIL will leave Ottawa at 12 00 noon, connecting with the Grand Trunk Express, for Montreal,

EXPRESS will leave Ottawa at 10 30 p m, connecting with the Grand Trunk Expresses, East and West.

Going North Prescott to Ottawa.

MAIL will leave Prescott Junction at 6 a m, connecting with the G. T Expresses East and West and arriving in Ottawa at 8.30 a m.

MAIL will leave Prescott Junction at 1.25 p m, connecting with the G. T. Express leaving Montreal at 8 a m, and arriving in Ottawa at 3.45 p m.

EXPRESS will leave Prescott Junction at 4 50 p m, connecting with G T Expresses, East and West, and arriving in Ottawa at 7 p m 20 minutes allowed at Prescott Junction refreshments.

Tickets may be obtained on application to any of the Company's Agents, or at any of the Principal Stations of the Grand Trunk Railway.

All trains on this Line are run on Montreal time.
R LUTTRELL, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director
Ottawa, November 19, 1870.

CANADA CENTRAL AND BROCKVILLE AND OTTAWA RAILWAYS.

ALTERATION OF TRAINS,
Commencing DECEMBER 5, 1870.

SLEEPING CARS between TORONTO and Ottawa, going through in 13 HOURS.

On and after MONDAY, Dec. 5, TRAINS will run as follows:

Leave Brockville.

EXPRESS, at 4 45 a m, connecting with Grand Trunk Express from the West, and arriving at Ottawa, at 8 30 a m.

MAIL TRAIN, at 7 30 a m, arriving at Ottawa at 1.51 p m.

EXPRESS, at 3.30 p m, connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express from the West, and arriving at Ottawa at 7.16 p m.

Leave Ottawa.

EXPRESS, at 9 40 a m, arriving at Brockville at 1.19 p m, and connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express going West.

MAIL TRAIN, at 3.45 p m, arriving at Brockville 9 15 p m.

EXPRESS, at 10.30 p m, arriving at Brockville at 2.15 a m, and connecting with Grand Trunk Night Express going West.

Arrive at Sand Point 1.35 and 7.10 p m.

Trains on Canada Central and Perth Branch make certain connections with all trains on B. & O. Railway.

A Sleeping Car will leave Toronto on Monday, Wednesday and Friday nights, by the Grand Trunk 7.30 p m train, and go through to Ottawa, arriving at 8.30 a m.

Returning, it will leave Ottawa on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday nights, at 10.30 p m, and go through to Toronto by G. T. Train, arriving at Toronto at 11.30 a m.

Freight forwarded with despatch, as the C. C. and B. & O. Railways are the same guage as the Grand Trunk. Car loads go through in Grand Trunk Cars to all points, without transhipment.

Certain connections made with Grand Trunk Trains
H ABBOTT.
Manager
Brockville, Ont., Dec 1, 1870 1530tf

IMPORTANT SALE
—OF—
REAL ESTATE,
Mill Property, Farms, Timber Lands, Timber Licenses, &c.
INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.
In the matter of
THOMAS D. LEWIS,
Of Templeton, County of Ottawa, Quebec,
INSOLVENT,

The subscriber will offer for sale by Public Auction, at the Court House, Town of Aylmer, on THURSDAY the fifteenth of December, at twelve o'clock Noon.

The Valuable Real Estate Timber Lands, Saw Mill, known as Eagle Mills, Templeton; Carpenter's and Blacksmiths' Shop, Dwelling Houses, Barns, Stables, &c., erected on the following properties to wit:

In the Township of Templeton, in the County Of Ottawa Quebec:

Fifth Range—West half Lot 15, 100 Acres.
Seventh Range—North half Lots 1, 2, 3. 285 Acres.
Lots 7, 100 Acres.
Eigth Range—Part lot 3, 124 acres.
Part lot 4, 200 acres.
South half lot 5, 100 acres.
Do lot 7, 100 acres.
Do lot 8, 100 acres.
West half lot 12, 100 acres. On this is a valuable farm.
North half lot 17, 100 acres.
Do lot 18, 100 acres.
Ninth Range—North half lot 5, 100 acres.
Lot 13, 200 acres. On this lot is erected a Saw Mill, known as the "Eagle Mills," Carpenter's Shop, Blacksmith's Shop, Cook House, four other Houses, three Barns, and other buildings thereon erected.
South half lot 14, 100 acres, with buildings thereon erected.
South half lot 18, 100 acres.
Tenth Range—West half lot 5, 100 acres.
East half lot 5, 100 acres,
West half lot 6, 100 acres.
Lot 9, 100 acres.
Lot 13, 200 acres, with Dwelling House and Barn.
North half lot 17, 100 acres.
North half lot 18, 100 acres,
North half lot 19, 100 acres.
Eleventh Range—Lot 6, 200 acres. This is valuable timber Land.
Twelfth Range—Part lot 14, 25 acres, commonly called McGregor's Farm.
Thirteenth Range—Part lot 13, 40 acres, with buildings thereon erected.
Also Insolvents interest on lot 15, in the 15th concession of Templeton, Quebec.

—ALSO—

THE UNDERMENTIONED LICENSES COMMONLY CALLED TIMBER LIMITS, will be sold at the same time belonging to same Estate:—

First License—Number Eight (8) for 1870 and 1871, to Cut Timber on the following limits:

PORTLAND, QUEBEC—Area 17½ square miles—To commence at the rear line of the township of Templeton, running on said rear line 6½ miles on the course due north, and in breadth not more than half way to the height of land between the Blanche and Lierve Rivers. The western boundary of this limit is the township of Wakefield. The upper boundary of this limit has only 2¼ miles.

Secondly—License number eighty-eight (88) for 1870 and 1871, to cut Timber on the following limits, viz., Wakefield, Quebec.

Area 7½ square miles—Lots number 16, 17, 19, 20 and 21 in the eighth (8) Range; and 17, 18, 19, 21, 26 in the ninth (9) Range; 17 to 2[illegible] inclusive, E; ½ 22, N. ½ 25, 26, S. ½ 27, in the tenth Range; and 17, 18, 19, 20, and 21, S. ½ 22, E. ½ 23, S. ½ 24, 25, 26 in the eleventh Range of the township of Wakefield.

Also, the Insolvents interest in the Graphite Company of Canada, 200 shares

Farming and Milling Implements, including a valuable Gumming Machine, Lathe Machine, Dies, Slab Cutters, &c., &c., &c.

For further particulars, apply to
WILLIAM LINDSAY,
Assignees,
2, Merchants Exchange Montreal.
November 24, 1870 1522tf

A Sleeping Beauty.

In her bower she lay, like a snow wreath flung
'Mid flow'rs of brightest hue;
Pouting roses about her hung—
Violets 'neath her mantle sprung—
Shedding their light of blue.

Pillow'd on one fair arm she lay,
Beneath her silver veil—
Her golden locks in wanton play,
As sunbeams through the mist make way,
Stole round her bosom pale.

Falling waters afar were heard,
To lull the slumb'ring fair;
Yet ever and aye her soul seem'd stirr'd
In dove-like murmurs, as if the bird
Of dreams sat brooding there.

All rude winds were hush'd to rest—
Only the enamour'd south;
Wantoning round her swan-like breast;
The silken folds of her azure vest
Kiss'd with its fragrant mouth.

The Distrbution of the Iron Cross.

Writing from Versailles on November, 4th. The correspondent of the London *Times* says: "At three o'clock there was a pretty ceremony in front of the Trianon, which was seen by very few persons. Three detachments of Roeder's Horse—cuirassiers, dragons and lancers—were drawn up along the avenue to attend the presentation of the Iron Cross to officers and privates at the hands of his Royal Highness, the Crown Prince. Just before the ceremony a large dark-colored balloon passed over Versailles. It was about 2¾ p. m.—the light-colored balloon passed before 10 a. m. The persons in the former could have seen the Crown Prince and his staff riding to Trianon, through their glasses, for the day was very bright and clear. His Royal Highness on appearing on the right of the line formed by the Seventh Cuirassiers (the Grand Duke of Coburg's,) was received by a flourish of trumpets, taken up by the band of each regiment. He rode slowly along the front, and, at intervals in reply to his salutations of "Good morning," the men cheered simultaneously. On reaching the left and end of the line, which consisted of about 1,200 cavalry, the Field-Marshal wheeled around and galloped along the front to the right. The officers and men to be decorated were drawn up in detachments on the other side of the avenue, opposite their regiments. The Crown Prince having reached the right of the line wheeled his horse again, and took up his post in front of the Cuirassier detachment—big men on big horses, in white tunics, steel cuirasses and helmets, white leathers, and huge jack-boots; riding, I should think, at least a stone more than our Life Guards. Officers and men, one by one, came out as he was summoned, and reined up his horse in front and a little on the right flank of the Prince, who spoke to each and held out his hand at the close of his address. The honored soldier placed his own hand in the Prince's, who shook it. Then he rode back to the ranks, conscious that in his palm reposed the coveted decoration, of the Iron Cross, which he soon fixed in his breast by passing the ribbon through his button-hole. It was a very simple, touching and effective spectacle. The Prince, on such occasions, is seen to the greatest advantage. He looks every inch—and he has a great many of them in length and breadth—a soldier—manly, unaffected and noble in his attitude and gestures. His staff is very brilliant. There are many fine fellows on it—gallant gentlemen of excellent bearing and presence, princely persons and distinguished officers; but a stranger could, I think, pick out the Crown Prince among them all. The rays of the sun glided on the bright colors and glistening steel of the long line which tapered away in the receding avenue to a many-hued band. A wandering priest or two caught up in his meditations by the unexpected pageant, a few small groups of civilians, a couple of American ladies in a carriage, and some half dozen French women, were the only additions to the following of the Germans from the town who had heard of the ceremony. Mr. Home was among the spectators, and must have enjoyed the astonishment of the shades of several Louis, great and small, at the sight, particularly if they were listening to the conversation in Teuton tongues of those in the flesh.

Great Britain and Russia.

From the N. Y. Scottish American.

The cloud which Russia's demand in reference to the Black Sea suddenly cast over Europe begins to break. Last week there seemed little probability of a final escape from war. Now, the chances are favorable to the maintenance of peace.

For this happy change in the aspect of affairs, Europe may thank the firmness and promptitude of the British Cabinet. The Czar and his advisers, wily and dexterous as they are, slightly misinterpreted the motives and temper by which it is animated. They attributed to cowardice what really proceeds from reserved strength. They saw in a desire for peace only an unmanly dread of war. The mistake is not confined to Russia. There are persons everywhere who find it more popular to fling sneers at Great Britain than to do justice to the wisdom and moderation to her policy. We could find not a few without leaving Manhattan Island. Russia, however, is undeceived now. The challenge thrown down by Gortschakoff was quickly taken up by Granville. The demand which was intended to intimidate only served to call forth a manifestation of the grand old spirit. The result we see to-day.

True, Russia has not formerly receded from the ground originally taken. Gortschakoff makes no pretence of submission to the Paris treaty. He is as earnest as ever in protesting against the condition dictated in 1856 by the victorious powers. But he pleads that the tone of his despatch has been misunderstood. He desires to be liberated from the bonds of the treaty, but is not prepared summarily to sever them. How much this modified tone reflects a sincere aversion to quarrel, and how much proceeds from a wholesome apprehension of consequences we will not venture to affirm. Those who know the aims of Russia and the general character of its diplomacy will have little difficulty in forming a judgment for themselves. This, however, is certain—the decided declaration of the British note exerted an immediate influence upon the attitude of Russia. Instead of war there is to be a conference of the powers concerned in the Paris treaty, at which Russia's statement of desires and grievances will be subjected to the ordeal of diplomacy. The treaty may or may not be made less objectionable to that country. But the effect of joint participation in the proceedings will be to define the status of the various governments upon the point at issue, and to facilitate a peaceful and satisfactory adjustment. If the end really be peace, British action will be nobly vindicated. If otherwise, the ultimate defeat of Russia's designs will be signal and complete.

An Immense Stock of Ribbons, just marked off
For Novelties in Laces, Millinery and General Fancy Goods.
T. HUNTON SHOOLBRED & CO.

LATEST FASHIONS.

Amber jewelry is in vogue again.

Grecian bends have been voted vulgar.

Blue silk is the reception dress *en regle.*

French heel shoes retain their popularity.

Dressmakers are sensibly reducing their prices.

India shawls are invariably among bridal presents.

Jet is very much used for bonnet and dress trimming.

Evening toilettes are still worn indelicately *decollete.*

Huntress breakfast jackets have just been introduced.

Long pendent earrings continue popular and fashionable.

Costumes for the promenade are not so gaudy as last season.

Nilsson collars, cuffs, bonnets, gloves and bows are the rage.

Pearl ornaments for brides are supplanting diamond and gold.

Kate Field has some stunning new toilettes for her lecturing tour.

Tight fitting basques find favor still among our leaders of fashion.

Very novel and pretty bracelets from Vienna have just been introduced.

Christmas will bring out permanently the fashions for the winter of 1871.

Young ladies are wearing dog skin gloves for shopping in lieu of kid.

Queen Victoria and daughters have four special dressmakers between them.

THE LATE FATAL ACCIDENT ON THE GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.

An inquest was held on the body of Murphy, who was killed by the late accident on the G. W. R. at Bothwell, and a verdict of accidental death returned. His son was unable to give evidence at the inquest, and died soon afterwards after terrible sufferings. The Indian who was with them is likely to recover.

The jury, says the *Planet*, added to their verdict the following memorandum, which is a direct condemnation of the party who sold the liquor to the men, and behooves the authorities to take immediate action in the premises:

"We would suggest the propriety of the Company appointing a watchman for this crossing, being so much travelled, especially at night.

We would also recommend to the authorities of the town of Bothwell to use all lawful means, in order to put a stop to liquors being illegally sold, as we have reason to believe the said John Murphy was supplied with liquor after being in a state of intoxication, and that himself and an Indian who accompanied him were served with whiskey by those not licensed; we therefore hope the authorities will see that a stop is put to such proceedings."

TICKLING ALLIGATORS.—Our conversation in the railway carriage turns on the subject of alligators. We have at least 60 travellers in the carriage, and amongst them is a lady who is anxious to know if the natives catch the alligators, and if so, by what process they are caught. A gentleman seated in front of us volunteers some information on the subject. "They are generally caught madam, by tickling them," says he. "How very extraordinary!" exclaims the lady. "Pray explain how the nasty creatures are captured. It must be a singular operation." "Very singular indeed, madam," replied the gentleman, closing one of his eyes as he speaks. "Them alligators are queerly made critters, and they have queer fancies. If you look at one of them you will see that he has hard spines upon his tail. Examine them spines, and you will see the last one at the end of tail to be the largest, to very sharp, and strong, and curved back towards the head of the criter like a hook. Now alligators, madam, are very sleepy things. Always agoing to sleep in the mud. The brown-skinned gentlemen who live hereabouts to go out to catch them with a cane and a long pole. When they see one asleep they tickle the point of his tail very gently with the cane so as not to wake him. The alligator feels it and turns his tail away from the tickle. Then they tickle a little more, and it turns it further away, curving it sorter round, as you see. They go on tickling, and the critter goes on bending round his tail till he gets it right opposite his mouth. Then they give it a hard tickle. The critter wakes, opens it's mouth, snaps at it's own tail, gets the point of it between its jaws, and the hooked spine driven clean into its palate. It

THE ŒCUMENICAL COUNCIL, lately called at Rome is an instance of the solicitude of the Catholic Church for the welfare and prosperity of her Communicants. Large assemblies of this nature containing representatives from all parts of the world, should be of some benefit to our race. We hope this opinion will be as harmonious and unanimous as the verdict in favor of the Great Shoshonees Remedy, for diseases of the lungs, blood, stomach, liver, &c. For by all druggists.

TWO QUESTIONS EASILY ANSWERED.—Why should men wear beards? Because they are a great protection to the throat and lungs, and add much to their personal appearance.

Why should we use "Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers?" Because when used for coughs, colds tickling in the throat, Hoarseness, &c., they act like a charm. Ministers and lawyers use them, physicians recommend them, and singers and public speakers say they are the very best medicine in existence for the cure of such complaints. Sold by all medicine dealers, at 25 cts. per box.

BREAKFAST.—EPPS'S COCOA—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.—The very agreeable character of this preparation has rendered it a general favorite. The *Civil Service Gazette* remarks:—"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills." Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in tin-lined packets, labelled—JAMES EPPS & Co., Homœopathic Chemists, London.

Is health worth having? If it is protect it—it is a jewel as easily lost as virtue, and in many cases as difficult to recover. In this climate, and more particularly at this season of the year, people are very apt to take cold and suffer from sore throat, coughs spitting of blood and pulmonary complaints generally, which if not checked immediately leads to serious consequences. The question arises—which is the quickest and most effectual remedy? Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers have been before the public for twenty years, and have always given perfect satisfaction, and invariably effect permanent cures when taken in season. Sold by all medicine dealers and country stores generally throughout the Province, at 25cts per box.

Ladies and Children's Fancy Wool Goods in endless Variety. Clouds from 37½c. to 2.50 ct
T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.

To hand, our Autumn Shade in "Jouvin" best Kid Gloves," also "Jouvin" (gold medal) new colours at Thet. per pair.
T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & Co.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Direct Importations—Thos. Patterson.
Auction Sale of Horses—H. McLean.
Sawn Wood—John Heney.
Catalogue Sale of Books—A. Rowe.
Knox Church Bazaar.
Auction Sale of Horses—H. McLean.

The Ottawa Times.
Office: 38, Sparks Street
MONDAY, DECEMBER 5, 1870.

☞ For interesting reading matter see First Page.

There is something inexpressibly refreshing in the cool impudence of the Fenian brigand O'Neill, who after explaining the causes which led to his failure in May last, addresses a few words to the Canadian people. He tells them that being satisfied of their ability to defend themselves he will never again attempt to annoy them, and furthermore assures them that in the event of their desiring to become annexed to the States, he and his fellow cut-throats will be delighted to welcome them as brothers! The idea of annexation was bad enough before, but the thought of having such ruffians as these for "brothers" and fellow "citizens" renders it still more unpalatable.

MR. MACKENZIE AND HIS "CHARGES."

We are quite ready to admit that the *Globe* is perfectly right in asserting that we are disappointed in the attitude lately assumed by the member for Lambton. Opposed as we ever have been to him politically, we certainly gave him credit for too much good judgment and discretion, as well as for too much exalted patriotism, to admit of his adopting the course which he lately has done. Led astray by personal ambition, however, and the flatteries and cajoleries of the *Globe*, Mr. Mackenzie has wandered into the ranks of faction, and now, like a political Mephistophiles, the Hon. George Brown laughs exultantly to think that he has managed to drag down a well meaning patriotic man from his position, and to enroll his name among the motley band of disappointed and disaffected men from all parts of the Dominion whom the chief leader of Faction is actively engaged in trying to drill into a party.

For Mr. Mackenzie, or for any other man who may oppose the present Government from conscientious motives, and upon legitimate issues, we may entertain respect and esteem. But when Mr. Mackenzie has his good manners corrupted by evil communications, descends to follow the example of the *Globe*, and to indulge in all kinds of misrepresentation and trickery with a view of deceiving the public, we can no longer respect him, and can only regret that he should have yielded to temptation.

The *Globe* says that the Ottawa Times declared that the Opposition have not made or substantiated a single direct charge against the Government, and it then proceeds to quote the following "charges," so called, from Mr. MacKenzie's speech.

First, that "the Government have systematically bought up, bribed and muzzled thirty-one members of the House of Commons—thus neutralizing their free action and destroying the independence of the Legislature."

This is a general charge to which it is impossible to give anything more than a general denial unless we are furnished with a list of the thirty one members who have been "bribed and muzzled," which we now call upon the *Globe* to give us. As to Mr. Walsh's appointment to the Intercolonial Railway commission to which reference is made, the appointment was especially provided for in the Independence of Parliament Act. With regard to the $200 paid by "the Finance Department, although the Militia Minister had reported against it," the facts are as follows:—During the hot weather of July, 1869, a person residing in Bruce was employed in transporting some of the militia of that county to their place of annual training. Driving rather faster than was prudent, in order to reach their destination in time, one of the horses, becoming overpowered with the excessive heat, fell down and died. The man brought in a claim against the Militia Department which was not allowed. Representations were afterwards made by the member for the North Riding of Bruce, Mr. Sproat, and the hardship of the case being made known it was finally agreed that the man should have his loss made good. "Oh, but," say Mr. Mackenzie and the *Globe*, "if he had not been a supporter of Mr. Sproat, and Mr. Sproat had not been a supporter of the Government, the man would never have got anything." But whether this claim had been allowed or not, and whether Mr. Walsh had been appointed Railway Commissioner or not, there was not the slightest danger of Mr Walsh or Mr. Sproat becoming factionists, for both were well tried and avowed supporters of the Government; therefore it is difficult to see how these cases can be taken as specimens of the buying up and muzzling process. Meanwhile we await with much interest the names of the thirty-one members referred to by the *Globe*.

Our contemporary is singularly unfortunate and does Mr. MacKenzie a serious injury when he refers to his "direct charge" concerning the expenses of the Dominion Government, for never was a more disingenuous charge made, and never did a man indulge in a more gross and wanton piece of misrepresentation than Mr. MacKenzie did in reference to this matter. We quote from the *Globe*:

Would our contemporary, or his inspiring genius at Ottawa, like to be reminded of another "direct charge?" If so, here it is from the same speech; "When the "Government was first formed in '67-68, "the offices were filled with a great army "of employees, but notwithstanding the "entire expenses of the Civil Government, "including the Governor General's salary "and those of the Lieutenant-Governors "were $594,445 82. What was it now? "The very same items now reached the "sum of $661,675 82—an increase of "nearly $70,000 in two years, in consequence, as he firmly believed, of the naturally bad system of Government that "existed under a Coalition." No wonder that Mr. MacKenzie has fallen from his high place in the estimation of men who cannot see a "direct charge," and that of the most damnatory nature, in these incontrovertible proofs of the moral and political delinquency of the present Administration.

We certainly must admit that we cannot see "a direct charge of the most damnatory nature" here, but on the contrary most damnatory evidence of that gross misrepresentation and perversion of the truth which forms the principal stock in trade of the opposition.

In speaking of the entire expenses of 1867-68 Mr. Mackenzie gave the *actual* expenditure, but in giving those of the current year ($661,675) he quotes the sum voted in the estimates which he knows perfectly well is always largely *in excess* of the expenditure! In 1867-68 the estimates were $49,000 in excess of the sum actually expended. For 1869-70 it will probably be found that the expenditure was some $70,000 or $80,000 less than the estimates, and no doubt this year there will also be a large margin.

Now, we wish to direct the particular attention of the people of Canada to Mr. Mackenzie's dishonesty in this matter, because it is a fair specimen of the nature of the other charges of a more or less indefinite character which he has trumped up against the Administration. If he takes the estimates for the current year, why not take the estimates for 1867-68? No, he knows better than to do this; he is perfectly aware that if he does so he cannot make out his case; he cannot deceive or mislead the people as he is so earnestly seeking to do, and he descends to this very unfair and dishonest course in order to inspire the belief that the Government are "morally and politically delinquent." We think that the people of Canada will be of opinion that the moral and political delinquency is all on the other side, and that any charges, "direct" or otherwise, which he may bring against the Government ought to be received with great caution and distrust.

We do not say that the expenses of civil Government have not increased since 1867-68. It would be odd indeed if they had not. In the Post Office Department we find that the work in Ontario and Quebec alone has increased 10 per cent, without counting the additional business done in the other Provinces. Then the Post Office Savings Banks have been established, necessarily involving some additional expenditure. The Marine and Fisheries Department has been created, while the business of the Customs and Inland Revenue Departments have increased wonderfully as every one knows. We are confident that any one who examines the public accounts in a fair and impartial manner, who deals with facts, and does not like Mr. MacKenzie and the *Globe* seek to distort and misrepresent them, will come to the conclusion that the public business is performed in an economical and straightforward manner, and that any increase in the working expenses of the Government is certainly not by any means excessive, as compared with the additional amount of work performed.

THE SUPREME COURT ACT.

ARTICLE III.

One of the most extensive and important powers vested in the Court, is the jurisdiction given in constitutional matters, the clauses relating to which read thus.

"47. The Governor in Council may direct a special case to be laid before the "Supreme Court sitting in term, in which "special case there may be set forth any "act passed by the Legislature of any "Province in the Dominion of Canada, and "thereupon there may be stated for the "opinion of the said Supreme Court, such "questions as to the constitutionality of "the said act, or of any provision or provisions thereof as the Governor in Council may order.

"48. The Supreme Court shall after "hearing counsel for the Dominion of "Canada and for the Province whose act "may be in question (if the respective "Governments of the Dominion and the "Province think fit to appear), and also "after hearing Counsel for any "person or persons whose interest "may be affected by the said act, and "who may desire to be heard touching "the questions submitted for the opinion "of the Court, and who shall have obtained leave to appear, and be so heard "on application to a Judge of the said "Court in Chambers, certify their opinions upon the said special case to the "Governor in Council."

Thus far the first proposed bill; the present one contains the same with this addition: "49. It shall be lawful for the "Governor in Council to refer to the Supreme Court, for hearing or consideration, any such other matters whatsoever, "as he may think fit, and the Court shall "thereupon hear or consider the same, "and certify their opinions thereon to the "Governor in Council."

The two first clauses vest a power that may be very usefully and beneficially exercised. Questions have already arisen in the yet short history of our Provincial Legislatures where the constitutionality of some of their acts was to say the least, extremely doubtful. In such cases the Governor, if the Supreme Court expresses an opinion on a question submitted to it, may disallow it within the time allowed by the Act of Confederation. Clause 49 gives power, however, to submit "for hearing or consideration any such other matter whatsoever," as the Governor General "may think fit," and the judges of Court are to certify their opinion.

This seems to us rather vague. there may doubtless arise very many questions in which the Governor General may very usefully take the opinion of the Court, and this provision may prove a valuable one. Of course, to have vested any authority in the Court to interfere with provincial legislation would have been *ultra vires*, but under the rather comprehensive phraseology of "other matters whatsoever" there may be embraced sundry matters in which the Court can not only very properly advise, but very beneficially act. Questions may arise between the Dominion Government and one of the Local Governments which are not anticipated by the Act of Confederation, and provided for in it, and which a mere expression of opinion on the part of the Judges would be insufficient to settle. We may perhaps, however, be raising only an imaginary difficulty. The clause, as it stands, vests a valuable privilege, and its practical working will have been considered by the framers of the Bill. In criminal cases clause 44 "gives a person convicted of treason, felony, or misdemeanor before any Court of Oyer and Terminer or gaol delivery, or in the Court of Queen's Bench in the Province of Quebec on its Crown side, whose conviction has been affirmed by any Superior Court, or in the Province of Quebec by the Court of Queen's Bench, on its appeal side," being, in effect, all convictions for such offences before any Superior Court which has been affirmed by the respective existing Courts having appellate jurisdiction,—may appeal to the Supreme Court against the affirmation, and the said Court shall make such rule or order therein, &c., as the justice of the case requires; but no such appeal is to be allowed where the Court affirming the conviction is unanimous, nor unless notice of appeal in writing has been served on the Attorney-General, within *twenty* days after such affirmance.

Very evidently much pains and care have been bestowed with a view of giving to an accused person the utmost protection against any possibility of injustice, and the benefit of any irregularity that may have occurred in his conviction. He has, however, to claim his right promptly, and appeal within twenty days after affirmance of conviction, and proceed to the first term of the Court, which will not much delay the execution of his sentence, if he proves to have been properly tried and convicted. It is desirable that no unnecessary time should be lost beyond what is required for the due protection of the innocent, for in criminal matters justice should be swift as well as certain.

THE COMING MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS.

The civic elections are at hand, and it is most desirable that the right men should be found in the right place. It is not by any means desirable that any gentleman be required to do double duty for his fellow-citizens—to be an Alderman and a School Trustee, any more than it is quite correct in Mr. George Honey Preston to be at once the controller and Collector of the public funds. The latter individual is intelligent in a very high degree, and so was Mr. "Janus Weathercock," whose history the late Mr. Charles Dickens very graphically related. That unfortunate luxuriated for a long time on the moneys which he obtained from Insurance Companies, but came to grief at last. His history is peculiarly instructive, and may be found in Shelton Mackenzie's life of the great novelist. That which is now important to us, however, is the return to the City Council of men whose worldly circumstances place them above suspicion. They should certainly not be under the real or imaginary influence of an officer of the Corporation and servant of the public, as it is more than insinuated Mr. Alderman Pratt is. For aught that we know to the contrary Mr. Pratt is a very exemplary man. It is not our business to charge him with wrong-doing, or even of ill intention. It is, however, quite clear that he is not in a position to be an impartial judge between Mr. George Honey Preston and the City Chamberlain in this recently discovered $2,300 "discrepancy" business. The Council should be filled by men, who are neither needy nor dependent, and the electors of Victoria Ward will have little difficulty in discriminating between the merits of Mr. Cassels, who, it is said, will be requested to offer himself for election and Mr. Pratt, who, it is alleged, is the mere business agent in the Corporation and out of it, of Mr. Honey Preston. Mr. Cassels is a gentleman of the highest respectability, and thoroughly independent in temper and worldly circumstances, well educated, and, commercially speaking, second to no one in the city, while being, at the same time, quite conversant with public affairs, and being especially cognizant of our requirements. He is a fit man, and none but fit men should presume, in the capital of the Dominion, to accept a position, which would entitle him to be selected as the Mayor of Ottawa. The matter is in the hands of the citizens themselves. It is for them to say by whom, or in what manner, they desire to be represented in the future, and if it be not in their interest that the village character of the municipal authorities should be got rid of, even should it be at the expense of "Shoo-fly" and his *alter ego* "Rob Roy," a Doited Mortal we Grant, but who, nevertheless, was not expected to become the tool of the City Collector, and is not sufficiently competent for the task to be of much service to him. "Rob Roy," of all others, should surely know that those who are "living in a tangle of falsehoods, as Captain Grant expresses it, in his novel, now being published in the *Scottish American*—see Vol. XIII, No. 44, under the caption of 'Juden Grabbie'—never know when or where the danger of discovery lies."

A PRESTONIFIED CHECK FOR $2,300.

More in sorrow than in anger the information reaches us that there is a "discrepancy" between the Collector of the Taxes, also the proprietor of a terrace of houses—Mr. George Honey Preston—and the hitherto unimpeached City Chamberlain, Mr. Thompson. It is a queer word that "discrepancy." It has a signification which no lexicon can very well explain. It leaves so much to be understood or misunderstood. It is a something, indeed, to be guessed at. This much, however, is beyond guessing. There is a missing sum, in the matter of taxes, amounting to $2,300, which should have been paid to the Chamberlain, which the Chamberlain knows nothing about, which is very distressing to His Worship the Mayor, and which the City Solicitor, Mr. Lewis, is carefully investigating. It is in sorrow, not in anger, that we repeat this gossip, for, knowing the exemplary character of Mr. Collector Preston, it is next to impossible to believe that he could issue two cheques for a like sum, payable to the Chamberlain, and yet, by some *hocus pocus*, that only one of them should come to the knowledge of the Chamberlain. There is certainly a fraud which it is not for us to explain. No one will dream of placing it at the door of the Chamberlain. It is not that gentleman who has been paving the way for this new mischief, but the cunning, shrewd friends of Mr. Honey Preston, the immaculate Collector, under cover of those moral personages "Shoo-Fly" and "Rob Roy." It has been stated, to use a vulgar saying, "all along," that Mr. Preston has had money in his hands that he has not accounted for, and now the murder is out. Mr. Preston has been making preparations for something which was to happen. He was about to victimize the Chamberlain and chisel the citizens, and had his honesty, well-known character for probity, and general respectability endorsed by "Shoo-Fly," "Rob Roy," and,—save the mark!—the Corporation. He is now in the hands of His Worship the Mayor, the City Solicitor, and one of the Aldermen, but, in the name of all that is straightforward, may we not again be permitted to ask "Where is the money?"

Lecture by Miss Woodbury.

The announcement that Miss Woodbury was to deliver a lecture in the Bank street church brought together a very large audience on Saturday evening in that building. Miss Woodbury, though well known in the United States from whence she comes, in connection with the temperance movement of which she is an ardent and indefatigable advocate, is comparatively little known in Canada. Miss Woodbury is now making a tour through Canada on the laudable mission of introducing her system of temperance among young boys and in doing which she has been very successful in different parts of the United States, even in Chicago.

Miss Woodbury is a young woman of happy mien and intelligent countenance.

After the usual preliminaries had been gone through the lecturer was introduced, and we give below a synopsis of her lecture.

The applause which greeted her appearance on the platform having subsided, she said it was a question yet undecided among people what the nature should be of subjects upon which women could properly and becomingly treat; what subjects would most become the natural modesty of their character. In her opinion this question was easily disposed of. She thought women should not confine themselves to the consideration of mild themes, but that they should have the liberty and courage to treat upon any subject by which they could render any benefit to their country and fellow people. Any person, whether man or woman, who undertook to plead the glorious cause of temperance was working to bring upon his or her country one of the greatest possible blessings, and the advocate in the cause is deserving of the mark of a people's gratitude and will certainly receive merited reward from Him who rewards all good works.

Was not the person who saves women, children and men from temporal ruin and eternal damnation employed in a good work. Some people regarded the subject of temperance as an old hackneyed theme, but the belief was wrong. No doubt years ago temperance had drawn many able advocates into its ranks, and though they might have exhausted every serviceable argument in its favor, yet it was as fresh as ever to-day, and still called for eloquent advocates to plead against the Demon of drunkness, whose victims filled our prisons and penitentiaries. Go to the country's prisons and penitentiaries, and within their darkened walls would be found young boys upon whose countenance should be visible only the glow of youthful innocence; young men who had spent years in acquiring an education, and for whom a brilliant future was predicted as they went to learn some profession or commence some business. Fathom their deplorable case, and the cause of their ruin will be traced to the cursed whiskey glass. They set out in life with brilliant prospects before them, they swerved from the path of Temperance, and now, insensible to every feeling of shame and every cheering hope vanished, they lie immured within prison walls, while grateful but disappointed and heart broken parents bewail the fate of their children.

The welfare and happiness of men, women and children, depend upon the nature of the laws by which they are governed, and therefore the law-givers of a country have the happiness of the people in their hands. They have it in their power to most effectually stem the current of intemperance, and were they to exert, as Christians should do, that power, they would banish from the land its greatest evil and the greatest obstacle to its prosperity and welfare. No longer would the reader's gaze, on taking up the morning papers, be met by the headings: "Wife Murdered by a Drunken Husband," "A Child's Brains Smashed out by a Drunken Mother." "A Drunken Man Run Over by a Train," or by accounts of all the other innumerable phases of crime into which the evil leads its victims.

According as the cry of temperance should triumph the cry of "do away with Churches and Bibles would be no longer heard.

In every country for years temperance has had its ardent advocates, but the result seemed still doubtful without the active co-operation of Governments.

The crime of drunkenness was on the increase and becoming more fashionable, and some powerful remedy was needed to stem the evil. The remedy was in the hands of the people, and consisted in the election to the Legislature of men who are known to be advocates of temperance.

The lecturer referred to the action of the Chinese Government some time ago in sending a deputation to England requesting her to prevent the exportation to China of intoxicating liquors, and considered it strange that nations boasting of their civilization should be inferior in simple wisdom to the uncultivated Chinese.

Several years ago a certain county in Illinois had succeeded in obtaining a law prohibiting the sale or use of liquor within its boundries. For a time the law was strictly observed, and the county was becoming a very garden of Eden, when an individual settled down in it and opened a whiskey shop. He was remonstrated with but to no purpose, and being brought before the local court a verdict was rendered against him, but taking the case to a higher court at Quincy, where he knew there were plenty drunken judges, not only had he the the verdict annulled, but from each of the good deacons who had prosecuted him he obtained large remunerations for damages. So long as the rulers of a nation act thus how could the cause of temperance prosper. At the election pole it was as easy to vote for good men as for bad men, and under the whole some ruling of the former what would be the result? Churches would be filled, paupers would disappear, prisons and penitentiaries would be almost unneeded, and charitable societies would become institutions of the past.

When the whiskey vendor was dying he requested that the *license* should be placed in his hand, that when he appeared at the final tribunal to answer for all the souls of whose damnation he was the cause, he could produce it in exculpation of his conduct. The lecturer could not understand how such a curse could be licensed, and yet we have twenty licensed dramshops for every school and church in Canada.

People generally acknowledge the evil results of permitting the sale of liquor and of patronizing whiskey shops. But business men say their peculiar position makes it necessary for them to indulge in the habit of drinking. They are in business and to make themselves "good fellows" they must "treat" and be "treated."

Physicians greatly counteract the temperance movement by recommending liquor to patients, particularly to those patients whom they know to have a relish for it. In this case the dose is often increased, but seldom decreased. The great argument in its favor is that it is a stimulant, but they deceive themselves who believe it has anything more than a temporary effect.

As regards whiskey curing consumption, if the quantity consumed were the criterion by which to judge there should be no such thing as consumption known. It cured consumption effectually by sending them into another world. (Laughter).

The lecturer then enumerated by name several kinds of bitters used as tonics condemning them all. One very much in favor was the Red Jacket bitters, the proper name for which was ragged jacket, as those who used it were soon reduced to that condition. (Laughter). Some lawyers could not interpret the laws, until they had got about ten glasses of liquor in them.

The lecturer then administered a rebuke to the women, whom she accused of countenancing the evil. They had it in their power to considerably diminish the habit of intemperance, and it behooved them much to exert that power. So long as young ladies continued to associate with young men whom they knew to be in the habit of frequenting whiskey saloons they would be acting greatly against their own interest.

The lecturer then exhibited a series of pictures showing the various phases in the drunkard's career.

The first picture showed a young boy sucking cider from a barrel with a straw.

In the second the same person, now a young man, was receiving a glass of wine from a young lady in the parlor. Many a drunkard had commenced his career with a social glass in the parlor.

The third showed the young man in a saloon with the whiskey glass to his lips. In Chicago they had over 2,500 of those saloons open on every day of the week, Sunday included.

In the fourth the same individual was lying outside the saloon door in the gutter, the saloon keeper having obtained all his money kicked him out.

The fifth showed the drunkard in *delirium tremens*.

In the sixth he is standing on the scaffold condemned to death for murder.

In the seventh and last his wife and daughter stand mourning over his grave.

He began the drunkard's career by sucking cider out of a barrel, and ended it and his life on the scaffold.

The lecturer resumed her seat amid loud applause.

Mr. Ross, G. W. P., was then called upon and delivered a brief and telling address, after which a vote of thanks was tendered to Miss Woodbury and the meeting adjourned.

Devlin's Fur Depot.

THE GREAT FIRE.

About four o'clock yesterday morning our citizens were suddenly awakened from their peaceful slumbers by the startling cry of "Fire." Then the lugubrious tones of the fire bells rang out through the early morning air, and in an incredibly short space of time a large concourse of persons were collected in Sparks and Wellington streets, watching in helpless amazement the ruddy flames as they towered up higher and higher, brighter and brighter from the rear of the premises occupied by Mr. Massey on Sparks street. Clouds of sparks and ashes were thickly mingled with the flakes of snow which was falling heavily at the time, while with ceaseless rapidity the terrible destroyer held on its way until it seemed as though the whole of Sparks street from Elgin and Metcalf streets would be levelled with the ground.

The engines were soon on the spot, but at first no water could be procured. At length the "Rideau" engine, which was in Wellington street, obtained a supply of water from the tanks in the Times office, and commenced to play upon the rear of the burning buildings. The "Ottawa" and the "Chaudiere" engines were on Sparks street, and after some delay procured water from a tank on the corner of Metcalfe and Sparks streets, and from a well in Mr. Brown's yard.

With regard to the origin of the fire it is generally thought to have commenced in Mr. Baker's vacant stable, in the rear of Messrs. Young and Radford's work shop. It seems most probably to have been the work of an incendiary, though many persons believe that it originated in Mr. Higman's coppersmith's shop, adjoining that of Young and Radford. This, however, scarcely seems probable, or it would have developed itself earlier in the night.

The fire burst out very suddenly. Policemen had passed down the street about fifteen minutes previous to the flames being seen, and no symptoms of fire were visible. They went across the Sappers' Bridge, and were standing at the corner of York and Sussex streets when the sudden outbreak of the fire illuminated the whole vicinity. The alarm was immediately given by the Police Station bell, and soon after the engines were at the spot. The fire, admitting that it originated in the vacant stable, which is by far the most probable theory, immediately communicated to the workshops in the back premises of Messrs. Young & Radford and Mr. Higman's, and the shop of the latter being adjoining the building on Sparks street the flames travelled along it and soon the whole north side of Sparks street, from Messrs. Chalmer's store to Mr. Rajotte's tailoring establishment, was in flames. At this time there was some danger of the buildings on the south side of Sparks street catching fire, and it is believed that they would have done so had the wind not been blowing in the direction it was. As it was, however, part of the cornice of Messrs. Magee & Russell's store ignited, but a copious stream of water having been thrown upon it by the Chaudiere engine the fire was soon put out. It was evident that nothing could be done to save the wooden buildings which were now enveloped in one mass of flames. The exertions of the firemen were, therefore, directed to checking the further progress of the flames to the adjoining buildings. The shed in the rear of the Times building belonging to Mr. Nye was totally consumed, but through the praiseworthy exertions of the firemen together with that of some of the parties belonging to the Times office an adjoining building used by Mr. Rajotte as a tailoring shop was with difficulty saved.

About half past six the blazing wreck of the building gave way with a crash, a shower of sparks rose up in the air, and the fire was to all intents and purposes at an end. For some time, however, the engines continued to play upon the glaring embers until all danger was at an end.

The buildings were all of wood and were not worth much. Most of the stock in trade and furniture was saved. Messrs. Young & Radford's valuable stock was carried across to Esmonde Bros., and little, if anything, was lost, with the exception of the contents of the back shop. Mr. Massey's stock was also saved, though some of it was damaged. Mr. Roos' stock of cigars, pipes, &c., &c., was, for the most part, saved, some of it, however, being considerably damaged by water. Mr. Sheldon's stock of furs, caps, &c., was also saved. The following is a list of the property destroyed.

Young & Radford, store and workshop belonging to the Malloch estate.

Over Messrs. Young & Radford's Mr. Mills resided, and lost a considerable portion of his furniture.

The next building, occupied by Mr. Higman as a druggist shop, was owned by Hiram Robinson.

The building occupied by Mr. Roos as a tobacco shop, and by Mr. Sheldon as a fur store, was owned by P. O'Donnell.

The several buildings were, we understand, pretty nearly covered by insurance, as were also the goods of the persons carrying on business in them.

We have not heard what the total loss is estimated at, nor the total amount of insurance on the property, but with respects to the insurance on the goods, we have been informed that Messrs. Young & Radford had the contents of their store and shop insured in six different insurance companies for $4,500, and Mr. Roos' stock was insured for $800.

Messrs. Young and Radford's large iron safe was opened about half-past three o'clock yesterday afternoon, and all the valuable contents were found uninjured.

The situation of the property is so valuable that we presume no time will be lost by the proprietors in erecting a handsome block of stone buildings, to take the place of the wooden ones destroyed.

Mr. McDonald, of the Parliament Buildings, let on a supply of water which was very opportune.

Almost the first exclamation of every one, as soon as they arrived upon the spot, was "Oh that we had water works." Had a high wind prevailed it is morally certain that some of the finest buildings in the city must have been destroyed, not because there was any want of fire engines, or of good, efficient firemen, but in consequence of the scarcity of water. Throughout the city the feeling is universal that no further time must be lost, and that energetic action should at once be taken with a view of providing the people of Ottawa with the means of protecting their homes, their property, and their lives from the ravages of fire. Water Works we must have, and no further time must be lost in discussion.

Mr. Slater, Mr. F. Abbott and Mr. Woodburn are spoken of as candidates for Aldermen. All of them are good, honest men, and would prove useful in the Corporation if elected.

Latest by Telegraph

BY PEOPLE'S LINE.

OFFICE:—G. P. Drummond's Exchange Office 19 Sparks Street.

BRIGHTON.

Accident on the Grand Trunk.

BRIGHTON, Dec. 3.

A frightful collision occurred three miles west of Brighton about 11 o'clock last night between two freight trains by which three lives were lost and the whole train and contents destroyed except one car. The track for two hundred yards is a confused mass of burning cars, goods and horses. The names of the killed are Thos. Wright, engineer, Montgomery, cattle buyer, fireman, name unknown. The body of Montgomery was recovered; the others are still in the debris. An inquest was called and adjourned until Tuesday next. It is impossible to explain the cause of the accident at present.

THE WAR.

This Morning's Despatches.

LONDON, 3rd.—A telegram to the *Telegraph* says none of the Prussian siege guns before Paris are yet in position.

It is said if the King accepts the German crown he will assume the title of Kaizer Von Krenssen and Scharmhern Von Deutschland.

The Duke of Mecklenburg makes the following report: Yesterday morning a battle commenced near Bazoches Le Hants. After a hot fight the 13th French army corps was defeated and driven back to Arthenay, and the 16th French army corps was driven beyond Loigny. Several hundred prisoners and eleven guns were taken. The enemy's loss is—considerable. Our loss is unknown, but much smaller than that of the enemy.

TOURS, 3rd.—The balloon from Paris on the 1st, which descended near Lemans, brings the following:

The French troops kept the position they took in the sortie of the 30th, or were prepared to vigorously prosecute a defensive movement at Venoy on the 3rd, a position greatly in advance of Ducrot. The latter was stopped, owing to a sudden rise in the river, brought about by the Prussians breaking away a dam. No account of any resistance by the Prussians.

The Prussians retook Champigny, but the French again took it.

The Prussians, and not the French, demanded a truce to bury their dead.

The army of the Loire made a successful forward movement to-day.

All the railways in this part of the country have ceased temporarily to take passengers, owing to the enormous movements of troops.

The Government makes the following announcement:—The army of the Loire has discontinued its forward movement, owing to the resistance of the enemy, who has concentrated large masses of troops between Pithisters, Arthenay and Ougerville. The army occupies strong entrenched positions, in which it will remain for the present, postponing its advance until a better opportunity is offered. In the meantime, Ducrot, with the army he led out of Paris, is disengaged, and will be able to act more freely not having before him the masses of the enemy which it was supposed were going to meet him, but which are really detained north of Orleans.

(Signed) GAMBETTA.

The marching of troops through Tours on their way to the front is incessant. The weather is intensely cold.

It is rumored that Ducrot is still near Paris; he has been reinforced and will speedily take the offensive.

The *Moniteur* publishes a circular to the great powers, setting forth the cruelties committed during the fight by the invaders.

Gambetta has gone to Orleans to consult with the officers of the army of the Loire. The army of the Loire will receive a large reinforcement.

The fighting at Brie was very severe, the Germans being exposed to a steady fire from the French forts, but at three o'clock in the afternoon the French retired leaving many prisoners. Brie, though abandoned by the French, has not been occupied by the Germans. The French wounded refuse the offer to be sent back to Paris.

German leaders are losing much of their confidence in consequence of the recent military movements.

Prince George, of Saxony, in a despatch to the Saxon King, says Bire and Champigny have been re-captured. He admits that the Saxons suffered grievously.

The following despatch is from Tours, Friday night: The movement of the army of the Loire continues, and there are frequent encounters all along the line of the advance without a marked advantage to either side. General Soynes was wounded and taken prisoner. This checked the advance of the 17th corps, which, however, holds its position. A second attack was made on Autun by the Prussians, and repulsed with considerable loss to the assailants. The enemy continue their retreat north.

LILLE, 4th,—The capture of Amiens by the Germans is confirmed. The enemy as they retired blew up the bridge between Albert and Acheux to protect their retreat. Nothing has since been heard of Manteuel, and there is little doubt that he has abandoned his march on the north, and his hastening with all his force to Paris.

LONDON, 3rd.—A telegram dated Tours says it is officially stated to-night that one or two days must yet elapse before the fruits of the movements now in progress may be fully realized. Up to this time the most complete success attended the successive steps taken. Every movement brings nearer to each other the armies of the Loire and Paris.

NEW YORK, December 5.—The *Tribune's* St. Petersburg special correspondent telegraphs on Sunday afternoon: "Earl Granville's reply to Gortschakoff's last note was delivered yesterday. It insists that Gortschakoff admits by his answer that his position is wrong in law. It consents to a Conference only with the understanding that Russia withdraws the original circular and her pretensions to a right to separate action, and bring the proposition before the Conference anew, to be decided on without previous pledges, otherwise the Embassy will be withdrawn. The English think it a decided victory. The position is still delicate

WASHINGTON, Dec. 2—The cable despatch announcing that the leading powers of Europe had agreed to hold a concurrence on the Eastern question, is fully confirmed by official despatches received by Secretary Fish, saying that all the powers had consented to the proposition with the exception of Austria, and that her consent was expected. France will be represented.

SATURDAY'S DESPATCHES.

NEW YORK, Dec. 2.—A private despatch says that out of the vast number of confused and contradictory despatches received up to a late hour this morning the fact is undeniable that the French forces yesterday actually won a victory, as claimed by them, near Orleans, but the Germans certainly repulsed the attack before Paris.

It is not true that the French army of the Loire effected a junction with Trochu, though the Prussian lines were repeatedly successfully pierced during the engagement. The bayonet charge of the French were exceedingly brilliant.

This is explained by the statement from cable authorities that the directors of the line have ordered the transmission easterly by the French cable of messages which have been accumulated in America since the recent disaster to the English cable.

Messages are now going forward rapidly. Late events in France have caused enormous increases in the number of messages both way, and the facilities of the Telegraph Company having only one more now instead of three as heretofore, are taxed to their utmost.

It is likely, however, that the Eastern business will soon be cleared away when despatches will come forward as usual. Meanwhile the *Robert Lowe* is actively at work repairing the English cable, and the authorities trust that communication will soon be restored in that direction.

By H. McLean, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE OF HORSES.

The subscriber has received instructions from the Union Forwarding and Railway Company to sell by AUCTION at the Russell House, on WEDNESDAY, the 7th of DECEMBER, instant, at ELEVEN o'clock, a. m., the following described horses, viz:

1 Bay Horse, 1 Grey Horse, which have been matched together.

1 Bay Horse, 7 years old, a good trotter and well bred.

1 Thorough bred Bay Canadian Colt, rising three years, unbroken.

Terms cash.

H McLEAN, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, December, 3, 1870. 1531 3

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

Ex. Ships COGNAC, NEREO, UNION and CITY of QUEBEC, from the different places of Growth.

It is now AN ESTABLISHED FACT

If you want any First-Class BRANDIES or WINES and the best Family Groceries, you must go to

Thos. Patterson,

No. 26 Rideau Street.

The following Goods in Stock and for Sale:

BRANDIES.—Pure and unadulterated, good for any use, always on hand in Wood or Bottle.

PORT WINE—Pure and reliable (20 years old) for Medicinal purposes and the only house in the City that imports such WINES direct to order.

SHERRY WINES—Various grades, very, very Pale, (delicious favour) Splendid Wines at a price to defy competition.

GIN—John D. Kuyper & Son's Double-Barried, First class.

SCOTCH WHISKEY—Old and Mild, (full strength.)

RUM,

OLD RYE,

FAMILY PROOF,

AND

HIGH WINES,

of the best kind.

PORTER AND ALES.—Guiness's Dublin and Dawe's, Lachine, in splendid order.

COFFEE.—Delicious Flavour. Fresh Roasted and Ground Daily.

TEAS.—The best qualities of Black, Japan, and Green, new crop and fragant.

SUGARS and SYRUPS of all kinds.

CHEESE.—Fine old (Bersors and Factory) the best.

PICKLES and SAUCES, Jams and Jellies from Crosse and Blackwells, in great variety

FRUITS.—The finest table and cooking raisins that can be had, large fresh and rich flavored.

CURRANTS.—Quite fresh and Candied Peels.

SPERM CANDLES and fancy perfumed soaps, the greatest variety in the city, and made to order by Field of London, England. There is an endless variety of those fine goods worthy of SPECIAL ATTENTION FOR FAMILIES, being of the finest qualities at moderate prices Everybody should know that to use good goods saves money. TRY THEM.

Ottawa, December 5, 1870.

CATALOGUE SALE OF BOOKS.

E. LUMLEY'S

ANNUAL CONSIGNMENT,

LONDON, ENGLAND.

The subscriber will commence this sale on

TUESDAY EVENING,

DECEMBER 6, 1870.

And continue each evening until the lot is cleared out at his Rooms, Rideau st. Including as usual many very scarce and curious works in English, French, with Grammars and Dictionaries also relating to:—Africa, America, Arabia, Asia, Australia, Canada, Cape, China, East, Egypt, France, Germany, Greece, Holy Land, Ionian Islands, Ireland, Italy, India, Japan, Jerusalem, Mexico, Norway, Palestine, Portugal, Rome, Russia, Scotland, Spain, Sweeden, Switzerland, Syria, etc., etc.; Scraps, Prints, Engravings, etc. Rollin et Crevier, O Euvres, 24 vols. 4to., fine copies calf; Geographie, Ancienne, Moderne Physique, 13 vols. fine copies; Shakespeare, Barry Cornwall, illustrations, pub. 3 gs.; H. Bioles, Cassell, illustrated: ditto, Commentary, D'Oyly and Mant; ditto, References; ditto, Translations, Various; ditto, Atlas; Traveller, ditto, Dictionary, Brown; ditto, Treasury; Newton, Prophecies; Church Services; Prayers, Liturgical Services; Scripture Characters, Robinson; Cobbett, Reformation: D'Aubigne, ditto; Boswell, Johnson; Robinson Crusoe; Queen's Journal; Sam Slick, Clock Maker; American Humors; Tillotson, Works; Prideaux, Connection; Keith, Prophecy; Uncle Tom's Cabin; Weld, America; Franklin, Polar Sea; Alison, Europe; Wars, European, Clarke; do., Spain, Wellington; Quebec Papers; Gazetteers; Atlasses: Music, Piano, etc; Pinnock, Knowledge; Family Readings; Temple, Works; Pilgrim's Progress; Dr. Cumming, Works; Sheltering Vine; Moore, Works, Life; Mirror of Literature; Peerage, Baronetage; Haydon, Dates, Dictionary of; Magna Charta; Machinery, Mechanics, Engineering, Steam Engines, Railroads, Levelling; Holy Land, Geography, History; Geology, Wonders of Mantell; Album; Panoramas for Children; Water Cure; Painting; Statuary; Carpentry; Philosophy, Natural; ditto, Political, Brougham; Arithmetic; Astronomy; Elocution; Logic; Useful Knowledge; Agriculture; Cultivateur, Fruit Trees, Vegetables, Planting; Brewing, Wine Making; Historie by Rollin, Hume, Smollett, Blunt, Chambers, Information Botany Flowers; English Dictionaries; Classical ditto; Geography, History, Ancient, Modern; Ireland and Irish, Histories, &c.; Fortification; Galt; Disraeli; Mark Lemon; A. Trollope; Strickland, Queens; Stowe, Byron Controversy; Army; Navy; Cookery; Sporting, Horses, Dogs, Shooting; Medicine, Surgery, Chemistry; Ballads, ditto and Lays, ditto Scotch; Living Authors, Cowper; Epigrams; Herrick; Kirke White; Beatty; Byron; Ranyard; Scott; Shakespeare; Thompson, etc; Catholic Works, St. Teresa, Challoner, etc.; H. Scripture Collations; History, Fragments; Ditto. Five Empires, also Third Age, Wilberforce; N. Test; Howard; Church; Palmer; Ditto, Primitive; Eusebius, King Potter; France, Revolution: Holy Land, Illustrated English Synonyms; Chemistry, Geology; Architecture, Building, Designs for Monuments, Shop Fronts, Houses, Cottages, Villas, Farms, Building, Farmyards Stables, Barns; Dairies, Brewhouses Dog Kennels, Garden, Decorations, Field Gates, Ornaments, Coins; ARTISTS, copies for; DRAWING BOOKS, Rudiments; Animals after old Masters, PaulPotter, etc; Human Figure, 88 objects; PROUT, Works, (so highly praised by Ruskin,) Easy Lessons, Fragments, Cottages, Landscapes, Boats and Coasts, &c.; German Literature, Translated, Fonque, truly beautiful Stories, Undine, Sintram, Ladies, Youth, Children, Works for; Fables, Allegories, Useful Knowledge, History, Arabian Nights, Stories, Domestic Ditto, Traditionary, Legends of all Nations, Female Heroism, Pleasant Hours, and a multitude of other works.

NOVELS,

ENTERTAINING,

EDUCATIONAL WORKS, &c.

Catalogues are now ready, and can be had by applying to the Auctioneer.

TERMS CASH.

Sale each Evening at 7 o'clock.

A. ROWE, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, December 5, 1870. 1531 td

T. HUNTON SHOOLBRED & CO

47. SPARKS ST. 49.

Will receive this week "per Express" from LONDON, England,

2 CASES OF MILLINERY,

Containing the VERY LATEST Styles in

Bonnets, Hats,

and some very Choice things in

Flowers, Feathers and Trimmings,

Per S. S. "MORAVIAN."

1 Case Extra Cloths, in the new

Satin Cloths,

Trimming to match all our Fashionable

Dress Goods.

—ALSO—

1 Case of Newest

Mantle Cloths.

The "OLIVE GREEN" appears still to prove the most fashionable, and of the above we are in receipt of ten piece

"New Seal and plucked Otter Skins hand."

Fancy Wove Goods still arriving.

Clouds, Breakfast Shawls, Ties &c.,

in endless Variety.

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO

47 and 49 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, Oct 11 1870.

BUY YOUR CHRISTMAS PRESENTS

From the Ladies of Knox Church, Daly Street, at their BAZAAR, opposite Bate & Co, Sparks street, on the 13th and 14th DECEMBER. Good Music, good Luncheon, Oyster Soup. Contributions received on the 12th, in the Room

Ottawa, Dec 5 1870 1553td

DR. DICKINSON,

Residence and Surgery Kent Street, Ottawa

LANGUAGES.

A GAY, B. A., French Teacher at the GRAMMAR SCHOOL, offers his leisure hours to persons desirous of learning the French, Spanish or Italian language. A thorough knowledge is acquired in a short time. Charges moderate. Mrs. Robitaille's Boarding House, Sparks st. Ottawa, Nov 11 1870 1517 2w

TRAVELLERS GUIDE.

LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

Depart.....8. 0 a.m., 12 noon.. 16 p.m.
Arrive.....9. 0 a.m., 3.45 p.m., 7 15 p.m.

The above trains connect at Vankleek Junction with Grand Trunk Railway for all points south east and west.

OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.

A & H TAYLOR, Agents.

LOCAL NEWS.

Devlin's Fur Depot.

50 dozen Velveteen Hats, from 25 cents upwards. A large assortment of Flowers and Feathers. Trimmed Hats and Bonnets.

At the "Golden Lion."

R. L. JAMES & Co.

Devlin's Fur Depot.

JACKETS—A large stock new stylish Jackets, at moderate prices, at

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

BLANKETS. Cornwall, St. Lawrence and Empire Mills Blankets, in all sizes and weights, very cheap, at

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

NEW UNIFORM.—The O. B. G. A. were served out with new clothing on Friday, and were inspected by Major Ross in the drill shed in the evening.

A sidewalk has been laid on the north side of Queen street between Metcalf and Elgin streets. Sidewalks are certainly more needed in other parts of the town than this one on Queen street.

POLICE COURT—Saturday.—George Jones for cruelty to horse. Fined $2 and costs.

Georgiana Smith, abusive language to a servant girl—dismissed.

Regis Roy and Aimee Lahaise, charged with assault, case adjourned till Monday.

Treflee Charon, assault, fined 20 cents and costs.

DOGS.—Our canine population is superfluously numerous and very annoying, "which nobody can deny." To-day a gentleman residing on Rideau street will answer before the Police Magistrate to the charge of keeping a vicious dog. The dog in question would not be half so bad but for the staff of curs in the locality and whose protecting presence gave him courage to bite a couple of persons.

NOTICE.—Now is the time. Go and see C. P. Dorion, 60 Sparks Street, for stoves and stove-pipe fitting. No puff; but see for yourselves. Lumbermen and country Merchants come and see. The most complete House in this Line in the Capital, See Posters. C. P. Dorion, 60 Sparks Street. 1486 2m.

Devlin's Fur Depot.

BAZAAR.—The ladies of Knox Church will hold a bazaar in the building opposite Bate & Co.'s store, Sparks Street on the 13th and 14th instants. First class luncheon will be obtainable, and good opportunity offered to procure Christmas presents. Handsome young ladies will gracefully solicit "throws," and good music will charm the ears of those in attendance.

MEETINGS FOR SOCIAL WORSHIP.—To meet a want that exists of some place for worship on Sunday afternoon when most, if not all, of our city churches are closed, a few of the members of the Young Men's Christian Association have organized a meeting to be held in the rooms of the Association. To all they extend an invitation to attend these meetings for social worship. The first meeting will be held on Sunday next at three o'clock.

DEER.—The season for deer shooting expired on the 1st inst. It appears that a great number of those animals were shot in the surrounding country this year, though but very few of them were brought to town. During the whole season a couple of camps of sportsmen were stationed at Eastman's Springs, which locality is well stocked with deer. They killed a great many.

Enthusiastic juvenile skaters should take warning. On Saturday afternoon as the ice formed on the Canal Basin, was crowded by boys enjoying their favorite amusement of skating one of the youngsters broke through, but was rescued before he went to the bottom. The ice is not yet strong anywhere owing to the slight frost we have had so far, and it would be well for youngsters or parents who value their lives to remember this.

The markets on Saturday were generally well supplied. The hay market in particular was the largest we have seen this fall. Hay sold at from $15 to $18 per ton; $20 was asked for superior quality of pressed hay.

Pork was plentiful, and sold from $6,50 to $7.50 per 100 lbs.

Beef from $4.00 to $5.50.

Butter 18cts. to 20cts. per lb., in firkins.

Potatoes 45cts to 50cts.

Turkeys 40cts. to 60cts.

Geese 40cts. to 50cts.

ACCIDENT.—The foreman in Mr. Stockdale's carriage factory met with a very serious accident on Friday evening. It appears that while reaching over a circular saw his shirt sleeve got caught in the teeth and his arm was drawn down. Before he could extricate it the arm was badly cut, and indeed it is a wonder it was not completely sawed off.

A friend of ours vouches for the truth of the following:—About a week ago a country man came to a certain popular railway station with a cow, which he wished to have transported to some other part of the country. He enquired of a by-stander who he should he put the cow, and was told in answer to tie her to the last car. Implicitly believing this information to be right he fastened the rope, which was attached to the cow's horns, to the car and then got on board himself. The train started, and as its speed increased the country man became alarmed as to the ability of the cow to keep pace therewith. He cried to the conductor to slacken the rate of speed, and at the same time going out on the platform of the car, all he could see of his cow were the horns dangling at the end of the rope.

WHERE TO GET YOUR GROCERIES.—Mr. Thomas Patterson is after receiving an immense stock of groceries, wines, and liquors, all of superior quality. Mr. Patterson is one of the oldest and most successful grocers in Ottawa, and so widespread has the reputation of his establishment become that it is almost superfluous for us to say anything respecting it to the public. Those who have patronized Mr. Patterson have found it to their advantage to do so. He keeps nothing but the best quality of groceries, which he sells at moderate prices. We would particularly recommend to the public a trial of his wines and liquors.

Mr. Patterson imports all his wines directly from the wine producing districts of France and Spain, and are entirely free of adulteration.

HAIR DYE AND ITS EFFECT.—A few days ago a gentleman came from Montreal to Ottawa for the purpose of seeing his sweet heart, of whose soothing presence he had been deprived for some time. He is a comparatively young man but, his hair has become prematurely grey. He came, of course, well prepared to make a good appearance, and among other articles which he brought with him from Montreal was a bottle of what was recommended to him as first quality hair dye. On arriving he put up in a boarding house, and almost immediately proceeded to apply the dye to his hair. This done, he went to the stove to dry his hair after which he called in a friend of his and asked him how the dye operated; but what must have been his astonishment on being told that his hair was quite green. The dye will not wash off, and now the poor fellow is unable to leave his room in consequence.

HEAD QUARTERS,

OTTAWA, 1st December, 1870.

GENERAL ORDER, (33).

RESERVE MILITIA.

Enrolment.

Under the provisions of the twenty-fifth section of "The Act respecting the Militia and Defence of the Dominion of Canada," of 1868. His Excellency the Governor General in Council, has been pleased to direct that the day on which the taking of the enrolment of the Militia for the year 1871, shall be commenced in each of the nine Military Districts respectively, into which the Dominion of Canada is divided, shall be fixed for MONDAY, the NINTH day of JANUARY next. The Officers of the Reserve Militia whose duty it is to take the enrolment of the Militia, are therefore to proceed, as required by law, to commence the taking of the said enrolment on the day above fixed.

By Command of His Excellency the Governor-General.

P. ROBERTSON ROSS, Colonel,
Adjutant General of Militia,
Canada.

BRYAN'S WAFERS, (The great public remedy,) have now been in use over twenty years, hence it cannot be said that they are on trial. They have been thoroughly tried, and pronounced (on the authority of those whose lives and health they have preserved) to be a cure, harmless and eminently salutary preparation, and if taken in season will invariably cure colds, coughs, sore throat, and all Bronchial affections. One fair trial will convince the most skeptical. Sold by all Medicine Dealers, at 25cts per box.

NOT QUITE SO.—"It is among the most savage and debased tribes only that the condition and comfort of the horse have been neglected," but we believe there are many in civilized countries who are guilty of the same neglect, and without the excuse of the former: here all may avail themselves of the use of an article which has done more than anything else heretofore known to improve the condition and relieve the suffering of the horse. Those who will not use it will be the losers, the horses the sufferers: to avoid both use "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy," and you will be satisfied with the result. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd & Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ontario, proprietors for Canada. Sold by all medicine dealers.

THE FLORENCE NIGHTINGALE OF THE VERDERY—The following is an extract from a letter written by the Rev. C. Z. Weiser, to the "German Reformed Messenger, at Chambersburg, Penn.:

A BENEFACTRESS.

Just open the door for her, and Mrs. WINSLOW will prove the American Florence Nightingale of the Nursery. Of this we are sure, that we will teach our "SUSY" to say, "A BLESSING on MRS. WINSLOW," for helping her to survive and escape the griping, colicking and teething siege. We confirm every word set forth in the PROSPECTUS. It performs precisely what it professes to perform, every part of it—nothing less. Away with your "Cordial," "Paregoric," "Drops," "Laudanum," and every other "anodyne," by which the babe is drugged into stupidity, and rendered dull and idiotic for life.

We have never seen MRS. WINSLOW—know he only through the preparation of her "Soothing Syrup for Children Teething." If we had the power, we would make her, as she is, a physical saviour to the Infant Race. 25 cents per bottle sold by all druggists.

Be sure and call for

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP.

Having the fac-simile of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

A "COUGH," "COLD," OR IRRITATED THROAT, if allowed to progress, results in serious pulmonary and Bronchial affections, of tentimes incurable.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES

Reach DIRECTLY the affected parts, and give almost instant relief. In BRONCHITS, ASTHMA, and CATARRH they are beneficial. Obtain only the genuine BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES, which have *proved* their efficacy by test of many years. Among testimonials attesting their efficacy are letters from—

E. H. Chapin, D. D; New York,
Henry Ward Beecher, Brooklyn, N. Y.,
N. P. Willis, New York,
Hon. C. A. Phelps, Pres, Mass. Senate,
Dr. G. F. Bigelow, Boston,
Prof. Edwd. North, Clinton, N. Y.,

Surgeons in the Army, and others of eminence. Sold everywhere at 25 cents per box.

"TROCHES," so called, sold by the ounce, are a poor imitation and nothing like BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES, which are sold only in boxes with a fac-simile of the proprietors,

JOHN I. BROWN & SON,

This care in putting up the Troches in important as a security to the purchaser in orders to be sure of obtaining the genuine Brown's bronchial Troches.

All the New Materials in Dress Goods French Merinos, both Plain and Fancy VeryCheap.

HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.

Carpets and House Furnishings made a speciality, at Garland, Mutchmor & Co's. A large stock and new styles, at reduced prices.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

All Wool Tartans in all the leading clans. A large lot ex last steamer, at

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

FROM THIS DAY FORTH I change the prices of all my Wood, that is to say, best Hard Wood $4 75, Sawn $5.00; Second best Hard Wood, 4 25 Sawn $4.50.

My Saw Mill is now in constant operation and ready and will cut promptly in obedience to all orders.

JOHN HENRY.

Ottawa, Dec. 5. 1531-tf

R. L. JAMES & CO.

DRESS GOODS.

A large assortment worth from 20 to 90 cents, at 15 to 80.

A

SPECIAL LINE

of French Merinos, very cheap.

BLACK SILKS,

very much under Market value, and considerably lower than present Ottawa prices.

MILLINERY.

It is now pretty generally known that in this Department, especially the prices, are EXCEEDINGLY MODERATE,

AT THE

GOLDEN LION.

R. L. JAMES & Co.

ATTENTION!

If you want Choice VIRGIN HONEY, call at the NEW GROCERY STORE, Corner of Sussex and York Streets.

If you want SUPERIOR CHEESE, call at the NEW GROCERY STORE, Corner of Sussex and York Streets.

If you want FIRST-CLASS DAIRY BUTTER, call at the NEW GROCERY STORE, Corner Sussex and York Streets.

—ALSO—

New Crop West End, Layers, Valencia and Seedless Raisins and Currants, Fresh Turkey Figs, Malaga Grapes, Lemons, Choice Imperial Prunes, Candied Peels, Gelatine, Cross & Blackwell's Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies, and Marmalades, Fresh Oysters, Lobsters Sardines Mackerel, Salmon and Tomatoes, with a choice lot of Scotch and English Ales and Porter, Wines and Brandies, Gin, Scotch Whiskey, Jamaica Rum, Old Rye, Syrups and

JOHN A. BITTERS,

CONSTANTLY ON HAND,

At the NEW GROCERY STORE, Corner Sussex and York Streets.

Extra Fine Green, Black and Japan Teas, Rio, Java and Turkey Coffee.

—ALSO—

Fine Family and Pastry Flour, Oat and Corn Meal, at the NEW GROCERY STORE, Corner Sussex and York Streets.

J. M. C. DELES DERNIERS,

Corner Sussex and York-sts.

Ottawa, Nov 29, 1870 1526tf

TO LUMBERMEN.

L. ROSE,

PROVISION BROKER.

LONDON, ONT.,

Inspects every BARREL of PORK he Ships and Ships only a FIRST-CLASS Article. He has or Sale from some of the Leading Packers and Curers:

Heavy Mess Pork, guaranteed.
Ex. P. Pork made from Heavy Mess Shoulders Mess Mutton.
Heavy Bacon, &c., at the lowest Fixed Prices, and on Terms to suit Purchasers.
No. 1 Sup. Flour, Oats, Corn, &c., bought on commission.
White Beans always on hand.
Orders or enquiries have prompt attention.
Through rates to Brockville, Sand and Ottawa.

L. ROSE,
Produce Broker,
London, Ont.

London, Ont., Nov. 24, 1870 1528 2m

NOVEMBER ARRIVAS,

NEW FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOODS.

MAGEE & RUSSELL

Having met with UNAPPROACHABLE SUCCESS this AUTUMN, in the disposal of their IMMENSE IMPORTATIONS, (the Largest ever brought to Ottawa in one Season) were under the agreeable necessity of re-ordering a Second supply to fill up the numerous blanks made in their Several Departments.

Owing to the terrible conflict now raging in Europe our resident agents were enabled to secure during the consequent depression of Trade in Britain many very valuable lines at exceedingly low prices for Cash.

A portion of Shipments not yet to hand, are expected this week. The following comprises a few of the leading articles, viz:

DRESS GOODS:

WINCIES, SCOTCH PLAID TARTANS, FRENCH MERINOES, and SATEEN COSTUME CLOTH.

See Figured Sateen Cloths at 90 cts. per yard, the Newest Dress Material of the season.

SILKS, SATINS, VELVETS:

Black VELVETS, VELVETEENS, EPANGLES, SILKS, SATINS, and CRAPES.

All our Mantle Velvets were purchased in June, only a few days before they advanced considerably in price, and as they are likely to be fully 50 per cent dearer in the Spring, would advise Ladies to Purchase at the present time; will guarantee the best value in Canada. Silks Satins, &c., equally good value.

DOMESTICS:

New Grey Cottons, White Shirtings, Sheetings, Pillow Cottons, Prints, Linen and Cotton Tickings, Linen and Cotton Diapers, Table Linen of every description, Quilts and Counterpanes, Towels and Towelling, &c., &c. We can confidently recommend the above mentioned Domestic Goods, being excellent value.

WOOLLENS:

BLANKETS, English and Canadian Plain and Fancy FLANNELS, Waterproof Cloakings, Black and Blue Presidents, Pilots, Beavers, and the New Irish Frieze Cloths, for making Fashionable Ulster Over-Coats A Specimen Coat for Sale.

RIBBONS AND LACES.

100 dozen large New Style Hair Nets, 200 dozen Cambric Handkerchiefs, One Case Black and Colored Ribbon Velvets, Silk, Satin and Sash Ribbons, Fringes, Buttons Collars and Cuffs, and a magnificent variety Real Lace Goods.

HOSIERY AND GLOVES.

50 dozen Gents White and Lavender Kid Gloves; also, 20 dozen Plush and Lamb Lined Kid Gloves and Mitts, some with Seal Cuffs, besides a first-class Stock of Woollen Mock and Real Buckskin Gloves, Canadian, Scotch and English Lambs Wool Underclothing, Scotch and Canadian Fingering Yarns, &c, &c.

CARPETS,

New Double Width Damasks at 45cts, Green Repp, at $1.10, the Cheapest in Ottawa New Harness Muslin and Lace Curtains, also Lace by the yards, one Cask varnished Cornices and one Case Stair Rods.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

DRY GOODS!

DRY GOODS!

DRY GOODS!

PATTERSON & BRYSON.

In consequence of our great success since opening we have been obliged to lay in a large additional Stock, which we will mark as low as heretofore, being determined to retain our already well established character, for selling cheaper than any other House in the Trade.

IN CANADIAN GOODS

We have made such arrangements with the best Factories in the Dominion as will enable us to keep constantly on hand a large and well Assorted Stock of Tweeds, Flannels, Blankets (Grey and White), Cotton and Linen Bags, Cotton Yarn, Hosiery, Underclothing, etc., etc., etc.

—ALSO—

An entirely new and well assorted Stock of British and Foreign Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, which have been marked at prices to defy competition.

REMEMBER THE PLACE,

53 Sparks Street,
Directly Opposite
BATE & Co.

PATTERSON & BRYSON.

JAMES PRACOCK,

FURS,

FURS.

I beg to intimate that my FUR STOCK is now complete in every

DEPARTMENT.

AN EARLY CALL IS SOLICITED.

Remember the place,

33 Rideau Street.

OPPOSITE OLD STAND.

CHARLES J. TASKER, Accountant: Books posted. Accounts made out. Apply at the office of H P Hill, Solicitor References Dr Hill, G H Fisher.

Ottawa, Nov 5, 1870

THE TEA POT,

RIDEAU STREET.

The Proprietor begs to inform the lovers of THE TEA POT and the public generally, that the alterations are now completed, the whole premises having been thoroughly renovated and stocked with

New and Fresh Goods

Of the very best quality. He is now prepared to execute orders Wholesale and Retail, and every article will be guaranteed, as they have been selected with the greatest care.

Teas in great variety,
Coffee—the very best—roasted and ground daily,
Raisins, Currants, Figs, &c., &c.,
Port Wine, Sherry Wine, Brandy,
English Old Tom Gin—Booth's, Bernard's & Thompson's.

An Old Lady's Evening Wish.

My wishes soar not very high,
Nor do they widely roam
These moderate wishes are confin'd
To comforts found at home.

Give me what I enjoy so well—
A snug domestic scene;
And take my word, I fell myself
As happy as a Queen,

I'll tell you what I wish for now—
'Tis not a large desire;
I wish to sit at perfect ease,
Beside my evening fire.

I wish a friend or two would call,
To ask me how I do;

Then truly happy I should be,
And they'd be happy, too.

I'd set the tea things on the tray,
And we should all agree,
While taking ever-welcome cups
Of JOHN HILL'S wholesome tea.

The tea would gladen every heart,
And brighten every face;
And nothing more could we desire
In such a happy case.

With JOHN HILL'S Tea I always crown
The comforts of my home;
And when I can partake of this
My wishes seldom roam.

All goods delivered free (within the limits of the city) by our own waggons, and every attention will be paid to proper packing and delivery.

JOHN HILL,
"THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET.

BONUS YEAR.

SPECIAL INFIMATION.

LIFE ASSOCIATION OF SCOTLAND.

FOUNDED 1838.

ANNUAL REVENUE, - £ 257,683 Stg.

FUNDS in hand and invested, 1,357,386 "

The BOOKS and ACCOUNTS have been for many years subjected (not yearly only, or at any other interval, but) to a continuous AUDIT—apart from the Directors and other officials—by a Professional Accountant of high standing and experience. In the VALUATIONS also, which are made on approved Tables of Mortality, the net Assurance Premiums only are taken into account. Thus by constant independent checks and rigid tests, the utmost precaution is adopted to secure the prudent conduct and permanent stability of the Institution. It has always maintained a high position among the Assurance Offices of the Kingdom, and has already paid SUMS ASSURED and BONUSES to the amount of

$8,159,044.00

The amount paid last year alone having been upwards of

$601,763,00

The FUNDS remaining in hand and invested are upwards of

$6,605,945.00.

The List of Policy-holders in Class B. for 1870 will be closed as at

5TH DECEMBER.

Previous Entrants will be entitled to a

WHOLE YEAR'S BONUS

More than later Entrant will receive.

The PROFITS are allocated on a principle which gives LARGER BONUSES than ANY OTHER SYSTEM.

P WARDLAW,
Secretary.

Agents at Ottawa, J T & J PENNOCK.

November 8, 1870 68RD5

IF YOU WANT

TO SAVE MONEY

GO TO THE

PEOPLE'S TEA STORES.

—BY—

P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.,

No. 36 Rideau St., and Duke St., Chaudiere,

OTTAWA,

Where from their great increase of business and the large addition now put to their Store, with a well selected Stock, and constant attention on their part, will enable them to sell at prices not to be equalled elsewhere.

There will be found always on hand a general assortment of

GROCERIES,
TEAS in particular, imported,
LIQUORS, WINES, BRANDIES,
GIN, IRISH and
SCOTCH WHISKEY,
Goederham & Worts'
HIGHWINES,
OLD RYE, and PROOF,

With a fine assortment of Christmas and New Year's FRUITS and SYRUPS.

—ALSO—

WINTER APPLES,
ORANGES and LEMONS,
CHEESE, HAMS,
and BACON.

Remember our Motto—"Quick Sales and Light Profits."

Try their TEAS.

Ottawa, Nov 29, 1870 1526

A GENERAL MEETING of the Stockholders of the Ontario Peat Company will be held at the Russell House, Ottawa, on Tuesday, the 6th December next, at 12 o'clock, noon, for the organization of the Company, under the Act of Incorporation, for the selection of Directors, and for the transaction of general business.

Ottawa, Nov 22, 1870 1531

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

14 RIDEAU STREET,

Have now received a full supply of

NEW FALL GOODS

—IN ALL

DEPARTMENTS.

Ottawa, September 26, 1870

CANADA AND

U. S. PATENT AGENCY.

Patents solicited in Canada and the United States; Trade and Timber Marks, Industrial Designs, Copywrights, Transfers, &c., registered on the shortest notice, Copies of Laws, Circulars, and information, sent free on application. Drawings prepared and copied.

Charges moderate. United States Patents particularly attended to. Several valuable Patent Rights for sale.

F. G. COURSOLLES,

November 26, 1870 1524tf

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

DR HENRY has removed his Residence and Surgery to the corner of Bank and Victoria Streets, near the Parliament Buildings.

December 1, 1870. 1528b

A SPECIALITY.

THE ULSTER OVER COAT

Is the Great Novelty in

GENTLEMEN'S GARMENTS

This Season.

A Specimen on View, at

MAGEE & RUSSELL'S.

Ottawa, Nov 30, 1870 1527tf

ST. JAMES' HOTEL,

METCALFE AND QUEEN STREETS.

The Proprietor, G. B. EVANS,

Begs respectfully to announce to the public in general that the above premises will be opened for business this day, 29th inst, and hopes by strict attention to business and moderate charges, to merit their patronage and favour.

Ottawa, Nov 29, 1870 1526tf

TEACHER WANTED

A MALE TEACHER, holding a First-Class Certificate, for one of the Schools in Hawkesbury Village, Ont. Salary, $360 per annum. Duties to commence on the 2nd day of January, 1871 Applications, with testimonials, will be received until 10th December, by

JOHN McKERCHER,
Secretary Board of School Trustees.

Ottawa, Nov 22 1870 1521 8

LIFE IN

LARGE CITIES.

The Rev. W. STEPHENSON will preach the third of his series of Sermons to Young Men, in the Wesleyan Church, Metcalfe Street,

TO-MORROW EVENING,

SUBJECT:

"GAMBLERS AND GAMBLING"

Ottawa, Dec 3, 1870 1530 1

FOR SALE, OR EXCHANGE

For Property in Montreal improved or unimproved the new Mansard Roof Stone House situated in Victoria Crescent, having all the modern conveniences of heat, water and gas, good cut building, on an ample Lot, and enjoying the finest river view in Ottawa. For further particulars apply to W C. SMILLIE, on the premises, or at the Office of the BRITISH AMERICAN BANK NOTE COMPANY, Wellington Street.

Ottawa, Dec 3, 1870 1530 1m

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT

OTTAWA, 26th November, 1870

Authorized discount on AMERICAN INVOICES until further notice, 11 per cent

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs

HARDWARE! HARDWARE!

Sign of the ANVIL, No. 24 Rideau Street, where you can get a complete assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, and at prices to suit purchasers. Consisting in part of

GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHINGS:

Butcher Knives, Knives and Forks, Pocket Knives, Table Spoons, Tea Spoons, Tea Trays, Table Mats, Bolts, Screws, Locks, Bolts, Catches, Latches, Axes, Saws, Planes, Squares, Hammers, Spokeshaves, Gouges, Chisels, Augers, Auger Bits, Steel Bits, Bevils, Levels, Bitting Machines, Draw Knives, &c. &c. &c. together with

PAINT OF ALL COLOURS:

Rose, Pink, Burnt Umber, Terra de Sienna, Chrome Yellow, Yellow Ochre, Celestial Blue, Paris Green, Brunswick Green, Magnesia Green, Venetian Green, Red Lead, White Lead, in Oil or Dry, Drop Black, Ivory Black, Lamp Black, Boiled Oil, Raw Oil, Turpentine, Benzole, Coal Oil, Paint Brushes, Varnishes, &c.

THOS BIRKETT,
No. 24, Rideau street,
Sign of the Anvil.

P. S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the City.

Ottawa, Nov 18, 1870.

WANTED.

For the First and Second Departments of the Arnprior Common School, two MALE TEACHERS. Salary for first, four hundred; second, three hundred dollars per annum. Services to commence about 1st January, 1871. Applications received up to 1st December, 1870. Stating qualifications, &c.

DR. CRANSTON
Chairman'
GEO. CRAIG,
Secretary.

Arnprior, Nov 9, 1870 15 9 3

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,

85 SUSSEX STREET.

Elevated Oven Cook Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Low Oven Cook Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Double Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co
Box and Parlor Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co
Coal Stoves, Base Burners, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
The Quintal Coal Stove, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Parlour Cook Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Dumb Stoves, all sizes, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Hot Air Furnaces, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Stove Pipes and Elbows, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Lumbermen's Supplies, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
1st Prize Stoves can be seen, at H. MEADOWS & Co.

Ottawa, Oct. 13, 1870.

THOMAS ISAAC,

DEALER IN

Shelf and Heavy Hardware

BENSY'S STONE BUILDING,

Wellington Street, Upper Town, Ottawa

Cooking and Fancy Stoves
Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope,
Twine, Glass, Oil,
Putty, &c.,
Always on Hand.

Ottawa December 20, 1869. 1236.1

THE DOMINION ALMANAC

FOR 1871

WILL BE PUBLISHED EARLY IN

DECEMBER

It is intended to serve as a convenient book of reference, and at the same time to be acceptable as an agreeable private companion. With this end in view, in addition to much valuable statistical information, a large amount of interesting reading matter will be found in its pages. The favorable reception which it met with last year, and the wide-spread circulation it obtained in Ontario and Quebec, justifies the hope that it will, this year, command a still larger share of patronage. In order to increase its circulation, and to render it still more valuable as an advertising medium, the price will, this year, be reduced to 10 cents per copy—considerably less than the actual cost of publication.

The following are the rates for advertising:

One Page at beginning or end of the Book	$15 00
Half do do	8 00
Quarter Page do do	4 00
One Page in body of work	20 00
Half do do	10 00

Every advertiser taking a page will receive 12 copies of the Almanac for distribution for half a page, 6 copies; and for a quarter of a page, 3 copies.

Applications for advertisements should be sent in at once.

Address:

"DOMINION ALMANAC"
Ottawa.

Ottawa, Oct 31, 1870 1502tf

CANADA PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Application will be made to Parliament, at its next Session, for the Incorporation of a Company to construct a Railway through British North America, connecting with the present Railway system of Canada, and thence to proceed to the North of Lake Superior, and through the North West Territory to the Yellow or Leather Head Pass of the Rocky Mountains, there to connect with the projected Railway through British Columbia to the Pacific,—with such powers and privileges as may be necessary to carry the same into operation.

ALFRED WADDINGTON.

Ottawa, Oct. 21, 1870 149 2m

NOTICE

Is hereby given that the Corporation of the City of Ottawa will apply to the Legislature of the Province of Ontario, at its next Session, for an Act to amend the Act Incorporating the Ottawa City Street Passenger Railway Company.

W P LETT,
City Clerk.

Ottawa, Nov 11, 1870 1511 1wk 5w

JUST RECEIVED,

FRENCH MERINOES,

GENUINE FRENCH MERINOES,

Fine, Wide, Heavy, and Warranted all Wool, in the following Colours:

LIGHT BROWN,

MID BROWN,

DARK BROWN,

VIOLET,

AGULINE,

MAROON,

RIFLE GREEN,

ROSE,

DRAB

and

SCARLET.

Really better Goods than sold other years at 3s. 9d., for 2s. 6d. per yard. The Nicest, Cheapest, and most durable Dress, for either street or in-door wear, in Ottawa.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

20 Sparks Street

Ottawa, Nov. 30, 1870.

NOTICE

Is hereby given, that an application will be made to the Legislature of the Province of Ontario at its next Session, for an Act to authorize the construction of Water Works in and for the City of Ottawa.

WM P LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa,
October 12th, 1870 1492 1wk 2m

NOTICE.

The Partnership existing between the undersigned, in the City of Ottawa, under the name of WATSON & CLISBY, Saloon Keepers, was dissolved by mutual consent, on the First Day of SEPTEMBER, A.D, 1870.

WATSON & CLISBY,
JAMES ROY WATSON,
LAVEL KENT CLISBY.

Witness of Signature,
D. M. GRANT,
JAMES STARMER.

Ottawa, Nov 11, 1870 1516tf

ROUSILLON VIN ROUGE.

An excellent light RED WINE for ordinary use, not unlike PORT, but lighter in body.

$1.25 Per GALLON.

$4.00 Per DOZEN.

J. P. MACPHERSON,
Wine Merchant,
Elgin Street.

Ottawa, Nov 17, 1870 1515

NOTICE.

THE CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY CO

Will apply to the

PARLIAMENT

—OF THE—

PROVINCE OF ONTARIO

At its next Session, for the

CONTINUANCE AND EXTENSION

FOR FOUR YEARS,

Of the Provisions of the Act

INCORPORATING THAT COMPANY,

And of the Acts mentioned therein, in so far as they relate to a Grant of Land in aid of the Company.

W B WORSLEY,
Sec. O

Oct 15, 1870

Insurance.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY of Canada, Head Office, Toronto.

President—The Hon John Hillyard Cameron M.P.

Vice President—Lewis Moffatt, Esq.

Other Directors—C J Campbell, Esq. Hon Malcolm Cameron, W T Macdonnell, Esq. A R McMaster Esq. H S Howland, Esq. Geo Duggan, Esq. A T Fulton, Esq. Angus Morrison, Esq. M P J S Crocker, Esq.

Banker—The Canadian Bank of Commerce.

Agents for Ottawa—Messrs J T & W PENNOCK.

The rates of the PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY are as low as its long experience has shown to be profitable.

The test of the value of insurance is, however, not when the premiums are being paid, but when losses are being settled, and, from the equity and promptness of its settlements the Provincial Insurance Company is second to none.

Its Inspectors are always sent to adjust every important loss directly it occurs.

It has no adjusted losses due and unpaid.

It respectfully solicits a share of the patronage of the insuring public of Ottawa.

ARTHUR HARVEY, Manager.

1298tf

UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No. 104.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 32. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B

For the Minister of Finance

JOHN LANGTON, Auditor.

have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81.

The Hon Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN, Manager.

Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

Steamers.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COY'S STEAMERS.

MAIL STEAMER

"QUEEN VICTORIA,"

CAPT. BOWIE,

Has commenced her regular trips between Ottawa and Montreal, with Mails and Passengers, leaving Ottawa at 7 a.m. daily.

MARKET STEAMER

FAIRY

CAPT. NICHOLS.

Will commence running her regular trips from Major's Wharf to Ottawa over Monday and Saturday leaving Major's at 5 a.m, and Ottawa at 4 p.m.

R W SHEPHERD.

Ottawa, April, 25, 1870 1341tf

UNION FORWARDING & RAILWAY COMPANY

CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after the FIRST OF SEPTEMBER, THE

STEAMER "ANN SISSON,"

Will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted) at 7 a.m. for Les Joachims, and intermediate ports. The steamer

"JASON GOULD"

Will leave Pembroke Daily at 2 p.m. steamer

"SIR JOHN YOUNG"

Will leave Havelock daily at 7 a.m. for Chapeau. Returning will leave Chapeau at 1 o'clock p.m.

R S CASSELS, President.

Ottawa, August 22, 1870 144 tf

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMERS:

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown.....$100 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown..... 35 00

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMERS TO HALIFAX

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown.....$100 00

Halifax..... 20 00

St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer..... 45 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown..... 30 00

Halifax..... 15 00

St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer..... 30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's Office,

JOHN G. DALE, Agent, 15 Broadway, New York,

or HENRICK & CROMBIE, Ottawa.

DOMINION TELEGRAPH INSTITUTE,

34 KING STREET EAST,

TORONTO, ONT.

ESTABLISHED IN 1863,

For the purpose of qualifying Operators for the TELEGRAPH AND RAILROAD LINES

Then and now so rapidly building in the Dominion and United States. It is become one of the Permanent Institutions of the Country.

And has turned out OVER 100 OPERATORS,

Who now fill important positions with

GOOD SALARIES,

LADIES and GENTLEMEN desiring to learn this light and honourable profession, should do so at once. The average length of time required is three months. Ladies learn more rapidly than gentlemen. Both sexes admitted from 14 years of age and upwards.

For full particulars and terms address

T H CHURCHILL, Toronto, Ontario.

Ottawa, September 22, 1870 13

FOR SALE.

A beautiful country residence with Fifteen (15) Acres of Land (or more if necessary) attached; the house and outbuildings being completely surrounded by a grove of lovely shade trees. The whole within 10 minutes drive of the Government Buildings.

Terms of sale, cash, if preferable to purchaser. Otherwise a small payment down, and the balance in from 1 to 10 years, to suit purchaser.

Apply to the Proprietor,

R A BRADLEY, Solicitor, Elgin-st., Ottawa. Nearly opposite the Post Office.

N. B.—Money to lend on Real Estate. Terms easy.

OUT TO-DAY.

THE Canadian Parliamentary Calendar AND Directory for 1870.

To booksellers

OPE & CO., and JONES & HOLLAND

Medical.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

As a family Remedy it is well and favourably known relieving thousands from pain in the Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Has now been before the public for a length of time and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions have been properly followed, but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing the Diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it.

Price only Twenty-five Cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN.

Sold in Ottawa by H F McCarthy, J Skinner, John Roberts, J P Featherston, George Mortimer, W M Massey, and all Medicine Dealers.

November 30, 1870 1527y

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!

The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Sherman of Brighton, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Kranstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hosey, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1. 13y

To Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Consrs P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:

MADOC, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Feb. 8th, 1869.

This is to certify that during the winter of 1867 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless. I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings this ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle

A F WOOD, J P.

Warden County of Hastings Province of Ontario, Canada.

For sale by DRUGGISTS AND GROCERS

GARDNER'S QUININE WINE BITTERS,

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons covering from illness. For sale in quart bottle; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children—it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardner's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best ask for GARDNER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE. Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

J GARDENER, Chemist, 457 Notre Dame street, Montreal, Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

DUTCH BULBS!

The Subscriber has just received a full assortment from a celebrated Grower in HOLLAND, both for Spring Gardening and in-door Culture.

THE ASSORTMENT INCLUDES

Hyacinths, many varieties,
Tulips, "
Lilies, "
Narcissus, "
Jonquills, "
Anemones, "
Ranunculus, "
&c., &c.

The Flower Roots above mentioned not coming to hand till late in the season, are offered for sale at low prices.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE, Druggist, 40 Sparks-st, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Nov. 18, 1870 1517y1

Medical.

GABRIEL'S PREPARATIONS

TRADE MARK. MANUFACTURED ONLY BY MESSRS GABRIEL, Dentists, LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.

FOR THE TEETH.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH.

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers.

MESSRS. GABRIEL, The old-established Dentists, 64 Ludgate Hill, London,

And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth. Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations

GABRIEL'S ORIEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth. Price 3s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE, for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

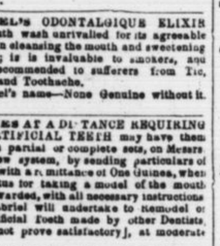
GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.

See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it. Price 3s.

PARTIES AT A DISTANCE REQUIRING ARTIFICIAL TEETH may have them supplied, in partial or complete sets, on Messrs Gabriel's new system, by sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of One Guinea, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded, with all necessary instructions. Messrs. Gabriel will undertake to remodel or repair Artificial Teeth made by other Dentists, which do not prove satisfactory, at moderate charges.

Messrs. Gabriel's Pamphlet on Artificial Teeth and painless Dentistry on receipt of postage.

*** All letters to be addressed to 64 LUDGATE HILL, LONDON. 1323 2-w6m 1awf6m



Alkahadabara

HAS ARRIVED AT LAST!

This elegant Turkish TONIC is one of the most salutary and delicate preparations ever submitted for public approval in this hemisphere, and asserts its pretensions to patronage on the following grounds:—

That it is a preparation of one of the most eminent Purveyors to the Ottoman Court.

It prevents acidity of the Stomach.

It relieves lowness of spirits.

It is a mild and invigorating tonic, and a most efficient but innocuous stimulent.

It renders the breath sweet and agreeable.

It stimulates the appetite if taken before meals.

It promotes digestion if taken after meals.

It neutralizes the propensity for strong liquors.

It renders the intellect bright and clear.

If taken habitually it imparts vitality and energy to all the bodily organs.

By its use a man of 70 will become, as it were, restored to the elasticity of 30; and to persons of delicate constitutions it is strongly recommended.

It is an especial favourite with Oriental ladies.

Secure, then, health, longevity and vital energy by the habitual use of the

ALKABASAR TURKISH TONIC.

Kept in stock by the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.

For directions for use see labels on bottles.

HENRY CHAPMAN & CO., EVANS, MERCER & CO., Montreal, Sole Agents for the Dominion

Montreal, July 6. 1415-y

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission on the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D., *Professor of Chemistry in the University of* PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion,

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI, Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F GIANELLI.

H. R. FRIPP, ORGANIST AND TEACHER OF MUSIC.

Residence—Elgin Street, South of Slater Street. Classes for beginners at Mr Gowan's Hall on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 4½ p m.

Ottawa, July 15th, 1870. 1419 tf

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street.

Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 1735y

LOST

From the Farm of MRS. STEWART on the bank of the Canal, on the 29th inst., TWENTY-THREE LAMBS, marked with a stroke on the back with tar. Information to be given to WM SLATTERY, Butcher By Ward Market.

Ottawa, Oct. 4, 1870. 1478

Commission Merchants.

J. BERMINGHAM, GENERAL AUCTIONEER.

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit continuance of the support and patronage liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES,

In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate, that in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandize, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p.m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required.

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 25.

Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hands for sale

J BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, March 1870.

M. FOOTE & COMPANY,

IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALER

—IN—

TEAS AND WINES,

6 HOSPITAL STREET

MONTREAL.

Ottawa August 23, 1870 1444tf

DOMINICK FOX.

GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT, Clarence Street, next to the City Hotel Ottawa.

Solicits the patronage of the Lumber Merchants generally on the Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging men and attending to their rafts while passing here to the best of his ability.

REFERENCES.

Alex Fraser, Esq. Walter Smith, Esq.
John Supple, Esq. R W Cruice, Esq.

1334tf.

W. H. EASTON & CO., COMMISSION MERCHANTS, FORWARDERS

DEALERS IN

Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c

OTTAWA,

End of Little Sussex-st.

Cash advanced on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases

W. H. EASTON R. M. EASTON

FOR SALE;

MESS AND PRIME MESS PORK.

FLOUR NO. 1 & EXTRA

WHITE BEANS,

At Ottawa, Sand Point and Pembroke.

S CHRISTIE, No 5 Sparks street.

Ottawa, Aug 18, 1870

GOVERNMENT HOUSE.

OTTAWA, 26th day of Sept., 1870.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs and under and in virtue of the authority given by the 8th Section of the Act 31 Vic. Cap. 6, intituled "An Act respecting the Customs." His Excellency has been pleased to make the following Regulation:

Grand Harbour, in the Island of Grand Manan, in the Province of New Brunswick shall be and the same is hereby erected into a Out Port of Customs, and attached to the Port of Campo Bello (Welchpool)

WM. H. LEE, Clerk Privy Council, Canada.

Ottawa, Oct. 4, 1870. 1478

GOVERNMENT HOUSE.

OTTAWA, Thursday, 22nd day of Sept, 1870

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs and under and in virtue of the 54th Section of the Act 31st Victoria Cap. 6, intituled "An Act respecting the Customs.

His Excellency has been pleased to Order and it is hereby Ordered, that the Out Port of Port Hyerse attached to the Port of Dover, in the Province of Ontario, be and the same is hereby constituted and appointed to be a Warehousing Port, within the meaning of that Act.

WM. H. LEE, Clerk Privy Council, Canada.

Ottawa, Oct. 4, 1870. 1478 3

Medical.

Ayer's Hair Vigor,

For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.

A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. *Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color with the gloss and freshness of youth.* Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

HAIR DRESSING,

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS, LOWELL, MASS.

PRICE $1.00.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

For Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption.

Probably never before in the whole history of medicine, has any thing won so widely and so deeply upon the confidence of mankind, as this excellent Remedy for pulmonary complaints. Through a long series of years, and among most of the races of men it has risen higher and higher in their estimation, as it has become better known. Its uniform character and power to cure the various affections of the lungs and throat, have made it known as a reliable protector against them. While adapted to milder forms of disease and to young children, it is at the same time the most effectual remedy that can be given for incipient consumption, and the dangerous affections of the throat and lungs. As a provision against sudden attacks of *Croup*, it should be kept on hand in every family, and indeed as all are sometimes subject to colds and coughs, all should be provided with this antidote for them.

Although settled *Consumption* is thought incurable, still great numbers of cases where the disease seemed settled, have been completely cured, and the patient restored to sound health by the *Cherry Pectoral*. So complete is its mastery over the disorders of the Lungs and Throat, that the most obstinate of them yield to it. When nothing else could reach them, under the *Cherry Pectoral* they subside and disappear.

Singers and Public Speakers find great protection from it.

Asthma is always relieved and often wholly cured by it.

Bronchitis is generally cured by taking the *Cherry Pectoral* in small and frequent doses.

So generally are its virtues known that we need not publish the certificates of them here, or do more than assure the public that its qualities are fully maintained.

Ayer's Ague Cure,

For Fever and Ague, Intermittent Fever, Chill Fever, Remittent Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical or Bilious Fever, &c., and indeed all the affections which arise from malarious, marsh, or miasmatic poisons.

As its name implies, it does *Cure*, and does not fail. Containing neither Arsenic, Quinine, Bismuth, Zinc, nor any other mineral or poisonous substance whatever, it in no way injures the patient. The number and importance of its cures in the ague districts, are literally beyond account, and we believe without a parallel in the history of Ague medicine. Our pride is gratified by the acknowledgments we receive of the radical cures effected in obstinate cases, and where other remedies had wholly failed.

Unacclimated persons, either resident in, or travelling through miasmatic localities, will be protected by taking the *AGUE CURE* daily.

For *Liver Complaints*, arising from torpidity of the Liver, it is an excellent remedy, stimulating the Liver into healthy activity.

For Bilious Disorders and Liver Complaints, it is an excellent remedy, producing many truly remarkable cures, where other medicines had failed.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & Co., Practical and Analytical Chemists, Lowell, Mass., and sold all round the world.

PRICE ONE DOLLAR PER BOTTLE.

LEA & PERRINS' CELEBRATED WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

Declared by Connoisseur TO BE THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.

CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivalled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,

and to see that their names are upon the wrapper labels, stopper and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, Lea and Perrins give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c, &c, and by Grocers and Oilmen universally 52v1236 law

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly, (which are published in the "Ontario Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the Session.

CHARLES T GILLMOR, Clerk of the House.

Toronto March 15, 1870 1369 td 1awk.

NOTICE!

I hereby give notice that I shall not be responsible for any debt contracted in my name after this date without my written order.

CHAS. GOULDEN.

Ottawa, August 6 3m

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.

W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.

REFERENCES.—H Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P, Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.

OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

PRESERVE YOUR ROOFS.

PATENT PLASTIC SLATE PAINT,

Is the best and cheapest material in use for preserving new, or repairing old

IRON OR TIN ROOFS,

No matter how bad their condition. Also first rate for

SHINGLE ROOFS,

Making them

FIRE AND WATER PROOF,

Hardens into a coating of SOLID SLATE by exposure.

Price $6 a barrel, mixed ready for use.

A barrel will cover 10 squares (10 x 10).

SHEATHING FELT

For lining Frame Buildings under the clap boards. An effectual protection against cold, damp and vermin. Rats and mice will come near it.

No FRAME DWELLING should be without

Send for Circular, instructions, &c.

BUCHANAN & CO., Wholesale Depot for Roofing Materials and Found er's Supplies,

32 Lemoine Street. Montreal.

Ottawa, September 21, 1870 1468

A. E. GENDREAU, HAIR DRESSING PARLOUR, *Wellington street,*

Opposite the Bank of Montreal.

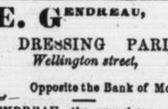
MR GENDREAU, the proprietor of that so popular Parlour, has the pleasure to announce to his numerous friends and the public in general, that to answer to the great encouragement which he has received up to the present, he has determined to enlarge and thoroughly furnish anew his establishment. He will save no expense to render Parlour the most comfortable, and to procure the most experienced hair dressers.

MR GENDREAU having served considerable time in some of the best and most extensive Hair Dressing Saloons in the Dominion and United States, is in a position to conduct the duties of his establishment in a manner that cannot be surpassed.

He will have always on hand the best perfumes imported directly from Paris and London.

MR GENDREAU solicits a visit to convince all of the truth of his statements.

SATCHELL BROS



BUTCHERS TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantly on hand

FRESH KILLED *STALL-FED*

BEEF AND MUTTON.

ALSO,

THEIR CELEBRATED SPICED AND SALT ROUND, AND *ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES.*

To be had at THEIR STALLS, Nos. 5 and 7, *BY-WARD MARKET*

No Benzine or Coal Oil used.

FOR THE LANG SAWING ESTABLISHMENT

STYLISH SIGNS AND HANDSOME WALL PAINTING

A. W LANG, Sparks Street.

PEOPLE'S TELEPHONE COMPANY

Incorporated under Chapter LXVII of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada.

OTTAWA OFFICE—G P DRUMMOND'S Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.

DIRECTORS:

A JOSEPH, Chairman; D C THOMSON, Treasurer; S B FOOTE A THOMSON, T H DUNN. DRUMMOND Manager 1141tf

TWO OR THREE GENTLEMEN can be accommodated with ROOMS, WITH OR WITHOUT BOARD.

Apply at MR. ROWSELL'S, Opposite the Union Hotel, Centre Town.

Ottawa, July 5, 1870. 1490 tf

EDGAR DOWARD, Organist, Christ Church, teacher of Organ, Piano and Singing Residence—O'Connor street. Mr. Doward was formerly Choirster Boy and Articled Pupil of Mr W. Done, of Worcester Cathedral, England.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

In the matter of JOSEPH HENRY CASSELS, the Village of Kenmore *AN INSOLVENT.*

ASSIGNEES SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power vested in me as Assignee of the estate and effects of the above named Insolvent, I shall offer for sale by Public Auction, at the Court House, in the City of Ottawa, at the hour of 12 o'clock, noon on FRIDAY, the TWENTY-FIFTH day of NOVEMBER next, all the estate, right, title, interest and equity of redemption of the said Insolvent, and of myself, as such Assignee as aforesaid, in and to that certain parcel or tract of land and premises situate, lying and being in the Township of Gloucester, in the County of Carleton, containing by admeasurement fifty acres of land to be the same more or less, being composed of the west quarter of lot number two, in the third Concession of the said Township, Rideau Front.

Terms and conditions made known at the time of sale, and particulars can be had by applying to

CHAS BAILLIE, Assignee, 401 Notre Dame St.

Dated Montreal, 17th Sept, 1870. 1469 3aw271

GREAT CENTRAL AIR LINE ROUTE VIA GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.

[The Model Road of Canada]

To Sarnia, Detroit, Milwaukee. CHICAGO, *Cincinnati, St. Louis, New Orleans, and all Points in the West and South.*

NORTHERN TRANSPORTATION CO'S 20 First-Class Upper Cabin Steamers. DAILY LINE BETWEEN OGDENSBURG & CHICAGO, Making sure connections with Railway for all Points West and South.

Parties going west can secure Tickets at this office to any Point desired, VIA ALL RAIL OR ALL BOAT

Fares always cheaper than by any other Route.

Be sure and procure TICKETS at this office by the GREAT CENTRAL ROUTE AND SAVE MONEY, TIME AND DISTANCE

Comparative distance of the several Western Routes to Chicago:

American—Ogdensburg or Prescott..... to Chicago.....	850 miles
Grand Trunk to Detroit.....	736 do
Grand Trunk to Toronto, Great Western to Detroit.....	730 do
Leaving in favor of the Great Central Route.....	120 do

For TICKETS to any Points in the United States, and all information apply to

J T JOHNCORAN, General Western Railway and Steamboat Ticket office, at H Palmer's store, next to Fingland & Draper's, Sussex st two doors from Rideau st.

IN CHANCERY.

Pursuant to a decree of the Court of Chancery, made in a cause Spain vs. Watt, the Creditors of Martin Spain, late of the Township of Nepean, in the County of Carleton who died in or about the month of NOVEMBER, 1867, are on or before the 15th NOVEMBER next, to send by post prepaid, to Messrs. Kennedy & Christie, of the City of Ottawa, the Solicitor of the Defendants, Arthur Watt, the Executor of the deceased, their christian and surnames, addresses and descriptions, the full particulars of their claims, a statement of their accounts and the nature of the securities (if any) held by them, or in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said decree.

Every Creditor holding any security is to produce the same before me at my Chambers, at the city of Ottawa, on the 23rd day of November, 1870, at 11 o'clock, in the forenoon, being the time appointed for adjudication on the claims.

Dated the 21st day of October, 1870.

(Signed), W. M. MATHESON, Master at Ottawa.

Scott & Ross, Plaintiff's Solicitors.

Ottawa, Oct 24, 1870 1495 1d

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA, 10th day of November, 1870.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

Whereas it has been represented to His Excellency, that the public convenience would be promoted if the Out-Ports of St Armand and Rousse's Point, which are situate in closer proximity to the Port of St. John's, than to that of Montreal, with which they are now connected, were detached from the last mentioned Port and placed under the survey of the Port of St. Johns; His Excellency on the recommendation of the Hon. the Minister of Customs, and under and in pursuance of the 8th section of the Act 31st Victoria Chapter 6, intituled:

"An Act respecting the Customs," has been pleased to Order, and it is hereby Ordered that on, from and after the First day of December next the Out-Ports of St Armand and Rousse's Point shall be and they are hereby respectively detached from the Port of Montreal and placed under the survey of the Port of St. Johns, in the Province of Quebec.

WM. H. LEE, Clerk Privy Council,

PRESTON & ROWSELL.

MILITARY TAILORS AND HABIT MAKERS

NO. 36 SPARKS STREET

PRESTON & ROWSELL.

A SELECT ASSORTMENT OF

Tweeds,

Broad Cloths,

Doe Skins,

Fancy Coatings,

Vestings, &c.

SHIRTS MADE TO ORDER

Ottawa, July 26, 1870.

HIGHER EDUCATION.

HELLMUTH COLLEGE.

Board and Tuition per annum, $22

HELLMUTH LADIES' COLLEGE

Inaugurated by H. R. H. Prince Arthur. Board and Tuition $236 per annum.

PRESIDENT:—The Very Rev. I. Hellmuth, D.D., Dean of Huron

For Particulars apply to Major Evans, London, Canada West.

August 8, 1870. 1 m1

Sarsaparilla,

The reputation this excellent medicine enjoys is derived from its extraordinary efficacy in many of which are most marvellous and inveterate cases of scrofulous disease, where the system, from some cause, becomes tainted with corruption, and secretes virulent humors, which, if not purified and expelled by the vital forces, will fasten upon the weakest part of the system, and be aggravated by the accumulations of more virulent matter. Hence we find so many constitutions, that have been cured in such great numbers in all classes, to be in every section of the country, that the public generally need only be informed of its virtues or uses.

Scrofulous poison is one of the most destructive enemies of our race. Often, this unseen and unsuspected tenant of the organs and members wrecks the constitution and invites the attack of enfeebling or fatal diseases, without exciting a suspicion of its presence. Again it seems to breed infection throughout the system, and then, on some favorable occasion, rapidly develops itself into one or other of its hideous types, either on the surface or among the vitals. In the latter, either the heart, or tumors formed in the lungs, or ulcers on the liver, are its victims. In the former, it manifests its presence by eruptions on the skin, or foul ulcerations on some part of the body. Hence the occasional use of a bottle of this Sarsaparilla is recommendable, even when no serious symptoms of disease appear. Persons af

The Times

VOL. V. NO. 1532. OTTAWA, TUESDAY DECEMBER 6, 1870. PRICE—3 CENTS

AGENTS WANTED, who can make $5 to $10 a day. Address, T. W. FARRELL, Ottawa. Ottawa, Nov 11, 1870 1511 1m

Legal.

J. W. W. WARD, Barrister at-law, Advocate, &c. Opposite Russell House, Ottawa, Canada.

WRIGHT & CLEMOW, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. &c., for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec. Office over Durie's Book Store, Sparks street, Ottawa. W McKAY WRIGHT 12w F C CLEMOW.

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 65y

R. M. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa. ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

KEEFER & KIMBER, Barristers and Attorneys at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, &c., for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec. Office—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa. AUGUSTUS KEEFER. RENE EDWARD KIMBER.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

J. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa. WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 386tf GEORGE TAILLON.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

Medical.

DOCTOR HENDERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Surgery—That recently occupied by Dr. Malloch, Duke st, Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1388y

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-st.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

GEORGE HUTCHISON, L. D. S.,

SURGEON DENTIST,

Sparks Street

OPPOSITE "TIMES" OFFICE.

DR. HUTCHISON is fully prepared to supply SETS OF TEETH, or to insert single Teeth where wanting, on either gold, silver or vulcanite rubber palates, fitting so closely and easily to the mouth as to be capable of all the uses to which natural teeth are applied without the slightest inconvenience to the wearers, and after being for a short time in use, without even a consciousness of the presence of a substance origin foreign to the mouth.

N. B. with a view to the removal of painful consciousness during the operation of extracting decayed or diseased teeth, has introduced into his practice the use of the Nitrous Oxide or laughing gas, which the sufferer inhales without danger or inconvenience, and loses his tooth as it were in a pleasant dream.

May be consulted any day, except Sunday, at his office from 9 a. m. to 6 p. m.

Ottawa September 2, 1870

Hotels and Saloons.

THE METROPOLITAN, AUMOND'S BLOCK, *Rideau Street Ottawa.* P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR

WAVERLY HOUSE, BARRINGTON-STREET, HALIFAX NOVA SCOTIA, Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort. JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor. 959y

PICKWICK HOUSE, Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont. E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor, (Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT, M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor*, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brandies, Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

MDUIGNAN'S, SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

A few more gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen visiting the Capital will find superior accommodation by the day or week at moderate terms. N B—This house is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Parliament Buildings and the principal ... 21 9tf

THE UNION HOUSE, W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR, CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS *OTTAWA.*

EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.

The Bar always supplied with the

CHOICEST LIQUORS,

And the table spread with

EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON

Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.

C. T. R. HIGGINS,

Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co, General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufactures and Mining Agent Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mann Bros Hardware Store.

DANCING AND DEPORTMENT.

Mrs Robert Stewart having made arrangements with an accomplished lady teacher, announces that her Dancing Classes will commence on Wednesday, the 22nd instant

Further particulars may be obtained on application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street.

Ottawa September 9th, 1869. 1148tf

WANTED.

An experienced First-class Common School Teacher, who is not afraid to compete (so far as his profession is concerned) with any person in either Province, desires an engagement in Ontario, to date from the first of January next. Best of references.

Address, stating salary, &c.,

A D PRATT, Hull, P. Q.

Hull, 31st Oct, 1870 1502tf

WANTED by a young Lady a situation to competent to teach French, and is a good ... by the day if necessary. ... 1519 1a

Groceries.

DENIS WHELAN,

39 RIDEAU STREET,

OTTAWA

HAVING OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT

(nearly opposite the Old Stand,)

Offers for sale at VERY LOW PRICES a large and well selected stock, comprising Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy Soaps, Sauces, Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, Candles, Coarse and Fine Salt. Also, *Bordeaux and other Vinegars*

MESS PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS,

and the numerous other articles necessary to constitute a complete stock.

TEAS—Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial Young Hyson, quite fresh and cheap.

COFFEE—Fresh Coffee *ground* and *roasted* daily on the premises.

LIQUORS—COGNAC BRANDIES Renault & Co, Hennessy, Piper's and other brands.

HOLLAND GIN—De Kuyper's and Houtman's, in wood bottle.

WINES—Sherries of all grades, Ports of fine quality, Burgundy, Souterne and Maderia Wines all prices, in wood and bottle, improved by age.

HIGHWINES, OLD RYE, PROOF AND WHISKEY,

High proof and flavor, at extremely low prices.

Thorne's and Stewart' Scotch Whiskey and Old Tom.

Dunville's Irish Whiskey.

Murphy's Old Irish Potteen.

Guinness' and London Porter, pts and qts.

Molson's and other Ales.

Sugars and Syrups, all grades.

Sale at refiners' prices.

THE OLD STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE SELLING AT TWENTY-FIVE PER CENT BELOW COST.

Now is the time or bargains. — 1165

1870. 1870.

SPRING IMPORTATIONS.

O'MEARA & CO.

Beg most respectfully to intimate to their friends and customers that they have just received and have ready for inspection

A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT

OF

CLOTHS AND TWEEDS

Suitable for the coming season, comprising

ENGLISH,
FRENCH,
SCOTCH AND CANADIAN MANUFACTURES

OF THE

NEWEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE DESIGNS.

THE READY-MADE CLOTHING DEPARTMENT

is also very complete, and will be found of the best materials and most fashionable styles.

Special attention is called to a

LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

SPRING AND SUMMER OVERCOATS

OF THE NEWEST STYLES.

Suspenders, Scarfs, Ties, Collars, Shirts, Gloves, &c, &c. Together with a large and well assorted stock of

DRY GOODS.

Tailoring Department under the supervision of a first class cutter

Suits made to order in best and latest styles Good fit ensured or no sale.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO

Hardware.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU STREET,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c.

All work in any of the above branches executed in a prompt and workmanlike manner.

Special attention given to Roofing and fitting up Galvanized Iron and Tin Gutters, Conductors, &c., &c.

IMPORTERS OF GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

JUST RECEIVED, ex "Pride of Canada" and "Oceola," a splendid assortment of Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots, Jelly Moulds, Wire Dish Covers, Spice Boxes, Ladies' Dressing Cases, Trays, Enamelled Pie Dishes, Preserving Pans, Dell Milk-saucepans, &c., &c.

Constantly on hand, Cooking Stoves, (best makers) Hot Air Furnaces, Water Coolers, Baths, (all kinds) Cutlery, Plated and Britannia Metal Ware,

—ALSO—

FISHING TACKLE, comprising Rods, Lines, Flies, Hooks, Floats, Trolls, Panniers, Landing Nets, Fly Books, &c. &c.

Ottawa, August 10, 1870 1432 1y

DARLEY'S

ARABIAN OIL

FOR HORSES AND CATTLE

A NEVER-FAILING REMEDY.

This valuable preparation combines all the medicinal virtues of those articles which long experience has proved to possess the most safe and efficient properties for the cure of Flesh Wounds, Sprains, Bruises, Galls of all kinds, Cracked Heels, Ring Bone, Spavin, Callous, Fistula, Sweeney, External Poisons, Scratches or Grease, Strains, Lameness, Mange, Witlows, Corns, Sand Cracks, Foundered Feet, Horn Distemper, Swellings, and many other diseases which horses and cattle are subject to.

The celebrated Liniment has been used for many years, and its curative properties thoroughly tested, and it is conceded to be the cheapest and most reliable remedy for all external complaints ever offered to the public—it never fails when timely used and faithfully applied.

To be had of all Druggists and Country Merchants throughout the Dominion. Price 25c. per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, Ont. Proprietors.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W M Massey, H F McCarthy, J Skinner, in Ottawa, all Medicine Dealers.

November 24, 1870 1522tf

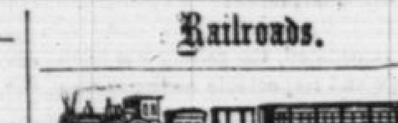
WANTED

By a young girl a situation as SEAMSTRESS, or DRESS-MAKER, in a private family or place of business.

References given if required. Apply at the TIMES OFFICE.

August 1st, 1870 1434-tf

Railroads.



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY OF CANADA.

Special attention is directed to this Company's announcement, in regard to the

RUNNING OF TRAINS

FOR THE ENSUING SEASON.

In addition to the Fast Time which it is intended to make between the

EAST AND WEST,

With close connections at all points. The line will be equipped with handsome

NEW FIRST-CLASS CARS,

Unsurpassed on the continent.

TRAINS WILL RUN BETWEEN

Portland and Montreal in 13 Hours.
Montreal and Toronto in 13 Hours.

Stopping only at the most important Stations.

As fast as completed,

PULMAN'S

PALACE SLEEPING CARS

Will be run on the Through Trains and the service will be performed over the entire line in a manner equal to that of any railway on this continent. Special arrangements have been made to accommodate the pleasure travel.

For further particulars see advertisements and time tables.

C J BRYDGES, Managing Director.

June 3 1870. 1417tf

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY OF CANADA

IMPROVED SERVICE OF TRAINS

FOR THE SUMMER OF 1870.

ACCELERATION OF SPEED.

NEW CARS ON ALL EXPRESS TRAINS.

Portland to Montreal in 13 Hours.
Montreal to Toronto in 13 Hours.

On and after JUNE 13th the new arrangements will be put in force, and trains will leave Montreal as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points west at	9 00 a m
NIGHT, do do	9 00 p m
Mail Train for Toronto and intermediate Stations	7 00 a m
Accommodation Train for Brockville and intermediate stations	5 00 p m

Trains for Lachine at 6 00 a m, 7 00 a m, 9 15 am, 12 noon, 1 30 p m, 4 00 p m, 5 30 p m, and 6 30 p m. The 1 30 p m Train runs through to Province Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and intermediate stations at	7 10 a m
Express for Boston, via Vermont Central, at	9 00 a m
Express for New York and Boston, via Vermont Central, at	3 45 p m
Express for New York and Boston via Plattsburg, Lake Champlain, Burlington and Rutland, at	6 00 a m
Do do do do	4 00 p m
Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham, Portland and Lower Provinces at	1 30 p
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, and the Lower Provinces, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St Hilaire, St Hyacinthe, Upton, Acton, Richmond, Brompton Falls, Sherbrooke, Lennoxville, Compton, Coaticooke and Norton Mills only at	10 10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all night trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotta" leave Portland for Halifax, N S, every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, respectively, at 4 00 p m. They have excellent accommodations for passengers and Freight.

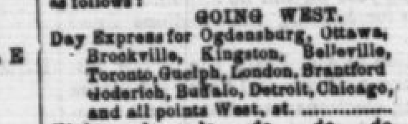
The International Company's Steamers running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every Monday and Thursday at 6 00 p m for St John, N B, &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way station apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station, or at No 39, Great St James Street.

C J BRYDGES, Managing Director.

June 3, 1870 1415tf



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1870.] SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS. [1870

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at	[illegible]0 a m
Night do do do do do	[illegible] p m
Accommodation Train for Cornwall and Intermediate Stations at	[illegible]00 p m
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at	7:30 am
Trains for Lachine at 6:00 a m, 7:00 a m 9 15 a m, 12 noon, 1;30 p m, 4:00 p m and 5:30 p m.	

The 1:30 p m train runs through to Province Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at	7:00 a m
Express for Boston at	8:40 a m
Express for New York and Boston via Vermont Central at	3;45 pm
Express for New York and Boston via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at	6.00 a m
Express for Island Pond, at	2:00 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at	10:10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotte" leaves Portland every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, for Halifax, N.S., respectively at 4 p m.

They has excellent accommodation for passenger and freight.

The International Company's Steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway leave Portland every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 6 p m, for St. John, N.B., &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Offices, Bonaventure Station, and 39 Great St James Street.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director

Montreal, May, 1870.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street. A & A H TAYLOR, Agents

ELECTRICITY IS LIFE

PULVERMACHER'S PATENT

GALVANIC CHAIN-BANDS

BELTS, AND POCKET BATTERIES

These highly improved inventions render Electricity perfectly self-applicable, and extremely efficacious in a mild continuous form, no shock or unpleasant sensation being experienced, whereby it becomes a true fountain of health and vigour, speedily soothing agonizing pains, reanimating torpid limbs reviving the sluggish functions of life, and imparting renewed energy and vitality to constitutions enfeebled by whatever cause. Medicines and their deleterious consequences are thus entirely dispensed with. The daily increasing number of cures effected by PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC SYSTEM is so extensive and varied, that it forcibly points to this invention as the embryo of a universal remedy.

N. B.—The following testimony from the elite of the English medical faculty has been received:

"We, the undersigned, have much pleasure in testifying that Mr. J. L. PULVERMACHER'S recent improvements in his Voltaic Batteries and Galvanic Appliances for Medical Purposes are of great importance to Scientific Medicine, and that he is entitled to the consideration and support of every one disposed to further the advancement of real and useful progress.

"Dated the 9th day of March, 1866.

"SIR CHARLES LOCOCK, Bart., M. D., F. R. C. P.
"SIR HENRY HOLLAND, Bart., M. D., F. R. S.
"SIR WM. FERGUSSON, Bart., F. R. S.
"EDWD. H. SIEVEKING, M. D, M R C S.
"SIR J. RANALD MARTIN, F. R. C. S."

PULVERMACHER'S SYSTEM is also approved of by an official report of the Academie de Medicine, Paris, Royal College of Physicians, London, and the Imperial Faculty of Vienna, and its curative virtues are confirmed by thousands of private testimonials of cures effected. (See pampulet gratis).

These facts appeal to the good sense of every sufferer to avail himself of this scientific and curative progress, to which the inventor has devoted a life-time of study and labour, as an ardent deciple of that great benefactor of mankind, the late illustrious electrician MICHAEL FARADY.

PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC CHAINS are exceedingly effective without the aid of medicine, restriction of diet, or the least derangement of the patient's habits and daily occupations, in the following maladies:

Rheumatism	Female Complaints
Gout	Constipation
Sciatica	Cramp
Lumbago	Sluggish Circulation
Neuralgia	Urinary Disorders
Head and Toothache	Paralysis
Liver Complaints	Epilepsy
Tic Doloreux	Nervous Debility
Indigestion	Functional Disorders
Deafness	&c., &c.
Spasms	

The effects of the application of Pulvermacher's Chains in any of the above disorders is immediately perceptible—the relief of pain instantaneous.

PRICE LIST OF PULVERMACHER'S CHAIN BANDS AND BATTERIES.

B. CHAIN BANDS for Nervous Deafness, Head, Tooth, and Face Ache, and Noises in the Head, 21s. to 30s.

B. CHAIN BANDS for loss of Voice and other affections of the Throat, 10s. 6d. to 21s.

N. CHAIN BANDS for Sciatica, Rheumatic, Neuralgia, and Gouty Pains, Local Paralysis, Cramp, &c., 18s. to 22s. and 40s

B CHAIN BANDS for Lumbago, Indigestion, Liver, Chest, and Functional Disorders, &c., (worn as a belt). 22s to 40s and 55s.

B CHAIN BANDS for Writer's Cramp, Trembling, Nervousness, &c, 22s to 30s and 40s

B COMBINED CHAIN BAND for Cantil, Paralysis, Epilepsy, General Debility Functional Disorders, &c., 30s to 50s

A complete Set of COMBINED CHAIN BANDS, BELTS, and CHAIN BATTERY for restoring vital energy, £5 to £7.

The public are most earnestly cautioned to beware of Pseudo Electric Belts advertised by sham Doctors, &c., for improper purposes, and so severely stigmatized by Vice Chancellor Malins in the suit Pulvermacher vs Hammond, alias Henry James, alias C. T, Raphey, M. R. C. S, alias Henry Burrows, &c, &c.

No Galvanic Belts are genuine but those bearing the fac simile of M. Pulvermacher's signature on the label.

A pamphlet containing full particulars may be had at the Drug Store of A. Christie, Sparks Street.

J. L. PULVERMACHER, Galvanic Establishment, 200 Regent Street, London, W.

Ottawa, September 6, 1870 1455 1awky

SCYTHES!

SCYTHES!! SCYTHES!!!

AND OTHER

HARVESTING IMPLEMENTS.

At the sign of the ANVIL, No. 24 Rideau Street, you can find a complete assortment of,

Grass and other Scythes.
Blood Silver Steel, all lengths.
Blood Cast Steel, "
Blood German Steel, "
Pride of the Field silver Steel.
Bonnie Blue Bell, "
Red Rover or Champion "
Flint's Celebrated Scyth,
Whitings Eureka Scyth ground, ready for use.
Hay Rakes, straight and bent.
Hay Forks, two and three prongs.
Straw Forks, three prongs.
Scythes Snathes.
Grain Cradles, Maley and Grape Vine.
Scythestones and Grindstones of all sorts and sizes.

—ALSO,—

A complete assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, Paints, Oil, Glass, Putty, Coal Oil, &c., &c.

THOS. BIRKETT, No. 24, Rideau Street.

TO FARMERS

Who have suffered by fire we make a reduction in the price of Stoves,

Elevated Oven	Cook Stoves.
Low Oven	Cook Stoves.
Double Stoves.	Parlour Stoves.
Box Stoves all sizes.	Hotel Cook Stoves.
Dumb Stoves.	Hot Air Furnaces.
Stove Pipes.	Elbows.
Zinc.	

Our WINTER STOCK, just received at the

"CAPITAL STOVE DEPOT."

85 Sussex Street,

H MEADOWS & CO.

Ottawa, September 9, 1870.

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

Arrival — Departure of Mails.

1870. FALL ARRANGEMENT. 1870.

MAILS	CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE P.M.	DELIVERED A.M.	DELIVERED A.M.	DELIVERED P.M.
Eastern, by Train; Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	11.15		9.30	9.00		4.00
Montreal, by Steamer	6.00					
Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B., by St. L. & O. Railway	11.15			9.00		4.00
Western, by Train; Toronto, Hamilton, London, Kingston, Western, U.S., and all places west of Prescott	8.30		8.30	9.00		7.15
Fort Garry and other places in the Province of Manitoba to be despatched in closed mail from Windsor, Ontario, daily, via St. Pauls, Minnesota. Ordinary Dominion rates of postage	8.30		8.30			7.15
United States, by St. L. & O. Railway; Ogdensburgh, New York, Boston, &c.			8.30	9.00		4.00
Lower Ottawa, by Steamer; Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville, &c	1.15			9.00		6.30
Upper Ottawa, by Steamer; Onslow, Arnprior, Sand Point, Renfrew, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c.	6.00					6.00
Upper Ottawa, by Stage; Pakenham, March, Huntley, Carp, &c.	5.00		12.15	8.00		
Aylmer, by Stage; Hull, Clarendon, Bristol, &c.	5.00	11.00	4.00	8.00	11.00	4.00
Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Burritt's Rapids by St. L. & O. Railway	11.15			9.00		
North Gower, Kars, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	7.30			9.15		4.00
Osgoode, Russell, and Line of St. L. & O. Railway	8.30			9.00		
For Brockville, Perth Smith's Falls, Appleton and Carleton Place, per Canada Central Railway	8.30		4.30	8.00		1.30
For Sand Point and places on the Brockville and Ottawa Railway, North of Carleton Place Junction, and places on C. C. Railway	8.30					1.30
Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate office daily; Aylwin, Kazabazua, Low, River Desert, Six Portages, Wright, close Tuesdays and Fridays; arrive Tuesdays and Fridays	6.00					5.00
Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays			12.30		11.30	

Matter posted up to 9.30 p.m. will be forwarded East and West in supplementary package the same night.

The Western Mail arriving at 7 p. m. will be delivered the same evening.

BRITISH MAILS.

Per Cunard Line, close every Tuesday at 10.45 a. m.

Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 10.30 a. m.

A supplementary bag for Canadian steamer will be closed at 11.30, in which all paid unregistered matter will be sent.

MONEY ORDERS

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on special deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

POST OFFICE, Ottawa, 21st Nov, 1870.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations

Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment Cures Croup or Rattles.—DR BINGHAM, of Utica New York, says: "I have used Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment in my practice a number of years, and can say with pleasure I deem it one of the greatest discoveries of the age; for the cure of Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammatory Rheumatism, and in Childbed Fever, it operates with perfect success. In cases of Burns, Bruises, Frozen Limbs, it acts like a charm

DR. J. P. KENNEDY, of Chittenango, New York, says: "It has stood the *test trial*, and has not been found wanting. Its astonishing cures of Inflammation of the Lungs and Croup and the wonderful success in subsiding the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of remedies for these complaints."

DR. A. W. BELDING, of Knowlesville, New York says: "I have used it in several cases of special Irritation and for the worst cases of Piles, and sundry other complaints, and find it a superior article, and well worthy the notice of all."

Purchasers should be sure and ask for Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and see that the words "A. TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT" are on the wrapper.

Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for the Canadas. Sold in Ottawa by all druggists and by medicine dealers everywhere.

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE,

—BY—

P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.

Wholesale and Retail dealers and Commission Merchants, No. 36 Rideau-St., and Duke-St., Chaudiere,

Desire to draw the attention of the Public to their well assorted Stock of Groceries, Wines Liquors, and Provisions, all of which will be sold at prices not to be equalled either here or elsewhere.

Having the advantage of buying our Goods at the lowest prices, and direct from the importing Vessels, enables us to sell in future as we have done heretofore, which we hope has given satisfaction to those who have favored us with a call. Rye, Proof and High Wines of the best always on hand. Also, Gin, Brandies and Wines directly imported. Those who have not already tried our Goods are respectively invited to call. Remember our motto. "Quick Sales and Light Profits." Salt and Fish constantly on hand.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.

August 7, 1870. 1428-1y

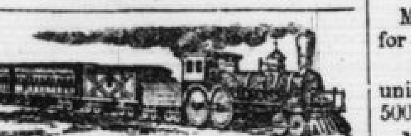
SITUATION WANTED

AS FARMER

A Married Man, who understands farming in all its departments; has had long experience in Canada.

Address R. E., FARMER, Hull, P.Q.

Railroads.



THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

ALTERATION OF TIME.

On and from MONDAY next, the 21st inst., three trains will run daily on this Railway as follows.

Going South Ottawa to Prescott.

MAIL will leave Ottawa at 9 30 a m, connecting at Prescott, with the Grand Trunk Express, for the West, and with the Ogdensburg Railway, for Boston, New York, &c

MAIL will leave Ottawa at 12 00 noon, connecting with the Grand Trunk Express, for Montreal,

EXPRESS will leave Ottawa at 10 30 p m, connecting with the Grand Trunk Expresses, East and West.

Going North Prescott to Ottawa.

MAIL will leave Prescott Junction at 6 a m, connecting with the G. T. Expresses East and West and arriving in Ottawa at 8 30 a m.

MAIL will leave Prescott Junction at 6.25 p m, —connecting with the G. T. Express leaving Montreal at 8 a m, and arriving in Ottawa at 3 45 p m.

EXPRESS will leave Prescott Junction at 4 30 p m, connecting with G. T. Expresses, East and West, and arriving in Ottawa at 7 p m.

20 minutes allowed at Prescott Junction for refreshments.

Tickets may be obtained on application to any of the Company's Agents, or at any of the Principal Stations of the Grand Trunk Railway.

All trains on this Line are run on Montreal time.

R LUTTRELL, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director

Ottawa, November 19, 1870.

CANADA CENTRAL AND BROCKVILLE AND OTTAWA RAILWAYS.

ALTERATION OF TRAINS,

Commencing DECEMBER 5, 1870.

SLEEPING CARS between TORONTO and Ottawa, going through in 13 HOURS

On and after MONDAY, Dec 5, TRAINS will run as follows:

Leave Brockville.

EXPRESS, at 4.45 a m connecting with Grand Trunk Express from the West, and arriving at Ottawa, at 8.50 a m.

MAIL TRAIN, at 7 30 a m, arriving at Ottawa at 1.54 p m.

EXPRESS, at 3.30 p m, connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express from the West, and arriving at Ottawa at 7.16 p m.

Leave Ottawa.

EXPRESS, at 9 49 a m, arriving at Brockville at 1.14 p m, and connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express going West.

MAIL TRAIN, at 3.45 p m, arriving at Brockville 7 15 p.m.

EXPRESS, at 10.38 p m, arriving at Brockville at 2.15 a m, and connecting with Grand Trunk Night Express going West.

Arrive at Sand Point 1.35 and 7.40 p m.

Trains on Canada Central and Perth Branch make certain connections with all trains on B. & O. Railway

A Sleeping Car will leave Toronto on Monday, Wednesday and Friday nights, by the Grand Trunk 7 30 p m train, and go through to Ottawa, arriving at 8.30 a m.

Returning, it will leave Ottawa on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday nights, at 10 30 p m. and go through to Toronto by G. T. Train, arriving at Toronto at 11.30 a m.

Freight forwarded with despatch, as the C. C. and B. & O. Railways are the same guage as the Grand Trunk. Car loads go through in Grand Trunk Cars to all points, without transhipment.

Certain connections made with Grand Trunk Trains.

H ABBOTT, Manager.

Brockville, Ont., Dec 1, 1870 1530

IMPORTANT SALE

—OF—

REAL ESTATE,

Mill Property, Farms, Timber Lands, Timber Licenses, &c.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

In the matter of

THOMAS D. LEWIS,

Of Templeton, County of Ottawa, Quebec,

INSOLVENT,

The subscriber will offer for sale by Public Auction, at the Court House, Town of Aylmer, on THURSDAY the fifteenth of December, at twelve o'clock Noon.

The Valuable Real Estate Timber Lands, Saw Mill, known as Eagle Mills, Templeton; Carpenter's and Blacksmiths' Shop, Dwelling Houses, Barns, Stables, &c., erected on the following properities to wit:

In the Township of Templeton, in the County Of Ottawa Quebec:

Fifth Range—West half Lot 15, 100 Acres.
Seventh Range—North half Lots 1, 2, 3. 285 Acres.
Lots 7, 100 Acres.
Eigth Range—Part lot 3, 124 acres.
Part lot 4, 200 acres.
South half lot 5, 100 acres.
Do lot 7, 100 acres.
Do lot 8, 100 acres.
West half lot 12, 100 acres. On this is a valuable farm.
North half lot 17, 100 acres.
Do lot 18, 100 acres.
Ninth Range—North half lot 5, 100 acres.
Lot 13, 200 acres. On this lot is erected a Saw Mill, known as the "Eagle Mills," Carpenter's Shop, Blacksmith's Shop, Cook House, four other Houses, three Barns, and other buildings thereon erected.
South half lot 14, 100 acres, with buildings thereon erected.
South half lot 18, 100 acres.
Tenth Range—West half lot 5, 100 acres.
East half lot 5, 100 acres.
West half lot 6, 100 acres.
Lot 9, 100 acres.
Lot 13, 200 acres, with Dwelling House and Barn.
North half lot 17, 100 acres.
North half lot 18, 100 acres.
North half lot 19, 100 acres.
Eleventh Range—Lot 6, 200 acres. This is valuable timber Land.
Twelfth Range—Part lot 14 25 acres, commonly called McGregor's Farm.
Thirteenth Range—Part lot 13, 40 acres, with buildings thereon erected.
Also Insolvents interest on lot 15, in the 15th concession of Templeton, Quebec.

—ALSO—

THE UNDERMENTIONED LICENSES COMMONLY CALLED TIMBER LIMITS, will be sold at the same time belonging to same Estate:—

First License—Number Eight (8) for 1870 and 1871, to Cut Timber on the following limits: PORTLAND, QUEBEC—Area 17½ square miles—To commence at the rear line of the township of Templeton, running on said rear line 6½ miles on the course due north, and in breadth not more than half way to the height of land between the Blanche and Lierve Rivers. The western boundary of this limit is the township of Wakefield. The upper boundary of this limit has only 2½ miles.

Secondly—License number eighty-eight (88) for 1870 and 1871, to cut Timber on the following limits, viz., Wakefield, Quebec.

Area 7½ square miles—Lots number 16, 17, 19, 20 and 21 in the eighth (8) Range; and 17, 18, 19, 21, 26 in the ninth (9) Range; 17 to 21 inclusive, E. ½ 22, N. ½ 25, 26, S. ½ 27, in the tenth Range; and 17, 18, 19, 20, and 21, S. ½ 22, E. ½ 23, S. ½ 24, 25, 26 in the eleventh Range of the township of Wakefield.

Also, the Insolvents interest in the Graphite Company of Canada, 200 shares

Farming and Milling Implements, including a valuable Gumming Machine, Lathe Machine, Dies, Slab Cutters, &c., &c., &c.

For further particulars, apply to

WILLIAM LINDSAY, Assignee,

2, Merchants Exchange Montreal.

November 24, 1870 1522tf

Old Country Items.

More than £35,000 has been collected for the completion of St. Paul's Cathedral.

Manchester possesses sixty trades' unions, numbering altogether about 25,500 members.

Mr. Farnell, a brewer, who died the other day at Isleworth, left nearly a million of pounds.

Mr. Bright's health is now so far recovered that he is able to write long letters to his friends.

A wealthy and beautiful young Liverpool lady has run away and married an Irish coachman in the county of Carlow.

Lord Ogilvy, son of the Earl of Airlie, was the winner of the junior quarter of a mile race in the Eton College Sports.

The ancient cities of Ceylon are now being explored, photographed, planned, and described by members of the Archaeological Committee.

At the church on Sunday the Empress Eugenie was simply and neatly attired She wore over a short skirt of brown velvet a dark robe, a white handkerchief round her neck, and a black, round hat, trimmed with black silk ribbon, generally called a sailor's hat.

There is no foundation for the rumour that the Marquis of Lorne is to assume the viceroyalty of Ireland after his marriage. There is no reason to believe that Lord Spencer has any present idea of surrendering the reins of Government in Ireland.

The death is announced of George Oxley an inn-pensioner of the Royal Hospital at Chelsea, England, who served in the St. Helena artillery, and had charge of a signal station on that island during the time the Emperor Napoleon I. was confined there, his duty being to signal to the authorities whenever the Emperor left or returned to his residence.

A general and also a managing committee of the Clan Campbell have been formed for the purpose of inviting all members of that clan, as well as ladies who by marriage are connected with it, to join in a subscription for the purpose of presenting a wedding gift to the Princess Louise on her marriage with the Marquis of Lorne.

A disturbance occurred lately at Cork between the military and civilians. A bad feeling has existed since the recent homicide of a private of the 1st Dragoons On the night of the 11th ult., a number of men of the 1st Dragoons and the 72nd and 22nd Regiments, having their belts with them entered a public house, and, being told there was no room for them cleared the place of its inmates. They then went to another public house and assaulted the proprietor. The civilians in the house erected barriers, and, by using bottles and other missiles, prevented the soldiers from entering. The fight was renewed in the street with stones and red-hot pokers. The police interfered and separated the combatants. Several wounds were inflicted The Mayor and magistrates have had a long conference with Colonel Patterson, 72nd Highlanders, in reference to the rioting which has taken place. The Highlanders have declared that they will take the first opportunity of avenging the death of Private Gibson, and that they will not be satisfied until they have killed twenty civilians. The result of the conference is that the soldiers are to be confined within barracks until the ill feeling at present prevailing has subsided. Military patrols will be stationed outside the barracks to prevent any of the soldiers getting out, and strong police patrol will be employed to prevent mobs assembling near the barracks.

BATTLE IN AN ISRAELITE TEMPLE.—The *Jewish Chronicle* (London) has the following: When the fifteenth brigade of Prussian cavalry forced its way into Versailles, 1,200 gardes mobile surrendered, after a feeble resistance. Only one officer and about fifty men defended themselves valiantly, and ensconsed themselves in the synagogue, situated at the end of the Boulevard Eugenie. Having barricaded the doors they fired from the windows. After half an hour's struggle the troopers succeeded in entering the temple. Step by step did the French retreat, fighting all the while, until they came to the recess where the holy ark stood. Through the firing the doors of the richly ornamented receptacle were shattered to pieces, and the French officer and some of his men took refuge in the furthest part of the ark. The officer, pierced by four bullets, fell down at the side of the ark, his head resting on one of the scrolls which had fallen to the ground, likewise riddled with balls The synagogue itself is almost entirely destroyed.

An Australian Ball Costume.

Ladies may be interested in the description given by an Adelaide paper of a dress worn by the Mayoress of that city at a fancy ball given in the Town Hall:

The costume was composed of all the golden hues of a Southern clime in cashmeres, from an original design. The underskirt of white cashmere was enriched with a broad band or scarlet and gold The tunic of sapphire blue cashmere, denticulated at the bottom, trimmed at spaces with amber velvet and bordered with black, on which were embroidered in gold the principal mines of South Australia—Barrossa across the front, its chief gold field; Moonta on the next compartment, representing copper, and Almanda towards the back, silver On the right side was a broad plait of black velvet, enriched at the foot with a gold embroidery, above which was emblazoned the arms of the city of Adelaide. The corsage was composed of amber velvet, finished round the top with a band of the same material in black, in which were embroidered in gold at the back, "Commerce," and on the front, "Advance Australia," fastened with a filagre copper broach encircled with peals, the ear drops corresponding. On the left breast was the Southern Cross in blue velvet, embossed with silver stars, the waist being encircled in a black velvet belt, richly embroidered in gold and fastened on the left side with the royal arms. On the neck was worn a costly *negligee* of gold, with pendents of malachite alternating with Adelaide tokens. Around this charming toilet was a graceful drapery of scarlet cashmere falling in rich folds under the left arm and fastened on the right shoulder with golden olives, the drapery surrounded by wool of the colony, above which a band of gold lace, and on the left shoulder a sheaf of Siberian wheat tied with red, white and blue, The head dress was composed of a magnificent wreath of grapes, oranges and blossoms pomegranates, myrtle, olive and sprays of copper and bees, representing honey, all emblematic of the products of the country The centre was surrounded by the city arms and from the back depended a flowing veil of golden tulle. To complete this costume a golden shaft was carried in the hand, with a sheaf of natural wheat to crown it, tied with the red, white and blue, below which was a collection of fruit and flowers corresponding with the headdress, finished about half way down with the prize wheat of the Province.

Ladies and Children's Fancy Woolen Goods in endless Variety. Clouds from 37½c. to 2.50 at

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.

To hand, our Autumn Shade in "Josephine, best Kid Gloves," also "Jouvines" good medal) new colours at 75ct. per pair.

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & Co.

FOREIGN NEWS.

A son has just been born to the Duchess of Aosta.

Cochin China has been declared in a state of siege.

The necessities of the defence of Paris have compelled the conversion of the Pantheon into a central powder magazine.

The elections in Schleswig-Holstein generally resulted in favor of those candidates who support the proposition for annexation to Denmark.

When Nilsson sold flowers at the French bazaar in New York one day last week, an infatuated admirer presented her with a hundred dollar bill, in exchange for a little rose-bud which she wore in her hair.

Prince Louis of Hesse, the husband of Princess Alice, who commands the Hessian division in the field, has received from the King of Prussia the Iron Cross of the first-class for distinguished military conduct.

Calcutta has an opera troupe of forty members.

In Japan a person can live comfortably on two cents a day.

Rome will have four theatres open this winter.

Brigandage has not yet been exterminated in Italy. By telegram from Florence it is stated that 11 persons belonging to Earsico Nuovo, in the Basilicata, have been surprised and killed by the brigands.

Addresses pour in upon the Pope from all the countries of Europe.

The present aggregate mortality of the German armies in France is 2000 a day.

The latest number of *Punch* which has come across the Atlantic conveys the compliment of two distinct references to this country, each flattering in its way. One, of pictorial character, presents an intending emigrant costumed in plaid and bonnet, after the very Caledonian fashion popular upon on St. Andrew's Day, interviewing a shipping agent near the docks upon the subject of his passage money. The latter blandly inquires, "Are you a mechanic?" to which promptly comes the indignant answer, "No! I'm a Macpherson!" This is the joke, but not the moral. The moral consists in the fact that the agent's displayed placard bears the word "Canada," a change from the conventional "New York" or "Melbourne" at once suggestive and gratifying. Again, in the same issue and under the head, *In Nubibus*, we find the following piece of evidence that even in 85 Fleet street our railway enterprize has power to attract attention:—"The colonies have distanced the Mother Country. Canada is doing what England has at present only joked about doing. We say this because it is recorded in the Money Article of the *Times*—the last place in all literature where such a profanity as a jest would be tolerated—that 'the Great Western Railway of Canada have announced an issue of £750,000 sterling bonds, for the construction of the Glencoe line of 146 miles (the 'Canada Air Line Railway') having twenty years to run,' &c. This is a project which only wants airing to succeed, and we hope no cloud of suspicion will ever rest upon it." We shall always be happy to hear from *Mr. Punch* in such colonial spirit.

DEMORALIZED ACTORS.—Marshall's Comedy Company. "of the Royal Victoria Theatre, Ottawa," "bust up" in Almonte a few days ago, and were unable to pay their reckoning. The hotel keeper, the proprietor of the hall, and the poor gullable printer were all victimized to a more or less extent. Actors of their order may do for the "Royal Victoria Theatre, Ottawa," but in Almonte they are hooted from the stage.—*Almonte Gazette.*

THE ŒCUMENICAL COUNCIL, lately called at Rome is an instance of the solicitude of the Catholic Church for the welfare and prosperity of her Communicants. Large assemblies of this nature containing representatives from all parts of the world, should be of some benefit to our race. We hope this opinion will be as harmonious and unanimous as the verdict in favor of the Great Shoshonees Remedy, for diseases of the lungs, blood, stomach, liver, &c. For by all druggists

TWO QUESTIONS EASILY ANSWERED.—Why should men wear beards? Because they are a great protection to the throat and lungs, and add much to their personal appearance.

Why should we use "Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers?" Because when used for coughs, colds tickling in the throat, Hoarseness, &c, they act like a charm Ministers and lawyers use them, physicians recommend them, and singers and public speakers say they are the very best medicine in existence for the cure of such complaints. Sold by all medicine dealers, at 25 cts. per box.

BREAKFAST.—EPPS'S COCOA—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.—The very agreeable character of this preparation has rendered it a general favorite. The *Civil Service Gazette* remarks:—"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills." Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in tin-lined packets, labelled—JAMES EPPS & Co., Homoeopathic Chemists, London.

THE FLORENCE NIGHTINGALE OF THE NURSERY —The following is an extract from a letter written by the Rev. C. Z. Weiser, to the "German Reformed Messenger, at Chambersburg, Penn.:

A BENEFACTRESS.

Just open the door for her, and Mrs. WINSLOW will prove the American Florence Nightingale of the Nursery. Of this we are sure, that we will teach our "SUSY" to say, "A BLESSING ON MRS. WINSLOW," for helping her to survive and escape the griping, colicking and teething siege. We confirm every word set forth in the PROSPECTUS. It performs precisely what it professes to perform, every part of it—nothing less. Away with your "Cordial," "Paregoric," "Drops," "Laudanum," and every other "Narcotic," by which the babe is drugged into stupidity, and rendered dull and idiotic for life.

We have never seen Mrs. Winslow—know her only through the preparation of her "Soothing Syrup for Children Teething." If we had the power, we would make her, as she is, a physical saviour to the Infant Race. 25 cents per bottle sold by all druggists.

Be sure and call for

"MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP."

Having the fac-simile of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

A "COUGH," "COLD," OR IRRITATED THROAT, if allowed to progress, results in serious pulmonary and Bronchial affections, oftentimes incurable.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES

Reach DIRECTLY the affected parts, and give almost instant relief. In BRONCHITIS, ASTHMA, and CATARRH they are beneficial. Obtain only the genuine BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES, which have proved their efficacy by test of many years. Among testimonials attesting their efficacy are letters from—

E. H. Chapin, D. D., New York,
Henry Ward Beecher, Brooklyn, N. Y.,
N. P. Willis, New York,
Hon. C. A. Phelps, Pres. Mass. Senate,
Dr. G. F. Bigelow, Boston,
Prof. Edwd. North, Clinton, N. Y.,

Surgeons in the Army, and others of eminence

Sold everywhere at 25 cents per box.

"TROCHES," so called, sold by the ounce, are a poor imitation and nothing like BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES, which are sold only in boxes with a fac-simile of the proprietors,

JOHN I. BROWN & SON,

This care in putting up the Troches is important as a security to the purchaser in order to be sure of obtaining the genuine Brown's bronchial Troches.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Card—Magee & Russell.
Night School—T. J. Duignan.
Wanted—Wm. Finley.
Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company—W. H. Falls.
Evenings with the Poets—Rev. Wm. Stephensen.
Testimonial to the Honorable Sir John A. Macdonald.
Card of Thanks—J. M. Massey.

The Ottawa Times.

Office: 38, Sparks Street

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 6, 1870.

☞ *For interesting reading matter see First Page.*

We are very glad to hear from Mr. J. B. Lewis, the City Solicitor, that His Worship the Mayor is doing all he can to assist in bringing to light everything connected with Mr. Preston and the $2,000 affair. Whatever may have been our opinion as to the Mayor's merits or demerits in other matters we have always had the utmost confidence in his integrity, and it is peculiarly creditable to him that in a matter in which a near relative is so intimately concerned, he should sink all personal considerations, and act with regard to his position as a public officer. Our only wish is that justice may be done, and the interests of the public properly protected.

It is reported that the Suez Canal has fallen under English control and we trust that such is the case. Not only does it appear that all the large enterprises of the present day in order to be successful must be supported by British wealth and energy, but in view of her immense Indian possessions, Great Britain has a far greater interest in the Suez Canal than any other country can have. So far the canal has not been a financial success, and the Company have been compelled to seek for pecuniary aid. Of course, under existing circumstances this could not be obtained in France and thus it was that it came into the hands of Englishmen. The experience of the French Company will, no doubt, be of use to the new management, and, by teaching them to avoid past mistakes, may possibly enable them to make it a profitable enterprise in a pecuniary point of view. To the Empire at large the acquirement of the Canal cannot fail to be a great boon and additional source of strength.

There are some strange blunders in the article written by Mr. Gladstone, which lately appeared in the Edinburgh *Review*. Among other strange prophecies and announcements he says:

> While, by the aid of this powerful agent (steam), the ships of both nations may scour the coasts, with favorable weather, at from twelve to fifteen or sixteen miles an hour, the railways which gird the land, *to say nothing of the telegraph*, may in all weathers carry the armies which are to guard it and their material from point to point at twenty, thirty, or forty.

The English Premier is evidently of opinion that telegraphing is only in its infancy as yet, and that at no very distant day not only messages but soldiers will be transmitted from place to place along the wires.

THE GLOBE'S POLITICAL FAITH.

Mr. Brown's organ has lately been engaged in "puffing" Messrs. Mackenzie, Blake and Anglin, and trying to convince the public that if ever there existed three Heaven born statesmen of unimpeachable rectitude and political honesty and ability, they are the men. In so doing the *Globe* has two ends in view. It tickles the vanity of the gentlemen in question by inducing them to believe that they are very fine fellows indeed, and secondly it hopes to impress people with the idea that ability and determination of purpose are actually requisite essentials among Mr. Brown's followers. Any one who believes this, however, is wofully deceived. Talent, rectitude of purpose and political experience, all pass for nothing in a Grit, while a stern inflexible will is about the last thing that the chief Factionist desires that they should possess. That they should be entirely subservient to his will, that they should renounce the right to form an opinion of their own, in point of fact that they should consent to be political puppets ready to dance just as Mr. Brown desires, these are the great essentials which, according to *Globe* doctrines, constitute a member of the Opposition. Let a man but dare to exercise his own common sense and intelligence, let him venture to regard the welfare of the country as of more importance than the carrying on of a factious political warfare, and he will receive a warning. After that, if the crime be persisted in, and it becomes evident that he will no longer obey Mr. Brown's whistle, or tremble at the crack of his editorial whip, he is "read out of the party." He becomes at once a "recreant Reformer," he is said to be "bribed, muzzled, and bought up," he is a "mummy," a political "renegade," or to sum up all bad qualities in one in the *Globe's* opinion, he becomes a "corrupt Tory," capable of all things bad and despicable, and incapable of doing a single disinterested action, or conceiving a single good or patriotic idea.

Take the opposite extreme—Let a man have devoted the whole of his energies and abilities to the propagation of disunion sentiments; let him have been known for years, not only as an enemy to British connection, but as thoroughly hostile to England; as one who, during the Crimean war, the Indian mutiny, Fenian raids, and other times of public peril, has always sympathized with the enemies of Canada and the Empire; who has, up to the present hour been labouring to disseminate the seeds of discontent and disloyalty among those over whom he could exercise any influence,—if he only shows evidence of a willingness to oppose the present Administration, the *Globe* is ready at once to vouch for his loyalty and patriotism, and to devote its columns to his support. We are not depicting imaginary cases; we are merely describing what has actually occurred within the past few weeks, and under such circumstances we put it to the good sense and patriotism of the people of this country, whether they will allow the Hon. George Brown to be the keeper of their political consciences, and whether through fear of his editorial denunciations, they will permit themselves to be flogged into the ranks of the Opposition?

As we have said before, we have no objection to an opposition based upon true and living issues. If a man thinks in his own heart, and has reason of his own knowledge to believe, that the Government have done wrong, that they have been guilty of wilful extravagance or imprudence, then he is perfectly justified in opposing them. But if on the contrary he merely believes this because the *Globe* tells him so, if without due consideration and enquiry he swallows all the gross misrepresentations contained in the *Globe's* editorials and Mr. MacKenzie's speeches, then is he recreant to the political trust confided to his keeping, and instead of being a free man he becomes the slave and bond-servant of the great Factionist Chief.

It is to this miserable condition of political vassalage that the *Globe* seeks to reduce the people of Canada to-day. We on the contrary desire that they should be allowed without fear, favor, or affection, to judge and act for themselves. We claim for the Government no blind unthinking support, neither do we, like our contemporary, ask that people should be governed by the prejudices which they formed long years ago, in their determination either to support or oppose the Administration. Not a single charge has been brought against the Government by the *Globe* or Mr. Mackenzie,—indefinite as those charges were purposely made,—that has not been successfully met and proved to be incorrect. What we ask of Mr. Brown, Mr. Mackenzie, and the coalitionists who are united with them in opposition, is, that they should show in what manner the Governmental policy as regards the important questions with which we have to deal has been found wanting, instead of by making false financial statements and accusing Ministers of all kinds of things of which they have never even dreamed striving to mislead and deceive the public.

"NEW BROOMS."

> "*The Globe* says that Mr. Mackenzie and the members of the present Opposition are exceedingly useful in watching the Government and keeping them from corruption and extravagance. Then by all means let them retain their seats on the Opposition benches. They do not want office for office's sake—at least so *The Globe* assures us—and like good patriots will no doubt be satisfied with any position in which they can serve the country. Let them remain 'watching and waiting.'"—Ottawa Times.
>
> The organ admits that the Government need watching, as truly they do. It would like the Opposition to remain always on guard, but under our Constitution that is not the normal condition of things. Retention in office is a necessity. Men long in place become rusty. New brooms sweep clean. Men who serve the public faith fully in opposition deserve official reward for their laborious and often disagreeable performance of duty, and they generally get it.—*Toronto Globe.*

The "organ" does not admit that the Government need watching, nor do we think they do. Still if Mr. Mackenzie and his friends are fond of that kind of business we do not see any reason why they should not be gratified. We do not think that all their watching is of the slightest use to the country, but if they are enabled to lay the flattering unction to their souls that they are performing a patriotic work there is no harm in their indulging in the delusion. But it is a noteworthy fact, and one which we trust our readers will bear in mind, that the only reasons the *Globe* can advance for a change of Administration are that "men long in place get rusty," and that "new brooms sweep clean"! Therefore the work of Confederation and all the great questions of the day with which the Ministry are now dealing in a statesmanlike manner are to be thrown on one side, and the Government of the country placed in the hands of an unmanageable coalition of annexationists, independents, anti unionists and loyal men, simply because they would be "new brooms"!

THE TRUTH AT LAST.

The *Globe* and its faction have done their utmost to create the idea in the public mind, that the Manitoba Bill had handed over that Province to the control of the French. In an article entitled "The Red River Constituencies," in which the *Globe* deprecates the assumed establishment of French and English electoral districts for the Dominion Parliament, in Manitoba, that journal, makes the important admission; "THE FRENCH ARE NOT ABOVE A THIRD OF THE POPULATION." So that, at last, we have the admission, that Manitoba *is now a Province in which the English speaking people, have two-thirds majority,* and yet the attempt was made to inflame the people of Ontario by the false and wretched cry that the Act of last Session of Parliament was framed to make Manitoba a French Province, and this, with the knowledge that the *Globe* possessed, that the Province into which the first wave of settlement will naturally pass from Ontario was then by a majority of two-thirds English! Such wicked appeals to sectionalism show conclusively, that the *Globe* and its faction have sunk patriotism and the desire to consolidate the Confederation, swayed by their intense thirst for power and office.

Inland Revenue Department.

RECEIPTS.

	For fiscal years. 1868-9.	1869-70.
Excise	$2,718,119 66	$3,644,050 46
Pub'c Works	473,378 41	524,740 04
Bill Stamps	129 664 81	134,066 52
Cullers	58,376 76	66,230 00
	$3,379,539 64	$4,369,087 02

Increase $989 547 38-100

This affords a gratifying indication of the increasing prosperity of the country.

EVENINGS WITH THE POETS.—The first of the above named series of entertainments will be given by the Rev. Wm. Stephenson, in the basement hall of the Wesleyan Methodist Church, Metcalf street, on Tuesday evening next, Dec. 6th, to commence at 7:30 o'clock. Subject: "Alfred Tennyson, his Life and Writings." From the well-known ability of the lecturer, we feel confident the lecture will be well attended.

Latest by Telegraph

BY PEOPLE'S LINE.

OFFICE:—G. P. Drummond's Exchange Office 19 Sparks Street.

QUEBEC.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

QUEBEC, Dec. 5, 1870.

On motion of the Hon. Mr. Cauchon that part of the petition referring to the North Shore Railway, was referred to the Railway Committee.

Third reading—Bills to incorporate the Fraser Institute, and Thistle Curling Club of Montreal.

Mr. Carter, on motion referred the Montreal City Passenger R. R. bill to the Railway Committee.

The House then went into committee on subsidies, and all the items passed.

The House adjourned at five o'clock.

PRESIDENT GRANT'S MESSAGE

President Grant's message was communicated to the Senate yesterday. It is a very lengthy document. We give such portions of it as possess any interest to the people of this country:—

THE EUROPEAN WAR.

Soon after the existing war broke out in Europe, the protection of the United States' Minister in Paris was invoked in favor of the North Germans domiciled in French territory. Instructions were issued to grant the protection. This has been followed by an extension of American protection to citizens of Saxony, Hesse, and Saxe Cobourg, Gotha, Columbia, Portugal, Uruguay, the Dominican Republic, Equador, Chili, Paraguay and Venezuela. In Paris the charge is an onerous one, requiring constant and severe labour, as well as the exercise of patience, prudence, and good judgment. It has been performed to the entire satisfaction of this Government, and, as I am officially informed, equally so to the satisfaction of the Governments of North Germany.

As soon as I learned that a republic had been proclaimed at Paris, and that the people of France had acquiesced in the change, the Minister of the United States was directed by telegraph to recognize it, and tender my congratulations and those of the people of the United States. The re-establishment in France of a system of government disconnected with the dynastic traditions of Europe, appeared to be a proper subject for the felicitations of Americans. Should the present struggle result in attaching the hearts of the French to our simpler forms of representative government, it will be a subject of still further satisfaction to our people, while we make no effort to impose our institutions upon the inhabitants of other countries; and, while we adhere to our traditional neutrality in civil contests elsewhere, we cannot be indifferent to the spread of American political ideas in a great and highly civilized country like France. We were asked by the new Government to use our good offices, jointly with those of European Powers, in the interest of peace. The answer was made that the established policy and the true interests of the United States forbade them to interfere in European questions jointly with European powers. I ascertained informally and unofficially that the Government of North Germany was not then disposed to listen to such representations from any powers, and though earnestly wishing to see the blessings of peace restored to the belligerents, with all of whom the United States are on terms of friendship, I declined on the part of this Government to take a step which could only result in injury to our true interests, without advancing the object for which our intervention was invoked. Should the time come when the action of the United States can hasten the return of peace by a single hour, that action will be heartily taken.

I deemed it prudent, in view of the number of persons of German and French birth living in the United States, to issue, soon after official notice of a state of war had been received from both belligerents, a proclamation defining the duties of the United States as a neutral and the obligation of persons residing within this territory, to observe their laws and the laws of nations. This proclamation was followed by others, as circumstances seemed to call for them. The people, thus acquainted in advance of their duties and obligations, have assisted in preventing violations of the neutrality of United States.

THE CUBAN INSURRECTION.

It is not understood that the condition of the insurrection in Cuba has materially changed since the close of the last Session of Congress. In an early stage of the contest the authorities of Spain inaugurated a system of arbitrary arrests, of close confinement, of military trial, and executions of persons suspected of complicity with the insurrection, and of summary embargo of their properties, and secured the collection of their revenues by execution warrants. Such proceedings, so far as they affected the persons or properties of citizens of the United States, were in violation of the provisions of the treaty of 1795 between the United States and Spain. Representations of injuries resulting to several persons claiming to be citizens of the United States, by reason of such violations were made to the present Government. From April 1869 to June last the Spanish Minister at Washington had been clothed with a limited power to aid in redressing such wrongs; that power was found to be withdrawn, in view, as it was said, of the favorable situation in which the island of Cuba then was, which however, did not lead to a revocation or suspension of the extraordinary and arbitrary functions exercised by the executive powers in Cuba, and we were obliged to make our complaint at Madrid. In the negotiations thus opened, and still pending, the United States only claimed that for the future the rights secured to their citizens by treaty should be respected in Cuba, and that as to the past a joint tribunal should be established in the United States with full jurisdiction over all such claims. Before such an impartial tribunal each claimant would be required to prove his case. On the other hand Spain would be at liberty to traverse every material fact, and thus complete equity would be done.

THE MONROE DOCTRINE.

The time is not probably far distant when, in the natural course of events, the European political connection with this continent will cease. Our policy should be shaped in view of this probability so as to ally the commercial interests of the Spanish American States more closely to our own, and thus give the United States all the advantages which Mr. Munroe, Mr. Adams, and Mr. Clay contemplated when they proposed to join to the Congress of Panama.

ANNEXATION OF SAN DOMINGO.

During the last session of Congress a treaty for the annexation of the Republic of San Domingo to the United States failed to receive the requisite two-thirds vote of the Senate. I was thoroughly convinced then that the best interests of the country, commercially and materially, demanded its ratification. Time has only confirmed me in this view. I now firmly believe that the moment it is known that the United States have entirely abandoned the project of acception as a part of its territory the Island of San Domingo, a free port will be negotiated for by European nations in the Bay of Camana. A large commercial city will spring up to which we will be tributary without receiving corresponding benefits. The Government of San Domingo has voluntarily sought this annexation. It is a weak power numbering probably less than one hundred and twenty thousand souls, and yet possessing one of the richest localities under the sun, capable of supporting a population of ten millions of people in luxury.

GREAT BRITAIN AND THE UNITED STATES.

The ratification of the naturalization convention between Great Britain and the United States have also been exchanged during the recess, and thus a long standing dispute between the two governments has been settled in accordance with the principles always contended for by the United States. In May last while engaged in locating a military reservation near Pembina, a corps of engineers discovered that the commonly received boundary line between the United States and the British possessions at that place is about forty seven hundred feet south of the true position of the 49th parallel, and that when run on what is now supposed to be the true position of that parallel would leave the fort of the Hudson's Bay Company at Pembina within the territory of the United States. This information being communicated to the British Government, I was requested to consent and did consent that British occupation of the fort of the Hudson's Bay Company should continue for the present. I deem it improper however that this part of the boundary line should be definitely fixed by a joint commission of the two governments, and I submit herewith the estimates of the expense of such a commission on the part of the United States, and recommend that an appropriation be made for that purpose. The land boundary has already been fixed and marked from the summit of the Rocky Mountains to the Georgian Bay. It should now be in like manner marked from the Lake of the Woods to the summit of the Rocky Mountains. I regret to say that no conclusion has been reached for the adjustment of the claims against Great Britain growing out of the course adopted by that Government during the rebellion. The Cabinet of London, so far as its views have been expressed, does not appear to be willing to concede that Her Majesty's Government was guilty of negligence or did permit any act during the war by which the United States has just cause of complaint. Our firm and unalterable convictions are directly the reverse. I, therefore, recommend to Congress to provide for the appointment of a commission to take a proof of the amounts and the ownership of their claims on notice to the representative of Her Majesty at Washington, and authority be given for the settlement of these claims by the United States, so that the Government shall have the ownerships of the private claims as well as the responsible control of all demands against Great Britain. It cannot be necessary to add that whenever Her Majesty's Government shall entertain a desire for a full and friendly adjustment of these claims, the United States will enter upon their consideration with an earnest desire for a conclusion consistent with the honor and dignity of both nations.

THE CANADIAN FISHERIES, ETC.

The course pursued by the Canadian authorities towards the fishermen of the United States during the last season has not been marked by a friendly feeling. By the first article of the Convention of 1818 between Great Britain and the United States, it was agreed that the inhabitants of the United States should have for ever in common with British subjects the right of taking fish in certain waters ther in defined. In the waters not included in the limits named in the convention, within three miles of the Ports of British coast. It has been the custom for many years to give to intruding fishermen of the United States a reasonable warning of their violation of the technical rights of Great Britain. The Imperial authorities were understood to have delegated the whole, or a share of its jurisdiction or control of these inshore fishery grounds to the Colonial authority known as the Dominion of Canada, and this semi-independent Dominion has exercised its delegated powers in an unfriendly way—vessels have been seized without notice or warning, in violation of the custom previously prevailing, and have been taken into the colonial ports, their voyages broken up, and the vessels condemned. There is reason to believe that this unfriendly and vexatious treatment was designed to bear harshly upon the hardy fishermen of the United States, with a view to political effect upon this Government. The statute of the Dominion of Canada assumes a still broader and more untenable jurisdiction over the vessels of the United States, they authorize officers or persons to bring vessels hovering within three marine miles of any of the coasts, bays creeks or harbors of Canada into port, to search the cargo, to examine the master on oath as to the cargo and voyage, and to inflict upon him a heavy pecuniary penalty if true answers are not given, and if such a vessel is found preparing to fish within three marine miles of any of such coasts, bays, creeks, or harbors, without a license, or after the expiration of the period named in the last license granted to it, they provide that the vessel with her tackle, etc., shall be forfeited. It is not known that any condemnations have been made under this statute Should the authorities of Canada attempt to enforce it, it will become my duty to take such steps as may be to protect the rights of the citizens of the United States. It has been claimed by Her Majesty's officers that the fishing vessels of the United States have no right to enter the open ports of the British possessions in North America, except for the purpose of shelter and repairing damages, of purchasing wood and taking the water, that they have no right to enter at the British custom houses, or to trade, except on the purchase of wood or water, and that they must depart within twenty four hours after notice to leave. It is not known that any seizures of a fishing vessel carrying the flag of the United States has been made under this claim. So far as the claim is founded on the alleged construction of the Convention of 1818, it cannot be acquiesced in by the United States. It is hoped that it will not be insisted on by Her Majesty's Government. During the conferences which proceeded the negotiations of the Convention of 1818, the British Commissioners proposed to expressly exclude the fishermen of the United States from the privilege of carrying on trade with any of Her Britannic Majesty's subjects residing within the limits assigned for their use, and also that it should not be lawful for the vessels of the United States, of such fisheries to have on board any goods, wares, or merchandise whatever, unless such as may be necessary for the prosecution of their voyages to and from the said fishing grounds, and any vessel of the United States which shall contravene this regulation, may be beseiged, condemned, and confiscated with the cargo. The proposition, which is identical with the construction now put upon the language of the convention was emphatically regretted by the American Commissioners, and thereupon was abandoned by the British plenipotentiary, and article one, as it was stated in the Convention, was substituted. If, however, it be said that this claim is founded on Provisional or Colonial Statutes, and not upon the Convention, this Government cannot but regard them as unfriendly, and in Contravention of the Spirit, if not of the treaty for the faithful execution of which the Imperial Government is alone responsible. Anticipating that an attempt may possibly be made by the Canadian authorities in the coming season to repeat their unneighborly act towards our fishermen. I recommend you to confer upon the Executive, the power to suspend by proclamation of the Executive the power to suspend by proclamation the operation of the laws authorizing the transmit of goods, wares, and merchandise in bond across the territory of the United States to Canada, and, further, should such an extreme measure become necessary, to suspend the operation of any law whereby the vessels of the Dominion of Canada are permitted to enter the waters of the United States. A like unfriendly disposition has been manifested on the part of Canada on the maintenance of a claim of right to exclude the citizens of the United States from the navigation of the St. Lawrence. This river constitutes a natural outlet to the ocean for eight States with an aggregate population of about 17,600,000 inhabitants and with an aggregate tonnage of 661,367 tons upon the waters which discharge into it. The commerce of our ports on these waters is open to British competition, and the major part of it is done in British bottoms. If the American seaman be excluded from the natural avenues to the ocean, the monopoly of the direct commerce of the like ports with Atlantic would be in foreign lands, their vessels on transatlantic voyages having an access to our lake ports, which would be denied to American vessels on similar voyages to States; such a proposition is to refute its justice. During the administration of Mr. John Quincy Adams, Mr. Clay unquestionably demonstrated the natural right of the citizens of the United States to the navigation of this river, claiming that the Act of the Congress of Vienna in opening the Rhine and other rivers to all nations showed the judgment of European jurists and statesmen that the inhabitants of a country through which a navagable river passes have a natural right to enjoy the navigation of that river to and into the sea. Even though passing through the territory of another power this right does not exclude the right of the sovereign possessing the territory through which the river debouches into the sea to make such regulations relative to the policy of the navigation as may be reasonably necessary, but those regulations should be framed in a liberal spirit of comity, and should not impose needless burden upon the commerce which has the right of transit. It has been found in practice more advantageous to arrange these regulations by mutual agreement, the United States are ready to make any reasonable arrangement as to the policy of the St. Lawrence which may be suggusted by Great Britain. If the claim made by Mr. Clay was just when the population of the States bordering on the shores of the lakes was only 3,400,000, it now derives greater force and equality from the increased population, wealthy production, and tonnage of the States on the Canadian frontier. Since Mr. Clay advanced his argument in behalf of our right the principle which he contended has been frequently and by various nations recognised by law, or by treaty has been extended to several other great rivers by the treaty concluded at Mayence, in 1831. The Rhine was declared free from the point where it is first navigable into the sea. By the convention between Spain and Portugal, concluded in 1835, the navigation of the Douro, throughout its whole extent, was made free for the subjects of both crowns. In 1853, the Argentine Confederation, by treaty, threw open the free navigation of the Parana and Uruguay to the merchant vessels of all nations. In 1856, the Crimean war was closed by a treaty which provided for the free navigation of the Danube. In 1858, Bolivia, by treaty, declared that it regarded the rivers Amazon and La Plata in accordance with fixed principles of national law as highways or channels opened by nature for the commerce of all nations. In 1859, the Paraquay was made free by treaty, and in 1866, the Emperor of Brazil, by Imperial decree declared the Amazon to be open to all the frontier of Brazil to the merchant ships of all nations. The greatest living British authority on this subject while asserting the abstract right of the British claim says it seems difficult to deny that Great Britain may ground her refusal upon strict law, but it is equally difficult to deny, first, that in so doing she exercises harshly and extreme and hard law; secondly, that her conduct with respect to the navigation of the St. Lawrence is in glaring and discreditable inconsistency with her conduct. With respect to the navigation of the Mississippi, on the ground that she possessed a small domain in which the Mississippi has its rise, she insisted on this right to navigate the entire volume of its water, on the ground that she possessed both banks of St. Lawrence where it disembodies itself into the sea. She denies to the United States the right of navigation through about one half of the waters of Lakes Ontario, Erie, Huron, and Superior, and the whole of Lake Michigan, through which the river flows, which are the property of the United States. The whole nation is interested in securing cheap transportation from the agricultural States of the West to the Atlantic seaboard; to the citizens of those States secures a greater return from their labor; to their inhabitants of the sea board it offers cheaper food; to the nation, an increase in the annual surplus of wealth. It is hoped that the Government of Great Britain will see the justice of abandoning the narrow and inconsistent claim to which her Canadian provinces have urged her adherence. Our depressed commerce is a subject to which I called your special attention at the last session suggested that we dwell on the future, have to look more to our countries south of us and to China and Japan, for its revival. Our representatives to all those Governments have exerted their influence to encourage trade between the United States and the countries to which they are accredited, but the fact exists that the carrying is done in foreign bottoms, and while this state of affairs exists, we cannot command our due share of the commerce of the world. That between the Pacific States and China and Japan is about all the carrying trade now conducted in American vessels. I recommend a liberal policy toward that line of American steamers, one that will ensure its success and even increased usefulness. The cost of building iron vessels, the only ones that can compete with foreign ships the carrying trade, is so much greater in the United States than in foreign countries, that without some assistance from the Government they cannot be successfully built here. There will be several propositions laid before Congress in the course of the present session, looking to remedy for this evil, even it should be at some cost to the national treasurer.

REPORT OF THE U. S. SECRETARY OF THE NAVY.

The report of the U. S. Secretary of the Navy shows that notwithstanding the enormous demands upon the department, expenditures have been kept down, and are absolutely one milion dollars less for the year ending Dec. 1st, 1870, than for the year ending Dec. 1st, 1869. It demonstrates that while the department has responded to the demands of the country for economy in expenditure, it does so at the serious cost of our commerce in foreign seas, and to the detriment of the rights of our citizens in foreign lands. With one hundred and forty millions of square miles of navigable waters, and a coast line of our own of seven thousand miles, the Secretary says forty ships are utterly insufficient. He forcibly alludes to the fact that the only means of enforcing either respect for the Government or position for its citizens away from home, are the guns of the navy, and that scarcely a mail comes but brings intelligence of some call upon the naval vessels on distant seas for protection; and especially at the present time, he says, everywhere on the shores of civilized Europe the security of American rights and citizenship demands the presence of our flag, while in the half-civilized east our commerce is constantly startled by outbreaks, which defy the power of even friendly Governments.

Devlin's Fur Depot.

Anthony Trollope says that a good digestion is Heaven on earth.

City Council.

At a regular meeting of the City Council held in the City Hall last evening, the entire Board was present. It being announced that the water works question would be ventillated, the gallery was filled with a large and respectable audience who manifested great interest in the evening's proceedings, so much so that they had frequently to be called to order.

The 13th report of the Finance Committee was received and adopted without discussion.

Ald. Martineau presented the following communications, which were read:

CHAMBERLAIN'S OFFICE,
CITY OF OTTAWA.
5th Dec. 1870.

Statement of Rolls for year 1869 as per ledger, $91,414.37

By amount paid by City Collector to date, $82,674.47.

SIR:—I have the honor to hand you a statement of taxes for year 1869 as per ledger, as also the amount received from City Collector to date.

Your Obdt. Servant.
(Sd.) H. H. THOMPSON.
City Collector.

To JOHN ROCHESTER, ESQ.
Mayor.

To the Corporation of the City of Ottawa:

GENTLEMEN,—I beg respectfully to present to you my final report for 1869, shewing that for the past year I have collected $8,559.91-100 more than from the former year, and that the uncollected taxes caused by vacant lands, arrears and remissions, are nearly one thousand dollars less than for the year 1868.

A discrepancy having appeared between the Chamberlain's statements and mine, may I respectfully ask your honourable Council not to prejudge in the case, but allow me to have a fair trial. I shall then show beyond dispute that the mistake is not in my department.

Your obedient servant,
(Sd.) G. H. PRESTON.
OTTAWA, 5th December, 1870.

Railroad or Municipal Loan Fund	$15,658 66
Educational or Common School rate	9,610 45
Local or city rate	37,874 06
Levied under by-law No. 172. }	9,482 18
Interest }	4,744 19
Sinking Fund }	
Levied under by-law No. 180	4,744 19
Arrears of taxes	1,785 95
Statute Labor tax	200 00
Dog tax	878 00
Total taxes as paid City Chamberlain, except $200 due me as balance of salary	$84,977 67

Final return of taxes collected for 1869.
(Signed) G. H. PRESTON,
City Collector.

Ald. Robinson moved, seconded by Ald. Guerard, that the communication of the Collector be received and adopted, and that a committee be appointed to consist of Ald. Bate, Martineau, Macdougall, and Cunningham to investigate the books of the Collector and give an impartial report thereon. A slight discussion took place upon the motion.

Ald. Martineau thought that five members should be appointed on the committee, independent of the members of the Finance Committee.

Ald. Robinson thought the trouble between the Collector and Chamberlain did not concern the Finance Committee any more than the rest of the Council.

Ald. Cunningham thought that it was complete folly, on the part of the Council, to take up the matter at all. He thought it would finally be settled in the courts.

Ald. Mosgrove called upon Ald. Cunningham to explain the facts of the case to the Council.

His Worship thought it would not be well to take up the subject then and there.

Ald. Robinson thought it necessary, under the circumstances, to have the subject investigated immediately, as while any doubt hung over Mr. Preston, who had served them so faithfully for many years, could not be eligible for the situation of Collector again, and therefore it would be doing him a great wrong.

Ald. Goulden thought the matter could not well be postponed any longer.

Ald. McDougall would call a special meeting of the City Council and bring the Chamberlain and Collector before it.

Ald. Robinson said that he had made as good a selection for the committee as possible.

He could not put Ald. Pratt's name on the committee after what had appeared in the TIMES that morning.

Motion carried.

Ald. Featherston enquired if the Market Committee had any report to present.

Ald. Robinson said the committee had been called together, but they could not muster a quorum.

Ald. Cunningham moved that the Council go into Committee of the Whole, Ald. Martineau in the Chair, to consider the Water Works Bill.

Ald. Robinson thought that before going into the discussion of the act, some detailed plan of water works should be laid before the people. He thought that voting for Commissioners in the manner in which it was proposed to do was voting in the dark. He felt certain that if some definite scheme were laid before the people stating plainly the nature of that scheme and what its execution would cost the people would unanimously vote for it.

Ald. Mosgrove was glad to see that he had another friend in Ald. Robinson. He was glad to see he was getting straight in regard to the Water Works question.

Before going into committee Ald. Pratt thought it better the returning officers for the ensuing year should be appointed, and the places for holding the elections fixed upon.

On motion of Ald. Pratt, the by law appointing those officers and fixing the places for holding elections was read a first, second and third time. The following are the by laws, the names of the returning officers and the polling places.

BY-LAW TO APPOINT RETURNING OFFICERS FOR 1871.

By-law No.—To appoint returning officers for the different wards of the city of Ottawa for the year 1871 and to fix the polling places for the said year.

The Council of the Corporation of the city of Ottawa hereby enacts and ordains as follows:

That the following persons be and they are hereby appointed returning officers for the several wards of the city of Ottawa for the year 1871 that is to say:

For Victoria Ward, Thos. Sproule; for St. George's Ward, James Joynt; for By Ward, Dr. St. Jean; for Ottawa Ward, John O'Rielly.

That the places for the nomination of candidates and polling places in the several wards of the city of Ottawa shall be as follows:

In Victoria Ward, at the house of James Clarke, on the north side of Wellington street.

In Wellington Ward, at the Engine House.

In St. George's Ward, at the Engine House, on the south side of St. Paul street.

In By Ward, in Dr. St. Jean's house, on the south side of St. Patrick street.

In Ottawa Ward, on lot No. 18, on the south side of St. Andrew street.

That the sum of $10 shall be paid to each Returning Officer for all services required of them at the ensuing municipal elections for the City of Ottawa.

Owing to the great pressure of matter in our columns we are unavoidably compelled to leave over the remainder of this report for another issue.

Her Majesty received the Holy Communion in the parish church of Crathie lately. Although the Queen regularly attends the Presbyterian worship in Scotland, we believe she has not heretofore been a communicant. The Dundee *Advertizer* says that Her Majesty supplied the silver service for the communion, consisting of four cups, two flagons, and two waiters for the bread. Notwithstanding the very bad state of the roads through the snow storm, there was a very good attendance of the parishioners.

MARRIED.

On the 3rd inst., in St. George's Church, Guelph, by the Rev. F. Alexander, Robert Berry Coulson, Esq., to Harriet Elizabeth Bryson, both of the town of Guelph.

WANTED,

For the ROMAN CATHOLIC Separate Schools of this City, two Male English Teachers, holding 1st Class Certificates.

Application to be made to the undersigned, on or before the 15th inst.

WM FINLEY,
Chairman Board of R. C. S. S. Trustees.
Ottawa, Dec 6, 1870. 1532tf

OTTAWA AND GLOUCESTER ROAD COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that the Annual General Meeting of the Stockholders of the Ottawa and Gloucester ROAD COMPANY, will be held at the Office of FRANCIS CLEMOW, Esq., in this City, on MONDAY, the 12th day of DECEMBER inst., at the Hour of TEN o'clock, a.m., for the Election of DIRECTORS for the ensuing year and for the purpose of receiving the Annual Report of the Secretary and Treasurer for the current year.

By order
W. H. FALLS,
Sec.-Treasurer.
Dated this 3rd day of December, 1870. 1532 1w

EVENINGS WITH THE POETS!

The first of the above named Series of ENTERTAINMENTS will be given in the

LECTURE ROOM
—OF THE—
WESLEYAN CHURCH,
Metcalfe Street,
This (TUESDAY) Evening,
—BY—

Rev. Wm. Stephenson

SUBJECT:

"ALFRED TENNYSON, his Life and Writings."

Chair will be taken at 7.30 o'clock.
Ottawa, Dec. 6, 1870. 1531 1

By H. McLean, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE OF HORSES.

The subscriber has received instructions from the Union Forwarding and Railway Company to sell by AUCTION at the Russell House, on WEDNESDAY, the 7th of DECEMBER, instant, at ELEVEN o'clock, a. m., the following described horses, viz.:

1 Bay Horse, 1 Grey Horse, which have been matched together.

1 Bay Horse, 7 years old, a good trotter and well bred.

1 Thorough bred Bay Canadian Colt, rising three years, unbroken.

Terms cash.

H McLEAN,
Auctioneer.
Ottawa, December, 3, 1870. 1531 3

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

Ex. Ships COGNAC, NEREO, UNION and CITY of QUEBEC, from the different places of Growth.

It is now AN ESTABLISHED FACT

If you want any First-Class BRANDIES or WINES and the best Family Groceries, you must go to

Thos. Patterson,

No. 26 Rideau Street.

The following Goods in Stock and for Sale:

BRANDIES.—Pure and unadulterated, good for any use, always on hand in Wood or Bottle.

PORT WINE—Pure and reliable (20 years old) for Medicinal purposes and the only House in the City that imports such WINES direct to order.

SHERRY WINES—Various grades, very, very Pale, (delicious favour) Splendid Wines at a price to defy competition.

GIN—John De Kuyper & Son's Double-Berried, First Class.

SCOTCH WHISKEY—Old and Mild, (full strength.)

RUM,

OLD RYE,

FAMILY PROOF,

AND

HIGH WINES,

of the best kind.

PORTER AND ALES.—Guiness's Dublin and Dawe's, Lachine, in splendid order

COFFEE.—Delicious Flavour. Fresh Roasted and Ground Daily.

TEAS.—The best qualities of Black, Japan, and Green, new crop and fragant.

SUGARS and SYRUPS of all kinds.

CHEESE—Fine old (Rossors and Factory) the best.

PICKLES and SAUCES, Jams and Jellies from Crosse and Blackwells, in great variety.

FRUITS.—The finest table and cooking raisins that can be had, large fresh and rich flavored.

CURRANTS.—Quite fresh and Candied Peels.

SPERM CANDLES and fancy perfumed soaps, the greatest variety in the city and made to order by Field of London, England. There is an endless variety of those fine goods worthy of SPECIAL ATTENTION FOR FAMILIES, being of the finest qualities at moderate prices Everybody should know that to use good goods saves money. TRY THEM.

Ottawa, December 5, 1870

DR. DICKINSON,

R[illegible] and [illegible], Kent Street, Ottawa

CARD.

We beg to tender our sincere thanks to the several Fire and Hook and Ladder Companies, Friends, Assistants, and the public generally, for their energetic efforts in preventing the fire from communicating with their premises, on the morning of the 4th instant,

MAGEE & RUSSELL.
Ottawa, Dec 6, 1870 1532f

CARD OF THANKS.

The Subscriber begs to tender sincere thanks to all those gentlemen who so kindly assisted in saving goods from the premises during the late fire on Sparks street.

J. M. MASSEY.

N B—Mr Geo. Mortimer, Sussex street, will prepare any prescriptions from the fire of the late business.

Ottawa, Dec 6, 1870 1532 1w

NIGHT SCHOOL.

Members of the NIGHT SCHOOL will meet this Evening at my Residence, for the purpose of entering on their Term.

T. J. DUIGNAN.
Hull, Dec 4, 1870 1532 2

CATALOGUE SALE OF BOOKS.

E. LUMLEY'S
ANNUAL CONSIGNMENT,
LONDON, ENGLAND.

The subscriber will commence this sale on

TUESDAY EVENING,
DECEMBER 6, 1870.

And continue each evening until the lot is cleared out at his Rooms, Rideau st. Including as usual many very scarce and curious works in English, French, with Grammars and Dictionaries also relating to:—Africa, America, Arabia, Asia, Australia, Canada, Cape, China, East, Egypt, France, Germany, Greece, Holy Land, Ionian Islands, Ireland, Italy, India, Japan, Jerusalem, Mexico, Norway, Palestine, Portugal, Rome, Russia, Scotland, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Syria, etc., etc.; Scraps, Prints, Engravings, etc. Rollin et Crevier, O Euvres, 24 vols. 4to., fine copies calf; Geographie, Ancienne, Moderne Physique, 13 vols. fine copies; Shakespeare, Barry Cornwall, illustrations, pub. 3 gs.; H: Bibles, Cassell, illustrated: ditto, Commentary, D'Oyly and Mant; ditto, References; ditto, Translations, Various; ditto, Atlas; Traveller, ditto, Dictionary, Brown; ditto, Treasury; Newton, Prophecies; Church Services; Prayers, Liturgical Services; Scripture Characters, Robinson; Cobbett, Reformation: D'Aubigue, ditto; Boswell, Johnson; Robinson Crusoe; Queen's Journal; Sam Slick, Clock Maker; American Humors; Tillotson, Works; Prideaux, Connection; Keith, Prophecy; Uncle Tom's Cabin; Weld, America; Franklin, Polar Seas; Alison, Europe; Wars, European, Clarke, do., Spain, Wellington; Quebec Papers; Gazetteers; Atlasses; Music, Piano, etc; Pinnock, Knowledge; Family Readings; Temple, Works; Pilgrim's Progress; Dr. Cumming, Works; Sheltering Vine; Moore, Works, Life; Mirror of Literature; Peerage, Baronetage; Haydon, Dates, Dictionary of; Magna Charta; Machinery, Mechanics, Engineering, Steam Engines, Railroads, Levelling; Holy Land, Geography, History; Geology, Wonders of Mantell; Album; Panoramas for Children; Water Cure; Painting; Statuary; Carpentry; Philosophy, Natural; ditto, Political, Brougham; Arithmetic; Astronomy; Elocution; Logic; Useful Knowledge; Agriculture; Cultivateur, Fruit Trees, Vegetables, Planting; Brewing Wine Making; Historie by Rollin, Hume, Smollett, Blunt, Chambers, information. Botany—Flowers; English Dictionaries; Classical ditto; Geography, History, Ancient, Modern; Ireland and Irish, Histories, &c.; Fortification; Galt; Disraeli; Mark Lemon; A. Trollope; Strickland, Queens; Stowe, Byron Controversy; Army; Navy; Cookery; Sporting, Horses, Dogs, Shooting; Medicine, Surgery, Chemistry; Ballads, ditto and Lays, ditto Scotch; Living Authors, Cowper; Epigrams; Herrick; Kirke White; Beatty; Byron; Ranyard; Scott; Shakespeare; Thompson, etc, Catholic Works, St. Teresa, Challoner, etc.; H. Saupure Collations; History, Fragments; Ditto, Five Empires, also Third Age, Wilberforce; N. Test; Howard; Church; Palmer; Ditto, Primitive; Eusebius. King Potter, France, Revolution: Holy Land, Illustrated English Synonyms; Chemistry, Geology, Architecture, Building, Designs for Monuments, Shop Fronts, Houses, Cottages, Villas, Farms, Building, Farmyards Stables, Barns; Dairies, Brewhouses Dog Kennels, Garden, Decorations, Field Gates, Ornaments, Coins; ARTISTS, copies for; DRAWING BOOKS, Rudiments; Animals after old Masters, Paul Potter, etc; Human Figure, 88 objects; PROUT, Works, (so highly praised by Ruskin,) Easy Lessons, Fragments, Cottages, Landscapes, Boats and Coasts, &c.; German Literature, Translated, Fonque, truly beautiful Stories, Undine, Sintram, Ladies, Youth, Children, Works for; Fables, Allegories, Useful Knowledge, History, Arabian Nights, Stories, Domestic *Ditto*, Traditionary, Legends of all Nations, Female Heroism, Pleasant Hours, and a multitude of other works.

NOVELS,

ENTERTAINING,

EDUCATIONAL WORKS &c.

Catalogues are now ready, and can be had by applying to the Auctioneer.

☞ TERMS CASH. ☜

Sale each Evening at 7 o'clock.

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.
Ottawa, December 5, 1870. 1531 td

TESTIMONIAL

—TO THE—

HON. SIR JOHN A. MACDONALD,

K.C.B., &c., &c., &c.

The friends of Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD propose to present that distinguished Statesman with a substantial Testimonial in recognition of his long and unselfish public services.

Steps are being taken to afford his friends in all parts of the Dominion an opportunity of joining in the proposed manifestation of esteem and regard.

The following gentlemen compose, (with power to add to their number,) the Committee at Ottawa:

The Hon. JAMES SKEAD,
His Worship the Mayor J ROCHESTER, Jr, Esq.
THOS REYNOLDS, Esq.
R W SCOTT, Esq, M P P,
Dr GRANT, M P,
E McGILLIVRAY, Esq.
H V NOEL, Esq.

H V Noel, Esq., has consented to act as Treasurer, to whom all communications may be addressed.

For the information of intending subscribers, the names of the gentlemen composing the Central Committee at Toronto are subjoined, viz:

His Worship the Mayor, S B HARMAN, Esq.
The Hon G W ALLAN,
The Hon D L MACPHERSON,
The Hon JOHN CARLING, M P,
JOHN CRAWFORD, Esq, M P,
ANGUS MORRISON, Esq, M P,
F W CUMBERLAND, Esq, M P P,
J G WORTS, Esq,
E H RUTHERFORD, Esq,
W H HOWLAND Esq,
G P RIDOUT Esq,
JOHN SHEDDEN, Esq,
THOMAS DIXON, Esq,
FRANK SHANLY, Esq,
T C CHISHOLM, Esq,
N BARNHART, Esq.

Ottawa, Dec 6, 1870 1532tf

TRAVELLERS GUIDE.

GRENVILLE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY

Depart.....8 30 a.m., 12 noon, 10 p.m.
Arrive.....9 30 a.m., 3 45 p.m., 7 5 p.m.

The above trains connect at Prescott Junction with Great Trunk Railway for all points south east and west.

Ottawa Office—York street, corner o Sussex street.

A & H TAYLOR, Agents.

LOCAL NEWS.

Devlin's Fur Depot.

50 dozen Velveteen Hats, from 25 cents upwards. A large assortment of Flowers and Feathers. Trimmed Hats and Bonnets.

At the "Golden Lion."

R. L. JAMES & Co.

Navigation on the Upper Ottawa is now effectually at an end for the season.

Mr. Mosgrove returned to day from Toronto, and succeeded in getting a new trial in the celebrated case of Eccles *vs.* Lowry.

JACKETS—A large stock new stylish jackets, at moderate prices, at

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

BLANKETS. Cornwall, St. Lawrence and Empire Mills Blankets, in all sizes and weights, very cheap, at

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

The tank at the corner of Metcalfe and Sparks street from which such a good supply of water was obtained on Sunday morning is said to be empty.

An immense quantity of pressed hay is lying on the wharf of the Montreal and Ottawa Forwarding Company. It was offered for sale at $20 per ton, but there were no buyers, this price being thought rather high.

There was a very small attendance on the market yesterday.

Pork and beef sold at old prices.
Potatoes, 45 cents per bushel.
Peas, $1 per bushel.
Hay, $17 to $20 per ton.

We trust to see a very large attendance at the rooms of the Ottawa Immigrant Aid Society in Aumond's Block, Rideau street this evening. The business before the meeting is of vast importance, and the opinions of our leading public men, when united with the practical experience of the members of the Society is likely to lead to beneficial results to the community at large.

At the semi-annual election of the the Ottawa Typographical Union No. 102, held on Saturday evening, 3rd instant, the following gentlemen were elected office-bearers for the next term:—

President,—Wm. P. Bonsall.
Vice President.—James Dufresne.
Recording Secretary.—Geo. Binks.
Financial Secretary.—Alex. Macdonald.
Treasurer.—Joseph Crozier.

NOTICE.—Now is the time. Go and see C. P. Dorion, 60 Sparks Street, for stoves and stove-pipe fitting. No puff; but see for yourselves. Lumbermen and country Merchants come and see. The most complete House in this Line in the Capital. See Posters. C. P. Dorion, 60 Sparks Street. 1486 2m.

Devlin's Fur Depot.

WELLINGTON WARD.—We were shown yesterday a requisition being circulated for signatures, requesting C. W. Banks, A. S. Woodburn and Geo. May, Esquires, to allow themselves to be nominated to represent Wellington Ward in the City Council for the ensuing year. The requisition has already been extensively signed. These gentlemen possess the entire confidence of the ratepayers of that ward, and we have no doubt that if elected they will show themselves worthy of the confidence reposed in them.

The young ladies who held a Bazaar a few days since in aid of the House of Refuge, have much pleasure in thanking their many kind friends for contributions, as also the proprietors of the TIMES and other city papers for the free notices given in their columns.

They are pleased to add that free of all expenses they realized the sum of fifty two dollars.

Augusta Himsworth; Edith Johnston; Norma Van Cortlandt; Mary Kirby; Maud Steele; Edith Himsworth.

WELLINGTON WARD.—It affords us much pleasure to announce to the rate payers of Wellington Ward that Mr. Amos Rowe having consented at the instance of a numerously signed requisition to allow himself to be nominated as a representative for that ward in the City Council for the ensuing year, is now in the field, and prepared to test his favor with the public at the poles. Mr. Rowe has not yet had the opportunity of demonstrating what he could or would do for the city at the council board, but judging from his well known ability to advocate any cause we should certainly congratulate the Ward that might secure his services in the Council room.

The Rev. Mr. Stephenson delivered a most impressive and eloquent lecture in the Wesleyan church on Metcalf street on Sunday evening to a large and appreciative audience. The subject as previously announced was "Gamblers and gambling," and formed one of a series of lectures which the reverend gentleman is delivering on Life in large cities. The reverend gentleman sketched in eloquent terms the career of the gambler from the time he entered the ranks of that vice until entirely insensible to every feeling of justice, honesty and self-respect, he gave himself to obtaining money in any way, however criminal, and showed how often gambling led to bloodshed, suicide and murder.

In our notice of the fire in yesterday's issue we inadvertently omitted to state that much praise is due to Mr. Cardinal, of the Government Buildings, who was indefatigable in his exertions to afford a full supply of water towards extinguishing the flames, and which he effectually succeeded in doing, but at great inconvenience to himself. It appears that in his desire to make the supply of water as easily obtainable as possible he not only permitted the hose pipe to be run through his private apartments, but worked incessantly himself in putting them in proper position and condition. In making this statement we simply give praise to whom praise is due.

SALE OF BOOKS.—By reference to another column it will be seen that Mr. Rowe will commence the sale of an immense consignment of books in his rooms, Rideau street, this evening. The catalogue comprises works of every description; books of poems by the most celebrated authors, histories, novels, books on chemistry, geology, architecture, some very useful books for farmers, school books, &c., &c., &c.

Among the consignment are also some very rare useful and interesting books in English and French.

The books must be sold at whatever price they may bring, and certainly the opportunity is a rare one for parties who wish to own an interesting library at a comparatively small expense. The sale commences at 7 o'clock, and will continue each evening until the whole consignment is disposed of.

Devlin's Fur Depot.

RUNAWAY.—A runaway occurred last evening by which the owner of the team, a farmer named David Moody received a pretty severe wound on the head. It appears that Mr. Moody had just harnessed his horses to the waggon, and was standing beside the latter when the horses took fright. They were standing at the time in the gateway of Mr. Herbert Kerr's Hotel yard on Rideau street, and bolted out, Mr. Moody being struck by the waggon, knocked down and his head crushed between one of the wheels and the gate post. The horses ran across the street to Mr. Walls corner where they turned, capsizing the waggon and breaking away from it. They were caught a little way up the street. Mr. Moody when taken up was almost insensible, but under proper treatmen soon recovered.

AN OTTAWA BOY IN TORONTO.—We were shown yesterday a splendid silver set comprising a large silver tankard, two drinking cups and a salver, which were awarded to Mr. Charles Robertson (son of Mr. Duncan Robertson, of the Central School West of this city,) in Toronto last week as first prize in a shooting match of the second class of the Toronto University Company of the Queen's Own. The set are of excellent design and workmanship, and it must afford our readers much pleasure to hear of one of their young fellow-citizens, carrying off laurels from among the numerous competitors of the Toronto University. We understand that had Mr. C Robertson been qualified to compete in the first class of the Company his shooting would have likewise entitled him to the first prize of that class.

BRYAN'S WAFERS, (The great public remedy,) have now been in use over twenty years, hence it cannot be said that they are on trial. They have been thoroughly tried, and pronounced (on the authority of those whose lives and health they have preserved) to be a cure, harmless and eminently salutary preparation, and if taken in season will invariably cure colds, coughs, sore throat, and all Bronchial affections. One fair trial will convince the most skeptical. Sold by all Medicine Dealers, at 25cts per box.

BREAKFAST.—EPPS'S COCOA—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.—The very agreeable character of this preparation has rendered it a general favorite. The *Civil Service Gazette* remarks:—"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors bills." Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in tin-lined packets, labelled—JAMES EPPS & Co., Homœopathic Chemists, London.

THE ŒCUMENICAL COUNCIL, lately called at Rome is an instance of the solicitude of the Catholic Church for the welfare and prosperity of her Communicants. Large assemblies of this nature containing representatives from all parts of the world, should be of some benefit to our race. We hope this opinion will be as harmonious and unanimous as the verdict in favor of the Great Shoshonees Remedy, for diseases of the lungs, blood, stomach, liver, &c. For by all druggists.

THE FLORENCE NIGHTINGALE OF THE DESERT—The following is an extract from a letter written by the Rev. C. Z. Weiser, to the "German Reformed Messenger, at Chambersburg, Penn.:

A BENEFACTRESS.

Just open the door for her, and Mrs. WINSLOW will prove the American Florence Nightingale of the Nursery. Of this we are sure, that we will teach our "Suff" to say, "A BLESSING ON MRS. WINSLOW," for helping her to survive and escape the griping, collicing and teething siege. We confirm every word set forth in the PROSPECTUS. It performs precisely what it professes to perform, every part of it—nothing less. Away with your "Cordial," "Paregoric," "Drops," "Laudanum," and every other "Narcotic," by which the babe is drugged into stupidity, and rendered dull and idiotic for life.

We have never seen Mrs. Winslow—know her only through the preparation of her "Soothing Syrup for Children Teething." If we had the power, we would make her, as she is, a physical Saviour to the Infant Race. 25 cents per bottle sold by all druggists.

Be sure and call for

"MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP."

Having the fac-simile of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

A "COUGH," "COLD," OR IRRITATED THROAT, if allowed to progress, results in serious pulmonary and Bronchial affections, of tentimes incurable.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES

Reach DIRECTLY the affected parts, and give almost instant relief. In BRONCHITIS, ASTHMA, and CATARRH they are beneficial. Obtain only the genuine BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES which have proved their efficacy by test of many years. Among testimonials attesting their efficacy are letters from—

E. H. Chapin, D. D; New York,
Henry Ward Beecher, Brooklyn, N. Y.,
N. P. Willis, New York,
Hon. C. A. Phelps, Pres. Mass. Senate,
Dr. G. F. Bigelow, Boston,
Prof. Edwd. North, Clinton, N. Y.,
Surgeons in the Army, and others of eminence

Sold everywhere at 25 cents per box.

"TROCHES," so called sold by the ounce, are a poor imitation and nothing like Brown's BRONCHIAL TROCHES, which are sold only in boxes with a fac-simile of the proprietors,

JOHN I. BROWN & SON,

This care in putting up the Troches in important as a security to the purchaser in order to be sure of obtaining the genuine Brown' bronchial Troches.

Ladies and Children's Fancy Woolen Goods in endless Variety. Clouds from 37½c. to 2.50 at

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.

To hand, our Autumn Shade in "Jouvin's" ph ne, best Kid Gloves," also "Jouvins" good metal) new colours at 75ct. per pair.

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBREAD & Co

All the New Materials in Dress Goods French Merinos, both Plain and Fancy Very cheap.

HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.

Carpets and House Furnishings made a speciality, at Garland, Mutchmor & Co's. A large stock and new styles, at reduced prices.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

All Wool Tartans in all the leading clans. A large lot ex last steamer, at

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

An Immense Stock of Ribbons, just marked off

For Novelties in Laces, Millinery and General Fancy Goods.

T. HUNTON SHOOLBRED & CO.

R. L. JAMES & CO.

DRESS GOODS.

A large assortment worth from 20 to 90 cents, at 15 to 80.

A

SPECIAL LINE

of French Merinos, very cheap.

BLACK SILKS,

very much under Market value, and considerably lower than present Ottawa prices.

MILLINERY.

It is now pretty generally known that in this Department, especially the prices, are EXCEEDINGLY MODERATE,

AT THE

GOLDEN LION.

R L. JAMES & Co.

ATTENTION!

If you want Choice VIRGIN HONEY, call at the New GROCERY STORE, Corner of Sussex and York Streets.

If you want SUPERIOR CHEESE, call at the New GROCERY STORE, Corner of Sussex and York Streets.

If you want FIRST-CLASS DAIRY BUTTER, call at the New GROCERY STORE, Corner Sussex and York Streets.

—ALSO—

New Crop West End, Layers, Valencia and Scedless Raisins and Currants, Fresh Turkey Figs, Malaga Grapes, Lemons, Choice Imperial Prunes, Canned Peels, Gelatine, Cross & Blackwell's Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies and Marmalades, Fresh Oysters, Lobsters Seguin Mackerel, Salmon and Tomatoes, with a choice lot of Scotch and English Ales and Porter, Wines and Brandies, Gin, Scotch Whiskey, Jamaica Rum, Old Rye, Syrup and

JOHN A. BITTERS,

CONSTANTLY ON HAND,

At the New GROCERY STORE, Corner Sussex and York Streets.

Extra Fine Green, Black and Japan Teas, Rio, Java and Turkey Coffee.

—ALSO—

Fine Family and Pastry Flour, Oat and Corn Meal, at the NEW GROCERY STORE, Corner Sussex and York streets.

J. M. C. DELES DERNIERS,

Corner Sussex and York-sts

Ottawa, Nov 29, 1870 1526tf

TO LUMBERMEN.

L. ROSE,

PROVISION BROKER.

LONDON, ONT.,

Inspects every BARREL of PORK he Ships and Ships only a FIRST-CLASS Article. He has or Sale from some of the Leading Packers and Curers:

Heavy Mess Pork, guaranteed,
Ex P. Pork made from Heavy Mess.
Shoulders Mess Mutton.
Heavy Bacon, &c., at the lowest FIRST PRICES, and on Terms to suit Purchasers.
No. 1 Sup. Flour, Oats, Corn, &c., bought on commission.
White Beans always on hand.

Orders or enquiries have prompt attention.

Through rates to Brockville, Sand and Ottawa.

L. ROSE,
Produce Broker,
London, Ont.

London, Ont., Nov. 24, 1870 1528 2m

NOVEMBER ARRIVALS,

NEW FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOODS.

MAGEE & RUSSELL

Having met with UNAPPROACHABLE SUCCESS this AUTUMN, in the disposal of their IMMENSE IMPORTATIONS, (the Largest ever brought to Ottawa in one Season) were under the agreeable necessity of reordering a Second Supply to fill up the numerous blanks made in their Several Departments.

Owing to the terrible conflict now raging in Europe our resident agents were enabled to secure during the consequent depression of Trade in Britain many very valuable lines at exceedingly low prices for Cash.

A portion of Shipments not yet to hand, are expected this week. The following comprises a few of the leading articles, viz.:

DRESS GOODS:

WINCIES, SCOTCH PLAID TARTANS, FRENCH MERINOES, and SATEEN COSTUME CLOTH.

See Figured Sateen Cloths at 90 cts. per yard, the Newest Dress Material of the season.

SILKS, SATINS, VELVETS:

Black VELVETS, VELVETEENS, EPANGLES, SILKS, SATINS, and CRAPES.

All our Mantle Velvets were purchased in June, only a few days before they advanced considerably in price, and as they are likely to be fully 50 per cent dearer in the Spring, would advise Ladies to Purchase at the present time; will guarantee the best value in Canada. Silks Satins, &c, equally good value.

DOMESTICS:

New Grey Cottons, White Shirtings, Sheetings, Pillow Cottons, Prints, Linen and Cotton Tickings, Linen and Cotton Diapers, Table Linen of every description, Quilts and Counterpanes, Towels and Towelling, &c., &c. We can confidently recommend the above mentioned Domestic Goods, being excellent value.

WOOLLENS:

BLANKETS, English and Canadian Plain and Fancy FLANNELS, Waterproof Cloakings, Black and Blue Presidents, Pilots, Beavers, and the New Irish Frieze Cloths, for making Fashionable Ulster Over-Coats A Specimen Coat for Sale.

RIBBONS AND LACES.

100 dozen large New Style Hair Nets, 200 dozen Cambric Handkerchiefs, One Case Black and Colored Ribbon Velvets, Silk, Satin and Sash Ribbons, Fringes, Buttons Collars and Cuffs, and a magnificent variety Real Lace Goods.

HOSIERY AND GLOVES.

50 dozen Gents White and Lavender Kid Gloves; also, 20 dozen Plush and Lamb Lined Kid Gloves and Mitts, some with Seal Cuffs, besides a first-class Stock of Woollen Mock and Seal Backskin Gloves, Canadian, Scotch and English Lambs Wool Underclothing, Scotch and Canadian Fingering Yarns, &c., &c.

CARPETS,

New Double With Damasks at 45cts, Green Kaplin at $1.10, the Cheapest in Ottawa New Harness Muslin and Lace Curtains, also Lace by the yards, one Cask varnished Cornices and one Case Stair Rods

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

DRY GOODS!

DRY GOODS!

DRY GOODS!

PATTERSON & BRYSON.

In consequence of our great success since opening we have been obliged to lay in a large additional Stock, which we will make as low as heretofore, being determined to retain our already well established character for selling cheaper than any other House in the Trade.

IN CANADIAN GOODS

We have made such arrangements with the best Factories in the Dominion as will enable us to keep constantly on hand a large and well Assorted Stock of Tweeds, Flannels, Blankets (Grey and White), Cotton and Green Yarn, Cotton Yarn, Hosiery, Underclothing, etc., etc., etc.

—ALSO—

An entirely new and well assorted Stock of British and Foreign Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, which have been marked at prices to defy competition.

REMEMBER THE PLACE,

53 Sparks Street,
Directly Opposite
BATE & Co.

PATTERSON & BRYSON.

JAMES PRACOCK,

FURS,

FURS. FURS. FURS.

I beg to intimate that my FUR STOCK is now complete in every

DEPARTMENT.

AN EARLY CALL IS SOLICITED.

Remember the place,

33 Rideau Street.

OPPOSITE OLD STAND.

CHARLES J. FOSBERY, Accountant: Books posted. Accounts made out. Apply at the office of H P Gill, solicitor References: Mr Hill, G H Platow.

Ottawa, Nov 5, 187

THE TEA POT,

RIDEAU STREET.

The Proprietor begs to inform the lovers of THE TEA POT and the public generally, that the alterations are now completed, the whole premises having been thoroughly renovated and stocked with

New and Fresh Goods

Of the very best quality. He is now prepared to execute orders Wholesale and Retail, and every article will be guaranteed, as they have been selected with the greatest care.

Teas in great variety,
Coffee—the very best—roasted and ground daily,
Raisins, Currants, Figs, &c., &c.,
Port Wine, Sherry Wine, Brandy,
English Old Tom Gin—Booth's, Bernard's & Thompson's.

An Old Lady's Evening Wish.

My wishes soar not very high,
Nor do they widely roam
These moderate wishes are confin'd
To comforts found at home.

Give me what I enjoy so well—
A snug domestic scene;
And take my word, I fell myself
As happy as a Queen,

I'll tell you what I wish for now—
'Tis not a large desire;
I wish to sit at perfect ease,
Beside my evening fire.

I wish a friend or two would call,
To ask me how I do;

Then truly happy I should be,
And they'd be happy, too.

I'd set the tea things on the tray,
And we should all agree,
While taking ever-welcome cups
Of JOHN HILL'S wholesome tea.

The tea would gladen ev'ry heart,
And brighten every face;
And nothing more could we desire
In such a happy case.

With JOHN HILL'S Tea I always crown
The comforts of my home;
And when I can partake of this
My wishes seldom roam.

All goods delivered free (within the limits of the city) by our own waggons, and every attention will be paid to proper packing and delivery.

JOHN HILL,
"THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET.

BONUS YEAR.

SPECIAL INTIMATION.

LIFE ASSOCIATION OF SCOTLAND.

FOUNDED 1838.

ANNUAL REVENUE, - £ 257,683 Stg.
FUNDS in hand and invested, 1,357,386 "

The BOOKS and ACCOUNTS have been for many years subjected (not merely only, or at any other interval, but) to a continuous AUDIT—a court from the Directors and other officials—by a Professional Accountant of high standing and experience. In the VALUATIONS also, which are made on approved Tables of Mortality, the best Assurance Premiums only are taken into account. Thus by constant independent checks and rigid tests, the utmost precaution is adopted to secure the present conduct and permanent stability of the Institution. It has always maintained a high position among the Assurance Offices of the Kingdom, and has already paid TWO ASSURED and BONUSES to the amount of

$8,159,044.00

The amount paid last year alone having been upwards of

$601,763,00

The FUNDS remaining in hand and invested are upwards of

$6,605,945.00.

The List of Policy-holders in Class B. for 1870 will be closed as at

5TH DECEMBER.

Previous Entrants will be entitled to a

WHOLE YEAR'S BONUS

More than later Entrant will receive.

The PROFITS are allocated on a principle which gives LARGER BONUSES than ANY OTHER SYSTEM.

F WARDLAW,
Secretary.

Agents for Ottawa, J TAIT, PENNOCK.

November 8, 1870 69D5

IF YOU WANT

TO SAVE MONEY

GO TO THE

PEOPLE'S TEA STORES,

—BY—

P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.,

No. 36 Rideau St., and Duke St., Chaudiere,

OTTAWA,

Where from their great increase of business and the large addition now put to their Store, with a well selected Stock, and constant attention on their part, will enable them to sell at prices not to be equalled elsewhere.

There will be found always on hand a general assortment of

GROCERIES,
TEAS in particular, imported,
LIQUORS, WINES, BRANDIES,
GIN, IRISH and
SCOTCH WHISKEY,
Gooderham & Worts'
HIGHWINES

OLD RYE, and PROOF,
With a fine assortment of Christmas and New Year's FRUITS and SYRUPS.

—ALSO—

WINTER APPLES,
ORANGES and LEMONS,
CHEESE, HAMS,
and BACON.

Remember our Motto—"Quick Sales and light Profits."

Try their TEAS.

Ottawa, Nov 29, 1870 1526

A GENERAL MEETING of the Stockholders of the Ontario Peat Company will be held at the Russell House, Ottawa, on Tuesday the 6th December next at 12 o'clock, noon for the organization of the Company, under the Act of Incorporation, for the selection of Directors, and for the transaction of general business.

Ottawa, Nov 22, 1870 1521

HARDWARE! HARDWARE!

Sign of the ANVIL, No. 24 Rideau Street, where you can get a complete assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, and at prices to suit purchasers. Consisting in part of

GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHINGS:

Butcher Knives, Knives and Forks, Pocket Knives, Table Spoons, Tea Spoons, Tea Trays, Tack Mats, Butts, Screws, Locks, Bolts, Catches, Latches, Axes, Saws, Planes, Squares, Hammers, Spokeshaves, Gouges, Chisels, Augers, Auger Bits, Steel Bits Bevels, Levels, Boring Machines, Draw Knives, &c. &c. &c. together with

PAINT OF ALL COLOURS:

Rose, Pink, Burnt Umber, Terra de Sienna, Chrome Yellow, Yellow Ochre, Celestial Blue, Paris Green, Brunswick Green, Magnesia Green, Venetian Green, Red Lead, White Lead, in Oil or Dry, Drop Black, Ivory Black, Lamp Black, Boiled Oil, Raw Oil Turpentine, Benzole, Coal Oil, Paint Brushes, Varnishes, &c

THOS. BIRKETT,
No. 24, Rideau Street,
Sign of the Anvil.

P. S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the City.

Ottawa, Nov 18, 1870.

WANTED.

For the First and Second Departments of the Arnprior Common School, two MALE TEACHERS. Salary for first, four hundred; second, three hundred dollars per annum. Services to commence about 1st January, 1871. Applications received up to 1st December, 1870. Stating qualifications, &c.

DR. CRANSTON
Chairman.
GEO. CRAIG,
Secretary.

Arnprior, Nov 9, 1870 15 9 3

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,

35 SUSSEX STREET.

Elevated Oven Cook Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Low Oven Cook Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Double Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co
Box and Parlor Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co
Coal Stoves, Base Burners, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
The Quintal Coal Stove, at H. MEADOWS & Co
Parlour Cook Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Dumb Stoves, all sizes, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Hot Air Furnaces, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Stove Pipes and Elbows, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Lumbermen's Supplies, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
1st Prize Stoves can be seen, at H. MEADOWS & Co.

Ottawa, Oct. 13, 1870.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

14 RIDEAU STREET,

Have now received a full supply of

NEW FALL GOODS

—IN ALL

DEPARTMENTS.

Ottawa, September 26, 1870

CANADA AND U. S. PATENT AGENCY.

Patents solicited in Canada and the United States; Trade and Timber Marks, Industrial Designs, Copyrights, Transfers, &c., registered on the shortest notice, Copies of Laws, Circulars, and information, sent free on application. Drawings prepared and copied.

Charges moderate. United States Patents particularly attended to. Several valuable Patent Rights for sale.

T. G. COURSOLLES,

November 26, 1870 1524tf

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

DR. HENRY has removed his Residence and Surgery to the corner of Bank and Victoria Streets, near the Parliament Buildings. December 1, 1870. 1528b

A SPECIALITY.

THE ULSTER OVER COAT

Is the Great Novelty in

GENTLEMEN'S GARMENTS

This Season.

A Specimen on View, at

MAGEE & RUSSELL'S.

Ottawa, Nov 30, 1870 1522tf

ST. JAMES' HOTEL,

METCALFE AND QUEEN STREETS.

The Proprietor, G. R EVANS,

Begs respectfully to announce to the public in general that the above premises will be opened for business this day, 29th inst, and hopes by strict attention to business and moderate charges, to merit their patronage and favour

Ottawa, Nov 29, 1870 1526tf

TEACHER WANTED

A MALE TEACHER, holding a First-Class Certificate, for one of the Schools in Hawkesbury Village, Ont. Salary, $300 per annum. Duties to commence on the 2nd day of January, 1871 Applications, with testimonials, will be received until 10th December, by

JOHN McKERCHER,
Secretary Board of School Trustees.

Ottawa, Nov 22 1870 1511 8

LECTURE IN LARGE CITIES.

The Rev. W. STEPHENSON will preach the third of his series of Sermons to Young Men, in the Wesleyan Church, Metcalfe Street,

TO-MORROW EVENING,

SUBJECT:

"GAMBLERS AND GAMBLING"

Ottawa, Dec 3, 1870 1530 1

FOR SALE, OR EXCHANGE

For Property in Montreal, improved or unimproved the new Mansard Roof Stone House situated in Victoria Crescent, having all the modern conveniences of heat, water and gas, good out building, on an ample Lot, and commanding the finest river view in Ottawa. For further particulars apply to W C. SMILLIE, on the premises, or at the Office of the BRITISH AMERICAN BANK NOTE COMPANY, Wellington Street.

Ottawa, Dec 3, 1870 1530 1m

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT

OTTAWA, 26th November, 1870

Authorised discount on AMERICAN INVOICES until further notice, 11 per cent.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs

JUST RECEIVED,

FRENCH MERINOES,

GENUINE FRENCH MERINOES,

Fine, Wide, Heavy, and Warranted all Wool, in the following Colours:

LIGHT BROWN,

MID BROWN,

DARK BROWN,

VIOLET,

AGULINE,

MAROON,

RIFLE GREEN,

ROSE,

DRAB

and

SCARLET.

Really better Goods than sold other years at 3s. 9d., for 2s. 6d. per yard. The Nicest, Cheapest, and most durable Dress, for either street or in-door wear, in Ottawa.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

29 Sparks Street

Ottawa, Nov. 30, 1870.

NOTICE.

The Partnership existing between the undersigned, in the City of Ottawa, under the name of WATSON & CLISBY, Saloon Keepers, was dissolved by mutual consent, on the First Day of SEPTEMBER, A.D, 1870.

WATSON & CLISBY,
JAMES ROY WATSON,
LAVEL KENT CLISBY.

Witness of Signature,
D. M. GRANT,
JAMES STARMER.

Ottawa, Nov 11, 1870 1516tf

ROUSILLON VIN ROUGE.

An excellent light RED WINE for ordinary use, not unlike PORT, but higher in body.

$1.25 Per GALLON.

$4.00 Per DOZEN.

J. P. MACPHERSON,
Wine Merchant,
Elgin street.

Ottawa, Nov 17, 1870 1516

NOTICE.

THE CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY CO

Will apply to the

PARLIAMENT

—OF THE—

PROVINCE OF ONTARIO

At its next Session, for the

CONTINUANCE AND EXTENSION

FOR FOUR YEARS,

Of the Provisions of the Act

INCORPORATING THAT COMPANY,

And of the Acts mentioned therein, in so far as they relate to a Grant of Land in aid of the Company.

W R WORSLEY,
Sec. C

, Oct 15, 1870

BUY YOUR CHRISTMAS PRESENTS

From the Ladies of Knox Church, Daly Street, at their BAZAAR, opposite Bate & Co's, Sparks street, on the 13th and 14th DECEMBER. Good Music, good Luncheon, Oyster Soup. Contributions received on the 12th, in the Room

Ottawa, Dec 5 1870 1531d

LANGUAGES.

A. GAY, B. A., French Teacher at the GRAMMAR SCHOOL, offers his leisure hours to persons desirous of learning the French, Spanish or Italian languages. A thorough knowledge is acquired in a short time. Charges moderate.

Mrs Robitaille's Boarding House, Sparks-st.

Ottawa, Nov 14 1870 1517 3w

FROM THIS DAY FORTH I change the prices of all my Wood, that is to say, best Hard Wood $4.75, Sawn $5.50; Second best Hard Wood, $4.25 Sawn $4.50.

My Saw Mill is now in constant operation and ready, and will cut promptly in obedience to all orders.

JOHN HENRY.

Ottawa, Dec, 5. 1531 4f

THE DOMINION ALMANAC FOR 1871 WILL BE PUBLISHED EARLY IN DECEMBER

It is intended to serve as a convenient book of reference, and at the same time to be acceptable as an agreeable private companion With this end in view, in addition to much valuable statistical information a large amount of interesting reading matter will be found in its pages. The favorable reception which it met with last year, and the widespread circulation it obtained in Ontario and Quebec, justifies the hope that it will, this year, obtain a still larger share of patronage. In order to increase its circulation, and to render it still more valuable as an advertising medium, the price will, this year, be reduced to 10 cent per copy—considerably less than the actual cost of publication.

The following are the rates for advertising

One Page at beginning or end of the Book	$15 00
Half do do	8 00
Quarter Page do do	4 00
One Page in body of work	20 00
Half do do	10 00

Every advertiser taking a page will receive 12 copies of the Almanac for distribution for half a page, 6 copies; and for a quarter of a page, 3 copies.

Applications for advertisements should be sent in at once.

Address:

"DOMINION ALMANAC" Ottawa

Ottawa, Oct 31, 1870 1502tf

CANADA PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Application will be made to Parliament, at its next Session, for the Incorporation of a Company to construct a Railway through British North America, connecting with the present Railway system of Canada, and to proceed to the North of Lake Superior, and through the North West Territory to the Lake of the Woods, or Lake Winnipeg Pass of the Rocky Mountains, there to connect with the projected Railway through British Columbia to the Pacific,—with such powers and privileges as may be necessary to carry the same into operation.

ALFRED WADDINGTON.

Ottawa, Oct. 21, 1870 1493 2m

NOTICE

Is hereby given that the Corporation of the City of Ottawa will apply to the Legislature of the Province of Ontario, at its next Session, for an Act to amend the Act Incorporating the Ottawa City Street Passenger Railway Company.

W P LETT,
City Clerk.

Ottawa, Nov 11, 1870 1511 1wk 8w

Insurance.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY of Canada, Head Office, Toronto.

President—The Hon John Hillyard Cameron M P.
Vice President—Lewis Moffatt, Esq.
Other Directors—C J Campbell, Esq, Hon Malcolm Cameron, W T Macdonnell, Esq, A R McMaster, Esq, H S Howland, Esq, Geo Duggan, Esq, A T Fulton, Esq, Angus Morrison, Esq, M P J S Crocker, Esq.
Banker—The Canadian Bank of Commerce.
Agents for Ottawa—Messrs J T & W PENNOCK.

The rates of the PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY are as low as its long experience has shewn to be profitable.

The test of the value of insurance is, however, not when the premiums are being paid, but when losses are being settled, and, from the equity and promptness of its settlements the Provincial Insurance Company is second to none.

Its Inspectors are alway sent to adjust every important loss directly it occurs.

It has no adjusted losses due and unpaid.

It respectfully solicits a share of the patronage of the insuring public of Ottawa.

ARTHUR HARVEY, Manager.

1298tf

UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No. 10½.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.
Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.
B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B.
For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON, Auditor.

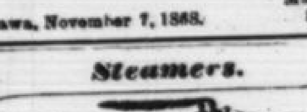
have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN, Manager.

Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

Steamers.



THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COY'S STEAMERS.

MAIL STEAMER

"QUEEN VICTORIA,"

CAPT. BOWIE,

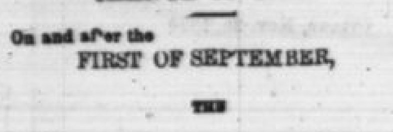
Has commenced her regular trips between Ottawa and Montreal, with Mails and Passengers, leaving Ottawa at 7 a.m. daily.

MARKET STEAMER
FAIRY
CAPT. NICHOLS.

Will commence running her regular trips from Major's Wharf to Ottawa every Monday and Saturday leaving Major's at 5 a m, and Ottawa at 4 p m.

R W SHEPHERD.

Ottawa, April 25, 1870 1341tf



UNION FORWARDING & RAILWAY COMPANY

CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after the FIRST OF SEPTEMBER,

THE

STEAMER "ANN SISSON,"

Will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted) at 7 a. m., for Des Joachims, and intermediate ports. The steamer

"JASON GOULD"

Will leave Pembroke Daily at 3 p. m.

steamer

"SIR JOHN YOUNG"

Will leave Havelock daily at 7 a. m. for Chapeau. Returning will leave Chapeau at 1 o'clock p. m.

R S CASSELS, President.

Ottawa, August 22, 1870 144 tf

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOW

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMERS

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.
Liverpool or Queenstown $100 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.
Liverpool or Queenstown 35 00

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX
First Cabin, Payable in Gold.
Liverpool or Queenstown $100 00
Halifax 20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer 45 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.
Liverpool or Queenstown 30 00
Halifax 15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer 30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's offices,
JOHN G. DALE, Agent, 15 Broadway, New York,
or HERRICK & CROMBIE, Ottawa.

DOMINION TELEGRAPH INSTITUTE,

34 KING STREET EAST,

TORONTO, ONT.

ESTABLISHED IN 1868,

For the purpose of qualifying Operators for the TELEGRAPH AND RAILROAD LINES

Then and now so rapidly building in the Dominion and United States. It is become one of the

Permanent Institutions of the Country.

And has turned out

OVER 100 OPERATORS,

Who now fill important positions with

GOOD SALARIES,

LADIES and GENTLEMEN desiring to learn this light and honourable profession, should do so at once. The average length of time required is three months. Ladies learn more rapidly than gentlemen. Both sexes admitted from 14 years of age and upwards.

For full particulars and terms address

T H CHURCHILL, Toronto, Ontario.

Ottawa, September 22, 1870 411 13

FOR SALE.

A beautiful country residence with Fifteen (15) Acres of Land (or more if necessary) attached; the house and outbuildings being completely surrounded by a grove of lovely shade trees. The whole within 10 minutes drive of the Government Buildings.

Terms of sale, cash, if preferable to purchaser otherwise a small payment down, and the balance a from 1 to 10 years, to suit purchaser.

Apply to the Proprietor,
R A BRADLEY,
Solicitor, Elgin-st., Ottawa.
Nearly opposite the Post Office.

N. B.—Money to lend on Real Estate. Terms easy.

OUT TO-DAY.

THE

Canadian Parliamentary Calendar

AND

Directory for 1870.

To be obtained

1306tf — HOPE & CO., and JONES & HOLLAND

Medical.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

As a family Remedy it is well and favourably known relieving thousands from pain in the

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Has now been before the public for a length of time and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions have been properly followed, but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing the Diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it.

Price only Twenty five Cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN.

Sold in Ottawa by H F McCarthy, J Skinner, John Roberts, J P Featherston, George Mortimer, W M Massey, and all Medicine Dealers.

November 30, 1870 1527y

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!

The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

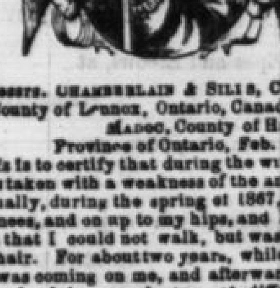
They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton Ont, of Consumption or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hecey, of Napanee, of Rheumatism who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1. 13



To Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:

MADOC, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869.

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless. I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings this ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle

A F WOOD, J P.
Warden county of Hastings Province of Ontario, D of Canada

TRADE-MARK GARDNER MONTREAL

For sale by DRUGGISTS AND GROCERS ... there.

GARDNER'S

QUININE

WINE BITTERS,

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons recovering from illness. For sale in quart bottle; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children—it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardener's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best ask for GARDENER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.

Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

J GARDENER, Chemist,
457 Notre Dame street, Montreal,
Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

DUTCH BULBS!

The Subscriber has just received a full assortment from a celebrated Grower in HOLLAND, both for Spring Gardening and in-door Culture.

THE ASSORTMENT INCLUDES
Hyacinths, many varieties,
Tulips, "
Lilies, "
Narcissus, "
Jonquills, "
Anemones, "
Ranunculus, "
&c., &c.

The Flower Roots above mentioned not coming to hand till late in the season, are offered for sale at low prices.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE,
Druggist,
40 Sparks-st, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Nov. 19, 1870 1517y

Medical.

GABRIEL'S PREPARATIONS

TRADE MARK. MANUFACTURED ONLY BY. MESSRS GABRIEL. Dentists. LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.

FOR THE TEETH.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS

FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH.

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers.

MESSRS. GABRIEL,

The old-established Dentists,

64 Ludgate Hill, London,

And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth. Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache, no matter how far decayed. Price is 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations.

GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth. Price 5s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE, for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; is is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.

See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it Price 5s.

PARTIES AT A DISTANCE REQUIRING ARTIFICIAL TEETH may have them supplied, in partial or complete sets, on Messrs. Gabriel's new system, by sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of One Guinea, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded, with all necessary instructions. Messrs. Gabriel will undertake to Remodel or Repair Artificial Teeth made by other Dentists, (which do not prove satisfactory), at moderate charges.

Messrs. Gabriel's Pamphlet on Artificial Teeth and Painless Dentistry on receipt of postage.

All letters to be addressed to 64 LUDGATE HILL, LONDON. 1323 2awem 1awkom

MADRID 1867 — PRIMERA CLASE. PARIS 1867 — LONDON 1862 — MENTION HONORABLE — GENERAL EXCELLENCE

Alkabasar

ARRIVED AT LAST!

This elegant Turkish TONIC is one of the most salutary and delicate preparations ever submitted for public approval in this hemisphere, and asserts its pretentions to patronage on the following grounds:—

That it is a preparation of one of the most eminent Purveyors to the Ottoman Court.
It prevents acidity of the Stomach.
It relieves lowness of spirits.
It is a mild and invigorating tonic, and a most efficient but innocuous stimulent.
It renders the breath sweet and agreeable.
It stimulates the appetite if taken BEFORE meals.
It promotes digestion if taken AFTER meals.
It neutralizes the propensity for strong liquors.
It renders the intellect bright and clear.
If taken habitually it imparts vitality and energy to all the bodily organs.
By its use a man of 70 will become, as it were, restored to the elasticity of 30; and to persons of delicate constitutions it is strongly recommended.
It is an especial favourite with Oriental ladies.
Secure, then, health, longevity and vital energy by the habitual use of the

ALKABASAR TURKISH TONIC.

Kept in stock by the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion

For directions for use see labels on bottles.

HENRY CHAPMAN & CO.,
EVANS, MERCER & CO.,
Montreal,
Sole Agents for the Dominion

Montreal, July 6. 1415-y

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission from the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion,

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,
Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F GIANELLI.

H. R. FRIPP,

ORGANIST AND TEACHER OF MUSIC.

Residence—Elgin Street, South of Slater Street. Classes for beginners at Mr Gowan's Hall on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 4½ p m.

Ottawa, July 15th, 1870, 1410 tf

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street.

Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

LOST

From the Farm of MRS. STEWART on the bank of the Canal, on the 28th inst., TWENTY-THREE LAMBS, marked with a stroke on the back with ar. Information to be given to WM SLATTERY, Butcher By Ward Market.

August 1445

Commission Merchants.

J. BERMINGHAM,

GENERAL AUCTIONEER.

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his Spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit continuance of the support and patronage liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate, that in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p. m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 25.

Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hands for sale

J BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, March 1870.

H. FOOTE & COMPANY,

IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALERS

—IN—

TEAS AND WINES,

6 HOSPITAL STREET

MONTREAL.

Ottawa August 23, 1870 a1444tf

DOMINICK FOX.

GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,

Clarence Street, next to the City Hotel Ottawa.

Solicits the patronage of the Lumber Merchants generally on the Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging men and attending to their rafts while passing here to the best of his ability.

REFERENCES.
Alex Fraser, Esq. Walter Smith, Esq.
John Poupore, Esq, R W Cruice, Esq.
1324t.

W. H. EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS, FORWARDERS

DEALERS IN

Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c

OTTAWA,

End of Little Sussex-st.

Cash advanced on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases

W. H. EASTON R. M. EASTON

FOR SALE:

MESS AND PRIME MESS PORK.

FLOUR NO. 1 & EXTRA

WHITE BEANS,

At Ottawa, Sand Point and Pembroke.

S CHRISTIE,
No 5 Sparks street.

Ottawa, May 18, 1870

GOVERNMENT HOUSE.

OTTAWA, 26th day of Sept., 1870.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs and under and in virtue of the authority given by the 8th Section of the Act 31 Vic. Cap. 6, intituled "An Act respecting the "Customs." His Excellency has been pleased to make the following Regulation:

Grand Harbour, in the Island of Grand Manan, in the Province of New Brunswick shall be and the same is hereby erected into an Out Port of Customs, and attached to the Port of Campo Bello (Welchpool)

WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Privy Council,
Canada.

Ottawa, Oct. 4, 1870. 1478

GOVERNMENT HOUSE.

OTTAWA, Thursday, 22nd day of Sept, 1870

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs and under and in virtue of the 54th Section of the Act 31st Victoria Cap. 6, intituled "An Act respecting the Customs.

His Excellency has been pleased to Order and it is hereby Ordered, that the Out Port of Port Ryerse attached to the Port of Dover, in the Province of Ontario, be and the same is hereby constituted and appointed to be a Warehousing Port, within the meaning of that Act.

WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Privy Council,
Canada.

Ottawa, Oct. 4, 1870. 1478

Medical.

Ayer's

Hair Vigor,

For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.

A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. *Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color with the gloss and freshness of youth.* Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

HAIR DRESSING,

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,

PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS,

LOWELL, MASS.

PRICE $1.00.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

For Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption.

Probably never before in the whole history of medicine, has anything won so widely and so deeply upon the confidence of mankind, as this excellent remedy for pulmonary complaints. Through a long series of years, and among most of the races of men it has risen higher and higher in their estimation, as it has become better known. Its uniform character and power to cure the various affections of the lungs and throat, have made it known as a reliable protector against them. While adapted to milder forms of disease and to young children, it is at the same time the most effectual remedy that can be given for incipient consumption, and the dangerous affections of the throat and lungs. As a provision against sudden attacks of *Croup*, it should be kept on hand in every family, and indeed as all are sometimes subject to colds and coughs, all should be provided with this antidote for them.

Although settled *Consumption* is thought incurable, still great numbers of cases where the disease seemed settled, have been completely cured, and the patient restored to sound health by the *Cherry Pectoral*. So complete is its mastery over the disorders of the Lungs and Throat, that the most obstinate of them yield to it. When nothing else could reach them, under the *Cherry Pectoral* they subside and disappear.

Singers and Public Speakers find great protection from it.

Asthma is always relieved and often wholly cured by it.

Bronchitis is generally cured by taking the *Cherry Pectoral* in small and frequent doses.

So generally are its virtues known that we need not publish the certificates of them here, or do more than assure the public that its qualities are fully maintained.

Ayer's Ague Cure,

For Fever and Ague, Intermittent Fever, Chill Fever, Remittent Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical or Bilious Fever, &c., and indeed all the affections which arise from malarious, marsh, or miasmatic poisons.

As its name implies, it does *Cure*, and does not fail. Containing neither Arsenic, Quinine, Bismuth, Zinc, nor any other mineral or poisonous substance whatever, it in nowise injures any patient. The number and importance of its cures in the ague districts, are literally beyond account, and we believe without a parallel in the history of Ague medicine. Our pride is gratified by the acknowledgments we receive of the radical cures effected in obstinate cases, and where other remedies had wholly failed.

Unacclimated persons, either resident in, or travelling through miasmatic localities, will be protected by taking the *AGUE CURE* daily.

For *Liver Complaints*, arising from torpidity of the Liver, it is an excellent remedy, stimulating the Liver into healthy activity.

For Bilious Disorders and Liver Complaints, it is an excellent remedy, producing many truly remarkable cures, where other medicines had failed.

Prepared by DR. J. C. AYER & Co., Practical and Analytical Chemists, Lowell, Mass., and sold all round the world.

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

LEA & PERRINS'

CELEBRATED

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

Declared by Connoisseur

TO BE

THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.

CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivalled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,

and to see that their names are upon the wrapper labels, stopper and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c, &c, and by Grocers and Oilmen universally 52v1236 law

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly, (which are published in the "Ontario Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the Session.

CHARLES T GILLMOR,
Clerk of the House.

Toronto March 15, 1870 1309 td 1awk.

NOTICE.

I hereby give notice that I shall not be responsible for any debt contracted in my name after this date without my written order.

CHAS. GOULDEN.

Ottawa, August 9 6m

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.
W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.
REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

PRESERVE YOUR ROOFS.

PATENT PLASTIC SLATE PAINT,

Is the best and cheapest material in use for preserving new, or repairing old

IRON OR TIN ROOFS,

No matter how bad their condition. Also first rate for,

SHINGLE ROOFS,

Making them

FIRE AND WATER PROOF,

Hardens into a coating of SOLID SLATE by exposure.

Price $6 a barrel, mixed ready for use.
A barrel will cover 10 squares (10 x 10).

SHEATHING FELT

For lining Frame Buildings under the clap boards. An effectual protection against cold, damp and vermin. Rats and mice will not come near it.

No FRAME DWELLING should be without
Send for circular, instructions, &c.

BUCHANAN & CO.,
Wholesale Depot for Roofing Materials and Founder's Supplies,
32 Lemoine Street,
Montreal.

Ottawa, September 21, 1870 1468

A. E. GENDREAU,

HAIR DRESSING PARLOUR,
Wellington street,

Opposite the Bank of Montreal.

MR GENDREAU, the proprietor of that so popular Parlour, has the pleasure to announce to his numerous friends and the public in general, that to answer to the great encouragement which he has received up to the present, he has determined to enlarge and thoroughly furnish anew his establishment. He will save no expense to render Parlour the most comfortable, and procure the most experienced hair dressers.

MR GENDREAU having served considerable time in some of the best and most extensive Hair Dressing Saloons in the Dominion and United States, is in a position to conduct the duties of his establishment in a manner that cannot be surpassed.

He will have always on hand the best perfumes imported directly from Paris and London.

MR GENDREAU solicits a visit to convince all of the truth of his statements.

SATCHELL BROS

BUTCHERS TO

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantly on hand

FRESH KILLED

STALL-FED

BEEF AND MUTTON.

ALSO,

THEIR CELEBRATED,

SPICED AND SALT ROUND,

AND

ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES

To be had

THEIR STALLS,

Nos. 5 and 7,

BY-WARD MARKET

No Benzine or Coal Oil used.

THE LANG PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT. A. W. LANG, Sparks Street.

FOR STYLISH SIGNS AND HANDSOME WALL PAINTING GO TO

PEOPLE'S TELEGRAPH COMPANY

Incorporated under Chapter LXVII of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada.

OTTAWA OFFICE—G P DRUMMOND'S Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.

DIRECTORS:

A JOSEPH, Chairman; D C THOMSON, Treasurer; S B FOOTE, A THOMSON, T H DUNN.
DRUMMOND Manager 1141tf

TWO OR THREE GENTLEMAN can be accommodated with

ROOMS, WITH OR WITHOUT BOARD.

Apply at

MR. ROWSELL'S,
Opposite the Union Hotel,
Centre Town.

Ottawa, July 5, 1870 1400 tf

EDGAR DOWARD, Organist, Christ Church, teacher of Organ, Piano and Singing Residence—O'Connor street. Mr. Doward was formerly Chorister Boy and Articled Pupil of Mr W. Done, of Worcester Cathedral, England.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

In the matter of

JOSEPH HENRY CASSELS,

the Village of Kenmore

AN INSOLVENT.

ASSIGNEES SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power vested in me as Assignee of the estate and effects of the above named Insolvent, I shall offer for sale by Public Auction, at the Court House, in the City of Ottawa, at the hour of 12 o'clock, noon on FRIDAY, the TWENTY-FIFTH day of NOVEMBER next, all the estate, right, title, interest and equity of redemption of the said Insolvent, and of myself, as such Assignee as aforesaid, in and to that certain parcel or tract of land and premises situate, lying and being in the Township of Gloucester, in the County of Carleton, containing by admeasurement fifty acres of land be the same more or less, being composed of the west quarter of lot number two, in the third Concession of the said Township, Rideau Front.

Terms and conditions made known at the time of sale, and particulars can be had by applying

CHAS BAILLIE,
Assignee,
401 Notre Dame St.

Dated Montreal, 17th Sept, 1870. 1469 3aw271

GREAT

CENTRAL AIR LINE ROUTE

VIA

GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.

[The Model Road of Canada]

To Sarnia, Detroit, Milwaukee.

CHICAGO,

Cincinnati, St. Louis, New Orleans, and all Points in the West and South.

NORTHERN TRANSPORTATION CO'S
20 First-Class Upper Cabin Steamers.
DAILY LINE BETWEEN
OGDENSBURG & CHICAGO,
Making sure connections with Railway for all Points West and South.

Parties going west can secure Tickets at this office to any Point desired,

VIA

ALL RAIL OR ALL BOAT

Fares always cheaper than by any other Route.

Be sure and procure TICKETS at this office by the

GREAT CENTRAL ROUTE

AND SAVE MONEY, TIME AND DISTANCE.

Comparitive distance of the several Western Routes to Chicago:

American—Ogdensburg or Prescott to Chicago	850	miles
Grand Trunk to Detroit	736	do
Grand Trunk to Toronto, Great Western to Detroit	730	do
Leaving in favor of the Great Central Route	120	do

For TICKETS to any Points in the United States, and all information apply to

J T CORCORAN,
General Western Railway and Steamboat Ticket office, at H Palmer's store, next to Fingland & Draper's, Sussex st. two doors from Rideau st.

IN CHANCERY.

Pursuant to a decree of the Court of Chancery, made in a cause Spain vs. Watt, the Creditors of Martin Spain, late of the Township of Nepean, in the County of Carleton, who died in or about the month of NOVEMBER, 1867, are on or before the 15th NOVEMBER next, to send by post prepaid, to Messrs. Kennedy & Christie, of the City of Ottawa, the Solicitor of the Defendants, Arthur Watt, the Executor of the deceased, their christian and surnames, addresses and descriptions, the full particulars of their claims, a statement of their accounts and the nature of the securities (if any) held by them, or in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said decree.

Every Creditor holding any security is to produce the same before me at my Chambers, at the City of Ottawa, on the 23rd day of November, 1870, at 11 o'clock, in the forenoon, being the time appointed for adjudication on the claims

Dated this 21st day of October, 1870.
(Signed), W. M. MATHESON,
Master at Ottawa

SCOTT & ROSS,
Plaintiff's Solicitors.
Ottawa, Oct 24, 1870 1495 1d

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,

OTTAWA,

10th day of November, 1870.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

Whereas it has been represented to His Excellency, that the public convenience would be promoted if the Out-Ports of St Armand and Rousse's Point, which are situate in closer proximity to the Port of St. John's, than to that of Montreal, with which they are now connected, were detached from the last mentioned Port and placed under the survey of the Port of St. Johns; His Excellency on the recommendation of the Hon. the Minister of Customs, and under and in pursuance of the 8th section of the Act 31st Victoria' Chapter 6, intituled:

"An Act respecting the Customs," has been pleased to Order, and it is hereby Ordered that on, from and after the First day of December next the Out-Ports of St Armand and Rouse's Point shall be and they are hereby respectively detached from the Port of Montreal and placed under the Survey of the Port of St. Johns, in the Province of Quebec.

WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Privy Council,

PRESTON & ROWSELL.

MILITARY TAILORS

—AND—

HABIT MAKERS

NO. 36 SPARKS STREET

PRESTON & ROWSELL.

A SELECT ASSORTMENT

OF

Tweeds,

Broad Cloths,

Doe Skins,

Fancy Coatings,

Vestings, &c.

SHIRTS MADE TO ORDER

Ottawa, July 26, 1870.

PRESTON & ROWSELL.

HIGHER EDUCATION.

HELLMUTH COLLEGE.

Board and Tuition per annum, $22.

HELLMUTH LADIES' COLLEGE

Inaugurated by H. R. H. Prince Arthur. Board and Tuition $236 per annum.

PRESIDENT.—The Very Rev. I. Hellmuth, D.D., Dean of Huron

For Particulars apply to Major Evans, London, Canada West.

August 8, 1870. 1 n3

Sarsaparilla,

FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

The reputation this excellent medicine enjoys, is derived from its cures, many of which are truly marvellous. Inveterate cases of Scrofulous disease, where the system seemed saturated with corruption, have been purified and cured by it. Scrofulous affections and disorders, which were aggravated by the scrofulous contamination until they were painfully afflicting, have been radically cured in such great numbers in almost every section of the country, that the public scarcely need to be informed of its virtues or uses.

Scrofulous poison is one of the most destructive enemies of our race. Often, this unseen and unfelt tenant of the organism undermines the constitution, and invites the attack of enfeebling or fatal diseases, without exciting a suspicion of its presence. Again, it seems to breed infection throughout the body, and then, on some favorable occasion, rapidly develop into one or other of its hideous forms, either on the surface or among the vitals. In the latter, tubercles may be suddenly deposited in the lungs or heart, or tumors formed in the liver, or it shows its presence by eruptions on the skin, or foul ulcerations on some part of the body. Hence the occasional use of a bottle of this *Sarsaparilla* is advisable, even when no active symptoms of disease appear. Persons afflicted with the following complaints generally find immediate relief, and, at length, cure, by the use of this *SARSAPARILLA: St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Sore Ears*, and other eruptions or visible forms of *Scrofulous* disease. Also in the more concealed forms, as *Dyspepsia, Dropsy, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Neuralgia*, and the various *Ulcerous* affections of the muscular and nervous systems.

Syphilis or *Venereal* and *Mercurial Diseases* are cured by it, though a long time is required for subduing these obstinate maladies by any medicine. But long continued use of this medicine will cure the complaint. *Leucorrhœa* or *Whites, Uterine Ulcerations*, and *Female Diseases*, are commonly soon relieved and ultimately cured by its purifying and invigorating effect. Minute Directions for each case are found in our Almanac, supplied gratis. *Rheumatism* and *Gout*, when caused by accumulations of extraneous matters in the blood, yield quickly to it, as also *Liver Complaints, Torpidity, Congestion* or *Inflammation* of the Liver, and *Jaundice*, when arising, as they often do, from the rankling poisons in the blood. This *SARSAPARILLA* is a great restorer for the strength and vigor of the system. Those who are *Languid* and *Listless, Despondent, Sleepless*, and troubled with *Nervous Apprehensions* or *Fears*, or any of the affections symptomatic of *Weakness*, will find immediate relief and convincing evidence of its restorative power upon trial.

PREPARED BY

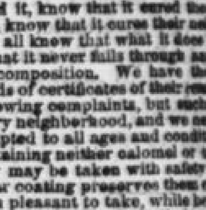
Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,

Practical and Analytical Chemists.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

For all the purposes of a Laxative Medicine.



Perhaps no one medicine is so universally required by everybody as a cathartic, nor was ever any before so universally adopted into use, in every country and among all classes, as this mild but efficient purgative Pill. The obvious reason is, that it is a more reliable and far more effectual remedy than any other. Those who have tried it, know that it cured them; those who have not, know that it cures their neighbors and friends, and all know that what it does once it does always—that it never fails through any fault or neglect of its composition. We have thousands upon thousands of certificates of their remarkable cures of the following complaints, but such cures are known in every neighborhood, and we need not publish them. Adapted to all ages and conditions in all climates; containing neither calomel or any deleterious drug, they may be taken with safety by anybody. Their sugar coating preserves them ever fresh and makes them pleasant to take, while being purely vegetable no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.

They operate by their powerful influence on the internal viscera to purify the blood and stimulate it into healthy action—remove the obstructions of the stomach, bowels, liver, and other organs of the body, restoring their irregular action to health, and by correcting, wherever they exist, such derangements as are the first origin of disease.

Minute directions are given in the wrapper on the box for the following complaints, which these *Pills* rapidly cure:—

For *Dyspepsia* or *Indigestion, Listlessness, Languor* and *Loss of Appetite*, they should be taken moderately to stimulate the stomach and restore its healthy tone and action.

For *Liver Complaint* and its various symptoms, *Bilious Headache, Sick Headache, Jaundice* or *Green Sickness, Bilious Colic* and *Bilious Fevers*, they should be judiciously taken for each case, to correct the diseased action or remove the obstructions which cause it.

For *Dysentery* or *Diarrhœa*, but one mild dose is generally required.

For *Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the Side, Back and Loins*, they should be continuously taken, as required, to change the diseased action of the system. With such change those complaints disappear.

For *Dropsy* and *Dropsical Swellings* they should be taken in large and frequent doses to produce the effect of a drastic purge.

For *Suppression* a large dose should be taken as it produces the desired effect by sympathy.

As a *Dinner Pill*, take one or two *Pills* to promote digestion and relieve the stomach.

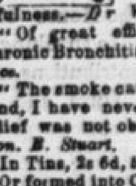
An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and bowels into healthy action, restores the appetite, and invigorates the system. Hence it is often advantageous where no serious derangement exists. One who feels tolerably well, often finds that a dose of these *Pills* makes him feel decidedly better, from their cleansing and renovating effect on the digestive apparatus.

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical Chemists

LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.

Ottawa, August 7, 1870.

FOR ASTHMA and Chronic Bronchitis



DATURA TATULA,

Affords Immediate Relief.

"A remedy of great power and usefulness.—Dr W. Parker.

"Of great efficacy in cases of Asthma and Chronic Bronchitis. —Dublin Journal Medical Science.

"The smoke causes no nausea. When thoroughly inhaled, I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."—General Alexander to Hon. E. Stuart.

In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.
Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, Boxes, 5s, 8s and 15s.
Pastilles for Inhalation, Boxes, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.

AGENTS—Messrs F. Cundill & Co., Montreal

FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION of COD LIVER OIL, the fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive activity, superior to Pepsine.

Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 12s6d. Pancreatine Wine, bottles, 3s, 5s and 10s.

N.B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil.

AGENTS—Messrs. F.

NOTICE.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF ONTARIO.

TORONTO, 29th October, 1870.

Notice is hereby given, that the last day for receiving Petitions for Private Bills will be WEDNESDAY, the TWENTY-EIGHTH day of DECEMBER next.

CHARLES T. GILLMOR, Clerk.

STRAYED,

Into the subscribers premises on the night of the 17th, a KID, with collar and chain attached. The owner can have it by proving property and paying this advertisement,

ROBERT SKEAD

Ottawa, Nov 21, 1870

SEMINARY FOR YOUNG LADIES,

A Branch of the Monklands Villa,

MARIA ESTABLISHMENT, MONTREAL.

The Sisters of the Congregation de Notre Dame respectfully inform the public that they will open their classes on the 1st September.

Besides the Boarding School a Select Day School is attached to the establishment.

For particulars and terms apply to the LADY SUPERIOR

Corner of O'Conner and Wellington Streets.

Ottawa, August 12, 1870 1453tf

THE HOWLEY FARM TO LET.

Lot No 30, 1st Concession of Gloucester R Front, containing 300 acres, 150 acres well cleared and in good state of cultivation, opposite Ottawa, and fifteen miles from Ottawa, with good fences, a fine dwelling house, two story high, barns and outhouses complete, is now to let on reasonable terms, for term of years. Apply for further particulars to CHARLES ROWAN, Ottawa.

Ottawa September 5, 1870 1464tf&w37tf

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, 38 Sparks-st., Centre Town, Ottawa. GEORGE COWAN, Managing Director.

The Times

VOL. V. NO. 1533. OTTAWA, WEDNESDAY DECEMBER 7, 1870. PRICE—3 CENTS

AGENTS WANTED, who can make $5 to $10 a day. Address, T. W. FARRELL, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Nov 21, 1870 1511 1m

Legal.

J. W. H. WARD, Barrister at-law, Advocate, &c. Opposite Russell House, Ottawa, Canada.

WRIGHT & CLEMOW, Barristers and Attorneys at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c, &c, for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec. Office over Durie's Book Store, Sparks street, Ottawa.
W. McKAY WRIGHT. 12w F C CLEMOW.

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.
JOHN LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

KEEFER & KIMBER, Barristers and Attorneys at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, &c., for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec. Office—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.
AUGUSTUS KEEFER. RENE EDWARD KIMBER.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

J. A. MAHA, Architect. Office—Aumond's New Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 190tf

Medical.

DOCTOR HENDERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Surgery—That recently occupied by Dr. Mallock, Duke st, Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1388y

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sappers' Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.
N.B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

GEORGE HUTCHISON, L. D. S.,
SURGEON DENTIST,
Sparks Street
OPPOSITE "TIMES" OFFICE.

MR. HUTCHISON is fully prepared to supply full sets of TEETH, or to insert single Teeth where wanting, on either gold, silver or vulcanite rubber plates, fitting so closely and easily to the mouth as to be capable of all the uses to which natural teeth are applied without the slightest inconvenience to the wearers, and after wearing for a short time in use, without even a consciousness of the presence of a substance originally foreign to the mouth.

Mr. H. with a view to the removal of painful consciousness during the operation of extracting decayed or diseased teeth, has introduced into his practice the use of the Nitrous Oxide or laughing gas, which the sufferer inhales without danger or inconvenience, and loses his tooth as it were in a pleasant dream.

He may be consulted any day, except Sunday, at his office from 9 a. m. to 6 p. m.
Ottawa, September 2, 1870

Hotels and Saloons.

THE METROPOLITAN,
AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa.
32tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

WAVERLY HOUSE,
BARRINGTON-STREET,
HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,
Established 1851.
Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.
1169y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,
Corner James and King-sts.,
Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.
R. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)
A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor,
Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brandies Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
[illegible]

MR. DUIGNAN'S,
SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.
A few more gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen visiting the Capital will find superior accommodation by the day or week at moderate terms.
N B—This house is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Parliament Buildings and the [illegible]. 219tf

THE UNION HOUSE,
W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR,
CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS
OTTAWA.
EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.
The Bar always supplied with the
CHOICEST LIQUORS,
And the table spread with
EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON
Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.

C. T. R. HIGGINS,
Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co, General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufactures and Mining Agent. Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mason Bros Hardware Store.

DANCING AND DEPORTMENT.
Mrs Robert Stewart having made arrangements with an accomplished lady teacher, announces that her Dancing Classes will commence on Wednesday, the 22nd instant.
Further particulars may be obtained on application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street.
Ottawa September 9th, 1869. 1148tf

WANTED.
An experienced First-class Common School Teacher, who is not afraid to compete (so far as his profession is concerned) with any person in either Province, desires an engagement in Ontario, to date from the first of January next. Best of references.
Address, stating salary, &c.,
A D PRATT,
Hull, P. Q.
Hull, 31st Oct, 1870 1502tf

WANTED by a young Lady a situation [illegible] competent to teach French, and is a good [illegible] the day if necessary.
[illegible] 1519 1a

Groceries.

DENIS WHELAN,
39 RIDEAU STREET,
OTTAWA
HAVING OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT
(nearly opposite the Old Stand,)
Offers for sale at VERY LOW PRICES a large and well selected stock, comprising Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy Soaps, Sauces, Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, Candles, Coarse and Fine Salt. Also,
Bordeaux and other Vinegars
MESS PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS,
and the numerous other articles necessary to constitute a complete stock.
TEAS— Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial Young Hyson, quite fresh and cheap.
COFFEE Fresh Coffee ground and roasted daily on the premises.
LIQUORS— Cognac Brandies Renault & Co, Hennessy, Piper's and other brands.
HOLLAND GIN— De Kuyper's and Houtman's, in wood bottle.
WINES— Sherries of all grades, Ports of fine quality, Burgundy, Sauterne and Maderia Wines all prices, in wood and bottle, improved by age.
HIGHWINES, OLD RYE, PROOF AND WHISKEY,
High proof and flavor, at extremely low prices. Thorne's and Stewart's Scotch Whiskey and Old Tom.
Dunville's Irish Whiskey.
Murphy's Old Irish Potteen.
Guinness' and London Porter, pts and qts.
Molson's and other Ales.
Sugars and Syrups, all grades.
Sale of refiners' prices.
THE OLD STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE SELLING AT TWENTY-FIVE PER CENT BELOW COST.
Now is the time for bargains. 1105

1870. 1870.
SPRING IMPORTATIONS.
O'MEARA & CO.
Beg most respectfully to intimate to their friends and customers that they have just received and have ready for inspection
A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT
OF
CLOTHS AND TWEEDS
Suitable for the coming season, comprising
ENGLISH, FRENCH, SCOTCH AND CANADIAN MANUFACTURES
OF THE
NEWEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE DESIGNS.
THE READY-MADE CLOTHING DEPARTMENT
Is also very complete, and will be found of the best materials and most fashionable styles.
Special attention is called to a
LARGE ASSORTMENT OF
SPRING AND SUMMER OVERCOATS
OF THE NEWEST STYLES.
Suspenders, Scarfs, Ties, Collars, Shirts, Gloves, &c., &c. Together with a large and well assorted stock of
DRY GOODS.
Tailoring Department under the supervision of a first class cutter.
Suits made to order in best and latest styles. Good fit ensured or no sale.
A. DUFF O'MEARA & CO

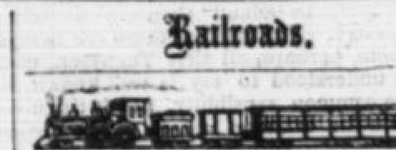
Hardware.

BLYTH & KERR,
No. 25 RIDEAU STREET,
Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c.
All work in any of the above branches executed in a prompt and workmanlike manner.
Special attention given to Roofing and fitting up Galvanized Iron and Tin Gutters, Conductors, &c., &c.
IMPORTERS OF GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.
JUST RECEIVED, ex "Pride of Canada" and "Ocean," a splendid assortment of Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots, Jelly Moulds, Wire Dish Covers, Spice Boxes, Ladies' Dressing Cases, Trays, Enamelled Pie Dishes, Preserving Pans, Deli milk Saucepans, &c., &c.
Constantly on hand, Cooking Stoves, (best makers) Hot Air Furnaces, Water Coolers, Baths, (all kinds) Cutlery, Plated and Britannia Metal Ware,
—ALSO—
FISHING TACKLE, comprising Rods, Lines, Flies, Hooks, Floats, Trolls, Panniers, Landing Nets, Fly Books, &c. &c.
Ottawa, August 10, 1870 1432 1y

DARLEY'S
ARABIAN OIL
FOR HORSES AND CATTLE
A NEVER-FAILING REMEDY.
This valuable preparation combines all the medicinal virtues of those articles which long experience has proved to possess the most safe and efficient properties for the cure of Flesh Wounds, Sprains, Bruises, Galls of all kinds, Cracked Heels, Ring Bone, Spavin, Callous, Fistula, Sweeney, External Poisons, Scratches or Grease, Strains, Lameness, Mange, Witlows, Corns, Sand Cracks, Foundered Feet, Horn Distemper, Swellings, and many other diseases which horses and cattle are subject to.
The celebrated Liniment has been used for many years, and its curative properties thoroughly tested, and it is conceded to be the cheapest and most reliable remedy for all external complaints ever offered to the public—it never fails when timely used and faithfully applied.
To be had of all Druggists and Country Merchants throughout the Dominion. Price 25c. per bottle.
NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont.
Proprietors.
Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W M Massey, H F McCarthy, J Skinner, in Ottawa, all Medicine Dealers.
November 24, 1870 1522tf

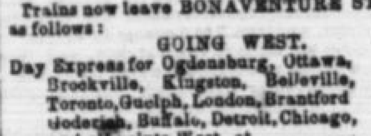
WANTED
By a young girl a situation as SEAMSTRESS, or DRESS-MAKER, in a private family or place of business.
References given if required. Apply at the TIMES OFFICE.
August 1st, 1870 1424-tf

Railroads.



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY
OF
CANADA.
Special attention is directed to this Company's announcement, in regard to the
RUNNING OF TRAINS
FOR THE ENSUING SEASON.
In addition to the Fast Time which it is intended to make between the
EAST AND WEST,
With close connections at all points. The line will be equipped with handsome
NEW FIRST-CLASS CARS,
Unsurpassed on the continent.
TRAINS WILL RUN BETWEEN
Portland and Montreal in 13 Hours.
Montreal and Toronto in 13 Hours.
Stopping only at the most important Stations.
As fast as completed,
PULMAN'S
PALACE SLEEPING CARS
Will be run on the Through Trains and the service will be performed over the entire line in a manner equal to that of any railway on this continent. Special arrangements have been made to accommodate the pleasure travel.
For further particulars see advertisements and time tables.
C J BRYDGES,
Managing Director.
June 3 1870. 1427tf

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY
OF
CANADA
IMPROVED SERVICE OF TRAINS
FOR THE SUMMER OF 1870.
ACCELERATION OF SPEED.
NEW CARS ON ALL EXPRESS TRAINS.
Portland to Montreal in 13 Hours.
Montreal to Toronto in 13 Hours.
On and after JUNE 13th the new arrangements will be put in force, and trains will leave Montreal as follows:
GOING WEST.
Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points west at ... 9 00 a m
NIGHT, do do ... 9 00 p m
Mail Train for Toronto and intermediate Stations ... 7 00 a m
Accommodation Train for Brockville and intermediate stations ... 5 00 p m
Trains for Lachine at 6 00 a m, 7 00 a m, 9 15 am, 12 noon, 1 30 p m, 4 00 p m, 5 30 p m, and 6 30 p m. The 1 30 p m Train runs through to Province Line.
GOING SOUTH AND EAST.
Accommodation Train for Island Pond and intermediate stations at ... 7 10 a m
Express for Boston, via Vermont Central, at ... 9 00 a m
Express for New York and Boston, via Vermont Central, at ... 3 45 p m
Express for New York and Boston, via Plattsburg, Lake Champlain, Burlington and Rutland, at ... 6 00 a m
Do do do do ... 4 00 p m
Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham, Portland and Lower Provinces at ... 1 30 p
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, and the Lower Provinces, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St Hilaire, St Hyacinthe, Upton, Acton, Richmond, Brompton Falls, Sherbrooke, Lennoxville, Compton, Coaticooke and Norton Mills only at 10 10 p m
Sleeping Cars on all night trains. Baggage checked through.
The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotta" leave Portland for Halifax, N S, every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, respectively, at 4 00 p m. They have excellent accommodations for passengers and Freight.
The International Company's Steamers running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every Monday and Thursday at 6 00 p m for St John, N B. &c.
Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.
For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way station apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station, or at No 39, Great St James Street.
C J BRYDGES,
Managing Director.
June 3, 1870 1425tf



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.
1870.] SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS. [1870
Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:
GOING WEST.
Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at ... [illegible] a m
Night do do do do do ... [illegible] p m
Accommodation Train for Cornwall and Intermediate Stations at ... [illegible]00 p m
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at ... 7:30 am
Trains for Lachine at ... 6:00 a m, 7:00 a m, 9 15 a m, 12 noon, 1:30 p m, 4:00 p m and 5:30 p m.
The 1:30 p m train runs through to Province Line.
GOING SOUTH AND EAST.
Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at ... 7:00 a m
Express for Boston at ... 8:40 a m
Express for New York and Boston via Vermont Central at ... 3:45 p m
Express for New York and Boston via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at ... 6.00 a m
Express for Island Pond, at ... 2:00 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at ... 10:10 p m
Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.
The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotta" leaves Portland every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, for Halifax, N.S., respectively at 4 p m.
They has excellent accommodation for passenger and freight.
The International Company's steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway leave Portland every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 6 p m, for St. John, N.B., &c.
Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.
For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Offices, Bonaventure Station, and 39 Great St James Street.
C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director
Montreal, May, 1870.
OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.
A & A H TAYLOR, Agents

ELECTRICITY IS LIFE
PULVERMACHER'S PATENT
GALVANIC CHAIN-BANDS
BELTS, AND POCKET BATTERIES
These highly improved inventions render Electricity perfectly self-applicable, and extremely efficacious in a mild continuous form no shock or unpleasant sensation being experienced, whereby it becomes a true fountain of health and vigour, speedily soothing agonizing pains, re-animating torpid limbs reviving the sluggish functions of life, and imparting renewed energy and vitality to constitutions enfeebled by whatever cause. Medicines and their deleterious consequences are thus entirely dispensed with. The daily increasing number of cures effected by PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC SYSTEM is so extensive and varied, that it forcibly points to this invention as the embryo of a universal remedy.
N. B.—The following testimony from the elite of the English medical faculty has been received:
"We, the undersigned, have much pleasure in testifying that Mr. J. L. PULVERMACHER's recent improvements in his Voltaic Batteries and Galvanic Appliances for Medical Purposes are of great importance to Scientific Medicine, and that he is entitled to the consideration and support of every one disposed to further the advancement of real and useful progress.
"Dated the 9th day of March, 1866.
"SIR CHARLES LOCOCK, Bart., M. D., F R C P
"SIR HENRY HOLLAND, Bart., M D., F. R. S.
"SIR WM. FERGUSSON, Bart., F. R. S.
"EDWD H. SIEVEKING, M. D., M R C S
"SIR J. RANALD MARTIN, F R C S"
PULVERMACHER'S SYSTEM is also approved of by an official report of the Academie de Medicine, Paris, Royal College of Physicians, London, and the Imperial Faculty of Vienna, and its curative virtues are confirmed by thousands of private testimonials of cures effected. (See pamphlet gratis).
These facts appeal to the good sense of every sufferer to avail himself of this scientific and curative progress, to which the inventor has devoted a life-time of study and labour, as an ardent deciple of that great benefactor of mankind, the late illustrious electrician MICHAEL FARADY.
PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC CHAINS are exceedingly effective without the aid of medicine, restriction of diet, or the least derangement of the patient's habits and daily occupations, in the following maladies:

Rheumatism	Female Complaints
Gout	Constipation
Sciatica	Cramp
Lumbago	Sluggish Circulation
Neuralgia	Urinary Disorders
Head and Toothache	Paralysis
Liver Complaints	Epilepsy
Tic Doloreux	Nervous Debility
Indigestion	Functional Disorders
Deafness	&c., &c.
Spasms	

The effects of the application of Pulvermacher's Chains in any of the above disorders is immediately perceptible—the relief of pain instantaneous.
PRICE LIST OF PULVERMACHER'S CHAIN BANDS AND BATTERIES.
B CHAIN BANDS for Nervous Deafness, Head, Tooth, and Face Ache, and Noises in the Head, 21s. to 30s
B. CHAIN BANDS for loss of Voice and other affections of the Throat, 10s. 6d. to 21s.
N. CHAIN BANDS for Sciatica, Rheumatic, Neuralgia, and Gouty Pains, Local Paralysis, Cramp, &c., 18s. to 22s. and 40s
B CHAIN BANDS for Lumbago, Indigestion, Liver, Chest, and Functional Disorders, &c. (worn as a belt), 22s to 40s and 55s.
B CHAIN BANDS for Writer's Cramp, Trembling, Nervousness, &c, 22s to 30s and 40s
B COMBINED CHAIN BAND for Cental Paralysis, Epilepsy, General Debility Functional Disorders, &c, 30s to 50s.
A complete Set of COMBINED CHAIN BANDS, BELTS, and CHAIN BATTERY for restoring vital energy, £5 to £7.
The public are most earnestly cautioned to beware of Pseudo Electric Belts advertised by sham Doctors, &c., for improper purposes, and so severely stigmatized by Vice Chancellor Malins in the suit Pulvermacher vs Hammond, alias Henry James, alias C. T. Raphey, M. R. C. S, alias Henry Burrows, &c, &c.
No Galvanic Belts are genuine but those bearing the fac simile of M. Pulvermacher's signature on the label.
A pamphlet containing full particulars may be had at the Drug Store of A. Christie, Sparks Street.
J. L. PULVERMACHER,
Galvanic Establishment,
200 Regent Street, London, W.
Ottawa, September 6, 1870 1455 1awk y

SCYTHES!
SCYTHES!! SCYTHES!!!
AND OTHER
HARVESTING IMPLEMENTS.
At the sign of the ANVIL, No. 24 Rideau Street, you can find a complete assortment of,
Grass and other Scythes.
Blood all [illegible] Steel, all lengths.
Blood Cast steel, "
Blood German Steel, "
Pride of the Field Silver Steel.
Bonnie Blue Bell, "
Red River or Champion "
Flint's Celebrated Scyth,
Whittings Eureka Sayth ground, ready for use.
Hay Rakes, straight and bent.
Hay Forks, two and three prongs.
Straw Forks, three prongs.
Scythe Snathes.
Grain Cradles, Muley and Grape Vine.
Scythe-stones and Grindstones of all sorts and sizes.
—ALSO,—
A complete assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, Paints, Oil, Glass, Putty, Coal Oil, &c., &c.
THOS. BIRKETT.
No. 24, Rideau Street.

TO FARMERS
Who have suffered by fire we make a reduction in the price of Stoves,
Elevated Oven Cook Stoves.
Low Oven Cook Stoves.
Double Stoves.
Parlour Stoves.
Box Stoves all sizes.
Hotel Cook Stoves.
Dumb Stoves.
Hot Air Furnaces.
Stove Pipes.
Elbows.
Zinc.
Our WINTER STOCK, just received at the
"CAPITAL STOVE DEPOT."
35 Sussex Street,
H MEADOWS & CO.
Ottawa, September 9, 1870.

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.
Arrival Departure of Mails.
1870. FALL ARRANGEMENT. 1870.

Close A.M.	Close A.M.	Close P.M.	MAILS	Delivered A.M.	Delivered A.M.	Delivered P.M.
11.15	...	9.30	Eastern, by Train; Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	9.00	...	4.00
6.00	...	...	Montreal, by Steamer	...	...	...
11.15	...	...	Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B., by St. L. & O. Railway	9.00	...	4.00
8.30	...	8.30	Western, by Train; Toronto, Hamilton, London, Kingston, Western, U.S., and all places west of Prescott	9.00	...	7.15
8.30	...	8.30	Fort Garry and other places in the Province of Manitoba to be despatched in closed mail from Windsor, Ontario, daily, via St. Pauls, Minnesota. Ordinary Dominion rates of postage	9.00	...	7.15
1.35	...	8.30	United States, by St. L. & O. Railway; Ogdensburgh, New York, Boston, &c.	9.00	...	4.00
6.00	...	...	Lower Ottawa, by Steamer; Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville, &c.	...	...	6.30
5.00	...	...	Upper Ottawa, by Steamer; Onslow, Arnprior, Sand Point, Renfrew, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c.	...	...	6.00
...	...	12.15	Upper Ottawa, by Stage; [illegible]enham, March, Huntley, Carp, &c.	8.00	...	...
5.00	11.00	4.00	Aylmer, by Stage; Hull, Clarendon, Bristol, &c.	8.00	11.00	...
7.30	11.15	...	Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Burritt's Rapids by St. L. & O. Railway	9.00	...	4.00
11.15	...	...	North Gower, Kars, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	9.00	...	...
8.30	...	...	Osgoode, Russell, and Line of St. L. & O. Railway	9.00	...	...
8.30	...	4.30	For Brockville, Perth, Smith's Falls, Appleton and Carleton Place, per Canada Central Railway	8.00	...	1.30
8.30	...	...	For Sand Point and places on the Brockville and Ottawa Railway, North of Carleton Place Junction, and places on C. C. Railway	...	...	1.30
6.00	...	...	Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate offices daily; Aylwin, Kazabazua, Low, River Desert, Six Portages, Wright, close Tuesdays and Fridays; arrive Tuesdays and Fridays	...	...	5.00
...	...	12.30	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays	...	11.30	...

Matter posted up to 9.3 p.m. will be forwarded East and West in supplementary package the same night.
The Western Mail arriving at 7 p. m. will be delivered the same evening.
BRITISH MAILS.
Per Cunard Line, close every Tuesday at 10.45 a. m.
Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 10.30 a. m.
A supplementary bag for Canadian steamer will be closed at 11.30, in which all paid unregistered matter will be sent.
MONEY ORDERS
On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.
OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.
POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.
Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on special deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required.
G. P. BAKER,
Postmaster.
POST OFFICE,
Ottawa, 21st Nov., 1870.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the fac-simile of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment Cures Croup or Rattles.—DR. BIGONAH, of Utica, New York, says: "I have used Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment in my practice a number of years, and can say with pleasure I deem it one of the greatest discoveries of the age; for the cure of Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammatory Rheumatism, and in Childbed Fever, it operates with perfect success, in cases of Burns, Bruises, Frost Limbs, it acts like a charm.
DR. J. P. KENNEDY, of Chittenango, New York, says: "It has stood the test trial, and has not been found wanting. Its astonishing cures of Inflammation of the Lungs and Croup and the wonderful success in subsiding the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of remedies for these complaints."
DR. A. W. BELDING, of Knowlesville, New York, says: "I have used it in several cases of Special Irritation and for the worst cases of Piles, and sundry other complaints, and find it a superior article, and well worthy the notice of all."
Purchasers should be sure and ask for Dr. R. Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and see that the words "A. TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT" are on the wrapper.
Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for the Canadas. Sold in Ottawa by all Druggists and by medicine dealers everywhere.

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE,
—BY—
P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.
Wholesale and Retail dealers and Commission Merchants, No. 36 Rideau-St., and Duke St., Chaudiere,
Desire to draw the attention of the Public to their well assorted Stock of Groceries, Wines Liquors, and Provisions, all of which will be sold at prices not to be rivalled either here or elsewhere.
Having the advantage of buying our Goods at the lowest prices, and direct from the importing Vessels, enables us to sell in future as we have done heretofore, which we hope has given satisfaction to those who have favored us with a call. Rye, Proof and High Wines of the best always on hand. Also, Gin, Brandies and Wines directly imported. Those who have not already tried our Goods are respectively invited to call. Remember our motto. "Quick Sales and Light Profits." Salt and Fish constantly on hand
P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.
August 7, 1870. 1428 1y

SITUATION WANTED
AS FARMER
A Married Man, who understands farming in all its departments; has had long experience in Canada.
Address R.—E., FARMER, Hull, P.Q.

Railroads.

THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.
NOTICE.
ALTERATION OF TIME.
On and from MONDAY next, the 21st inst., three trains will run daily on this Railway as follows.
Going South Ottawa to Prescott.
MAIL will leave Ottawa at 9 30 a m, connecting at Prescott, with the Grand Trunk Express, for the West, and with the Ogdensburg Railway, for Boston, New York, &c.
MAIL will leave Ottawa at 12 00 noon, connecting with the Grand Trunk Express, for Montreal,
EXPRESS will leave Ottawa at 10 30 p m, connecting with the Grand Trunk Expresses, East and West.
Going North Prescott to Ottawa.
MAIL will leave Prescott Junction at 6 a m, connecting with the G T Expresses East and West, and arriving in Ottawa at 8.30 a m.
MAIL will leave Prescott Junction at 1 25 p m, connecting with the G. T. Express leaving Montreal at 8 a m, and arriving in Ottawa at 3 45 p m
EXPRESS will leave Prescott Junction at 4 30 p m, connecting with G T. Expresses, East and West, and arriving in Ottawa at 7 p m
10 minutes allowed at Prescott Junction refreshments.
Tickets may be obtained on application to any of the Company's Agents, or at any of the Principal Stations of the Grand Trunk Railway.
All trains on this Line are run on Montreal time.
R LUTTRELL, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director
Ottawa, November 19, 1870.

CANADA CENTRAL AND BROCKVILLE AND OTTAWA RAILWAYS.
ALTERATION OF TRAINS,
Commencing DECEMBER 5, 1870.
SLEEPING CARS between TORONTO and Ottawa, going through in 13 HOURS.
On and after MONDAY, Dec, 5, TRAINS will run as follows:
Leave Brockville
EXPRESS, at 4 45 a m, connecting with Grand Trunk Express from the West, and arriving at Ottawa, at 8.50 a m.
MAIL TRAIN, at 7 30 a m, arriving at Ottawa at 1.50 p m.
EXPRESS, at 3.30 p m, connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express from the West, and arriving at Ottawa at 7.16 p m.
Leave Ottawa.
EXPRESS, at 9 40 a m, arriving at Brockville at 1.4[illegible] p m, and connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express going West.
MAIL TRAIN, at 3 45 p m, arriving at Brockville 9 15 p m
EXPRESS, at 10.30 p m, arriving at Brockville at 2.15 a m, and connecting with Grand Trunk Night Express going West.
Arrive at Sand Point 1 35 and 7. 0 p m.
Trains on Canada Central and Perth Branch make certain connections with all trains on B. & O. Railway
A sleeping Car will leave Toronto on Monday, Wednesday and Friday nights, by the Grand Trunk 7 30 p m train, and go through to Ottawa arriving at 8.30 a m.
Returning, it will leave Ottawa on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday nights, at 10 30 p m, and go through to Toronto by G. T. Train, arriving at Toronto at 11.30 a m.
Freight forwarded with despatch, as the C. C. and B & O. Railways are the same guage as the Grand Trunk. Car loads go through in Grand Trunk Cars to all points, without transhipment.
Certain connections made with Grand Trunk Trains.
H ABBOTT,
Manager.
Brockville, Ont., Dec 1, 1870 1530[illegible]

IMPORTANT SALE
—OF—
REAL ESTATE,
Mill Property, Farms, Timber Lands, Timber Licenses, &c.
INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.
In the matter of
THOMAS D. LEWIS,
Of Templeton, County of Ottawa, Quebec,
INSOLVENT,
The subscriber will offer for sale by Public Auction, at the Court House, Town of Aylmer, on THURSDAY the fifteenth of December, at twelve o'clock Noon.
The Valuable Real Estate Timber Lands, Saw Mill, known as Eagle Mills, Templeton; Carpenter's and Blacksmiths' Shop, Dwelling Houses, Barns, Stables, &c., erected on the following properities to wit:
In the Township of Templeton, in the County Of Ottawa Quebec:
Fifth Range—West half Lot 15, 100 Acres.
Seventh Range—North half Lots 1, 2, 3. 285 Acres.
Lots 7, 100 Acres.
Eigth Range—Part lot 3, 124 acres.
Part lot 4, 200 acres.
South half lot 5, 100 acres.
Do lot 7, 100 acres.
Do lot 8, 100 acres.
West half lot 12, 100 acres. On this is a valuable farm.
North half lot 17, 100 acres.
Do lot 18, 100 acres.
Ninth Range—North half lot 5, 100 acres.
Lot 13, 200 acres. On this lot is erected a Saw Mill, known as the "Eagle Mills," Carpenter's Shop, Blacksmith's Shop, Cook House, four other Houses, three Barns, and other buildings thereon erected.
South half lot 14, 100 acres, with buildings thereon erected.
South half lot 18, 100 acres.
Tenth Range—West half lot 5, 100 acres.
East half lot 5, 100 acres.
West half lot 6, 100 acres.
Lot 9, 100 acres.
Lot 13, 200 acres, with Dwelling House and Barn.
North half lot 17, 100 acres.
North half lot 18, 100 acres.
North half lot 19, 100 acres.
Eleventh Range—Lot 6, 200 acres. This is valuable timber Land.
Twelfth Range—Part lot 14, 25 acres, commonly called McGregor's Farm.
Thirteenth Range—Part lot 13, 40 acres, with buildings thereon erected.
Also Insolvents interest on lot 15, in the 15th concession of Templeton, Quebec.
—ALSO—
THE UNDERMENTIONED LICENSES COMMONLY CALLED TIMBER LIMITS, will be sold at the same time belonging to same Estate:—
First License—Number Eight (8) for 1870 and 1871, to Cut Timber on the following limits:
PORTLAND, QUEBEC—Area 17¼ square miles—To commence at the rear line of the township of Templeton, running on said rear line 6¾ miles on the course due north, and in-breadth not more than half way to the height of land between the Blanche and Lievre Rivers. The western boundary of this limit is the township of Wakefield. The upper boundary of this limit has only 2½ miles.
Secondly—License number eighty-eight (88) for 1870 and 1871, to cut Timber on the following limits, viz., Wakefield, Quebec.
Area 7½ square miles—Lots number 16, 17, 19, 20 and 21 in the eighth (8) Range; and 17, 18, 19, 21, 26 in the ninth (9) Range; 17 to 2[illegible] inclusive, E. ½ 22, N. ½ 25, 24, S. ½ 27, in the tenth Range; and 17, 18, 19, 20, and 21, S. ½ 22, E. ½ 23, S. ½ 24, 25, 26 in the eleventh Range of the township of Wakefield.
Also, the Insolvents interest in the Graphite Company of Canada, 200 shares
Farming and Milling Implements, including a valuable Gumming Machine, Lathe Machine, Dies, Slab Cutters, &c., &c., &c.
For further particulars, apply to
WILLIAM LINDSAY,
Assignee,
2, Merchants Exchange Montreal.
November 24, 1870 1522tf

Antidote for Intemperance.

HOW A WIFE CURED HER HUSBAND.

What follows may strike the readers as an absurdity and the coinage of a prolific brain, but the facts can be substantiated as being true in every particular, notwithstanding the story smatters of the preposterous. For good reasons no names are mentioned in connection with the affair. Several months since, a gentleman who had been in the habit of returning to his home at night in an intoxicated condition, suddenly ceased drinking, nor could the strongest invitations of his friends induce him to take another drop. He refused to explain why he had abandoned the cup and it was but a few days since that he related why he ceased tippling. He said he was possessed of a dear and good wife, and that on one occasion, after he had returned home in a drunken condition, his wife tied him in a blanket and administered to him a sound whipping, the instrument of castigation being a stout stick. By this means the wife supposed to effect a cure, but the medicine proved ineffectual, and the intoxication continued. Finally she hit upon an ingenious plan for reclaiming her husband, and one day while he was sober she warned him that he stood in great danger of incurring the displeasure of Heaven for his sins, and that sooner or later, a dire affliction would overtake him.

The advice was thrown aside, and one night the wife prepared a cup of glue and two small strips of linen, and when her besotted husband came home and retired to bed she skilfully glued his eyes over with the sticky substance, and patiently awaited daylight for the denouement That time came, and great was the consternation of the husband when he ascertained that he could not open his eyes Now was the time for wife to finish her scheme. She professed the greatest sorrow for her husband, reminded "Hubby" of what she had previously said concerning the wrath of Heaven and expressed her firm belief that her husband had been struck blind. The husband groaned in spirit and called upon his wife for help. She suggested prayer, and at last the agonized man fell upon his knees and supplicated the Throne of Mercy for relief.

While thus engaged the wife applied warm water to the glued eyes, and finally the linen was removed and the sight restored to the now overjoyed and truly repentant husband. He fully believed that he had been struck blind; that his prayer had been heard, and that the events of the night had been a warning for him to abandon the fatal cup. He kept his promise, and it was but a few days since that his wife revealed to him the cause of his blindness. The joke was too good to keep, and it was told on Monday night at a temperance meeting by her husband.

General News.

Street cars, moved by compressed air, are running in Chicago.

Ivan Tourguenief, the great Russian novelist, is in England, for a six weeks stay.

A town in New Hampshire rejoices in an apple-tree which this year bore forty-six bushels of apples.

At Bluffton, Ind., it takes seven minutes to issue a license and marry a couple, and only five minutes to divorce them.

In Texas a husband offers $1,200 reward and no questions asked, if the man who took away his wife will return her.

A prisoner in New Hampshire pleaded guilty of theft, and declared his desire to go to the State Prison for the purpose of learning a trade.

The *Deaf Mute Pelican* is the title of a small newspaper recently started by the inmates of the Louisiana Institute for the deaf, dumb and blind, at Baton Rouge.

Mormon preachers in England declare that France is suffering the penalty sent from Heaven for not embracing the Mormon religion, and that other nations will be published in turn.

A dissolute individual at Kokoma, Ind sold his wife for $10 some time since, and drank the proceeds. Now that he has been restored to his senses and a proper realization of his lonliness, he proposes to test the validity of the transfer before a legal tribunal.

Otto Goldshmidt, Jenny Lind's husband having squandered his wife's fortune, the nightingale is now so reduced as to be compelled to teach music for a living. The ill matched pair have separated by mutual consent, and the spendthrift must now shift for himself.

The land in London is worth $3 000,000 an acre. It is perhaps of such soil that Mr. Roosevelt proclaims Five Acres More Than enough.

Mrs. Luella Gross has died in Maine from the excessive use of tobacco for 107 years; and to show the insidious nature of the poison, it is stated that she apparently enjoyed perfect health all the while her constitution was being undermined.

LITERARY.

Tom Hood's daughter now Mrs. Brodnip, has in press a story entitled, "The Whispers of a Shell; or, Stories of the Sea."

"My Wife and I; or Harry Henderson's History," is the title of a new novel by Mrs. Stowe, to be published in the *Christian Union*.

Fanny Fern is in Boston with her husband, James Parton.

J. B. Lippincott & Co., have paid a large sum for the advance sheet of Sir Henry Bulwer's "Life of Lord Palmerston," and already have an American edition, in two duodecimo volumes, nearly ready for publication.

"The Shadow of Moloch Mountain" is the title of a new story by Mrs. Jane G Austin, the authoress of "Cipher," which was so popular as a serial in the Galaxy.

A Posthumus work on Italy, by Mrs. Anna Cora (Mowatt) Riuchie, entitled "Italian Life and Legends," with many illustrations from Italian scenery, will be published next week by Carleton.

Two members of the Rothschild family are bringing out in England, "The History and Literature of the Israelites according to the Old Testament and the Apocrypha."

War Preparations in London—Exciting Scenes at Whitehall.

London (Nov. 16) Correspondence Dublin Times.

The present alarming state of our relations with foreign powers is exciting great commotion in naval and military circles here and particularly in the government departments. The scenes at Whitehall remind one of what took place before the Crimean war. Frequent telegraphic communication takes place between the officials and the admiralty and the heads of the fleet, and there is the utmost activity at the Horse Guards and Pall Mall. A letter has been addressed by the government to officers on the retired and half-pay lists asking them if their services can be reckoned upon in case it is found necessary so call out the army reserve. Those officers who are on leave have been notified to hold themselves in readiness to return to their posts at two days' notice.

An Immense Stock of Ribbons, just marked off
For Novelties in Laces, Millinery and General Fancy Goods.
T. HUNTON SHOOLBRED & CO.

DOMINION NEWS.

St. Andrew's Day has been celebrated very generally in Canada this year.

St. Catharines is vastly excited on the question of choosing a Mayor. Mr. Lawrie and Mr. Taylor are the candidates. Neither of them has been accused of murder yet, but the contest is promising.

The body of Mr. Howland, who was lost on Lake Simcoe, on the 21st October, was found on Friday near Ferguson's Point. The body of Mr. Kirk, late station agent of the Northern Railway, who was Mr. Howland's unfortunate companion, has not been found yet.

The amount of the bonusses already voted—with those voted upon, but not yet finally passed—to the Canada Central Railway now runs up to almost $400,000—contributed as follows:—Elgin, $200,000; Kent, $80,000; St. Thomas, 25,000; Amherstburg, $15,000; Anderdon, $15,000; Townsend, $30,000; Dereham, $15,000; Norwich, $15,000.

An extraordinary yield of grain is recorded by the Napanee *Standard*. Mr. Matthews, of Richmond, last spring purchased nine pounds of Norway oats which he sowed on an acre of ground. A few days ago he thrashed out the grain, and found he had as return the extraordinary yield of twenty-seven bushels of fine oats, that would overrun considerably in weight.

BRYAN'S WAFERS, (The great public remedy.) have now been in use over twenty years, hence it cannot be said that they are on trial. They have been thoroughly tried, and pronounced (on the authority of those whose lives and health they have preserved) to be a cure, harmless and eminently salutary preparation, and if taken in season will invariably cure colds, coughs, sore throat, and all Bronchial affections. One fair trial will convince the most skeptical. Sold by all Medicine Dealers, at 25cts per box.

BREAKFAST.—EPPS'S COCOA—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.—The very agreeable character of this preparation has rendered it a general favorite. The *Civil Service Gazette* remarks:—"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills." Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in tin lined packets, labelled—JAMES EPPS & Co., Homœopathic Chemists, London.

THE ŒCUMENICAL COUNCIL, lately called at Rome is an instance of the solicitude of the Catholic Church for the welfare and prosperity of her Communicants. Large assemblies of this nature containing representatives from all parts of the world, should be of some benefit to our race. We hope this opinion will be as harmonious and unanimous as the verdict in favor of the great Shoshonees Remedy, for diseases of the lungs, blood, stomach, liver, &c. For by all druggists

THE FLORENCE NIGHTINGALE OF THE NURSERY —The following is an extract from a letter written by the Rev. C. Z. Weizer, to the "German Reformed Messenger, at Chambersburg, Penn.:
A BENEFACTRESS.
Just open the door for her, and Mrs. WINSLOW will prove the American Florence Nightingale of the Nursery. Of this we are sure, that we will teach our "Susy" to say, "A BLESSING ON MRS. WINSLOW," for helping her to survive and escape the griping, colicking and teething siege. We confirm every word set forth in the PROSPECTUS. It performs precisely what it professes to perform, every part of it—nothing less. Away with your "Cordial," "Paregoric," "Drops," Laudanum," and every other "narcotic," by which the babe is drugged into stupidity, and rendered dull and idiotic for life.
We have never seen Mrs. Winslow—know her only through the preparation of her "Soothing Syrup for Children Teething." If we had the power, we would make her, as she is, a physical saviour to the Infant Race. 25 cents per bottle sold by all druggists.
Be sure and call for
"MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP."
Having the fac-simile of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

A "COUGH," "COLD," OR IRRITATED THROAT, if allowed to progress, results in serious pulmonary and Bronchial affections, oftentimes incurable.
BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES
reach DIRECTLY the affected parts, and give almost instant relief. In BRONCHITIS, ASTHMA, and CATARRH they are beneficial. Obtain only the genuine BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES which have proved their efficacy by test of many years. Among testimonials attesting their efficacy are letters from—
E. H. Chapin, D. D; New York,
Henry Ward Beecher, Brooklyn, N. Y.,
N. P. Willis, New York,
Hon. C. A. Phelps, Pres, Mass. Senate,
Dr. G. F. Bigelow, Boston,
Prof. Edwd. North, Clinton, N. Y.,
Surgeons in the Army, and others of eminence
Sold everywhere at 25 cents per box.
"TROCHES," so called, sold by the ounce, are a poor imitation and nothing like BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES, which are sold only in boxes with a fac-simile of the proprietors,
JOHN I. BROWN & SON,
This care in putting up the Troches in important as a security to the purchaser in order to be sure of obtaining the genuine Brown's Bronchial Troches.

Ladies and Children's Fancy Woolen Goods in endless Variety. Clouds from 37½c. to 2.50 at
T. HUNTON. SHOOLBRED & CO.

To hand, our Autumn Shade in "Josephine, best Kid Gloves," also "Jouvines" (gold medal) new colours at 75ct. per pair.
T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & Co

All the New Materials in Dress Goods French Merinos, both Plain and Fancy Very cheap.
HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO

Carpets and House Furnishings made a speciality, at Garland, Mutchmor & Co's. A large stock and new styles, at reduced prices.
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

All Wool Tartans in all the leading clans. A large lot ex last steamer, at
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

OTTAWA AND GLOUCESTER
ROAD COMPANY.
Notice is hereby given that the Annual General Meeting of the Stockholders of the Ottawa and Gloucester ROAD COMPANY, will be held at the Office of FRANCIS CLEMOW, Esq., in this City, on MONDAY, the 12th day of DECEMBER inst., at the Hour of TEN o'clock, a. m., for the Election of DIRECTORS for the ensuing year and for the purpose of receiving the Annual Report of the Secretary and Treasurer for the current year.
By order
W. H. FALLS,
Sec.-Treasurer.
Dated this 3rd day of December, 1870. 1532 1w

WANTED,
For the ROMAN CATHOLIC Separate Schools of this City, two Male English Teachers, holding 1st Class Certificates.
Application to be made to the undersigned, on or before the 15th inst.
WM FINLEY,
Chairman Board of R. C S. S. Trustees.
Ottawa, Dec 6, 1870 153[illegible]

DR. DICKINSON,
Residence and Surgery, Kent Street, Ottawa

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Election Notice—William Mosgrove.
A Small Pocket Book Lost.
Requisition to Amos Rowe.
Notice—Wm. F. Powell.

The Ottawa Times.
Office 38, Sparks Street

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 7, 1870.

☞ *For interesting reading matter see First Page.*

Hon. John Young, of Montreal, is in town.

Mr. Daley, Census Commissioner, left last night for Toronto.

Sir G. E. Cartier and Hon. Mr. Dunkin intend leaving town to-day for Quebec.

Mr. Cassels is well versed in municipal affairs. He was for many years Mayor of the county of Quebec. Should there be another vacancy in Victoria Ward, Mr. Baldwin, of the Chaudiere, would be a good man, and we think that those gentlemen who contribute so large an amount towards the city treasury ought to have a voice as to the spending of the money.

The contract let to Mr. John Browne for the dredging of the mouth of the river Thames, has been reported on by Mr. Ross, the Government Engineer, as completed. This work has been under consideration for a long time by the Board of Works Department; but through the energy and perseverance of Mr. Rufus Stephenson, M. P. for Kent, this has been pushed through and completed, whatever may be said to the contrary notwithstanding.

The New England *Regulator*, a spirited journal published at Portland, Me., makes the following graphic comment on our recent election.

"Nova Scotia.—The Anti-Confederate and Annexation adventurers of Nova Scotia were brought to grief on the 18th inst. It seems that they proposed to play what will doubtless be their last political game with the loyal people of that Province. The electors of the metropolitan county were chosen referees. Decision—'Played out.'"

THE FISHERY QUESTION.

We regret to find that in his annual message, President Grant has dealt with the question of the Canadian fisheries after the manner of a narrow minded politician, rather than like a well informed statesman of broad and comprehensive ideas. The opinions which he expresses on the subject are based upon mistaken hypotheses and false premises. They may, and no doubt will, find favor with very many of his countrymen, but will not command the respect of thinking or fair minded men anywhere.

President Grant complains that Canada has pursued a very unfriendly course towards the Americans; first, in having taken any steps for the protection of the fisheries which belong to us by as good a title as the ground upon which we stand; secondly, for having enforced the provisions of the treaty of 1818 and prevented American fishermen from trading and buying supplies in Canadian ports; and thirdly, for claiming the right to exercise control over the navigation of the waters of the St. Lawrence river.

As regards our excluding American fishermen from Canadian fishing grounds, our right to do so was fully recognized in times past by the United States Government. More recently they admitted the justice of our claim by directing all American fishermen who were desirous of fishing in our waters, to obtain licenses which at that time were issued by the Canadian Government. Those licenses were issued as a temporary arrangement, because it was hoped that some mutual understanding would be arrived at between the two Governments which would obviate the necessity of excluding the Americans from our fishing grounds. When at length this appeared to be impossible, measures were adopted for the protection of the fisheries, and for preventing foreigners from enjoying those privileges, which, as a matter of acknowledged right, belong only to Her Majesty's subjects. In so doing, as we have often pointed out, we were actuated by no unfriendly feelings towards the Americans. The officers in command of the Canadian vessels were instructed to perform their duty in a manner which should be as inoffensive as possible, to give due warning to all American fishermen, and to give them the benefit of any doubt which might arise as to their wilful violation of the fishery laws. Officers of the United States navy have acknowledged that the instructions thus given to our officials by the Canadian Government were faithfully carried out. But in justice to ourselves, and more especially to our fishermen, it is the manifest duty of our Government to continue their present line of policy, and prevent Americans from exercising a right which was only theirs so long as the Reciprocity Treaty was in force. They were not, and are not, actuated by any desire to injure the Americans, or, as President Grant asserts, "with a view to political effect upon the United States Government." Their action has been fully endorsed by all political parties in the Dominion, and the unanimous feeling of this country is that the course which they have adopted should be persisted in.

As to the exclusion of American fishing vessels from Canadian ports, the facts, briefly stated, are these. The treaty of 1818 provides that American fishing vessels shall only be allowed to enter our harbours when forced to do so by stress of weather, or to obtain supplies of wood and water. This was done in order that American vessels might have no excuse for frequenting Canadian waters, as well as to prevent smuggling. This provision has never been annulled, although, of course, so long as the Reciprocity treaty lasted it remained in abeyance. It was first put in force during the present year by an Imperial cruiser, H. M. S. *Valorous*, in the harbour of Charlottetown, P. E. I. It must be obvious that, save under most exceptional circumstances, American fishermen can have no business in Canadian waters, and therefore this rule can only be felt by those who are engaged in a violation of the fishery laws.

In his remarks concerning the claim of the Canadian Government to exercise control over the navigation of the River St. Lawrence, and the comparison which he makes between it and the free navigation of the Rhine, Danube, and other European rivers, President Grant only exhibits an amount of ignorance which seems perfectly astonishing in a man occupying his position. The truth is that there is no resemblance between the two cases. The navigation of the River St. Lawrence means, in effect, the free navigation of the Canadian canals, for without them there is no water communication between the West and the Atlantic Ocean, so far as the St. Lawrence route is concerned. Has President Grant, or have the American people the effrontery to ask us to allow them the free use of canals built at great cost with our money, while they grant us no similar advantages in return? The idea is a preposterous one, and savors altogether too much of the "grab" game which some American politicians seem so desirous of playing upon this continent.

The effects which the [illegible] of our Government, as regards the fishery question, has had upon this country have already been of a most beneficial character. The fishermen of the Maritime provinces have enjoyed a season of unwonted prosperity, and a great stimulus has been given to the fishing and also to the shipbuilding interest. In this connection, we may mention that Messrs. McKay and Warner, the well-known shipbuilders of Quebec, say they intend to commence a new business at that port, that is for the fishery trade. They have just laid down four vessels, which they intend having ready by the first of May for the fishing grounds of the St. Lawrence, and they trust that the merchants of Quebec will be induced to build a fleet of such vessels. The Quebec *Chronicle* adds:

There can be no doubt but that at least 100 sail of fishermen should leave this port every spring; this would give employment to our ship carpenters, riggers, sail-makers, coopers, &c., in fact every branch of business would feel the benefit of such a trade, it would also give employment to hundreds of our young men, who would in a short period become first class sailors; during the fall these men would be on hand to man the ships required for the fall fleet, remain aboard during the winter and return in time for the spring fishing. We trust that these gentlemen will be successful in their new venture in thus opening up what must prove of vast interest to this city.

What will be our course in the future? Shall we, in consequence of President Grant's implied threats of preventing the transit of bonded goods through the United States, and of something tantamount to non-intercourse, give up our rights and tamely permit Americans to do as they like with our property? Shall we, who have resisted so many threats and such repeated pressure, shrink from protecting what belongs to us? To this question we are persuaded that the whole country, without regard to party, race, or creed, will indignantly answer No! Because we would not consent to annexation, and because of our daring to avow sympathy with the South, the Reciprocity Treaty was abrogated. All kinds of terrible things were predicted for us then, and ruin was said to be staring us in the face; yet, in spite of all, we have since then enjoyed prosperity such as we never knew before, and we believe that now, whatever unfriendly measures our neighbours may think proper to adopt, we shall still manage to exist, to prosper and progress. We do not wish to indulge in "tall talking." To assume the attitude of a bully would be as absurd for Canada, as it would be mean and cowardly for the United States to do so. But we believe that from four to five millions of Canadians, united and one in spirit as on all great national questions we are, cannot easily be trampled on or worried into an abandonment of their nationality. We have confidence in the power and influence of Great Britain who in an unmistakeable manner has promised to support and defend us against foreign aggression; we depend to some extent on the right feeling of the Americans themselves; but most of all we depend upon our own ability to defend ourselves from insult and wrong. If we are to be a people, if we are to work out a great and noble destiny on this continent, let us not yield a tittle of our rights in the face of threats, but acting fairly and honourably towards our neighbors, pursue the course which justice dictates without hesitation or distrust.

BUTLER AND THE FENIANS.

With that ready appreciation of anything that is ruffianly and dishonest which forms so prominent a feature in the Fenian character, the Fenians have passed a series of resolutions thanking General Butler for having avowed himself an enemy to England, and pledging themselves "to be with him the moment he says 'rally'!" The glory has passed away from O'Neill, and the fame of Sweeney is a thing of the past, for all the hosts of American fillibusterism have pledged themselves to acknowledge General Butler as their sole leader. We congratulate him and them upon their choice. Butler is well adapted to be a Fenian leader, and the Fenians are just the men for Butler to lead. There is not the slightest danger of his saying "Rally" so long as there is any risk of their being confronted by anyone besides women and children, while both the General and his "merrymen" are equally disposed to regard the plunder of defenceless people as one of the fine arts. Butler says he wants to annex Canada. Here is an army all ready prepared for him. Let him make the attempt. He has only to say "Rally" mount his war steed and "on to Montreal." If he could only reach that city the hero's toils would be richly rewarded by a visit to Messrs. Savage and Lyman's establishment, while his followers revelled in unstinted draughts of Molson's best proof whiskey. Unfortunately the doughty General has no Farragut to clear the way for him as he had at New Orleans, and would find the road across the frontier a decidedly hard one to travel. He is not likely to attempt it himself, but we do not suppose that he would have any objection to say "Rally" to any extent so long as he is not compelled to leave American soil. If in consequence of his doing so a few hundred ignorant and thoughtless American citizens were encouraged to cross the border and be shot down by the Canadian volunteers, it would not be a matter for a moment's regret or consideration to the "hero of New Orleans." So long as he can only manage to keep out of the way of the bullets himself, he does not care how many homes are made desolate or how many helpless children are rendered fatherless. In fact such is the cruel nature of his disposition that the sight of human woe is rather agreeable to him than not. At all events, judging by his behaviour in New Orleans and elsewhere, we are quite justified in believing such to be the case.

An Evening with the Poets—Rev. Mr. Stephenson's Lecture.

The Rev. Mr. Stephenson delivered the first of a series of lectures it is his intention to give throughout the winter season, entitled "Evenings with the Poets." The large basement of the Wesleyan Methodist Church, Metcalfe street, was crammed by a highly respectable audience, and to judge from the frequent manifestations of delight indulged in, the series of lectures will be very popular. The Hon. Dr. Tupper, who was among the audience, amid hearty applause was called to the chair.

On the reverend lecturer stepping to the reading desk he was received with loud demonstrations of pleasure. After preliminary remarks, he stated that the subject of his lecture would be the poet Tennyson, who he described as nature's own poet; he had done more to elevate the poets and poetry of the age and to bring them and their efforts into a new phase. The poet laureate of Great Britain, Alfred Tennyson, we had every reason to be proud of, his purity of style and purity of life balance one another, the poet laureate was not only the first among the poets of the age, but he was one of the most virtuous of men. We could truly emulate his life and appreciate his poetry.

Such were a few of the high compliments the lecturer paid the subject of the lecture. He also related the following incident in connection with the Tennyson family. The boys of the family were all more or less poetically inclined. At an early age Alfred and Charles distinguished themselves in the nursery by their juvenile compositions, and at a little later time they published a volume under the title of "Poetry by two boys." Frederick another brother also published a volume of poetry, but Alfred outstripped them all and was the one of the family who rose to the high position of Poet laureate by the cultivation of his poetic genius. It has been said of Tennyson and said truly that when he did write a poem, it contained nothing in it but music. The lecturer divided the poetry of Tennyson into different aspects, describing the different aspects in language particularly forcible and elegant and proceeded to read the "May Queen" for its beauty of elucidation and many appeals to the heart contained in it. This selection was very well read by the rev gentleman, but his most successful effort must certainly be admitted to have been the rendering of the amusing poem of "The North Country Farmer," which the Yorkshire experiences of the reader permitted him to give with the brogue to perfection. The old farmer, who is riding accompanied by his oldest son, seizes the opportunity to tell him that his thoughts of the pastor's daughter have led his mother and himself to come to the conclusion that he (the son) is an ass, and advices him not to marry for money, but to go to where money is. When he married his mother he had "lots o' money laid by and a nicest bit o' land." It is true, continued the cunning old farmer she was not over good looking but was a plain looking woman, not just as nice to cuddle and kiss as a good-looking one." The poem was concluded amid roars of laughter from the audience. Where wailing was to be done Tennyson's style was unrivalled, and, as proof of this, the lecturer read "In Memoriam," which he thought nothing in the English language approached. Edgar Allan, than whom no better judge of poetry lived, in his day said that this poem was both "unique and transcendental"; the poem was then read. The next poem read was the peculiarly affecting and beautiful one of *Dora*, followed by "Enoch Arden." In relation to the poem of "Enoch Arden the lecturer said that many critics had taken into their heads to severely criticise the production and questioned its moral tendencies, but he had no such qualms and did not hesitate to say that he thought it one of the most frank and beautiful of Tennyson's poems. Again paying a high tribute to the poet, the lecturer concluded amid prolonged applause.

Dr. Tupper then moved a vote of thanks, in which he paid a high compliment to the eloquent and learned lecturer; his eloquent and touching rendering of the selections from the poet Tennyson, and the eloquent and instructive remarks accompanying them. He begged to thank the rev. gentleman for the treat they had enjoyed.

The Mayor begged to second the motion.

Mr. Stephenson returned thanks for the compliment, and begged to move a vote of thanks to the Chairman for his competent and gentlemanly manner in which he had discharged his duties.

The Hon Dr. Tupper thanked the mover for the motion. He was sure, when it became generally known that these interesting lectures were to be continued, that the only difficulty that would be experienced would be that of finding a room large enough to contain the people that would flock to them.

Thanks were then given to the choir, and the audience dispersed.

WAR ITEMS.

Dr. Russell declared there has never been so much of sentry engagement as in the siege of Paris; they take pot shots, and kill and wound all they can at the outposts on both sides. They are at it day and night long.

The Paris theatres are by degrees reopening. In order not to shock public opinion, the programmes of their entertainments are exceedingly dull. Thus the Comedie Français bill of fare the other day was a speech, a play of Moliere's without costumes, and an ode to Liberty.

Dr. Russell's letters from the theatre of war continue to be reprinted verbatim by the German, Russian, and Polish press.

It is officially announced at Tours that private messages will be sent by pigeon to Paris at the rate of 50 centimes (five pence) per word. The messages must be on purely private affairs.

The Parisian brokers, according to *Judy*, have stopped speculation because "all their capital is invested."

The Prussian medical staff at Metz complain, do what they will, they cannot break the French convalescents of their craving for horseflesh. They will eat it, notwithstanding that they are receiving abundant rations of mutton. The doctors oppose their eating horseflesh because they think that the entire change of diet will operate as much as anything in effecting a cure.

Among the despatches found by the Prussians in the Palace of St. Cloud was the following. It is to be presumed, in view of the details of the war, that the Emperor did not accept the patriotic offer embodied in the despatch:

'To Napoleon III., Emperor, St. Cloud:

"Grant me an audience; I place at your disposal an immediate and infallible means of conquering the Prussians.

MAUDEMENT."

Storms from the West.

From the Pall Mall Gazette.

The first days of Parliament after its meeting will infallibly be occupied by debates on our military and naval resources, but it will be matter for serious regret if the discussion is too exclusively influenced by interest in the European war. Nine men out of ten in this country, if they were forced to give a reason for their reluctance to be committed to the cause of one or other belligerent which is felt by all except a few ultras on the Tory and Radical sides, would probably allow that interference in the struggle would be a mere wasting of national strength which may some day have to be employed elsewhere. It is exceedingly possible, and it is greatly to be hoped, that we shall never have to fight with the United States; but it would be mere folly to deny that to be a quarter from which danger really impends, and worse than folly to organize our means of resistance as if attack, if regarded at all as possible, were to be looked for only in the East and not in the West.

There are strong reasons for thinking that some of the most active and influential of American politicians are anxious to pick a quarrel as soon as possible with the English Government, and to find, if it can be done, a bone of contention less mumbled over than the *Alabama* claims. The war between France and Germany has, in fact, seriously disarranged the machinery of American politics. The Germans and the Irish form the two great bodies of voters whose veering from side to side causes the alternation of victory and defeat experienced by American parties. Speaking roughly and generally, the Germans lean to the Republican and the Irish to the Democratic side; but the adhesion is not nearly so complete that large numbers may not be detached and drawn over to one party or the other by a timely appeal to any passion or prejudice which may be dominant for the moment. When the war began, popular feeling was with the German armies; and, though the sympathies of the Irish were, on the whole, with the French, their partisanship was prevented from rising to any extraordinary height by the association of the French cause with the interests of a despotic Sovereign. But a material change has been produced by the proclamation of the Republic in France. There is nothing now to be ashamed of in avowing oneself a thoroughgoing enthusiast for the Government of M. Gambetta, and the Irish voters are gradually being welded into a compact body of French sympathizers who will vote for nobody who is not committed to the French view of the war. The Germans hold just as obstinately to the sacredness of the German cause, and thus the managers of American parties are getting drawn into the exact position which they most dislike that of having to take a side in a question in which the United States are not immediately concerned, and thus to alienate irrevocably one entire confederacy of foreign voters or the other. For dealing with such a crisis American politicians are provided with an expedient of a very vulgar and commonplace character, but of very old date and of frequently proved efficacy. It is to get up a dispute with Great Britain, and, by appeals to the deep fund of hatred and jealousy of this country which is always in reserve, to call off attention from the dangerous collateral controversy. The first note of the familiar air has been struck by Mr. Benjamin Butler, whose abilities ought as little to be lost sight of as the scandals of his personal and military history; and a letter from Philadelphia, published in the *Times*, informs us of the exact variations to which we are to be treated.

Mr. Butler shows a sound instinct in postponing the *Alabama* claims to a new grievance. He has the impudence indeed to say that Great Britain fitted out the ship which became the Confederate cruiser, which is an assertion exactly on a level with the statement that the United States are sending rifles and cartridges to the Government of National Defence; the innuendo in either case being that it was the Government which did the act referred to. But this very audacity is probably intended to cover misgivings as to the *Alabama* case which are becoming common among American lawyers; and the other complaint which Mr. Butler urges is much more promising for his purposes. The complaint that American fishing boats are excluded from certain fishing grounds on the coasts of the Dominion of Canada has the advantage of raising a question which is nearly insoluble in itself, and which is embarrassed besides by the strong feeling on the subject which possesses the Canadians. The general rule of Public Law is that three miles of sea are counted as land, and are under the exclusive jurisdiction of the State to which the adjacent shores belong. But this rule is modified by another which is to the effect that bays and estuaries enclosed by headlands form part of the maritime territory of the State to which the headlands belong, even though there should be water within the bay which is more than three miles from either coast. It is under this rule that the United States claim exclusive jurisdiction over Delaware Bay and over the embouchure of the Mississippi. The controversy (not at all a new one) revived by Mr. Butler is whether the rule applies to the Bay of Fundy between Nova Scotia and New Brunswick. Independently of some minor complications which have arisen through treaties, the American case is, that the Bay of Fundy, excepting three miles from the coast, is part of the high sea; the Canadian case is that the whole bay belongs exclusively to British jurisdiction. Though it would be easy to show that in other parts of the Continent the Americans have advanced claims which ought for ever to stop them from making the present pretension, the question is in itself one which nations might dispute about for ever. The Law of Nations provides rules, but the correct application of rules is matter of fact, and there is no international tribunal which has jurisdiction over controverted facts. It is, no doubt, true, on the other hand, that the difference is one which any government acting in good faith and in a friendly spirit could easily settle by an equitable compromise; and, in fact, during the currency of the Reciprocity Treaty with Canada the controversy has virtually been asleep. But there are very many motives which at the present moment may lead the American Government to approach the matter in an unfriendly spirit, and the feeling of the Canadians, which must be carefully reckoned with since the consolidation of the Dominion, is too strong to admit of one of those wholesale but very far from respectful concessions which this country is in the habit of making to the United States.

The abuse of England to which American politicians have occasionally recourse has been compared to the "No Popery" cry in this country. It is very vulgar, very much discredited, only taken up in the last resort; but it is seldom without effect. Few Englishmen who have conversed with educated Americans on the subject have failed to be earnestly assured that no line of argument and no form of popular appeal is so scrupulously avoided and so utterly despised by all respectable men. Yet, true as this may be, the opinions stated in cool blood by a man of refinement from the United States, so far from reflecting the abiding popular sentiment, do not always even represent his own opinions when under stress of political exigency; nor, indeed, even could we believe each successive popular outcry to be hollow and fictitious, would it quite follow that it is not dangerous. For Americans are very apt to commit in politics the same error which Englishmen before the Confederate war often committed in literature. Many travellers who wrote of the United States thought only of their English readers, and forgot or under-estimated the effect which their idle and superficial cavils might have in America. It is probable that American politicians and statesmen greatly underrate the attention now commanded in this country by their political demonstrations. No more dangerous miscalculation could be made. An American party campaign may be undertaken to enforce a particular view of an international question to which the leaders attach no special importance and hardly expect any to be attached. Some diplomatic action may, perhaps, follow, which is regarded by its authors as a mere immaterial sacrifice to a passing political exigency. And then suddenly American diplomatists may find themselves confronted by a store of popular indignation which has been gradually accumulating in this country, for which they were totally unprepared, but which no English Government will dare to resist.

Latest by Telegraph

BY PEOPLE'S LINE.

Office:—G. P. Drummond's Exchange Office 19 Sparks Street.

QUEBEC.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

Quebec, Dec. 6, 1870.

Hon. Mr. Chaveau, in proposing the resolution respecting the arbitration, said the solution of the question was of extreme importance to the future prosperity of Quebec. During the discussion Union delegates from different provinces considered the question most difficult. Nova Scotia and New Brunswick would not assume the responsibility of the total debt. They agreed in the Federal Parliament to assume $2,000,000, and the balance, $10,000,000, to be divided between Ontario and Quebec. The British North America Act of 1867 decided that the excess of the Canadian debt be referred to arbitration, so as not to affect the interest of either province. It was agreed that Quebec and Ontario should name two and the Federal Government one.

Quebec was accused of stubborness because she objected to injustice.

Col. Gray was acting on it, but seeing he had left St. Johns to reside permanently at Ottawa, he could not act with perfect justice to Quebec. The facts are under three classes: First, judgment and arbitration should be unanimous; second, one arbitrator withdrawing should it cease. As to the first, no law in England Scotland, or the United States applicable to ordinary arbitration could apply. The Act of Union left no other course than the international law quoted—treaty relative to British and United States possessions, article 7, preamble, orders that if Commissioners were not unanimous the arbitration was null. The Union Act decided that if one arbitrator was absent others could not act. Judge Beverly Robinson states this plainly True, the case was argued before Judge Day, but judgement was given against the absence of any arbitrator, even when he had resigned and his resignation accepted by the Lieutenant-Governor. Proceedings, notwithstanding, were continued, and judgement was given. Quebec would not sustain Mr. Day if not convinced of the perfect nullity of the decision being contrary to law and justice. The examination of the document will convince all that Judge Day laid the principle for a just and equitable decision. The necessity to examine the financial state of each Province at the time of the Union, and apply common partnership law. This was refused by the Arbitrators. This caused the resignation of Judge Day. The other Arbitration refused to examine the state of each province prior to the Union, at which time Upper Canada was in a state of bankruptcy, their judgement being based on mere caprice and leaning towards Ontario. Their conduct was most unjust as regards the municipal funds of both Provinces. The Principle of Judge Day was to enquire into the actual financial state of each Province before the Union, and when Judge Day saw the conduct of the Arbitrators he became convinced that the Arbitrators ignored the rights of Quebec.

Mr. Joly moved the adjournment of the debate to Friday.

At the evening session the third reading of the Municipal Code was read.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

New York, Dec. 6.—Arrived—Steamships *Minnesota, Italy* and *City of Washington*, from Liverpool and *India* and *Darien*, from Glasgow.

No cable despatch of to-day's date have yet (3 p.m.) been received at the telegraph office.

The *Times'* Washington special says General Butler will improve an early opportunity to introduce a Bill into the House authorizing the President to carry out the policy of reprisal indicated in the message in retaliation for the seizure of fishing vessels by Canadian authorities.

Washington, Dec. 6.—A resolution offered by Sherman was adopted, calling upon the Secretary-Treasurer for copies of the regulations prescribed by him for the transportation of goods in bond from foreign countries through the United States to Canada.

New Orleans, Dec. 6.—The agents of Cromwell steamship line announce that the steamer *Gen. Meade* reports that the crew of the *Mariposa*, which left here many weeks since and never been heard from, had been picked up.

Devlin's Fur Depot.

FACETIÆ.

Mrs. Moddler never could, for the life of her, understand what a High Churchman was until she heard of a French Minister being up in a balloon.

A gentleman travelling in Ireland said to a very importunate beggar, "You have lost all your teeth." The beggar quietly answered, "An it's time I parted with um, when I'd nothing for um to do."

Horne Tooke was the son of a poulterer, which he alluded to when called upon by a proud stripling of Eton to describe himself—"I am," said Horne, "the son of an eminent Turkey merchant."

A London druggist has this cheerful invitation on his shop window—"Come in and get twelve emetics for one shilling."

An attorney in Dublin having died exceedingly poor, a shilling subscription was set on foot to pay the expenses of his funeral. Most of the attorneys and barristers having subscribed, one of them applied to Toler, afterwards Lord Chief Justice Norbury, expressing his hope that he would also subscribe his shilling. "Only a shilling?" said Toler, only a shilling to bury an attorney! Here is a guinea; go and bury one-and-twenty of them.

Muly Molcoh, Emperor of Moroco, spent his whole time devising plans to keep the minds of his subjects engaged. "If a parcel of rats," said he once to the British ambassador, "are permitted to remain in a bag they'll eat it; but if you keep shaking it, they will not."

Bryan's Wafers, (The great public remedy,) have now been in use over twenty years, hence it cannot be said that they are on trial. They have been thoroughly tried, and pronounced (on the authority of those whose lives and health they have preserved) to be a cure, harmless and eminently salutary preparation, and if taken in season will invariably cure colds, coughs, sore throat, and all Bronchial affections. One fair trial will convince the most skeptical. Sold by all Medicine Dealers, at 25cts per box.

Tennyson on the Crimean War.

One of the most singular poems ever written is "Maud." It is seldom read, and little known, except among passion-struck young ladies and gentlemen, who seek in its intensely amorous passages expression for feelings beyond their experience. It requires the study and criticism of more than one age to bring out all the meaning there is in any great poem or work of art; and there is abundant ground for the belief that there are vastly deeper meanings in "Maud" than can be felt in this day. Not but that there are many to whom, perhaps, all that Tennyson would be understood to say is well-known, but the common sensibility, as distinguished from the common sense, of the civilized world, is as inadequate to the reception of the interpretation of the poem, as it is to the perception of Tennyson's subject. One phrase at least has a significance, which, if not the author's, is at least warranted in its application to condemn Gortschakoff's apology for the Russian retraction from the treaty of 1856:

"Yet God's just wrath shall be wreak'd
On a giant liar."

The whole expression of the emotions of the hero of this queer poem, when the Crimean war arose upon his disturbed vision, may be fittingly enough thought upon now.

—It lighten'd my despair
When I thought that a war would arise in defence of the right,
That an iron tyranny now should bend or cease,
The glory of manhood stand in his ancient might,
For Britain's one sole God be the millionaire;
No more shall commerce be all in all, and peace
Pipe on her pastoral hillock a languid note,
And watch her harvest ripen, her herd increase,
Nor a cannon bullet rust on a slothful shore,
And the cobweb woven across the cannon's throat
Shall shake its threaded tears in the wind no more
And so months ran on and rumor of battle grew,
"It is time, it is time, O passionate hearts," said I,
(For I cleaved to a cause that I felt to be pure and true)
"It is time, O passionate heart and morbid eye,
That old, hysterical, work-disease should die."
And I stood on a giant deck, and mix'd my breath
With a loyal people shouting a battle cry,
Till I saw the dreary phantom arise and fly
Far into the north, and battle, and seas of death.

Let it go or stay, so I wake to the higher aims
Of a land that has lost for a little her lust of gold,
And love of a peace that was full of wrongs and shames,
Horrible, hateful, monstrous, not to be told;
And hail once more to the banner of battle unrolled!
Though many a light shall darken, and many shall weep.
For those that are crush'd in the crash of jarring claims,
Yet God's just wrath shall be wreak'd on a giant liar,
And many a darkness into the light shall leap,
And shine in the sudden making of splendid names,
And noble thought be freer under the sun,
And the heart of the people beat with one desire;
For the peace, that I deem'd no peace, is over and done,
And now by the side of the Black and the Baltic deep,
And deathful grinning mouths of the fortress, flames
The blood red blossom of war with a heart of fire.

Battle in an Israelite Temple.—The *Jewish Chronicle* (London) has the following: When the fifteenth brigade of Prussian cavalry forced its way into Versailles, 1,200 gardes mobile surrendered, after a feeble resistance. Only one officer and about fifty men defended themselves valiantly, and ensconsed themselves in the synagogue, situated at the end of the Boulevard Eugenie. Having barricaded the doors they fired from the windows. After half an hour's struggle the troopers succeeded in entering the temple. Step by step did the French retreat, fighting all the while, until they came to the recess where the holy ark stood. Through the firing the doors of the richly ornamented receptacle were shattered to pieces, and the French officer and some of his men took refuge in the furthest part of the ark. The officer, pierced by four bullets, fell down at the side of the ark, his head resting on one of the scrolls which had fallen to the ground, likewise riddled with balls. The synagogue itself is almost entirely destroyed.

WALTHAM WALTHAM

THE AMERICAN WATCH

The public of the United States and Canada have now had over ten years experience of WALTHAM WATCHES, and they are now everywhere acknowledged to be the ONLY RELIABLE

TIME-KEEPERS!

Almost all other watches are sold under false pretences; not one in a hundred bears the name of the real maker; the public have absolutely no security, and have, therefore, been constantly imposed upon. On the contrary, every buyer of a Waltham Watch gets a guarantee of the company, and no matter from whom he buys it, has positive security that he is getting a TIME KEEPER.

It must be admitted that the apparent interest of watchmakers lies in selling other watches, of which they can make larger profits: but men of enterprise in the trade prefer an article of large and ready sale, and which leaves no bad stock It is "small profits and quick returns."

These watches can be had in several grades (all guaranteed), the silver cases are made from coin silver, and from 2 to 6 ounces in weight. The gold cases are made in 18 carat gold, and from 1 3-4 to 4 ounces in weight; the size for ladies are richly engraved or enamelled. For the quality, both in gold and silver, are the

CHEAPEST WATCHES IN THE WORLD

These watches can be ordered of any reliable watchmaker or jeweller in the Dominion; but the guarantee of the Company should be invariably required. The Company in all cases pay the Government duty, which makes the Canadian consumer a privileged purchaser

ROBERT WILKES,
Sole Wholesale Agent for the Dominion of Canada
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Montreal—445 St. Paul Street
1397 3

NOTICE.

County of Carleton, To Wit.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the Courts of GENERAL SESSIONS of the PEACE, and COUNTY COURT, in and for the said County of Carleton, will be holden at the COURT HOUSE, in the City of Ottawa, on TUESDAY, the Thirteenth day of DECEMBER, 1870, at the hour of TEN of the clock, A. M., of which all CORONERS, BALIFFS, CONSTABLES, and all others concerned are required to Take Notice and govern themselves accordingly.

WM F POWELL, Sheriff.
By W H FALLS, Deputy Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Ottawa, December 1st, 1870. 1533 d&wl

LOST.

Between the Hours of 2 P M and 5 P M, yesterday afternoon, a SMALL POCKET BOOK containing five FIVE DOLLARS Bank of Montreal Bank Notes. The finder is requested to leave the same with the Door Keeper of the Eastern Block Parliament Buildings.

Ottawa, Dec 6, 1870 1533tf

REQUISITION TO AMOS ROWE, Esq.

Sir,—The retirement of Chas T Bate, Esq., from the Council Board, created a vacancy in the representation of Wellington Ward, for which we, the undersigned Electors of the Ward, request you to be put in nomination, and we feel every confidence in your ability to properly discharge the duties of Alderman for our Ward, and we pledge our votes and influence to secure your election.

We are, sir,
Yours &c.,

John Esmonde	Thos Heaton
A J Stephens	H McCormick
Joseph Metcalfe	Wm Young
A W Lang	A Macnewman
S Gouldthrite	A Thus
Alex Carlisle	A Mitchell
John Walsh	Wm Gilmore
A Levin	H Gilmore
E V Boortlandt	R W Stephen
J Browne	A Swanwell
Weldon Champness	Wm Shoolbred
P Stoff	Jas Birkett,
D Wilson	J Evans
S Skinner, jr	John Purdy
C P Dorion	Robt Hardy
H Hodges	Robt Stanley,
Alex Sparks	S Greenfield
Nicholas Sparks,	John Cook
Thos F Still	J F Farram
Wm Chalmers	A C Mowbray
E P Rowsell	J Kavanagh
Fred H Hutton	H Atcheson
James Lang	H Nelson
Eugene Rocqueville	Thos Demsey
Alfred Brown	A Wilson
John Dewan	Alex Mills
John Lyon	T Beament
J J Radford	W J Powell
H J Mesturch	F Patrick
J Douglas	D Murphy
Tho Mills	E Long
A Musgrove	Henry Bennett
Edward Daniels	Geo H Macaulay
Ta. Isaac	John Garvin
J. Forrester	Wm Allison
H M Thompson	R J Shaw
W Hearn	Stewart Woodland
A Fotheringham	E C Snyder
J Dwyer	Francois Lemieux
J Roos	W B Wright
A Hutson	J R Smith,
R Abbott	Thos Clark
R Sparks	James Adamson,
Jos R Esmonde	J E B McCready
Thos Borbridge	John O'Connor
A McCormick	Wm M Goodive
[illegible] Christie	Wm Williamson
J Offord	Thomas Walker
C Roger	Robt Blek, jr
Wm Brown	G Kennedy.

REPLY.

To Sheriff Powell and 150 others:

Gentlemen,—In answer to the requisition signed by you asking me to represent Wellington Ward as Alderman for the ensuing year, I beg to state that I will have pleasure in allowing myself to become a Candidate for the said responsible position, and if elected, you may rest assured that everything will be done by me to the best of my ability to further the interests of Wellington Ward and also the welfare and prosperity of the City generally.

I am, Gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
AMOS ROWE.

December 6, 1870 1533tf

By H. McLean, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE OF ☞ HORSES.

The subscriber has received Instructions from the Union Forwarding and Railway Company to sell by AUCTION at the Russell House, on WEDNESDAY, the 7th of DECEMBER, instant, at ELEVEN o'clock, a. m., the following described horses, viz:

1 Bay Horse, 1 Grey Horse, which have been matched together.

1 Bay Horse, 7 years old, a good trotter and well bred.

1 Thorough bred Bay Canadian Colt, rising three years, unbroken.

Terms cash.

H McLEAN, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, December, 3, 1870. 1531 3

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

Ex Ships COGNAC, NEREO, UNION and CITY of QUEBEC, from the different places of Growth.

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If you want any First-Class BRANDIES or WINES and the best Family Groceries, you must go to

Thos. Patterson,

No 26 Rideau Street.

The following Goods in Stock and for Sale:

BRANDIES.—Pure and unadulterated, good for any use, always on hand in Wood or Bottle.

PORT WINE—Pure and reliable (20 years old) for Medicinal purposes and the only House in the City that imports such WINES direct to order.

SHERRY WINES—Various grades, very, very Pale, (delicious favour) Splendid Wines at a price to defy competition

GIN—John D Kuyper & Son's Double-Barried, First class.

SCOTCH WHISKEY—Old and Mild, (full strength.)

RUM,

OLD RYE,

FAMILY PROOF,

AND

HIGH WINES,

of the best kind.

PORTER AND ALES.—Guiness's Dublin and Dawe's, Lachine, in splendid order

COFFEE.—Delicious Flavour. Fresh Roasted and Ground Daily.

TEAS.—The best qualities of Black, Japan, and Green, new crop and fragant.

SUGARS and SYRUPS of all kinds.

CHEESE—Fine old (Reesors and Factory) the best.

PICKLES and SAUCES, Jams and Jellies from Crosse and Blackwells, in great variety.

FRUITS.—The finest table and cooking raisins that can be had, large fresh and rich flavored.

CURRANTS.—Quite fresh and Candied Peels.

SPERM CANDLES and fancy perfumed soaps, the greatest variety in the city, and made to order by Field of London, England. There is an endless variety of these fine goods worthy of SPECIAL ATTENTION FOR FAMILIES, being of the finest qualities at moderate prices Everybody should know that to use good goods saves money. TRY THEM.

Ottawa, December 5, 1870.

ELECTION NOTICE.

The Electors of ST. GEORGE'S WARD are respectfully requested by the undersigned to meet at the ALBION HOTEL, on THURSDAY Evening next at 8 o'clock.

All parties interested are requested to attend.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE

Ottawa, Dec 5, 1870 1533 3

CARD OF THANKS.

The Subscriber begs to tender sincere thanks to all those gentlemen who so kindly assisted in saving goods from the premises during the late fire on Sparks street.

J. N. MASSEY.

☞ Mr Geo. Mortimer, Sussex street, will prepare any prescriptions from the file of the late business.

Ottawa, Dec 6, 1870 1533 1w

NIGHT SCHOOL.

Members of the NIGHT SCHOOL will meet this Evening at my residence, for the purpose of entering on their Term.

T. J. DUIGNAN.

Hull, Dec 4, 1870 1533 3

CATALOGUE SALE OF BOOKS.

E. LUMLEY'S

ANNUAL CONSIGNMENT,

LONDON, ENGLAND.

The subscriber will commence this sale on

TUESDAY EVENING,

December 6, 1870.

And continue each evening until the lot is cleared out at his Rooms, Rideau st. Including as usual many very scarce and curious works in English, French, with Grammars and Dictionaries; also relating to:—Africa, America, Arabia, Asia, Australia, Canada, Cape, China, East, Egypt, France, Germany, Greece, Holy Land, Ionian Islands, Ireland, Italy, India, Japan, Jerusalem, Mexico, Norway, Palestine, Portugal, Rome, Russia, Scotland, Spain, Sweeden, Switzerland, Syria, etc., etc; Scraps, Prints, Engravings, etc. Rollin et Crevier, Œuvres, 24 vols. 4to., fine copies calf; Geographie, Ancienne, Moderne Physique, 13 vols. fine copies; Shakespeare, Barry Cornwall, illustrations, pub. 3 gs.; H. Bioles, Casell, illustrated: ditto, Commentary, D'Oyly and Mant; ditto, References; ditto, Translations, Various; ditto, Atlas; Traveller, ditto, Dictionary, Brown; ditto, Treasury; Newton, Prophecies; Church Services; Prayers, Liturgical Services; Scripture Characters, Robinson; Cobbett, Reformation: D'Aubigue, ditto; Boswell, Johnson; Robinson Crusoe; Queen's Journal; Sam Slick, Clock Maker; American Humor; Tillotson, Works; Prideaux, Connection; Keith, Prophecy; Uncle Tom's Cabin; Weld, America; Franklin, Polar Sea; Alison, Europe; Wars, European, Clarke; do., Spain, Wellington; Quebec Papers; Gazetteers; Atlasses; Music, Piano, etc; Pinnock, Knowledge; Family Readings; Temple, Works; Pilgrim's Progress; Dr. Cumming, Works; Sheltering Vine; Moore, Works, Life; Mirror of Literature; Peerage, Baronetage; Haydon, Dates, Dictionary of; Magna Charta; Machinery, Mechanics, Engineering, Steam Engines, Railroads, Levelling; Holy Land, Geography, History; Geology, Wonders of Mantell; Album; Panoramas for Children; Water Cure; Painting; Statuary; Carpentry; Philosophy, Natural; ditto, Political, Brougham; Arithmetic; Astronomy; Elocution; Logic; Useful Knowledge; Agriculture; Cultivateur, Fruit Trees, Vegetables, Planting; Brewing, Wine Making; Historie by Rollin, Hume, Smollett, Blunt, Chambers, Information; Botany Flowers; English Dictionaries, Classical ditto; Geography, History, Ancient, Modern; Ireland and Irish, Histories, &c.; Fortification; Galt; Disraeli; Mark Lemon; A. Trollope; Strickland Queens; Stowe, Byron Controversy; Army; Navy; Cookery; Sporting, Horses, Dogs, Shooting; Medicine, Surgery, Chemistry; Ballads, ditto and Lays, ditto Scotch; Living Authors, Cowper; Epigrams; Herrick; Kirke White; Beatty; Byron; Banyard; Scott; Shakespeare; Thompson, etc; Catholic Works, St. Teresa, Challoner, etc.; H. Sapture Collations; History, Fragments; Ditto, Five Empires, also Third Age, Wilberforce; N Test; Howard; Church; Palmer; Ditto, Primitive; Eusebius, King Potter; France, Revolution: Holy Land, Illustrated English Synonyms; Chemistry, Geology; Architecture, Building, Designs for Monuments, Shop Fronts, Houses, Cottages, Villas, Farms, Building, Farmyards Stables, Barns; Dairies, Breweries Dog Kennels, Garden, Decorations, Field Gates, Ornaments, Gates; Artists, copies for; Drawing Books, Rudiments; Animals after old Masters, Paul Potter, etc; Human Figure, 89 objects; Prout, Works, (so highly praised by Ruskin.) Easy Lessons, Fragments, Cottages, Landscapes, Boats and Coasts, &c.; German Literature, Translated, Fonque, truly beautiful Stories, Undine, Sintram, Ladies, Youth, Children, Works for; Fables, Allegories, Useful Knowledge, History, Arabian Nights, Stories, Domestic Ditto, Traditionary, Legends of all Nations, Female Heroes, Pleasant Hours, and a multitude of other works.

NOVELS,

ENTERTAINING,

EDUCATIONAL WORKS &c.

Catalogues are now ready, and can be had by applying to the Auctioneer.

☞ TERMS CASH. ☜

Sale each Evening at 7 o'clock.

A. ROWE, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, December 5, 1870. 1531 td

TESTIMONIAL

—TO THE—

HON. SIR JOHN A. MACDONALD,

K.C.B., &c., &c., &c.

The friends of Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD propose to present that distinguished Statesman with a substantial Testimonial in recognition of his long and unselfish public services

Steps are being taken to afford his friends in all parts of the Dominion an opportunity of joining in the proposed manifestation of esteem and regard.

The following gentlemen compose, (with power to add to their number,) the Committee at Ottawa:

The Hon. JAMES SKEAD,
His Worship the Mayor J ROCHESTER, Jr, Esq,
THOS REYNOLDS, Esq,
R W SCOTT, Esq, M P P,
Dr GRANT, M P,
E McGILLIVRAY, Esq,
H V NOEL, Esq.

H V Noel, Esq, has consented to act as Treasurer, to whom all communications may be addressed.

For the information of intending subscribers, the names of the gentlemen composing the Central Committee at Toronto are subjoined, viz:

His Worship the Mayor, S B HARMAN, Esq,
The Hon G W ALLAN
The Hon D L MACPHERSON,
The Hon JOHN CARLING, M P,
JOHN CRAWFORD, Esq, M P,
ANGUS MORRISON, Esq, M P,
F W CUMBERLAND, Esq, M P P,
J G WORTS, Esq,
E H RUTHERFORD, Esq,
W H HOWLAND Esq,
G P RIDOUT Esq,
JOHN SHEDDEN Esq,
THOMAS DICKSON Esq,
FRANK SHANLY, Esq,
T C CHISHOLM, Esq,
N BARNHART, Esq.

Ottawa, Dec 6, 1870 1533tf

TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

OTTAWA TIME TABLE.

Depart.....8.30 a.m., 12 noon., 16 p.m.
Arrive.....9.30 a.m., 3.45 p.m., 7.45 p.m.

The above trains connect at Prescott Junction with Great Trunk Railway for all points south and west.

OFFICE—Corner Sussex street.

A. & H. TAYLOR, Agents.

LOCAL NEWS.

Devlin's Fur Depot.

50 dozen Velveteen Hats, from 25 cents upwards. A large assortment of Flowers and Feathers. Trimmed Hats and Bonnets.

At the "Golden Lion."

R. L. JAMES & Co.

POLICE COURT—Tuesday.—There was no business at the court this morning.

We are glad to see that the principal streets have been pretty near all cleared of snow.

The St. Patrick's Society held their regular monthly meeting last evening in the St. Patrick's Hall.

Several horses were driven about the city yesterday at a rapid rate without bells. This dangerous practice is against a city by-law and should be at once put a stop to.

Notwithstanding the good sleighing yesterday there was not a very large attendance on the market. Hay, however, was in abundance and sold from $16 to $18 per ton. Wood (hard) $4 per cord; soft-wood, $4 per cord.

The Corporation of the village of Richmond have passed a by-law exempting from taxation for a period of five years after their erection any buildings or machinery put up for manufacturing purposes.

BLANKETS. Cornwall, St. Lawrence and Empire Mills Blankets, in all sizes and weights, very cheap, at

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

SALE OF BOOKS.—The sale of books by auction by Mr. Rowe last evening was well attended, and many fine books of all kinds were disposed of at mere nominal prices. The sale continues this evening, and we would advise those to attend who would wish to procure a cheap library.

IN THE WOODS.—A number of sleighs loaded with provisions left Ottawa yesterday for Messrs. Hamilton's shanties up the Ottawa. Though the sleighing is pretty good just now in this vicinity, we understand a great deal more snow has fallen some distance to the north. So that teams leaving here for the shanties will not be delayed for want of sleighing.

The sleighs of the City Passenger Railway were out for the first time yesterday. They are a little larger than the cars and are comfortably fitted up. The runners are after the bob-sleigh pattern. The convenience of having these commodious sleighs running from one end of the city to the other cannot fail to be appreciated by the public.

Carpets and House Furnishings made a specialty, at Garland, Mutchmor & Co's. A large stock and new styles, at reduced prices.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

Devlin Fur Depot.

POPULAR READINGS.—The readings will take place at the St. Patrick's Hall this evening. A select programme is arranged and will be sustained throughout by talented amateurs. The St. Patrick Society intend, as on all occasions, in giving their patrons a good entertainment, and expect to see the hall crowded this evening.

WOOD, WOOD.—By reference to another column it will be seen that Mr. John Heney is prepared to supply his customers with first quality wood during the winter, at the lowest possible prices. Mr. Heney has now in operation a horse power machine for sawing wood, and, therefore, can supply wood ready for the stove and at a very slight price for cutting.

NOTICE.—Now is the time. Go and see C. P. Dorion, 60 Sparks Street, for stoves and stove-pipe fitting. No puff; but see for yourselves. Lumbermen and country Merchants come and see. The most complete House in this Line in the Capital. See Posters. C. P. Dorion, 60 Sparks Street. 1486 2m.

ARRIVED AT THE RUSSELL HOUSE, YESTERDAY.—J Massey, W Farquhar, W J Montgomery, Toronto; Hugh McCulloch, Galt; W D Ardagh, Barrie; D Doly, Goderich; Jas Lamont, Rufus Stephenson, M P, Chatham; D Budley, J Evans, M K Dickinson, John Young, J. Grant, Montreal; Lieut. G. A. Lynch, R. A., Quebec.

Devlin's Fur Depot.

FRENCH CANADIAN INSTITUTE.—The second of those agreeable and charming reunions held under the auspices of this institution, for the amusement and instruction of its members, will take place to-night. Chevalier Gustave Smite, assisted by Miss Aumond, and the Misses Rachel and Charlotte Leprohon, will render the musical selections. Mr. Em. Blain de St. Aubin will read a paper on "Singing and Singers," and the Rev. Abbe Taugusy will deliver a discourse on some of the marvels of Paris and Strasbourg.

MEETING OF THE "OTTAWA IMMIGRANTS' AID SOCIETY."—The regular monthly meeting of this Society was held last night in their rooms in Aumond's block.

Several persons were proposed and enrolled as members of the Society. The Secretary read his monthly report, in which he recommended improvement to the rules of the Society, stated that it was the intention of the Committee to hold a tea meeting during the Christmas holidays, and announced that the readings would shortly be resumed, and be held on every Tuesday of each week.

The Rev. Mr. Pollard, who was present, moved the adoption of the report.

On the question coming up for the organization of a plan to aid out immigrants, a member rose and stated that in his opinion the Society should endeavor to procure employment for the immigrants at present in Ottawa before assisting others to immigrate. He said there were between fifty and sixty heads of families at present in Ottawa without employment. The Secretary stated that he was unaware of the fact, and those thus circumstanced should have made known their position to the Society.

A couple of other members concurred in the statement that those in Ottawa at present should be provided with work before assisting out other immigrants. They thought there were few immigrants in Ottawa who could contribute money for the purpose.

The consideration of the depositing fund scheme was deferred to the next monthly meeting.

JACKETS.—A large stock new stylish Jackets, at moderate prices, at

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

The fascinating Laura Sherman who so successfully swindled a number of confiding residents of this city out of money and articles of clothing, has after a protracted residence in the common jail here, resumed her confidence operations in Montreal. The police authorities of that city have already had their attention directed to her, and it is not improbable that before long she will favor Mr. Payette's model establishment, near Hochelaga, with a visit. This young lady has a decided *penchant* for telling lies and residing in jail.

Corporation of the Township of Fitzroy.

Minutes of Council, 26th Nov. 1870.

Present—The Reeve and Messrs. Mohr Elliott and MacLaren.

The minutes of last session were read.

The Petition of John Johnstone for relief was presented and read.

Also accounts from Lewis and Pinhey for professional services, and from Ottawa TIMES for printing and publishing for 1868 '69 and '70.

Moved by Mr. Mohr, and seconded by Mr. Maclaren that the Reeve give orders on the Treasurer, in favor of Messrs. Lewis and Pinhey for twenty dollars for professional services, and in favor of the Ottawa TIMES printing and publishing Co., for fifty five dollars 45 cents for printing and advertising for 1868, '69 and '70, as per accounts.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. MacLaren, and seconded by Mr. Elliott, that this Council do grant the sum of five dollars to widow Brown, she being poor and indigent, and that the Reeve give an order on the Treasurer for the same.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Elliott, and seconded by Mr. Mohr, that this Council grant the sum of ten dollars to John Johnstone, he being poor and indigent, and that the Reeve give an order on the Treasurer for the same.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. MacLaren, seconded by Mr. Mohr, that the Inspector be directed to inspect the house of Patrick Teevens, formerly occupied by his brother, John Teevens.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. MacLaren, and seconded by Mr. Elliott, that the following persons be exempt from the payment of taxes for the current year, viz: Widows Brown, McCarthy, Denis and Bika, and Thomas Howard, Sen.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Elliott, and seconded by Mr. Mohr, that this Council do now adjourn for an hour.—Carried.

The Council met, the same members present.

Moved by Mr. MacLaren, and seconded by Mr. Mohr, that this Council do grant the sum of fifteen dollars to Owen Cotton, to assist him to support his family, he having lost all his crop by the late fire.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Mohr, and seconded by Mr. Maclaren that John Moorhouse, Overseer of Highways, be instructed to direct the persons having fences or other obstruction on the side line road between lots number five and six in the third concession, forthwith to remove the same to the full width of said road.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Mohr and seconded by Mr Elliott that, whereas the Corporation of the County of Carleton did, on the 18th day of March now last past, grant the sum of one hundred and fifty dollars to assist in building the bridge at Hubbell's Falls, in the Township of Fitzroy, and, whereas, the said Corporation did at a subsequent session, but after the completion of the said bridge, rescind the said grant, and have since refused to pay the amount of the same notwithstanding the report of the commissioners, James Higgins and John Forgues, that the work had been completed to their entire satisfaction; therefore it is resolved that Reeve be authorized to take such legal proceedings as may be deemed expedient to compel the payment by the said Corporation of the county of Carleton of the amount of the afore said grant.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Mohr, and seconded by Mr. MacLaren, that the Township Collector be required to return his roll and pay over the taxes collected, on or before the 15th day of January next.—Carried

Moved by Mr. Elliott, and seconded by Mr. MacLaren, that the Reeve give an order on the Treasurer in favor of Thos. Bahen for three dollars seventy cents for costs incurred by him in prosecuting a tavern keeper unsuccessfully.—Lost.

Moved by Mr. Elliott, and seconded by Mr. MacLaren that this Council do now adjourn until the twenty-fourth day of December next.—Carried.

T. HUNTON SHOOLBRED & Co

47. SPARKS ST. 49.

Will receive this week "per Express," from LONDON, England,

2 CASES OF MILLINERY,

Containing the VERY LATEST Styles in

Bonnets, Hats,

and some very Choice things in

Flowers, Feathers and Trimmings,

Per S. S "MORAVIAN."

1 Case Extra Cloths, in the new

Satin Cloths,

Trimming to match all our Fashionable

Dress Goods.

—ALSO—

1 Case of Newest

Mantle Cloths.

The "OLIVE GREEN" appears still prove the most fashionable, and of the above, we are in receipt of ten piece

"New Seal and plucked Otter Skins hand."

Fancy Wove Goods still arriving.

Clouds, Breakfast Shawls, Ties, &c., in endless Variety.

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO

47 and 49 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, Oct 11 1870.

R. L. JAMES & CO.

DRESS GOODS.

A large assortment worth from 20 to 90 cents, at 15 to 80.

A

SPECIAL LINE

of French Merinos, very cheap.

BLACK SILKS,

very much under Market value, and considerably lower than present Ottawa prices.

MILLINERY.

It is now pretty generally known that in this Department, especially the prices, are EXCEEDINGLY MODERATE,

AT THE

GOLDEN LION.

R. L. JAMES & Co.

ATTENTION!

If you want Choice VIRGIN HONEY, call at the NEW GROCERY STORE, corner of Sussex and York Streets.

If you want SUPERIOR CHEESE, call at the New GROCERY STORE, Corner of Sussex and York Streets.

If you want FIRST-CLASS DAIRY BUTTER, call at the New GROCERY STORE, Corner Sussex and York Streets.

—ALSO—

New Crop West End, Layers, Valencia and Seedless Raisins and Currants, Fresh Turkey Figs, Malaga Grapes, Lemons, Choice Imperial Prunes, Candied Peels, Gelatine, Cross & Blackwell's Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies, and Marmalades, Fresh Oysters, Lobsters Sea gulin Mackerel, Salmon and Tomatoes, with a choice lot of Scotch and English Ales and Porter, Wines and Brandies, Gin, Scotch Whiskey, Jamaica Rum, Old Rye, Syrups and

JOHN A. BITTERS,

CONSTANTLY ON HAND,

At the New GROCERY STORE, Corner Sussex and York Streets.

Extra Fine Green, Black and Japan Teas, Rio, Java and Turkey Coffee.

—ALSO—

Fine Family and Pastry Flour, Oat and Corn Meal, at the NEW GROCERY STORE, Corner Sussex and York streets.

J. M. C. DELES DERNIERS,

Corner Sussex and York-sts.

Ottawa, Nov 29, 1870 1526tf

TO LUMBERMEN.

L. ROSE,

PROVISION BROKER.

LONDON, ONT.,

Inspects every BARREL of PORK he Ships and Ships only a FIRST-CLASS Article. He has for Sale from some of the Leading Packers and Curers:

Heavy Mess Pork, guaranteed.

Ex P. Pork made from Heavy Mess.

Shoulders Mess Mutton.

Heavy Bacon, &c., at the lowest FIRST PRICES, and on Terms to suit Purchasers.

No. 1 Sup. Flour, Oats, Corn, &c., bought on commission.

White Beans always on hand.

Orders or enquiries have prompt attention.

Through rates to Brockville, Sand and Ottawa.

L. ROSE,
Produce Broker,
London, Ont.

London, Ont, Nov. 24, 1870 1532 2m

NOVEMBER ARRIVALS,

NEW FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOODS.

MAGEE & RUSSELL

Having met with UNAPPROACHABLE SUCCESS this AUTUMN, in the disposal of their IMMENSE IMPORTATIONS, (the Largest ever brought to Ottawa in one Season) were under the agreeable necessity of re-ordering a Second Supply to fill up the numerous blanks made in their Several Departments.

Owing to the terrible conflict now raging in Europe our resident agents were enabled to secure during the consequent depression of Trade in Britain many very valuable lines at exceedingly low prices for Cash.

A portion of Shipments not yet to hand, are expected this week. The following comprises a few of the leading articles, viz.:

DRESS GOODS:

WINCIES, SCOTCH PLAID TARTANS, FRENCH MERINOES, and SATEEN COSTUME CLOTH

See Figured Sateen Cloths at 90 cts. per yard, the Newest Dress Material of the season.

SILKS, SATINS, VELVETS:

Black VELVETS, VELVETEENS, EPANGLES, SILKS, SATINS, and CRAPES.

All our Mantle Velvets were purchased in June, only a few days before they advanced considerably in price, and as they are likely to be fully 50 per cent dearer in the Spring, would advise Ladies to Purchase at the present time; will guarantee the best value in Canada. Silks Satins, &c, equally good value.

DOMESTICS:

New Grey Cottons, White Shirtings, Sheetings, Pillow Cottons, Prints, Linen and Cotton Ticklings, Linen and Cotton Diapers, Table Linen of every description, Quilts and Counterpanes, Towels and Towelling, &c., &c. We can confidently recommend the above mentioned Domestic Goods, being excellent value.

WOOLLENS:

BLANKETS, English and Canadian Plain and Fancy FLANNELS, Waterproof Cloakings, Black and Blue Presidents, Pilots, Beavers, and the New Irish Frieze Cloths, for making Fashionable Ulster Over-Coats A Specimen Coat for Sale.

RIBBONS AND LACES.

160 dozen large New Style Hair Nets, 200 dozen Cambric Handkerchiefs. One Case Black and Colored Ribbon Velvets, Silk, Satin and Sash Ribbons, Edgings, Buttons Collars and Cuffs, and a magnificent variety Real Lace Goods.

HOSIERY AND GLOVES.

50 dozen Gents White and Lavender Kid Gloves; also, 20 dozen Plush and Lamb Lined Kid Gloves and Mitts, some with Beaver Cuffs, besides a first-class stock of Woollen Mock and Real Buckskin Gloves, Canadian, Scotch and English Lambs Wool Underclothing, Scotch and Canadian Fingering Yarns, &c, &c.

CARPETS.

New Double Width Damasks at 45cts, Green Kepp, at $1.10, the Cheapest in Ottawa, New Harness Muslin and Lace Curtains, also Lace by the yards, one Cask varnished Cornices and one Case Stair Rods

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

DRY GOODS!

DRY GOODS!

DRY GOODS!

PATTERSON & BRYSON

In consequence of our great success since opening we have been obliged to lay in a large additional Stock, which we will mark as low as heretofore, being determined to retain our already well established character for selling cheaper than any other House in the Trade.

IN CANADIAN GOODS

We have made such arrangements with the best Factories in the Dominion as will enable us to keep constantly on hand a large and well Assorted Stock of Tweeds, Flannels, Blankets (Grey and White), Cotton and Linen Bags, Cotton Yarn, Hosiery, Underclothing, etc., etc., etc.

—ALSO—

An entirely new and well assorted Stock of British and Foreign Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, which have been marked at prices to defy competition.

REMEMBER THE PLACE,

53 Sparks Street,
Directly Opposite
BATE & Co.

PATTERSON & BRYSON.

JAMES PRACOCK,

FURS, FURS,

FURS.

I beg to intimate that my FUR STOCK is now complete in every

DEPARTMENT.

AN EARLY CALL IS SOLICITED.

Remember the place,

33 Rideau Street,

OPPOSITE OLD STAND.

CHARLES J. TARKER, ACCOUNTANT Books posted Accounts made out. Apply at the office of H P Hill, Solicitor, Rideau-st Dr Hill, C H Pinhey

Ottawa, Nov 5, 187

THE TEA POT,

RIDEAU STREET.

The Proprietor begs to inform the lovers of THE TEA POT and the public generally, that the alterations are now completed, the whole premises having been thoroughly renovated and stocked with

New and Fresh Goods

Of the very best quality. He is now prepared to execute orders Wholesale and Retail, and every article will be guaranteed, as they have been selected with the greatest care.

Teas in great variety,
Coffee—the very best—roasted and ground daily,
Raisins, Currants, Figs, &c., &c.,
Port Wine, Sherry Wine, Brandy,
English Old Tom Gin—Booth's, Bernard's & Thompson's.

An Old Lady's Evening Wish.

My wishes soar not very high,
Nor do they widely roam
These moderate wishes are confin'd
To comforts found at home.

Give me what I enjoy so well—
A snug domestic scene;
And take my word, I fell myself
As happy as a Queen,

I'll tell you what I wish for now—
'Tis not a large desire;
I wish to sit at perfect ease,
Beside my evening fire.

I wish a friend or two would call,
To ask me how I do;
Then truly happy I should be,
And they'd be happy, too.

I'd set the tea things on the tray,
And we should all agree,
While taking ever-welcome cups
Of JOHN HILL'S wholesome tea.

The tea would gladen ev'ry heart,
And brighten every face;
And nothing more could we desire
In such a happy case.

With JOHN HILL'S Tea I always crown
The comforts of my home;
And when I can partake of this
My wishes seldom roam.

All goods delivered free (within the limits of the city) by our own waggons, and every attention will be paid to proper packing and delivery.

JOHN HILL,
"THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET.

BONUS YEAR.

SPECIAL INTIMATION.

LIFE ASSOCIATION OF SCOTLAND.

FOUNDED 1823.

ANNUAL REVENUE, - £ 257,683 Stg.
FUNDS in hand and invested, 1,357,386 "

The BOOKS and ACCOUNTS have been for many years subjected (not merely yearly, or at any other interval, but) to a continuous AUDIT—apart from the Directors and other officials—by a Professional Accountant of high standing and experience. In the VALUATIONS also, which are made on approved Tables of Mortality, the most Assurance Premiums only are taken into account. Thus by constant independent checks and rigid tests, the utmost precaution is adopted to secure the present condition and permanent stability of the Institution. It has always maintained a high position among the Assurance Offices of the Kingdom, and has already paid SUMS ASSURED and BONUSES to the amount of

$8,159,044.00

The amount paid last year alone having been upwards of

$601,763,00

The FUNDS remaining in hand and invested are upwards of

$6,605,945.00.

The List of Policy-holders in Class B. for 1870 will be closed as at

5TH DECEMBER.

Previous Entrants will be entitled to a

WHOLE YEAR'S BONUS

More than later Entrant will receive.

—The PROFITS are allocated on a principle which gives LARGER BONUSES THAN ANY OTHER SYSTEM.

F WARDLAW,
Secretary.

Agents at Ottawa, J T & J PENNOCK.

November 8, 1870 68d5

IF YOU WANT

TO SAVE MONEY

GO TO THE

PEOPLE'S TEA STORES,

—BY—

P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.,

No. 35 Rideau St., and Duke St., Chaudiere,

OTTAWA,

Where from their great increase of business and the large addition now put to their Store, with a well selected Stock, and constant attention on their part, will enable them to sell at prices not to be equalled elsewhere.

There will be found always on hand a general assortment of

GROCERIES,
TEAS in particular, imported,
LIQUORS, WINES, BRANDIES,
GIN, IRISH and
SCOTCH WHISKEY,
Gooderham & Worts' HIGHWINES

OLD RYE, and PROOF,
With a fine assortment of Christmas and New Year's FRUITS and SYRUPS.

—ALSO—

WINTER APPLES,
ORANGES and LEMONS,
CHEESE, HAMS,
and BACON.

Remember our Motto—"Quick Sales and light Profits."

Try their TEAS.

Ottawa, Nov. 29, 1870 1526

ANNUAL MEETING of the Stockholders of the Ontario Peat Company will be held at the Russell House, Ottawa, on Tuesday, the 6th December next, at 12 o'clock, noon, for the organization of the Company, under the Act of Incorporation, for the selection of Directors, and for the transaction of general business.

Ottawa, Nov 23, 1870 1521

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

14 RIDEAU STREET,

Have now received a full supply of

NEW FALL GOODS

—IN ALL—

DEPARTMENTS.

Ottawa, September 26, 1870

CANADA AND U. S. PATENT AGENCY.

Patents solicited in Canada and the United States; Trade and Timber Marks, Industrial Designs, Copyrights, Transfers, &c., registered on the shortest notice, Copies of Laws, Circulars, and information, sent free on application. Drawings prepared and copied.

Charges moderate. United States Patents particularly attended to. Several valuable Patent Rights for sale.

T. G. COURSOLLES,

November 26, 1870 1524tf

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

DR HENRY has removed his Residence and Surgery to the corner of Bank and Victoria Streets, near the Parliament Buildings.

December 1, 1870. 1528b

A SPECIALITY.

THE ULSTER OVER-COAT

Is the Great Novelty in

GENTLEMEN'S GARMENTS

This Season.

A Specimen on View, at

MAGEE & RUSSELL'S.

Ottawa, Nov 30, 1870 1527tf

ST. JAMES' HOTEL,

METCALFE AND QUEEN STREETS.

The Proprietor, G. R. EVANS,

Begs respectfully to announce to the public in general that the above premises will be opened for business this day, 29th inst, and hopes by strict attention to business and moderate charges, to merit their patronage and favour.

Ottawa, Nov 29, 1870 1526tf

TEACHER WANTED

A MALE TEACHER, holding a First-Class Certificate, for one of the Schools in Hawkesbury Village, Ont. Salary, $300 per annum. Duties to commence on the 2nd day of January, 1871. Applications, with testimonials, will be received until 16th December, by

JOHN McKERCHER,
Secretary Board of School Trustees.

Ottawa, Nov 22 1870 1521 8

LIFE IN LARGE CITIES.

The Rev. W. STEPHENSON will preach the third of his series of Sermons to Young Men, in the Wesleyan Church, Metcalfe Street,

TO-MORROW EVENING.

SUBJECT:

"GAMBLERS AND GAMBLING"

Ottawa, Dec 3, 1870 1530 1

FOR SALE, OR EXCHANGE

For Property in Montreal improved or unimproved, the new Mansard roof Stone House situated in Victoria Crescent, having all the modern conveniences of heat, water and gas, fine out building, on an ample Lot, and enjoying the finest river view in Ottawa. For further particulars apply to W. C. SMILLIE, on the premises, or at the Office of the BRITISH AMERICAN BANK NOTE COMPANY, Wellington Street.

Ottawa, Dec 3, 1870 1530 1m

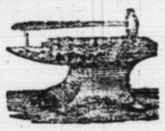
CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT

OTTAWA, 26th November, 1870

Authorised discount on AMERICAN INVOICES until further notice 1½ per cent

R. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

HARDWARE! HARDWARE!



Sign of the ANVIL, No. 24 Rideau Street, where you can get a complete assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, and at prices to suit purchasers. Consisting in part of

GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHINGS:

Butcher Knives, Knives and Forks, Pocket Knives, Table Spoons, Tea Spoons, Tea Trays, Table Mats, Buts, Screws, Locks, Bolts, Catches, Latches, Axes, Saws, Planes, Squares, Hammers, Spokeshaves, Gouges, Chisels Augers, Auger Bits, Steel Bits Bevels, Levels, Boring Machines, Draw Knives, &c. &c, &c. together with

PAINT OF ALL COLOURS:

Rose, Pink, Burnt Umber, Terra de Sienna, Chrome Yellow, Yellow Ochre, Celestial Blue, Paris Green, Brunswick Green, Magnesia Green, Venetian Green, Red Lead, White Lead, in Oil or Dry, Drop Black, Ivory Black, Lamp Black, Boiled Oil, Raw Oil, Turpentine, Benzole, Coal Oil, Paint Brushes, Varnishes, &c.

THOS. BIRKETT,
No. 24, Rideau street,
Sign of the Anvil.

P. S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the City.

Ottawa, Nov 18, 1870.

WANTED.

For the First and Second Departments of the Arnprior Common School, two MALE TEACHERS. Salary for first, four hundred; second, three hundred dollars per annum. Services to commence about 1st January, 1871. Applications received up to 1st December, 1870. Stating qualifications, &c.

DR. CRANSTON
Chairman
GEO. CRAIG,
Secretary.

Arnprior, Nov 9 1870 15 9 3

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,

35 SUSSEX STREET.

Elevated Oven Cook Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co.

Low Oven Cook Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co.

Double Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co

Box and Parlor Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co

Coal Stoves, Base Burners, at H. MEADOWS & Co.

The Quintal Coal Stove, at H. MEADOWS & Co

Parlour Cook Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co.

Dumb Stoves, all sizes, at H. MEADOWS & Co.

Hot Air Furnaces, at H. MEADOWS & Co.

Stove Pipes and Elbows, at H. MEADOWS & Co

Lumbermen's Supplies, at H. MEADOWS & Co.

1st Prize Stoves can be seen, at H. MEADOWS & Co.

Ottawa, Oct. 13, 1870.

THOMAS ISAAC,

DEALER IN

Shelf and Heavy Hardware

HENEY'S STONE BUILDING,

Wellington Street, Upper Town, Ottawa

Cooking and Fancy Stove
Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope,
Twine, Glass, Oil,
Putty, &c.,
Always on Hand.

Ottawa December 26, 1869. 1236.t

THE DOMINION ALMANAC

FOR 1871

WILL BE PUBLISHED EARLY IN DECEMBER

It is intended to serve as a convenient book of reference, and at the same time to be acceptable as an agreeable private companion. With this end in view, in addition to much valuable statistical information, a large amount of interesting reading matter will be found in its pages. The favorable reception which it met with last year, and the wide-spread circulation it obtained in Ontario and Quebec, justifies the hope that it will, this year, command a still larger share of patronage. In order to increase its circulation, and to render it still more valuable as an advertising medium, the price will, this year, be reduced to 10 cents per copy—considerably less than the actual cost of publication.

The following are the rates for advertising:

One Page at beginning or end of the Book	$15 00
Half do do	8 00
Quarter Page do do	4 00
One Page in body of work	20 00
Half do do	10 00

Every advertiser taking a page will receive 12 copies of the Almanac for distribution; for half a page, 6 copies; and for a quarter of a page, 3 copies.

Applications for advertisements should be sent in at once.

Address:
"DOMINION ALMANAC" Ottawa.

Ottawa, Oct 31, 1870 1502tf

CANADA PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Application will be made to Parliament, at its next Session, for the Incorporation of a Company to construct a Railway through British North America, connecting with the present Railway system of Canada, and thence to proceed to the North of Lake Superior and through the North West Territory to the Yellow or Leather Head Pass of the Rocky Mountains, there to connect with the projected Railway through British Columbia to the Pacific,—with such powers and privileges as may be necessary to carry the same into operation.

ALFRED WADDINGTON.

Ottawa, Oct. 21, 1870 1493 2m

NOTICE.

Is hereby given that the Corporation of the City of Ottawa will apply to the Legislature of the Province of Ontario, at its next Session, for an Act to amend the Act Incorporating the Ottawa City Street Passenger Railway Company.

W P LETT,
City Clerk.

Ottawa, Nov 11, 1870 1511 1wk 8w

JUST RECEIVED

FRENCH MERINOES,

GENUINE FRENCH MERINOES,

Fine, Wide, Heavy, and Warranted all Wool, in the following Colours:

LIGHT BROWN,

MID BROWN,

DARK BROWN,

VIOLET,

AGULINE,

MAROON,

RIFLE GREEN

ROSE,

DRAB

and

SCARLET,

Really better Goods than sold other years at 3s. 9d., for 2s. 6d. per yard. The Nicest, Cheapest, and most durable Dress, for either street or in door wear, in Ottawa.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

20 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, Nov. 30, 1870.

NOTICE.

The Partnership existing between the undersigned, in the City of Ottawa, under the name of WATSON & CLISBY, Shoe Keepers, was dissolved by mutual consent on the First Day of SEPTEMBER, A.D, 1870.

WATSON & CLISBY
JAMES ROY WATSON,
LAVEL KENT CLISBY.

Witness of Signature,
D. M. GRANT,
JAMES STARKES.

Ottawa, Nov 11, 1870 15164f

ROUSILLON VIN ROUGE.

An excellent Table WINE for ordinary use, not unlike PORT, but higher in body.

$1.25 Per GALLON

$24.00 Per DOZEN.

J. P. MACPHERSON,
Wine Merchant,
Elgin Street.

Ottawa, Nov 17, 1870 1513f

NOTICE.

THE CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY CO

Will apply to the

PARLIAMENT

—OF THE—

PROVINCE OF ONTARIO

At its next Session, for the

CONTINUANCE AND EXTENSION

FOR FOUR YEARS,

Of the Provisions of the Act

INCORPORATING THAT COMPANY,

And of the Acts mentioned therein, in so far as they relate to a Grant of Land in aid of the Company.

W B WORSLEY,
Sec. C

Oct 15, 1870

BUY YOUR CHRISTMAS PRESENTS

From the Ladies of Knox Church, Daly Street, at their BAZAAR, opposite Bate & Co, Sparks street, on the 13th and 14th DECEMBER. Good Music, good Luncheon, Oyster Soup. Contributions received on the 12th, in the Room

Ottawa, Dec 5 1870 1531d

LANGUAGES.

A GAY, B. A., French Teacher at the GRAMMAR SCHOOL, offers his leisure hours to persons desirous of learning the French, Spanish or Italian languages. A thorough knowledge is acquired in a short time. Charges moderate.

Mrs Robitaille's Boarding House, Sparks st.

Ottawa, Nov 14 1870 15 2w

FROM THIS DAY FORTH I change the price of all my Wood, that is to say, best Hard Wood $4 75, Birch $5.50; second best Hard Wood, 4.25 Birch $4.50.

My new Yard is now in constant operation and ready, and will cut promptly in obedience to all orders.

JOHN HENEY.

Ottawa, Dec. 5. 1531df

Insurance.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY of Canada, Head Office, Toronto.

President—The Hon John Hillyard Cameron M.P.
Vice President—Lewis Moffatt, Esq.
Other Directors—C J Campbell, Esq. Hon Malcolm Cameron, W T Macdonnell, Esq. A R McMaster, Esq. H S Howland, Esq. Geo Duggan, Esq. A T Fulton, Esq. Angus Morrison, Esq. M P J S Crocker, Esq.
Banker—The Canadian Bank of Commerce.
Agents for Ottawa—Messrs J T & W PENNOCK.

The rates of the PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY are as low as its long experience has shewn to be profitable.

The test of the value of insurance is, however, not when the premiums are being paid, but when losses are being settled, and, from the equity and promptness of its settlements the Provincial Insurance Company is second to none.

Its Inspectors are always sent to adjust every important loss directly it occurs.

It has no adjusted losses due and unpaid.

It respectfully solicits a share of the patronage of the insuring public of Ottawa.

ARTHUR HARVEY, Manager.

1298tf

UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa: 12th October, 1868.

No. 104.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 34 The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.
H. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B.
For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON, Auditor.

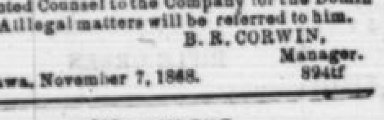
have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81.

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN, Manager.

Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

Steamers.



THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COY'S STEAMERS.

MAIL STEAMER

"QUEEN VICTORIA,"

CAPT. BOWIE,

Has commenced her regular trips between Ottawa and Montreal, with Mails and Passengers, leaving Ottawa at 7 a m. daily.

MARKET STEAMER "FAIRY"

CAPT. NICHOLS,

Will commence running her regular trips from Major's Wharf to Ottawa every Monday and Saturday leaving Major's at 5 a m, and Ottawa at 4 p m.

R W SHEPHERD.

Ottawa, April, 25, 1870 1341tf

UNION FORWARDING & RAILWAY COMPANY

CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after the FIRST OF SEPTEMBER,

THE STEAMER "ANN SISSON,"

Will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted) at 7 a. m., for Des Joachims, and intermediate ports. The steamer

"JASON GOULD"

Will leave Pembroke Daily at 2 p. m.

steamer

"SIR JOHN YOUNG",

Will leave Havelock daily at 7 a. m. for Chapeau. Returning will leave Chapeau at 1 o'clock p. m.

R S CASSELS, President.

Ottawa, August 22, 1870 144 tf

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMERS
First Cabin, Payable in Gold.
Liverpool or Queenstown.......... $100 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.
Liverpool or Queenstown.......... 35 00
PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX.
First Cabin, Payable in Gold.
Liverpool or Queenstown.......... $100 00
Halifax.......... 20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer.......... 45 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.
Liverpool or Queenstown.......... 30 00
Halifax.......... 15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer.......... 30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's offices,

JOHN G. DALE, Agent, 15 Broadway, New York, or HERRICK & CROMBIE, Ottawa.

DOMINION TELEGRAPH INSTITUTE,

34 KING STREET EAST, TORONTO, ONT.

ESTABLISHED IN 1868,

For the purpose of qualifying Operators for the TELEGRAPH AND RAILROAD LINES

Then and now so rapidly building in the Dominion and United States. It is become one of the Permanent Institutions of the Country.

And has turned out OVER 100 OPERATORS,

Who now fill important positions with GOOD SALARIES,

LADIES and GENTLEMEN desiring to learn this light and honourable profession, should do so at once. The average length of time required is three months. Ladies learn more rapidly than gentlemen. Both sexes admitted from 14 years of age and upwards.

For full particulars and terms address

T H CHURCHILL, Toronto, Ontario.

Ottawa, September 22, 1870 13

FOR SALE.

A beautiful country residence with Fifteen (15) Acres of Land (or more if necessary) attached; the house and outbuildings being completely surrounded by a grove of lovely shade trees. The whole within 10 minutes drive of the Government Buildings.

Terms of sale, cash, if preferable to purchaser otherwise a small payment down, and the balance in from 1 to 10 years, to suit purchaser.

Apply to the Proprietor,

R A BRADLEY, Solicitor, Elgin-st., Ottawa. Nearly opposite the Post Office.

N. B.—Money to lend on Real Estate. Terms easy.

OUT TO-DAY.

THE Canadian Parliamentary Calendar AND Directory for 1870.

To be obtained ... OPE & CO., and JONES & HOLLAND

1366tf

Medical.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

As a family Remedy it is well and favourably known relieving thousands from pain in the Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Has now been before the public for a length of time and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions have been properly followed, but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing the Diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it.

Price only Twenty-five Cents per bottle.

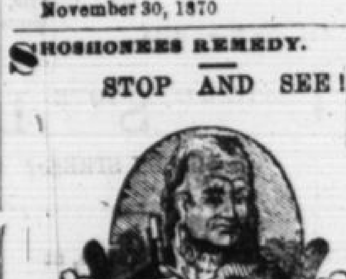
NORTHROP & LYMAN.

Sold in Ottawa by H F McCarthy, J Skinner, John Roberts, J P Featherston, George Mortimer, W M Massey, and all Medicine Dealers.

November 30, 1870 1537y

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!



The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

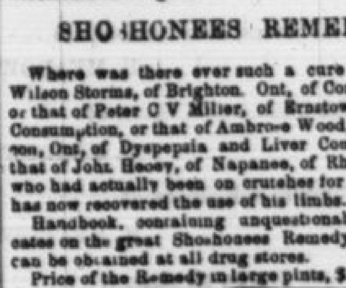
They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton. Ont, of Consumption or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hecoy, of Napanee, of Rheumatism who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1. 13



To Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:

Madoc, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869.

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless. I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings this ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle

A F WOOD, J P.

Warden County of Hastings Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.

For sale by DRUGGISTS — TRADE-MARK — GARDNER MONTREAL — AND GROCERS everywhere.

GARDNER'S QUININE WINE BITTERS,

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons recovering from illness. For sale in quart bottles; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children—it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardener's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best ask for GARDENER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE. Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

J GARDENER, Chemist, 457 Notre Dame street, Montreal, Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

DUTCH BULBS!

The Subscriber has just received a full assortment from a celebrated Grower in HOLLAND, both for Spring Gardening and in-door Culture.

THE ASSORTMENT INCLUDES
Hyacinths, many varieties,
Tulips, "
Lilies, "
Narcissus, "
Jonquills, "
Anemones, "
Ranunculus, "
&c., &c.

The Flower Roots above mentioned not coming to hand till late in the season, are offered for sale at low prices.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE, Druggist, 40 Sparks-st, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Nov. 18, 1870 1517yl

Medical.

GABRIEL'S PREPARATIONS — TRADE MARK — MANUFACTURED ONLY BY MESSRS GABRIEL. Dentists. LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.

FOR THE TEETH.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH.

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers,

MESSRS. GABRIEL, The old-established Dentists, 64 Ludgate Hill, London. And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth. Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations.

GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth. Price 5s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE, for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

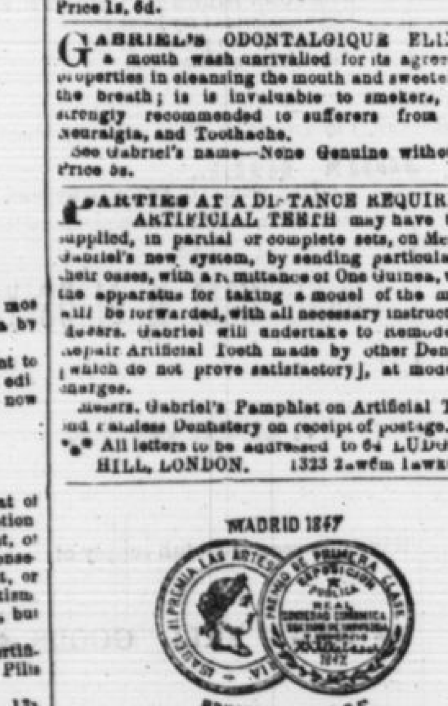
GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; is is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.

See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it. Price 5s.

PARTIES AT A DISTANCE REQUIRING ARTIFICIAL TEETH may have them supplied, in partial or complete sets, on Messrs. Gabriel's new system, by sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of One Guinea, when the apparatus for taking a mould of the mouth will be forwarded, with all necessary instructions. Messrs. Gabriel will undertake to Remodel or Repair Artificial Teeth made by other Dentists, (which do not prove satisfactory), at moderate charges.

Messrs. Gabriel's Pamphlet on Artificial Teeth and Painless Dentistry on receipt of postage.

All letters to be addressed to 64 LUDGATE HILL, LONDON. 1323 2awGm 1awx6m



MADRID 1867 — PRIMERA CLASE — PARIS 1867 — LONDON 1862 — MENTION HONORABLE — GENERAL EXCELLENCE

ALKABASAR

ARRIVED AT LAST!

This elegant Turkish TONIC is one of the most salutary and delicate preparations ever submitted for public approval in this hemisphere, and asserts its pretentions to patronage on the following grounds:—

That it is a preparation of one of the most eminent Purveyors to the Ottoman Court.

It prevents acidity of the Stomach.

It relieves lowness of spirits

It is a mild and invigorating tonic, and a most efficient but innocuous stimulent.

It renders the breath sweet and agreeable.

It stimulates the appetite if taken BEFORE meals.

It promotes digestion if taken AFTER meals.

It neutralizes the propensity for strong liquors.

It renders the intellect bright and clear.

If taken habitually it imparts vitality and energy to all the bodily organs.

By its use a man of 70 will become, as it were, restored to the elasticity of 30; and to persons of delicate constitutions it is strongly recommended.

It is an especial favourite with Oriental ladies.

Secure, then, health, longevity and vital energy by the habitual use of the ALKABASAR TURKISH TONIC.

Kept in stock by the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.

For directions for use see labels on bottles.

HENRY CHAPMAN & CO., EVANS, MERCER & CO., Montreal, Sole Agents for the Dominion

Montreal, July 6. 1415-y

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission from the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion,

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI, Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F GIANELLI

H. R. FRIPP, ORGANIST AND TEACHER OF MUSIC.

Residence—Elgin Street, South of Slater Street. Classes for beginners at Mr Gowan's Hall on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 4½ p m.

Ottawa, July 15th, 1870. 1410 tf

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street.

Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

LOST

From the Farm of MRS. STEWART on the bank of the Canal, on the 20th inst., TWENTY-THREE LAMBS, marked with a stroke on the back with ar. Information to be given to WM SLATTERY, Butcher By Ward Market.

August ...

Commission Merchants

J. BERMINGHAM, GENERAL AUCTIONEER.

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his Spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit continuance of the support and patronage liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate, that in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p. m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required.

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 25.

Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hands for sale.

J BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, March 1870.

WM. FOOTE & COMPANY,

IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALER

—IN—

TEAS AND WINES,

6 HOSPITAL STREET

MONTREAL.

Ottawa August 23, 1870 a1444tf

DOMINICK FOX.

GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,

Clarence Street, next to the City Hotel Ottawa.

Solicits the patronage of the Lumber Merchants generally on the Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging men and attending to their rafts while passing here to the best of his ability.

REFERENCES.
Alex Fraser, Esq. Walter Smith, Esq.
John ... oupore, Esq. R W Cruice, Esq.
1324t.

W. H. EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS, FORWARDERS

DEALERS IN

Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c

OTTAWA,

End of Little Sussex-st.

Cash advanced on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases

W. H. EASTON R. M. EASTON

FOR SALE.

MESS AND PRIME MESS PORK.

FLOUR NO. 1 & EXTRA

WHITE BEANS,

At Ottawa, Sand Point and Pembroke.

S CHRISTIE, No 5 Sparks street.

Ottawa, May 18, 1870

GOVERNMENT HOUSE.

OTTAWA, 26th day of Sept., 1870.

PRESENT

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honerable the Minister of Customs and under and in virtue of the authority given by the 8th Section of the Act 31 Vic. Cap. 6, intituled "An Act respecting the "Customs." His Excellency has been pleased to make the following Regulation:

Grand Harbour, in the Island of Grand Manan, in the Province of New Brunswick shall be and the same is hereby erected into an Out Port of Customs, and attached to the Port of Campe Bello (Welchpool.)

WM. H. LEE, Clerk Privy Council, Canada.

Ottawa, Oct. 4, 1870. 1478

GOVERNMENT HOUSE.

OTTAWA, Thursday, 22nd day of Sept, 1870

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs and under and in virtue of the 54th Section of the Act 31st Victoria Cap. 6, intituled "An Act respecting the Customs.

His Excellency has been pleased to Order and it is hereby Ordered, that the Out Port of Port Ryerse attached to the Port of Dover, in the Province of Ontario, be and the same is hereby constituted and appointed to be a Warehousing Port, within the meaning of that Act.

WM. H. LEE, Clerk Privy Council, Canada.

Ottawa, Oct. 4, 1870. 1478

Medical.

Ayer's

Hair Vigor,

For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.

A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. *Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color with the gloss and freshness of youth.* Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

HAIR DRESSING,

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS, LOWELL, MASS.

PRICE $1.00.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

For Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption.

Probably never before in the whole history of medicine, has anything won so widely and so deeply upon the confidence of mankind, as this excellent remedy for pulmonary complaints. Through a long series of years, and among most of the races of men it has risen higher and higher in their estimation, as it has become better known. Its uniform character and power to cure the various affections of the lungs and throat, have made it known as a reliable protector against them. While adapted to milder forms of disease and to young children, it is at the same time the most effectual remedy that can be given for incipient consumption, and the dangerous affections of the throat and lungs. As a provision against sudden attacks of *Croup*, it should be kept on hand in every family, and indeed as all are sometimes subject to colds and coughs, all should be provided with this antidote for them.

Although settled *Consumption* is thought incurable, still great numbers of cases where the disease seemed settled, have been completely cured, and the patient restored to sound health by the *Cherry Pectoral*. So complete is its mastery over the disorders of the Lungs and Throat, that the most obstinate of them yield to it. When nothing else could reach them, under the *Cherry Pectoral* they subside and disappear.

Singers and Public Speakers find great protection from it.

Asthma is always relieved and often wholly cured by it.

Bronchitis is generally cured by taking the *Cherry Pectoral* in small and frequent doses.

So generally are its virtues known that we need not publish the certificates of them here, or do more than assure the public that its qualities are fully maintained.

Ayer's Ague Cure,

For Fever and Ague, Intermittent Fever, Chill Fever, Remittent Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical or Bilious Fever, &c., and indeed all the affections which arise from malarious, marsh, or miasmatic poisons.

As its name implies, it does *Cure*, and does not fail. Containing neither Arsenic, Quinine, Bismuth, Zinc, nor any other mineral or poisonous substance whatever, it in nowise injures any patient. The number and importance of its cures in the ague districts, are literally beyond account, and we believe without a parallel in the history of Ague medicine. Our pride is gratified by the acknowledgments we receive of the radical cures effected in obstinate cases, and where other remedies had wholly failed.

Unacclimated persons, either resident in, or travelling through miasmatic localities, will be protected by taking the *AGUE CURE* daily.

For Liver Complaints, arising from torpidity of the Liver, it is an excellent remedy, stimulating the Liver into healthy activity.

For Bilious Disorders and Liver Complaints, it is an excellent remedy, producing many truly remarkable cures, where other medicines had failed.

Prepared by DR. J. C. AYER & Co., Practical and Analytical Chemists, Lowell, Mass., and sold all round the world.

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

LEA & PERRINS' CELEBRATED WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

Declared by Connoisseurs TO BE THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.

CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivalled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,

and to see that their names are upon the wrapper labels, stopper and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c, &c, and by Grocers and Oilmen universally 52y1236 law

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly, (which are published in the "Ontario Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of he Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the Session.

CHARLES T GILLMOR, Clerk of the House.

Toronto March 15, 1870 1369 td 1awk.

NOTICE.

I hereby give notice that I shall not be responsible for any debt contracted in my name after this date without my written order.

CHAS. GOULDEN.

Ottawa, August ... 6 ...

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.
W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge. REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

PRESERVE YOUR ROOFS.

PATENT PLASTIC SLATE PAINT,

Is the best and cheapest material in use for preserving new, or repairing old

IRON OR TIN ROOFS,

No matter how bad their condition. Also first rate for,

SHINGLE ROOFS,

Making them

FIRE AND WATER PROOF,

Hardens into a coating of SOLID SLATE by exposure.

Price $6 a barrel, mixed ready for use.

A barrel will cover 10 squares (10 x 10).

SHEATHING FELT

For lining Frame Buildings under the clap boards. An effectual protection against cold, damp and vermin. Rats and mice will not come near it

No FRAME DWELLING should be without

Send for circular, instructions, &c.

BUCHANAN & CO., Wholesale Depot for Roofing Materials and Founder's Supplies, 32 Lemoine Street. Montreal.

Ottawa, September 21, 1870 1468

A. E. GENDREAU,

HAIR DRESSING PARLOUR, *Wellington street,*

Opposite the Bank of Montreal.

MR GENDREAU, the proprietor of that so popular Parlour, has the pleasure to announce to his numerous friends and the public in general, that to answer to the great encouragement which he has received up to the present, he has determined to enlarge and thoroughly furnish anew his establishment He will save no expense to render Parlour the most comfortable, and to procure the most experienced hair dressers.

MR GENDREAU having served considerable time in some of the best and most extensive Hair Dressing Saloons in the Dominion and United States, is in a position to conduct the duties of his establishment in a manner that cannot be surpassed.

He will have always on hand the best perfumes imported directly from Paris and London. MR GENDREAU solicits a visit to convince all of the truth of his statements.

SATCHELL BROS.

BUTCHERS TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantly on hand

FRESH KILLED

STALL-FED

BEEF AND MUTTON.

ALSO,

THEIR CELEBRATED,

SPICED AND SALT ROUND,

AND

ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES,

To be had at

THEIR STALLS,

Nos. 5 and 7,

BY-WARD MARKET

No Benzine or Coal Oil used.

THE LANG PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT, W LANG, Sparks Street.

FOR STYLISH SIGNS AND HANDSOME WALL PAINTING GO TO

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TWO OR THREE GENTLEMAN can be accommodated with

ROOMS, WITH OR WITHOUT BOARD.

Apply at MR. ROWSELL'S, Opposite the Union Hotel, Centre Town.

Ottawa, July 5, 1870. 1490 tf

EDGAR DOWARD, Organist, Christ Church, teacher of Organ, Piano and Singing Residence—O'Connor street. Mr. Doward was formerly Choirster Boy and Articled Pupil of Mr W. Done, of Worcester Cathedral, England.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

In the matter of

JOSEPH HENRY CASSELS,

the Village of Kenmore

AN INSOLVENT.

ASSIGNEES SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power vested in me as Assignee of the estate and effects of the above named Insolvent, I shall offer for sale by Public Auction, at the Court House, in the City of Ottawa, at the hour of 12 o'clock, noon on FRIDAY, the TWENTY-FIFTH day of NOVEMBER next, all the estate, right, title, interest and equity of redemption of the said Insolvent, and of myself, as such Assignee as aforesaid, in and to that certain parcel or tract of land and premises situate, lying and being in the Township of Gloucester, in the County of Carleton, containing by admeasurement fifty acres of land be the same more or less, being composed of the west quarter of lot number two, in the third Concession of the said Township, Rideau Front.

Terms and conditions made known at the time of sale, and particulars can be had by applying

CHAS BAILLIF, Assignee, 401 Notre Dame St.

Dated Montreal, 17th Sept, 1870. 1469 3aw27i

GREAT CENTRAL AIR LINE ROUTE

VIA

GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.

[The Model Road of Canada]

To Sarnia, Detroit, Milwaukee. CHICAGO, *Cincinnati, St. Louis, New Orleans, and all Points in the West and South.*

NORTHERN TRANSPORTATION CO'S 20 First-Class Upper Cabin Steamers.

DAILY LINE BETWEEN OGDENSBURG & CHICAGO,

Making sure connections with Railway for all Points West and South.

Parties going west can secure Tickets at this office to any Point desired,

VIA ALL RAIL OR ALL BOAT

Fares always cheaper than by any other Route.

Be sure and procure TICKETS at this office by the

GREAT CENTRAL ROUTE AND SAVE MONEY, TIME AND DISTANCE.

Comparitive distance of the several Western Routes to Chicago:
American—Ogdensburg or Prescott to Chicago.......... 850 miles
Grand Trunk to Detroit.......... 736 do
Grand Trunk to Toronto, Great Western to Detroit.......... 730 do
Leaving in favor of the Great Central Route.......... 120 do

For TICKETS to any Points in the United States, and all information apply to

J P CORCORAN, General Western Railway and Steamboat Ticket office, at H Palmer's store, next to England & Draper's, Sussex two doors from Rideau st

IN CHANCERY.

Pursuant to a decree of the Court of Chancery, made in a cause Spain vs. Watt, the creditors of Martin Spain, late of the Township of Nepean, in the County of Carleton who died in or about the month of NOVEMBER, 1867, are on or before the 15th NOVEMBER next, to send by post prepaid, to Messrs. Kennedy & Christie, of the City of Ottawa, the Solicitor of the Defendants, Arthur Watt, the Executor of the deceased, their christian and surnames, addresses and descriptions, the full particulars of their claims, a statement of their accounts and the nature of the securities (if any) held by them, or in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said decree.

Every Creditor holding any security is to produce the same before me at my Chambers, at the City of Ottawa, on the 23rd day of November, 1870, at 11 o'clock, in the forenoon, being the time appointed for adjudication on the claims.

Dated this 21st day of October, 1870.

(Signed), W. M. MATHESON, Master at Ottawa

SCOTT & ROSS, Plaintiff's Solicitors.

Ottawa, Oct 24, 1870 1495 1d

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA,

10th day of November, 1870.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

Whereas it has been represented to His Excellency, that the public convenience would be promoted if the Out-Ports of St Armand and Rousse's Point, which are situate in closer proximity to the Port of St. John's, than to that of Montreal, with which they are now connected, were detached from the last mentioned Port and placed under the survey of the Port of St. Johns; His Excellency on the recommendation of the Hon. the Minister of Customs, and under and in pursuance of the 8th section of the Act 31st Victoria Chapter 6, intituled:

"An Act respecting the Customs," has been pleased to Order, and it is hereby Ordered that on, from and after the First day of December next the Out-Ports of St Armand and Rousse's Point shall be and they are hereby respectively detached from the Port of Montreal and placed under the Survey of the Port of St. Johns, in the Province of Quebec.

WM. H. LEE, Clerk Privy Council,

PRESTON & ROWSELL.

MILITARY TAILORS

—AND—

HABIT MAKERS

No. 36 SPARKS STREET

PRESTON & ROWSELL — A SELECT ASSORTMENT OF *Tweeds, Broad Cloths, Doe Skins, Fancy Coatings, Vestings, &c.* — PRESTON & ROWSELL

SHIRTS MADE TO ORDER

Ottawa, July 26, 1870.

HIGHER EDUCATION.

HELLMUTH COLLEGE.

Board and Tuition per annum, $22 .

HELLMUTH LADIES' COLLEGE

Inaugurated by H. R. H. Prince Arthur. Board and Tuition $236 per annum.

PRESIDENT:—The Very Rev. I. Hellmuth, D.D., Dean of Huron

For Particulars apply to Major Evans, London, Canada West.

August 3, 1870. 1 ...1

Sarsaparilla,

FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

The reputation this excellent medicine enjoys, is derived from its cures, many of which are truly marvellous. Inveterate cases of Scrofulous disease, where the system seemed saturated with corruption, have been purified and cured by it. Scrofulous affections and disorders, which were aggravated by the scrofulous contamination until they were painfully afflicting, have been radically cured in such great numbers in almost every section of the country, that the public scarcely need to be informed of its virtues or uses.

Scrofulous poison is one of the most destructive enemies of our race. Often, this unseen and unfelt tenant of the organism undermines the constitution, and invites the attack of enfeebling or fatal diseases, without exciting a suspicion of its presence. Again, it seems to breed infection throughout the body, and then, on some favorable occasion, rapidly develop into one or other of its hideous forms, either on the surface or among the vitals. In the latter, tubercles may be suddenly deposited in the lungs or heart, or tumors formed in the liver, or it shows its presence by eruptions on the skin, or foul ulcerations on some part of the body. Hence the occasional use of a bottle of this Sarsaparilla is advisable, even when no active symptoms of disease appear. Persons afflicted with the following complaints generally find immediate relief, and, at length, cure, by the use of this SARSAPARILLA: *St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Sore Ears,* and other eruptions or visible forms of *Scrofulous* disease. Also in the more concealed forms, as *Dyspepsia, Dropsy, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Neuralgia,* and the various *Ulcerous* affections of the muscular and nervous systems.

Syphilis or *Venereal and Mercurial Diseases* are cured by it, though a long time is required for subduing these obstinate maladies by any medicine. But long continued use of this medicine will cure the complaint. *Leucorrhoea* or *Whites, Uterine Ulcerations,* and *Female Diseases,* are commonly soon relieved and ultimately cured by its purifying and invigorating effect. Minute directions for each case are found in our Almanac, supplied gratis. *Rheumatism* and *Gout,* when caused by accumulations of extraneous matters in the blood, yield quickly to it, as also *Liver Complaints, Torpidity, Congestion* or *Inflammation* of the *Liver,* and *Jaundice,* when arising, as they often do, from the rankling poisons in the blood. This SARSAPARILLA is a great restorer for the strength and vigor of the system. Those who are *Languid* and *Listless, Despondent, Sleepless,* and troubled with *Nervous Apprehensions* or *Fears,* or any of the affections symptomatic of *Weakness,* will find immediate relief and convincing evidence of its restorative power upon trial.

PREPARED BY Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass., *Practical and Analytical Chemists.*

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

For all the purposes of a Laxative Medicine.

Perhaps no one medicine is so universally required by everybody as a cathartic, nor was ever any before so universally adopted into use, in every country and among all classes, as this mild but efficient purgative Pill. The obvious reason is, that it is a more reliable and far more effectual remedy than any other. Those who have tried it, know that it cured them; those who have not, know that it cures their neighbors and friends, and all know that what it does once it does always—that it never fails through any fault or neglect of its composition. We have thousands upon thousands of certificates of their remarkable cures of the following complaints, but such cures are known in every neighborhood, and we need not publish them. Adapted to all ages and conditions in all climates; containing neither calomel or any deleterious drug, they may be taken with safety by anybody. Their sugar coating preserves them ever fresh and makes them pleasant to take, while being purely vegetable no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.

They operate by their powerful influence on the internal viscera to purify the blood and stimulate it into healthy action—remove the obstructions of the stomach, bowels, liver, and other organs of the body, restoring their irregular action to health, and by correcting, wherever they exist, such derangements as are the first origin of disease.

Minute directions are given in the wrapper on the box, for the following complaints, which these *Pills* rapidly cure:—

For **Dyspepsia** or **Indigestion, Listlessness, Languor** and **Loss of Appetite,** they should be taken moderately to stimulate the stomach and restore its healthy tone and action.

For **Liver Complaint** and its various symptoms, **Bilious Headache, Sick Headache, Jaundice** or **Green Sickness, Bilious Colic** and **Bilious Fevers,** they should be judiciously taken for each case, to correct the diseased action or remove the obstructions which cause it.

For **Dysentery** or **Diarrhœa,** but one mild dose is generally required.

For **Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the Side, Back and Loins,** they should be continuously taken, as required, to change the diseased action of the system. With such change those complaints disappear.

For **Dropsy** and **Dropsical Swellings** they should be taken in large and frequent doses to produce the effect of a drastic purge.

For **Suppression** a large dose should be taken as it produces the desired effect by sympathy.

As a *Dinner Pill,* take one or two *Pills* to promote digestion and relieve the stomach.

An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and bowels into healthy action, restores the appetite, and invigorates the system. Hence it is often advantageous where no serious derangement exists. One who feels tolerably well, often finds that a dose of these *Pills* makes him feel decidedly better, from their cleansing and renovating effect on the digestive apparatus.

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical Chemists, LOWELL, MASS., U.S.A.

Ottawa, August 7, 1870.

FOR ASTHMA, and Chronic Bronchitis.

DATURA TATULA,

Affords Immediate Relief.

"A remedy of great power and usefulness."—*Dr W. Parke.*

"Of great efficacy in cases of Asthma and Chronic Bronchitis."—*Dublin Journal Medical Science.*

"The smoke causes no nausea. When thoroughly inhaled, I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."—*General Alexander to Hon. E. Stuart.*

In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, Boxes, 5s, 8s and 15s.

Pastilles for Inhalation, Boxes, ...

SAVORY & MOORE, 143, New Bond st., London.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. Conduit & Co., Montreal

FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION of COD LIVER OIL, the fat eaten at meals, &c. Its digestive activity, superior to Pepsine.

Pancreatine Powder, bottles, ... and 12s6d. Pancreatine Wine, bottles, ... N.B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil.

AGENTS—Messrs F. ...

NOTICE.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF ONTARIO,

TORONTO, 29th October, 1870.

Notice is hereby given, that the last day for receiving Petitions for Private Bills will be WEDNESDAY, the TWENTY-EIGHTH day of DECEMBER next.

CHARLES T. GILLMOR, Clerk.

STRAYED,

Into the subscribers premises on the night of the 17th a KID with collar and chain attached The owner can have it by proving property and paying this advertisement. ROBERT SKEAD

Ottawa, Nov 21, 1870

SEMINARY FOR YOUNG LADIES,

A Branch of the Monklands Villa,

MARIA ESTABLISHMENT, MONTREAL,

The Sisters of the Congregation de Notre Dame respectfully inform the public that they will open their classes on the 1st September.

Besides the Boarding School a Select Day School is attached to the establishment.

For particulars and terms apply to the LADY SUPERIOR, Corner of O'Connor and Wellington Streets.

Ottawa, August 12, 1870

THE HOWLEY FARM TO LET.

Lot No 38, 1st Concession of Gloucester R Front, containing 300 acres, 110 acres well cleared and in good state of cultivation, opposite Mandotic, and fifteen miles from Ottawa, with good fences, a fine dwelling house, two story high, barns and outhouses complete, is now to let on reasonable terms, for term of years. Apply for further particulars to CHARLES ROWAN, Ottawa.

Ottawa September 5, 1870

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, 35 Sparks-st., Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES COTTON, Managing Director.

VOL.

AGENTS WANTED $5 to $10 a day.

Ottawa, Nov 11, 1870

J. W. WARD ... vocate, &c., Ottawa, Canada.

WRIGHT & C... Attorneys-at-Law, Conveyancers, Notaries ... Ontario and Q... Office over Durie's B... W McKAY WRIGHT

HORACE LAPIERRE ... ney-at-Law, Solicitor and Notary Public, York streets, Ottawa.

D. O'CONNOR, ... in Chancery, ... treet. Office, Union B...

R. H. HAYCOCK ... citor-in-Chancery Public, and Patent Ag... mediately opposite Rus...

LEES & GEMMILL Solicitors, Conveyancers, Court House, Ottawa.

EDWARD T. D... Solicitor, Attorney ... of the Peace and County ... Counties of Prescott and ... Court House, L'Orignal.

KEEFER & KE... Attornies at Law, Conveyancers, &c, for ... and Quebec. Office—Post Office B... Ottawa. AUGUSTUS KEEFER.

NICHOLAS SPARKS ... ney-at-Law, Solicitor, ... ancer, &c. Office—Lo... opposite the Post Office.

S. A. MARA, ... Buildings, Rideau...

COSGROVE & ... Solicitors, &c. Office ... Rideau-street, Ottawa. WILLIAM MOSGROVE.

N. TETREAU, ... vince of Quebec. Office.

Medical

DOCTOR HENDERSON ... versity Physician ... Surgery—That recent ... lech, Duke st, Chaudiere

DR. ROBILLARD Accoucheur, ... Store, East end of ... hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p... N. B.—Special attention ... diseases of the EYE ... be seen at his residence

DR. C. LEGGO, Accoucheur. Office ... street.

DR. OLIVER MA... Sparks-street, Centre...

GEORGE HUTCH... SURGEON...

Sparks... OPPOSITE "T...

DR. HUTCHISON ... new SETS of TEETH ... where wanting, on either ... rubber palates, fitting ... the mouth as to be ... which natural teeth ... slightest inconvenience ... being for a short time ... consciousness of the presence ... ally foreign to the mouth ... Dr. H. with a view ... consciousness during the ... decayed or diseased ... practice the use ... laughing gas, which ... danger or inconvenience ... were in a pleasant dream ... He may be consulted ... his office from 9 a. m. ...

Ottawa, September ...

Hotels a...

THE METROPOLITAN ... AUM...

WAVERLY HOUSE ... HALIFAX, ...

PICKWICK HOUSE ... Opposite the Court House, ... CATHARINES, Ont. ... E. HOUGH...

THE "QUEEN" ... Corner of Metcalfe ... posite the main entrance ...

M. DUIGNAN ... SPARKS ST...

THE UNION HO... W. ARMSTRONG ... CORNER OF QU...

EVERY CONVENIENCE FOR THE TRAV... The Bar always ... CHOICES... EVERY DELICACY ... Stabling ...

C. T. R. HIGG... Agent for the Be... Live Stock Insurance ...

DANCING AC... Mrs Robert Stewart ...

WANTED. An experienced Teacher, who is ...

Hull, 21st Oct...

The Times

VOL. V. NO. 1534. OTTAWA, THURSDAY DECEMBER 8, 1870. PRICE—3 CENTS

AGENTS WANTED, who can make from $5 to $10 a day. Address, T. W. FARRELL, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Nov 11, 1870 1511 1m

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J. W. W. WARD, Barrister at-law, Advocate, &c., Opposite Russell House, Ottawa, Canada.

WRIGHT & CLEMOW, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. &c., for the Provinces Ontario and Quebec. Office over Durie's Book Store, Sparks street,
W McKay Wright 12w F C Clemow.

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.
Robert Lees. 43utf John J. Gemmill.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

KEEFER & KIMBER, Barristers and Attornies at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, &c., for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec. Office—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.
Augustus Keefer. Rene Edward Kimber.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

J. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

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William Mosgrove. 366tf George Taillon.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

Medical.

DOCTOR HENDERSON, (McGill University) Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Surgery—That recently occupied by Dr. Malloch, Duke st, Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1388y

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.
N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

GEORGE HUTCHISON, L. D. S.,
SURGEON DENTIST,
Sparks Street.
OPPOSITE "TIMES" OFFICE.

DR. HUTCHISON is fully prepared to supply new SETS of TEETH, or to insert single Teeth when wanting, on either gold, silver or vulcanite rubber plates, fitting so closely and easily to the mouth as to be capable of all the uses to which natural teeth are applied, without the slightest inconvenience to the wearers, and after a very short time in use, without even a consciousness of the presence of a substance originally foreign to the mouth.
Dr. H. with a view to the removal of painful consciousness during the operation of extracting decayed or diseased teeth, has introduced into his practice the use of the Nitrous Oxide or Laughing gas, which the sufferer inhales without danger or inconvenience, and loses his tooth as it were in a pleasant dream.
He may be consulted any day, except Sunday, at his office from 9 a. m. to 6 p. m.
Ottawa, September 2, 1870

Hotels and Saloons.

THE METROPOLITAN, AUMOND'S BLOCK, *Rideau Street Ottawa.*
1731 P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

WAVERLY HOUSE,
BARRINGTON-STREET,
HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,
Established 1851.
Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.
969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE, Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.
E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)
A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT, M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*
Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brandies Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Oysters, Game etc., daily

MRS. DUIGNAN'S,
SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.
A few more gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen visiting the Capital will find superior accommodation by the day or week at moderate terms.
N B.—This house is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Parliament Buildings and the several banks. 219tf

THE UNION HOUSE,
W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR,
CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS
OTTAWA.
EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.
The Bar always supplied with the
CHOICEST LIQUORS,
And the table spread with
EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON
Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.

C. T. R. HIGGINS,
Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co., General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufactures and Mining Agent. Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mann Bros Hardware Store.

DANCING AND DEPORTMENT.
Mrs Robert Stewart having made arrangements with an accomplished lady teacher, announces that her Dancing Classes will commence on Wednesday, the 22nd instant.
Further particulars may be obtained on application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street.
Ottawa September 9th, 1869. 1148tf

WANTED.
An experienced First-class Common School Teacher, who is not afraid to compete (so far as his profession is concerned) with any person in either Province, desires an engagement in Ontario, to date from the first of January next. Best of references.
Address, stating salary, &c.,
A D PRATT,
Hull, P. Q.
Hull, 31st Oct, 1870 1502tf

Groceries.

DENIS WHELAN,
39 RIDEAU STREET,
OTTAWA
HAVING OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT
(nearly opposite the Old Stand,)
Offers for sale at VERY LOW PRICES a large and well selected stock, comprising Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy Soaps, Sauces, Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, Candles, Coarse and Fine Salt. Also,
Bordeaux and other Vinegars
MESS PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS,
and the numerous other articles necessary to constitute a complete stock.
TEAS—
Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial Young Hyson, quite fresh and cheap.
COFFEE—
Fresh Coffee *ground* and *roasted* daily on the premises.
LIQUORS—
Cognac Brandies Renault & Co, Hennessy, Piper's and other brands.
HOLLAND GIN—
De Kuyper's and Houtman's, a wood bottle.
WINES—
Sherries of all grades, Ports of fine quality, Burgundy, Souterne and Maderia Wines all prices, in wood and bottle, improved by age.
HIGHWINES, OLD RYE, PROOF AND WHISKEY,
high proof and flavor, at extremely low prices.
Thorne's and Stewart' Scotch Whiskey and Old Tom.
Dunville's Irish Whiskey.
Murphy's Old Irish Potteen.
Guinness' and London Porter, pts and qts.
Molson's and other Ales.
Sugars and Syrups, all grades.
Sale at refiners' prices.
THE OLD STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE SELLING AT TWENTY-FIVE PERCENT BELOW COST.
Now is the time for bargains. 1104

1870. 1870.
SPRING IMPORTATIONS:
O'MEARA & CO.
Beg most respectfully to intimate to their friends and customers that they have just received and have ready for inspection
A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT
OF
CLOTHS AND TWEEDS
Suitable for the coming season, comprising
ENGLISH,
FRENCH,
SCOTCH AND CANADIAN MANUFACTURES
OF THE
NEWEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE DESIGNS.
THE READY-MADE
CLOTHING DEPARTMENT
is also very complete, and will be found of the best materials and most fashionable styles.
Special attention is called to a
LARGE ASSORTMENT OF
SPRING AND SUMMER OVERCOATS
OF THE NEWEST STYLES.
Suspenders, Scarfs, Ties, Collars, Shirts, Gloves, &c, &c. Together with a large and well assorted stock of
DRY GOODS.
Tailoring Department under the supervision of a first class cutter
Suits made to order in best and latest styles
Good fit ensured or no sale.
A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO

Hardware.

BLYTH & KERR,
No. 25 RIDEAU STREET,
Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c.
All work in any of the above branches executed in a prompt and workmanlike manner.
Special attention given to Roofing and fitting up Galvanized Iron and Tin Gutters, Conductors, &c., &c.
IMPORTERS OF GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.
JUST RECEIVED, ex "Pride of Canada" and "Oceola," a splendid assortment of Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots, Jelly Moulds, Wire Dish Covers, Spice Boxes, Ladies' Dressing Cases, Trays, Enamelled Pie Dishes, Preserving Pans, Delf Milk Saucepans, &c., &c.
Constantly on hand, Cooking Stoves, (best makers) Hot Air Furnaces, Water Coolers, Baths, (all kinds) Cutlery, Plated and Britannia Metal Ware,
—ALSO—
FISHING TACKLE, comprising Rods, Lines, Flies, Hooks, Floats, Trolls, Panniers, Landing Nets, Fly Books, &c. &c.
Ottawa, August 10, 1870 1432 1y

LEA & PERRINS'
CELEBRATED
WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,
Declared by Connoisseur
TO BE
THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.
CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.
The success of this most delicious and unrivalled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to
ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,
and to see that their names are upon the wrapper labels, stopper and bottle.
Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.
Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.
Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c, &c, and by Grocers and Oilmen universally 52y1236 law

WANTED
By a young girl a situation as SEAMSTRESS, or DRESS-MAKER, in a private family or place of business.
References given if required. Apply at the TIMES OFFICE.
August 1st, 1870 1434-tf

Railroads.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY OF CANADA.
Special attention is directed to this Company's announcement, in regard to the
RUNNING OF TRAINS
FOR THE ENSUING SEASON.
In addition to the Fast Time which it is intended to make between the
EAST AND WEST,
With close connections at all points. The line will be equipped with handsome
NEW FIRST-CLASS CARS,
Unsurpassed on the continent.
TRAINS WILL RUN BETWEEN
Portland and Montreal in 13 Hours.
Montreal and Toronto in 13 Hours.
Stopping only at the most important Stations.
As fast as completed,
PULMAN'S
PALACE SLEEPING CARS
Will be run on the Through Trains and the service will be performed over the entire line in a manner equal to that of any railway on this continent. Special arrangements have been made to accommodate the pleasure travel.
For further particulars see advertisements and time tables.
C J BRYDGES,
Managing Director.
June 3 1870. 1417tf

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY OF CANADA
IMPROVED SERVICE OF TRAINS FOR THE SUMMER OF 1870.
ACCELERATION OF SPEED.
NEW CARS ON ALL EXPRESS TRAINS.
Portland to Montreal in 13 Hours.
Montreal to Toronto in 13 Hours.
On and after JUNE 13th the new arrangements will be put in force, and trains will leave Montreal as follows:
GOING WEST.
Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points west at ... 9 00 a m
NIGHT, do do ... 9 00 p m
Mail Train for Toronto and intermediate Stations ... 7 00 a m
Accommodation Train for Brockville and intermediate stations ... 5 00 p m
Trains for Lachine at 6 00 a m, 7 00 a m, 9 15 am, 12 noon, 1 30 p m, 4 00 p m, 5 30 p m, and 6 30 p m. The 1 30 p m Train runs through to Province Line.
GOING SOUTH AND EAST.
Accommodation Train for Island Pond and intermediate stations at ... 7 10 a m
Express for Boston, via Vermont Central, at ... 9 00 a m
Express for New York and Boston, via Vermont Central, at ... 3 45 p m
Express for New York and Boston, via Plattsburg, Lake Champlain, Burlington and Rutland, at ... 6 00 a m
Do do do do ... 4 00 p m
Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham, Portland and Lower Provinces at ... 1 30 p
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, and the Lower Provinces, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St Hilaire, St Hyacinthe, Upton, Acton, Richmond, Brompton Falls, Sherbrooke, Lennoxville, Compton, Coaticooke and Norton Mills only at 10 10 p m
Sleeping Cars on all night trains. Baggage checked through.
The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotte" leave Portland for Halifax, N S, every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, respectively, at 4 00 p m. They have excellent accommodations for passengers and Freight.
The International Company's Steamers running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every Monday and Thursday at 6 00 p m for St John, N B, &c.
Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.
For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way station apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station, or at No 39, Great St James Street.
C J BRYDGES,
Managing Director.
June 3, 1870. 1424tf

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.
1870.] SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS. [1870
Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:
GOING WEST.
Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at ... 9 a m
Night do do do do do ... 9 p m
Accommodation Train for Cornwall and Intermediate Stations at ... 00 p m
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at ... 7:30 am
Trains for Lachine at ... 6:00 a m, 7:00 a m, 9 15 a m, 12 noon, 1:30 p m, 4:00 p m and 5:30 p m.
The 1:30 p m train runs through to Province Line.
GOING SOUTH AND EAST.
Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at ... 7:00 a m
Express for Boston at ... 8:40 a m
Express for New York and Boston via Vermont Central at ... 3:45 p m
Express for New York and Boston via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at ... 6.00 a m
Express for Island Pond, at ... 2:00 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at ... 10:10 p m
Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.
The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotte" leaves Portland every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, for Halifax, N.S., respectively at 4 p m.
They has excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.
The International Company's steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway leave Portland every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 6 p m, for St. John, N.B., &c.
Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.
For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Offices, Bonaventure Station, and 39 Great St James Street.
C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director
Montreal, May, 1870.
OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street
A & A H TAYLOR, Agents

ELECTRICITY IS LIFE
PULVERMACHER'S PATENT
GALVANIC CHAIN-BANDS
BELTS, AND POCKET BATTERIES
These highly improved inventions render Electricity perfectly self-applicable, and extremely efficacious in a mild continuous form no shock or unpleasant sensation being experienced, whereby it becomes a true fountain of health and vigour, speedily soothing agonizing pains, re-animating torpid limbs, reviving the sluggish functions of life, and imparting renewed energy and vitality to constitutions enfeebled by whatever cause. Medicines and their deleterious consequences are thus entirely dispensed with. The daily increasing number of cures effected by PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC SYSTEM is so extensive and varied, that it forcibly points to this invention as the embryo of a universal remedy.
N. B.—The following testimony from the elite of the English medical faculty has been received:
"We, the undersigned, have much pleasure in testifying that Mr. J. L. PULVERMACHER's recent improvements in his Voltaic Batteries and Galvanic Appliances for Medical Purposes are of great importance to Scientific Medicine, and that he is entitled to the consideration and support of every one disposed to further the advancement of real and useful progress.
" Dated the 9th day of March, 1866.
" SIR CHARLES LOCOCK, Bart., M. D., F. R. C. P.
" SIR HENRY HOLLAND, Bart., M. D., F. R. S.
" SIR WM. FERGUSSON, Bart., F. R. S.
" EDWD. H. SIEVEKING, M. D., M.R.C.S.
" SIR J. RANALD MARTIN, F. R. C. S."
PULVERMACHER'S SYSTEM is also approved of by an official report of the Academie de Medicine, Paris, Royal College of Physicians, London, and the Imperial Faculty of Vienna, and its curative virtues are confirmed by thousands of private testimonials of cures effected. (See pamphlet gratis).
These facts appeal to the good sense of every sufferer to avail himself of this scientific and curative progress, to which the inventor has devoted a life-time of study and labour, as an ardent deciple of that great benefactor of mankind, the late illustrious electrician MICHAEL FARADY.
PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC CHAINS are exceedingly effective without the aid of medicine, restriction of diet, or the least derangement of the patient's habits and daily occupations, in the following maladies:

Rheumatism	Female Complaints
Gout	Constipation
Sciatica	Cramp
Lumbago	Sluggish Circulation
Neuralgia	Urinary Disorders
Head and Toothache	Paralysis
Liver Complaints	Epilepsy
Tic Doloreux	Nervous Debility
Indigestion	Functional Disorders
Deafness	&c., &c.
Spasms	

The effects of the application of Pulvermacher's Chains in any of the above disorders is immediately perceptible—the relief of pain instantaneous.
PRICE LIST OF PULVERMACHER'S CHAIN BANDS AND BATTERIES.
B. CHAIN BANDS for Nervous Deafness, Head, Tooth, and Face Ache, and Noises in the Head, 21s. to 30s.
B. CHAIN BANDS for loss of Voice and other affections of the Throat, 10s. 6d. to 21s.
N. CHAIN BANDS for Sciatica, Rheumatic, Neuralgia, and Gouty Pains, Local Paralysis, Cramp, &c., 18s. to 22s. and 40s
B CHAIN BANDS for Lumbago, Indigestion, Liver, Chest, and Functional Disorders, &c., (worn as a belt), 22s to 40s and 55s.
B CHAIN BANDS for Writer's Cramp, Trembling, Nervousness, &c 22s to 30s and 40s.
B COMBINED CHAIN BAND for Cantral, Paralysis, Epilepsy, General Debility Functional Disorders, &c., 30s to 50s.
A complete Set of COMBINED CHAIN BANDS, BELTS, and CHAIN BATTERY for restoring vital energy, £5 to £7.
The public are most earnestly cautioned to beware of Pseudo Electric Belts advertised by sham Doctors, &c., for improper purposes, and so severely stigmatized by Vice Chancellor Malins in the suit Pulvermacher vs Hammond, alias Henry James, alias C. T. Raphey, M. R. C. S, alias Henry Burrows, &c, &c.
No Galvanic Belts are genuine but those bearing the fac simile of M. Pulvermacher's signature on the label.
A pamphlet containing full particulars may be had at the Drug Store of A. Christie, Sparks Street.
J. L. PULVERMACHER,
Galvanic Establishment,
200 Regent Street, London, W.
Ottawa, September 6, 1870 1455 lawk y

SCYTHES!
SCYTHES!! SCYTHES!!!
AND OTHER
HARVESTING IMPLEMENTS.
At the sign of the ANVIL, No. 24 Rideau Street, you can find a complete assortment of
Grass and other Scythes.
Blood Silver Steel, all lengths.
Blood Cast Steel, "
Blood German Steel, "
Pride of the Field silver Steel.
Bonnie Blue Bell, "
Red River or Champion "
Flint's Celebrated Scyth,
Whitings Bureka Scyth ground, ready for use.
Hay Rakes, straight and bent.
Hay Forks, two and three prongs.
Straw Forks, three prongs.
Scythes Snathes.
Grain Cradles, Maley and Grape Vine.
Scythes-stones and Grindstones of all sorts and sizes.
—ALSO,—
A compleate assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, Paints, Oil, Glass, Putty, Coal Oil, &c., &c.
THOS. BIRKETT,
No. 24, Rideau Street.

TO FARMERS
Who have suffered by fire we make a reduction in the price of Stoves,
Elevated Oven Cook Stoves.
Low Oven Cook Stoves.
Double Stoves.
Parlour Stoves.
Box Stoves all sizes.
Hotel Cook Stoves.
Dumb Stoves.
Hot Air Furnaces.
Stove Pipes.
Elbows.
Zinc.
Our WINTER STOCK, just received at the
"CAPITAL STOVE DEPOT."
85 Sussex Street,
H MEADOWS & CO.
Ottawa, September 9, 1870.

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

Arrival Departure of Mails.

1870. FALL ARRANGEMENT. 1870.

MAILS	Close A.M.	Close A.M.	Close P.M.	Delivered A.M.	Delivered A.M.	Delivered P.M.
Eastern, by Train; Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	11.15	...	9.30	9.00	...	4.00
Montreal, by Steamer	6.00	...	...	...	...	...
Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B., by St. L. & O. Railway	11.15	...	8.30	9.00	...	4.00
Western, by Train; Toronto, Hamilton, London, Kingston, Western, U.S., and all places west of Prescott	8.30	...	8.30	9.00	...	7.15
Fort Garry and other places in the Province of Manitoba to be despatched in closed mail from Windsor, Ontario, daily, via St. Paul, Minnesota. Ordinary Dominion rates of postage	8.30	...	8.30	9.00	...	7.15
United States, by St. L. & O. Railway; Ogdensburgh, New York, Boston, &c	1.15	...	8.30	9.00	...	4.00
Lower Ottawa, by Steamer; Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville, &c	6.00	...	...	...	...	6.30
Upper Ottawa, by Steamer; Onslow, Arnprior, Sand Point, Renfrew, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c	5.00	...	...	8.00	...	4.00
Upper Ottawa, by Stage; Pakenham, Marsh, Huntley, Carp, &c	...	...	12.15	8.00	11.00	...
Aylmer, by Stage; Hull, Clarendon, Bristol, &c	5.00	11.00	4.00	9.00	...	4.00
Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Burritt's Rapids by St. L. & O. Railway	7.30	11.15	...	9.00	...	...
North Gower, Kars, &c, per St. L. & O. Railway	11.15	...	...	9.00	...	1.30
Osgoode, Russell, and Line of St. L. & O. Railway	8.30	...	4.30	8.00	...	1.30
For Brockville, Perth, Smith's Falls, Appleton and Carleton Place, per Canada Central Railway	8.30	...	...	...	...	...
For Sand Point and places on the Brockville and Ottawa Railway, North of Carleton Place Junction, and places on C. C. Railway	8.30	...	...	...	...	...
Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate offices daily; Aylwin, Kasabazua, Low, River Desert, Six Portages, Wright, close Tuesdays and Fridays; arrive Tuesdays and Fridays	6.00	...	...	...	...	5.00
Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays	...	...	12.30	...	11.30	...

Matter posted up to 9.30 p.m. will be forwarded East and West in supplementary package the same night.

The Western Mail arriving at 7 p. m. will be delivered the same evening.

BRITISH MAILS.

Per Cunard Line, close every Tuesday at 10.45 a. m.

Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 10.30 a. m.

A supplementary bag for Canadian steamer will be closed at 11.30, in which all paid unregistered matter will be sent.

MONEY ORDERS

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on special deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

Post Office, Ottawa, 21st Nov. 1870.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it; there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment Cures Croup or Rattles.—Dr. BINGHAM, of Utica New York, says: "I have used Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment in my practice a number of years, and can say with pleasure I deem it one of the greatest discoveries of the age; for the cure of Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammatory Rheumatism, and in Child-bed Fever, it operates with perfect success. In cases of Burns, Bruises, Frost Limbs, it acts like a charm.

Dr. J. P. KENNEDY, of Chittenange, New York, says: "It has stood the test trial, and has not been found wanting. Its astonishing cures of Inflammation of the Lungs and Croup and the wonderful success in subsiding the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of remedies for these complaints."

Dr. A. W. BELDING, of Knowlesville, New York says; "I have used it in several cases of Special Irritation and for the worst cases of Piles, and sundry other complaints, and find it a superior article, and well worthy the notice of all."

Purchasers should be sure and ask for Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and see that the words "A. TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT" are on the wrapper.

Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for the Canadas. Sold in Ottawa by all druggists and by medicine dealers everywhere.

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE,
—BY—
P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.
Wholesale and Retail dealers and Commission Merchants, No. 36 Rideau-St., and Duke-St., Chaudiere,
Desire to draw the attention of the Public to their well assorted Stock of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, and Provisions, all of which will be sold at prices not to be rivalled either here or elsewhere.
Having the advantage of buying our Goods at the lowest prices, and direct from the Importing Vessels, enables us to sell in future as we have done heretofore, which we hope has given satisfaction to those who have favored us with a call. Rye, Proof and High Wines of the best always on hand. Also, Gin, Brandies and Wines directly imported. Those who have not already tried our Goods are respectively invited to call. Remember our motto. "Quick Sales and Light Profits." Salt and Fish constantly on hand.
P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.
August 7, 1870. 1428.1y

SITUATION WANTED
AS FARMER
A Married Man, who understands farming in all its departments; has had long experience in Canada.
Address R. E., FARMER, Hull, P.Q.

Railroads.

THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.
NOTICE.
ALTERATION OF TIME.
On and from MONDAY next, the 21st inst, three trains will run daily on this Railway as follows:
Going South Ottawa to Prescott.
MAIL will leave Ottawa at 9 30 a m, connecting at Prescott, with the Grand Trunk Express, for the West, and with the Ogdensburg Railway, for Boston, New York, &c.
MAIL will leave Ottawa at 12 00 noon, connecting with the Grand Trunk Express, for Montreal,
EXPRESS will leave Ottawa at 10 30 p m, connecting with the Grand Trunk Expresses, East and West.
Going North Prescott to Ottawa.
MAIL will leave Prescott Junction at 6 a m, connecting with the G. T. Expresses East and West, and arriving in Ottawa at 8.30 a m.
MAIL will leave Prescott Junction at 1.25 p m, connecting with the G. T. Express leaving Montreal at 8 a m, and arriving in Ottawa at 3 45 p m.
EXPRESS will leave Prescott Junction at 4 30 p m, connecting with G. T. Expresses, East and West, and arriving in Ottawa at 7 p m.
20 minutes allowed at Prescott Junction refreshments.
Tickets may be obtained on application to any of the Company's Agents, or at any of the Principal Stations of the Grand Trunk Railway.
All trains on this Line are run on Montreal time.
R LUTTRELL, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director
Ottawa, November 19, 1870.

CANADA CENTRAL AND BROCKVILLE AND OTTAWA RAILWAYS.
ALTERATION OF TRAINS,
Commencing DECEMBER 5, 1870.
SLEEPING CARS between TORONTO and Ottawa, going through in 13 HOURS.
On and after MONDAY, Dec. 5, TRAINS will run as follows:
Leave Brockville
EXPRESS, at 4.45 a m, connecting with Grand Trunk Express from the West, and arriving at Ottawa, at 8.50 a m.
MAIL TRAIN, at 7.30 a m, arriving at Ottawa at 1.50 p m.
EXPRESS, at 3.30 p m, connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express from the West, and arriving at Ottawa at 7.16 p m.
Leave Ottawa.
EXPRESS, at 9 40 a m, arriving at Brockville at 1.40 p m, and connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express going West.
MAIL TRAIN, at 3 45 p m, arriving at Brockville 9 15 p m.
EXPRESS, at 10 30 p m, arriving at Brockville at 2.15 a m, and connecting with Grand Trunk Night Express going West.
Arrive at Sand Point 1.35 and 7.10 p m.
Trains on Canada Central and Perth Branch make certain connections with all trains on B. & O. Railway.
A Sleeping Car will leave Toronto on Monday, Wednesday and Friday nights, by the Grand Trunk 7.30 p m train, and go through to Ottawa, arriving at 8.30 a m.
Returning, it will leave Ottawa on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday nights, at 10 30 p m, and go through to Toronto by G. T. Train, arriving at Toronto at 11.30 a m.
Freight forwarded with despatch, as the C. C. and B. & O. Railways are the same guage as the Grand Trunk. Car loads go through in Grand Trunk Cars to all points, without transhipment.
Certain connections made with Grand Trunk Trains.
H ABBOTT, Manager.
Brockville, Ont., Dec 1, 1870 1530tf

IMPORTANT SALE
—OF—
REAL ESTATE,
Mill Property, Farms, Timber Lands, Timber Licenses, &c.
INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.
In the matter of
THOMAS D. LEWIS,
Of Templeton, County of Ottawa, Quebec,
INSOLVENT,
The subscriber will offer for sale by Public Auction, at the Court House, Town of Aylmer, on THURSDAY the fifteenth of December, at twelve o'clock Noon.
The Valuable Real Estate Timber Lands, Saw Mill, known as Eagle Mills, Templeton; Carpenter's and Blacksmiths' Shop, Dwelling Houses, Barns, Stables, &c., erected on the following properities to wit:
In the Township of Templeton, in the County Of Ottawa Quebec:
Fifth Range—West half Lot 15, 100 Acres.
Seventh Range—North half Lots 1, 2, 3. 285 Acres.
Lots 7, 100 Acres.
Eigth Range—Part lot 3, 124 acres.
Part lot 4, 200 acres.
South half lot 5, 100 acres,
Do lot 7, 100 acres.
Do lot 8, 100 acres.
West half lot 12, 100 acres. On this is a valuable farm.
North half lot 17, 100 acres.
Do lot 18, 100 acres.
Ninth Range—North half lot 5, 100 acres.
Lot 12, 200 acres. On this lot is erected a Saw Mill, known as the "Eagle Mills," Carpenter's Shop, Blacksmith's Shop, Cook House, four other Houses, three Barns, and other buildings thereon erected.
South half lot 14, 100 acres, with buildings thereon erected.
South half lot 18, 100 acres.
Tenth Range—West half lot 5, 100 acres.
East half lot 5, 100 acres,
West half lot 6, 100 acres.
Lot 9, 100 acres.
Lot 13, 200 acres, with Dwelling House and Barn.
North half lot 17, 100 acres.
North half lot 18, 100 acres,
North half lot 19, 100 acres.
Eleventh Range—Lot 6, 200 acres. This is valuable timber Land.
Twelfth Range—Part lot 14, 25 acres, commonly called McGregor's Farm.
Thirteenth Range—Part lot 13, 40 acres, with buildings thereon erected.
Also Insolvents interest on lot 15, in the 15th concession of Templeton, Quebec.
—ALSO—
THE UNDERMENTIONED LICENSES COMMONLY CALLED TIMBER LIMITS, will be sold at the same time belonging to same Estate:—
First License—Number Eight (8) for 1870 and 1871, to Cut Timber on the following limits:
PORTLAND, QUEBEC—Area 17½ square miles—To commence at the rear line of the township of Templeton, running on said rear line 5½ miles on the course due north, and in breadth not more than half way to the height of land between the Blanche and Lierve Rivers. The western boundary of this limit is the township of Wakefield. The upper boundary of this limit has only 2½ miles.
Secondly—License number eighty-eight (88) for 1870 and 1871, to cut Timber on the following limits, viz., Wakefield, Quebec.
Area 7½ square miles—Lots number 16, 17, 19, 20 and 21 in the eighth (8) Range; and 17, 18, 19, 21, 26 in the ninth (9) Range; 17 to 20 inclusive, E; ½ 22, N. ½ 25, 26, S. ½ 27, in the tenth Range; and 17, 18, 19, 20, and 21, S. ½ 22, E. ½ 23, S. ½ 24, 25, 26 in the eleventh Range of the township of Wakefield.
Also, the Insolvents interest in the Graphite Company of Canada, 200 shares
Farming and Milling Implements, including a valuable Gumming Machine, Lathe Machine, Dies, Slab Cutters, &c., &c., &c.
For further particulars, apply to
WILLIAM LINDSAY, Assignees,
2, Merchants Exchange Montreal.
November 24. 1522tf

Where Familiar Quotations Come From.

"There is death in the pot," is from the Bible (2 Kings iv. 40). "Lovely and pleasant in their lives, and in their death they are not divided," is spoken of Saul and Jonathan (2 Samuel i. 23). "A man after his eye" (Deut. xix. 21). "A still small voice" (1 Kings xix. 12). "Escaped with the skin of my teeth" (Job xix. 20). "That mine adversary had written a book" (Job xxi. 35). "Spreading himself like a green bay tree" (Psalm xxxvi. 35). "Hanged our harps upon the willow" (Psalm cxxvii. 2). "Riches certainly make (not *take*, as it is often quoted) themselves wings" (Proverbs xxiii. 5). "Heap coals of fire upon his head" (Ibid. xxv. 22). "No new thing under the sun" (Ecclesiastes i. 9). "Of making many books there is no end" (Ibid. xii. 12). "Peace, peace, when there is no peace" made famous by P. Henry (Jeremiah viii 11) "My name is Legion" (Mark v. 9). "To kick against the pricks" (Acts ix. 2). "Make a virtue of necessity" (Shakespeare's *Two Gentlemen of Verona*). "All that glitters is not gold" (*Merchant of Venice*). "Screw up your courage to the sticking place," not *point* (*Macbeth*). "Make assurance doubly sure" (Ibid.). "Hang out your banners upon the outward walls" (Ibid). "Keep the word of promise to our (not *the*) ear, but break it to our hope" (Ibid). "It's an ill wind turns no good," usually quoted, "It's an ill wind blows no one any good" (Thomas Tasser). "Christmas comes but once a year" (Ibid). "Look before you leap" (Ibid.), and "Look before ere you leap" (*Hudibras*), commonly quoted, "Look before you leap." "Out of mind as soon as out of sight," usually quoted, "Out of sight, out of mind" (Lord Brooke). "What though the field be lost, all is not lost" (Milton). "Awake, arise, or be for ever fallen" (Ibid). "Necessity, the tyrant's plea" (Ibid). "Peace hath her victories" (Ibid). "Though this may be play to you, 'tis death to us" (Roger l'Estrange, 1704). "All cry, and no wool"—not "little wool" (*Hudibras*). "Count their chikens ere (not 'before') the are hatched" (Ibid). "Through thick and thin" (Dryden), "When Greeks join Greeks, then was the tug of war," usually quoted, "When Greek meets Greek, then comes the tug of war" (Nathaniel Lee, 1692). "Of two evils, I have chosen the least" (Prior). "Richard is himself again" (Colley Cibber). "Classic ground" (Addison). "A good hater' (Johnson). "My name is Norval" (John Hume, 1808). "Ask me no questions, and I'll tell you no fibs" (Goldsmith). "Not much the worse for wear" —not "none the worse" (Cowper). "What will Mrs. Grundy say" (Thomas Morton). "No pent-up Utica contracts our power" (Jonathan Sewell). "Hath given hostage to fortune" (Bacon). "His (God's) image cut in ebony" (Thomas Fuller). "Wise and masterly inactivity" (Mackintosh, in 1791, though generally attributed to John Randolph). "First in war, first in peace, and first in the hearts of his fellow-citizens" (not "countrymen") (Resolutions presented to the House of Representatives, December, 1790, prepared by Gen. Henry Lee). "Millions for defence, but not one cent for tribute" (Chas. C. Pinckney "The almighty dollar" (Washington Irving). "As good as a play" (King Charles, when in Parliament attending the discussion of Lord Ross's Divorce Bill). "Selling a bargain" (is in *Love's Labor Lost*). "Fast and loose," "Go snacks," Pope's ("Prologue to Satires,") "In the wrong box," ("Fox's Martyrs,") "To lam" (in the sense to beat), "King and no king," by Beaumont and Fletcher. The hackneyed newspaper Latin quotation, "Tempora mutantur, et nos mutamur in illis," is not found in any classic or Latin author. The nearest approach to it was, "Omnia mutantur," &c., and this is found in Borbonius, a German writer of the middle ages. "Smelling of the lamp" is to be fund in Plutarch, and is there attributed to Pythias. "A little bird told me" comes from Ecclesiastes x. 20, "For a bird of the air shall carry the voice, and that which had wings shall tell the matter."

He that fights and runs away,
May live to fight another day.

These lines, generally attributed to *Hudibras*, are really much older. They may be found in a book published in 1656. The same idea is, however, expressed in a couplet published in 1542, while one of the few fragments of Menander, the Greek writer, that have been preserved embodies the same idea in a single line. The couplet of *Hudibras* is:—

For those that fly may fight again,
Which he can never do that's slain.

"Hell is paved with good intentions," though found in Johnson and Herbert, was obviously in that day a proverbial expression. Walter Scott ascribes it to some "Stern old divine."

"There is a good time coming," is an expression used by Sir Walter Scott in *Rob Roy*, and has doubtless for a long time been a familiar saying in Scotland.

Queer Marriages.

The "most married" woman of which there is any record, was undoubtedly the Harlem woman spoken of by Evelyn in his diary, whose propensity for remarrying had finally to be checked by law. She married her twenty-fifth husband, and being now a widow, was prohibited to marry in future.

Many years ago, a man in Hartsville, N. Y., became attached to a young and beautiful damsel, who died before their intended marriage could be consummated. He then married the mother of the deceased, who was some twenty years his senior, but with whom he lived quite happy until she was eighty and he sixty years of age. As the wife had by this time become quite decrepit, they adopted a maid of some thirty summers, who had lived with them a year and a half, when the old lady died. Before the time appointed for the funeral, the man himself was taken sick, on which account the funeral services were postponed four weeks. But in less than two weeks he sent for a justice of the peace and was married to the maid he had adopted. The next day the couple applied to the town for support, and a week later the man himself died, his funeral being attended before that of his first wife and the woman he had so recently married being the only mourner. Human folly is "vast and illimitable."

When Socrates was asked whether it were better for a man to get married or live single, he replied: "Let him do either and he will repent it."

With due respect to Socrates, we must object to the above. We once knew a fortune-hunting young man who married a maiden lady on the wintry side of fifty. She was worth about $100,000, and died in less than a month after the celebration of the nuptial ceremonies. He inherited her property, and he never repented his marriage.

Among the ancient Germans it was death for any woman to marry before she was twenty years old. By the laws of Lycurgus the most special attention was paid to the physical education, and no delicate or sick women were allowed to marry.

In the Royal Library of Paris is a written contract drawn up in 1297, between two persons of noble birth in Armgne. The document bound husband and wife to faithful wedlock for seven years. It stipulated that the parties should have the right to renew the tie at that time if they mutually agreed; but if not, the children were to be equally divided; if the number should chance not to be even, they were to draw lots for the odd one.

In Borneo, marriages, which generally succeed a lengthened routine of enigmatical courtship peculiar to those people, are celebrated with great pomp and considerable originality. The bride and bridegroom are conducted from the opposite ends of the village to the spot where the ceremony is performed. They are seated on two bars of iron, symbolical of the vigorous and lasting blessings in store for them. A cigar and a betel leaf, carefully prepared with areca nut, are put into the hands of each. One of the officiating priests advances, waves two fowls over the heads of the betrothed, and in a long address to the Supreme Being, and a short one to the couple, calls down eternal blessings on them, implores that peace and happiness attend the union, and gives some temporal advice, sometimes of a character more medical than saintly. The spiritual part being thus concluded the material succeeds. The heads of the affirmed are knocked together four times; then the bridegroom puts betel leaf and cigar into the mouth of the bride; and and thus they are acknowledged a wedded couple, with the sanction of their religion. At a later period on the nuptial evening, fowls are killed, the blood caught in two cups, and from its color the priest foretells the happiness or misery of the newly married. The ceremony is closed by a feast, much dancing and noisy music.

England Armed.

The London *Times*, discussing the question of military organization, estimates that the forces required to place Great Britain in a position of security from invasion are about 70,000, and our field army must be provided without drawing upon this force. About 100,000 regular soldiers would also be usually wanted for foreign service, and a home field army of undefined strength and character would be needed beside. "With these estimates, let us compare resources as at least nominally available. Including the recent augmentations, the *Times* presumes the regular army may be reckoned at 200,000 men. Of these, perhaps, half are in India or at other stations, and half at home. Here, then, we have our foreign army of 100,000 men actually provided, and 100,000 more disposable for our home field army. It would remain, therefore, to provide 70,000 men for home garrison duties, and for this service we have at least 250,000 militia and volunteers. To put the case in a practical form, let us imagine ourselves called upon for the exertion of our military strength at this very moment. We have some 100,000 regular troops at home, and the militia would, of course, be at once embodied, and the volunteers called out. As many perhaps as 40,000 or 50,000 soldiers would be required for the immediate reinforcement of our foreign garrisons, leaving 50,000 or 60,000 at home—that is to say, not enough to hold the strategical points of our own islands. This is the kind of reckoning by which it is sometimes shown that we could not put 20,000 or even 10,000 men into line, and it is by no means altogether fallacious. It proceeds on the assumption that for active service our regular troops alone can be considered available, and ignores the aid of the militia and volunteers. But if the militia are within the limits of the Kingdom as good as regular soldiers, than we could certainly put not merely 20,000 men in line, but more than five times that number. The weak point of the case is in the constitution of the home force. There is probably no material deficiency in numbers; but the militia is but half officered, and the men can hardly be considered more than half trained. Above all, the subsidiary services indispensable to the efficiency of any troops in the field, whether regular or irregular, would not be be forthcoming from our present resources. One of our first duties would consist in the recognition of the fact that every body of troops, however it may be designated, or however its duties may be limited, requires in these respects provision for its efficiency no less than a regular army.

Old Country Items.

English officers are volunteering for service in the Turkish army.

The English papers are agitating the "flogging in the navy" question again.

In England alone about $300,000 was spent last year in the purchase of false hair.

Six theatres and concert halls are used for Sunday services each week in London.

In Somersetshire, England, cattle are dying by scores from having eaten too many acorns.

The widow and two daughters of Nathaniel Hawthorne, author of the "Scarlet Letter," the "House with the Seven Gables," and other famous stories, are now living in Kensington, the "Old Court Suburb of London.

The Princess Louise, with the express consent of Her Majesty the Queen, has accepted the dedication of Mr Robert Buchanan's work on the Highlands, and the book will appear immediately under the title of "Hebrides and the Land of Lorne."

The import of beet root sugar in to England from the Continent is far more considerable than is generally supposed, and has averaged during the last three years something like 50,000 tons—an amount equal to that which she takes from the Mauritius.

The will of Sir Frederick Pollock, Chief Baron of the English Court of Exchequer, has been sworn to under £45,000 personalty. The will of Richard Campion, Esq., of Denmark Hill, Camberwell, was proved under £80,000; also of the underment oned: J. Brignell, under 160,000; R. Fitch, £75,000.

A correspondent of the *Photographic News* gives the following simple method of fixing pencil and chalk drawings: "Milk, three parts; water, one part. Lay the drawings, face upwards, in a large dish or teatray; pour the milk and water over each one singly, well cover them, pin them up to drain, and when dry they will be as secure as a print or engraving.

FASHION NOTES.

Parisian bridal toilettes can no longer be imported.

Weddings at home is the latest edict of Dame Fashion.

The dress most fashionable and useful is the all round skirt worn with a court train.

Young married ladies are adopting neat and pretty lace breakfast caps for home wear.

Cerise and amber silks, with black lace over, are much worn for dinner dresses this season.

Suits of the same color in different materials are both elegant and popular.

With cashmere suits, muffs of the same material, trimmed with ostrich, are *de rigeur.*

Vultures' feathers are much worn this winter by young ladies who must be fond of carryni on.

The Reine Margot body is a novelty in dressmaking. It is made fitting tight to the figure and coming far down on the hips, being copied from old illuminated works.

A new dress material is called Velours Imperial. Notwithstanding its name, it has no velvet in it, but consists of stripes of heavy ribbed silk and satin. The fashionable colors for street wear this winter are violate deveque, slate blue, bottle green, tan and nasturtium.

RETAIL ADVERTISEMENT.

MAGEE & RUSSELL,

SPARKS STREET.

Have opened up within the last few days several CASES and BALES Assorted DRY GOODS, to which they respectfully invite attention.

☞ Ladies, please observe the following carefully, their being many articles enumerated worthy of Notice:

DRESS DEPARTMENT.	New Tartan Plaids, Brown and Grey Wincies, French Merinoes and de Laines, " Satin Cloths, Black Lustres and Alpacas, Black and Colored Silesias, " and " Casbans, Glove Finished Cambrics.
SILK DEPARTMENT.	Black Velveteens, Colored Plushes, French Crapes, Silks and Satins.
DOMESTIC DEPARTMENT.	Grey and White Cottons, " " Sheetings, Table Napkins and Damasks, Huck Towels, Cotton and Linen Diaper, Grass Linen and Hollands.
WOOLLEN DEPARTMENT.	Set. Saxony Flannels, Fancy Shirting do, English and Canadian Blankets, Waterproof Tweeds, Overcoatings.
HOSIERY & GLOVE DEPARTMENT.	Breakfast Shawls, Fancy Woollen Goods, Ladies Set. Hose, Gent's Underclothing, Kid Mitts and Gloves,
RIBBON AND LACE DEPARTMENT.	Black and Coloured Velvet Ribbons, Tartan Velvet Ribbons, Black and Coloured Silk Ribbons, Tartan Silk Ribbons, New Linen Sets, Black and White Silk Laces, Hair Nets, New Style, Hair Puffs and Rolls, Cambric Handkerchiefs, Cushion Tassels, White Filaciile, Coloured Silk Twists.

☞ Our Stock, for extent, variety, quality and price, stands unrivalled in Ottawa.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, Dec. 8, 1870.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Retail Advertisement—Magee & Russell.
Preaching of the Gospel in the Theatre on Sunday next.
School Notice—John Smith.

The Ottawa Times.

Office: 38, Sparks Street

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 8, 1870.

☞ For interesting reading matter see First Page.

Hon. Mr. Dunkin left yesterday for Quebec.

Sir G. E. Cartier left last night for Quebec.

We understand that a Committee of the Privy Council is actively engaged in maturing a scheme for the opening up of communication with the North West, to be available in the early spring of next year.

How widely dissimilar are the views of a statesman like Lord Granville and a Factionist like the Hon. George Brown! Referring to the action of the Canadian Government in reference to the affairs of the North West, Lord Granville says it was characterized by "singular judgment, firmness and prudence;" Mr. Brown speaks of it as having been "weak, incapable and reckless." Lord Granville evidently thinks that to save the country from anarchy and civil war was something to their credit, but Mr. Brown does not appear to be of that opinion. If there had been some fighting done in Manitoba, and a few lives lost, what a splendid opportunity would have been afforded for an attack upon the Government, whom, of course, Mr. Brown would have tried to make it appear were responsible for every drop of blood shed. No wonder he is angry when he sees affairs in Manitoba progressing so peacefully and well. What is the prosperity of the country in the eyes of a thorough going Factionist, compared with a chance for an attack upon the Administration?

THE FEAST OF FACTION.

For some time past a number of persons, instigated by the Hon George Brown, have been peddling tickets for a dinner round Toronto. The dinner in question came off last evening in that city, and was, no doubt fairly attended. People attend public dinners of this kind from various motives; some because they like the excitement, some because they are fond of good eating under any circumstances and in any society, others from motives of curiosity, and some because they really approve of the object for which the dinner was originated. But to suppose that those who attended Mr. Brown's dinner were all opponents of the government is a very grave error, and equally absurd is it to denominate them the "Reformers of Toronto."

Mr. Brown and the *Globe* have long ceased to represent the Reform party. The question as to whether they should do so or not was settled at the polls three years ago. The people, who in this country are the arbiters in matters of this kind, declared in a most unmistakeable manner that the old dividing lines had passed away for ever, and that no matter whether a man had gone by the name of Conservative or Reformer in the past, if he only strove honestly and sincerely to promote the welfare and prosperity of the country he would receive their confidence and support. All the editorials, all the speeches, and all the dinners which Mr. Brown may originate will not blind the public to this fact, or induce them to believe that either he or his organ have any right to speak on behalf of the old Reform party of Ontario. What was the exact nature of either the mental or physical pabulum provided for the occasion we have not heard. So far as the former is concerned, we presume that Mr. Mackenzie was the *piece de resistance* with possibly Messrs. Blake and McKellar to follow. In the actual bill of fare *Cabinet pudding with Brown sauce* was no doubt in great request, while "Hodge Podge" might very appropriately have been introduced, as a symbol of that extraordinary admixture of political ingredients which the chief Factionist is desirous of uniting in opposition to the Government. As for all the "froth and flummery" it will no doubt be provided by the *Globe*.

At all events we sincerely trust that the cooking was good and the viands sound and wholesome in quality. Mr. Mackenzie and Mr. Brown have given sufficient evidence of biliary derangement lately, to lead us to hope, that, for their sakes, nothing may occur which will be likely to encourage the progress of hepatic disease. It is to be hoped, out of pity to all concerned, that "good digestion waited on appetite," and that all present, though of course unable to swallow all the misrepresentations and unfounded assertions which the founder of the feast no doubt tried to cram down their throats, were able to bear the long dreary orations of the Factionists with some degree of patience and forbearance.

"GENERAL" O'NEILL TO HIS FELLOW CITIZENS GREETING.

"General" O'Neill in the course of his somewhat lengthy dissertation concerning the Fenian raid of May last, gives his American fellow citizens to understand that though under ordinary circumstances a person of mild and amiable temperament, he is when aroused and excited a terribly blood-thirsty fellow indeed. Once let him get upon the "rampage" in grim earnest, and there is no knowing when or where he will stop, or of what amount of brutality he may not be guilty. Under these circumstances, we cannot wonder at his rejoicing at the fact that the strong arm of the United States Marshal was laid upon him when it was. The "General" intimates that at the very moment when he was captured he had nearly screwed his courage up to the sticking point, and was prepared to commence the work of devastation. He had harangued his troops and had retired behind cover of a house, where it is to be presumed that, like Mr. Macawber, he was "crouching for a spring." But at that very moment, as Fate would have it, the valiant "General" was arrested and borne away in triumph by the United States Marshal.

O'Neill's letter proves very conclusively that if some ten or fifteen thousand more men had flown to arms when he said "Rally," if arms and military equipment had been provided in sufficient quantities, and if there had been no Canadian Volunteers in the way to oppose his onward march, matters would have turned out very differently. Nothing then could have checked his ardour, no consideration of humanity could have curbed his fiery zeal. Backed by ten or twenty thousand followers, and with none but unarmed men, women and children to oppose him, there is reason to fear that O'Neill's innate passion for bloodshed and rapine would have got the better of him, and have induced him to smite his "Canadian friends" as he has the cool impudence to call them, "hip and thigh." In the interests of humanity alone, setting aside all other considerations, what a blessing it was that that little band of Volunteers and Home Guards was grouped upon Eccles Hill. If it had not been, and O'Neill had become thoroughly aroused by the thought of uninterrupted plunder, where should we all have been to-day!

We wonder whether in any country on the face of the globe, with the exception of the United States of America, a pirate who had just been discharged from jail through the culpable leniency of the authorities, would venture to publish a letter containing, not one expression of sorrow for his misdeeds, but excuses for his failure! We do not think so. We do not believe that any where else public decency could be thus offended or the feelings of the respectable portion of the community thus set at naught. This is a matter, however, which concerns the Americans themselves rather than the people of this country, and we merely allude to it as one of the results of that thoroughgoing Republicanism which allows a murderer and a thief, for this is what O'Neill really is, to address his "fellow citizens" on terms of equality.

SENSATION AND SCANDAL.

A considerable amount of interest has been excited in England lately by the case of Lord Sefton against the Sheffield *Telegraph*. It appears that a libellous paragraph appeared in the columns of the *Telegraph* concerning the insertion of which neither the proprietor or the editor knew anything whatever, it having been inserted as an item of news by the sub-editor of the paper. The question which is being discussed by English journals is how far the proprietor or editor of a paper ought to be held responsible for the action of a subordinate. We believe, however, if the truth were told that others besides either the publishers, editors, or sub-editors of newspapers are responsible for many of the false sensational and reckless paragraphs which too frequently find their way into the columns of journals which are usually well conducted and reliable. In this present age there is such a desperate craving after novelty and sensation on the part of the public, that a newspaper which confines itself to facts, which publishes only that which those who control it know to be correct, is voted slow and old fogyish. People demand something highly spiced and richly seasoned. Plain substantial fare in the shape of ordinary news no longer satisfies the cravings of their mental appetite, and consequently those who have the control of newspapers and desire to make them popular are often sorely tempted to add a spice of sensationalism. In the case of the Sheffield *Telegraph* the libel published was certainly a very painful and unjustifiable one, assailing as it did the moral character of the Countess of Sefton, who is a lady of spotless reputation. Probably, however, the unfortunate sub-editor, without thinking of the mischief he was doing, seized upon this bit of scandal as a perfect treasure in the way of sensation, and gloried in the idea of being ahead of his rivals in the publication of an announcement of the kind. The love for scandal and sensationalism is not confined to the lower and uneducated classes, but often is really just as strong in those who are the first to condemn anything of the kind.

Penny Readings in North Gower Village.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

DEAR SIR:—The first of the series of Penny Readings was delivered in the school at North Gower village on Wednesday evening last, and proved very successful. The room was well filled, the audience numbering one hundred and twenty. Several recitations and dialogues were given, also some very appropriate pieces were sung by the pupils attending the school. The Rev. O. Brown delivered the introduction to a lecture on Mental Cultivation, which he proposes dividing in parts, and delivering at subsequent meetings. The most amusing part of the evenings entertainment was the exhibition of the magic lantern by the teacher, Mr. J. W. Forde. It was recently purchased by him, at his own expense. The scenes exhibited were all connected with natural history, with the exception of a few comic slides. The residents of that place are greatly indebted to Mr. Forde for his exertions in establishing those useful and instructive meetings. They are to be continued each Wednesday evening during the winter, commencing at 7 o'clock, p.m.

ONE WHO WAS PRESENT.

Wellington, Dec. 5, 1870.

The Fire Brigade's Services Recognised.

The following letters speak for themselves as well as for our very efficient Fire Brigade, to whom they are addressed accompanied by very tangible marks of appreciation of the Brigade's valuable services at the late fire. The action of those gentleman who thus show their appreciation of the services rendered by the Fire Brigade in battling the destructive fire of Sunday morning and confining its ravages is at once judicious and commendable. Almost any organization will collapse without proper encouragement and above all its merits must be recognized. Our Fire Brigade is certainly a most valuable organization, and as its members never hesitate even to risk their lives for the preservation of property against fire the public should never be oblivious of its duty towards them. The action of the undersigned gentlemen is therefore most commendable, and no doubt its salutary effect will be seen on future occasions, should the services of our gallant Fire Brigade be again needed:

John Langford, Chief Fire Brigade, Ottawa—

Enclosed we beg to hand you our cheque for $25 (twenty-five dollars), in consideration of valuable services rendered by the Fire Brigade on the morning of the 4th instant,

And remain,
Yours respectfully,
MAGEE & RUSSELL.
OTTAWA, Dec. 6th, 1870.

To John Langford, Esq., Chief Ottawa Fire Brigade:

SIR,—We, the undersigned, wish to thank the Firemen of this city for the noble manner in which they worked to save our property from destruction at the late fire, we beg you to accept as a donation to the brigade, the sum of sixty dollars.

R. Kenly, Sen.	G. Hutchison,
A. Swalwell,	Dr. Wood,
R. Kenly, Jr.,	N. McKinnon,
Stiff Bros.,	Chalmers & Leavens,
R. W. Stephen,	T. Rajotte,
W. W. Brown,	McCarthy & Co.

Canadian Institute Soiree.

The weekly entertainments at this Institution are of a high character and truly interesting. These entertainments, held on every Wednesday evening of each week, correspond to the readings held by other societies. It afforded us much pleasure, last evening, to be present at the second of the series held this season. Notwithstanding certain attractions elsewhere, there was a very large audience, comprising the *elite* of the French nationality of Ottawa, and during the whole evening's proceedings one fact which struck us forcibly was the strict manner in which the simple rules of decorum were observed. The proceedings were opened by Mr. Drapeau, President of the St. Jean Baptiste Society, who, in the course of a few remarks, stated that since their last meeting fifty new members had been admitted to the Society.

Chevalier Gustave Smith then gave a fine performance on the piano, after which Mr. Blain de St. Aubin read a very interesting and humourous treatise on poetry, song, and romance, which was highly appreciated.

The Misses Leprehon then sang (one accompanying on the piano) "Christine de Swede" in fine style, and was loudly applauded. After which Miss Aumond entertained the audience with two beautiful songs, the latter being in response to a rapturous encore.

L'Abbe Languay then delivered a lecture on Paris and Strasbourg, which was very interesting, and riveted the attention of the audience during its delivery. This rev. gentleman, who is but a short time out from France visited the above mentioned places and spent some time in Paris during the present seige. He stated that that famous city was at present surrounded by the invading foe. Paris is now the king of France; it remains with it to save the country. He referred to the aspect of Paris to-day, and contrasted it with that which it presented in 1867, when over 400,000 visitors to the great exhibition were within its walls—when nearly all the crown heads of Europe came to pay homage to Napoleon III. To-day Napoleon is a prisoner in the enemy's country. The reverend gentleman then gave some interesting information respecting the domestic administration of Paris, after which he went "in a baloon" to the famous stronghold of Strasbourg. He depicted its situation in a beautiful valley through which runs the river Rhine. He visited its fortifications, educational institutions, and particularly its famous Cathedral. He considered Strasbourg as impregnable owing to the entrenchments which surround it and which can be flooded with water. He had seen many kinds of cartridges in his life, but never wooden ones until he saw them in the magazines of Strasbourg. In one magazine there were as many as 27,000. They had been purchased previous to the opening of the present campaign, but in what country was not mentioned. The lecturer then gave an interesting and graphic description of the Cathedral, and was loudly applauded in conclusion. The Misses Leprehon then performed a duett on the piano, and the evening's entertainment was brought to a close.

Devlin's Fur Depot.

Latest by Telegraph

BY PEOPLE'S LINE.

OFFICE:—G. P. Drummond's Exchange Office 19 Sparks Street.

ONTARIO LEGISLATURE.

SPEECH OF THE LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR.

TORONTO, Dec. 7.

This afternoon, at 3 o'clock p.m., His Excellency the Hon. Wm. P. Howland, C. B., Lieutenant-Governor of the Province of Ontario, proceeded in State to the Chambers of the Legislative Assembly, and being seated on the Throne, was pleased to deliver the following speech:

Mr. Speaker and Gentlemen of the Legislative Assembly:

I am happy again to meet you, and to compliment you on the greatly increased prosperity of the Province since we last met.

The arbitrators appointed under the provisions of the British North America Act of 1867, for the division and adjustment of the debts, credits, liabilities and assets of Upper and Lower Canada have prosecuted with commendable assiduity their arduous labors, which were lately terminated by the publication of their Award, a copy of which will be laid before you. Without offering an opinion as to whether the judgment of the arbitrators on the various points submitted to them realizes the expectation of the people of this Province or not, I venture, nevertheless, to express the great satisfaction which the result has afforded me, and which, apart from the fact of the award being final and conclusive, establishes forever the share of the public debt, as also the proportion of the general assets intended to become exclusively our own property.

My predecessor at the opening of the first session of this Legislature, intimated that you began your labours with resources at your disposal large enough to justify the hope that they would prove adequate, not only for the actual requirements of the Government, but also to satisfy the wants of this rapidly improving country. The opinion then so confidently expressed, the experience of the past three years has established to be well founded, as is strikingly evidenced by the large surplus remaining unused in the Provincial Treasury after satisfying not only the ordinary outlays required by the public service and charity, but also providing for various public works of great utility and the erection of public institutions which are no less creditable to your liberty than productive of lasting benefit to suffering humanity and to the general interest of the Province at large.

How best to apply this surplus, or at all events a considerable portion thereof in developing the resources of the Province, by advancing the commercial and agricultural interests of the people, it will be for you to determine.

In furtherance of this view a measure will be submitted recommending a grant of money to stimulate the initiation of well considered and bona fide railroad undertakings which are especially designed to penetrate the heart of Free Grant territory, and also to encourage similar enterprises pointing in the same direction, or to our inland lakes, which when completed, will secure to certain other sections of country the luxury of speedy travel and advantages of cheap transport hitherto enjoyed by those within a reasonable distance of existing thoroughfares.

While perfecting our system of public instruction, so as to render our Common School Education accessible to every child in the land, and to provide more efficiently for giving a higher English and commercial education in the Superior Schools, your attention will be invited to the expediency of making that education more practical, and directly instrumental in promoting the interests of agriculture and manufactures. The life of our country's wealth and progress depends on its agriculture and manufactures, and the development of its mineral resources, and our system of public instruction should provide a suitable preparation for Agricultural, Mechanical, Manufacturing and Mining pursuits, as now enjoyed by those who make a choice of professions of law and medicine, and thus be promotive of the highest material, no less than of the intellectual and moral interests of the people.

Statistics furnished by the Department of Emigration exhibit the gratifying proof of considerable additions to our resident population during the past year, and from all quarters in which the new comers have taken up their abode, I continue to receive assurances that they generally appreciate the happy change which they begin to realize in the land of their adoption. The conjoint action of the Dominion and Ontario Governments will again be energetically directed to give a further importance to the scheme for promoting emigration, which it is the anxious desire of both Governments to render perfect and effectual, so far as a liberal outlay and active agencies can accomplish the object.

A Bill will be laid before the House, having for its object the substitution of a new mode of trying controverted elections.

The report of survey, by competent persons, which I recently caused to be made of a portion of a large area north of Lake Superior, and lying between Lakes Nepigon and Nipissing, will shortly be laid before you. I have reason to believe that in that hitherto unexplored territory, will be found large tracts of land, well fitted for agricultural purposes, intercepted with lakes abounding in fish, and with a climate similar to our own, well calculated to invite the emigrant to look for a happy home in that now apparently remote region.

The financial accounts of the Province, with the estimates of the coming year, will be laid before you, and I rely on your readiness to grant the necessary supplies.

The sad condition of the idiotic class of our people would seem to require your attention with a view to provide for their better care.

I also commend that provision be made for the establishment of one or more central prisons, the importance of which I, on a former occasion, felt myself compelled to bring under your notice.

The state of the Province is hopeful in the extreme. With a rapid advance in trade, agriculture and manufactures, more conspicuously displayed since the boon of Local Self Government has been freely conceded to us; and cherishing as we do, our heavy preference for British institutions, affording an evidence of our desire to foster and maintain at all hazards our connection with the Mother Country, we have no cause to envy the condition of our neighbors.

Let us hope that this flattering prospect may not be marred by injurious dissensions among ourselves, and that Providence may guide your counsels and give direction to your efforts in promoting the happiness and contentment of our people at large.

QUEBEC.

QUEBEC, Dec. 7, 1870.

A man named Pelletier belonging to St. Roch, leaping from one car to another on the Gosford R. R. fell through and was killed.

A boy was killed yesterday in St. Roch by a winch chain's slipping and stricking him on the head.

A boy in Berthelot market had his fingers chopped off.

Messrs. Gibb, Laird & Co., have undertaken the working of the Quebec sugar refinery, and will make it a first class establishment.

In the Legislative Assembly the Special Committee reported favorably on the Bill for the colonization road from Quebec to Lake St. John.

Hon. Mr. Chauveau stated on Monday he would present certain resolutions respecting the railway schemes now before the House.

Several public and private bills went through Commitee and readings, and the House adjourned at 5.30.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

TOURS, Dec. 5.—The Government has received by balloon from Paris official reports to the 24th, of the progress and results of the movement made by Ducrot. They state that Thursday was passed in burying the dead and succouring the wounded. On Friday morning the Prussians with great impetuosity attacked the French at Champigny, and in front of Villiers. After seven hour's fighting the enemy failed to carry the positions of the French and retreated, leaving the dead and wounded on the field. Their losses were from 15,000 to 20,000. On Saturday the French recrossed the Marne and took up positions. The enemy made no attempt to resist them. Ducrot greatly distinguished himself in the battle of Friday. Among the killed is General Lachariere. General Renault was wounded. General Sonnilly, in his report, says the troops who attacked the French exceed in numbers by 10,000, and their losses must have been extraordinary, for the next day they were so weakened that they suffered the French to cross the river unopposed. The successes of the French created the wildest enthusiasm in Paris.

BERLIN, Dec. 5.—The Queen has received the following despatch from the King:—"Versailles, Sunday, midnight.—After two days' battle, in which the army of the Grand Duke of Mecklenburg was mainly engaged, Manstein's corps captured St. Jean, a railway station and suburb of Orleans. Thirty guns and a thousand prisoners were taken. The Prussian loss was moderate. Wrangle's divisions suffered most. The Prussians found nine cannon and much ammunition on the field before Amiens.

(Signed), WEILHELM."

AMERICAN NEWS.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 6.—The bill passed by the Senate at the last session extending the time for the construction of a railroad from St. Croix River or Lake to to the west end of Lake Superior and Bayfield, came up as a regular order among the business of the morning hour. A discussion ensued and the bill was finally tabled.

Viscount Triel Hard to-day called, at the Executive Mansion, and presented his credentials as Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of France. He was received by the President, and the complimentary speeches usual on such occasions were delivered.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 7th.—The President said to a Senator yesterday that he had not yet decided on an appointment for the English mission.

Senators think there is no need for a Minister until the administration is prepared to give definite instructions on the *Alabama* claims, and that this cannot be done until the sentiment of Congress is developed.

There is no longer any doubt that the rank of admiral of the navy will be speedily abolished, partly because the office is useless and partly to relieve the President from the embarrassment of deciding whether to nominate Admiral Porter or not.

NEW YORK, Dec. 6.—The threatened strike of Crispins of this city is still delayed, in consequence of the want of concerted action among the journeymen, and it is unofficially reported to-day that measures are in progress to settle the difficulty by arbitration.

Gen. Jordan, the Cuban leader, was arrested at his residence, last evening, on a charge of fitting out a Cuban expedition on the 28th of October last, and of enlisting men in aid of the Cuban insurgents. He was taken to Judge Woodruff's Bench, where he gave bail in $10,000, which he renewed this morning, for his appearance at the February term of the United States Court.

Warrants are out for a large number of other prominent Cuban sympathisers.

Capt. Samuels, of the yacht *Dauntless*, to-day recovered 5,000 dollars damages from the *Evening Post* proprietors, for libel in reporting him intoxicated.

NEW YORK, Dec. 7.—The President's Message and the Treasury Report are well received in Wall street, as conservative in tone, and in no manner calculated to disturb markets.

OLD COUNTRY JOTTINGS.

Mr. J. C. Brydges, the Managing Director of the Grand Trunk Railway, is staying at the Westminster Palace Hotel.

The *Hampshire Telegraph* states that the claim to the earldom of Shrewsbury and Talbot is about to be received by a gentleman formerly connected with one of the Portsmouth banks, whose suit was heard before the Lord Chancellor some few years ago. Fresh evidence, it is said, has recently been obtained.

The estates of the Marquis of Hastings have realized 20s. in the pound, and his creditors will be paid in full under the order of the Court of Bankruptcy.

Mr. Frederick Myers, author of "St. Paul and other Poems," is engaged on a "History of French Literature," similar in scope and aim to M. Taine's book on "English Literature."

The folk-lore of India, in one of its departments, that of proverb, is engaging the labors of the Rev. Mr. Long, of Madras. A large collection made by him has been already translated into Bengalee.

Mr. Peachy, a Leicesterian farmer, states, in the *Agricultural Gazette* that he planted one pound weight of the Bovinia potato last spring, and that the product is 56 lbs.

The *Grocer* publishes a despatch just received from the Greek Minister of Finance to the Greek Ambassador in London, stating that the current crop in 1869 was 111,000,000lb, while that of 1870 it is probable, will not reach 98,000,000lb.

Mr. Prichard, a Baptist minister, who died at Denbeigh recently, was always understood to be a man of very humble circumstances, and was often assisted by friends. After his death a search resulted in the discovery of nearly £1,500 in notes and coins, folded up in parcels between the leaves of books, in corners and cupboards, &c.

FOREIGN MAIL NEWS.

Mexico has sixty Protestant Churches.

Rome has 1,609 priests, 882 seminarists, 3,028 monks, 2,039 nuns, and as many more novices and cloistered persons.

The Duke of Aosta's acceptance of the Spanish Crown has been officially communicated to the deputation of the of the Spanish Cortes who visited Florence for the purpose of offering him the throne. It is probable that the Duke will accompany the deputation to Madrid.

Mr. J. Robertson, the chief engraver of the Constantinople Mint, has received the the third class of the Medjidie, in compliment to his twenty years' service, during which he has raised the coins of that mint to the English standard, besides producing many meritorious medals. He is also known as having contributed to the photography of Constantinople.

A conflict between the Delaware and Lackawanna Railroad and the Erie Railway, respecting the right of the former to connect their broad gauge track through the Bergen Tunnel, came very near creating a terrible riot. Nearly three thousand men were engaged, half of them endeavoring to lay a "frog" to make the connection, the others to prevent it. After a whole day of fierce excitement, during which a hundred trains were blockaded, the matter was settled by Governor Rardolph, of New Jersey, who had the "frog" removed and caused travel to be resumed. The rights of the respective companies will be decided by the courts.

An Immense Stock of Ribbons, just marked off For Novelties in Laces, Millinery and General Fancy Goods.

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.

To hand, our Autumn Shade in "Josephine, best Kid Gloves," also "Jouvines" (gold medal) new colours at 75ct. per pair.

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBREAD & Co

All the New Materials in Dress Goods French Merinos, both Plain and Fancy Very Cheap.

HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO

Ladies and Children's Fancy Woolen Goods in endless Variety. Clouds from 37½c. to 2.50 at

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.

☞ All Wool Tartans in all the leading clans. A large lot ex last steamer, at GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

THE FLORENCE NIGHTINGALE OF THE NURSERY.—The following is an extract from a letter written by the Rev. C. Z. Weizer, to the "German Reformed Messenger, at Chambersburg, Penn.:

A BENEFACTRESS.

Just open the door for her, and Mrs. WINSLOW will prove the American Florence Nightingale of the Nursery. Of this we are sure, that we will teach our "SUSY" to say, "A BLESSING ON MRS. WINSLOW," for helping her to survive and escape the griping, colicking and teething siege. We confirm every word set forth in the PROSPECTUS. It performs precisely what it professes to perform, every part of it—nothing less. Away with your "Cordial," "Paregoric," "Drops," "Laudanum," and every other "Narcotic," by which the babe is drugged into stupidity, and rendered dull and idiotic for life.

We have never seen Mrs. Winslow—know he only through the preparation of her "Soothing Syrup for Children Teething." If we had the power, we would make her, as she is, a physical Saviour to the Infant Race. 25 cents per bottle sold by all druggists.

Be sure and call for

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP.

Having the fac-simile of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

A "COUGH," "COLD," OR IRRITATED THROAT, if allowed to progress, results in serious pulmonary and Bronchial affections, oftentimes incurable.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES

Reach DIRECTLY the affected parts, and give almost instant relief. In BRONCHITIS, ASTHMA, and CATARRH they are beneficial. Obtain only the *genuine* BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES which have *proved* their efficacy by test of many years. Among testimonials attesting their efficacy are letters from—

E. H. Chapin, D. D; New York,
Henry Ward Beecher, Brooklyn, N. Y.,
N. P. Willis, New York,
Hon. C. A. Phelps, Pres, Mass. Senate,
Dr. G. F. Bigelow, Boston,
Prof. Edwd. North, Clinton, N. Y.,
Surgeons in the Army, and others of eminence
Sold everywhere at 25 cents per box.

"TROCHES," so called, sold by the ounce, are a poor imitation and nothing like Brown's BRONCHIAL TROCHES, which are sold only in boxes with a fac-simile of the proprietors,

JOHN I. BROWN & SON,

This care in putting up the Troches is important as a security to the purchaser in order to be sure of obtaining the genuine Brown' bronchial Troches.

BRYAN'S WAFERS, (The great public remedy,) have now been in use over twenty years, hence it cannot be said that they are on trial. They have been thoroughly tried, and pronounced (on the authority of those whose lives and health they have preserved) to be a cure, harmless and eminently salutary preparation, and if taken in season will invariably cure colds, coughs, sore throat, and all Bronchial affections. One fair trial will convince the most skeptical. Sold by all Medicine Dealers, at 25cts per box.

THE ŒCUMENICAL COUNCIL, lately called at Rome is an instance of the solicitude of the Catholic Church for the welfare and prosperity of her Communicants. Large assemblies of this nature containing representatives from all parts of the world, should be of some benefit to our race. We hope this opinion will be as harmonious and unanimous as the verdict in favor of the Great Shoshonees Remedy, for diseases of the lungs, blood, stomach, liver, &c. For by all druggists.

DIED.

In this city, on the 6th instant, Julie Hamel Gingras, aged 67 years, widow of the late F. X. Gingrass, formerly of Quebec.

The funeral will take place on Friday next, at 9 o'clock, a.m., from the residence of her son-in-law, Mr. J. E. Lemieux, Ottawa street. Friends are respectfully requested to attend without further notice.

WALTHAM WALTHAM

THE AMERICAN WATCH

The public of the United States and Canada have now had over ten years experience of WALTHAM WATCHES, and hey are now everywhere acknowledged to be the ONLY RELIABLE

TIME-KEEPERS!

Almost all other watches are sold under false pretences; not one in a hundred bears the name of the real maker; the public have absolutely no security, and have, therefore, been constantly imposed upon. On the contrary, every buyer of a Waltham Watch gets a guarantee of the company, and no matter from whom he buys it, has positive security that he is getting a TIME-KEEPER.

It must be admitted that the apparent interest of watchmakers lies in selling other watches, of which they can make larger profits: but men of enterprise in the trade prefer an article of large and ready sale, and which leaves no bad stock. It is "small profits and quick returns."

These watches can be had in several grades (all guaranteed), the silver cases are made from coin silver, and from 2 to 6 ounces in weight. The gold cases are made in 18 carat gold, and from 1¾ to 4 ounces in weight; the size for ladies are richly engraved or enamelled. For the quality, both in gold and silver, are the

CHEAPEST WATCHES IN THE WORLD

These watches can be ordered of any reliable watchmaker or jeweller in the Dominion; but the guarantee of the Company should be invariably required. The Company in all cases pay the Government duty, which makes the Canadian consumer a privilged purchaser

ROBERT WILKES,
Sole Wholesale Agent for the Dominion of Canada
Toronto—48 and 50 Yonge Street.
Montreal—445 St. Paul Street

1397 3

GOD IS LOVE.

The Gospel of the Grace of God will (D V) be Preached on SUNDAY the 11th, at 3 o'clock p m. and 6.30 p m. in the THEATRE, Wellington St. Ottawa, Dec 8, 1870 1534 3

SCHOOL NOTICE.

A TEACHER is wanted for School Section No. 1, Torbolton.

Apply to JOHN SMITH, Secretary.

Torbolton, Dec 8, 1870 1534 4

LOST.

Between the Hours of 3 P M and 5 P M, yesterday afternoon, a SMALL POCKET BOOK containing five FIVE DOLLARS Bank of Montreal Bank Notes. The finder is requested to leave the same with the Door Keeper of the Eastern Block Parliament Buildings.

Ottawa, Dec 5, 1870 1533tf

CARD OF THANKS.

The Subscriber begs to tender sincere thanks to all those gentlemen who so kindly assisted in saving Goods from the premises during the late fire on Sparks street.

J. W. MASSEY.

N.B.—Mr Geo. Mortimer, Sussex street, will prepare any prescriptions from the file of the late business.

Ottawa, Dec. 6, 1870 1532 1w

NIGHT SCHOOL.

Members of the NIGHT SCHOOL will meet this Evening at my Residence, for the purpose of entering on their Term.

T. J. QUIGNAN.

Hull, Dec 4, 1870 1532 2

OTTAWA AND GLOUCESTER ROAD COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that the Annual General Meeting of the Stockholders of the Ottawa and Gloucester ROAD COMPANY, will be held at the Office of FRANCIS CLEMOW, Esq., in this City, on MONDAY, the 12th day of DECEMBER inst., at the Hour of TEN o'clock, a.m., for the Election of DIRECTORS for the ensuing year and for the purpose of receiving the Annual Report of the Secretary and Treasurer for the current year.

By order

W. H. FALLS, Sec.-Treasurer.

Dated this 3rd day of December, 1870. 1532 1w

WANTED,

For the ROMAN CATHOLIC Separate Schools of this City, two Male English Teachers, holding 1st Class Certificates.

Application to be made to the undersigned, on or before the 15th inst.

WM. FINLEY,
Chairman Board of R. C. S. S. Trustees.

Ottawa, Dec 6, 1870 1532tf

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

Ex. Ships COGNAC, NEREO, UNION and CITY of QUEBEC, from the different places of Growth.

It is now AN ESTABLISHED FACT

If you want any First-Class BRANDIES or WINES and the best Family Groceries, you must go to

Thos. Patterson,

No. 26 Rideau Street.

The following Goods in Stock and for Sale:

BRANDIES.—Pure and unadulterated, good for any use, always on hand in Wood or Bottle.

PORT WINE—Pure and reliable (20 years old) for Medicinal purposes and the only House in the City that imports such WINES direct to order.

SHERRY WINES—Various grades, very, very Pale, (delicious flavour) Splendid Wines at a price to defy competition.

GIN—John De Kuyper & Son's Double-Berried, First Class.

SCOTCH WHISKEY—Old and Mild, (full strength.)

RUM,

OLD RYE,

FAMILY PROOF,

AND

HIGH WINES,

of the best kind.

PORTER AND ALES.—Guiness's Dublin and Dawe's, Lachine, in splendid order

COFFEE.—Delicious Flavour. Fresh Roasted and Ground Daily.

TEAS.—The best qualities of Black, Japan, and Green, new crop and fragant.

SUGARS and SYRUPS of all kinds.

CHEESE.—Fine old (Reesors and Factory) the best.

PICKLES and SAUCES, Jams and Jellies from Crosse and Blackwells, in great variety.

FRUITS.—The finest table and cooking raisins that can be had, large fresh and rich flavored.

CURRANTS.—Quite fresh and Candied Peels.

SPERM CANDLES and fancy perfumed soaps, the greatest variety in the city, and made to order by Field of London, England. There is an endless variety of those fine goods worthy of SPECIAL ATTENTION FOR FAMILIES, being of the finest qualities at moderate prices. Everybody should know that to use good goods saves money. TRYTHEM.

Ottawa, December 8, 1870.

NOTICE.

THE CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY CO

Will apply to the

PARLIAMENT

—OF THE—

☞ PROVINCE OF ONTARIO ☜

At its next Session, for the

CONTINUANCE AND EXTENSION

FOR FOUR YEARS,

Of the Provisions of the Act

INCORPORATING THAT COMPANY,

And of the Acts mentioned therein, in so far as they relate to a Grant of Land in aid of the Company.

W R WORSLEY, Sec. C

Oct 15, 1870

DR. DICKINSON,

RESIDENCE and SURGERY, Kent Street, Ottawa

T. HUNTON SHOOLBRED & CO

47. SPARKS ST. 49.

Will receive this week "per Express," from LONDON, England,

2 CASES OF MILLINERY,

Containing the VERY LATEST Styles in

Bonnets, Hats,

and some very Choice things in

Flowers, Feathers and Trimmings,

Per S. S. "MORAVIAN,"

1 Case Extra Cloths, in the new

Satin Cloths,

Trimming to match all our Fashionable

Dress Goods.

—ALSO—

1 Case of Newest

Mantle Cloths.

The "OLIVE GREEN" appears still prove the most fashionable, and of the above we are in receipt of ten piece

"New Seal and plucked Otter Skins hand."

Fancy Wove Goods still arriving.

Clouds, Breakfast Shawls, Ties &c.,

in endless Variety.

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO
47 and 49 Sparks Street,
Ottawa, Oct 11 1870.

TESTIMONIAL

—TO THE—

HON. SIR JOHN A. MACDONALD,

K.C.B., &c., &c., &c.

The friends of Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD propose to present that distinguished Statesman with a substantial Testimonial in recognition of his long and unselfish public services.

Steps are being taken to afford his friends in all parts of the Dominion an opportunity of joining in the proposed manifestation of esteem and regard.

The following gentlemen compose, (with power to add to their number,) the Committee at Ottawa:

The Hon. JAMES SKEAD,
His Worship the Mayor J ROCHESTER, Jr, Esq,
THOS REYNOLDS, Esq.
R W SCOTT, Esq, M P P,
Dr GRANT, M P,
E McGILLIVRAY, Esq,
H V NOEL, Esq.

H V Noel, Esq, has consented to act as Treasurer, to whom all communications may be addressed.

For the information of intending subscribers, the names of the gentlemen composing the Central Committee at Toronto are subjoined, viz:

His Worship the Mayor, S B HARMAN, Esq,
The Hon G W ALLAN
The Hon D L MACPHERSON,
The Hon JOHN CARLING, M P,
JOHN CRAWFORD, Esq, M P,
ANGUS MORRISON, Esq, M P,
F W CUMBERLAND, Esq, M P P,
J G WORTS, Esq,
E H RUTHERFORD, Esq,
W H HOWLAND, Esq,
G P RIDOUT, Esq,
JOHN SHEDDEN, Esq,
THOMAS DICK, Esq,
FRANK SHANLY, Esq,
T C CHISHOLM, Esq,
N BARNHART, Esq,

Ottawa, Dec 6, 1870 1532tf

NOTICE.

COUNTY OF CARLETON, To Wit.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the Courts of GENERAL SESSIONS of the PEACE, and COUNTY COURT, in and for the said County of Carleton, will be holden at the COURT HOUSE, in the City of Ottawa, on TUESDAY, the Thirteenth day of DECEMBER, 1870, at the hour of TEN of the clock, A M, of which all CORONERS, BAILIFFS, CONSTABLES, and all others concerned are required to take Notice and govern themselves accordingly.

WM F POWELL, Sheriff.
By W H FALLS, Deputy Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Ottawa, December 1st, 1870. 1533 [illegible]

ELECTION NOTICE.

The Electors of St GEORGE'S WARD are respectfully requested by the undersigned to meet at the ALBION HOTEL, on THURSDAY Evening next, at 8 o'clock.

All parties interested are requested to attend.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE

Ottawa, Dec 5, 1870 1533 3

REQUISITION TO AMOS ROWE, Esq

SIR,—The retirement of Chas T Bate, Esq., from the Council Board, creates a vacancy in the representation of Wellington Ward, for which we, the undersigned Electors of the Ward, request you to be put in nomination, and we feel every confidence in your ability to properly discharge the duties of Alderman for our Ward, and we pledge our votes and influence to secure your election.

We are, sir,
Yours &c.,

John Esmonde	Thos Hunton
A J Stephens	H McCormick
Joseph Metcalfe	Wm Young
A W Lang	A Mathewman
S Gouldthrite	A Titus
Alex Christie	A Mitchell
John Walsh	Wm Minore
J Levin	H Minore
E VanCortlandt	R W Stephen
J Browne	A Swalwell
Weldon Champness	Wm Shoolbred
P Stiff	Jas Birkett,
D Wilson	J Evans
S Skinner, jr	John Purdy
C P Dorion	Robt Hardy
H Hodges	Robt Stanley,
Alex Sparks	S Greenfield
Nicholas Sparks,	John Cook
Thos P Stiff	J T Bartram
Wm Chalmers	A C Mowbray
E P Rowsell	J Kavanagh
Fred H Hunton	H Michaels
James Lang	R Nelson
Eugene Robitaille	Thos Dempsey
Alfred Brown	A Wilson
John Dewan	Alex Mills
John Lyon	T Beament
J J Radford	W J Powell
H J Meaforth	F Patrick
J Douglas	D Murphy
Thos Mills	E Lang
A Musgrove	Henry Bennett
Edward Daniels	Geo H Macaulay
Thos Isaac	John Garvin
Jas Forrester	Wm Elson
H M Thompson	R J Shaw
W Hearn	Stewart Woodland
A Fotheringham	E C Hayden
J Dwyer	Francois Lemieux
J Roos	W R Wright
A Hutson	J R Smith,
R Abbott	Thos Clark
R Sparks	James Adamson,
Jos R Esmonde	J E B McCready
Thos Borbridge	John O'Connor
A McCormick	Wm M Goodive
Saml Christie	Wm Williamson
J Offord	Thomas Walker
C Roger	Robt Hick, jr
Wm Brown	G Kennedy.

REPLY.

To Sheriff Powell and 150 others:

GENTLEMEN,—In answer to the requisition signed by you asking me to represent Wellington Ward as Alderman for the ensuing year, I beg to state that I will have pleasure in allowing myself to become a Candidate for the said responsible position, and if elected, you may rest assured that everything will be done by me to the best of my ability to further the interests of Wellington Ward, and also the welfare and prosperity of the City generally.

I am, Gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
AMOS ROWE.

December 6, 1870 1533tf

RAILWAY TIME TABLE.

RIDEAU CANAL.

Leave Ottawa	8 a m	12 noon	6 p m
Leave Kingston	8 a m	3 48 p m	7 15 p m

Passengers taking the train at Ottawa will be conveyed free of charge over the Ottawa and Prescott Junction Railway from Prescott Junction to Kingston.

Freight taken at low rates for all points south and west.

Freight office, Clark's Block, York street, corner of Sussex street.

A. P. TAYLOR, Agent.

LOCAL NEWS.

Devlin's Fur Depot.

50 dozen Velveteen Hats, from 25 cts upwards. A large assortment of Flowers and Feathers. Trimmed Hats and Bonnets.

At the "Golden Lion."

R. L. JAMES & Co.

The forthcoming elections promise to be unusually interesting.

Over five horses were standing at different shop doors, in Sparks and Wellington streets, yesterday afternoon, untied.

There are several dangerous holes in the sidewalk on the north side of Wellington street.

JACKETS—A large stock new stylish Jackets, at moderate prices, at

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

BLANKETS. Cornwall, St. Lawrence and Empire Mills Blankets, in all sizes and weights, very cheap, at

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

The electors of St. George's Ward are called together on Thursday evening by Alderman Mosgrove.

The impassable state of the sidewalks at Nicholas street is a cause of serious annoyance to residents in that locality.

Almonte intends to have a spirited curling season. The club of that town will challenge the Ottawa cullants to mortal combat. All success to the roaring game.

Candidates for municipal honors are beginning to cavass energetically, and excitement in municipal circles is increasing.

The anniversary services of the York street M. E. Church will be held on Sunday, the 25th inst. Services both morning and evening will be concluded by the Rev. J. Wild, M. A.

Carpets and House Furnishings made a specialty, at Garland, Mutchmor & Co's. Large stock and new styles, at reduced prices.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

Serious driving yesterday was general all over the city. This is always the case everywhere for the first three or four days after the first snow. This fact, however, does not do away with the dangerous nature of the practice.

A horse galloping down Sparks street, yesterday afternoon, with the shafts of a vehicle dangling behind it, was a sensation. The horse had run away from a team in Wellington street, smashed the vehicle, and ended its career in Lower Town.

The people in Hull, as well as on this side of the river, are pestered by boys who monopolize the sidewalks for coasting and skating purposes. As the old song said, this may be fun to them but it is almost death to other people.

WELLINGTON WARD.—It is with great pleasure we announce the information that F. Abbott, Esq., is to come forward as a candidate for the representation of Wellington Ward in the City Council for the ensuing year.

In response to an extensively signed requisition Mr. Abbott will shortly issue an address to the electors whom we would heartily congratulate on securing that gentleman's services at the Council Board.

POLICE COURT — Wednesday — Donald Macdonald was found drunk on the public streets. He is a Red River voyageur and was let go on promising to return to work. John Blais for driving against another man's sleigh was fined $1 and costs.

John Sullivan, vagrancy, was sent down for three weeks.

A boy named John Bennet was charged with over-working his master's horse and appropriating the extra money thus made. The case is adjourned until Monday next.

NOTICE.—Now is the time. Go and see C. P. Dorion, 60 Sparks Street, for stoves and stove-pipe fitting. No puff; but see for yourselves. Lumbermen and country Merchants come and see. The most complete House in this Line in the Capital, No Pedlers. C. P. Dorion, 60 Sparks Street. 1486 2m.

Devlin's Fur Depot.

DEER.—Messrs. Satchell Bros., whose enterprise is well known, have received some fifteen or sixteen deer, fresh from the forest, in prime condition. As the hunting time is about to expire, and only a fortnight of grace is permitted to the killer, the present opportunity should be used by those who desire to provide their friends with venison presents for Christmas. The Messrs. Satchell will be rejoiced to meet with intending purchases on the most liberal terms.

Sleighing is now, we are informed, very fair even on country roads, and as a consequence there was a large attendance on the market yesterday morning.

The hay and wood markets were particularly well supplied.

Hay sold from 16 to $18 per ton.

Hardwood, $4 per cord.

Soft wood, from $2.50 to $3 per cord.

Pork was very abundant and easier in price. It sold from $6 to $8 per 100 pounds.

Butter in firkins from 18 to 20 cents per pound.

Beef from $4 to $5.50 per 100 pounds.

Notwithstanding repeated warnings turned into the ears of drivers of vehicles they still continue to indulge in the habit of leaving their horses untied at shop doors. It is this careless habit that is the principal cause of the numerous runaways which take place, endangering the lives and limbs of pedestrians. The drivers are free from danger, for they are generally in places carousing in a tavern or haggling with a store keeper. The police should make it a rule to take to the pound every horse found untied and the magistrate to inflict a heavy fine upon the driver. It is more than ever necessary now when horses are so loath to stand still in the cold air to have them properly secured at such times when the driver has occasion to leave them unattended.

VACANT LOTS.—We have published several communications calling upon the authorities to compel the owners of vacant lots to have them fenced in, but without any noticeable effect. We fully concur with the writer of those communications, with respect to the necessity of having all vacant lots throughout the city fenced in, and that without delay. Yesterday a little boy came near being drowned by falling into a cellar filled with water, in a vacant lot in Lower Town. This is but one instance of the many that occur, owing to the manner in which those lots are neglected. We would direct the attention of the authorities particularly to the vacant lots at the corner of Sparks and O'Connor streets, and to that at the west side of Dr. Vancortlandt's residence, Wellington street. We hope some step will immediately be taken to have the public protected against their present dangerous condition.

FURIOUS RUNAWAY.—At noon yesterday a furious runaway occurred on Bank street. A team of horses with a heavy sleigh attached were being driven down towards Sparks street when they took fright and dashed off at a wild pace in spite of the endeavors of the teamster to check them. There were two men and a boy in the sleigh, and on approaching Sparks street the horses ran against a telegraph post with such frightful force that the sleigh cut it clean off about a foot from the ground. The parties in the sleigh were thrown out, and one of the men, and the boy received some pretty severe injuries. The sleigh, of course, as well as the harness was broken, and the horses ran off in different directions, one running down Sparks street and over the Sappers' Bridge.

ST. PATRICK'S LITERARY INSTITUTE READINGS.—The first of the readings of this society took place at St. Patrick's Hall, last night, Mr. Kelly in the chair. The attendance was large, the gods noisy, and the performance, on the whole, good. The singers were Miss Bolan, Mr. Jones and Mr. O'Brien, who were all rapturously encored. The readers were Dr. Martin, Mr. Wall, Mr. Roger and Mr. McCarthy. Dr. Martin's "baby" elicited squalls from the gallery, occasionally, but was nevertheless interesting. Mr. Wall acquitted himself, in a somewhat difficult piece, creditably. Mr Roger read Dr. Holmes's "music grinders" with effect, and was followed by Mr. McCarthy, who kept the house in a roar by the manner in which he read Croker's admirable sketch of Paddy O'Rourke's imaginary trip to the moon on the back of an eagle. There was also a cornet solo by Mr. Cunningham.

Sons of Temperance.

MEETING OF THE GRAND DIVISION OF ONTARIO. SECOND DAY.

At nine o'clock yesterday morning the Grand Division met.

All Officers and representatives were present.

The minutes of the day before being read and approved two new representatives were introduced and initiated.

The Hon. S. L. Tilley was announced as in waiting, and was immediately introduced by P. G. W. P. Rose. He was received with honors.

The hon. gentleman then addressed the Grand Division, and consented to take part in the deliberations.

The meeting then went into business. The salary of the Grand Scribe was first considered, and, after lively discussion, was fixed at $500 for the year just beginning.

The following gentlemen were then nominated for the different offices:

For G. W. P. Representatives, G. M. Rose, G. W. Ross, Edward Carswell.

Messrs. Rose and Carswell expressed their intention not to run, as the present G. W. P. so ably filled the position.

For G. W. A.—Representative, Dr. John Leggo, Messrs. Gifford, Kearns and E. Carswell, and Dr. Herman.

For. G. S.—Representatives, Webster and Lark.

For G. T.—Representative, Steward.

For G. C.—Representatives, James Howe, Wade, Dilworth, Gildford, Cameron, Carter, McLaren, Jakes and Hillyard.

For G. S.—Representatives, Farren McLaren and Jackes.

At eleven o'clock the Division adjourned to visit the Parliament Buildings, having first determined that the election of officers should be the first thing to take place at the afternoon meeting.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The Division met at two o'clock, and at once proceeded to the election of officers with the following result:

G. WORTHY PATRIARCH—G. W. Ross, Strathroy.

G. WORTHY ASSOCIATE—Dr. John Leggo, Ottawa.

G. SCRIBE—Thomas Webster, Brantford.

G. TREASURER—S. W. Sherrard, Claremont.

G. Chaplain—Rev. A. E. Griffith, Seaforth.

G. CONDUCTOR—James Dilwarth, Toronto.

G. SENTINEL—C. C. Farren, Farren's Point.

Other business being transacted the Division adjourned to meet in the evening.

BREAKFAST.—EPPS'S COCOA—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.—"The very agreeable character of this preparation has rendered it a general favorite. The *Civil Service Gazette* remarks:—"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills." Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in tin-lined packets, labelled—JAMES EPPS & Co., Homœopathic Chemists, London.

NEW QUITE SO.—"It is among the most savage and debased tribes only that the condition and comfort of the horse have been neglected," but we believe there are many in civilized countries who are guilty of the same neglect, and without the excuse of the former: here all may avail themselves of the use of an article which has done more than anything else heretofore known to improve the condition and relieve the suffering of the horse. Those who will not use it will be the losers, the horses the sufferers: to avoid both use "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy," and you will be satisfied with the result. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd & Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ontario, proprietors for Canada. Sold by all medicine dealers.

R. L. JAMES & CO.

DRESS GOODS.

A large assortment worth from 20 to 90 cents, at 15 to 80.

A

SPECIAL LINE

of French Merinos, very cheap.

BLACK SILKS,

very much under Market value, and considerably lower than present Ottawa prices.

MILLINERY.

It is now pretty generally known that in this Department, especially the prices, are EXCEEDINGLY MODERATE,

AT THE

GOLDEN LION.

R L. JAMES & Co.

ATTENTION!

If you want Choice VIRGIN HONEY, call at the New GROCERY STORE, Corner of Sussex and York Streets.

If you want SUPERIOR CHEESE, call at the New GROCERY STORE, Corner of Sussex and York Streets.

If you want FIRST-CLASS DAIRY BUTTER, call at the New GROCERY STORE, Corner Sussex and York Streets.

—ALSO—

New Crop West End, Layers, Valencia and Scotch Raisins and Currants, Fresh Turkey Figs, Malaga Grapes, Lemons, Choice Imperial Prunes, Canied Peels, Gelatine, Cross & Blackwell's Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies, and Marmalades, Fresh Oysters, Lobsters Sardines Mackerel, Salmon and Tomatoes, with a choice lot of Scotch and English Ales and Porter, Wines and Brandies, Gin, Scotch Whiskey, Jamaica Rum, Old Rye, Syrups and

JOHN A. BITTERS,

CONSTANTLY ON HAND,

At the New GROCERY STORE, Corner Sussex and York Streets.

Extra Fine Green, Black and Japan Teas, Rio, Java and Turkey Coffee.

—ALSO—

Fine Family and Pastry Flour, Oat and Corn Meal, at the NEW GROCERY STORE, Corner Sussex and York streets.

J. M. C. DELES DERNIERS,

Corner Sussex and York-sts.

Ottawa, Nov 29, 1870 1526tf

TO LUMBERMEN.

L. ROSE,

PROVISION BROKER.

LONDON, ONT.,

Inspects every BARREL of PORK he Ships and Ships only a FIRST-CLASS Article. He has or Sale from some of the Leading Packers and Curers:

Heavy Mess Pork, guaranteed.

Ex. P. Pork made from Heavy Mess.

Shoulders Mess Mutton.

Heavy Bacon, &c., at the lowest Fixed Prices, and on Terms to suit Purchasers.

No. 1 Sup. Flour, Oats, Corn, &c., bought on commission

White Beans always on hand.

Orders or enquiries have prompt attention.

Through rates to Brockville, Sand and Ottawa.

L. ROSE,
Produce Broker,
London, Out.

London, Ont., Nov. 24, 1870 1528 3m

JUST RECEIVED,

FRENCH MERINOES,

GENUINE FRENCH MERINOES

Fine, Wide, Heavy, and Warranted al Wool, in the following Colours:

LIGHT BROWN,

MID BROWN,

DARK BROWN,

VIOLET,

AGULINE.

MAROON,

RIFLE GREEN

ROSE,

DRAB

and

SCARLET.

Really better Goods than sold other years at 3s. 9d., for 2s. 6d. per yard. The Nicest, Cheapest, and most durable Dress, for either street or in-door wear, in Ottawa.

GARLAND MUTCHMOR & CO.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

20 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, Nov. 29, 1870.

DRY GOODS!

DRY GOODS!

DRY GOODS!

PATTERSON & BRYSON

In consequence of our great success since opening we have been obliged to lay in a large additional Stock, which we will mark as low as heretofore, being determined to retain our already well established character, for selling cheaper than any other House in the Trade.

IN CANADIAN GOODS

We have made such arrangements with the best Factories in the Dominion as will enable us to keep constantly on hand a large and well Assorted Stock of Tweeds, Flannels, Blankets (Grey and White), Cotton and Linen Bags, Cotton Yarn, Hosiery, Underclothing, etc., etc., etc.

—ALSO—

An entirely new and well assorted Stock of British and Foreign Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, which have been marked at prices to defy competition.

REMEMBER THE PLACE,

53 Sparks Street,
Directly Opposite
BATE & Co.

PATTERSON & BRYSON.

JAMES PRACOUA,

FURS, FURS, FURS,

FURS.

I beg to intimate that my FUR STOCK is now complete in every

DEPARTMENT.

AN EARLY CALL IS SOLICITED.

Remember the place,

33 Rideau Street.

OPPOSITE OLD STAND.

CHARLES J. TASKER, Accountant: Books posted Accounts made out. Apply at the office of H P Hill Solicitor. References: D Hill, G H Fisher

Ottawa, Nov 8, 18

BUY YOUR CHRISTMAS PRESENTS

From the Ladies of Knox Church, Daly Street, at their BAZAAR, opposite Bate & Co's, Sparks street, on the 13th and 14th DECEMBER Good Music, good Luncheon, Oyster Soup. Contributions received on the 12th in the Room

Ottawa, Dec 5, 1870 1531d

THE TEA POT,

RIDEAU STREET.

The Proprietor begs to inform the lovers of THE TEA POT and the public generally, that the alterations are now completed, the whole premises having been thoroughly renovated and stocked with

New and Fresh Goods

Of the very best quality. He is now prepared to execute orders Wholesale and Retail, and every article will be guaranteed, as they have been selected with the greatest care.

Teas in great variety,
Coffee—the very best—roasted and ground daily,
Raisins, Currants, Figs, &c., &c.,
Port Wine, Sherry Wine, Brandy,
English Old Tom Gin—Booth's, Bernard's & Thompson's.

An Old Lady's Evening Wish.

My wishes sear not very high,
Nor do they widely roam
These moderate wishes are confin'd
To comforts found at home.

Give me what I enjoy so well—
A snug domestic scene;
And take my word, I fell myself
As happy as a Queen,

I'll tell you what I wish for now—
'Tis not a large desire;
I wish to sit at perfect ease,
Beside my evening fire.

I wish a friend or two would call,
To ask me how I do;
Then truly happy I should be,
And they'd be happy, too.

I'd set the tea things on the tray,
And we should all agree,
While taking ever-welcome cups
Of JOHN HILL'S wholesome tea.

The tea would gladen every heart,
And brighten every face;
And nothing more could we desire
In such a happy case.

With JOHN HILL'S Tea I always crown
The comforts of my home;
And when I can partake of this
My wishes seldom roam.

All goods delivered free (within the limits of the city) by our own waggons, and every attention will be paid to proper packing and delivery.

JOHN HILL,
"THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET.

BONUS YEAR.

SPECIAL INTIMATION.

LIFE ASSOCIATION OF SCOTLAND.

FOUNDED 1833.

ANNUAL REVENUE, - £ 257,683 Stg.

FUNDS in hand and invested, 1,357,386 "

The BOOKS and ACCOUNTS have been for many years subjected (not yearly only, or at any other interval, but) to a continuous AUDIT—apart from the Directors and other officials—by a Professional Accountant of high standing and experience. In the VALUATIONS also, which are made on approved Tables of Mortality, the net Assurance Premiums only are taken into account. Thus by constant independent checks and rigid tests, the utmost precaution is adopted to secure the prudent conduct and permanent stability of the Institution It has always maintained a high position among the Assurance Offices of the Kingdom, and has already paid SUMS ASSURED and BONUSES to the amount of

$8,159,044.00

The amount paid last year alone having been upwards of

$601,763,00

The FUNDS remaining in hand and invested are upwards of

$6,605,945.00.

The List of Policy-holders in Class B. for 1870 will be closed as at

5TH DECEMBER.

Previous Entrants will be entitled to a

WHOLE YEAR'S BONUS

More than later Entrant will receive.

The PROFITS are allocated on a principle which gives LARGER BONUSES than ANY OTHER SYSTEM.

F WARDLAW,
Secretary.

Agents at Ottawa, J T & PENNOCK.

November 8, 1870 93d5

IF YOU WANT

TO SAVE MONEY

GO TO THE

PEOPLE'S TEA STORES,

—BY—

P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.,

No. 36 Rideau St., and Duke St., Chaudiere,

OTTAWA,

Where from their great increase of business and the large addition now put to their Store, with a well selected Stock, and constant attention on their part, will enable them to sell at prices not to be equalled elsewhere.

There will be found always on hand a general assortment of

GROCERIES,
TEAS in particular, imported,
LIQUORS, WINES, BRANDIES,
GIN, IRISH and
SCOTCH WHISKEY,
Gooderham & Worts'
HIGHWINES

OLD RYE, and PROOF,
With a fine assortment of Christmas and New Year's FRUITS and SYRUPS.

—ALSO—

WINTER APPLES,
ORANGES and LEMONS,
CHEESE, HAMS,
and BACON.

Remember our Motto—"Quick Sales and light Profits."

Try their TEAS.

Ottawa, Nov 29, 1870 1526

A GENERAL MEETING of the Stockholders of the Ontario Peat Company will be held at the Russell House, Ottawa, on Tuesday, the 6th December next, at 12 o'clock, noon, for the organization of the Company, under the Act of Incorporation, for the selection of Directors, and for the transaction of general business.

Ottawa, Nov 22, 1870 1521

HARDWARE! HARDWARE!

Sign of the ANVIL, No. 24 Rideau Street, where you can get a complete assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, and at prices to suit purchasers. Consisting in part of

GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHINGS:

Butcher Knives, Knives and Forks, Pocket Knives, Table Spoons, Tea Spoons, Tea Trays, Table Mats, Bolts, Screws, Locks, Bolts, Catches Latches, Axes, Saws, Planes, Squares, Hammers, Hatchets, Gouges, Chisels, Augers, Auger Bits, Steel Bits Bevils, Levels, Boring Machines, Draw Knives &c, &c. together with

PAINT OF ALL COLOURS:

Rose, Pink, Burn Umber, Terra di Sienna, Chrome Yellow, Yellow Ochre, Celestial Blue, Paris Green, Brunswick Green, Magnesia Green, Venetian Green, Red Lead, White Lead, in Oil or Dry, Drop Black, Ivory Black, Lamp Black, Boiled Oil, Raw Oil, Turpentine, Benzole, Coal Oil, Paint Brushes, Varnishes, &c.

THOS. BIRKETT,
No. 24, Rideau Street,
Sign of the Anvil.

P. S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the City.

Ottawa, Nov 18, 1870.

WANTED.

For the First and Second Departments of the Arnprior Common School, two MALE TEACHERS. Salary for first, four hundred; second, three hundred dollars per annum Services to commence about 1st January, 1871. Applications received up to 1st December, 1870. Stating qualifications, &c.

DR. CRANSTON
Chairman
GEO. CRAIG,
Secretary.

Arnprior, Nov 9, 1870 15 9 3

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,

35 SUSSEX STREET,

Elevated Oven Cook Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co.

Low Oven Cook Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co.

Double Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co

Box and Parlor Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co

Coal Stoves, Base Burners, at H. MEADOWS & Co.

The Quintal Coal Stove, at H. MEADOWS & Co.

Parlour Cook Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co.

Dumb Stoves, all sizes, at H. MEADOWS & Co.

Hot Air Furnaces, at H. MEADOWS & Co.

Stove Pipes and Elbows, at H. MEADOWS & Co.

Lumbermen's Supplies, at H. MEADOWS & Co.

1st Prize Stoves can be seen, at H. MEADOWS & Co.

Ottawa, Oct. 13, 1870.

THOMAS ISAAC,

DEALER IN

Shelf and Heavy Hardware

HENEY'S STONE BUILDING,

Wellington Street, Upper Town, Ottawa

Cooking and Fancy Stove
Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope,
Twine, Glass, Oil,
Putty, &c.,
Always on Hand.

Ottawa December 26, 1869. 1236.1

THE DOMINION ALMANAC FOR 1871

WILL BE PUBLISHED EARLY IN DECEMBER

It is intended to serve as a convenient book of reference, and at the same time to be acceptable as an agreeable private companion With this end in view, in addition to much valuable statistical information, a large amount of interesting reading matter will be found in its pages. The favorable reception which it met with last year, and the wide-spread circulation it obtained in Ontario and Quebec, justifies the hope that it will, this year, command a still larger share of patronage. In order to increase its circulation, and to render it still more valuable as an advertising medium, the price will, this year, be reduced to 10 cents per copy—considerably less than the actual cost of publication.

The following are the rates for advertising

One Page at beginning or end of the Book	$15 00
Half do do	8 00
Quarter Page do do	4 00
One Page in body of work	20 00
Half do do	10 00

Every advertiser taking a page will receive 12 copies of the Almanac for distribution for half a page, 6 copies; and for a quarter of a page, 3 copies.

Applications for advertisements should be sent in at once.

Address:
"DOMINION ALMANAC"
Ottawa.

Ottawa, Oct 31, 1870 1502tf

CANADA PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Application will be made to Parliament, at its next Session, for the Incorporation of a Company to construct a Railway through British North America, connecting with the present Railway system of Canada, and thence to proceed to the North of Lake Superior and through the North West Territory to the Yellow or Leathe Head Pass of the Rocky Mountains, there to connect with the projected Railway through British Columbia to the Pacific,—with such powers and privileges as may be necessary to carry the same into operation.

ALFRED WADDINGTON.

Ottawa, Oct. 21, 1870 1493 2m

NOTICE

Is hereby given that the Corporation of the City of Ottawa will apply to the Legislature of the Province of Ontario, at its next Session, for an Act to amend the Act Incorporating the Ottawa City Street Passenger Railway Company.

W P LETT,
City Clerk.

Ottawa, Nov 11, 1870 1511 1wk 8w

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

14 RIDEAU STREET,

Have now received a full supply of

NEW FALL GOODS

—IN ALL—

DEPARTMENTS.

Ottawa, September 26, 1870

CANADA AND U. S. PATENT AGENCY.

Patents solicited in Canada and the United States; Trade and Timber Marks, Industrial Designs, Copywrights, Transfers, &c., registered on the shortest notice, Copies of Laws, Circulars, and information, sent free on application Drawings prepared and copied.

Charges moderate United States Patents particularly attended to. Several valuable Patent Rights for sale.

T. G. COURSOLLES,

November 26, 1870 1524tf

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

DR HENRY has removed his Residence and Surgery to the corner of Bank and Vittoria Streets, near the Parliament Buildings.

December 1, 1870. 1528b

A SPECIALITY.

THE ULSTER OVER-COAT

Is the Great Novelty in

GENTLEMEN'S GARMENTS

This Season.

A Specimen on View, at

MAGEE & RUSSELL'S.

Ottawa, Nov 30, 1870 1527tf

ST. JAMES' HOTEL,

METCALFE AND QUEEN STREETS.

The Proprietor, G. B EVANS,

Begs respectfully to announce to the public in general that the above premises will be opened for business this day, 29th inst, and hopes by strict attention to business and moderate charges, to merit their patronage and favour.

Ottawa, Nov 29, 1870 1526tf

TEACHER WANTED

A MALE TEACHER, holding a First-Class Certificate, for one of the Schools in Hawkesbury Village, Ont Salary, $300 per annum. Duties to commence on the 2nd day of January, 1871 Applications, with testimonials, will be received until 10th December, by

JOHN McKERCHER,
Secretary Board of School Trustees.

Ottawa, Nov 22 1870 1521 3

L: IN LARGE CITIES.

The Rev. W. STEPHENSON will preach the third of his series of Sermons to Young Men, in the Wesleyan Church, Metcalfe Street,

TO-MORROW EVENING.

SUBJECT:

"GAMBLERS AND GAMBLING."

Ottawa, Dec 3, 1870 1530 1

FOR SALE, OR EXCHANGE

For Property in Montreal, improved or unimproved his new Mansard Roof Stone House situated in Victoria Crescent, having all the modern conveniences of heat, water and gas good out building, on an ample Lot, and enjoying the finest river view in Ottawa For further particulars apply to W C. SMILLIE, on the premises, or at the Office of the BRITISH AMERICAN BANK NOTE COMPANY, Wellington Street.

Ottawa, Dec 3, 1870 1530 1m

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT

OTTAWA, 26th November, 1870

An horised discount on AMERICAN INVOICES will (other notice, 11 per cent

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs

CATALOGUE SALE OF BOOKS.

E. LUMLEY'S

ANNUAL CONSIGNMENT,

LONDON, ENGLAND.

The subscriber will commence this sale on

TUESDAY EVENING,

DECEMBER 6, 1870.

And continue each evening until the lot is cleared out at his Rooms, Rideau st. Including as usual many very scarce and curious works in English, French, with Grammars and Dictionaries also relating to:—Africa, America, Arabia, Asia, Australia, Canada, Cape, China, East, Egypt, France, Germany, Greece, Holy Land, Ionian Islands, Ireland, Italy, India, Japan, Jerusalem, Mexico, Norway, Palestine, Portugal, Rome, Russia, Scotland, Spain, Sweeden, Switzerland, Syria, etc., etc; Scraps, Prints, Engravings, etc. Rollin et Crevier, O Euvres, 24 vols. 4to., fine copies calf; Geographie, Ancienne, Moderne Physique, 13 vols. fine copies; Shakespeare, Barry Cornwall, illustrations, pub. 3 gs.: H. Bibles, Cassell, illustrated: ditto, Commentary, D'Oyly and Mant; ditto, References; ditto, Translations, Various; ditto, Atlas; Traveller, ditto, Dictionary, Brown; ditto, Treasury; Newton, Prophecies; Church Services; Prayers, Liturgical Services; Scripture Characters, Robinson; Cobbett, Reformation: D'Aubigue, ditto; Boswell, Johnson; Robinson Crusoe; Queen's Journal; Sam Slick, Clock Maker; American Humors; Tillotson, Works; Prideaux, Connection; Keith, Prophecy; Uncle Tom's Cabin; Weld, America; Franklin, Polar Sea; Alison, Europe; Wars, European, Clarke; do., Spain, Wellington; Quebec Papers; Gazetteers; Atlasses; Music, Piano, etc; Pinnock, Knowledge; Family Readings; Temple, Works; Pilgrim's Progress; Dr. Cumming, Works; Sheltering Vine; Moore, Works, Life; Mirror of Literature; Peerage, Baronetage; Haydon, Dates, Dictionary of; Magna Charta; Machinery, Mechanics, Engineering, Steam Engines, Railroads, Levelling; Holy Land, Geography, History; Geology, Wonders of Mantell; Alaum; Panoramas for Children; Water Cure; Painting; Statuary: Carpentry; Philosophy, Natural; unto, Political, Brougham; Arithmetic; Astronomy; Elocution; Logic; Useful Knowledge; Agriculture; Cultivateur, Fruit Trees, Vegetables, Planting; Brewing, Wine Making; Historie by Rollin, Hume Smollett, Blunt, Chambers, Information; Botany Flowers; English Dictionaries Classical ditto; Geography, History, Ancient, Modern; Ireland and Irish, Histories, &c.; Fortification; Galt, Disraeli; Mark Lemon; A. Trollope; Strickland, Queens; Stowe, Byron Controversy; Army; Navy; Cookery; Sporting, Horses, Dogs, Shooting; Medicine, Surgery, Chemistry; Ballads, ditto and Lays, ditto Scotch; Living Authors, Cowper; Epigrams; Herrick; Keats; Scott; Shakespeare; Thompson, etc, Catholic Works, St. Teresa, Challoner, etc.; H. Scripture Collations; History, Fragments; Ditto Five Empires, also Third Age, Willberforce; N. Test; Howard; Church; Palmer; Ditto, Primitive; Eusebius, King Potter; France, Revolution: Holy Land, Illustrated English Synonyms; Chemistry, Geology; Architecture, Building, Designs for Monuments, Shop Fronts, Houses, Cottages, Villas, Farms, Building, Farmyards Stables, Barns; Dairies, Brewhouses Dog Kennels, Garden, Decorations, Field Gates, Ornaments, Coins; ARTISTS, copies for; DRAWING BOOKS, Rudiments; Animals after old Masters, Paul Potrer, etc; Human Figure, 88 objects; PROUT, Works, so highly praised by Ruskin,) Rhyme Lessons, Fragments, Cottages, Landscapes, Boats and Coasts, &c.; German Literature, Translated, Fonque, truly beautiful Stories, Undine, Sintram, Ladies, Youth, Children, Works for; Fables, Allegories, Useful Knowledge, History, Arabian Nights, Stories, Domestic *Ditto*, Traditionary, Legends of all Nations, Female Heroism, Pleasant Hours, and a multitude of other works.

NOVELS,

ENTERTAINING,

EDUCATIONAL WORKS, &c.

Catalogues are now ready, and can be had by applying to the Auctioneer.

TERMS CASH.

Sale each Evening at 7 o'clock.

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer,

Ottawa, December 5, 1870. 1531 td

NOTICE.

The Partnership existing between the undersigned, in the City of Ottawa, under the name of WATSON & CLISBY, Saloon Keepers, was dissolved by mutual consent, on the First Day of SEPTEMBER, A.D., 1870.

WATSON & CLISBY.
JAMES ROY WATSON,
LAVEL KENT CLISBY.

Witness of Signature,
D. M. GRANT,
JAMES STARNER.

Ottawa, Nov 11, 1870 1516tf

ROUSILLON VIN ROUGE.

An excellent light RED WINE for ordinary use, not unlike PORT, but lighter in body.

$1.25 Per GALLON

$4.00 Per DOZEN.

J. P. MACPHERSON,
Wine Merchant
Elgin Street.

Ottawa, Nov 17, 1870 1518

LANGUAGES.

A GAY, B. A., French Teacher at the GRAMMAR SCHOOL, offers his leisure hours to persons desirous of learning the French, Spanish or Italian languages. A thorough knowledge is acquired in a short time. Charges moderate.

Mrs Robitaille's Boarding House, Sparks-st.

Ottawa, Nov 18 1870 1517 3w

FROM THIS DAY FORTH I change the prices of all my Wood, that is to say, best Hard Wood $4.75, Sawn $3.50; Second best Hard Wood, 4.25, Sawn $4.50.

My Saw Mill is now in constant operation and ready, and will cut promptly in obedience to all orders.

JOHN HENRY.

Ottawa, Dec, 5. 1531d

WANTED.

A SCHOOL TEACHER, with Second Class Certificate, for School Section No. 11, Nepean. Apply to

JAS. LESLIE, Secretary.

148 Nepean.

Insurance.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY of Canada, Head Office, Toronto.

President—The Hon John Hillyard Cameron M P.
Vice President—Lewis Moffatt, Esq.
Other Directors—C J Campbell, Esq, Hon Malcolm Cameron, W T Macdonnell, Esq, A R McMaster, Esq, H S Howland, Esq, Geo Duggan, Esq, A T Fulton, Esq, Angus Morrison, Esq, M P J S Crocker, Esq.
Banker—The Canadian Bank of Commerce.
Agents for Ottawa—Messrs J T & W PENNOCK.
The rates of the PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY are as low as its long experience has shewn to be profitable.
The test of the value of insurance is, however, not when the premiums are being paid, but when losses are being settled, and, from the equity and promptness of its settlements the Provincial Insurance Company is second to none.
Its Inspectors are always sent to adjust every important loss directly it occurs.
It has no adjusted losses due and unpaid.
It respectfully solicits a share of the patronage of the insuring public of Ottawa.

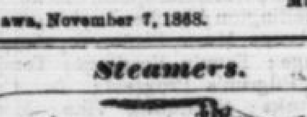
ARTHUR HARVEY, Manager.
1298tf

UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY *OF MAINE.*

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No. 104.
The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:
No. 33. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.
Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.
B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B.
For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON, Auditor.
have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81
The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.
B. R. CORWIN, Manager.
Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

Steamers.



THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COY'S STEAMERS.

MAIL STEAMER

"QUEEN VICTORIA,"

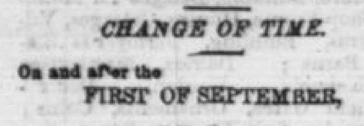
CAPT. BOWIE,

Has commenced her regular trips between Ottawa and Montreal, with Mails and Passengers, leaving Ottawa at 7 a m, daily.

MARKET STEAMER
"FAIRY"
CAPT. NICHOLS.

Will commence running her regular trips from Major's Wharf to Ottawa ever Monday and Saturday leaving Major's at 5 a m, and Ottawa at 4 p m.

R W SHEPHERD.
Ottawa, April, 25, 1870 1341tf



UNION FORWARDING & RAILWAY COMPANY

CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after the FIRST OF SEPTEMBER,

THE STEAMER "ANN SISSON,"

Will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted) at 7 a. m., for Des Joachims, and intermediate ports. The steamer

"JASON GOULD"

Will leave Pembroke Daily at 2 p. m.

steamer

"SIR JOHN YOUNG"

Will leave Havelock daily at 7 a. m. for Chapeau. Returning will leave Chapeau at 1 o'clock p. m.

R S CASSELS, President.
Ottawa, August 22, 1870 144.tf

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOW

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMERS
First Cabin, Payable in Gold:
Liverpool or Queenstown.......$100 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.
Liverpool or Queenstown.......35 00
PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX.
First Cabin, Payable in Gold.
Liverpool or Queenstown.......$100 00
Halifax.......20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer.......45 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.
Liverpool or Queenstown.......30 00
Halifax.......15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer.......30 00
Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates.
For further information, apply at the Company's offices,
JOHN G. DALE, Agent, 15 Broadway, New York,
or HERRICK & CROMBIE, Ottawa.

DOMINION TELEGRAPH INSTITUTE,

34 KING STREET EAST,
TORONTO, ONT.
ESTABLISHED IN 1868,

For the purpose of qualifying Operators for the TELEGRAPH AND RAILROAD LINES

Then and now so rapidly building in the Dominion and United States. It is become one of the Permanent Institutions of the Country.

And has turned out OVER 100 OPERATORS,

Who now fill important positions with GOOD SALARIES,

LADIES and GENTLEMEN desiring to learn this light and honourable profession, should do so at once. The average length of time required is three months. Ladies learn more rapidly than gentlemen. Both sexes admitted from 14 years of age and upwards.
For full particulars and terms address
T H CHURCHILL, Toronto, Ontario.
Ottawa, September 22, 1870 13

FOR SALE.

A beautiful country residence with Fifteen (15) Acres of Land (or more if necessary) attached; the house and outbuildings being completely surrounded by a grove of lovely shade trees. The whole within 10 minutes drive of the Government Buildings.
Terms of sale, cash, if preferable to purchaser otherwise a small payment down, and the balance in from 1 to 10 years, to suit purchaser.
Apply to the Proprietor,
R A BRADLEY, Solicitor, Elgin-st., Ottawa.
Nearly opposite the Post Office.
N. B.—Money to lend on Real Estate. Terms easy.

OUT TO-DAY.

THE Canadian Parliamentary Calendar AND Directory for 1870.

To be obtained of ... & CO., and ... & HOLLAND
1366tf

Medical.

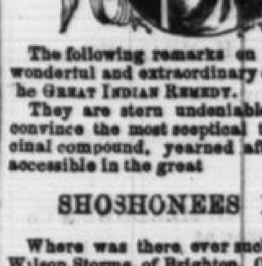
CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

As a family Remedy it is well and favourably known relieving thousands from pain in the Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER Has now been before the public for a length of time and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions have been properly followed, but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.
We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.
The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing the Diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.
The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it.
Price only Twenty-five Cents per bottle.
NORTHROP & LYMAN.
Sold in Ottawa by H F McCarthy, J Skinner, John Roberts, J P Featherston, George Mortimer, W M Massey, and all Medicine Dealers.
November 30, 1870 1537y

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!



The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.
They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Conestoon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hosey, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.
Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.
Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1. 13y

To Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:
MADOC, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869.
This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.
MARY ANN DOUGHTY
Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings his ninth day of February, 1869.
A F WOOD, J P, &c.
I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle
A F WOOD, J P.
Warden County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, D of Canada.

For sale by DRUGGISTS AND GROCERS

TRADE—MARK GARDNER MONTREAL

GARDNER'S QUININE WINE BITTERS,

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons covering from illness. For sale in quart bottle; price one dollar.
GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children—it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.
Gardener's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best ask for GARDENER'S and take no other.
GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.
Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.
J GARDENER, Chemist,
457 Notre Dame street, Montreal,
Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

DUTCH BULBS!

The Subscriber has just received a full assortment from a celebrated Grower in HOLLAND, both for Spring Gardening and in-door Culture.

THE ASSORTMENT INCLUDES
Hyacinths, many varieties,
Tulips, "
Lilies, "
Narcissus, "
Jonquills, "
Anemones, "
Ranunculus, "
&c, &c.

The Flower Roots above mentioned not coming to hand till late in the season, are offered for sale at low prices.
ALEXANDER CHRISTIE, Druggist,
40 Sparks-st, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Nov. 18, 1870 1517yl

Medical.

GABRIEL'S PREPARATIONS — MESSRS GABRIEL, Dentists, LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.

FOR THE TEETH.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH.
Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers
MESSRS. GABRIEL,
The old-established Dentists,
64 Ludgate Hill, London,
And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations.

GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth. Price 5s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE, for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath, it is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.
See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it. Price 5s.

PARTIES AT A DISTANCE REQUIRING ARTIFICIAL TEETH may have them supplied, in partial or complete sets, on Messrs. Gabriel's new system, by sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of One Guinea, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded, with all necessary instructions Messrs. Gabriel will undertake to Remodel or Repair Artificial Teeth made by other Dentists, [which do not prove satisfactory], at moderate charges.
Messrs. Gabriel's Pamphlet on Artificial Teeth and Painless Dentistery on receipt of postage.
All letters to be addressed to 64 LUDGATE HILL, LONDON. 1323 2awfm 1awk6m

Alkabasar

ARRIVED AT LAST!

This elegant Turkish TONIC is one of the most salutary and delicate preparations ever submitted for public approval in this hemisphere, and asserts its pretentions to patronage on the following grounds:—
That it is a preparation of one of the most eminent Purveyors to the Ottoman Court.
It prevents acidity of the Stomach.
It relieves lowness of spirits.
It is a mild and invigorating tonic, and a most efficient but innocuous stimulent.
It renders the breath sweet and agreeable.
It stimulates the appetite if taken BEFORE meals.
It promotes digestion if taken AFTER meals.
It neutralises the propensity for strong liquors.
It renders the intellect bright and clear.
If taken habitually it imparts vitality and energy to all the bodily organs.
By its use a man of 70 will become, as it were, restored to the elasticity of 30; and to persons of delicate constitutions it is strongly recommended.
It is an especial favourite with Oriental ladies.
Secure, then, health, longevity and vital energy by the habitual use of the
ALKABASAR TURKISH TONIC.
Kept in stock by the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.
For directions for use see labels on bottles.
HENRY CHAPMAN & CO.,
EVANS, MERCER & CO.,
Montreal,
Sole Agents for the Dominion
Montreal, July 6. 1415-y

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission from the original recipe of
F. P. VERRI, M. D.,
Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.
Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion,
PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.
A. M. F. GIANELLI,
Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.
N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.
For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.
None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.
1022tf A. M. F GIANELLI.

H. R. FRIPP,

ORGANIST AND TEACHER OF MUSIC.
Residence—Elgin Street, South of Slater Street.
Classes for beginners at Mr Gowan's Hall on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 4½ p m.
Ottawa, July 15th, 1870, 1410tf

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street.
Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

LOST

From the Farm of MRS. STEWART on the bank of the Canal, on the 28th inst., TWENTY-THREE LAMBS, marked with a stroke on the back with ar. Information to be given to WM SLATTERY, Butcher By Ward Market.
August

Commission Merchants.

J. BERMINGHAM,

GENERAL AUCTIONEER.

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his Spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit continuance of the support and patronage liberally extended to him.
He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate, that in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.
Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.
Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of, will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.
Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.
Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p. m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required.
The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 25.
Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.
Several Houses in the city on hands for sale.
J BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.
Ottawa, March 1870.

H. FOOTE & COMPANY,

IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALER

—IN—

TEAS AND WINES,

6 HOSPITAL STREET

MONTREAL.

Ottawa August 23, 1870 1444tf

DOMINICK FOX.

GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,
Clarence Street, next to the City Hotel Ottawa.
Solicits the patronage of the Lumber Merchants generally on the Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging men and attending to their rafts while passing here to the best of his ability.
REFERENCES.
Alex Fraser, Esq. Walter Smith, Esq.
John ...oupore, Esq. R W Cruice, Esq.
1326t.

W. H. EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS, FORWARDERS
DEALERS IN
Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.
OTTAWA,
End of Little Sussex-st.
Cash advanced on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases
W. H. EASTON R. M. EASTON

FOR SALE.

MESS AND PRIME MESS PORK.
FLOUR NO. 1 & EXTRA
WHITE BEANS,
At Ottawa, Sand Point and Pembroke.
S CHRISTIE,
No 5 Sparks street.
... 13, 1870

GOVERNMENT HOUSE.

OTTAWA, 26th day of Sept., 1870.

PRESENT

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs and under and in virtue of the authority given by the 8th Section of the Act 31 Vic, Cap. 6, intituled "An Act respecting the "Customs." His Excellency has been pleased to make the following Regulation:
Grand Harbour, in the Island of Grand Manan, in the Province of New Brunswick shall be and the same is hereby erected into an Out Port of Customs, and attached to the Port of Campo Bello (Welchpool.)
WM. H. LEE, Clerk Privy Council, Canada.
Ottawa, Oct. 4, 1870. 1478

GOVERNMENT HOUSE.

OTTAWA, Thursday, 22nd day of Sept, 1870

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs and under and in virtue of the 54th Section of the Act 31st Victoria Cap. 6, intituled "An Act respecting the Customs.
His Excellency has been pleased to Order and it is hereby Ordered, that the Out Port of Port Ryerse attached to the Port of Dover, in the Province of Ontario, be and the same is hereby constituted and appointed to be a Warehousing Port, within the meaning of that Act.
WM. H. LEE, Clerk Privy Council, Canada.
Ottawa, Oct. 4, 1870. 1478

Medical.

Ayer's Hair Vigor,

For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.

A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. *Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color with the gloss and freshness of youth.* Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

HAIR DRESSING,

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,
PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS,
LOWELL, MASS.
PRICE $1.00.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

For Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption.

Probably never before in the whole history of medicine, has anything won so widely and so deeply upon the confidence of mankind, as this excellent remedy for pulmonary complaints. Through a long series of years, and among most of the races of men it has risen higher and higher in their estimation, as it has become better known. Its uniform character and power to cure the various affections of the lungs and throat, have made it known as a reliable protector against them. While adapted to milder forms of disease and to young children, it is at the same time the most effectual remedy that can be given for incipient consumption, and the dangerous affections of the throat and lungs. As a provision against sudden attacks of *Croup*, it should be kept on hand in every family, and indeed as all are sometimes subject to colds and coughs, all should be provided with this antidote for them.
Although settled *Consumption* is thought incurable, still great numbers of cases where the disease seemed settled, have been completely cured, and the patient restored to sound health by the *Cherry Pectoral.* So complete is its mastery over the disorders of the Lungs and Throat, that the most obstinate of them yield to it. When nothing else could reach them, under the *Cherry Pectoral* they subside and disappear.
Singers and Public Speakers find great protection from it.
Asthma is always relieved and often wholly cured by it.
Bronchitis is generally cured by taking the *Cherry Pectoral* in small and frequent doses.
So generally are its virtues known that we need not publish the certificates of them here, or do more than assure the public that its qualities are fully maintained.

Ayer's Ague Cure,

For Fever and Ague, Intermittent Fever, Chill Fever, Remittent Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical or Bilious Fever, &c., and indeed all the affections which arise from malarious, marsh, or miasmatic poisons.

As its name implies, it does *Cure*, and does not fail. Containing neither Arsenic, Quinine, Bismuth, Zinc, nor any other mineral or poisonous substance whatever, it in nowise injures any patient. The number and importance of its cures in the ague districts, are literally beyond account, and we believe without a parallel in the history of Ague medicine. Our pride is gratified by the acknowledgments we receive of the radical cures effected in obstinate cases, and where other remedies had wholly failed.
Unacclimated persons, either resident in, or travelling through miasmatic localities, will be protected by taking the *AGUE CURE* daily.
For *Liver Complaints*, arising from torpidity of the Liver, it is an excellent remedy, stimulating the Liver into healthy activity.
For Bilious Disorders and Liver Complaints, it is an excellent remedy, producing many truly remarkable cures where other medicines had failed.
Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Practical and Analytical Chemists, Lowell, Mass., and sold all round the world.
PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

DARLEY'S ARABIAN OIL FOR HORSES AND CATTLE

A NEVER-FAILING REMEDY.

This valuable preparation combines all the medicinal virtues of those articles which long experience has proved to possess the most safe and efficient properties for the cure of Flesh Wounds, Sprains, Bruises, Galls of all kinds, Cracked Heels, Ring Bone, Spavin, Callous, Pistula, Sweeney, External Poisons, Scratches or Grease, Strains, Lameness, Mange, Witlows, Corns, Sand Cracks, Foundered Feet, Corn Distemper, Swellings, and many other diseases which horses and cattle are subject to.
The celebrated Liniment has been used for many years, and its curative properties thoroughly tested, and it is conceded to be the cheapest and most reliable remedy for all external complaints ever offered to the public—it never fails when timely used and faithfully applied.
To be had of all Druggists and Country Merchants throughout the Dominion. Price 25c. per bottle.
NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont. Proprietors.
Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W M Massey, H F McCarthy, J Skinner, in Ottawa, all Medicine Dealers.
November 24, 1870 1522tf

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly, (which are published in the "Ontario Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.
Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the Session.
CHARLES T GILLMOR, Clerk of the House.
Toronto March 15, 1870 1309 td 1awk.

NOTICE.

I hereby give notice that I shall not be responsible for any debt contracted in my name after this date without my written order.
CHAS. GOULDEN.
Ottawa, August

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.
W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.
REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

PRESERVE YOUR ROOFS.

PATENT PLASTIC SLATE PAINT,

Is the best and cheapest material in use for preserving new, or repairing old

IRON OR TIN ROOFS,

No matter how bad their condition. Also first rate for

SHINGLE ROOFS,

Making them

FIRE AND WATER PROOF,

Hardens into a coating of SOLID SLATE by exposure.
Price $6 a barrel, mixed ready for use.
A barrel will cover 10 squares (10 x 10).

SHEATHING FELT

For lining Frame Buildings under the clap boards. An effectual protection against cold, damp and vermin. Rats and mice will not come near it.

No FRAME DWELLING should be without
Send for circular, instructions, &c.
BUCHANAN & CO.,
Wholesale Depot for Roofing Materials and Founder's Supplies,
32 Lemoine Street, Montreal.
Ottawa, September 21, 1870 1468

A. E. GENDREAU,

HAIR DRESSING PARLOUR,
Wellington street,
Opposite the Bank of Montreal.

MR GENDREAU, the proprietor of that so popular Parlour, has the pleasure to announce to his numerous friends and the public in general, that to answer to the great encouragement which he has received up to the present, he has determined to enlarge and thoroughly furnish anew his establishment. He will save no expense to render Parlour the most comfortable, and procure the most experienced hair dressers.
MR GENDREAU having served considerable time in some of the best and most extensive Hair Dressing Saloons in the Dominion and United States, is in a position to conduct the duties of his establishment in a manner that cannot be surpassed.
He will have always on hand the best perfumes imported directly from Paris and London. MR GENDREAU solicits a visit to convince all of the truth of his statements.

SATCHELL BROS

BUTCHERS TO
HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantly on hand

FRESH KILLED
STALL-FED
BEEF AND MUTTON.
ALSO,
THEIR CELEBRATED
SPICED AND SALT ROUND,
AND
ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES,

To be had at
THEIR STALLS,
Nos. 5 and 7,
BY-WARD MARKET

No Benzine or Coal Oil used.

FOR THE STYLISH SIGNS AND HANDSOME WALL PAINTING GO TO THE LANG PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT
A. W LANG, Sparks Street.

PEOPLE'S TELEGRAPH COMPANY

Incorporated under Chapter LXVII of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada.
OTTAWA OFFICE—G P DRUMMOND'S Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.
DIRECTORS:
A JOSEPH, Chairman; D C THOMSON, Treasurer; S B FOOTE A THOMSON, T H DUNN.
DRUMMOND Manager 1141tf

TWO OR THREE GENTLEMAN can be accommodated with
ROOMS, WITH OR WITHOUT BOARD.
Apply at
MR. ROWSELL'S,
Opposite the Union Hotel, Centre Town.
Ottawa, July 5, 1870. 1400.tt

EDGAR DOWARD, Organist, Christ Church, teacher of Organ, Piano and Singing. Residence—O'Connor street. Mr. Doward was formerly Choirster Boy and Articled Pupil of Mr W. Done, of Worcester Cathedral, England.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

In the matter of
JOSEPH HENRY CASSELS,
the Village of Kenmore
AN INSOLVENT.

ASSIGNEES SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power vested in me as Assignee of the estate and effects of the above named Insolvent, I shall offer for sale by Public Auction, at the Court House, in the City of Ottawa, at the hour of 12 o'clock, noon on FRIDAY, the TWENTY-FIFTH day of NOVEMBER next, all the estate, right, title, interest and equity of redemption of the said Insolvent, and of myself, as such Assignee as aforesaid, in and to that certain parcel or tract of land and premises situate, lying and being in the Township of Gloucester, in the County of Carleton, containing by admeasurement fifty acres of land be the same more or less, being composed of the west quarter of lot number two, in the third Concession of the said Township, Rideau Front.
Terms and conditions made known at the time of sale, and particulars can be had by applying
CHAS BAILLIE, Assignee,
401 Notre Dame st.
Dated Montreal, 17th Sept, 1870. 1469 3aw27i

GREAT CENTRAL AIR LINE ROUTE

VIA

GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.

[The Model Road of Canada.]
To Sarnia, Detroit, Milwaukee.
CHICAGO,
Cincinnati, St. Louis, New Orleans, and all Points in the West and South.

NORTHERN TRANSPORTATION CO'S
20 First-Class Upper Cabin Steamers.
DAILY LINE BETWEEN
OGDENSBURG & CHICAGO,
Making sure connections with Railway for all Points West and South.
Parties going west can secure Tickets at this office to any Point desired,
VIA
ALL RAIL OR ALL BOAT
Fares always cheaper than by any other Route.
Be sure and procure TICKETS at this office by the
GREAT CENTRAL ROUTE
AND SAVE MONEY, TIME AND DISTANCE.
Comparitive distance of the several Western Routes to Chicago:
American—Ogdensburg or Prescott to Chicago.......850 miles
Grand Trunk to Detroit.......736 do
Grand Trunk to Toronto, Great Western to Detroit.......730 do
Leaving in favor of the Great Central Route.......120 do
For TICKETS to any Points in the United States, and all information apply to
J T CORCORAN,
General Western Railway and Steamboat Ticket office, at H Palmer's store, next to Fingland & Draper's, Sussex st, two doors from Rideau-st.

IN CHANCERY.

Pursuant to a decree of the Court of Chancery, made in a cause Spain vs. Watt, the Creditors of Martin Spain, late of the Township of Nepean, in the County of Carleton, who died in or about the month of NOVEMBER, 1867, are on or before the 15th NOVEMBER next, to send by post prepaid, to Messrs. Kennedy & Christie, of the City of Ottawa, the Solicitor of the Defendants, Arthur Watt, the Executor of the deceased, their christian and surnames, addresses and descriptions, the full particulars of their claims, a statement of their accounts and the nature of the securities (if any) held by them, or in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said decree.
Every Creditor holding any security is to produce the same before me at my Chambers, at the City of Ottawa, on the 23rd day of November, 1870, at 11 o'clock, in the forenoon, being the time appointed for adjudication on the claims.
Dated this 21st day of October, 1870.
(Signed), W. M. MATHESON, Master at Ottawa.
SCOTT & ROSS, Plaintiff's Solicitors.
Ottawa, Oct. 24, 1870 1495 1d

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,

OTTAWA,
10th day of November, 1870.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

Whereas it has been represented to His Excellency, that the public convenience would be promoted if the Out-Ports of St Armand and Rousse's Point, which are situate in closer proximity to the Port of St. John's, than to that of Montreal, with which they are now connected, were detached from the last mentioned Port and placed under the survey of the Port of St. Johns; His Excellency on the recommendation of the Hon. the Minister of Customs, and under and in pursuance of the 8th section of the Act 31st Victoria Chapter 6, intituled:
"An Act respecting the Customs," has been pleased to Order, and it is hereby Ordered that on, from and after the First day of December next the Out-Ports of St. Armand and Rouse's Point shall be and they are hereby respectively detached from the Port of Montreal and placed under the Survey of the Port of St. Johns, in the Province of Quebec.
WM. H. LEE, Clerk Privy Council,

PRESTON & ROWSELL.

MILITARY TAILORS
—AND—
HABIT MAKERS
NO. 36 SPARKS STREET

PRESTON & ROWSELL.

A SELECT ASSORTMENT
OF
Tweeds,
Broad Cloths,
Doe Skins,
Fancy Coatings,
Vestings, &c.
SHIRTS MADE TO ORDER

PRESTON & ROWSELL.

Ottawa, July 26, 1870.

HIGHER EDUCATION.

HELLMUTH COLLEGE.
Board and Tuition per annum, $22.
HELLMUTH LADIES' COLLEGE
Inaugurated by H. R. H. Prince Arthur. Board and Tuition $236 per annum.
PRESIDENT:—The Very Rev. I. Hellmuth, D.D., Dean of Huron.
For Particulars apply to Major Evans, London, Canada West.
August 8, 1870.

Sarsaparilla,

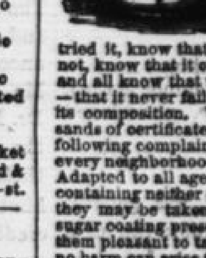
FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

The reputation this excellent medicine enjoys, is derived from its cures, many of which are truly marvellous. Inveterate cases of Scrofulous disease, where the system seemed saturated with corruption, have been purified and cured by it. Scrofulous affections and disorders, which were aggravated by the scrofulous contamination until they were painfully afflicting, have been radically cured in such great numbers in almost every section of the country, that the public scarcely need to be informed of its virtues or uses.
Scrofulous poison is one of the most destructive enemies of our race. Often, this unseen and unfelt tenant of the organism undermines the constitution, and invites the attack of enfeebling or fatal diseases, without exciting a suspicion of its presence. Again, it seems to breed infection throughout the body, and then, on some favorable occasion, rapidly develop into one or other of its hideous forms, either on the surface or among the vitals. In the latter, tubercles may be suddenly deposited in the lungs or heart, or tumors formed in the liver, or it shows its presence by eruptions on the skin, or foul ulcerations on some part of the body. Hence the occasional use of a bottle of this *Sarsaparilla* is advisable, even when no active symptoms of disease appear. Persons afflicted with the following complaints generally find immediate relief, and, at length, cure, by the use of this *SARSAPARILLA*: *St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Sore Ears,* and other eruptions or visible forms of *Scrofulous* disease. Also in the more concealed forms, as *Dyspepsia, Dropsy, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Neuralgia,* and the various *Ulcerous* affections of the muscular and nervous systems.
Syphilis or *Venereal and Mercurial Diseases* are cured by it, though a long time is required for subduing these obstinate maladies by any medicine. But long continued use of this medicine will cure the complaint. *Leucorrhœa or Whites, Uterine Ulcerations,* and *Female Diseases,* are commonly soon relieved and ultimately cured by its purifying and invigorating effect. Minute Directions for each case are found in our Almanac, supplied gratis. *Rheumatism* and *Gout,* when caused by accumulations of extraneous matters in the blood, yield quickly to it, as also *Liver Complaints, Torpidity, Congestion* or *Inflammation* of the *Liver,* and *Jaundice,* when arising, as they often do, from the rankling poisons in the blood. This *SARSAPARILLA* is a great restorer for the strength and vigor of the system. Those who are *Languid* and *Listless, Despondent, Sleepless,* and troubled with *Nervous Apprehensions* or *Fears,* or any of the affections symptomatic of *Weakness,* will find immediate relief and convincing evidence of its restorative power upon trial.

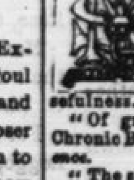
PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,
Practical and Analytical Chemists.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

For all the purposes of a Laxative Medicine.



Perhaps no one medicine is so universally required by everybody as a cathartic, nor was ever any before so universally adopted into use, in every country and among all classes, as this mild but efficient purgative Pill. The obvious reason is, that it is a more reliable and far more effectual remedy than any other. Those who have tried it, know that it cured them; those who have not, know that it cures their neighbors and friends, and all know that what it does once it does always—that it never fails through any fault or neglect of its composition. We have thousands upon thousands of certificates of their remarkable cures of the following complaints, but such cures are known in every neighborhood, and we need not publish them. Adapted to all ages and conditions in all climates; containing neither calomel or any deleterious drug, they may be taken with safety by anybody. Their sugar coating preserves them ever fresh and makes them pleasant to take, while being purely vegetable no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.
They operate by their powerful influence on the internal viscera to purify the blood and stimulate it into healthy action—remove the obstructions of the stomach, bowels, liver, and other organs of the body, restoring their irregular action to health, and by correcting, wherever they exist, such derangements as are the first origin of disease.
Minute directions are given in the wrapper on the box, for the following complaints, which these *Pills* rapidly cure:—
For *Dyspepsia* or *Indigestion, Listlessness, Languor* and *Loss of Appetite,* they should be taken moderately to stimulate the stomach and restore its healthy tone and action.
For *Liver Complaint* and its various symptoms, *Bilious Headache, Sick Headache, Jaundice* or *Green Sickness, Bilious Colic* and *Bilious Fevers,* they should be judiciously taken for each case, to correct the diseased action or remove the obstructions which cause it.
For *Dysentery* or *Diarrhœa,* but one mild dose is generally required.
For *Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the Side, Back* and *Loins,* they should be continuously taken, as required, to change the diseased action of the system. With such change those complaints disappear.
For *Dropsy* and *Dropsical Swellings* they should be taken in large and frequent doses to produce the effect of a drastic purge.
For *Suppression* a large dose should be taken as it produces the desired effect by sympathy.
As a *Dinner Pill,* take one or two *Pills* to promote digestion and relieve the stomach.
An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and bowels into healthy action, restores the appetite, and invigorates the system. Hence it is often advantageous where no serious derangement exists. One who feels tolerably well, often finds that a dose of these *Pills* makes him feel decidedly better, from their cleansing and renovating effect on the digestive apparatus.
DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical Chemists,
LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.
Ottawa, August 7, 1870.



FOR ASTHMA, and Chronic Bronchitis
DATURA TATULA,
Affords Immediate Relief.
"A remedy of great power and usefulness.—*Dr. W. Parker.*
"Of great efficacy in cases of Asthma and Chronic Bronchitis.—*Dublin Journal Medical Science.*
"The smoke causes no nausea. When thoroughly kind, I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."—*General Alexander to Hon. R. Stuart.*
In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.
Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, Boxes 6s, 8s and 15s.
Pastilles for Inhalation, Boxes, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.
SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.
AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal

FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION of COD LIVER OIL, the fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive activity, superior to Pepsine.
Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 12s 6d. Pancreatine Wine, bottles, 3s, 5s and 10s.
N.B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil.
AGENTS—Messrs. F. ...

NOTICE.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF ONTARIO.
TORONTO, 29th October, 1870.
Notice is hereby given, that the last day for receiving Petitions for Private Bills will be WEDNESDAY, the TWENTY-EIGHTH day of DECEMBER next.
CHARLES T. GILLMOR, Clerk.

STRAYED,

Into the subscribers premises on the night of the 17th, a KID, with collar and chain attached The owner can have it by proving property and paying this advertisement.
ROBERT SKEAD
Ottawa, Nov 21, 1870

SEMINARY FOR YOUNG LADIES,

A Branch of the Monklands Villa,
MARIA ESTABLISHMENT, MONTREAL,
The Sisters of the Congregation de Notre Dame respectfully inform the public that they will open their classes on the 1st September.
Besides the Boarding School a Select Day School is attached to the establishment.
For particulars and terms apply to the LADY SUPERIOR,
Corner of O'Conner and Wellington Streets.
Ottawa, August 12, 1870 1432tf

THE HOWLEY FARM TO LET.

Lot No 30, 1st Concession of Gloucester R Front, containing 300 acres, 150 acres well cleared and in good state of cultivation, opposite Manotic, and fifteen miles from Ottawa, with good fences, a fine dwelling house, two story high, barns and outhouses complete, is now to let on reasonable terms, for a term of years. Apply for further particulars to
CHARLES ROWAN, Ottawa.
Ottawa September 5, 1870 1454tf&w37tf

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, 38 Sparks-st., Centre Town, Ottawa.
James Cotton, Managing Director.

The Times

VOL. V. NO. 1535. OTTAWA, FRIDAY DECEMBER 9, 1870 PRICE—3 CENTS

AGENTS WANTED, who can make from $5 to $10 a day. Address, T. W. FARRELL, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Nov 11, 1870 1511 1m

Legal.

J. W. WARD, Barrister at-law, Advocate, &c., Opposite Russell House, Ottawa Canada.

WRIGHT & CLEMOW, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c, &c, for the Provinces Ontario and Quebec. Office over Durie's Book Store, Sparks street, Ottawa.
W McKAY WRIGHT. 12w F C CLEMOW.

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. M. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.
ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

KEEFER & KIMBER, Barristers and Attornies at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, &c, for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec. Office—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.
AUGUSTUS KEEFER. RENE EDWARD KIMBER.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 48/y

F. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 903y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 386tf GEORGE TAILLON

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

Medical.

DOCTOR HENDERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Surgery—That recently occupied by Dr. Malloch, Duke st, Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1388y

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.
N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

GEORGE HUTCHISON, L. D. S.,
SURGEON DENTIST,
Sparks Street
OPPOSITE "TIMES" OFFICE.
DR. HUTCHISON is fully prepared to supply SETS of TEETH, or to insert single Teeth where wanting, on either gold, silver or vulcanite rubber palates, fitting so closely and easily to the mouth as to be capable of all the uses to which natural teeth are applied without the slightest inconvenience to the wearers, and after using for a short time in use, without even a consciousness of the presence of a substance originally foreign to the mouth.
Dr. H. with a view to the removal of painful consciousness during the operation of extracting decayed or diseased teeth, has introduced into his practice the use of the Nitrous Oxide or laughing gas, which the sufferer inhales without danger or inconvenience, and loses his tooth as it were in a pleasant dream.
He may be consulted any day, except Sunday, at his office from 9 a. m. to 6 p. m.
Ottawa, September 2, 1870

Hotels and Saloons.

THE METROPOLITAN,
AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa.
93tf P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

WAVERLY HOUSE,
BARRINGTON-STREET,
HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,
Established 1851.
Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.
969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,
Corner James and King-sts.,
Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.
E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)
A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor*,
Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Ottawa, June sto.-daily

Mc DUIGNAN'S,
SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.
A few more gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen visiting the Capital will find superior accommodation by the day or week at moderate terms.
N B—This house is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Parliament Buildings and the principal ... 21 9tf

THE UNION HOUSE,
W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR,
CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS
OTTAWA.
EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.
The Bar always supplied with the
CHOICEST LIQUORS,
And the table spread with
EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON
Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.

C. T. R. HIGGINS,
Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co, General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufactures and Mining Agent Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mann Bros Hardware Store.

DANCING AND DEPORTMENT.

Mrs Robert Stewart having made arrangements with an accomplished lady teacher, announces that her Dancing Classes will commence on Wednesday, the 22nd instant
Further particulars may be obtained on application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street.
Ottawa September 9th, 1869. 1148tf

WANTED.
An experienced First-class Common School Teacher, who is not afraid to compete (so far as his profession is concerned) with any person in either Province, desires an engagement in Ontario, to date from the first of January next. Best of references.
Address, stating salary, &c.,
A D PRATT,
Hull, P. Q.
Hull, 31st Oct, 1870 1582tf

Groceries.

DENIS WHELAN,
39 RIDEAU STREET,
OTTAWA
HAVING OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT
(nearly opposite the Old Stand,)
Offers for sale at VERY LOW PRICES a large and well selected stock, comprising Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy Soaps, Sauces, Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, Candles, Coarse and Fine Salt. Also,
Bordeaux and other Vinegars
MESS PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS,
and the numerous other articles necessary to constitute a complete stock.
TEAS—
Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial Young Hyson, quite fresh and cheap.
COFFEE
Fresh Coffee *ground* and *roasted* daily on the premises.
LIQUORS—
Cognac Brandies Renault & Co, Hennessy, Piper's and other brands.
HOLLAND GIN—
De Kuyper's and Houtman's, in wood bottle.
WINES—
Sherries of all grades, Ports of fine quality, Burgundy, Souterne and Maderia Wines all prices, in wood and bottle, improved by age.
HIGHWINES, OLD RYE, PROOF AND WHISKEY,
High proof and flavor, at extremely low prices.
Thorne's and Stewart's Scotch Whiskey and Old Tom.
Dunville's Irish Whiskey.
Murphy's Old Irish Potteen.
Guinness' and London Porter, pts and qts.
Molson's and other Ales.
Sugars and Syrups, all grades.
Sale at refiners' prices.
THE OLD STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE SELLING AT TWENTY-FIVE PER CENT BELOW COST.
Now is the time for bargains. 1105

1870. 1870.
SPRING IMPORTATIONS.
O'MEARA & CO.
Beg most respectfully to intimate to their friends and customers that they have just received and have ready for inspection
A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT
OF
CLOTHS AND TWEEDS
Suitable for the coming season, comprising
ENGLISH,
FRENCH,
SCOTCH AND CANADIAN
MANUFACTURES
OF THE
NEWEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE DESIGNS.
THE READY-MADE
CLOTHING DEPARTMENT
is also very complete, and will be found of the best materials and most fashionable styles.
Special attention is called to a
LARGE ASSORTMENT OF
SPRING AND SUMMER OVERCOATS
OF THE NEWEST STYLES.
Suspenders, Scarfs, Ties, Collars, Shirts, Gloves, &c, &c. Together with a large and well assorted stock of
DRY GOODS.
Tailoring Department under the supervision of a first class cutter
Suits made to order in best and latest styles Good fit ensured or no sale.
A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO

Hardware.

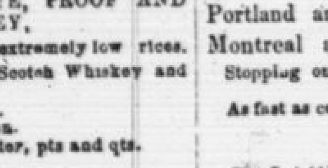
BLYTH & KERR,
No. 25 RIDEAU STREET,
Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c.
All work in any of the above branches executed in a prompt and workmanlike manner.
Special attention given to Roofing and fitting up Galvanized Iron and Tin Gutters, Conductors, &c., &c.
IMPORTERS OF GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.
JUST RECEIVED, ex "Pride of Canada" and "Oscola," a splendid assortment of Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots, Jelly Moulds, Wire Dish Covers, Spice Boxes, Ladies' Dressing Cases, Trays, Enamelled Pie Dishes, Preserving Pans, Deil Milk Saucepans, &c., &c.
Constantly on hand, Cooking Stoves, (best makers) Hot Air Furnaces, Water Coolers, Baths, (all kinds) Cutlery, Plated and Britannia Metal Ware,
—ALSO—
FISHING TACKLE, comprising Rods, Lines, Flies, Hooks, Floats, Trolls, Panniers, Landing Nets, Fly Books, &c. &c.
Ottawa, August 10, 1870 1432 1y

LEA & PERRINS'
CELEBRATED
WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,
Declared by Connoisseurs
TO BE
THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.
CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.
The success of this most delicious and unrivalled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to
ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,
and to see that their names are upon the wrapper labels, stopper and bottle.
Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.
Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.
Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c, &c, and by Grocers and Oilmen universally 52v1236 1aw

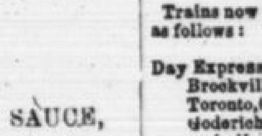
WANTED
By a young girl a situation as SEAMTRESS, or DRESS-MAKER, in a private family or place of business.
References given if required. Apply at the ... Office.
August 1st, 1870 1434-tf

Railroads.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY
OF
CANADA.
Special attention is directed to this Company's announcement, in regard to the
RUNNING OF TRAINS
FOR THE ENSUING SEASON.
In addition to the Fast Time which it is intended to make between the
EAST AND WEST,
With close connections at all points. The line will be equipped with handsome
NEW FIRST-CLASS CARS,
Unsurpassed on the continent.
TRAINS WILL RUN BETWEEN
Portland and Montreal in 13 Hours.
Montreal and Toronto in 13 Hours.
Stopping only at the most important Stations.
As fast as completed,
PULMAN'S
PALACE SLEEPING CARS
Will be run on the Through Trains and the service will be performed over the entire line in a manner equal to that of any railway on this continent. Special arrangements have been made to accommodate the pleasure travel.
For further particulars see advertisements and time tables.
C J BRYDGES,
Managing Director
June 3 1870. 1427tf



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY
OF
CANADA
IMPROVED SERVICE OF TRAINS
FOR THE SUMMER OF 1870.
ACCELERATION OF SPEED.
NEW CARS ON ALL EXPRESS TRAINS.
Portland to Montreal in 13 Hours.
Montreal to Toronto in 13 Hours.
On and after JUNE 13th the new arrangements will be put in force, and trains will leave Montreal as follows:
GOING WEST.
Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points west at..... 9 00 a m
NIGHT, do do...... 9 00 p m
Mail Train for Toronto and intermediate Stations..... 7 00 a m
Accommodation Train for Brockville and intermediate stations..... 5 00 p m
Trains for Lachine at 6 00 a m, 7 00 a m, 9 15 am, 12 noon, 1 30 p m, 4 00 p m, 5 30 p m, and 6 30 p m. The 1 30 p m Train runs through to Province Line.
GOING SOUTH AND EAST.
Accommodation Train for Island Pond and intermediate stations at..... 7 10 a m
Express for Boston, via Vermont Central, at..... 9 00 a m
Express for New York and Boston, via Vermont Central, at..... 3 45 p m
Express for New York and Boston, via Plattsburg, Lake Champlain, Burlington and Rutland, at..... 6 00 a m
Do do do do ..... 4 00 p m
Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham, Portland and Lower Provinces at..... 1 1 p
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, and the Lower Provinces, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St Hilaire, St Hyacinthe, Upton, Acton, Richmond, Brompton Falls, Sherbrooke, Lennoxville, Compton, Coaticooke and Norton Mills only at 10 10 p m
Sleeping Cars on all night trains. Baggage checked through.
The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotta" leave Portland for Halifax, N S, every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, respectively, at 4 00 p m. They have excellent accommodations for passengers and Freight.
The International Company's Steamers running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every Monday and Thursday at 6 00 p m for St John, N B, &c.
Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.
For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way station apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station, or at No 39, Great St James Street.
C J BRYDGES,
Managing Director.
June 3, 1870 1425tf



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.
1870.] SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS. [1870
Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:
GOING WEST.
Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at. ..... 0 a m
Night do do do do ..... 0 p m
Accommodation Train for Cornwall and Intermediate Stations at..... 00 p m
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at..... 7:30 am
Trains for Lachine at .....6:00 a m, 7:00 a m 9 15 a m, 12 noon, 1:30 p m, 4:00 p m and 5:30 p m.
The 1:30 p m train runs through to Province Line.
GOING SOUTH AND EAST.
Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at..... 7:00 a m
Express for Boston at..... 8:40 a m
Express for New York and Boston via Vermont Central at..... 3:45 pm
Express for New York and Boston via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at..... 6.00 a m
Express for Island Pond, at..... 2:00 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at..... 10:10 p m
Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.
The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotta" leave Portland every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, for Halifax, N.S., respectively at 4 p m.
They have excellent accommodation for passenger and freight.
The International Company's Steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway leave Portland every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 6 p m, for St. John, N.B., &c.
Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.
For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Offices, Bonaventure Station, and 39 Great St James Street.
C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director
Montreal, May, 1870.
OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street
A & A H TAYLOR, Agents

ELECTRICITY IS LIFE
PULVERMACHER'S PATENT
GALVANIC CHAIN-BANDS
BELTS, AND POCKET BATTERIES
These highly improved inventions render Electricity perfectly self-applicable, and extremely efficacious in a mild continuous form, no shock or unpleasant sensation being experienced, whereby it becomes a true fountain of health and vigour, speedily soothing agonizing pains, re-animating torpid limbs, reviving the sluggish functions of life, and imparting renewed energy and vitality to constitutions enfeebled by whatever cause. Medicines and their deleterious consequences are thus entirely dispensed with. The daily increasing number of cures effected by PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC SYSTEM is so extensive and varied, that it forcibly points to this invention as the embryo of a universal remedy.
N. B.—The following testimony from the elite of the English medical faculty has been received:
"We, the undersigned, have much pleasure in testifying that Mr. J. L. PULVERMACHER's recent improvements in his Voltaic Batteries and Galvanic Appliances for Medical Purposes are of great importance to Scientific Medicine, and that he is entitled to the consideration and support of every one disposed to further the advancement of real and useful progress.
"Dated the 9th day of March, 1866.
"SIR CHARLES LOCOCK, Bart., M. D., F. R. C. P.
SIR HENRY HOLLAND, Bart., M. D., F. R. S.
"SIR WM. FERGUSSON, Bart., F. R. S.
"EDWD. H. SIEVEKING, M. D., M R C.S.
"SIR J. RANALD MARTIN, F. R. C. S"
PULVERMACHER'S SYSTEM is also approved of by an official report of the Academie de Medicine, Paris, Royal College of Physicians, London, and the Imperial Faculty of Vienna, and its curative virtues are confirmed by thousands of private testimonials of cures effected. (See pamphlet gratis).
These facts appeal to the good sense of every sufferer to avail himself of this scientific and curative progress, to which the inventor has devoted a life-time of study and labour, as an ardent disciple of that great benefactor of mankind, the late illustrious electrician MICHAEL FARADY.
PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC CHAINS are exceedingly effective without the aid of medicine, restriction of diet, or the least derangement of the patient's habits and daily occupations, in the following maladies:

Rheumatism	Female Complaints
Gout	Constipation
Sciatica	Cramp
Lumbago	Sluggish Circulation
Neuralgia	Urinary Disorders
Head and Toothache	Paralysis
Liver Complaints	Epilepsy
Tic Doloreux	Nervous Debility
Indigestion	Functional Disorders
Deafness	&c., &c.
Spasms	

The effects of the application of Pulvermacher's Chains in any of the above disorders is immediately perceptible—the relief of pain instantaneous.
PRICE LIST OF PULVERMACHER'S CHAIN BANDS AND BATTERIES.
B. CHAIN BANDS for Nervous Deafness, Head, Tooth, and Face Ache, and Noises in the Head, 21s. to 30s.
B. CHAIN BANDS for loss of Voice and other affections of the Throat, 10s. 6d. to 21s.
N. CHAIN BANDS for Sciatica, Rheumatic, Neuralgia, and Gouty Pains, Local Paralysis, Cramp, &c., 18s. to 22s. and 40s.
B CHAIN BANDS for Lumbago, Indigestion, Liver, Chest, and Functional Disorders, &c., (worn as a belt), 22s to 40s and 55s.
B CHAIN BANDS for Writer's Cramp, Trembling, Nervousness, &c, 22s to 30s and 40s.
B COMBINED CHAIN BAND for Cantal, Paralysis, Epilepsy, General Debility Functional Disorders, &c., 30s to 50s.
A complete Set of COMBINED CHAIN BANDS, BELTS, and CHAIN BATTERY for restoring vital energy, £5 to £7.
The public are most earnestly cautioned to beware of Pseudo Electric Belts advertised by sham Doctors, &c., for improper purposes, and so severely stigmatized by Vice Chancellor Malins in the suit Pulvermacher vs Hammond, alias Henry James, alias C. T, Rapbey, M. R. C. S, alias Henry Burrows, &c, &c.
No Galvanic Belts are genuine but those bearing the fac simile of M. Pulvermacher's signature on the label.
A pamphlet containing full particulars may be had at the Drug Store of A. Christie, Sparks Street.
J. L. PULVERMACHER,
Galvanic Establishment,
200 Regent Street, London, W.
Ottawa, September 6, 1870 1453 1awky

SCYTHES!
SCYTHES!! SCYTHES!!!
AND OTHER
HARVESTING IMPLEMENTS.
At the sign of the ANVIL, No. 24 Rideau street, you can find a complete assortment of,
Grass and other Scythes.
Blood Silver Steel, all lengths.
Blood Cast Steel, "
Blood German Steel, "
Pride of the Field silver Steel.
Bonnie Blue Bell, "
Rod Rover or Champion "
Flint's Celebrated Scyth,
Whitings Eureka Scyth ground, ready for use.
Hay Rakes, straight and bent.
Hay Forks, two and three prongs.
Straw Forks, three prongs.
Scythes Snathes.
Grain Cradles, Muley and Grape Vine.
Scythes-stones and Grindstones of all sorts and sizes.
—ALSO,—
A complete assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, Paints, Oil, Glass, Putty, Coal Oil, &c., &c.
THOS. BIRKETT,
No. 24, Rideau Street.

TO FARMERS
Who have suffered by fire we make a reduction in the price of Stoves,
Elevated Oven Cook Stoves.
Low Oven Cook Stoves.
Double Stoves. Parlour Stoves.
Box Stoves all sizes. Hotel Cook Stoves.
Dumb Stoves. Hot Air Furnaces.
Stove Pipes. Elbows.
Zinc.
Our WINTER STOCK, just received at the
"CAPITAL STOVE DEPOT."
85 Sussex Street,
H MEADOWS & CO.
Ottawa, September 9, 1870.

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

Arrival Departure of Mails.

1870. FALL ARRANGEMENT. 1870.

CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE P.M.	MAILS	DELIVERED A.M.	DELIVERED A.M.	DELIVERED P.M.
11.15	......	8.30	Eastern, by Train; Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	9.00	......	4.00
6.00	......	......	Montreal, by Steamer	......	......	......
11.15	......	......	Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B., by St. L. & O. Railway	9.00	......	4.00
8.30	......	8.30	Western, by Train; Toronto, Hamilton, London, Kingston, Western, U.S., and all places west of Prescott	9.00	......	7.15
8.30	......	8.30	Fort Garry and other places in the Province of Manitoba to be despatched in closed mail from Windsor, Ontario, daily, via St. Pauls, Minnesota. Ordinary Dominion rates of postage	......	......	......
1.15	......	8.30	United States, by St. L. & O. Railway; Ogdensburgh, New York, Boston, &c.	9.00	......	7.15
6.00	......	......	Lower Ottawa, by Steamer; Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville, &c.	9.00	......	4.00
5.00	......	......	Upper Ottawa, by Steamer; Onslow, Arnprior, Sand Point, Renfrew, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c.	......	......	6.30
......	......	12.15	Upper Ottawa, by Stage; Pakenham, March, Huntley, Carp, &c.	......	......	6.00
5.00	11.00	4.00	Aylmer, by Stage; Hull, Clarendon, Bristol, &c.	8.00	......	......
7.30	11.15	......	Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Burritt's Rapids by St. L. & O. Railway	8.00	11.00	......
11.15	......	......	North Gower, Kars, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	9.00	......	4.00
8.30	......	......	Osgoode, Russell, and Line of St. L. & O. Railway	9.00	......	......
8.30	......	4.30	For Brockville, Perth, Smith's Falls, Appleton and Carleton Place, per Canada Central Railway	9.00	......	......
8.30	......	......	For Sand Point and places on the Brockville and Ottawa Railway, North of Carleton Place Junction, and places on C. C. Railway	8.00	......	1.30
6.00	......	......	Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate offices daily; Aylwin, Kazabazua, Low, River Desert, Six Portages, Wright, close Tuesdays and Fridays; arrive Tuesdays and Fridays	......	......	1.30
......	......	12.30	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays	......	11.30	5.00

Matter posted up to 9.30 p.m. will be forwarded East and West in supplementary package the same night.

The Western Mail arriving at 7 p. m. will be delivered the same evening.

BRITISH MAILS.

Per Cunard Line, close every Tuesday at 10.45 a. m.

Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 10.30 a. m.

A supplementary bag for Canadian steamer will be closed at 11.30, in which all paid unregistered matter will be sent.

MONEY ORDERS

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on special deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required.

G. P. BAKER,
Postmaster.

POST OFFICE,
Ottawa, 21st Nov., 1870.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Mothers! Mothers Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations

Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment Cures Croup or Rattles.—DR. BINGHAM, of Utica New York, says: "I have used Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment in my practice a number of years, and can say with pleasure I deem it one of the greatest discoveries of the age; for the cure of Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammatory Rheumatism, and in Childbed Fever, it operates with perfect success. In cases of Burns, Bruises, Frozen Limbs, it acts like a charm.
DR. J. P. KENNEDY, of Chittenango, New York, says: "It has stood the *test trial*, and has not been found wanting. Its astonishing cures of Inflammation of the Lungs and Croup and the wonderful success in subsiding the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of remedies for these complaints."
DR. A. W. BELDING, of Knowlesville, New York says: "I have used it in several cases of Special Irritation and for the worst cases of Piles, and sundry other complaints, and find it a superior article, and well worthy the notice of all."
Purchasers should be sure and ask for Dr. R Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and see that the words "A. TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT" are on the wrapper.
Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for the Canadas. Sold in Ottawa by all druggists and by medicine dealers everywhere.

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE,
—BY—
P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.
Wholesale and Retail dealers and Commission Merchants, No. 36 Rideau-St., and Duke St., Chaudiere,
Desire to draw the attention of the Public to their well assorted Stock of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, and Provisions, all of which will be sold at prices not to be rivalled either here or elsewhere.
Having the advantage of buying our Goods at the lowest prices, and direct from the Importing Vessels, enables us to sell in future as we have done heretofore, which we hope has given satisfaction to those who have favored us with a call. Rye, Proof and High Wines of the best always on hand. Also, Gin, Brandies and Wines directly imported. Those who have not already tried our Goods are respectively invited to call. Remember our motto. "Quick Sales and Light Profits." Salt and Fish constantly on hand.
P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.
August 7, 1870. 1428-1y

SITUATION WANTED
AS FARMER
A Married Man, who understands farming in all its departments; has had long experience in Canada.
Address R. E., FARMER, Hull, P.Q.

Railroads.

THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.
NOTICE.
ALTERATION OF TIME.
On and from MONDAY next, the 21st inst, three trains will run daily on this Railway as follows.
Going South Ottawa to Prescott.
MAIL will leave Ottawa at 9 30 a m, connecting at Prescott, with the Grand Trunk Express, for the West, and with the Ogdensburg Railway, for Boston, New York, &c.
MAIL will leave Ottawa at 12 00 noon, connecting with the Grand Trunk Express, for Montreal,
EXPRESS will leave Ottawa at 10 30 p m, connecting with the Grand Trunk Expresses, East and West.
Going North Prescott to Ottawa.
MAIL will leave Prescott Junction at 6 a m, connecting with the G. T. Expresses East and West, and arriving in Ottawa at 8.30 a m.
MAIL will leave Prescott Junction at 1.25 p m, connecting with the G. T. Express leaving Montreal at 8 a m, and arriving in Ottawa at 3 45 p m
EXPRESS will leave Prescott Junction at 4 30 p m, connecting with G. T. Expresses, East and West, and arriving in Ottawa at 7 p m
20 minutes allowed at Prescott Junction refreshments.
Tickets may be obtained on application to any of the Company's Agents, or at any of the Principal Stations of the Grand Trunk Railway.
All trains on this Line are run on Montreal time.
R LUTTRELL, THOMAS REYNOLDS,
Superintendent. Managing Director
Ottawa, November 19, 1870.

CANADA CENTRAL AND BROCKVILLE AND OTTAWA RAILWAYS.
ALTERATION OF TRAINS,
Commencing DECEMBER 5, 1870.
SLEEPING CARS between TORONTO and Ottawa, going through in 13 HOURS.
On and after MONDAY, Dec. 5, TRAINS will run as follows:
Leave Brockville
EXPRESS, at 4.45 a m, connecting with Grand Trunk Express from the West, and arriving at Ottawa, at 8 50 a m.
MAIL TRAIN, at 7 30 a m, arriving at Ottawa at 1.54 p m.
EXPRESS, at 3.30 p m, connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express from the West, and arriving at Ottawa at 7.16 p m.
Leave Ottawa.
EXPRESS, at 9 40 a m, arriving at Brockville at 1.44 p m, and connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express going West.
MAIL TRAIN, at 3 45 p m, arriving at Brockville 9 15 p m.
EXPRESS, at 10 30 p m, arriving at Brockville at 2.16 a m, and connecting with Grand Trunk Night Express going West.
Arrive at Sand Point 1.35 and 7.10 p m.
Trains on Canada Central and Perth Branch make certain connections with all trains on B. & O. Railway
A Sleeping Car will leave Toronto on Monday, Wednesday and Friday nights, by the Grand Trunk 7.30 p m train, and go through to Ottawa, arriving at 8.20 a m.
Returning, it will leave Ottawa on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday nights, at 10 30 p m, and go through to Toronto by G. T. Train, arriving at Toronto at 11.30 a m.
Freight forwarded with despatch, as the C. C. and B. & O. Railways are the same guage as the Grand Trunk. Car loads go through in Grand Trunk Cars to all points, without transhipment.
Certain connections made with Grand Trunk Trains.
H ABBOTT,
Manager.
Brockville, Ont., Dec 1, 1870 1530tf

IMPORTANT SALE
—OF—
REAL ESTATE,
Mill Property, Farms, Timber Lands, Timber Licenses, &c.
INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.
In the matter of
THOMAS D. LEWIS,
Of Templeton, County of Ottawa, Quebec,
INSOLVENT,
The subscriber will offer for sale by Public Auction, at the Court House, Town of Aylmer, on THURSDAY the fifteenth of December, at twelve o'clock Noon.
The Valuable Real Estate Timber Lands, Saw Mill, known as Eagle Mills, Templeton; Carpenter's and Blacksmiths' Shop, Dwelling Houses, Barns, Stables, &c., erected on the following properties to wit:
In the Township of Templeton, in the County Of Ottawa Quebec:
Fifth Range—West half Lot 15, 100 Acres.
Seventh Range—North half Lots 1, 2, 3. 285 Acres.
Lots 7, 100 Acres.
Eigth Range—Part lot 3, 124 acres.
Part lot 4, 200 acres.
South half lot 5, 100 acres,
Do lot 7, 100 acres.
Do lot 8, 100 acres.
West half lot 12, 100 acres. On this is a valuable farm.
North half lot 17, 100 acres.
Do lot 18, 100 acres.
Ninth Range—North half lot 5, 100 acres.
Lot 13, 200 acres. On this lot is erected a Saw Mill, known as the "Eagle Mills," Carpenter's Shop, Blacksmith's Shop, Cook House, four other Houses, three Barns, and other buildings thereon erected.
South half lot 14, 100 acres, with buildings thereon erected.
South half lot 18, 100 acres.
Tenth Range—West half lot 5, 100 acres.
East half lot 5, 100 acres,
West half lot 6, 100 acres.
Lot 9, 100 acres.
Lot 13, 200 acres, with Dwelling House and Barn.
North half lot 17, 100 acres.
North half lot 18, 100 acres.
North half lot 19, 100 acres.
Eleventh Range—Lot 6, 200 acres. This is valuable timber Land.
Twelfth Range—Part lot 14, 25 acres, commonly called McGregor's Farm.
Thirteenth Range—Part lot 13, 40 acres, with buildings thereon erected.
Also Insolvents interest on lot 15, in the 15th concession of Templeton, Quebec.
—ALSO—
THE UNDERMENTIONED LICENSES COMMONLY CALLED TIMBER LIMITS, will be sold at the same time belonging to same Estate:
First License—Number Eight (8) for 1870 and 1871, to Cut Timber on the following limits:
PORTLAND, QUEBEC—Area 17¼ square miles—To commence at the rear line of the township of Templeton, running on said rear line 6¾ miles on the course due north, and in breadth not more than half way to the height of land between the Blanche and Lierve Rivers. The western boundary of this limit is the township of Wakefield. The upper boundary of this limit has only 2½ miles.
Secondly—License number eighty-eight (88) for 1870 and 1871, to cut Timber on the following limits, viz., Wakefield, Quebec.
Area 7¼ square miles—Lots number 16, 17, 19, 20 and 21 in the eighth (8) Range; and 17, 18, 19, 21, 26 in the ninth (9) Range; 17 to 28 inclusive, E. ½ 22, N. ½ 25, 26, S. ½ 27, in the tenth Range; and 17, 18, 19, 20, and 21, S. ½ 22, E. ½ 23, S. ½ 24, 25, 26 in the eleventh Range of the township of Wakefield.
Also, the Insolvents interest in the Graphite Company of Canada, 200 shares
Farming and Milling Implements, including a valuable Gumming Machine, Lathe Machine, Dies, Slab Cutters, &c., &c., &c.
For further particulars, apply to
WILLIAM LINDSAY,
Assignee,
2, Merchants Exchange Montreal.
November 24. 1522tf

Going Through a Tunnel.

I wish I were a certain bard whose mouth
is like a funnel,
That I might sing with proper force of
going through a tunnel;
But still I will attempt it, as I'm very full
of fun,
And everything I do is most inimitably
done.

Saxe wrote of "Riding on the Rail," but
never said a thing
About the best part of the ride—the part
of which I sing;
So "All aboard!" and if you "peel" the
apple of your eye,
You'll laugh in that immoderate way
which makes a person cry.
Hurrah! we're in the tunnel now, and all
is black as night,
When suddenly I strike a match that
shows a funny sight;
Talk of the group of Niobe—this beats it
out and out,
For nice young men are hugging all the
pretty girls about.

That fellow just ahead has got a clean
shirt half-way on,
And that one in the white cravat is robbing cousin John;
That gay old gal has taken out her false
teeth on the sly,
And that aristocratic chap is eating onion-
pie!

The tunnel now is at an end, but while the
train was in it
The very darkest kind of deeds were done
in half a minute;
And if there's any fearless man who hasn't
seen his share,
I'll take him with me some fine day, and
let him pay my fair.

A New Collection of Epitaphs.

"Epitaphs Collected in Spare Moments," the title of a sketchy volume just published in England. Its author is a "commercial traveller," who conceals his name, but says his book is "by a Commercial." He is too modest, for his work is an interesting addition to a peculiar class of literature, and he is entitled to the credit of it. He has made a record of the odd epitaphs he has encountered in journey in which his first leisure from the calls of business must always have been spent in the graveyard. These epitaphs have advantages over many that get into print, because their authenticity is guaranteed and the places where they were found are described, so that the reader is in no danger of being deceived by the production of a flippant wit, whose jest was never put into stone.

One of the inscriptions recorded is as follows: "She was—what? What a wife should be. She was that."

A widow, whose husband died from the bursting of a blood-vessel, described the scene in four couplets, of which this is one:

"A sudden death 's a shocking thing to
see,
His last life's blood was sprinkled over
she!"

There is a polished quatrain on an infant's tomb in Alverstoke Churchyard in England:

On life's wild ocean tempest-tost and
pained,
How many voyagers their course perform;
This little bark a kinder fate obtained,
It reached the haven ere it met the storm.

An epitaph in Aston Churchyard, near Birmingham contains a concise and telling answer to the heathen's doubt of a resurrection by a comparison of human with vegetable life:

She thought yet is not dead!
Ye saw a daisy on her tomb;
It bloomed to die—she died to bloom,
Her Summer hath not sped.

The virtues of Rebecca Rogers, of Folkestone, who died August 22, 1688, are recorded:

A house she hath, it's made of such good
fashion,
The tenant ne'er shall pay for reparation:
Nor will her Landlord ever raise her rent,
Or turn her out of doors for non-payment:
From Chimney money too this cell is free;
To such a House who would not Tenant be?

An epitaph in Tethford Churchyard accounts for the deaths of a whole family, of which

The father died of a mortification in his
thighs,
The sister dropp'd down dead in the Minories.

The following, announcing the quick deaths of James Lawrance and Jane his wife, was written by Sir Henry Wootton on the monument of Sir Albertus Morton and his wife:

She first departed. He for one day tried
To live without her; liked it not, and died.

Gossip for Ladies.

Chatelaine braids of hair are displacing chignons.

The gypsy hat with a low crown is the hat of the season.

Scotch linsey of a bottle green color is popular weather costume for ladies.

Silk and velvet are used in almost equal proportions in the fabrication of ladies' dresses.

English calfskin gloves of clalk slate color, long and two buttoned, are now worn for demi toilette.

Bows of cherry or garnet silk, cut on the bias and fringed at the edge, are more fashionable than ever.

Pretty belts, with postilion sash end lappels in front, simulating a vest front, are becoming very popular.

The most fashionable colors for dresses are bottle green, olive green, maroon, plum color, garnet brown, and dark blue.

Round hats have suddenly gone out of favor with young ladies, and the Gypsy bonnets have taken their place. There are so many fashionable styles now that a lady has large liberty of choice.

There is an immense variety of cloaks, almost all shapes and styles being worn. Passementerie, all kinds of furs, fringes, lace, and curled feathers are used to ornament. The most habilees are the tight-fitting casaques, with basque and tunic.

Short costumes will be a trifle shorter in the skirt, as the season advances; that is to say, those intended for out-door wear will just touch the instep. This is exactly the proper length; if any shorter, they are not in good style; if longer, they are not preserved from dirt, and thus frustrate the intention with which they were introduced.

Violet velveteen costume, with deep flounce put on in large box plaits, with a deep heading. Each plait is turned down at the top, so as to show the lining of violet satin. Mousquetaire jacket, open up to the waist of the back, the corner being turned up to the side seam. The front of the basque is also turned back to meet the other corner the basque being lined with satin, which forms the revers. The jacket is open to the waist over a violet satin waistcoat, with two small points. Page sleeves, open to the armhole over tight satin ones.

BRYAN'S WAFERS, (The great public remedy,) have now been in use over twenty years, hence it cannot be said that they are on trial. They have been thoroughly tried, and pronounced (on the authority of those whose lives and health they have preserved) to be a cure, harmless and eminently salutary preparation, and if taken in season will invariably cure colds, coughs, sore throat, and all Bronchial affections. One fair trial will convince the most skeptical, Sold by all Medicine Dealers, at 25cts per box.

SCENE IN THE TORONTO "GLOBE" OFFICE.

The Toronto *Telegraph* says that the following scene occurred in the office of the Toronto *Globe* on Saturday morning last:

Reporter—(Rushing in excitedly)—Another accident on the Grand Trunk.

Editor—(joyfully)—Ah! good—good.

Reporter—Eighteen cars smashed up.

Editor—Splendid! What more?

Reporter—Two locomotive, destroyed.

Editor—Better still. Go on.

Reporter—Large quantity of freight and live stock burned up.

Editor—Oh, but this is welcome news. What next?

Reporter—Three persons killed and several wounded.

Editor—Only three? But no matter; that will do for this time. Anything else?

Reporter—Two freight trains completely destroyed.

Editor—Freight trains, did you say; *only* freight trains? O, that they had been passenger trains, with thirty victims instead of three. But it can't be helped. We must put up with freight smash ups, though I would they were passenger crash-ups. But rush to the scene magnify, exagerate, fabricate, lie. We must make the best of it we can. Only three; what a pity there was not thirty. As I remarked on a former occasion, Mr. Brydges has broken faith with me in politics, so that I am bound to fight him on the management of the Grand Trunk. Go to the scene, and lie your best.

A Nice Cup of Tea.

The celestial ear loves the clink of barbarian dollars, and manages, it would seem, effectually to poison the tea without losing the customers. An English monthly, the *Food Journal*, shows very plainly how this is done. The Chinese are epicures in tea. They pour the boiling water on the leaves, and quaff the steaming beverage, shutting it in no doubt with a relishing smack; and then, economically drying the leaves, they furbish them up and transfer them to the British market. The Chinaman takes the aroma, and the English tea-drinker takes the bitterness.

Dr. Mutter, who has been conducting certain inquiries for the journal alluded to, declares that some gunpowder tea—which ought to be the best green—consisted of common caper, faced with Prussian blue, and that a sample of Kaistow was made up of rice husks and other matters. One sample is described as "very common dust, mixed with a quantity of small, reddish, unknown seeds, and from filings much burnt." Another sample proved to be chiefly made up of rice, faced with plumbago and lampblack, with some pieces of free lumbago scattered through the mixture. In one lot examined were pieces of decayed wood and fragments of seeds and stones, and another contained a considerable amount of exhausted leaves, rendered astringent with catechu. But, strangest of all, in one sample Dr. Mutter discovered feathers scattered among rice and pea husks, and leaves of the Chinese willow. These adulterations are all bad enough; but a common black tea, faced with Prussia blue to make it sell as green, is actually poisonous. If the Chinese can poison their tea thus, and at the same time retain their customers, they will no doubt continue to do so; but it is not very likely that, for the sake of avenging their wounded Celestial honour, they will seek to sweep off with ... poison their best customers, and close up a source from which they pocket such vast revenues of barbarian coin.

GENERAL NOTES.

A crazy Connecticut farmer has just finished a $2,000 hog pen, which is grained and papered.

Nitro-glycerine has been in use five years, and has ... 00 people.

A wild woman has been discovered on West Mountain, near Keene, N. H. She takes to the thick woods when pursued.

It is rumoured that the Duke of Norfolk is to be married to a princess of the House of Orleans.

The Duke of Aosta, on receiving the crown from the Spanish delegation, congratulated them on the fact that Spain had succeeded in reconciling order with liberty. He promised to maintain the constitutional traditions of his family, and believed his conduct would be such that all parties would admit his honesty of purpose.

The bonfire in front of Balmoral Castle, to celebrate the settlement of the marriage of the Princess Louise to the Marquis of Lorne, was composed of barrels of tar, birch and firwood, saw-mill sweepings, &c. It measured upward of 100 feet in circumference at the base, and was nearly thirty feet in height. The light was applied to the pile by Prince Leopold.

Here is *Fun's* epigram on the statue of George Peabody in London!

To blow hot and blow cold in a couple of
days
Is one of the world's greatest failings!
While alive he was always environed with
praise,
But now he's surrounded with railings.

Ducks, geese and other wild fowls have never been so plentiful on the waters of Long Island as at present, and several single hauls of 150 ducks have been made.

In a ballet performed at Berlin one scene represents Paris, whence Gambetta and others are escaping in a large balloon. A Prussian soldier shoots at a balloon and brings it down.

Which author wrote most?—Bulwer, Warren or Dicken?
It is certain they all made great use of
the pen.
Bulwer's friends all maintain that he wrote
"Night and Morning";
While Warren, 'tis said, only wrote "Now
and Then";
But Dickens, than either, wrote more I'll
be bound.
For 'tis very well known he wrote "All
the Year Round."

The engineer of a train on the Housatonic road recently discovered a drove of cattle on the track; it being too late to stop he put on all steam, and threw all but one clear, which was found wedged tightly between the head of the boiler and the pilot frame, vainly struggling to escape.

THE ŒCUMENICAL COUNCIL, lately called at Rome is an instance of the solicitude of the Catholic Church for the welfare and prosperity of her Communicants. Large assemblies of this nature containing representatives from all parts of the world, should be of some benefit to our race. We hope this opinion will be as harmonious and unanimous as the verdict in favor of the Great Shoshonees Remedy, for diseases of the lungs, blood, stomach, liver, &c. For sale by all druggists.

BREAKFAST.—EPPS'S COCOA—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.—The very agreeable character of this preparation has rendered it a general favorite. The *Civil Service Gazette* remarks:—"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills." Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in tin-lined packets, labelled—JAMES EPPS & Co., Homœopathic Chemists, London.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

House to Let—Thos. McKay.
Ottawa Scientific and Literary Society—G. Kennedy.
Requisition to C. W. Bangs, Geo. May and A. S. Woodburn.
Auction Sale of Crockery, Glassware, &c. A. Rowe.

The Ottawa Times.

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 9, 1870.

For interesting reading matter see First Page.

Sir Francis Hincks has not purchased an estate near Brockville as has been stated. The story that he intended to leave Ottawa and take up his residence elsewhere is equally unfounded.

We publish in another column a most respectably signed requisition to Messrs. Bangs, Woodburn, and May, requesting them to allow themselves to be put in nomination to represent Wellington Ward in the City Council. Among their supporters will be found the names of some of the most respectable and influential men in the city.

The *Globe* correspondent telegraphed on Monday last that the interference of Sir George Cartier, and Messrs. Dunkin, Langevin and Chapais in Quebec affairs causes great delay and inconvenience in the settlement of public business at Ottawa.

The accuracy of the correspondent may be judged of by the fact, that at that date Sir G. E. Cartier, and Messrs. Dunkin and Chapais were all in Ottawa, and Mr. Dunkin had not been absent from Ottawa for weeks.

To show how unfounded is the charge contained in the President's Message, of illiberality on the part of Canada with regard to the navigation of the St. Lawrence and the Canadian system of canals, we have ascertained that the Government of the United States have not, since the repeal of the Reciprocity Treaty in 1865, applied for permission to use that navigation. We have also learned that it is a fact that, notwithstanding this, since the repeal of the Reciprocity Treaty, every application for permission for United States vessels to pass from the sea to the St. Lawrence or the Lakes, or from the Lakes to the sea has been granted by the Governments of Canada and of hte Dominion.

What renders President Grant's remarks about the free navigation of the St. Lawrence canals more refreshingly cool is the recollection of the treatment we received from the Americans last summer, when we wanted to pass through the Sault Ste. Marie Canal. After manifesting such an unfriendly spirit towards us, the Americans coolly ask us to give them the free use of our canals! The *Cleveland Herald* desires that the Fenians should be let loose upon Canada, in order that "the freedom of the St. Lawrence may be secured." It is only fair to mention, however, that the Cleveland *Herald* is a journal of an exceedingly low and "rowdy" class, and ought not to be accepted as representing the views of respectable Americans.

PRESIDENT GRANT'S MESSAGE.

The well known fable of "the wolf and lamb" has never been illustrated with more truth than by General Grant in his recent message to Congress. The Government that deliberately abrogated the Reciprocity treaty of 1854 which gave to the citizens of the United States the unrestricted use of the Canadian fisheries, has the hardihood to charge the Canadian authorities with having exhibited unfriendly feelings during last season towards the fishermen of the United States. Such is the gratitude exhibited for the forbearance displayed by the Canadian government, from the period of the abrogation of the Reciprocity Treaty up to the commencement of the last season. During that period not only did Canada allow the long disputed headland question to remain in abeyance, but it spared no effort to induce the American fishermen to accept the privileges which they had enjoyed during the Reciprocity Treaty, on payment of a merely nominal sum for a license as a recognition of British jurisdiction over the fishing grounds in accordance with the treaty of 1818. They likewise concurred in the suggestion that three warnings should be given to the vessels trespassing on the fishing grounds, a system which, as experience has proved, rendered all attempts at suppressing the unlawful practices of our neighbours wholly nugatory. During the years which have elapsed since the abrogation of the Reciprocity Treaty, the Government and Congress of the United States have been amusing us with delusive negotiations on the subject of commercial intercourse. Resolutions were adopted by the House of Representatives requesting the President to open negotiations, with a view to obtain a liberal commercial policy, and thereupon Mr. Secretary Fish requested that Canada would send an authorized agent to confer with him on the subject. In accordance with this request the late Finance Minister, Sir John Rose, visited Washington, and conferred with Mr. Fish on the subject, after which the whole matter was hung up by the Government of the United States for many months, at the end of which period Mr. Fish commenced fresh negotiations, obviously with the intention of obtaining, if possible, everything that Canada had to give without making any important concession in return. All that is known regarding these negotiations is that they led to no result, and we cannot, therefore, but conclude that the Canadian Government could not be duped into abandoning without full consideration the rights secured to it by treaty. What those rights are the following brief extract from the text of the treaty of 1818 will show. We ask special attention to the words in italics.

Extract from Treaty, 1818.

And the United States hereby renounce for ever any liberty heretofore enjoyed or claimed by the inhabitants thereof to take, dry, or cure fish, on or within three marine miles of any of the coasts, *bays, creeks, or harbours* of His Britannic Majesty's dominions in America, not included within the above mentioned limits, provided, however, that the American fishermen shall be admitted to enter such bays or harbours, *for the purpose of shelter and of repairing damages therein, of purchasing wood, and of obtaining water, and for no other purpose whatever.* But they shall be under such restrictions as may be necessary to prevent their taking, drying, or curing fish therein, or in any other manner whatever abusing the privileges hereby reserved to them.

It is alleged by the President that his Government cannot acquiesce in the construction which has always been placed on the words to which we have especially directed attention. Now whatever may be the effect of the language of the treaty of 1818, by that language the Government of Canada has ever been prepared to stand. The legislation which has taken place has been in strict accordance with the treaty. And moreover the practice prior to 1854, on the very point to which Gen. Grant takes special exception, was precisely similar to that which has been followed, not in Canadian waters, but at Charlottetown, Prince Edward Island, and not by Canadian cruisers, but by the Commander of one of Her Majesty's ships of war. Even, however, on this point, although the Canadian Government has not abandoned the legal right, it was ready when apprized that the Government of the United States disputed the construction of the treaty, to suspend the enforcement of its rules until the point in dispute could be amicably arranged. But we earnestly hope that Canada will not submit to be bullied either by Gen. Grant or Gen. Butler. It asks nothing but those rights secured to it by treaty, and no better proof can be given that it has right on its side than the contemptible threat of non intercourse and the abolition of the bonding system, which has been fulminated by General Grant in obedience to the mandate of the notorious fire-eater Butler. A system of non-intercourse would, no doubt, be temporarily inconvenient to Canada, but most assuredly the closing of the Canadian canals, which would follow as a matter of course, would inflict serious injury on the American towns of Chicago, Oswego and Ogdensburgh, while the stoppage of the bonding system would chiefly injure the merchants of New York, and the canals and railroads of that State. We should deeply lament the injury which would be inflicted on the people of both countries by the adoption of the insane policy threatened by the President, but we concur with the Toronto *Globe* in the opinion that the people of Canada will not be driven by threats to abandon the rights solemnly guaranteed to them by treaty. It is indeed a humiliating spectacle to find the Chief Magistrate of a great nation openly sympathizing with men whom he well knows to be engaged in unlawful traffic, and whom he has himself warned of the consequences of persevering in violating the laws of an adjoining and friendly State. All the concessions demanded with such vigour by General Grant have for their object to render it more difficult for the Canadian Government to put an end to a traffic which he knows perfectly well is wholly illegal. We have left ourselves little space to comment on that part of the message which relates to the navigation of the St. Lawrence. We are unaware how this question comes to be imported into the annual message of the year 1870. We learn from the President that "a like unfriendly disposition has been manifested on the part of Canada in the maintenance of a claim of right to exclude the citizens of the United States from the navigation of the St. Lawrence." But one inference can fairly be drawn from this allegation, and that is that some new action on the subject of the navigation of the St. Lawrence has been taken by Canada. It would naturally be inferred from the message that the United States had preferred some recent claim, and that Canada had refused to admit it. We have reason to believe that the question thus raised, in a most unfriendly manner, by President Grant, has not been in discussion for a great many years between the two Governments. The President is obliged to rely on a claim preferred during the Presidency of John Quincy Adams by Henry Clay, as the foundation of his present demand. What, however, must be thought of the Chief Magistrate of a great nation, who puts forward in his message, in language calculated to irritate the people whom he addresses, a claim which he has never preferred in a friendly manner to the people whom he has assailed. The stupidity of the reference to the St. Lawrence navigation would merely excite laughter and contempt were it not that its malice is calculated to excite our indignation. Everyone but President Grant knows that practically the right to navigate the St. Lawrence would be useless unless accompanied by the right to use the Canadian ship canals, and we scarcely think that even President Grant has advanced so far in his demands as to insist on such a claim as that. To sum up, the President has advanced in his Message two grave charges of unfriendliness against Canada. The first is based on the fact that Canada, after manifesting great forbearance for several years, has at length insisted on the rights secured to her by the treaty of 1818, carefully abstaining from the enforcement of all such rights as have been in dispute. The second has been offensively put forward in defiance of the usage of civilized nations without the slightest pretext. No recent demand for the navigation of the St. Lawrence has been made by the United States, and consequently there can be no justification for the offensive paragraph on this subject. The truth is that the United States desires to obtain the fisheries and the navigation of the St. Lawrence; and, like the wolf in the fable, it resorts to complaint against an unoffending neighbour, whom, having failed to dupe, it desires to crush. President Grant is wholly unable to comprehend the sentiments of the Canadian people. His offensive Message has roused feelings of indignation against the arrogant citizens of the adjoining Republic that will tend more to prevent the possibility of separation from Great Britain than could have been effected by any other means. There is fortunately no difference of opinion in Canada on the subject of President Grant's Message. It has naturally caused feelings of indignation among all classes, but we feel assured that it will have no influence whatever over the action of the Canadian Government, which will be influenced in the future, as in the past, by a determination to maintain unimpaired, the rights secured to Canada by the treaty of 1818.

THE CANAL COMMISSION.

We do not suppose that any one ever reads the *Globe's* Ottawa correspondence with any other object than in the hope of deriving some amusement therefrom. Reliable information of any kind can seldom, if ever, be found therein. The reference lately made to the Canal Commission and matters connected therewith, are among the most amusing which have yet appeared from this facetious correspondent. He says that "it is obvious that no enquiry is to be made with a view of developing the trade between the lakes and Atlantic seaboard!" To this it might be replied in general terms, that the primary object of the Commission is to devise the best means of attracting Western trade to the ocean by way of Canada, but we will quote a few of the questions asked by the Commissioners, which show in an unmistakable manner that the establishment of a trade between the lakes and the seaboard is regarded by them as an important measure.

Is it practicable or advisable to enlarge the St. Lawrence Canals, and deepen the Upper St. Lawrence River to the extent necessary to enable *Ocean vessels, drawing 16 feet or over, to navigate from the Ocean to the Upper Lakes?*

Are there many vessels carrying Canadian products, drawing 16 feet or less, employed in the trans Atlantic trade, and is the number of such vessels increasing or diminishing, if either, from what cause?

Can vessels adapted for the Ocean navigation compete successfully with barges and other vessels usually employed in the carrying trade on the Lakes, Canals and Rivers?

Is it your opinion that schooners or other vessels, built to navigate the Lakes or inland waters of the Dominion, can compete successfully in the trade to Europe with vessels specially adapted to Ocean navigation?

Are there any Harbors on Lake Ontario, which have sufficient water to accommodate Ocean going vessels drawing 16 feet of water, or over?

Why all these questions concerning ocean going vessels to navigate from the ocean to the Upper Lakes, if "no enquiry is to be made with a view of developing the trade between the lakes and the Atlantic seaboard?"

Equally incorrect and utterly unfounded was the story promulgated by the same correspondent to the effect that the Commissioners had some idea of closing the Rideau canal. We are enabled on the best authority to state that such an absurd proposition was never for one moment entertained by the Commissioners. Their design is to render the Rideau canal in all respects equal to the trade passing through it, as is obvious from the nature of the questions asked in connection with it.

It is a pity that the *Globe* in its desire to injure the Government and to encourage the idea that the Canal Commission is useless, should be betrayed into the publication of misrepresentations which are so obviously untrue, and which only serve to render the journal ridiculous in which they appear.

DEATH OF COLONEL PRINCE.

It was with much regret that we announced, a day or two since, the death of a well known and much respected fellow-subject, Colonel the Honourable John Prince, who died at Sault Ste. Marie, on the 30th inst., aged 74 years. Colonel Prince was born in Herefordshire, England, on the 12th of March, 1796, and in 1821 was admitted to practice as a lawyer. He took up his residence in Cheltenham, Gloucestershire, where he practiced for some years. In 1833 he emigrated to Canada, and settled at Sandwich. During the stormy times of 1837 38 the loyalty and determination evinced by him did much towards the suppression of the rebellion, and the prompt punishment administered by him to American fillibusters was no doubt the means of saving many lives. In these days of Fenianism we should do well to profit by his example. Colonel Prince entered Parliament in 1835 and from that time until 1860 held a seat in one or other of the two Houses. On all occasions he represented the feelings and views of the people he professed to represent honestly and well. In 1860 he was offered the situation of District Judge of the District of Algoma, a tract of country embracing the greater part of the Northern shores of Lakes Huron and Superior, but, of course, from sparse population, having few points at which judicial machinery could be properly put in motion. Neither the office nor its remuneration was particularly desirable, but the old sporting leaven was strong in Colonel Prince—he thought "I shall be quit of politics and *shall have good shooting*," and he accepted the office. He did not leave the district for ten years, but in July of the present year he visited Toronto, and again in October last, for the purpose of obtaining medical advice and assistance, of which he stood in need. He died peacefully and free from pain on Wednesday, the 30th ult.

He was a man of warm and generous impulses, full of genial and social qualities, who never was known to do a mean thing, and who, amid all the rough experiences of a backwoods' life, never lost the characteristic traits of an English gentlemen.

NOT QUITE SO.—"It is among the most savage and debased tribes only that the condition and comfort of the horse have been neglected," but we believe there are many in civilized countries who are guilty of the same neglect, and without the excuse of the former; here all may avail themselves of the use of an article which has done more than anything else heretofore known to improve the condition and relieve the suffering of the horse. Those who will not use it will be the losers, the horses the sufferers: to avoid both use "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy," and you will be satisfied with the result. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd & Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ontario, proprietors for Canada. Sold by all medicine dealers.

JACKETS—A large stock new stylish Jackets, at moderate prices, at
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

Latest by Telegraph

BY PEOPLE'S LINE.

OFFICE:—G. P. Drummond's Exchange Office 19 Sparks Street.

THE WAR.

LONDON, Dec. 8.—The battle fought in front of Orleans was a very bloody one. The French fought bravely and at length only gave way before overpowering numbers. When the retreat fairly commenced, however, it was soon changed into a regular route, the men flinging away their arms and abandoning upwards of thirty pieces of artillery. The French fell back along the line of railway in the direction of Blois.

General Manteuffel made a brilliant forced march, and after encountering a French force in the neighborhood of the city has entered Rouen, and now holds that city.

Thus Paris is surrounded on all sides and is cut off from all direct communication with Havre and the seaboard.

A correspondent of the N. Y. *World*, writing from Paris, says: "Our first line of defence is 1,500 yards from the Prussian outposts. Our workmen have been constructing for the last few days some impregnable intrenchments on the road to Italy beyond Villejuif. We can clearly see from these entrenchments the Prussian mounted sentinels cross the highway in front of a barricade they have built in front of Chevilly. We can likewise see Uhlans come down the Choisy road and go towards a Prussian post near a reservoir hard by the barracks. Those sentinels keep on the defensive; the two foes content themselves with watching each other."

Small pox and other contagious diseases are raging in Paris.

The following despatch has been received in Berlin, from the King of Prussia:—

The third corps took nine cannon and one mitrailleuse.

The eighth corps of the first army, on the 4th inst., beat the French in several conflicts northeast of Rouen, taking one gun and four hundred prisoners.

Our losses are one killed and forty wounded.

AMERICAN NEWS

NEW YORK, Dec. 8—The *Tribune's* Washington correspondent telegraphs that the belief that Gen. Schenck has been offered the English mission was quite strong at the capital yesterday, some members asserting that he will be on his way to London before the 1st of January.

It is thought that Patterson will retire from the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations. Those who oppose the foreign policy of the Administration assert that this proposed change is made to place the Foreign Relations Committee in more perfect accordance with Grant, as Patterson is known to differ with him on many important questions.

It is rumoured that Conkling will take Patterson's place.

The Eastern Question

SPIRIT OF THE EUROPEAN PRESS.

(London Globe, Nov. 14.)

It has been often said that France is the only country on the Continent from which we have anything to fear. It might with equal truth have been said that she was the only country on the Continent from which we have anything to hope. It frequently happens that the person most able to injure us is the person most able to assist us. However, it is idle to say that France is or was the only country in Europe from which we had anything to fear, when we remember 1854. And though the whole policy of England in the East may have been a blunder from the beginning, and though her uneasiness at Russian progress in Asia may be totally groundless, yet we are entangled in the one, and people cannot somehow shake off the other. Of course the fear of actual invasion is quite a different thing from the fear of losing India, or being expelled the Mediterranean; though we do not know whether, in order to avoid the last two calamities, it might not be well worth while to risk even the first. But, at all events, they are only questions of degree. The note of warning now sounded by Russia should lead us to consider very seriously how we ourselves are affected by the present situation of France.

(Manchester Courier Nov. 16)

The question now is as to what England will do, and on this point, with the author of the *Edinburgh Review* article in the highest place of Government, Mr. Bright at the Board of Trade, and Messrs Cardwell and Childers at the head of military and naval affairs, it is not easy to be sanguine. That England will submit to a complete nullification of her work of sixteen years ago we can hardly believe. Modifications may be admitted after negotiation; but that the main features of the treaty must be preserved as well for our honour as for the safety of our ally at Constantinople, is a principle which admits of no doubt whatever.

(Dublin Evening Mail, Nov 15)

We believe that Russia has no intention of reviving the Eastern question at this moment. The attempt to revive it is the work of stock jobbers and of the French dynastic organs in the London and German press. If we needed another word of explanation of the rise and progress of the present *revival*, it is to be found in the following tender lament which we extract from "Some Alarmist Observations"—so styled published in a London evening contemporary yesterday:—"As long as Napoleon was Emperor of France there was little danger of another conflict over the destinies of Turkey......But he is gone; the Empire has fallen; France is a beaten Power......As a bulwark to the steady persistent designs of Russia, France has fallen" Knowing the disease is the first step towards finding the remedy, England has only to drive Prussia off, and set up the Empire again in order to secure a bulwark behind which she can buy and sell in peace.

(London Times, Nov. 16.)

We fail to discover in the circular of Prince Gortschakoff any reason for reconsidering the provisions of the settlement of 1856. If such reason exist, they must be found outside his dispatch. At the same time, we repeat it, if Russia has any good grounds for revising the treaty of 1855 let her produce them in a proper manner. She will find Europe ready to listen to argument, but combined against her if she is rude and arrogant.

(Manchester Guardian, Nov. 16.)

The imperial instinct is still strong enough in the English nation not to suffer even a Ministry of which Mr. Bright is a member, to show any want of firmness in upholding a policy of which that statesman was fifteen years ago the most determined opponent; and if we are to avoid "drifting" into another war, our Government ought immediately to give Russia a fair warning that England will uphold the essential provisions of the Treaty of Paris.

(Daily News Nov. 17.)

The reply which Lord Granville has promptly addressed to the Circular of Prince Gortschakoff represents the attitude which the nation, having had time to consider the matter in all its details, will inevitably assume. The declaration of the Emperor, in its present form, is practically a challenge which England cannot overlook, unless she wishes at once and for ever to abandon her position among European Powers.

(Vienna Wanderer, organ of Austrian Government.)

There remain, then, only England, Austria, and Turkey which must put the question to themselves whether they shall offer a diplomatic, and, in case of need, a more than diplomatic resistance to the demands of Russia. On the solution of this question it will perhaps depend whether peace is to be preserved, or a destructive war is to break out in the immediate vicinity of our territory. Let us hope in the wisdom of England, from which we may even in this matter expect a moderation which people in Constantinople and Vienna are not able to observe. Whatever the English Government grants or refuses to the Cabinet of St. Petersburg, the two other interested parties may in the same way grant or refuse. It would be very imprudent for them to show greater sensitiveness than England, unless they had greater strength than England to support their views.

(Vienna News Freir Precee.)

When Russia and her Eastern designs are in question, attention is, above all directed towards London. Constantinople is, like Antwerp, one of those points which it is generally thought that England, much as she holds aloof from European affairs, does not allow to be touched without casting the whole weight of her influence into the scale. The conduct of England will regulate that of the other Powers.

The Late Accident.

From the Montreal Herald.

SIR,—My attention has been called to a report in the evening editions of the *Montreal Witness* of an accident which occurred on the Grand Trunk Railway, near Brighton Station, late on Friday, by which, I deeply regret to say, three lives were lost.

Amongst other things that report says: "It is impossible to explain at present the cause of the accident; but it is supposed that the night operator went to sleep at his post. He has been on duty six days and six nights, the agent of that station having been arrested for embezzlement. It is said the operator telegraphed to headquarters, stating that he could not hold out any longer, and the only reply he received was, that Mr Spicer was out duck shooting, and nothing could be done to relieve him until Mr. Spicer's return."

I beg to be allowed distinctly to state, in reference to the foregoing:—

That it is *not true* that the telgraph operator was asleep at his post.

That it is *not true* that Mr. Spicer, the Superintendent of that part of the line, where the accident happened, was away from his duty, either duck shooting or any other business.

As a Coroner's inquiry is pending as to the cause or causes leading to the death of the three men it would be improper for me to enter into any discussion of the matter, I only desire, if possible, to arrest the further circulation of these unfounded statements, which, I believe, all right-minded persons will agree with me in thinking no respectable journalist should have published, in regard to a matter so serious, without previous and most careful enquiry as to their accuracy.

I am, Sir,
Your very obt. servant,
J. HICKSON,
Secretary and Treasurer, G. T. R.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY OF CANADA, Office of the Secretary & Treasurer, Montreal, Dec. 3rd, 1870.

Sons of Temperance.

THIRD DAY.

THURSDAY, 8th Dec., 1870.

At nine o'clock the Grand Division met. All Officers and representatives were present.

Routine business being finished the Grand Scribe presented his report, which was adopted without any discussion worth mentioning.

It was moved by Representative Wright, seconded by Representative Cotter, that the unanimous thanks of the members of the Grand Division be voted to the inhabitants of this city for the very friendly and cordial manner in which they had received and entertained at their homes the representatives from distances who had come to take part in the deliberations of the Grand Division.—Carried.

Moved by Representative Cotter, seconded by Representative Wright, that a unanimous vote of thanks be voted to the several railway companies for having reduced their usual fares to accommodate delegates.—Carried.

On motion of Representative Holmes, seconded by Representative Rev. Mr. Dowling, it was agreed that this Grand Division memorialize the Legislature in Ontario, now in session, to pass an Act amending the license laws, by providing for a public prosecutor in every County to see to the properly carrying out of the present license law, and to provide for the seizure and destruction of liquors found on the premises of those convicted of violating the present law; and also to pass an Act amending the Temperance Act of 1864, by removing doubts as to the question of minor municipalites having power to enforce by-laws passed under authority of Joint Act and that the G. W. P. Ross and P. G. W. P. Rose be a deputation to go to Toronto to lay the memorial before the proper authorities.

It was then agreed, after discussion, to have the next annual session of the Grand Division in the town of St. Thomas, on the fourth Tuesday in June, 1871, at two o clock, p. m., and that the annual session take place in the city of Toronto, on the first Tuesday in December, 1871, at two o'clock, p m.

The interesting ceremony of presenting one of Russell's handsome gold watches and chain to the retiring Grand Scribe, the Rev. Edward Stacy, who has, for seventeen years, discharged the onerous duties of Grand Scribe. The presentation was accompanied by an appropriate address. On the watch was inscribed:

Presented to
Rev. Edward Steacy
By the
Sons of Temperance of Ontario,
On his
Retiring from the Office of
Grand Scribe
After a service of seventeen years,
As a Token of their Sincere
Esteem.
8th Dec., 1870.

After an eloquent address from Bro. Everett the Grand Division adjourned till the afternoon.

At the afternoon and evening sessions closing business was transacted. To-morrow evening, it is stated, an interesting reunion of the brethren will be held.

An Immense Stock of Ribbons, just marked off
For Novelties in Laces, Millinery and General Fancy Goods.
T. HUNTON SHOOLBRED & CO.

To hand, our Autumn Shade in "Josephine, best Kid Gloves," also "Jouvines" good medal) new colours at 75ct. per pair.
T. HUNTON, SHOOLBREAD & Co

All the New Materials in Dress Goods French Merinos, both Plain and Fancy very Cheap.
HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO

Ladies and Children's Fancy Woolen Goods in endless Variety. Clouds from 37½c. to 2.50 at
T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.

BLANKETS. Cornwall, St. Lawrence and Empire Mills Blankets, in all sizes and weights, very cheap at
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

THE FLORENCE NIGHTINGALE OF THE NURSERY—The following is an extract from a letter written by the Rev. C. Z. Weizer, to the "German Reformed Messenger, at Chambersburg, Penn.:

A BENEFACTRESS.

Just open the door for her, and Mrs. WINSLOW will prove the American Florence Nightingale of the Nursery. Of this we are sure, that we will teach our "SUSY" to say, "A BLESSING ON MRS. WINSLOW," for helping her to survive and escape the griping, colicking and teething siege. We confirm every word set forth in the PROSPECTUS. It performs precisely what it professes to perform, every part of it—nothing less. Away with your "Cordial," "Paregoric," "Drops," "Laudanum," and every other "Narcotic," by which the babe is drugged into stupidity, and rendered dull and idiotic for life.

We have never seen Mrs. Winslow—know her only through the preparation of her "Soothing Syrup for Children Teething." If we had the power, we would make her, as she is, a physical Saviour to the Infant Race. 25 cents per bottle sold by all druggists.

Be sure and call for
MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP.
Having the fac-simile of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

A "COUGH," "COLD," OR IRRITATED THROAT, if allowed to progress, results in serious pulmonary and Bronchial affections, oftentimes incurable.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES

Reach DIRECTLY the affected parts, and give almost instant relief. In BRONCHITIS, ASTHMA, and CATARRH they are beneficial. Obtain only the *genuine* BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES which have *proved* their efficacy by test of many years. Among testimonials attesting their efficacy are letters from—
E. H. Chafin, D. D; New York,
Henry Ward Beecher, Brooklyn, N. Y.,
N. P. Willis, New York,
Hon. C. A. Phelps, Pres. Mass. Senate,
Dr. G. F. Bigelow, Boston,
Prof. Edwd. North, Clinton, N. Y.,
Surgeons in the Army, and others of eminence
Sold everywhere at 25 cents per box.

"TROCHES," so called, sold by the ounce, are a poor imitation and nothing like BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES, which are sold only in boxes with a fac-simile of the proprietors,
JOHN I. BROWN & SON,

This care in putting up the Troches is important as a security to the purchaser in order to be sure of obtaining the genuine Brown bronchial Troches.

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE
OF
CROCKERY, CHINA AND GLASSWARE,
COMMENCING
On MONDAY, DECEMBER 12th, 1870.

The subscriber has received a very large consignment of the above goods from an extensive manufacturing firm in Staffordshire, England, consisting of China, Stone Ware, Rockingham Ware, Yellow Ware, Glass Ware in Glass Dishes, Decanters and Tumblers of different kinds. The consignment is large and will be sold without reserve.

Terms of sale cash.
Sale at 2 and 7 o'clock.
A. ROWE, Auctioneer.
Ottawa, Dec. 8. 1535td

TO LET,
A DWELLING HOUSE containing (10) ten rooms. Rent £40 per annum. Possession immediately. Corner Sussex and St Patrick Streets. Apply at the Flour Store.
THOS. McKAY.
Dec 9, 1870 1535a

OTTAWA
LITERARY & SCIENTIFIC
SOCIETY.

The next regular Public Meeting will be held this (FRIDAY) evening, December 9th, at 7½ o'clock.

At 8 o'clock a Paper will be read by DR JAMES A GRANT, F G S. Subject—"Life and Times of an Ottawa Cystidean."

Admission free.

G KENNEDY, Secretary.
Ottawa, December 9, 1870. 1535 1

REQUISITION
TO
C. W. BANGS, GEO. MAY, AND A. S. WOODBURN.

We, the undersigned ratepayers of Wellington Ward, respectfully request that you will allow yourselves to be put in nomination to represent Wellington Ward in the City Council for the ensuing year, and we pledge you our votes and influence to secure your return:

J B Lewis	Walker Powell
C T Bate	Dr Hill
F Clemow	George Hay
Alexander Duff	R Ryan
W H Lee	R W Cruice,
D O'Connor	Thomas Gallagher
P Thompson	J C Jamieson
D W Coward	A Fleck
G P Drummond	A Workman
W W Ward	E P Remon
N Robertson	A Ross
W Hunton	John Smith
J W Russell	Fred S Warwicker
J Roberts	J S Brough
M White	P Wright
Dr Wood	J Rait
G Mann	J M T Hannum
E L Perkins	S Edwards
C McConnell	R Stanley
H Robinson	E Hall
Newell Bate	H Chepmell
H N Bate	H Hodges
Jos Mooney	C King
Alex Christie	J A Gouin
Alex Martin	N W Bethune
E Steacy	A Smirl
M Kavanagh	E J O'Neill
Thomas McKay	R A Bradley
W Hamilton	E Wyatt
W S Wilson	George Cox
W M Matheson	P B Bowin
J Sweetman	G P Baker
A Keefer	W Rice
P Coleman	J Durie
J S Durie	George L Orme
J L Orme	H Brough
E M Holbrook	Jas Aumond
J W Musgrove	Jas Wadsworth
J Stockdale	R W Cassells
J Buchanan	A Christie
John Carter	E Miles
D Eastwood	H Pace
R McCarter	H McLean
G Cram	G Edwards
P Quinn	J Macdonald
W Hutchinson, jr	R L James
H G Maigny	R H Haycock
Jas Cox	T M Clark
S McLaughlin	Alex Burritt
Jas Ritchie	W J Topley
M Patterson	P Morrisey
T W Thompson	John McCarthy
John Harvey	G M Rose
I B Tackaberry	G Hutchinson
G J Blyth	H V Noel
F McRimott	John Lamb
W Fest	H P Hill
John Neville	J C T Cochrane
R E Jamieson	G Franklin jun
D Robertson	C H Pinhey
G Franklin sen	J Latchford
T McKain	J Watchorn
John Church	J Watchorn jun
John Kays	John Stanley
F Sauve	Robert Robertson
James Strachan	Robert Burns
Peter Brown	E F Doudiet
James Mathew	D P Williams
H G Dunlevie	Donald Sinclair
Thos Cruse	M Bishoprick sr
R W Baxter	M Dolan
C J Anderson	M Dolan jr
C W Shay	Martin Ryan
J B Stanton	John Deegan
F Hunter	Martin Murphy
H E Steele	Samuel McLaughlin
F Lewis	Wm Davis
Grant Seymour	D Egan
John Torrance	Geo Taylor
H B Small	Charles Heney
George H Lane	Thomas Dunn
H A Wicksteed	George Nicholson
W A Himsworth	Richard Code
W H Lee	John McMillan
Wm Gordner	James Cunningham
H A Jones	Edward Wallace
Thomas C de Plessis	Malcolm Cameron
A A Catellier	George E Armstrong
H C Hay	William Goul
A J Christie	Alex Mortimer
R Edward Kimber	Samuel O'Brien
A O Audy	Arthur Lindsay
F X Lambert,	George A Shelden
J Audette	Wm. Butterworth
J V de Boucherville	C Walcott
J L Mann	J P Macpherson
D Stark	Alex Begg
J B Monk	W C Smillie
W Gaul	W C Gillelan
John Leggo	Wm Jamieson
Henry Earl	J S Johnston
J H Pinley	M Bishoprick, jr.
George F Austin	H J Williams
John Jones	

REPLY.

To,—

J B Lewis	Dr Hill
C T Bate	George Hay
F Clemow	R Ryan.
Alex Duff	R W Cruice
W H Lee	Thomas Gallagher
D O'Connor	J C Jamieson
	&c., &c.

GENTLEMAN,—

In compliance with your respectable and numerously signed requisition asking us to allow ourselves to be put in nomination for the representation of Wellington Ward in the City Council, we deem it our duty to accept the candidature, and, if elected, pledge ourselves to work for the best interests of the city.

We remain,
Gentlemen,
Very respectfully,
C. W. BANGS,
GEORGE MAY,
A. S. WOODBURN.

Ottawa, Dec. 8, 1870.

REQUISITION TO AMOS ROWE, Esq

SIR,—The retirement of Chas T Bate, Esq., from the Council Board, creates a vacancy in the representation of Wellington Ward, for which we, the undersigned Electors of the Ward, request you to be put in nomination, and we feel every confidence in your ability to properly discharge the duties of Alderman for our Ward, and we pledge our votes and influence to secure your election.

We are, Sir,
Yours &c.,

John Esmonde
A J Stephens
Joseph Metcalfe
A W Lang
S Gouldthrite
Alex Christie
John Walsh
J Levin
E VanCortlandt
J Browne
Weldon Champness
P Stiff
D Wilson
S Skinner, jr
C P Dorion
H Hodges
Alex Sparks
Nicholas Sparks,
Thos P Stiff
Wm Chalmers
E P Rowsell
Fred H Hunton
James Lang
Eugene Robitaille
Alfred Brown
John Dewan
John Lyon
J J Radford
H J Meaforth
J Douglas
Thos Mills
Musgrove
Edward Daniels
Thos Isaac
Jas Forrester
H M Thompson
W Hearn
A Fotheringham
J Dwyer
J Ross
A Hutson
R Abbott
R Sparks
Jos K Esmonde
Thos Bororidge
A McCormick
Saml Christie
J Offord
C Roger
Wm Brown

Thos Hunton
H McCormick
Wm Young
A Mathewman
A Titus
A Mitchell
Wm Minore
H Minore
R W Stephen
A Swalwell
Wm Shoolbred
Jas Birkett,
J Evans
John Purdy
Robt Hardy
Robt Stanley,
S Greenfield
John Cook
J T Bartram
A C Mowbray
J Kavanagh
H Michaels
H Nelson
Thos Dempsey
A Wilson
Alex Mills
T Beament
W J Powell
F Patrick
D Murphy
E Lang
Henry Bennett
Geo H Macaulay
John Garvin
Wm Elson
R J Shaw
Stewart Woodland
E C Bayden
Francois Lemieux
W R Wright
J R Smith,
Thos Clark
James Adamson,
J E B McCready
John O'Connor
Wm M Goodive
Wm Williamson
Thomas Walker
Robt Hick, jr
G Kennedy.

REPLY.

To Sheriff Powell and 150 others:

GENTLEMEN,—In answer to the requisition signed by you asking me to represent Wellington Ward as Alderman for the ensuing year, I beg to state that I will have pleasure in allowing myself to become a Candidate for the said responsible position, and if elected, you may rest assured that everything will be done by me to the best of my ability to further the interests of Wellington Ward and also the welfare and prosperity of the City generally.

I am, Gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
AMOS ROWE.

December 6 1870 1533tf

TESTIMONIAL
—TO THE—
HON. SIR JOHN A. MACDONALD,
K. C. B., &c., &c., &c.

The friends of Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD propose to present that distinguished Statesman with a substantial Testimonial in recognition of his long and unselfish public services.

Steps are being taken to afford his friends in all parts of the Dominion an opportunity of joining in the proposed manifestation of esteem and regard.

The following gentlemen compose, (with power to add to their number,) the Committee at Ottawa:

The Hon. JAMES SKEAD,
His Worship the Mayor J ROCHESTER, Jr, Esq,
THOS REYNOLDS, Esq.
R W SCOTT, Esq, M P P,
Dr GRANT, M P,
E McGILLIVRAY, Esq,
H V NOEL, Esq.

H V Noel, Esq, has consented to act as Treasurer, to whom all communications may be addressed.

For the information of intending subscribers, the names of the gentlemen composing the Central Committee at Toronto are subjoined, viz:

His Worship the Mayor, S B HARMAN, Esq.
The Hon G W ALLAN
The Hon D L MACPHERSON,
The Hon JOHN CARLING, M P,
JOHN CRAWFORD, Esq, M P,
ANGUS MORRISON, Esq, M P,
F W CUMBERLAND, Esq, M P P,
J G WORTS, Esq,
E H RUTHERFORD, Esq,
W H HOWLAND Esq,
G P RIDOUT, Esq.,
JOHN SHEDDEN, Esq,
THOMAS DICK, Esq,
FRANK SHANLY, Esq,
T C CHISHOLM, Esq,
N BARNHART, Esq,

Ottawa, Dec 6, 1870 1533tf

FROM THIS DAY FORTH I change the prices of all my Wood, that is to say, best Hard Wood $4 75, Sawn $5.00; Second best Hard Wood, 4 25, Sawn $4.50.

My Saw Mill is now in constant operation and ready, and will cut promptly in obedience to all orders.

JOHN HENEY.
Ottawa, Dec, 5. 1531tf

WANTED,
For the ROMAN CATHOLIC Separate Schools of this City, two Male English Teachers, holding 1st Class Certificates.

Application to be made to the undersigned, on or before the 15th inst.

WM. FINLEY,
Chairman Board of R. C. S. S. Trustees.
Ottawa, Dec 6, 1870 1532tf

RETAIL ADVERTISEMENT.

MAGEE & RUSSELL,
SPARKS STREET.

Have opened up within the last few days several CASES and BALES Assorted DRY GOODS, to which they respectfully invite attention.

Ladies, please observe the following carefully, their being many articles enumerated worthy of Notice:

DRESS DEPARTMENT.	New Tartan Plaids, Brown and Grey Wincies, French Merinoes and de Laines, " Satin Cloths, Black Lustres and Alpacas, Black and Colored Silesias, " and " Cashans, Glove Finished Cambrics.
SILK DEPARTMENT.	Black Velveteens, Colored Plushes, French Crapes, Silks and Satins.
DOMESTIC DEPARTMENT.	Grey and White Cottons, " " Sheetings, Table Napkins and Damasks, Huck Towels, Cotton and Linen Diaper, Grass Linen and Hollands.
WOOLLEN DEPARTMENT.	Set. Saxony Flannels, Fancy Shirting do, English and Canadian Blankets, Waterproof Tweeds, Overcoatings.
HOSIERY & GLOVE DEPARTMENT.	Breakfast Shawls, Fancy Woollen Goods, Ladies Set. Hose, Gent's Underclothing, Kid Mitts and Gloves.
RIBBON AND LACE DEPARTMENT.	Black and Coloured Velvet Ribbons, Tartan Velvet Ribbons, Black and Coloured Silk Ribbons, Tartan Silk Ribbons, New Linen Sets, Black and White Silk Laces, Hair Nets, New Style, Hair Puffs and Rolls, Cambric Handkerchiefs, Cushion Tassels, White Filacelle, Coloured Silk Twists.

Our Stock, for extent, variety, quality and price, stands unrivalled in Ottawa.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.
Ottawa, Dec. 8, 1870.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,
14 RIDEAU STREET,
Have now received a full supply of
NEW FALL GOODS
—IN ALL—
DEPARTMENTS.
Ottawa, September 26, 1870

T HUNTON SHOOLBRED & Co
47. SPARKS ST. 49.

Will receive this week "per Express," from LONDON, England,

2 CASES OF MILLINERY,
Containing the Very Latest Styles in
Bonnets, Hats,
and some very Choice things in
Flowers, Feathers and Trimmings.

Per S. S "MORAVIAN,"
1 Case Extra Cloths, in the new
Satin Cloths,
Trimming to match all our Fashionable
Dress Goods.
—ALSO—
1 Case of Newest
Mantle Cloths.

The "OLIVE GREEN" appears still prove the most fashionable, and of the above we are in receipt of ten piece

"New Seal and plucked Otter Skins hand."

Fancy Wove Goods still arriving.

Clouds, Breakfast Shawls, Ties &c., in endless Variety.

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO
47 and 49 Sparks Street.
Ottawa, Oct 11 1870.

NOTICE.

COUNTY OF CARLETON, To Wit.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the Courts of GENERAL SESSIONS OF THE PEACE, and COUNTY COURT, in and for the said County of Carleton, will be held at the COURT HOUSE, in the City of Ottawa, on TUESDAY, the Thirteenth day of DECEMBER, 1870, at the hour of TEN of the clock, A. M., of which all CORONERS, BALIFFS CONSTABLES, and all others concerned are required to Take Notice and govern themselves accordingly.

WM F POWELL, Sheriff.
By W H FALLS, Deputy Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Ottawa, December 1st. 1870. 153 dtd

TRAVELLERS GUIDE.

LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY

Depart.....8.30 a.m., 12 noon., 16 p.m.
Arrive.....9.30 a.m., 3.45 p.m., 7.15 p.m.

The above trains connect at Prescott Junction with Grand Trunk Railway for all points south east and west.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner o Sussex street.

A & H TAYLOR, Agents.

LOCAL NEWS.

Devlin's Fur Depot

☞ 50 dozen Velveteen Hats, from 25 cents upwards. A large assortment of Flowers and Feathers. Trimmed Hats and Bonnets.

At the "Goblen Lion."

R. L. JAMES & Co.

POLICE COURT.—There was no business transacted at this court yesterday.

The water is being let out of the canal as is done every season at this date.

Toys and stationary shops are decorating their windows for the Christmas holidays.

Mr. Wills is a candidate for municipal honors it Ottawa Ward.

Yesterday being the feast of the Immaculate Conception was observed as a holiday in the Departments.

The inclination of the Corporation, in regard to the public and the sidewalks, seems to be to let the subject slide.

☞ All Wool Tartans in all the leading clans. A large lot ex last steamer, at

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

What about Snow Shoe races this winter? The Montreal runners have yet an extraordinary interest in those of last winter

Cats are worth $1.20 in Paris. If some enterprising individual would pay a visit to Ottawa he could get, at the above rate, something like $1,000 worth of cats per day in Lower Town alone.

The attendance on the market yesterday was very fair. Hay and wood were plentiful, as were also pork and beef, but no material change in prices since last quotations.

WOOD.—Wood is coming in to the market in such abundance that the price is lower now than it was this time last year. The wood is of excellent quality, and moreover bears no black mark of the late summer fire. Tamarac and hemlock wood is very plentiful.

HULL READINGS.—These readings on Wednesday were as usual excellent, and drew a full house. The singers were Miss Taylor, Miss Meade and Mr. Midford, and their performance was all that could be desired. The proceedings terminated as usual with the National Anthem.

NOTICE.—Now is the time. Go and see C. P. Dorion, 60 Sparks Street, for stoves and stove-pipe fitting. No puff; but see for yourselves. Lumbermen and country Merchants come and see. The most complete House in this Line in the Capital, See Posters. C. P. Dorion, 60 Sparks Street. 1486 2m.

Devlin's Fur Depot

There is a habit very common among teamsters, but which should certainly be put an end to. We refer to the dangerous practice of driving rapidly over the sidewalk when entering gateways. Yesterday a young girl came near being run over in this manner. But for Constable Acres we might have to record a serious accident.

WATER WORKS MEETING.—We are requested to state that a meeting of the ratepayers of the city will be held this evening in the St. Patrick's Hall for the purpose of discussing the water works question. Addresses will be delivered by prominent gentlemen of the city. The meeting opens at 7 o'clock.

AUCTION SALE.—Mr. A. Rowe has received a large consignment of crockery, glass, and china ware from England, which he will sell by auction, commencing on the 12th inst. The whole consignment must be disposed of, and the sale will offer a rare opportunity to intending purchasers in this line.

OTTAWA LITERARY AND SCIENTIFIC SOCIETY.—The next regular meeting of this Society will be held in the Mechanics' Institute, this evening, when an interesting paper on the "Life and Times of an Ottawa Cystedean," will be read by Dr. Grant. Admission is as usual, free, and a good attendance is expected.

At a regular communication of Doric Lodge, A. & A. M., on Wednesday, the following gentlemen were elected as office bearers for the following year:

W. B. Thomas Birkett, W.M.
Bro. Dr. Sweetland, P.M.
" Amos Rowe, S.W.
" H. Baldwin, J.W.
" John Graham, Treasurer.
" D. P. Williams, Secretary.
Bro. John McCarthy was re-elected Tyler.

Devlin's Fur Depot.

THE BALL OF THE OTTAWA FIRE COMPANY - The annual ball of the Ottawa Fire Company will take place in the St. Patrick's Hall and rooms of the Canadian Institute, on the 28th inst. There are few events looked forward to with greater interest or anticipation of pleasure than the annual ball of this efficient and popular company, and it shows the good judgment of the Managing Committee to fix the date of the occasion in the very heart of the festive season, when every one expects, and is prepared, for any amount of fun and frolic. Preparations for the event will soon be entered into on an unusually extensive scale. The halls of the two societies have been secured, in order to permit of one being used exclusively for a supper room, thus affording plenty of room for that important event of the evening, and so avoiding the crowding and crushing so often a source of complaint. Then let the fair sex be prepared; due warning has been given them, and all they now require to do is to "get ready their gowns," and patiently await the night they will have good music, plenty of dancing, a good supper, and enjoyment to their heart's content with the gallant members of the "Ottawa" Fire Company.

The Election Meeting Last Night.

The meeting of the electors of St. George's Ward called by Mr. William Mosgrove was held in the dining-room of the Albion Hotel, which was crowded. Among those present was Dr. Grant, M. P., and numerous leading residents in the Ward. About eight o'clock Mr. Thomas Starmer was appointed Chairman and Mr. Waller Secretary.

The Chairman explained the object of the meeting, when

Alderman Mosgrove gave a brief statement of the finances of the city, and announced his intention of offering himself for St. George's Ward again for the coming year. He was present to-night to meets his constituents, and if any of them had any questions to ask him he would be glad to answer them.

Alderman Featherstone felt proud in the confidence imposed in him. In relation to the appearance of Mr. Cunningham as a candidate, all he could say was that if the electors preferred Mr. Cunningham to him he was perfectly agreeable to their electing him. He described the state of the finance of the city.

Capt. Forsyth, one of the audience, objected to the manner in which the markets were managed. He thought the Chief of police should not hold two offices.

Alderman Featherstone was not in favor of dismissing an old and efficient servant. He resumed his remarks, and stated that $80,000 was annually expended over which the Corporation had no control, leaving only $18,000 to be expended in improvements. He explained the labours of the Board of Works.

Capt. Forsyth asked why the City Engineer had gone to Red River?

Alderman Featherston explained, paid the City Engineer a compliment and said the Board of Works had been charged with corruption. He explained how the charge arose and stated as far as regarded himself, he had never made charges of corruption against Mr. Bangs or anyone else. He rebuked an evening contemporary for its sensational tendencies at the sacrifice of truth. He did not favour the sending of Mr. Perry to Red River, but as it was to further his private interests and to obtain for him a Government situation he was seeking for, he did not blame him.

A question was asked by Mr. Robinson concerning the grant to separate schools.

The speaker explained that before the schools could get their $12,000 the corporation had voted $700. Before the grammar school was granted $700 it was but fair the Catholic school should get $300.

A Voice—"That is satisfactory."

The Alderman, resuming, said that he was a candidate, because he was asked by the electors to be such. Whenever they ceased to have confidence in him he would not desire to represent them. As regarded encroachments on the streets they would be removed.

Mr. Turgeon—What about the Water Works? Mr. Featherston was in favor of Water Works. He thought they should be constructed by a company, the corporation taking $100,000, and other shares being preferential. He did not vote for the bill which had not yet been passed by the Council. If the electors wanted Water Works to be constructed he would advocate them, but if they did not want them, and would say so in majority in public meeting, he would vote for throwing out the bill in the Council. He went into a detailed statement of the progress of the present Water Works scheme, from the inception of the idea about a year ago, to the debate on the bill on Monday night last, and declared the commissioner scheme was not his hobby, as was evidenced by his having moved some eight amendments to it, on Monday night last. His future course would be entirely in accordance with the expressed wish of the majority of the rate-payers.

Mr. J. B. Turgeon advocated the construction of the works by a company when the city is in a position to undertake them, and proposed a bonus of $100,000 being given said company, the city having nothing to pay in the matter.

Ald. Featherston was always opposed to the idea of the ater works being capable of being constructed for $300,000. He figured it out much more, and had the satisfaction of being sustained by Mr. Keefer in the position he had taken in that gentleman's action on the present Bill. Mr. Keefer had estimated for water works for the city at the sum of $250,000, but when asked when the present Water Works' Bill was going to be handed in to Mr. Bill was going to be drafted what amount should be inserted, named the sum of $400,000.

Mr. Forsyth desired information on the $30,000 Mr. Rochester expected for the gully.

Alderman Featherston said the commissioners would have the power to purchase the lands necessary for the Water Works.

Mr. Jas. Eaglason desired to know if Ald. Featherston would support water works without sewerage.

Mr. Featherston was decidedly in favor of sewerage, and if the works were to be done by commissioners he believed that both should go hand in hand.

Mr. Mosgrove being questioned to the same effect said he was in favor of sewerage, and would not go for the Bill as it now stands on any consideration. It should be further amended.

Loud cries being made for Mr. C. R. Cunningham, that gentleman came forward and said that he had better explain first why he was a candidate for St. George's Ward, and that he could more readily do, having no municipal sins to answer for as might be the case with Aldermen of old standing. He was a candidate because a large number of his friends had waited on him and earnestly urged him to stand for the ward. He answered them that if a requisition signed by a sufficient number to satisfy him that the electors of the ward really desired him to be their candidate was put in his hands he would accept it. A requisition numerously signed had been put in his hands, and he had in response to it consented to be a candidate. If they looked over the requisition they would find it embraced every nationality. He wished it to be particularly understood that his position was this, if they returned him he would do everything to serve them if he was not elected he would not be disappointed. If he had thought his candidature would cause ill-feeling or jealousy in the Ward he would not have stood. He would, under no circumstances, desire to occupy the position of a firebrand. He desired it to be understood that he was the candidate of no clique. He was not, or would not be, used by any clique. If, heretofore, he had done anything to benefit the Ward he had done it as a private individual, and whether in a public or private capacity he was still willing to do everything to further the interest of the Ward.

A voice—What about water works?

Mr. Cunninghami—If necessary he would say a fewwords in relation to the waterworks but what he had to say in regard to them could be said in a few words. It remained with them to say whether they wanted waterworks or not. If they said they wanted to have water works he would go for waterworks. And having made up their minds on that point it would then remain for them to agree as to the manner in which they would have them. They might prefer to have them built by a Committee, or by Commissioners, or by the Corporation becoming a Commission, as was the case with many Corporations in England, who were further empowered by a special Act of Parliament. Such was the case with the Corporation of the city of Glasgow, the powers granted to the Corporation of which gave them power to construct waterworks, and to deal with matters of paving, gas and sewerage. He held that no Corporation had the power to force them to have waterworks if they did not want to have them. He thought it best to wait until they were free from debt, or until the Government had divided their present debt. He thought it best not to have waterworks without sewerage. In fact the one was a nuisance without the other. There were other things that the city required as well as waterworks; for instance bridges were wanted to properly connect Upper and Lower Town. These improvements, he thought, all went hand in hand.

Mr. Preston said as his name had been brought up he would state that he was then, as he always had been, the poor man's friend. (Sensation.) His term of City Collector would soon expire, and when it did expire it would expire for ever. He had held that position for six years, and during that time had discharged his duties to the best of his ability; during that period he had collected over $400,000, every cent of which he had paid to the Corporation. Although at present there was a difference him and the City Collector, he would wait until the proper time came and then he would explain. In reference to the $16,000 mentioned by Mr. Turgeon, he had nothing to do with it. It was a matter that remained soley in the hands of the City Chamberlain. He must say it would be better had the Corporation a stricter check on their officials. It was through his carefulness that there was a difference. He was prepared to prove there was a difference; in fact he had called the attention of a former Mayor to this difference. He thought the Cooporation should institute a sort of banking scheme by which one office would check another. In regard to the Water Works, it was a matter they should be very careful in dealing with. He had long thought the whole thing was a scheme. He had long seen the scheming in connection with it. He thought they had enough debts now without incurring more. As to the unpaid cheques, was he to blame for unpaid cheques? Were there not many other cheques for long standing unpaid? He had, when in the corporation, stood by the poor man, and would stand by him again.

Alderman Mosgrove said he had been asked about his opinion on the Water Works. He would explain his sentiments on that question.

A Voice—Are you in favor of the Water Works scheme?

Alderman Mosgrove—He could easily answer, by saying that, as the matter stood at present, he was not, and he was prepared, as regards the present scheme, to vote and fight against it. It must not, however, be inferred from this that he was not in favor of the people having water. But he was anxious to have it at the right time. He (the speaker) then fully went into an explanation of his objection to the present scheme. A plan had been submitted to them by which it had been said they would have water throughout the city for $250,000. When he first looked at the figures, and made a calculation of the amount of piping it would require to be laid throughout the city, he found the price of the pipes laid down on the whole would alone cost an immense sum. A plan had been submitted to the people of Hamilton, in which they were told they could have water works for something like $397,000, but before they were completed their cost to the city was nearly $700,000, and that at a time when wages were cheaper than they are now. The speaker then contrasted the cost of the 12 miles of pipes throughout Hamilton, and asked if twelve miles cost that city so much, what would the proposed twenty-four miles cost this city. He was in favour of sewerage going hand in hand with any waterworks scheme. He thought it best to wait for two years, say 1872, when they might be in a better position, and then attack water works. The speaker here went into figures to prove the sum waterworks would cost the city at present. If they looked at the assessment one result would be a doubling of their taxes.

The Alderman was then asked a number of questions by Mr. Turgeon in a very excited manner, and, having answered them,

Dr. Grant, M. P., said he had come to listen to the explanations of the representatives of the Ward, and must confess he had been highly gratified at what he heard. Particularly was he pleased with the able—he might say statesmanlike—remarks of Alderman Featherston, who, he could not help thinking, as he heard his cool and lucid explanations, would make a capital Finance Minister. They would have one duty to perform soon, and that would be to put in men worthy to represent them After referring to the waterworks as a speculation the speaker urged their institution from a sanitary point and the weight that consideration should have with the people. He had mixed a great deal with all classes of the community, and he heard a desire for the establisnment of water works generally expressed. No doubt water freely introduced into the city would do much to check disease, especially small pox and typhoid fever. If they had a pure system they would have pure water. They were a progressive people living in a progressive age, and it was a shame that the capital of the Dominion should be without a system of waterworks. People from other places had expressed their surprise at this fact. Was it not a fact that insurance companies were loath to insure their buildings under the existing state of things. Was it not a fact that their homes were not safe from the devouring element? If they had waterworks submitted to them in a proper shape, and carefully constructed, surely it need not follow they must be heavily taxed. They were discussing one of the most important topics that could be submitted to them, and he hoped they would give it their cool and dispassionate consideration. As regarded Aldermen Mosgrove and Featherston, they were both friends of his. The course of the former gentleman in the Council he had carefully watched and saw nothing in his previous actions to condemn him. The speaker then made some explanations of a personal nature, which elicited a discussion between himself and Dr. Sweetland as to certain statements made by the former to the latter on the subject of signing a requisition to Mr. Cunningham.

As space will not permit to give the discussion in full, it is better to refrain from mention of only a portion of it.

Mr. Turgeon made an excited and rather unintelligible speech.

Several questions were asked, and remarks made not worth publishing.

Dr. Grant then moved the following resolution, seconded by Mr. Waller, that in the opinion of the meeting Alderman Mosgrove is a fit and proper person to represent St. George's Ward in the City Council Chamber next year. A show of hands being taken the motion was carried by an overwhelming majority.

A similar motion was then made by Mr. Coward, seconded by Mr. John Webster, in favour of Alderman Featherston, which was also carried.

The meeting then dispersed.

BIRTH.

On the 8th Dec., the wife of Mr. Horace G. Dunlevie, of a son.

FOR SALE, OR EXCHANGE

For Property in Montreal, improved or unimproved, the new Mansard Roof Stone House situated in Victoria Crescent, having all the modern conveniences of heat, water and gas, good out-building, on an ample Lot, and enjoying the finest river view in Ottawa. For further particulars apply to W. C. SMILLIE, on the premises, or at the Office of the BRITISH AMERICAN BANK NOTE COMPANY, Wellington Street.

Ottawa, Dec. 3, 1870 1530 1m

LOST:

Between the Hours of 2 P M and 5 P M, yesterday afternoon, a SMALL POCKET BOOK containing five FIVE DOLLARS Bank of Montreal the same with the Door-Keeper of the Eastern Block Parliament Buildings.

Ottawa, Dec 5, 1870 1532tf

R. L. JAMES & CO.

DRESS GOODS.

A large assortment worth from 20 to 90 cents, at 18 to 80.

A

SPECIAL LINE

of French Merinos, very cheap.

BLACK SILKS,

very much under Market value, and considerably lower than present Ottawa prices.

MILLINERY.

It is now pretty generally known that in this Department, especially the prices, are EXCEEDINGLY MODERATE,

AT THE

GOLDEN LION.

R L. JAMES & Co.

ATTENTION!

If you want Choice VIRGIN HONEY, call at the New GROCERY STORE, Corner of Sussex and York Streets.

If you want SUPERIOR CHEESE, call at the New GROCERY STORE, Corner of Sussex and York Streets.

If you want FIRST-CLASS DAIRY BUTTER, call at the New GROCERY STORE, Corner Sussex and York Streets.

—ALSO—

New Crop West End, Layers, Valencia and Seedless Raisins and Currants, Fresh Turkey Figs, Malaga Grapes, Lemons, Choice Imperial Prunes, Candied Peels, Gelatine, Cross & Blackwell's Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies, and Marmalades, Fresh Oysters, Lobsters Saguis Mackerel, Salmon and Tomatoes, with a choice lot of Scotch and English Ales and Porter, Wines and Brandies, Gin, Scotch Whiskey, Jamaica Rum, Old Rye, Syrups and

JOHN A. BITTERS,

CONSTANTLY ON HAND,

At the New GROCERY STORE, Corner Sussex and York Streets.

Extra Fine Green, Black and Japan Teas, Rio, Java and Turkey Coffee.

—ALSO—

Fine Family and Pastry Flour, Oat and Corn Meal, at the NEW GROCERY STORE, Corner Sussex and York streets.

J. M. C. DELES DERNIERS,

Corner Sussex and York-sts.

Ottawa, Nov 29, 1870 1526tf

NOTICE.

THE CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY CO

Will apply to the

PARLIAMENT

—OF THE—

☞ PROVINCE OF ONTARIO ☜

At its next Session, for the

CONTINUANCE AND EXTENSION

FOR FOUR YEARS,

Of the Provisions of the Act

INCORPORATING THAT COMPANY,

And of the Acts mentioned therein, in so far as they relate to a Grant of Land in aid of the Company.

W R WORSLEY,
Sec. C

Oct 15, 1870

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

DR. HENRY has removed his Residence and Surgery to the corner of Bank and Victoria Streets, near the Parliament Buildings.

December 1, 1870. 1528b

JUST RECEIVED,

FRENCH MERINOES,

GENUINE FRENCH MERINOES,

Fine, Wide, Heavy, and Warranted all Wool, in the following Colours:

LIGHT BROWN,

MID BROWN,

DARK BROWN.

VIOLET,

AGULINE.

MAROON,

RIFLE GREEN

ROSE,

DRAB

and

SCARLET.

Really better Goods than sold other years at 3s. 9d., for 2s. 6d. per yard. The Nicest, Cheapest, and most durable Dress, for either street or in-door wear, in Ottawa.

GARLAND MUTCHMOR & CO.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

20 Sparks Street

Ottawa, Nov. 30, 1870.

DRY GOODS!

DRY GOODS!

DRY GOODS!

PATTERSON & BRYSON

In consequence of our great success since opening we have been obliged to lay in a large additional Stock, which we will mark as low as heretofore, being determined to retain our already well established character, for selling cheaper than any other House in the Trade.

IN CANADIAN GOODS

We have made such arrangements with the bes Factories in the Dominion as will enable us to keep constantly on hand a large and well Assorted Stock of Tweeds, Flannels, Blankets (Grey and White), Cotton and Linen Bags, Cotton Yarn, Hosiery, Underclothing, etc., etc., etc.

—ALSO—

An entirely new and well assorted Stock of British and Foreign Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, which have been marked at prices to defy competition.

☞ REMEMBER THE PLACE,

53 Sparks Street,
Directly Opposite
BATE & Co.

PATTERSON & BRYSON.

JAMES PRACOUA,

FURS,

FURS. FURS.

FURS.

I beg to intimate that my FUR STOCK is now complete in every

DEPARTMENT.

AN EARLY CALL IS SOLICITED.

☞ Remember the place,

33 Rideau Street.

OPPOSITE OLD STAND.

CHARLES J. TASKER, Accountant: Books posted Accounts made out. Apply at the office of H P Hill Solicitor. References: Dr Hill, C H Pinhey

Ottawa, Nov 5, 18.

BUY YOUR CHRISTMAS PRESENTS

From the Ladies of Knox Church, Daly Street, at their BAZAAR, opposite Bate & Co's, Sparks street, on the 13th and 14th DECEMBER. Good Music, good Luncheon, Oyster Soup. Contributions received on the 12th, in the Room

Ottawa, Dec 5, 1870 1531d

THE TEA POT,

RIDEAU STREET.

The Proprietor begs to inform the lovers of THE TEA POT and the public generally, that the alterations are now completed, the whole premises having been thoroughly renovated and stocked with

New and Fresh Goods

Of the very best quality. He is now prepared to execute orders Wholesale and Retail, and every article will be guaranteed, as they have been selected with the greatest care.

Teas in great variety,
Coffee—the very best—roasted and ground daily,
Raisins, Currants, Figs, &c., &c.,
Port Wine, Sherry Wine, Brandy,
English Old Tom Gin—Booth's, Bernard's & Thompson's.

An Old Lady's Evening Wish.

My wishes sear not very high,
Nor do they widely roam
These moderate wishes are confin'd
To comforts found at home.

Give me what I enjoy so well—
A snug domestic scene;
And take my word, I fell myself
As happy as a Queen,

I'll tell you what I wish for now—
'Tis not a large desire;
I wish to sit at perfect ease,
Beside my evening fire.

I wish a friend or two would call,
To ask me how I do;

Then truly happy I should be.
And they'd be happy, too.

I'd set the tea things on the tray,
And we should all agree,
While taking ever-welcome cups
Of JOHN HILL'S wholesome tea.

The tea would gladen ev'ry heart,
And brighten every face;
And nothing more could we desire
In such a happy case.

With JOHN HILL'S Tea I always crown
The comforts of my home;
And when I can partake of this
My wishes seldom roam.

All goods delivered free (within the limits of the city) by our own waggons, and every attention will be paid to proper packing and delivery.

JOHN HILL.

"THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET.

BONUS YEAR.

SPECIAL INTIMATION.

LIFE ASSOCIATION OF SCOTLAND.

FOUNDED 1838.

ANNUAL REVENUE, - £ 257,683 Stg.
FUNDS in hand and invested, 1,357,386 "

The BOOKS and ACCOUNTS have been for many years subjected (not yearly only, but at any other interval, but) to a continuous AUDIT—apart from the Directors and other officials—by a Professional Accountant of high standing and experience. In the VALUATIONs also, which are made on approved Tables of Mortality, the best Assurance Premiums only are taken into account. Thus by constant independent checks and rigid tests, the utmost precaution is adopted to secure the prudent conduct and permanent stability of the Institution. It has always maintained a high position among the Assurance Offices of the Kingdom, and has already paid SUMS ASSURED and BONUSES to the amount of

$8,159,044.00

The amount paid last year alone having been upwards of

$601,763,00

The FUNDS remaining in hand and invested are upwards of

$6,605,945.00.

The List of Policy-holders in Class B. for 1870 will be closed as at

5TH DECEMBER.

Previous Entrants will be entitled to a

WHOLE YEAR'S BONUS

More than later Entrant will receive.

☞ The PROFITS are allocated on a principle which gives LARGER BONUSES than ANY OTHER SYSTEM.

F WARDLAW,
Secretary.

Agents or Ottawa, J T & PENNOCK.

November 8, '870 48D5

IF YOU WANT

TO SAVE MONEY

GO TO THE

PEOPLE'S TEA STORES,

— BY —

P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.,

No. 36 Rideau St., and Duke St., Chaudiere,

OTTAWA,

Where from their great increase of business and the large addition now put to their Store, with a well selected Stock, and constant attention on their part, will enable them to sell at prices not to be equalled elsewhere.

There will be found always on hand a general assortment of

GROCERIES,
TEAS in particular, imported,
LIQUORS, WINES, BRANDIES,
GIN, IRISH and
SCOTCH WHISKEY,
Gooderham & Worts' HIGHWINES
OLD RYE, and PROOF,

With a fine assortment of Christmas and New Year's FRUITS and SYRUPS.

—ALSO—

WINTER APPLES,
ORANGES and LEMONS,
CHEESE, HAMS,
and BACON.

Remember our Motto—"Quick Sales and light Profits."

☞ Try their TEAS. ☜

Ottawa, Nov 29, 1870 1526

A GENERAL MEETING of the Stockholders of the Ontario Peat Company will be held at the Russell House, Ottawa, on Tuesday, the 6th December next, at 12 o'clock, noon, for the organization of the Company, under the Act of Incorporation, for the selection of Directors, and for the transaction of general business.

Ottawa, Nov 28, 1870 1521

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS.

Ex. Ships COGNAC, NEREO, UNION and CITY of QUEBEC, from the different places of Growth.

It is now AN ESTABLISHED FACT

If you want any First-Class BRANDIES or WINES and the best Family Groceries, you must go to

Thos. Patterson,

No. 26 Rideau Street

The following Goods in Stock and for Sale:

BRANDIES.—Pure and unadulterated, good for any use, always on hand in Wood or Bottle.

PORT WINE—Pure and reliable (20 years old) for Medicinal purposes and the only House in the City that imports such WINES direct to order.

SHERRY WINES—Various grades, very, very Pale, (delicious favour) Splendid Wines at a price to defy competition.

GIN—John De Kuyper & Son's Double-Berried, First Class.

SCOTCH WHISKEY—Old and Mild, (full strength)

RUM,

OLD RYE,

FAMILY PROOF,

AND

HIGH WINES,

of the best kind.

PORTER AND ALES.—Guiness's Dublin and Dawe's, Lachine, in splendid order.

COFFEE.—Delicious Flavour. Fresh Roasted and Ground Daily.

TEAS.—The best qualities of Black, Japan, and Green, new crop and fragant.

SUGARS and SYRUPS of all kinds.

CHEESE—Fine old (Reesors and Factory) the best.

PICKLES and SAUCES, Jams and Jellies from Crosse and Blackwells, in great variety

FRUITS.—The finest table and cooking raisins that can be had, large fresh and rich flavored.

CURRANTS—Quite fresh and Candied Peels.

SPERM CANDLES and fancy perfumed soaps, the greatest variety in the city, and made to order by Field of London, England. There is an endless variety of those fine goods worthy of SPECIAL ATTENTION FOR FAMILIES, being of the finest qualities at moderate prices. Everybody should know that to use good goods saves money. TRY THEM.

Ottawa, December 5, 1870.

CANADA AND U. S. PATENT AGENCY.

Patents solicited in Canada and the United States; Trade and Timber Marks, Industrial Designs, Copywrights, Transfers, &c., registered on the shortest notice, Copies of Laws, Circulars, and information, sent free on application. Drawings prepared and copied.

Charges moderate. United States Patents particularly attended to. Several valuable Patent Rights for sale.

T. G. COURSOLLES.

November 26, 1870 1524tf

A SPECIALITY.

☞ THE ULSTER OVER COAT

Is the Great Novelty in

GENTLEMEN'S GARMENTS

This Season.

☞ A Specimen on View, at

MAGEE & RUSSELL'S.

Ottawa, Nov 30, 1870 1527tf

ST. JAMES' HOTEL,

METCALFE AND QUEEN STREETS.

The Proprietor, G. B EVANS,

Begs respectfully to announce to the public in general that the above premises will be opened for business this day, 29th inst, and hopes by strict attention to business and moderate charges, to merit their patronage and favour.

Ottawa, Nov 29, 1870 1526tf

CATALOGUE SALE OF BOOKS.

E. LUMLEY'S

ANNUAL CONSIGNMENT,

LONDON, ENGLAND.

The subscriber will commence this sale on

TUESDAY EVENING,

DECEMBER 6, 1870.

And continue each evening until the lot is cleared out at his Rooms, Rideau st. Including as usual many very scarce and curious works in English, French, with Grammars and Dictionaries also relating to:—Africa, America, Arabia, Asia, Australia, Canada, Cape, China, East, Egypt, France, Germany, Greece, Holy Land, Ionian Islands, Ireland, Italy, India, Japan, Jerusalem, Mexico, Norway, Palestine, Portugal, Rome, Russia, Scotland, Spain, Sweeden, Switzerland, Syria, etc., etc; Scraps, Prints, Engravings, etc. Rollin et Crevier, O Euvres, 24 vols. 4to., fine copies calf; Geographie, Ancienne, Moderne Physique, 13 vols. fine copies; Shakespeare, Barry Cornwall, illustrations, pub. 3 gs.: H. Bibles, Cassell, illustrated: ditto, Commentary, D'Oyly and Mant; ditto, References; ditto, Translations, Various; ditto, Atlas; Traveller. ditto, Dictionary, Brown; ditto, Treasury; Newton, Prophecies; Church Services; Prayers, Liturgical Services; Scripture Characters, Robinson; Cobbett, Reformation: D'Aubigue, ditto; Boswell, Johnson; Robinson Crusoe; Queen's Journal; Sam Slick, Clock[illegible] Humors; Tillotson, [illegible] Connection; Keith, Prophecy; Uncle Tom's Cabin; Weld, America; Franklin, Polar Sea; Alison, Europe; Wars, European, Clarke; do., Spain, Wellington; Quebec Papers; Gazetteers; Atlasses; Music, Piano, etc; Pinnock, Knowledge; Family Readings; Temple, Works; Pilgrim's Progress; Dr. Cumming, Works; Sheltering Vine; Moore, Works, Life; Mirror of Literature; Peerage, Baronetage; Haydon, Dates, Dictionary of; Magna Charta; Machinery, Mechanics, Engineering, Steam Engines, Railroads, Levelling; Holy Land, Geography, History; Geology, Wonders of Mantell; Album; Panoramas for Children; Water Cure; Painting; Statuary: Carpentry; Philosophy, Natural; ditto, Political, Brougham; Arithmetic; Astronomy; Elocution; Logic; Useful Knowledge; Agriculture; Cultivateur, Fruit Trees, Vegetables, Planting; Brewing Wine Making; Histories by Rollin, Hume Smollett, Blunt, Chambers, Information Botany Flowers; English Dictionaries Classical ditto; Geography, History, Ancient, Modern; Ireland and Irish, Histories, &c.; Fortification; Galt; Disraeli; Mark Lemon; A. Trollope; Strickland, Queens; Stowe, Byron Controversy; Army; Navy; Cookery; Sporting, Horses, Dogs, Shooting; Medicine, Surgery, Chemistry; Ballads, ditto and Lays, ditto Scotch; Living Authors, Cowper; Epigrams; Herrick; Kirke White; Beatty; Byron; Bunyard; Scott; Shakespeare; Thompson, etc, Catholic Works, St. Teresa, Challoner, etc.; H. Scripture Collations; History, Fragments; Ditto Five Empires, also Third Age, Wilberforce; N. Test; Howard; Church; Palmer; Ditto, Primitive; Eusebius, King Potter; France, Revolution: Holy Land, Illustrated English Synonyms; Chemistry, Geology; Architecture, Building, Designs for Monuments, Shop Fronts, Houses, Cottages, Villas, Farms, Building, Farmyards Stables, Barns; Dairies, Brewhouses Dog Kennels, Garden, Decorations, Field Gates, Ornaments, Coins; ARTISTS, copies for; DRAWING BOOKS, Rudiments; Animals after old Masters, Paul Potrer, etc; Human Figure, 88 objects; PICOT, Works, (so highly praised by Ruskin,) Easy Lessons, Fragments, Cottages, Landscapes, Boats and Coasts, &c.; German Literature, Translated, Fonque, truly beautiful Stories, Undine, Sintram, Ladies, Youth, Children, Works for; Fables, Allegories, Useful Knowledge, History, Arabian Nights, Stories, Domestic Ditto, Traditionary, Legends of all Nations, Female Heroism, Pleasant Hours, and a multitude of other works.

NOVELS,

ENTERTAINING,

EDUCATIONAL WORKS, &c.

Catalogues are now ready, and can be had by applying to the Auctioneer.

☞ TERMS CASH. ☜

Sale each Evening at 7 o'clock.

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer,

Ottawa, December 5, 1870. 1531 1d

OTTAWA AND GLOUCESTER

ROAD COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that the Annual General Meeting of the Stockholders of the Ottawa and Gloucester ROAD COMPANY, will be held at the Office of FRANCIS CLEMOW, Esq, in this City, on MONDAY, the 12th day of DECEMBER inst., at the Hour of TEN o'clock, a.m., for the Election of DIRECTORS for the ensuing year and for the purpose of receiving the Annual Report of the Secretary and Treasurer for the current year.

By order

W. H. FALLS,
Sec.-Treasurer.

Dated this 3rd day of December, 1870. 1533 1w

CANADA PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Application will be made to Parliament, at the next Session, for the Incorporation of a Company to construct a Railway through British North America, connecting with the present Railway system of Canada, and thence to proceed to the North of Lake Superior and through the North West Territory to the Yellow or Leathe Head Pass of the Rocky Mountains, there to connect with the projected Railway through British Columbia to the Pacific,—with such powers and privileges as may be necessary to carry the same into operation.

ALFRED WADDINGTON.

Ottawa, Oct. 21, 1870 1493 2m

CARD OF THANKS.

The Subscriber begs to tender sincere thanks to all those gentlemen who so kindly assisted in saving Goods from the premises during the late fire on Sparks street.

J. W. MASSEY.

N.B.—Mr. Geo. Mortimer, Sussex street, will prepare any prescriptions from the file of the late business.

Ottawa, Dec. 6, 1870 1532 1w

SCHOOL NOTICE.

A TEACHER is wanted for School Section No. 1, Torbolton.

Apply to

JOHN SMITH,
Secretary.

Torbolton, Dec 8, 1870 1534 3

DR. DICKINSON,

RESIDENCE and SURGERY, Kent Street, Ottawa

GOD IS LOVE.

The Gospel of the Grace of God will (D. V.) be Preached on SUNDAY, the 11th, at 3 o'clock p.m. and 6,30 p.m., in the THEATRE, Wellington-St.

Ottawa, Dec 8, 1870 1534 2

Insurance.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPA \ of Canada, Head Office, Toronto.

President—The Hon John Hillyard Cameron M.P.

Vice President—Lewis Moffatt, Esq.

Other Directors—C J Campbell, Esq, Hon Malcolm Cameron, W T Macdonnell, Esq, A R McMaster, Esq, H S Howland, Esq, Geo Duggan, Esq, A T Fulton, Esq, Angus Morrison, Esq, M P J S Crooker, Esq.

Banker—The Canadian Bank of Commerce.

Agents for Ottawa—Messrs J T & W PENNOCK.

The rates of the PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY are as low as its long experience has shown to be profitable.

The test of the value of insurance is, however, not when the premiums are being paid, but when losses are being settled, and, from the equity and promptness of its settlements the Provincial Insurance Company is second to none.

Its Inspectors are always sent to adjust every important loss directly it occurs.

It has no adjusted losses due and unpaid.

It respectfully solicits a share of the patronage of the insuring public of Ottawa.

ARTHUR HARVEY,
1298tf Manager.

UNION MUTUAL
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No. 104.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33 The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B

For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor

have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars, $70,000, U.S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN,
Manager.
Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 2941f

Steamers.

THE OTTAWA RIVER
NAVIGATION CO'Y STEAMERS.

MAIL STEAMER

"QUEEN VICTORIA,"

CAPT. BOWIE,

Has commenced her regular trips between Ottawa and Montreal, with Mails and Passengers, leaving Ottawa at 7 a.m. daily.

MARKET STEAMER
FAIRY
CAPT. NICHOLS.

Will commence running her regular trips from Major's Wharf to Ottawa ever Monday and Saturday leaving Major's at 5 a.m, and Ottawa at 4 p.m.

R W SHEPHERD.
Ottawa, April, 25, 1870 1341tf

UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY

CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after the
FIRST OF SEPTEMBER,
THE
STEAMER "ANN SISSON,"
Will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted) at 7 a. m., for Des Joachims, and intermediate ports. The steamer

"JASON GOULD"
Will leave Pembroke Daily at 3 p. m. steamer

"SIR JOHN YOUNG"
Will leave Havelock daily at 7 a. m. for Chapeau. Returning will leave Chapeau at 1 o'clock p. m.

R S CASSELS,
President.
Ottawa, August 22, 1870 144 tf

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN
INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMERS.
First Cabin, Payable in Gold.
Liverpool or Queenstown.....$100 0
Steerage, Payable in Currency.
Liverpool or Queenstown.....35 0
PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER TO HALIFAX.
First Cabin, Payable in Gold.
Liverpool or Queenstown.....$100 0
Halifax.....20 0
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer.....45 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.
Liverpool or Queenstown.....30 0
Halifax.....15 0
John's, N.F., by branch steamer.....30 0
Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates
For further information, apply at the Company's offices.
JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
15 Broadway, New York.
HENRICUS & CHAMBRE Ottawa.

DOMINION
TELEGRAPH INSTITUTE,
34 KING STREET EAST,
TORONTO, ONT.
ESTABLISHED IN 1863,

For the purpose of qualifying Operators for the
TELEGRAPH AND RAILROAD LINES

Then and now so rapidly building in the Dominion and United States. It is become one of the
Permanent Institutions of the Country.

And has turned out
OVER 100 OPERATORS,
Who now fill important positions with
GOOD SALARIES,

LADIES and GENTLEMEN desiring to learn this light and honourable profession, should do so at once. The average length of time required is three months. Ladies learn more rapidly than gentlemen. Both sexes admitted from 14 years of age and upwards.

For full particulars and terms address
T H CHURCHILL,
Toronto, Ontario.
Ottawa, September 22, 1870 13

FOR SALE.

A beautiful country residence with Fifteen (15) Acres of Land (or more if necessary) attached; the house and outbuildings being completely surrounded by a grove of lovely shade trees. The whole within 10 minutes drive of the Government Buildings.

Terms of sale, cash, if preferable to purchaser otherwise a small payment down, and the balance in from 1 to 10 years, to suit purchaser.

Apply to the Proprietor,
R. A BRADLEY,
Solicitor, Elgin-st., Ottawa.
Nearly opposite the Post Office.

N. B.—Money to lend on Real Estate. Terms easy.

OUT TO-DAY.

THE
Canadian Parliamentary Calendar
AND
Directory for 1870.

To be obtained
OFFICE & CO., and
JONES & HOLLAND

Medical.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

As a family Remedy it is well and favourably known relieving thousands from pain in the Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Has now been before the public for a length of time and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions have been properly followed, but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing the Diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it.

Price only Twenty-five Cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN.

Sold in Ottawa by H F McCarthy, J Skinner, John Roberts, J P Featherston, George Mortimer, W M Massey, and all Medicine Dealers.

November 30, 1870 1527y

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!

The following remarks on testimonials of more wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

A SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Erestown Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consumption, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hoey, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonee Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1 13y

To Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:

MADOC, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869.

This is to certify that during the winter of 1868 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonee Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonee Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a ort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonee Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings his ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonee Remedy Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle

A F WOOD, J P,
Warden County of Hastings Province of Ontario, Canada.

For sale by DRUGGISTS AND GROCERS throughout Canada.

TRADE-MARK GARDNER'S MONTREAL

GARDNER'S
QUININE
WINE BITTERS,

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons covering from illness. For sale in quart bottle; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children—it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardener's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 2 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best ask for GARDENER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.
Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

J GARDENER, Chemist,
457 Notre Dame street, Montreal,
Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

DUTCH BULBS!

The Subscriber has just received a full assortment from a celebrated Grower in HOLLAND, both for Spring Gardening and in-door Culture

THE ASSORTMENT INCLUDES
Hyacinths, many varieties,
Tulips, "
Lilies, "
Narcissus, "
Jonquills, "
Anemones, "
Ranunculus, "
&c., &c.

The Flower Roots above mentioned not coming to hand till late in the season, are offered for sale at low prices.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE,
Druggist,
40 Sparks-st, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Nov. 18, 1870 1517y1

Medical.

GABRIEL'S PREPARATIONS

TRADE MARK. MANUFACTURED ONLY BY MESSRS GABRIEL. Dentists. LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.

FOR THE TEETH.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH.

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers.

MESSRS. GABRIEL,
The old-established Dentists,
64 Ludgate Hill, London,
And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth. Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache, no matter how far decayed Price 1s 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations

GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. The beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth. Price 2s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE, for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR of a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; is is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.

See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it Price 2s.

PARTIES AT A DISTANCE REQUIRING ARTIFICIAL TEETH may have them supplied, in partial or complete sets, on Messrs. Gabriel's new system, by sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of One Guinea, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded, with all necessary instructions Messrs. Gabriel will undertake to Remodel or repair Artificial Teeth made by other Dentists, (which do not prove satisfactory), at moderate charges.

Messrs. Gabriel's Pamphlet on Artificial Teeth and painless Dentistry on receipt of postage.

*** All letters to be addressed to 64 LUDGATE HILL, LONDON. 1323 2.-wfm lawfdm

MADRID 1867 PRIMERA CLASE. PARIS 1867 LONDON 1862 MENTION HONORABLE GENERAL EXCELLENCE

D. Alhadabsar

ARRIVED AT LAST!

This elegant Turkish TONIC is one of the most salutary and delicate preparations ever submitted for public approval in this hemisphere, and asserts its pretentions to patronage on the following grounds:—

That it is a preparation of one of the most eminent Purveyors to the Ottoman Court.

It prevents acidity of the Stomach.

It relieves lowness of spirits.

It is a mild and invigorating tonic, and a most efficient but innocuous stimulent.

It renders the breath sweet and agreeable.

It stimulates the appetite if taken BEFORE meals.

It promotes digestion if taken AFTER meals.

It neutralises the propensity for strong liquors.

It renders the intellect bright and clear.

If taken habitually it imparts vitality and energy to all the bodily organs.

By its use a man of 70 will become, as it were, restored to the elasticity of 30; and to persons of delicate constitutions it is strongly recommended.

It is an especial favourite with Oriental ladies.

Secure, then, health, longevity and vital energy by the habitual use of the
ALKABASAB TURKISH TONIC.

Kept in stock by the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.

For directions for use see labels on bottles.

HENRY CHAPMAN & CO.,
EVANS, MERCER & CO.,
Montreal,
Sole Agents for the Dominion
Montreal, July 6. 1415-y

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission on the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,
Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion,

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,
Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F GIANELLI.

H. R. FRIPP,
ORGANIST AND TEACHER OF MUSIC.
Residence—Elgin Street, South of Slater Street.
Classes for beginners at Mr Gowan's Hall on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 4½ p m.
Ottawa, July 15th, 1870. 1410 tf

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano at 1 Stuging. Rideau-street, corner of King-street.
Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 77by

LOST

From the Farm of MRS. STEWART on the bank of the Canal, on the 26th inst., TWENTY-THREE LAMBS, marked with a stroke on the back with tar. Information to be given to WM SLATTERY, Butcher By Ward Market.
August 27 1365

Commission Merchants.

J. BERMINGHAM,
GENERAL AUCTIONEER.

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit continuance of the support and patronage liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate, that in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p.m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required.

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 25.

Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hands for sale.

J BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.
Ottawa, March 1870.

H. FOOTE & COMPANY,

IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALER
—IN—
TEAS AND WINES,
6 HOSPITAL STREET
MONTREAL.
Ottawa August 23, 1870 1444tf

DOMINICK FOX.
GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,
Clarence Street, next to the City Hotel Ottawa.

Solicits the patronage of the Lumber Merchants generally on the Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging men and attending to their rafts while passing here to the best of his ability.

REFERENCES.
Alex Fraser, Esq. Walter Smith, Esq.
Joh cupore, Esq, R W Cruice, Esq
1324t.

W. H. EASTON & CO.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
FORWARDERS
DEALERS IN
Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c
OTTAWA,
End of Little Sussex-st.
Cash advanced on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases
W. H. EASTON R. M. EASTON

FOR SALE:
MESS AND PRIME MESS PORK.
FLOUR NO. 1 & EXTRA
WHITE BEANS,
At Ottawa, Sand Point and Pembroke.
S CHRISTIE,
No 5 Sparks street.
a a Ma 18, 1870

GOVERNMENT HOUSE.

OTTAWA, 26th day of Sept., 1870.

PRESENT

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs and under and in virtue of the authority given by the 8th Section of the Act 31 Vic. Cap. 6, intituled "An Act respecting the "Customs." His Excellency has been pleased to make the following Regulation:

Grand Harbour, in the Island of Grand Manan, in the Province of New Brunswick shall be and the same is hereby erected into a Out Port of Customs, and attached to the Port of Campo Bello (Welchpool)

WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Privy Council,
Canada.
Ottawa, Oct. 4, 1870. 1478 3

GOVERNMENT HOUSE.

OTTAWA, Thursday, 22nd day of Sept, 1870

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs and under and in virtue of the 54th Section of the Act 31st Victoria Cap. 6, intituled "An Act respecting the Customs.

His Excellency has been pleased to Order and it is hereby Ordered, that the Out Port of Port Eyerse attached to the Port of Dover, in the Province of Ontario, be and the same is hereby constituted and appointed to be a Warehousing Port, within the meaning of that Act.

WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Privy Council,
Canada.
Ottawa, Oct. 4, 1870. 1478 3

Medical.

Ayer's
Hair Vigor,

For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.

A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. *Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color with the gloss and freshness of youth* Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

HAIR DRESSING,

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,
PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS,
LOWELL, MASS.
PRICE $1.00.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

For Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption.

Probably never before in the whole history of medicine, has anything won so widely and so deeply upon the confidence of mankind, as this excellent Remedy for pulmonary complaints. Through a long series of years, and among most of the races of men it has risen higher and higher in their estimation, as it has become better known. Its uniform character and power to cure the various affections of the lungs and throat, have made it known as a reliable protector against them. While adapted to milder forms of disease and to young children, it is at the same time the most effectual remedy that can be given for incipient consumption, and the dangerous affections of the throat and lungs. As a provision against sudden attacks of *Croup*, it should be kept on hand in every family, and indeed as all are sometimes subject to colds and coughs, all should be provided with this antidote for them.

Although settled *Consumption* is thought incurable, still great numbers of cases where the disease seemed settled, have been completely cured, and the patient restored to sound health by the *Cherry Pectoral*. So complete is its mastery over the disorders of the Lungs and Throat, that the most obstinate of them yield to it. When nothing else could reach them, under the *Cherry Pectoral* they subside and disappear.

Singers and Public Speakers find great protection from it.

Asthma is always relieved and often wholly cured by it.

Bronchitis is generally cured by taking the *Cherry Pectoral* in small and frequent doses.

So generally are its virtues known that we need not publish the certificates of them here, or do more than assure the public that its qualities are fully maintained.

Ayer's Ague Cure,

For Fever and Ague, Intermittent Fever, Chill Fever, Remittent Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical or Bilious Fever, &c., and indeed all the affections which arise from malarious, marsh, or miasmatic poisons.

As its name implies, it does *Cure*, and does not fail. Containing neither Arsenic, Quinine, Bismuth, Zinc, nor any other mineral or poisonous substance whatever, it in nowise injures any patient. The number and importance of its cures in the ague districts, are literally beyond account, and we believe without a parallel in the history of Ague medicine. Our pride is gratified by the acknowledgments we receive of the radical cures effected in obstinate cases, and where other remedies had wholly failed.

Unacclimated persons, either resident in, or travelling through miasmatic localities, will be protected by taking the *AGUE CURE* daily.

For *Liver Complaints*, arising from torpidity of the Liver, it is an excellent remedy, stimulating the Liver into healthy activity.

For Bilious Disorders and Liver Complaints, it is an excellent remedy, producing many truly remarkable cures, where other medicines had failed.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & Co., Practical and Analytical Chemists, Lowell, Mass., and sold all round the world.

PRICE $1 PER BOTTLE.

DARLEY'S
ARABIAN OIL
FOR HORSES AND CATTLE

A NEVER-FAILING REMEDY.

This valuable preparation combines all the medicinal virtues of those articles which long experience has proved to possess the most safe and efficient properties for the cure of Flesh Wounds, Sprains, Bruises, Galls of all kinds, Cracked Heels, Ring Bone, Spavin, Callous, Pistula, Sweeney, External Poisons, Scratches or Grease, Strains, Lameness, Mange, Witows, Corns, Sand Cracks, Foundered Feet, Cora Distemper, Swellings, and many other diseases which horses and cattle are subject to.

The celebrated Liniment has been used for many years, and its curative properties thoroughly tested, and it is conceded to be the cheapest and most reliable remedy for all external complaints ever offered to the public—it never fails when timely used and faithfully applied.

To be had of all Druggists and Country Merchants throughout the Dominion. Price 25c. per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont.
Proprietors.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W M Massey, H F McCarthy, J Skinner, in Ottawa, all Medicine Dealers.
November 24, 1870 1522tf

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly, (which are published in the "Ontario Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying the nature and object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the Session.

CHARLES T GILLMOR,
Clerk of the House.
Toronto March 15, 1870 1309 td lawk.

NOTICE.

I hereby give notice that I shall not be responsible for any debt contracted in my name after this date without my written order.

CHAS. GOULDEN.
Ottawa, August 9th

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.
W. S. THISTLE. R. LANG.

S. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.
REFERENCES.—H Adams, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 7401

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell house, Ottawa city, C. W.

PRESERVE YOUR ROOFS,
PATENT PLASTIC SLATE PAINT,

Is the best and cheapest material in use for preserving new, or repairing old

IRON OR TIN ROOFS,

No matter how bad their condition. Also fire rate for

SHINGLE ROOFS,
Making them
FIRE AND WATER PROOF,

Hardens into a coating of SOLID SLATE by exposure.

Price $6 a barrel, mixed ready for use.

A barrel will cover 10 squares (10 x 10)

SHEATHING FELT

For lining Frame Buildings under the clap boards. An effectual protection against cold, damp and vermin. Rats and mice will come near it.

No FRAME DWELLING should be without

Send for Circular, Instructions, &c.

BUCHANAN & CO.,
Wholesale Depot for Roofing Materials and Founder's Supplies,
32 Lemoine Street,
Montreal.
Ottawa, September 21, 1870 1468

A. E. GENDREAU,
HAIR DRESSING PARLOUR,
Wellington street,
Opposite the Bank of Montreal.

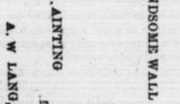
MR GENDREAU, the proprietor of that so popular Parlour, has the pleasure to announce to his numerous friends and the public in general, that to answer to the great encouragement which he has received up to the present, he has determined to enlarge and thoroughly furnish anew his establishment He will save no expense to render Parlour the most comfortable, and to procure the most experienced hair dressers.

MR GENDREAU having served considerable time in some of the best and most extensive Hair Dressing Saloons in the Dominion and United States, is in a position to conduct the duties of his establishment in a manner that cannot be surpassed.

He will have always on hand the best perfumes imported directly from Paris and London.

MR GENDREAU solicits a visit to convince all of the truth of his statements

SATCHELL BROS



BUTCHERS TO
HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantly on hand

FRESH KILLED
STALL-FED
BEEF AND MUTTON.

ALSO,

THEIR CELEBRATED

SPICED AND SALT ROUND,

AND

ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES,

To be had at

THEIR STALLS,

Nos. 5 and 7,

BY-WARD MARKET

No Benzine or Coal Oil used.

FOR SALE.
THE LANG SAWING ESTABLISHMENT
A. W. LANG, Sparks Street.

HANDSOME WALL PAINTING AND GILDING.

FOR SALE.
STYLISH SIGNS.

PEOPLE'S TELEGRAPH COMPANY
Incorporated under Chapter LXVII of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada.

OTTAWA OFFICE—G P DESMARAIS's Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.

DIRECTORS:
A JOSEPH, Chairman; D C THOMSON, Treasurer; S B FOOTE A THOMSON, T H DUNN.
DESMARAIS Manager 1141tf

TWO OR THREE GENTLEMEN can be accommodated with

ROOMS, WITH OR WITHOUT BOARD.

Apply at
MR. ROWSELL'S,
Opposite the Union Hotel,
Centre Town.
Ottawa, July 5, 1870. 1400 tf

EDGAR DOWARD, Organist, Christ Church, teacher of Organ, Piano and Singing. Residence—O'Connor street. Mr. Doward was formerly Choirster Boy and Articled Pupil of Mr W. Done, of Worcester Cathedral, England.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

In the matter of

JOSEPH HENRY CASSELS,
the Village of Kenmore
AN INSOLVENT.

ASSIGNEES SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power vested in me as Assignee of the estate and effects of the above named Insolvent, I shall offer for sale by Public Auction, at the Court House, in the City of Ottawa, at the hour of 12 o'clock, noon on FRIDAY, the TWENTY-FIFTH day of NOVEMBER next, all the estate, right, title, interest and equity of redemption of the said Insolvent, and of myself, as such Assignee as aforesaid, in and to that certain parcel or tract of land and premises situate, lying and being in the Township of Gloucester, in the County of Carleton, containing by admeasurement fifty acres of land be the same more or less, being composed of the west quarter of lot number two, in the third Concession of the said Township, Hillean Front.

Terms and conditions made known at the time of sale, and particulars can be had by applying

CHAS BAILLIE,
Assignee,
461 Notre Dame St.
Dated Montreal, 17th Sept, 1870. 1469 3aw271

GREAT
CENTRAL AIR LINE ROUTE
VIA
GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.
[The Model Road of Canada]
To Sarnia, Detroit, Milwaukee.
CHICAGO,
Cincinnati, St. Louis, New Orleans, and all Points in the West and South.

NORTHERN TRANSPORTATION CO'S
20 First-Class Upper Cabin Steamers.
DAILY LINE BETWEEN
OGDENSBURG & CHICAGO,
Making sure connections with Railway for all Points West and South.

Parties going west can secure Tickets at this office to any Point desired,
VIA
ALL RAIL OR ALL BOAT
Fares always cheaper than by any other Route.

Be sure and procure TICKETS at this office by the
GREAT CENTRAL ROUTE
AND SAVE MONEY, TIME AND DISTANCE.

Comparitive distance of the several Western Routes to Chicago:

American—Ogdensburg or Prescott	
to Chicago	850 miles
Grand Trunk to Detroit	736 do
Grand Trunk to Toronto, Great Western to Detroit	730 do
Leaving in favor of the Great Central Route	130 do

For TICKETS to any Points in the United States, and all information apply to

J T GORGORAN,
General Western Railway and Steamboat Ticket office, at H Palmer's store, next to Fingland & Draper's, Sussex st, two doors from Rideau st.

IN CHANCERY.

Pursuant to a decree of the Court of Chancery, made in a cause Spain vs. Watt, the creditors of Martin Spain, late of the Township of Nepean, in the County of Carleton, who died in or about the month of NOVEMBER, 1867, are on or before the 15th NOVEMBER next, to send by post prepaid, to Messrs. Kennedy & Christie, of the City of Ottawa, the Solicitor of the Defendants, Arthur Watt, the Executor of the deceased, their christian and surnames addresses and descriptions, the full particulars of their claims, a statement of their accounts and the nature of the securities (if any) held by them, or in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said decree.

Every Creditor holding any security is to produce the same before me at my Chambers, at the City of Ottawa, on the 23rd day of November, 1870, at 11 o'clock, in the forenoon, being the time appointed for adjudication on the claims.

Dated the 21st day of October, 1870.

(Signed), W. M. MATHESON,
Master at Ottawa

Scott & Ross,
Plaintiff's Solicitors.
Ottawa, Oct 24, 1870 1495 1d

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
OTTAWA,
10th day of November, 1879.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

Whereas it has been represented to His Excellency that the public convenience would be promoted if the Out-Ports of St Armand and Rouse's Point, which are situate in closer proximity to the Port of St. John's, than to that of Montreal, with which they are now connected, were detached from the last mentioned Port and placed under the survey of the Port of St. Johns; His Excellency on the recommendation of the Hon. the Minister of Customs, and under and in pursuance of the 8th section of the Act 31st Victoria' Chapter 6, intituled:

"An Act respecting the Customs," has been pleased to Order, and it is hereby Ordered that on, from and after the First day of December next the Out-Ports of St. Armand and Rouse's Point shall be and they are hereby respectively detached from the Port of Montreal and placed under the Survey of the Port of St. Johns, in the Province of Quebec.

WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Privy Council,

PRESTON & ROWSELL.
MILITARY TAILO
—AND—
HABIT MAKERS
NO. 36 SPARKS STREET

PRESTON & ROWSELL.

A SELECT ASSORTMENT
OF
Tweeds,
Broad Cloths,
Doe Skins,
Fancy Coatings,
Vestings, &c.
SHIRTS MADE TO ORDER
Ottawa, July 26, 1870.

HIGHER EDUCATION.
HELLMUTH COLLEGE.
Board and Tuition per annum, $32.

HELLMUTH LADIES' COLLEGE
Inaugurated by H. R. H. Prince Arthur.
Board and Tuition $250 per annum.
PRESIDENT:—The Very Rev. I. Hellmuth, D.D., Dean of Huron
For Particulars apply to Major Evans, London, Canada West.
August 5, 1870. 1 : 6d

Legal.

J. W. H. WARD, Barrister, Attorney, &c., Opposite Russell House, Ottawa.

WRIGHT & CLEMOW, Barristers, Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public, &c., Ontario and Quebec. Office over Durie's Book Store, Ottawa. 1 1aw

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner Sparks and Bank streets, Ottawa.

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office, Union Buildings.

R. MAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office, Opposite Russell House, Ottawa.

LEE & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, &c. Office, Central Chambers, Ottawa. 43tf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister, Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Commissioner for the Province of Quebec, Office, Prescott and Russell Street, Rideau House, L'Original.

KEEFER & KIMBER, Barristers, Attorneys at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, &c, for the

The Times

VOL. V. NO. 1536. OTTAWA, SATURDAY DECEMBER 10, 1870 PRICE—3 CENTS

WANTED, who can make from $10 a day. Address, T. W. FARRELL, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Nov 11, 1870 1511 1m

Legal.

W. W. WARD, Barrister at-law, Attorney, &c., Opposite Russell House, Ottawa.

WRIGHT & CLEMOW, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c, &c, for the Province of Ontario and Quebec. Offices—Over Durie's Book Store, Sparks street, Ottawa.
Ottawa, May 7, 1870. 1 1w F C CLEMOW.

GRACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and Rideau streets, Ottawa. 368y

M. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street, Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. S. BAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43uff

GEO. GEMMILL, Barrister, Attorney, Solicitor, Conveyancer, &c. Office—In the Queen Block, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Dec. 1, 1869. 43uff JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister at-Law, Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 24-6m

LEMIEUX & KIMMITT, Barristers and Attorneys at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries, &c, for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec. Office—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.
OTTAWA, OCT. 1869. RENE EDWARD KIMMITT.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Elgin-street, Ottawa.
Ottawa, May 7, 1870. 365tf GEORGE TAILLON
OTTAWA MOSGROVE.

J. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post office. 190tf

Medical.

DOCTOR HENDERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Surgery—That recently occupied by Dr. Mallock, Rideau st, Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1388y

D. S. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, foot end of Dupont's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a.m. to 4 p. m.
N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

J. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

L. OLIVER MACKAY, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 344tf

GEORGE HUTCHISON, L. D. S.,
SURGEON DENTIST,
Sparks Street.
OPPOSITE "TIMES" OFFICE.

DR. HUTCHISON is fully prepared to supply SET(S) OF TEETH, or to insert single Teeth where wanting on either gold, silver or vulcanite rubber palates, fitting so closely and securely in such as to be capable of all the uses to which natural teeth are applied, without the usual inconvenience to the wearers, and after long experience in use, without even a consciousness of the presence of a substance originally foreign to the mouth.

DR. H. will attend to any case of extracting painless during the operation of extracting sound or diseased teeth, has introduced into practice the use of the Nitrous Oxide or laughing gas, which the sufferer inhales without pain or inconvenience, and loses his tooth as it were in a pleasant dream.

Can be consulted any day, except Sunday, at his office from 9 a. m. to 6 p. m.
Ottawa, September 2, 1870

Hotels and Saloons.

THE METROPOLITAN,
AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa,
1032 P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

WAVERLY HOUSE,
BARRINGTON-STREET,
HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,
Established 1851.
Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.
1037 JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

DICKWICK HOUSE,
Corner James and King-sts.,
Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.
E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)
A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y.

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*
Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains choicest Brandies Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Oysters, Game, etc., daily

MR. DUIGNAN'S,
SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.
A few more gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen visiting the Capital will find superior accommodation by the day or week at moderate terms.
N.B.—This house is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Parliament Buildings and the Departments. 21 tf

THE UNION HOUSE,
W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR,
CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS
OTTAWA.
EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.
The Bar always supplied with the
CHOICEST LIQUORS,
And the table spread with
EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON
Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.

C. R. HIGGINS,
Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co, General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufacturers and Mining Agent
Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Queen and Sparks streets, over Mann Bros Hardware Store.

DANCING AND DEPORTMENT.
Mrs Robert Stewart having made arrangements with an accomplished lady teacher, announces that her Dancing Classes will commence on Wednesday, the 22nd instant
Further particulars may be obtained on application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street.
Ottawa September 9th, 1869. 1148tf

WANTED.
An experienced First-class Common School Teacher, who is not afraid to compete (so far as his profession is concerned) with any person in either Province, desires an engagement in Ontario, to date from the first of January next. Best of references.
Address, stating salary, &c.,
A D PRATT,
Hull, P. Q.
Hull, 31st Oct, 1870 1502tf

Groceries.

DENIS WHELAN,
39 RIDEAU STREET,
OTTAWA
HAVING OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT
(nearly opposite the Old Stand,)
offers for sale at VERY LOW PRICES a large and well selected stock, comprising Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy Soaps, Sauces, Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, Candles, Coarse and Fine Salt. Also,
Bordeaux and other Vinegars
MESS PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS,
and the numerous other articles necessary to constitute a complete stock.

TEAS—
Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial Young Hyson, quite fresh and cheap.

COFFEE—
Fresh Coffee *ground* and *roasted* daily on the premises.

LIQUORS—
COGNAC BRANDIES Henault & Co, Hennessey, Piper's and other brands.

HOLLAND GIN—
De Kuyper's and Houtman's, in wood bottle.

WINES—
Sherries of all grades, Ports of fine quality, Burgundy, Sauterne and Maderia Wines
WHISKIES, OLD RYE, PROOF AND HIGHWINES, OLD RYE, PROOF AND WHISKEY,
Proof and over, at extremely low prices.
Thorne's and Stewart' Scotch Whiskey and Old Tom.
Dunville's Irish Whiskey.
Murphy's Old Irish Potteen.
Guinness' and London Porter, pts and qts.
Molesons and other Ales.
Sugars and Syrups, all grades.
Sale at readers' prices.
THE OLD STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE
SELLING AT TWENTY-FIVE PER CENT BELOW COST.
Now is the time or bar alas. 1165

1870. 1870.
SPRING IMPORTATIONS.
C MEARA & CO.
Beg most respectfully to intimate to their friends and customers that they have just received and have ready or in store an
A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT
OF
CLOTHS AND TWEEDS
Suitable for the coming season, comprising
ENGLISH, FRENCH, SCOTCH AND CANADIAN MANUFACTURES
OF THE
NEWEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE DESIGNS.
THE READY-MADE CLOTHING DEPARTMENT
is also very complete, and will be found of the best materials and most fashionable styles.
Special attention is called to a
LARGE ASSORTMENT OF
SPRING AND SUMMER OVERCOATS
OF THE NEWEST STYLES.
Suspenders, Scarfs, Ties, Collars, Shirts, Gloves, &c, &c. Together with a large and well assorted stock of
DRY GOODS.
Tailoring Department under the supervision of a first class cutter
Suits made to order in best and latest styles
Good fit ensured or no sale.
A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO

Hardware.

BLYTH & KERR,
No. 25 RIDEAU STREET,
Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c.
All work in any of the above branches executed in a prompt and workmanlike manner.
Special attention given to Roofing and fitting up Galvanized Iron and Tin Gutters, Conductors, &c., &c.
IMPORTERS OF GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.
JUST RECEIVED, ex "Pride of Canada" and "Oceola," a splendid assortment of Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots, Jelly Moulds, Wire Dish Covers, Spice Boxes, Ladies' Dressing Cases, Trays, Enamelled Pie Dishes, Preserving Pans, Deaf Milk saucepans, &c., &c.
Constantly on hand, Cooking Stoves, (best makes) Hot Air Furnaces, Water Coolers, Baths, (all kinds) Cutlery, Plated and Britannia Meta Ware,
—ALSO—
FISHING TACKLE, comprising Rods, Lines, Flies, Hooks, Floats, Trolls, Panniers, Landing Nets, Fly Books, &c. &c.
Ottawa, August 10, 1870 1432 1y

LEA & PERRINS'
CELEBRATED
WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,
Declared by Connoisseur
TO BE
THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.
CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.
The success of this most delicious and unrivalled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to
ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,
and to see that their names are upon the wrapper labels, stopper and bottle.
Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and venders of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.
Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.
Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c, &c, and by Grocers and Oilmen universally
52v1236 law

WANTED
By a young girl a situation as SEAMSTRESS, or DRESS-MAKER, in a private family or place of business.
References given if required. Apply at this OFFICE.
August 1st, 1870 1434-tf

Railroads.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY
OF
CANADA.
Special attention is directed to this Company's announcement, in regard to the
RUNNING OF TRAINS
FOR THE ENSUING SEASON.
In addition to the Fast Time which it is intended to make between the
EAST AND WEST,
With close connections at all points, the line will be equipped with handsome
NEW FIRST-CLASS CARS,
Unsurpassed on the continent.
TRAINS WILL RUN BETWEEN
Portland and Montreal in 13 Hours.
Montreal and Toronto in 13 Hours.
Stopping only at the most important Stations.
As fast as completed,
PULMAN'S
PALACE SLEEPING CARS
Will be run on the Through Trains and the service will be performed over the entire line in a manner equal to that of any railway on this continent. Special arrangements have been made to accommodate the pleasure travel.
For further particulars see advertisements and time tables.
C J BRYDGES,
Managing Director.
June 3 1870. 1437tf

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY
OF
CANADA
IMPROVED SERVICE OF TRAINS
FOR THE SUMMER OF 1870.
ACCELERATION OF SPEED.
NEW CARS ON ALL EXPRESS TRAINS.
Portland to Montreal in 13 Hours.
Montreal to Toronto in 13 Hours.
On and after JUNE 13th the new arrangements will be put in force, and trains will leave Montreal as follows:

GOING WEST.

Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points west at	9 00 a m
NIGHT, do do	9 00 p m
Mail Train for Toronto and intermediate Stations	7 00 a m
Accommodation Train for Brockville and Intermediate stations	5 00 p m

Trains for Lachine at 6 00 a m, 7 00 a m, 9 15 a m, 12 noon, 1 30 p m, 4 00 p m, 5 30 p m, and 6 30 p m. The 1 30 p m Train runs through to Province Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and intermediate stations at	7 10 a m
Express for Boston, via Vermont Central, at	9 00 a m
Express for New York and Boston, via Vermont Central, at	3 45 p m
Express for New York and Boston, via Plattsburg, Lake Champlain, Burlington and Rutland, at	6 00 a m
Do do do do	4 00 p m
Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham, Portland and Lower Provinces at	11 p
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, and the Lower Provinces, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St Hilaire, St Hyacinthe, Upton, Acton, Richmond, Brompton Falls, Sherbrooke, Lennoxville, Compton, Coaticooke and Norton Mills only at	10 10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all night trains. Baggage checked through.
The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotte" leave Portland for Halifax, N.S, every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, respectively, at 4 00 p m. They have excellent accommodations for passengers and Freight.
The International Company's Steamers running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every Monday and Thursday at 6 00 p m for St John, N B, &c.
Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.
For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations apply at the Ticket Offices, Bonaventure Station, cor at No 59, Great St James Street.
C J BRYDGES,
Managing Director.
June 3, 1870 1423tf

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.
1870.] SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS. [1870
Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at	0 a m
Night do do do do	0 p m
Accommodation Train for Cornwall and Intermediate Stations at	00 p m
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at	7;30 am
Trains for Lachine at	6:00 a m, 7;00 am, 9 15 a m, 12 noon, 1;30 p m, 4;00 p m and 5:30 p m.

The 1:30 p m train runs through to Province Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at	7;00 am
Express for Boston at	8;40 am
Express for New York and Boston via Vermont Central at	3;45 pm
Express for New York and Boston via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at	6.00 a m
Express for Island Pond, at	2:00 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at	10;10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.
The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotte" leaves Portland every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, for Halifax, N.S., respectively at 4 p m.
They has excellent accommodation for passenger and freight.
The International Company's steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 5 p m, for St. John, N.B., &c.
Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.
For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Offices, Bonaventure Station, and 39 Great St James Street.
C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.
Montreal, May, 1870.
OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street
A & A H TAYLOR, Agents

ELECTRICITY IS LIFE
PULVERMACHER'S PATENT
GALVANIC CHAIN-BANDS
BELTS, AND POCKET BATTERIES
These highly improved inventions render Electricity perfectly self-applicable, and extremely efficacious in a mild continuous form, no shock or unpleasant sensation being experienced, whereby it becomes a true fountain of health and vigour, speedily soothing agonizing pains, reanimating torpid limbs, reviving the sluggish functions of life, and imparting renewed energy and vitality to constitutions enfeebled by whatever cause. Medicines and their deleterious consequences are thus entirely dispensed with. The daily increasing number of cures effected by PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC SYSTEM is so extensive and varied, that it forcibly points to this invention as the embryo of a universal remedy.
N. B.—The following testimony from the elite of the English medical faculty has been received:
"We, the undersigned, have much pleasure in testifying that Mr. J. L. PULVERMACHER's recent improvements in his Voltaic Batteries and galvanic Appliances for Medical Purposes are of great importance to Scientific Medicine, and that he is entitled to the consideration and support of every one disposed to further the advancement of real and useful progress.
"Dated the 9th day of March, 1866.
"SIR CHARLES LOCOCK, Bart., M. D., F. R. C. P.
"SIR HENRY HOLLAND, Bart., M. D., F. R. S.
"SIR WM. FERGUSSON, Bart., F. R. S.
"EDWD. H. SIEVEKING, M. D., M.R.C.S.
"SIR J. RANALD MARTIN, F. R. C. S."
PULVERMACHER'S SYSTEM is also approved of by an official report of the Academie de Medicine, Paris, Royal College of Physicians, London, and the Imperial Faculty of Vienna, and its curative virtues are confirmed by thousands of private testimonials of cures effected. (See pamphlet gratis).
These facts appeal to the good sense of every sufferer to avail himself of this scientific and curative progress, to which the inventor has devoted a life-time of study and labour, as an ardent deciple of that great benefactor of mankind, the late illustrious electrician MICHAEL FARADY.
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Lumbago	Sluggish Circulation
Neuralgia	Urinary Disorders
Head and Toothache	Paralysis
Liver Complaints	Epilepsy
Tic Doloreux	Nervous Debility
Indigestion	Functional Disorders
Deafness	&c., &c.
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The effects of the application of Pulvermacher's Chains in any of the above disorders is immediately perceptible—the relief of pain instantaneous.
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Galvanic Establishment,
200 Regent Street, London, W.
Ottawa, September 6, 1870 1455 1awk y

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Elevated Oven Cook Stoves.
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Stove Pipes. Elbows.
Zinc.
Our WINTER STOCK, just received at the
"CAPITAL STOVE DEPOT."
35 Sussex Street,
H MEADOWS & CO.
Ottawa, September 9, 1870.

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.
Arrival Departure of Mails.
1870. FALL ARRANGEMENT. 1870.

Arrival	Departure
A.M. A.M.	A.M. A.M.
11.15 8.30 Eastern, by Train; Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	
11.15 ..... Montreal, by Steamer	
10.00 ..... Halifax, N.S., and St John, N.B., by St. L. & O. Railway	
11.15 8.30 Western, by Train; Toronto, Hamilton, Kingston, Western U.S., and all places west of Prescott	
8.30 8.30 Fort Garry and other places in Manitoba to be despatched in closed mail from Windsor, Ontario, daily, via St. Paul, Minneapolis and St. Cloud, by St. L. & O. Railway; Ogdensburgh, New York, Boston, &c.	
1.15 8.30 United States, by Train; Boston, New York, Albany, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, &c.	
..... 6.00 Lower Ottawa, by Steamer; Buckingham, L'Original, Grenville, &c.	
..... 5.00 Upper Ottawa, by Steamer; Onslow, Arnprior, Sand Point, Renfrew, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c.	
..... 12.15 Upper Ottawa, by Stage; Pakenham, March, Huntley, Carp, &c.	
..... 4.00 Aylmer, by Stage; Hull, Clarendon, Bristol, &c.	
11.00 ..... Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Rideau Ferry	
7.30 11.15 North Gower, Kars, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	
11.15 ..... Osgoode, Russell, and Leeds of Falls, Appleton and Carleton Place, per Canada Central Railway	
8.30 4.30 For Brockville, Perth, Lanark on the Brockville and Ottawa Railway, North of Carleton Place Junction, and places on C. Railway	
8.30 ..... For Sand Point, Portland, North Wakefield, and intermediate offices daily; Aylmer, Kamanaska, Low, River Desert, Six Portages, Wright, Chamberlain Tuesdays and Fridays; arrive Tuesdays and Fridays	
6.00	
12.15 Kempt'n, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays	
11.30 5.00	8.00 1.30
.....	8.00 1.30
.....	9.00 4.00
.....	9.00 4.00
.....	9.00 6.30
.....	9.00 6.30
.....	9.00 7.15
.....	9.00 7.15
.....	9.00 7.15
.....	9.00 4.00
.....	9.00 4.00
.....	A.M. A.M. P.M.
.....	9.00 .... 4.00
DELIVERED.	CLOSE.

Matter posted up to 9.30 p.m. will be forwarded East and West in supplementary package the same night.
The Western Mail arriving at 7 p. m. will be delivered the same evening.
BRITISH MAILS.
Per Cunard Line, close every Tuesday at 10.45 a. m.
Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 10.30 a. m.
A supplementary bag for Canadian steamer will be closed at 11.30, in which all paid unregistered matter will be sent.
MONEY ORDERS
On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.
OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.
POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.
Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on special deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required.
G. P. BAKER,
Postmaster.
POST OFFICE,
Ottawa, 21st Nov., 1870.

SPECIAL NOTICES.
Mothers! Mothers Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it; there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP," having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.
Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment Cures Croup or Rattles.—DR. BINGHAM, of Utica New York, says: "I have used Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment in my practice a number of years, and can say with pleasure I deem it one of the greatest discoveries of the age; for the cure of Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammatory Rheumatism, and in Childbed Fever, it operates with perfect success. In cases of Burns, Bruises, Frost Limbs, it acts like a charm.
Dr. J. P. KENNEDY, of Chittenango, New York, says: "It has stood the test *trial*, and has not been found wanting. Its astonishing cures of Inflammation of the Lungs and Croup and the wonderful success in subsiding the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank the list of remedies for these complaints."
Dr. A. W. BELDING, of Knowlesville, New York says: "I have used it in several cases of Special Irritation and for the worst cases of Piles, and sundry other complaints, and find it a superiore article, and well worthy the notice of all."
Purchasers should be sure and ask for Dr. Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and see that the words "A. TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT" are on the wrapper.
Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for the Canadas. Sold in Ottawa by all druggists and by medicine dealers everywhere.

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—BY—
P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.
Wholesale and Retail dealers and Commission Merchants, No. 36 Rideau-St., and Duke-St., Chaudiere,
Desire to draw the attention of the Public to their well assorted Stock of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, and Provisions, all of which will be sold at prices not to be rivalled either here or elsewhere.
Having the advantage of buying our Goods at the lowest prices, and direct from the importing Vessels, enables us to sell in future as we have done heretofore, which we hope has given satisfaction to those who have favored us with a call. Rye, Proof and High Wines of the best always on hand. Also, Gin, Brandies and Wines directly imported. Those who have not already tried our Goods are respectively invited to call. Remember our motto.—"Quick Sales and Light Profits." Salt and Fish constantly on hand.
P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.
August 7, 1870. 1423-1y

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Hull, P.Q.

Railroads.

THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.
NOTICE.
ALTERATION OF TIME,
On and from MONDAY next, the 21st inst, three trains will run daily on this Railway as follows.
Going South Ottawa to Prescott.
MAIL will leave Ottawa at 9 30 a m, connecting at Prescott, with the Grand Trunk Express, for the West, and with the Ogdensburg Railway, for Boston, New York, &c.
MAIL will leave Ottawa at 12 00 noon, connecting with the Grand Trunk Express, for Montreal.
EXPRESS will leave Ottawa at 10 30 p m, connecting with the Grand Trunk Expresses, East and West.
Going North Prescott to Ottawa.
MAIL will leave Prescott Junction at 6 a m, connecting with the G. T. Expresses East and West, and arriving in Ottawa at 8.30 a m.
MAIL will leave Prescott Junction at 1.25 p m, connecting with the G. T. Express leaving Montreal at 8 a m, and arriving in Ottawa at 3 45 p m.
EXPRESS will leave Prescott Junction at 4 30 p m, connecting with G. T. Expresses, East and West, and arriving in Ottawa at 7 p m
20 minutes allowed at Prescott Junction refreshments.
Tickets may be obtained on application to any of the Company's Agents, or at any of the Principal stations of the Grand Trunk Railway.
All trains on this Line are run on Montreal time.
R. LUTTRELL, Superintendent.
THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director
Ottawa, November 19, 1870.

CANADA CENTRAL AND BROCKVILLE AND OTTAWA RAILWAYS.
ALTERATION OF TRAINS,
Commencing DECEMBER 5, 1870.
SLEEPING CARS between TORONTO and Ottawa, going through in 13 HOURS.
On and after MONDAY, Dec. 5, TRAINS will run as follows:
Leave Brockville.
EXPRESS, at 4.45 a m, connecting with Grand Trunk Express from the West, and arriving at Ottawa, at 8 30 a m.
MAIL TRAIN, at 7 30 a m, arriving at Ottawa at 1.50 p m.
EXPRESS, at 3.30 p m, connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express from the West, and arriving at Ottawa at 7.16 p m.
Leave Ottawa.
EXPRESS, at 9.40 a m, arriving at Brockville at 1.40 p m, and connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express going West.
MAIL TRAIN, at 3.45 p m, arriving at Brockville 9 15 p m.
EXPRESS, at 10.30 p m, arriving at Brockville at 2.15 a m, and connecting with Grand Trunk Night Express going West.
Arrive at Sand Point 1.35 and 7.10 p m.
Trains on Canada Central and Perth Branch make certain connections with all trains on B. & O Railway
A Sleeping Car will leave Toronto on Monday, Wednesday and Friday nights, by the Grand Trunk 7.30 p m train, and go through to Ottawa, arriving at 8.30 a m.
Returning, it will leave Ottawa on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday nights, at 10 30 p m, and go through to Toronto by G. T. Train, arriving at Toronto at 11.30 a m.
Freight forwarded with despatch, as the C. C. and B. & O. Railways are the same gauge as the Grand Trunk. Car loads go through in Grand Trunk Cars to all points, without transhipment.
Certain connections made with Grand Trunk Trains.
H ABBOTT,
Manager.
Brockville, Ont., Dec 1, 1870 1530

IMPORTANT SALE
—OF—
REAL ESTATE,
Mill Property, Farms, Timber Lands, Timber Licenses, &c.
INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.
In the matter of
THOMAS D. LEWIS,
Of Templeton, County of Ottawa, Quebec,
INSOLVENT,
The subscriber will offer for sale by Public Auction, at the Court House, Town of Aylmer, on THURSDAY the fifteenth of December, at twelve o'clock Noon.
The Valuable Real Estate Timber Lands, Saw Mill, known as Eagle Mills, Templeton; Carpenter's and Blacksmiths' Shop, Dwelling Houses, Barns, Stables, &c., erected on the following properities to wit:
In the Township of Templeton, in the County of Ottawa Quebec:
Fifth Range—West half Lot 15, 100 Acres.
Seventh Range—North half Lots 1, 2, 3. 285 Acres.
Lots 7, 100 Acres.
Eigth Range—Part lot 3, 124 acres.
Part lot 4, 200 acres.
South half lot 5, 100 acres,
Do lot 7, 100 acres.
Do lot 8, 100 acres.
West half lot 12, 100 acres. On this is a valuable farm.
North half lot 17, 100 acres.
Do lot 18, 100 acres.
Ninth Range—North half lot 5, 100 acres.
Lot 13, 200 acres. On this lot is erected a Saw Mill, known as the "Eagle Mills," Carpenter's Shop, Blacksmith's Shop, Cook House, four other Houses, three Barns, and other buildings thereon erected.
South half lot 14, 100 acres, with buildings thereon erected.
South half lot 18, 100 acres.
Tenth Range—West half lot 5, 100 acres.
East half lot 5, 100 acres,
West half lot 6, 100 acres.
Lot 9, 100 acres.
Lot 13, 200 acres, with Dwelling House and Barn.
North half lot 17, 100 acres.
North half lot 18, 100 acres.
North half lot 19, 100 acres.
Eleventh Range—Lot 6, 200 acres. This is valuable timber Land.
Twelfth Range—Part lot 14, 25 acres, commonly called McGregor's Farm.
Thirteenth Range—Part lot 13, 40 acres, with buildings thereon erected.
Also Insolvents interest on lot 15, in the 15th concession of Templeton, Quebec.
—ALSO—
THE UNDERMENTIONED LICENSES COMMONLY CALLED TIMBER LIMITS, will be sold at the same time belonging to same Estate:—
First License—Number Eight (8) for 1870 and 1871, to Cut Timber on the following limits:
PORTLAND, QUEBEC—Area 17¼ square miles—To commence at the rear line of the township of Templeton, running on said rear line 6¼ miles on the course due north, and in breadth not more than half way to the height of land between the Blanche and Lievre Rivers. The western boundary of this limit is the township of Wakefield. The upper boundary of this limit has only 2¼ miles.
Secondly—License number eighty-eight (88) for 1870 and 1871, to cut Timber on the following limits, viz., Wakefield, Quebec.
Area 7¼ square miles—Lots number 16, 17, 19, 20 and 21 in the eighth (8) Range; and 17, 18, 19, 21, 26 in the ninth (9) Range; 17 to 26 inclusive, E; ½ 22, N. ½ 25, 26, S. ½ 27, in the tenth Range; and 17, 18, 19, 20, and 21, S. ½ 22, E. ½ 23, S. ½ 24, 25, 26 in the eleventh Range of the township of Wakefield.
Also, the Insolvents interest in the Graphite Company of Canada, 200 shares
Farming and Milling Implements, including a valuable Gumming Machine, Lathe Machine, Dies, Slab Cutters, &c., &c., &c.
For further particulars, apply to
WILLIAM LINDSAY,
Assignee,
2, Merchants Exchange Montreal.
November 24, 1322tf

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
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Elevated Oven Cook Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Low Oven Cook Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Double Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co
Box and Parlor Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co
Coal Stoves, Base Burners, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
The Quintal Coal Stove, at H. MEADOWS & Co
Parlour Cook Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Dumb Stoves, all sizes, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Hot Air Furnaces, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Stove Pipes and Elbows, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Lumbermen's Supplies, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
1st Prize Stoves can be seen, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Ottawa, Oct. 12,

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Music Hall—Lillie Lonsdale.
Private Bills—Alfred Todd.
Life in Large Cities—Rev. Wm. Stephenson.
Seignior al Indemnity to Townships' Fund.
Strayed—Mrs McNab.
Rousillon Port—J. P. Macpherson.
Warning—Pattee & Perley.
Acknowledgment—Wm. McCaffery.
City Auction Mart—J. Bermingham.

The Ottawa Times.

Office: 28, Sparks Street

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 10, 1870.

For interesting reading matter see First Page.

The verdict given by the jury in the late lamentable accident on the Grand Trunk Railway affirms *"that the collision occurred in consequence of the regulations of the Company with regard to the duties of employees having been recklessly violated."* Yet the *Globe*, in the face of such a verdict, continues to attribute the accident to neglect on the part of the management, and publishes a series of conversations which never took place between its reporters and certain subordinate officials of the Company, whose neglect caused the accident.

In view of the threatened adoption by President Grant of Butler's non-intercourse policy towards Canada, including the withdrawing of the bonding system, it is interesting to know the immense accommodation which Canada has afforded to the United States by permitting that country the free use of the Welland Canal. In the year ending 30th of June last no less than 2,8-4 American steam and sailing vessels with a tonnage of 765,542 tons passed through this canal. The withdrawing of the bonding privileges would, it is currently believed, necessarily entail a like withdrawal of the use of the Welland Canal to American vessels, which, of course, would affect most disastrously the cities of Chicago, Cleveland, Oswego and Ogdensburg.

The Buffalo *Commercial Advertiser* says that the Canadian editors who now write so defiantly about the President's message assumed a very different tone last May when they urged the President to keep back the Fenians. The editor in question called upon President Grant to discharge the duties which, as the Chief Executive of a civilized nation, devolved upon him, and although, as it proved, it made no difference whether the United States authorities did their duty or not in the matter, the Canadian editors regret that the American nation was dishonoured and disgraced as it was in consequence of President Grant's neglect. With regard to what has been said by the public press of this country concerning President Grant's message we have not seen any unbecoming language used. We regret the hostile feeling displayed by our neighbors, and we are quite confident that nothing will be done by the Canadian people to justify its continuance. But for all that we do not intend to abandon what of right belongs to us.

THE BROWNITE BANQUET.

The banquet of the Brownites in Toronto passed off tranquilly, and was, on the whole, a rather dull affair. The great Factionist occupied the chair, and his puppets stood upon their feet and talked, and vituperated, and misrepresented facts, in a manner which ought to insure for them the support of the *Globe*. The Hon. Mr. Christie was present, and returned thanks on behalf of the Senate. Of course, nothing that he said was worthy of notice or remark. After him came Mr. Mackenzie, and he, we are told, was received with a perfect storm of applause. His speech was a mere re-hash of his London and St. Catharine's efforts. There was the usual amount of talk about "shameless corruption," the "party of corruption," and the "party of oppression," together with one or two rather irreverent allusions, which if uttered by a "Tory" would be denounced as "rank blasphemy" by the *Globe*. He reiterated his usual falsehood about Mr. Howe's behaviour at Fort Garry, denied the authenticity of the Imperial despatch touching the route of the Intercolonial Railway quoted by Sir Francis Hincks at Pembroke, and declared that a coalition "was in reality a conspiracy against public rights." This assertion could hardly have been palatable to Mr. Mackenzie's master, seeing that that gentleman was a member of the coalition Government formed in 1864, and is at the present moment attempting to form a coalition party out of various conflicting elements the watch word to unite and inspire which is "Down with Sandfield and the Patent Combination." So that according to Mr. Mackenzie his chief has been and is "a conspirator against public rights," and yet he has the audacity to call upon the Reformers of Ontario to follow where he leads! Mr. Blake was also present, and so was Mr. McKellar, together with all the editors, reporters, book-keepers, and most of the press men and compositors connected with the *Globe* office. In fact every one who could by any means be induced to be present at the Brownite banquet was present and had his name appear in the list of guests.

If the company was intended to include representatives of the Opposition party from all parts of the country, there were certainly some noteworthy exceptions. Mr. Huntington was not there to dilate on the beauties of Canadian Independence. Mr. Carmichael was not there to sound the praise of American Republicanism; nor did Mr. Anglin's presence grace the board. As the founder of the Feast in proposing the first toast spoke in high terms of the public and private virtues of our Most Gracious Sovereign, it was perhaps just as well that the last named member of Mr. Brown's Coalition was not present.

There was not much to notice in any of the speeches, which simply consisted of indiscriminate abuse of the Government. We notice, however, that Mr. MacKenzie asserted that the Government were wilfully delaying all means of opening up communication with Manitoba. This is such a gross untruth that we feel called upon to hold up its author to the public opprobrium which he so richly deserves. At the present moment the Government are working energetically with a view of organizing a cheap and expeditious means of communication into the new province. In view of the probable construction of a railway to Manitoba, they do not feel justified in incurring any great expense in the establishment of a route, which it is hoped, will to a certain extent, be only a temporary one. But we have reason to believe that an available means of communication will be established early in the spring, and if this is done we are quite sure that the people of Canada will be of opinion that no time has been lost.

There is no doubt that Mr. Mackenzie performed the duty which he was expected to discharge in a manner which richly entitles him to praise from the *Globe*. In view of this fact we would respectfully suggest to Mr. Brown that he ought to stir himself a little in the matter of the Mackenzie testimonial. We are aware that he has lately had so much to do in the way of villifying and publishing untruths concerning the Premier, that he has not had much time left to devote to the interests of his henchman. Still when a man sacrifices character and position in the interests of Faction, the chief Factionist ought not to forget him and his claims; and we do hope that in common decency Mr. Brown will remind his followers of what is expected from them in connection with the testimonial to which we have referred. Seriously speaking, Mr. Mackenzie deserves some acknowledgment of his services at the hands of the Opposition.

DO THE AMERICANS WANT WAR?

The exceedingly unfriendly tone adopted by President Grant towards Great Britain and Canada, naturally leads us to enquire with some degree of anxiety whether the United States Government really desire to go to war, or whether their hostility towards us will be satisfied by doing what they can to injure our commercial prosperity. Certainly so far as we can learn, the United States are not in a position to go to war with any great power. They might possibly with the forces now at their disposal succeed in overrunning Canada and holding it, but would be well nigh powerless before Great Britain, so vast is the superiority of the navy of the latter. People who talk about a million of men rushing to arms at a moment's notice for the invasion of Canada, cannot have bestowed much consideration upon the matter. To organize and equip an army fifty thousand strong would take some time, more especially as the American regular troops are scattered about in all directions throughout the length and breadth of the United States. Then we find that while the strength of the army is reduced to 30,000 men, the Government have not at their disposal more than 100,000 breach loaders in all, and these are of a clumsy make, very inferior to the Snider rifle. General Butler says that a war with Great Britain would be principally a naval war, and we find that to meet the immense navy of Great Britain, comprising 719 vessels, 50 of which are ironclads, the United States have not a single sea-going armour-plated vessel. The Washington correspondent of the *N. Y. Tribune*, writing on these subjects, says "some lingering confidence doubtless still exists among the misinformed in that most stupendous humbug of the war, the monitor system, but there remains no vestige of it among naval officers. A few of these iron death traps yet remain in a serviceable condition, and could be made useful for harbor defence, but they are not worth counting as part of our naval forces. * * * * If we want to fight England, we must first spend at least $100,000,000 to create a navy to meet hers." At the present moment the British fleet in tonnage and number of guns carried, is equal to that of France, Russia and the United States combined.

The fortifications of the principal American seaboard cities are said to be unreliable and insufficient, so that in the event of an attack upon Canada, the inhabitants of New York, Boston, Portland, and other places on the coast, would be liable to be rudely disturbed by British iron-clads.

Under all the circumstances it is not likely that the hostile feelings entertained by the Americans for us and for all things British, will culminate in war. But the attitude now assumed by the Government of the United States serves to show pretty conclusively the fallacy of the "Independence" theory. There actually appears to be more bitterness of feeling displayed towards us as colonists than towards the people of the Mother Country. It is only the knowledge that, in the event of any attempt to coerce us, we would be supported by all the power of the Empire, that prevents President Grant from assuming a more offensive attitude, and demanding in imperative language the right to the free navigation of the St. Lawrence as well as the admission of American fishermen to the Canadian fisheries. If we were "independent" what would our independence be worth? To every unjustifiable demand we should be compelled to yield. We might fight and struggle bravely, but with no navy, and but a limited supply of the "sinews of war," it would be vain for us to cope against such tremendous odds. But a war with Canada and a war against the British Empire are two very different affairs, as President Grant and his advisers very well know.

THE EASTERN QUESTION.

It seems now to be definitely decided that the Eastern difficulty is to be dealt with by an International Congress. Prince Gortschakoff, out of deference to the views of the British Government, has consented to withdraw his pretensions for the time being, and will not attempt to disturb the *statu quo*.

There is no doubt that the position in which Russia has been placed since the Crimean war is a very humiliating one. To say to a great nation "you shall not attempt to erect fortifications or build ships in your Black Sea ports, and shall limit your naval force to four vessels" is not calculated to gratify the nation so addressed. In fact we cannot wonder that the Russians are irritated, and desire as speedily as possible to have these vexatious restrictions removed. But who is to vouch for the honesty of the Muscovite Government? We have a right to suspect Russia on account of her past conduct, and to dread that if she were permitted to establish a naval force upon the Black Sea, it would be used by her in an attempt to subjugate European Turkey. Not that the path to Constantinople would even then be rendered nearly so easy a one as some people imagine. Turkey herself could do something, more especially on the sea, while Great Britain, Austria, and Italy from different motives are all equally interested in defending the dominions of the Porte from Russian aggression. Austria, no longer a leading German power, is more than ever interested in the neutrality of the Danubian principalities. The natural instincts of Italy lead her to dread the establishment of Russian power on the shores of the Adriatic, so that though France is for the time crippled, there does not appear much reason to fear that Russia could accomplish much against the coalition which would unite to oppose her, even supposing that her Black Sea squadron was considerably augmented, and she were no longer bound by treaty restrictions.

The Water Works Question!

THE CORPORATION SCHEME CONDEMNED.

THE MEETING IN ST. PATRICK'S HALL LAST NIGHT.

Last night as announced a general meeting of the ratepayers of the city was held in St. Patrick's Hall to hear the expression of opinion of the ratepayers in relation to the water works question, and for the reconsideration of the water works bill as amended in particular.

By eight o'clock the Hall was very respectably filled, many of the audience being French ratepayers.

Mr. Lyman Perkins occupied the chair and Mr. Waller acted as Secretary.

The Chairman read the notice calling the meeting, and expressed his opinion that every one should be interested in the water works' bill. In his opinion the bill was outrageous. We had a bill already for the construction of water works, and we should abide by that bill. The people should petition the Local Legislature against the new bill, and against their being taxed for the building of water works. The City Council should not have entertained the bill, but when we have one Alderman who has a gully to sell, (cheers), another who has cement to sell, it is no wonder they should desire to feather their nests out of the public taxes.

Mr. Egleson had been content to look on at the way city affairs had been carried on for some years. He had during that time witnessed many curious things. Among them was the passing of the City Railway Bill, which took away the control of the streets from the Corporation. He hoped the bill would be repealed. He did not come to create excitement, or retard the interests of this progressive city. He did not come to throw blame on City Councillors who, perhaps, had done their best for the city. The meeting had one of the most important subjects to consider. He was of opinion that the city required water works, but he would have them chargy in the manner they built them. In the onward progress of the city it required water works, and it was for the Council to give the matter their serious consideration. He reviewed the water works, and was sorry one had not been prepared that would have met with the unanimous approval of the Council. He called to their remembrance the fate of the railway debentures as entrusted to certain persons. The handling of debentures was a ticklish thing, as the cities of Toronto and Hamilton knew well about, and the city of Ottawa a little about as yet. He was in favour of introducing foreign capital into the city. He and others had built the market in this way, and it had paid itself and was still paying. An eminent Chicago engineer had advised the building of water works by a company, and he was in favor of this manner of construction. He had much pleasure in moving the following resolution:

Moved by P. A. Egleson, seconded by Dr. Beaubien, that while fully alive to the great necessity of a proper and efficient system of water works for the city of Ottawa, accompanied by a perfect system of sewerage (without which a water works would be defective) provided the amount necessary for the completion of both improvements, would not greatly increase the already heavy taxation of the city; that while fully alive to the importance of both these improvements, this meeting is decidedly opposed to the construction of the water works by commissioners as proposed in the water works bill, and most emphatically desires to record its disapproval of such a contemplated mode of construction, seeing in such mode a frightful source of extravagance and unlimited expenditure of the public money.

Dr. Beaubien seconded the resolution, and in doing so stated that because he seconded the resolution it must not be inferred, he was opposed to water works. As a medical man he was strongly in favor of them, but they must be built in an economical way. He condemned the water works bill as being one that would put the city in disastrous debt. He could not see how the people were asked to entrust the building of water works to commissioners who would have an immense amount of money in their control, without giving one particle of security. He did not think the citizens would be found in favor of building the water works by commissioners. One thing more he condemned in the bill and that was, the power the commissioners had to hire engineers and so many other persons. He advocated the building of the water works by a company, and the introduction of foreign capital into the city as a means of enriching it. The citizens should at once proceed to put down the bill recommended by the Corporation. Let them unite upon the water works being built by a company.

Mr. Lees being called upon said that as he understood his name had been put down as a seconder to a resolution, he would reserve his remarks till that motion was made.

Mr. Macdougal was loudly called upon, and came forward amid great cheering. He said—Gentlemen, no water! (Cheers.) He would now proceed to the best of his ability to give them a history of the little corporation water bill. Some years ago, they might remember, a scheme of water works had been proposed and submitted to them, but although it had been voted down, the meeting was unanimous to allow a sum of $1,000 to be laid out in plans, calculations, &c., &c. (Laughter.) Well, the result of that meeting was that Mr. Keefer was consulted, and was told that water works were wanted, but that he was not to make a plan of them to exceed $250,000. Mr. Keefer made a report, and in it stated that we could have water works for that amount, and with a little economy it could be reduced to $120,000. So much for that. The bill went on rolling. A committee was formed and he was honored by being made one of it, but as he thought at the time with the object of bringing him over to the scheme. But this they did not succeed in as his later actions proved. (Cheers.) Next they had an assessor's report to find out what the water rate would raise, and they were told it would amount to $35,000. This was done by kindly charging one person $7 and another $10, and so on.

Mr. Campbell—They charged Champness $15 and myself $20.

Mr. Macdougal—Well, that was another bogus transaction. (Laughter.) Mr. Keefer on being consulted said the water rate would probably be $15,000. The assessors said $35,000. Who were they to believe? Another humbug gentleman. The next thing was the present water works bill. (Yells.) On this occasion he was not on the committee. They had found out that he could not be bought over, and they had ignored him, dropped him. In this precious bill he saw one of the objects was to deprive householders of the franchise. (Groans.) He also found out that the people would have the great privilege of electing one commissioner from each Ward to build the water works. They had been told in order to build them that debentures could be issued which would be sold at par. But how this was to be done they could not be informed. Some years ago debentures had been issued for a large amount, and when they were last bought they were bought by the City Council for 92½ cents. Now if that was the case, at what a far greater discount would additional debentures be? He did not believe water works could be built for $400,000, the last figure named. Supposing they could build them for $400,000, had they the money to do it with? In issuing debentures they should profit by the experience of other cities in the matter. Look at the case of the city of Hamilton. The people in that city had been told they could have a perfect water system for $175,000 and they had to raise $500,000 more before they could finish them. The result of this was that their debentures in a few years sold for forty cents in the dollar. It must not be inferred from the position he had taken that he was not in favor of water,—he was decidedly in favor of water with a little mixture in it of course. (Loud laughter) The proper way to build the water works, he thought, was to let a company build them. The city could take $100,000 stock without incurring much more debt, although we had debt enough surely as it was. It really seemed to him to be the object of some parties to force the present scheme upon the people (cries of "that's so.") He could not imagine why the bill had not been given to the people sooner.

A voice—Was it the intention of the Corporation to hand ratepayers copies of the bill?

Mr. Macdougal—He fancied it was the intention of the water works committee to keep it back as much as possible.

Another elector—I suppose to keep it back from us until it became law.

Mr. Macdougal—Something of that sort. By glancing at our financial position it would be seen that we had a debt of $75,000 and a sinking fund of $25,000 to pay it.

An elector thought the city councillors had very little money to control.

Mr. Macdougal—Very little indeed. Some $18,000.

A ratepayer—Not so much when you come to pay for schools and other expenses.

Another ratepayer—Don't you think commissioners could build drainage?

Mr. Macdougal—Water works, without sewerage, is a farce. What the city councillors had to do was to show the people how to raise money for erecting water works. But to run down people's throats an obnoxious bill was a thing they could never do. If any of the rate payers present had any questions to ask him he would be happy to answer them.

Alderman Martineau on being called for stepped on the platform, and stated that he would say only a few words in English. He thought it very unbecoming in Mr. Macdougal to say things that he must know were incorrect, (Confusion). For instance he said that the printing was bogus. He also stated that Hamilton debentures sold only for forty cents in the dollar. He (Mr. Martineau) would prove in a few days (A voice—prove it now) that the Hamilton debentures sold for 98 cents in the dollar.

A voice.—How came their fire engines to be sold for debt then? (Cheers and Laughter.)

Mr. Martineau—The fire engines had nothing to do with the debentures. Another remark of Mr. Macdougal's he had to find fault with was that in which he stated that the water works bill had been purposely kept back by the Corporation.

Mr. Macdougal explained that he said the committee had kept back the bill.

Mr. Martineau—The bill was handed to the printer one week ago. It took some time to print it, and some time to translate it into French.

A voice—Was the committee not aware of the time the bill would take in preparation?

Mr. Martineau—The bill was distributed last week.

Mr. Macdougal—I had a French one sent me on Saturday night.

Mr. Campbell—How long would it take to translate the bill. An hour?

Mr. Martineau—That's all you know about it.

Mr. Campbell—I can get a man that could do it in that time.

Mr. Martineau—Then he must know more about it than you do.

Confusion and several speaking at once in the body of the hall.

A gentleman, whose name could not be obtained, here rose and said: Gentlemen, I am a rate-payer, and am as much interested in this question as you are. But allow me to tell you that Alderman Martineau was called to the platform to give his explanations, and these explanations he has a right to give. It is but consistent with British fair play that Alderman Martineau should get a hearing. (Cheers.)

A voice—Its but fair that Alderman Martineau should be heard. (Loud and prolonged cheering).

Alderman Martineau supposed he would be allowed a fair hearing. Mr Macdougal had made certain statements and he had a right to reply to them. (Cheers). He could honestly tell them it was not the intention of the Corporation to keep them in the dark as to the water works bill. Whatever private opinion he entertained as to the desirability of water works and the manner of building them, he should always waive that opinion in deference to the opinion of the public. He would tell them that the bill was at any rate dead. (Loud cheering). Public opinion had been found against it.

Ald. Martineau then addressed the audience in French. He felt glad at having the opportunity of addressing his fellow citizens on the. The great question on this occasion which was disturbing the serenity of the people of Ottawa at present was that of water works; and, with respect to the bill adopted with the view of having it presented to the Ontario Legislature, he might say that it was dead. It was certainly dead for the present. He was one who was strongly in favour of having water works constructed in Ottawa, and he had no doubt that there were but very few of the ratepayers who did not agree with him in that respect; but he as well as they was for having them only on the condition that they would not be the means of increasing the burden of taxation on the people. The ratepayers seemed to be in favour of water works, and at the same time opposed to them. The finances of the city were at present in a better condition than at any period since the construction of the Prescott & Ottawa Railroad. The debt incurred by the city for the building of the market would shortly be all payed off so that next year a handsome revenue would be coming into the city exchequer from that source. He referred to the great expense of maintaining a Fire Brigade system. It cost the city $10,000 per annum, and if they had water works this sum would annually be saved to the city. To show that they would not necessitate an increase of taxation he might state that on the $400,000 which was proposed in the bill to be acquired for the purpose, the annual interest would only be $24,000, while the water rent would amount to $35,000 annually. The speaker then made some statements in figures to show that the city was in a highly favorable condition as regards Finances for undertaking the construction of water works. Supposing they were to borrow $400,000 for water works purposes, $400,000 for sewerage to be constructed at the same time as the water works; and $200,000 to pay off the railroad debt they would have incurred a debt of one million dollars. The interest on this sum would amount annually, including the sinking fund, to about $70,000, while the revenue of the city alone at present amounts to $84,000. There was no city in Canada less burdened with debt than Ottawa. If the taxes were heavy on the people it was because all the improvements being done in the city were paid cash for. He felt confident they could have water works and a system of sewerage constructed, and thereby have the city put in its proper condition, and all done without increased taxation. He denied the statements made by Ald. Macdougall, and felt astonished at that gentleman's making them when he knew otherwise. Some person in the audience having at this stage made some remark derogatory to the speaker he took advantage of the opportunity to state that for some days rumours had been circulated calculated to injure his standing with his electors. These rumors were put afloat by obtrusive persons who had no interest at stake in the city; persons who were in town one day and somewhere else the next and little else to employ their time. Property holders who otherwise were in favor of water works had a peculiar objection to their construction. It was with respect to the non payment of the water rent by tenants. Tenants who were very frequently but temporary residents of any one place they thought would run away and that they would be obliged to pay the water rent. To dispel this fear he would state that the bill provided that the rent should be collected at four equal periods of the year, and consequently few tenants would be able to avoid the paying of the water rent. Then with respect to the objection that the water rent would be exorbitant he would give a few instances and ask if in them the rent was exorbitant A house valued at $400 would have to pay $4 per annum for water, and a house valued at from $500 to $1000 would have to pay $5 per annum. Proprietors of property only would be eligible to vote for the raising of money. It had been stated that the pipes would not be laid through all the streets He could tell them that they would. He was contradicted in this by a person in the audience and a slight discussion arose. No person would be compelled to pay for water into whose house the pipes were not laid. Mr. Turgeon interrupted, and said they would not have to pay for water directly, but would be compelled to contribute towards paying the interest on the money raised for the construction of water works. (Uproarious applause.) Mr. Martineau continued, that the water rent would more than pay the interest. Mr. Turgeon believed nothing, and no argument could bring conviction to his mind. His statement that Water Works could be constructed for $400,000 was based upon Mr. Keefer's report. Moreover, Mr. Keefer offered to build them for that sum and to give good security for their completion. With respect to building them by a company it was very natural to support that no company would undertake to construct them unless on obtaining a profitable contract, and was it not preferable that this profit should be left to the city. He had served the public for twelve years in the City Council, and if they had any objections to his conduct he would like them to come to himself and state them, and not go around to idle persons who only sought to make his position worse than it appeared to them.

Mr. Lauzon here rose and said Mr. Martineau had gone so far as to state that he had gone around starting false rumours against him.

Mr. Martineau—Mr. Chairman, I mentioned no name.

Mr. Lauzon—You stated that persons who had no interest at stake in the city, and who had nothing to do but trot horses about the country were acting derogatory to your interest.

Mr. Martineau—"How does the cap fit you."

Mr. Lauzon—If I have trotted horse about the country I paid for them

The resolution was then put and carried.

Mr. Wadsworth said he had a resolution to move, and in doing so would make only a few remarks. He had been surprised at the action of the City Council in regard to the water works bill. In regard to the bill Mr. Keefer came forward, and the first scheme he proposed was for $250,000; then we were told it was $400,000. Out of that $100 000 was to pay interest for the $400,000. Now, he had been told by a gentleman, who was well posted, that a million would be more like the sum. Why did the city councillors not boldly come forward at once and ask for this sum, and not keep the people of the city in the dark. But the councillors were afraid. Although they said before their constituents that they were not he believed they were afraid to come out boldly. [A voice—They come out by degrees). They were long speeches to be made by others so he would not detain tqem, but at once read the following resolution:

Moved by James Wadsworth, Esq., seconded by Robt. Lee, Esq., that before the construction of Water Works be commenced a statement be submitted by the Corporation to the ordinance land holders and Free holders of the city, setting forth the system to be adopted, and a definite sum named within, which the works accompanied by sewerage can be constructed, leaving it for the vote of said rate payers to sanction or reject said system.—Carried unanimously.

Mr. Lee, in seconding the resolution, said as he had been called upon he would make a few remarks on the all-engressing subject. It was a subject that they should not treat in haste or with indifference, but it should be discussed coolly, calmly and dispassionately. They might rest assured that the future of the city depended upon the steps they were taking in regard to the water works scheme. More depended upon it than any other scheme that has ever been submitted to them, and they should be very careful in dealing with it. It was no doubt a matter of great importance to have water works. When the city became more densely populated it would be an absolute necessity not only to have water works, but good sewerage to carry off the filth and dirt the water would wash away. He had long been a friend of water works, and he agitated the subject when he was in the City Council some years ago, but he let the matter drop, as he saw the same inclination to make a job of it then, as there was now. That a job was to be made of it, now was proved by the arrangement of the bill. He could say such a piece of legislation as that bill was, he never set eyes on. Its results would be first to create another Corporation within the present Corporation, a wheel within a wheel, and secondly as soon as it became law, it would compel them to elect commissioners to build the works. They would have no choice in this matter, for the bill once passed the law would compel them to poll their votes, no matter how much opposed to this they might be. And when elected what were the powers given to the commissioners. Very extraordinary powers indeed. He would read the clause giving them this power. (The clause was read). From this it would be seen that there was no use in the Corporation saying there were certain limits. There were no limits to the powers of the commissioners. No use either was it their saying that all they (the commissioners) requested to raise was $400,000. For some five or six years ago, he was one of a committee to construct water works without sewerage; the site where the Parliament buildings now stand was granted them, and by their calculations then they came to the conclusion that the work could not be done for less than $5 or $600,000, and he believed if commissioners were elected for the carrying out of the present scheme that it would not be carried out under one million dollars. Suppose the commissioners did raise $400,000 and the works were gone on with and half completed, the money was exhausted, was the $400,000 to be thrown away? Would it not rather follow that more money would be granted. And so on it would go to the end of the chapter until the works were completed. It was all then the purest nonsense to say the powers of the commissioners were limited. The commissioners according to the bill had also unlimited power to tax to any amount without any guarantee to the people that the works would be constructed. Here was another evil effect of this power. Suppose the commissioners did raise the $400,000 by debentures, what then? Might the commissioners not say that the people were not rich enough to buy the debentures, and that it would be necessary for two, three, or the whole of them to go to Great Britain or to the United States to find a market. Arriving there they could sell the debentures at what per centage they chose, and suppose one commissioner took the debentures to London, sold them there, and then forgot to come back. What would become of our money then? The people had no security from these commissioners That's one of the beauties of the bill. The speaker then dwelt on other powers given to commissioners in the bill and the abuses likely to follow. He condemned the whole system of the bill. The resolution, if adopted and acted upon, would put a check upon the danger referred to. A water works system should be adopted and laid before the people for approval. The Corporation should have proposed a short, concise scheme and submitted it to the people. The present Corporation scheme was before them—did they approve of it? (Cries of "No, No.") You say no, no; then you will soon have an opportunity of saying so at the proper place—the polls. (Cheers.) They should go to the polls with the corporation bill in one hand, and with the other point to it and ask every candidate: "Do you favor this bill or not?" and then they would know who to vote for. Show by your votes your disapprobation of the bill. (Cries of "We will; we will.") The speaker then mentioned different ways in which water works could be constructed. The best mode of construction was certainly by a company who risk all the money, and do not charge for water, until it is brought into the houses. (Cheers.) The speaker reviewed the remarks of Alderman Martineau, and advised all the constructors of the present bill to go to the polls with it and realize the reception it would meet with. If the people voted in favor of it, good and well. If not, they (the councillors) would soon realize the effects of their disapprobation.

The resolution was unanimously carried amid great cheering.

Mr. Turgeon as a citizen desired to express his opinion on the subject. The matter should be discussed thoroughly, calmly and dispassionately. Once before the subject had been brought up and thrown out, but not without reluctance on the part of some persons who threatened to yet carry their scheme. This is the next attempt. They tried to force it on them very quietly. It would appear that without water works we could not live. They had plenty of water around them; they had lived long without water works and he hoped they would live long yet without them. The water works had been advocated on sanitary grounds. A good many people like himself could not pay for the luxury yet. They should have sewerage and water works together He condemned the drainage of the system. The city was so much in debt that debentures to build water works could not be sold at par. Supposing as was told them $400,000 would build the works and that the amount was put in their hands how could they put pipes through 51 miles of the city as they would have to do instead of 24 miles as was calculated upon. If it cost $400,000 to build 24 miles of piping it would naturally cost more to build 51 miles of piping. Mr. Turgeon then went into calculations as to the cost of putting pipes into the houses not calculated in the plan proposed. He thought the members of the City Council were honest enough, but since the water works question came up it seemed as some blinding influence had come over them. He had considered the subject and bill, but for some time could not understand why the bill provided for extending the pipes to any distance within five miles of the city. But after tracing the subject up carefully from the base he found the cause of the insertion of that provision in the fact that His Worship the Mayor had property within that distance of the city. He did not blame the Mayor to act thus in his own interest. He would do the same himself if he had the opportunity. He would go for building the water works by a company. The City Corporation should take a $100,000 share and on the completion of the works give a like amount as a bonus. By having them constructed in this manner they would know what they would cost and once completed there would be no more expense with them connected. The question at the polls should be "for or against water works."

Mr. Pidgeon then read the following resolution and accompanied it with a few remarks.

Moved by Mr. Pidgeon, seconded by Mr. Louzon that a committee be appointed to draft a petition and wait upon the City Corporation with it embodying in said petition the substance of the resolution passed there this evening, and in the event of their failing in their object with the said Corporation, they do draft a petition, and get signatures to it to be sent to the Ontario Legislature with the same object. The members of the committee to be Dr. Beaubien, P. A. Egleson, W. H. Waller, Jas. Warnock and N. Germain, Esqrs., with power to add to number.—Carried unanimously.

Mr. Lauzon as seconder would make only a few remarks. He was decidedly opposed to water works. He referred to the statement made by Mr. Mosgrove in the Council chamber, when that gentleman stated that the Council had not treated the public properly. When a member of the Corporation made such a statement were the public to believe to the contrary? As regards the statement in figures by Ald. Martineau, he might say that if they relied upon him they would be relying upon a very poor financial man.

Ald. Heney was then called upon and in some remarks defended the Corporation against charges brought against it with respect to withholding the knowledge of the water works system from the public. He had thought from occasional conversations with ratepayers that the public were in favour of water works, but his opinion in this respect had been much changed by what he had heard that night. As a servant of the public he would obey their wish. He had never gone against their expressed desires, and he would not do it now. If the city's finances were in a condition to allow of the construction of water works, they should by all means have them constructed.

Mr. Waller denied the statement made by Ald. Heney, that the Council did not intentionally withhold information of the nature of the water works scheme from the public. Some time ago he had been informed by the prime mover in the commission scheme that it was the intention to distribute a few copies of the bill only when it was about being handed into the Ontario Legislature. He had informed Ald. Heney and Macdougal of the intention, and they succeded in having them printed and distributed.

After some remarks by Ald. Guerard, Goulden, and Lapierre the meeting broke up.

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QUEBEC.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

QUEBEC, Dec. 9.

Mr. Bellerose complained that the House was delayed by the printers.

The Hon. Mr. Robertson replied that ways and means would be taken up to prevent further delays.

Several Bills were introduced, among them one to amend the corporation of Quebec and Montreal.

The House went into Committee on Ways and Means, when the Hon. Mr. Robertson's resolution was read, that the House grant $1,868,431, which was carried.

Rather a warm explanation occurred between Messrs. Fortin and Tremblay on the Hon. Mr. Chauveau's resolutions respecting arbitration.

The debate was resumed.

Mr. Joly commenced by quoting the Lieutenant-Governor of Ontario's speech, congratulating the House on the very satisfactory and final solution of the arbitration question. In the name of the Province of Quebec he protested against the conduct of Ontario. Not only was he prepared to supporp the Government on the resolutions, but go further, by adding thereto. He need not refer to the conduct of Quebec. The Government at Ottawa last session was an eye-witness to the energy of the Treasurer in endeavoring to bring the difficulty to a satisfactory conclusion. Having studied the subject and examined the documents before the House, he decided that it was necessary to consider the position of Quebec and Ontario, and apply to the question the common laws of partnership, and enquire what were the liabilities and assets of each Province before the Union. We find Ontario was in debt $5,500,000, while Quebec had a surplus of $1,200,000. While the Union lasted Ontario became more populous and richer. To State affairs we must apply partnership law, and divide, according to the advantages and disadvantages. As to the resolutions proposed he would move the following amendment: "That the Province of Quebec regretts he Federal Government did not intervene when requested so to do. Despatches dated 8th August, asks the Federal Government to do justice in declaring null and void all proceeding after that date. The conduct of two arbitrators had been one sided throughout, refusing at any time to consider the status of such before entering into the alliance.

Hon. Mr. Robertson reviewed the arbitration proceedings previous to and since his accession to office, up to the meeting in the spring of this year at Ottawa, dwelling on the difficulties of arriving at a basis of proceeding on the Quebec and Ontario difficulty as to a proper starting point and mode of action. Ontario wished to consider the origin of respective items of debt, but afterwards altered her position. Quebec wished the principles of universal partnership adopted, but at length preliminary points having been decided against her a commencement was made. He contended that the six millions of debt with which Ontario entered the Union should be settled down against her, the latter resisting on the ground that the debt was spent on account of general utility. Ontario had been accumulating a debt of $500,000 per annum, and by Quebec aid and credit was enabled to complete public works begun, and reached a safe financial position. The principle of considering the assets of joint origin proper for equal division had been departed from to Quebec prejudice. He pointed out certain useless assets, such as Ottawa and Terrebonne counties debentures, and Quebec fire loan amounting together to nearly $700,000. While the Ontario clergy reserves absorbed four millions, Quebec only swallowed one million and a half in clergy reserves, and in the appointment of them and other items of account the Dominion arbitrator decided against Quebec, but it is not on account of Judge Day's resistance, but because the Arbitrators decided upon having only part of the case in a manner to render gross injustice to Quebec. Certainly in the whole of it the judge resisted this tendency of the Arbitrators, and judging these acts inconsistently and unfairly to Quebec, abandoned the commission. If the Dominion Government would not render them justice they would appeal to the Imperial Government; it would be monstrous to submit to the present decision giving Ontario half a million less debt than she was at first willing to accept, and Quebec hundreds of thousands more than fair. The injustice of the decision is manifest from a decision granting Ontario 14,000,000 as well as Quebec. The award was invalid also on the ground of Hon. Mr. Gray's Ontario residence. They must follow the statute. The intention of legislation is not to be speculated upon, for the language is carefully studied. It is impossible to come to any other conclusion than that this was a special and new court, therefore you cannot contain jurisdiction.

THE WAR.

Advices from Paris by balloon, to the 8th, say the situation is satisfactory. The Prussians were actively engaged constructing defensive works in the rear of the lines from which the French recently drove them.

TOURS, Dec. 9.—The Montargis Department of the Loire has been evacuated by the Germans.

The army of the Loire has again started on its forward movement.

A large number of prisoners had arrived at Paris who were captured in the battles east and south of the city on the second.

The Prussians in their attack hurled over one hundred and twenty thousand men against Ducrot, yet he held his ground and repulsed the enemy.

Advices from the garrison at Belfort to the 6th have been received.

The siege was progressing vigorously.

The Prussians attempted to storm the place, but were beaten off. One of their regiments was entirely cut to pieces in the attack.

It is reported that the British Government have concluded a contract for 60 batteries of mitrailleuse of 8 pieces each.

The story that Prussia contemplates the annexation of Luxemburg is authoritatively denied.

NEW YORK, Dec. 8.—The correspondent of the *Tribune* at the headquarters of the Saxon army at Etamps says that on the night of the 2nd the whole Saxon force was engaged, numbering 10,000. Before operations were commenced these splendid troops occupied positions at Noisy, Etamps, Cournay Villiers, and vicinity, The division of Wurtemburgers were commanded by Gen. Von O'Brenitz. A brigade of the Second Corps, which was co-operating, was made up of contributions from various portions of the same corps, and was commanded by Gen. Von Friensicke, who had the nominal direction of all operations, which were, however, supervised generally, as regarded the Saxons, by Prince George in person. In all, the German troops engaged and immediately supporting numbered about 22,000. The programme was complicated unexpectedly by a counter offensive operation, directed by the French against Villiers, with the intention of penetrating further and immediately breaking through the Cordon. This happened just as the Germans were pressing on to drive the French simultaneously passing out to take Villiers. I rode into Etamps, to be near the scene of the actual fighting. Prince George had shifted his headquarters the previous evening. I found the battle raging fiercely in the broken country to the southwest of that village. It was in and around the three villages of Brie, Villiers, and Champigny, that the bloody drama of the day before yesterday was enacted. When the curtain fell on that drama the Saxons stood fast in Villiers in spite of all that the French troops and the forts could do to dislodge them. Brie and Champigny are close under Fort Nogent, and are strongly armed by an earthwork on the verge of the forest of Vincennes, overhanging St. Maur-sur-Marne, which is also in the hands of the French.

LONDON, Dec. 9.—A despatch received in this city to-day which came by balloon post to Havre from Paris, announces that the news of the late defeats at Orleans has occasioned profound excitement in Paris. The success which attended the French movements at first had led the people to believe that the tide of victory was turning, and that the hour of their deliverance was at hand. The total overthrow of the army of the Loire has destroyed their last hope, and now nothing but famine or surrender stares them in the face. A collision has occurred between two bodies of the national guard, composed the one of moderate Republicans the other of extremists, in which several were wounded and one or two have since died.

The greatest activity still continues in the English dockyards. The Mediterranean squadron of iron-clads is to be further reinforced.

The defeat which the French received near Orleans was more complete than was at first supposed. The fighting lasted altogether for four days, and at the termination when the French gave way on all sides they left 15,000 prisoners and 77 guns in the hands of the Prussians. Four gunboats were also captured.

The Papal Zouaves suffered terribly.

The capitulation of Paris is looked for in three weeks.

There have been no cases of starvation reported, although provisions are scarce and dear. Prominent members of the Provisional Government are accused of swindling by means of fraudulent contracts for arms and food.

The Germans confidently expect to spend Christmas in Paris.

In the late battles in the vicinity of Orleans the forces were about equal, there being about 150,000 men engaged on each side.

BLANKETS. Cornwall, St. Lawrence and Empire Mills Blankets, in all sizes and weights, very cheap at
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

An Immense Stock of Ribbons, just marked off
For Novelties in Laces, Millinery and General Fancy Goods.
T. HUNTON SHOOLBRED & CO.
All the New Materials in Dress Goods French Merinos, both Plain and Fancy Very Cheap.
HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT.
OTTAWA Fire Company thankfully acknowledge the receipt, per hands of Chief Langford, of the sum of $14.15, being proportion of grant to the Brigade for services at the late Fire.
WM McCAFFERY, First Lieut & Treas.
Ottawa, Dec 10, 1870

GOD IS LOVE.
The Gospel of the Grace of God will (D. V.) be Preached on SUNDAY, the 11th, at 3 o'clock p.m. and 6.30 p.m., in the THEATRE, Wellington-st.
Ottawa, Dec 8, 1870

CITY AUCTION MART.
BY J. BERMINGHAM.
AUCTION SALE OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.
Plated Ware, Carpets, Sleighs, Cutters, Robes Blankets, Horse Rugs, Cook, Coal and Blast Giant Stoves, one Milch Cow, one Express or Lumber Team Sleigh. Steel Shod, nearly new, the property of Sheriff Powell.
The furniture consists in part of Extension Dining Table, Dining Chairs, Sofas, Bureaus, with and without Glass, Dressing Tables, Wash Stands, What-Nots, Hall Hat Stands, with Glass, Iron Bedsteads, Hard Wood, do, Chamber Sets, China, Glass and Crockery Ware, several tons and Piping.
Two large Sleighs, handsomely finished, for Family or Carters use, several Cutters and some good robes, 500 New White blankets, 400 pairs worn do, 250 Grey Blankets, 400 Horse Rug, and 400 pairs Moccassins. All to be sold without reserve, at the CITY AUCTION MART, York Street, on TUESDAY, the 13th Instant, at 11 o'clock, a m.
J BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.
Ottawa, Dec 10, 1870

"LILLIE LONSDALE"
—FROM—
ENGLAND.
THE GREAT CHARACTER ACTRESS
—AND—
SINGER.
AT THE
MUSIC HALL
OTTAWA,
WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY, DECEMBER 21st & 22nd.
TRAGEDY! COMEDY! OPERA! SONGS! DANCES! COSTUMES!
Tickets to be had at Messrs. J. L. ORME'S.
GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.
Ottawa, Dec 10, 1870

LIFE IN LARGE CITIES.
The fourth of the series of SERMONS to Young Men, will be preached in the Wesleyan Church, Metcalfe Street, TO-MORROW Evening.
—BY—
Rev. Wm. Stephenson
SUBJECT:
"THE CITY BY MIDNIGHT."
Ottawa, Dec. 10, 1870

PRIVATE BILLS.
Parties intending to make application to Parliament for Private Bills, either for granting exclusive privileges, or conferring corporate powers for commercial or other purposes of profit, or for doing anything tending to affect the rights or property of other parties, are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the House of Commons (which are published in full in the "Canada Gazette"), to give TWO MONTHS' NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object), in the "Canada Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected, sending copies of the first and last of such notices to the Private Bill Office.
All Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the first three weeks of the Session.
ALFRED TODD, Clk. Committees and Private Bills, House of Commons.
Ottawa, 8th Dec., 1870

TRAVELLERS GUIDE.

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY

Depart.........8 30 a.m., 12 noon, 10 p.m.
Arrive.........9.30 a.m., 3 48 p.m., 7.15 p.m.

The above trains connect at Prescott Junction with Grand Trunk Railway for all points south east and west.

Ottawa Office—York street, corner of Sussex street.

A & H TAYLOR, Agents.

LOCAL NEWS.

Devlin's Fur Depot

50 dozen Velveteen Hats, from 25 cents upwards. A large assortment of Flowers and Feathers. Trimmed Hats and Bonnets.

At the "Golden Lion."

R. L. JAMES & Co.

Carpets and House Furnishings made a speciality, at Garland, Mutchmor & Co's A large stock and new styles, at reduced prices.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

All Wool Tartans in all the leading clans. A large lot ex last steamer, at GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

Devlin's Fur Depot.

NOTICE.—Now is the time. Go and see C. P. Dorion, 60 Sparks Street, for stoves and stove-pipe fitting. No puff; but see for yourselves. Lumbermen and country Merchants come and see. The most complete House in this Line in the Capital, See Posters. C. P. Dorion, 60 Sparks Street. 1486 2m.

Devlin's Fur Depot.

AUCTION SALE.—It will be seen by Mr Bermingham's advertisement that he will sell, on Tuesday next, at his auction rooms, York street, a quantity of furniture, carpets, plated ware, sleighs, cutters, robes, and stoves, as well as a good milch cow, several pairs blankets, moccassins, and horse rugs. This is the season for those goods, and all in want should attend. Mr. Bermingham will sell without reserve.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT.—Mr. William McCaffrey, 1st Lieutenant and Treasurer of the Ottawa Fire Company, acknowledges in our advertising columns on behalf of the company, the receipt of $14.13 from Chief Langford, being the company's portion of the donation to the Fire Brigade for services at the late fire.

MISS LILLIE LONSDALE will make her first appearance in Ottawa on the 21st inst., in the Music Hall, in her varied drawing room entertainments which have been most favourably received by the public everywhere. Judging from the notices which appear in the newspapers of the various towns and cities she has visited, our citizens may rely upon having a rich treat. For particulars see the advertisement which appears in another column.

A LIVELY ROW.—An Irishman named Dennis Glynn, from the Gatineau, about half past three o'clock yesterday afternoon created a lively sensation at the corner of Elgin and Sparks streets, by attempting to give his wife a thrashing. A clerk in the employ of Mr. Maclean, auctioneer, gave warning of the pugilistic intention of the Irishman at the Police Station, and constable Banning immediately went to the scene of excitement and proceeded to put the handcuffs on the farmer, when his son struck Banning a violent blow on the face. The bystanders gave the constable some assistance and both father and son were taken to the cells and locked up. The old lady was thus saved from the degredation of receiving a castigation at the hands of her lord and master in the public streets. Constable Banning behaved in a plucky manner, and Mr. Maclean's clerk deserves credit for the assistance he rendered.

THE TEMPERANCE HALL READINGS, last night, were not particularly well attended, but there was some capital singing by Dr. Hutchinson, Mr. Somerville and others. There was a whiskey recitation by Mr. Fraser. Mr. Roger read Horace Smith's "Murmuring;" Mr. Davis, the Hedge Schoolmaster, by Croker; Dr. Leggo a graphic and touching domestic drama, and another gentleman read some ludicrous experiences with a bear.

Mr. Rose announced that he had concluded an arrangement with Dr. Mary E. Walker, the great advocate of Women's Rights, now here on a short visit who has consented to deliver a lecture on social reforms in Gowan's Hall, on Tuesday night. Dr. Walker was a surgeon in the army during the Southern Rebellion; has lectured with great success in Europe, believes in the equality of the sexes, and is one of the most able and earnest advocates of the prerogatives of women.

Fire Relief Fund.

Nov. 19—Acknowledged to date	$37,630 09
Nov. 21—Received from Pupils Girls School, Guelph, under Miss Walker, per. R. Torrance, Esq.	10 00
Part of a collection in Erskine Church, Montreal, per Messrs. Rogers & King	60 00
Nov. 22—Received from inhabitants of Buckingham collected by Messrs. Kenny and Higginson and the Misses Sauve and McNaughton	156 37
A Henderson, West Winchester	1 00
Nov. 30—Received, Proceeds Union Thanksgiving collection, Guelph, per Rev. E Ebbs	55 53
Dec. 1—Amount collected in School Section No. 6. North Gower, per. Dr. W. P Roach and H. Scott	43 04
Dec. 2—Received from County Council of Huron, per P. Adamson, C. Clerk, Goderich	400 00
Dec. 5—Received through A. C. Kelty, Esq., from J. F. Chatham, Esq., per Wm. Langton, Esq., £5 stg.	24 33
Contribution of sundry parties in Chambly, per S. T. Willett, Esq.	13 00
Dec. 6—Received, Thanksgiving collection in Dr. Muir's Presbyterian Church, North Georgetown, per Rev. D. M Gordon, Ottawa	82 50
Additional amount from Erskine Church, Montreal, per W. King, Esq.	2 00
Dec. 9—Received from inhabitants of Township of Brome per E. L Chandler, Esq. Mayor	300 50
Total	$38,778 36

JAS. CUNNINGHAM, Treasurer.

Ottawa, Dec. 9, 1870.

Lecture of Dr. Grant, M P.

A most instructive lecture was delivered last night by Dr. Grant, M. P., F. G. S., to a very meagre audience in the room of the Literary and Scientific Society, Mechanics' Institute, on the "Life and Times of an Ottawa Cystidean."

After the lecture Dr. Grant called upon any of the audience, who desired to do so, to state their views about the fossil in question.

Dr. VanCourtlandt then briefly addressed the meeting, and differed in opinion as to the representation drawn of the animal on one point.

Dr. Grant agreed with the speaker, but stated the painter was in error in that particular point. He then paid a very flattering compliment to young Mr. Billings (who painted the representation) on his judgment and knowledge of fossils, after which Dr. VanCourtlandt proposed a vote of thanks to the learned lecturer, which was seconded by Dr. Hill and passed unanimously.

REQUISITION

TO

C. W. BANGS, GEO. MAY, AND A. S. WOODBURN.

We, the undersigned ratepayers of Wellington Ward, respectfully request that you will allow yourselves to be put in nomination to represent Wellington Ward in the City Council for the ensuing year, and we pledge you our votes and influence to secure your return:

J B Lewis	Walker Powell
C T Bate	Dr Hill
F Clemow	George Hay
Alexander Duff	R Ryan
W H Lee	R W Cruice,
D O'Connor	Thomas Gallagher
P Thompson	J C Jamieson
D W Coward	A Fleck
G P Drummond	A Workman
W W Ward	E P Remon
N Robertson	A Ross
W Hunton	John Smith
J W Russell	Fred S Warwicker
J Roberts	J S Brough
M White	P Wright
Dr Wood	J Rait
G Mann	J M T Hannum
E L Perkins	S Edwards
C McConnell	R Stanley
H Robinson	E Hall
H Alexander,	George Fisher,
W H Smithson	W H Alexander,
F Braun	W S Weatherly
J C Stewart	T B French
J Baine	W Bretticour
W McKay Wright	John Bearman
John Jones	H Gough
Newell Bate	H Chepmell
H N Bate	H Hodges
Jos Mooney	C King
Alex Christie	J A Gouin
Alex Martin	N W Bethune
E Steacy	A Smirl
M Kavanagh	E J O'Neill
Thomas McKay	R A Bradley
W Hamilton	E Wyatt
W S Wilson	George Cox
W M Matheson	P B Bowering
J Sweetman	G P Baker
A Keefer	W Rice
P Coleman	J Durie
J S Durie	George L Orme
J L Orme	H Brough
E M Holbrook	Jas Aumond
J W Musgrove	Jas Wadsworth
J Stockdale	R W Cassells
J Buchanan	A Christie
John Carter	E Miles
D Eastwood	H Pace
R McCarter	H McLean
G Cram	G Edwards
P Quinn	J Macdonald
W Hutchinson, jr	R L James
H G Maigny	R H Haycock
Jas Cox	T M Clark
S McLaughlin	Alex Burritt
Jas Ritchie	W J Topley
M Patterson	P Morrisey
T W Thompson	John McCarthy
John Harvey	G M Rose
I B Tackaberry	G Hutchinson
G J Blyth	H V Noel
F McDermott	John Lamb
W Frst	H P Hill
John Neville	J C T Cochrane
R E Jamieson	G Franklin jun
D Robertson	C H Pinhey
G Franklin sen	J Latchford
T McKain	J Watchorn
John Church	J Watchorn jun
John Kays	John Stanley
F Sauve	Robert Robertson
James Strachan	Robert Burns
Peter Brown	E F Doudiet
James Mathew	D P Williams
H G Dunlevie	Donald Sinclair
Thos Cruse	M Bishoprick sr
R W Baxter	M Dolan
C J Anderson	M Dolan jr
C W Shay	Martin Ryan
J B Stanton	John Deegan
F Hunter	Martin Murphy
H E Steele	Samuel McLaughlin
[illegible] Lewis	Wm Davis
Grant Seymour	D Egan
John Torrance	Geo Taylor
R B Small	Charles Heney
George H Lane	Thomas Dunn
H A Wickstead	George Nicholson
W A Himsworth	Richard Code
W H Lee	John McMillan
Wm Gardner	James Cunningham
H A Jones	Edward Wallace
Thomas C de Plessis	Malcolm Cameron
A A Catellier	George E Armstrong
H C Hay	William Gaul
A J Christie	Alex Mortimer
R Edward Kimber	Samuel O'Brien
A O Audy	Arthur Lindsay
F X Lambert,	George A Sheldon
J Audette	Wm. Butterworth
J V de Boucherville	C Walcott
J L Mann	J P Macpherson
D Stark	Alex Begg
J B Monk	W C Smillie
W Gaul	W C Gillelan
John Leggo	Wm Jamieson
Henry Earl	J S Johnston
J H Pinhey	M Bishoprick, jr.
George F Austin	R J Williams

REPLY.

To,—

J B Lewis	Dr Hill
C T Bate	George Hay
F Clemow	R Ryan.
Alex Duff	R W Cruice
W H Lee	Thomas Gallagher
D O'Connor	J C Jamieson
	&c., &c.

GENTLEMEN,—

In compliance with your respectable and numerously signed requisition asking us to allow ourselves to be put in nomination for the representation of Wellington Ward in the City Council, we deem it our duty to accept the candidature, and, if elected, pledge ourselves to work for the best interests of the city.

We remain,
Gentlemen,
Very respectfully,
C. W. BANGS,
GEORGE MAY,
A. S. WOODBURN.

Ottawa, Dec. 8, 1870.

STRAYED.

REWARD.

Strayed during the past three days a Rough Brindled TERRIER DOG, blind, answers to name "Gyp." The finder of the same, alive or dead, will be suitably rewarded, by applying to Mrs. Mowab, Albert-st., West.

Ottawa, Dec 10, 1870 1535 1

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE

OF

CROCKERY, CHINA AND GLASSWARE,

COMMENCING

On MONDAY, DECEMBER 12th, 1870.

The subscriber has received a very large consignment of the above goods from an extensive manufacturing firm in Staffordshire, England, consisting of China, Stone Ware, Rockingham Ware, Yellow Ware, Glass Ware in Glass Dishes, Decanters and Tumblers of different kinds. The consignment is large and will be sold without reserve.

Terms of sale cash.
Sale at 2 and 7 o'clock.

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, Dec. 8. 1535td

TO LET,

A DWELLING HOUSE containing (10) ten rooms. Rent £40 per annum. Possession immediately. Corner Sussex and St Patrick Streets. Apply at the Flour Store.

THOS. McKAY.

Dec. 9, 1870 1535a

WARNING

We hereby forbid any person or persons, hiring or harboring

Edward Garry	Eli Larose
Timothy Cowan	James Johnston
John Kenwick	James Shea
David Burke	Amable Scirois
George Marcott	Malcolm Cloutier
David Duem,	[illegible] Thibeau
David Auger	Joseph Moore
Michael Garvin	P Rioux,
Henry Potvin	Joseph Ledoucier
Michael Kearney	Albert Ledoucier
James McCormick	Benjamin Bolenger
John Cavanagh	John Mallette
Alex Meron	T Laundreau
Charles Burke	William Jocque

Or any of them, they having deserted our employment at different times, and broken their contract of hiring and services entered into with us.

And we hereby give notice, that we will prosecute, any, and every person hiring or harboring any of the abovenamed.

PERLEY & PATTEE.

Ottawa, Dec 10, 1870 1535 1w

REQUISITION TO AMOS ROWE, Esq

SIR,—The retirement of Chas T Bate, Esq., from the Council Board, creates a vacancy in the representation of Wellington Ward, for which we, the undersigned Electors of the Ward, request you to be put in nomination, and we feel every confidence in your ability to properly discharge the duties of Alderman for our Ward, and we pledge our votes and influence to secure your election

We are, Sir,
Yours &c.,

John Esme	Thos Hunton
A J Stephen	H McCormick
Joseph Metcalfe	Wm Young
A W Lang	A Mathewman
S Gouldtarite	A Titus
Alex Christie	A Mitchell
John Walsh	Wm Moore
J Levin	H Minore
E VanCortlandt	R W Stephen
J Browse	A Swalwell
Weldon Champness	[illegible] Shoolbred
P Stiff	Jas Birkett,
D Wilson	J Evans
S Skinner, jr	John Purdy
C P Dorion	Robt Hardy
H Hodges	Robt Stanley,
Alex Sparks	S Greenfield
Nicholas Sparks,	John Cook
Thos P Stiff	J T Barram
Wm Chalmers	A C Mowbray
E P Rowsell	J Kavanagh
Fred H Hunton	H Michaels
James Lang	H Nelson
Eugene Robitaille	Thos Demsey
Alfred Brown	A Wilson
John Dewan	Alex Mills
John Lyon	T Beament
J J Radford	W J Powell
H J Meaforth	F Patrick
J Douglas	D Murphy
Thos Mills	E Lang
H Musgrove	Henry Bennett
Edward Daniels	Geo H Macaulay
Thos Isaac	John Garvin
Jas Forrester	Wm Elson
H M Thompson	R J Shaw
W Hearn	Stewart Woodland
A Fotheringham	E C Hayden
J Dwyer	Francois Lemieux
J Roos	W R Wright
A Hutson	J R Smith,
R Abbott	Thos Clark
R Sparks	James Adamson,
Jos K Esmonde	J E B McCready
Thos Beveridge	John O'Connor
A McCormick	Wm M Goodeve
Saml Christie	Wm Williamson
J Offord	Thomas Walker
C Roger	Robt Hick, jr
Wm Brown	G Kennedy.

REPLY.

To Sheriff Powell and 150 others:

GENTLEMEN,—In answer to the requisition signed by you asking me to represent Wellington Ward as Alderman for the ensuing year, I beg to state that I will have pleasure in allowing myself to become a Candidate for the said responsible position, and if elected, you may rest assured that everything will be done by me to the best of my ability to further the interests of Wellington Ward, and also the welfare and prosperity of the City generally.

I am, Gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
AMOS ROWE.

December 6, 1870 1533tf

SEIGNIORIAL INDEMNITY TO TOWNSHIPS' FUND.

Whereas by Order in Council of date APRIL 30, 1867, it is directed that as regards the claims of Municipalities to participate therein, the above Fund shall be finally closed on the 31st DECEMBER of the present Year. Notice is hereby given that all claims which can in any wise after the distribution thereof must be lodged in this Office on or before the date above named, after which date no alteration can be made in the said distribution.

Finance Department,
Ottawa, Dec 9, 1870. 1533tD21

ROUSILLON PORT.

Received a fresh consignment of this delicious Wine. It is full flavoured, of great body, and guaranteed purity.

ALICANTE.

A Sweet Red Wine of delicate flavour and bouquet, invaluable for invalids.

This wine has been specially imported as a pure Wine to be used in the Holy Communion.

The following gentlemen have kindly allowed their names to be used as references:

Ven Archdeacon Fuller, Toronto.
Rev J Beaven, D D, "
Rev G B Read, D D, "
Rev E Baldwin, "
Rev W S Darling, "
Rev A Williams, "
Rev J D Cayley, "
Rev W H Davis, "
Rev S Bedford Jones, L L D, Ottawa

—ALSO—

A full Stock of Brandies, Gins, Jamaica Rum, Proof and Old Rye Whiskey. Sherries, Still and Sparkling Moselle, Champagne, Malaga, Maderia Malvoisie, Neyan Curacoa Creme de Menthe, Creme de Moka, Chartreuse, Maraschino, English and Canadian Ales and Porter, &c, &c, &c.

J. P. MACPHERSON,

Wine Merchant

Elgin Street.

Agent for Quelton, St George & Co's pure French Wines.

Ottawa, Dec 10, 1870 1536y

R. L. JAMES & CO.

DRESS GOODS.

A large
assortment
worth
from 20 to 90 cents,
at 15 to 80.

A

SPECIAL LINE

of
French
Merinos,
very cheap.

BLACK SILKS,

very
much under
Market
value,
and
considerably
lower
than
present
Ottawa prices.

MILLINERY.

It is
now
pretty
generally
known
that in this
Department,
especially the prices,
are EXCEEDINGLY MODERATE,

AT THE

GOLDEN LION.

R L JAMES & Co.

ATTENTION!

If you want Choice VIRGIN HONEY, call at the New GROCERY STORE, Corner of Sussex and York Streets.

If you want SUPERIOR CHEESE, call at the New GROCERY STORE, Corner of Sussex and York Streets.

If you want FIRST-CLASS DAIRY BUTTER, call at the New GROCERY STORE Corner Sussex and York Streets.

—ALSO—

New Crop West End, Layers, Valencia and Seedless Raisins and Currants, Fresh Turkey Figs, Malaga Grapes, Lemons, Choice Imperial Prunes, Canded Peels, Gelatine, Crosse & Blackwell's Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies, and Marmalades, Fresh Oysters, Lobsters Seguin Mackerel, Salmon and Tomatoes, with a choice lot of Scotch and English Ales and Porter, Wines and Brandies, Gin, Scotch Whiskey, Jamaica Rum, Old Rye, Syrups and

JOHN A. BITTERS,

CONSTANTLY ON HAND,

At the New GROCERY STORE, Corner Sussex and York Streets.

Extra Fine Green, Black and Japan Teas, Rio, Java and Turkey Coffee.

—ALSO—

Fine Family and Pastry Flour, Oat and Corn Meal, at the NEW GROCERY STORE, Corner Sussex and York Streets.

J. M. C. DELES DERNIERS,

Corner Sussex and York-sts.

Ottawa, Nov 29, 1870 1526tf

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

DR. HENRY has removed his Residence and Surgery to the corner of Bank and Victoria Streets, near the Parliament Buildings.

December 1, 1870. 1528b

NOTICE.

COUNTY OF CARLETON, To Wit.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the Courts of GENERAL SESSIONS of the PEACE, and COUNTY COURT, in and for the said County of Carleton, will be holden at the COURT HOUSE, in the City of Ottawa, on TUESDAY the Thirteenth day of DECEMBER, 1870, at the hour of TEN of the clock, A. M., of which all CORONERS, BALIFFS CONSTABLES, and all others concerned are required to take Notice and govern themselves accordingly.

WM F POWELL,
Sheriff.
By W H FALLS,
Deputy Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Ottawa,
December 1st. 1870. 153 d5&gwl

LOST.

Between the Hours of 2 P M and 5 P M, yesterday afternoon, a SMALL POCKET BOOK containing five FIVE DOLLARS Bank of Montreal Bank Notes. The finder is requested to leave the same with the Door-Keeper of the Eastern Block Parliament Buildings.

Ottawa, Dec 8, 1870 1533tf

JUST RECEIVED,

FRENCH MERINOES,

GENUINE FRENCH MERINOES,

Fine, Wide, Heavy, and Warranted all Wool, in the following Colours:

LIGHT BROWN,
MID BROWN,
DARK BROWN,
VIOLET,
AGULINE,
MAROON,
RIFLE GREEN
ROSE,
DRAB
and
SCARLET.

Really better Goods than sold other years at 3s. 9d., for 2s. 6d. per yard. The Nicest, Cheapest, and most durable Dress, for either street or in-door wear, in Ottawa.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

20 Sparks Street

Ottawa, Nov. 30, 1870.

DRY GOODS!

DRY GOODS!

DRY GOODS!

PATTERSON & BRYSON.

In consequence of our great success since opening we have been obliged to lay in a large additional Stock, which we will mark as low as heretofore, being determined to retain our already well established character, for selling cheaper than any other House in the Trade.

IN CANADIAN GOODS

We have made such arrangements with the best Factories in the Dominion as will enable us to keep constantly on hand a large and well Assorted Stock of Tweeds, Flannels, Blankets (Grey and White), Cotton and Linen Bags, Cotton Yarn, Hosiery, Underclothing, etc., etc., etc.

—ALSO—

An entirely new and well assorted Stock of British and Foreign Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, which have been marked at prices to defy competition.

REMEMBER THE PLACE,

53 Sparks Street,

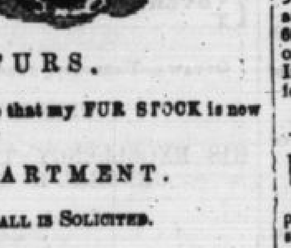
Directly Opposite

BATE & Co.

PATTERSON & BRYSON.

JAMES PEACOCK,

FURS, FURS,



FURS, FURS.

I beg to intimate that my FUR STOCK is now complete in every

DEPARTMENT.

AN EARLY CALL IS SOLICITED.

Remember the place,

83 Rideau Street.

OPPOSITE OLD STAND.

CHARLES J. TASKER, Accountant: Books posted. Accounts made out. Apply at the office of H P Hill solicitor, References: Dr Hill, C H Pinhey

Ottawa, Nov 5, 187

BUY YOUR CHRISTMAS PRESENTS

From the Ladies of Knox Church, Daly Street, at their BAZAAR, opposite Bate & Co, Sparks street, on the 13th and 14th DECEMBER. Good Music, good Luncheon, Oyster Soup. Contributions received on the 12th, in the Room

Ottawa, Dec 5, 1870 1531td

THE TEA POT,

RIDEAU STREET.

The Proprietor begs to inform the lovers of THE TEA POT and the public generally, that the alterations are now completed, the whole premises having been thoroughly renovated and stocked with

New and Fresh Goods

Of the very best quality. He is now prepared to execute orders Wholesale and Retail, and every article will be guaranteed, as they have been selected with the greatest care.

Teas in great variety,
Coffee--the very best—roasted and ground daily,
Raisins, Currants, Figs, &c., &c.,
Port Wine, Sherry Wine, Brandy,
English Old Tom Gin—Booth's, Bernard's & Thompson's.

An Old Lady's Evening Wish.

My wishes soar not very high,
Nor do they widely roam
These moderate wishes are confin'd
To comforts found at home.

Give me what I enjoy so well—
A snug domestic scene;
And take my word, I fell myself
As happy as a Queen,

I'll tell you what I wish for now—
'Tis not a large desire;
I wish to sit at perfect ease,
Beside my evening fire.

I wish a friend or two would call,
To ask me how I do;

Then truly happy I should be,
And they'd be happy, too.

I'd set the tea things on the tray,
And we should all agree,
While taking ever-welcome cups
Of JOHN HILL'S wholesome tea.

The tea would gladen ev'ry heart,
And brighten every face;
And nothing more could we desire
In such a happy case.

With JOHN HILL'S Tea I always crown
The comforts of my home;
And when I can partake of this
My wishes seldom roam.

All goods delivered free (within the limits of the city) by our own waggons, and every attention will be paid to proper packing and delivery.

JOHN HILL,
"THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET.

T HUNTON SHOOLBRED & Co

47. SPARKS ST. 49.

Will receive this week "per Express," from LONDON, England,

2 CASES OF MILLINERY,

Containing the VERY LATEST Styles in

Bonnets, Hats,

and some very Choice things in

Flowers, Feathers and Trimmings,

Per S. S. "MORAVIAN."

1 Case Extra Cloths, in the new

Satin Cloths,

Trimming to match all our Fashionable

Dress Goods.

—ALSO—

1 Case of Newest

Mantle Cloths.

The "OLIVE GREEN" appears still prove the most fashionable, and of the above we are in receipt of ten piece

"New Seal and plucked Otter Skins hand."

Fancy Wove Goods still arriving.

Clouds, Breakfast Shawls, Ties &c.,

in endless Variety.

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO
47 and 49 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, Oct 11 1870.

IF YOU WANT

TO SAVE MONEY

GO TO THE

PEOPLE'S TEA STORES,

—BY—

P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.,

No. 36 Rideau St., and Duke St., Chaudiere,

OTTAWA,

Where from their great increase of business and the large addition now put to their Store, with a well selected Stock, and constant attention on their part, will enable them to sell at prices not to be equalled elsewhere.

There will be found always on hand a general assortment of

GROCERIES,
TEAS in particular, imported,
LIQUORS, WINES, BRANDIES,
GIN, IRISH and
SCOTCH WHISKEY,
Gooderham & Worts'
HIGHWINES
OLD RYE, and PROOF,
With a fine assortment of Christmas and New Year's FRUITS and SYRUPS.

—ALSO—

WINTER APPLES,
ORANGES and LEMONS,
CHEESE, HAMS,
and BACON.

Remember our Motto—"Quick Sales and light Profits."

Try their TEAS.

Ottawa, Nov 29, 1870 1526

A GENERAL MEETING of the Stockholders of the Ontario Peat Company will be held at the Russell House, Ottawa, on Tuesday, the 6th December next, at 12 o'clock, noon, for the organization of the Company, under the Act of Incorporation, for the selection of Directors, and for the transaction of general business.

Ottawa, Nov 22, 1870 1521

FOR SALE, OR EXCHANGE

For Property in Montreal, improved or unimproved, the new Mansard Roof Stone House situated in Victoria Crescent, having all the modern conveniences of heat, water and gas, good out-building, on an ample Lot, and enjoying the finest river view in Ottawa. For further particulars apply to W. C. SMILLIE, on the premises, or at the Office of the BRITISH AMERICAN BANK NOTE COMPANY, Wellington Street.

Ottawa, Dec. 3, 1870 1530 1m

FROM THIS DAY FORTH I change the prices of all my Wood, that is to say, best Hard Wood $4 75, Sawn $5.00; Second best Hard Wood, 4.25, Sawn $4.50.

My Saw Mill is now in constant operation and ready, and will cut promptly in obedience to all orders.

JOHN HENEY.

Ottawa, Dec, 5. 1531-tf

DR. DICKINSON,

RESIDENCE AND SURGERY, Kent Street

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS.

Ex. Ships COGNAC, NEREO, UNION and CITY of QUEBEC, from the different places of Growth.

It is now AN ESTABLISHED FACT

If you want any First-Class BRANDIES or WINES and the best Family Groceries, you must go to

Thos. Patterson,

No. 26 Rideau Street.

The following Goods in Stock and for Sale:

BRANDIES.—Pure and unadulterated, good for any use, always on hand in Wood or Bottle.

PORT WINE—Pure and reliable (20 years old) for Medicinal purposes and the only House in the City that imports such WINES direct to order.

SHERRY WINES—Various grades, very, very Pale, (delicious favour.) Splendid Wines at a price to defy competition.

GIN—John De Kuyper & Son's Double-Berried, First-Class.

SCOTCH WHISKEY—Old and Mild, (full strength.)

RUM,

OLD RYE,

FAMILY PROOF,

AND

HIGH WINES,

of the best kind.

PORTER AND ALES.—Guiness's Dublin and Dawe's, Lachine, in splendid order

COFFEE.—Delicious Flavour. Fresh Roasted and Ground Daily.

TEAS.—The best qualities of Black, Japan, and Green, new crop and fragant.

SUGARS and SYRUPS of all kinds.

CHEESE—Fine old (Reesors and Factory) the best.

PICKLES and SAUCES, Jams and Jellies from Crosse and Blackwells, in great variety.

FRUITS.—The finest table and cooking raisins that can be had, large fresh and rich flavored.

CURRANTS.—Quite fresh and Candied Peels.

SPERM CANDLES and fancy perfumed soaps, the greatest variety in the city, and made to order by Field of London, England. There is an endless variety of those fine goods worthy of SPECIAL ATTENTION FOR FAMILIES, being of the finest qualities atmoderate prices Everybody should know that to use good goods saves money. TRYTHEM.

Ottawa, December 5, 1870.

CANADA AND

U. S. PATENT AGENCY.

Patents solicited in Canada and the United States; Trade and Timber Marks, Industrial Designs, Copywrights, Transfers, &c., registered on the shortest notice, Copies of Laws, Circulars, and information, sent free on application. Drawings prepared and copied.

Charges moderate. United States Patents particularly attended to. Several valuable Patent Rights for sale.

T. G. COURSOLLES,

November 26, 1870 1524tf

A SPECIALITY.

THE ULSTER OVER-COAT

Is the Great Novelty in

GENTLEMEN'S GARMENTS

This Season.

A Specimen on View, at
MAGEE & RUSSELL'S.

Ottawa, Nov 30, 1870 1537tf

ST. JAMES' HOTEL,

METCALFE AND QUEEN STREETS.

The Proprietor, G. R. EVANS,

Begs respectfully to announce to the public in general that the above premises will be opened for business this day, 29th inst., and hopes by strict attention to business and moderate charges, to merit their patronage and favour.

Ottawa, Nov 29, 1870 1526tf

RETAIL ADVERTISEMENT.

MAGEE & RUSSELL,

SPARKS STREET,

Have opened up within the last few days several CASES and BALES Assorted DRY GOODS, to which they respectfully invite attention.

Ladies, please observe the following carefully, their being many articles enumerated worthy of Notice:

DRESS DEPARTMENT.	New Tartan Plaids, Brown and Grey Wincies, French Merinoes and de Laines, " Satin Cloths, Black Lustres and Alpacas, Black and Colored Silesias, " and " Casbans, Glove Finished Cambrics.
SILK DEPARTMENT.	Black Velveteens, Colored Plushes, French Crapes, Silks and Satins.
DOMESTIC DEPARTMENT.	Grey and White Cottons, " " " Sheetings, Table Napkins and Damasks, Huck Towels, Cotton and Linen Diaper, Grass Linen and Hollands.
WOOLLEN DEPARTMENT.	Set. Saxony Flannels, Fancy Shirting do, English and Canadian Blankets, Waterproof Tweeds, Overcoatings.
HOSIERY & GLOVE DEPARTMENT.	Breakfast Shawls, Fancy Woollen Goods, Ladies Set. Hose, Gent's Underclothing, Kid Mitts and Gloves,
RIBBON AND LACE DEPARTMENT.	Black and Coloured Velvet Ribbons, Tartan Velvet Ribbons, Black and Coloured Silk Ribbons, Tartan Silk Ribbons, New Linen Sets, Black and White Silk Laces, Hair Nets, New Style, Hair Puffs and Rolls, Cambric Handkerchiefs, Cushion Tassels, White Filacelle, Coloured Silk Twists.

Our Stock, for extent, variety, quality and price, stands unrivalled in Ottawa.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, Dec. 8, 1870.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

14 RIDEAU STREET,

Have now received a full supply of

NEW FALL GOODS

—IN ALL—

DEPARTMENTS.

Ottawa, September 26, 1870

OTTAWA AND GLOUCESTER

ROAD COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that the Annual General Meeting of the Stockholders of the Ottawa and Gloucester ROAD COMPANY, will be held at the Office of FRANCIS CLEMOW, Esq., in the City, on MONDAY, the 12th day of DECEMBER inst., at the Hour of TEN o'clock, a. m., for the Election of DIRECTORS for the ensuing year and for the purpose of receiving the Annual Report of the Secretary and Treasurer for the current year.

By order

W. H FALLS,
Sec-Treasurer.

Dated this 3rd day of December, 1870. 1532 1w

TESTIMONIAL

—TO THE—

HON. SIR JOHN A. MACDONALD,

K.C.B., &c., &c., &c

The friends of Sir JOHN A MACDONALD propose to present that distinguished Statesman with a substantial Testimonial in recognition of his long and unselfish public services

Steps are being taken to afford his friends in all parts of the Dominion an opportunity of joining in the proposed manifestation of esteem and regard.

The following gentlemen compose, (with power to add to their number,) the Committee at Ottawa:

The Hon. JAMES SKEAD,
His Worship the Mayor J ROCHESTER, Jr, Esq,
THOS REYNOLDS, Esq.
R W SCOTT, Esq, M P P,
Dr GRANT, M P,
E McGILLIVRAY, Esq,
H V NOEL, Esq.

H V Noel, Esq., has consented to act as Treasurer, to whom all communications may be addressed.

For the information of intending subscribers, the names of the gentlemen composing the Central Committee at Toronto are subjoined, viz.:

His Worship the Mayor, S B HARMAN, Esq.
The Hon G W ALLAN
The Hon D L MACPHERSON,
The Hon JOHN CARLING, M P,
JOHN CRAWFORD, Esq, M P,
ANGUS MORRISON, Esq, M P,
F W CUMBERLAND, Esq, M P P,
J G WORTS, Esq,
E H RUTHERFORD, Esq,
W H HOWLAND, Esq,
G P RIDOUT, Esq,
JOHN SHEDDEN, Esq,
THOMAS DICK, Esq,
FRANK SHANLY, Esq,
T C CHISHOLM, Esq,
N BARNHART, Esq,

Ottawa, Dec 6, 1870 1533d

NOTICE

Is hereby given that the Corporation of the City of Ottawa will apply to the Legislature of the Province of Ontario, at its next Session, for an Act to amend the Act Incorporating the Ottawa City Street Passenger Railway Company.

W P LETT,
City Clerk.

Ottawa, Nov 11, 1870 1511 law 8w

Insurance.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY of Canada, Head Office, Toronto.

Pr ent—The Hon John Hillyard Cameron M.P.
Vice President—Lewis Moffatt, Esq.
Other Directors—C J Campbell, Esq, Hon Malcolm Cameron, W T Macdonnell, Esq, A R McMaster, Esq, H S Howland, Esq, Geo Duggan, Esq, A T Fulton, Esq, Angus Morrison, Esq, M P J S Crooker, Esq.
Banker—The Canadian Bank of Commerce.
Agents for Ottawa—Messrs J T & W PENNOCK.

The rates of the PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY are as low as its long experience has shown to be profitable.

The test of the value of insurance is, however, not when the premiums are being paid, but when losses are being settled, and, from the equity and promptness of its settlements the Provincial Insurance Company is second to none.

Its Inspectors are alway sent to adjust every important loss directly it occurs.

It has no adjusted losses due and unpaid.

It respectfully solicits a share of the patronage of the insuring public of Ottawa.

ARTHUR HARVEY, Manager.

1298tf

UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY *OF MAINE.*

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No. 104.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 35 The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.
B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B.
For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON, Auditor.

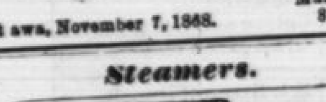
have this day, deposited with the Receiver-general, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN, Manager.

Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

Steamers.



THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COY'S STEAMERS.

MAIL STEAMER

"QUEEN VICTORIA,"

CAPT. BOWIE,

Has commenced her regular trips between Ottawa and Montreal, with Mails and Passengers, leaving Ottawa at 7 a m. daily.

MARKET STEAMER

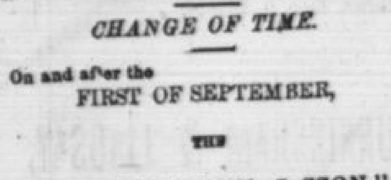
"FAIRY"

CAPT. NICHOLS,

Will commence running her regular trips from Major's Wharf to Ottawa ever Monday and Saturday leaving Major's at 5 a m, and Ottawa at 4 p m.

R W SHEPHERD.

Ottawa, April, 25, 1870 1341tf



UNION FORWARDING RAILWAY COMPANY

CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after the FIRST OF SEPTEMBER,

THE STEAMER "ANN SISSON,"

Will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted) a 7 a. m., for Des Joachims, and intermediate ports. The steamer

"JASON GOULD"

Will leave Pembroke Daily at 2 p. m. steamer

"SIR JOHN YOUNG"

Will leave Havelock daily at 7 a. m. for Chapeau. Returning will leave Chapeau at 1 o'clock p. m.

R S CASSELS, President.

Ottawa, August 22, 1870 1444tf

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOW

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER:
First Cabin, Payable in Gold:
Liverpool or Queenstown $100 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.
Liverpool or Queenstown 35 00
PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VI HALIFAX.
First Cabin, Payable in Gold.
Liverpool or Queenstown $100 00
Halifax 20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer 45 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.
Liverpool or Queenstown 30 00
Halifax 15 00
John's, N.F., by branch steamer 30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's Offices, JOHN G. DALE, Agent, 15 Broadway, New York, or HERRICK & CROMBIE, Ottawa.

DOMINION TELEGRAPH INSTITUTE,

34 KING STREET EAST, TORONTO, ONT.

ESTABLISHED IN 1868,

For the purpose of qualifying Operators for the TELEGRAPH AND RAILROAD LINES

Then and now so rapidly building in the Dominion and United States. It is become one of the Permanent Institutions of the Country.

And has turned out OVER 100 OPERATORS,

Who now fill important positions with GOOD SALARIES,

LADIES and GENTLEMEN desiring to learn this light and honourable profession, should do so at once. The average length of time required is three months. Ladies learn more rapidly than gentlemen. Both sexes admitted from 14 years of age and upwards.

For full particulars and terms address T H CHURCHILL, Toronto, Ontario.

Ottawa, September 22, 1870 [illegible] 13

FOR SALE.

A beautiful country residence with Fifteen (15) Acres of Land (or more if necessary) attached; the house and outbuildings being completely surrounded by a grove of lovely shade trees. The whole within 10 minutes drive of the Government Buildings.

Terms of sale, cash, if preferable to purchaser therwise a small payment down, and the balance in from 1 to 10 years, to suit purchaser.

Apply to the Proprietor, R A BRADLEY, Solicitor, Elgin-st., Ottawa. Nearly opposite the Post Office.

N. B.—Money to lend on Real Estate. Terms easy.

OUT TO-DAY.

THE Canadian Parliamentary Calendar AND Directory for 1870.

To be obtained ... OPE & CO., and JONES & HOLLAND

1366tf

Medical.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

As a family Remedy it is well and favourably known relieving thousands from pain in the Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Has now been before the public for a length of time and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions have been properly followed, but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing the Diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it.

Price only Twenty-five Cents per bottle.

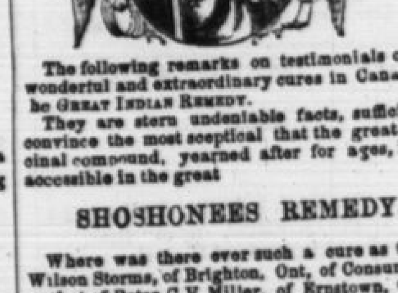
NORTHROP & LYMAN.

Sold in Ottawa by H F McCarthy, J Skinner, John Roberts, J P Featherston, George Mortimer, W M Massey, and all Medicine Dealers.

November 30, 1870 1527y

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!



The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

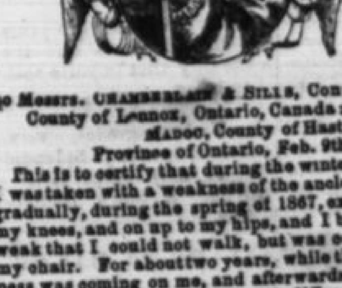
They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hecey, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1. 13y



To Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:
Madoc, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869.

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings his ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hope, less; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle

A F WOOD, J P.
Warden County of Hastings. Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.

TRADE—MARK. GARDNER MONTREAL. For sale by DRUGGISTS AND GROCERS ... ttawa.

GARDNER'S QUININE WINE BITTERS,

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons covering from illness. For sale in quart bottle; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children—it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardener's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best task for GARDENER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.
Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

J GARDENER, Chemist, 457 Notre Dame street, Montreal, Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

DUTCH BULBS!

The Subscriber has just received a full assortment from a celebrated Grower in HOLLAND, both for Spring Gardening and in-door Culture.

THE ASSORTMENT INCLUDES
Hyacinths, many varieties,
Tulips, "
Lilies, "
Narcissus, "
Jouquills, "
Anemones, "
Ranunculus, "
&c., &c.

The Flower Roots above mentioned not coming to hand till late in the season, are offered for sale at low prices.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE, Druggist, 40 Sparks-st, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Nov. 18, 1870 1517yl

Medical.

GABRIEL'S PREPARATIONS

TRADE MARK. MANUFACTURED ONLY BY. MESSRS GABRIEL. Dentists. LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.

FOR THE TEETH.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH.

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers.

MESSRS. GABRIEL, The old-established Dentists, 64 Ludgate Hill, London, And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth. Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache, no matter how far decayed. Price is 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations.

GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth. Price 5s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE, for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; it is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.

See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it. Price 5s.

PARTIES AT A DISTANCE REQUIRING ARTIFICIAL TEETH may have them supplied, in partial or complete sets, on Messrs. Gabriel's new system, by sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of One Guinea, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded, with all necessary instructions Messrs. Gabriel will undertake to Remodel or Repair Artificial Teeth made by other Dentists, [which do not prove satisfactory], at moderate charges.

Messrs. Gabriel's Pamphlet on Artificial Teeth and Painless Dentistry on receipt of postage.

All letters to be addressed to 64 LUDGATE HILL, LONDON. 1323 2aw6m 1awk6m

MADRID 1867. PRIMERA CLASE. PARIS 1867. LONDON 1862. MENTION HONORABLE. GENERAL EXCELLENCE.

Alkabasar

ARRIVED AT LAST!

This elegant Turkish TONIC is one of the most salutary and delicate preparations ever submitted for public approval in this hemisphere, and asserts its pretentions to patronage on the following grounds:—

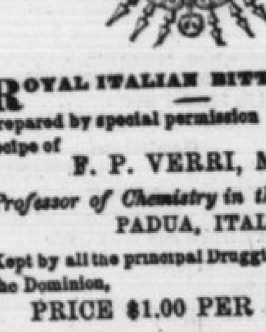
That it is a preparation of one of the most eminent Purveyors to the Ottoman Court.
It prevents acidity of the Stomach.
It relieves lowness of spirits.
It is a mild and invigorating tonic, and a ost efficient but innocuous stimulent.
It renders the breath sweet and agreeable.
It stimulates the appetite if taken BEFORE meals.
It promotes digestion if taken AFTER meals.
It neutralizes the prepensity for strong liquors.
It renders the intellect bright and clear.
If taken habitually it imparts vitality and energy to all the bodily organs.
By its use a man of 70 will become, as it were, restored to the elasticity of 30; and to persons of delicate constitutions it is strongly recommended.
It is an especial favourite with Oriental ladies.
Secure, then, health, longevity and vital energy by the habitual use of the
ALKABASAR TURKISH TONIC.

Kept in stock by the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.

For directions for use see labels on bottles.

HENRY CHAPMAN & CO., EVANS, MERCER & CO., Montreal, Sole Agents for the Dominion

Montreal, July 6. 1415-y



ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission on the original recipe of F. P. VERRI, M. D., *Professor of Chemistry in the University of* PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion,

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI, Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F GIANELLI.

H. R. FRIPP,

ORGANIST AND TEACHER OF MUSIC.
Residence—Elgin Street, South of Slater Street.
Classes for beginners at Mr Gowan's Hall on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 4½ p m.
Ottawa, July 15th, 1870, 1416 tf

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory o Paris. Lessons on Piano ar 1 Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street.
Ottawa, June 23, 1868.

LOST

From the Farm of MRS. STEWART on the bank of the Canal, on the 2[illegible]th inst., TWENTY-THREE LAMBS. marked with a stroke on the back with ar. Information to be given to WM SLATTERY, Butcher By Ward Market.

Commission Merchants.

J. BERMINGHAM,

GENERAL AUCTIONEER.

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his Spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit continuance of the support and patronage liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate, that in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p. m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required.

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 25.

Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hands for sale.

J BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, March 1870.

W. M. FOOTE & COMPANY,

IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALER

—IN—

TEAS AND WINES,

6 HOSPITAL STREET

MONTREAL.

Ottawa August 23, 1870 1444tf

DOMINICK FOX.

GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,
Clarence Street, next to the City Hotel Ottawa.

Solicits the patronage of the Lumber Merchants generally on the Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging men and attending to their rafts while passing here to the best of his ability.

REFERENCES.
Alex Fraser, Esq. Walter Smith, Esq.
Joh oupore, Esq. R W Cruice, Esq.
1324t.

W. H. EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS, FORWARDERS

DEALERS IN

Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.

OTTAWA,
End of Little Sussex-st.

Cash advanced on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases

W. H. EASTON R. M. EASTON

FOR SALE.

MESS AND PRIME MESS PORK.

FLOUR NO. 1 & EXTRA

WHITE BEANS,

At Ottawa, Sand Point and Pembroke.

S CHRISTIE, No 5 Sparks street.

a a Ma 18, 1870

GOVERNMENT HOUSE.

OTTAWA, 26th day of Sept., 1870.

PRESENT

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs and under and in virtue of the authority given by the 8th Section of the Act 31 Vic. Cap. 6, intituled "An Act respecting the "Customs." His Excellency has been pleased to make the following Regulation:

Grand Harbour, in the Island of Grand Manan, in the Province of New Brunswick shall be and the same is hereby erected into an Out Port of Customs, and attached to the Port of Campo Bello (Welchpool.)

WM. H. LEE, Clerk Privy Council, Canada.

Ottawa, Oct. 4, 1870. 1478 3

GOVERNMENT HOUSE.

OTTAWA, Thursday, 22nd day of Sept, 1870

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs and under and in virtue of the 54th Section of the Act 31st Victoria Cap. 6, intituled "An Act respecting the Customs.

His Excellency has been pleased to Order and it is hereby Ordered, that the Out Port of Port Ryerse attached to the Port of Dover, in the Province of Ontario, be and the same is hereby constituted and appointed to be a Warehousing Port, within the meaning of that Act.

WM. H. LEE, Clerk Privy Council, Canada.

Ottawa, Oct. 4, 1870. 1478 3

Medical.

Ayer's Hair Vigor,

For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.

A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. *Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color with the gloss and freshness of youth* Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

HAIR DRESSING,

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,
PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS,
LOWELL, MASS.
PRICE $1.00.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

For Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption.

Probably never before in the whole history of medicine, has anything won so widely and so deeply upon the confidence of mankind, as this excellent remedy for pulmonary complaints. Through a long series of years, and among most of the races of men it has risen higher and higher in their estimation, as it has become better known. Its uniform character and power to cure the various affections of the lungs and throat, have made it known as a reliable protector against them. While adapted to milder forms of disease and to young children, it is at the same time the most effectual remedy that can be given for incipient consumption, and the dangerous affections of the throat and lungs. As a provision against sudden attacks of *Croup*, it should be kept on hand in every family, and indeed as all are sometimes subject to colds and coughs, all should be provided with this antidote for them.

Although settled *Consumption* is thought incurable, still great numbers of cases where the disease seemed settled, have been completely cured, and the patient restored to sound health by the *Cherry Pectoral*. So complete is its mastery over the disorders of the Lungs and Throat, that the most obstinate of them yield to it. When nothing else could reach them, under the *Cherry Pectoral* they subside and disappear.

Singers and Public Speakers find great protection from it.

Asthma is always relieved and often wholly cured by it.

Bronchitis is generally cured by taking the *Cherry Pectoral* in small and frequent doses.

So generally are its virtues known that we need not publish the certificates of them here, or do more than assure the public that its qualities are fully maintained.

Ayer's Ague Cure,

For Fever and Ague, Intermittent Fever, Chill Fever, Remittent Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical or Bilious Fever, &c., and indeed all the affections which arise from malarious, marsh, or miasmatic poisons.

As its name implies, it does *Cure*, and does not fail. Containing neither Arsenic, Quinine, Bismuth, Zinc, nor any other mineral or poisonous substance whatever, it in nowise injures any patient. The number and importance of its cures in the ague districts, are literally beyond account, and we believe without a parallel in the history of Ague medicine. Our pride is gratified by the acknowledgments we receive of the radical cures effected in obstinate cases, and where other remedies had wholly failed.

Unacclimated persons, either resident in, or travelling through miasmatic localities, will be protected by taking the *AGUE CURE* daily.

For *Liver Complaints*, arising from torpidity of the Liver, it is an excellent remedy, stimulating the Liver into healthy activity.

For Bilious Disorders and Liver Complaints, it is an excellent remedy, producing many truly remarkable cures, where other medicines had failed.

Prepared by DR. J. C. AYER & Co., Practical and Analytical Chemists, Lowell, Mass., and sold all round the world.

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

DARLEY'S ARABIAN OIL FOR HORSES AND CATTLE

A NEVER-FAILING REMEDY.

This valuable preparation combines all the medicinal virtues of those articles which long experience has proved to possess the most safe and efficient properties for the cure of Flesh Wounds, Sprains, Bruises, Galls of all kinds, Cracked Heels, Ring Bone, Spavin, Callous, Pistula, Sweeney, External Poisons, Scratches or Grease, Strains, Lameness, Mange, Wit-ows, Corns, Sand Cracks, Foundered Feet, Corn Distemper, Swellings, and many other diseases which horses and cattle are subject to.

The celebrated Liniment has been used for many years, and its curative properties horoughly tested, and it is conceded to be the cheapest and most reliable remedy for all external complaints ever offered to the public—it never fails when timely used and faithfully applied.

To be had of all Druggists and Country Merchants throughout the Dominion. Price 25c. per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, Ont. Proprietors.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W M Massey, H F McCarthy, J Skinner, in Ottawa, all Medicine Dealers.

November 24, 1870 1522tf

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly, (which are published in the "Ontario Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of he Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the Session.

CHARLES T GILLMOR, Clerk of the House.

Toronto March 15, 1870 1369 td 1awk.

NOTICE.

I hereby give notice that I shall not be responsible for any debt contracted in my name after this date without my written order.

[CHAS. GOULDEN.

Ottawa, Augus 6-2m

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.
W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.
REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

PRESERVE YOUR ROOFS.

PATENT PLASTIC SLATE PAINT,

Is the best and cheapest material in use for preserving new, or repairing old

IRON OR TIN ROOFS,

No matter how bad their condition. Also first rate for

SHINGLE ROOFS,

Making them

FIRE AND WATER PROOF,

Hardens into a coating of SOLID SLATE by exposure.

Price $6 a barrel, mixed ready for use.
A barrel will cover 10 squares (10 x 10).

SHEATHING FELT

For lining Frame Buildings under the clap boards. An effectual protection against cold, damp and vermin. Rats and mice will come near it.

No FRAME DWELLING should be without
Send for ircular, instructions, &c.

BUCHANAN & CO.,
Wholesale Depot for Roofing Materia and Founer's Supplies, 32 Lemoine Street, Montreal.

Ottawa, September 21, 1870 1468

A. E. GENDREAU,

HAIR DRESSING PARLOUR,
Wellington street,
Opposite the Bank of Montreal.

MR GENDREAU, the proprietor of that so popular Parlour, has the pleasure to announce to his numerous friends and the public in general, that to answer to the great encouragement which he has received up to the present, he has determined to enlarge and thoroughly furnish anew his establishment He will save no expense to render Parlour the most comfortable, and o-procu he most experienced hair dressers.

MR GENDREAU having served considerable time in some of the best and most extensive Hair Dressing Saloons in the Dominion and United States, is in a position to conduct the duties of his establishment in a manner that cannot be surpassed.

He will have always on hand the best perfumes imported directly from Paris and London.

MR GENDREAU solicits a visit to convince all of the truth of his statements

SATCHELL BROS

BUTCHERS TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Beg to intimate to their customers and th public generally, hat they will keep constantl on hand

FRESH KILLED

STALL-FED

BEEF AND MUTTON.

ALSO,

THEIR CELEBRATED

SPICED AND SALT ROUND,

AND

ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES,

To be had at THEIR STALLS,

Nos. 5 and 7,

BY-WARD MARKET

FOR STYLISH SIGNS AND HANDSOME WALL PAINTING GO TO THE LANG PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT A. W LANG, Sparks Street.

No Benzine or Coal Oil used.

PEOPLE'S TELEGRAPH COMPANY

Incorporated under Chapter LXVII of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada.

OTTAWA OFFICE—G P DRUMMOND'S Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.

DIRECTORS:

A JOSEPH, Chairman; D C THOMSON, Treasurer; S B FOOTE A THOMSON, T H DUNN. DRMMUOND Manager 1141tf

TWO OR THREE GENTLEMAN can be accommodated with

ROOMS, WITH OR WITHOUT BOARD.

Apply at MR. ROWSELL'S, Opposite the Union Hotel, Centre Town.

Ottawa July 5, 1870. 1400 tf

EDGAR DOWARD, Organist, Christ Church, teacher of Organ, Piano and Singing. Residence—O'Connor street. Mr. Doward was formerly Choirster Boy and Articled Pupil of Mr W. Done, of Worcester Cathedral, England.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

In the matter of

JOSEPH HENRY CASSELS,

the Village of Kenmore

AN INSOLVENT.

ASSIGNEES SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power vested in me as Assignee of the estate and effects of the above named Insolvent, I shall offer for sale by Public Auction, at the Court House, in the City of Ottawa, at the hour of 12 o'clock, noon on FRIDAY, the TWENTY-FIFTH day of NOVEMBER next, all the estate, right, title, interest and equity of redemption of the said Insolvent, and of myself, as such Assignee as aforesaid, in and to that certain parcel or tract of land and premises situate, lying and being in the Township of Gloucester, in the County of Carleton, containing by admeasurement fifty acres of land be the same more or s, being composed of the west quarter of lot number two, in the third Concession of the said Township, Rideau Front.

Terms and conditions made known at the time of sale, and particulars can be had by applying

CHAS BAILLIE, Assignee, 401 Notre Dame St.

Dated Montreal, 17th Sept, 1870. 1469 3aw27i

GREAT CENTRAL AIR LINE ROUTE

VIA

GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.

[The Model Road of Canada]

To Sarnia, Detroit, Milwaukee.
CHICAGO,
Cincinnati, St. Louis, New Orleans, and all Points in the West and South.

NORTHERN TRANSPORTATION CO'S
20 First-Class Upper Cabin Steamers.
DAILY LINE BETWEEN
OGDENSBURG & CHICAGO,
Making sure connections with Railway for all Points West and South.

Parties going west can secure Tickets at this office to any Point desired,
VIA
ALL RAIL OR ALL BOAT
Fares always cheaper than by any other Route.

Be sure and procure TICKETS at this office by the

GREAT CENTRAL ROUTE
AND SAVE MONEY, TIME AND DISTANCE.

Comparitive distance of the several Western Routes to Chicago:
American—Ogdensburg or Prescott to Chicago .... 850 miles
Grand Trunk to Detroit .... 736 do
Grand Trunk to Toronto, Great Western to Detroit .... 730 do
Leaving in favor of the Great Central Route .... 120 do

For TICKETS to any Points in the United States, and all information apply to

J T CORCORAN,
General Western Railway and Steamboat Ticket office, at H Palmer's store, next to Fingland & Draper's, Sussex st, two doors from Rideau-st.

IN CHANCERY.

Pursuant to a decree of the Court of Chancery, made in a cause Spain vs. Watt, the Creditors of Martin Spain, late of the Township of Nepean, in the County of Carleton, who died in or about the month of NOVEMBER, 1867, are on or before the 15th NOVEMBER next, to send by post prepaid, to Messrs. Kennedy & Christie, of the City of Ottawa, the Solicitor of the Defendants, Arthur Watt, the Executor of the deceased, their christian and surnames, addresses and descriptions, the full particulars of their claims, a statement of their accounts and the nature of the securities (if any) held by them, or in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said decree.

Every Creditor holding any security is to produce the same before me at my Chambers, at the City of Ottawa, on the 23rd day of November, 1870, at 11 o'clock, in the forenoon, being the time appointed for adjudication on the claims.

Dated the 21st day of October, 1870.
(Signed), W. M. MATHESON, Master at Ottawa.

SCOTT & ROSS, Plaintiff's Solicitors.
Ottawa, Oct 24, 1870 1495 1d

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,

OTTAWA,

10th day of November, 1870.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

Whereas it has been represented to His Excellency, that the public convenience would be promoted if the Out-Ports of St Armand and Rousse's Point, which are situate in closer proximity to the Port of St. John's, than to hat of Montreal, with which they are now connected, were detached from the last mentioned Port and placed under the survey of he Port of St. Johns; His Excellency on the recommendation of the Hon. the Minister of Customs, and under and in pursuance of the 8th section of the Act 31st Victoria' Chapter 6, intituled:

"An Act respecting the Customs," has been pleased to Order, and it is hereby Ordered that on, from and after the First day of December next the Out-Ports of St. Armand and Rouse's Point shall be and they are hereby respectively detached from the Port of Montreal and placed under the Survey of the Port of St. Johns, in the Province of Quebec.

WM. H. LEE, Clerk Privy Council,

PRESTON & ROWSELL.

MILITARY TAILO —AND— *HABIT MAKERS*

NO. 36 SPARKS STREET

PRESTON & ROWSELL.

A SELECT ASSORTMENT OF

Tweeds,
Broad Cloths,
Doe Skins,
Fancy Coatings,
Vestings, &c.

SHIRTS MADE TO ORDER

Ottawa, July 26, 1870.

PRESTON & ROWSELL.

HIGHER EDUCATION.

HELLMUTH COLLEGE.

Board and Tuition per annum, $22 .

HELLMUTH LADIES' COLLEGE

Inaugurated by H. R. H. Prince Arthur. Board and Tuition $236 per annum.

PRESIDENT:—The Very Rev. I. Hellmuth, D.D., Dean of Huron

For Particulars pply to Major Evans, London, Canada West.

August 5, 1870. 1 [illegible]

Sarsaparilla,

PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

The reputation this excellent medicine enjoys, is derived from its cures, many of which are truly marvellous. Inveterate cases of Scrofulous disease, where the system seemed saturated with corruption, have been purified and cured by it. Scrofulous affections and disorders, which were aggravated by the scrofulous contamination until they were painfully afflicting, have been radically cured in such great numbers in almost every section of the country, that the public scarcely need to be informed of its virtues or uses.

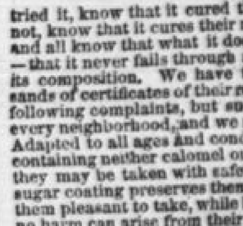
Scrofulous poison is one of the most destructive enemies of our race. Often, this unseen and unfelt tenant of the organism undermines the constitution, and invites the attack of enfeebling or fatal diseases, without exciting a suspicion of its presence. Again, it seems to breed infection throughout the body, and then, on some favorable occasion, rapidly develop into one or other of its hideous forms, either on the surface or among the vitals. In the latter, tubercles may be suddenly deposited in the lungs or heart, or tumors formed in the liver, or it shows its presence by eruptions on the skin, or foul ulcerations on some part of the body. Hence the occasional use of a bottle of this *Sarsaparilla* is advisable, even when no active symptoms of disease appear. Persons afflicted with the following complaints generally find immediate relief, and, at length, cure, by the use of this *SARSAPARILLA: St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Sore Ears,* and other eruptions or visible forms of *Scrofulous* disease. Also in the more concealed forms, as *Dyspepsia, Dropsy, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Neuralgia,* and the various *Ulcerous* affections of the muscular and nervous systems.

Syphilis or *Venereal* and *Mercurial Diseases* are cured by it, though a long time is required in subduing these obstinate maladies by any medicine. But long continued use of this medicine will cure the complaint. *Leucorrhœa* or *Whites, Uterine Ulcerations,* and *Female Diseases,* are commonly soon relieved and ultimately cured by its purifying and invigorating effect. Minute Directions for each case are found in our Almanac, supplied gratis. *Rheumatism* and *Gout,* when caused by accumulations of extraneous matter in the blood, yield quickly to it, as also *Liver Complaints, Torpidity, Congestion* or *Inflammation* of the *Liver,* and *Jaundice,* when arising, as they often do, from the rankling poisons in the blood. This *SARSAPARILLA* is a great restorer for the strength and vigor of the system. Those who are *Languid* and *Listless, Despondent, Sleepless,* and troubled with *Nervous Apprehensions* or *Fears,* or any of the affections symptomatic of *Weakness,* will find immediate relief and convincing evidence of its restorative power upon trial.

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.
Practical and Analytical Chemists.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

For all the purposes of a Laxative Medicine.



Perhaps no one medicine is so universally required by everybody as a cathartic, nor was ever any before so universally adopted into use, in every country and among all classes, as this mild but efficient purgative *Pill.* The obvious reason is, that it is a more reliable and far more effectual remedy than any other. Those who have tried it, know that it cured them; those who have not, know that it cures their neighbors and friends, and all know that what it does once it does always—that it never fails through any fault or neglect of its composition. We have thousands upon thousands of certificates of their remarkable cures of the following complaints, but such cures are known in every neighborhood, and we need not publish them. Adapted to all ages and conditions in all climates; containing neither calomel or any deleterious drug, they may be taken with safety by anybody. Their sugar coating preserves them ever fresh and makes them pleasant to take, while being purely vegetable no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.

They operate by their powerful influence on the internal viscera to purify the blood and stimulate it into healthy action—remove the obstructions of the stomach, bowels, liver, and other organs of the body, restoring their irregular action to health, and by correcting, wherever they exist, such derangements as are the first origin of disease.

Minute directions are given in the wrapper on the box, for the following complaints, which these *Pills* rapidly cure:—

For **Dyspepsia** or **Indigestion, Listlessness, Languor** and **Loss of Appetite,** they should be taken moderately to stimulate the stomach and restore its healthy tone and action.

For **Liver Complaint** and its various symptoms, **Bilious Headache, Sick Headache, Jaundice** or **Green Sickness, Bilious Colic** and **Bilious Fevers,** they should be judiciously taken for each case, to correct the diseased action or remove the obstructions which cause it.

For **Dysentery** or **Diarrhœa,** but one mild dose is generally required.

For **Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the Side, Back** and **Loins,** they should be continuously taken, as required, to change the diseased action of the system. With such change those complaints disappear.

For **Dropsy** and **Dropsical Swellings** they should be taken in large and frequent doses to produce the effect of a drastic purge.

For **Suppression** a large dose should be taken as it produces the desired effect by sympathy.

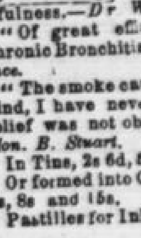
As a *Dinner Pill,* take one or two *Pills* to promote digestion and relieve the stomach.

An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and bowels into healthy action, restores the appetite, and invigorates the system. Hence it is often advantageous where no serious derangement exists. One who feels tolerably well, often finds that a dose of these *Pills* makes him feel decidedly better, from their cleansing and renovating effect on the digestive apparatus.

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical Chemists,
LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.

Ottawa, August 7, 1870.

FOR ASTHMA.



and Chronic Bronchitis

DATURA TATULA,

Affords Immediate Relief.

"A remedy of great power and usefulness.—*Dr W. Parker.*

"Of great efficacy in cases of Asthma and Chronic Bronchitis. —*Dublin Journal Medical Science.*

"The smoke causes no nausea. When the right kind, I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."—*General Alexander to Hon. B. Stuart.*

In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.
Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, Boxes, 2s, 5s and 15s.
Pastilles for Inhalation, Boxes, 2s 6d, ...
SAVORY & MOORE, 143, New Bond-st., London.

AGENTS—Messrs F. Cundill & Co., Montreal

FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION of COD LIVER OIL, the fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive activity, superior to Pepsine.

Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 2s, 4s 6d, ... and 12s6d. Pancreatine Wine, bottles, ...

N.B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil.

AGENTS— Messrs. F.

NOTICE.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF ONTARIO.

TORONTO, 29th October, 1870.

Notice is hereby given, that the last day for receiving Petitions for Private Bills will be WEDNESDAY, the TWENTY-EIGHTH day of DECEMBER next.

CHARLES T. GILLMOR, Clerk.

STRAYED,

Into the subscribers premises on the night of the 17th, a KID, with collar and chain attached. The owner can have it by proving property and paying this advertisement,

ROBERT SKEAD

Ottawa, Nov 21, 1870

SEMINARY FOR YOUNG LADIES,

A Branch of the Monklands Villa,

MARIA ESTABLISHMENT, MONTREAL

The Sisters of the Congregation de Notre Dame respectfully inform the public that they will open their classes on the 1st September.

Besides the Boarding School a Select Day School is attached to the establishment.

For particulars and terms apply to the LADY SUPERIOR.

Corner of O'Conner and Wellington Streets.

Ottawa, August 12, 1870 1453tf

THE HOWLEY FARM TO LET.

Lot No 30, 1st Concession of Gloucester Front, containing 300 acres, 150 acres well cleared and in good state of cultivation, opposite Manotic, and fifteen miles from Ottawa, with good fences, a fine dwelling house, two story high, barns and outhouses complete, is now to let on reasonable terms, fo term of years. Apply for further particulars to CHARLES ROWAN, Ottawa.

Ottawa September 5, 1870 1464

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, 38 Sparks-st., Centre Town, Ottawa. James Cotton, Managing Director.

The Times

VOL. V. NO. 1537. OTTAWA, MONDAY DECEMBER 12, 1870. PRICE—3 CENTS

A WANTED, who can make from $5 to $10 a day. Address, T. W. FARRELL, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Nov 11, 1870 151 1m

Legal.

J. W. W. WARD, Barrister at-law, Advocate, &c., Opposite Russell House, Ottawa Canada.

WRIGHT & CLEMOW, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c, &c, for the Provinces Ontario and Quebec. Office over Durie's Book Store, Sparks street.

W McKAY WRIGHT 1zw F C CLEMOW.

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.

ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMELL.

EDWARD P. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

KEEFER & KIMBER, Barristers and Conveyancers, &c., for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec. Office—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.

AUGUSTUS KEEFER. RENE EDWARD KIMBER.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

J. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 962y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 356tf GEORGE TAILLON

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 396tf

Medical.

DOCTOR HENDERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Surgery—That recently occupied by Dr. Malloch, Duke st, Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1388y

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

GEORGE HUTCHISON, L. D. S.,

SURGEON DENTIST,

Sparks Street

OPPOSITE "TIMES" OFFICE.

DR. HUTCHISON is fully prepared to supply whole SETS of TEETH, or to insert single Teeth where wanting, on either gold, silver or vulcanite rubber palates, fitting so closely and easily to the mouth as to be capable of all the uses to which natural teeth are applied, without the slightest inconvenience to the wearers, and after being for a short time in use, without even a consciousness of the presence of a substance originally foreign to the mouth.

Dr. H. with a view to the removal of painful consciousness during the operation of extracting decayed or diseased teeth, has introduced into his practice the use of the Nitrous Oxide or laughing gas, which the sufferer inhales without danger or inconvenience, and loses his tooth as it were in a pleasant dream.

He may be consulted any day, except Sunday, at this office from 9 a. m. to 6 p. m.

Ottawa, September 2, 1870

Hotels and Saloons.

THE METROPOLITAN, AUMOND'S BLOCK, Rideau Street Ottawa.

1981 P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

WAVERLY HOUSE, BARRINGTON-STREET, HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA, Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.

969y JOHN REYMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE, Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.

E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor, (Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

☞ A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT, M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brandies Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

☞ Dinners, Lunches, &c.

MR. DUIGNAN'S, SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA

A few more gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen visiting the Capital will find superior accommodation by the day or week at moderate terms. N. B.—This house is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Parliament Buildings and the ... 219tf

THE UNION HOUSE, W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR, CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS OTTAWA.

EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.

The Bar always supplied with the

CHOICEST LIQUORS,

And the table spread with

EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON

Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.

C. T. R. HIGGINS,

Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co., General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufactures and Mining Agent. Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mann Bros Hardware Store.

DANCING AND DEPORTMENT.

Mrs Robert Stewart having made arrangements with an accomplished lady teacher, announces that her Dancing Classes will commence on Wednesday, the 22nd instant

Further particulars may be obtained on application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street.

Ottawa September 9th, 1869. 1148tf

WANTED.

An experienced First-class Common School Teacher, who is not afraid to compete (so far as his profession is concerned) with any person in either Province, desires an engagement in Ontario, to date from the first of January next. Best of references.

Address, stating salary, &c.,

A D PRATT, Hull, P. Q.

Hull, 31st Oct, 1870 1502tf

Groceries.

DENIS WHELAN,

39 RIDEAU STREET,

OTTAWA

HAVING OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT

(nearly opposite the Old Stand,)

Offers for sale at VERY LOW PRICES a large and well selected stock, comprising Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy Soaps, Sauces, Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, Candles, Coarse and Fine Salt. Also, *Bordeaux and other Vinegars*

MESS PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS,

and the numerous other articles necessary to constitute a complete stock.

TEAS—

Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial Young Hyson, quite fresh and cheap.

COFFEE

Fresh Coffee *ground* and *roasted* daily on the premises.

LIQUORS—

Cognac Brandies Renault & Co, Hennessy, Piper's and other brands.

HOLLAND GIN—

De Kuyper's and Houtman's, in wood bottle.

WINES—

Sherries of all grades, Ports of fine quality, Burgundy, Souterne and Maderia Wines all prices, in wood and bottle, improved by age.

HIGHWINES, OLD RYE, PROOF AND WHISKEY

high proof and flavor, at extremely low prices.

... Dunville's Irish Whiskey,
Murphy's Old Irish Potteen.
Guinness' and London Porter, pts and qts.
Molson's and other Ales.
Sugars and Syrups, all grades.
Sale at refiners' prices.

THE OLD STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE SELLING AT TWENTY-FIVE PER CENT BELOW COST.

Now is the time for bargains. 1105

1870. 1870.

SPRING IMPORTATIONS.

O'MEARA & CO.

Beg most respectfully to intimate to their friends and customers that they have just received and have ready for inspection

A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

CLOTHS AND TWEEDS

Suitable for the coming season, comprising

ENGLISH, FRENCH, SCOTCH AND CANADIAN MANUFACTURES OF THE

NEWEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE DESIGNS.

☞ THE READY-MADE

CLOTHING DEPARTMENT

is also very complete, and will be found of the best materials and most fashionable styles.

Special attention is called to a

LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

SPRING AND SUMMER OVERCOATS

OF THE NEWEST STYLES.

Suspenders, Scarfs, Ties, Collars, Shirts, Gloves, &c, &c. Together with a large and well assorted stock of

☞ DRY GOODS. ☜

Tailoring Department under the supervision of a first class cutter

Suits made to order in best and latest styles Good fit ensured or no sale.

A. DUFF O'MEARA & CO

Hardware.

BLYTH & KERR,

No. 25 RIDEAU STREET,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c.

☞ All work in any of the above branches executed in a prompt and workmanlike manner.

Special attention given to Roofing and fitting up Galvanized Iron and Tin Gutters, Conductors, &c., &c.

IMPORTERS OF GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

JUST RECEIVED, ex "Pride of Canada" and "Ocoola," a splendid assortment of Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots, Jelly Moulds, Wire Dish Covers, Spice Boxes, Ladies' Dressing Cases, Trays, Enamelled Pie Dishes, Preserving Pans, Deli Milk Saucepans, &c., &c.

Constantly on hand, Cooking Stoves, (best makers) Hot Air Furnaces, Water Coolers, Baths, (all kinds) Cutlery, Plated and Britannia Metal Ware,

—ALSO—

FISHING TACKLE, comprising Rods, Lines, Flies, Hooks, Floats, Trolls, Panniers, Landing Nets, Fly Books, &c. &c.

Ottawa, August 10, 1870 1432 1y

LEA & PERRINS'

CELEBRATED

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

Declared by Connoisseurs

TO BE

THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.

CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivalled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,

and to see that their names are upon the wrapper labels, stopper and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

☞ Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c, &c, and by Grocers and Oilmen universally 42v1236 law

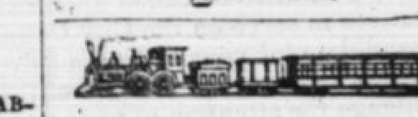
WANTED

By a young girl a situation as SEAMSTRESS, or DRESS-MAKER, in a private family or place of business.

References given if required. Apply at the TIMES OFFICE.

August 1st, 1870 1424-tf

Railroads.



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY OF CANADA.

Special attention is directed to this Company's announcement, in regard to the

RUNNING OF TRAINS

FOR THE ENSUING SEASON.

In addition to the Fast Time which it is intended to make between the

EAST AND WEST,

With close connections at all points. The line will be equipped with handsome

NEW FIRST-CLASS CARS,

Unsurpassed on the continent.

TRAINS WILL RUN BETWEEN

Portland and Montreal in 13 Hours.
Montreal and Toronto in 13 Hours.

As fast as completed,

PULMAN'S

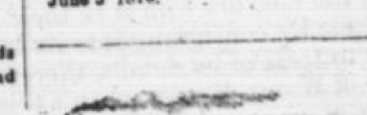
PALACE SLEEPING CARS

Will be run on through Trains and the service will be performed over the entire line in a manner equal to that of any railway on this continent. Special arrangements have been made to accommodate the pleasure travel.

For further particulars see advertisements and time tables.

C J BRYDGES, Managing Director

June 3 1870. 1427tf



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY OF CANADA

IMPROVED SERVICE OF TRAINS FOR THE SUMMER OF 1870.

ACCELERATION OF SPEED.

NEW CARS ON ALL EXPRESS TRAINS.

Portland to Montreal in 13 Hours.
Montreal to Toronto in 13 Hours.

On and after JUNE 13th the new arrangements will be put in force, and trains will leave Montreal as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points west at.....	9 00 a m
NIGHT, do do.....	9 00 p m
Mail Train for Toronto and intermediate Stations.....	7 00 a m
Accommodation Train for Brockville and intermediate stations.....	5 00 p m

Trains for Lachine at 6 00 a m, 7 00 a m, 9 15 am, 12 noon, 1 00 p m, 4 00 p m, 5 30 p m, and 6 30 p m. The 1 30 p m Train runs through to Province Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and intermediate stations at........	7 10 a m
Express for Boston, via Vermont Central, at........	9 00 a m
Express for New York and Boston, via Vermont Central, at........	3 45 p m
Express for New York and Boston, via Plattsburg, Lake Champlain, Burlington and Rutland, at........	6 00 a m
Do do do do	4 00 p m
Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham, Portland and Lower Provinces at........	1 11 p
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, and the Lower Provinces, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St Hilaire, St Hyacinthe, Upton, Acton, Richmond, Brompton Falls, Sherbrooke, Lennoxville, Compton, Coaticooke and Norton Mills only at	10 10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all night trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotta" leave Portland for Halifax, N S, every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, respectively, at 4 00 p. m. They have excellent accommodations for passengers and Freight

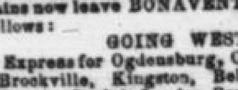
The International Company's Steamers running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every Monday and Thursday at 6 00 p m for St John, N B, &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station, or at No 39, Great St James Street.

C J BRYDGES, Managing Director.

June 3, 1870 1425tf



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1870.] SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS. [1870

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at	0 a m
Night do do do do do	0 p m
Accommodation Train for Cornwall and Intermediate Stations at........	00 p m
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at........	7:30 am

Trains for Lachine at ....6:00 a m, 7:00 a m, 9 15 a m, 12 noon, 1:30 p m, 4:00 p m, and 5:30 p m.

The 1:30 p m train runs through to Province Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at........	7:00 am
Express for Boston at........	8:40 am
Express for New York and Boston via Vermont Central at........	3:45 pm
Express for New York and Boston via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at........	6.00 am
Express for Island Pond, at.....	2:00 pm
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at........	10: 0 pm

☞ Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotta" leaves Portland every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, for Halifax, N.S., respectively at 4 p m.

They has excellent accommodation for passenger and freight.

The International Company's steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway leave Portland every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 6 p m, for St John, N.B., &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Offices, Bonaventure Station, and 39 Great St James Street.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director

Montreal, May, 1870.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street

A & A H TAYLOR, Agents

ELECTRICITY IS LIFE

PULVERMACHER'S PATENT

GALVANIC CHAIN-BANDS

BELTS, AND POCKET BATTERIES

These highly improved inventions render Electricity perfectly self-applicable, and extremely efficacious in a mild continuous form, no shock or unpleasant sensation being experienced, whereby it becomes a true fountain of health and vigour, speedily soothing agonizing pains, reanimating torpid limbs, reviving the sluggish functions of life, and imparting renewed energy and vitality to constitutions enfeebled by whatever cause. Medicines and their deleterious consequences are thus entirely dispensed with. The daily increasing number of cures effected by PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC SYSTEM is so extensive and varied, that it forcibly points to this invention as the embryo of a universal remedy.

N. B.—The following testimony from the elite of the English medical faculty has been received:

"We, the undersigned, have much pleasure in testifying that Mr. J. L. PULVERMACHER'S recent improvements in his Voltaic Batteries and Galvanic Appliances for Medical Purposes are of great importance to Scientific Medicine, and that he is entitled to the consideration and support of every one disposed to further the advancement of real and useful progress.

"Dated the 9th day of March, 1866.

"SIR CHARLES LOCOCK, Bart., M. D.,
"SIR HENRY HOLLAND, Bart., M. D., F. R. S.
"SIR WM. FERGUSSON, Bart., F. R. S.
"EDWD. H. SIEVEKING, M. D., M R C S.
"SIR J. RANALD MARTIN, F R C S."

PULVERMACHER'S SYSTEM is also approved of by an official report of the Academie de Medicine, Paris, Royal College of Physicians, London, and the Imperial Faculty of Vienna, and its curative virtues are confirmed by thousands of private testimonials of cures effected. (See pamphlet gratis).

These facts appeal to the good sense of every sufferer to avail himself of this scientific and curative progress, to which the inventor has devoted a life-time of study and labour, as an ardent deciple of that great benefactor of mankind, the late illustrious electrician MICHAEL FARADY.

PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC CHAINS are exceedingly effective without the aid of medicine, restriction of diet, or the least derangement of the patient's habits and daily occupations, in the following maladies:

Rheumatism	Female Complaints
Gout	Constipation
Sciatica	Cramp
Lumbago	Sluggish Circulation
Neuralgia	Urinary Disorders
Head and Toothache	Paralysis
Liver Complaints	Epilepsy
Tic Doloreux	Nervous Debility
Indigestion	Functional Disorders
Deafness	&c., &c.
Spasms	

The effects of the application of Pulvermacher's Chains in any of the above disorders is immediately perceptible—the relief of pain instantaneous.

PRICE LIST OF PULVERMACHER'S CHAIN BANDS AND BATTERIES.

B. CHAIN BANDS for Nervous Deafness, Head, Tooth, and Face Ache, and Noises in the Head, 21s. to 30s.

B. CHAIN BANDS for loss of Voice and other affections of the Throat, 10s. 6d. to 21s.

N. CHAIN BANDS for Sciatica, Rheumatic, Neuralgia, and Gouty Pains, Local Paralysis, Cramp, &c., 18s. to 22s. and 40s

B CHAIN BANDS for Lumbago, Indigestion, Liver, Chest, and Functional Disorders, &c., (worn as a belt), 22s to 40s and 55s.

B CHAIN BANDS for Writer's Cramp, Trembling, Nervousness, &c, 22s to 30s and 40s.

B COMBINED CHAIN BAND for Cantal, Paralysis, Epilepsy, General Debility Functional Disorders, &c, 30s to 50s

A complete Set of COMBINED CHAIN BANDS, BELTS, and CHAIN BATTERY for restoring vital energy, £5 to £7.

The public are most earnestly cautioned to beware of Pseudo Electric Belts advertised by sham Doctors, &c., for improper purposes, and so severely stigmatized by Vice Chancellor Malins in the suit Pulvermacher vs Hammond, alias Henry James, alias C. T. Raphey, M. R. C. S, alias Henry Burrows, &c, &c.

No Galvanic Belts are genuine but those bearing the fac simile of M. Pulvermacher's signature on the label.

A pamphlet containing full particulars may be had at the Drug Store of A. Christie, Sparks Street.

J. L. PULVERMACHER, Galvanic Establishment, 200 Regent Street, London, W.

Ottawa, September 6, 1870 1455 1awk y

SCYTHES!

SCYTHES!! SCYTHES!!!

AND OTHER

☞ *HARVESTING IMPLEMENTS.* ☜

At the sign of the ANVIL, No. 24 Rideau street, you can find a complete assortment of

Grass and other Scythes.
Blood Silver Steel, all lengths.
Blood Cast Steel, "
Blood German Steel, "
Pride of the Field silver Steel.
Bonnie Blue Bell, "
Red Rover or Champion "
Flint's Celebrated Scyth,
Whitings Eureka Scyth ground, ready for use.
Hay Rakes, straight and bent.
Hay Forks, two and three prongs.
Straw Forks, three prongs.
Scythes Snathes.
Grain Cradles, Muley and Grape Vine.
Scythes-stones and Grindstones of all sorts and sizes.

—ALSO,—

A complete assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, Paints, Oil, Glass, Putty, Coal Oil, &c., &c.

THOS. BIRKETT, No. 24, Rideau Street.

TO FARMERS

Who have suffered by fire we make a reduction in the price of Stoves,

Elevated Oven	Cook Stoves.
Low Oven	Cook Stoves.
Double Stoves.	Parlour Stoves.
Box Stoves all sizes.	Hotel Cook Stoves.
Dumb Stoves.	Hot Air Furnaces.
Stove Pipes.	Elbows.
Zinc.	

Our WINTER STOCK, just received at the

"CAPITAL STOVE DEPOT."

35 Sussex Street,

H MEADOWS & CO.

Ottawa, September 9, 1870.

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

Arrival Departure of Mails.

1870. FALL ARRANGEMENT. 1870.

MAILS.	CLOSE. A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	DELIVERED. A.M.	A.M.	P.M.
Eastern, by Train; Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway......	11.15	......	8.30	9.00	......	4.00
Montreal, by Steamer......	6.00	......	......	......	......	......
Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B., by St. L. & O. Railway......	11.15	......	......	9.00	......	4.00
Western, by Train; Toronto, Hamilton, London, Kingston, U.S., and all places west of Prescott......	8.30	......	8.30	9.00	......	7.15
Fort Garry and other places in the Province of Manitoba despatched in closed mail from Windsor, Ontario, daily, via St. Pauls, Minnesota. Ordinary Dominion rates of postage......	8.30	......	8.30	9.00	......	7.15
United States, by St. L. & O. Railway; Ogdensburgh, Newark, Boston, &c......	1.15	......	8.30	9.00	......	4.00
Lower Ottawa, by Steamer; Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville, &c......	6.00	......	......	......	......	6.30
Upper Ottawa, by Steamer; Onslow, Arnprior, Sand Point, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c......	5.00	......	......	8.00	......	6.00
Upper Ottawa, by Stage; Pakenham, March, Huntley, Carp......	......	......	12.15	8.00	11.00	......
Aylmer, by Stage; Hull, Chelsea, Bristol, &c......	5.00	11.00	4.00	9.00	......	4.00
Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Burritt's Rapids St. L. & O. Railway......	7.30	11.15	......	9.10	......	......
North Gower, Kars, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway......	11.15	......	......	9.00	......	......
Osgoode, Russell, and Line of St. L. & O. Railway......	8.30	......	......	8.00	......	1.30
For Brockville, Perth, Smith's Falls, Appleton and Carleton Place, per Canada Central Railway......	8.30	......	4.30	......	......	1.30
For Sand Point and places on the Brockville and Ottawa Rwy, North of Carleton Place Junction, and places on C. C. Railway......	8.30	......	......	......	......	......
Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate offices daily; Aylwin, Kazabazua, Low, River Desert, Six Portages, Wright, close Tuesdays and Fridays; arrive Tuesdays and Saturdays......	6.00	......	......	......	......	5.00
Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays......	......	......	12.30	......	11.30	......

Matter posted up to 9.30 p.m. will be forwarded East and West in supplementary package the same night.

The Western Mail arriving at 7 p. m. will be delivered the same evening.

BRITISH MAILS.

Per Cunard Line, close every Tuesday at 10.45 a. m.

Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 10.30 a. m.

A supplementary bag for Canadian steamer will be closed at 11.30, in which all paid unregistered matter will be sent.

MONEY ORDERS

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

☞ Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on special deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

POST OFFICE, Ottawa, 21st Nov., 1870.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations

Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment Cures Croup or Rattles.—Dr. BINGHAM, of Utica, New York, says: "I have used Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment in my practice a number of years, and can say with pleasure I deem it one of the greatest discoveries of the age; for the cure of Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammatory Rheumatism, and in Childbed Fever, it operates with perfect success. In cases of Burns, Bruises, Frozen Limbs, it acts like a charm

DR. J. P. KENNEDY, of Chittenango, New York, says: "It has stood the test trial, and has not been found wanting. Its astonishing cures of Inflammation of the Lungs and Croup and the wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of remedies for these complaints."

DR. A. W. BELDING, of Knowlesville, New York says; "I have used it in several cases of Special Irritation and for the worst cases of Piles, and sundry other complaints, and find it a superior article, and well worthy the notice of all."

Purchasers should be sure and ask for Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and see that the words "A. TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT" are on the wrapper.

Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for the Canadas. Sold in Ottawa by all druggists and by medicine dealers everywhere

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE,

—BY—

P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.

Wholesale and Retail dealers and Commission Merchants, No. 36 Rideau-St., and Duke-St., Chaudiere,

Desire to draw the attention of the Public to their well assorted Stock of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, and Provisions, all of which will be sold at prices not to be rivalled either here or, elsewhere.

Having the advantage of buying our Goods at the lowest prices, and direct from the Importing Vessels, enables us to sell in future as we have done heretofore, which we hope has given satisfaction to those who have favored us with a call. Rye, Proof and High Wines of the best always on hand. Also, Gin, Brandies and Wines directly imported. Those who have not already tried our Goods are respectively invited to call. ☞ Remember our motto. "Quick Sales and Light Profits." ☞ Salt and Fish constantly on hand.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.

August 7, 1870. 1428-1y

SITUATION WANTED

AS FARMER

A Married Man, who understands farming in all its departments; has had long experience in Canada.

Address R. R., FARMER, Hull, P.Q.

Railroads.

THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

ALTERATION OF TIME.

On and from MONDAY next, the 21st inst, three trains will run daily on this Railway as follows:

Going South Ottawa to Prescott.

MAIL will leave Ottawa at 9 30 a m, connecting at Prescott, with the Grand Trunk Express, for the West, and with the Ogdensburg Railway, for Boston, New York, &c.

MAIL will leave Ottawa at 12 00 noon, connecting with the Grand Trunk Express, for Montreal,

EXPRESS will leave Ottawa at 10 30 p m, connecting with the Grand Trunk Expresses, East and West.

Going North Prescott to Ottawa.

MAIL will leave Prescott Junction at 6 a m, connecting with the G. T. Expresses East and West, and arriving in Ottawa at 8.30 a m.

MAIL will leave Prescott Junction at 1.25 p m, connecting with the G. T. Express leaving Montreal at 8 a m, and arriving in Ottawa at 3 45 p m.

EXPRESS will leave Prescott Junction at 4 30 p m, connecting with G. T. Expresses, East and West, and arriving in Ottawa at 7 p m

A ... of the Company's Agents, or at any of the Principal Stations of the Grand Trunk Railway.

All trains on this Line are run on Montreal time.

R LUTTRELL, Superintendent THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director

Ottawa, November 19, 1870

CANADA CENTRAL AND BROCKVILLE AND OTTAWA RAILWAYS.

ALTERATION OF TRAINS,

Commencing DECEMBER 5, 1870.

SLEEPING CARS between TORONTO and Ottawa, going through in 13 HOURS.

On and after MONDAY, Dec. 5, TRAINS will run as follows:

Leave Brockville

EXPRESS, at 4 45 a m, connecting with Grand Trunk express from the West, and arriving at Ottawa, at 8 50 a m.

MAIL TRAIN, at 7 30 a m, arriving at Ottawa at 1.50 p m.

EXPRESS, at 3.30 p m, connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express from the West, and arriving at Ottawa at 7.16 p m

Leave Ottawa.

EXPRESS, at 9 40 a m, arriving at Brockville at 1.40 p m, and connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express going West.

MAIL TRAIN, at 3.45 p m, arriving at Brockville 9.15 p m.

EXPRESS, at 10.30 p m, arriving at Brockville at 2.15 a m, and connecting with Grand Trunk Night Express going West.

Arrive at Sand Point 1.35 and 7.10 p m.

Trains on Canada Central and Perth Branch make certain connections with all trains on B. & O Railway.

A Sleeping Car will leave Toronto on Monday, Wednesday and Friday nights, by the Grand Trunk 7.30 p m train, and go through to Ottawa, arriving at 8.30 a m.

Returning, it will leave Ottawa on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday nights, at 10 30 p m. and go through to Toronto by G. T. Train, arriving at Toronto at 11 ...

Freight forwarded with despatch, as the C. C. and B & O. Railways are the same guage as the Grand Trunk. Car loads go through in Grand Trunk Cars to all points, without transhipment.

☞ Certain connections made with Grand Trunk Trains.

H ABBOTT, Manager.

Brockville, Ont., Dec 1, 1870 1530 1

IMPORTANT SALE

—OF—

REAL ESTATE,

Mill Property, Farms, Timber Lands, Timber Licenses, &c.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

In the matter of

THOMAS D. LEWIS,

Of Templeton, County of Ottawa, Quebec,

INSOLVENT,

The subscriber will offer for sale by Public Auction, at the Court House, Town of Aylmer, on THURSDAY the fifteenth of December, at twelve o'clock Noon.

The Valuable Real Estate Timber Lands, Saw Mill, known as Eagle Mills, Templeton; Carpenter's and Blacksmith's Shop, Dwelling Houses, Barns, Stables, &c., erected on the following properities to wit:

In the Township of Templeton, in the County Of Ottawa Quebec:

Fifth Range—West half Lot 15, 100 Acres.
Seventh Range—North half Lots 1, 2, 3. 285 Acres.
Lots 7, 100 Acres.
Eigth Range—Part lot 3, 124 acres.
Part lot 4, 200 acres.
South half lot 5, 100 acres,
Do lot 7, 100 acres.
Do lot 8, 100 acres.
West half lot 12, 100 acres. On this is a valuable farm.
North half lot 17, 100 acres.
Do lot 18, 100 acres.
Ninth Range—North half lot 5, 100 acres.
Lot 13, 200 acres. On this lot is erected a Saw Mill, known as the "Eagle Mills," Carpenter's Shop, Blacksmith's Shop, Cook House, four other Houses, three Barns, and other buildings thereon erected.
South half lot 14, 100 acres, with buildings thereon erected.
South half lot 18, 100 acres.
Tenth Range—West half lot 5, 100 acres.
East half lot 5, 100 acres,
West half lot 6, 100 acres.
Lot 9, 100 acres.
Lot 13, 200 acres, with Dwelling House and Barn.
North half lot 17, 100 acres.
North half lot 18, 100 acres.
North half lot 19, 100 acres.
Eleventh Range—Lot 6, 200 acres. This is valuable timber Land.
Twelfth Range—Part lot 14, 25 acres, commonly called McGregor's Farm.
Thirteenth Range—Part lot 13, 10 acres, with buildings thereon erected.
Also Insolvents interest on lot 15, in the 15th concession of Templeton, Quebec.

—ALSO—

THE UNDERMENTIONED LICENSES COMMONLY CALLED TIMBER LIMITS, will be sold at the same time belonging to same Estate:—

First License—Number Eight (8) for 1870 and 1871, to Cut Timber on the following limits:

PORTLAND, QUEBEC—Area 17½ square miles—To commence at the rear line of the township of Templeton, running on said rear line 6½ miles on the course due north, and in breadth not more than half way to the height of land between the Blanche and Lievre Rivers. The western boundary of this limit is the township of Wakefield. The upper boundary of this limit has only 2½ miles.

Secondly—License number eighty-eight (88) for 1870 and 1871, to cut Timber on the following limits, viz., Wakefield, Quebec.

Area 7½ square miles—Lots number 16, 17, 19, 20 and 21 in the eighth (8) Range; and 17, 18, 19, 21, 26 in the ninth (9) Range; 17 to 2 inclusive, E; ½ 22, N. ½ 25, 26, S. ½ 27, in the tenth Range; and 17, 18, 19, 20, and 21, S. ½ 22, E. ½ 23, S. ½ 24, 25, 26 in the eleventh Range of the township of Wakefield.

Also, the Insolvents interest in the Graphite Company of Canada, 200 shares

Farming and Milling Implements, including a valuable Gumming Machine, Lathe Machine, Dies, Slab Cutters, &c., &c., &c.

For further particulars, apply to

WILLIAM LINDSAY, Assignee,

2, Merchants Exchange Montreal.

November 24. 1522tf

A Peace Sonnet.

BY QUILP.

Ben Butler is a soldier bold,
And fond of war's alarm,
Since thus he filled his purse with gold
And keept himself from harm.

But now that peace has blest the land,
They find, who have to pay,
The "game they did not understand"
A costly one to play.

So, now, when Ben essays to speak,
Or sing the same old tunes,
They wonder if his sight oblique
Mistakes them all for spoons.

In short, B. B., they think "le jeu,"
(You understand French well)
For them, at least, if not for you,
"Ne vaut pas la chandelle."

The Flight of the Empress.

A NEW AND INTERESTING VERSION.

The "Old Cabinet" in *Scribner's Monthly*, claims to have received from a Paris correspondent a true account of the flight of Eugenie from the Tuilleries. As it differs materially from the current version of the affair, we give it in full:—

You have read that the Empress made her escape, assisted by M. de Lesseps, of ... beginning of the ... give you the particulars of this remarkable flight. The proclamation of the republic followed close upon the surrender of the Emperor at Sedan. The Empress, who had borne up against every misfortune with perfect heroism, was at the Tuilleries. Prince Metternich and Count Nigra were in attendance, and Gen. Trochu had himself given her assurance of his personal protection, saying, "No one shall touch you till they have passed over my dead body.' When, however, the mob came surging into the Tuilleries the Empress, accompanied by Madame le Breton (who is a sister of Gen. Bourbaki), left the palace by a side door. As they were entering a *voiture de place* a gamin who stood near cried out, 'Voila l'Imperatrice!' Madame le Breton hurried the driver away in great trepidation, lest they should be recognized and followed by the mob.

"Arrived at a secluded street, and fearing that the driver of the cab knew them, they left the *voiture*, paid the cabman his fare, and, after walking on for some time, took another, and drove directly to the house of Dr. Evans, in the Avenue de l'Imperatrice. While they were waiting they were several times accosted by people with cries of 'Viva la Nation!' 'Vive la France," etc., spoken into their very faces, to all which Madame le Breton responded with such perfect address that they were not suspected.

"The Doctor was not at home, and Mrs. Evans had been for some time at Deauville—the well known watering place near Havre. The two strangers—the Emprss deeply vailed—'wished to see the Doctor, and would await his return.' They were shown into the library. At the usual hour the Doctor returned, and was informed of the presence of his two visitors. He entered his library and found to his amazement the Empress! Excusing himself to a company of gentlemen invited to dinner, on the ground of having received sudden and important news, he at once, with that fertility of invention which is so characteristic of him, began to arrange a plan with the Empress for her escape from France. The Doctor's carriage was at her disposition. It was, however, imprudent to pass the gate at night, as it might awake suspicion, and so Her Majesty passed this first night beneath his roof. At 4 in the morning the party started for St. Germain They passed the gates unchallenged. The Empress was to be known as Mrs. Stewart, a 'very great invalid,' whose health was so delicate that she could not travel by train, and who actually was somtimes obliged to be lifted from the carriage Madame le Breton was her sister, and the doctor and the person with him were medical attendants. Nothing could have succeeded better. As they were fearful that telegrams might have been sent to the railway stations and larger towns, they avoided both as far as possible, keeping to the villages.

"Frequently relays of horses were had as they continued their journey towards the sea. They travelled the first day until midnight, when they stopped at a small inn. There was but one spare room, with two beds in it. 'Why, we are all brothers and sisters,' said the Empress, 'and we must have two rooms." At length this was arranged. By noon the next day the party reached Deauville. Mrs. Evans was first advised of her august visitor, and in a few moments the Empress entered the apartment. Wearied and exhausted with anxiety and the journey, she sank into a chair, exclaiming, 'Merci Dieu, sauve!' 'Thank God, saved!'

"That afternoon the yacht of Sir John Burgoyne was secured to convey her to England, and it was arranged that the party should go on board at midnight. By marvellous good fortune her crossing the Casino ground and entry to the hotel had not been observed, so that no one in the house suspected her presence there. After a refreshing sleep she was taken to the yacht, which sailed early the next morning for England. Here a new danger assailed them; they were twenty hours in a violent storm, all believing that the end had now come, as the yacht was not fit for such work. The calmness of the Empress never forsook her. At last they reached the English shore. The Empress then learned for the first time that her son was in England, and the reunion of mother and child took place. After a few days sojourn at Hastings a suitable villa was found at Chiselhurst, where she now lives.

WAR ITEMS.

A commission has been appointed in Paris to report on the best method of utilizing the blood of the slaughtered animals.

The King of Prussia has been "excommunicated" by a Masonic Lodge in Paris, and the *Rappel* tells us that "Brother William is now out of the pale of the law," and that "all Freemasons are authorised to assault him and to inflict upon him capital punishment." This is followed by a rather grim piece of pleasantry. We are reminded that Louis Napoleon undertook the Italian war "solely to retrieve himself from the excommunication pronounced against him by the Lodges of Naples and Milan." It is added of course, for the information of the royal headquarters at Versailles—that Pianori and Orsini were Freemasons.

A witty writer from Paris by balloon post proposes that the pigeon should henceforth be honored in commemoration of recent services as the emblematic bird of France The eagle is discredited by its association with the Bonapartes and with the spirit of conquest which has led to ruin. The Gallic cook can only be a symbol of the most ridiculous vain-glory.

Thionville, whose formal surrender to the Prussians was announced some days since, is situated in the department of Moselle, 17 miles northeast of Metz, on the left bank of the Moselle. It has a commercial college, manufactures of hosiery, gloves and oil, a botanic garden, and a population of 9,000. It was a residence of the Morovingian and Carlovingian kings, and was repeatedly besieged during the war between France and Austria.

Somebody has been keeping a record of the French official reports of the German losses, from the beginning of the war up to a late date, and finds that they amount to more than two millions of men.

The French prisoners at Bremerhaven, are in the same predicament as those at Dantzig. They will now believe that Bremen and Hamburg still flourish. They say that at a general review one day MacMahon took out of his pocket and read to the assembled army a telegram announcing the total destruction of both these cities by the French fleet.

We have not heard much of Prince Napoleon lately, but that his star his in the descendant is evidenced, among other facts, by the following advertisement:—"To be sold, the Villa de Prangins, a splendid property situate on the borders of Lake Leman, about 15 miles from Geneva, belonging to His Royal Highness Prince Napoleon."

General Moltke, according to the Berlin correspondent of the *Cologne Gazette*, has sent directions for his house to be put in readiness, as he expects to be home in four weeks at the latest. Other high military officials have sent similar messages. A number of Engineer officers have left Berlin, in order to take an active part in the siege of the French fortresses, and it is positively stated that the siege works before Paris are proceeding without interruption.

... *Daily News* ... possible, he says, to conceive an army worse clothed ... organized. It is entirely without artillery, and nearly the whole of the small arms with which the men are furnished are muskets of the old type. Garibaldi has done well to get out of the way of the Germans.

One writer from Paris says,—"I see ladies of quality walking the boulevards, now peering into the tripe-shop windows with something more than that eager curiosity with which they once used to regard a milliner's shop display." Another says, writing from the neighborhood of Hetz,—"The soldiers strip off their medals and decorations, and freely offer them in exchange for a few morsels of bread." It is in touches like these that we may realise a few of the horrors of war.

Interesting scraps now and then reach us illustrative of the every day life of Paris in a state of siege. In one letter we read that schools are re-opened, that societies are re-opening, and theatres and concerts are beginning to draw large charity audiences. In another we come upon a discovery which we submit, with our best wishes, to any *bon vivant* who may be undergoing the misery of a jaded appetite. "One of the successes of the siege," says a correspondent of the *Athenæum*, "is asses' veal. Donkey flesh is recognised a great delicacy—veal with a poultry flavour; it is scarcely to be had for love or money."

During a late sortie of the French from Paris, a trumpeter from the Tenth battalion of Bavarian Jagers, managed to cross unobserved into a covered arbor, on the flank of the advancing columns of the French, and at the first check which their onset received from the Germans he boldly sounded the French signal for retreat, loud and long, which being taken up by the enemy's trumpeters soon caused a general and hasty retreat of the French towards Paris. The staff trumpeter of the Bavarians had picked up during a previous battle, one of the signal books used by French trumpeters, and had taught his subordinates this useful little air, to be used in emergencies.

Some German papers having pointed out that Heligoland belongs rightfully to Germany, the London *Standard* says in reply "To give up Heligoland would cost a great deal more affliction to the Heligolanders than it would to the people of Great Britain. If the consent of the former, however, can be obtained by legitimate means to the transfer, there can be no objection to Germany being permitted to add this to the other resources of the Fatherland. To yield Heligoland, through compulsion, however, is another matter altogether. No nation can attempt to take it by force, unless she is also able to match England by sea; and at present we continue to believe that Heligoland is tolerably safe. Not the less, however, ought the English people to take to heart the insolent menaces which some Germans have permitted themselves to level at us under the unaccustomed excitement of victory."

A correspondent writing from Versailles says:

"The King of Prussia has taken the Prefecture for his residence. Generally on Thursdays and Saturdays the King goes out hunting, taking his departure in an open carriage with four horses, preceded by a platoon of dragoons galloping two hundred metres in advance as scouts. In the evening the game which has been killed is distributed among the troops of the Guard, with the exception of what is reserved for the King's table. Many of the soldiers sell what comes to their share, so that we are well supplied with hares and venison. Meat and butter are both at an exorbitant price; poultry is abundant, and the consumption much larger than that of butcher's meat, which is often requisitioned for the army, and seized at the butchers' shops. Count Bismarck resides at the Impasse Montbeauron. I have only once seen him—in the park, on an occasion when the band was playing. He never abandons his cuirassier's uniform except when he is in his working room, installed in the office of the Secretary-General of the Prefecture.

Artillery Experiments.

Some important experiments with batteries of muzzle-loading and breech loading guns have just been completed in pursuance of a War Office order, dated July 29, addressed by Brigadier-General Adye, Director of Artillery and Stores, to Major-General Sir John St. George, K.C.B., R. A., who, with twelve other artillery officers, were ordered to make experimental trials, and to report on the comparative merits of the 12-pounder and 9 pounder breech loader wrought iron guns, and the 9 pounder muzzle-loading bronze Indian gun. The number of rounds fired at the target was 240, viz, 100 rounds of shrapnel shell, 100 rounds of segment shell, 20 with common shell, and 20 with case shot. The batteries which consisted of three 12-pounder and three 9-pounder breech-loaders against a battery of six 9-pounder muzzle-loaders, were also exercised at drill, travelled, mounted, dismounted, and put to other tests with a view of deciding which is most efficient in war. The Select Committee, after several month's comparative trials, have reported to the War Office in favor of the muzzle loading (Capt Maxwell's) gun. An exhaustive table of statistics noted down in the trial shows that the superiority of the muzzle loader consists in increased range, flatter trajectory, greater projectile, greater precision of firing, greater projectile force, penetration and initial velocity, easier to work, less cost, and greater capability to bear the tests of travelling, and "is considered generally the most efficient of war." Though final as regards the superiority of the 9 pounder muzzle loader, some further experiments will be made with larger guns.

☞ All Wool Tartans in all the leading clans. A large lot ex last steamer, at GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Government House—Wm. H. Lee.
St. George's Society—Wm. S. Mills.

The Ottawa Times.

Office: 38, Sparks Street

MONDAY, DECEMBER 12 1870.

☞ *For interesting reading matter see First Page.*

Lieut.-Col. Irvine is still in a very precarious state. There is, we are sorry to say, slight hope entertained of his recovery.

The St. John (N. B.) *Telegraph* seems to take it for granted that the Toronto *Globe* will make a public apology for the falsehoods it lately published concerning the Premier. The *Telegraph* does not know the *Globe*.

We find that the late Brownite banquet at Toronto was intended to be participated in by gentlemen from all sections of the Dominion. For instance, Mr. Huntington, of Montreal, was invited but was unable to attend. The leading champion of Independence sent a letter of apology, however, in which he expressed the hope "that the 'Reformers' of the Dominion ma[illegible] all before them at the next election."

In another column we give a number of extracts from American papers of various shades of politics, giving their opinions respecting President Grant's views concerning the Canadian fisheries and the navigation of the River St. Lawrence. On the whole we are led to believe that public opinion in the United States will not sustain the hostile policy which the President proposes to adopt towards this country.

The Kingston *Whig* would like to see the Rideau canal closed and a railroad built in its place. It says:

"The land drowned is perhaps as rich as any in the world. Before the advent of Col. By and his engineers the sluggish waters of nature's plan had formed vast tracts of alluvial matter, which have since been enriched by the submergence of the forest and the silt and debris of forty years. The Holland polders were made of the ocean floor; but the bed of the Rideau Canal and its reservoirs would be, if now turned up to the light of day, fat as the Lincolnshire fens or the valley of the Nile. The quantity of drowned wood is enormous, and a supply of fuel for a long time to come would be certain to the purchasers. The vast level flats stretching from Kingston mills to Ottawa, a distance of 125 miles, would become the homes of flourishing farmers. The value of the land would more than repay the cost of a railroad, and the interests of this part of the Province would be promoted by a scheme which would make Kingston the emporium of a country second to none in agricultural resources.

MR. BROWN AND HIS NOVA SCOTIA ALLIES.

The Halifax *Chronicle* is the only daily paper in Nova Scotia which is united with the Toronto *Globe* in determined opposition to the Dominion Government. In the course of its opposition to Confederation it always assumed to be especially anxious that the rights and privileges of the people of Nova Scotia should be maintained inviolate, and one of the arguments used by it against the union of the Provinces was that the Nova Scotian fisheries would be surrendered by the Dominion Government, or at all events not adequately protected from American intrusion.

During the past year the fisheries have been protected with more than ordinary care. Imperial and Dominion cruisers have exercised constant vigilance, and the result has been most satisfactory so far as the fisheries of Nova Scotia are concerned. Cargoes of fish which would under former circumstances have been caught by the Americans in our waters, have been sold by the Nova Scotians in the American market, and in view of these facts it might have been expected that if the *Chronicle* really cared about the interests of the Nova Scotian people, it would have been not only satisfied with, but grateful for, the policy adopted by the Dominion Government. But no; we now find this same journal which warned the people against Confederation, because, as it avowed, the fisheries would be abandoned to foreigners, denouncing the measures which have been introduced for their protection, terming them "alarming monstrosities," and using language which might be expected from Gen. Butler, but is certainly a disgrace to any Canadian journal.

In order that the people of Ontario may judge for themselves of the character of the *Chronicle's* remarks we quote the following from one of its recent editorials:

"While Britain is in a quandary in reference to European troubles, and fearful of taking a single step back from war or into it, the Dominion Government is committing the most alarming monstrosities and doing all in its power to provoke a breach of the peace between the nation and the United States. Leaving out of the question the fact that the action of Canada in insulting and injuring the United States, has destroyed all hopes of a revival of the Reciprocity Treaty to the serious loss and damage of the Lower Provinces, it is further apparent that through such conduct the Imperial Government is also involved in new difficulties with the American Republic.

As if the question of the *Alabama* claims had not created enough trouble and ill-feeling between the two countries, the blunderers at Ottawa have increased them by conduct about which there can be no doubt, conduct beside which the alleged liability of Britain for the depredations of the *Alabama* appears doubtful and trifling."

The *Chronicle* is the recognized organ of the party with whom the Hon. George Brown is desirous that the loyal people of Ontario should coalesce in order to form an opposition to the Government. Politicians in Nova Scotia who are known to share its views are those whom he wishes to see forming a portion of Her Majesty's loyal opposition! The course adopted by the Government with regard to the Fisheries has been approved of by every loyal man in the Dominion without respect to party, and has been sustained by the Imperial Government. Yet for the sake of ousting the present administration, and giving place and power to Mr. Brown and Mr. Mackenzie, the people of Ontario are asked to ally themselves with those who denounce it as a "monstrosity!" We commend these facts to the attention of all thoughtful men, and leave it to them to decide whether we have raised the "Loyalty cry" without sufficient cause. Let it be constantly borne in mind that the men whom the *Chronicle* represents and whose recognised organ it is, are these whom Mr. Brown and the Toronto *Globe* desire to see admitted to a participation in the Government of the Dominion.

MILITARY SCHOOLS.

The last number of the *Canada Gazette* contains in Militia General Orders particulars relative to the establishment and future maintenance of Military Schools throughout the Dominion. Some very important changes and decided improvements are introduced. In future, six schools for practical military instruction will be maintained. One at Halifax, one at St. John's, N.B., and one in Quebec, all of which will be under the charge and supervision of the officers of Her Majesty's regular army stationed at those points; and three others, at Toronto, Kingston, and Montreal, which will be under the charge of officers of the Militia staff. The maximum number of cadets to be authorized for admission to such schools is fixed at five hundred, with an addition of fifty to the proportion for the Provinces of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, until the number of trained Cadets in those Provinces equals, proportionately according to the strength [illegible] Districts, [illegible] in the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec. Cadets are to be selected from applicants *bona fide* resident in the several Brigade Divisions, in proportion to the strength of the Militia in such Brigade Divisions, as shown by the periodical enrollment from time to time; the maximum number to be admitted into any school not to exceed 65, at any one time.

The schools will be kept open during six months of the year, viz.: from December 1st to the 31st of May. It is expected that they will be in operation almost immediately.

Under the old system there is no doubt that a considerable number of abuses were often perpetrated. We have heard of cases in which men, without any special love for the service, and probably without any idea of holding Her Majesty's commission, have entered the military schools simply because they had nothing else to do, and were desirous of obtaining the fifty dollars. The new regulations provide against the admission of improper and unqualified persons to the schools. A candidate making application for admission to the Brigade Major of the division, must enclose a certificate from a clergyman or magistrate in the locality where he resides, vouching for his respectability and good conduct, and stating that he is a fit person, as regards education and social position, to receive a commission, and also that he is a British subject.

This is a most important provision, and the Militia Department is entitled to the thanks of the country for having introduced it. That her Majesty's Canadian troops should be properly officered, that those who command them should be men whom they can look up to and respect, is in the highest degree essential. One great fault of the English militia system is that many of the regiments are officered by men who know nothing of military affairs. One great reason why the Prussian system is so effective is that the officers of the Landwehr, besides being well acquainted with drill and internal economy, are also, as a general thing, men of respectable character and of a certain amount of standing and position, in whom the soldiers under their command have confidence. One of the most distinguished English military authorities, Sir Charles Napier, laid down as an established rule, that five hundred men commanded by officers in whom they had confidence, and up to whom they could look with respect and esteem, were equal to twice their number of badly officered troops. Thus we see how important it is that careful discrimination should be used in admitting candidates to our military schools.

The people of Canada who take so deep an interest in all that concerns the efficiency of their defensive force, will, we are confident, be glad to hear of these regulations.

THE *WITNESS* FORCED TO APOLOGIZE.

As soon as the intelligence of the late fatal accident at Brighton was received in Montreal, the *Witness* pounced upon it with a ghoul-like avidity which would have done credit to the *Globe* itself. The *Witness* showed very conclusively the *animus* which, whenever there appears to be the slightest opportunity for an attack on the Grand Trunk, induces it to make one. But the "only religious daily published in Canada" not content with giving facts, indulged, as we regret to say is too often its wont, in slandering the officials of the Company, and in publishing untruths concerning them. For so doing the *Witness* was brought to book and has had to make the following recantations and apologies.

MR SPICER.

"We beg leave to tender him an ample apology for having been the medium of spreading a report, telegraphed to us, that he was away duck shooting when Ward was earnestly asking help; and this apology we make with the greater pleasure, that we have always heard favorable reports of Mr. Spicer as a very efficient, attentive and upright officer."

MR. JERVIS.

"We take this renewed opportunity of expressing sincere regret and offering a hearty apology to Mr. Jarvis, for having been the medium of twice mixing up his name with charges in which, it appears, he is not implicated at all."

ARREST OF EMPLOYEES.

"The report from Quebec of a young woman run over on the Grand Trunk on the morning of yesterday, is doubtless the same case that we reported yesterday morning, concerning which the *Gazette* denies that there have been any arrests.

"I was misinformed as to the arrest of the conductor and brakesman. They were merely held for evidence."—Telegram to *Witness*.

The truth is that the *Witness* is so terribly bigotted, so completely under the influence of violent and unreasonable prejudices that nothing it says can be relied upon. The chances are ten to one that anything contained in its columns reflecting on the Government or the Grand Trunk, is false.

ST. GEORGE'S WARD.

We understand the two new candidates for this Ward are Messrs. Cunningham and Preston, in addition to those gentlemen who at present represent it and who are seeking re-election.

WELLINGTON WARD.

Messrs F. Abbot, Rowe, and Woodburn are candidates in this Ward, together with Aldermen Bangs and May, who desire to be re-elected. Mr. Bate retires.

VICTORIA WARD.

Messrs. R. Cassells and John O'Connor are candidates for the representation of Victoria Ward. Both are good men, and we hope that we shall have the pleasure of congratulating the electors on having these gentlemen as their representatives.

THE CITY COLLECTORSHIP.

A new Collector having been appointed in the room of Mr. Preston, our duty as public journalists with regard to that gentleman as Collector is done. Knowing what we did of him and of his official acts, we considered ourselves bound to expose him, and in so doing we were actuated by no other motive than a desire to serve the public. We understand that he is now a candidate for alderman for St. George's Ward. If under existing circumstances the electors of that Ward have sufficient amount of confidence in his honesty and integrity, let them elect him by all means. With them the responsibility rests. We presume, however, that those who support him believe in the old adage that "an old smuggler makes the best Custom House officer," and imagine that no trickery or dishonest acts could be perpetrated without his knowledge in the City Council so long as he was a member of that body.

All will agree in approving of the action of the committee appointed to enquire concerning what had become of the missing money. No legal evidence could be procured as to the dispute between the Chamberlain and the Collector, and under these circumstances they very properly have reported that the latter should pay the amount into the city Treasury. As this dispute will have to be determined in a Court of law, we refrain from making any remarks, or attempting to influence public opinion either one way or the other.

Mr. Thomas Kirby, the new Collector is a man in whose honesty and integrity people appear to have perfect confidence. An idea seems prevalent that he is a little hot tempered and hasty. If he is so, we hope that he will endeavour to overcome any natural infirmities of the kind, and strive to do his duty in a straightforward and impartial manner If he does so, he may rely upon our support.

We would suggest to the Council that after the experience we have had of the mode of collecting the city taxes during the past year, and in view of the large amount of money which the public have been compelled to pay in the shape of costs, it would be well if the net proceeds of all costs incurred hereafter, and which it may be the business of the Collector to collect in the course of his duty, shall be paid into the City Treasury. Allowing the Collector to make a profit out of them is, in point of fact, offering an inducement to him to do that which is wrong.

The Fishery Question.

(*N Y. Tribune.*)

With regard to our Alabama claims, we regret the silence of the Message as to what has been done or attempted by our Government since Christmas. Great Britain, if we understand her official documents, awaits a definite proposition or overture from our side. We would gladly learn that one has been duly made * * * Our best defence against war is the strong public opinion which prevails against such resort; neither the Fishery question, Alabama claims nor Gen. Butler's logic (unless greatly improved) is likely to lead us into it. The inferiority of our arms and vessels is, however, worthy of attention, at a time when nonsense like Gen. Butler's receives wide attention, and is plainly pointed out in the communication referred to.

N. Y. Times.

Inasmuch as the unfriendly action of the Dominion is understood to be retaliatory, and consequent upon the non renewal of reciprocity, the President asks for power which, if exercised, will bring the people of the Dominion to their senses. He recommends that the Executive be invested with power to suspend, by proclamation, the operation of the Bonding act, and further, if necessary, to exclude Canadian vessels from the waters of the United States. These remedial measures have a harsh look, but the matters at stake are too grave to be trifled with longer.

(*N. Y. World.*)

On the fisheries difficulty General Grant asks for an authority which, in prudent hands, might perhaps have a salutary effect. If the illiberal interference with our fishermen is renewed next season, he wants power to suspend by proclamation the laws permitting the transit of Canadian goods through our territory, and even to forbid the entrance of Canadian vessels into our waters. The objection to these modes of retaliation is that the damage we inflict would recoil upon our own citizens. It would be robbing Peter to pay Paul. The Canadian products and imported goods which pass in bond over our railroads and through our canals are an important addition to their business and their receipts. The pecuniary losses to our lines of transportation would many times exceed the injuries suffered by our fishermen.

(*N. Y. Herald.*)

The President discusses this great question with remarkable force and in a tone which is very suggestive. He hopes that England will not support the unfriendly assumptions of the New Dominion in relation to the fisheries on the St. Lawrence; for it is evident that there is to be no more trifling with the rights of our citizens on that river, or in regard to those fisheries. Our people "down East" and Northwest will join hands upon this branch of the Message. The Grand American outlet of the St. Lawrence is fast assuming the importance of the outlets of the Mississippi under Jefferson, and it must eventually come to the same solution. The Message will open the general agitation of this solution.

(*N. Y. Journal of Commerce.*)

The part of the message which referred to our relation with the Dominion of Canada upon the fishery, navigation, and other vexed questions was commented upon in favorable terms, as a clear and able exposition of the situation and its remedies. The facts set forth by the President caused a deep feeling against our Northern neighbors, and in the minds of members fully justified the course which the President proposes to pursue. There is no doubt that the question will receive early attention.

(*Portland Advertiser.*)

The foreign policy forshadowed by the messages is nominally pacific, but the tone of the discussion of questions between this country and Great Britain is hardly reassuring. What diplomatic steps have been taken to adjust the difficulties respecting the fisheries and the navigation of the St. Lawrence, cannot yet be known; and without that knowledge, criticism of the President's language would be premature; but as at present advised, we hope Congress will not concede to any one man the power of suspending commercial intercourse with the Canadas by proclamation. It is too dangerous a power to entrust to the moods of any human being, unless under circumstances which would justify the appointment of a dictator.

(*From the Chicago Tribune.*)

In the same connection the President dwells on the difficulties between our fishermen and the Canadians, with a minuteness of statement which shows that they have occupied a much larger share of his attention, than of the country's. We confess we do not see much to quarrel about in the fact that the Canadian authorities prohibit our fishermen from fishing within three miles of their shores.

Their right to prevent, under international law, from fishing within three miles of the Canadian shores, even if it had not been expressly ackowledged by treaty, is as clear as their right to prevent them from cutting timber on the shore. We doubt not that, if a war with England shall ever be convenient or necessary, some stronger grounds than these will be available to base it on.

From the N. N. Evening Mail.

We admire pluck, but the Canadian article, we fear, is not real stuff. Considering how the Provinces were agitated by the ridiculous O'Neill raid—mostly made on American soil—we should say that it would be in good taste for even Provincials with short memories to avoid the discussion of difficulties with the United States in a vein of defiance. Certainly if they are anxious to precipitate a movement in the other Country to shake off a dependency which is profitless to her in any manner, they can adopt no better expedient than to begin to rival General Butler in an international game of "bluff," England will do anything compatible with her honor to avoid war on the Alabama question. She will be immensely vexed at any conduct or expressions on the part of the Provincials which may seem to have a tendency to precipitate a hostile feeling in this country.

Buffalo Express.

"There is no denying the sharpness of the point that the Canadian papers make against the President's argument, that we have a natural right to the navigation of the St. Lawrence river is of small account. apart from the navigation of the canals by which its rapids are overcome, and that the canals are theirs, even if the river is not. They rather seem to have the best of us on that point."

Latest by Telegraph

BY PEOPLE'S LINE.

OFFICE:—G. P. Drummond's Exchange Office 19 Sparks Street.

QUEBEC.

QUEBEC, Dec. 10.

The contract with Breton & Brothers for the erection of the Post Office was signed to-day. The temporary post office will be at the Jesuits' Barracks or at Judge Black's house.

Cartes of invitation have been issued for the Lieutenant-Governor's ball, at the Music Hall, on the 30th inst.

The Speaker of the Senate gives a dinner to-night to the promoters of the North Shore Railroad.

The Joint Committee on Printing recommend giving new contracts, the present contractors being incapable to perform the work of Parliament.

The Private Bill Committee were engaged all day on the Montreal Corporation Bill.

Mr. Cartwright preaches to-morrow in the English Cathedral.

Alderman Hunt intends resigning his seat, as chairman of the Finance Committee of the Quebec Corporation, on account of other members forcing him to unconstitutional acts.

THE WAR.

HAVRE, Dec. 9.—The Prussians are advancing on this city. The French gave them battle a few miles distant. The losses are about equal.

DARMSTADT, Dec. 9.—Louis sent the following from Orleans to-day to the Grand Duke in this city: "We march onward for Tours to-day."

LONDON, Dec. 10.—A great many Englishmen are arriving from Havre. They report that the Germans are marching on that city and are hourly expected to invest it.

BERLIN, Dec. 8th.—The French officers, prisoners of war in Germany, protest against the restoration of the Bonapartes.

VERSAILLES, Dec. 7.—The Germans are vigorously pursuing the French army of the Loire.

The London *Times* says it is now evident that the sortie from Paris has been a costly failure. The only French army in the field which has had a spirited leader and which seemed to have a hope of raising the siege of Paris has been badly beaten, and cannot be rallied into taking the offensive before approaching famine will compel either the surrender of Paris or another desperate sortie, for which the Germans will be better prepared than they were for the first.

The Pope, in an encyclical, reviews his own position and the rights of the church; declares that he will never consent to his deprivation, and reminds Victor Emmanuel that he is open to excommunication.

NEW YORK, Dec. 10.—The following despatch to the *Tribune* is from its St. Petersburg correspondent:

"The change made in the system of recruiting, which will bear alike on all classes of the population, is the chief object of talk here. The freedom from military service was one of the few privileges the nobility had left, and many a young noble and merchant's son is regretting that he is born just too late, in an era when old rights are lopped off and new beauties begin. But there is probably much in the remark of the St. Petersburg *Gazette* that the privileged classes will gain in influence and authority if they share equally with the peasantry in the heavier obligations to the State and to the common interest. This paper and the *Goles* are occupied today with trying to show that this measure has nothing to do with the circular of Prince Gortschakoff. It was, indeed, proposed long ago, and in principle is a natural consequence of the other reforms of the present reign. A commission has been occupied with new regulations for recruiting the army but it has never done anything but talk, and has hesitated to come to any decision. When the superiority of the German system became manifest in the present war, its introduction here was more seriously thought of, but only a week ago, in newspaper discussions it was spoken of as at present utterly impossible. I am told, but I give it merely as a report, that when the Emperor signed this decree, he wrote on it. "In view of present circumstances to be carried into effect immediately.

It is curious to observe how firm people here are in their convictions that there is nothing dangerous in the situation, and that all will be satisfactorily arranged. All this without a thought of retreating from the position which has been taken up. The *Journal de St. Petersburg* of this morning reviews an article in the *Freie Presse* of Vienna, in a very sharp and skilful way, accusing it of distilling the venom with which it is abundantly provided. According to the *Freie Presse*, Count Beust, himself, in 1867, suggested a revision of the Treaty of Paris, in order to obtain good relations with Russia; that was, however, to be done by a Congress. The present declaration, it says is an outrage. "If the revision was just and useful in 1867," says the *Journal*, "how can it be wrong to-day? Will the *Presse* admit that it was only an artful scheme of Beust? The form of the circular is justified by the example cited by the *Presse*. If the attempt of Beust ended in nothing, as well as that of Count Rechberg in 1859, it is not surprising that the Imperial Government chose another way. If a Congress could have assembled, the Government would at once have put before it this question of vital urgency for Russia. But we know that all attempts to unite Europe in a Congress, before and after the Italian war, before and after the war of 1866, failed in presence of the distrust that divided the Great Powers. To oblige Russia to wait for the moment that never comes, when Europe will succeed in agreeing, would be to chain her indefinitely to an impossible situation, which is becoming worse every day." After refuting the arguments of the *Freie Presse* about the Principalities, and the previous infractions of this treaty and others, the *Journal* continues: "We are far from approving the disdain of law and right which characterises modern politics, and we do not wish to recall the share of responsibility which belongs to Austria in the fall of a system which for 40 years has made conciliation and respect for law prevailing in the general affairs of Europe. But it is, we must admit, a singular logic which deduces from these premises the duty of Russia alone to observe the clauses of a treaty which has been violated by the other signatory Powers."

The *Journal* is astonished that the *Presse* says that the neutralization of the Black Sea was intended to protect Turkey from Russian fleets. Russia, at the time, was told it was also an advantage to her. Conditions are now reversed. Turkey has 13 armored ships in Archipelago, and behind her the fleets of England and France. Russia cannot defend herself from an attack from any quarter. The dangers of Turkey are internal, and they cannot be removed, nor the Christian population appeased, till the relations of Russia and Turkey are put on a normal footing. The *Presse* draws a somber picture of Austria shut out from Italy and Germany, with Russia now closing up the road that remains. "Read what?" says the *Journal*. "Does Austria expect indemnity from Turkey for what it has lost in Italy and Germany?" But the *Freie Presse* draws back before such a confession, and says that Russia does not need Constantinople open to her, to crush and suffocate Austria in the south and east with her national and religious propaganda. "If this is so, why frighten the world about Turkey? If Russia disposes of such a power in regard to Austria, we cannot see how the right of watching over her own security in the Black Sea adds much to it. Austria cannot have forgotten that the difficulties of its political position began the day it alienated the friendship of Russia by its perfidious and malevolent conduct during the Eastern war. The work of reparation that it has the opportunity of making to-day would be an act of justice. It does not appear doubtful that the two neighbouring great empires would both gain by establishing their relation."

All mention of Germany in the foregoing is carefully avoided.

General Gortschakoff, Governor-General of Eastern Siberia, has been suddenly ordered back. He had just come on a leave.

The cholera still keeps up, though without great mortality. It is beginning to appear in many interior towns, and has now appeared in the manufacturing districts near Moscow and Vladimir.

Ladies and Children's Fancy Woolen Goods in endless Variety. Clouds from 37½c. to 2.50 at

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.

BREAKFAST.—EPPS'S COCOA—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.—The very agreeable character of this preparation has rendered it a general favorite. The *Civil Service Gazette* remarks:—"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills." Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in tin-lined packets, labelled—JAMES EPPS & Co., Homoeopathic Chemists, London.

BRYAN'S WAFERS, (The great public remedy,) have now been in use over twenty years, hence it cannot be said that they are on trial. They have been thoroughly tried, and pronounced (on the authority of those whose lives and health they have preserved) to be a cure, harmless and eminently salutary preparation, and if taken in season will invariably cure colds, coughs, sore throat, and all Bronchial affections. One fair trial will convince the most skeptical. Sold by all Medicine Dealers, at 25cts per box.

THE FLORENCE NIGHTINGALE OF THE NURSERY—The following is an extract from a letter written by the Rev. C. Z. Weiser, to the "German Reformed Messenger, at Chambersburg, Penn.:

A BENEFACTRESS.

Just open the door for her, and Mrs. WINSLOW will prove the American Florence Nightingale of the Nursery. Of this we are sure, that we will teach our "SUSY" to say, "A BLESSING ON MRS. WINSLOW," for helping her to survive and escape the griping, colicking and teething siege. We confirm every word set forth in the PROSPECTUS. It performs precisely what it professes to perform, every part of it—nothing less. Away with your "Cordial," "Paregoric," "Drops," "Laudanum," and every other "narcotic," by which the babe is drugged into stupidity, and rendered dull and idiotic for life.

We have never seen Mrs. Winslow—know her only through the preparation of her "Soothing Syrup for Children Teething." If we had the power, we would make her, as she is, a physical Saviour to the Infant Race. 25 cents per bottle sold by all druggists.

Be sure and call for

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP.

Having the fac-simile of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

A "COUGH," "COLD," OR IRRITATED THROAT, if allowed to progress, results in serious pulmonary and Bronchial affections, oftentimes incurable.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES

Reach DIRECTLY the affected parts, and give almost instant relief. In BRONCHITIS, ASTHMA, and CATARRH they are beneficial. Obtain only the *genuine* BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES which have *proved* their efficacy by test of many years. Among testimonials attesting their efficacy are letters from—

E. H. Chapin, D. D; New York,
Henry Ward Beecher, Brooklyn, N, Y.,
N. P. Willis, New York,
Hon. C, A. Phelps, Pres, Mass. Senate,
Dr. G. F. Bigelow, Boston,
Prof. Edwd. North, Clinton, N. Y.,

Surgeons in the Army, and others of eminence Sold everywhere at 25 cents per box.

"TROCHES," so called, sold by the ounce, are a poor imitation and nothing like BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES, which are sold only in boxes with a fac-simile of the proprietors,

JOHN I. BROWN & SON,

This care in putting up the Troches is important as a security to the purchaser in order to be sure of obtaining the genuine Brown Bronchial Troches.

To hand, our Autumn Shade in "José phine, best Kid Gloves," also "Jouvines" good medal) new colours at 75ct. per pair.

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & Co.

BLANKETS. Cornwall, St. Lawrence and Empire Mills Blankets, in all sizes and weights, very cheap, at

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

To the Electors of the Wellington Ward.

GENTLEMEN,—

You will be called upon in a few days to elect your representatives to serve on the City Council Board for the year 1871, and as a candidate for your suffrages I deem it my duty to lay before you my views with regard to some of the principle questions which should engage the attention of your representatives during the next year.

Wellington Ward being the largest in the city, both in area and assessed property, the latter to the extent of about five hundred thousand dollars more than any other Ward, and about one hundred thousand dollars more than Ottawa and By Wards together, I contend that we have not a fair representation in the City Council.

It is plain to every one that the city is rapidly growing to the west. Take for instance south of the Richmond Road; the western portion of Albert Street and Ashburnham Hill, which localities are practically unrepresented. I strongly maintain that we are entitled to six representatives instead of three, and advocate a division of the Ward, and the extension of the city limits to take in Rochesterville. This would equalize the representation, and satisfy the large and increasing population of the western portion of the city. It must be patent to all that nine representatives for Lower Town and only six for both Centre and Upper Town, although probably quite just when the basis of the present representation was arranged years ago, is now very unfair to the latter, where population and property have increased far more than in Lower Town.

The bridge across the canal, connecting Wellington and Rideau Streets, should not be longer delayed, on account of the rapidly increasing trade of the city as well as public safety, and I have no doubt that if the matter was properly represented to the Dominion Government an amicable settlement could be arrived at, and the construction of the bridge commenced during the coming year.

The opening up of Sparks Street through to the Richmond Road seems to me a work of necessity, and although it may look an expensive undertaking, the rock taken out of the cutting for the road could be utilized for building purposes, and the amount so realized would very much reduce the cost of the work.

Queen, Albert and Slater Streets, and others in the rear of those should be opened up westward, and thus attract the attention of parties desirous of acquiring property, who, each adding their taxable improvements, would largely and rapidly increase the revenue of the Ward.

As the promoters of that obnoxious Water Works Bill, not daring to face the electors with it in their hands, have acknowledged its unsoundness by consigning it to its last resting place, it is unnecessary for me to treat of its details, therefore I will simply say that I am in favour of Water Works when a proper system for their construction and maintenance can be matured, and a system that will not involve ourselves and future generations in financial difficulties as regards the Corporation and enormous taxation individually.

Water Works and Sewerage should be commenced and go hand in hand together, and how the promoters of that unpopular Water Works Bill could expect to succeed in giving the citizens a supply of pure and wholesome water without sewerage is beyond my comprehension, but I have had but one opinion of that Bill since it first saw daylight, and the ignoble manner in which it has been abandoned carries but one conviction, and that is, that it was conceived in iniquity, born in sin, and nursed in the lap of jobbery and corruption to the last moment of its existence.

Not having had the honour of occupying a seat at the Council Board, I have no municipal sins to answer for. I come before you an *independent* candidate, not fastened to any man, or set of men, and should I be elected, shall enter the Corporation unpledged and unprejudiced.

I intend making a personal canvass of the Ward, and hope to meet you face to face, and answer any questions you may desire to put to me.

In the meantime,
I beg to remain,
Gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
AMOS ROWE.

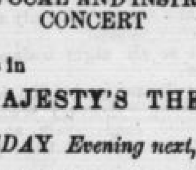
Ottawa, December 10th, 1870.

DIED.

In this city, on the 11th inst., Elizabeth Anderson, the only daughter of Mr. Frederick Gilbert, aged 2 years and 7 months.

The funeral will leave Clarence street, on Tuesday morning, at 10 p m. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend without further notice.

ST. GEORGE'S SOCIETY



A GRAND VOCAL AND INSTRUMENTAL CONCERT

will be given in

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE,

On THURSDAY Evening next, 15th Inst.,

In aid of the Christmas (Special) Fund.

Several of the principal Amateurs of the City and its vicinity, have kindly placed their valuable services at the disposal of the Committee.

Gowan's Popular Bands will be in Attendance.

The Pianoforte to be used on the occasion will be one of the celebrated New York "Union", which has been generously proffered by Mr. Edmund Miles.

The Musical Arrangements will be under the Direction of JOHN MERCER, Esq, Organist of St. James Church, Hull, who will be assisted by Mr. Robert Brewer.

Doors open at 7 30. Concert to commence at 8 o'clock precisely.

For further particulars see programmes.

Tickets—Single, 50 cents; Double, (to admit a Lady and Gentlemen) 75 cents; Gallery, 50 cents; can be had at the usual places, or of the Members of the Committee or Stewards.

By order,
WM. MILLS,
Secretary.
W. R TRUMAN,
Asst.-Sec'y.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

Ottawa, Dec 12, 1870 1537tf

"LILLIE LONSDALE"

—FROM—

ENGLAND.

THE GREAT CHARACTER ACTRESS

—AND—

SINGER,

AT THE

☞ MUSIC HALL ☜

OTTAWA,

WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY, DECEMBER 21st & 22nd.

TRAGEDY! COMEDY! OPERA! SONGS! DANCES! COSTUMES!

Tickets to be had at Messrs. J. L. ORME'S.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

Ottawa, Dec 10, 1870 1536tf

BUY YOUR CHRISTMAS PRESENTS

From the Ladies of Knox Church, Dalhousie Street, at their BAZAAR, opposite Bate & Co, Sparks street, on the 13th and 14th DECEMBER. Good Music, good Luncheon, Oyster Soup. Contributions received on the 12th, in the Room

Ottawa, Dec 5, 1870 1531td

TO LET,

A DWELLING HOUSE containing (10) ten rooms. Rent £40 per annum. Possession immediately. Corner Sussex and St Patrick Streets. Apply at the Flour Store.

Dec. 9, 1870 THOS. McKA. 1535a

REQUISITION TO AMOS ROWE, Esq

SIR,—The retirement of Chas T Bate, Esq., from the Council Board, creates a vacancy in the representation of Wellington Ward, for which we, the undersigned Electors of the Ward, request you to be put in nomination, and we feel every confidence in your ability to properly discharge the duties of Alderman for our Ward, and we pledge our votes and influence to secure your election

We are, Sir,
Yours &c.,

John Esmonde	Thos Buxton
A J Stephens	H McCormick
Joseph Metcalfe	Wm Young
A W Lang	A Mathewman
S Gouldthrite	A Titus
Alex Christie	A Mitchell
John Walsh	Wm Minore
G Levin	H Minore
E VanCortlandt	R W Stephen
J Browne	A Swalwell
Weldon Champness	Wm Shoolbred
P Stiff	Jas Birkett,
D Wilson	J Evans
S Skinner, jr	John Purdy
C P Dorion	Robt Hardy
H Hodges	Robt Stanley,
Alex Sparks	S Greenfield
Nicholas Sparks,	John Cook
Thos P Stiff	J T Bartram
Wm Chalmers	A C Mowbray
E P Rowsell	J Kavanagh
Fred H Hunton	H Michaels
James Lang	H Nelson
Eugene Rocttaille	Thos Demsey
Alfred Brown	A Wilson
John Dewan	Alex Mills
John Lyon	T Beament
J J Radford	W J Powell
H J Mesforth	F Patrick
J Douglas	D Murphy
Tho Mills	E Long
H Musgrove	Henry Bennett
Edward Daniels	Geo H Macaulay
Thos Isaac	John Garvin
Jas Forrester	Wm Elson
H M Thompson	R J Shaw
W Hearn	Stewart Woodland
A Fotheringham	R C Hayden
J Dwyer	Francois Lemieux
J Roos	W R Wright
A Hutson	J R Smith,
R Abbott	Thos Clark
R Sparks	James Adamson,
Jos K Esmonde	J E B McCready
Thos Borbridge	John O'Connor
A McCormick	Wm M Goodwin
Saml Christie	Wm Williamson
J Offord	Thomas Walker
C Roger	Robt Hick, jr
Wm Brown	G Kennedy.

REPLY.—

To Sheriff Powell and 150 others:

GENTLEMEN,—In answer to the requisition signed by you asking me to represent Wellington Ward as Alderman for the ensuing year, I beg to state that I will have pleasure in allowing myself to become a Candidate for the said responsible position, and if elected, you may rest assured that everything will be done by me to the best of my ability to further the interests of Wellington Ward, and also the welfare and prosperity of the City generally.

I am, Gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
AMOS ROWE.

December 6, 1870 1533tf

WARNING.

We hereby forbid any person or persons, hiring or harboring

Edward Geary	Eli Larose
Timothy Cowan	James Johnston
John Renwick	James Shea
David Burke	Amable Seirois
George Marcott	Malcolm Cloutier
David Duem,	Christian Thibeau
David Auger	Joseph Moore
Michael Garvin,	P Rioux,
Henry Potvin	Joseph Ladoucier
Michael Kearney	Albert Ladoucier
James McCormick	Benjamin Bolonger
John Cavanagh	John Mallette
Alex Meron	T Laundreau
Charles Burke	William Jocque

Or any of them, they having deserted our employment at different times, and broken their contract of hiring and services entered into with us.

And we hereby give notice that we will prosecute, any, and every person hirring or harboring any of the above named.

PERLEY & PATTEE.

Ottawa, Dec 10, 1870 1535 1w

DR. DICKINSON,

Residence and Surgery, Kent Street.

CITY AUCTION MART.

BY J. BERMINGHAM

AUCTION SALE OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,

Plated Ware, Carpets, Sleighs, Cutters, Robes Blankets, Horse Rugs, Cook, Coal and Box Stoves, one Milch Cow, one Express Lumber Team Sleigh, Steel Shod, nearly new, the property of Sheriff Powell.

The furniture consists in part of Extension Dining Table, Dining Chairs, Sofas, Bureaus with and without Glass, Dressing Tables, Wash Stands, What-Nots, Hall Hat Stands, with Glass, Iron Bedsteads, Hard Wood, do, Chamber Sets, China, Glass and Crockery Ware, several Stoves and Piping

Two large Sleighs, handsomely finished, for Family or Carters use, several Cutters and some good robes, 500 New White Blankets, 200 pair, wore do, 250 Grey Blankets, 200 Horse Rugs, and 200 pairs Moccassins. All to be sold without reserve, at the CITY AUCTION MART, Sparks Street, on TUESDAY, the 13th Instant, at 10 o'clock, a m.

J BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer

Ottawa, Dec 10, 1870 1536d

REQUISITION

TO

C. W. BANGS, GEO. MAY, AND A. S. WOODBURN.

We, the undersigned ratepayers of Wellington Ward, respectfully request that you will allow yourselves to be put in nomination to represent Wellington Ward in the City Council for the ensuing year, and we pledge you our votes and influence to secure your return:

J B Lewis	Walker Powell
C T Bate	Dr Hill
F Clemow	George Hay
Alexander Duff	R Ryan
W H Lee	R W Cruice,
D O'Connor	Thomas Gallagher
P Thompson	J C Jamieson
D W Coward	A Fleck
G P Drummond	A Workman
W W Ward	E P Remon
N Robertson	A Ross
W Hunton	John Smith
J W Russell	Fred S Warwicker
J Roberts	J S Brough
M White	P Wright
Dr Wood	J Rait
G Mann	J M T Hannum
E L Perkins	S Edwards
C McConnell	R Stanley
H Robinson	E Hall
H Alexander,	George Fisher,
W H Smithson	W H Alexander,
F Braun	W S Weatherly
J C Stewart	T B French
J Baine	W Bretticour
W McKay Wright	John Beuman
John Jones	H Gough
Newell Bate	H Chepmell
H N Bate	H Hodges
Jos Mooney	C King
Alex Christie	J A Gouin
Alex Martin	N W Bethune
E Steacy	A Smirl
M Kavanagh	E J O'Neill
Thomas McKay	R A Bradley
W Hamilton	E Wyatt
W S Wilson	George Cox
W M Matheson	P B Bowering
J Sweetman	G P Baker
A Keefer	W Rice
P Coleman	J Durie
J S Durie	George L Orme
J L Orme	H Brough
E M Holbrook	Jas Aumond
J W Musgrove	Jas Wadsworth
J Stockdale	R W Cassells
J Buchanan	A Christie
John Carter	E Miles
D Eastwood	H Pace
R McCarter	H McLean
G Cram	G Edwards
P Quinn	J Macdonald
W Hutchinson, jr	R L James
H G Maigny	R H Haycock
Jas Cox	T M Clark
S McLaughlin	Alex Burritt
Jas Ritchie	W J Topley
M Patterson	P Morrisey
T W Thompson	John McCarthy
John Harvey	G M Rose
I B Tackaberry	G Hutchinson
G J Blyth	H V Noel
F McDermott	John Lamb
W Fest	H P Hill
John Neville	J C T Cochrane
R E Jamieson	G Franklin jun
D Robertson	C H Pinhey
G Franklin sen	J Latchford
T McKain	J Watchorn
John Church	J Watchorn jun
John Kays	John Stanley
F Sauve	Robert Robertson
James Strachan	Robert Burns
Peter Brown	E F Doudiet
James Mathew	D P Williams
H G Dunlevie	Donald Sinclair
Thos Cruse	M Bishoprick sr
R W Baxter	M Dolan
C J Anderson	M Dolan jr
C W Shay	Martin Ryan
J B Stanton	John Deegan
F Hunter	Martin Murphy
H E Steele	Samuel McLaughlin
F Lewis	Wm Davis
Grant Seymour	D Egan
John Torrance	Geo Taylor
H B Small	Charles Heney
George H Lane	Thomas Dunn
H A Wicksteed	George Nicholson
W A Himsworth	Richard Code
W H Lee	John McMillan
Wm Gardner	James Cunningham
H A Jones	Edward Wallace
Thomas C de Plessis	Malcolm Cameron
A A Catellier	George E Armstrong
H C Hay	William Gaul
A J Christie	Alex Mortimer
R Edward Kimber	Samuel O'Brien
A O Audy	Arthur Lindsay
F X Lambert,	George A Sheldon
J Audette	Wm. Butterworth
J V d. Boucherville	C Walcott
J L Mann	J P Macpherson
D Stark	Alex Begg
J B Monk	W C Smillie
W Gaul	W C Gillelan
John Leggo	Wm Jamieson
Henry Earl	J S Johnston
J H Pinhey	M Bishoprick, jr.
George F Austin	H J Williams

REPLY.

To,—

J B Lewis	Dr Hill
C T Bate	George Hay
F Clemow	R Ryan.
Alex Duff	R W Cruice
W H Lee	Thomas Gallagher
D O'Connor	J C Jamieson

&c., &c.

GENTLEMAN,—

In compliance with your respectable and numerously signed requisition asking us to allow ourselves to be put in nomination for the representation of Wellington Ward in the City Council, we deem it our duty to accept the candidature, and, if elected, pledge ourselves to work for the best interests of the city.

We remain,
Gentlemen,
Very respectfully,
C. W. BANGS,
GEORGE MAY,
A. S. WOODBURN.

Ottawa, Dec. 8, 1870. 1533tf

SEIGNIORIAL INDEMNITY TO TOWNSHIPS' FUND.

Whereas by Order in Council of date APRIL 30, 1867, it is directed that as regards the claims of Municipalities to participate therein, the above Fund shall be finally closed on the 31st DECEMBER of the present Year. Notice is hereby given that all claims which can in any wise after the distribution thereof must be lodged in this Office on or before the date above named, after which date no alteration can be made in the said distribution.

Finance Department.
Ottawa, Dec 9, 1870. 1538D71

TRAVELLERS GUIDE.

LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY

Depart..........8 30 a m . 12 noon., 10 p.m.
Arrive..........9 30 a m . 3 48 p m , 7 45 p m

The above trains connect at Prescott Junction with Grand Trunk Railway for all points east and west.

Ottawa Office—York street, corner o Sussex street.

A & H TAYLOR, Agents.

LOCAL NEWS.

Devlin's Fur Depot

50 dozen Velveteen Hats, from 25 cents upwards. A large assortment of lowers and Feathers. Trimmed Hats and Bonnets.

At the "Golden Lion."

R. L. JAMES & Co.

Some persons are already beginning to deposit filthy matter on the roads leading to the river.

Carpets and House Furnishings made a speciality, at Garland, Mutchmor & Co's. A large stock and new styles, at reduced prices.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

A furious runaway occurred yesterday in Lower Town. The horses ran wildly through six streets before they were stopped. There was no injury or smash of any description during the whole run.

The Free Masons of Ontario will celebrate St. John's day (27th inst.) by a grand ball in the Music Hall, in the evening. This news we are confident will be well received.

MEETING.—A meeting of the electors of Ottawa Ward will be held at 7 o'clock this evening in F. X. Guertin's large room, corner of Cumberland and St. Andrew's streets to nominate candidates for that ward in the City Council for the year 1871.

ARRIVALS AT RUSSELL HOUSE—Saturday—L A Hall, Boston; W Brown, Quebec; T Warren, G B Bentam, Wm Robertson, Montreal; I O Mociac, Hamilton; A H Hume, Brockville.

Devlin's Fur Depot.

LECTURE.—The lecture by the Rev. Mr. Stevenson last evening in the Wesleyan Methodist Church on "The City by Midnight" was delivered in that gentleman's usual eloquent style to a very large audience.

SKATING was indulged in yesterday by a large number of persons on the Rideau river, in the vicinity of the railroad bridge. The river in that locality is nearly frozen over. Persons should be careful in venturing on the ice as it cannot be very strong yet.

LARCENY.—A man named Green was arrested on Saturday for the larceny of an amount of money and some cigars from Mr. Goulthrites Saloon, Elgin street. It appears he cut the glass out of the back door of the house, and having got in through the opening thus made, took the above named articles.

NOTICE.—Now is the time. Go and see C. P. Dorion, 60 Sparks Street, for stoves and stove-pipe fitting. No puff; but see for yourselves. Lumbermen and country Merchants come and see. The most complete House in this Line in the Capital, See Posters. C. P. Dorion, 60 Sparks Street. 1486 2m.

Devlin's Fur Depot.

POLICE COURT—Saturday.—Patrick Flynn for assaulting a policeman was fined $10 and costs.

Denis Flynn, father of P. Flynn, was drunk and disorderly on the public streets. The father was behaving in a very disorderly manner, and when Constable Banning went to arrest him the son struck him (Banning) on the face. The magistrate looked very leniently upon the case.

John Bennett was committed to prison for two months for larceny.

GRAND CONCERT.—We are glad to announce, and we are sure the news will be well received, that the St. George's Society intend to give a grand concert in Her Majesty's Theatre, on Thursday evening next, 15th inst. The proceeds will be in aid of the special Christmas fund of that Society. It is almost needless for us to announce that it will be a grand affair. Anything undertaken by this Society is always carried out in a manner highly creditable to it, and its concerts have invariably been successful. For the one to take place on Thursday evening preparations on a more than an ordinarily extensive scale have been made. It will be a grand vocal and instrumental entertainment, and the best amateur talent of the city has already been secured for the occasion. Gowan's highly popular band will be in attendance.

CITY COUNCIL.

At a special meeting of the City Council, held in the City Hall, on Saturday evening, the whole Board was present.

In opening proceedings His Worship the Mayor stated he had called the meeting for the purpose of considering the report of the Special Committee appointed to enquire into the matter in dispute between the City Collector and the City Chamberlain.

Alderman Mosgrove, as Chairman presented the report of the Committee of Enquiry. It stated that all evidence that was adduced had been heard, and that in the absence of legal evidence, which should finally decide the matter, they could only hold the Collector responsible for the amount unaccounted for.

Moved by Ald. Mosgrove, seconded by Ald. Cunningham, that the report of the committee appointed to enquire into the matter between the City Collector and City Chamberlain, be received and adopted. Carried.

Ald. Mosgrove said the committee had done all in its power to trace the culpability in the matter to the proper party, but lacking legal evidence, though they might have been able to form opinions, they refrained from expressing them, knowing that the matter would have at all events to be decided in the courts.

A petition was then read from P. A. Egleson, N. Germain and others, requesting the appointment for the ensuing year of a Collector who is conversant with the English and French languages.

Moved by Ald. Lapierre, seconded by Ald. Guerard that the petition of P. A. Egleson, N. Germain, and others be received, and that in accordance with the prayer therein, Mr. W. Thompson be appointed collector for the ensuing year.

Ald. Cunningham was glad to see a motion for the appointment of the Chamberlain as Collector. It showed the confidence and trust reposed in him by gentlemen around the Board, and the Chamberlain was certainly deserving of that trust and confidence. He was aware they had in view for some time the amalgamation of the offices of City Collector and City Chamberlain, but he thought it then too late in the year to attempt to carry out the proposition, and for that reason only, he would vote against the motion.

Moved by Ald. May, seconded by Ald. Robinson that the petition of P. A. Egleson, N. Germain and others be received and referred to the Finance Committee.

After a few remarks by Ald. Mosgrove, in which he strongly urged the amalgamation of the two offices considering that a simple scheme could effect that desire in a short time, the amendment was put and carried on division.

Yeas—Cunningham, Bate, Bangs, Pratt, Robinson, Featherston, May, McDougall, and Heney.

Nays—Mosgrove, Guerard, Goulden, Lapierre and Martineau.

Moved by Ald. Lapierre, seconded by Ald. Martineau, that the blank in the by-law for the appointment of a Collector be supplied with the name of Thos. Kirby. Esq.

Moved in amendment by Ald. Cunningham, seconded by Ald. Bate, that the blank be supplied with the name of J. H. Pinhey.

Ald. Martineau spoke strongly in favor of Mr. Kirby's appointment. Mr. Kirby was qualified in every respect to fill the situation, and moreover his appointment would answer the prayer of the petition of P. A. Egleson and others, as he was conversant with the French and English languages.

The yeas and nays were then taken on the amendment with the following result:

Yeas—Cunningham, Bate, Featherston, Mosgrove and Goulden.

Nays—Pratt, Bangs, May, Robinson, Guerard, Heney, Lapierre, Martineau and McDougal.

The amendment was lost.

Moved in amendment by Ald. Mosgrove, seconded by Ald. Goulden, that John Clancey be appointed Collector for the ensuing year.

Lost on division.

Moved by Ald. Mosgrove, seconded by Ald. Guerard, that the blank in the by-law for the appointment of a Collector for the year 1871 be supplied with the name of Timothy Rajotte.

Lost on division.

This amendment drew forth the indignation of Ald. Martineau, who accused Ald. Mosgrove with want of sincerity of purpose in proposing that gentleman's name. He had no doubt that if Mr. Rajotte were appointed to the position he would be as able to fill it as any other gentleman whose name had been proposed that night. He had all the necessary qualifications, and could speak the English and French languages, but smart and all as Ald Mosgrove was, he could not catch him (Ald. Martineau) in such a trap as that which he set for him by the amendment. Ald. Mosgrove thought that by moving the name of a Frenchman for the situation that he (Ald. Martineau) would go back upon the gentleman, the motion for whose appointment he had seconded, but no person present could ever accuse him of such ungentlemanly conduct.

Ald. Mosgrove spoke at length, in support of the amendment, and defending himself against the charges of Ald. Martineau. He had moved the amendment with all due sincerity of purpose, and would like to have seen it carried. He considered Mr. Kirby as of too excitable a nature for this situation.

Ald. Heney had seldom the pleasure of seeing Ald. Mosgrove so very liberal as he seemed to be that night, but it was liberality at the 11th hour. The speaker was convinced that had Ald. Mosgrove the slightest prospect that he would get a vote in favor of Mr. Rajotte's appointment, he would not have proposed his name.

Ald. Macdougal said with regard to the remarks of Ald. Mosgrove respecting Mr. Kirby's excitable or pugnacious disposition, he had known the gentleman for a number of years, and he could certainly say that he possessed none of those unfavorable qualities.

Ald. Mosgrove—Attend the School Trustees' one night, (Laughter.)

Ald. May thought it very improper to bring up any persons name at the Board in the manner in which Mr. Kirby's had been introduced.

Ald. Featherston looked with indignation upon the charges brought by ald. Mosgrove against Mr. Kirby. He had known the gentleman for some time, and defied any person who ever had dealings of any kind with him to accuse him of ungentlemanly or uncourteous conduct. He was very sorry to hear Mr. Kirby spoken of that night as he had been, particularly when that gentleman was not present to defend himself. As regards the proposing of Mr. Rajotte for the situation, he thought the mover intended it to answer two ends; as a trap in which to catch the French Aldermen present, particularly Ald. Martineau, but in which respect it miserably failed, and in the second place it was with a view to electioneering purposes.

Ald. Bangs defended Mr. Kirby.

Ald. Mosgrove said he proposed Mr. Rajotte's name with all due sincerity and respect for that gentleman and the French gentlemen about the Board. So far as Mr. Rajotte's vote was concerned, he could say with pleasure and independence that he had no need to have recourse to any dodge to acquire a vote to secure his re-election. Out of 200 electors, whom he called upon, he had but two refusals; therefore, it would be absurd for him to come there that night and endeavour to obtain a vote by the course with which he was charged. He had not to travel through any muck or mire to obtain a vote. As to Mr. Kirby, he had simply attributed excitability of temperament to him. Any person who had ever attended a meeting of the Board of School Trustees must have been impressed with that fact. He was aware that Mr. Kirby was inimical to his (Ald. Mosgrove's) election for St George's Ward, but there did not exist the slightest ill feeling between them. He felt it was his duty to his constituents to express his opinion, and that when Mr. Kirby had put himself forward for the position of Collector his capabilities for that position were a fair subject for comment, and that he had only spoken to them, and that he thought his course would bear comparison with that of those gentlemen who came there pledged to support a certain man and not knowing but a better one might be brought forward while he came unpledged and prepared to support the best man named he contended theirs was a course prejudicial to the interest of the electors, and derogatory to their dignity as Aldermen.

The amendment was then put and lost on division.

The original resolution was then put and carried on division.

Moved by Ald. Cunningham, seconded by Ald. Bate, that Thomas Kirby be required to enter into the usual security of $25,000, that the rolls may be handed over to him without delay.—Carried.

Ald. Cunningham thought the present was the proper time to consider any desirable improvement in the Finance Department.

Ald. May particularly desired to see the system of duplicate receipts introduced.

Moved by Ald. Cunningham, seconded by Ald Pratt, that the new Collector be empowered to collect the arrears of taxes from the 15th of December to the 1st of January.—Carried.

The committee to superintend the Collector's office and make regulations for its management was then appointed, consisting of the following gentlemen:—Aldermen Martineau, Cunningham, May, Dougal and Robinson.

The election by-law was then amended, making two polling places in Wellington Ward, one to be at the Engine House and the other at the Police Station.

In answer to a question from ald. Featherston, His Worship the Mayor stated that though the city solicitor had not given him a written opinion to the effect, yet it was certain that the law provided that all aldermen should go out this year.

A petition was then read from a deputation appointed at the meeting in St. Patrick's Hall on Friday night. The petition recommended the reconsideration of the Water Work's question, and embodied the resolution's passed at the meeting in St. Patrick's Hall on Friday night, and praying the Council to submit a new scheme to the people for approval.

The deputation consisted of P. A. Egleson, W. H. Waller, Dr. Beaubien, James Warnock and Mr. Pidgeon.

Ald. McDougal then moved, seconded by Ald. Guerard that the deputation be heard at the Board.

Ald. Cunningham said the Bill had been taken out of the hands of the famous Water Committee, and was in the hands of the council, and he was sure that any member of the Board who desired re-election would not vote for it, so that the bill was dead. From the expression of public opinion he inferred that people wanted water works, but ever one wanted them according to his own idea which was tantamount to not wanting them at all.

P. A. Egleson, the chairman of the deputation, then briefly addressed the council, after which it was,

Moved by Ald. McDougal, seconded by Ald. Heney, that the Water Works Bill adopted at the last meeting of the City Council be withdrawn and dropped.—Carried.

His Worship then addressed the meeting. The Committee had no intention to keep the Bill from them. They did not intend to keep the public in the dark. The only fault he found with those who opposed the Bill was that they did not suggest some amendment thereto.

Ald. Featherston strongly condemned the conduct of Ald. McDougal at St. Patrick's Hall on Friday night.

Ald. Mosgrove took up the cudgel in defence of Ald. McDougal.

After some further discussion the meeting adjourned.

PURE WINES.—Wine has well been called the milk of old age For invalids and convalescents its value cannot be overestimated, but what is drank now-a-days for wine is usually spirits disguised, and instead of being a refreshing beverage, nourishing and invigorating, is simply stimulating and transitory in its effect, which is more than lost in the subsequent reaction.

In an admirable treatise on cheap wines, lately published in London by Dr. Druit, and dedicated to Mr. Gladstone, he thus spoke of the uses of pure wines:—"They increase the appetite; they exhilirate the spirits; they tend to fill the veins with pure healthy blood How often have I wished that the patients coming from a dispensary, or out-patients' hospital room, could have a bottle of pure wine instead of the 'mixtures' they carry in their dirty bottles!"

And again: "Be our illness what it may, most practitioners finish off their patients with a 'light tonic,' with or without a box of pills, and a very good practice it is. After days of fever, and restlessness, and disgust at food, there always comes a time when the appetite may be a little helped. Now, what is a light tonic? A little dilute acid, a slight bitter, a small quantity of some aromatic, a little alcohol, and some fragrant ether. But this is just the 'mixture' or 'draught' that nature has brewed ready to our hands in the fragrant and appetizing Wines of France and Germany. Surely if a patient has two shillings to spend on something that will make him eat, he ought to be far more grateful to us if we provide him with a bottle of Wine than if we gave him a mixture. But patients must be taught first what *Wine* is, and the difference between drinking *Wine* as a refreshing beverage, and gulping down a dram of bad spirits disguised as Wine, just to create a feeling of warmth under the ribs."

Most people are aware, in a general way, that in France Wine is so plenty and so cheap as to be the ordinary drink of all classes, and that in Canada it is scarce, dear, and so frequently adulterated that probably few persons of moderate means, who have not been abroad, have tasted it as it leaves the place of growth.

These wines Messrs. St. George & Co. are introducing into this country at prices within the compass of a moderate income. Their enterprise has met with such encouragement that in the short space of eighteen months they have built up an enormous business, and "St. George's Wine" is a household word, not only in Toronto, but in all Western Canada. Mr. Macpherson, wine merchant, Elgin street, is their agent here, whose advertisement will be found in another column. The list of references there given is a stronger endorsement of the quality of the wines than anything we could say.

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE

OF

CROCKERY, CHINA AND GLASSWARE,

COMMENCING

On MONDAY, DECEMBER 12th, 1870.

The subscriber has received a very large consignment of the above goods from an extensive manufacturing firm in Staffordshire, England, consisting of China, Stone Ware, Rockingham Ware, Yellow Ware, Glass Ware in Glass Dishes, Decanters and Tumblers of different kinds. The consignment is large and will be sold without reserve.

Terms of sale cash.

Sale at 2 and 7 o'clock.

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, Dec. 8. 1535td

ROUSILLON PORT.

Received a fresh consignment of this delicious Wine. It is fair flavoured, of great body, and guaranteed purity,

ALICANTE.

A Sweet Red Wine of delicate flavour and bouquet, invaluable for invalids.

This wine has been specially imported as a pure Wine to be used in the holy Communion.

The following gentlemen have kindly allowed their names to be used as references:

Ven Archdeacon Fuller, Toronto.
Rev J Beaven, D D, "
Rev G B Read, D D, "
Rev E Baldwin, "
Rev W S Darling, "
Rev A Williams, "
Rev J P Cayley, "
Rev W H Davis, "
Rev S Bedford Jones, L L D, Ottawa

—ALSO—

A full Stock of Brandies, Gins, Jamaica Rum, Proof and Old Rye Whiskey, Sherries, Still and Sparkling Moselle, Champagne, Malaga, Madeira Malvoisie, Noyau Curacoa Creme de Menthe, Creme de Moka, Chartreuse, Maraschino, English and Canadian Ales and Porter, &c, &c, &c.

J. P. MACPHERSON,

Wine Merchant

Elgin Street.

Agent for Qualton, St George & Co's pure French Wines.

Ottawa, Dec 10, 1870 1535y

R. L. JAMES & CO.

...GOODS.

DRESS G...

A large assortment worth from 20 to 90 cents, at 15 to 80.

A

SPECIAL LINE

of French Merinos, very cheap.

BLACK SILKS,

very much under Market value, and considerably lower than present Ottawa prices.

MILLINERY.

It is now pretty generally known that in this Department, especially the prices, are EXCEEDINGLY MODERATE,

AT THE

GOLDEN LION.

R L. JAMES & Co.

ATTENTION!

If you want Choice VIRGIN HONEY, call at the New GROCERY STORE, Corner of Sussex and York Streets.

If you want SUPERIOR CHEESE, call at the New GROCERY STORE, Corner of Sussex and York Streets.

If you want FIRST-CLASS DAIRY BUTTER, call at the New GROCERY STORE Corner Sussex and York Streets.

—ALSO—

New Crop West End, Layers, Valencia and Seedless Raisins and Currants, Fresh Turkey Figs, Malaga Grapes, Lemons, Choice Imperial Prunes, Candied Peels, Gelatine, Cross & Blackwell's Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies, and Marmalades, Fresh Oysters, Lobsters Seguin Mackerel, Salmon and Tomatoes, with a choice lot of Scotch and English Ales and Porter, Wines and Brandies, Gin, Scotch Whiskey, Jamaica Rum, Old Rye, Syrups and

JOHN A. BITTERS,

CONSTANTLY ON HAND,

At the New GROCERY STORE, Corner Sussex and York Streets.

Extra Fine Green, Black and Japan Teas, Rio, Java and Turkey Coffee.

—ALSO—

Fine Family and Pastry Flour, Oat and Corn Meal, at the NEW GROCERY STORE, Corner Sussex and York Streets.

J. M. C. DELES DERNIERS,

Corner Sussex and York-sts.

Ottawa, Nov 29, 1870 1526tf

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

DR. HENRY has removed his Residence and Surgery to the corner of Bank and Victoria Streets, near the Parliament Buildings. December 1, 1870. 1528b

NOTICE.

COUNTY OF CARLETON, To Wit.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the Courts of GENERAL SESSIONS of the PEACE, and COUNTY COURT, in and for the said County of Carleton, will be holden at the COURT HOUSE, in the City of Ottawa, on TUESDAY, the Thirteenth day of DECEMBER, 187 , at the hour of TEN of the clock, A. M., of which all CORONERS, BAILIFFS CONSTABLES, and all others concerned are required to Take Notice and govern themselves accordingly.

WM F POWELL,
Sheriff,

By W H FALLS,
Deputy Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Ottawa, December 1st. 1870. 153 d51gwl

LOST.

Between the Hours of 2 P M and 5 P M, yesterday afternoon, a SMALL POCKET BOOK containing five FIVE DOLLARS Bank of Montreal Bank Notes. he finder is requested to leave the same with the Door-Keeper of the Eastern Block Parliament Buildings.

Ottawa, Dec 5, 1870 1518tf

JUST RECEIVED,

FRENCH MERINOES,

GENUINE FRENCH MERINOES,

Fine, Wide, Heavy, and Warranted al Wool, in the following Colours:

BROWN,

LIGHT ...N,

MID BROWN,

...VN,

DARK BRO...

VIOLET,

AGULINE

MAROON,

RIFLE GREEN

ROSE,

DRAB

and

SCARLET.

Really better Goods than sold other years at 3s. 9d., for 2s. 6d. per yard. The Nicest, Cheapest, and most durable Dress, for either street or in-door wear, in Ottawa.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL

20 Sparks Street

Ottawa, Nov. 30, 1870.

DRY GOODS!

DRY GOODS!

DRY GOODS!

PATTERSON & BRYSON.

In consequence of our great success since opening we have been obliged to lay in a large additional Stock, which we will mark as low as heretofore, being determined to retain our already well established character, for selling cheaper than any other House in the Trade.

IN CANADIAN GOODS

We have made such arrangements with the best Factories in the Dominion as will enable us to keep constantly on hand a large and well Assorted Stock of Tweeds, Flannels, Blankets (Grey and White), Cotton and Linen Bags, Cotton Yarn, Hosiery, Underclothing, etc., etc, etc.

—ALSO—

An entirely new and well assorted Stock of British and Foreign Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, which have been marked at prices to defy competition.

REMEMBER THE PLACE,

53 Sparks Street,

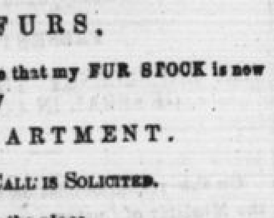
Directly Opposite

BATE & Co.

PATTERSON & BRYSON.

JAMES PEACOCK,

FURS,

FURS,  FURS,

FURS.

I beg to intimate that my FUR STOCK is now complete in every

DEPARTMENT.

AN EARLY CALL IS SOLICITED.

Remember the place,

33 Rideau Street.

OPPOSITE OLD STAND.

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to Parliament for Private Bills, either for granting exclusive privileges, or conferring corporate powers for commercial or other purposes of profit, or for doing an thing tending to affect the rights or property of other parties, are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st. and following Rules of the House of Commons (which are published in full in the "Canada Gazette"), to give TWO MONTHS' NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object), in the "Canada Gazette" and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected, sending copies of the first and last of such notices to the Private Bill Office.

All Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the first three weeks of the Session.

ALFRED TODD
Chf. Clk. Committees and Private Bills,
House of Commons

Ottawa, 8th Dec., 1870 1536tf

THE TEA POT,

RIDEAU STREET.

The Proprietor begs to inform the lovers of THE TEA POT and the public generally, that the alterations are now completed, the whole premises having been thoroughly renovated and stocked with

New and Fresh Goods

Of the very best quality. He is now prepared to execute orders Wholesale and Retail, and every article will be guaranteed, as they have been selected with the greatest care.

Teas in great variety,
Coffee—the very best—roasted and ground daily,
Raisins, Currants, Figs, &c., &c.,
Port Wine, Sherry Wine, Brandy,
English Old Tom Gin—Booth's, Bernard's & Thompson's.

An Old Lady's Evening Wish.

...hes soar not very high
...they widely roam
...erate wishes are confin'd
...nd at home.
My wis...
Nor do... so well—
These mo...
To comforts fo... ...self

Give me what I enjoy
A snug domestic scene
And take my word, I fell m,
As happy as a Queen,

I'll tell you what I wish for now—
'Tis not a large desire;
I wish to sit at perfect ease,
Beside my evening fire.

I wish a friend or two would call,
To ask me how I do;

Then truly happy I should be,
... ... happy too.

I'd set the tea things on the tray,
And we should all agree,
While taking ever-welcome cups
Of JOHN HILL'S wholesome tea.

The tea would gladen ev'ry heart,
And brighten every face;
And nothing more could we desire
In such a happy case.

With JOHN HILL'S Tea I always crown
The comforts of my home;
...d when I can partake of this
...wishes seldom roam.

A...
My

All goods delivered free (within the limits of the city) by our own wa...gons, and every attention will be paid to proper packing and delivery.

JOHN HILL,
"THE TEA POT," Ri...eau Street.

T HUNTON SHOOLBRED & Co

47. SPARKS ST. 49.

Will receive this week "per Express," from LONDON, England,

2 CASES OF MILLINERY,

Containing the VERY LATEST Styles in

Bonnets, Hats,

and some very Choice things in

Flowers, Feathers and Trimmings,

Per S. S. "MORAVIAN."

1 Case Extra Cloths, in the new

Satin Cloths,

Trimming to match all our Fashionable

Dress Goods.

—ALSO—

1 Case of Newest

Mantle Cloths.

The "OLIVE GREEN" appears still prove the most fashionable, and of the above we are in receipt of ten piece

"New Seal and plucked Otter Skins hand."

Fancy Wove Goods still arriving.

Clouds, Breakfast Shawls, Ties &c.,

in endless Variety.

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO
47 and 49 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, Oct 11 1870.

IF YOU WANT

TO SAVE MONEY

GO TO THE

PEOPLE'S TEA STORES,

—BY—

P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.,

No. 36 Rideau St., and Duke St., Chaudiere,

OTTAWA,

Where from their great increase of business and the large addition now put to their Store, with a well selected Stock, and constant attention on their part, will enable them to sell at prices not to be equalled elsewhere.

There will be found always on hand a general assortment of

GROCERIES,
TEAS in particular, imported,
LIQUORS, WINES, BRANDIES,
GIN, IRISH and
SCOTCH WHISKEY,
Gooderham & Worts' HIGHWINES
OLD RYE, and PROOF,

With a fine assortment of Christmas and New Year's FRUITS and SYRUPS.

—ALSO—

WINTER APPLES,
ORANGES and LEMONS,
CHEESE, HAMS,
and BACON.

Remember our Motto—"Quick Sales and light Profits."

Try their TEAS.

Ottawa, Nov 29, 1870 1526

A GENERAL MEETING of the Stockholders of the Ontario Peat Company will be held at the Russell House, Ottawa, on Tuesday, the 6th December next, at 12 o'clock, noon, for the organization of the Company, under the Act of Incorporation, for the selection of Directors, and for the transaction of general business.

Ottawa, Nov 22, 1870 1521

FOR SALE, OR EXCHANGE

For Property in Montreal, improved or unimproved, the new Mansard Roof Stone House situated in Victoria Crescent, having all the modern conveniences of heat, water and gas, good out building, on an ample Lot, and enjoying the finest river view in Ottawa For further particulars apply to W. C. SMILLIE, on the premises, or at the Office of the BRITISH AMERICAN BANK NOTE COMPANY, Wellington Street.

Ottawa, Dec 3, 1870 1530 1m

FROM THIS DAY FORTH I change the prices of all my Wood, that is to say, best Hard Wood $4 75, Sawn $5.00; Second best Hard Wood, 4 25 Sawn $4.50.

My Saw Mill is now in constant operation and ready, and will cut promptly in obedience to all orders.

JOHN HENEY.

Ottawa, Dec, 5. 1531-tf

CHARLES J. TASKER, Accountant. Books posted Accounts made out. Apply at the office of H P Hill Solicitor, References Dr Hill, C H Pinhey

Ottawa, Nov 5, 187

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS.

Ex. Ships COGNAC, NEREO, UNION and CITY of QUEBEC, from the different places of Growth.

It is now AN ESTABLISHED FACT

If you want any First-Class BRANDIES or WINES and the best Family Groceries, you must go to

Thos. Patterson,

No. 26 Rideau Street.

The following Goods in Stock and for Sale:

BRANDIES.—Pure and unadulterated, good for any use, always on hand in Wood or Bottle.

PORT WINE—Pure and reliable (20 years old) for Medicinal purposes and the only House in the City that imports such WINES direct to order.

SHERRY WINES—Various grades, very, very Pale, (delicious favour) Splendid Wines at a price to defy competition.

GIN—John De Kuyper & Son's Double-Berried, First Class.

SCOTCH WHISKEY—Old and Mild, (full strength.)

RUM,

OLD RYE,

FAMILY PROOF,

AND

HIGH WINES,

of the best kind.

PORTER AND ALES.—Guiness's Dublin and Dawe's, Lachine, in splendid order.

COFFEE.—Delicious Flavour. Fresh Roasted and Ground Daily.

TEAS.—The best qualities of Black, Japan, and Green, new crop and fragant.

SUGARS and SYRUPS of all kinds.

CHEESE—Fine old (Reesors and Factory) the best.

PICKLES and SAUCES, Jams and Jellies from Crosse and Blackwells, in great variety.

FRUITS.—The finest table and cooking raisins that can be had, large fresh and rich flavored.

CURRANTS.—Quite fresh and Candied Peels.

SPERM CANDLES and fancy perfumed soaps, the greatest variety in the city, and made to order by Field of London, England. There is an endless variety of these fine goods worthy of SPECIAL ATTENTION FOR FAMILIES, being of the finest qualities at moderate prices. Everybody should know that to use good goods saves money. TRY THEM.

Ottawa, December 5, 1870.

CANADA AND

U. S. PATENT AGENCY.

Patents solicited in Canada and the United States; Trade and Timber Marks, Industrial Designs, Copywrights, Transfers, &c., registered on the shortest notice, Copies of Laws, Circulars, and information, sent free on application Drawings prepared and copied.

Charges moderate United States Patents particularly attended to. Several valuable Patent Rights for sale.

T. G. COURSOLLES.

November 26, 1870 1524tf

A SPECIALITY.

THE ULSTER OVER-COAT

Is the Great Novelty in

GENTLEMEN'S GARMENTS

This Season.

A Specimen on View, at

MAGEE & RUSSELL'S.

Ottawa, Nov 30, 1870 1527tf

ST. JAMES' HOTEL,

METCALFE AND QUEEN STREETS.

The Proprietor, G. R. EVANS,

Begs respectfully to announce to the public in general that the above premises will be opened for business this day, 29th inst, and hopes by strict attention to business and moderate charges, to merit their patronage and favour.

Ottawa, Nov 29, 1870 1526tf

RETAIL ADVERTISEM...

MAGEE & RUSSELL

SPARKS STREET,

Have opened up within the last few ... several CASES and BALES Assorted GOODS, to which they respectfully i... attention.

Ladies, please observe the follo... carefully, their being many articles ...merated worthy of Notice:

DRESS DEPARTMENT.
New Tartan Plaids,
Brown and Grey Wincies,
French Merinoes and de Lain...
" Satin Cloths,
Black Lustres and Alpacas,
Black and Colored Silesias,
" and " Casbans,
Glove Finished Cambrics.

SILK DEPARTMENT.
Black Velveteens,
Colored Plushes,
French Crapes,
Silks and Satins.

DOMESTIC DEPARTMENT.
Grey and White Cottons,
" " " Sheetings,
Table Napkins and Damasks,
Huck Towels,
Cotton and Linen Diaper,
Grass Linen and Hollands.

WOOLLEN DEPARTMENT.
Set. Saxony Flannels,
Fancy Shirting do,
English and Canadian Blankets,
Waterproof Tweeds,
Overcoatings.

HOSIERY & GLOVE DEPARTMENT.
Breakfast Shawls,
Fancy Woollen Goods,
Ladies Set. Hose,
Gent's Underclothing,
Kid Mitts and Gloves,

RIBBON AND LACE DEPARTMENT.
Black and Coloured Velvet Ribbons,
Tartan Velvet Ribbons,
Black and Coloured Silk Ribbons,
Tartan Silk Ribbons,
New Linen Sets,
Black and White Silk Laces,
Black Nets, New Style,
Hair Nets and Rolls,
Hair Puffs,
Cambric Handkerchiefs,
Cushion Tassels,
White Filacelle,
Coloured Silk Twists.

Our Stock, for extent, variety, quality and price, stands unrivalled in Ottawa.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, Dec. 8, 1870.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

14 RIDEAU STREET,

Have now received a full supply of

NEW FALL GOODS

—IN ALL—

DEPARTMENTS.

Ottawa, September 26, 1870

OTTAWA AND GLOUCESTER

ROAD COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that the Annual General Meeting of the Stockholders of the Ottawa and Gloucester ROAD COMPANY, will be held at the Office of FRANCIS CLEMOW, Esq., in this City, on MONDAY, the 12th day of DECEMBER inst., at the Hour of TEN o'clock, a.m., for the Election of DIRECTORS for the ensuing year and for the purpose of receiving the Annual Report of the Secretary and Treasurer for the current year.

By order

W. H. FALLS,
Sec-Treasurer.

Dated this 3rd day of December 187 1512 1w

TESTIMONIAL

—TO THE—

HON. SIR JOHN A. MACDONALD,

K.C.B., &c., &c., &c.

The friends of Sir JOHN A MACDONALD propose to present that distinguished Statesman with a substantial Testimonial in recognition of his long and unselfish public services.

Steps are being taken to afford his friends in all parts of the Dominion an opportunity of joining in the proposed manifestation of esteem and regard.

The following gentlemen compose, (with power to add to their number,) the Committee at Ottawa:

The Hon. JAMES SKEAD,
His Worship the Mayor J ROCHESTER, Jr, Esq,
THOS REYNOLDS, Esq,
R W SCOTT, Esq, M P P,
Dr GRANT, M P,
E McGILLIVRAY, Esq,
H V NOEL, Esq.

H V Noel, Esq, has consented to act as Treasurer, to whom all communications may be addressed.

For the information of intending subscribers, the names of the gentlemen composing the Central Committee at Toronto are subjoined, viz:

His Worship the Mayor, S B HARMAN, Esq.
The Hon G W ALLAN
The Hon D L MACPHERSON,
The Hon JOHN CARLING, M P,
JOHN CRAWFORD, Esq, M P,
ANGUS MORRISON, Esq, M P,
F W CUMBERLAND, Esq, M P P,
J G WORTS, Esq,
E H RUTHERFORD, Esq,
W H HOWLAND, Esq,
G P RIDOUT, Esq,
JOHN SHEDDEN, Esq,
THOMAS DICK, Esq,
FRANK SHANLY, Esq,
T C CHISHOLM, Esq,
N BARNHART, Esq,

Ottawa, Dec 6, 1870 1532tf

NOTICE

Is hereby given that the Corporation of the City of Ottawa will apply to the Legislature of the Province of Ontario, at its next Session, for an Act to amend the Act Incorporating the Ottawa City Street Passenger Railway Company.

W P LETT,
City Clerk.

Ottawa, Nov 11, 1870 1511 1wk 6w

Insurance.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY of Canada, Head Office, Toronto.

President—The Hon John Hillyard Cameron M.P.

Vice President—Lewis Moffatt, Esq.

Other Directors—C J Campbell, Esq, Hon Malcolm Cameron, W T Macdonnell, Esq, A R McMaster, Esq, H S Howland, Esq, Geo Duggan, Esq, A T Fulton, Esq, Angus Morrison, Esq, M P J S Crooker, Esq

Bankers—The Canadian Bank of Commerce.

Agents for Ottawa—Messrs J T & W PENNOCK.

The rates of the PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY are as low as its long experience has shown to be profitable.

The test of the value of Insurance is, however, not when the premiums are being paid, but when losses are being settled, and, from the equity and promptness of its settlements the Provincial Insurance Company is second to none.

Its Inspectors are alway sent to adjust every important loss directly it occurs.

It has no adjusted losses due and unpaid.

It respectfully solicits a share of the patronage of the insuring public of Ottawa.

ARTHUR HARVEY, Manager.

1298tf

UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF MAINE

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No. 104.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 53 The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. fds of '81—$50,000.

S. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B

For the Minister of Finance

JOHN LANGTON, Auditor.

have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, for '81

The Hon. Col. John N. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

S. R. CORWIN, Manager.

Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

Steamers.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COY'S STEAMERS.

MAIL STEAMER

"QUEEN VICTORIA,"

CAPT. BOWIE,

Has commenced her regular trips between Ottawa and Montreal, with Mails and Passengers, leaving Ottawa at 7 a.m. daily.

MARKET STEAMER

FAIRY

CAPT. NICHOLS,

Will commence running her regular trips from Major's Wharf to Ottawa over Monday and Saturday leaving Major's at 5 a.m., and Ottawa at 4 p.m.

R W SHEPHERD.

Ottawa, April, 25, 1870. 1341tf

UNION FORWARDING & RAILWAY COMPANY

CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after the FIRST OF SEPTEMBER,

THE STEAMER "ANN SISSON,"

Will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted) at 7 a.m., for Des Joachims, and intermediate ports. The steamer

"JASON GOULD"

Will leave Pembroke Daily at 2 p.m. steamer

"SIR JOHN YOUNG,"

Will leave Havelock daily at 7 a.m. for Chapeau. Returning will leave Chapeau at 1 o'clock p.m.

R S CASSELS, President.

Ottawa, August 22, 1870 144-tf

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMERS

First Cabin, Payable in Gold:

Liverpool or Queenstown.....$100 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown..... 35 00

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER TO HALIFAX.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown.....$100 00

Halifax..... 20 00

St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer..... 45 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown..... 30 00

Halifax..... 15 00

St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer..... 30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's Office, JOHN G. DALE, Agent, 15 Broadway, New York, or HENRICK & CROMBIE, Ottawa.

DOMINION TELEGRAPH INSTITUTE,

34 KING STREET EAST, TORONTO, ONT.

ESTABLISHED IN 1863,

For the purpose of qualifying Operators for the TELEGRAPH AND RAILROAD LINES

Then and now so rapidly building in the Dominion and United States. It is become one of the Permanent Institutions of the Country.

And has turned out OVER 100 OPERATORS, Who now fill important positions with GOOD SALARIES,

LADIES and GENTLEMEN desiring to learn this light and honourable profession, should do so at once. The average length of time required is three months. Ladies learn more rapidly than gentlemen. Both sexes admitted from 14 years of age and upwards.

For full particulars and terms address T H CHURCHILL, Toronto, Ontario.

Ottawa, September 22, 1870 13

FOR SALE.

A beautiful country residence with Fifteen (15) Acres of Land (or more if necessary) attached; the house and outbuildings being completely surrounded by a grove of lively shade trees. The whole within 10 minutes drive of the Government Buildings.

Terms of sale, cash, if preferable to purchaser otherwise a small payment down, and the balance in from 1 to 10 years, to suit purchaser.

Apply to the Proprietor, R A BRADLEY, Solicitor, Elgin-st., Ottawa. Nearly opposite the Post Office.

N. B.—Money to lend on Real Estate. Terms easy.

OUT TO-DAY.

THE Canadian Parliamentary Calendar AND Directory for 1870.

To be obtained OFFICE & CO., and JONES & HOLLAND

1366tf

Medical.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

As a family Remedy it is well and favourably known relieving thousands from pain in the Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Has now been before the public for a length of time and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions have been properly followed, but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing the Diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for those complaints. Orders are coming from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it.

Price only Twenty-five Cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN.

Sold in Ottawa by H F McCarthy, J Skinner, John Roberts, J P Featherston, George Mortimer, W M Massey, and all Medicine Dealers.

November 30, 1870 1527y

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

COME AND SEE!

The following remarks are testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

They are stern and undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most incredulous and sceptical that the great medicinal discovery yearned after for ages, is now accessible to the great

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Kenstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hoover, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1. 13y

To Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & BILES, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:

MADOC, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869.

This is to certify that during the winter of 1868 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonee Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless. I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonee Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a ort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonee Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings his ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while till her case was declared hopeless; and I know that shehas, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonee Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle

A F WOOD, J P, Warden county of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.

For sale by DRUGGISTS AND GROCERS throughout Canada.

TRADE MARK — GARDNER MONTREAL

GARDNER'S QUININE WINE BITTERS,

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons recovering from Illness. For sale in quart bottle; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children—it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardner's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 8 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best ask for GARDNER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.

Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

J GARDENER, Chemist, 487 Notre Dame Street, Montreal, Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

DUTCH BULBS!

The Subscriber has just received a full assortment from a celebrated Grower in HOLLAND, both for Spring Gardening and in-door Culture

THE ASSORTMENT INCLUDES

Hyacinths, many varieties,
Tulips, "
Lilies, "
Narcissus, "
Jonquills, "
Anemones, "
Ranunculus, "
&c., &c.

The Flower Roots above mentioned not coming to hand till late in the season, are offered for sale at low prices.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE, Druggist, 40 Sparks-st, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Nov. 18, 1870 1517y1

Medical.

GABRIEL'S PREPARATIONS

TRADE MARK — MANUFACTURED ONLY BY MESSRS GABRIEL, Dentists, LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.

FOR THE TEETH.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR LEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH.

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers.

MESSRS. GABRIEL, The old-established Dentists, 64 Ludgate Hill, London, And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth. Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations.

GABRIEL'S ODEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for stopping six Teeth. Price 1s.

GABRIEL'S CORALINE TOOTH PASTE for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the teeth, gives the Teeth a delicious fragrance to the breath, and imparts a delicate pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR has been unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; it is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.

See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it Price 5s.

PARTIES AT A DISTANCE REQUIRING ARTIFICIAL TEETH may have them supplied, in partial or complete sets, on Messrs. Gabriel's new system, by sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of One Guinea, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded, with all necessary instructions. Messrs. Gabriel will undertake to Remodel or Repair Artificial Teeth made by other Dentists, [which do not prove satisfactory], at moderate charges.

Messrs. Gabriel's Pamphlet on Artificial Teeth and Painless Dentistry on receipt of postage.

*** All letters to be addressed to 64 LUDGATE HILL, LONDON. 1323 2-wfm lawk6m

MADRID 1867 — PRIMERA CLASE. — PARIS 1867 — LONDON 1862 — MENTION HONOURABLE — GENERAL EXCELLENCE

ALKABASAR

ARRIVED AT LAST!

This elegant Turkish TONIC is one of the most salutary and delicate preparations ever submitted for public approval in this hemisphere, and asserts its pretentions to patronage on the following grounds:—

That it is a preparation of one of the most eminent Purveyors to the Ottoman Court.

It prevents acidity of the Stomach.

It relieves lowness of spirits.

It is a mild and invigorating tonic, and a cost efficient but innocuous stimulent.

It renders the breath sweet and agreeable.

It stimulates the appetite if taken BEFORE meals,

It promotes digestion if taken AFTER meals.

It neutralizes the propensity for strong liquors.

It renders the intellect bright and clear.

If taken habitually it imparts vitality and energy to all the bodily organs.

By its use a man of 70 will become, as it were, restored to the elasticity of 30; and to persons of delicate constitutions it is strongly recommended.

It is an especial favourite with Oriental ladies.

Secure, then, health, longevity and vital energy by the habitual use of the ALKABASAR TURKISH TONIC.

Kept in stock by the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.

For directions for use see labels on bottles

HENRY CHAPMAN & CO., EVANS, MERCER & CO., Montreal,

Sole Agents for the Dominion

Montreal, July 6. 1415-y

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission on the regium recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D., *Professor of Chemistry in the University of* PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion,

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI, Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F GIANELLI.

H. R. FRIPP,

ORGANIST AND TEACHER OF MUSIC.

Residence—Elgin Street, South of Slater Street. Classes for beginners at Mr Gowan's Hall on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 4½ p.m.

Ottawa, July 15th, 1870. 1419 tf

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano at 4 Stuging, Rideau-street, corner of King-street.

Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

LOST

From the Farm of MRS. STEWART on the bank of the Canal, on the 20th inst., TWENTY-THREE LAMBS, marked with a stroke on the back with tar. Information to be given to W M SLATTERY, Butcher By Ward Market

Ottawa, Oct. 22, 1870.

Commission Merchants.

J. BERMINGHAM, GENERAL AUCTIONEER.

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his Spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them of his constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit a continuance of the support and patronage liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for immediate quick sale, excellent prices and prompt returns are his credentials

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES,

In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate, that in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that care to study the interest, prompt cash returns, and by careful attention, he may merit a continuance of that moderate share of patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

Sales of Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p.m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in lots, if required.

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and is about the largest in the city, being 80 x 35.

Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hands for sale.

J BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, March 1870.

M. FOOTE & COMPANY,

IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALER —IN— TEAS AND WINES, 6 HOSPITAL STREET MONTREAL.

Ottawa August 23, 1870 1444tf

DOMINICK FOX.

GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT, Clarence Street, next to the City Hotel Ottawa.

Solicits the patronage of the Lumber Merchants generally on the Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging men and attending to their rafts while passing here to the best of his ability.

REFERENCES.

Alex Fraser, Esq. Walter Smith, Esq. Joh cupore, Esq. R W Cruice, Esq.

1351tf.

W. H. EASTON & CO., COMMISSION MERCHANTS, FORWARDERS

DEALERS IN Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c

OTTAWA, End of Little Sussex-st.

Cash advanced on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases

W. H. EASTON R. M. EASTON

FOR SALE: MESS AND PRIME MESS PORK. FLOUR NO. 1 & EXTRA WHITE BEANS,

At Ottawa, Sand Point and Pembroke.

S CHRISTIE, No 5 Sparks street.

Ottawa, Jan 18, 1870

GOVERNMENT HOUSE.

OTTAWA, 26th day of Sept., 1870.

PRESENT

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs and under and in virtue of the authority given by the 8th Section of the Act 31 Vic. Cap. 6, intituled "An Act respecting the Customs." His Excellency has been pleased to make the following Regulation:

Grand Harbour, in the Island of Grand Manan, in the Province of New Brunswick shall be and the same is hereby erected into a Out Port of Customs, and attached to the Port of Campo Bello (Welchpool.)

WM. H. LEE, Clerk Privy Council, Canada.

Ottawa, Oct. 4, 1870. 1478

GOVERNMENT HOUSE.

OTTAWA, Thursday, 22nd day of Sept 1870

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs and under and in virture of the 54th Section of the Act 31st Victoria Cap. 6, intituled "An Act respecting the Customs.

His Excellency has been pleased to Order and it is hereby Ordered, that the Out Port of Port Ryerse attached to the Port of Dover, in the Province of Ontario, be and the same is hereby constituted and appointed to be a Warehousing Port, within the meaning of that Act.

WM. H. LEE, Clerk Privy Council, Canada.

Ottawa, Oct. 4, 1870. 1478

Medical.

Ayer's Hair Vigor,

For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.

A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. *Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color with the gloss and freshness of youth.* Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

HAIR DRESSING,

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS, LOWELL, MASS.

PRICE $1.00.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

For Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption.

Probably never before in the whole history of medicine, has anything won so widely and so deeply upon the confidence of mankind, as this excellent remedy for pulmonary complaints. Through a long series of years, and among most of the races of men it has risen higher and higher in their estimation, as it has become better known. Its uniform character and power to cure the various affections of the lungs and throat, have made it known as a reliable protector against them. While adapted to milder forms of disease and to young children, it is at the same time the most effectual remedy that can be given for incipient consumption, and the dangerous affections of the throat and lungs. As a provision against sudden attacks of *Croup*, it should be kept on hand in every family, and indeed as all are sometimes subject to colds and coughs, all should be provided with this antidote for them.

Although settled *Consumption* is thought incurable, still great numbers of cases where the disease seemed settled, have been completely cured, and the patient restored to sound health by the *Cherry Pectoral*. So complete is its mastery over the disorders of the Lungs and Throat, that the most obstinate of them yield to it. When nothing else could reach them, under the *Cherry Pectoral* they subside and disappear.

Singers and Public Speakers find great protection from it.

Asthma is always relieved and often wholly cured by it.

Bronchitis is generally cured by taking the *Cherry Pectoral* in small and frequent doses.

So generally are its virtues known that we need not publish the certificates of them here, or do more than assure the public that its qualities are fully maintained.

Ayer's Ague Cure,

For Fever and Ague, Intermittent Fever, Chill Fever, Remittent Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical or Bilious Fever, &c., and indeed all the affections which arise from malarious, marsh, or miasmatic poisons.

As its name implies, it does *Cure*, and does not fail. Containing neither Arsenic, Quinine, Bismuth, Zinc, nor any other mineral or poisonous substance whatever, it in no case injures any patient. The number and importance of its cures in the ague districts, are literally beyond account, and we believe without a parallel in the history of Ague medicine. Our pride is gratified by the acknowledgments we receive of the radical cures effected in obstinate cases, and where other remedies had wholly failed.

Unacclimated persons, either resident in, or travelling through miasmatic localities, will be protected by taking the *AGUE CURE* daily.

For *Liver Complaints*, arising from torpidity of the Liver, it is an excellent remedy, stimulating the Liver into healthy activity.

For Bilious Disorders and Liver Complaints, it is an excellent remedy, producing many truly remarkable cures, where other medicines had failed.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical and Analytical Chemists, Lowell, Mass., and sold all round the world.

PRICE $1 PER BOTTLE.

DARLEY'S ARABIAN OIL FOR HORSES AND CATTLE

A NEVER-FAILING REMEDY.

This valuable preparation combines all the medicinal virtues of those articles which long experience has proved to possess the most safe and efficient properties for the cure of Flesh Wounds, Sprains, Bruises, Galls of all kinds, Cracked Heels, Ring Bone, Spavin, Callous, Pistula, Sweeney, External Poisons, Scratches or Grease, Strains, Lameness, Mange, Witlows, Corns, Sand Cracks, Foundered Feet, Corn Distemper, Swellings, and many other diseases which horses and cattle are subject to.

The celebrated Liniment has been used for many years, and its curative properties thoroughly tested, and it is conceded to be the cheapest and most reliable remedy for all external complaints ever offered to the public—it never fails when timely used and faithfully applied.

To be had of all Druggists and Country Merchants throughout the Dominion. Price 25c. per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, Ont. Proprietors.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W M Massey, H F McCarthy, J Skinner, in Ottawa, all Medicine Dealers.

November 24, 1870 1522tf

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly, (which are published in the "Ontario Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the Session.

CHARLES T GILLMOR, Clerk of the House.

Toronto March 15, 1870 1369 td lawk.

NOTICE.

I hereby give notice that I shall not be responsible for any debts contracted in my name after this date without my written order.

CHAS. GOULDEN.

Ottawa, August 6 3m

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.

W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.

REFERENCES.—H Allins, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 7401

CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ale and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.

OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell house, Ottawa city, C. W.

PRESERVE YOUR ROOFS.

PATENT PLASTIC SLATE PAINT,

Is the best and cheapest material in use for preserving new, or repairing old

IRON OR TIN ROOFS,

No matter how bad their condition. Also fire rate for.

SHINGLE ROOFS,

Making them

FIRE AND WATER PROOF,

Hardens into a coating of SOLID SLATE by exposure.

Price $6 a barrel, mixed ready for use.

A barrel will cover 10 squares (10 x 10).

SHEATHING FELT

For lining Frame Buildings under the clap boards. An effectual protection against cold, damp and vermin. Rats and mice will come out of it.

No FRAME DWELLING should be without

Send for circular, instructions, &c.

BUCHANAN & CO., Wholesale Depot for Roofing Materials and Founder's Supplies, 32 Lemoine Street, Montreal.

Ottawa, September 21, 1870 1468

A. E. GENDREAU, HAIR DRESSING PARLOUR, *Wellington street,* Opposite the Bank of Montreal.

MR GENDREAU, the proprietor of that so popular Parlour, has the pleasure to announce to his numerous friends and the public in general, that to answer to the great encouragement which he has received up to the present, he has determined to enlarge and thoroughly furnish anew his establishment He will save no expense to render Parlour the most comfortable, and to procure the most experienced hair dressers.

MR GENDREAU having served considerable time in some of the best and most extensive Hair Dressing saloons in the Dominion and United States, is in a position to conduct the duties of his establishment in a manner that cannot be surpassed.

He will have always on hand the best perfumes imported directly from Paris and London.

MR GENDREAU solicits a visit to convince all of the truth of his statements.

SATCHELL BROS

BUTCHERS TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantly on hand

FRESH KILLED *STALL-FED* BEEF AND MUTTON.

ALSO, THEIR CELEBRATED SPICED AND SALT ROUND, AND *ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES*

To be had at THEIR STALLS, Nos. 5 and 7, *BY-WARD MARKET*

No Bronze or Coal Oil used.

FOR THE LANG 30 TO A. W. LANG, Sparks Street.

STYLISH SIGNS AND HANDSOME WALL PAINTING PAINTING STAIR DITTO

PEOPLE'S TELEGRAPH COMPANY

Incorporated under Chapter LXVII of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada.

OTTAWA OFFICE—G P DESMOND'S Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.

DIRECTORS:

A JOSEPH, Chairman; D C THOMSON, Treasurer; S B FOOTE A THOMSON, T H DUNN. DESMUOND Manager 1141tf

TWO OR THREE GENTLEMEN can be accommodated with ROOMS, WITH OR WITHOUT BOARD.

Apply at MR. ROWSELL'S, Opposite the Union Hotel, Centre Town.

Ottawa, July 5, 1870. 1400 tf

EDGAR DOWARD, Organist, Christ Church, teacher of Organ, Piano and Singing Residence—O'Connor street. Mr. Doward was formerly Choirster Boy and Articled Pupil of Mr W. Done, of Worcester Cathedral, England.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

In the matter of JOSEPH HENRY CASSELS, the Village of Kenmore

AN INSOLVENT.

ASSIGNEES SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power vested in me as Assignee of the estate and effects of the above named Insolvent, I shall offer for sale by Public Auction, at the Court House, in the City of Ottawa, at the hour of 12 o'clock, noon on FRIDAY, the TWENTY-FIFTH day of NOVEMBER next, all the estate, right, title, interest and equity of redemption of the said Insolvent, and of myself, as such Assignee as aforesaid, in and to that certain parcel or tract of land and premises situate, lying and being in the Township of Gloucester, in the County of Carleton, containing by admeasurement fifty acres of land be the same more or less, being composed of the west quarter of lot number two, in the third Concession of the said Township, Bilean Front.

Terms and conditions made known at the time of sale, and particulars can be had by applying to

CHAS BAILLIE, Assignee, 401 Notre Dame St.

Dated Montreal, 17th Sept, 1870. 1469 3aw27j

GREAT CENTRAL AIR LINE ROUTE VIA GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.

[The Model Road of Canada]

To Sarnia, Detroit, Milwaukee. CHICAGO. *Cincinnati, St. Louis, New Orleans, and all Points in the West and South.*

NORTHERN TRANSPORTATION CO'S 20 First-Class Upper Cabin Steamers.

DAILY LINE BETWEEN OGDENSBURG & CHICAGO, Making sure connections with Railway for all Points West and South.

Parties going west can secure Tickets at this office to any Point desired, VIA ALL RAIL OR ALL BOAT

Fares always cheaper than by any other Route.

Be sure and procure TICKETS at this office by the GREAT CENTRAL ROUTE

AND SAVE MONEY, TIME AND DISTANCE.

Comparitive distance of the several Western Routes to Chicago:

American—Ogdensburg or Prescott	856 miles
Grand Trunk to Detroit	736 do
Grand Trunk to Toronto, Great Western to Detroit	730 do
Leaving in favor of the Great Central Route	120 do

For TICKETS to any Points in the United States, and all Information apply to

J T CORCORAN, General Western Railway and Steamboat Ticket office, at H Palmer's store, next to Fingland & Draper's, Sussex-st two doors from Rideau-st.

IN CHANCERY.

Pursuant to a decree of the Court of Chancery, made in a cause Spain vs. Watt, the Creditors of Martin Spain, late of the Township of Nepean, in the County of Carleton, who died in or about the month of NOVEMBER, 1867, are on or before the 15th NOVEMBER next, to send by post prepaid, to Messrs. Kennedy & Christie, of the City of Ottawa, the Solicitor of the Defendants, Arthur Watt, the Executor of the deceased, their christian and surnames, addresses and descriptions, the full particulars of their claims, a statement of their accounts and the nature of the securities (if any) held by them, or in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said decree.

Every Creditor holding any security is to produce the same before me at my Chambers, at the City of Ottawa, on the 23rd day of November, 1870, at 11 o'clock, in the forenoon, being the time appointed for adjudication on the claims.

Dated the 21st day of October, 1870.

(Signed), W. M. MATHESON, Master at Ottawa

Scott & Ross, Plaintiff's Solicitors.

Ottawa, Oct 24, 1870 1495 1d

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA, 10th day of November, 1879.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

Whereas it has been represented to His Excellency, that the public convenience would be promoted if the Out-Ports of St Armand and Rousse's Point, which are situate in closer proximity to the Port of St. John's, than to that of Montreal, with which they are now connected, were detached from the last mentioned Port and placed under the survey of the Port of St. Johns; His Excellency on the recommendation of the Hon. the Minister of Customs, and under and in pursuance of the 8th section of the Act 31st Victoria' Chapter 6, intituled:

"An Act respecting the Customs," has been pleased to Order, and it is hereby Ordered that on, from and after the First day of December next the Out-Ports of St. Armand and Rouse's Point shall be and they are hereby respectively detached from the Port of Montreal and placed under the Survey of the Port of St. Johns, in the Province of Quebec.

WM. H. LEE, Clerk Privy Council.

PRESTON & ROWSELL.

MILITARY TAILORS AND HABIT MAKERS NO. 36 SPARKS STREET

PRESTON & ROWSELL

A SELECT ASSORTMENT OF *Tweeds, Broad Cloths, Doe Skins, Fancy Coatings, Vestings, &c.*

SHIRTS MADE TO ORDER

Ottawa, July 26, 1870.

HIGHER EDUCATION.

HELLMUTH COLLEGE.

Board and Tuition per annum, $22.

HELLMUTH LADIES' COLLEGE

Inaugurated by H. R. H. Prince Arthur. Board and Tuition $236 per annum.

PRESIDENT:—The Very Rev. I. Hellmuth, D.D., Dean of Huron

For Particulars apply to Major Evans, London, Canada West.

August 8, 1870. 1 y1

Sarsaparilla, PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

The reputation this excellent medicine enjoys is derived from its cures, many of which are the most astonishing that have been made known. Invaluable cures are daily made by it in every section of the country, even when all else has failed. Its virtues are known in almost every family, and it is generally acknowledged to be the most powerful blood purifier and invigorator in the world. Its cures of Scrofulous Humors, Ulcers, Eruptions, Pimples, Boils, Tumors, Blotches, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Sore Ears, and other outward and visible forms of Scrofulous disease, and more concealed forms of Scrofulous disease, such as Heart Disease, Pile, Epilepsy, Paralysis, and the various Nervous affections of the muscular and nervous systems.

Syphilis or *Venereal* and *Mercurial Diseases* are cured by it, though a long time is required to subduing those obstinate maladies by any means. But long continued use of the medicine will eradicate the complaint. *Leucorrhœa, Gleet, Ulcerations, and Female Diseases* are speedily and permanently cured by it. Those who have suffered from the effects of improper treatment, or the poisonous influence of Mercury, will find in this, the only reliable remedy, a complete and speedy cure. *Rheumatism* and *Gout*, which are caused by accumulations of acrid matter in the blood, yield quickly to its purifying and invigorating effect. Some of the most distressing forms of *Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Costiveness, Liver Complaints, Dropsy, Heart Disease, Nervous Complaints, Headache, Pimples, Eruptions or Blotches on the Face, and Salt Rheum*, are speedily cured by the use of this medicine, as they often do, from the fact that they are all caused by impure blood. This *SARSAPARILLA* is a great strengthener, for the strength and vigor of the system follows the purifying of the blood. Those who are *Languishing* and *Listless, Dyspeptic, Nervous* or *W

The Times

VOL. V. NO. 1538. OTTAWA, TUESDAY DECEMBER 13, 1870 PRICE—3 CENTS

AGENTS WANTED who can make from $5 to $10 a day. Address, T. W. FARRELL, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Nov 11, 1870 131 1m

Legal.

J. W. W. WARD, Barrister at-law, Attorney, Notaries Public, &c., Opposite Russell House, Ottawa, Canada.

WRIGHT & CLEMOW, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c, &c, for the Province of Ontario and Quebec. Office over Durie's Book Store, Sparks street, Ottawa.
T McLAY WRIGHT. 124w F C CLEMOW.

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street, Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. R. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43uff

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Russell House, Ottawa.
43uif JOHN J. GEMMILL.
Upper Lake.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister, Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Russell House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

HARPER & KIRKPATRICK, Barristers and Attorneys at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, &c, for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec. Office—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.
ARCHIBALD HARPER. RENE EDWARD KIRKPATRICK.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

A. SAMA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Building, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 962y

MOSGROVE & TAILON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON.

A. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 290tf

Medical.

DOCTOR HENDERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Surgery:—That recently occupied by Dr. Mallock, Duke st, Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1388y

DR. HORELLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.
N.B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34uif

GEORGE HUTCHISON, L. D. S.,
SURGEON DENTIST,
Sparks Street
OPPOSITE "TIMES" OFFICE.

DR. HUTCHISON is fully prepared to supply SETS of TEETH, or to insert single Teeth or fastening, on either gold, silver or vulcanite plates, fitting so closely and easily to the gums as to be capable of all the uses to which natural teeth are applied without the slightest inconvenience to the wearers, and after wearing for a short time in use, without even a consciousness of the presence of a substance originally brought into the mouth.
Dr. H. with a view to the removal of painful sensitiveness during the operation of extracting decayed or diseased teeth, has introduced into his practice the use of the Nitrous Oxide or laughing gas, which the sufferer inhales without fear or inconvenience, and loses his tooth as it were in a pleasant dream.
Office open every day, except Sunday, from 9 a. m. to 6 p. m.
Ottawa, September 2, 1870

Hotels and Saloons.

THE METROPOLITAN, AUMOND'S BLOCK, *Rideau Street Ottawa.* P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR. 292tf

WAVERLY HOUSE, BARRINGTON-STREET, HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA, Established 1851.
Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.
JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor. 365y

RICKWICK HOUSE, Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.
E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor, (Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)
A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT, M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor*, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brandies Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Meals at all hours.

MR. DUIGNAN'S, SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.
A few more gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen visiting the capital will find superior accommodation at the rate of $4 per week at moderate terms.
N.B.—This house is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Parliament Buildings and the Departments. 219tf

THE UNION HOUSE, W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR, CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS OTTAWA.
EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.
The Bar always supplied with the
CHOICEST LIQUORS,
And the table spread with
EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON
Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.

C. T. R. HIGGINS, Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co, General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufacturers and Mining Agent Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mann Bros Hardware Store.

DANCING AND DEPORTMENT.
Mrs Robert Stewart having made arrangements with an accomplished lady teacher, announces that her Dancing Classes will commence on Wednesday, the 22nd instant
Further particulars may be obtained on application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street.
Ottawa September 9th, 1869. 1148tf

WANTED.
An experienced First-class Common School Teacher, who is not afraid to compete (so far as his profession is concerned) with any person in either Province, desires an engagement in Ontario, to date from the first of January next. Best of references.
Address, stating salary, &c.,
A D PRATT, Hull, P. Q.
Hull, 31st Oct, 1870 1502tf

Groceries.

DENIS WHELAN,
39 RIDEAU STREET,
OTTAWA.
HAVING OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT
(nearly opposite the Old Stand,)
Begs to inform his friends and the public that he has for sale at VERY LOW PRICES a large and well selected stock, comprising Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy Soaps, Sauces, Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, Candles, Coarse and Fine Salt. Also,
Barbadoes and other Vinegars
MESS PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LABRADOR HERRINGS,
and the numerous other articles necessary to complete a complete stock.
TEAS—
Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial Young Hyson, quite fresh and cheap.
COFFEE—
Fresh Coffee *ground* and *roasted* daily on the premises.
LIQUORS—
COGNAC BRANDIES Renault & Co, Hennessy, Piper's and other brands.
HOLLAND GIN—
De Kuyper's and Houtman's, in wood bottle.
WINES—
Sherries of all grades, Ports of fine quality, Burgundy, Sauterne and Maderia Wines all prices, in wood and bottle, improved by age.
HIGHWINES, OLD RYE, PROOF AND WHISKEY.
High proof and flavor, at extremely low rices.
Thorne's and Stewart' Scotch Whiskey and Old Tom.
Dunville's Irish Whiskey.
Murphy's Old Irish Potteen.
Guinness' and London Porter, pts and qts.
Molson's and other Ales.
Sugars and Syrups, all grades.
Sale at refiners' prices.
THE OLD STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE SELLING AT TWENTY-FIVE PER CENT BELOW COST.
Now is the time or bar ains. 1105

1870. 1870.
SPRING IMPORTATIONS.
C MEARA & CO.
Beg most respectfully to intimate to their friends and customers that they have just received and have ready for inspection
A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT OF
CLOTHS AND TWEEDS
Suitable for the coming season, comprising
ENGLISH, FRENCH, SCOTCH AND CANADIAN MANUFACTURES OF THE
NEWEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE DESIGNS.
THE READY-MADE
CLOTHING DEPARTMENT
is also very complete, and will be found of the best materials and most fashionable styles.
Special attention is called to a
LARGE ASSORTMENT OF
SPRING AND SUMMER OVERCOATS
OF THE NEWEST STYLES.
Suspenders, Scarfs, Ties, Collars, Shirts, Gloves, &c, &c. Together with a large and well assorted stock of
DRY GOODS.
Tailoring Department under the supervision of a first class cutter
Suits made to order in best and latest styles
Good fit ensured or no sale.
A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO

Hardware.

BLYTH & KERR,
No. 25 RIDEAU STREET,
Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c.
All work in any of the above branches executed in a prompt and workmanlike manner.
Special attention given to Roofing and fitting up Galvanized Iron and Tin Gutters, Conductors, &c., &c.
IMPORTERS OF GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.
JUST RECEIVED, ex "Pride of Canada" and "Oceola," a splendid assortment of Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots, Jelly Moulds, Wire Dish Covers, Spice Boxes, Ladies' Dressing Cases, Trays, Enamelled Pie Dishes, Preserving Pans, Deif silk saucepans, &c, &c.
Constantly on hand, Cooking Stoves, (best makers) Hot Air Furnaces, Water Coolers, Baths, (all kinds) Cutlery, Plated and Britannia Meta Ware,
—ALSO—
FISHING TACKLE, comprising Rods, Lines, Flies, Hooks, Floats, Trolls, Panniers, Landing Nets, Fly Books, &c &c
Ottawa, August 10, 1870 1432 1y

LEA & PERRINS'
CELEBRATED
WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,
Declared by Connoisseur
TO BE
THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.
CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.
The success of this most delicious and unrivalled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to
ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,
and to see that their names are upon the wrapper labels, stopper and bottle.
Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L. and P. give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and venders of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.
Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.
Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c, and by Grocers and Oilmen universally 42v1x36 law

WANTED
By a young girl a situation as SEAMSTRESS, or DRESS-MAKER, in a private family or place of business.
Good references given if required. Apply at the Times Office.
August 1st, 1870 1434-tf

Railroads.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY OF CANADA.
Special attention is directed to this Company's announcement, in regard to the
RUNNING OF TRAINS FOR THE ENSUING SEASON.
In addition to the Fast Time which it is intended to make between the
EAST AND WEST,
With close connections at all points. The line will be equipped with handsome
NEW FIRST-CLASS CARS,
Unsurpassed on the continent.
TRAINS WILL RUN BETWEEN
Portland and Montreal in 13 Hours.
Montreal and Toronto in 13 Hours.
Stopping only at the most important Stations.
As fast as completed,
PULMAN'S
PALACE SLEEPING CARS
Will be run on the Through Trains and the service will be performed over the entire line in a manner equal to that of any railway on this continent. Special arrangements have been made to accommodate the pleasure travel.
For further particulars see advertisements and time tables.
C J BRYDGES, Managing Director.
June 3 1870. 1437tf

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY OF CANADA
IMPROVED SERVICE OF TRAINS FOR THE SUMMER OF 1870.
ACCELERATION OF SPEED.
NEW CARS ON ALL EXPRESS TRAINS.
Portland to Montreal in 13 Hours.
Montreal to Toronto in 13 Hours.
On and after JUNE 13th the new arrangements will be put in force, and trains will leave Montreal as follows:
GOING WEST.
Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Gederich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points west at..... 9 00 a m
NIGHT do do..... 9 00 p m
Mail Train for Toronto and intermediate Stations..... 7 00 a m
Accommodation Train for Brockville and intermediate stations..... 5 00 p m
Trains for Lachine at 6 00 a m, 7 00 a m, 9 15 a m, 12 noon, 3 00 p m, 4 00 p m, 5 30 p m, and 6 30 p m. The 5 30 p m Train runs through to Provincial Line.
GOING SOUTH AND EAST.
Accommodation Train for Island Pond and intermediate stations at..... 7 10 a m
Express for Boston, via Vermont Central, at..... 9 00 a m
Express for New York and Boston, via Vermont Central, at..... 3 45 p m
Express for New York and Boston, via Plattsburg, Lake Champlain, Burlington and Rutland, at..... 6 00 a m
Do do do ..... 4 00 p m
Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham, Portland and Lower Provinces at..... 1 10 p
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, and the Lower Provinces, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St Hilaire, St Hyacinthe, Upton, Acton, Richmond, Brompton Falls, Sherbrooke, Lennoxville, Compton, Coaticooke and Norton Mills only at 10 10 p m
Sleeping Cars on all night trains. Baggage checked through.
The steamers "Chaudière" and "Charlotte" leave Portland for Halifax, N S, every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, respectively, at 4 00 p m. They have excellent accommodations for passengers and Freight.
The International Company's Steamers running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every Monday and Thursday at 4 00 p m for St John, N B, &c.
Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.
For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at Terminal and way station apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station, or at No 39, Street St James Street.
C J BRYDGES, Managing Director.
June 3, 1870 1425tf

TO LUMBERMEN.
L. ROSE,
PROVISION BROKER.
LONDON, ONT.,
Inspects every BARREL of PORK he Ships and Ships only a FIRST-CLASS Article. He has for Sale from some of the Leading Packers and Curers:
Heavy Mess Pork, guaranteed.
Ex P. Pork made from Heavy Mess.
Shoulders Mess Mutton.
Heavy Bacon, &c., at the lowest FIRST PRICES, and on Terms to suit Purchasers.
No. 1 Sup. Flour, Oats, Corn, &c., bought on commission.
White Beans always on hand.
Orders or enquiries have prompt attention.
Through rates to Brockville, Sand and Ottawa.
L. ROSE, Produce Broker, London, Ont.
London, Ont., Nov. 24, 1870 1522 3m

An excellent light RED WINE for ordinar use, not unlike PORT, but higher in body.
$1.25 Per GALLON
$4.00 Per DOZEN.

WANTED.
For the First and Second Departments of the Arnprior Common School, two MALE TEACHERS. Salary for first, four hundred; second, three hundred dollars per annum. Services to commence about 1st January, 1871. Applications received up to 1st December, 1870. Stating qualifications, &c.
DR. CRANSTON, Chairman
GEO. CRAIG, Secretary.
Arnprior, Nov 9, 1870 15 9 3

ELECTRICITY IS LIFE
PULVERMACHER'S PATENT
GALVANIC CHAIN BANDS
BELTS, AND POCKET BATTERIES
These highly improved inventions render Electricity perfectly self-applicable, and extensively efficacious in a mild continuous form, no shock or unpleasant sensation being experienced, when by it becomes a true fountain of health and vigour, speedily soothing agonizing pains, reanimating torpid limbs, reviving the sluggish functions of life, and imparting renewed energy and vitality to constitutions enfeebled by whatever cause. Medicines and their deleterious consequences are thus entirely dispensed with. The daily increasing number of cures effected by PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC SYSTEM is so extensive and varied, that it forcibly points to this invention as the embryo of a universal remedy.
N. B.—The following testimony from the elite of the English medical faculty has been received:
"We, the undersigned, have much pleasure in testifying that Mr. J. L. PULVERMACHER's recent improvements in his Voltaic Batteries and Galvanic Appliances for Medical Purposes are of great importance to Scientific Medicine, and that he is entitled to the consideration and support of every one disposed to further the advancement of real and useful progress.
"Dated the 9th day of March, 1866.
"SIR CHARLES LOCOCK, Bart., M. D., F R C P
"SIR HENRY HOLLAND, Bart., M. D., F. R. S.
"SIR WM. FERGUSSON, Bart., F. R. S.
"EDWD. H. SIEVEKING, M. D., M R C S
"SIR J. RANALD MARTIN, F. R. C. S."
PULVERMACHER'S SYSTEM is also approved of by an official report of the Academie de Medicine, Paris, Royal College of Physicians, London, and the Imperial Faculty of Vienna, and its curative virtues are confirmed by thousands of private testimonials of cures effected. (See pamphlet gratis).
These facts appeal to the good sense of every sufferer to avail himself of this scientific and curative progress, to which the inventor has devoted a life-time of study and labour, as an ardent disciple of that great benefactor of mankind, the late illustrious electrician MICHAEL FARADY.
PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC CHAINS are exceedingly effective without the aid of medicine, restriction of diet or the least derangement of the patient's habits and daily occupations, in the following maladies:

Rheumatism	Female Complaints
Gout	Constipation
Sciatica	Cramp
Lumbago	Sluggish Circulation
Neuralgia	Urinary Disorders
Head and Toothache	Paralysis
Liver Complaints	Epilepsy
Tic Doloreux	Nervous Debility
Indigestion	Functional Disorders
Deafness	&c., &c.
Spasms	

The effects of the application of Pulvermacher's Chains in any of the above disorders is immediately perceptible—the relief of pain instantaneous.
PRICE LIST OF PULVERMACHER'S CHAIN BANDS AND BATTERIES.
B. CHAIN BANDS for Nervous Deafness, Head, Tooth, and Face Ache, and Noises in the Head, 21s. to 30s.
B. CHAIN BANDS for loss of Voice and other affections of the Throat, 10s. 6d. to 21s.
N. CHAIN BANDS for Sciatica, Rheumatic, Neuralgia, and Gouty Pains, Local Paralysis, Cramp, &c., 18s. to 22s and 40s
B CHAIN BANDS for Lumbago, Indigestion, Liver, Chest, and Functional Disorders, &c., (worn as a belt), 22s to 40s and 55s.
B CHAIN BANDS for Writer's Cramp, Trembling, Nervousness, &c, 22s to 30s and 40s.
B COMBINED CHAIN BAND for Central, Paralysis, Epilepsy, General Debility Functional Disorders, &c, 30s to 50s
A complete Set of COMBINED CHAIN BANDS, BELTS, and CHAIN BATTERY for restoring vital energy, £5 to £7.
The public are most earnestly cautioned to beware of Pseudo Electric Belts advertised by sham Doctors, &c., for improper purposes, and so severely stigmatized by Vice Chancellor Malins in the suit Pulvermacher vs Hammond, alias Henry James, alias C. T. Stapley, M. B. C. S, alias Henry Burrows, &c, &c.
No. Galvanic Belts are genuine but those bearing the fac simile of M. Pulvermacher's signature on the label.
A pamphlet containing full particulars may be had at the Drug Store of A. Christie, Sparks Street.
J. L. PULVERMACHER, Galvanic Establishment, 200 Regent Street, London, W.
Ottawa, September 6, 1870 1455 1awk y

SCYTHES!
SCYTHES!! SCYTHES!!!
AND OTHER
HARVESTING IMPLEMENTS.
At the sign of the ANVIL, No. 24 Rideau street, you can find a complete assortment of
Grass and other Scythes.
Blood Oil or Steel, all lengths.
Blood Cast Steel, "
Blood German Steel, "
Pride of the Field silver Steel.
Bounie Blue Bell, "
Red Beaver or Champion "
Flint's Celebrated Scyth)
Whitings Eureka scyth ground, ready for use.
Hay Rakes, straight and bent.
Hay Forks, two and three prongs.
Straw Forks, three prongs.
Scythes Snathes.
Grain Cradles, Maley and Grape Vine.
Scythe-stones and Grindstones of all sorts and sizes.
—ALSO,—
A complete assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, Paints, Oil, Glass, Putty, Coal Oil, &c., &c.
THOS. BIRKETT, No. 24, Rideau Street.

TO FARMERS
Who have suffered by fire we make a reduction in the price of Stoves,
Elevated Oven Cook Stoves.
Low Oven Cook Stoves.
Double Stoves. Parlour Stoves.
Box Stoves all sizes. Hotel Cook Stoves.
Dumb Stoves. Hot Air Furnaces.
Stove Pipes. Elbows.
Zinc.
Our WINTER STOCK, just received at the
"CAPITAL STOVE DEPOT."
85 Sussex Street,
H MEADOWS & CO.
Ottawa, September 9, 1870.

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails. 1870. FALL ARRANGEMENT. 1870.

Arrival	Departure
A.M.	A.M.
11.15 Eastern, by Train, Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	6.30
11.15 Montreal, by Steamer	.....
11.15 Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B., by St. L. & O. Railway, Western U.S., and all places west of Toronto	8.30
11.15 Western, by Train; Toronto, Hamilton, London, Kingston, to be despatched in closed mail from Windsor, Ontario, daily, via St. Paul	8.30
8.30 Fort Garry and other places in the Province of Manitoba, by Train	8.30
8.30 Ordinary Dominion towns, Gananoque, Brockville, Prescott, Cornwall, Lancaster, Montreal, Quebec, Fredericton, Halifax, St. John, Charlottetown, Shediac, Amherst, Pictou, Truro, Windsor, Annapolis, Digby, Yarmouth, Arichat, Sydney, Newcastle, Chatham, Dalhousie, Bathurst, Shediac, Richibucto, Buctouche, Kouchibouguac, Tracadie, Caraquet, Dalhousie, Bathurst, Newcastle, Chatham

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Government House—Wm. H. Lee.
For Sale—John Chapman.
Masonic Ball—John Walsh.
Evenings with the Poets—Rev. Wm. Stephenson.
Requisition—J. R. O'Connor.

The Ottawa Times.
Office: 38, Sparks Street
TUESDAY, DECEMBER 13, 1870.

For interesting reading matter see First Page.

We are glad to hear that Colonel Irvine's condition is improved.

Mr Bonner, Manager of the Montreal & Ottawa Forwarding Company, has been presented with an address and testimonial by the employees of the Company.

ENLARGEMENT OF THE "TIMES."

On Monday next the Ottawa TIMES will enter upon its sixth year of publication. Looking back upon its past career, we have every reason to be gratified with what has been accomplished. We have endeavoured to deal with public questions in a broad and comprehensive spirit, to sink personal feelings, and to advocate with all the energy and ability at our command, such measures as seemed likely to be attended with beneficial results to the general public. We have not shrank from criticising public men for their public acts when we considered that the interests of the community would be served by our doing so. In thus doing we have doubtless made a few enemies, for men who have acted dishonestly or even imprudently do not like to have their crimes or their weaknesses exposed. But when we have made one enemy in this way, we rejoice to know that we have made a score of friends, and we believe that the journalist who without fear or favour thus seeks with an honest purpose to serve the public, will be certain to receive from that public the reward to which he is entitled.

At all events we have had ample reason to believe this, and to feel confident that the course which we have adopted has been generally acceptable to those among whom the TIMES circulates. Our circulation has largely increased of late, so that we can now without fear of contradiction claim to have the largest circulation of any newspaper published between Montreal and Toronto. The WEEKLY TIMES circulates throughout the whole Ottawa Valley, as well as through the counties to the south of us, and the extent of its circulation is increasing daily.

In fact the encouragement which we have received from the public has been so gratifying, that in order to furnish a large amount of reading matter, and at the same time provide space for our largely increased advertising business, we have determined to enlarge the size of the TIMES to the extent of about FOUR ADDITIONAL COLUMNS. This change will take place on Monday next; of course it will be attended with increased expenditure, but this and other changes which we intend to make, will, we feel confident, be so generally acceptable to the public, as to insure for us a considerable augmentation of that support which has hitherto been accorded to us.

As in the past so in the future, our course will be guided by a sincere desire to do all we can to promote the interests of the public. Every railway or other enterprise likely to develop the resources of the country will receive our warmest co-operation; every public man who does his duty faithfully and honestly, may rely upon our support, while any crime or mistake committed by a public man, we shall consider ourselves bound to expose. By adopting this course we shall not only have the satisfaction of feeling that we are doing our duty, but also of knowing that we are acting in a manner which will in the long run be certain to win for us the support and approbation of all respectable men.

REMEMBER THE POOR!

A leading English medical journal prefaces an article with the words: "The "season of the year is coming at which "the newspapers teem with appeals to "the benevolent to subscribe towards "funds for giving a good dinner of hot "meat once or twice a week to half-"famished children."

Those who live in well-appointed homes, who never have seen the wolf approach the door, and are sufficiently clothed, have very little idea of the purport of these words. They cannot understand the sufferings borne by hundreds of poor, suffering children, trying to eke out a miserable existence by the sale of daily or evening newspapers, or by begging. Exposed to the chill blasts of an inhospitable street corner, and impelled by hunger, is it astonishing that crime is sometimes resorted to, to supply nature's wants? There are many in our midst, who, from a sufficiency of the good things of this life can well afford to subscribe a small sum weekly or monthly in order to make happy a few hours of some of the "houseless, homeless poor." Last winter the good hearted ladies of "The Kirk" in this city opened a soup kitchen on the Flats, which proved a great source of blessing to the poor. In addition to that some Christian ladies single-handed started a "House of Refuge" for homeless women. Has this latter been supported as it might have been? But it is not of individual relief societies we speak, but of non-sectional systems of charity.

At a season of the year when the members of every family and their friends meet in joy and gladness to commemorate the advent of God's Greatest Gift to a fallen race, the generous impulse of our nature should prompt us to remember the poor. How many dollars spent unnecessarily would have been better expended in relieving cold and hunger, and the blessing of Him who giveth liberally and upbraideth not would rest upon the donor in peace and contentment of mind.

"NOTE WELL."

There was a nice little *expose* in the course of one of the debates in the Ontario Legislature last week. Mr. McKellar had been attacking Mr. Smith, of Leeds and Grenville, because the latter had acted as arbitrator between two municipalities at the request of the Government. After Mr. McKellar had talked the usual amount of stuff about ministerial corruption and the uncompromising honesty of the Grits, Mr. Smith begged the honourable member for Bothwell to give the House a few particulars concerning a note for $1,000, which he had sent, prior to the last elections, to a certain gentleman in Toronto, asking for his endorsation. Mr. McKellar replied that he never had sent such a note. Then said Mr. Smith, "I wish to say upon my honour that the Hon. George Brown showed me a note from Mr. McKellar for $1,000 which he wished him (Mr. Brown) to endorse *for the purpose of paying Mr. McKellar's election expenses*, and Mr. Brown said that if he endorsed it he would have to pay it!"

Mr. McKellar again denied having sent such a note, and, we believe, to a certain extent he spoke the truth. We do not think that he sent it with his own hand, but supposing his son forwarded it to Mr. Brown by his direction,—as was in reality the case,—what essential difference does it make? As the matter stands it certainly looks very much as though Mr. McKellar wanted $1,000 to buy the votes of the electors of Bothwell, and that Mr. Brown as Chief Factionist and head of the Opposition concern was expected to find the money.

CHANGEABLE.

In his speech at the Brownite dinner last week Mr. Mackenzie spoke of the Intercolonial Railway route as "scandalous." How completely Mr. Mackenzie's views have changed since the time when his present master was a member of the Government, and a political millenium endured for a brief time in Canada! On the twenty-third of February, 1865, Mr. Mackenzie spoke as follows concerning the "scandalous" route.

"As regards the Intercolonial Railway, I have taken some little interest in that, as I knew I would be compelled to discuss it on approaching this subject, and, in examining the maps and reports of Major Robinson, I find no difficulty in arriving at a conclusion as to the comparative cost. The route that is most feasible—that alluded to by the honourable member for Richelieu—the northern or eastern route by the Bay of Chaleurs, is about 655 miles from Halifax to Quebec. It is already constructed to Truro, some 35 miles from Halifax, and from Quebec 140 miles to Riviere du Loup. This will leave nearly 400 miles to be built."

Remember Knox Church Bazaar in Champness' Block, today and to-morrow.

The Water Works

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

SIR:—At the meeting in St. Georges Ward on Thursday evening, Alderman Featherston is reported to have said, "Mr. Keefer had estimated for water works at $250,000, but when asked what amount should be inserted in the Bill, named $400,000." The estimate of $250,000 is the cash cost of certain specified works, exclusive of any land or water power purchases, and this is so stated in my report. That estimate was for the cheapest of the five different water-power sites, the one on Victoria Island. If the Dominion Government do not grant the site, here a more expensive one must be taken. The next in point of economy is upon Amelia Island, and is also dependent upon the Government. It is believed by some (though I do not share in this belief) that the Government will object to the erection of the Pumping Machinery at either of these places, and that the city will be compelled to excavate a canal through the Chaudiere Flats, and in this event my report shows a further possible outlay of about $50,000. I also stated that in the estimate of $250,000 I have not provided for any deepening of the slide channel, the necessity for which can only be established by experience. I do not think the *cash* cost of the necessary works, land and water power, need exceed $300,000, and I have never proposed providing a less sum for this purpose unless the Dominion Government come to the aid of the city, or unless the scale of works proposed in my estimate is reduced, which can be done if the city fells unable to go to that figure. The amount fixed by the Corporation in my instructions was $300,000. But in entering upon a work at that *cash* cost, I am sure that Alderman Featherston would ask power to issue debentures for more than $300,000, even if he could sell them at par.

The interest of the cost of the works until completion, or until they become productive, must be met, and as there will possibly be some discount on the debentures provision must be made for that also. But this is not the only reason for asking legislative authority to issue debentures to the extent of $400,000. My estimate was made more than eighteen months ago, and it may be two years or more before the works proposed in it are carried out. By that time there will probably be a call for an extension of pipes and hydrants for the districts where no houses existed when my report was made. The Canada Central station, which will want water for its locomotives was not anticipated in that report, and next year Mr. Reynolds will have a new station in the same quarter. If you do not take power to issue debentures for more than you proposed to expend nearly two years ago you would have to go to Parliament again as soon as your works are completed. In one sense the works will never be completed until the city is completed, and in this way those speakers who have estimated the expenditure at one million of dollars will, if they live long enough, see their words verified, and a grand day it will be for Ottawa when she reaches that standard. If you are empowered to issue $400,000 that does not compel you to do so. The Hamilton authorities were empowered to issue £300,000, but completed their works with less than two-thirds of this amount. The Mayor was led into the error of stating £300,000 as the *cost* of those works, by assuming that the whole amount authorized was expended. In this connection I must correct the errors of other speakers at these ward meetings. Mr. Mosgrove is reported to have said that "the Hamilton works were estimated at $397,000 and cost $700,000." The estimate was $640,000 *cash*, and the *cash* cost was under that figure.

Mr. Macdougall is reported to have said: "In Hamilton they commenced water works with five hundred thousand dollars, but soon stuck, and had to get five hundred thousand dollars more to finish the works," whereas the fact is they commenced with £300,000 of debenture power and did not use two thirds of it.

THOS. C. KEEFER.

Gloucester, Dec. 10, 1870.

School Examination at Wellington

To the Editor of THE TIMES:

SIR,—For the information of the friends of education in the Township of North Gower, and also for the encouragement of pupils in the different common schools, I shall give an outline of the proceedings of an examination held lately in the village of Wellington Common School, under the management of Mr. H. A. Craig. The exercises commenced at ten o'clock a.m., in the school room, the pupils attended in force and competed for the prizes with great animation and spirit. The competition in every branch was well maintained throughout the whole examination, especially the recitations and dialogues, which exceeded anything I have heard throughout the rural districts, in fact would compete with almost any of our city schools, the pupils proving themselves to be carefully and systematically taught.

The attendance of friends and parents was very fair and the utmost order and decorum were maintained throughout the proceedings. Comparing this examination with those of former occasions in similar branches, I find the pupils are decidedly in advance of all their former efforts, teacher and pupils evidently aiming at the attainment of a higher standard, although laboring under some disadvantages, compared with other schools, in not being so thoroughly furnished in school apparatus, &c.; however Mr. Craig maintained through his pupils his high reputation as a teacher.

Remember Knox Church Bazaar in Champness' Block, today and to-morrow.

ELECTION MEETING.

A rather stormy meeting of the electors of Ottawa Ward was held last evening in Mr. Guertin's house, corner of St. Andrew and Cumberland streets. The object for which the meeting was called, was, we understand, to nominate candidates to represent the French portion of the electors of that Ward in the City Council for the ensuing year.

The meeting was called for seven o'clock, but there was not a sufficiently large audience to open proceedings until about 8 o'clock, when Mr. Birmingham was moved into the chair, and Mr. Waller appointed Secretary. The audience increased rapidly in number during the succeeding hour, and at nine o'clock the large room in which the meeting was held was crowded to an uncomfortable degree. As on all such occasions the audience was very inquisitive, and taxed the utmost tact and ingenuity of the able chairman to keep order. As at similar meetings already held, the water works bill seemed to be the great bug-bear of the rate-payers.

The chairman in opening the proceedings regretted that some abler person had not been called to fill the chair at so large and influential a meeting. With regard to the object for which the meeting was called he was quite ignorant. He would be glad to see the originators of the meeting come forward and state what the meeting was called for, and proceed to the business of the evening.

Ald. Martineau was then called upon, and delivered a lengthy speech. The meeting was called, as he understood, for the purpose of nominating candidates to represent Ottawa Ward in the City Council during the coming year, and, as he did not know whether he was to be nominated for re-election, he did not consider it necessary or proper that he should say much on the occasion. With regard to the water works bill, it was, as they were all probably aware, dead, so that it would be throwing words away to say anything about it. The ratepayers frequently complained that the interests of the Ward seemed to be totally ignored by their representatives in the Council from the fact that but few improvements of any kind were made during the last year in any part of the Ward. With respect to this he might say, and his statements would be alike applicable to all the wards of the city, that he and every Alderman in the Council were ever willing to make all the improvements to the city which the rate-payers might demand; but they had not the money to enable them to do so, and therefore the difficulty lay in obtaining the money. The rate-payers were complaining of the present rate of taxation, and yet they persistently called out for improvements, in every direction. They called for improvements and refused to supply the money to effect them. This was very inconsistent conduct. If Ottawa was at present heavily taxed it was accounted for in the fact that all the improvements which have been made to the city for some years have been paid cash for out of the money raised in the city by means of taxation. In other cities of Canada a different system was adopted in this respect; large sums of money were borrowed, the cities were run into debt, and the necessary improvements effected without materially, if at all, increasing the rate of taxation. Interest had to be paid on the money thus obtained and a sinking fund established to pay off the principal. While Lower Town complained that it did not received its proportionate amount of improvement it should, remember that its natural condition made vast improvements necessary and very difficult of accomplishment. The speaker then referred to the financial state of the city, which he considered pretty healthy. About the only debt on the city was the railroad loan, to clear off which they intended to make great efforts. Owing to several new sources of revenue to the city which he thought they would be able to reduce the rate of taxation next year. He had not come there that night to seek re-election, but he would simply say that if they chose him as their representative for next year that he would do his duty towards them, and if they did not wish to re elect him he was willing to retire.

Mr. Martineau then addressed the audience in French, confining himself pretty much to the translation of his remarks in English. He was told that Mr. Taillon, who was present, was to oppose him as representative of the Ward. He had no doubt that Mr. Taillon had all the necessary qualification to fill the position satisfactorily. It was very important that he should assist regularly at all the meetings of the Council and Committees, and if he could spare time to do that he could see no other objection to his election.

Mr. Taillon was them called upon, and addressed the audience in the French language. He felt much honoured in being called upon to address so large and influential a meeting of the rate-payers of Ottawa Ward. It was their duty to examine at this period into the conduct of their representatives in the Council during the past year, and it was like the master and the servant, if they had performed their duties faithfully and to the best of their ability they should be retained, but, on the contrary, if they abused the trust reposed in them they should be discharged. They should ask themselves if their interests as Canadians, and the interest of Lower Town in general, had been looked to during the year by their representatives. It lay with the ratepayers themselves to give decision on those questions. He thought the French Canadians were not adequately represented in the Council. If they had better representation in the Council their interests would be less neglected than they had been. He would go in strongly for a new Ward division of Lower Town. There was not a single one among them that did not experience some difficulty in the settlement of their taxes with the Collector, and he thought it was high time they should have a Frenchman appointed to that office. Had they had an adequate representative in the Council the French gentleman whose name was proposed at its last meeting might have been appointed. With respect to the water works question, the Corporation offered $1,000 premium for the best scheme for their construction, Mr. Keefer's plan was adopted, and according to it the (water works) could be built for $250,000, but in course of time the amount was increased to $300,000, and finally in the famous bill their cost was to be $400,000. When they were to incur such expense before their construction was begun at all, what would they be likely to have cost when completed? He thought the cost would reach one million of dollars. It would be absurd to construct water works without sewerage, and until the financial state of the city would permit neither should be undertaken. It was said he would be requested to allow himself to be nominated as a candidate for Ottawa Ward. If a respectable requisition were presented him he would have no objection. If elected he would endeavor to fulfil the duties that might devolve upon him to the best of his abilities.

Mr. Taillon then delivered a brief address in English, after which it was

Moved by Mr. Paul Tombeau, seconded by Mr. Pidgeon, that in the opinion of this meeting Mr. Taillon is a fit and proper person to represent Ottawa Ward in the City Council for the ensuing year.

A show of hands being called for on the motion *pro* and *con*, it was declared carried amid great applause.

Mr. Lauzon was then called on, and coming forward said he would yield to the request though he did not come prepared to speak. He was strongly opposed to Alderman Martineau's re-election on the ground that he (Martineau) did not do his duty towards his electors. Coming to the water work question, all knew that Mr. Martineau was one of the strongest advocates of the bill, which he thought was manufactured by persons who in its composition had an eye to something in the future. Those $400,000 were very tempting. Mr. Martineau had spared no effort to push the bill through, and from his conduct at St. Patrick's Hall on Friday where he spoke for three-quarters of an hour in showing up the good features of the bill, it was evident he had some great interest in it. Then should Mr. Martineau offer himself as candidate would they support him?

Cries of No! No! and a few isolated yeses.

They should beware of bribery. He had heard that some money was to be scattered about the Ward shortly.

A voice—That is what we want (laughter.

Mr Pidgeon thought that if there was a Ward in the city badly treated it was Ottawa Ward. As a contractor he could state that the water works could not be built for $400,000.

Messrs. Goulden and Battle then addressed the meeting, after which all adjourned to take a drink at the expense of the candidates.

Devlin's Fur Depot.

Remember Knox Church Bazaar in Champness' Block, today and to-morrow.

Latest by Telegraph

BY PEOPLE'S LINE.

OFFICE:—G. P. Drummond's Exchange Office 19 Sparks Street.

QUEBEC.

QUEBEC, Dec. 12.

Mr. Dunscomb, Collector of Customs, fell and broke one of the bones of his leg yesterday morning, on the St. Foy road, while he was walking with his family.

Yesterday and this morning three French barques, which left this port about a week ago, arrived, and have gone into winter quarters at Blair's boom. They report they came to anchor off the Brandy Pots, and remained there seven days, it blowing from the east with heavy falls of snow. The masters are very much blamed for returning, as there was no appearance of ice in the river, and every possibility of a change of weather. All three vessels were chartered by Messrs. R. R. Dobell & Co. It turns out that the crews were strangely unwilling to return to France.

The Court of Appeal was opened this morning.

Sir George E. Cartier is in town.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

Hon. Mr. Chauveau moved that the House go into committee on Wednesday, to consider certain resolutions respecting railroads.

Some private Bills were introduced.

The adjourned debate on Arbitration was resumed.

Hon. Mr. Chauveau made certain explanations, and the resolutions were adopted.

Dr. Blanchard contended that the arbitration was null and void from want of unanimity, from the resignation of one of the arbitrators, and from judgment being given in the absence of one.

Hon. Mr. Irvine said no subject was more important than the present, and it was gratifying to see unanimity among members. True patriotic feeling prevails; even opposition members are willing to assist the Government. He thought it proper to discuss the subject fully. The circumstances which led to arbitration are well known. The Legislature of Canada agreed to the arbitration scheme. The division of the debt was left to the arbitrators of Quebec, who contended that the principle of partnership should be adopted in the question of debts and assets, and that the position of contracting parties be considered. Ontario proposed two different modes: first, according to population; secondly, consideration of debts; and afterwards proposed the following rule, that they should examine throughout the debt and consider the position of both Provinces before the union. Could the people of Ontario be satisfied that justice would be done when high-minded men like Justice Day resigned? The intention of the law was that both would be represented. It had been arranged that Justice Day should have resigned, but suppose in the case of death or illness at the moment of resignment everything would be at an end until another was appointed. At Justice Day's resignation we were in the same position as before arbitration. Our duty to insist that justice be done is impossible. In looking at documents we assume how much injustice is perpetrated. What more injustice than the award that demanded the assets of the Province of Canada be divided. To this Judge Day dissented, having decided to examine in detail. Judge Day then resigned, saying that justice could not be done Quebec. Quebec could have been asked to appoint another, but no time was given. The two others continued and gave judgment. There could be no legal award without unanimity of agreement be arrived at some approach to concurrence was necessary. One with no debt, the other with five million dollars, which was not to be considered, but every item to be afterwards ignored, is it possible matters could be settled satisfactorily—$1,400,000 to Ontario, and $4,000,000 to Quebec. The arbitrators did not wish for each account. They gave certain imaginary assets to Quebec, as if they were cash, and in counting the Ontario debts they leave out good debts. The Arbitrators of the question, with the award legally rendered, will not go over the grounds again. It was most certainly unjust. In no case will we submit to the award.

Mr. Joly stated that members of the Federal Government had not done their duty to Quebec, and asked them why they had not interfered in favor of Quebec. Three times have they been asked to interfere without effect; their conduct had been blamable, and they should explain their views.

Hon. Mr. Chauveau repeated his previous remarks, and defended the federal Ministers.

Hon. Mr. Robertson did not know on what basis the assets were divided. He would merely instance two cases concerning common schools. They took out $125,000, and applied it to the Ontario Building Fund, and divided the balance according to population, thus defrauding Quebec of $300,000. Again they saddled us with debts of $6,000,000 contracted by Ontario for its own passports. They will not allow us to come out of the bargain as we went in.

The sixth resolution was then adopted.

Mr. Joly's amendment was put and lost on division.

The seventh resolution was then adopted, and the House rose at 6 o'clock.

THE WAR.

The London *Times'* correspondent says that the Prussian forces are marching on Tours, and that the seat of the Provisional Government will be removed to Bordeaux.

English accounts state that the morale of the army of the Loire has been completely destroyed by the late defeats. It can offer no serious obstacle to the onward progress of the Prussians.

The two Prussian corps which captured Rouen have been enforced and are advancing upon Harve.

The French report that the army of the Loire is not discouraged or demoralized.

The British Government have sent invitations to the various powers which signed the treaty of 1856 to be present at the conference, which is to be held at London on the Eastern question.

Austria is preparing for war. There are now in store 900,000 rifles, and 700,000 uniforms. In two months the entire army can be placed upon a war footing.

The Russian Government will have 150,000 breech-loaders ready for use by the 1st of January.

The following is the letter from the King of Bavaria to the King of Saxony:

"The Germans led by the King of Prussia, celebrate the brotherhood of arms, giving a glorious proof of the importance and power of United Germany. I have negotiated to this end at Versailles, and now invite you and the other German Princes to urge the King of Prussia to assume the title of Emperor of Germany, united with the presidental functions. Proud thus to take the first step in crowning German unity, I hope for your assent, and that of the other Princes and free towns."

A Berlin paper says that whereas England and France have hitherto been the two leading nations of Europe, England and Prussia will now divide the controlling power.

The King of Prussia in his late despatch to Queen Augusta says:

"Von Twesten has carried Gidy, Janvey, and Prinis by storm, and Manteuffel occupied Rouen after victorious encounters. Goeden now holds the city. Eight heavy guns were found in the intrenchments."

It has been ascertained that the Duke de Luynes was killed at the battle of Orleans.

The French Government declares that its reverses were only of temporary importance. Many railway trains loaded with cattle, sheep, and provisions has been concentrated near Orleans for the succour of Paris; they were all saved. Most of the guns taken by the Prussians were mounted navy pieces.

The evacuation of Orleans was caused by the demoralization of some new French troops and the mistaken strategy and indecision of General D'Aurelles de Paladines, who allowed two corps to be overwhelmed by the whole Prussian army, although he had 200,000 men within reach.

LONDON, Dec. 10.—The reported renewal of negotiations for armistice is incorrect. The Foreign Office here denies any movement in that sense on the part of neutral powers, nor has Gambetta made overtures to Bismarck. Some other members of the Tours Government, who are violently opposed to Gambetta, and anxious to conclude the war, attempted to offer negotiations. On discovering the scheme Gambetta threatened them with arrest, when they promised to abandon the undertaking.

At Nevy, a village northwest of Gien, the advance of the Prussian Third Army overtook and defeated the rear guard of the Army of the Loire, which was obliged in consequence to hasten its retreat, and on Wednesday a Prussian division engaged the French west of Meung and beat them after a sharp fight, in which the first Bavarian corps participated. The French lost 260 prisoners, one gun and a mitrilleuse.

The *Times* has a telegram from Berlin which says that King William will return to Berlin after the capitulation of Paris, even if the war is continued beyond that time.

The German terms of peace are likely to be much more oppressive the longer the French hold out.

It is reported that the council of war has decided to bombard the city.

Riots are reported to have broken out in Berlin, on account of the calling into active service the married men of the Landwehr.

NEW YORK, Dec. 12.—A Vienna despatch says the Sublime Porte has called for an immediate return of the number of irregular troops each district can furnish, and has also summoned the reserves.

The Sultan has also called a Naval Council to increase the strength of the fleets.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 12.—It now seems doubtful that General Schenck will be prepared to assume the duties of Minister to England, which position has been tendered to and accepted by him, before the close of the present Congress. His appointment is spoken of among the Senators and members with the utmost favour, and all unite in pronouncing it the strongest yet made by the present administration.

DIED.

In this city, on the 12th inst., Patrick N. Walsh, youngest child of Wm. Walsh, Capt. Ottawa Fire Company, aged 8 months and 9 days.

The funeral will take place from his residence, corner Murray and Dalhousie streets, to day, (13th) at 4 o'clock, p.m. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend without further notice.

In this city, on the 11th inst., Elizabeth Anderson, the only daughter of Mr. Frederick Gilbert, aged 2 years and 7 months.

The funeral will leave Clarence street, this morning, at 10 o'clock. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend without further notice.

On the 6th inst., at LaBaie du Febvre, Adolphe Lozeau, Esq., father of Mrs. Futvoye, of this city.

Yesterday, the 12th instant, at the Chaudiere Island, Sarah Ida, daughter of Mr. Aden Potter, aged four years, six months and twelve days.

The funeral will leave her father's residence, this day, Tuesday, at 3 o'clock, p.m. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend without further notice.

EVENINGS WITH THE POETS.

The Second of the Series will be given by the

Rev. Wm. Stephenson

—IN THE—

LECTURE ROOM

OF THE

WESLEYAN CHURCH,

This TUESDAY EVENING, at 7:30.

SUBJECT:

"EDGAR ALLAN POE, his Life and Writings," with renditions.

Music by the Church Choir.

Admission 10 cents. No charge given at the door.

Proceeds for the benefit of the Ladies Aid Society.

Ottawa, Dec. 13, 1870 1538 1

MASONIC BALL.

The Brethren of the Civil Service Lodge, No. 148, G.R.C., in conjunction with Brethren of other City Lodges, propose celebrating the Festival of St. John the Evangelist, by a

MASONIC BALL,

Brethren desirous of becoming subscribers will oblige by leaving their names with any Member of the Committee before the 15th inst.

COMMITTEE.

W. Bros. Cochrane, Eastwood and Remon, Bros H Bernard, Brown Chamberlin, A J Cambie, F D Burrowes, E B Crombie, and

JOHN WALSH, Secretary.

Ottawa, Dec 12, 1870 1538a

FOR SALE.

COON, FOX, AND BUFFALO ROBES.

The Subscriber has received a large consignment of Robes of different kinds. Parties requiring anything in that line will do well to call and secure Bargains, as they are selling at very low prices. SALE ROOMS, opposite the By-Ward Market.

JOHN CHAPMAN, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, Dec 12, 1870 1538f

CITY AUCTION MART,

BY J. BERMINGHAM.

AUCTION SALE OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,

Plated Ware, Carpets, Sleighs, Cutters, Robes Blankets, Horse Rugs, Cook, Coal and Black Giant Stoves, one Milch Cow, one Express or Lumber Team Sleigh. Steel Shod, nearly new, the property of Sheriff Powell.

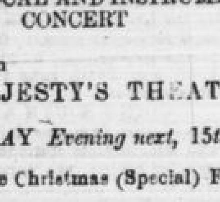
The furniture consists in part of Extension Dining Table, Dining Chairs, Sofas, Bureaus with and without Glass, Dressing Tables, Wash Stands, What-Nots, Hall Hat Stands, with Glass, Iron Bedsteads, Hard Wood, do, Chamber Sets, China, Glass and Crockery Ware, several Stoves and Piping.

Two large Sleighs, handsomely finished, for Family or Carters use, several Cutters and some good robes, 500 New White Blankets, 500 part worn do, 250 Grey Blankets, 160 Horse Rugs, and 200 pairs Moccassins. All to be sold without reserve, at the CITY AUCTION MART, York Street, on TUESDAY, the 13th Instant, at 10 o'clock, a m.

J BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, Dec 10, 1870 1536td

ST. GEORGE'S SOCIETY



A GRAND VOCAL AND INSTRUMENTAL CONCERT

will be given in

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE,

On THURSDAY Evening next, 15th Inst.,

In aid of the Christmas (Special) Fund.

Several of the principal Amateurs of the City and its vicinity, have kindly placed their valuable services at the disposal of the Committee.

Gowan's Popular Bands will be in Attendance.

The Pianoforte to be used on the occasion will be one of the celebrated New York "Union," which has been generously proffered by Mr. Edmund Miles.

The Musical Arrangements will be under the Direction of JOHN MERCER, Esq., Organist of St. James Church, Hull, who will be assisted by Mr. Robert Brewer.

Doors open at 7 30. Concert to commence at 8 o'clock precisely.

For further particulars see programmes.

Tickets—Single, 50 cents; Double, (to admit a Lady and Gentlemen) 75 cents; Gallery, 50 cents; can be had at the usual places, or of the Members of the Committee or Stewards.

By order,

WM. MILLS, Secretary.

W. R. TRUMAN, Asst.-Secty.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

Ottawa, Dec 12, 1870 1537tf

"LILLIE LONSDALE"

—FROM—

ENGLAND.

THE GREAT CHARACTER ACTRESS

—AND—

SINGER,

AT THE

MUSIC HALL

OTTAWA,

WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY, DECEMBER 21st & 22nd.

TRAGEDY! COMEDY! OPERA! SONGS! DANCES! COSTUMES!

Tickets to be had at Messrs. J. L. ORME'S.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

Ottawa, Dec 10, 1870 1536tf

BUY YOUR CHRISTMAS PRESENTS

From the Ladies of Knox Church, Dal Street, at their BAZAAR, opposite Bate & Co., Sparks street, on the 13th and 14th DECEMBER. Good Music, good Luncheon, Oyster Soup. Contributions received on the 12th, in the Room

Ottawa, Dec 5 1870 1531td

WARNING

We hereby forbid any person or persons, hiring or harboring

Edward Garry	Eli Larose
Timothy Cowen	James Johnston
John Renwick	James Shea
David Burke	Amable Scireis
George Marcott	Malcolm Cloutier
David Duem,	Celistier Thibeau
David Auger	Joseph Moore
Michael Garvin,	P Rioux,
Henry Potvin	Joseph Ladoucier
Michael Kearney	Albert Ladoucier
James McCormick	Benjamin Bolonger
John Cavanagh	John Mallette
Alex Meron	T Laundreau
Charles Burke	William Jocque

Or any of them, they having deserted our employment at different times, and broken their contract of hiring and services entered into with us.

And we hereby give notice that we will prosecute, any, and every person hiring or harboring any of the above named.

PERLEY & PATTEE.

Ottawa, Dec 10, 1870 1534 1w

DR. DICKINSON,

Residence and Surgery, Kent Street.

TO JOHN R. O'CONNOR, ESQ.

SIR,—

We, the undersigned, Electors and Rate-payers of Victoria Ward, respectfully request that you will allow yourself to be put in nomination as one of the Aldermen for said Ward, during the ensuing year, and we hereby pledge ourselves to use our influence in favour of your return.

Hamnet Hill	Thos McKay
A Baldwin	Wm G Perley
John Ashfield	Wm Morrison
Leon David	Sexton Washburn
Bronson & Weston	John Atkinson
Francis Abbott	Horace Merrill
John McDonald	Levi Young
R R Booth	Moses Aubrey
A W Soper	A Fotheringham
Robert Young	Gordon B Pattee
Samuel McGibney	Wm Hay
Maurice Malone	Henry White
E P Williams	John Kenna
Wm Ellis	E B Gallup
John Ahearn	John Ciappy
John Rowatt	L E Goulin
W H Martin	John Albert
John Abbott	Aaron Carruthers
John Soulier	J B Robaire
Samuel Mix	Archer Bayley
Nazaire Bertrand	W H Morgan
William Atkinson	Peter Atkinson
J Cheeney	Thos McCloy
Peter Robertson	Wm Mason
Geo Mason	Simpson Fleming
Thos Traveller	Bernard Mullin
John Martin	Louis Turpin
Joseph Dewart	Wm Gorman
Dan Smith	John Olliver
Wm Watson	D McQuade
John Joyce	L P Dorion
Baskerville Bros.	Wm Cain
Michael Naven	Wm Ahearn
D Willet	J Hanrahan
Moses Proulx	Amable Periere
Maurice Ahearn	John Cardiff
Alex Philion	Nelson Dault
John McGillivray	J McKillican
A S Whittier	Henry Laroque
Patrick Kennedy	John M Haskin
Patrick Hurley	John Purtell
Wm Lecleare	W F Huntley
James Bambrick	James Kennedy
John Pushman	James Gordon
Matthew Patterson	Alex Coulter
John Cowan	Wm Kennedy
Nelson Perkins	Wm Mitford
H Kinville	Wilfred Kipp
James W Smith	A D Fraser
Arthur Bisaillon	John Shields
Thomas Lawrence	John Cross
John Quain	F X Valiquette,
Simon Kinney	Francis Duhamel
M Carman	Henry Brading
John Boyd	George Dalglish
Leander Booth	Joseph Levine
James Merner	Adolph Gilbault
Michael O'Neal	James Wood
James Marks	Denis Noonan
Israel Waterhouse	Patrick Darcy
John Bennett	John Law
Joseph Johnston	Albert Dorion
Amable Goulin	John Joenice
Robinson Lyon	E C Barber
R W Baxter	James Dyke
John Doucet	Alpheus Pease
Thos Traveller	Simon McMahon
Isaac Villeneuve	G W Crane
Geo Oliver	T W Blasdell
G D Booth	Jas Philion
Hugh Ross	John Brodeur
Pierce Grace	Alfred Aubrey
Martin White	John Gleeson
Isidore Joennice	George Newell
Wm Richards	Joseph Sleeman
Peter A Egleson	Thomas Russell
Thomas Sleeman	John Bigros
R E O'Connor	J P McPherson
Andrew Cayer	James Wadsworth
B Bigros	Chas Esplin

To the Electors and Rate-payers of Victoria Ward:

GENTLEMEN,—

It would be impossible for me, or almost any man of a public spirit, to decline acceding to so handsome a requisition as you have presented me on this occasion—embodying, as it does, the names of so many of our best and most reliable citizens.

I accept, with much pleasure, gentlemen, your requisition to place me in nomination as one of your candidates for Alderman for Victoria Ward, at the ensuing election; and if elected, will endeavor at all times to exert my best efforts in promoting the interests of the city generally, as well as those of our own important Ward.

I am, gentlemen,
Your obedt. servt.
J. R. O'CONNOR.

REQUISITION TO AMOS ROWE, Esq

SIR,—The retirement of Chas T Bate, Esq., from the Council Board, creates a vacancy in the representation of Wellington Ward, for which we, the undersigned Electors of the Ward, request you to be put in nomination, and we feel every confidence in your ability to properly discharge the duties of Alderman for our Ward, and we pledge our votes and influence to secure your election

We are, Sir,
Yours &c.,

John Esmonde	Thos Hunton
A J Stephens	H McCormick
Joseph Metcalfe	Wm Young
A W Lang	A Mathewman
S Gouldthrite	A Titus
Alex Christie	A Mitchell
John Walsh	Wm Minore
G Levin	H Minore
E VanCortlandt	R W Stephen
J Browne	A Swalwell
Weldon Champness	Wm Shoolbred
P Stiff	Jas Birkett,
D Wilson	J Evans
S Skinner, jr	John Purdy
C P Dorion	Robt Hardy
H Hodges	Robt Stanley,
Alex Sparks	S Greenfield
Nicholas Sparks,	John Cook
Thos P Stiff	J T Bartram
Wm Chalmers	A C Mowbray
E P Rowsell	J Kavanagh
Fred H Hunton	H Michaels
James Lang	H Nelson
Eugene Robitaille	Thos Demsey
Alfred Brown	A Wilson
John Dewan	Alex Mills
John Lyon	T Beament
J J Radford	W J Powell
H J Meaforth	F Patrick
J Douglas	D Murphy
Thos Mills	E Lang
H Musgrove	Henry Bennett
Edward Daniels	Geo H Macauley
Thos Isaac	John Garvin
Jas Forrester	Wm Elson
H M Thompson	R J Shaw
W Hearn	Stewart Woodland
A Fotheringham	E C Hayden
J Dwyer	Francois Lemieux
J Roos	W R Wright
A Hutson	J R Smith,
R Abbott	Thos Clark
R Sparks	James Adamson,
Jos K Esmonde	J E B McCready
Thos Borbridge	John O'Connor
A McCormick	Wm M Goodivo
Saml Christie	Wm Williamson
J Offord	Thomas Walker
C Roger	Robt Hick, jr
Wm Brown	G Kennedy.

REPLY.

To Sheriff Powell and 150 others:

GENTLEMEN,—In answer to the requisition signed by you asking me to represent Wellington Ward as Alderman for the ensuing year, I beg to state that I will have pleasure in allowing myself to become a Candidate for the said responsible position, and if elected, you may rest assured that everything will be done by me to the best of my ability to further the interests of Wellington Ward, and also the welfare and prosperity of the City generally.

I am, Gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
AMOS ROWE.

December 6, 1870 1533tf

TO LET,

A DWELLING HOUSE containing (10) ten rooms. Rent £40 per annum. Possession immediately. Corner Sussex and St Patrick Streets. Apply at the Flour Store.

THOS. McKAY,

Dec. 9, 1870 1535a

JUST RECEIVED,

FRENCH MERINOES,

GENUINE FRENCH MERINOES,

Fine, Wide, Heavy, and Warranted all Wool, in the following Colours:

LIGHT BROWN,

MID BROWN,

DARK BROWN,

VIOLET,

AGULINE,

MAROON,

RIFLE GREEN

ROSE,

DRAB

and

SCARLET.

Really better Goods than sold other years at 3s. 9d., for 2s. 6d. per yard. The Nicest, Cheapest, and most durable Dress for either street or in-door wear, in Ottawa.

GARLAND MUTCHMOR & CO.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

20 Sparks Street

Ottawa, Nov. 30, 1870.

DRY GOODS!

DRY GOODS!

DRY GOODS!

PATTERSON & BRYSON

In consequence of our great success since opening we have been obliged to lay in a large additional Stock, which we will mark as low as heretofore, being determined to maintain our already well established character, for selling cheaper than any other House in the Trade.

IN CANADIAN GOODS

We have made such arrangements with the best Factories in the Dominion as will enable us to keep constantly on hand a large and well Assorted Stock of Tweeds, Flannels, Blankets (Grey and White), Cotton and Linen Bags, Cotton Yarn, Hosiery, Underclothing, etc., etc., etc.

—ALSO—

An entirely new and well assorted Stock of British and Foreign Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, which have been marked at prices to defy competition.

REMEMBER THE PLACE,

53 Sparks Street,

Directly Opposite

BATE & CO.

PATTERSON & BRYSON.

T. HUNTON SHOOLBRED & CO

47. SPARKS ST. 49.

Will receive this week "per Express" from LONDON, England,

2 CASES OF MILLINERY,

Containing the VERY LATEST Styles in

Bonnets, Hats,

and some very Choice things in

Flowers, Feathers and Trimmings.

Per S. S. "MORAVIAN."

1 Case Extra Cloths, in the new

Satin Cloths,

Trimming to match all our Fashionable

Dress Goods.

—ALSO—

1 Case of Newest

Mantle Cloths.

The "OLIVE GREEN" appears still to prove the most fashionable, and of the above we are in receipt of ten piece

"New Seal and plucked Otter Skins hand."

Fancy Wove Goods still arriving.

Clouds, Breakfast Shawls, Ties &c.,

in endless Variety.

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO

47 and 49 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, Oct 11 1870.

TRAVELLERS GUIDE.

LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY

Depart..........8.30 a.m., 12 noon., 10 p.m.,
Arrive..........9.30 a.m., 3.48 p.m., 7.15 p.m.
The above trains connect at Prescott Junction with Grand Trunk Railway for all points south east and west.
OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner o Sussex street.
A & H TAYLOR, Agents.

LOCAL NEWS.

Devlin's Fur Depot

50 dozen Velveteen Hats, from 25 cents upwards. A large assortment of Flowers and Feathers. Trimmed Hats and Bonnets.

At the "Golden Lion."

R. L. JAMES & Co.

POLICE COURT—Monday.—The man Green who was arrested on a charge of larceny was committed.

Another case of obstructing the street was disposed of.

Carpets and House Furnishings made a speciality, at Garland, Mutchmor & Co's. A large stock and new styles, at reduced prices.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

AUCTION SALE OF CROCKERY, CHINA, &c.—Parties wishing bargains in the above line will do well by attending the sale in Mr. Rowe's rooms at 2 and 7 o'clock, p.m.

Weather yesterday was utterly unpleasant and uncomfortable. The streets were covered with slush, and only those who are compelled by necessity to do so venture out doors.

SAD ACCIDENT.—We are sorry to have to record the painful death of a child belonging to Mr. D. Toohey, of Ashburnham Hill. It appears the poor little fellow, a boy of about three years of age, fell into a tub of boiling water on Friday, and died shortly afterwards.

AUCTION SALE THIS MORNING.—Mr. Bermingham will sell at his auction rooms, York street, a quantity of furniture, plated ware, china and glass ware, sleighs, cutters, robes, one horse, one cow, and a large number of blankets, rugs, &c. Sale at 10 o'clock sharp.

MASONIC.—We regret the omission in yesterday's issue of the advertisement of the Ball Committee. The ball we may say promises to be a great success. Of course the craft of the city will largely patronize it.

LECTURE.—The Rev. Mr. Stephenson will deliver the second of his series of lectures on the poets in the Wesleyan Methodist Church this evening. The subject of his lecture this evening will be "Edgar Allan Poe, his life and writings."

BUFFALO ROBES, &c.—Mr. J Chapman has received a large consignment of coon, fox, and buffalo robes, which he is selling off at very low prices at his auction rooms opposite By Ward market. Those who wish to purchase such articles should lose no time in paying Mr. Chapman a visit. They may depend on getting good bargains.

QUARTER SESSION.—The Court of Quarter Sessions opens in Ottawa to-day. The calendar of cases is, we believe, not very extensive. There are only three criminal cases—that of the prisoners Auge and Matte for attempt to break gaol; that of Clark for larceny, and Green who was committed this morning for the same offence.

WOMAN'S RIGHTS.—Dr. Mary E. Walker, well known as one of the leading advocates in the United States of Woman's Rights, will deliver a lecture to-morrow evening, in Gowan's Hall. From the celebrity of the lecturer and the comparative novelty of the occurence in Ottawa, we have no doubt that a deep interest will urge the attendance of a large audience, particularly of ladies, who will be instructed how to "stick up for their rights."

NOTICE.—Now is the time. Go and see C. P. Dorion, 60 Sparks Street, for stoves and stove-pipe fitting. No puff; but see for yourselves. Lumbermen and country Merchants come and see. The most complete House in this Line in the Capital, See Posters. C. P. Dorion, 60 Sparks Street. 1486 2m.

Devlin's Fur Depot.

All Wool Tartans in all the leading clans. A large lot ex last steamer, at GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

MASONIC.—At the regular convocation of Carleton R. A. Chapter, No. 16 G. R. C., held last night, the following officers were elected for the year 1871:

V. Ex Comp. Wm, Hay, Z.
" " " J. J. Gemmel, Past Z.
" " " D. S. Eastwood, H.
" " W. M. Somerville, J.
" " C. S. Scott, Scribe E. re-elected.
" G. H. Lane " N.
" Rev. C. P. Bliss, P. S.
" J. J. Radford, Treasrer, re-elected.
" J. Sweetman, Janitor, re-elected.

HEALTH IS STRENGTH.—To prevent or conquer disease is one of the grandest attainments ever aimed at by man; and Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers will as sure cure coughs, colds, tickling in the throat and pulmonry complaints, as war and pestilence will destroy. Severe colds if not attended to sooner or later lead to incurable consumption, and the strength of the strongest soon falls if neglected. The readiest and best means known for the cure of these complaints is "Byran's Pulmonic Wafers," which have been thoroughly tried for the last twenty years, and have never been known to fail. Singers and public speakers will also derive great benefit from the use of them. Sold by all medicine dealers, at 25cts. per box.

PHYSICING HORSES.—Many persons physic their horses frequently—especially every spring. This is a great error, and one which has caused the loss of many valuable horses, as physic, as it is usually given, often produces inflamation of the bowels which generally proves fatal; it also weakens the horse, and thus renders him more liable to disease, or less able to throw it off—what is required is a medicine which will operate gently upon the bowels, and act upon the liver and lungs, removing all obstructions therefrom, purifying the blood, and enabling all the organs to do their work without overtaxing any, which is accomplished by the use of "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy"—it is always safe and certain. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd & Co., is on each package. Northrup & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada. Sold by all medicine dealers.

To the Electors of the Wellington Ward.

GENTLEMEN,—

You will be called upon in a few days to elect your representatives to serve on the City Council Board for the year 1871, and as a candidate for your suffrages I deem it my duty to lay before you my views with regard to some of the principle questions which should engage the attention of your representatives during the next year.

Wellington Ward being the largest in the city, both in area and assessed property, the latter to the extent of about five hundred thousand dollars more than any other Ward, and about one hundred thousand dollars more than Ottawa and By Wards together, I contend that we have not a fair representation in the City Council.

It is plain to every one that the city is rapidly growing to the west. Take for instance south of the Richmond Road; the western portion of Albert Street and Ashburnham Hill, which localities are practically unrepresented. I strongly maintain that we are entitled to six representatives instead of three, and advocate a division of the Ward, and the extension of the city limits to take in Rochesterville. This would equalize the representation, and satisfy the large and increasing population of the western portion of the city. It must be patent to all that nine representatives for Lower Town and only six for both Centre and Upper Town, although probably quite just when the basis of the present representation was arranged years ago, is now very unfair to the latter, where population and property have increased far more than in Lower Town.

The bridge across the canal, connecting Wellington and Rideau Streets, should not be longer delayed, on account of the rapidly increasing trade of the city as well as public safety, and I have no doubt that if the matter was properly represented to the Dominion Government an amicable settlement could be arrived at, and the construction of the bridge commenced during the coming year.

The opening up of Sparks Street through to the Richmond Road seems to me a work of necessity, and although it may look an expensive undertaking, the rock taken out of the cutting for the road could be utilized for building purposes, and the amount so realized would very much reduce the cost of the work.

Queen, Albert and Slater Streets, and others in the rear of those should be opened up westward, and thus attract the attention of parties desirous of acquiring property, who, each adding their taxable improvements, would largely and rapidly increase the revenue of the Ward.

As the promoters of that obnoxious Water Works Bill, not daring to face the electors with it in their hands, have acknowledged its unsoundness by consigning it to its last resting place, it is unnecessary for me to treat of its details, therefore I will simply say that I am in favour of Water Works when a proper system for their construction and maintenance can be matured, and a system that will not involve ourselves and future generations in financial difficulties as regards the Corporation and enormous taxation individually.

Water Works and Sewerage should be commenced and go hand in hand together, and how the promoters of that unpopular Water Works Bill could expect to succeed in giving the citizens a supply of pure and wholesome water without sewerage is beyond my comprehension, but I have had but one opinion of that Bill since it first saw daylight, and the ignoble manner in which it has been abandoned carries but one conviction, and that is, that it was conceived in iniquity, born in sin, and nursed in the lap of jobbery and corruption to the last moment of its existence.

Not having had the honour of occupying a seat at the Council Board, I have no municipal sins to answer for. I come before you an *independent* candidate, not fastened to any man, or set of men, and should I be elected, shall enter the Corporation unpledged and unprejudiced.

I intend making a personal canvass of the Ward, and hope to meet you face to face, and answer any questions you may desire to put to me.

In the meantime,
I beg to remain,
Gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
AMOS ROWE.

Ottawa, December 10th, 1870. 1537tf

Ladies and Children's Fancy Woolen Goods in endless Variety. Clouds from 37½c. to 2.50 at

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.

THE FLORENCE NIGHTINGALE OF THE NURSERY.—The following is an extract from a letter written by the Rev. C. Z. Weizer, to the "German Reformed Messenger, at Chambersburg, Penn.:

A BENEFACTRESS.

Just open the door for her, and Mrs. WINSLOW will prove the American Florence Nightingale of the Nursery. Of this we are sure, that we will teach our "SUSY" to say, "A BLESSING ON MRS. WINSLOW," for helping her to survive and escape the griping, colicking and teething siege. We confirm every word set forth in the PROSPECTUS. It performs precisely what it professes to perform, every part of it—nothing less. Away with your "Cordial," "Paregoric," "Drops," "Laudanum," and every other "Narcotic," by which the babe is drugged into stupidity, and rendered dull and idiotic for life.

We have never seen Mrs. Winslow—know her only through the preparation of her "Soothing Syrup for Children Teething." If we had the power, we would make her, as she is, a physical Saviour to the Infant Race. 25 cents per bottle sold by all druggists.

Be sure and call for

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP.

Having the fac-simile of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

A "COUGH," "COLD," OR IRRITATED THROAT, if allowed to progress, results in serious pulmonary and Bronchial affections, oftentimes incurable.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES

Reach DIRECTLY the affected parts, and give almost instant relief. In BRONCHITIS, ASTHMA, and CATARRH they are beneficial. Obtain only the *genuine* BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES which have *proved* their efficacy by test of many years. Among testimonials attesting their efficacy are letters from—

E. H. Chafin, D. D; New York,
Henry Ward Beecher, Brooklyn, N. Y.,
N. P. Willis, New York,
Hon. C. A. Phelps, Pres, Mass. Senate,
Dr. G. F. Bigelow, Boston,
Prof. Edwd. North, Clinton, N. Y.,
Surgeons in the Army, and others of eminence
Sold everywhere at 25 cents per box.

"TROCHES," so called, sold by the ounce, are a poor imitation and nothing like BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES, which are sold only in boxes with a fac-simile of the proprietors,

JOHN I. BROWN & SON,

This care in putting up the Troches is important as a security to the purchaser in order to be sure of obtaining the genuine Brown bronchial Troches.

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE

OF

CROCKERY, CHINA AND GLASSWARE,

COMMENCING

On MONDAY, DECEMBER 12th, 1870.

The subscriber has received a very large consignment of the above goods from an extensive manufacturing firm in Staffordshire, England, consisting of China, Stone Ware, Rockingham Ware, Yellow Ware, Glass Ware in Glass Dishes, Decanters and Tumblers of different kinds. The consignment is large and will be sold without reserve.

Terms of sale cash.
Sale at 2 and 7 o'clock.

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, Dec. 8. 1535td

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to Parliament for Private Bills, either for granting exclusive privileges, or conferring corporate powers for commercial or other purposes of profit, or for doing anything tending to affect the rights or property of other parties, are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the House of Commons (which are published in full in the "Canada Gazette"), to give TWO MONTHS' NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object), in the "Canada Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected, sending copies of the first and last of such notices to the Private Bill Office.

All Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the first three weeks of the Session.

ALFRED TODD.
Chf. Clk. Committees and Private Bills, House of Commons.

Ottawa, 8th Dec., 1870 1536tf

R. L. JAMES & CO.

[illegible] GOODS.

A large assortment worth from 20 to 90 cents, at 15 to 80.

A

SPECIAL LINE

of French Merinos, very cheap.

BLACK SILKS,

very much under Market value, and considerably lower than present Ottawa prices.

MILLINERY.

It is now pretty generally known that in this Department, especially the prices, are EXCEEDINGLY MODERATE,

AT THE

GOLDEN LION.

R L. JAMES & Co.

BONUS YEAR.

SPECIAL INTIMATION.

LIFE ASSOCIATION OF SCOTLAND.

FOUNDED 1838.

ANNUAL REVENUE, - £ 257,683 Stg.

FUNDS in hand and invested, 1,357,386 "

The BOOKS and ACCOUNTS have been for many years subjected (not yearly only, or at any other interval, but) to a continuous AUDIT—apart from the Directors and other officials—by a Professional Accountant of high standing and experience. In the VALUATIONS also, which are made on approved Tables of Mortality, the net Assurance Premiums only are taken into account. Thus by constant independent checks and rigid tests, the utmost precaution is adopted to secure the prudent conduct and permanent stability of the Institution. It has always maintained a high position among the Assurance Offices of the Kingdom, and has already paid SUMS ASSURED and BONUSES to the amount of

$8,159,044.00

The amount paid last year alone having been upwards of

$601,763.00

The FUNDS remaining in hand and invested are upwards of

$6,605,945.00.

The List of Policy-holders in Class B. for 1870 will be closed as at

5TH DECEMBER.

Previous Entrants will be entitled to a

WHOLE YEAR'S BONUS

More than later Entrant will receive.

The PROFITS are allocated on a principle which gives LARGER BONUSES than ANY OTHER SYSTEM.

P WARDLAW,
Secretary.

Agents at Ottawa, J T & PENNOCK.

November 8, 1870 68tD5

OTTAWA AND GLOUCESTER

ROAD COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that the Annual General Meeting of the Stockholders of the Ottawa and Gloucester ROAD COMPANY, will be held at the Office of FRANCIS CLEMOW, Esq., in this City, on MONDAY, the 12th day of DECEMBER inst., at the Hour of TEN o'clock, a.m., for the Election of DIRECTORS for the ensuing year and for the purpose of receiving the Annual Report of the Secretary and Treasurer for the current year.

By order

W. H. FALLS,
Sec.-Treasurer.

Dated this 3rd day of December, 1870. 1532 1w

ATTENTION!

If you want Choice VIRGIN HONEY, call at the New GROCERY STORE, Corner of Sussex and York Streets.

If you want SUPERIOR CHEESE, call at the New GROCERY STORE, Corner of Sussex and York Streets.

If you want FIRST-CLASS DAIRY BUTTER, call at the New GROCERY STORE Corner Sussex and York Streets.

—ALSO—

New Crop West End, Layers, Valencia and Seedless Raisins and Currants, Fresh Turkey Figs, Malaga Grapes, Lemons, Choice Imperial Prunes, Canded Peels, Gelatine, Cross & Blackwell's Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies, and Marmalades, Fresh Oysters, Lobsters Seguin Mackerel, Salmon and Tomatoes, with a choice lot of Scotch and English Ales and Porter, Wines and Brandies, Gin, Scotch Whiskey, Jamaica Rum, Old Rye, Syrups and

JOHN A. BITTERS,

CONSTANTLY ON HAND,

At the New GROCERY STORE, Corner Sussex and York Streets.

Extra Fine Green, Black and Japan Teas, Rio, Java and Turkey Coffee.

—ALSO—

Fine Family and Pastry Flour, Oat and Corn Meal, at the NEW GROCERY STORE, Corner Sussex and York Streets.

J. M. C. DELES DERNIERS,

Corner Sussex and York-sts.

Ottawa, Nov 29, 1870 1526tf

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

DR. HENRY has removed his Residence and Surgery to the corner of Bank and Victoria Streets, near the Parliament Buildings. December 1, 1870. 1528b

NOTICE.

COUNTY OF CARLETON, To Wit.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the Courts of GENERAL SESSIONS of the PEACE, and COUNTY COURT, in and for the said County of Carleton, will be holden at the COURT HOUSE, in the City of Ottawa, on TUESDAY, the Thirteenth day of DECEMBER, 1870, at the hour of TEN of the clock, A M, of which all CORONERS, BALIFFS, CONSTABLES, and all others concerned are required to Take Notice and govern themselves accordingly.

WM F POWELL,
Sheriff.
By W H FALLS,
Deputy Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Ottawa, December 1st. 1870. 153 d5&gwl

LOST.

Between the Hours of 2 P M and 5 P M, yesterday afternoon, a SMALL POCKET BOOK containing five FIVE DOLLARS Bank of Montreal Bank Notes. he finder is requested to leave the same with the Door-Keeper of the Eastern Block Parliament Buildings.

Ottawa, Dec 5, 1870 1533tf

ROUSILLON PORT.

Received a fresh consignment of this delicious Wine. It is full flavoured, of great body, and guaranteed purity.

ALICANTE.

A Sweet Red Wine of delicate flavour and bouquet, invaluable for invalids.

This wine has been specially imported as a pure Wine to be used in the Holy Communion.

The following gentlemen have kindly lent their names to be used as references:

Ven Archdeacon Fuller, Toronto
Rev J Beaven D D. "
Rev G B Read, D D. "
Rev E Baldwin, "
Rev W S Darling "
Rev A Williams, "
Rev J D Cayley, "
Rev W H Davis, "
Rev S Bedford Jones, L L D, Ottawa

—ALSO—

A full Stock of Brandies, Gins, Jamaica Rum, Proof and Old Rye Whiskey, Sherries, Still and Sparkling Moselle, Champagne, Malaga, Madeira Malvoisie, Noyau Curacoa Creme de Menthe, Creme de Moka, Chartreuse, Maraschino, English and Canadian Ales and Porter, &c, &c, &c.

J. P. MACPHERSON,
Wine Merchant
Elgin Street.

Agent for Quelton, St George & Co's pure French Wines.

Ottawa, Dec 1st, 1870 1534y

TESTIMONIAL

—TO THE—

HON. SIR JOHN A. MACDONALD,

K.C.B., &c., &c., &c.

The friends of Sir JOHN A MACDONALD propose to present that distinguished Statesman with a substantial Testimonial in recognition of his long and unselfish public services.

Steps are being taken to afford his friends in all parts of the Dominion an opportunity of joining in the proposed manifestation of esteem and regard.

The following gentlemen compose, (with power to add to their number,) the Committee at Ottawa:

The Hon. JAMES SKEAD,
His Worship the Mayor J ROCHESTER, Jr, Esq.
THOS REYNOLDS, Esq.
R W SCOTT, Esq, M P P,
Dr GRANT, M P,
E McGILLIVRAY, Esq,
H V NOEL, Esq

H V Noel, Esq, has consented to act as Treasurer, to whom all communications may be addressed.

For the information of intending subscribers, the names of the gentlemen composing the Central Committee at Toronto are subjoined, viz:

His Worship the Mayor, S B HARMAN, Esq,
The Hon G W ALLAN
The Hon D L MACPHERSON,
The Hon JOHN CARLING, M P,
JOHN CRAWFORD, Esq, M P,
ANGUS MORRISON, Esq, M P,
F W CUMBERLAND, Esq, M P
J G WORTS, Esq,
E H RUTHERFORD, Esq,
W H HOWLAND, Esq,
G P RIDOUT, Esq.,
JOHN SHEDDEN, Esq.
THOMAS DICK, Esq.
FRANK SHANLY, Esq.
T C CHISHOLM, Esq,
N BARNHART, Esq,

Ottawa, Dec 6, 1870 1532tf

NOTICE.

THE CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY CO

Will apply to the

PARLIAMENT

—OF THE—

PROVINCE OF ONTARIO

At its next Session, for the

CONTINUANCE AND EXTENSION

FOR FOUR YEARS,

Of the Provisions of the Act

INCORPORATING THAT COMPANY,

And of the Acts mentioned therein, in so far as they relate to a Grant of Land in aid of the Company.

W. R WORSLEY,
Sec. C

Oct 15, 1870

JAMES PEACOCK,

FURS,

FURS. FURS. FURS.

I beg to intimate that my FUR STOCK is now complete in every

DEPARTMENT.

AN EARLY CALL IS SOLICITED.

Remember the place,

33 Rideau Street.

OPPOSITE OLD STAND.

THOMAS ISAAC,

DEALER IN

Shelf and Heavy Hardware

HENEY'S STONE BUILDING,

Wellington Street, Upper Town, Ottawa

Cooking and Fancy Stove

Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope, Twine, Glass, Oil, Putty, &c.,

Always on Hand.

Ottawa December 20, 1869. 1236.t

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

14 RIDEAU STREET,

Have now received a full supply of

NEW FALL GOODS

—IN ALL—

DEPARTMENTS.

Ottawa, September 26, 1870

SEIGNIORIAL INDEMNITY TO TOWNSHIPS' FUND.

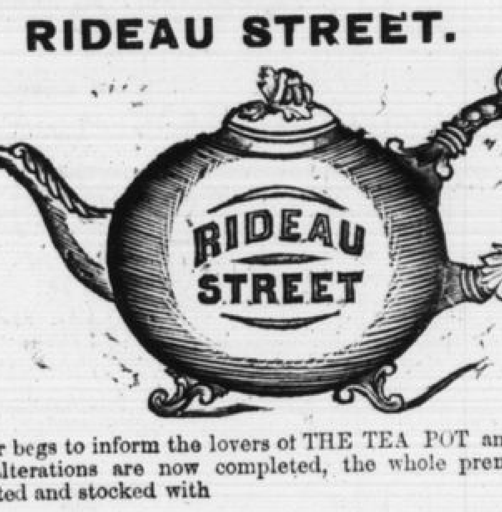
Whereas by Order in Council of date APRIL 30, 1867, it is directed that as regards the claims of Municipalities to participate therein, the above Fund shall be finally closed on the 31st DECEMBER of the present Year. Notice is hereby given that all claims which can in any wise alter the distribution thereof must be lodged in this Office on or before the date above named, after which date no alteration can be made in the said distribution.

JOHN LANGTON, Auditor.
Per J SIMPSON,

Finance Department.
Ottawa, Dec 9, 1870. 1536tD31

THE TEA POT,

RIDEAU STREET.



The Proprietor begs to inform the lovers of THE TEA POT and the public generally, that the alterations are now completed, the whole premises having been thoroughly renovated and stocked with

New and Fresh Goods

Of the very best quality. He is now prepared to execute orders Wholesale and Retail, and every article will be guaranteed, as they have been selected with the greatest care.

Teas in great variety,
Coffee—the very best—roasted and ground daily,
Raisins, Currants, Figs, &c., &c.,
Port Wine, Sherry Wine, Brandy,
English Old Tom Gin—Booth's, Bernard's & Thompson's.

An Old Lady's Evening Wish.

My wishes soar not very high,
Nor do they widely roam
These moderate wishes are confin'd
To comforts found at home.

Give me what I enjoy so well—
A snug domestic scene;
And take my word, I fell myself
As happy as a Queen,

I'll tell you what I wish for now—
'Tis not a large desire;
I wish to sit at perfect ease,
Beside my evening fire.

I wish a friend or two would call,
To ask me how I do;
Then truly happy I should be,
And they'd be happy, too.

I'd set the tea things on the tray,
And we should all agree,
While taking ever-welcome cups
Of JOHN HILL'S wholesome tea.

The tea would gladen ev'ry heart,
And brighten every face;
And nothing more could we desire
In such a happy case.

With JOHN HILL'S Tea I always crown
The comforts of my home;
And when I can partake of this
My wishes seldom roam.

All goods delivered free (within the limits of the city) by our own waggons, and every attention will be paid to proper packing and delivery.

JOHN HILL,
"THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET.

IF YOU WANT

TO SAVE MONEY

GO TO THE

PEOPLE'S TEA STORES,

—BY—

P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.,

No. 36 Rideau St., and Duke St., Chaudiere,

OTTAWA,

Where from their great increase of business and the large addition now put to their Store, with a well selected Stock, and constant attention on their part, will enable them to sell at prices not to be equalled elsewhere.

There will be found always on hand a general assortment of

GROCERIES,
TEAS in particular, imported,
LIQUORS, WINES, BRANDIES,
GIN, IRISH and
SCOTCH WHISKEY,
Gooderham & Worts' HIGHWINES
OLD RYE, and PROOF,
With a fine assortment of Christmas and New Year's FRUITS and SYRUPS.

—ALSO—

WINTER APPLES,
ORANGES and LEMONS,
CHEESE, HAMS,
and BACON.

Remember our Motto—"Quick Sales and light Profits."

Try their TEAS.

Ottawa, Nov 29, 1870 1526

THE

DOMINION ALMANAC

FOR 1871

WILL BE PUBLISHED EARLY IN

DECEMBER

It is intended to serve as a convenient book of reference, and at the same time to be acceptable as an agreeable private companion. With this end in view, in addition to much valuable statistical information, a large amount of interesting reading matter will be found in its pages. The favorable reception which it met with last year, and the wide-spread circulation it obtained in Ontario and Quebec, justifies the hope that it will, this year, command a still larger share of patronage. In order to increase its circulation, and to render it still more valuable as an advertising medium, the price will, this year, be reduced to 10 cents per copy—considerably less than the actual cost of publication.

The following are the rates for advertising

One Page at beginning or end of the Book	....	$15 00
Half do do	....	8 00
Quarter Page do do	.....	4 00
One Page in body of work	......	20 00
Half do do	....	10 00

Every advertiser taking a page will receive 12 copies of the Almanac for distribution for half a page, 6 copies; and for a quarter of a page, 3 copies.

Applications for advertisements should be sent in at once.

Address:
"DOMINION ALMANAC"
Ottawa.

Ottawa, Oct 31, 1870 1502tf

NOTICE

Is hereby given that the Corporation of the City of Ottawa will apply to the Legislature of the Province of Ontario, at its next Session, for an Act to amend the Act Incorporating the Ottawa City Street Passenger Railway Company.

W P LETT,
City Clerk.

Ottawa, Nov 11, 1870 1511 1wk 8w

A GENERAL MEETING of the Stockholders of the Ontario Peat Company will be held at the Russell House, Ottawa, on Tuesday, the 6th December next, at 12 o'clock, noon, for the organization of the Company, under the Act of Incorporation, for the selection of Directors, and for the transaction of general business.

Ottawa, Nov 22, 1870 1521

FOR SALE, OR EXCHANGE

For Property in Montreal, improved or unimproved, the new Mansard Roof Stone House situated in Victoria Crescent, having all the modern conveniences of heat, water and gas, good out-building, on an ample Lot, and enjoying the finest river view in Ottawa. For further particulars apply to W. C. SMILLIE, on the premises, or at the Office of the BRITISH AMERICAN BANK NOTE COMPANY, Wellington Street.

Ottawa, Dec 3, 1870 1530 1m

FROM THIS DAY FORTH I change the prices of all my Wood, that is to say, best Hard Wood $4 75, Sawn $5.00; Second best Hard Wood, 4.25, Sawn $4.50.

My Saw Mill is now in constant operation and ready, and will cut promptly in obedience to all orders.

JOHN HENEY.

Ottawa, Dec, 5. 153[illegible]

CHARLES J. TASKER, Accountant

Books posted Accounts made out. Apply at the office of H P Hill solicitor. References: Dr Hill, C H Pinhey

Ottawa, Nov 5, 18[illegible]

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS.

Ex. Ships COGNAC, NEREO, UNION and CITY of QUEBEC, from the different places of Growth.

It is now AN ESTABLISHED FACT

If you want any First-Class BRANDIES or WINES and the best Family Groceries, you must go to

Thos. Patterson,

No. 26 Rideau Street.

The following Goods in Stock and for Sale:

BRANDIES.—Pure and unadulterated, good for any use, always on hand in Wood or Bottle.

PORT WINE—Pure and reliable (20 years old) for Medicinal purposes and the only House in the City that imports such WINES direct to order.

SHERRY WINES—Various grades, very, very Pale, (delicious favour) Splendid Wines at a price to defy competition.

GIN—John De Kuyper & Son's Double-Berried, First Class.

SCOTCH WHISKEY—Old and Mild, (full strength.)

RUM,

OLD RYE,

FAMILY PROOF,

AND

HIGH WINES,

of the best kind.

PORTER AND ALES.—Guiness's Dublin and Dawe's, Lachine, in splendid order.

COFFEE.—Delicious Flavour. Fresh Roasted and Ground Daily.

TEAS.—The best qualities of Black, Japan, and Green, new crop and fragant.

SUGARS and SYRUPS of all kinds.

CHEESE.—Fine old (Reesors and Factory) the best.

PICKLES and SAUCES, Jams and Jellies from Crosse and Blackwells, in great variety.

FRUITS.—The finest table and cooking raisins that can be had, large fresh and rich flavored.

CURRANTS.—Quite fresh and Candied Peels.

SPERM CANDLES and fancy perfumed soaps, the greatest variety in the city, and made to order by Field of London, England. There is an endless variety of those fine goods worthy of SPECIAL ATTENTION FOR FAMILIES, being of the finest qualities atmoderate prices. Everybody should know that to use good goods saves money. TRYTHEM.

Ottawa, December 5, 1870.

CANADA AND

U. S. PATENT AGENCY.

Patents solicited in Canada and the United States; Trade and Timber Marks, Industrial Designs, Copywrights, Transfers, &c., registered on the shortest notice, Copies of Laws, Circulars, and information, sent free on application. Drawings prepared and copied.

Charges moderate. United States Patents particularly attended to. Several valuable Patent Rights for sale.

T. G. COURSOLLES,

November 26, 1870 1524tf

A SPECIALITY.

THE ULSTER OVER-COAT

Is the Great Novelty in

GENTLEMEN'S GARMENTS

This Season.

A Specimen on View, at MAGEE & RUSSELL'S.

Ottawa, Nov 30, 1870 1527tf

ST. JAMES' HOTEL,

METCALFE AND QUEEN STREETS.

The Proprietor, G. R EVANS,

Begs respectfully to announce to the public in general that the above premises will be opened for business this day, 29th inst, and hopes by strict attention to business and mod rate charges, to merit their patronage and favour

Ottawa, Nov 29, 1870 1526tf

RETAIL ADVERTISEMENT.

MAGEE & RUSSELL,

SPARKS STREET,

Have opened up within the last few days several CASES and BALES Assorted DRY GOODS, to which they respectfully invite attention.

Ladies, please observe the following carefully, their being many articles enumerated worthy of Notice:

DRESS DEPARTMENT.	New Tartan Plaids, Brown and Grey Wincies, French Merinoes and de Laines, " Satin Cloths, Black Lustres and Alpacas, Black and Colored Silesias, " and " Casbans, Glove Finished Cambrics.
SILK DEPARTMENT.	Black Velveteens, Colored Plushes, French Crapes, Silks and Satins.
DOMESTIC DEPARTMENT.	Grey and White Cottons, " " " Sheetings, Table Napkins and Damasks, Huck Towels, Cotton and Linen Diaper, Grass Linen and Hollands.
WOOLLEN DEPARTMENT.	Set. Saxony Flannels, Fancy Shirting do. English and Canadian Blankets, Waterproof Tweeds, Overcoatings.
HOSIERY & GLOVE DEPARTMENT.	Breakfast Shawls, Fancy Woollen Goods, Ladies Set. Hose, Gent's Underclothing, Kid Mitts and Gloves,
RIBBON AND LACE DEPARTMENT.	Black and Coloured Velvet Ribbons, Tartan Velvet Ribbons, Black and Coloured Silk Ribbons, Tartan Silk Ribbons, New Linen Sets, Black and White Silk Laces, Hair Nets, New Style, Hair Puffs and Rolls, Cambric Handkerchiefs, Cushion Tassels, White Filacelle, Coloured Silk Twists.

Our Stock, for extent, variety, quality and price, stands unrivalled in Ottawa.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, Dec. 8, 1870.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,

OTTAWA,

5th day of December, 1870.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Inland Revenue, and under and in virtue of the authority given by the 17th section of the Act 31st Vict, Chapter 8, intituled, "An Act respecting the Inland Revenue." His Excellency in Council has been pleased to Order, and it is hereby Ordered that the following regulations for the manufacture of Methylated Spirits in bond shall be and they are hereby made and established:

REGULATIONS.

1st, The room in which the wood Naphtha is mixed with Spirits shall only be accessible to the proprietor during the actual presence of an officer of Inland Revenue.

2nd. A sample of the wood Naphtha (say about four ounces) shall be sent to the Department from every cask or package used.

3rd. Not less than 100 proof gallons of Alcohol shall be mixed at one time, which shall be mixed in an open mixing tub, in the presence of an officer who shall then test and guage it as to strength and quantity.

4th. With every 100 proof gallons of Alcohol, there shall be mixed at least twelve and-a-half gallons of "Wood Naphtha of Commerce," the whole being mixed together.

5th. After the mixing has been thoroughly completed, the quality of the mixture shall be tested, and the quantity gauged by the officer in attendance and duly recorded. The mixture shall then be placed in casks, the casks being branded or marked on the head in legible characters, with the words—

Methylated Spirits,
Date on which is was mixed,
Number of Wine gallons in the Cask.
Strength,
Number of Proof Gallons
Name of the Division,
Initials of the officer under whose inspection the mixture took place,
Number of the entry under which it is warehoused.

6th. A Stock Book must be kept in the Factory, in which Book must be entered:—

(A) The particulars of every package of Alcohol, brought in, stating where manufactured, the strength and quantity; the marks, &c., on the casks, and the general number of the Permit, under which it was conveyed to the Manufactory.

(B) The particulars of every quantity mixed &c. of the original packages from which it was taken; the quantity and strength of the "Methylated Spirits" produced from it, and the particulars as to marks, numbers, &c., of the Cask in which it is placed.

7th. Every entry in the Stock Book is to be checked by the officer in charge, who must keep an account of each transaction, which account or a duplicate thereof is to be taken to the Inland Revenue office, immediately after each transaction.

8th. So soon as the packing and Barrelling has been completed, the "Methylated Spirits" shall be removed from the Bonded Manufactory, and duly entered for warehousing as required by the regulations in that behalf.

W. H. LEE,
Clerk, Privy Council,
Canada.

537-3

Insurance.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY of Canada, Head Office, Toronto.

President—The Hon John Hillyard Cameron M P.
Vice President—Lewis Moffatt, Esq.
Other Directors—C J Campbell, Esq, Hon Malcolm Cameron, W T Macdonnell, Esq, A R McMaster, Esq, H S Howland, Esq, Geo Duggan, Esq, A T Fulton, Esq, Angus Morrison, Esq, M P J S Crocker, Esq
Banker—The Canadian Bank of Commerce.
Agents for Ottawa—Messrs J T & W PENNOCK.

The rates of the PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY are as low as its long experience has shewn to be profitable.

The test of the value of insurance is, however, not when the premiums are being paid, but when losses are being settled, and, from the equity and promptness of its settlements the Provincial Insurance Company is second to none.

Its Inspectors are alway sent to adjust every important loss directly it occurs.

It has no adjusted losses due and unpaid.

It respectfully solicits a share of the patronage of the insuring public of Ottawa.

ARTHUR HARVEY, Manager.
1298tf

UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No. 104.
The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:
No. 33 The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.
Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.
B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N. B.
For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON, Auditor.

have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN, Manager.
Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

Steamers.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COY'S STEAMERS.

MAIL STEAMER

"QUEEN VICTORIA,"

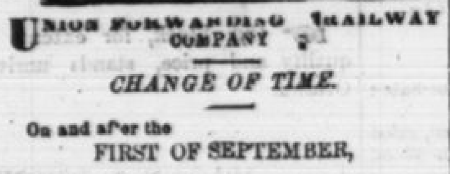
CAPT. BOWIE,

Has commenced her regular trips between Ottawa and Montreal, with Mails and Passengers, leaving Ottawa at 7 a m, daily.

MARKET STEAMER
"FAIRY"
CAPT. NICHOLS.

Will commence running her regular trips from Major's Wharf to Ottawa ever Monday and Saturday leaving Major's at 5 a m, and Ottawa at 4 p m.

R W SHEPHERD.
Ottawa, April 28, 1870. 1341tf



UNION FORWARDING & RAILWAY COMPANY

CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after the FIRST OF SEPTEMBER, THE STEAMER "ANN SISSON,"

Will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted) at 7 a. m., for Des Joachims, and intermediate ports. The steamer

"JASON GOULD"

Will leave Pembroke Daily at 3 p. m. steamer

"SIR JOHN YOUNG,"

Will leave Havelock daily at 7 a. m. for Chapeau. Returning, will leave Chapeau at 1 o'clock p. m.

R S CASSELS, President.
Ottawa, August 22, 1870 144 tf

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMERS
First Cabin, Payable in Gold.
Liverpool or Queenstown..........$100 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.
Liverpool or Queenstown.......... 35 00
PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX.
First Cabin, Payable in Gold.
Liverpool or Queenstown..........$100 00
Halifax.......... 20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer.......... 45 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.
Liverpool or Queenstown.......... 30 00
Halifax.......... 15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer.......... 30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's Offices,
JOHN G. DALE, Agent, 15 Broadway, New York,
or HERRICK & CROMBIE, Ottawa.

DOMINION TELEGRAPH INSTITUTE,

34 KING STREET EAST, TORONTO, ONT.

ESTABLISHED IN 1868,

For the purpose of qualifying Operators for the TELEGRAPH AND RAILROAD LINES

Then and now so rapidly building in the Dominion and United States. It is become one of the Permanent Institutions of the Country.

And has turned out OVER 100 OPERATORS, Who now fill important positions with GOOD SALARIES,

LADIES and GENTLEMEN desiring to learn this light and honourable profession, should do so at once. The average length of time required is three months. Ladies learn more rapidly than gentlemen. Both sexes admitted from 14 years of age and upwards. For full particulars and terms address

T H CHURCHILL, Toronto, Ontario.
Ottawa, September 22, 1870 441 13

FOR SALE.

A beautiful country residence with Fifteen (15) Acres of Land (or more if necessary) attached; the house and outbuildings being completely surrounded by a grove of lovely shade trees. The whole within 10 minutes drive of the Government Buildings.

Terms of sale, cash, if preferable to purchaser therwise a small payment down, and the balance n from 1 to 10 years, to suit purchaser.

Apply to the Proprietor,
R A BRADLEY, Solicitor, Elgin-st., Ottawa. Nearly opposite the Post Office.

N. B.—Money to lend on Real Estate. Terms easy.

OUT TO-DAY.

THE Canadian Parliamentary Calendar AND Directory for 1870.

To be obtained ... OPE & CO., and JONES & HOLLAND
1300tf

Medical.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

As a family Remedy it is well and favourably known relieving thousands from pain in the Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Has now been before the public for a length of time and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions have been properly followed, but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing the Diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it.

Price only Twenty-five Cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN.

Sold in Ottawa by H F McCarthy, J Skinner, John Roberts, J P Featherston, George Mortimer, W M Massey, and all Medicine Dealers.

November 30, 1870 1527

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!

The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton. Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hecey, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1. 13y

To Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:
Madoc, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869.

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sough medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a ort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings his ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle

A F WOOD, J P.
Warden County of Hastings Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.

For sale by DRUGGISTS AND GROCERS ...

TRADE-MARK GARDNER MONTREAL

GARDNER'S QUININE WINE BITTERS,

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons covering from illness. For sale in quart bottle; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children—it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardener's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best ask for GARDENER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE. Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

J GARDENER, Chemist, 457 Notre Dame street, Montreal, Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

DUTCH BULBS!

The Subscriber has just received a full assortment from a celebrated Grower in HOLLAND, both for Spring Gardening and in-door Culture

THE ASSORTMENT INCLUDES
Hyacinths, many varieties,
Tulips, "
Lilies, "
Narcissus, "
Jonquils, "
Anemones, "
Ranunculus, "
&c., &c.

The Flower Roots above mentioned not coming to hand till late in the season, are offered for sale at low prices.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE, Druggist, 40 Sparks-st, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Nov. 18, 1870

Medical.

GABRIEL'S TRADE MARK. ONLY BY. MESSRS GABRIEL. Dentists. LUDGATE HILL, LONDON. PREPARATIONS

FOR THE TEETH.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH.

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers.

MESSRS. GABRIEL,
The old-established Dentists,
64 Ludgate Hill, London.
And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth. Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache, no matter how far decayed Price 1s 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations

GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth. Price 5s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE, for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; is is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.

See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it Price 5s.

PARTIES AT A DISTANCE REQUIRING ARTIFICIAL TEETH may have them supplied, in partial or complete sets, on Messrs. Gabriel's new system, by sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of One Guinea, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded, with all necessary instructions Messrs. Gabriel will undertake to Remodel or Repair Artificial Teeth made by other Dentists, [which do not prove satisfactory], at moderate charges.

Messrs. Gabriel's Pamphlet on Artificial Teeth and Painless Dentistery on receipt of postage.

*** All letters to be addressed to 64 LUDGATE HILL, LONDON. 1333 2awfm 1awk6m

MADRID 1847

PRIMERA CLASE. PARIS 1867 LONDON 1862 MENTION HONORABLE GENERAL EXCELLENCE

Alkabasar

ARRIVED AT LAST!

This elegant Turkish TONIC is one of the most salutary and delicate preparations ever submitted for public approval in this hemisphere, and asserts its pretentions to patronage on the following grounds:—

That it is a preparation of one of the most eminent Purveyors to the Ottoman Court.
It prevents acidity of the Stomach.
It relieves lowness of spirits.
It is a mild and invigorating tonic, and a most efficient but innocuous stimulent.
It renders the breath sweet and agreeable.
It stimulates the appetite if taken BEFORE meals.
It promotes digestion if taken AFTER meals.
It neutralises the propensity for strong liquors.
It renders the intellect bright and clear.
If taken habitually it imparts vitality and energy to all the bodily organs.
By its use a man of 70 will become, as it were, restored to the elasticity of 30; and to persons of delicate constitutions it is strongly recommended.
It is an especial favourite with Oriental ladies.
Secure, then, health, longevity and vital energy by the habitual use of the

ALKABASAR TURKISH TONIC.

Kept in stock by the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.

For directions for use see labels on bottles
HENRY CHAPMAN & CO., EVANS, MERCER & CO., Montreal,
Sole Agents for the Dominion
Montreal, July 6. 1415-y

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission from the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,
Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion,

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,
Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F GIANELLI.

H. R. FRIPP,

ORGANIST AND TEACHER OF MUSIC.
Residence—Elgin Street, South of Slater Street.
Classes for beginners at Mr Gowan's Hall on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 4½ p m.
Ottawa, July 15th, 1870, 1410 tf

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street.
Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

LOST

From the Farm of MRS. STEWART on the bank of the Canal, on the 20th inst., TWENTY-THREE LAMBS, marked with a stroke on the back with ar. Information to be given to WM SLATTERY, Butcher By Ward Market.
August ... 1445

Commission Merchants.

J. BERMINGHAM,

GENERAL AUCTIONEER.

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his Spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit continuance of the support and patronage liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate, that in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons, and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p. m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 25. Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hands for sale.

J BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.
Ottawa, March 1870.

S. M. FOOTE & COMPANY,

IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALER

—IN—

TEAS AND WINES,

6 HOSPITAL STREET

MONTREAL.

Ottawa August 23, 1870 1444tf

DOMINICK FOX.

GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,
Clarence Street, next to the City Hotel Ottawa.

Solicits the patronage of the Lumber Merchants generally on the Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging men and attending to their rafts while passing here to the best of his ability.

REFERENCES.
Alex Fraser, Esq. Walter Smith, Esq.
John cupore, Esq. R W Cruice, Esq.
1324t.

W. H. EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS, FORWARDERS

DEALERS IN
Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c
OTTAWA,
End of Little Sussex-st.

Cash advanced on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases
W. H. EASTON R. M. EASTON

FOR SALE:

MESS AND PRIME MESS PORK.

FLOUR NO. 1 & EXTRA

WHITE BEANS,

At Ottawa, Sand Point and Pembroke.

S CHRISTIE,
No 5 Sparks street.
... May 18, 1870

GOVERNMENT HOUSE.

OTTAWA, 26th day of Sept., 1870.

PRESENT

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs and under and in virtue of the authority given by the 8th Section of the Act 31 Vic. Cap. 6, intituled "An Act respecting the "Customs." His Excellency has been pleased to make the following Regulation:

Grand Harbour, in the Island of Grand Manan, in the Province of New Brunswick shall be and the same is hereby erected into an Out Port of Customs, and attached to the Port of Campo Bello (Welchpool.)

WM. H. LEE, Clerk Privy Council, Canada.
Ottawa, Oct. 4, 1870. 1478

GOVERNMENT HOUSE.

OTTAWA, Thursday, 22nd day of Sept, 1870

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs and under and in virture of the 54th Section of the Act 31st Victoria Cap. 6, intituled "An Act respecting the Customs.

His Excellency has been pleased to Order, and it is hereby Ordered, that the Out Port of Port Ryerse attached to the Port of Dover, in the Province of Ontario, be and the same is hereby constituted and appointed to be a Warehousing Port, within the meaning of the Act.

WM. H. LEE, Clerk Privy Council, Canada.
Ottawa, Oct. 4, 1870. 1478 3

Medical.

Ayer's Hair Vigor,

For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.

A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. *Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color with the gloss and freshness of youth* Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

HAIR DRESSING,

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,
PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS,
LOWELL, MASS.
PRICE $1.00.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

For Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption.

Probably never before in the whole history of medicine, has anything won so widely and so deeply upon the confidence of mankind, as this excellent remedy for pulmonary complaints. Through a long series of years, and among most of the races of men it has risen higher and higher in their estimation, as it has become better known. Its uniform character and power to cure the various affections of the lungs and throat, have made it known as a reliable protector against them. While adapted to milder forms of disease and to young children, it is at the same time the most effectual remedy that can be given for incipient consumption, and the dangerous affections of the throat and lungs. As a provision against sudden attacks of *Croup,* it should be kept on hand in every family, and indeed as all are sometimes subject to colds and coughs, all should be provided with this antidote for them.

Although settled *Consumption* is thought incurable, still great numbers of cases where the disease seemed settled, have been completely cured, and the patient restored to sound health by the *Cherry Pectoral.* So complete is its mastery over the disorders of the Lungs and Throat, that the most obstinate of them yield to it. When nothing else could reach them, under the *Cherry Pectoral* they subside and disappear.

Singers and Public Speakers find great protection from it.

Asthma is always relieved and often wholly cured by it.

Bronchitis is generally cured by taking the *Cherry Pectoral* in small and frequent doses.

So generally are its virtues known that we need not publish the certificates of them here, or do more than assure the public that its qualities are fully maintained.

Ayer's Ague Cure,

For Fever and Ague, Intermittent Fever, Chill Fever, Remittent Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical or Bilious Fever, &c., and indeed all the affections which arise from malarious, marsh, or miasmatic poisons.

As its name implies, it does *Cure,* and does not fail. Containing neither Arsenic, Quinine, Bismuth, Zinc, nor any other mineral or poisonous substance whatever, it in nowise injures any patient. The number and importance of its cures in the ague districts, are literally beyond account, and we believe without a parallel in the history of Ague medicine. Our pride is gratified by the acknowledgments we receive of the radical cures effected in obstinate cases, and where other remedies had wholly failed.

Unacclimated persons, either resident in, or travelling through miasmatic localities, will be protected by taking the AGUE CURE daily.

For *Liver Complaints,* arising from torpidity of the Liver, it is an excellent remedy, stimulating the Liver into healthy activity.

For Bilious Disorders and Liver Complaints, it is an excellent remedy, producing many truly remarkable cures, where other medicines had failed.

Prepared by DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical and Analytical Chemists, Lowell, Mass., and sold all round the world.

PRICE ... PER BOTTLE.

DARLEY'S ARABIAN OIL FOR HORSES AND CATTLE

A NEVER-FAILING REMEDY.

This valuable preparation combines all the medicinal virtues of those articles which long experience has proved to possess the most safe and efficient properties for the cure of Flesh Wounds, Sprains, Bruises, Galls of all kinds, Cracked Heels, Ring Bone, Spavin, Callous, Fistula, Sweeney, External Poisons, Scratches or Grease, Strains, Lameness, Mange, Witows, Corns, Sand Cracks, Foundered Feet, Horn Distemper, Swellings, and many other diseases which horses and cattle are subject to.

The celebrated Liniment has been used for many years, and its curative properties thoroughly tested, and it is conceded to be the cheapest and most reliable remedy for all external complaints ever offered to the public—it never fails when timely used and faithfully applied.

To be had of all Druggists and Country Merchants throughout the Dominion. Price 25c. per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, Ont. Proprietors.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W M Massey, H F McCarthy, J Skinner, in Ottawa, all Medicine Dealers.

November 24, 1870 1522tf

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly, (which are published in the "Ontario Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the Session.

CHARLES T GILLMOR, Clerk of the House.
Toronto March 15, 1870 1309 td 1awk.

NOTICE.

I hereby give notice that I shall not be responsible for any debt contracted in my name after this date without my written order.

CHAS. GOULDEN.
Ottawa, August ... 6 3m

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.
W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

S. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.
REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ale and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE—No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

PRESERVE YOUR ROOFS,

PATENT PLASTIC SLATE PAINT,

Is the best and cheapest material in use for preserving new, or repairing old

IRON OR TIN ROOFS,

No matter how bad their condition. Also first rate for

SHINGLE ROOFS,

Making them

FIRE AND WATER PROOF,

Hardens into a coating of SOLID SLATE by exposure.

Price $6 a barrel, mixed ready for use.
A barrel will cover 10 squares (10 x 10).

SHEATHING FELT

For lining Frame Buildings under the clap boards. An effectual protection against cold, damp and vermin. Rats and mice will come near it.

No FRAME DWELLING should be without
Send for circular, instructions, &c.

BUCHANAN & CO.,
Wholesale Depot for Roofing Materia and Founder's Supplies,
32 Lemoine Street, Montreal.
Ottawa, September 21, 1870 1468

A. E. GENDREAU,

HAIR DRESSING PARLOUR,
Wellington street,
Opposite the Bank of Montreal.

MR GENDREAU, the proprietor of that so popular Parlour, has the pleasure to announce to his numerous friends and the public in general, that to answer to the great encouragement while he has received up to the present, he has determined to enlarge and thoroughly furnish anew his establishment He will save no expense to render Parlour the most comfortable, and procure the most experienced hair dressers.

MR GENDREAU having served considerable time in some of the best and most extensive Hair Dressing Saloons in the Dominion and United States, is in a position to conduct the duties of his establishment in a manner that cannot be surpassed.

He will have always on hand the best perfumes imported directly from Paris and London. MR GENDREAU solicits a visit to convince all of the truth of his statements.

SATCHELL BROS

BUTCHERS TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantly on hand

FRESH KILLED STALL-FED BEEF AND MUTTON.

ALSO, THEIR CELEBRATED SPICED AND SALT ROUND, AND ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES,

To be had at THEIR STALLS, Nos. 5 and 7, BY-WARD MARKET

FOR STYLISH SIGNS AND HANDSOME WALL PAINTING GO TO THE LANG PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT A. W LANG, Sparks Street. No Benzine or Coal Oil used.

PEOPLE'S TELEGRAPH COMPANY

Incorporated under Chapter LXVII of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada.

OTTAWA OFFICE—G P DRUMMOND'S Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.

DIRECTORS:
A JOSEPH, Chairman; D C THOMSON, Treasurer; S B FOOTE A THOMSON, T H DUNN. DRUMMOND Manager 1141tf

TWO OR THREE GENTLEMAN can be accommodated with

ROOMS, WITH OR WITHOUT BOARD.

Apply at MR. ROWSELL'S, Opposite the Union Hotel, Centre Town.
Ottawa, July 5, 1870. 1400 tf

EDGAR DOWARD, Organist, Christ Church, teacher of Organ, Piano and Singing Residence—O'Connor street Mr. Doward was formerly Choirster Boy and Articled Pupil of Mr W. Done, of Worcester Cathedral, England.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

In the matter of
JOSEPH HENRY CASSELS,
the Village of Kenmore
AN INSOLVENT.

ASSIGNEES SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power vested in me as Assignee of the estate and effects of the above named Insolvent, I shall offer for sale by Public Auction, at the Court House, in the City of Ottawa, at the hour of 12 o'clock, noon on FRIDAY, the TWENTY-FIFTH day of NOVEMBER next, all the estate, right, title, interest and equity of redemption of the said Insolvent, and of myself, as such Assignee as aforesaid, in and to that certain parcel or tract of land and premises situate, lying and being in the Township of Gloucester, in the County of Carleton, containing by admeasurement fifty acres of land be the same more or less, being composed of the west quarter of lot number two, in the third Concession of the said Township, Rideau Front.

Terms and conditions made known at the time of sale, and particulars can be had by applying

CHAS BAILLIF, Assignee, 401 Notre Dame St
Dated Montreal, 17th Sept, 1870. 1469 3aw27

GREAT CENTRAL AIR LINE ROUTE

VIA

GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.

[The Model Road of Canada]

To Sarnia, Detroit, Milwaukee.
CHICAGO,
Cincinnati, St. Louis, New Orleans, and all Points in the West and South.

NORTHERN TRANSPORTATION CO'S 20 First-Class Upper Cabin Steamers.
DAILY LINE BETWEEN
OGDENSBURG & CHICAGO,
Making sure connections with Railway for all Points West and South.

Parties going west can secure Tickets at this office to any Point desired,
VIA
ALL RAIL OR ALL BOAT
Fares always cheaper than by any other Route.

Be sure and procure TICKETS at this office by the

GREAT CENTRAL ROUTE
AND SAVE MONEY, TIME AND DISTANCE.

Comparitive distance of the several Western Routes to Chicago:
American—Ogdensburg or Prescott to Chicago.......... 850 miles
Grand Trunk to Detroit.......... 736 do
Grand Trunk to Toronto, Great Western to Detroit.......... 736 do
Leaving in favor of the Great Central Route.......... 120 do

For TICKETS to any Points in the United States, and all information apply to

J T CORCORAN,
General Western Railway and Steamboat Ticket office, at H Palmer's store, next to Fingland & Draper's, Sussex st two doors from Rideau st

IN CHANCERY.

Pursuant to a decree of the Court of Chancery, made in a cause Spain vs. Watt, the Creditors of Martin Spain, late of the Township of Nepean, in the County of Carleton who died in or about the month of NOVEMBER, 1867, are on or before the 15th NOVEMBER next, to send by post prepaid, to Messrs. Kennedy & Christie, of the City of Ottawa, the Solicitor of the Defendants, Arthur Watt, the Executor of the deceased, their christian and surnames addresses and descriptions, the full particulars of their claims, a statement of their accounts and the nature of the securities (if any) held by them, or in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said decree

Every Creditor holding any security is to produce the same before me at my Chambers, at the City of Ottawa, on the 23rd day of November, 1870, at 11 o'clock, in the forenoon, being the time appointed for adjudication on the claims.

Dated the 21st day of October, 1870.
(Signed), W. M. MATHESON, Master at Ottawa
SCOTT & ROSS, Plaintiff's Solicitors.
Ottawa, Oct. 24, 1870 1495 1d

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,

OTTAWA,

10th day of November, 1870.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

Whereas it has been represented to His Excellency, that the public convenience would be promoted if the Out-Ports of St Armand and Rousse's Point, which are situate in closer proximity to the Port of St. John's, than to that of Montreal, with which they are now connected, were detached from the last mentioned Port and placed under the survey of the Port of St. Johns; His Excellency on the recommendation of the Hon. the Minister of Customs, and under and in pursuance of the 8th section of the Act 31st Victoria' Chapter 6, intituled:

"An Act respecting the Customs," has been pleased to Order, and it is hereby Ordered that on, from and after the First day of December next the Out-Ports of St Armand and Rouse's Point shall be and they are hereby respectively detached from the Port of Montreal and placed under the Survey of the Port of St. Johns, in the Province of Quebec.

WM. H. LEE, Clerk Privy Council,

PRESTON & ROWSELL.

MILITARY TAILORS —AND— HABIT MAKERS

NO. 36 SPARKS STREET

A SELECT ASSORTMENT OF

Tweeds,
Broad Cloths,
Doe Skins,
Fancy Coatings,
Vestings, &c.

SHIRTS MADE TO ORDER

PRESTON & ROWSELL

Ottawa, July 26, 1870.

HIGHER EDUCATION.

HELLMUTH COLLEGE.

Board and Tuition per annum, $22.

HELLMUTH LADIES' COLLEGE

Inaugurated by H. R. H. Prince Arthur. Board and Tuition $236 per annum.

PRESIDENT:—The Very Rev. I. Hellmuth, D.D., Dean of Huron

For Particulars apply to Major Evans, London, Canada West.
August 8, 1870. 1 1

Sarsaparilla,

FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

The reputation this excellent medicine enjoys, is derived from its cures, many of which are truly marvellous. Inveterate cases of Scrofulous disease, where the system seemed saturated with corruption, have been purified and cured by it. Scrofulous affections and disorders, which were aggravated by the scrofulous contamination until they were painfully afflicting, have been radically cured in such great numbers in almost every section of the country, that the public scarcely need to be informed of its virtues or uses.

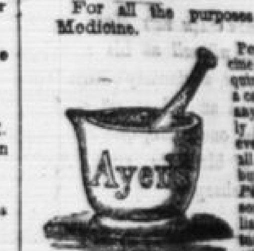
Scrofulous poison is one of the most destructive enemies of our race. Often, this unseen and unfelt tenant of the organism undermines the constitution, and invites the attack of enfeebling or fatal diseases, without exciting a suspicion of its presence. Again, it seems to breed infection throughout the body, and then, on some favorable occasion, rapidly develop into one or other of its hideous forms, either on the surface or among the vitals. In the latter, tubercles may be suddenly deposited in the lungs or heart, or tumors formed in the liver, or it shows its presence by eruptions on the skin, or foul ulcerations on some part of the body. Hence the occasional use of a bottle of this *Sarsaparilla* is advisable, even when no active symptoms of disease appear. Persons afflicted with the following complaints generally find immediate relief, and, at length, cure, by the use of this SARSAPARILLA: *St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Sore Ears,* and other eruptions or visible forms of *Scrofulous* disease. Also in the more concealed forms, as *Dyspepsia, Dropsy, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Neuralgia,* and the various *Ulcerous* affections of the muscular and nervous systems.

Syphilis or *Venereal* and *Mercurial Diseases* are cured by it, though a long time is required for subduing these obstinate maladies by any medicine. But long continued use of this medicine will cure the complaint. *Leucorrhœa* or *Whites, Uterine Ulcerations,* and *Female Diseases,* are commonly soon relieved and ultimately cured by its purifying and invigorating effect. Minute Directions for each case are found in our Almanac, supplied gratis. *Rheumatism* and *Gout,* when caused by accumulations of extraneous matter in the blood, yield quickly to it, as also *Liver Complaints, Torpidity, Congestion* or *Inflammation* of the *Liver,* and *Jaundice,* when arising, as they often do, from the rankling poisons in the blood. This SARSAPARILLA is a great restorer for the strength and vigor of the system. Those who are *Languid* and *Listless, Despondent, Sleepless,* and troubled with *Nervous Apprehensions* or *Fears,* or any of the affections symptomatic of *Weakness,* will find immediate relief and convincing evidence of its restorative power upon trial.

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,
Practical and Analytical Chemists.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

For all the purposes of a Laxative Medicine.



Perhaps no one medicine is so universally required by everybody as a cathartic, nor was ever any before so universally adopted into use, in every country and among all classes, as this mild but efficient purgative *Pill.* The obvious reason is, that it is a more reliable and far more effectual remedy than any other. Those who have tried it, know that it cured them; those who have not, know that it cures their neighbors and friends, and all know that what it does once it does always—that it never fails through any fault or neglect of its composition. We have thousands upon thousands of certificates of their remarkable cures of the following complaints, but such cures are known in every neighborhood, and we need not publish them. Adapted to all ages and conditions in all climates; containing neither calomel or any deleterious drug, they may be taken with safety by anybody. Their sugar coating preserves them ever fresh and makes them pleasant to take, while being purely vegetable no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.

They operate by their powerful influence on the internal viscera to purify the blood and stimulate it into healthy action—remove the obstructions of the stomach, bowels, liver, and other organs of the body, restoring their irregular action to health, and by correcting, wherever they exist, such derangements as are the first origin of disease.

Minute directions are given in the wrapper on the box, for the following complaints, which these *Pills* rapidly cure:—

For *Dyspepsia* or *Indigestion, Listlessness, Languor* and *Loss of Appetite,* they should be taken moderately to stimulate the stomach and restore its healthy tone and action.

For *Liver Complaint* and its various symptoms, *Bilious Headache, Sick Headache, Jaundice* or *Green Sickness, Bilious Colic* and *Bilious Fevers,* they should be judiciously taken for each case, to correct the diseased action or remove the obstructions which cause it.

For *Dysentery* or *Diarrhœa,* but one mild dose is generally required.

For *Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the Side, Back* and *Loins,* they should be continuously taken, as required, to change the diseased action of the system. With such change those complaints disappear.

For *Dropsy* and *Dropsical Swellings* they should be taken in large and frequent doses to produce the effect of a drastic purge.

For *Suppression* a large dose should be taken as it produces the desired effect by sympathy.

As a *Dinner Pill,* take one or two *Pills* to promote digestion and relieve the stomach.

An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and bowels into healthy action, restores the appetite, and invigorates the system. Hence it is often advantageous where no serious derangement exists. One who feels tolerably well, often finds that a dose of these *Pills* makes him feel decidedly better, from their cleansing and renovating effect on the digestive apparatus.

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical Chemists,
LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.
Ottawa, August 7, 1870.

FOR ASTHMA and Chronic Bronchitis

DATURA TATULA,

Affords Immediate Relief.

"A remedy of great power and usefulness."—*Dr. W. Parker.*

"Of great efficacy in cases of Asthma and Chronic Bronchitis. —*Dublin Journal Medical Science.*

"The smoke causes no nausea. When thoroughly kind, I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."—*General Alexander to Hon. B. Stuart.*

In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.
Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, Boxes, 3s, 5s and 15s.
Pastilles for Inhalation, Boxes, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE, 143, New Bond-st., London
AGENTS—Messrs F. Cundill & Co., Montreal

FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION of COD LIVER OIL, the fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive activity, superior to Pepsine.

Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 2s, 4s 6d, 8s 6d, and 12s 6d. Pancreatine Wine, bottles, 3s, 6s and 10s.

N.B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil.

AGENTS—Messrs F. ...

NOTICE.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF ONTARIO.

TORONTO, 29th October, 1870.

Notice is hereby given, that the last day for receiving Petitions for Private Bills will be WEDNESDAY, the TWENTY-EIGHTH day of DECEMBER next

CHARLES T. GILLMOR, Clerk.

STRAYED,

Into the subscribers premises on the night of the 17th. a KID, with collar and chain attached The owner can have it by proving property and paying this advertisement,

ROBERT SKEAD
Ottawa, Nov 21, 1870

SEMINARY FOR YOUNG LADIES.

A Branch of the Monklands Villa,

MARIA ESTABLISHMENT, MONTREAL

The Sisters of the Congregation de Notre Dame respectfully inform the public that they will open their classes on the 1st september.

Besides the Boarding School a Select Day School is attached to the establishment.

For particulars and terms apply to the LADY SUPERIOR
Corner of O'Conner and Wellington Streets.
Ottawa, August 12, 1870

THE HOWLEY FARM TO LET.

Lot No 30, 1st Concession of Gloucester R Front, containing 300 acres, 150 acres well cleared and in good state of cultivation, opposite Manotic, and fifteen miles from Ottawa, with good fences, a fine dwelling house, two story high, barns and outhouses complete, is now to let on reasonable terms, for a term of years. Apply for further particulars to

CHARLES ROWAN, Ottawa.
Ottawa September 5, 1870 1454tf

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, 35 Sparks-st., Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES COTTON, Managing Director.

VOL.

AGENTS WANTED $5 to $10 a day. ... Ottawa, Nov 11, 1870

Leg...

J. W. W. WARD ..., &c., Opp ... Ottawa, Canada.

WRIGHT & CL... Attorneys-at-Law, Conveyancers, Notaries ... Provinces of Ontario and Q... Office over Durie's Bo... Ottawa. W McKAY WRIGHT.

HORACE LAPIE... ney-at-Law, Solicit... ancer and Notary Public ... York streets, Ottawa.

D. O'CONNOR, A... in Chancery, Co... street. Office, Union Bu...

R. HAYCOCK... citor-in-Chancer... Public, and Patent Age... mediately opposite Russ...

LEES & GEMMIL... Solicitors, Conveyan... Court House, Ottawa. ROBERT LEES.

EDWARD T. D... Solicitor, Attorney a... of the Peace and County ... Counties of Prescott and ... Court House, L'Orignal.

KEEFER & KI... Attornies at Law, ... Conveyancers, &c, for ... and Quebec. Office—Post Office Bo... Ottawa. AUGUSTUS KEEFER.

NICHOLAS SPAR... ney-at-Law, Solicit... ancer, &c. Office—Lan... opposite the Post Office, ...

F. A. MARA, Arc... Buildings, Ridea...

COSGROVE & ... Solicitors, &c. Off... Rideau-street, Ottawa. WILLIAM MOSGROVE.

N. TETREAU, N... vince of Quebe... Office.

Med...

DOCTOR HEND... versity | Physician, ... Surgery—That recent... tech, Duke st, Chaudiere

DR. ROBILLAR... Accoucheur, ... Store, East end of S... hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p... N. B.—Special attent... diseases of the EYE ... a seen at his residence, ...

DR. C. LEGGO, ... Accoucheur Office ... street.

DR. OLIVER MA... Sparks-street, Cent...

GEORGE HUTCH... SURGEON ... Sparks ... OPPOSITE "T...

DR. HUTCHISON is ... new SETS of TEETH, o... where wanting, on eithe... rubber palates, fitting ... the mouth as to be ... which natural teeth a... slightest inconvenience ... being for a short time in ... seriousness of the prese... ally foreign to the mout... Dr. H. with a view ... consciousness during th... decayed or diseased t... his practice the use ... laughing gas, which ... danger or inconvenien... were in a pleasant dre... He may be consulted ... at his office from 9 a. ... Ottawa, September 2...

Hotels a...

THE METROPO... AUM...

WAVERLY HO... HALIFAX, ... Permanent and tran... ed, and every attentio...

PICKWICK HO... Opposite the Court Ho... CATHARINES, Ont. ... B. HOUGH ... A spacious ... travellers.

THE "QUEEN... Corner of Metcalfe ... posite the main entran... The "QUEEN" com... first-class Restaurant, ... and refurnished thro... the choicest Brandsir W... efficiency of the season... proprietor's best efforts ... of his guests and pa... Oysters, Game

MR. DUIGNA... SPARKS ST... A few more gentle... with comfortable bo... siting the Capital ... ation by the day or ... N B—This house i... ximity of the Pa... eral banks.

THE UNION H... W. ARMSTRO... CORNER OF QU... EVERY CONVENIE... THE TRAV... The Bar alwa... CHOICES... And the ... EVERY DELIC... Stabling a...

C. T. R. HIGG... Agent for the B... Live Stock Insura... Agent, Importers, M... Mining claims com... Metcalfe and Spar... Hardware Store.

DANCING AN... Mrs Robert Stew... with an accompli... that her Dancing... Wednesday, the 2... Further particul... cation to Mrs Rob... Ottawa Septem...

WANTED. An experience... Teacher, who is ... his profession ... ses in either Pro... in Ontario, to d... ment. Best of re... Address, statin... Hull, 31st Oct...

The Times

VOL. V. NO. 1539. OTTAWA, WEDNESDAY DECEMBER 14, 1870. PRICE—3 CENTS

AGENTS WANTED who can make from $5 to $10 a day. Address, T. W. FARRELL, Otawa.
Ottawa, Nov 11, 1870 1511 1m

Legal.

J. W. W. WARD, Barrister at-law, Advocate, &c., Opposite Russell House, Ottawa, Canada.

WRIGHT & CLEMOW, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c, &c, for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec. Office over Durie's Book Store, Sparks street, Ottawa.
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HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.
ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMELL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

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Office—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.
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F. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 962y

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WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 386tf GEORGE TAILLON

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

Medical.

DOCTOR HENDERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Surgery—That recently occupied by Dr. Malloch, Duke st, Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1388y

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.
N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be consulted at his residence, Murray street.

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

GEORGE HUTCHISON, L. D. S.,
SURGEON DENTIST,
Sparks Street
OPPOSITE "TIMES" OFFICE.

DR. HUTCHISON is fully prepared to supply new SETS of TEETH, or to insert single Teeth where wanting, on either gold, silver or vulcanite rubber palates, fitting so closely and easily to the mouth as to be capable of all the uses to which natural teeth are applied, without the slightest inconvenience to the wearers, and after wearing for a short time in use, without even a consciousness of the presence of a substance originally foreign to the mouth.
N. B. with a view to the removal of painful consciousness during the operation of extracting decayed or diseased teeth, has introduced into his practice the use of the Nitrous Oxide or laughing gas, which the sufferer inhales without danger or inconvenience, and loses his tooth as it were in a pleasant dream.
He may be consulted any day, except Sunday, at his office from 9 a. m. to 6 p. m.
Ottawa, September 2, 1870

Hotels and Saloons.

THE METROPOLITAN,
AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa.
P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

WAVERLY HOUSE,
BARRINGTON-STREET,
HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,
Established 1851.
Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort:
JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,
Corner James and King-sts.,
Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.
E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)
A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor*,
Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Oysters, Game, etc., daily

MR. DUIGNAN'S,
SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA
A few more gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen visiting the Capital will find superior accommodation by the day or week at moderate terms.
N B—This house is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Parliament Buildings and the ... 219tf

THE UNION HOUSE,
W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR,
CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS
OTTAWA.
EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.
The Bar always supplied with the
CHOICEST LIQUORS,
And the table spread with
EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON
Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.

C. T. R. HIGGINS,
Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co, General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufactures and Mining Agent Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mann Bros Hardware Store.

DANCING AND DEPORTMENT.
Mrs Robert Stewart having made arrangements with an accomplished lady teacher, announces that her Dancing Classes will commence on Wednesday, the 22nd instant
Further particulars may be obtained on application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street.
Ottawa September 9th, 1869. 1148tf

WANTED.
An experienced First-class Common School Teacher, who is not afraid to compete (so far as his profession is concerned) with any person in either Province, desires an engagement in Ontario, to date from the first of January next. Best of references.
Address, stating salary, &c.,
A D PRATT,
Hull, P. Q.
Hull, 31st Oct, 1870 1502tf

Groceries.

DENIS WHELAN,
39 RIDEAU STREET,
OTTAWA
HAVING OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT
(*nearly opposite the Old Stand,*)
Offers for sale at VERY LOW PRICES a large and well selected stock, comprising Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy Soaps, Sauces, Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, Candles, Coarse and Fine Salt. Also,
Bordeaux and other Vinegars
MESS PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS,
and the numerous other articles necessary to constitute a complete stock.
TEAS—
Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial Young Hyson, quite fresh and cheap.
COFFEE
Fresh Coffee *ground* and *roasted* daily on the premises.
LIQUORS—
COGNAC BRANDIES Renault & Co, Hennessy, Piper's and other brands.
HOLLAND GIN—
De Kuyper's and Houtman's, a wood bottle.
WINES—
Sherries of all grades, Ports of fine quality, Burgundy, Souterne and Maderia Wines all prices, in wood and bottle, improved by age.
HIGHWINES, OLD RYE, PROOF AND WHISKEY,
high proof and flavor, at extremely low prices.
Thorne's and Stewart' Scotch Whiskey and Old Tom.
Dunville's Irish Whiskey.
Murphy's Old Irish Potteen.
Guinness' and London Porter, pts and qts.
Molson's and other Ales.
Sugars and Syrups, all grades.
Sale at refiners' prices.
THE OLD STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE SELLING AT TWENTY-FIVE PERCENT BELOW COST.
Now is the time for bargains. 1105

1870. 1870.
SPRING IMPORTATIONS.
O'MEARA & CO.
Beg most respectfully to intimate to their friends and customers that they have just received and have ready for inspection
A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT
OF
CLOTHS AND TWEEDS
Suitable for the coming season, comprising
ENGLISH,
FRENCH,
SCOTCH AND CANADIAN
MANUFACTURES
OF THE
NEWEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE DESIGNS.
THE READY-MADE
CLOTHING DEPARTMENT
is also very complete, and will be found of the best materials and most fashionable styles.
Special attention is called to a
LARGE ASSORTMENT OF
SPRING AND SUMMER OVERCOATS
OF THE NEWEST STYLES.
Suspenders, Scarfs, Ties, Collars, Shirts, Gloves, &c, &c. Together with a large and well assorted stock of
DRY GOODS.
Tailoring Department under the supervision of a first class cutter
Suits made to order in best and latest styles
Good fit ensured or no sale.
A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO

Hardware.

BLYTH & KERR,
No. 25 RIDEAU STREET,
Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c.
All work in any of the above branches executed in a prompt and workmanlike manner.
Special attention given to Roofing and fitting up Galvanised Iron and Tin Gutters, Conductors, &c., &c.
IMPORTERS OF GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.
JUST RECEIVED, ex "Pride of Canada" and "Oceola," a splendid assortment of Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots, Jelly Moulds, Wire Dish Covers, Spice Boxes, Ladies' Dressing Cases, Trays, Enamelled Pie Dishes, Preserving Pans, Delf Milk Saucepans, &c., &c.
Constantly on hand, Cooking Stoves, (best makers) Hot Air Furnaces, Water Coolers, Baths, (all kinds) Cutlery, Plated and Britannia Meta Ware,
—ALSO—
FISHING TACKLE, comprising Rods, Lines, Flies, Hooks, Floats, Trolls, Panniers, Landing Nets, Fly Books, &c. &c.
Ottawa, August 10, 1870 1432 1y

LEA & PERRINS'
CELEBRATED
WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,
Declared by Connoisseur
TO BE
THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.
CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.
The success of this most delicious and unrivalled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to
ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,
and to see that their names are upon the wrapper labels, stopper and bottle.
Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.
Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.
Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c, &c, and by Grocers and Oilmen universally 52v1236 law

WANTED
By a young girl a situation as SEAMSTRESS, or DRESS-MAKER, in a private family or place of business.
References given if required. Apply at the TIMES OFFICE.
August 1st, 1870 1424-tf

ELECTRICITY IS LIFE
PULVERMACHER'S PATENT
GALVANIC CHAIN-BANDS
BELTS, AND POCKET BATTERIES
These highly improved inventions render Electricity perfectly self-applicable, and extremely efficacious in a mild continuous form, no shock or unpleasant sensation being experienced, whereby it becomes a true fountain of health and vigour, speedily soothing agonizing pains, re-animating torpid limbs, reviving the sluggish functions of life, and imparting renewed energy and vitality to constitutions enfeebled by whatever cause. Medicines and their deleterious consequences are thus entirely dispensed with. The daily increasing number of cures effected by PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC SYSTEM is so extensive and varied, that it forcibly points to this invention as the embryo of a universal remedy.
N. B.—The following testimony from the elite of the English medical faculty has been received:
"We, the undersigned, have much pleasure in testifying that Mr. J. L. PULVERMACHER's recent improvements in his Voltaic Batteries and Galvanic Appliances for Medical Purposes are of great importance to Scientific Medicine, and that he is entitled to the consideration and support of every one disposed to further the advancement of real and useful progress,
"Dated the 9th day of March, 1866.
"SIR CHARLES LOCOCK, Bart., M. D., F. R. C. P.
"SIR HENRY HOLLAND, Bart., M. D., F. R. S.
"SIR WM. FERGUSSON, Bart., F. R. S.
"EDWD. H. SIEVEKING, M. D., M. R. C. S.
"SIR J. RANALD MARTIN, F. R. C. S."
PULVERMACHER'S SYSTEM is also approved of by an official report of the Academie de Medicine, Paris, Royal College of Physicians, London, and the Imperial Faculty of Vienna, and its curative virtues are confirmed by thousands of private testimonials of cures effected. (See pamphlet gratis).
These facts appeal to the good sense of every sufferer to avail himself of this scientific and curative progress, to which the inventor has devoted a life-time of study and labour, as an ardent deciple of that great benefactor of mankind, the late illustrious electrician MICHAEL FARADY.
PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC CHAINS are exceedingly effective without the aid of medicine, restriction of diet, or the least derangement of the patient's habits and daily occupations, in the following maladies:

Rheumatism	Female Complaints
Gout	Constipation
Sciatica	Cramp
Lumbago	Sluggish Circulation
Neuralgia	Urinary Disorders
Head and Toothache	Paralysis
Liver Complaints	Epilepsy
Tic Doloreux	Nervous Debility
Indigestion	Functional Disorders
Deafness	&c., &c
Spasms	

The effects of the application of Pulvermacher's Chains in any of the above disorders is immediately perceptible—the relief of pain instantaneous.
PRICE LIST OF PULVERMACHER'S CHAIN BANDS AND BATTERIES.
B. CHAIN BANDS for Nervous Deafness, Head, Tooth, and Face Ache, and Noises in the Head, 21s. to 30s.
B. CHAIN BANDS for loss of Voice and other affections of the Throat, 10s. 6d. to 21s.
N. CHAIN BANDS for Sciatica, Rheumatic, Neuralgia, and Gouty Pains, Local Paralysis, Cramp, &c., 18s. to 22s. and 40s.
B CHAIN BANDS for Lumbago, Indigestion, Liver, Chest, and Functional Disorders, &c., (worn as a belt), 22s to 40s and 55s.
B CHAIN BANDS for Writer's Cramp, Trembling, Nervousness, &c, 22s to 30s and 40s.
B COMBINED CHAIN BAND for Cantl, Paralysis, Epilepsy, General Debility Functional Disorders, &c., 30s to 50s.
A complete Set of COMBINED CHAIN BANDS, BELTS, and CHAIN BATTERY for restoring vital energy, £5 to £7.
The public are most earnestly cautioned to beware of Pseudo Electric Belts advertised by sham Doctors, &c., for improper purposes, and so severely stigmatised by Vice Chancellor Malins in the suit Pulvermacher vs Hammond, alias Henry James, alias C. T, Raphey, M. R. C. S, alias Henry Burrows, &c, &c.
No Galvanic Belts are genuine but those bearing the fac simile of M. Pulvermacher's signature on the label.
A pamphlet containing full particulars may be had at the Drug Store of A. Christie, Sparks Street.
J. L. PULVERMACHER,
Galvanic Establishment,
200 Regent Street, London, W.
Ottawa, September 6, 1870 1455 1awk y

SCYTHES!
SCYTHES!! SCYTHES!!!
AND OTHER
HARVESTING IMPLEMENTS.
At the sign of the ANVIL, No. 24 Rideau street, you can find a complete assortment of
Grass and other Scythes.
Blood Silver Steel, all lengths.
Blood Cast Steel, "
Blood German Steel, "
Pride of the Field silver Steel.
Bonnie Blue Bell, "
Red Rover or Champion "
Flint's Celebrated Scyth,
Whitings Eureka Scyth ground, ready for use.
Hay Rakes, straight and bent.
Hay Forks, two and three prongs.
Straw Forks, three prongs.
Scythes Snathes.
Grain Cradles, Muley and Grape Vine.
Scythes-stones and Grindstones of all sorts and sizes.
—ALSO,—
A complete assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, Paints, Oil, Glass, Putty, Coal Oil, &c., &c.
THOS. BIRKETT,
No. 24, Rideau Street.

TO FARMERS
Who have suffered by fire we make a reduction in the price of Stoves.
Elevated Oven Cook Stoves.
Low Oven Cook Stoves.
Double Stoves. Parlour Stoves.
Box Stoves all sizes. Hotel Cook Stoves.
Dumb Stoves. Hot Air Furnaces.
Stove Pipes. Elbows.
Zinc.
Our WINTER STOCK, just received at the
"CAPITAL STOVE DEPOT."
35 Sussex Street,
H MEADOWS & CO.
Ottawa, September 9, 1870.

IMPORTANT SALE
—OF—
REAL ESTATE,
Mill Property, Farms, Timber Lands, Timber Licenses, &c.
INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.
In the matter of
THOMAS D. LEWIS,
Of Templeton, County of Ottawa, Quebec,
INSOLVENT,
The subscriber will offer for sale by Public Auction, at the Court House, Town of Aylmer, on THURSDAY the fifteenth of December, at twelve o'clock Noon.
The Valuable Real Estate Timber Lands, Saw Mill, known as Eagle Mills, Templeton; Carpenter's and Blacksmiths' Shop, Dwelling Houses, Barns, Stables, &c., erected on the following properities to wit:
In the Township of Templeton, in the County Of Ottawa Quebec:
Fifth Range—West half Lot 15, 100 Acres.
Seventh Range—North half Lots 1, 2, 3. 285 Acres.
Lots 7, 100 Acres.
Eigth Range—Part lot 3, 124 acres.
Part lot 4, 200 acres.
South half lot 5, 100 acres,
Do lot 7, 100 acres.
Do lot 8, 100 acres.
West half lot 13, 100 acres. On this is a valuable farm.
North half lot 17, 100 acres.
Do lot 18, 100 acres.
Ninth Range—North half lot 5, 100 acres.
Lot 13, 200 acres. On this lot is erected a Saw Mill, known as the "Eagle Mills," Carpenter's Shop, Blacksmith's Shop, Cook House, four other Houses, three Barns, and other buildings thereon erected.
South half lot 14, 100 acres, with buildings thereon erected.
South half lot 18, 100 acres.
Tenth Range—West half lot 5, 100 acres.
East half lot 5, 100 acres,
West half lot 6, 100 acres.
Lot 9, 100 acres.
Lot 13, 200 acres, with Dwelling House and Barn.
North half lot 17, 100 acres.
North half lot 18, 100 acres.
North half lot 19, 100 acres.
Eleventh Range—Lot 6, 200 acres. This is valuable timber Land.
Twelfth Range—Part lot 14, 25 acres, commonly called McGregor's Farm.
Thirteenth Range—Part lot 13, 40 acres, with buildings thereon erected.
Also Insolvents interest on lot 15, in the 15th concession of Templeton, Quebec.
—ALSO—
THE UNDERMENTIONED LICENSES COMMONLY CALLED TIMBER LIMITS, will be sold at the same time belonging to same Estate:—
First License—Number Eight (8) for 1870 and 1871, to Cut Timber on the following limits:
PORTLAND, QUEBEC—Area 17½ square miles—To commence at the rear line of the township of Templeton, running on said rear line 6½ miles on the course due north, and in breadth not more than half way to the height of land between the Blanche and Lievre Rivers. The western boundary of this limit is the township of Wakefield. The upper boundary of this limit has only 2½ miles.
Secondly—License number eighty-eight (88) for 1870 and 1871, to cut Timber on the following limits, viz., Wakefield, Quebec.
Area 7½ square miles—Lots number 16, 17, 19, 20 and 21 in the eighth (8) Range; and 17, 18, 19, 21, 26 in the ninth (9) Range; 17 to 2? inclusive, E. ½ 22, N. ½ 25, 26, S. ½ 27, in the tenth Range; and 17, 18, 19, 20, and 21, S. ½ 22, E. ½ 23, S. ½ 24, 25, 26 in the eleventh Range of the township of Wakefield.
Also, the Insolvents interest in the Graphite Company of Canada, 200 shares
Farming and Milling Implements, including a valuable Gumming Machine, Lathe Machine, Dies, Slab Cutters, &c., &c., &c.
For further particulars, apply to
WILLIAM LINDSAY,
Assignee,
2, Merchants Exchange Montreal.
November 24. 1522tf

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35 SUSSEX STREET,
Elevated Oven Cook Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Low Oven Cook Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Double Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co
Box and Parlor Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co
Coal Stoves, Base Burners, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
The Quintal Coal Stove, at H. MEADOWS & Co
Parlour Cook Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Dumb Stoves, all sizes, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Hot Air Furnaces, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Stove Pipes and Elbows, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Lumbermen's Supplies, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
1st Prize Stoves can be seen, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Ottawa, Oct. 13, 1870.

HARDWARE! HARDWARE!

Sign of the ANVIL, No. 24 Rideau Street, where you can get a complete assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, and at prices to suit purchasers. Consisting in part of
GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHINGS:
Butcher Knives, Knives and Forks, Pocket Knives, Table Spoons, Tea Spoons, Tea Trays, Table Mats, Butts, Screws, Locks, Bolts, Catches, Latches, Axes, Saws, Planes, Squares, Hammers, Spokeshaves, Gouges, Chisels, Augers, Auger Bits, Steel Bits, Bevils, Levels, Boring Machines, ... &c. together with
PAINT OF ALL COLOURS:
Rose, Pink, Burnt Umber, Terra de Kinna, Chrome Yellow, Yellow Ochre, Celestial Blue, Paris Green, Brunswick Green, Magnesia Green, Venetian Green, Red Lead, White Lead, in Oil or Dry, Drop Black, Ivory Black, Lamp Black, Boiled Oil, Raw Oil, Turpentine, Benzole, Coal Oil, Paint Brushes, Varnishes, &c.
THOS. BIRKETT,
No. 24, Rideau Street,
Sign of the Anvil.
P. S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the City.
Ottawa, Nov 18, 1870

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.
Arrival Departure of Mails.
1870. FALL ARRANGEMENT. 1870.

MAILS	CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE P.M.	DELIVERED A.M.	DELIVERED A.M.	DELIVERED P.M.
Eastern, by Train; Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	11.15		9.30	9.00		4.00
Montreal, by Steamer	6.00			9.00		4.00
Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B., by St. L. & O. Railway	11.15		8.30	9.00		7.15
Western, by Train; Toronto, Hamilton, London, Kingston, Western, U.S., and all places west of Prescott	8.30		8.30			7.15
Fort Garry and other places in the Province of Manitoba to be despatched in closed mail from Windsor, Ontario, daily, via St. Pauls, Minnesota. Ordinary Dominion rates of postage	8.30		8.30	9.00		4.00
United States, by St. L. & O. Railway; Ogdensburgh, New York, Boston, &c	1.15		8.30	9.00		6.30
Lower Ottawa, by Steamer; Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville, &c	6.00					6.00
Upper Ottawa, by Steamer; Onslow, Arnprior, Sand Point, Renfrew, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c	4.00		12.15	8.00		
Aylmer, by Stage; Hull, Clarendon, Bristol, &c	5.00	11.00	4.00	8.00	11.00	4.00
Upper Ottawa, by Stage; Pakenham, March, Huntley, Carp, &c	7.30	11.15		9.00		
Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Burritt's Rapids by St. L. & O. Railway	11.15			9.10		
North Gower, Kars, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	8.30			9.00		1.30
Osgoode, Russell, and Line of St. L. & O. Railway	8.30			8.00		1.30
For Brockville, Perth, Smith's Falls, Appleton and Carleton Place, per Canada Central Railway	8.30		4.30			
For Sand Point and places on the Brockville and Ottawa Railway, North of Carleton Place Junction, and places on C. C. Railway	6.00					5.00
Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate offices daily; Aylwin, Kasabasua, Low, River Desert, Six Portages, Wright, close Tuesdays and Fridays; arrive Tuesdays and Fridays						
Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays			12.30		11.30	

Matter posted up to 9.30 p.m. will be forwarded East and West in supplementary package the same night.
The Western Mail arriving at 7 p. m. will be delivered the same evening.

BRITISH MAILS.
Per Cunard Line, close every Tuesday at 10.45 a. m.
Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 10.30 a. m.
A supplementary bag for Canadian steamer will be closed at 11.30, in which all paid unregistered matter will be sent.

MONEY ORDERS
On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.
OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.
Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on special deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required.
G. P. BAKER,
Postmaster.
POST OFFICE,
Ottawa, 21st Nov., 1870.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment Cures Croup or Rattles.—DR BINGHAM, of Utier New York, says: "I have used Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment in my practice a number of years, and can say with pleasure I deem it one of the greatest discoveries of the age; for the cure of Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammatory Rheumatism, and in Child-bed Fever, it operates with perfect success. In cases of Burns, Bruises, Frozen Limbs, it acts like a charm.
DR. J. P. KENNEDY, of Chittenango, New York, says: "It has stood the test trial, and has not been found wanting. Its astonishing cures of Inflammation of the Lungs and Croup and the wonderful success in subsiding the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of remedies for these complaints."
DR. A. W. BELDING, of Knowlesville, New York says; "I have used it in several cases of Special Irritation and for the worst cases of Piles, and sundry other complaints, and find it a superiore article, and well worthy the notice of all."
Purchasers should be sure and ask for Dr. R. Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and see that the words "A. TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT" are on the wrapper.
Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for the Canadas. Sold in Ottawa by all druggists and by medicine dealers everywhere.

THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORE,
—BY—
P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.
Wholesale and Retail dealers and Commission Merchants, No. 36 Rideau-St., and Duke St., Chaudiere,
Desire to draw the attention of the Public to their well assorted Stock of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, and Provisions, all of which will be sold at prices not to be rivalled either here or elsewhere.
Having the advantage of buying our Goods at the lowest prices, and direct from the Importing Vessels, enables us to sell in future as we have done heretofore, which we hope has given satisfaction to those who have favored us with a call. Rye, Proof and High Wines of the best always on hand. Also, Gin, Brandies and Wines directly imported. Those who have not already tried our Goods are respectively invited to call. Remember our motto. "Quick Sales and Light Profits." Salt and Fish constantly on hand.
P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.
August 7, 1870. 1428-1y

SITUATION WANTED
AS FARMER
A Married Man, who understands farming in all its departments; has had long experience in Canada.
Address R. E., FARMER, Hull, P.Q.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS
Ex. Ships COGNAC, NEREO, UNION and CITY of QUEBEC, from the different places of Growth.
It is now AN ESTABLISHED FACT
If you want any First-Class BRANDIES or WINES and the best Family Groceries, you must go to
Thos. Patterson,
No. 26 Rideau Street.
The following Goods in Stock and for Sale:
BRANDIES.—Pure and unadulterated, good for any use, always on hand in Wood or Bottle.
PORT WINE—Pure and reliable (20 years old) for Medicinal purposes and the only house in the City that imports such WINES direct to order.
SHERRY WINES—Various grades, very very Pale, (delicious flavour) Splendid Wines at a price to defy competition.
GIN—John De Kuyper & Son's Double-Berried, First class.
SCOTCH WHISKEY—Old and Mild, (full strength)
RUM,
OLD RYE,
FAMILY PROOF,
AND
HIGH WINES,
of the best kind.
PORTER AND ALES.—Guiness's Dublin and Dawe's, Lachine, in splendid order.
COFFEE.—Delicious Flavour Fresh Roasted and Ground Daily.
TEAS.—The best qualities of Black, Japan, and Green, new crop and fragant.
SUGARS and SYRUPS of all kinds.
CHEESE—Fine old (Reissors and Factory) the best.
PICKLES and SAUCES, Jams and Jellies from Crosse and Blackwells, in great variety.
FRUITS.—The finest table and cooking raisins that can be had, large fresh and rich flavored.
CURRANTS—Quite fresh and Candied Peels.
SPERM CANDLES and fancy perfumed soaps, the greatest variety in the city, and made to order by Field of London, England. There is an endless variety of these fine goods worthy of SPECIAL ATTENTION FOR FAMILIES, being of the finest qualities at moderate prices. Everybody should know that to use good goods saves money. TRYTHEM.
Ottawa, December 5, 1870.

BONUS YEAR.
SPECIAL INTIMATION.
LIFE ASSOCIATION OF SCOTLAND.
FOUNDED 1838.
ANNUAL REVENUE, - £ 257,683 Stg.
FUNDS in hand and invested, 1,357,386 "
The BOOKS and ACCOUNTS have been for many years subjected (not yearly only, or at any other interval, but) to a continuous AUDIT—apart from the Directors and other officials—by a Professional Accountant of high standing and experience. In the VALUATIONS also, which are made on approved Tables of Mortality, the net Assurance Premiums only are taken into account. Thus by constant independent checks and rigid tests, the utmost precaution is adopted to secure the prudent conduct and permanent stability of the Institution. It has always maintained a high position among the Assurance Offices of the Kingdom, and has already paid SUMS ASSURED and BONUSES to the amount of
$8,159,044.00
The amount paid last year alone having been upwards of
$601,763,00
The FUNDS remaining in hand and invested are upwards of
$6,605,945.00.
The List of Policy-holders in Class B. for 1870 will be closed as at
5TH DECEMBER.
Previous Entrants will be entitled to a
WHOLE YEAR'S BONUS
More than later Entrant will receive.
The PROFITS are allocated on a principle which gives LARGER BONUSES than ANY OTHER SYSTEM.
P WARDLAW,
Secretary.
Agents or Ottawa, J T & PENNOCK
November 8, 1870 68:D5

OTTAWA AND GLOUCESTER
ROAD COMPANY.
Notice is hereby given that the Annual General Meeting of the Stockholders of the Ottawa and Gloucester ROAD COMPANY, will be held at the Office of FRANCIS CLEMOW, Esq., in this City, on MONDAY, the 12th day of DECEMBER inst., at the Hour of TEN o'clock, a.m., for the Election of DIRECTORS for the ensuing year and for the purpose of receiving the Annual Report of the Secretary and Treasurer for the current year.
By order
W. H. FALLS,
Sec.-Treasurer,
Dated this 3rd day of December, 1870. 1532 1w

NEWS BY MAIL.

The Pope has pronounced the greater excommunication against everybody concerned in the annexation of Rome to Italy. The King would be necessarily included, but the telegrams do not say whether his Majesty is mentioned by name. Two journals which published the Pope's Encyclical have been confiscated by the Italian Government.

Father Claret, the confessor of the Queen of Spain, died at Fonte Froide convent, near Narbonne, on Oct. 4.

The activity of the British Government may be imagined from the fact that at once on the receipt of Prince Gortschakoff's note orders were issued to complete the armament of Malta and Gibraltar, to warn the Indian Government, to increase the complement of sailors, to supply the militia and volunteers with breech loaders. The Channel fleet was in part ordered to the Mediterranean: and more ships were ordered into commission. Such was the activity, such the readiness of Great Britain.

The *Illustrated Review*, published in London, inaugurates the new style of reviewing with accompanying specimen illustrations. The second number criticises elaborately the poet Laureate and his writings, and gives a new likeness of him, from one of a series of portraits recently taken by the London Stereoscopic Company.

The Russian General Ignatieff, not long ago, met with an accident that came nearly proving fatal, and which occurred under curious circumstances. He had requested the captain of the vessel which took him from Constantinople to Odessa not to hoist the Ambassador's flag on entering the latter port, as he wished to avoid a public reception from the city authorities, which would have delayed him a day. For some unknown reason, however, his request was disregarded, and as the vessel was entering the harbor he happened to see the prohibited flag flying from the mast-head. In rushing precipitately forward to order the captain to lower it, his military spurs became entangled in some loose cordage that was lying about, and he fell from where he had been standing on the main deck. The violence of the fall produced concussion of the brain, and for some time his life was despaired of; but he is now out of danger.

The Queen of Prussia, who, together with the Crown Princess, is devoting herself to the visitation of the hospitals at Hamburg and in its neighborhood, has sent the following letter to the committee of the English International Society for aid to the sick and wounded in the war: "I have observed with sincere admiration the generous manner in which the English nation endeavours to alleviate the fearful sufferings of the present war, and to participate in the care of the numerous wounded by supporting the existing societies and hospitals, by the erection of their own hospitals, establishments of depots, and the distribution of gifts. In my relations with the German Societies, I feel it an urgent obligation to express this to the English Committee for aid to wounded and sick soldiers which directs this benevolent activity, and in their name, as well as in the name of my countrymen far and near whom this assistance has benefited, to offer the most sincere and deepfelt thanks. By such proofs of true humanity the nation does honor to itself, and preserves its old reputation of maintaining the interests of humanity as everywhere the first consideration. It may likewise rest assured that with us in Germany what we owe to it in this respect is most warmly acknowledged and felt.—AUGUSTA. Homburg, Nov. 8, 1870."

Captain Sherard Osborne maintains that the official figures recently published with the view of showing the superior stability of the *Monarch* under canvass over that of the lost *Captain*, strengthens still more the charge of incompetency against the shipbuilding department of the Admiralty. He and naval officers in general are waiting in perfect reliance on Mr. Childers' courage and good faith in fulfilling his duty by punishing the offenders.

The Internal Revenue Department at Washington have given a decision which may have an important bearing on the interests of the tobacco manufacturers of the Dominion. In reply to the inquiry whether a cigar manufacturer in the United States may sell his scraps and clippings to a cigar manufacturer whose factory is in the Dominion of Canada, the Acting Commissioner decided that he may do so, but as Canada is a foreign country, and the scraps and clippings are treated in the law as manufactured tobacco, a tax of sixteen cents per pound being imposed, he will be obliged to ship and export them in bond.

The *Cologne Gazette* states some important facts relative to the Russian question. It says that Count Beust told Lord Bloomfield, the English Ambassador, that Russia had nearly 100,000 men on the Turkish frontier, and that Austria was ready to march if "England would co-operate. "There would thus," it remarks, "be a general war. But do not be uneasy. Count Beust knows well enough that he can in this case easily acquire the reputation of warlike resolution *if* England will co-operate! People can make gold out of chaff with 'ifs' and 'buts.'" The *Gazette* expresses regret at the form of the circular, but contends that Russia has a right to complain of the so called neutralization of the Euxine, as Turkey, being in possession of the Straits, can at any moment send her entire fleet into it. "Prussia," it says, "will not take part in any steps against Russia." Its Vienna correspondent says an Austrian diplomatist, whom the Russian Embassador was reminding of Count Beust's former proposal, replied, "If anybody should come into my house by the window when he could enter without obstruction at the door, I should certainly attribute no good intention to him, and receive him with no friendly respect." The same writer says, Prussia, according to the assurances of its Embassador at Vienna was not less surprised than the other powers by Russia's movement.

The Lord Mayor's Motto.

The motto on the crest of the Lord Mayor is, "Strike, Dakin, strike; the devil's in the hemp." The following explanation is given in M. A. Denham's "Slogans of the North of England," 4to, 1851, p. 14:—"The strangest of all northern mottoes—'Stryke, Dakeyn, the Devil's in the hempe!'—is, I believe, first found in the grant of news arms by Flower, in 1563, to Arthur Dakyns, Esq., of Linton and Hackness, in Holderness......Arthur Dakyns was a general in the army, but, as two or three centuries ago generals commanded on sea as well as land, I imagined that he had distinguished himself in some gallant fight, perhaps against the spaniards where in all the turning point of victory consisted in cutting some portion of a ship's hempen sails or cordage. It often happens that mottoes are dispersed among branches to whose history they are wholly inapplicable. The elder Dakeynes of Derbyshire, enchanted with the exploit of cutting the devil out of the hemp, assumed the old motto in question at the very commencement of the seventeenth century, and confirmed to them in 1811 by St. George. The crest always consorted with the motto. Out of a naval coronet springs an arm brandishing a hatchet, and prepared to strike."

All Wool Tartans in all the leading clans. A large lot ex last steamer, at GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

CURRENT NEWS.

A Connecticut man is writing a history of tobacco.

A new paper at Fort Dodge bears the name of *Cardiff Giant.*

The Province of Cibao, San Domingo, is in arms against Baez.

Peppermint-scented lard is the favorite pomnade with Iowa belles.

In October there were 26,252 guests still lingering in Baden-Baden.

The German soldiers have each a bottle of wine per day, and each bottle contains two ounces of alcohol. The surgeons say the ration is a valuable one to the men, the alcohol sustaining, and the vegetable matter nourishing exhausted nature.

In a ballet performed at Berlin one scene represents Paris, whence Gambetta and others are escaping in a large balloon. A German soldier shoots at the balloon and brings it down.

Five journals were published in Metz during the siege, and high prices are asked for sets. For the *impartial* forty francs is demanded, and for its little half sheet, with black border, containing the capitulation, fifteen francs.

Greece possesses fifteen gymnasia, answering to the Scottish universities, and 114 public schools, answering to the Scottish high schools or English grammar schools. Ninety four professors are occupied in teaching in the former, 230 masters in the latter.

A Paris correspondent writes: "Donkey is now all the fashion. When one is asked to dinner, as an inducement one is told that there will be donkey. The flesh of this obstinate but weak-minded quadruped is delicious—in color like mutton, firm and savory. This siege will destroy many illusions, and amongst them the prejudice which has prevented many animals being used as food. I can solemnly assert that I never wish to taste a better dish than a joint of a donkey or a *ragout* of cat—*experto crede.*" We hope his wish, which is so humble, will be gratified.

The Emperor Napoleon appears to be either a prophet in spite of himself, or, like a long-sighted person, to have eyes for everything except what is passing immediately beneath them. The pamphlet which he has just issued should be compared with that written by Prince Louis Napoleon thirty years ago. The writer seems at the earlier period to have exactly foreseen the catastrophe which at the later period he was either unable to estimate or impotent to avert. In the event of a war, "France," says the Prince, would not be able to bring 200,000 men into line upon the frontiers, while on the Rhine alone upwards of 500,000 could be collected against her in a fortnight." The campaign of 1870 is the literal fulfilment of this anticipation. The plan which the Emperor had formed was to mass 150,000 at Metz, 100,000 at Strasbourg, and 50,000 at Chalons; to unite the two former divisions and cross the Rhine at Maxau. Unfortunately for him, the 250,000 men with which he proposed to invade Germany fell short of 200,000 (the precise number named in the earlier pamphlet;) but even had it been otherwise, he must have known that the task of concentration would occupy the whole of that fortnight which thirty years before he deemed sufficient to enable (disunited) Germany to collect an army of 500,000 men. Leaving out of sight therefore all other considerations, and especially the well-known fact that the military organization of the Prussians had been steadily advancing while that of the French had been deteriorating, we are at a loss to see how the publication of the Emperor's proposed plan of action is an apology for the disasters that have followed. They were the anticipated result of a course which the author himself had condemned thirty years before.

Professor Sylvester, in his latest work, maintains that mathematical study is the best prolonger of life, altogether surpassing the pills of Parr, and he enumerates eight or nine mathematicians who have attained great age. Although we do not hold that the learned professor has made out a special case of his favorite study, we are so far of his opinion that we think men of great genius who use their mental power wisely are likely to live long. Newton lived to 85; Pollock reached 87 within a month; Lyndhurst passed 90; Pythagoras, acccording to Mr. Sylvester, lived to 99; this is doubtful, but it is certain that Titian died of the plague at that age. Pindar and Wordsworth died at 80; Sophocles and Michael Anglo and Savage Lander at 90. The lawyers and poets and painters make at least as good a fight against time as the mathematicians; it is manifest that the intellectual power is likely to produce longevity, in whatsoever way it may be exercised. Doubtless a sound physical constitution is a necessary element; without this, however strong the spirit may be, there will probably be an early dissolution of partnership between it and the body.

"Give me a man with plenty of nose," Napoleon I. is reported to have said, referring to the capacity of officers for high command; and it is certain that his best generals were, as a rule, remarkably well provided in this particular. The aquiline appearance of the great military authorities of the First Empire is conspicuous in any collection of their portraits. Look on those pictures and on these—turn from the portraits of the heroes of the First Empire to those of the heroes of the Second—and mark the difference between the two classes of physiognomy. You will not find a marshal or a general of any note among the leaders at Wissembourg, Woerth, or Forbach, Sedan, Strasbourg, or Metz—nor, we believe, among the defenders of Paris—who has the eagle physiognomy proverbially belonging to the great captains of both ancient and modern times, from Alexander and Cæsar down to Napier and Wellington. Napoleon III. is an exception as regards the Second Empire, but Napoleon I. was an exception the other way as regards the First Empire; so the one example will balance the other. It is not unworthy of note, by the way, that each Emperor believed in a type of men unlike himself, the difference being that Napoleon I. chose his instruments as they arose, and was content to give them fair play on their own responsibility. The man of Austerlitz knew all about other men, but had no time to know himself, until, perhaps, his period of leisure at St. Helena. The man of Sedan knew himself from the first, and seems to have been so occupied with himself all his life that he has never been able to gauge the merits of others. The latter failing is an admitted cause of his fall, and receives a curious illustration in the fact that he did not enter into his uncle's ideas of physiognomy.

PHYSICING HORSES.—Many persons physic their horses frequently—especially every spring. This is a great error, and one which has caused the loss of many valuable horses, as physic, as it is usually given, often produces inflamation of the bowels which generally proves fatal; it also weakens the horse, and thus renders him more liable to disease, or less able to throw it off—what is required is a medicine which will operate gently upon the bowels, and act upon the liver and lungs, removing all obstructions therefrom, purifying the blood, and enabling all the organs to do their work without overtaxing any, which is accomplished by the use of "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy"—it is always safe and certain. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd & Co., is on each package. Northrup & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada. Sold by all medicine dealers.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Immense Auction Sale of Japanese Goods—A Rowe.
Found—James Mekin.
Christmas Presents and New Year's Gifts—Hauser's New Store.
Mary Queen of Scots—T. S. Cartwright.
Card of Thanks.

TO THE PUBLIC.

Mr J. G. DAVIS *is authorized to receive advertisements and subscriptions for* THE TIMES. *Now that we are about* ENLARGING THE SIZE *of* THE TIMES *and introducing other improvements, advertisers should take advantage of the increased circulation which it will at once be certain to obtain. In other directions, as well as in Ottawa, we are making exertions to extend our subscription list and to add to the value of* THE TIMES *as an advertising medium.*

The Ottawa Times.

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 14, 1870.

For interesting reading matter see First Page.

We are informed that Mr. P. A. Egleson has been requested to accept a seat at the School Board for the next term and that he has consented to do so. Mr. John Stuart of St. George's Ward is also spoken of as a candidate.

The Barrie *Gazette* in an article which the *Globe* reproduced says, that the organs of the government "have charged disloyalty upon a majority of the men of Ontario." This is a wicked and malicious untruth, and we defy either of our contemporaries to quote a single extract from a Ministerial journal in which any such accusation has been made.

A COMPARISON.

The *Globe* informs its readers as though it had just made a great and important discovery, that "at no great distance of time, certainly not so far off as to be anticipated with unconcern or indifference," the elections will take place, and then announces another great truth, viz.: "that there is nothing novel or unusual in the occurrence amongst people enjoying constitutional Government." But in the present instance we are told that the case is "more than ordinarily serious" in consequence of Sir John A Macdonald and Sir George E. Cartier being in office, and, *per consequence*, Mr. George Brown left out in the cold. Having thus stated the position of affairs, the *Globe* proceeds to use abusive language, and to call bad names, according to its usual custom when neither facts nor arguments are available to suit its purpose.

The Toronto *Globe*, simply as a *newspaper*, is perhaps unsurpassed upon this continent; an energy is displayed in its management which is in all respects creditable to those concerned therein, and the consequence is that it enjoys a very large circulation in the Province of Ontario. Taking advantage of this fact, and knowing that every falsehood and calumny contained in its columns will be widely disseminated, and that many of those who read them will never see them contradicted in other journals, the Hon George Brown, the purist, the man who talks about corruption and official wrong-doing as though he himself were a model of truth and uprightness, publishes what he knows to be utterly unfounded falsehoods concerning his political opponents and gives them to the readers of the *Globe* as incontrovertible facts. Many of these stories, more especially those which Mr. Brown lately invented about the Premier, have been proved by indisputable evidence to have been altogether untrue. Did Mr. Brown or his organ retract or apologize? Oh no, that would not suit his purpose at all. The readers of the *Globe* must never be undeceived if it can possibly be avoided; they must never be allowed to think that Mr. Brown, the man who wants to drive them to the polls like brute beasts who have no understanding, could tell an untruth or even make a mistake. So the malicious slander is allowed to go without retraction or apology, and Mr. Brown congratulates himself upon the number of votes he may have won or the change in public sentiment which he may have effected by the misrepresentations and unfounded accusations which he has invented and made public.

The chief argument brought forward by the *Globe* to prove that the present Administration should no longer be permitted to hold office, is that the North West difficulty is by no means settled, and that neither the Premier nor the Minister of Militia are gifted with calm statesmanlike discretion," which valuable quality we are given to understand is entirely monopolized by the Chief Factionist and his vassals. Let us for a moment compare Mr. Brown's conduct in regard to Manitoba affairs with that of the present Administration, and see which have displayed the most statesmanship and patriotism. No sooner was the news received of trouble in the North West than Mr. Brown immediately went to work, not to try and reconcile parties and put an end to the dissensions which existed, but to array race against race and creed against creed, and to arouse all the passions and prejudices of sectionalism and sectarianism. What was it to him though the spark of rebellious fire which was kindled in the North West grew larger and stronger until the whole country was involved in civil war? What did he care if a few hundred of his countrymen were slain in fratricidal strife, if Sir John A MacDonald were hurled from power and the reins of government fell into the hands of himself, and of his party? It was only another instance among many similar, of how a man, who at heart may be really patriotic and humane, is led altogether astray, and betrayed into all kinds of foolish and criminal acts by maddening jealousy, bigotry, and unreasoning unreflecting hate. So the columns of the *Globe* teemed with all kinds of wild and improbable stories, calculated to inflame the minds of the people of this province, and to induce them to believe that they were "betrayed into the hands of the French." The Manitoba Act was declared to be framed for the express purpose of making Manitoba a French Province, although at that time the *Globe* knew, as it has since admitted, that the English speaking people constitute two thirds of the entire population!

While the chief Factionist and his organ were thus employed, how were the Government acting? In a manner which won for them from the Imperial Government a public expression of admiration and commendation. Endeavouring, as Lord Granville said, "by prudence, firmness, and conciliation," to allay the excitement, and to smooth over existing difficulties. The *Globe* says "the North West difficulty is far from settled with the construction of the small province of Manitoba," and this is no doubt true. But when we see how entirely successful the Government policy has been, what a wonderful change for the better has taken place in a very short space of time, and how at the present moment, notwithstanding the erroneous assertion to the contrary which the *Globe* makes, the Government are arranging for a ready and cheap mode of transit to the Red River settlements, we submit that all thoughtful and unprejudiced men will agree with us in thinking that the destinies of the North West can be confided to the charge of those who already have them in keeping with much greater safety, than to those who, for the mere gratification of party passion, recklessly and without thought of possible consequences strove to arouse local prejudices and sectarian jealousies by every possible means. Men who act as Mr. Brown has done can never be safely trusted with power.

We have little doubt as to to what will be the decision of the people. When the "coming crisis," as the *Globe* calls the elections, arrives, they will come to the conclusion that a Government which has managed under very difficult and delicate circumstances to save the country from internal dissensions and to reconcile conflicting interests, which has in three years cemented and built up the work of Union with greater rapidity than anyone hoped or expected it could be, and under which the entire country, from one end to the other, has attained such unexampled prosperity, cannot be such a bad Government after all. Mr. Brown by means of the *Globe* may strive to deceive and hoodwink the people, but these are facts, palpable facts, which he cannot gainsay, and which, strive as he may, he cannot prevent the public from understanding and appreciating. He may villify the Premier and charge him with crimes and foibles of which he is innocent, but the people of this country, we may safely rely upon it, will rather place confidence in a man whose statesmanlike qualities are recognized, not in Canada alone but in the Mother Country and in the neighbouring Republic, than in one who without thinking or apparently caring about consequences, is ready to do or say anything for the sake of injuring a political opponent, and is willing to ally himself with all kinds of broken down disreputable politicians in the vain hope of obtaining power and place.

"SAYING MONEY TO THEM."

We referred yesterday to the statement of Mr. Smith, of Leeds, that he had seen a note of Mr. McKellar, M. P., for $1,000. which with the endorsement of the Hon. George Brown, was to be changed into cash for election purposes.

Mr. Brown denies this statement, and Mr. Smith affirms it on his honor. Our intention is not, however, to interfere with this quarrel, but to call attention to the following language of the Hon. George Brown in a letter denying the charge made by Mr. Smith, and in which he intimates, that if in the contest of 1867, Mr. McKellar had stood in need of assistance * * "assuredly the exchequer must have been "very low indeed, if I had not found what "he wanted." So there it is The purist who is ever preaching about corruption, and calling out for purity at elections (a most desirable thing) avows his readiness to render "assistance," and what he wanted to a political candidate for election purposes. The public will see through the flimsy veil of "assistance," and will quite well understand that what in the past—the Hon. George Brown has largely practised, he is now ready to avow, *i. e.*, his willingness to *say money* to the constituences, if thereby he can corrupt them.

Our Sidewalks

To the Editor of the Times.

SIR,—Crossing the Sappers' Bridge by the north side the unfortunate pedestrian is compelled to plod his way down to Sussex street through snow and slush. How is it that this day, which has been so favorable for removing snow from the sidewalks, has been allowed to pass away without anything having been done in the locality mentioned? Are aldermen so much taken up with securing seats in the City Council that they have no time to look after the interests of those they are now so intent upon badgering for votes? It behooves electors to watch these gentlemen and vote according to their past record. "A word to the wise is sufficient."

Yours, &c.,
PEDESTRIAN.

Ottawa, December 13, 1870.

BREAKFAST.—EPPS'S COCOA—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.—The very agreeable character of this preparation has rendered it a general favorite. The *Civil Service Gazette* remarks:—"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills." Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in tin-lined packets, labelled—JAMES EPPS & Co., Homoeopathic Chemists, London.

HEALTH IS STRENGTH.—To prevent or conquer disease is one of the grandest attainments ever aimed at by man; and Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers will as sure cure coughs, colds, tickling in the throat and pulmonary complaints, as war and pestilence will destroy. Severe colds if not attended to sooner or later lead to incurable consumption, and the strength of the strongest soon falls if neglected. The readiest and best means known for the cure of these complaints is "Byran's Pulmonic Wafers," which have been thoroughly tried for the last twenty years, and have never been known to fail. Singers and public speakers will also derive great benefit from the use of them. Sold by all medicine dealers, at 25cts. per box.

Toronto Correspondence.

From our Special Correspondent.

Your readers will have perused, no doubt, with some little interest, the Lieut.-Governor's speech. If the issues at stake in Ontario are of less comparative magnitude than those to be dealt with by the Dominion House of Commons, or those we were concerned with when Ontario and Quebec formed one Province, there is still something to be looked for in a Speech from the Throne, even in our Local Legislature, and you will be pleased to see that though such documents are proverbially bald, that the present address contains much matter of moment. It failed, however, to elicit from the Opposition anything beyond some general carping and a few personalities, not very worthy of the aspiring would-be-statesmen who indulged in them. Mr. Carnegie moved the address in a moderate and well tempered speech, and congratulated the House on the final settlement of the Provincial Arbitration. Mr. Blake's legal vision, however, could see no finality in the award, and as to admitting that, under the circumstances, it would be better to accept it than to give to Quebec the slightest opening for any complaint of injustice, such an idea was altogether beyond the scope of his political views. The pound of flesh must be insisted on at all hazards, even though Confederation itself were risked, and our sister Province for ever alienated.

To air their own party and to attack the dire misdoings of Mr. Smith and Mr. Lauder was however quite in their lines. Mr. Lauder has thrown up to him the same old story of his acceptage of a trusteeship which may or may not carry with it some trifling emoluments. The same subject was explained last session, and to get rid of it Mr. Lauder now offers to give to my charity any amount that it may produce him. In reply to his not ungenerous offer, Mr. Blake retorts in his own peculiar parliamentary language, "that his word is not worth anything." It is somewhat singular that the pure and fastidious leader of the opposition never made this discovery before. Until Mr. Lauder votes occasionally with the Government how blind was the unspotted to his little foibles.

Mr. Smith, poor transgressor, also earned the whole of $415 from Government sources; it is not denied that he gave good value for it, but the Opposition Lieutenant, following where he once led, must "pitch into" him, and he, I rather fear, lost his temper, or catching the contagion of bad example retorted in a real little tale of how a certain great man helped Mr. McKellar to $1,000, by endorsing a note for him for electioneering expenses, which note he expected to have to pay. This charge McKellar emphatically denied, and in the evening's debate Mr. Blake read a letter from Mr. Brown also denying it. I don't suppose anyone cares whether the charge in the exact literal shape made is true or not, and Mr. Smith has been attacked by some for making it—they contending that Mr. Brown is a private individual, and not in the House or public life, and should not have been dragged into the debate; but though it sounds plausible, it cannot be forgotten that Mr. Brown is a very important individual, exercising very considerable sway in Grit politics, and that it is very difficult to know Grit politics apart from George Brown, that the great demonstration last week, the Grit feed, was "Brown and all Brown," as the jockeys would say; at any rate Mr. Smith was provoked into telling the tale, and the blame rests more with those who first commenced the childish bandying of personalities that brought forth the retort then with him Apropos,—of the same Grit feed—it is admitted by even those of the same proclivities to have been anything but a success. Apart from the few show animals trotted out for the occasion, the rank and file were of the smallest possible fry, many of the more respectable reformers repudiate it altogether as a party demonstration, and strongly object to its colour. To return to the debate Mr. Lauder also retorted on Mr. Blake, the appointment of his quondom partner Mr Boyd, to the mastership in Chancery. Mr. Blake repudiated all knowledge of the matter until after the office was accepted by Mr. Boyd, and I suppose his statement must be accepted, it is probable the true history of the transaction will never be known. But whatever Mr. Boyd's qualifications for the office may be and, it is admitted that he is possessed of fair abilities, and for a young man is well qualified for the position, it may very safely be assumed that if he had never been Mr. Blake's father, he would certainly never have been master in chancery, with a salary of $3,000 per annum. It was complained in the debate that the Government bestowed patronage on Conservatives, but this certainly is not an instance of it. Mr. Boyd has no avowed politics that we know of,—but his father was "a Baldwin Reformer,"—and it may be assumed that his son is not a Tory.

A similar appointment was made a short time ago in the Attorney General's own office of Mr. Scott, an out and out Grit,—who is made Clerk of the Executive Council and sort of Assistant Attorney General, receiving a snug salary for each.

One of the main features of the speech is congratulation on the surplus fund at the credit of Ontario, and the burden of almost every speech from the opposition benches is the ever reiterated sneer that the ministry deserve no credit. In such fact, Mr. Wood met this good humouredly, but perhaps he and his colleagues are not entitled and he no doubt did not intend to claim the sole merit of so gratifying a result. The question naturally arose as to how this surplus is to be disposed of, and an asylum for idiots and the construction of new railroads are suggested. The first suggestion will not be open to the objection that it partakes of conservative patronage, but it is a benevolent idea and it is a cheaper mode of Clear Grit patronage than some that have been adopted, as no salaries are proposed to be paid to the imbeciles who are to profit by it. The railway scheme brought out opposition from the representation of localities where lines of road are not likely to be located; it would be much too far sighted for them to see that the construction of such lines must greatly benefit their constituences, indirectly whether the roads pass through their midst or not, but the "dog in the manger" has many imitators, and the same old dog must surely have been a Grit.—*Query*: Were there any Grits in Esop's days? Can they boast so ancient an origin, or are they a modern inventions inflicted for our sins.

PHYSICING HORSES.—Many persons physic their horses frequently—especially every spring. This is a great error, and one which has caused the loss of many valuable horses, as physic, as it is usually given, often produces inflamation of the bowels which generally proves fatal; it also weakens the horse, and thus renders him more liable to disease, or less able to throw it off—what is required is a medicine which will operate gently upon the bowels, and act upon the liver and lungs, removing all obstructions therefrom, purifying the blood, and enabling all the organs to do their work without overtaxing any, which is accomplished by the use of "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy"—it is always safe and certain. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd & Co., is on each package. Northrup & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada. Sold by all medicine dealers.

The Attacks on the Government.

From the Montreal Gazette.

The Hon. George Brown and the *Globe* have organized a crusade against the Government of the Dominion. Their chief spokesmen, Messrs. McKenzie and Blake, have held meetings in Ontario and endeavoured to influence public opinion. But the public demand a policy from the Opposition, as contra-distinguished from that of the Government, and a reason for the proposed change of Administration. Our contemporary, driven to a corner by the force of public sentiment, has at last formulated its charges, and that after this fashion: "What after all is the crying "sin of the present Government? We "may measure in several acts its total "want of accord with the national re-"quirements or popular sentiment. These "amply justify its condemnation as an "inefficient and incompetent trustee of "our interests. But its great vice is de-"partmental mismanagement and cor-"ruption." We take *acte* of this accusation, as independent supporters of the powers that be, and accept the gauntlet thrown down by the *Globe*.

There are three charges here, and we formally deny each and all of them, and challenge the *Globe* to the proof. First, it is alleged that "the crying sin of the Government is its total want of accord with the national requirements or popular sentiments." On the contrary, we aver that the Government have led public sentiment, and are in entire harmony with the popular instincts. The Government, first and before all, are opposed to Canadian Independence or absorption by the States, and in this they are sustained by the vast majority of the people. The Government, in the next place, advocate the broad national policy of consolidating into one the scattered Provinces of British North America, and in this they are sustained by the popular will. In this regard also their policy has been a success. By it Nova Scotia has been reconciled to the Union, the Great North West has been added to our borders, and the Dominion now reaches from Halifax to the foot of the Rocky Mountains, opening up millions of fertile acres to settlement. The policy of the Government has led British Columbia to seek admission into the Confederation, and terms have been offered which seem to secure the adhesion of its entire population. In the great question, then, of British unity on this continent, the members of the present Government are at one with the people, and lead popular sentiment.

Turning now to those measures which go to clothe the bones which the Union has brought together and vivify them into life-like activity,—in other words, to give vigour, power and prosperity to the united Provinces, we find the policy of the Government on all the great questions and interests of the day endorsed by the people. Even the *Globe* has been forced to uphold their fishery policy, as against the menace of the United States. The Government have on trade and commercial questions a distinct national policy, which the people endorse. Lying alongside a powerful neighbour, whose policy is evidently dictated by a desire to coerce the Dominion into annexation, the Government avowing a determination to maintain the British connection, assert a trade policy, *not of defiance, but of self-reliance*. They say in effect, we desire commercial intercourse of the freest character with the United States, but our country can live without it, and if they choose to shut Canada out of their markets by high duties—if they choose to debar Canada from the coasting trade, to close the Sault Ste. Marie Canal against a peaceful expedition, to permit hostile expeditions to be organized on their soil for the invasion of Canada, then Canada will simply legislate for her own interests—she will impose such duties as will benefit her trade, she will maintain the control of her own canals and internal navigation, she will maintain inviolate the right to her own fisheries, she will seek to develope her own trade and commerce, and all this in no spirit of hostility, but in the spirit of true British manliness. Such was the policy indicated by the Government last session, and such a policy the people are ready to endorse.

But it is charged that the Government is "an incompetent trustee of our interests." In what respect, we would like to know? Take the abolition of the silver nuisance for instance; take the banking measure of last session; take the winding up of the Bank of Upper Canada; take the defeat, prompt and decided, of the Fenian invasion, the management of the North West expedition; the selection of a Governor for Manitoba; the pacification of the North West;—and in each and all of these instances, the Government has proved itself a faithful and an able custodian of our interests, while an overflowing treasury proves that the country is prosperous, and the administration a success.

Again, the *Globe*, in its formula of charges, asserts "that the great vice of "the Government is departmental mis-"management, and corruption" Our contemporary is learned in degrees of venality and heinousness of offences. It is an authority doubtless as to "crying sins" and "great vices;" but we take issue with it, and assert that it cannot bring home "corruption" to the Government, or to any member of it. So far from being guilty of departmental mismanagement, at no time were the departments managed with more vigor and efficiency, and at no time were the ministers more assiduous in the discharge of their departmental and other duties. Glance at the Minister of Justice's department, and early and late, despite the false slanders of the *Globe*, he is at his post of duty, caring alike for the minor details of the administration of Justice, and the higher duties of the Premiership. Turn to the Militia Department, and you find Sir George Cartier, vigilant, active, energetic, untiring and resolute. Enter the Finance Department and you find its veteran chief, thorough master of our whole Financial position, working from nine in the morning till late at night. Passing on to the Board of Works, we find its chief indefatigable in attention to its duties, prompt, decided, active and devoid of sectionalism. Look at Messrs. Tilley and Morris, of the Customs and Internal Revenue Departments, and you find them assiduous, diligent, and attentive in the control of Departments, which are each advancing their incomes at the rate of $1,000,000 per annum. Enter the Agricultural Department and you find Mr. Dunkin in his office from early morning til nearly midnight, maturing his Census arrangements with indefatigable, pains-taking accuracy and energy, and seeking to attract to our shores a large emigration. Pass on lastly to the laborious, energetic Minister of Marine, and you find him erecting some thirty Light-houses this year, and instant in season and out of season in guarding the interests of our hardy fishermen, and maturing measures to promote and advance the prosperity of our Maritime interests. And so we might pass on to the Post Office Department, to those of the Secretaries of State, to every Department of the Government, and we find them occupied by men and by a ministry who are entirely in accord with public sentiment and with the national requirements; who are efficient and competent trustees of the great interests with which Canada has charged them; and who are thorougly active administrators, governing the public services with the most rigid economy which is compatible with real efficiency.

Devlin's Fur Depot.

Ladies and Children's Fancy Woolen Goods in endless Variety. Clouds from 37½c to 2.50 at

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.

Latest by Telegraph

THE WAR.

LONDON, Dec. 13.—Several Russian vessels are in process of completion at Mr. Samuda's shipyards on the Thames. They are declared to be ships intended for mercantile, not warlike pursuits.

It is rumoured in London that a portion of General Manteuffel's army have occupied Dieppe, the main body having invested Havre.

Cherbourg is also threatened.

The latest advices received report that the Army of the Loire, while retreating towards Tours, closely followed by the Germans under the Duke of Mecklenburg, was attacked at Beaugency, where the French were reinforced. Fifteen hundred prisoners and six guns were taken.

The remainder of the French army, on the road to Bourges, is either captured or beaten.

Another account says that after the fight on the 7th the Bavarians threatened Beaugency and the forest Marchonoir. The French were reinforced, but the Prussians took Beaumont, Messan and Beougency.

On the 9th, Bouvalet, Villerean and Birnay were captured.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Dec. 13.—The semi-official journal *La Turkie* declares that Turkey will not oppose Russia's demand for the entrance of vessels of war into the Black Sea.

BERLIN, Dec. 13—The bombardment of Paris is not dictated by any special influences, but will be put into effect for solely military reasons.

The new levies of the Landwehr are destined for reserve divisions, which will reinforce the army in the field.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 13.—A bill abolishing the franking privilege passed the House to-day.

Great floods had occurred at different parts of Australia.

The rust is prevalent in the wheat crop.

Parliament at Victoria is now in session.

Measures are being taken to secure the neutrality of the colonies in case of a general European war.

A disastrous fire had occurred at Lyttleton, destroying one-third of the town. The loss is estimated at three quarters of a million of dollars.

An earthquake destroyed the whole of Mundey Island.

Queen Victoria is visiting Lady Clarendon at Walford.

ARMY AND NAVY.

The Russian navy in the Baltic comprises sixty three vessels of all sorts and thirty transports. In the Black Sea her fleet consists of twenty-five vessels and an unknown number of gunboats, which have found a harbour and a place of concealment in the waters of the great streams. On that China station to which all the navies of the world throng, she has eleven vessels, some of which are large. In the Mediterranean the number of her ships is seven.

Private letters report that the British flying squadron completed the circumnavigation of the world on the 21st of September, being just in the same position as on the same day 1869, and Admiral Hornby made a signal from the flagship *Liverpool* to the *Phœbe*, *Endymion* and *Liffey*, "Accept my thanks for keeping me company round the world. I intend to splice the mainbrace," Whereupon all hands had an extra grog served out.

The offices of Lieut. Colonel Patterson, A.A.G., and of the Kingston Brigade Major, District Paymaster, and District Quartermaster, have been removed from Ontario street to the Tete du Pont Barracks, in Kingston, where they are most comfortably situated.

Rifles of a superior pattern are being issued to the troops in England as rapidly as possible. They are, however, on the breech-loading Snider principle.

A Japanese youth, brought from Yokohama, as a naval cadet in the British screw frigate *Liverpool*, committed the suicidal hari kari in the ward room of that vessel during her passage home. He had been desponding since leaving Valparaiso. The boy was buried in the English cemetery, at Bahia.

The publisher of the *Etincelle*, at Meulan, a town 26 miles north-east of Paris, which is occupied by the Germans, has been arrested and sent away, under circumstances stated in the following proclamation by the Prussian Commandant, which is certified by the Mayor: "The orders of King William have at various times indicated that we are not making war against the French population; on the contrary, we respect their private property, and are prepared at all times to protect their true interests. They are bound on their part, therefore, to fulfil the just requirements of the German troops which the war necessitates, and refrain from any hostile act towards them. In consequence of the destruction of the means of communication carried out by the order of the French Government, the transport of provisions for the German troops became impossible. We were thus compelled to support our armies partly by requisitions, partly by the purchase of provisions. It has, however, been declared in the number of the *Etincelle* for the 24th of October, that according to French law it is forbidden, under pain of death to furnish provisions to the enemy. Of such an assertion one can only say that it is absolutely foolish, and was only made to stir up people's minds against the hostile armies. The publication of such things forced us to arrest and send away M. Masson. We also add that the system of requisitions is lightened and reduced within the smallest compass."

THE FLORENCE NIGHTINGALE OF THE NURSERY.—The following is an extract from a letter written by the Rev. C. Z. Weizer, to the "German Reformed Messenger, at Chambersburg, Penn.:

A BENEFACTRESS.

Just open the door for her, and MRS. WINSLOW will prove the American Florence Nightingale of the Nursery. Of this we are sure, that we will teach our "SUSY" to say, "A BLESSING ON MRS. WINSLOW," for helping her to survive and escape the griping, colicking and teething siege. We confirm every word set forth in the PROSPECTUS. It performs precisely what it professes to perform, every part of it—nothing less. Away with your "Cordial," "Paregoric," "Drops," "Laudanum," and every other "Narcotic," by which the babe is drugged into stupidity, and rendered dull and idiotic for life.

We have never seen Mrs. Winslow—know her only through the preparation of her "Soothing Syrup for Children Teething." If we had the power, we would make her, as she is, a physical Saviour to the Infant Race. 25 cents per bottle sold by all druggists.

Be sure and call for

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP.

Having the fac-simile of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

A "COUGH," "COLD," OR IRRITATED THROAT, if allowed to progress, results in serious pulmonary and Bronchial affections, oftentimes incurable.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES

Reach DIRECTLY the affected parts, and give almost instant relief. In BRONCHITIS, ASTHMA, and CATARRH they are beneficial. Obtain only the *genuine* BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES which have *proved* their efficacy by test of many years. Among testimonials attesting their efficacy are letters from—

E. H. Chapin, D. D., New York,
Henry Ward Beecher, Brooklyn, N. Y.,
N. P. Willis, New York,
Hon. C. A. Phelps, Pres. Mass. Senate,
Dr. G. F. Bigelow, Boston,
Prof. Edwd. North, Clinton, N. Y.,
Surgeons in the Army, and others of eminence.

Sold everywhere at 25 cents per box.

"TROCHES," so called, sold by the ounce, are a poor imitation and nothing like BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES, which are sold only in boxes with a fac-simile of the proprietors,

JOHN I. BROWN & SON,

This care in putting up the Troches is important as a security to the purchaser in order to be sure of obtaining the genuine Brown bronchial Troches.

BIRTH.

In this city, on the 12th inst., the wife of Mr. Robert O'Reilly, of the Finance Department, of a daughter.

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

IMMENSE AUCTION SALE
—OF—
JAPANESE GOODS.

The Subscriber has received a very large Consignment of the above named Goods, which he will offer for sale by

PUBLIC AUCTION,
—AT HIS—
ROOMS, RIDEAU STREET,
Commencing on TUESDAY, DECEMBER 20th, 1870.

Consisting of in Part,

Tea Caddies, Glove Boxes, Fancy Cabinets, Wine Cups, Trays, Stands, Candlesticks, Teapots and Stands, Figures, Ornaments, &c.

This being the first time these rare curiosities were ever offered by Public Auction in Ottawa the public is invited to inspect them.

The Goods will be on view on MONDAY, December 19, and up to the hour of Sale.

The sale will take place at 3 o'clock, p.m.

Terms Cash

A. ROWE, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, Dec 14, 1870 1538td

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE
OF
CROCKERY, CHINA AND GLASSWARE,
COMMENCING
On MONDAY, DECEMBER 12th, 1870.

The subscriber has received a very large consignment of the above goods from an extensive manufacturing firm in Staffordshire, England, consisting of China, Stone Ware, Rockingham Ware, Yellow Ware, Glass Ware in Glass Dishes, Decanters and Tumblers of different kinds. The consignment is large and will be sold without reserve.

Terms of sale cash.
Sale at 2 and 7 o'clock.

A. ROWE, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, Dec. 8. 1535td

"MARY QUEEN OF SCOTS"

The Rev T S CARTWRIGHT, M.A., will deliver his Celebrated

LECTURE

On the LIFE and TIMES of QUEEN MARY,

On THURSDAY EVENING,

IN GOWAN'S HALL,

Commencing at 8 P.M.

Admission, 25cts.

Profits to be given in Aid of St Albans Church Debt.

Ottawa, Dec 14, 1870 1539

FOR CHRISTMAS PRESENTS
—AND—
NEW YEAR'S GIFTS.

A great Variety of TOYS, ALBUMS, LADIES COMPANIONS, WRITING DESKS, JEWELLERY, JUVENILE BOOKS, and other Fancy Goods, at

HAUSER'S NEW STORE, Rideau Street,

Ottawa, Dec 14 1870 1539y

FOUND.

A Red and White Brindle HEIFER, Short Horns, turned in two year old past. The owner can have her by paying expenses. Apply at the State Hotel, James Meckin, Bank street Road, Township of Nepean.

December 14, 1870 1539 6

CARD OF THANKS.

The SAPPERS COMPANY beg to acknowledge the receipt of $14 17, per hands of Chief Langford, being a portion of a donation to the Brigade, for services during the late fire.

Ottawa, Dec 14 1870 1539tf

"LILLIE LONSDALE"
—FROM—
ENGLAND.
THE GREAT CHARACTER ACTRESS
—AND—
SINGER,
AT THE
MUSIC HALL
OTTAWA,
WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY, DECEMBER 21st & 22nd.

TRAGEDY! COMEDY! OPERA! SONGS! DANCES! COSTUMES!

Tickets to be had at Messrs. J. L. ORME'S.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

Ottawa, Dec 10, 1870 1536tf

BUY YOUR CHRISTMAS PRESENTS

From the Ladies of Knox Church, Daly Street, at their BAZAAR, opposite Bate & Co., Sparks street, on the 13th and 14th DECEMBER. Good Music, good Luncheon, Oyster Soup. Contributions received on the 12th in the Room

Ottawa, Dec 5 1870 1531td

WARNING.

We hereby forbid any person or persons, hiring or harboring

Edward Garry	Eli Larose
Timothy Cowan	James Johnston
John Renwick	James Shea
David Burke	Amable Scirois
George Marcett	Malcolm Cloutier
David Duem,	Chrétien Thibeau
David Auger	Joseph Moore
Michael Garvin,	P Rioux
Henry Potvin	Joseph Ladoucier
Michael Kearney	Albert Ladoucier
James McCormick	Benjamin Bolonger
John Cavanagh	John Mallette
Alex Meron	T Laundreau
Charles Burke	William Jocque

Or any of them, they having deserted our employment at different times, and broken their contract of hiring and services entered into with us.

And we hereby give notice that we will prosecute, any, and every person hiring or harboring any of the above named.

PERLEY & PATTEE.

Ottawa, Dec 10, 1870 1534 1w

CANADA PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Application will be made to Parliament, at its next Session, for the Incorporation of a Company to construct a Railway through British North America, connecting with the present Railway system of Canada, and thence to proceed to the North of Lake Superior and through the North West Territory to the Yellow or Leathe Head Pass of the Rocky Mountains, there to connect with the projected Railway through British Columbia to the Pacific,—with such powers and privileges as may be necessary to carry the same into operation.

ALFRED WADDINGTON.

Ottawa, Oct. 21, 1870 1493 2m

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

DR HENRY has removed his Residence and Surgery to the corner of Bank and Victoria Streets, near the Parliament Buildings.

December 1, 1870. 1528b

TO JOHN R O'CONNOR, ESQ.

SIR,—

We, the undersigned, Electors and Rate-payers of Victoria Ward, respectfully request that you will allow yourself to be put in nomination as one of the Aldermen for said Ward, during the ensuing year, and we hereby pledge ourselves to use our influence in favour of your return.

Hamnet Hill	Thos McKay
A Baldwin	Wm G Perley
John Ashfield	Wm Morrison
Leon David	Sexton Washburn
Bronson & Weston	John Atkinson
Francis Abbott	Horace Merrill
John McDonald	Levi Young
R R Booth	Moses Aubrey
A W Soper	A Fotheringham
Robert Young	Gordon B Pattee
Samuel McGibney	Wm Hay
Maurice Malone	Henry White
E P Williams	John Kenna
Wm Ellis	E B Gallup
John Ahearn	John Cappy
John Rowatt	L E Goulin
Wm Martin	John Albert
John Abbott	Aaron Carruthers
John Soulier	J B Robaire
Samuel Mix	Archer Bayley
Nazaire Bertrand	W H Morgan
William Atkinson	Peter Atkinson
J Cheeney	Thos McCloy
Peter Robertson	Wm Mason
Geo Mason	Simpson Fleming
Thos Traveller	Bernard Mullin
John Martin	Louis Turpin
Joseph Dewart	Wm Gorman
Dan Smith	John Olliver
Wm Watson	D McQuade
John Joyce	L P Dorion
Baskerville Bros.	Wm Cain
Michael Naven	Wm Ahearn
D Willet	J Hanrahan
Moses Proulx	Amable Periere
Maurice Ahearn	John Cardiff
Alex Philion	Nelson Dault
John McGillivray	J McKillican
A S Whittier	Henry Laroque
Patrick Kennedy	John M Haskin
Patrick Hurley	John Purtell
Wm Lecleare	W F Huntley
James Bambrick	James Kennedy
John Pushman	James Gordon
Matthew Patterson	Alex Coulter
John Cowan	Wm Kennedy
Nelson Perkins	Wm Mitford
H Kinville	Wilfred Kipp
James W Smith	A D Fraser
Arthur Bisaillon	John Shields
Thomas Lawrence	John Cross
John Quain	F X Valiquette
Simon Kinney	Francis Duhamel
M Carman	Henry Brading
John Boyd	George Dalglish
Leander Booth	Joseph Levine
James Verner	Adolph Gilbault
Michael O'Neal	James Wood
James Marks	Denis Noonan
Israel Waterhouse	Patrick Darcy
John Bennett	John Law
Joseph Johnston	Albert Dorion
Amable Goulin	John Joenice
Robinson Lyon	E C Barber
R W Baxter	James Dyke
John Doucet	Alpheus Pease
Thos Traveller	Simon McMahon
Isaac Villeneuve	G W Crane
Geo Oliver	T W Blasdell
G D Booth	Jas Philion
Hugh Ross	John Brodeur
Pierce Grace	Alfred Aubrey
Martin White	John Gleeson
Isidore Joennice	George Newell
Wm Richards	Joseph Sleeman
Peter A Egleson	Thomas Russell
Thomas Sleeman	John Bigros
R E O'Connor	J P McPherson
Andrew Cayar	James Wadsworth
B Bigros	Chas Esplin

To the Electors and Rate-payers of Victoria Ward:

GENTLEMEN,—

It would be impossible for me, or almost any man of a public spirit, to decline acceding to so handsome a requisition as you have presented me on this occasion—embodying, as it does, the names of so many of our best and most reliable citizens.

I accept, with much pleasure, gentlemen, your requisition to place me in nomination as one of your candidates for Alderman for Victoria Ward, at the ensuing election; and if elected, will endeavor at all times to exert my best efforts in promoting the interests of the city generally, as well as those of our own important Ward.

I am, gentlemen,
Your obedt. servt.
J. R. O'CONNOR.

REQUISITION TO AMOS ROWE, Esq

SIR,—The retirement of Chas T Bate, Esq., from the Council Board, creates a vacancy in the representation of Wellington Ward, for which we, the undersigned Electors of the Ward, request you to be put in nomination, and we feel every confidence in your ability to properly discharge the duties of Alderman for our Ward, and we pledge our votes and influence to secure your election

We are, Sir,
Yours &c.,

John Esmonde	Thos Hunton
A J Stephens	H McCormick
Joseph Metcalfe	Wm Young
A A Lang	A Mathewman
S Goldthrite	A Titus
Alex Christie	A Mitchell
John Walsh	Wm Minore
Levin	H Minore
E V nCortlandt	R W Stephen
J Browne	A Swalwell
Weldon Champness	Wm Shoolbred
P Stiff	Jas Birnet,
D Wilson	J Evans
S Skinner, jr	John Purdy
C P Dorion	Robt Hardy
H Hodges	Robt Stanley,
Alex Sparks	S Greenfield
Nicholas Sparks,	John Cook
Thos P Stiff	J T Bartram
Wm Chalmers	A C Mowbray
E P Rowsell	J Kavanagh
Fred H Hunton	H Michaels
James Lang	H Nelson
Eugene Robitaille	Thos Demsey
Alfred Brown	A Wilson
John Dewan	Alex Mills
John Lyon	T Beament
J J Radford	W J Powell
H J Meaforth	F Patrick
J Douglas	D Murphy
Thos Mills	E Lang
H Musgrove	Henry Bennett
Edward Daniels	Geo H Macaulay
Thos Isaac	John Garvin
Jas Forrester	Wm Elson
H M Thompson	R J Shaw
W Hearn	Stewart Woodland
A Fotheringham	E C Baydeo
J Dwyer	Francois Lemieux
J Roos	W R Wright
A Hutson	J R Smith,
R Abbott	Thos Clark
R Sparks	James Adamson,
Jos K Esmonde	J E B McCready
Thos Borbridge	John O'Connor
A McCormick	Wm M Goodwe
Paul Christie	Wm Williamson
J Offord	Thomas Walker
C Roger	Robt Hick, jr
Wm Brown	G Kennedy.

REPLY.

To Sheriff Powell and 150 others:

GENTLEMEN,—In answer to the requisition signed by you asking me to represent Wellington Ward as Alderman for the ensuing year, I beg to state that I will have pleasure in allowing myself to become a Candidate for the said responsible position, and if elected, you may rest assured that everything will be done by me to the best of my ability to further the interests of Wellington Ward, and also the welfare and prosperity of the City generally.

I am, Gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
AMOS ROWE.

December 6, 1870 1533tf

TO LET,

A DWELLING HOUSE containing (10) ten rooms. Rent £40 per annum. Possession immediately. Corner Sussex and St Patrick Streets. Apply at the Flour Store.

THOS. McKAY.

Dec. [illegible] 1870 1536a

JUST RECEIVED,

FRENCH MERINOES,

GENUINE FRENCH MERINOES

Fine, Wide, Heavy, and Warranted all Wool, in the following Colours:

LIGHT BROWN,
MID BROWN,
DARK BROWN,
VIOLET,
AGULINE
MAROON,
RIFLE GREEN
ROSE,
DRAB
and
SCARLET.

Really better Goods than sold other years at 3s. 6d., for 2s. 6d. per yard. The Nicest, Cheapest, and most durable Dress for either street or in-door wear, in Ottawa.

GARLAND MUTCHMOR & CO.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

20 Sparks Street

Ottawa, Nov 30, 1870.

T HUNTON SHOOLBRED & CO

47. SPARKS ST. 49.

Will receive this week "per Express," from LONDON, England.

2 CASES OF MILLINERY,

Containing the Very Latest Styles in

Bonnets, Hats,

and some very Choice things in

Flowers, Feathers and Trimmings.

Per S. S. "MORAVIAN,"

1 Case Extra Cloths, in the new

Satin Cloths,

Trimming to match all our Fashionable

Dress Goods.

—ALSO—

1 Case of Newest

Mantle Cloths.

The "OLIVE GREEN" appears still to prove the most fashionable, and of the above we are in receipt of ten piece

"New Seal and plucked Otter Skins hand."

Fancy Wove Goods still arriving.

Clouds, Breakfast Shawls, Ties &c.,

in endless Variety.

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO
47 and 49 Sparks Street,
Ottawa, Oct 11 1870.

DRY GOODS!
DRY GOODS!
DRY GOODS!

PATTERSON & BRYSON

In consequence of our great success since opening we have been obliged to lay in a large additional Stock, which we will mark as low as heretofore, being determined to maintain our already well established character for selling cheaper than any other House in the Trade.

IN CANADIAN GOODS

We have made such arrangements with the best Factories in the Dominion as will enable us to keep constantly on hand a large and well Assorted Stock of Tweeds, Flannels, Blankets (Grey and White), Cotton and Linen Bags, Cotton Yarn, Hosiery, Underclothing, etc., etc., etc.

—ALSO—

An entirely new and well assorted Stock of British and Foreign Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, which have been marked at prices to defy competition.

REMEMBER THE PLACE,

58 Sparks Street,
Directly Opposite
BATE & Co.

PATTERSON & BRYSON.

TRAVELLERS GUIDE.

GRAND TRUNK AND OTTAWA RAILWAY

Mail.....8 30 a.m., 12 noon, 10 p.m.
Express.....3 30 a.m., 3 45 p.m., 7 [illegible]
Express trains stop only at Prescott Junction and Brockville.
Mail train for all points south and west.
Ticket Offices—York street, corner of Sussex st.

A & H TAYLOR, Agents.

LOCAL NEWS.

Devlin's Fur Depot

50 dozen Velveteen Hats, from 25 cts upwards. A large assortment of Caps and Feathers. Trimmed Hats and Bonnets.

At the "Golden Lion."
R. L. JAMES & Co.

Carpets and House Furnishings made a specialty, at Garland, Mutchmor & Co's. Large stock and new styles, at reduced prices.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

AUCTION SALE.—The auction sale of crockery, glass and china ware still continues at M. Rowe's auction rooms, and great bargains are being obtained.

The Rev. Mr. Stephenson delivered a very able lecture in his usual eloquent style last evening in the Wesleyan Methodist Church, and we regret the want of space prevents our giving a more extended notice.

BLANKETS. Cornwall, St. Lawrence and Rose Mills Blankets, in all sizes and weights, very cheap at

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

The grand drawing of prizes, in aid of the St. Vincent de Paul Society, which was to have taken place on the 15th instant, is postponed until Wednesday, 14th December next.

FRENCH CANADIAN INSTITUTE.—The third weekly séance of this body will take place this evening at the Hall in Sussex Street, when Chevalier Gustave Smith will read a paper entitled, "Demagogy and Pope IX." The musical selections will be rendered by Madame Gelinas, Misses Auger and Leprohon, Peachy, and Dr. Valade.

At the meeting of Loyal Orange Lodge No. 218, last night, the following were the officers elected for the year 1871:—Brother Thomas Sproule, W. M.; brother Francis Abbott, W. Past M.; brother Edward Pennell, jr., W. D. M.; brother John McCarthy, Treasurer; brother George Devlin, Secretary; brother Rev. Jno. May, Chaplain; brother A. Henderson, Tyler.

All Wool Tartans in all the leading colors. A large lot ex last steamer, at

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

CIVIL SERVICE LODGE.—The following officers were elected last evening to serve for the ensuing year:

W.M., Bro. A. J. Cambie; Treasurer, Bro. J. W. Harper; Tyler, Bro. J. Sweetman.

Other officers to be appointed by the W.M. elect. Installation to take place on the festival of St. John the Evangelist.

STOVES.—Now is the time. Go and see C. P. Dorion, 60 Sparks Street, for stoves and stove-pipe fitting. No puff, but see for yourselves. Lumbermen and country clients come and see. The most complete House in this Line in the Capital. Agent for Posters. C. P. Dorion, 60 Sparks Street. 1486 2m.

Devlin's Fur Depot.

GRAND CONCERT.—We announced a few days ago that the St. George's Society intended to give a grand concert in aid of the charitable funds of the society, in Her Majesty's Theatre, on Thursday (to-morrow evening). We are glad to announce now that all preparations and arrangements for the successful carrying out of that intention have been completed. So let every one secure a ticket of admission to Her Majesty's Theatre, and be sure to not fail put in an appearance at that establishment to-morrow evening.

POPULAR READINGS.—The readings at the St. Patrick's Hall this evening promise to be very good. A first class programme is arranged, and the patrons of the above readings may expect a rich treat. We also learn that Society stringent measures are henceforth to be used, and a large vigilant committee is formed who will hand over to the guardians of the peace unruly persons. We expect to see the above hall this evening crowded to its utmost capacity by an appreciative audience. The readers are Messrs. Tubman, Rance, Johnson and M. P. Ryan, of Montreal.

"MARY QUEEN OF SCOTS."—There are few subjects of more romantic interest in the history of England than the life, the character, and the unhappy fate of Scotland's last Sovereign, the beautiful Mary Stuart. Besides this, there are few incidents that have caused so much controversy. We have still among us well-read persons taking opposite sides on the question of Mary's guilt or innocence. It has occupied the learned research of Lamartine and Mignet among the French in our own day, and most of us are familiar with the writings of our own Miss Strickland. Very recently much new light has been thrown on the whole subject by the publication of the State Papers, of which Mr. Froude, and especially Mr. McNeil Caird, have availed themselves, confirmatory, as we believe, of a more favorable view than that commonly entertained of the Queen's conduct and character. We shall be glad to hear what a gentleman of eminent literary ability has to say on the question on to-morrow (Thursday) evening, when a lecture with the above title is to be delivered in Gowan's Hall. Notwithstanding some other popular entertainments announced for that evening, we do not doubt that among our educated and refined citizens a goodly audience will be found to welcome Mr. Cartwright on the first visit of that accomplished public lecturer to this city, and prove that in the Capital there is sufficient taste to appreciate a rich, intellectual treat. Besides we are informed that the proceeds of the lecture are kindly offered to aid the liquidation of the heavy debt on the only free-seat church in Ottawa, and the charge of admission opens the door to all classes.

To hand, our Autumn Shade in "Josephine, best Kid Gloves," also "Jouvines" (prize medal) new colours at 75c. per pair.
H. HUNTON, SHOOLBREAD & Co

Court of General Sessions and County Court.

This court was opened at half past 12 yesterday in the Music Hall, His Honor Judge Armstrong presiding; J. Morgan, Esq., Warden of the County, occupying a seat on his right. The Grand Jury was empanelled and took their places. B. Fisher was appointed foreman of the jury. His Honor in opening the proceedings stated that there were only four prisoners confined in the jail who would be brought up for trial. He congratulated the jury on the absence of crime in the county and city. Two of the prisoners were charged with attempting to break gaol but he could not see on what grounds this charge could be preferred, as their was no provision in the law making an attempt to break gaol an indictable offence. The other two prisoners were charged with larceny. He spoke at some length on the act for summary trial, expressing a strong opinion in favour of the old system of trial. His Honour, in conclusion, referred to the taking of the census and the late calamitous fire.

A number of civil cases of small importance were disposed of.

G. Levin's application for naturalization was ordered to stand over until the closing of the court, on account of an omission in the application.

Another application of a similar nature was also ordered to stand over.

A mortgage case, between Mulligan and McNulty, was next brought up.

Mr. O'Gara took exception to the jurisdiction of the court. It was, however, decided that the case came under the jurisdiction of the court, but for some reason it was left stand until to-day.

The case of James Green for larceny, was laid before the Grand Jury. The Petit Jury was then empannelled.

Henry Bishop vs. James Goodwin, for the recovery of amounts of money for labor, and a quantity of stone supplied by plaintiff to defendant.

After hearing the evidence of the plaintiff, Mr. Ross, on the part of the defence, moved for a non-suit, to which, however, his Honor objected on the grounds that there was sufficient evidence to send the case before the jury.

The jury retired, and after about half an hour returned and delivered a verdict for plaintiff of $143.85. Mr. Magrove for plaintiff—Mr. Ross for defendant.

Stittson vs. Hopper to recover value of sheep killed by defendants dogs. This case had been dismissed by the County Magistrate on the ground of the non-attendance at the court of the plaintiff to prosecute, and against this decision appeal was made to the present court. It was finally decided that it should again be referred to the County Magistrate for decision.

The Grand Jury entered and announced the finding of a true bill against James Green for larceny.

The Court then adjourned until half past nine this morning.

Lecture by Dr. Mary E. Walker.

As previously announced to take place, Dr. Mary E. Walker of Women's Rights fame delivered a very lengthy, very able and very interesting lecture in Gowan's Hall last evening to a large audience.

Dr. Walker does not possess, as might be expected and as is generally believed by persons who have not had the pleasure of listening to her eloquence a masculine appearance. On the contrary her appearance and general bearing is thoroughly feminine, and though she has travelled and lectured the world over she has not, properly speaking, lost the naturally mild and modest manner of her sex. Her features and form are well shaped, and she presents a rather comely appearance on the platform. She is dressed in a modest male attire.

The chairman introduced the lecturer as a woman who was using the talents which God had given her in endeavouring to elevate the condition of her sex.

The lecturer after some introductory remarks said the man who did not love his native land was contemptible in the eyes of his fellow countrymen. But men should not love their country to the exclusion of all humanity. When God intended that man and woman should be equal in after life why should man hold woman in oppression while on earth with their little bit of power? It did not follow that because men were physically stronger than woman that they should oppress them.

Men say women's minds are formed differently to theirs and if so it was a strong argument why women should have women to represent them; and if the minds of man woman were alike it was again an argument that they should work on an even footing together and have equal liberty.

Men say that if the franchise were extended to women they would go travelling over the country neglecting everything domestic, and fling cradles and babies out of the window. This is what men believed, but was it not absurd to suppose that women would forget all the qualities with which nature had endowed them. And men again alleged that all that women said and did was from instinct, but every deed, action, and expression of men were the result of their *great* reason and intellect. (Laughter.) If men's and women's minds were different, how could men have the assurance to take upon themselves to say whether women are directed in their sayings and actions by instinct or reason? She would like to know where they (men) got their brains and minds if not from their mothers? (Laughter.) She often wondered how men had so much reason when they were indebted to their mothers for all they had. (Laughter.)

It was because women were not allowed the liberty to vote, that they had such a blunderhead at the head of affairs in the United States. (Prolonged laughter.) She would speak in a similar manner of Canada if they had a man at the head of affairs such as they were afflicted with in the United States. But Her Majesty had too much sense to allow of such a circumstance. She was sure only the most terrible war would ever seperate Canada from England. She would say, "Stick to your mother children," (laughter and applause) There were some people in the United States who would like to get you into trouble, and would then kindly come over to get you out.

The lecturer then went on advocating the propriety of extending the franchise to women. The desolation of war would be no longer felt, the monarch king alcohol would be subdued, and all the miseries consequent upon them would no longer be known, and concluded an able and interesting lecture amid great applause. A vote of thanks was then proposed by Mayor Rochester, and carried unanimously.

We regret the press of matter in our columns will not permit our giving a full report.

THE ECUMENICAL COUNCIL, lately called at Rome is an instance of the solicitude of the Catholic Church for the welfare and prosperity of her Communicants. Large assemblies of this nature containing representatives from all parts of the world, should be of some benefit to our race. We hope this opinion will be as harmonious and unanimous as the verdict in favor of the Great Shoshonees Remedy, for diseases of the lungs, blood, stomach, liver, &c. For by all druggists.

RETAIL ADVERTISEMENT.

MAGEE & RUSSELL,

SPARKS STREET,

Have opened up within the last few days several CASES and BALES Assorted DRY GOODS, to which they respectfully invite attention.

☞ Ladies, please observe the following carefully, their being many articles enumerated worthy of Notice:

DRESS DEPARTMENT.	New Tartan Plaids, Brown and Grey Wincies, French Merinoes and de Laines, " Satin Cloths, Black Lustres and Alpacas, Black and Colored Silesias, " and " Casbans, Glove Finished Cambrics.
SILK DEPARTMENT.	Black Velveteens, Colored Plushes, French Crapes, Silks and Satins.
DOMESTIC DEPARTMENT.	Grey and white Cottons, " " " Sheetings, Table Napkins and Damasks, Huck Towels, Cotton and Linen Diaper, Grass Linen and Hollands.
WOOLLEN DEPARTMENT.	Sct. Saxony Flannels, Fancy Shirting do English and Canadian Blankets, Waterproof Tweeds, Overcoatings.
HOSIERY & GLOVE DEPARTMENT.	Breakfast Shawls, Fancy Woollen Goods, Ladies Set. Hose, Gent's Underclothing, Kid Mitts and Gloves,
RIBBON AND LACE DEPARTMENT.	Black and Coloured Velvet Ribbons, Tartan Velvet Ribbons, Black and Coloured Silk Ribbons, Tartan Silk Ribbons, New Linen Sets, Black and White Silk Laces, Hair Nets, New Style, Hair Puffs and Rolls, Cambric Handkerchiefs, Cushion Tassels, White Filacelle, Coloured Silk Twists.

☞ Our Stock, for extent, variety, quality and price, stands unrivalled in Ottawa.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.
Ottawa, Dec. 8, 1870.

R. L. JAMES & CO.

DRESS GOODS.

A large assortment worth from 20 to 90 cents, at 15 to 80.

A

SPECIAL LINE

of French Merinos, very cheap.

BLACK SILKS,

very much under Market value, and considerably lower than present Ottawa prices.

MILLINERY.

It is now pretty generally known that in this Department, especially the prices, are EXCEEDINGLY MODERATE,

AT THE

GOLDEN LION.

R. L. JAMES & Co.

CHARLES J. TAMBLYN, [illegible] Bankrupt, Assignee made out [illegible] Hill, collector, Rideau [illegible] Hill, C H Parker.
Ottawa, Nov 5, 1870

To the Electors of the Wellington Ward.

GENTLEMEN,—

You will be called upon in a few days to elect your representatives to serve on the City Council Board for the year 1871, and as a candidate for your suffrages I deem it my duty to lay before you my views with regard to some of the principle questions which should engage the attention of your representatives during the next year.

Wellington Ward being the largest in the city, both in area and assessed property, the latter to the extent of about five hundred thousand dollars more than any other Ward, and about one hundred thousand dollars more than Ottawa and By Wards together, I contend that we have not a fair representation in the City Council.

It is plain to every one that the city is rapidly growing to the west. Take for instance south of the Richmond Road; the western portion of Albert Street and Ashburnham Hill, which localities are practically unrepresented. I strongly maintain that we are entitled to six representatives instead of three, and advocate a division of the Ward, and the extension of the city limits to take in Rochesterville. This would equalize the representation, and satisfy the large and increasing population of the western portion of the city. It must be patent to all that nine representatives for Lower Town and only six for both Centre and Upper Town, although probably quite just when the basis of the present representation was arranged years ago, is now very unfair to the latter, where population and property have increased far more than in Lower Town.

The bridge across the canal, connecting Wellington and Rideau Streets, should not be longer delayed, on account of the rapidly increasing trade of the city as well as public safety, and I have no doubt that if the matter was properly represented to the Dominion Government an amicable settlement could be arrived at, and the construction of the bridge commenced during the coming year.

The opening up of Sparks Street through to the Richmond Road seems to me a work of necessity, and although it may look an expensive undertaking, the rock taken out of the cutting for the road could be utilized for building purposes, and the amount so realized would very much reduce the cost of the work.

Queen, Albert and Slater Streets, and others in the rear of those should be opened up westward, and thus attract the attention of parties desirous of acquiring property, who, each adding their taxable improvements, would largely and rapidly increase the revenue of the Ward.

As the promoters of that obnoxious Water Works Bill, not daring to face the electors with it in their hands, have acknowledged its unsoundness by consigning it to its last resting place, it is unnecessary for me to treat of its details, therefore I will simply say that I am in favour of Water Works when a proper system for their construction and maintenance can be matured, and a system that will not involve ourselves and future generations in financial difficulties as regards the Corporation and enormous taxation individually.

Water Works and Sewerage should be commenced and go hand in hand together, and how the promoters of that unpopular Water Works Bill could expect to succeed in giving the citizens a supply of pure and wholesome water without sewerage is beyond my comprehension, but I have had but one opinion of that Bill since it first saw daylight, and the ignoble manner in which it has been abandoned carries but one conviction, and that is, that it was conceived in iniquity, born in sin, and nursed in the lap of jobbery and corruption to the last moment of its existence.

Not having had the honour of occupying a seat at the Council Board, I have no municipal sins to answer for. I come before you an *independent* candidate, not fastened to any man, or set of men, and should I be elected, shall enter the Corporation unpledged and unprejudiced.

I intend making a personal canvass of the Ward, and hope to meet you face to face, and answer any questions you may desire to put to me.

In the meantime,
I beg to remain,
Gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
AMOS ROWE.

Ottawa, December 10th, 1870. 1537tf

MASONIC HALL.

The Brethren of the Civil Service Lodge, No. 148, G.R.C., in conjunction with Brethren of other City Lodges, propose celebrating the Festival of St. John the Evangelist, by a

MASONIC BALL,

Brethren desirous of becoming subscribers will oblige by leaving their names with any Member of the Committee before the 15th inst.

COMMITTEE.

W Bros. Cochrane Eastwood and Remon, Bros H Bernard, Brown, Chamberlin, A J Cambie, F D Burrowes, E B Crombie, and

JOHN WALSH, Secretary.

Ottawa, Dec 12 1870 1538.

FOR SALE.

COON, FOX, AND BUFFALO ROBES.

The Subscriber has received a large consignment of Robes of different sizes. Parties requiring anything in this line will do well to call and secure Bargains, as they are selling at very low prices. SALE ROOMS, opposite the By-Ward Market.

JOHN CHAPMAN,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, Dec 12, 1870 1538.f

ATTENTION!

If you want Choice VIRGIN HONEY, call at the New GROCERY STORE, Corner of Sussex and York Streets.

If you want SUPERIOR CHEESE, call at the New GROCERY STORE, Corner of Sussex and York Streets.

If you want FIRST-CLASS DAIRY BUTTER, call at the New GROCERY STORE Corner Sussex and York Streets.

—ALSO—

New Crop West End, Layers, Valencia and Seedless Raisins and Currants, Fresh Turkey Figs, Malaga Grapes, Lemons, Choice Imperial Prunes, Canied Peels, Gelatine, Cross & Blackwell's Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies, and Marmalades, Fresh Oysters, Lobsters Sequin Mackerel, Salmon and Tomatoes, with a choice lot of Scotch and English Ales and Porter, Wines and Brandies, Gin, Scotch Whisky, Jamaica Rum, Old Rye, Syrups and

JOHN A. BITTERS,

CONSTANTLY ON HAND,

At the New GROCERY STORE, Corner Sussex and York Streets.

Fine Green, Black and Japan Teas, Rio, Java and Turkey Coffee.

—ALSO—

Fine Family and Pastry Flour, Oat and Corn Meal, at the NEW GROCERY STORE, Corner Sussex and York Streets.

J. M. C. DELE DERNIERS,
CORNER SUSSEX and York-sts
Ottawa Nov 29, 1870 1536tf

JAMES PRACOCK,

FURS, FURS, FURS,

FURS.

I beg to intimate that my FUR STOCK is now complete in every

DEPARTMENT.

AN EARLY CALL IS SOLICITED.

☞ Remember the place,
33 Rideau Street.
OPPOSITE OLD STAND.

THOMAS ISAAC,

DEALER IN

Shelf and Heavy Hardware

HENEY'S STONE BUILDING,

Wellington Street, Upper Town, Ottawa

Cooking and Fancy Stoves
Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope,
Twine, Glass, Oil,
Putty, &c.,
Always on Hand.

Ottawa December 20, 1869. 1236,t

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

14 RIDEAU STREET,

Have now received a full supply of

NEW FALL GOODS

—IN ALL—

DEPARTMENTS.

Ottawa, September 26, 1870

SEIGNIORIAL INDEMNITY TO TOWNSHIPS' FUND.

Whereas by Order in Council of date APRIL 30, 1867, it is directed that as regards the claims of Municipalities to participate therein, the above Fund shall be finally closed on the 31st DECEMBER of the present Year. Notice is hereby given that all claims which can in any wise alter the distribution thereof must be lodged in this Office on or before the date above named, after which date no alteration can be made in the said distribution.

JOHN LANGTON, Auditor.
Per J SIMPSON,
Finance Department.
Ottawa, Dec 9, 1870. 1534tD21

LOST.

Between the Hours of 2 P M and 5 P M. yesterday afternoon, a SMALL POCKET BOOK containing five FIVE DOLLARS Bill of Montreal Bank Notes. The finder is requested to leave the same with the Door-Keeper of the Eastern Block Parliament Buildings.

Ottawa, Dec 5, 1870 1533tf

THE TEA POT,

RIDEAU STREET.

The Proprietor begs to inform the lovers of THE TEA POT and the public generally, that the alterations are now completed, the whole premises having been thoroughly renovated and stocked with

New and Fresh Goods

Of the very best quality. He is now prepared to execute orders Wholesale and Retail, and every article will be guaranteed, as they have been selected with the greatest care.

Teas in great variety,
Coffee—the very best—roasted and ground daily,
Raisins, Currants, Figs, &c., &c.,
Port Wine, Sherry Wine, Brandy,
English Old Tom Gin—Booth's, Bernard's & Thompson's.

An Old Lady's Evening Wish.

My wishes sear not very high,
Nor do they widely roam
These moderate wishes are confin'd
To comforts found at home.

Give me what I enjoy so well—
A snug domestic scene;
And take my word, I fell myself
As happy as a Queen,

I'll tell you what I wish for now—
'Tis not a large desire;
I wish to sit at perfect ease,
Beside my evening fire.

I wish a friend or two would call,
To ask me how I do;
Then truly happy I should be,
And they'd be happy, too.

I'd set the tea things on the tray,
And we should all agree,
While taking ever-welcome cups
Of JOHN HILL'S wholesome tea.

The tea would gladden ev'ry heart,
And brighten every face;
And nothing more could we desire
In such a happy case.

With JOHN HILL'S Tea I always crown
The comforts of my home;
And when I can partake of this
My wishes seldom roam.

All goods delivered free (within the limits of the city) by our own waggons, and every attention will be paid to proper packing and delivery.

JOHN HILL,
THE TEA POT, RIDEAU STREET.

IF YOU WANT

TO SAVE MONEY

GO TO THE

PEOPLE'S TEA STORES,

—BY—

P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.,

No. 36 Rideau St., and Duke St., Chaudiere,

OTTAWA,

Where from their great increase of business and the large addition now put to their Store, with a well selected Stock, and constant attention on their part, will enable them to sell at prices not to be equalled elsewhere.

There will be found always on hand a general assortment of

GROCERIES,
TEAS in particular, imported,
LIQUORS, WINES, BRANDIES,
GIN, IRISH and
SCOTCH WHISKEY,
Gooderham & Worts'
HIGHWINES
OLD RYE, and PROOF,

With a fine assortment of Christmas and New Year's FRUITS and SYRUPS.

ALSO—

WINTER APPLES,
ORANGES and LEMONS,
CHEESE, HAMS,
and BACON.

Remember our Motto "Quick Sales and light Profits."

☞ Try their TEAS. ☜

Ottawa, Nov 29, 1870 1526

ROUSILLON PORT

Received a fresh consignment of this delicious Wine. It is full flavoured, of great body, and guaranteed purity.

ALICANTE.

A Sweet Red Wine of delicate flavour and bouquet, invaluable for invalids.

This wine has been specially imported as a pure wine to be used in the Holy Communion. The following gentlemen have kindly allowed their names to be used as references:

Ven Archdeacon Fuller, Toronto.
Rev J Beaven, D D, "
Rev G B Read, D D, "
Rev E Baldwin, "
Rev W B Darling, "
Rev A Williams, "
Rev J D Cayley, "
Rev W H Dove, "
Revs Bedford Jones L L D, Ottawa.

—ALSO—

A full Stock of Brandies, Gin, Jamaica Rum, Proof and Old Rye Whiskey, Sherries, Still and Sparkling Moselle, Champagne, Malaga, Madeira, Malvoisie, Noyan Curaçoa, Cognac de Benin, Creme de Moka, Chartreuse, Maraschino, English and Canadian Ales and Porter, &c., &c., &c.

J. F. MACPHERSON,
Wine Merchant
Elgin Street.

Agent for Quelton, St George & Co's pure Sacred Wines
Ottawa Dec 1 1534y

PRESENTATION

—TO THE—

HON. SIR JOHN A MACDONALD,

K.C.B., &c., &c., &c.

The friends of Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD propose to present that distinguished statesman with a substantial Testimonial in recognition of his long and unselfish public services.

Steps are being taken to afford his friends in all parts of the Dominion an opportunity of joining in the proposed manifestation of esteem and regard.

The following gentlemen compose, (with power to add to their number,) the Committee at Ottawa:

The Hon. JAMES ROSS, Esq.
His Worship the Mayor J ROCHESTER, Jr, Esq.
THOS REYNOLDS, Esq
R W SCOTT, Esq, M P P,
Dr GRANT, M P,
E McGILLIVRAY, Esq,
H V NOEL, Esq

H V Noel, Esq, has consented to act as Treasurer, to whom all communications may be addressed.

For the information of intending subscribers, the names of the gentlemen composing the Central Committee at Toronto are subjoined, viz:

His Worship the Mayor, C B HARMAN, Esq.
The Hon G W ALLAN
The Hon D L MACPHERSON,
The Hon JOHN CARLING, M P,
JOHN CRAWFORD, Esq, M P,
ANGUS MORRISON, Esq, M P,
F W CUMBERLAND, Esq, M P
J G WORTS, Esq.
E H RUTHERFORD, Esq,
W H HOWLAND, Esq,
G P RIDOUT, Esq,
JOHN SHEDDEN, Esq,
THOMAS DICK, Esq
FRANK SHANLY, Esq,
T C CHISHOLM, Esq,
N BARNHART, Esq.

Ottawa, Dec 6, 1870 1532tf

FOR SALE, OR EXCHANGE

For Property in Montreal, improved or unimproved, the new Mansard Roof Stone House situated in Victoria Crescent, having all the modern conveniences of heat, water and gas, good cut building, on ample Lot, and enjoying the finest river view in Ottawa. For further particulars apply to W. C. MILLIE, on the premises, or at the Office of the BRITISH AMERICAN BANK NOTE COMPANY, Wellington Street.

Ottawa, Dec. 3, 1870 1530 3m

ST. GEORGE'S SOCIETY

A GRAND VOCAL AND INSTRUMENTAL CONCERT

will be given in

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE,

On THURSDAY Evening next, 15th Inst.,

In aid of the Christmas (Special) Fund.

Several of the principal Amateurs of the City and its vicinity, have kindly placed their invaluable services at the disposal of the Committee.

Gowan's Popular Bands will be in attendance.

The Pianoforte to be used on the occasion will be one of the celebrated New York "Union", which has been generously proffered by Mr. Edmund Giles.

The Musical Arrangements will be under the Direction of JOHN MERCER Esq., Organist of St. James Church, Hull, who will be assisted by Mr. Robert Brewer.

Doors open at 7 30. Concert to commence at 8 o'clock precisely.

For further particulars see programmes.

Tickets—Single, 50 cents; Double, (to admit a Lady an Gentleman) 75 cents; Family, 50 cents; can be had at the usual places, or of the Members of the Committee or Stewards.

By order,
WM MILLS,
Secretary.
W R TRUMAN,
Asst-Secy.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

Ottawa, Dec 12 1870 1537tf

NO LUMBERMEN

L. ROSE,

PROVISION BROKER.

LONDON, ONT,

Inspects every BARREL of PORK to Ships and Ships only a FIRST-CLASS Article. He has for Sale from some of the Leading Packers and Curers:

Heavy Mess Pork, guaranteed.
Ex P. Pork made from Heavy Mess.
Shoulders Mess Mutton
Heavy Bacon, &c., at the lowest FIRST Prices, and on Terms to suit Purchasers.
No. 1 Sup. Flour, Oats, Corn, &c., bought on commission
White Beans always on hand.
Orders or enquiries have prompt attention.
Through rates to Brockville, Sand and Ottawa.

L. ROSE,
Produce Broker,
London, Ont.

London, Ont., Nov. 24, 1870 1522 2m

CANADA AND

U. S. PATENT AGENCY.

Patents solicited in Canada and the United States; Trade and Timber Marks, Industrial Designs, Copywrights, Transfers, &c., registered on the shortest notice, Copies of Laws, Circulars, and information, sent free on application. Drawings prepared and copied.

Charges moderate. United States Patents particularly attended to. Several valuable Patent Rights for sale.

F G. COURSOLLES.

November 26, 1870 1524tf

A SPECIALITY.

☞ THE ULSTER OVER-COAT

Is the Great Novelty in

GENTLEMEN'S GARMENTS

This Season.

☞ A Specimen on View, at

MAGEE & RUSSELL'S.

Ottawa, Nov 30, 1870 1537tf

ST. JAMES' HOTEL,

METCALFE AND QUEEN STREETS.

The Proprietor, G. R. EVANS,

Begs respectfully to announce to the public in general that the above premises will be opened for business this day, 29th inst, and hopes by strict attention to business and moderate charges, to merit their patronage and favour

Ottawa, Nov 29, 1870 1526tf

H. DECKERSON,
PROPRIETOR, Rideau Street.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE

OTTAWA,

8th day of December, 1870.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Inland Revenue, and under and in virtue of the authority given by the 17th section of the Act 31st Vict., Chapter 8, intituled, "An Act respecting the Inland Revenue," His Excellency in Council has been pleased to Order, and it is hereby Ordered that the following regulations for the manufacture of Methylated Spirits in bond shall be and they are hereby made and established:

REGULATIONS.

1st, The room in which the wood Naphtha is mixed with Spirits shall only be accessible to the proprietor during the actual presence of an officer of Inland Revenue.

2nd. A sample of the wood Naphtha (say about four ounces) shall be sent to the Department from every cask or package used.

3rd. Not less than [illegible] gallons of Alcohol shall be mixed at one time, which shall be mixed in an open mixing tun, in the presence of an officer who shall then test and gauge it as to strength and quantity.

4th. With every 190 proof gallons of Alcohol there shall be mixed at least five and a half gallons of Wood Naphtha or Crude, the whole being mixed together.

5th. After the mixing has been thoroughly completed the strength of the mixture shall be tested, and the quantity gauged by the officer in charge, and duly recorded. The mixture shall then be placed in casks, the casks being branded or marked on the head in legible characters, with the words—

Methylated Spirits
Date on which it was mixed.
Number of Wine gallons in the Cask.
Strength,
Number of Proof Gallons
Name of the Distiller.
Initials of the officer under whose inspection the mixture took place.
Number of the entry under which it is warehoused.

6th. A Stock Book must be kept in the Factory in which Book must be entered:—

(a) The particulars of every package of Alcohol, brought in, stating where manufactured, the strength and quantity; the marks, &c., on the casks, and the general number of the Permit, under which it was conveyed to the Manufactory.

(b) The particulars of every quantity mixed &c., of the original packages from which it was taken; the quantity and strength of the "Methylated Spirits" produced from it, and the particulars as to marks, numbers, &c., of the Cask in which it is placed.

7th. Every entry in the Stock Book is to be checked by the officer in charge, who must keep an account of each transaction, which account or a duplicate thereof is to be taken to the Inland Revenue office, immediately after each transaction.

8th. So soon as the mixing and Bottling has been completed, the "Methylated Spirits" shall be removed from the Bonded Manufactory, and duly entered for warehousing as required by the regulations in that behalf.

W. H. LEE,
Clerk, Privy Council,
Canada.

537-3

WALTHAM WATCHES

THE AMERICAN WATCH

The public of the United States and Canada have now had over ten years experience of WALTHAM WATCHES, and they are now everywhere acknowledged to be the ONLY RELIABLE TIME-KEEPERS!

Almost all other watches are sold under false pretences; not one in a hundred bears the name of the real maker; the public have absolutely no security, and have, therefore, been constantly imposed upon. On the contrary every buyer of a Waltham Watch gets a guarantee of the company, and no matter from whom he buys it, has positive security that he is getting a TIME KEEPER.

It must be admitted that the apparent interest of watchmakers in selling other watches, of which they can make larger profits, but more of enterprise in the trade prefer an article of large and ready sale, and which leaves no bad stock. It is small profits and quick returns.

These watches can be had in several grades (all guaranteed) in silver cases of grades from coin silver, and from 2 to 5 ounces in weight, the gold cases are made to [illegible] gold and from 3 4 to 4 ounces in weight; the [illegible] are richly engraved or enameled. For the quality both in gold and silver see the

CHEAPEST WATCHES IN THE WORLD.

These watches can be purchased of any reliable watchmaker or jeweller in the Dominion; but he guarantee that the company should be favorably represented. The company in all cases pay the Government duty which makes the Canadian consumer a privileged purchaser.

ROBERT WILKES,
Sole Wholesale agent for the Dominion of Can da
Toronto—48 and 50 Yonge street
Montreal—449 St Paul Street

1397 3

CARD OF THANKS

The subscriber begs to tender sincere thanks to all those gentlemen who so kindly assisted in saving goods from the premises during the late fire on Sparks street

J. H MASKEY

N B.—Mr Geo. Mortimer, Sussex street, will prepare any prescriptions from the file of the late business

Ottawa, Dec. 6 1870 1532 1w

SCHOOL NOTICE

A TEACHER is wanted for School Section No. 1, Torbolton.

Apply to JOHN SMITH.
Secretary.

Torbolton, Dec 8, 1870 1534 6

TEACHER WANTED

A MALE TEACHER, holding a First-Class Certificate, for one of the Schools in Hawkesbury Village, Ont. Salary, $300 per annum. Duties to commence on the 2nd day of January, 1871. Applications, with testimonials, will be received until 10th December, by

JOHN McKERCHER,
Secretary Board of School Trustees.

Ottawa, Nov 22 1870 1531 6

NOTICE

Is hereby given, that an application will be made to the Legislature of the Province of Ontario at its next Session, for an Act to authorize the construction of Water Works in and for the City of Ottawa.

WM PLETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa,
October 12th. 1870 1492 1awk-2m

FROM THIS DAY FORTH I change the price of all my Wood, that is to say, best Hard Wood $4 75, new $3.50; Second best Hard Wood, 4.25 Sawn $4.50.

My Saw Mill is now in constant operation and ready, and will cut promptly in obedience to all orders.

JOHN HENEY,

Ottawa, Dec, 5. 1531.tf

WANTED,

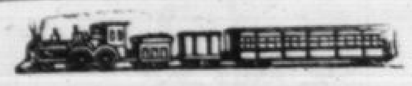
For the ROMAN CATHOLIC Separate Schools of this City, two Male English Teachers holding 1st Class Certificates.

Application to be made to the undersigned, on or before the 15th inst

WM. FINLEY,
Chairman Board of R. C. S. S. Trustees

Ottawa, Dec 6, 1870 1531 3

Railroads.



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY OF CANADA.

Special attention is directed to this Company's announcement, in regard to the

RUNNING OF TRAINS FOR THE NSUING SE ON.

In addition to the Fast Time which it is intended to make between the

EAST AND WEST,

With close connections at all points. The line will be equipped with handsome

NEW FIRST-CLASS CARS,

Unsurpassed on the continent.

TRAINS WILL RUN BETWEEN

Portland and Montreal in 13 Hours.
Montreal and Toronto in 13 Hours.

Stopping only at the most important Stations.

As fast as completed,

PULMAN S

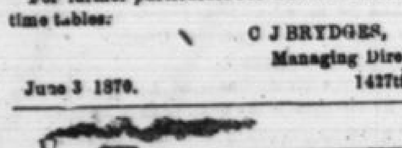
PALACE SLEEPING CARS

Will be run on the Through Trains and the service will be performed over the entire line in a manner equal to that of any railway or this continent. Special arrangements have been made to accommodate the pleasure travel.

For further particulars see advertisements and time tables.

C J BRYDGES,
Managing Director.

June 3 1870. 1427tf



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY OF CANADA

MPROVEL SERVICE OF TRAINS FOR THE SUMMER OF 1870.

ACCELERATION OF SPEED.

NEW CARS ON ALL EXPRESS TRAINS.

Portland to Montreal in 13 Hours.
Montreal to Toronto in 13 Hours.

On and after JUNE 13th the new arrangements will be put in force, and trains will leave Montreal as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points west at	9 00 a m
NIGHT, do do	9 00 p m
Mail Train for Toronto and intermediate Stations	7 00 a m
Accommodation Train for Brockville and intermediate stations	5 00 p m
Trains for Lachine at 6 00 a m, 7 00 a m, 9 15 am, 12 noon, 1 30 p m, 4 00 p m, 5 30 p m, and 6 30 p m. The 1 30 p m Train runs through to Province Line.	

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and intermediate stations at	7 10 a m
Express for Boston, via Vermont Central, at	9 00 a m
Express for New York and Boston, via Vermont Central, at	3 45 p m
Express for New York and Boston, via Plattsburg, Lake Champlain, Burlington and Rutland, at	6 00 a m
Do do do do	4 00 p m
Express for Quebec, [illegible] ham, Portland and Lower Provinces at	[illegible]
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, and the Lower Provinces, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St Hilaire, St Hyacinthe, Upton, Acton, Richmond, Brompton Falls, Sherbrooke, Lennoxville, Compton, Coaticooke and Norton Mills only at	10 10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all night trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotta" leave Portland for Halifax, N S, every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, respectively, at 4 00 p m. They have excellent accommodations for passengers and Freight.

The International Company's Steamers running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every Monday and Thursday at 6 10 p m for St John, N B, &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way station apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station, or at No 39, Great St James Street.

C J BRYDGES,
Managing Director.

June 3, 1870 1425tf

DOMINION TELEGRAPH INSTITUTE,

34 KING STREET EAST,

TORONTO, ONT.

ESTABLISHED IN 1868,

For the purpose of qualifying Operators for the TELEGRAPH AND RAILROAD LINES

Then and now so rapidly building in the Dominion and United States. It is become one of the Permanent Institutions of the Country.

And has turned out

OVER 100 OPERATORS,

Who now fill important positions with

GOOD SALARIES,

LADIES and GENTLEMEN desiring to learn this light and honourable profession, should do so at once. The average length of time required is three months. Ladies learn more rapidly than gentlemen. Both sexes admitted from 14 years of age and upwards.

For full particulars and terms address

T H CHURCHILL,
Toronto, Ontario.

Ottawa, September 22, 1870 [illegible] 13

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOW

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMERS

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown ... $100 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown ... 35 00

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VI HALIFAX.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown ... $100 00
Halifax ... 20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer ... 45 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown ... 30 00
Halifax ... 15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer ... 30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's offices,

JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
15 Broadway, New York,
or HERRICK & CROMBIE, Ottawa.

WANTED.

For the First and Second Departments of the Arnprior Common School, two MALE TEACHERS. Salary for first, four hundred; second, three hundred dollars per annum. Services to commence about 1st January, 1871. Applications received up to 1st December, 1870. Stating qualifications, &c.

DR. CRANSTON
Chairman
GEO. CRAIG,
Secretary.

Arnprior, Nov 9, 1870 15 9 3

Medical.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

As a family Remedy it is well and favourably known relieving thousands from pain in the

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Has now been before the public for a length of time and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions have been properly followed, but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing the Diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it.

Price only Twenty-five Cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN.

Sold in Ottawa by H F McCarthy, J Skinner, John Roberts, J P Featherston, George Mortimer, W M Massey, and all Medicine Dealers.

November 30, 1870 1527y

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!

The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hecey, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1. 13y

Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:

Madoc, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869.

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings his ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle

A F WOOD, J P.
Warden county of Hastings Province of Ontario, D of Canada.

For sale by DRUGGISTS AND GROCERS [illegible]

TRADE-MARK — VALET ANCHORA VIRTUS — GARDNER MONTREAL

GARDNER'S QUININE WINE BITTERS,

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons recovering from illness. For sale in quart bottle; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children—it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardener's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best ask for GARDENER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.

Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

J GARDENER, Chemist,
457 Notre Dame street, Montreal,
Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

DUTCH BULBS!

The Subscriber has just received a full assortment from a celebrated Grower in HOLLAND, both for Spring Gardening and in-door Culture.

THE ASSORTMENT INCLUDES

Hyacinths, many varieties,
Tulips, "
Lilies, "
Narcissus, "
Jouquills, "
Anemones, "
Ranunculus, "
&c., &c.

The Flower Roots above mentioned not coming to hand till late in the season, are offered for sale at low prices.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE,
Druggist,
40 Sparks-st, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Nov. 18, 1870 1517yl

Medical.

GABRIEL'S PREPARATIONS — TRADE MARK — MANUFACTURED ONLY BY MESSRS GABRIEL. Dentists. LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.

FOR THE TEETH.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH.

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers MESSRS. GABRIEL,

The old-established Dentists,

64 Ludgate Hill, London,

And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth. Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache, no matter how far decayed Price 1s 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations.

GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth. Price 5s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE, for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; is is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.

See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it. Price 5s.

PARTIES AT A DISTANCE REQUIRING ARTIFICIAL TEETH may have them supplied, in partial or complete sets, on Messrs. Gabriel's new system, by sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of One Guinea, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded, with all necessary instructions Messrs. Gabriel will undertake to Remodel or Repair Artificial Teeth made by other Dentists, [which do not prove satisfactory], at moderate charges.

Messrs. Gabriel's Pamphlet on Artificial Teeth and Painless Dentistery on receipt of postage.

, All letters to be addressed to 64 LUDGATE HILL, LONDON. 1323 2awem lawk6m

Alkabasar

ARRIVED AT LAST!

This elegant Turkish TONIC is one of the most salutary and delicate preparations ever submitted for public approval in this hemisphere, and asserts its pretentions to patronage on the following grounds:—

That it is a preparation of one of the most eminent Purveyors to the Ottoman Court.

It prevents acidity of the Stomach.

It relieves lowness of spirits.

It is a mild and invigorating tonic, and a most efficient but innocuous stimulent.

It renders the breath sweet and agreeable.

It stimulates the appetite if taken BEFORE meals.

It promotes digestion if taken AFTER meals.

It neutralizes the propensity for strong liquors.

It renders the intellect bright and clear.

If taken habitually it imparts vitality and energy to all the bodily organs.

By its use a man of 70 will become, as it were, restored to the elasticity of 30; and to persons of delicate constitutions it is strongly recommended.

It is an especial favourite with Oriental ladies.

Secure, then, health, longevity and vital energy by the habitual use of the

ALKABASAR TURKISH TONIC.

Kept in stock by the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.

For directions for use see labels on bottles.

HENRY CHAPMAN & CO.,
EVANS, MERCER & CO.,
Montreal,
Sole Agents for the Dominion

Montreal, July 6. 1415-y

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission om the riginal recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion,

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,

Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F GIANELLI.

H. R. FRIPP,

ORGANIST AND TEACHER OF MUSIC.

Residence—Elgin Street, South of Slater Street. Classes for beginners at Mr Gowan's Hall on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 4½ p m.

Ottawa, July 15th, 1870, 1410 tf

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street.

Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

LOST

From the Farm of MRS. STEWART on the bank of the Canal, on the 20th inst., TWENTY-THREE LAMBS, marked with a stroke on the back with ar. Information to be given to WM SLATTERY, Butcher By Ward Market.

Augus 0[illegible]1443

Commission Merchants.

J. BERMINGHAM,

GENERAL AUCTIONEER.

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his Spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit continuance of the support and patronage liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate, that in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of, will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p.m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required.

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 25.

Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hands for sale.

J BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, March 1870.

WM. FOOTE & COMPANY,

MPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALER

—IN—

TEAS AND WINES,

6 HOSPITAL STREET

MONTREAL.

Ottawa, August 23, 1870 1444tf

DOMINICK FOX.

GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,

Clarence Street, next to the City Hotel Ottawa.

Solicits the patronage of the Lumber Merchants generally on the Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging men and attending to their rafts while passing here to the best of his ability.

REFERENCES.

Alex Fraser, Esq. Walter Smith, Esq.
Joh oupore, Esq. R W Cruice, Esq.
1324t.

W. H. EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS, FORWARDERS

DEALERS IN

Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.

OTTAWA,

End of Little Sussex-st.

Cash advanced on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases

W. H. EASTON R. M. EASTON

FOR SALE:

MESS AND PRIME MESS PORK.

FLOUR NO. 1 & EXTRA

WHITE BEANS,

At Ottawa, Sand Point and Pembroke.

S CHRISTIE,
No 5 Sparks street.

[illegible] 18, 1870

Insurance.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY of Canada, Head Office, Toronto.

President—The Hon John Hillyard Cameron M.P.

Vice President—Lewis Moffatt, Esq.

Other Directors—C J Campbell, Esq, Hon Malcolm Cameron, W T Macdonnell, Esq, A R McMaster, Esq, H S Howland, Esq, Geo Duggan, Esq, A T Fulton, Esq, Angus Morrison, Esq, M P J S Crocker, Esq.

Banker—The Canadian Bank of Commerce.

Agents for Ottawa—Messrs J T & W PENNOCK.

The rates of the PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY are as low as its long experience has shewn to be profitable.

The test of the value of insurance is, however, not when the premiums are being paid, but when losses are being settled, and, from the equity and promptness of its settlements the Provincial Insurance Company is second to none.

Its Inspectors are alway sent to adjust every important loss directly it occurs.

It has no adjusted losses due and unpaid.

It respectfully solicits a share of the patronage of the insuring public of Ottawa.

ARTHUR HARVEY,
Manager.

1298tf

UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No: 10¼.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B.

For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.

have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U.S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN,
Manager.

Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

FOR SALE.

A beautiful country residence with Fifteen (15) Acres of Land (or more if necessary) attached; the house and outbuildings being completely surrounded by a grove of lovely shade trees. The whole within 10 minutes drive of the Government Buildings.

Terms of sale, cash, if preferable to purchaser, otherwise a small payment down, and the balance from 1 to 10 years, to suit purchaser.

Apply to the Proprietor,

R A BRADLEY,
Solicitor, Elgin-st., Ottawa.
Nearly opposite the Post Office.

N. B.—Money to lend on Real Estate. Terms easy.

OUT TO-DAY.

THE

Canadian Parliamentary Calendar

AND

Directory for 1870.

To be obtained

OPE & CO., and
JONES & HOLLAND

1366tf

Medical.

Ayer's

Hair Vigor,

For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.

A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. *Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color with the gloss and freshness of youth.* Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

HAIR DRESSING,

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,

PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS,

LOWELL, MASS.

PRICE $1.00.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

For Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption.

Probably never before in the whole history of medicine, has anything won so widely and so deeply upon the confidence of mankind, as this excellent remedy for pulmonary complaints. Through a long series of years, and among most of the races of men it has risen higher and higher in their estimation, as it has become better known. Its uniform character and power to cure the various affections of the lungs and throat, have made it known as a reliable protector against them. While adapted to milder forms of disease and to young children, it is at the same time the most effectual remedy that can be given for incipient consumption, and the dangerous affections of the throat and lungs. As a provision against sudden attacks of *Croup*, it should be kept on hand in every family, and indeed as all are sometimes subject to colds and coughs, all should be provided with this antidote for them.

Although settled *Consumption* is thought incurable, still great numbers of cases where the disease seemed settled, have been completely cured, and the patient restored to sound health by the *Cherry Pectoral*. So complete is its mastery over the disorders of the Lungs and Throat, that the most obstinate of them yield to it. When nothing else could reach them, under the *Cherry Pectoral* they subside and disappear.

Singers and Public Speakers find great protection from it.

Asthma is always relieved and often wholly cured by it.

Bronchitis is generally cured by taking the *Cherry Pectoral* in small and frequent doses.

So generally are its virtues known that we need not publish the certificates of them here, or do more than assure the public that its qualities are fully maintained.

Ayer's Ague Cure,

For Fever and Ague, Intermittent Fever, Chill Fever, Remittent Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical or Bilious Fever, &c., and indeed all the affections which arise from malarious, marsh, or miasmatic poisons.

As its name implies, it does *Cure*, and does not fail. Containing neither Arsenic, Quinine, Bismuth, Zinc, nor any other mineral or poisonous substance whatever, it in nowise injures any patient. The number and importance of its cures in the ague districts, are literally beyond account, and we believe without a parallel in the history of Ague medicine. Our pride is gratified by the acknowledgments we receive of the radical cures effected in obstinate cases, and where other remedies had wholly failed.

Unacclimated persons, either resident in, or travelling through miasmatic localities, will be protected by taking the *AGUE CURE* daily.

For *Liver Complaints*, arising from torpidity of the Liver, it is an excellent remedy, stimulating the Liver into healthy activity.

For Bilious Disorders and Liver Complaints, it is an excellent remedy, producing many truly remarkable cures, where other medicines had failed.

Prepared by DR. J. C. AYER & Co., Practical and Analytical Chemists, Lowell, Mass., and sold all round the world.

PRI[illegible] PER BOTTLE.

DARLEY'S

ARABIAN OIL

FOR HORSES AND CATTLE

A NEVER-FAILING REMEDY.

This valuable preparation combines all the medicinal virtues of those articles which long experience has proved to possess the most safe and efficient properties for the cure of Flesh Wounds, Sprains, Bruises, Galls of all kinds, Cracked Heels, Ring Bone, Spavin, Callous, Pistula, Sweeney, External Poisons, Scratches or Grease, Strains, Lameness, Mange, Witows, Corns, Sand Cracks, Foundered Feet, Corn Distemper, Swellings, and many other diseases which horses and cattle are subject to.

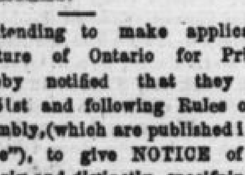
The celebrated Liniment has been used for many years, and its curative properties horoughly tested, and it is conceded to be the cheapest and most reliable remedy for all external complaints ever offered to the public—it never fails when timely used and faithfully applied.

To be had of all Druggists and Country Merchants throughout the Dominion. Price 25c. per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont.
Proprietors.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W M Massey, H F McCarthy, J Skinner, in Ottawa, all Medicine Dealers.

November 24, 1870 1522tf



PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly, (which are published in the "Ontario Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of he Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the Session.

CHARLES T GILLMOR,
Clerk of the House.

Toronto March 15, 1870 1369 td lawk.

NOTICE.

I hereby give notice that I shall not be responsible for any debt contracted in my name after this date without my written order.

CHAS. GOULDEN.

Ottawa, Augus 6 3m

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.

W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

PRESERVE YOUR ROOFS.

PATENT PLASTIC SLATE PAINT,

Is the best and cheapest material in use for preserving new, or repairing old

IRON OR TIN ROOFS,

No matter how bad their condition. Also first rate for

SHINGLE ROOFS,

Making them

FIRE AND WATER PROOF,

Hardens into a coating of SOLID SLATE by exposure.

Price $6 a barrel, mixed ready for use.

A barrel will cover 10 squares (10 x 10).

SHEATHING FELT

For lining Frame Buildings under the clap boards. An effectual protection against cold, damp and vermin. Rats and mice will come near it.

No FRAME DWELLING should be without

Send for ircular, instructions, &c.

BUCHANAN & CO.,

Wholesale Depot for Roofing Materials and Founder's Supplies,

32 Lemoine Street,
Montreal.

Ottawa, September 21, 1870 1468

A. E. GENDREAU,

HAIR DRESSING PARLOUR,
Wellington street,

Opposite the Bank of Montreal.

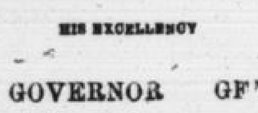
MR GENDREAU, the proprietor of that so popular Parlour, has the pleasure to announce to his numerous friends and the public in general, that to answer to the great encouragement which he has received up to the present, he has determined to enlarge and thoroughly furnish anew his establishment He will save no expense to render Parlour the most comfortable, and o procu he most experienced hair dressers.

MR GENDREAU having served considerable time in some of the best and most extensive Hair Dressing saloons in the Dominion and United States, is in a position to conduct the duties of his establishment in a manner that cannot be surpassed.

He will have always on hand the best perfumes imported directly from Paris and London.

MR GENDREAU solicits a visit to convince all of the truth of his statements.

SATCHELL BROS



BUTCHERS TO

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, hat they will keep constantly on hand

FRESH KILLED

STALL-FED

BEEF AND MUTTON.

ALSO,

THEIR CELEBRATED

SPICED AND SALT ROUND,

AND

ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES,

To be had at

THEIR STALLS,

Nos. 5 and 7,

BY-WARD MARKET

FOR STYLISH SIGNS AND HANDSOME WALL PAINTING GO TO THE LANG PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT A. W LANG, Sparks Street.

No Benzine or Coal Oil used.

PEOPLE'S TELEGRAPH COMPANY

Incorporated under Chapter LXVII of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada.

OTTAWA OFFICE—G P DRUMMOND'S Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.

DIRECTORS:

A JOSEPH, Chairman; D C THOMSON, Treasurer; S B FOOTE A THOMSON, T H DUNN. DRMMUOND Manager 1141tf

TWO OR THREE GENTLEMAN can be accommodated with

ROOMS, WITH OR WITHOUT BOARD.

Apply at

MR. ROWSELL S,
Opposite the Union Hotel,
Centre Town.

Ottawa, July 5, 1870. 1400 tf

EDGAR DOWARD, Organist, Christ Church, teacher of Organ, Piano and Singing. Residence—O'Connor street. Mr. Doward was formerly Choirster Boy and Articled Pupil of Mr W. Done, of Worcester Cathedral, England.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

In the matter of

JOSEPH HENRY CASSELS,

the Village of Kenmore

AN INSOLVENT.

ASSIGNEES SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power vested in me as Assignee of the estate and effects of the above named Insolvent, I shall offer for sale by Public Auction, at the Court House, in the City of Ottawa, at the hour of 12 o'clock, noon on FRIDAY, the TWENTY-FIFTH day of NOVEMBER next, all the estate, right, title, interest and equity of redemption of the said Insolvent, and of myself, as such Assignee as aforesaid, in and to that certain parcel or tract of land and premises situate, lying and being in the Township of Gloucester, in the County of Carleton, containing by admeasurement fifty acres of land be the same more or less, being composed of the west quarter of lot number two, in the third Concession of the said Township, Rideau Front.

Terms and conditions made known at the time of sale, and particulars can be had by applying

CHAS BAILLIE,
Assignee,
401 Notre Dame St.

Dated Montreal, 17th Sept, 1870. 1469 3aw27t

GREAT

CENTRAL AIR LINE ROUTE

VIA

GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.

[The Model Road of Canada]

To Sarnia, Detroit, Milwaukee.

CHICAGO,

Cincinnati, St. Louis, New Orleans, and all Points in the West and South.

NORTHERN TRANSPORTATION CO'S 20 First-Class Upper Cabin Steamers.

DAILY LINE BETWEEN

OGDENSBURG & CHICAGO,

Making sure connections with Railway for all Points West and South.

Parties going west can secure Tickets at this office to any Point desired,

VIA

ALL RAIL OR ALL BOAT

Fares always cheaper than by any other Route.

Be sure and procure TICKETS at this office by the

GREAT CENTRAL ROUTE

AND SAVE MONEY, TIME AND DISTANCE.

Comparitive distance of the several Western Routes to Chicago:

American—Ogdensburg or Prescott to Chicago	850 miles
Grand Trunk to Detroit	736 do
Grand Trunk to Toronto, Great Western to Detroit	730 do
Leaving in favor of the Great Central Route	120 do

For TICKETS to any Points in the United States, and all information apply to

J T CORCORAN,

General Western Railway and Steamboat Ticket office, at H Palmer's store, next to Fingland & Draper's, Sussex st, two doors from Rideau-st.

IN CHANCERY.

Pursuant to a decree of the Court of Chancery, made in a cause Spain vs. Watt, the Creditors of Martin Spain, late of the Township of Nepean, in the County of Carleton, who died in or about the month of NOVEMBER, 1867, are on or before the 15th NOVEMBER next, to send by post prepaid, to Messrs. Kennedy & Christie, of the City of Ottawa, the Solicitor of the Defendants, Arthur Watt, the Executor of the deceased, their christian and surnames, addresses and descriptions, the full particulars of their claims, a statement of their accounts and the nature of the securities (if any) held by them, or in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said decree.

Every Creditor holding any security is to produce the same before me at my Chambers, at the City of Ottawa, on the 23rd day of November, 1870, at 11 o'clock, in the forenoon, being the time appointed for adjudication on the claims.

Dated this 21st day of October, 1870.

(Signed), W. M. MATHESON,
Master at Ottawa.

SCOTT & ROSS,
Plaintiff's Solicitors.

Ottawa, Oct 24, 1870 1495 1d

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,

OTTAWA,

10th day of November, 1870.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

Whereas it has been represented to His Excellency, that the public convenience would be promoted if the Out-Ports of St Armand and Rousse's Point, which are situate in closer proximity to the Port of St. John's, than to that of Montreal, with which they are now connected, were detached from the last mentioned Port and placed under the survey of the Port of St. Johns; His Excellency on the recommendation of the Hon. the Minister of Customs, and under and in pursuance of the 8th section of the Act 31st Victoria' Chapter 6, intituled:

"An Act respecting the Customs," has been pleased to Order, and it is hereby Ordered that on, from and after the First day of December next the Out-Ports of St. Armand and Rouse's Point shall be and they are hereby respectively detached from the Port of Montreal and placed under the Survey of the Port of St. Johns, in the Province of Quebec.

WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Privy Council,

PRESTON & ROWSELL,

MILITARY TAILO

—AND—

HABIT MAKERS

NO. 36 SPARKS STREET

PRESTON & ROWSELL.

A SELECT ASSORTMENT

OF

Tweeds,

Broad Cloths,

Doe Skins,

Fancy Coatings,

Vestings, &c.

SHIRTS MADE TO ORDER

Ottawa, July 26, 1870.

PRESTON & ROWSELL

HIGHER EDUCATION.

HELLMUTH COLLEGE.

Board and Tuition per annum, $22.

HELLMUTH LADIES' COLLEGE

Inaugurated by H. R. H. Prince Arthur. Board and Tuition $226 per annum.

PRESIDENT:—The Very Rev. I. Hellmuth, D.D., Dean of Huron

For Particulars apply to Major Evans, London, Canada West.

August 8, 1870. 1 1

Sarsaparilla,

[illegible]ING THE BLOOD.

The reputation this excellent medicine enjoys, is derived from its cures, many of which are truly marvellous. Inveterate cases of Scrofulous disease, where the system seemed saturated with corruption, have been purified and cured by it. Scrofulous affections and disorders, which were aggravated by the scrofulous contamination until they were painfully afflicting, have been radically cured in such great numbers in almost every section of the country, that the public scarcely need to be informed of its virtues or uses.

Scrofulous poison is one of the most destructive enemies of our race. Often, this unseen and unfelt tenant of the organism undermines the constitution, and invites the attack of enfeebling or fatal diseases, without exciting a suspicion of its presence. Again, it seems to breed infection throughout the body, and then, on some favorable occasion, rapidly develop into one or other of its hideous forms, either on the surface or among the vitals. In the latter, tubercles may be suddenly deposited in the lungs or heart, or tumors formed in the liver, or it shows its presence by eruptions on the skin, or foul ulcerations on some part of the body. Hence the occasional use of a bottle of this *Sarsaparilla* is advisable, even when no active symptoms of disease appear. Persons afflicted with the following complaints generally find immediate relief, and, at length, cure, by the use of this *SARSAPARILLA*: *St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Sore Ears*, and other eruptions or visible forms of *Scrofulous* disease. Also in the more concealed forms, as *Dyspepsia, Dropsy, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Neuralgia*, and the various *Ulcerous* affections of the muscular and nervous systems.

Syphilis or *Venereal* and *Mercurial Diseases* are cured by it, though a long time is required for subduing those obstinate maladies by any medicine. But long continued use of this medicine will cure the complaint. *Leucorrhoea* or *Whites, Uterine Ulcerations*, and *Female Diseases*, are commonly soon relieved and ultimately cured by its purifying and invigorating effect. Minute Directions for each case are found in our Almanac, supplied gratis. *Rheumatism* and *Gout*, when caused by accumulations of extraneous matters in the blood, yield quickly to it, as also *Liver Complaints, Torpidity, Congestion* or *Inflammation* of the *Liver*, and *Jaundice*, when arising, as they often do, from the rankling poisons in the blood. This *SARSAPARILLA* is a great restorer for the strength and vigor of the system. Those who are *Languid* and *Listless, Despondent, Sleepless*, and troubled with *Nervous Apprehensions* or *Fears*, or any of the affections symptomatic of *Weakness*, will find immediate relief and convincing evidence of its restorative power upon trial.

PREPARED BY

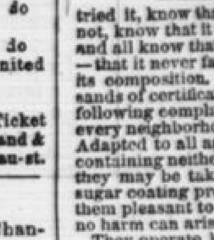
Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,

Practical and Analytical Chemists.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

For all the purposes of a Laxative Medicine.



Perhaps no one medicine is so universally required by everybody as a cathartic, nor was ever any before so universally adopted into use, in every country and among all classes, as this mild but efficient purgative Pill. The obvious reason is, that it is a more reliable and far more effectual remedy than any other. Those who have tried it, know that it cured them; those who have not, know that it cures their neighbors and friends, and all know that what it does once it does always—that it never fails through any fault or neglect of its composition. We have thousands upon thousands of certificates of their remarkable cures of the following complaints, but such cures are known in every neighborhood, and we need not publish them. Adapted to all ages and conditions in all climates; containing neither calomel or any deleterious drug, they may be taken with safety by anybody. Their sugar coating preserves them ever fresh and makes them pleasant to take, while being purely vegetable no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.

They operate by their powerful influence on the internal viscera to purify the blood and stimulate it into healthy action—remove the obstructions of the stomach, bowels, liver, and other organs of the body, restoring their irregular action to health, and by correcting, wherever they exist, such derangements as are the first origin of disease.

Minute directions are given in the wrapper on the box, for the following complaints, which these *Pills* rapidly cure:—

For *Dyspepsia* or *Indigestion, Listlessness, Languor* and *Loss of Appetite*, they should be taken moderately to stimulate the stomach and restore its healthy tone and action.

For *Liver Complaint* and its various symptoms, *Bilious Headache, Sick Headache, Jaundice* or *Green Sickness, Bilious Colic* and *Bilious Fevers*, they should be judiciously taken for each case, to correct the diseased action or remove the obstructions which cause it.

For *Dysentery* or *Diarrhoea*, but one mild dose is generally required.

For *Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the Side, Back* and *Loins*, they should be continuously taken, as required, to change the diseased action of the system. With such change those complaints disappear.

For *Dropsy* and *Dropsical Swellings* they should be taken in large and frequent doses to produce the effect of a drastic purge.

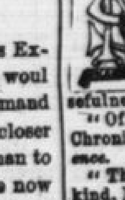
For *Suppression* a large dose should be taken as it produces the desired effect by sympathy.

As a *Dinner Pill*, take one or two *Pills* to promote digestion and relieve the stomach.

An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and bowels into healthy action, restores the appetite, and invigorates the system. Hence it is often advantageous where no serious derangement exists. One who feels tolerably well, often finds that a dose of these *Pills* makes him feel decidedly better, from their cleansing and renovating effect on the digestive apparatus.

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical Chemists,
LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.

Ottawa, August 7, 1870.



FOR ASTHMA and Chronic Bronchitis

DATURA TATULA,

Affords Immediate Relief.

"A remedy of great power and usefulness.—*Dr. W. Parker.*

"Of great efficacy in cases of Asthma and Chronic Bronchitis. —*Dublin Journal Medical Science.*

"The smoke causes no nausea. When thoroughly kind, I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."—*General Alexander Hon. B. Stuart.*

In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, Boxes, 5s, 8s and 15s.

Pastilles for Inhalation, Boxes, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London

AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal

FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION of COD LIVER OIL, the fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive activity, superior to Pepsine.

Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 12s6d. Pancreatine Wine, bottles, 3s 6d and [illegible]

N.B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. [illegible]

NOTICE.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF ONTARIO,

TORONTO, 29th October, 1870.

Notice is hereby given, that the last day for receiving Petitions for Private Bills will be WEDNESDAY, the TWENTY-EIGHTH day of DECEMBER next.

CHARLES T. GILLMOR,
Clerk.

STRAYED,

Into the subscribers premises on the night of the 17th, a KID, with collar and chain attached. The owner can have it by proving property and paying this advertisement.

ROBERT SKEAD

Ottawa, Nov 21, 1870

SEMINARY FOR YOUNG LADIES.

A Branch of the Monklands Villa,

MARIA ESTABLISHMENT, MONTREAL.

The Sisters of the Congregation de Notre Dame respectfully inform the public that they will open their classes on the 1st September.

Besides the Boarding School a Select Day School is attached to the establishment.

For particulars and terms apply to the

LADY SUPERIOR

Corner of O'Conner and Wellington Streets.

Ottawa, August 12, 1870 [illegible]

THE HOWLEY FARM TO LET.

Lot No 30, 1st Concession of Gloucester Rideau Front, containing 300 acres, 110 acres well cleared and in good state of cultivation, opposite Rideau Hall, and fifteen miles from Ottawa, with good fences, a fine dwelling house, two story high, barns and outhouses complete, is now to be let on reasonable terms, for term of years. Apply for further particulars to

CHARLES ROWAN,
Ottawa.

Ottawa September 5, 1870 [illegible]

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, Sparks-st., Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES COTTON, Managing Director.

The Ottawa Times

VOL. V. NO. 1540. OTTAWA, THURSDAY DECEMBER 15, 1870. PRICE—3 CENTS

AGENTS WANTED who can make from $5 to $10 a day. Address, T. W. FARRELL, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Nov 11, 1870 1511 1m

Legal

J. W. WARD, Barrister at-law, Ad vocate, &c., Opposite Russell House, Ottawa.

WRIGHT & CLEMOW, Barristers and Attorneys at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. &c., for the Pro vinces of Ontario and Quebec. Office over Durie's Book Store, Sparks street.
W McKay Wright 12w F C Clemow.

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. St. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.
Lees Lees. 43utf John J. Gemmill.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

KEEFER & KIMBER, Barristers and Attornies at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, &c., for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec. Office—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.
Augustus Keefer. Rene Edward Kimber.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

J. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
William Mosgrove. 366tf George Taillon

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

Medical

DOCTOR HENDERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Surgery—That recently occupied by Dr. Malloch, Duke st, Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1388y

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur, Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.
N B—Special attention given to the treatment of Diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be found at his residence, Murray street.

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34stf

GEORGE HUTCHISON, L. D. S.,
SURGEON DENTIST,
Sparks Street.
OPPOSITE "TIMES" OFFICE.

DR. HUTCHISON is fully prepared to supply SETS of TEETH, or to insert single Teeth when wanting, on either gold, silver or vulcanite plates, fitting so closely and easily to the mouth as to be capable of all the uses to which natural teeth are applied, without the slightest inconvenience to the wearers, and after wearing for a short time in use, without even a consciousness of the presence of a substance foreign to the mouth.

Dr. H. with a view to the removal of painful consciousness during the operation of extracting decayed or diseased teeth, has introduced into his practice the use of the Nitrous Oxide or laughing gas, which the sufferer inhales without danger or inconvenience, and loses his tooth as it were in a pleasant dream.

He may be consulted any day, except Sunday, at his office from 9 a. m. to 6 p. m.
Ottawa, September 2, 1870

Hotels and Saloons.

THE METROPOLITAN,
AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa.
1982 P. O'MEARA, Proprietor.

WAVERLY HOUSE,
BARRINGTON-STREET,
HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,
Established 1851.
Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.
969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,
Corner James and King-sts.,
Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.
E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)
A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor*,
Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the best Brandies Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

M. DUIGNAN'S,
SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.
A few more gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen visiting the Capital will find superior accommodation by the day or week at moderate terms.
N B—This house is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Parliament Buildings and the Railway. 219tf

THE UNION HOUSE,
W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR,
CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS
OTTAWA.
EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.
The Bar always supplied with the
CHOICEST LIQUORS,
And the table spread with
EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON
Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.

C. T. R. HIGGINS,
Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co, General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufactures and Mining Agent. Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mann Bros Hardware Store.

DANCING AND DEPORTMENT.
Mrs Robert Stewart having made arrangements with an accomplished lady teacher, announces that her Dancing Classes will commence on Wednesday, the 22nd instant.
Further particulars may be obtained on application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street.
Ottawa September 9th, 1869. 1148tf

WANTED.
An experienced First-class Common School Teacher, who is not afraid to compete (so far as his profession is concerned) with any person in either Province, desires an engagement in Ontario, to date from the first of January next. Best of references.
Address, stating salary, &c.,
A D PRATT,
Hull, P. Q.
Hull, 31st Oct, 1870 1502tf

Groceries.

DENNIS WHELAN,
39 RIDEAU STREET,
OTTAWA
HAVING OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT
(nearly opposite the Old Stand,)
Offers for sale at VERY LOW PRICES a large and well selected stock, comprising Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy Soaps, Sauces, Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, Candles, Coarse and Fine Salt. Also,
Bordeaux and other Vinegars
MESS PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS,
and the numerous other articles necessary to constitute a complete stock.
TEAS—Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial Young Hyson, quite fresh and cheap.
COFFEE—Fresh Coffee *ground* and *roasted* daily on the premises.
LIQUORS—Cognac Brandies Renault & Co, Hennessy, Piper's and other brands.
HOLLAND GIN—De Kuyper's and Houtman's, in wood bottle.
WINES—Sherries of all grades, Ports of fine quality, Burgundy, Souterne and Maderia Wines all prices, in wood and bottle, improved by age.
HIGHWINES, OLD RYE, PROOF AND WHISKEY,
high proof and flavor, at extremely low prices.
Thorne's and Stewart's Scotch Whiskey and Old Tom.
Dunville's Irish Whiskey.
Murphy's Old Irish Potteen.
Guinness' and London Porter, pts and qts.
Molson's and other Ales.
Sugars and Syrups, all grades.
Sale at refiners' prices.
THE OLD STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE SELLING AT TWENTY-FIVE PER CENT BELOW COST.
Now is the time for bargains. 1105

1870. 1870.
SPRING IMPORTATIONS.
O'MEARA & CO.
Beg most respectfully to intimate to their friends and customers that they have just received and have ready for inspection
A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT OF
CLOTHS AND TWEEDS
Suitable for the coming season, comprising
ENGLISH,
FRENCH,
SCOTCH AND CANADIAN MANUFACTURES OF THE
NEWEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE DESIGNS.
THE READY-MADE
CLOTHING DEPARTMENT
is also very complete, and will be found of the best materials and most fashionable styles.
Special attention is called to a
LARGE ASSORTMENT OF
SPRING AND SUMMER OVERCOATS
OF THE NEWEST STYLES.
Suspenders, Scarfs, Ties, Collars, Shirts, Gloves, &c, &c. Together with a large and well assorted stock of
DRY GOODS.
Tailoring Department under the supervision of a first class cutter.
Suits made to order in best and latest styles.
Good fit ensured or no sale.
A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO

Hardware.

BLYTH & KERR,
No. 25 RIDEAU STREET,
Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c.
All work in any of the above branches executed in a prompt and workmanlike manner.
Special attention given to Roofing and fitting up Galvanized Iron and Tin Gutters, Conductors, &c., &c.
IMPORTERS OF GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.
JUST RECEIVED, ex "Pride of Canada" and "Oscola," a splendid assortment of Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots, Jelly Moulds, Wire Dish Covers, Spice Boxes, Ladies' Dressing Cases, Trays, Enamelled Pie Dishes, Preserving Pans, Deli Milk Saucepans, &c., &c.
Constantly on hand, Cooking Stoves, (best makers) Hot Air Furnaces, Water Coolers, Baths, (all kinds) Cutlery, Plated and Britannia Metal Ware.
—ALSO—
FISHING TACKLE, comprising Rods, Lines, Flies, Hooks, Floats, Trolls, Panniers, Landing Nets, Fly Books, &c. &c.
Ottawa, August 10, 1870 1432 1y

ROUSILLON PORT.
Received a fresh consignment of this delicious Wine. It is full flavoured, of great body, and guaranteed purity.
ALICANTE.
A Sweet Red Wine of delicate flavour and bouquet, invaluable for invalids.
This wine has been specially imported as a pure Wine to be used in the Holy Communion.
The following gentlemen have kindly allowed their names to be used as references:
Ven Archdeacon Fuller, Toronto.
Rev J Beaven, D D, "
Rev G B Read, D D, "
Rev E Baldwin, "
Rev W S Darling, "
Rev A Williams, "
Rev J D Cayley, "
Rev W H Davis, "
Rev S Bedford Jones, L L D, Ottawa.
—ALSO—
A full Stock of Brandies, Gins, Jamaica Rum, Proof and Old Rye Whiskey, Sherries, Still and Sparkling Moselle, Champagne, Malaga, Maderia Malvoisie, Noyau Curacoa Creme de Menthe, Creme de Moka, Chartreuse, Maraschino, English and Canadian Ales and Porter, &c, &c, &c.
J. P. MACPHERSON,
Wine Merchant
Elgin Street.
Agent for Quelton, St George & Co's pure French Wines.
Ottawa, Dec 10, 1870 1536y

SITUATION WANTED
AS FARMER
A Married Man, who understands farming in all its departments; has had long experience in Canada.
Address R. E.,
FARMER,
Hull, P Q.

WANTED
By a young girl a situation as SEAMSTRESS, or DRESS-MAKER, in a private family or place of business.
References given if required. Apply at the Times Office.
Augt at 1st, 1870 1434-tf

ELECTRICITY IS LIFE
PULVERMACHER'S PATENT
GALVANIC CHAIN-BANDS
BELTS, AND POCKET BATTERIES
These highly improved inventions render Electricity perfectly self-applicable, and extremely efficacious in a mild continuous form, no shock or unpleasant sensation being experienced, whereby it becomes a true fountain of health and vigour, speedily soothing agonising pains, re-animating torpid limbs, reviving the sluggish functions of life, and imparting renewed energy and vitality to constitutions enfeebled by whatever cause. Medicines and their deleterious consequences are thus entirely dispensed with. The daily increasing number of cures effected by PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC SYSTEM is so extensive and varied, that it forcibly points to this invention as the embryo of a universal remedy.
N. B.—The following testimony from the elite of the English medical faculty has been received:
"We, the undersigned, have much pleasure in testifying that Mr. J. L. Pulvermacher's recent improvements in his Voltaic Batteries and Galvanic Appliances for Medical Purposes are of great importance to Scientific Medicine, and that he is entitled to the consideration and support of every one disposed to further the advancement of real and useful progress.
" Dated the 9th day of March, 1866.
" SIR CHARLES LOCOCK, Bart., M. D., F. R. C. P.
" SIR HENRY HOLLAND, Bart., M. D., F. R. S.
" SIR WM. FERGUSSON, Bart., F. R. S.
" EDWD. H. SIEVEKING, M. D., M. R. C. S.
" SIR J. RANALD MARTIN, F. R. C. S."
PULVERMACHER'S SYSTEM is also approved of by an official report of the Academie de Medicine, Paris, Royal College of Physicians, London, and the Imperial Faculty of Vienna, and its curative virtues are confirmed by thousands of private testimonials of cures effected. (See pamphlet gratis).
These facts appeal to the good sense of every sufferer to avail himself of this scientific and curative progress, to which the inventor has devoted a life-time of study and labour, as an ardent disciple of that great benefactor of mankind, the late illustrious electrician Michael Faraday.
PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC CHAINS are exceedingly effective without the aid of medicine, restriction of diet, or the least derangement of the patient's habits and daily occupations, in the following maladies:

Rheumatism	Female Complaints
Gout	Constipation
Sciatica	Cramp
Lumbago	Sluggish Circulation
Neuralgia	Urinary Disorders
Head and Toothache	Paralysis
Liver Complaints	Epilepsy
Tic Doloreux	Nervous Debility
Indigestion	Functional Disorders
Deafness	&c., &c.
Spasms	

The effects of the application of Pulvermacher's Chains in any of the above disorders is immediately perceptible—the relief of pain instantaneous.
PRICE LIST OF PULVERMACHER'S CHAIN BANDS AND BATTERIES.
B. CHAIN BANDS for Nervous Deafness, Head, Tooth, and Face Ache, and Noises in the Head, 21s. to 30s.
B. CHAIN BANDS for loss of Voice and other affections of the Throat, 10s. 6d. to 21s.
N. CHAIN BANDS for Sciatica, Rheumatic, Neuralgic, and Gouty Pains, Local Paralysis, Cramp, &c., 18s. to 22s. and 40s.
B CHAIN BANDS for Lumbago, Indigestion, Liver, Chest, and Functional Disorders, &c., (worn as a belt), 22s to 40s and 55s.
B CHAIN BANDS for Writer's Cramp, Trembling, Nervousness, &c, 22s to 30s and 40s.
B COMBINED CHAIN BAND for Central Paralysis, Epilepsy, General Debility Functional Disorders, &c., 30s to 50s.
A complete Set of COMBINED CHAIN BANDS, BELTS, and CHAIN BATTERY for restoring vital energy, £5 to £7.
The public are most earnestly cautioned to beware of Pseudo Electric Belts advertised by sham Doctors, &c., for improper purposes, and so severely stigmatised by Vice Chancellor Malins in the suit Pulvermacher vs Hammond, alias Henry James, alias C. T. Saphey, M. R. C. S, alias Henry Burrows, &c, &c.
No Galvanic Belts are genuine but those bearing the fac simile of M. Pulvermacher's signature on the label.
A pamphlet containing full particulars may be had at the Drug Store of A. Christie, Sparks Street.
J. L. PULVERMACHER,
Galvanic Establishment,
200 Regent Street, London, W.
Ottawa, September 6, 1870 1455 1awk y

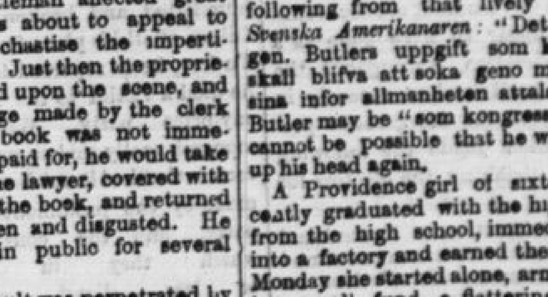
SCYTHES!
SCYTHES!! SCYTHES!!!
AND OTHER
HARVESTING IMPLEMENTS.
At the sign of the ANVIL, No. 24 Rideau street, you can find a complete assortment of
Grass and other Scythes.
Blood Silver Steel, all lengths.
Blood Cast Steel, "
Blood German Steel, "
Pride of the Field silver Steel.
Bonnie Blue Bell, "
Red Rover or Champion "
Flint's Celebrated Scyth,
Whitings Eureka Scyth ground, ready for use.
Hay Rakes, straight and bent.
Hay Forks, two and three prongs.
Straw Forks, three prongs.
Scythes Snathes.
Grain Cradles, Muley and Grape Vine.
Scythes-stones and Grindstones of all sorts and sizes.
—ALSO,—
A complete assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, Paints, Oil, Glass, Putty, Coal Oil, &c., &c.
THOS. BIRKETT,
No. 24, Rideau Street.

TO FARMERS
Who have suffered by fire we make a reduction in the price of Stoves,
Elevated Oven Cook Stoves.
Low Oven Cook Stoves.
Double Stoves. Parlour Stoves.
Box Stoves all sizes. Hotel Cook Stoves.
Dumb Stoves. Hot Air Furnaces.
Stove Pipes. Elbows.
Zinc.
Our WINTER STOCK, just received at the
"CAPITAL STOVE DEPOT."
85 Sussex Street,
H MEADOWS & CO.
Ottawa, September 9, 1870.

IMPORTANT SALE
—OF—
REAL ESTATE,
Mill Property, Farms, Timber Lands, Timber Licenses, &c.
INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.
In the matter of
THOMAS D. LEWIS,
Of Templeton, County of Ottawa, Quebec,
INSOLVENT,
The subscriber will offer for sale by Public Auction, at the Court House, Town of Aylmer, on THURSDAY the fifteenth of December, at twelve o'clock Noon.
The Valuable Real Estate Timber Lands, Saw Mill, known as Eagle Mills, Templeton; Carpenter's and Blacksmith's Shop, Dwelling Houses, Barns, Stables, &c., erected on the following properities to wit:
In the Township of Templeton, in the County Of Ottawa Quebec:
Fifth Range—West half Lot 15, 100 Acres.
Seventh Range—North half Lots 1, 2, 3. 285 Acres.
Lots 7, 100 Acres.
Eigth Range—Part lot 3, 124 acres.
Part lot 4, 200 acres.
South half lot 5, 100 acres.
Do lot 7, 100 acres.
Do lot 8, 100 acres.
West half lot 12, 100 acres. On this is a valuable farm.
North half lot 17, 100 acres.
Do lot 18, 100 acres.
Ninth Range—North half lot 5, 100 acres.
Lot 13, 200 acres. On this lot is erected a Saw Mill, known as the "Eagle Mills," Carpenter's Shop, Blacksmith's Shop, Cook House, four other Houses, three Barns, and other buildings thereon erected.
South half lot 14, 100 acres, with buildings thereon erected.
South half lot 18, 100 acres.
Tenth Range—West half lot 5, 100 acres,
East half lot 5, 100 acres,
West half lot 6, 100 acres.
Lot 9, 100 acres.
Lot 13, 200 acres, with Dwelling House and Barn.
North half lot 17, 100 acres.
North half lot 18, 100 acres.
North half lot 19, 100 acres.
Eleventh Range—Lot 6, 200 acres. This is valuable timber Land.
Twelfth Range—Part lot 14, 25 acres, commonly called McGregor's Farm.
Thirteenth Range—Part lot 13, 40 acres, with buildings thereon erected.
Also Insolvents interest on lot 15, in the 15th concession of Templeton, Quebec.
—ALSO—
THE UNDERMENTIONED LICENSES COMMONLY CALLED TIMBER LIMITS, will be sold at the same time belonging to same Estate:—
First License—Number Eight (8) for 1870 and 1871, to Cut Timber on the following limits:
PORTLAND, QUEBEC—Area 17½ square miles—To commence at the rear line of the township of Templeton, running on said rear line 6½ miles on the course due north, and in breadth not more than half way to the height of land between the Blanche and Lievre Rivers. The western boundary of this limit is the township of Wakefield. The upper boundary of this limit has only 2½ miles.
Secondly—License number eighty-eight (88) for 1870 and 1871, to cut Timber on the following limits, viz., Wakefield, Quebec.
Area 7½ square miles—Lots number 16, 17, 19, 20 and 21 in the eighth (8) Range; and 17, 18, 19, 21, 28 in the ninth (9) Range; 17 to 28 inclusive, E; ½ 22, N. ½ 25, 26, S. ½ 27, in the tenth Range; and 17, 18, 19, 20, and 21, S. ½ 22, E. ½ 23, S. ½ 24, 25, 26 in the eleventh Range of the township of Wakefield.
Also, the Insolvents interest in the Graphite Company of Canada, 200 shares.
Farming and Milling Implements, including a valuable Gumming Machine, Lathe Machine, Dies, Slab Cutters, &c., &c., &c.
For further particulars, apply to
WILLIAM LINDSAY,
Assignee,
2, Merchants Exchange Montreal.
November 24. 1522tf

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
85 SUSSEX STREET.
Elevated Oven Cook Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Low Oven Cook Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Double Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co
Box and Parlor Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co
Coal Stoves, Base Burners, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
The Quintal Coal Stove, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Parlour Cook Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Dumb Stoves, all sizes, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Hot Air Furnaces, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Stove Pipes and Elbows, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Lumbermen's Supplies, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
1st Prize Stoves can be seen, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Ottawa, Oct. 13, 1870.

HARDWARE! HARDWARE!



Sign of the ANVIL, 24 Rideau Street, where you can get a complete assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, and at prices to suit purchasers. Consisting in part of
GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHINGS:
Butcher Knives, Knives and Forks, Pocket Knives, Table Spoons, Tea Spoons, Tea Trays, Table Mats, Buts, Screws, Locks, Bolts, Catches, Latches, Axes, Saws, Planes, Squares, Hammers, Spokeshaves, Gouges, Chisels, Augers, Auger Bits, Steel Bits, Bevils, Levels, Boring Machines, Draw Knives, &c, &c, &c. Together with
PAINT OF ALL COLOURS:
Rose, Pink, Burnt Umber, Terra de Sienna, Chrome Yellow, Yellow Ochre, Celestial Blue, Paris Green, Brunswick Green, Magnesia Green, Venetian Green, Red Lead, White Lead, in Oil or Dry, Drop Black, Ivory Black, Lamp Black, Boiled Oil, Raw Oil, Turpentine, Benzole, Coal Oil, Paint Brushes, Varnishes, &c.
THOS. BIRKETT,
No. 24, Rideau Street,
Sign of the Anvil.
P. S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the City.
Ottawa, Nov 18, 1870

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.
Arrival Departure of Mails.
1870. FALL ARRANGEMENT. 1870.

MAILS.	CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE P.M.	DELIVERED A.M.	DELIVERED A.M.	DELIVERED P.M.
Eastern, by Train; Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	11.15	...	8.30	9.00	...	4.00
Montreal, by Steamer	6.00	...	...	...	...	...
Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B., by St. L. & O. Railway	11.15	...	...	9.00	...	4.00
Western, by Train; Toronto, Hamilton, London, Kingston, Western, U.S., and all places west of Prescott	4.30	...	8.30	9.00	...	7.15
Fort Garry and other places in the Province of Manitoba to be despatched in closed mail from Windsor, Ontario, daily, via St. Pauls, Minnesota. Ordinary Dominion rates of postage	8.30	...	8.30	...	...	...
United States, by St. L. & O. Railway; Ogdensburgh, New York, Boston, &c	1.15	...	8.30	9.00	...	7.15
Lower Ottawa, by Steamer; Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville, &c	6.00	...	...	9.00	...	4.00
Upper Ottawa, by Steamer; Onslow, Arnprior, Sand Point, Renfrew, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c	4.00	...	...	...	...	6.30
Upper Ottawa, by Stage; Pakenham, March, Huntley, Carp, &c	...	...	12.15	8.00	...	6.00
Aylmer, by Stage; Hull, Clarence, Bristol, &c	5.00	11.00	4.00	8.00	...	...
Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Burritt's Rapids by St. L. & O. Railway	7.30	11.15	...	9.00	11.00	4.00
North Gower, Kars, &c, per St. L. & O. Railway	11.15	...	...	9.00	...	...
Osgoode, Russell, and Line of St. L. & O. Railway	8.30	...	...	8.00	...	...
For Brockville, Perth, Smith's Falls, Appleton and Carleton Place, per Canada Central Railway	8.30	...	4.30	9.00	...	1.30
For Sand Point and places on the Brockville and Ottawa Railway, North of Carleton Place Junction, and places on C. C. Railway	8.30	...	...	8.00	...	1.30
Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate offices daily; Aylwin, Kazabazua, Low, River Desert, Six Portages, Wright, close Tuesdays and Fridays; arrive Tuesdays and Fridays	4.00	...	...	...	...	...
Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays	...	...	12.30	...	11.30	5.00

Matter posted up to 9.30 p.m. will be forwarded East and West in supplementary package the same night.

The Western Mail arriving at 7 p. m. will be delivered the same evening.

BRITISH MAILS.

Per Cunard Line, close every Tuesday at 10.45 a. m.

Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 10.30 a. m.

A supplementary bag for Canadian steamer will be closed at 11.30, in which all paid unregistered matter will be sent.

MONEY ORDERS

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on special deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required.

G. P. BAKER,
Postmaster.

Post Office,
Ottawa, 21st Nov., 1870.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS
Ex. Ships COGNAC, NEREO, UNION and CITY of QUEBEC, from the different places of Growth.
It is now AN ESTABLISHED FACT
If you want any First-Class BRANDIES or WINES and the best Family Groceries, you must go to
Thos. Patterson,
No. 26 Rideau Street.
The following Goods in Stock and for Sale:
BRANDIES.—Pure and unadulterated, good for any use, always on hand in Wood or Bottle.
PORT WINE—Pure and reliable (20 years old) for Medicinal purposes and the only House in the City that imports such WINES direct to order.
SHERRY WINES—Various grades, very, very Pale, (delicious flavour) Splendid Wines at a price to defy competition.
GIN—John De Kuyper & Son's Double-Berried, First-Class.
SCOTCH WHISKEY—Old and Mild, (full strength.)
RUM,
OLD RYE,
FAMILY PROOF,
AND
HIGH WINES,
of the best kind.
PORTER AND ALES.—Guiness's Dublin and Dawe's, Lachine, in splendid order.
COFFEE.—Delicious Flavour. Fresh Roasted and Ground Daily.
TEAS.—The best qualities of Black, Japan, and Green, new crop and fragant.
SUGARS and SYRUPS of all kinds.
CHEESE.—Fine old (Reesors and Factory) the best.
PICKLES and SAUCES, Jams and Jellies from Crosse and Blackwells, in great variety.
FRUITS.—The finest table and cooking raisins that can be had, large fresh and rich flavored.
CURRANTS.—Quite fresh and Candied Peels.
SPERM CANDLES and fancy perfumed soaps, the greatest variety in the city, and made to order by Field of London, England. There is an endless variety of those fine goods worthy of SPECIAL ATTENTION FOR FAMILIES, being of the finest qualities at moderate prices. Everybody should know that to use good goods saves money. TRY THEM.
Ottawa, December 5, 1870.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment Cures Croup or Rattles.—Dr. BINGHAM, of Utica New York, says: "I have used Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment in my practice a number of years, and can say with pleasure I deem it one of the greatest discoveries of the age; for the cure of Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammatory Rheumatism, and in Childbed Fever, it operates with perfect success. In cases of Burns, Bruises, Frost Limbs, it acts like a charm.

Dr. J. P. KENNEDY, of Chittenango, New York, says: "It has stood the *test trial*, and has not been found wanting. Its astonishing cures of Inflammation of the Lungs and Croup and the wonderful success in subsiding the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of remedies for these complaints."

Dr. A. W. BELDING, of Knowlesville, New York says: "I have used it in several cases of Special Irritation and for the worst cases of Piles, and sundry other complaints, and find it a superiore article, and well worthy the notice of all."

Purchasers should be sure and ask for Dr. R. Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and see that the words "A. TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT" are on the wrapper.

Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for the Canadas. Sold in Ottawa by all druggists and by medicine dealers everywhere.

ATTENTION!

If you want Choice VIRGIN HONEY, call at the New GROCERY STORE, Corner of Sussex and York Streets.

If you want SUPERIOR CHEESE, call at the New GROCERY STORE, Corner of Sussex and York Streets.

If you want FIRST-CLASS DAIRY BUTTER, call at the New GROCERY STORE Corner Sussex and York Streets.

—ALSO—

New Crop West End, Layers, Valencia and Seedless Raisins and Currants, Fresh Turkey Figs, Malaga Grapes, Lemons, Choice Imperial Prunes, Canded Peels, Gelatine, Cross & Blackwell's Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies, and Marmalades, Fresh Oysters, Lobsters Seguin Mackerel, Salmon and Tomatoes, with a choice lot of Scotch and English Ales and Porter, Wines and Brandies, Gin, Scotch Whiskey, Jamaica Rum, Old Rye, Syrups and

JOHN A. BITTERS,
CONSTANTLY ON HAND,
At the New GROCERY STORE, Corner Sussex and York Streets.
Extra Fine Green, Black and Japan Teas, Rio, Java and Turkey Coffee.
—ALSO—
Fine Family and Pastry Flour, Oat and Corn Meal, at the NEW GROCERY STORE, Corner Sussex and York Streets.
J. M. C. DELES DERNIERS,
Corner Sussex and York-sts.
Ottawa, Nov 29, 1870 1520tf

IF YOU WANT
TO SAVE MONEY
GO TO THE
PEOPLE'S TEA STORES,
—BY—
P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.,
No. 36 Rideau St., and Duke St., Chaudiere,
OTTAWA,
Where from their great increase of business and the large addition now put to their Store, with a well selected Stock, and constant attention on their part, will enable them to sell at prices not to be equalled elsewhere.
There will be found always on hand a general assortment of
GROCERIES,
TEAS in particular, imported,
LIQUORS, WINES, BRANDIES,
GIN, IRISH and
SCOTCH WHISKEY,
Gooderham & Worts'
HIGHWINES
OLD RYE, and PROOF,
With a fine assortment of Christmas and New Year's FRUITS and SYRUPS.
—ALSO—
WINTER APPLES,
ORANGES and LEMONS,
CHEESE, HAMS,
and BACON.
Remember our Motto—"Quick Sales and light Profits."
Try their TEAS.
Ottawa, Nov 29, 1870 1526

CANADA AND
U. S. PATENT AGENCY.
Patents solicited in Canada and the United States; Trade and Timber Marks, Industrial Designs, Copywrights, Transfers, &c., registered on the shortest notice, Copies of Laws, Circulars, and information, sent free on application. Drawings prepared and copied.
Charges moderate. United States Patents particularly attended to. Several valuable Patent Rights for sale.
T. G. COURSOLLES,
November 26, 1870 1524tf

WANTED,
For the ROMAN CATHOLIC Separate Schools of this City, two Male English Teachers holding 1st Class Certificates.
Application to be made to the undersigned, on or before the 15th inst.
WM. FINLEY,
Chairman Board of R. C. S. S. Trustees.
Ottawa, Dec 6, 1870 1532tf

President Grant's Geography.

From the N. Y. Sun.

When Ulysses S. Grant was a lad, anxious to inform his young mind preparatory to entering West Point, he pursued his geographical studies with an old gentleman living in Frankfort, Ky. That old gentleman was an accomplished lawyer, held several high judicial positions, was at one time a Senator in Congress, and finally terminated his official career as Secretary of the Treasurer. He was amiable and kind-hearted to the last degree, and he took great interest in his pupil, who was docile and attentive to his studies, receiving instruction with the same aptitude and intelligence that he has displayed in fitting himself for the duties of his present position. Whatever the preceptor knew on the subject of geography he communicated to his pupil, and the young man advanced rapidly under his tuition. But there were certain things that the teacher was never able to learn himself, and on these points Ulysses's knowledge was limited to the information derived from the old gentleman. When he was at the head of the Treasury Department a friend of ours had occasion to consult him in regard to some smuggling operations then in progress on the Canadian frontier. The Secretary, always alert and vigilant, was ready to second any measures to suppress illegal traffic, and in the course of conversation inquired as to the extent of the commerce between Buffalo and Toronto. The answer was that the direct trade was insignificant, the external business of Toronto being chiefly transacted with Oswego and other ports on Lake Ontario. But, inquired the geographical Secretary, cannot vessels pass directly from Buffalo to Toronto? The answer was, yes, by the way of the Welland Canal. The old gentleman cursed the Welland Canal with considerable emphasis, and swore that thereafter our vessels should avoid that route and go directly by the river and lake. They might go that way, was the rejoinder, but the trouble would be to get over the falls coming back.

Gen. Grant, having learned nothing on the subject of geography since he completed his studies at Frankfort, has distinct ideas that vessels can take in cargo in the upper lake ports and proceed direct to Liverpool, without using the Canadian canal, the obstacle to surmount being the disobliging disposition of the Government of the Dominion, which obstinately declines to grant us the free navigation of the St. Lawrence.

DOMINION NEWS.

The St. Mary's *Argus* regrets to learn the death of Mr. John Black, Nissouri, from consumption brought on by over study at the Toronto University. He had received scholarships in metaphysics, &c., and was a very promising young man, about to enter the Presbyterian ministry.

Minks are vastly more numerous than usual, and a good many have been killed.

A general seizure of nets has been made at Hamilton for violation of fishery laws.

Three lads, aged nine, broke into the Montreal Bank at Niagara, and stold $37.

Polite circles in Toronto are at present greatly exercised over a monstrous scandal that has been developed. A certain well-known barrister, being afflicted with *klopemania*, had for some time been suspected of divers petty thefts in sundry stores, but chiefly in the book line. A few days ago he entered a prominent bookstore and began looking over the stock, and pricing various books. After remaining for a few minutes he started to leave, but was met at the door by one of the junior clerks, who had been intently watching his movements throughout, and who politely requested that he should restore the book he was carrying away under his coat. The gentleman affected great indignation, and was about to appeal to the proprietor to chastise the impertinence of his clerk. Just then the proprietor himself appeared upon the scene, and reasserted the charge made by the clerk adding that if the book was not immediately restored or paid for, he would take legal measures. The lawyer, covered with confusion, gave up the book, and returned very much crestfallen and disgusted. He has not appeared in public for several days.

A murderous assault was perpetrated by one Kerr, of Galt, upon his wife one day recently. The *Reporter* says he went into the room where the woman was lying in bed, and attempted to stab her. In defending herself she was dragged out of the bed by Kerr, who succeeded in getting her down on the floor, where he continued his determined attempts to kill her, cutting her with the knife in a fearful manner about the head, face and neck, one gash cutting slightly the jugular vein, and another almost severing her upper lip. In her efforts to save herself, the poor woman had evidently caught hold of the knife with her hands, for her fingers were gashed most severely, and her left hand has received a cut across the palm, which almost severed it through to the back. Mr. Jardine interfered, and, with other assistance which arrived, Kerr was secured, and shortly after lodged in safe keeping. When asked as to his motive for the crime, Kerr only replied "that he had done it and would die for it." Medical aid for the unfortunate woman was at once procured and her wounds attended to. Her case is considered dangerous.

The House of Hohenzollern.

An English paper, of extreme liberal views, says:—

No royal house in Europe has more positive traditions of ambitious, self-seeking, and tyrannical rule than that of Hohenzollern, and none has been more aggressive and unscrupulous in its conduct to neighboring states. The father of Frederick, miscalled the "Great," is depicted by Carlyle as a harsh, crazy, and cruel brute, and the eccentric historian's laudation of his character is completely contradicted by the logic of the facts he details. The Great Frederick's whole life was spent in aggrandizement and aggression, and he was a willing accomplice in the infamous partition of Poland. By three successive robberies, Prussia gained from that ill fated country 35,000 square miles of territory, and four or five millions of unwilling subjects. In 1815 the Hohenzollerns regained their old territory, and important additions, at the expense of Saxony, Sweden, and potentates on the Rhine. In 1864 and 1866, by fresh wars, Prussia reached the dimensions of 137,000 square miles and 23,000,000 people, besides a command over all Germany, except the bit she permitted Austria to retain. Her annexations on these occasions comprehended Schleswig-Holstein, Nassau, Hanover, Hesse Cassel and Hesse-Homburg. The territory of the German Confederation, dominated by Prussia through these transactions, amounts to 160,000 square miles and comprises 36,000,000 people. The Prussian monarchy, throughout all these proceedings, encourages its army to treat civilians with haughtiness and contempt. If any soldier fancied himself insulted by a civilian, he was authorized to run him through, and quite lately we have heard of an officer, who, from conscientious motives, refused to fight a duel, being disgraced. German Liberals, most anxious for the unity of their country, looked with distrust and alarm at the Prussianizing process. They knew that the old king—the father of the present one—had violated his promise of granting a constitution, and they dreaded an accumulation of power in the hands of the present monarch, who had proved himself capable of great ferocity in suppressing liberty, and sustaining what he calls "divine right." Many writers in what are called "liberal" papers have thought proper to ignore all these facts, and try to blind their readers to the mischief that may arise from a continuance of Prussian—as contradistinguished from German—success. The *Examiner* has, from the commencement of the war, pointed to these facts, and some Tory journalists have also indicated them; but the *Daily News* has all along behaved as if its editors had been appointed by Bismark, and that their chief duties were to mislead the English and malign the French.

CLERGYMEN WANTING WIVES.

Clergymen are not generally supposed to be among those who advertise for wives in newspapers. In this country, at least, instead of their being embarrassed in finding partners for life, their embarrassment generally is to choose among the many ladies who aspire to the responsibilities and duties of a clergyman's wife. In England, however, it seems to be otherwise; and a single copy of the *Matrimonial News* published in London, contains among its advertisements three from clergymen, which we here subjoin:

A CLERGYMAN, aged 28, with a nice living, good residence, and well connected, wishes to marry, and would like to correspond with a lady under 30 years of age, and having some private property of her own.

A CLERGYMAN, tall, dark, handsome, aged about 30, whose present income is £140, would like to correspond with a lovable lady, from 20 to 35 years of age, with some means in her own right. He would like to exchange *cartes* 747 or 491.

A CLERGYMAN of the Established Church, aged 26, tall and good-looking, but with only £100 per annum, wishes to marry, and would like to correspond with a young lady of good family, pleasing appearance, and some good means.

AMERICAN NOTES.

In Jasper County, Indiana, an ancient matron of 75 desires to be released from her husband, aged 78 years.

Stuttering is the fashion with Milwaukee ladies.

"Epigastric extacy" is the Washington phrase for oysters.

A secret society of young women exists in Memphis. Each member is bound not to marry a man who cannot give her a diamond ring.

An ingenious mechanic of Memphis has secured a patent for a stall-cutter and puller. He claims that it will cut in one day as much as a dozen or twenty hands.

The drouth still remains unbroken in Maine. Many of the mills are running on reduced time for the scarcity of water. Wells and cisterns fail to furnish the supply of water that is needed.

The Richmond *Whig* is sanguine that, ere many years pass away, it will probably see "the ambitious, arrogant, and self-seeking New England States reduced to their proper political level."

At Effingham, Ill., on the 16th ult., Judge Dean licensed to practice in his court Mrs. Ada H. Kepley, who graduated at the Chicago law school last winter. In making the order in favor of Mrs. Kepley, the learned judge said that he did it because "he thought it was proper and in accord with the spirit of the age."

Ben. Butler may as well withdraw from the scenes of active life. We copy the following from that lively paper, the *Svenska Amerikanaren*: "Det arklart att gen. Butlers uppgift som kongressman skall blifva att soka geno mdrifva dessa sina infor allmanheten attalade asigter." Butler may be "som kongressman," but it cannot be possible that he will ever hold up his head again.

A Providence girl of sixteen, who recently graduated with the highest honors from the high school, immediately went into a factory and earned there $100. On Monday she started alone, armed with only her small fund, a flattering testimonial from the Superintendent of Schools and her determined spirit, for Oberlin, Ohio, to enter Oberlin College, where she can complete her education in a full collegiate course.

We now clip the following from the Leavenworth *Times* of the 28th: "Our latest advices from Butler County state that great excitement existed there in consequence of the lynching of Jim Smith, Lewis Booth, George Booth and Lewis Corbin by a mob of fifteen armed men. The charge against them was, we believe, horse stealing."

Says the Kansas City *Bulletin* of the 29th: "A Texas steer crossing the railroad track in West Kansas City yesterday broke his leg in a 'cattle-guard.' He started to run on three legs, and defied capture. It was finally decided to shoot the suffering brute. A shot-gun was pro-

cured, and four loads of shot put into 'that Texan's hide.' He fell, but continued to struggle. Five loads more were then shot into him as he lay before he would give up his life. He was 'beefed.'"

Some few years since one of the clerks in a prominent banking house of Albany, having had an intimation that it was proposed to dispense with his services, boldly entered the private office of the President and said: "Mr. President, I have made up my mind that the interests of this bank require that either you or myself should leave its service. As you are the leading owner of the bank, and have a large family to support, I have concluded to leave you in your position and retire myself." The young man "retired."

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Lecture at the Young Men's Christian Association Rooms.
The Gem—Munro & Watson.
Notice—Ira Morgan.
St Lawrence and Ottawa Railway.
An Assistant Bookkeeper Wanted.
The Metropolitan Building and Savings Society.

TO THE PUBLIC.

Mr. J G. DAVIS *is authorized to receive advertisements and subscriptions for* THE TIMES. *Now that we are about* ENLARGING THE SIZE *of* THE TIMES *and introducing other improvements, advertisers should take advantage of the increased circulation which it will at once be certain to obtain. In other directions, as well as in Ottawa, we are making exertions to extend our subscription list and to add to the value of* THE TIMES *as an advertising medium.*

The Ottawa Times.
Office: 36, Sparks Street.
THURSDAY, DECEMBER 15 1870.

☞ *For interesting reading matter see First Page.*

APPOINTMENTS.

We learn that Mr. James Seymour, of St. Catherines, has been appointed Collector of Inland Revenue at St Catherines, in the place of Mr. Thomson removed, and that Mr. Leclerc has been appointed to a like office in the District of Terrebonne in the place of Major Ouimette deceased.

THE SCHOOL ACT.

The act to improve the Common and Grammar Schools of the Province of Ontario, drafted by Dr. Ryerson, with a view to its introduction by the Government, is a long and comprehensive bill, and one which deserves close consideration and scrutiny. Would it not be well for our school trustees to meet and consider the nature of the proposed changes?

We understand that Mr. Keefer, Secretary of the Canal Commission, has received a number of replies from several of those gentlemen whose opinion has been asked regarding the canal system of Canada. The several Boards of Trade have yet to be heard from. After the 20th, Mr. Keefer will set to work arranging the replies received, and compiling the information contained in them. When this is done he will communicate with the Chairman, who will call a meeting of the Board to discuss the various suggestions offered by practical and experienced men. There can be no doubt that by pursuing the course which they have adopted, the Canal Commissioners will be able to deal with this important question in an intelligent and satisfactory manner.

It is reported that the Hon. John Bright is to be sent to the United States for the purpose of effecting an amicable settlement of all matters now in dispute between Great Britain and the American Republic. This may be only an untoward rumour and we trust that it is, for Mr Bright is so warmly prejudiced in favour of the Americans that we fear he would be willing to abandon every just claim which England has rather than see any trouble arise between the two nations. At all events we trust that the interests of Canada will not be confided to Mr. Bright's keeping in any way. We are as desirous as he can be to see the most friendly feelings established between the British Empire and the American Republic, but we do not believe in giving up what of right belongs to us in order to gratify the grasping tendencies of our neighbours. The Government and people of this country have no desire by chicanery or otherwise, to become possessed of anything that is not rightfully their own, but what does belong to them they intend to keep. Hence we should be very sorry to see Mr. Bright allowed to dabble in the Fishery question or in any other matter in which Canadians are personally and directly interested.

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

We are in receipt of the Victoria *Colonist*, which is jubilant over the result of the elections in that city. It declares "that the terms are endorsed, Confederation and responsible Government are secured." The electors appear to have gone as a unit for Confederation, throughout the Province, and Dr. Helmcken recently in this city as one of the delegates to procure Confederation, made the following declaration on thanking the electors for his return:

Dr. Helmcken next came forward and thanked the electors for having returned his pupil, the member, Mr. Nathan returned with him. (Cheers and laughter.) The colony had this day 'crossed the Rubicon.' (Hear.) *From this day it might be reckoned as part of the Dominion of Canada.* (*Cheers.*) The responsibility rested with those who had voted for him; but he expected only good to flow from the union. Confederation would assist Canada in making a nation extending from the Pacific to the Atlantic. Just now we seemed like dry plaster of Paris; but we would mix that dry plaster and use it in cementing the people of British Columbia and Canada in one perfect Brotherhood.

Dr. Helmcken retired amid loud cheering.

Doubtless Dominion Day will see Canada laved by the waters of the Pacific on the one side and by the Atlantic on the other.

"RUIN AND DECAY."

The Anti Union papers in Nova Scotia used to be fond of talking about "the ruin and decay" which would result from Confederation. The Yarmouth *Tribune* furnishes the following facts with a view of showing the wretched condition to

[illegible] for Leith, did so a few days since, and the colonial question being introduced the honourable gentleman read a letter from a friend in Canada, from which the following is an extract:

"Many of us are deeply grieved to see the Imperial Government abandoning the time-honoured and historical fortresses of Quebec and Kingston. It looks like leaving us to our fate. However, we are amply able to take care of ourselves, except in case of war with the United States, when, of course, we should have to succumb, as we only number between four and five millions, while they are probably over forty millions, though, if Old England did not wish the United States to absorb us, they could not do it. We have a large force of Volunteers, and they shoot well."

Mr. MacFie stated that he sent a copy of the letter to Mr. Gladstone, from whom he received the following reply:

"With regard to the Canada question, I am afraid the Government and your correspondent are at issue on the first elements of it. Where he sees abandonment and enfeeblement, we see strength, union, and consolidation.

"I am, dear Mr. Macfie,
"Faithfully yours,
"W. E. GLADSTONE.

"R. A. Macfie, Esq., M.P."

It is evident from what has transpired during the past few months, that the Imperial Government have no idea whatever of abandoning the colonies, and that in fact, with the exception, perhaps of Mr. Bright, who would rather give up half the British Empire than have an angry word with the Americans, no member of the government wishes us to go. "STRENGTH UNION AND CONSOLIDATION," should be the cry throughout the Dominion now. Now, more than ever when it becomes every day more evident to every thinking man, that England and England's colonies have no friends upon whom they can rely outside their own Imperial circle; now that France, our only ally is prostrate, the United States and Russia avowedly hostile to us, and both desirous of our ruin; it is necessary that we should show a firm and united front, and utilize and develop that strength which can only come of Union. We must learn to be thoroughly independent of our neighbors, to rely in commercial matters upon ourselves alone, so that if they choose to put an end to all intercourse with Canada, and erect a Chinese wall of separation between the two countries, we may still pursue our onward course without interruption, and carve out our own destiny without foreign aid. This is the kind of independence we desire to see established. Not independence of the Mother Country, but independence of American assistance, and a thorough going reliance upon our own resources.

THE EASTERN QUESTION.

The opinion seems to be rapidly gaining ground in well informed European political circles, that strive as England may to stave off the evil day, the Eastern Question will sooner or later have to be settled by the *ultima ratio regum*, the stern incontrovertible logic of breach loading rifles and Armstrong guns.

When the late Czar Nicholas lay dying, humiliated and broken hearted by the failure of all his plans for the conquest of Turkey, he is reported to have said that he died a victim to the English Peace-at-any-price party. Whether the dying monarch really said so or not, it is pretty certain that had it not been for the speeches made by the prominent leaders of that party, and the constant assurances which they in language more or less direct gave to the world that England would not fight under any circumstances, the Russian troops would never have crossed the Pruth, Alma, Inkerman, and Sebastopol would have been names unknown to fame, and not invested as now they are with glorious yet mournful recollections in many an English home.

It may be that to day the Emperor Alexander, forgetful of what led to his royal father's downfall and death, regards England as a land where the value of things is judged by a money standard alone, where honour and valour are no longer prized, and the spirit of true and earnest patriotism has become a thing of the past. There is, it must be confessed, much to encourage this belief in the mind of any one who with but a limited knowledge of English character and English politics, takes only a superficial view of the position of affairs. Mr. Bright the great Apostle of the "peace-at-any-price" party, a man, who is himself, to a great extent responsible for the Crimean war and all the bloodshed and suffering which it occasioned, is now a member of the Government, and is no doubt ready to see treaties trampled under foot, the rights and honour of England set at naught, and the symbol of Russian despotism floating on the minarets of Pera and the forts of the Dardanelles, rather than the British Government should declare war. At the same time Conservative papers carried away beyond the bounds of either truth or prudence in their desire to prove the present Administration thoroughly inefficient and neglectful of its duties, are loudly proclaiming to the world that England has neither fleet or army, and that if she were willing to go to war with Russia, she lacks the power to do so.

When thus ultra Liberals are declaring that England *will* not fight, and the Tories are as loud in their assurances that she *cannot* if she would; while France, England's only ally, lies prostrate and bleeding at every pore, with "something else to do," as *L'Echo Français* says, "than to trouble herself about the key of the Holy Land or even that of the Isthmus of Suez," it must seem to the Cabinet of St. Petersburgh a highly appropriate time for raising the Eastern question once more. Had they been actuated by innocent motives, had they not been animated by designs against the security and independence of Turkey, and merely desired to rid themselves of certain treaty provisions which had become wearisome and degrading. Russian statesmen would in the first place have preferred doing as Lord Granville has now compelled them to do, viz: submit the matter to a conference composed of the representatives of the various nations which participated in the Treaty of 1856. But the ultimate absorption of Turkey is an object for the attainment of which Russian statesmen have toiled earnestly and persistently for nearly a century. They may be disposed now to ascertain what they can gain by an International conference. But sooner or later, if the opinions of astute European politicians are worth anything, still further demands will be made, which will be far less easily resisted when a strong Russian naval force has been established in the Black Sea, than they could be at the present juncture

THE OTTAWA FIRES—MR. LYON'S SPEECH.

On Monday last, in referring to the Ottawa fires and the action of the Ontario Government in connection therewith, Mr. Lyon, M. P. P., spoke as follows. He said that—

He was very much pleased to hear the remarks of the hon. member for South Bruce on the destruction caused by fires in the Ottawa district. Although he (Mr. Lyon) was a supporter of the Government, he felt it his duty to speak out on this matter. He regretted that the Attorney-General was not in his place, in order that he might hear something concerning the manner in which he had acted with respect to the fires in the Ottawa district. Having narrated some of the incidents which transpired during the fire, the speaker proceeded to state that, in connection with the member for Russell, he thought it his duty to visit Toronto after the events he described. The Warden of the County and he (Mr. Lyon) called upon the Attorney General, and regretted, that the answer of that gentleman was that nothing could be done. He knew that Nova Scotia had received $5 000, and hoped the Ottawa sufferers would receive some assistance. He asked for a loan of $100,000 to those who could find good security, and also for a loan of $50 000 to those who were owing the Government for their lands; and he also stated his belief that this House would back up any grant that might be given. The Attorney-General said it would be unconstitutional to give the relief. Finally, he offered to advance $100,000 for ten years at 6 per cent if the County Council would guarantee it. He (Mr. Lyon) replied that the Council would guarantee it; but said at the same time that the Government was only getting 4 per cent from the banks. The Attorney-General answered that the money would be locked up for ten years, and that there could be no other terms than those he had proposed. The terms were referred to the people of the burned district, but they refused them; and said they would not accept the loan even at four per cent if that was the way they were to be treated by the Province. He felt very deeply the sympathy which had been so generously expressed by the leader of the Opposition. (Hear, hear.) He might say the leader of the Opposition as well as the Attorney-General himself had forwarded such a donation to the Relief Committee. He might also say that all the sympathy he received from the Attorney General was "What have you done that the Almighty has afflicted you in that way?" (Laughter.) The reply that (Lyon) made was—"I am sorry to say the only reason I know is that I have supported your Government for three years." (Renewed laughter.) There was application made to the Local Government of Quebec; and the answer was that although there had been a fire in the Saguenay district, and $15 000 had been contributed, still the Government would not let the deputation go away empty; and they contributed $3,000. (Applause.)

Hon. Mr. Richards—Was not that for the Lower Canada side?

Mr. Lyon replied that it was for all the sufferers. He might say, indeed, that there were but one hundred families burned out on the Lower Canada side; while there were five hundred families in his (Mr. Lyon's) district, and sixty or seventy in the country of Russell. The Treasurer boasted of the surplus of the finances; but Lower Canada, which had not any resources, had shown more generosity in coming to the rescue. After stating that the committee had received $38,750, and had expended $30,000, and complaining that the balance was totally inadequate to the demand, the speaker went on to comment on the action of the city of Toronto. The Relief Committee had been promised $10,000 by Toronto, but he supposed the city thought, as the Premier did, that the grant would be unconstitutional. He regretted that even no private contributions were started here, for several western cities had stated they would follow the lead of Toronto, but Toronto gave no sign. He thought the Province of Ontario could well afford to give $50,000. The Treasurer had stated there were $3,1000,00 laid up. He (Mr. Lyon) would ask were the people to be turned out to starve rather than that a constitutional principle should be broken.

Mr. Lyon said that if the Government, when they came down with the estimates, should make no provision for the Ottawa sufferers, and if the Opposition did not bring in a vote of censure, he would do so. The Government would be turned out on that vote; and they would be defeated if they went to the country on it. But if they were defeated they could not accuse him, for he had generously supported them, and would do so still; but he could not face his constituents on this question. He was sorry the Attorney-General—who, as he understood, was sick—was not now in his place to explain his action in this matter.—(Hear, hear.)

Latest by Telegraph

BY PEOPLE'S LINE.

OFFICE:—G. P. Drummond's Exchange Office 19 Sparks Street.

KINGSTON.

Execution of the Murderers Daniel Mann and James Deacon.

FULL PARTICULARS.

KINGSTON, Dec. 14.

The execution of the prisoners, Daniel Mann and James Deacon, the former convicted of murdering a penitentiary guard, and the latter with poisoning his wife, in the township of Clarendon, took place here this morning, at eight o'clock. Only the prison officials, the spiritual advisers, the reporters of the press, and a few others, were admitted to the goal to witness the scene—the execution being in strict accordance with the new law.

The prisoners both passed the night in earnest prayer in their respective cells, attended by their ministers.

Deacon was attended by the Rev. Mr. Patton, Episcopal Methodist Minister of Inverary, who was most fervent in his ministrations.

Shortly before 8 o'clock the criminal Mann was taken into Deacon's cell, where they both joined together in a feeling prayer. They then, at ten minutes to 8 o'clock, submitted themselves quietly into the hands of the two hangmen, who appeared masked, and immediately commenced their work, the prisoners offering not a murmur.

After they had affectionately taken leave of the gaoler and his wife and another lady, Deacon led the way, following the Sheriff with a steady step. He displayed more fortitude than Mann, who nevertheless walked along very steadily. Besides the prisoners on the platform were several reporters. The Rev. Mr. Patton read a chapter from the New Testament while preparations were going on. Nothing was said by either of the prisoners, except that Mann requested the executioners to place the rope around his neck more to his (Mann's) liking; then the black caps were pulled over their heads. Before both should be launched into eternity they were bound at the knees, and after a short prayer for the souls of the convicts had been offered, the drop fell with a thud at eight o'clock.

Deacon's body showed much quivering. The culprits remained suspended for one hour, and were then cut down and laid out in their coffins to be subsequently buried in the jail yard.

Upon examination Deacon's neck was found to be unbroken and only a ligature found to be severed.

An inquest was held by Dr. Barker, and witnesses called to prove that the majesty of the law had been faithfully carried out.

None of the deceased's relatives were present at the inquest.

The crowd outside the gaol was not as large as on previous occasions, and waited for some time in hope of getting a glimpse of the execution, but gradually dispersed as it became known that in accordance with the law the execution would be private.

The executioners are stated to have been most merciful in the discharge of their business.

A black flag was hoisted on the gaol a few minutes before and after the execution.

THE WAR.

There is great excitement in Brussells concerning the threats of Count von Bismarck as to Luxemburg. The report is current there, in official circles, that Prussia is really resolved to withdraw her guarantee of the neutrality of Luxemburg

The London clubs are full of rumours of the speedy consummation of arrangements for making peace and for the restoration of the empire. Great significance is attached to the manner in which the Empress Eugenie has been received by Queen Victoria at Windsor.

The feeling is strong that victory is hopeless for the French under the Republic, and private advices are said to indicate that there is a great reaction everywhere in favor of the restoration of the Empire

Men are contrasting the twenty years of order and prosperity enjoyed under his reign with the present wretchedness and anarchy.

London thinks the Government at Tours has proved itself incompetent either to conduct war or negotiate a peace.

The advance of the Germans upon Havre has been turned aside to the east.

Dieppe will probably be occupied.

The loss of the Germans in the battles on the Loire was over 7,000 men.

LONDON, Dec. 13.—A correspodent of the *Pall Mall Gazette*, at the Hague, credits the statement that the King of Holland, in November last, assigned the Grand Duchy of Luxemburg to Prussia.

From private sources we learn that the Eastern question is again agitated.

The Russian Minister to Constantinople is asking further annullments of the Paris Treaty.

England is taking precautionary measures to guard against surprise. Malta and Gibraltar have been reinforced, and largely supplied with warlike stores. The Channel and Mediterranean fleets are ready for any eventuality.

French despatches say the army of the Loire is leading the forlorn hope in its last struggle for France.

The Germans claim continued victories. The German batteries command every point of Paris.

The *Notre Dame* presents as fair a target as did the Strasbourg Cathedral.

Napoleon refuses to give his consent to any schemes of restoration at present, saying that his part is to remain silent in inaction until the Republicanism shall either have capitulated or been dispersed.

Advices from the British Legation at Pekin report that the natives are quiet, and that no further disturbance need be feared.

A deputation from the German Federal Parliament is about to set out to visit King William's headquarters before Paris, to present an address to him, presumably relating to his assumption of the title of Emperor.

Russia is holding negotiations with Ali Pasha, and is said to entirely ignore the projected Conference regarding the Treaty of 1857 as already null. She has 300,000 troops on the Austrian frontier, and 6 frigates and 30 gunboats at Nicolaeff. There may be some apprehension felt that she has been intriguing to gain time.

The opening of the bombardment is positively fixed for December 18th.

LONDON, December 13—6 a. m.—A special despatch from Brussels to the *Telegraph* says that the Germans will immediately occupy Luxemburg as a military necessity

Bismarck in a circular to the North German Ambassador, dated December 3rd, grounds his disregard for the neutrality of Luxemburg on the fact that the Grand Duchy had forbidden the transit of the wounded Germans through its territory.

They had suffered the revictualling of Thionville and had omitted to stop French fugitives.

NEW YORK, December 14.—A telegram has been received announcing the death of Alexandre Dumas.

NEW YORK, Dec. 12—Cotton, 15¼.

Flour without decided change; receipts, 9 000 barrels; sales, 10,000 barrels at $5 20 to 5 45 dollars for superfine state and western; 5 95 to 6 50 dollars for common to choice extra state; 5 90 to 6 50 for common to choice extra western.

Rye flour steady.

Wheat, quiet; receipts, 19,000 bushels; sales 48 000 bushels at 1 37 to 1 37½ dollar for new No. 1 spring; $1 44 to $1 45 for winter red and amber winter; $1 50 for white Michigan,

Corn quiet; receipts 36 000 bushels; sales 27,000 bushels at 74 to 76 cts. for new mixed western.

Barley dull and drooping; sales 6,000 bushels at 78 cts for state; $1 01 for Canada.

Oats dull; receipts 42,000 bushels; sales 23 000 bushels at 60 to 61 cts. for western and Ohio.

Pork, dull at $19.75 for new mess, to $20 for old mess.

Lard dull at 10½c. to 12c. for steamed kettle.

Butter steady.

Cheese quiet.

The Removal of the Residence of the Lord Bishop of Ontario.

To the Editor of THE TIMES:

DEAR SIR,—It will interest many churchmen in this city to read the accompanying resolutions.

After several intemperate attacks on our Bishop in the Kingston papers, it cannot but be most gratifying that the supreme council (as it may be called) of the Diocese, has so entirely endorsed the action of his Lordship.

Yours, &c.
T. BEDFORD-JONES.

At a meeting of the Executive Committee of the Diocese of Ontario, held in the Synod office on Friday morning, the following resolutions were unanimously passed:

Resolved—That the members of the Executive Committee having heard the statement of the Bishop setting forth, amongst other reasons, that the necessities of the Diocese require his removal to Ottawa, his determination that the See shall remain at Kingston, and his suggestions with regard to the election of a Coadjutor Bishop, who shall reside in the city of Kingston, beg leave to record their entire satisfaction therewith, and hereby pledge themselves to do all they can to carry out the spirit of his Lordship's suggestions in this respect.

Resolved—That his Lordship be requested to call a meeting of the Synod of the Diocese at his earliest convenience, in order to bring before them the election of a Coadjutor Bishop to reside in the city of Kingston

The Executive Committee then received, on motion of Dean Lyster that the Bishop to call a meeting of the Synod at his earliest convenience, to elect a Coadjutor Bishop to reside in Kingston. It is fully expected among churchmen that Archdeacon Patton will be chosen Coadjutor. It is thought there will be no opposition to his nomination, and that the Synod will make a prompt election.

WAR NEWS.

HOPELESS CONDITION OF THE PARISIANS.

The absolute failure of the late sorties from Paris is confirmed by advices from within the city to December 4. Ducrot had withdrawn behind the Marne; the former lines of the Germans had been restored and strengthened; and further offensive operations on the part of the besieged appeared impossible. The opinion prevailed at the American Legation in Paris (as mentioned above) that the defence could not be maintained longer than three weeks. Unable to break the investing line or to re-supply the city, Trochu must suffer on in vain hope of relief from without. The Government at Tours counsels further resistance, but it comes with bad grace from men already flying from danger. Gambetta says that the condition of the Army of the Loire is good, and that another forward movement will soon take place, but his zeal somehow never has inspired confidence or heralded success, and it will likely continue to be so.

The authorities of Paris must be fully aware that, without a co-operative force from without, any breach through the German lines they might be able to make, by piling numbers against the besiegers, could only end disastrously. For fifty miles around the city the country is devastated, and neither provisions nor forage can be procured. To march in weather such as prevails at this season to meet reinforcements would be an impossibility, and hence it is only left for the besieged capital to sample the foolishness of unnecessarily enduring the torments of starvation for no good end, and ultimately surrendering when "honor" has reduced every human being to a shadow. An ounce of wise discretion in such a case as that of the Parisians would be worth a ton of "bubble reputation."

THE SORTIES OF THE 30TH ULTIMO.

A correspondent of the headquarters of Prince George of Saxony furnishes the London press with a long despatch descriptive of the sortie from Paris made on Wednesday of last week, which was preceded by a cannonading from all the forts and batteries bearing on the position as has seldom been seen. The account says:

"In the forenoon there had been a sortie towards Stains. Three battalions came over the flat against it, supported by a close sustained fire from the Fort du Nord and Lunette de Stains. The village was garrisoned by the Second regiment of the Guard and battalions of Queen Elizabeth's regiment. The French had two battalions of Gardes Mobiles and one of Garde Imperiale. They came on with great resolution and in excellent order. The German Guards, who were waiting for them, received them with a steady fire within short range. The Freuchmen tried a rush, but the bullets stopped them. After holding their ground for a little while, and exchanging shots with the Germans, the inevitable result, a retrograde movement, set in. The French, however, deserve credit for the regular manner of the retreat

Another demonstration, in the direction of Bourget, was made at a later hour. Dense columns of French troops appeared on the plain in front of Fort Aubervillier, and advanced steadily towards Bourget, but they lost heart before they got nearer than the railway station, and never came within range. Bourget, already pounded with shells, was again bombarded all day. In fact, the fire of shells from the forts all round the circuit was heavy and continuous, but so wild and purposeless with all that it did little damage. Everything on the northern side has been in the nature of a feint.

Trochu's war bulletins claim successes in the recent sorties, but the statement that on the night of the 3rd Ducrot's forces bivouacked at Vincennes is sufficient evidence that the French were unable to maintain their positions on the left bank of the Marne. Prince George of Saxony also telegraphs to the King, at Dresden, that further offensive movements on the part of the French are impossible. He may be, however, too confident. It is hardly probable that Trochu will capitulate without making another desperate effort to cut through the German investing line. That he will fail we have no doubt; but that he will order four hundred thousand men to lay down their arms without one last struggle for victory is scarcely to be believed.

An Incident of the Siege of Paris

Some time back Lieutenant Hoffman, 12th company, royal grenadier regiment, being at the Crown Prince's, happened to speak of what went on at the outposts, what houses were in front, and of the people they saw, whereupon His Royal Highness, in a laughing way observed, "I wish you would bring me a late Paris newspaper out of one of them." The young officer said nothing, but when next he was on duty he went out in advance of the sentries, and in the dusk he managed to enter a house within a few hundred yards of Valerian, which was occupied by an Englishman. The apparition of a Prussian officer, revolver in hand, was startling, and the demand for the last Paris paper equally astonishing in its way. "Needs must," &c. The paper was produced, and carried off with an addition, for the master of the house entreated the officer to receive some wine, in order that he might say to the French that the foray had been made for the sake of the drinkables. The tale is an illustration of coolness, tact, and daring, and of a desire to serve his prince, on the part of the Prussian officer, which will, no doubt, be duly appraciated.

Princess Louise's Bridesmaids.

At the marriage of the Princess Louise to the Marquis of Lorne there will be eight bridesmaids. Of these seven have already been chosen, viz: Lady Constance Seymour, daughter of the Marquis of Hertford; Lady Elizabeth Campbell, daughter of the Duke of Argyll; Lady Florence Lennox, daughter of the Duke of Richmond; Lady Florence Leveson Gower, daughter of the Duke of Sutherland; Lady Mary Butler, daughter of the Marquis of Ormonde; Lady Alice Fitzgerald, daughter of the Marquis of Kildare, and Lady Florence Montague daughter of the Earl of Sandwich.

BREAKFAST.—EPPS'S COCOA—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.—The very agreeable character of this preparation has rendered it a general favorite. The *Civil Service Gazette* remarks:—"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills." Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in tin-lined packets, labelled—JAMES EPPS & Co., Homœopathic Chemists, London.

HEALTH IS STRENGTH.—To prevent or conquer disease is one of the grandest attainments ever aimed at by man; and Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers will as sure cure coughs, colds, tickling in the throat and pulmonry complaints, as war and pestilence will destroy. Severe colds if not attended to sooner or later lead to incurable consumption, and the strength of the strongest soon falls if neglected. The readiest and best means known for the cure of these complaints is "Byran's Pulmonic Wafers," which have been thoroughly tried for the last twenty years, and have never been known to fail. Singers and public speakers will also derive great benefit from the use of them. Sold by all medicine dealers, at 25cts. per box.

To hand, our Autumn Shade in "Josephine, best Kid Gloves," also "Jouvines" good medal) new colours at 75ct. per pair.
T. HUNTON, SHOOLBREAD & Co

Ladies and Children's Fancy Woolen Goods in endless Variety. Clouds from 37½c. to 2.50 at
T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.

THE CORPORATION OF THE COUNTY OF CARLETON.

NOTICE.

TENDERS

Will be received by WM COWAN, Esq, County Clerk, Carleton, addressed to the undersigned, until 12 o'clock, noon, on

Wednesday, the 21st Dec., 1870,

for contracts to furnish and deliver at the County Goal the following supplies viz,

150 Cords of Good Sound Merchantable Rock Maple Wood
25 do do Tamarac do
25 do do Hemlock do

Thirty cords of the Maple to be dry and delivered in the month of January next, Rest to be green, and all to be cut from sound growing timber, and to be delivered not later than the first day of April next, and to be properly and closely piled in gaol yard where directed by Governor of Gaol

Tenders to state price per cord of 128 cubic feet, and names of good and sufficient sureties for due fulfillment of contract

Payment to be made on completion of contract by Warden's order on County Treasurer.

Tenders will also be received as above for

PRISONERS RATIONS,

Consisting of following supplies, and to state price of Bread, per pound; Beef or Fresh Meat, per pound; Potatoes, per bushel of 60 lbs; Oatmeal, per pound; Herring, per dozen.

Sufficient security will be required for performance of contract. Payment to be made quarterly by Warden's Order on County Treasurer.

Signed, IRA MORGAN,
Warden, C.C.

County Council Hall,
Ottawa, Dec 13 1870. 1540 3 51 1

ADVERTISEMENT.

The REV WM McLAREN will deliver a Lecture (D V) under the auspices of the Young Men's Christian Association, at their rooms, entrance first door east of Custom House, this [CHUR-DAY] evening, at eight o'clock

Subject—"Man and his Dwelling place."
Admission, 10 cents.
Ottawa, Dec 15, 1870. 1540 1

"THE GEM."

The latest and richest

"PERFUME"

In the Dominion

Equal to Lubin's, and much less in price.

Patronized by the

ELITE OF MONTREAL.

Sold by every chemist in the city, and manufactured wholesale by

MUNRO & JACKSON,
1540b Druggists and Perfumers, Montreal.

BUY YOUR CHRISTMAS PRESENTS

From the Ladies of Knox Church, Dalhousie Street, at their BAZAAR, opposite Bates & Co's Sparks street, on the 13th and 14th DECEMBER. Good Music, good Luncheon, Oyster Soup. Contributions received on the 12 h, in the Room

Ottawa, Dec 5, 1870 1531td

THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

The public is respectfully informed that this Company's Trains wait at Prescott Junction the arrival of the Grand Trunk Trains from the West, and

Passengers may rely on Connecting FOR OTTAWA

By this the

SHORTEST RAILWAY ROUTE TO THE CAPITAL.

Twenty minutes are also allowed at Prescott Junction for Meals.

THOS REYNOLDS,
Managing Director.

R LUTTRELL,
Superintendent
Ottawa, 12th December, 1870 1540tom

THE METROPOLITAN

Building and Savings Society.

MONEY TO LOAN.

The above society having commenced operations on the 1st October last, have opened an office in Bang's Block, Elgin Street, Ottawa, and are now prepared to loan money on city or other property, at the lowest rates, repayable by monthly instalments, or otherwise, to suit borrowers.

Apply to
JAMES COX,
Secretary-Treasurer.
Ottawa, 13th December, 1870. 1540t1J71

WANTED,

AN ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER,

Apply to Post Office, B x 244. 1540tf

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

IMMENSE AUCTION SALE

—OF—

JAPANESE GOODS.

The Subscriber has received a very large Consignment of the above named Goods, which he will offer for Sale by

PUBLIC AUCTION,

—AT HIS—

ROOMS, RIDEAU STREET,

Commencing on TUESDAY, DECEMBER 20th, 1870.

Consisting of in Part,

Tea Caddies, Glove Boxes, Fancy Cabinets Wine Cups, Trays, Stands, Candlesticks, Teapots and Stands, Figures, Ornaments, &c.

This being the first time these rare curiosities were ever offered by Public Auction in Ottawa, the public is invited to inspect them.

The Goods will be on view on MONDAY, December 19, and up to the hour of Sale.

The Sale will take place at 3 o'clock, in Terms Cash.

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.
Ottawa, Dec 14, 1870 1538td

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE

OF

CROCKERY, CHINA AND GLASSWARE,

COMMENCING

On MONDAY, DECEMBER 12th, 1870.

The subscriber has received a very large consignment of the above goods from an extensive manufacturing firm in Staffordshire, England, consisting of China, Stone Ware, Rockingham Ware, Yellow Ware, Glass Ware in Glass Dishes, Decanters and Tumblers of different kinds. The consignment is large and will be sold without reserve.

Terms of sale cash.

Sale at 2 and 7 o'clock.

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.
Ottawa, Dec. 8. 1535td

"MARY QUEEN OF SCOTS"

The Rev T S CARTWRIGHT, M A, will deliver his Celebrated

LECTURE

On the LIFE and TIMES of QUEEN MARY,

On THURSDAY EVENING,

IN GOWAN'S HALL,

Commencing at 8 P.M.

Admission, 25cts.

Profits to be given in Aid of St Albans Church Debt.

Ottawa, Dec 14, 1870 1539 2

FOR CHRISTMAS PRESENTS

—AND—

NEW YEAR'S GIFTS.

A great Variety of TOYS, ALBUMS, LADIES COMPANIONS, WRITING DESKS, JEWELLERY, JUVENILE BOOKS, and other Fancy Goods, at

HAUSER'S NEW STORE,
Rideau Street,
Ottawa, Dec 14, 1870 1539y

FOUND.

A Red and White Brindle HEIFER, Short Horns, turned in two years old past. The owner can have her by paying expenses. Apply at the Gate Hotel, James Meekin, Bank street Road, Township of Nepean

December 14, 1870 1539 6

CARD OF THANKS.

The SAPEURS COMPANY beg to acknowledge the receipt of $14 17, per hands of Chief Langford, being a portion of a donation to the Brigade, for services during he late fire.

Ottawa, Dec. 14 1870 1539tf

"LILLIE LONSDALE"

—FROM—

ENGLAND.

THE GREAT CHARACTER ACTRESS

—AND—

SINGER,

AT THE

MUSIC HALL

OTTAWA,

WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY, DECEMBER 21st & 22nd.

TRAGEDY! COMEDY! OPERA! SONGS! DANCES! COSTUMES!

Tickets to be had at Messrs. J. L. ORME'S.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

Ottawa, Dec 10, 1870 1538tf

TO JOHN R O'CONNOR, ESQ.

SIR,—

We, the undersigned, Electors and Rate payers of Victoria Ward, respectfully request that you will allow yourself to be put in nomination as one of the Aldermen for said Ward, during the ensuing year, and we hereby pledge ourselves to use our influence in favour of your return.

Hamnet Hill	Thos McKay
A Baldwin	Wm G Perley
John Ashfield	Wm Morrison
Leon David	Sexton Washburn
Bronson & Weston	John Atkinson
Francis Abbott	Horace Merrill
John McDonald	Levi Young
R R Booth	Moses Aubrey
A W Soper	A Fotheringham
Robert Young	Gordon B Fatlen
Samuel McGibney	Wm Hay
Maurice Malone	Henry White
E P Williams	John Kenna
Wm Ellis	E B Gallup
John Ahearn	John Cuppy
John Rowatt	L E Goulin
W H Martin	John Albert
John Abbott	Aaron Carruthers
John Soulier	J B Rolfaire
Samuel Mix	Archer Bayley
Nazaire Bertrand	W H Morgan
William Atkinson	Peter Atkinson
J Cheeney	Thos McCloy
Peter Robertson	Wm Mason
Geo Mason	Simpson Fleming
Thos Traveller	Bernard Mullin
John Martin	Louis Turpin
Joseph Dewart	Wm Gorman
Dan Smith	John Olliver
Wm Watson	D McQuade
John Joyce	L P Dorion
Baskerville Bros.	Wm Cain
Michael Naven	Wm Ahearn
D Willet	J Hanrahan
Moses Proulx	Amable Perieau
Maurice Ahearn	John Cardiff
Alex Philion	Nelson Dault
John McGillivray	J McGillicuddy
A S Whittier	Henry Lerogue
Patrick Kennedy	John R Haskin
Patrick Hurley	John Furtell
Wm Lecleare	W F Hunley
James Bambrick	James Kennedy
John Pushman	James Gordon
Matthew Patterson	Alex Coulter
John Cowan	Wm Kennedy
Nelson Perkins	Wm Mitford
H Kinville	Wilfred Kipp
James W Smith	A D Fraser
Arthur Bisaillon	John Shields
Thomas Lawrence	John Cross
John Quain	F X Valiquette
Simon Kinney	Francis Duhamel
M Carman	Henry Brading
John Boyd	George Dalgish
Leander Booth	Joseph Levine
James Merner	Adolph Gilbault
Michael O'Neal	James Wood
James Marks	Denis Noonan
Israel Waterhouse	Patrick Derry
John Bennett	John Law
Joseph Johnston	Albert Dorion
Amable Goulin	John Jennie
Robinson Lyon	E C Reiter
R W Baxter	James Dyke
John Doucet	Alphous Fesse
Thos Traveller	Simon McKinlon
Isaac Villeneuve	G W Crane
Geo Oliver	T W Blasdell
G D Booth	Jas Philion
Hugh Ross	John Redeur
Pierce Grace	Alfred Aubry
Martin White	John Gleason
Isidore Joennice	George Sewell
Wm Richards	Joseph Sleeman
Peter A Egieson	Thomas Russell
Thomas Sleeman	John Bigros
R E O'Connor	J P McPherson
Andrew Cayer	James Wadsworth
B Bigros	Chas Esplin

To the Electors and Rate-payers of Victoria Ward:

GENTLEMEN,—

It would be impossible for me, or almost any man of a public spirit, to decline acceding to so handsome a requisition as you have presented me on this occasion—embodying, as it does, the names of so many of our best and most reliable citizens.

I accept, with much pleasure, gentlemen, your requisition to place me in nomination as one of your candidates for Alderman for Victoria Ward, at the ensuing election; and if elected, will endeavor at all times to exert my best efforts in promoting the interests of the city generally, as well as those of our own important Ward.

I am, gentlemen,
Your obedt. servt.
J. R. O'CONNOR

REQUISITION TO AMOS ROWE, ESQ.

SIR,—The retirement of Chas T Sale, Esq., from the Council Board, creates a vacancy in the representation

TRAVELLER'S GUIDE.

LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY

Depart.....8 30 a m, 12 noon, 10 p.m.
Arrive.....9.30 a m, 3 40 p m, 7 15 p m

The down trains connect at Prescott Junction with direct Frank Railway for all points south east and west.

Ottawa Office—York street, corner o Sussex street.

A & H TAYLOR, Agents.

LOCAL NEWS.

Devlin's Fur Depot

50 dozen Velveteen Hats, from 25 cents upwards. A large assortment of Flowers and Feathers. Trimmed Hats and Bonnets.

At the "Golden Lion."

R. L. JAMES & Co.

All Wool Tartans in all the leading clans. A large lot ex last steamer, at

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

A lecture will be delivered this evening at eight o'clock, in the rooms of the Young Men's Christian Association by the Rev. Wm. McLaren. Subject—"Man and His Dwelling Place."

BLANKETS. Cornwall, St. Lawrence and Empire Mills Blankets, in all sizes and weights, very cheap at

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.—Grand Trunk passengers from the West may rely upon making sure connection at Prescott with the trains of the St. Lawrence & Ottawa Railway, which, under any circumstances, wait the arrival of the Grand Trunk trains.

NOTICE.—Now is the time. Go and see C. P. Dorion, 60 Sparks Street, for stoves and stove-pipe fitting. No puff; but see for yourselves. Lumbermen and country Merchants come and see. The most complete House in this Line in the Capital, See Posters. C. P. Dorion, 60 Sparks Street. 1486 2m.

Devlin's Fur Depot.

CANADIAN INSTITUTE.—The *seance* at the Canadian Institute last evening was, as on previous occasions, very successful. The lecture by Chevalier Smith was very able and interesting, and the musical part of the entertainment was all that could be desired. There was a large audience who gave appreciatively attention to the proceedings.

Carpets and House Furnishings made a specialty, at Garland, Mutchmor & Co's. Large stock and new styles, at reduced prices.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

ARRIVALS AT THE RUSSELL HOUSE—Wednesday—C Boillie, C Phillips, D Dongeau, J Marshall, Montreal; James Poole, Carleton Place; J A Cameron, Thurso; D Hilliard, Pakenham; G Fulford, Brockville; J Roche, Quebec; C B Doherty, J Fisher, Toronto; T Beattie, ——; Geo West and wife, Philadelphia; Miss A Morin, Ottawa; W Smith, Onslow; Mr and Miss Merritt, Fitzroy Harbor.

RUNAWAYS.—Last evening a team of horses ran away, or rather was made do so twice in succession in Lower Town. Running down Rideau street they turned about opposite Dr. Grant's residence, and ran into the window of a tinsmith's shop hard by. They were stopped, but the drunken teamster soon started them to run again, but they were stopped in their furious course by coming in contact with a telegraph post opposite Davidson & Daniel's druggist store. The man was then arrested.

POPULAR READINGS.—The weekly readings in the St. Patrick's Hall came off last evening. The readers were M. P. Ryan, Esq., of Montreal, Messrs. Tubman and Rance, and the singers Messrs. Hayden, Murphy and Kelly. The audience were greatly disappointed in not receiving a musical treat, owing to the absence of the piano, and it is needless to say that the society also felt keenly the disappointment. They had been promised a piano, but when sent for in the evening it could not be had. The society is getting one, however, from Toronto, and in future there will be no drawback to the success of the St. Patrick's very popular entainments, the audience was large.

HULL READINGS.—The Hull readings, last evening, came up to the usual mark, and the singing was particularly good.

Miss Washburne and Miss Jones sang a very pretty duet.

Miss Naomie Loucks and Miss Christina Hannum, two young ladies, sang for their first time in public, and received a perfect ovation.

Mr. M. A. Lamb sang, and was loudly encored, and Miss Jennie Boland's singing drew forth, as it invariably does, great applause and a tremendous encore.

Master Guy Perkins' recitation kept the audience in roars of laughter during its delivery. One good feature very noticeable at those readings is that the best of order is kept.

THE SIDEWALKS AGAIN.—We have said so much of late about sidewalks and the way in which they are kept, and with so little effect that we consider it utterly useless to address ourselves again to the City Fathers who, now that they are busy in endeavoring to secure their re-election to the Council, have little time to attend to the public interest. We think it will suffice, however, to say a word to our worthy Chief of Police. We understand that a by-law is extant in Ottawa making it obligatory upon every person to keep the sidewalk before his residence or store clear of snow, and as the duty of enforcing the law lies in the hands of the Chief of Police, we would, on behalf of the public, respectfully request him to see that it is observed. The sidewalks have been during the last few days in a most disagreeable state, and yet it would have been but a matter of a few moments to each individual to have cleared the snow or rather slush from before his residence.

Court of General Sessions and County Court.

SECOND DAY.

His Honor took his seat on the bench at 8.30 a.m.

The Suttson *vs.* Hopper case elicited further argument, but it was again let lie over till next Court.

Fourherston *vs.* Meehan, for the recovery of value of goods sold defendant—Mr. Mosgrove for defendant; Mr. R. Lyon for plaintiff.

His Honor gave a summary of the case after which the jury retired and returned in a short time with a verdict of $180 for plaintiff.

The Grand Jury returned a true bill against George Auger and Edward Matte for attempting to break gaol, and no bill in the case of Charles Clarke for watch stealing.

Eugene Martineau *vs.* Edmond Germain.—This was an appeal from the decision of the Police Magistrate. The case was quashed on account of the non-appearance of the Prosecutor. Mr. Gibb for defendant, Mr. Lee for Crown.

Anne McCann *vs.* Mary Connelly, an appeal from the decision of the Police Magistrate. This case was also quashed on account of the non-appearance of the prosecutor.

The case of the Queen *vs.* James Green for felony.

The Grand Jury handed in the report of their visit to the gaol. There were fifteen male and nine female prisoners confined, and they were all in good health and condition. They recommend that the axes and other articles with which attempt was made to break gaol should be kept as far as possible out of the reach of prisoners. They congratulated His Honour on the fewness and trivial nature of the cases.

His Honour then discharged the Grand Jury.

In the case of the Queen *vs.* Green. The jury being unable to agree upon a verdict were locked up for the night.

The case of the Queen *vs.* Auger and Matte then came up, but the verdict will not be rendered until to-day.

Fire Relief Fund.

Dec. 9, acknowledged to date	$38,778 36
William Mackay, Arnprior	100 00
Sundry donations from Toronto, per J. Hallam, Esq.	4 30
Inhabitants of Thurso, per A. H. Edwards, Esq.	57 50
Miss Chrystie, Fife, Scotland, per Mrs. Dickenson	5 00
David Moore	200 00
Subscriptions per Dean Grassett, Toronto. Captain Battersby, $25; Rev. T. Brocklebank, Cambridge, Eng $10.	35 00
Inhabitants of Bowmanville, per Thomas Deykes, Esq.	400 00
County Council of Lanark per Hon. A. Morris	500 00
Total	$40,080 16

JAS. CUNNINGHAM,
Treasurer.

Ottawa, December 14, 1870.

THE ŒCUMENICAL COUNCIL, lately called at Rome is an instance of the solicitude of the Catholic Church for the welfare and prosperity of her Communicants. Large assemblies of this nature containing representatives from all parts of the world, should be of some benefit to our race. We hope this opinion will be as harmonious and unanimous as the verdict in favor of the Great Shoshonees Remedy, for diseases of the lungs, blood, stomach, liver, &c. For by all druggists.

PHYSICING HORSES.—Many persons physic their horses frequently—especially every spring. This is a great error, and one which has caused the loss of many valuable horses, as physic, as it is usually given, often produces inflamation of the bowels which generally proves fatal; it also weakens the horse, and thus renders him more liable to disease, or less able to throw it off—what is required is a medicune which will operate gently upon the bowels, and act upon the liver and lungs, removing all obstructions therefrom, purifying the blood, and enabling all the organs to do their work without overtaxing any, which is accomplished by the use of "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy"—it is always safe and certain. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd & Co., is on each package. Northrup & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada. Sold by all medicine dealers.

Devlin's Fur Depot.

THE FLORENCE NIGHTINGALE OF THE NURSERY.—The following is an extract from a letter written by the Rev. C. Z. Weiser, to the "German Reformed Messenger, at Chambersburg, Penn.:

A BENEFACTRESS.

Just open the door for her, and MRS. WINSLOW will prove the American Florence Nightingale of the Nursery. Of this we are sure, that we will teach our "SCRY" to say, "A BLESSING ON MRS. WINSLOW," for helping her to survive and escape the griping, colicking and teething siege. We confirm every word set forth in the PROSPECTUS. It performs precisely what it professes to perform, every part of it—nothing less. Away with your "Cordial," "Paregoric," "Drops," "Laudanum," and every other "Narcotic," by which the babe is drugged into stupidity, and rendered dull and idiotic for life.

We have never seen MRS. Winslow—know her only through the preparation of her "Soothing Syrup for Children Teething." If we had the power, we would make her, as she is, a physical Saviour to the Infant Race. 25 cents per bottle sold by all druggists.

Be sure and call for

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP.

Having the fac-simile of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

A "COUGH," "COLD," OR IRRITATED THROAT, if allowed to progress, results in serious pulmonary and Bronchial affections, of testimes incurable.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES

Reach DIRECTLY the affected parts, and give a most instant relief. In BRONCHITS, ASTHMA, and CATARRH they are beneficial. Obtain only the *genuine* BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES which have *proved* their efficacy by test of many years. Among testimonials attesting their efficacy are letters from—

E. H. Chapin, D. D., New York,
Henry Ward Beecher, Brooklyn, N. Y.,
N. P. Willis, New York,
Hon. C. A. Phelps, Pres. Mass. Senate,
Dr. G. F. Bigelow, Boston,
Prof. Edwd. North, Clinton, N. Y.,

Surgeons in the Army, and others of eminence. Sold everywhere at 25 cents per box.

"TROCHES," so called, sold by the ounce, are a poor imitation and nothing like Brown's BRONCHIAL TROCHES, which are sold only in boxes with a fac-simile of the proprietors,

JOHN I. BROWN & SON,

This care in putting up the Troches in important as a security to the purchaser in order to be sure of obtaining the genuine Brown bronchial Troches.

WALTHAM WALTHAM

THE AMERICAN WATCH

The public of the United States and Canada have now had over ten years experience of WALTHAM WATCHES, and they are now everywhere acknowledged to be the ONLY RELIABLE

TIME-KEEPERS!

Almost all other watches are sold under fal pretences; not one in a hundred bears the name of the real maker; the public have absolutely no security, and have, therefore, been constantly imposed upon. On the contrary, every buyer of a Waltham Watch gets a guarantee of the company, and no matter from whom he buys it, has positive security that he is getting a TIME KEEPER.

It must be admitted that the apparent interest of watchmakers lies in selling other watches, of which they can make larger profits: but men of enterprise in the trade prefer an article of large and ready sale, and which leaves no bad stock. It is "small profits and quick returns."

These watches can be had in several grades (all guaranteed) the silver cases are made from coin silver, and from 2 to 6 ounces in weight. The gold cases are made in 18 carat gold, and from 3 4 to 4 ounces in weight; the size for ladies are richly engraved or enamelled. For the quality, both in gold and silver, are the

CHEAPEST WATCHES IN THE WORLD

These watches can be ordered of any reliable watchmaker or jeweller in the Dominion; but the guarantee of the Company should be invariably required. The Company in all cases pay the Government duty, which makes the Canadian consumer a privileged purchaser

ROBERT WILKES,
Sole Wholesale Agent for the Dominion of Can da
Toronto—48 and 50 Yonge Street.
Montreal—645 St. Paul Street

1397-3

ST. GEORGE'S SOCIETY

A GRAND VOCAL AND INSTRUMENTAL CONCERT

will be given in

HER MAJESTY'S THEATRE,

On THURSDAY Evening next, 15th Inst.,

In aid of the Christmas (Special) Fund.

Several of the principal Amateurs of the City and its vicinity, have kindly placed their valuable services at the disposal of the Committee.

Gowan's Popular Bands will be in Attendance.

The Pianoforte to be used on the occasion will be one of the celebrated New York "Union", which has been generously proffered by Mr. Edmund Mills.

The Musical Arrangements will be under the Direction of JOHN MERCER, Esq., Organist of St. James Church, Hull, who will be assisted by Mr. Robert Brewer.

Doors open at 7 30. Concert to commence at 8 o'clock precisely.

For further particulars see programmes.

Tickets—Single, 50 cents; Double, (to admit a Lady and Gentleman) 75 cents; Gallery, 50 cents; can be had at the usual places, or of the Members of the Committee or Stewards.

By order,

WM. MILLS,
Secretary.
W. R. TRUMAN,
Assist.-Sec'y.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

Ottawa, Dec 12, 1870 1537tf

DRY GOODS!

DRY GOODS!

DRY GOODS!

PATTERSON & BRYSON

In consequence of our great success since opening we have been obliged to lay in a large additional Stock, which we will mark as low as heretofore, being determined to retain our already well established character, for selling cheaper than any other House in the Trade.

IN CANADIAN GOODS

We have made such arrangements with the best Factories in the Dominion as will enable us to keep constantly on hand a large and well Assorted Stock of Tweeds, Flannels, Blankets (Grey and White), Cotton and Linen Bags, Cot on Yarn, Homery, Underclothing, etc., etc., etc.

—ALSO—

An entirely new and well assorted Stock of British and Foreign Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, which have been marked at prices to defy competition.

REMEMBER THE PLACE,

53 Sparks Street,
Directly Opposite
BATE & Co.

PATTERSON & BRYSON.

WARNING.

We hereby forbid any person or persons, hiring or harboring

Edward Carry	Eli Larose
Timothy Cronin	James Johnston
John Renwick	James Shea
David Burke	Amable Selcris
George Warcutt	Malcolm Cloutier
David Dunn,	Christian Thibeau
David Auger	Joseph Moore
Michael Garvin,	P Rivar.
Henry Potvin	Joseph Ladouceur
Michael Kearney	Albert Ladouceur
James McCormick	Benjamin Belonger
John Cavanagh	John Mallette
Alex Meron	T Lamdreau
Charles Burke	William Jocque

Or any of them, they having deserted our employment at different times, and broken their contract of hiring and services entered into with us.

And we hereby give notice that we will prosecute, any, and every person hiring or harboring any of the above named.

PERLEY & PATTEN.

Ottawa, Dec 10, 1870 1536 1w

MASONIC BALL.

The Brethren of the Civil Service Lodge, No. 148, G.R.C., in conjunction with Brethren of other City Lodges, propose celebrating the Festival of St. John the Evangelist, by a

MASONIC BALL,

Brethren desirous of becoming subscribers will oblige by leaving their names with any Member of the Committee before the 15th inst.

COMMITTEE.

W. Bros. Cochrane, Eastwood and Remon. Bros H Bernard, Brown Chamberlin, A J Gamble, F D Burrowes, E B Crombie, and

JOHN WALSH,
Secretary.

Ottawa, Dec 12, 1870 1538 1

FOR SALE.

COON, FOX, AND BUFFALO ROBES.

The Subscriber has received a large consignement of Robes of different kinds. Parties requiring anything in that line will do well to call and secure Bargains, as they are selling at very low prices. SALE ROOMS, opposite the By-Ward Market.

JOHN CHAPMAN,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, Dec 12, 1870 1538tf

OTTAWA AND GLOUCESTER ROAD COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that the Annual General Meeting of the Stockholders of the Ottawa and Gloucester ROAD COMPANY, will be held at the Office of FRANCIS CLEMOW, Esq., in this City, on MONDAY, the 12th day of DECEMBER inst., at the Hour of TEN o'clock, a.m., for the Election of DIRECTORS for the ensuing year and for the purpose of receiving the Annual Report of the Secretary and Treasurer for the current year.

By order

W. H FALLS,
Sec.-Treasurer.

Dated this 3rd day of December, 1870. 1532 1w

SEIGNIORIAL INDEMNITY TO TOWNSHIPS FUND.

Whereas by Order in Council of date APRIL 29, 1867, it is directed that as regards the claims of Municipalities to participate therein, the above Fund shall be finally closed on the 31st DECEMBER of the present Year. Notice is hereby given that all claims which can in any wise alter the distribution thereof must be lodged in his Office on or before the date above named, after which date no alteration can be made in the said distribution.

JOHN LANGTON, Auditor.
Per J SIMPSON,

Audit Office Department.
Ottawa, Dec 9, 1870. 1536 2w

RETAIL ADVERTISEMENT.

MAGEE & RUSSELL,

SPARKS STREET,

Have opened up within the last few days several CASES and BALES Assorted DRY GOODS, to which they respectfully invite attention.

Ladies, please observe the following carefully, their being many articles enumerated worthy of Notice:

DRESS DEPARTMENT.	New Tartan Plaids, Brown and Grey Wincies, French Merinoes and de Laines, " Satin Cloths, Black Lustres and Alpacas, Black and Colored Sicsias, " and " Casbans, Glove Finished Cambrics.
SILK DEPARTMENT.	Black Velveteens, Colored Plushes, French Crapes, Silks and Satins.
DOMESTIC DEPARTMENT.	Grey and white Cottons, " " " Sheetings, Table Napkins and Damasks, Huck Towels, Cotton and Linen Diaper, Grass Linen and Hollands.
WOOLLEN DEPARTMENT.	Sct. Saxony Flannels, Fancy Shirting do English and Canadian Blankets, Waterproof Tweeds, Overcoatings.
HOSIERY & GLOVE DEPARTMENT.	Breakfast Shawls, Fancy Woollen Goods, Ladies Sct. Hose, Gent's Underclothing, Kid Mitts and Gloves,
RIBBON AND LACE DEPARTMENT.	Black and Coloured Velvet Ribbons, Tartan Velvet Ribbons, Black and Coloured Silk Ribbons, Tartan Silk Ribbons, New Linen Sets, Black and White Silk Laces, Hair Nets, New Style, Hair Puffs and Rolls, Cambric Handkerchiefs, Cushion Tassels, White Filaccile, Coloured Silk Twists.

Our Stock, for extent, variety, quality and price, stands unrivalled in Ottawa.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, Dec. 8, 1870.

R. L. JAMES & CO.

DRESS GOODS.

A large assortment worth from 20 to 90 cents, at 15 to 80.

A

SPECIAL LINE

of French Merinos, very cheap.

BLACK SILKS,

very much under Market value, and considerably lower than present Ottawa prices.

MILLINERY.

It is now pretty generally known that in this Department, especially the prices, are EXCEEDINGLY MODERATE,

AT THE

GOLDEN LION.

R L. JAMES & Co.

CHARLES J. TASKER, Accountant Bookkeeper, Assignee made out. Apply at the office of F Hill, Collector, Referees Dr Hill, C H Parker.

Ottawa, Nov 5, 1870

Railroads.

THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

ALTERATION OF TIME.

On and from MONDAY next, the 21st inst., three trains will run daily on this Railway as follows.

Going South Ottawa to Prescott.

MAIL will leave Ottawa at 9 30 a m, connecting at Prescott, with the Grand Trunk Express, for the West, and with the Ogdensburg Railway, for Boston, New York, &c

MAIL will leave Ottawa at 12 00 noon, connecting with the Grand Trunk Express, for Montreal.

EXPRESS will leave Ottawa at 10 30 p m, connecting with the Grand Trunk Express, East and West.

Going North Prescott to Ottawa.

MAIL will leave Prescott Junction at 6 a m, connecting with the G. T. Expresses East and West, and arriving in Ottawa at 8.30 a m.

MAIL will leave Prescott Junction at 1.25 p m, connecting with the G. T. Express leaving Montreal at 8 a m, and arriving in Ottawa at 3 45 p m.

EXPRESS will leave Prescott Junction at 4 30 p m, connecting with G T. Expresses, East and West, and arriving in Ottawa at 7 p m.

20 minutes allowed at Prescott Junction refreshments.

Tickets may be obtained on application to any of the Company's Agents, or at any of the Principal Stations of the Grand Trunk Railway.

All trains on this Line are run on Montreal time.

R LUTTRELL, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director

Ottawa, November 19, 1870.

CANADA CENTRAL AND BROCKVILLE AND OTTAWA RAILWAYS.

ALTERATION OF TRAINS,
Commencing DECEMBER 5, 1870.

SLEEPING CARS between TORONTO and Ottawa going through in 13 HOURS.

On and after MONDAY, Dec. 5, TRAINS will run as follows:

Leave Brockville

EXPRESS, at 4 45 a m connecting with Grand Trunk express from the West, and arriving at Ottawa, at 8 10 a m.

MAIL TRAIN, at 7 30 a m, arriving at Ottawa at 1.50 p m.

EXPRESS, at 3 30 p m, connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express from the West, and arriving at Ottawa at 7.10 p m

Leave Ottawa.

EXPRESS, at 9 40 a m, arriving at Brockville at 1 40 p m, and connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express going West

MAIL TRAIN, at 3 45 p m, arriving at Brockville 9 15 p m

EXPRESS, at 10 30 p m, arriving at Brockville at 2 05 a m, and connecting with Grand Trunk Night Express going West.

Arrive at Sand Point 1.35 and 7.10 p m.

Trains on Canada Central and Perth Branch make certain connections with all trains on B. & O. Railway

A Sleeping Car will leave Toronto on Monday, Wednesday and Friday nights, by the Grand Trunk 7.30 p m train, and go through to Ottawa, arriving at 8.30 a m.

Returning, it will leave Ottawa on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday nights, at 9 30 p m. and go through to Toronto by G. T. Train, arriving at Toronto at 11.30 a m.

Freight forwarded with despatch, as the C. C. and B & O. Railways are the same guage as the Grand Trunk. Car loads go through in Grand Trunk Cars to all points, without transhipment.

Certain connections made with Grand Trunk Trains.

H ABBOTT,
Manager.

Brockville, Ont., Dec 1, 1870 1530 3

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1870.] SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS. [1870

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at	0 a m
Night do do do	0 p m
Accommodation Train for Cornwall and intermediate Stations at	00 p m
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at	7:30 a m
Trains for Lachine at 6:00 a m, 7:00 a m 9 to a m, 12 noon, 1:30 p m, 4:00 p m and 5:30 p m.	

The 1:30 p m train runs through to Province Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at	7:00 a m
Express for Boston at	8:40 a m
Express for New York and Boston via Vermont Central at	3:45 p m
Express for New York and Boston via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at	6.00 a m
Express for Island Pond, at	2:00 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at	10: 0 p m

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamers "Chaudiere" and "Charlotte" leave Portland every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, for Halifax, N.S., respectively at 4 p m.

They has excellent accommodation for passenger and freight.

The International Company's steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway leave Portland every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 6 p m, for St John, N.B., &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Offices, Bonaventure Station, and 39 Great St James Street.

G. J. SHEPHERD, Managing Director
Montreal, May, 1870.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.

A & H TAYLOR, Agents

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,

OTTAWA, 3rd Nov., 1870

TO COLLECTORS OF CUSTOMS.

"SLATE,"—SCHEDULE C.—FREE GOODS.

With reference to item of the Tariff it is held by this Department, that SLATE simply in a quadrangular form, whatever may be its size or thickness is entitled to exemption. If otherwise, especially shaped or if it be polished, or artificially bored, it becomes subject to 15 per cent and 5 per cent duty, as a non-enumerated article.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs

Ottawa, Nov 14, 1870

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to Parliament for Private Bills, either for granting exclusive privileges, or conferring corporate powers for commercial or other purposes of profit, or for doing an thing tending to affect the rights or property of other parties, are hereby notified that they are required by the 5th and following Rules of the House of Commons (which are published in full in the "Canada Gazette"), to give TWO MONTHS' NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object), in the "Canada Gazette" and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected, sending copies of the first and last of such notices to the Private Bill Office.

All Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the first three weeks of the Session.

ALFRED JODD,
Chf. Clk. Committees and Private Bills,
House of Commons.

Ottawa, 8th Dec., 1870 1536tf

SCHOOL NOTICE.

A TEACHER is wanted for School Section No. 1, Torbolton.

Apply to

JOHN SMITH,
Secretary.

Torbolton, Dec 8, 1870 1534 4

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

DR HENRY has removed his Residence and Surgery to the corner of Bank and Victoria Streets, near the Parliament Buildings.

December 1, 1870. 1528b

THE TEA POT,

RIDEAU STREET.

The Proprietor begs to inform the lovers of THE TEA POT and the public generally, that the alterations are now completed, the whole premises having been thoroughly renovated and stocked with

New and Fresh Goods

Of the very best quality. He is now prepared to execute orders Wholesale and Retail, and every article will be guaranteed, as they have been selected with the greatest care.

Teas in great variety,
Coffee—the very best—roasted and ground daily,
Raisins, Currants, Figs, &c., &c.,
Port Wine, Sherry Wine, Brandy,
English Old Tom Gin—Booth's, Bernard's & Thompson's.

An Old Lady's Evening Wish.

My wishes sear not very high,
Nor do they widely ream
These moderate wishes are confin'd
To comforts found at home.

Give me what I enjoy so well—
A snug domestic scene;
And take my word, I fell myself
As happy as a Queen,

I'll tell you what I wish for now—
'Tis not a large desire;
I wish to sit at perfect ease,
Beside my evening fire.

I wish a friend or two would call,
To ask me how I do;
Then truly happy I should be,
And they'd be happy, too.

I'd set the tea things on the tray,
And we should all agree,
While taking ever-welcome cups
Of JOHN HILL'S wholesome tea.

The tea would gladen every heart,
And brighten every face;
And nothing more could we desire
In such a happy case.

With JOHN HILL'S Tea I always crown
The comforts of my home;
And when I can partake of this
My wishes seldom roam.

All goods delivered free (within the limits of the city) by our own waggons, and every attention will be paid to proper packing and delivery.

JOHN HILL,
"THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET.

JUST RECEIVED,

FRENCH MERINOES,

GENUINE FRENCH MERINOES,

Fine, Wide, Heavy, and Warranted all Wool, in the following Colours:

LIGHT BROWN,

MID BROWN,

DARK BROWN,

VIOLET,

AGULINE,

MAROON,

RIFLE GREEN

ROSE,

DRAB

and

SCARLET.

Really better Goods than sold other years at 3s. 9d., for 2s. 6d. per yard. The Nicest, Cheapest, and most durable Dress, for either street or in-door wear, in Ottawa.

GARLAND MUTCHMOR & CO.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

20 Sparks Street

Ottawa, Nov. 30, 1870.

JAMES PRACOCK,

FURS,

FURS, FURS,

FURS.

BEG to intimate that my FUR STOCK is now complete in every

DEPARTMENT.

AN EARLY CALL IS SOLICITED.

Remember the place,

23 Rideau Street.

OPPOSITE OLD STAND.

THOMAS ISAAC,

DEALER IN

Shelf and Heavy Hardware

HENEY'S STONE BUILDING,

Wellington Street, Upper Town, Ottawa

Cooking and Fancy Stove
Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope,
Twine, Glass, Oil,
Putty, &c.,
Always on Hand

Ottawa December 10, 1870 1536 1

DR. DICKINSON,

RESIDENCE and SURGERY, Kent Street.

T HUNTON SHOOLBRED & Co

47. SPARKS ST. 49.

Will receive this week "per Express," from LONDON, England,

2 CASES OF MILLINERY,

Containing the VERY LATEST Styles in

Bonnets, Hats,

and some very Choice things in

Flowers, Feathers and Trimmings,

Per S. S. "MORAVIAN."

1 Case Extra Cloths, in the new

Satin Cloths,

Trimming to match all our Fashionable

Dress Goods.

—ALSO—

1 Case of Newest

Mantle Cloths.

The "OLIVE GREEN" appears still prove the most fashionable, and of the above, we are in receipt of ten piece

"New Seal and plucked Otter Skins hand."

Fancy Wove Goods still arriving.

Clouds, Breakfast Shawls, Ties, &c.,

in endless Variety.

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO
47 and 49 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, Oct 11 1870.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

14 RIDEAU STREET,

Have now received a full supply of

NEW FALL GOODS

—IN ALL—

DEPARTMENTS.

Ottawa, September 26, 1870

A SPECIALITY.

THE ULSTER OVER-COAT

Is the Great Novelty in

GENTLEMEN'S GARMENTS

This Season.

A Specimen on View, at

MAGEE & RUSSELL'S.

Ottawa, Nov 30, 1870 1527tf

ST. JAMES' HOTEL,

METCALFE AND QUEEN STREETS.

The Proprietor, G. R. EVANS,

Begs respectfully to announce to the public in general that the above premises will be opened for business this day, 29th inst, and hopes by strict attention to business and mod rate charges, to merit their patronage and favour.

Ottawa, Nov 29, 1870 1526tf

FOR SALE, OR EXCHANGE

For Property in Montreal Improved or unimproved, the new Mansard Roof Stone House situated in Victoria Crescent, having all the modern conveniences of heat, water and gas, good out building, on an ample Lot, and enjoying the finest river view in Ottawa. For further particulars apply to W. C. SMILLIE, on the premises, or at the Office of the BRITISH AMERICAN BANK NOTE COMPANY, Wellington Street.

Ottawa, Dec 3, 1870 1530 1m

LOST.

Between the Hours of 2 P M and 5 P M, yesterday afternoon, a SMALL POCKET BOOK containing five FIVE DOLLARS Bank of Montreal Bank Notes. The finder is requested to leave the same with the Door Keeper of the Eastern Block Parliament Buildings.

Ottawa, Dec 5, 1870 1533tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE

OTTAWA,

8th day of December, 1870.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Inland Revenue, and under and in virtue of the authority given by the 37th section of the Act 31st Vict., Chapter 8, intituled, "An Act respecting the Inland revenue." His Excellency in Council has been pleased to Order, and it is hereby ordered that the following regulations for the manufacture of Methylated Spirits in bond shall be and they are hereby made and established:

REGULATIONS.

1st, The room in which the wood Naphtha is mixed with Spirits shall only be accessible to the proprietor during the actual presence of an officer of Inland Revenue.

2nd. A sample of the wood Naphtha (say about four ounces) shall be sent to the Department from every cask or package used.

3rd Not less than 100 proof gallons of Alcohol shall be mixed at one time, which shall be mixed in an open mixing tun, in the presence of an officer who shall then test and gauge it as to strength and quantity.

4th. With every 100 proof gallons of Alcohol, there shall be mixed at least twelve and a half gallons of "Wood Naphtha of Commerce," the whole being mixed together.

5th. After the mixing has been thoroughly completed, the strength of the mixture shall be tested, and the quantity gauged by the officer in attendance and duly recorded. The mixture shall then be placed in casks, the casks being branded or marked on the head in legible characters, with the words—

Methylated Spirits,
Date on which it was mixed,
Number of Wine gallons in the Cask,
Strength,
Number of Proof Gallons
Name of the Division.

Initials of the officer under whose inspection the mixture took place.

Number of the entry under which it is warehoused.

6th. A Stock Book must be kept in the Factory, in which Book must be entered:—

(a) The particulars of every package of Alcohol, brought in, stating where manufactured, the strength and quantity; the marks, &c., on the casks, and the general number of the Permit, under which it was conveyed to the Manufactory.

(b) The particulars of every quantity mixed &c., of the original packages from which it was taken; the quantity and strength of the "Methylated Spirits" produced from it, and the particulars as to marks, numbers, &c., of the Cask in which it is placed.

7th. Every entry in the Stock Book is to be checked by the officer in charge, who must keep an account of each transaction, which account or a duplicate thereof is to be taken to the Inland Revenue office, immediately after each transaction.

8th. So soon as the mixing and Barrelling has been completed, the "Methylated Spirits" shall be removed from the Bonded Manufactory, and duly entered for warehousing as required by the regulations in that behalf.

W. H. LEE,
Clerk, Privy Council,
Canada

537-3

TESTIMONIAL

—TO THE—

HON. SIR JOHN A. MACDONALD,

&c., &c., &c.

The friends of Sir JOHN A MACDONALD propose to present that distinguished Statesman with a substantial Testimonial in recognition of his long and unselfish public services.

Steps are being taken to afford his friends in all parts of the Dominion an opportunity of joining in the proposed manifestation of esteem and regard.

The following gentlemen compose, (with power to add to their number,) the Committee at Ottawa:

The Hon. JAMES SHEAD,
His Worship the Mayor J ROCHESTER, Jr, Esq,
THOS REYNOLDS, Esq,
R W SCOTT, Esq, M P P,
Dr GRANT, M P,
E McGILLIVRAY, Esq,
H V NOEL, Esq.

H V Noel, Esq, has consented to act as Treasurer, to whom all communications may be addressed.

For the information of intending subscribers, the names of the gentlemen composing the Central Committee at Toronto are subjoined, viz:

His Worship the Mayor, D B HARMAN, Esq,
The Hon O W ALLAN
The Hon D L MACPHERSON,
The Hon JOHN CARLING, M P,
JOHN CRAWFORD, Esq M P,
ANGUS MORRISON, Esq. M P,
F W CUMBERLAND, Esq, M P
J G BORIS, Esq
E H RUTHERFORD, Esq,
W H LEVELAND Esq,
G P RIDOUT Esq,
JOHN SHEDDEN, Esq,
THOMAS DICK, Esq
FRANK SHANLY, Esq,
T C CHISHOLM, Esq,
N BARNHARTE, Esq.

Ottawa, Dec 6, 1870 1532d

TO LUMBERERS.

L. ROSE,

PROVISION BROKER.

LONDON, ONT,

Inspects every BARREL of PORK he Ships and Ships only a FIRST-CLASS Article. He has or Sale from some of the Leading Packers and Curers:

Heavy Mess Pork, guaranteed.
Ex P. Pork made from Heavy Mess.
Shoulders Mess Mutton.
Heavy Bacon, &c., at the lowest FIRST PRICES, and on Terms to suit Purchasers.
No. 1 Sup. Flour, Oats, Corn, &c, bought on commission.
White Beans always on hand.
Orders or enquiries have prompt attention.
Through rates to Brockville, Sand and Ottawa.

L. ROSE,
Produce Broker,
London, Ont.

London, Ont., Nov. 24, 1870 1522 1m

CANADA PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Application will be made to Parliament, at its next Session, for the Incorporation of a Company to construct a Railway through British North America, connecting with the present Railway system of Canada, and thence to proceed to the North of Lake Superior and through the North West Territory to the Yellow or Leathe Head Pass of the Rocky Mountains, there to connect with the projected Railway through British Columbia to the Pacific,—with such powers and privileges as may be necessary to carry the same into operation.

ALFRED WADDINGTON.

Ottawa, Oct. 21, 1870 1493 2m

FROM THIS DAY FORTH I change the price of all my Wood, that is to say, best Hard Wood $4 75, Sawn $5.00; Second best Hard Wood, 4 25 Sawn $4 50.

My Saw Mill is now in constant operation and ready, and will cut promptly in obedience to all orders.

JOHN HENRY,

Ottawa, Dec, 8. 1531-4t

Railroads

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY OF CANADA.

Special attention is directed to this Company's announcement, in regard to the

RUNNING OF TRAINS FOR THE ENSUING SEASON.

In addition to the Fast Time which it is intended to make between the

EAST AND WEST,

With close connections at all points. The line will be equipped with handsome

NEW FIRST-CLASS CARS,

Unsurpassed on the continent.

TRAINS WILL RUN BETWEEN

Portland and Montreal in 13 Hours.
Montreal and Toronto in 13 Hours.

Stopping only at the most important Stations.

As fast as completed,

PULMAN'S

PALACE SLEEPING CARS

Will be run on the Through Trains and the service will be performed over the entire line in a manner equal to that of any railway on this continent. Special arrangements have been made to accommodate the pleasure travel.

For further particulars see advertisements and time tables.

C J BRYDGES,
Managing Director.

June 3 1870. 1437tf

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY OF CANADA

IMPROVED SERVICE OF TRAINS FOR THE SUMMER OF 1870.

ACCELERATION OF SPEED.

NEW CARS ON ALL EXPRESS TRAINS.

Portland to Montreal in 13 Hours
Montreal to Toronto in 13 Hours.

On and after JUNE 6th the new arrangements will be put in force, and trains will leave Montreal as follows:

GOING WEST.

Express for Kingston, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Strathroy, Windsor, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points west ..... 9 00 a m
NIGHT do do ..... 9 00 p m
Mail Train to Toronto and intermediate Stations ..... 7 00 a m
Accommodation Train for Brockville and intermediate stations ..... 5 00 p m
Train for Lachine, 6 10 a m, 7 00 a m, 9 [illegible] a m, 12 noon, 3 0 p m, 4 00 p m, 5 30 p m and 6 30 p m. The 5 30 p m Train runs through to Provost Junction.

GOING EAST AND WEST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and intermediate stations ..... 7 10 a m
Express for Boston, via Vermont Central ..... 9 00 a m
Express for New York and Boston, via Vermont Central ..... 3 15 p m
Express for New York and Boston, via Plattsburg, Lake Champlain, Burlington and Rutland ..... 8 00 a m
Do do do do ..... 4 00 p m
Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham, Portland and Lower Provinces ..... [illegible]
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, and the Lower Provinces, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St Hyacinthe, Union, Acton, Richmond, Brompton Falls, Cookshire, Lennoxville, Compton, Coaticooke and Norton Mills only at 10 10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all night trains. Baggage Checked through.

The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotte" leave Portland for Halifax, N S, every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, respectively, at 4 00 p m. They have excellent accommodations for passengers and Freight.

The International Company's Steamers running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every Monday and Thursday at 6 10 p m for St John, N B, &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at Terminal and way stations apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station, or at No 39, Great St James Street.

C J BRYDGES,
Managing Director.

June 3, 1870 1438tf

DOMINION TELEGRAPH INSTITUTE.

34 KING STREET EAST,
TORONTO, ONT.
ESTABLISHED IN 1863,

For the purpose of qualifying Operators for the TELEGRAPH AND RAILROAD LINES

Then and now so rapidly building in the Dominion and United States. It is become one of the Permanent Institutions of the Country.

And has turned out

OVER 100 OPERATORS,

Who now fill important positions with

GOOD SALARIES,

LADIES and GENTLEMEN desiring to learn this light and honourable profession, should do so at once. The average length of time required is three months. Ladies learn more rapidly than gentlemen. Both sexes admitted from 14 years of age and upwards.

For full particulars and terms address

T H CHURCHILL,
Toronto, Ontario.

Ottawa, September 22, 1870

FOR LIVERPOOL & GLASGOW

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMERS
First Cabin, Payable in Gold.
Liverpool or Queenstown $100
Steerage, Payable in Currency.
Liverpool or Queenstown 35
PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMERS VIA HALIFAX
First Cabin, Payable in Gold
Liverpool or Queenstown $100 00
Halifax 20 00
St. John's, N F., by branch steamer 15 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.
Liverpool or Queenstown 30 00
Halifax 15 00
St John's, N.F., by branch steamer 30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's Office,

JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
15 Broadway, New York,
or HENRICK & CROMBIE, Ottawa.

WANTED.

For the First and Second Departments of the Arnprior Common School, two MALE TEACHERS. Salary for first, four hundred dollars; second, three hundred dollars per annum. Services to commence about 1st January, 1871. Applications received up to 1st December, 1870. Stating qualifications, &c.

DR. CRANSTON, Chairman
GEO. CRAIG, Secretary.

Arnprior, Nov 9, 1870 1493

Medical.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

As a family Remedy it is well and favourably known relieving thousands from pain in the Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Has now been before the public for a length of time and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions have been properly followed, but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing the Diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it. Price only Twenty-five Cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN.

Sold in Ottawa by H F McCarthy, J Skinner, John Roberts, J P Featherston, George Mortimer, W M Massey, and all Medicine Dealers.

November 30, 1870 1527y

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!

The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

They are stern unmistable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great aboriginal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Brantford, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Gananoque, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of Joh. Hosey, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Facebook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonee Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1 [illegible]

Messrs. CRANDELBAIT & SILLS, Conners Point, County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada.

Madoc, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869.

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ankles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonee Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless. I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonee Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonee Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings his ninth day of February, 1869.

A P WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonee Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle

A P WOOD, J P,
Warden county of Hastings Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.

For sale by DRUGGISTS AND GROCERS throughout the Dominion.

TRADE MARK GARDNER MONTREAL

GARDNER'S QUININE WINE BITTERS,

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons covering from illness. For sale in quart bottles; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children—it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardner's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best ask for GARDNER'S and take no other.

GARDNER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.
Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

J GARDENER, Chemist,
457 Notre Dame street, Montreal,
Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

DUTCH BULBS!

The Subscriber has just received a full assortment from a celebrated Grower in HOLLAND, both for Spring Gardening and in-door Culture

THE ASSORTMENT INCLUDES

Hyacinths, many varieties,
Tulips, "
Lilies, "
Narcissus, "
Jonquills, "
Anemones, "
Ranunculus, "
&c., &c.

The Flower Roots above mentioned not coming to hand till late in the season, are offered for sale at low prices.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE,
Druggist,
43 Sparks-st, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Nov. 19, 1870 1507y1

Medical.

GABRIEL'S PREPARATIONS

TRADE MARK. MANUFACTURED ONLY BY MESSRS GABRIEL, Dentists, LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.

FOR THE TEETH.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH.

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers,

MESSRS. GABRIEL,
The old-established Dentists,
64 Ludgate Hill, London.
And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth. Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations

GABRIEL'S ORIENTAL ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sumetent for Stopping six Teeth. Price 2s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE, for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives a brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER is prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR is a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic Neuralgia, and Toothache. Price 2s.

Observe Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it.

PARTIES AT A DISTANCE REQUIRING ARTIFICIAL TEETH may have them supplied, in partial or complete sets, on Messrs Gabriel's new system, by sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of One Guinea, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded, with all necessary instructions. Messrs. Gabriel will undertake to Remodel or repair Artificial Teeth made by other Dentists, [which do not prove satisfactory], at moderate charges.

Messrs. Gabriel's Pamphlet on Artificial Teeth and Painless Dentistry on receipt of postage.

All letters to be addressed to 64 LUDGATE HILL, LONDON. 323 [illegible]

MADRID 1867

PRIMERA CLASE

PARIS 1867 LONDON 1862

MENTION HONORABLE GENERAL EXCELLENCE

ALKABASAR

ARRIVED AT LAST!

This elegant Turkish TONIC is one of the most salutary and delicate preparations ever submitted for public approval in this hemisphere, and asserts its pretensions to patronage on the following grounds:—

That it is a preparation of one of the most eminent Purveyors to the Ottoman Court.

It prevents acidity of the Stomach.

It relieves lowness of spirits

It is a mild and invigorating tonic, and a most efficient but innocuous stimulant.

It renders the breath sweet and agreeable.

It stimulates the appetite if taken BEFORE meals.

It promotes digestion if taken AFTER meals.

It neutralizes the propensity for strong liquors.

It renders the intellect bright and clear.

If taken habitually it imparts vitality and energy to all the bodily organs.

By its use a man of 70 will become as it were, restored to the elasticity of 30; and to persons of delicate constitutions it is strongly recommended.

It is an especial favourite with Oriental ladies.

Secure, then, health, longevity and vital energy by the habitual use of the

ALKABASAR TURKISH TONIC.

Kept in stock by the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.

For directions for use see labels on bottles.

HENRY CHAPMAN & CO.,
EVANS, MERCER & CO.,
Montreal,
Sole Agents for the Dominion

Montreal, July 6. 1415-y

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission from the original receipt of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,
Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion,

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,
Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

10221tf A. M. F GIANELLI.

H. R. FRIPP,

ORGANIST AND TEACHER OF MUSIC.

Residence—Elgin Street, South of Slater Street. Classes for beginners at Mr Gowan's Hall on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 4½ p m.

Ottawa, July 15th, 1870. 1410 tf

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano at 1 Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street

Ottawa, June 23, 1868 775y

LOST

From the Farm of MRS. STEWART on the bank of the Canal, on the 20th inst., TWENTY-THREE LAMBS, marked with a stroke on the back with ar. Information to be given to WM CLATTERY, Butcher By Ward Market.

August 1 1870

Commission Merchants.

J. BERMINGHAM,

GENERAL AUCTIONEER.

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit a continuance of the support and patronage liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate, that in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p.m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 25. Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hands for sale

J BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer

Ottawa, March 1870.

M. FOOTE & COMPANY,

IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALER IN TEAS AND WINES.

6 HOSPITAL STREET MONTREAL.

Ottawa August 23 1870 1444tf

DOMINION FOX.

GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,
Clarence Street, next to the City Hotel Ottawa.

Solicits the patronage of the Lumber trade generally on the Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging men and attending to their rafts while passing here to the best of his ability.

REFERENCES.

Alex Fraser, Esq. Walter Smith, Esq.
John Supple, Esq. R W Cruice, Esq.

1326tf.

H. EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS, FORWARDERS

DEALERS IN

Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c

OTTAWA.

End of Little Sussex-st.

Cash advanced on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases

H. H. EASTON R. M. EASTON

FOR SALE.

MESS AND PRIME MESS PORK.

FLOUR NO. 1 & EXTRA

WHITE BEANS,

At Ottawa, Sand Point and Pembroke.

S CHRISTIE,
No 5 Sparks street.

Ottawa, Mar 18, 1870

Insurance.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY of Canada, Head Office, Toronto.

President—The Hon John Hillyard Cameron M.P.

Vice President—Lewis Moffatt, Esq.

Other Directors—C J Campbell, Esq, Hon Adam Cameron, W T Macdonnell, Esq, A R McMaster, Esq, H S Howland, Esq, Geo Duggan Esq, A T Fulton, Esq, Angus Morrison, Esq, M P J S Crocker, Esq.

Banker—The Canadian Bank of Commerce.

Agents for Ottawa—Messrs J T & W PENNOCK.

The rates of the PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY are as low as its long experience has shown to be profitable.

The cost of the value of insurance is, however not when the premiums are being paid, but when losses are being settled, and, from the equity and promptness of its settlements the Provincial Insurance Company is second to none.

Its Inspectors are always sent to adjust every important loss directly it occurs.

It has no adjustment losses due and unpaid.

It respectfully solicits a share of the patronage of the insuring public of Ottawa.

ARTHUR HARVEY,
1298tf Manager.

UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No. 104.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B

For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.

have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN,
Manager

Ottawa, November 7, 1868. 894tf

FOR SALE.

A beautiful country residence with Fifteen (15) Acres of Land (or more if necessary) attached; the house and outbuildings being completely surrounded by a grove of lovely shade trees. The whole within 10 minutes drive of the Government buildings.

Terms of sale, cash, if preferable to purchaser otherwise a small payment down, and the balance in from 1 to 10 years, to suit purchaser.

Apply to the Proprietor,

R A BRADLEY,
Solicitor, Elgin-st., Ottawa.
Nearly opposite the Post Office.

N. B.—Money to lend on Real Estate. Terms easy.

OUT TO-DAY.

THE

Canadian Parliamentary Calendar AND *Directory for* 1870.

To be obtained

OFFICE & CO., and JOBBS & HOLLAND

1300tf

Medical.

Ayer's

Hair Vigor,

For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.

A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. *Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color with the gloss and freshness of youth.* Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

HAIR DRESSING,

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,
PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS,
LOWELL, MASS.
PRICE $1.00.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

For Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption.

Probably never before in the whole history of medicine, has anything won so widely and so deeply upon the confidence of mankind, as this excellent Remedy for pulmonary complaints. Through a long series of years, and among most of the races of men it has risen higher and higher in their estimation, as it has become better known. Its uniform character and power to cure the various affections of the lungs and throat, have made it known as a reliable protector against them. While adapted to milder forms of disease usual to young children, it is at the same time the most effectual remedy that can be given for incipient consumption, and the dangerous affections of the throat and lungs. As a preventive against sudden attacks of *Croup*, it should be kept on hand in every family, and indeed as all are sometimes subject to colds and coughs, all should be provided with this antidote for them.

Although settled *Consumption* is thought incurable, still great numbers of cases where the disease seemed settled, have been completely cured, and the patient restored to sound health by the *Cherry Pectoral*. So complete is its mastery over the disorders of the Lungs and Throat, that the most obstinate of them yield to it. When the lurking disease could reach them, under the *Cherry Pectoral* they subside and disappear.

Singers and Public Speakers find great protection from it.

Asthma is always relieved and often wholly cured by it.

Bronchitis is generally cured by taking the *Cherry Pectoral* in small and frequent doses.

So generally are its virtues known that we need not publish the certificates of them here, or do more than assure the public that its qualities are fully maintained.

Ayer's Ague Cure,

For Fever and Ague, Intermittent Fever, Chill Fever, Remittent Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical or Bilious Fever, &c., and indeed all the affections which arise from malarious, marsh, or miasmatic poisons.

As its name implies, it does *Cure*, and does not fail. Containing neither Arsenic, Quinine, Bismuth, Zinc, nor any other mineral or poisonous substance whatever, it in nowise injures any patient. The number and importance of its cures in the ague districts are literally beyond account, and we believe without a parallel in the history of Ague medicine. Our pride is gratified by the acknowledgments we receive of the radical cures effected in obstinate cases, and where other remedies had wholly failed.

Unacclimated persons, either resident in, or travelling through miasmatic localities, will be protected by taking the *AGUE CURE* daily.

For *Liver Complaints*, arising from torpidity of the Liver, it is an excellent remedy, stimulating the Liver into healthy activity.

For Bilious Disorders and Liver Complaints, it is an excellent remedy, producing many truly remarkable cures, where other medicines had failed.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & Co., Practical and Analytical Chemists, Lowell, Mass., and sold all round the world.

PER BOTTLE.

DARLEY'S ARABIAN OIL

FOR HORSES AND CATTLE

A NEVER-FAILING REMEDY.

This valuable preparation combines all the medicinal virtues of those articles which long experience has proved to possess the most safe and efficient properties for the cure of Flesh Wounds, Sprains, Bruises, Galls of all kinds, Cracked Heels, Ring Bone, Spavin, Callous, Pistula, Sweeney, External Poisons, Scratches or Grease, Strains, Lameness, Mange, Worms, Corns, Sand Cracks, Foundered Feet, Hard Distemper, Swellings, and many other diseases which horses and cattle are subject to.

The celebrated Liniment has been used for many years, and its curative properties thoroughly tested, and it is conceded to be the cheapest and most reliable remedy for all external complaints ever offered to the public—it never fails when timely used and faithfully applied.

To be had of all Druggists and Country Merchants throughout the Dominion. Price 25c. per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont.
Proprietors.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W M Massey, H F McCarthy, J Skinner, in Ottawa, all Medicine Dealers.

November 24, 1870 1522tf

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 5th and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly, (which are published in the "Ontario Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of he Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the Session.

CHARLES T GILLMOR,
Clerk of the House.

Toronto March 15, 1870 1369 td lawk.

NOTICE

is hereby given, that an application will be made to the Legislature of the Province of Ontario at its next Session, for an Act to authorize the construction of Water Works in and for the City of Ottawa.

WM P LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa,
October 12th, 1870 1492 lawk-2m

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.

W. S. THISTLE. R. LANG.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.

REFERENCES.—H Atlins, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.

OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

PRESERVE YOUR ROOFS.

PATENT PLASTIC SLATE PAINT,

Is the best and cheapest material in use for preserving new, or repairing old

IRON OR TIN ROOFS,

No matter how bad their condition. Also fire rate for

SHINGLE ROOFS,

Making them

FIRE AND WATER PROOF,

Hardens into a coating of SOLID SLATE by exposure.

Price $6 a barrel, mixed ready for use.

A barrel will cover 10 squares (10 x 10).

SHEATHING FELT

For lining Frame Buildings under the clap boards. An effectual protection against cold, damp and vermin. Rats and mice will come near it.

No FRAME DWELLING should be without

Send for circular, instructions, &c.

BUCHANAN & CO.,
Wholesale Depot for Roofing Materials and Founder's Supplies,
22 Lemoine Street.
Montreal.

Ottawa, September 21, 1870 1468

A. E. GENDREAU,

HAIR DRESSING PARLOUR,
Wellington street,
Opposite the Bank of Montreal.

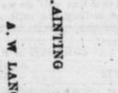
MR GENDREAU, the proprietor of that so popular Parlour, has the pleasure to announce to his numerous friends and the public in general, that to answer to the great encouragement which he has received up to the present, he has determined to enlarge and thoroughly furnish anew his establishment. He will save no expense to render Parlour the most comfortable, and to procure the most experienced hair dressers.

MR GENDREAU having served considerable time in some of the best and most extensive Hair Dressing Saloons in the Dominion and United States, is in a position to conduct the duties of his establishment in a manner that cannot be surpassed.

He will have always on hand the best perfumes imported directly from Paris and London.

MR GENDREAU solicits a visit to convince all of the truth of his statements.

SATCHELL BROS



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Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantly on hand

FRESH KILLED

STALL-FED

BEEF AND MUTTON.

ALSO,

THEIR CELEBRATED,

SPICED AND SALT ROUND,

AND

ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES,

To be had

THEIR STALLS,

Nos. 5 and 7,

BY-WARD MARKET

No Smoke or Coal Oil used.

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Incorporated under Chapter LXVII of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada.

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TWO OR THREE GENTLEMEN can be accommodated with

ROOMS, WITH OR WITHOUT BOARD.

Apply at

MR. ROWSELL'S,
Opposite the Union Hotel,
Centre Town.

Ottawa, July 5, 1870. 1490 tf

EDGAR DOWARD, Organist, Christ Church, teacher of Organ, Piano and Singing Residence—O'Connor street. Mr. Doward was formerly Choirster Boy and Articled Pupil of Mr W. Done, of Worcester Cathedral, England.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

In the matter of

JOSEPH HENRY CASSELS,

the Village of Kenmore

AN INSOLVENT.

ASSIGNEES SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power vested in me as Assignee of the estate and effects of the above named Insolvent, I shall offer for sale by Public Auction, at the Court House, in the City of Ottawa, at the hour of 12 o'clock, noon on FRIDAY, the TWENTY-FIFTH day of NOVEMBER next, all the estate, right, title, interest and equity of redemption of the said Insolvent, and of myself, as such Assignee as aforesaid, in and to that certain parcel or tract of land and premises situate, lying and being in the Township of Gloucester, in the County of Carleton, containing by admeasurement fifty acres of land be the same more or less, being composed of the west quarter of lot number two, in the third Concession of the said Township, Rideau Front.

Terms and conditions made known at the time of sale, and particulars can be had by applying

CHAS BAILLIE,
Assignee,
461 Notre Dame St.

Dated Montreal, 17th Sept, 1870. 1469 3aw271

GREAT CENTRAL AIR LINE ROUTE VIA GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.

[The Model Road of Canada]

To Sarnia, Detroit, Milwaukee, CHICAGO, Cincinnati, St. Louis, New Orleans, and all Points in the West and South.

NORTHERN TRANSPORTATION CO'S 20 First-Class Upper Cabin Steamers.

DAILY LINE BETWEEN

OGDENSBURG & CHICAGO,

Making sure connections with Railway for all Points West and South.

Parties going west can secure Tickets at this office to any Point desired,

VIA

ALL RAIL OR ALL BOAT

Fares always cheaper than by any other Route.

Be sure and procure TICKETS at this office by the

GREAT CENTRAL ROUTE

AND SAVE MONEY, TIME AND DISTANCE.

Comparative distance of the several Western Routes to Chicago:

American—Ogdensburg or Prescott..... to Chicago.....	850 miles
Grand Trunk to Detroit.....	756 do
Grand Trunk to Toronto, Great Western to Detroit.....	730 do
Leaving in favor of the Great Central Route	120 do

For TICKETS to any Points in the United States, and all information apply to

J P CONCORAN,
General Western Railway and Steamboat Ticket office, at H Palmer's store, next to Finland & Draper's, Sussex st, two doors from Rideau st

LEA & PERRINS' CELEBRATED WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

Declared by Connoisseur TO BE THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.

CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivalled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,

and to see that their names are upon the wrapper labels, stopper and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and venders of such, or any other imitations by which their rights may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c, &c, and by Grocers and Oilmen universally 42v1236 law

IN CHANCERY.

Pursuant to a decree of the Court of Chancery, made in a cause Spain vs. Watt, the Creditors of Martin Spain, late of the Township of Nepean, in the County of Carleton, who died in or about the month of NOVEMBER, 1867, are on or before the 15th NOVEMBER next, to send by post prepaid, to Messrs. Kennedy & Christie, of the City of Ottawa, the Solicitor of the Defendants, Arthur Watt, the Executor of the deceased, their christian and surnames, addresses and descriptions, the full particulars of their claims, a statement of their accounts and the nature of the securities (if any) held by them, or in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said decree.

Every Creditor holding any security is to produce the same before me at my Chambers, at the City of Ottawa, on the 23rd day of November, 1870, at 11 o'clock, in the forenoon, being the time appointed for adjudication on the claims.

Dated this 21st day of October, 1870.

(Signed), W. M. MATHESON,
Master at Ottawa

Scott & Ross,
Plaintiff's Solicitors.

Ottawa, Oct 24, 1870 1495 1d

PRESTON & ROWSELL.

MILITARY TAILOR AND *HABIT MAKERS*

NO. 36 SPARKS STREET

PRESTON & ROWSELL

A SELECT ASSORTMENT OF

Tweeds,
Broad Cloths,
Doe Skins,
Fancy Coatings,
Vestings, &c.

SHIRTS MADE TO ORDER

Ottawa, July 26, 1870.

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HELLMUTH COLLEGE.

Board and Tuition per annum, $22.

HELLMUTH LADIES' COLLEGE

Inaugurated by H. R. H

The Times

VOL. V. NO. 1541. OTTAWA, FRIDAY DECEMBER 16, 1870. PRICE—3 CENTS

Legal.

WRIGHT & CLEMOW, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c, &c, for the Provinces Ontario and Quebec.
Office over Durie's Book store, Sparks street, Ottawa.
W McKay Wright 12w F C Clemow.

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. M. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.
Robert Lees. 43utf John J. Gemmell.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

KEEFER & KIMBER, Barristers and Attornies at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, &c, for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec.
Office—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.
Augustus Keefer. Rene Edward Kimber.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

J. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
William Mosgrove. 366tf George Taillon.

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

Medical.

DOCTOR HENDERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Surgery—That recently occupied by Dr. Malloch, Duke st, Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1388y

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.
N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

GEORGE HUTCHISON, L. D. S.,
SURGEON DENTIST,
Sparks Street
OPPOSITE "TIMES" OFFICE.

DR. HUTCHISON is fully prepared to supply full SETS of TEETH, or to insert single Teeth where wanted, on either gold, silver or vulcanite rubber plates, fitting so closely and easily to the mouth as to be capable of all the uses to which natural teeth are applied without the slightest inconvenience to the wearers, and after wearing for a short time in use, without even a consciousness of the presence of a substance foreign to the mouth.
Dr. H, with a view to the removal of painful sensations during the operation of extracting decayed or diseased teeth, has introduced into his practice the use of the Nitrous Oxide or laughing gas, which the sufferer inhales without danger or inconvenience, and loses his tooth as it were in a pleasant dream.
Can be consulted any day, except Sunday, at his office from 9 a. m. to 6 p. m.
Ottawa, September 2, 1870

Hotels and Saloons.

THE METROPOLITAN,
AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa.
P. O'MEARA. Proprietor.

WAVERLY HOUSE,
BARRINGTON-STREET,
HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,
Established 1851.
Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.
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PICKWICK HOUSE,
Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.
S. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)
A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*
Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brandies, Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

MR. DUIGNAN'S,
SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.
A few more gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen visiting the Capital will find superior accommodation by the day or week at moderate terms.
N B—This house is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Parliament Buildings and the Hotels. 819tf

THE UNION HOUSE,
W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR,
CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS
OTTAWA.
EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.
The Bar always supplied with the
CHOICEST LIQUORS,
And the table spread with
EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON
Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.

C. T. R. HIGGINS,
Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co, General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufactures and Mining Agent Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mann Bros Hardware Store.

DANCING AND DEPORTMENT.
Mrs Robert Stewart having made arrangements with an accomplished lady teacher, announces that her Dancing Classes will commence on Wednesday, the 22nd instant
Further particulars may be obtained on application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street.
Ottawa September 9th, 1869. 1148tf

WANTED.
An experienced First-class Common School Teacher, who is not afraid to compete (so far as his profession is concerned) with any person in either Province, desires an engagement in Ontario, to date from the first of January next. Best of references.
Address, stating salary, &c.,
A D PRATT,
Hull, P. Q.
Hull, 31st Oct, 1870 1502tf

SCHOOL NOTICE.
A TEACHER is wanted for School Section No. 1, Torbolton.
Apply to JOHN SMITH, Secretary.
Shelbe, Dec 6, 1870 1534 i

Groceries.

DENIS WHELAN,
39 RIDEAU STREET,
OTTAWA
HAVING OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT
(nearly opposite the Old Stand,)
Offers for sale at VERY LOW PRICES a large and well selected stock, comprising Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy Soaps, Sauces, Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, Candles, Coarse and Fine Salt. Also,
Bordeaux and other Vinegars
MESS PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS,
and the numerous other articles necessary to constitute a complete stock.
TEAS—Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial Young Hyson, quite fresh and cheap.
COFFEE—Fresh Coffee *ground* and *roasted* daily on the premises.
LIQUORS—Cognac Brandies Renault & Co, Hennessy, Piper's and other brands.
HOLLAND GIN—De Kuyper's and Houtman's, a wood bottle.
WINES—Sherries of all grades, Ports of fine quality, Burgundy, Souterne and Maderia Wines all prices, in wood and bottle, improved by age.
HIGHWINES, OLD RYE, PROOF AND WHISKEY,
High proof and flavor, at extremely low prices.
Thorne's and Stewart' Scotch Whiskey and Old Tom.
Dunville's Irish Whiskey.
Murphy's Old Irish Potteen.
Guinness' and London Porter, pts and qts.
Molson's and other Ales.
Sugars and Syrups, all grades.
Sale at refiners' prices.
THE OLD STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE SELLING AT TWENTY-FIVE PER CENT BELOW COST.
Now is the time or bargains. 1105

1870. 1870.
SPRING IMPORTATIONS.
O'MEARA & CO.
Beg most respectfully to intimate to their friends and customers that they have just received and have ready for inspection
A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT
OF
CLOTHS AND TWEEDS
Suitable for the coming season, comprising
ENGLISH,
FRENCH,
SCOTCH AND CANADIAN MANUFACTURES
OF THE
NEWEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE DESIGNS.
THE READY-MADE
CLOTHING DEPARTMENT
is also very complete, and will be found of the best materials and most fashionable styles.
Special attention is called to a
LARGE ASSORTMENT OF
SPRING AND SUMMER OVERCOATS
OF THE NEWEST ...
Suspenders, Scarfs, Ties, Collars, Shirts, Gloves, &c, &c. Together with a large and well assorted stock of
DRY GOODS.
Tailoring Department under the supervision of a first class cutter
Suits made to order in best and latest styles
Good fit ensured or no sale.
A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO

Hardware.

BLYTH & KERR,
No. 25 RIDEAU STREET,
Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c.
All work in any of the above branches executed in a prompt and workmanlike manner.
Special attention given to Roofing and fitting up Galvanized Iron and Tin Gutters, Conductors, &c., &c.
IMPORTERS OF GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.
JUST RECEIVED, ex "Pride of Canada" and "Oceola," a splendid assortment of Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots, Jelly Moulds, Wire Dish Covers, Spice Boxes, Ladies' Dressing Cases, Trays, Enamelled Pie Dishes, Preserving Pans, Deil Milk Saucepans, &c., &c.
Constantly on hand, Cooking Stoves, (best makers) Hot Air Furnaces, Water Coolers, Baths, (all kinds) Cutlery, Plated and Britannia Metal Ware,
—ALSO—
FISHING TACKLE, comprising Rods, Lines, Flies, Hooks, Floats, Trolls, Panniers, Landing Nets, Fly Books, &c. &c.
Ottawa, August 10. 1870 1432 1y

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Received a fresh consignment of this delicious Wine. It is full flavoured, of great body, and guaranteed purity.

ALICANTE.
A Sweet Red Wine of delicate flavour and bouquet, invaluable for invalids.
This wine has been specially imported as a pure Wine to be used in the Holy Communion.
The following gentlemen have kindly allowed their names to be used as references:
Ven Archdeacon Fuller, Toronto.
Rev J Beaven, D D, "
Rev G B Read, D D, "
Rev E Baldwin, "
Rev W S Darling, "
Rev A Williams, "
Rev J D Cayley, "
Rev W H Davis, "
Rev S Bedford Jones, L L D, Ottawa.
—ALSO—
A full Stock of Brandies, Gins, Jamaica Rum, Proof and Old Rye Whiskey, Sherries, Still and Sparkling Moselle, Champagne, Malaga, Maderia Malvoisie, Noyau Curacoa Creme de Menthe, Creme de Moka, Chartreuse, Maraschino, English and Canadian Ales and Porter, &c, &c, &c.
J. P. MACPHERSON,
Wine Merchant
Elgin Street.
Agent for Qualton, St George & Co's pure French Wines.
Ottawa, Dec 10, 1870 1536y

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AS FARMER
A Married Man, who understands farming in all its departments; has had long experience in Canada.
Address R. E.,
FARMER,
Hull, P.Q.

WANTED
By a young girl a situation as SEAMTRESS, or DRESS-MAKER, in a private family or place of business.
References given if required. Apply at the TIMES OFFICE.
August 1st, 1870 1424-tf

ELECTRICITY IS LIFE
PULVERMACHER'S PATENT
GALVANIC CHAIN-BANDS
BELTS, AND POCKET BATTERIES
These highly improved inventions render Electricity perfectly self-applicable, and extremely efficacious in a mild continuous form, no shock or unpleasant sensation being experienced, whereby it becomes a true fountain of health and vigour, speedily soothing agonizing pains, re-animating torpid limbs, reviving the sluggish functions of life, and imparting renewed energy and vitality to constitutions enfeebled by whatever cause. Medicines and their deleterious consequences are thus entirely dispensed with. The daily increasing number of cures effected by PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC SYSTEM is so extensive and varied, that it forcibly points to this invention as the embryo of a universal remedy.
N. B.—The following testimony from the elite of the English medical faculty has been received:
"We, the undersigned, have much pleasure in testifying that Mr. J. L. PULVERMACHER'S recent improvements in his Voltaic Batteries and Galvanic Appliances for Medical Purposes are of great importance to Scientific Medicine, and that he is entitled to the consideration and support of every one disposed to further the advancement of real and useful progress.
"Dated the 9th day of March, 1866.
"SIR CHARLES LOCOCK, Bart., M. D, F. R. C. P.
"SIR HENRY HOLLAND, Bart., M. D, F. R. S.
"SIR WM. FERGUSSON, Bart., F. R. S.
"EDWD. H. SIEVEKING, M. D., M R C S.
"SIR J. RANALD MARTIN, F. R. C. S"
PULVERMACHER'S SYSTEM is also approved of by an official report of the Academie de Medicine, Paris, Royal College of Physicians, London, and the Imperial Faculty of Vienna, and its curative virtues are confirmed by thousands of private testimonials of cures effected. (See pamphlet gratis).
These facts appeal to the good sense of every sufferer to avail himself of this scientific and curative progress, to which the inventor has devoted a life-time of study and labour, as an ardent decipLe of that great benefactor of mankind, the late illustrious electrician MICHAEL FARADY.
PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC CHAINS are exceedingly effective without the aid of medicine, restriction of diet, or the least derangement of the patient's habits and daily occupations, in the following maladies:

Rheumatism	Female Complaints
Gout	Constipation
Sciatica	Cramp
Lumbago	Sluggish Circulation
Neuralgia	Urinary Disorders
Head and Toothache	Paralysis
Liver Complaints	Epilepsy
Tic Doloreux	Nervous Debility
Indigestion	Functional Disorders
Deafness	&c., &c.
Spasms	

The effects of the application of Pulvermacher's Chains in any of the above disorders is immediately perceptible—the relief of pain instantaneous.
PRICE LIST OF PULVERMACHER'S CHAIN BANDS AND BATTERIES.
B. CHAIN BANDS for Nervous Deafness, Head, Tooth, and Face Ache, and Noises in the Head, 21s. to 30s.
B. CHAIN BANDS for loss of Voice and other affections of the Throat, 10s. 6d. to 21s.
B. CHAIN BANDS for Sciatica, Rheumatic, Neuralgia, and Gouty Pains, Local Paralysis, Cramp, &c., 18s. to 22s. and 40s
B CHAIN BANDS for Lumbago, Indigestion, Liver, Chest, and Functional Disorders, &c., (worn as a belt), 22s to 40s and 55s.
B CHAIN BANDS for Writer's Cramp, Trembling, Nervousness, &c, 22s to 30s
B COMBINED CHAIN BAND for Central Paralysis, Epilepsy, General Debility Functional Disorders, &c, 30s to 50s.
A complete Set of COMBINED CHAIN BANDS, BELTS, and CHAIN BATTERY for restoring vital energy, £3 to £7.
The public are most earnestly cautioned to beware of Pseudo Electric Belts advertised by sham Doctors, &c., for improper purposes, and so severely stigmatized by Vice Chancellor Malins in the suit Pulvermacher vs Hammond, alias Henry James, alias C. T, Raphey, M. R. C. S, alias Henry Burrows, &c, &c.
No Galvanic Belts are genuine but those bearing the fac simile of M. Pulvermacher's signature on the label.
A pamphlet containing full particulars may be had at the Drug Store of A. Christie, Sparks Street.
J. L. PULVERMACHER,
Galvanic Establishment,
200 Regent Street, London, W.
Ottawa, September 6, 1870 1455 1awk y

SCYTHES!
SCYTHES!! SCYTHES!!!
AND OTHER
HARVESTING IMPLEMENTS.
At the sign of the ANVIL, No. 24 Rideau street, you can find a complete assortment of
Grass and other Scythes.
Blood Sil er Steel, all lengths.
Blood Cast Steel, "
Blood German Steel, "
Pride of the Field silver Steel.
Bonnie Blue Bell; "
Red Rover or Champion "
Flint's Celebrated Scyth,
Whitings Eureka Scyth ground, ready for use.
Hay Rakes, straight and bent.
Hay Forks, two and three prongs,
Straw Forks, three prongs.
Scythes Snathes.
Grain Cradles, Muley and Grape Vine.
Scythes-stones and Grindstones of all sorts and sizes.
—ALSO,—
A complete assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, Paints, Oil, Glass, Putty, Coal Oil, &c., &c.
THOS. BIRKETT,
No. 24, Rideau Street.

TO FARMERS
Who have suffered by fire we make a reduction in the price of Stoves,

Elevated Oven	Cook Stoves.
Low Oven	Cook Stoves.
Double Stoves.	Parlour Stoves.
Box Stoves all sizes.	Hotel Cook Stoves.
Dumb Stoves.	Hot Air Furnaces.
Stove Pipes.	Elbows.
Zinc.	

Our WINTER STOCK, just received at the
"CAPITAL STOVE DEPOT."
35 Sussex Street,
H MEADOWS & CO.
Ottawa, September 9, 1870.

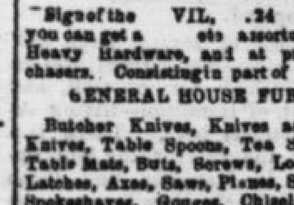
IMPORTANT SALE
—OF—
REAL ESTATE,
Mill Property, Farms, Timber Lands, Timber Licenses, &c.
INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.
In the matter of
THOMAS D. LEWIS,
Of Templeton, County of Ottawa, Quebec,
INSOLVENT,
The subscriber will offer for sale by Public Auction, at the Court House, Town of Aylmer, on THURSDAY the fifteenth of December, at twelve o'clock Noon.
The Valuable Real Estate Timber Lands, Saw Mill, known as Eagle Mills, Templeton; Carpenter's and Blacksmiths' Shop, Dwelling Houses, Barns, Stables, &c., erected on the following properities to wit:
In the Township of Templeton, in the County Of Ottawa Quebec:
Fifth Range—West half lot 15, 100 Acres.
Seventh Range—North half Lots 1, 2, 3. 285 Acres.
Lots 7, 100 Acres.
Eigth Range—Part lot 3, 124 acres.
Part lot 4, 200 acres.
South half lot 5, 100 acres,
Do lot 7, 100 acres.
Do lot 8, 100 acres.
West half lot 12, 100 acres. On this is a valuable farm.
North half lot 17, 100 acres.
Do lot 18, 100 acres.
Ninth Range—North half lot 5, 100 acres.
Lot 13, 200 acres. On this lot is erected a Saw Mill, known as the "Eagle Mills," Carpenter's Shop, Blacksmith's Shop, Cook House, four other Houses, three Barns, and other buildings thereon erected.
South half lot 14, 100 acres, with buildings thereon erected.
South half lot 18, 100 acres.
Tenth Range—West half lot 5, 100 acres.
East half lot 5, 100 acres,
West half lot 6, 100 acres.
Lot 9, 100 acres.
Lot 13, 200 acres, with Dwelling House and Barn.
North half lot 17, 100 acres.
North half lot 18, 100 acres.
North half lot 19, 100 acres.
Eleventh Range—Lot 6, 200 acres. This is valuable timber Land.
Twelfth Range—Part lot 14, 25 acres, commonly called McGregor's Farm.
Thirteenth Range—Part lot 13, 40 acres, with buildings thereon erected.
Also Insolvents interest on lot 15, in the 15th concession of Templeton, Quebec.
—ALSO—
THE UNDERMENTIONED LICENSES COMMONLY CALLED TIMBER LIMITS, will be sold at the same time belonging to same Estate:—
First License—Number Eight (8) for 1870 and 1871, to Cut Timber on the following limits:
PORTLAND, QUEBEC—Area 17½ square miles—To commence at the rear line of the township of Templeton, running on said rear line 6½ miles on the course due north, and in breadth not more than half way to the height of land between the Blanche and Lierve Rivers. The western boundary of this limit is the township of Wakefield. The upper boundary of this limit has only 2½ miles.
Secondly—License number eighty-eight (88) for 1870 and 1871, to cut Timber on the following limits, viz., Wakefield, Quebec.
Area 7¾ square miles—Lots number 16, 17, 19, 20 and 21 in the eighth (8) Range; and 17, 18, 19, 21, 26 in the ninth (9) Range; 17 to 2? inclusive, E; ½ 22, N. ½ 25, 26, S. ... eleventh Range of the Range; and 17, 18, 19 ...
Also, the Insolvents interest in the Graphite Company of Canada, 200 shares
Farming and Milling Implements, including a valuable Gumming Machine, Lathe Machine, Dies, Slab Cutters, &c., &c., &c.
For further particulars, apply to
WILLIAM LINDSAY,
Assignees,
2, Merchants Exchange Montreal.
November 24. 1522tf

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35 SUSSEX STREET!

Elevated Oven Cook Stoves, at	H. MEADOWS & Co.
Low Oven Cook Stoves, at	H. MEADOWS & Co.
Double Stoves, at	H. MEADOWS & Co
Box and Parlor Stoves, at	H. MEADOWS & Co
Coal Stoves, Base Burners, at	H. MEADOWS & Co.
The Quintal Coal Stove, at	H. MEADOWS & Co.
Parlour Cook Stoves, at	H. MEADOWS & Co.
Dumb Stoves, all sizes, at	H. MEADOWS & Co.
Hot Air Furnaces, at	H. MEADOWS & Co.
Stove Pipes and Elbows, at	H. MEADOWS & Co.
Lumbermen s Supplies, at	H. MEADOWS & Co.
1st Prize Stoves can be seen, at	H. MEADOWS & Co.

Ottawa, Oct. 13, 1870.

HARDWARE! HARDWARE!



Sign of the ANVIL, 24 Rideau Street, where you can get a complete assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, and at prices to suit purchasers. Consisting in part of
GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHINGS!
Butcher Knives, Knives and Forks, Pocket Knives, Table Spoons, Tea Spoons, Tea Trays, Table Mats, Butts, Screws, Locks, Bolts, Catches, Latches, Axes, Saws, Planes, Squares, Hammers, Spokeshaves, Gouges, Chisels, Augers, Auger Bits, steel Bits, Bevils, Levels, Boring Machines, Draw Knives, &c, &c, &c. together with
PAINT OF ALL COLOURS:
Rose, Pink, Burnt Umber, Terra de Kinna, Chrome Yellow, Yellow Ochre, Celestial Blue, Paris Green, Brunswick Green, Magnesia Green, Venetian Green, Red Lead, White Lead, in Oil or Dry, Drop Black, Ivory Black, Lamp Black, Boiled Oil, Raw Oil. Turpentine, Benzole, Coal Oil, Paint Brushes, Varnishes, &c.
THOS. BIRKETT,
No. 24, Rideau Street,
Sign of the Anvil.
P, S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the City.
Ottawa, Nov 15, 1870

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.
Arrival — Departure of Mails.
1870. FALL ARRANGEMENT. 1870.

MAILS	Close A.M.	Close A.M.	Close P.M.	Delivered A.M.	Delivered A.M.	Delivered P.M.
Eastern, by Train; Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	11.15		8.30	9.00		4.00
Montreal, by Steamer	6.00					
Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B., by St. L. & O. Railway	11.15			9.00		4.00
Western, by Train; Toronto, Hamilton, London, Kingston, Western, U.S., and all places west of Prescott	4.30		8.30	9.00		7.15
Fort Garry and other places in the Province of Manitoba to be despatched in closed mail from Windsor, Ontario, daily, via St. Paul's Minnesota. Ordinary Dominion rates of postage	8.30		8.30	9.00		7.15
United States, by St. L. & O. Railway; Ogdensburg, New York, Boston, &c.	1.15		8.30	9.00		4.00
Lower Ottawa, by Steamer; Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville, &c.	6.00					6.30
Upper Ottawa, by Steamer; Onslow, Arnprior, Sand Point, Renfrew, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c.	4.00			8.00		6.00
Upper Ottawa, by Stage; Pakenham, March, Huntley, Carp, &c.			12.15	8.00	11.00	
Aylmer, by Stage; Hull, Clarendon, Bristol, &c.	5.00	11.00	4.00	9.		4.00
Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Burritt's Rapids by St. L. & O. Railway	7.30	11.15		9.		
North Gower, Kars, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	11.15			9.00		
Osgoode, Russell, and Line of St. L. & O. Railway	8.30			8.00		1.30
For Brockville, Perth, Smith's Falls, Appleton and Carleton Place, per Canada Central Railway	8.30		4.30			1.30
For Sand Point and places on the Brockville and Ottawa Railway, North of Carleton Place Junction, and places on C. C. Railway	8.30					
Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate offices daily; Aylwin, Kazabazua, Low, River Desert, Six Portages, Wright, close Tuesdays and Fridays; arrive Tuesdays and Fridays	6.00					5.00
Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays			12.30		11.30	

Matter posted up to 9.30 p.m. will be forwarded East and West in supplementary package the same night.
The Western Mail arriving at 7 p. m. will be delivered the same evening.
BRITISH MAILS.
Per Cunard Line, close every Tuesday at 10.45 a. m.
Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 10.30 a. m.
A supplementary bag for Canadian steamer will be closed at ...
MONEY ORDERS
On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.
OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.
POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.
Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on special deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required.
G. P. BAKER,
Postmaster.
POST OFFICE,
Ottawa, 21st Nov., 1870.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS
Ex. Ships COGNAC, NEREO, UNION and CITY of QUEBEC, from the different places of Growth.
It is now AN ESTABLISHED FACT
If you want any First-Class BRANDIES or WINES and the best Family Groceries, you must go to
Thos. Patterson,
No. 26 Rideau Street.
The following Goods in Stock and for Sale:
BRANDIES.—Pure and unadulterated, good for any use, always on hand in Wood or Bottle.
PORT WINE—Pure and reliable (20 years old) for Medicinal purposes and the only House in the City that imports such WINES direct to order.
SHERRY WINES—Various grades, very, very Pale, (delicious favour) Splendid Wines at a price to defy competition.
GIN—John De Kuyper & Son's Double-Berried, FirstClass.
SCOTCH WHISKEY—Old and Mild, (full strength.)
RUM,
OLD RYE,
FAMILY PROOF,
AND
HIGH WINES,
of the best kind.
PORTER AND ALES.—Guiness's Dublin and Dawe's, Lachine, in splendid order.
COFFEE.—Delicious Flavour. Fresh Roasted and Ground Daily.
TEAS.—The best qualities of Black, Japan, and Green, new crop and fragant.
SUGARS and SYRUPS of all kinds.
CHEESE—Fine old (Reesors and Factory) the best.
PICKLES and SAUCES, Jams and Jellies from Crosse and Blackwells, in great variety.
FRUITS.—The finest table and cooking raisins that can be had, large fresh and rich flavored.
CURRANTS.—Quite fresh and Candied Peels.
SPERM CANDLES and fancy perfumed soaps, the greatest variety in the city, and made to order by Field of London, England. There is an endless variety of those fine goods worthy of SPECIAL ATTENTION FOR FAMILIES, being of the finest qualities at moderate prices Everybody should know that to use good goods saves money. TRY THEM.
Ottawa, December 5, 1870.

SPECIAL NOTICES.
Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations

Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment Cures Croup or Rattles.—DR. BINGHAM, of Utica New York, says: "I have used Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment in my practice a number of years, and can say with pleasure I deem it one of the greatest discoveries of the age; for the cure of Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammatory Rheumatism, and in Childbed Fever, it operates with perfect success. In cases of Burns, Bruises, Frost Limbs, it acts like a charm.
DR. J. P. KENNEDY, of Chittenango, New York, says: "It has stood the test trial, and has not been found wanting. Its astonishing cures of Inflammation of the Lungs and Croup and the wonderful success in subsiding the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of remedies for these complaints."
DR. A. W. BELDING, of Knowlesville, New York says: "I have used it in several cases of Special Irritation and for the worst cases of Piles, and sundry other complaints, and find it a superiore article, and well worthy the notice of all"
Purchasers should be sure and ask for Dr. R. Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and see that the words "A. TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT" are on the wrapper.
Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for the Canadas. Sold in Ottawa by all druggists and by medicine dealers everywhere

ATTENTION!
If you want Choice VIRGIN HONEY, call at the New GROCERY STORE, Corner of Sussex and York Streets.
If you want SUPERIOR CHEESE, call at the New GROCERY STORE, Corner of Sussex and York Streets.
If you want FIRST-CLASS DAIRY BUTTER, call at the New GROCERY STORE Corner Sussex and York Streets.
—ALSO—
New Crop West End, Layers, Valencia and Seedless Raisins and Currants, Fresh Turkey Figs, Malaga Grapes, Lemons, Choice Imperial Prunes, Canded Peels, Gelatine, Cross & Blackwell's Pickles ... choice lot of Scotch and English Ales and Porter, Wines and Brandies, Gin, Scotch Whiskey, Jamaica Rum, Old Rye, Syrups and
JOHN A. BITTERS,
CONSTANTLY ON HAND,
At the New GROCERY STORE, Corner Sussex and York Streets.
Extra Fine Green, Black and Japan Teas, Rio, Java and Turkey Coffee.
—ALSO—
Fine Family and Pastry Flour, Oat and Corn Meal, at the NEW GROCERY STORE, Corner Sussex and York Streets.
J. M. C. DELES DERNIERS,
Corner Sussex and York-sts.
Ottawa, Nov 29, 1870 1526tf

IF YOU WANT
TO SAVE MONEY
GO TO THE
PEOPLE'S TEA STORES,
—BY—
P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.,
No. 36 Rideau St., and Duke St., Chaudiere,
OTTAWA,
Where from their great increase of business and the large addition now put to their Store, with a well selected Stock, and constant attention on their part, will enable them to sell at prices not to be equalled elsewhere.
There will be found always on hand a general assortment of
GROCERIES,
TEAS in particular, imported,
LIQUORS, WINES, BRANDIES,
GIN, IRISH and
SCOTCH WHISKEY,
Gooderham & Worts'
HIGHWINES
OLD RYE, and PROOF,
With a fine assortment of Christmas and New Year's FRUITS and SYRUPS.
—ALSO—
WINTER APPLES,
ORANGES and LEMONS,
CHEESE, HAMS,
and BACON.
Remember our Motto—"Quick Sales and light Profits."
Try their TEAS.
Ottawa, Nov 29, 1870 1526

CANADA AND
U. S. PATENT AGENCY.
Patents solicited in Canada and the United States; Trade and Timber Marks, Industrial Designs, Copywrights, Transfers, &c., registered on the shortest notice, Copies of Laws, Circulars, and information, sent free on application. Drawings prepared and copied.
Charges moderate. United States Patents particularly attended to. Several valuable Patent Rights for sale.
T. G. COURSOLLES.
November 26, 1870 1524tf

WANTED,
For the ROMAN CATHOLIC Separate Schools of this City, two Male English Teachers holding 1st Class Certificates.
Application to be made to the undersigned, on or before the 15th inst.
WM. FINLEY,
Chairman Board of R. C. S. S. Trustees.
Ottawa, Dec 6, 1870 1532tf

Diamonds.

I.

"O what shall I do for my beauty?"
I said to the Lady Lenore:
"O set me some terrible duty
Afar on some perilous shore!
Sweet, send me where battles grow brisker,
The Victor to tear from his car:
Let me fetch you the favourite whisker
That's worn by the Czar.

II.

"Shall I bring home the Papal tiara
As a toy for the prettiest of pets?
Shall I go with a tantarara
And drive off the Prussians from Metz?
Shall I dive into Ætna, and bring you
A gem that Empedocles wore?
What perilous gift shall I fling you,
My languid Lenore?"

III.

My lady, for laughter too lazy,
Just dimpled her mouth in a smile,
And whispered, "Dear Frank you are crazy
To talk in so flighty a style.
Still, go to the Cape, since you pant to
Be thought the most daring of men;
If with Diamonds you fill your portmanteau—
I'll marry you then."

Ballooning in Paris.

THE WORK REDUCED TO A SYSTEM.

A correspondent of the New York *Tribune* writing from Paris on the 12th ultimo, says:—

"Balloons, as our soul actual means of sending off despatches, have a special attraction for us. The Government has voted a sum of $2,000—to enable one M. Dupuy de l'Ome—to try by experiment a plan for bringing back balloons into Paris. The difficulty to be overcome is great, and the pay is scarcely commensurate, but the name of the machine is quite on a par with the difficulty. The Pneumohelicopthere is the name given to his balloon-with-a-helm-to-go and come back, by M. Dupuy de l'Ome. Awaiting this apparition, we are reduced to simple ballooning for the departure, and simpler pigeons for the return. I have just come back from the Orleans railway station. By the Daguerre or the Niepce, I do not know which, I have despatched a letter for the *Tribune*. A week ago I sent two by the same mode of conveyance. It was the first opportunity afforded me by the Brothers Godard's balloons. These gentlemen have the Orleans railway station as a workshop. Here are balloons in every stage of construction, and the Messieurs Godard presiding, who are themselves the most active of their staff of work-people. Every balloon is made to a particular pattern, and I notice it is rounder at the base than that adopted by Nadar. These bulky servants of the public are made up of sections of stout calico, coloured and varnished before being placed in the hands of 200 needle-women whose duty it is to sew the strips together. This is not done by machine, but by hand, the work being stronger. One of the Messieurs Godard cuts out the sections, all of which are numbered. First come those which form the top of the balloon and fit to the valve; then in succession those for the sides, diminishing almost to a peak, where ... tied. The Messieurs Godard employ a large staff of sailors to make the cordage and weave the netting, the whole of which is pitched, to prevent the absorption of moisture and the consequent inconveniences of tension and contraction, which operate disadvantageously upon the balloon at any great elevation. As the aerostat is put together, the sections receive casts of varnish, and a last one when complete. The sections are hung up to dry under the roof of the immense sheds of the station, and, the whole having been united and duly varnished, the balloon is conveyed to another shed, where it is inflated with wind by means of an enormous bellows, and then left to dry—a process requiring hours or days, according to the condition of the atmosphere. Some half dozen balloons are always on hand, ready to be despatched at the shortest notice. Each costs about $1000, including the services of the aeronaut. At 8 o'clock every evening, the Messieurs Godard give instruction to the sailors or the young men whose ambition is to become aeronauts, in the mysteries of their profession, and now have quite a school. They ascend and descend in a captive balloon, and are thus familiarized with the use of the guide-ropes, valve, and anchor. In the main, the process of construction is the same as at the Gase du Nord, where Messrs. Dartois & Yon—recently Nadar, Dartois & Yon—are installed. The only difference is in the detail of the work. The sewing is done there by machine, and comes cheaper. The varnish is applied when the balloon is completed, and the balloons are all of one colour, a cream white, those of the Brothers Godard being deep bottle green, relieved with stripes of red and orange. From both Associations I have received the most courteous treatment. Both are employed by the Government, which regulates the departures according to necessity. Thus there is no dependence upon them."

Russian Credit.

It is all but certain, says the *Economist* that although the present storm should blow over, it will take a long time for Russia to recover the good opinion she has lost; in other words, Russia will find it difficult or impossible to raise money in the London market for a good while to come. This is a pretty heavy price to pay for a freak of diplomatic vanity. It may perhaps be said that the attempt to repudiate an international treaty is on a different footing from the repudiation of a financial engagement—that the one does not imply the other—that Russia's character for punctual payment will leave her borrowing ability unimpaired. But this view is not taken in the City, where the gross breach of the treaty creates distrust in any signature of the Russian Government. Besides, there has been a tacit understanding among lenders that Russia borrowed in the guise of a peaceful power, with no other object in view than peaceful works. Now that she has once more given proof of a restless, sinister foreign policy she has very much lost caste.——The *Financier* remarks that one way in which our finances, instead of being prejudiced, will be helped by this renewed Eastern question is that there will be a cessation, or at least a postponement, of foreign loans, of which several are known to have been contemplated. And, first of all, our market will be saved from the threatened Russian loan of some £15,000,000, which was designed for early introduction. Thus, instead of reinvesting we shall keep the proceeds of our foreign stock redemption funds; and this will add still further to our immediately available resources. Another effect of this threatened dispute will be that, in proportion as foreign securities are depreciated—not merely prejudiced in market price, but also damaged in the estimation of investors by these incessant alarms—so will, in the very nature of things home securities be relatively better appreciated.

Devlin's Fur Depot.

Foreign News.

A company which had been formed in Paris to insure against bombardment has recently raised its premium from 3 to 3½ per cent.

Mr. Motley will shortly publish a pamphlet in defence of his diplomatic policy.

The new Russian uniform is said to be the richest ever worn by an army.

The beautiful Fountain des Innocents, in Paris, has been bomb-proofed with clay and plaster to protect it from Prussian shells.

A Los Angeles (Cal.) paper is "glad to see that most of our citizens have had sense enough to return to the use of the bowie-knife.

The *Courrier du Bas Rhin*, the principal paper of Strasbourg and Alsace, has been purchased by a German publisher, and a German has been installed as chief editor.

An explosion of nitro-glycerine occurred the other day in a factory in Rostoky, in Hungary, at which more than fifty persons lost their lives.

The result of a minute inspection of the fortifications of Metz by the German engineers is that these fortifications are considered "excellent in every respect."

The newspapers of Chicago complain that the hack drivers of that city "fight, swear, riot, and commit other extravagances" when they go to funerals.

At a recent funeral in New Haven, a young gentleman, while riding in the procession following the remains of his grandfather to the cemetery, saw two fathers and two mothers, all legal. A divorce had made the thing possible.

A long residence both in Russia and in England, and an intimate acquaintance with the opinions of both peoples, convince Col. Gowen that a conference can only delay the final catastrophe. The Russian people are strenuous in their demands, and the English are emphatic in their refusal. There can be, he claims, but one result, namely, war.

A lively, bright-eyed brunette, who stated that she was a Hungarian Countess, recently hired an apartment in Brussels, and was soon joined by a tall, stout Marquis of some forty years. They seemed to adore each other, but on a late Sunday, after driving out together, shots were heard in the apartment, and, on opening the door, they were found bathed in blood. The Marquis had shot the lady in the breast, but slightly, and then fired six shots at his own heart, which will probably kill him. The affair is a romantic mystery.

The most valuable fur-bearing animal found on the northwest coast of North America, is the sea otter. "When full grown, the length of the otter is about five feet. They are animals of much sagacity, keen-scented and of great curiosity and no little skill is required in hunting them. They live among beds of sea-weeds, not far from the land; but the oldest hunter says that the sea otter is never seen on the shore unless it is wounded. The mothers caress their baby otters with great apparent affection, and utter a plaintive strain while fondling them, whence the saying that "sea otters sing to quiet their young ones." The principal otter hunting grounds in the United States are on the coast of Oregon. The otters are shot with rifles from the shore. They go about in large flocks sometimes numbering several hundred, and when ... much the same as a person does with their hands. We find these facts stated in a paper of the Smithsonian Institute, printed in the *American Naturalist*.

Quips and Cranks.

Haste thee, Nymph, and bring with thee
Jest and youthful jolity,
Quips and cranks, and wanton wiles,
Nods, and becks, and wreathed smiles.
—*L'Allegro.*

You can't marry a-miss if you marry a widow.

Punch wants to know whether the Germans will care so much for the watch on the Rhine, now that they have got the great Strasbourg clock.

An Indiana paper tells of a lawyer there who charged a client $10 for collecting $9, but said he would not press him to pay the other dollar for a few days, if it would be more convenient for him to let it stand.

Dr. Hall tells the story of a man who sung most piously the hymn:
"Were the whole realm of nature mine,
That were at present far too small,"
and all through the singing was fumbling in his pocket to make sure of the smallest piece of silver for the contribution box.

An ambitious amateur once put up the play of the "Lady of Lyons" as a complimentary testimonial to himself. At the end of the first act he addressed the audience as follows:—"Ladies and gentlemen, with your kind permission I will conclude the evening's entertainment by singing 'I would not die in Spring Time,' as I find the part of *Claude* a little too hefty for me."

The Brunswick (Maine) *Telegraph* tells a remarkable story of a horse that preferred roaming in the fields to remaining in the stable, and was in the habit of escaping from his stall. Not long since his owner drove a nail over the hasp fastening on the inside of the door. In the morning the horse was in the garden as usual. It was found that the animal had drawn the nail with his teeth, unhasped and opened the door. He took the garden gate from its hinges and did not drop it, but actually set it up along side of the fence.

Some citizens of Colonge have bought an iron cross, weighing twenty-eight pounds, to hang around the neck of a townsman, who skulked in one of the battles before Metz.

PERSONAL.

Mr. E. K. Collins, former owner of the Collin's line of Steamers, is now superintendent of a coal mine.

Mr. Gladstone spoke 178 times during the last session of Parliament, and the speeches occupy 80 columns of the *Times*.

Gen. Beauregard has gone abroad in compliance with an invitation from the French Government. They have offered him the post of General of Division in the French army which he has accepted.

Mark Lemon's posthumous novel, "The Blue Peticoat," is announced in England for December 9

Fancies of a Starving Man.

A Mr. Evarts, who got lost amid the mountains of California, wandered about for many days, and was finally discovered when nearly perished for want of food, had strange fancies come over him toward the last of his wanderings, which are thus described:

"He does not admit of the idea that he was deprived of sound mind, but at the same time fancied that he had plenty of company; thought his right leg was one man, his left another, his arms two others and his stomach a fifth, thought they were good fellows, and was sorry he could not give them all they wanted to eat. He was surprised that when thistles were to be dug, fires made, wood brought, and meals cooked, that they would not help him. Everything he ate tasted good except grasshoppers. His stomach had not been educated up to that point. He frequently ate raw fish and esteemed them delicious; caught one snow-bird, and had a rare meal; chased a toad for two days, but without capturing it. In his dreams he used to cook some of the most delicious meals he ever ate in his life."

cured, and four loads of shot put into 'that Texan's hide.' He fell, but continued to struggle. Five loads more were then shot into him as he lay before he would give up his life. He was 'beefed.'"

Some few years since one of the clerks in a prominent banking house of Albany, having had an intimation that it was proposed to dispense with his services, boldly entered the private office of the President and said: "Mr. President, I have made up my mind that the interests of this bank require that either you or myself should leave its service. As you are the leading owner of the bank, and have a large family to support, I have concluded to leave you in your position and retire myself." The young man "retired."

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Medical Hall—Richard Higman.
Very Important Sale—A. Booker.
Life Association of Scotland—P. Wardlaw.
Still They Come—Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

TO THE PUBLIC.

Mr. J. G. DAVIS *is authorized to receive advertisements and subscriptions for* THE TIMES. *Now that we are about* ENLARGING THE SIZE *of* THE TIMES *and introducing other improvements, advertisers should take advantage of the increased circulation which it will at once be certain to obtain. In other directions, as well as in Ottawa, we are making exertions to extend our subscription list and to add to the value of* THE TIMES *as an advertising medium.*

The Ottawa Times.

Office: 38, Sparks Street

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 16 1870.

For interesting reading matter see First Page.

Our English exchanges contain accounts of a terrible accident on the London & North Western Railway, resulting in the death of seven persons, and serious injuries to many others. It appears that the line is over-crowded with business and its officials overworked. But no English journal enacts the *role* of the Toronto *Globe*, and assails the management with a long tirade of abuse. There is a searching investigation of all the facts connected with the accident, but no newspaper has the indecency to make use of such a calamity for its own political purposes.

We notice that the correspondent of a Western paper suggests the formation of a military reserve force for the Dominion of Canada after the plan of the English naval reserve. He says that in Canada there are between five and ten thousand discharged soldiers who might, by a slight effort, be converted into a splendid nucleus for an imposing defensive force. A small sum per day might be paid these men, who, in return, would be liable to be called out upon any emergency. Being well acquainted with military drill and discipline, only one or two turn outs in the year would be necessary.

It seems to us that the suggestion is worthy of consideration.

We have heard of a rumour being current to the effect that Mr. Craig, M.P.P. for Russell is likely to retire from Parliamentary life. Not being in that gentleman's confidence we are not in a position to deny this story authoritatively, but we have no reason to believe it, and can scarcely think that it is true. Mr. Craig has labored consistently to do his duty, and we believe that his efforts have been very generally appreciated by his constituents. We have certainly never heard of any complaints, but on the contrary have been informed that men who voted against him at the last election have declared their determination to do all they can to insure his re-election. Under these circumstances it does not seem probable that Mr. Craig will retire, and we may add that we hope he will not.

We notice that some of our contemporaries in the Lower Provinces are of opinion that if President Grant would only carry out his policy of non intercourse it would be rather a good thing for Canada than not. The Grand Trunk Railway has built up Portland, and if all the produce of the Dominion were in future to find an outlet to the sea by way of the Gulf of St. Lawrence or Halifax, we should soon supply all the missing links of railroad communication required, and build up the prosperity of our own seaport towns. The spirit of national unity, already growing rapidly and becoming more generally diffused day by day, would be still more strongly developed, and we should work with greater energy than ever to develop and make the most of our own resources.

THE ONTARIO OPPOSITION.

It has hitherto been our boast in Canada that the debates in our halls of legislative assembly were not disgraced by those gross personalities and indecorous scenes which have too frequently characterized proceedings of a similar kind in the United States. As a general rule we have succeeded in imitating pretty closely the calm argumentative style adopted by the members of the Imperial Parliament, and if at any time we have failed to do so we have never descended to those depths of "rowdyism" and violent personal abuse, which have become so common in the State Legislatures and not unfrequently in the Federal Congress of the neighbouring Republic.

From what has lately transpired in Toronto, however, it appears that Mr. Blake and some of the members of the Opposition desire to adopt the tone and manner of American legislators as their model and guide; that men who differ from them are, when argument fails, to be stigmatised, in language more or less direct, as liars and utterly unprincipled persons, and that personalities of the grossest and most inexcusable kind are to be indulged in by the Opposition in the course of their unwarrantable crusade against the Government. In England when members of Parliament are unable to discover anything to find fault with in the measures introduced by their political adversaries they refrain from opposing them, and certainly do not attack their personal reputations, or call them names. But the Opposition members of the Ontario Legislature pursue a different course. They flatly give the lie to any supporter of the government who ventures to dispute their reckless assertions, and without any avowed policy of their own, and almost without an attempt to criticise or find fault with that adopted by the government, indulge in pitiful evasions and paltry subterfuges which would be deemed disgraceful by the most pettifogging lawyer who ever practiced in this or any other country. From Mr. Blake, a man of good education and some ability, we might have expected better things. From Mr. Sexton we are not so much surprised to hear language of an unparliamentary kind; as to Mr. Williams of Hamilton, utterly incapable as he is, both by nature and education, of attempting anything in the way of argument or calm discussion, it was only natural that he should, for lack of anything else to say, find a resource in simple abuse unaccompanied by any attempt at criticism, and certainly unadorned by any flowers of eloquence.

While we regret that Canada should be disgraced by the intemperate and undignified course pursued by certain prominent members of the Ontario Opposition, there is certainly good reason to believe that the supporters of the Government, in the midst of all the furious storm of invective launched forth against them, may take comfort from these wrathful portents. If Mr. Blake and his friends could see any probability of success, if they found that the cause of Factious opposition was gaining strength instead of losing it, they would no doubt behave like gentlemen. But when the Ontario Government with a surplus of upwards of three millions, can point, as they can do, to the success which has attended the legislation of the past three years, when instead of members leaving the Ministerial ranks and allying themselves with the Opposition, men of their own free will and impelled by conscientious motives only, are leaving the Opposition benches and avowing themselves supporters of the Administration, it is rather too much for the patience of Mr. Blake and his associates. Consequently they forget what is due to themselves and to the position which they hold, and rendered utterly desperate, bluster and abuse more like Alsatian bullies than calm, deliberative statesmen. Of course they assert that every man who leaves their ranks is bought;—they have not the least objection to charge the men with whom they have worked in past years with being utterly unprincipled and corrupt,—but the fact is that in the Ontario Legislature we only see an evidence of what is going on all over the Dominion viz., the overthrow of Faction and the triumph of Common Sense.

A SENSIBLE AMERICAN JOURNAL.

In view of the immense amount of "bunkum" and nonsense so freely indulged in by our American contemporaries relative to all matters connected with Great Britain and Canada, it is gratifying to notice the calm and temperate manner in which the Buffalo *Commercial Advertiser* discusses the Fishery question. As our contemporary very truly remarks, "it is greatly to be regretted that so much angry denunciation and so little information can be found in the newspapers that undertake to discuss the question." The question to be determined is, not whether President Grant is a statesman or not, or whether General Butler is a "Beast" but whether American fishermen have violated the stipulations of the treaty of 1818. No one, not even General Grant himself, has ventured to dispute the fact of that treaty being still in force, and one of its articles declares that the citizens of the United States shall have the common right, with British subjects, to fish on the Southern and Western coasts of Newfoundland and the shores of the Magdalen Islands; thence, northerly indefinitely through the Straits of Belle Isle—and to dry and cure fish on the unsettled bays, harbors, &c., and on the coast of Labrador; also to do all this where the shores are, or may be settled, by agreement with the inhabitants; and, thereupon, the United States renounce all rights of fishing on any other British coasts than those above described within three marine miles thereof, the right being reserved, however, to enter harbors, &c., to repair damages and obtain wood and water, under such restrictions as shall prevent the abuse of this reserved right.

If it can be shown that American fishermen have been found fishing within three marine miles of any other British coasts than those described, we do not will see how our action in capturing them and their boats, &c., can be characterised as "unfriendly," and if in consequence of our action the United States Government passes restrictive commercial laws against Canada, they are in reality guilty of a direct repudiation of a solemn treaty made and subscribed to by the two Governments of Great Britain and America.

We cannot help noticing further the sensible tone which the *Commercial Advertiser* adopts when speaking of the chances of war between Great Britain and Russia. A majority of the American journals, led astray by excessive Anglophobia, are constantly endeavouring to prove Great Britain to be alike cowardly and impotent. We will not insult the American public by supposing that many people believe what these papers say, but no doubt a few whose ignorance and hatred for England are about on a par, enjoy reading the kind of twaddle referred to. We notice that our Buffalo contemporary expresses the opinion that:

"Though anxious for peace, the English are not afraid of war. The bulk of the nation may not be now with the Granville wing of the Cabinet. But, if Russia attempts to act the bully's part, the Czar will find that the British heart is as stout as ever, and the popular party will then be that which speaks for war."

We do not admire the *Advertiser* because it is any less thoroughly American and patriotic than its "spread eagle" neighbours, neither have we any personal or private reason for desiring to "puff" it. We merely allude to the tone it adopts when speaking of matters connected with England and with Canada as being vastly superior to that adopted by most of its contemporaries, and, because we desire to see the most friendly feelings existing between our neighbours and ourselves, we wish that other American journals would follow its example.

THE SUPREME COURT ACT.

ARTICLE NO. 4.

We have sketched thus far the appellate jurisdiction of the Court in civil and criminal matters, and its special jurisdiction in constitutional matters. We have now to consider the provisions as to proceedings before it, and its original and concurrent jurisdiction. It will be more consistent with our plan to take up its jurisdiction first before briefly touching on its proceedings and practice.

In this branch of the measure much change has been made from the former bill.

That bill created an exclusive original jurisdiction in all cases in which the constitutionality of any act of the Legislature of any Province of the Dominion shall come in question—in revenue matters, in cases in which the Government of Great Britain or any British colony shall be a party, in cases in which a foreign Government is a party plaintiff. In cases in which any foreign consul is a party—cases to carry out a treaty with a foreign Government—and a concurrent and original jurisdiction in cases were the respective parties to a suit live in different provinces, or where one or more parties are domiciled out of the Dominion. In *habeas corpus* cases and extradition matters, and also an exclusive original jurisdiction in Admiralty matters, creating in fact a new court and new powers in that respect.

With regard to this, we have already stated that it is omitted from the present bill; whether it is intended hereafter to create a separate tribunal for such cases we are unable to say—the want of it is said to be felt on both sides of the lakes, but it was wise, we think, not to encumber the present measure with it. The original jurisdiction preserved in this draft is contained in a few short clauses. Clause 50, enacts that, "The court shall have original jurisdiction in Canada, in all cases "where it shall be sought to enforce any "law of Canada relating to the revenue including actions, suits, and proceedings, by "way of jurisdiction, to enforce penalties "and proceedings by way of information "*in rem*, as in which demand shall be made "or a relief sought in respect of any matter "which might in England be the subject of "a suit or action in the Court of Exchequer "on its revenue side by or against the "Crown or the officers of the Crown," and the concurrent jurisdiction is only given in cases of *Habeas Corpus* and of extradition. From this it will be seen that the measure is much simplified from the first bill proposed, and is, in its main features, a Court of Appeal, as to the policy of the creation of which most parties are agreed.

The Ontario Legislature.

Dec. 12, 1870.

From our Special Toronto Correspondent.

You will have seen that on the occasion of the debate on the address on Friday last Mr. Blake took occasion to pitch into Mr. Lauder in his usual unscrupulous style. Mr. Lauder naturally indignant and anxious to rid himself of the imputation of being bought by the Government for a very small mess of pottage—a trusteeship to which it was doubtful whether any emolument attached—offered to give a bond to devote any profit accruing from this great appointment to some deserving charity. Mr. Blake, in language which was neither courteous, truthful, nor parliamentary, retorted, "I don't believe the hon. gentleman's bond is worth anything." This was reported in the Grit organ as "the hon. gentleman's word is not worth anything," and yesterday when the House met, Mr. Smith, Leeds, rose in his place and drew attention to the breach of the rules of the House thus committed.

Mr. Blake, with more than his usual superciliousness of manner, replied that what he had said was, "that the Hon. gentleman's bond was not worth anything," and he was now willing to say "that his word was as good as his bond" Mr. Smith sat behind Mr. Blake, and I don't think heard distinctly this courteous explanation, for he accepted the apology. Mr. Blake thereupon remarked, 'I make no apology, I merely make a correction.'

Now, Mr. Blake is a very learned jurist, and no doubt very logical, but can he point out the difference between saying "your word is worth nothing," and "your bond is worth nothing, and your word is as good as your bond."

The *Globe* devotes a paragraph to the matter, and claims that Mr. Smith and Mr. Lauder were defeated—they were certainly outdone in rudeness and in decorum. Mr. Blake probably possesses not only greater abilities, but has no doubt had much greater educational and social advantages than many, even most of those that sit around him, and the position he has achieved or assumed in the House places himself in a prominent manner forward, where he can exercise an influence for good or evil. It is sad to see him setting so bad an example as he does; for his own and for his party's sake he might adopt a style and tone, and bearing more worthy of a gentleman. He is fast alienating those who once acted with him, and is daily driving them into the ranks of the ministry. As was stated by several last night, between Mr. Blake's accusations in Parliament and at great dinners, and Mr. Brown's promulgations through the columns of the *Globe*, people at a distance will form an opinion of Canada and Canadians that is very undesirable and undeserved.

Mr. Sandfield Macdonald was absent from the debate yesterday in consequence of illness. Mr. Wood entered into an explanation as to the subject of the speech, showing that with respect to the arbitration, Quebec had been induced by a speech of the member for South Bruce to set up a claim to half the School fund, the Road Fund, and the Municipal Loan Fund, although they had received equivalents for these grants before Confederation took place, and such claims were monstrous. The hon. speaker went on to taunt the opposition with a total want of policy, their whole stock in trade was to carp and find faults. They raised no issues worthy of consideration, but played on the same string and sang the same tunes so often that the country was tired of them. And he denounced them as political conspirators conspiring between themselves and with an influence outside the House to the injury of the country.

Mr Rykert, Mr. Cumberland, and others followed, all deprecating the personalities that had been introduced into the debate by Mr. Blake. Mr. Rykert made a very good speech. Your member, Mr. Lyon, addressed the House at very considerable length, and with much eloquence and feeling, on the subject of the Ottawa fires, complaining of the omission of all mention of such a calamity, or any expression of sympathy in the speech from the throne. He had applied to the Government, but met with refusal and discouragement. Quebec, Montreal, and other places had shown their sympathy, and extended them aid, but neither the Government of Ontario or the city of Toronto had held out a helping hand under circumstances of such dire affliction. The subject should have been at least alluded to in the address, and, although, he had always given the Ministry a general support, he should oppose them in this matter unless some satisfactory action was taken. Mr. Lyon's address was listened to with great attention and several members who addressed the House afterwards expressed their sympathy and approval of his views, some suggesting that it was not yet too late to move in the matter although omitted from the address.

I might mention that several good hits were made in the course of the evening at the expense of the *Globe* and its statistics. Mr. Rykert reading extracts from what was called his dog's eared book to show *Globe* and Grit utterances on former occasions—among other things a member read an attack on Mr. Christie, who was the only Senator at the great Reform banquet at the Music Hall. Mr. Cockburn also defended himself from an attack on him personally by the member for South Bruce.

Dr. Boultler supported the address and remarked that some consideration should be shown to gentlemen opposite who had to sail under a captain who was continually boxing the compass.

Eventually the address was carried without amendments.

Sir John Macdonald was present during the afternoon debate.

I see the *Globe* has a paragraph on your articles giving the features of the Supreme Court Bill.—and remarking "that it is "hardly respectful to the Governor General and Parliament, thus by a couple "of months to anticipate the work of the "session."

This is a singular and novel idea. What possible objection there can be to discussing a bill that has been printed and before the public ever since last session I can't understand,—the measure is an important one, and the more it is discussed the better. The *Globe* admits this, and commits the same sin it condemns by giving a brief synopsis of the bill. It says also that Sir John A. Macdonald "has promulgated through one of his organs" the bill in question. One would suppose from this, it was something new that was promulgated, but the bill was made public for months past and the *Globe* might have 'promulgated' it, as it assists in doing now, if it had thought fit.

Lecture in Gowan's Hall by the Rev. Mr. Cartwright.

The Rev. Mr. Cartwright delivered an able, eloquent, and interesting lecture on the "Life and Times of Mary Queen of Scots," last evening, in Gowan's Hall, to a rather meagre audience. The small attendance is accounted for, of course, by the attraction of the concert at the Theatre.

In commencing the reverend gentleman referred to the early history of Mary Queen of Scots, and to the charms of manner and person which she possessed—accomplished as few princes had been before her, she suffered as none have ever done; at one time surrounded by the gaiety of a court, she was doomed at another to the sadness of a prison; beginning life as a Queen, she closed it as a martyr, and while to-day her descendants are sitting upon almost every throne in Europe, her memory is cherished as a sacred treasure—her name is familiar as a household word among the people of every clime. There was no single person in history whose biography had been more variously narrated. With strong features of character which leave their impress upon every page, and indubitable facts of history which every writer must allow, a strong party coloring had been thrown on the whole by persons of different temperments and creeds, and by which the living picture was distorted or destroyed. In the pages of some of her biographers, Mary Stuart was clothed with angelic grace, emitting by every glance, and breathing in every word the sweetness of celestial air; while in others she was painted as a fiend incarnate, with passions freely tinctured by sensuality and revenge, and like the viper of the desert rendered more dangerous by her charms. Between such conflicting stories no reconciliation can be made, no perfect portrait can be drawn; and it will be only by discarding theory, and adhering rigidly to fact, only by looking beyond the circumstances of her life to the principles and motives of her mind, that we can realize a true idea, or furnish a life-like portrait of this wondrous woman, whose history had been more voluminously written, and more severely criticized than that of any other sovereign, whether in ancient or modern times, and who had been appropriately called by one of her French biographers, the most problematical of all historic personages, the eternal enigma of history. The birth of Mary Stuart occurred at a most inauspicious period in the history of her land. A graphic picture was then given of the condition of Scotland under James V., of the commencement of the Reformation struggle, of the attempt made by Henry VIII., of England, to secure a matrimonial alliance between Mary and his young son Edward as a pretext for obtaining the Scottish Crown, of the dispute on the question of the Regency during the minority of Mary between the Queen Mother, Mary de Guise, and the Earl Arran, and of the final engagement to marry Mary to Francis the Dauphin of France. The French court of that period was described as the most magnificent and corrupt. Henry II. and his Queen, Catharine de Medici were accomplished and gay; a crowd of glittering courtiers surrounded the palace of St. Germain, who indulged in every luxury and pandered to every vice; and while in England and Germany the reform doctrine was spreading with the rapidity of a stream, the court and people of France remained impervious to its influence, and resisted even the possibility of its approach. It seemed an unsuitable place for the growth and education of so susceptible a girl as Mary. Already instructed beyond what was common at her age, in the most illustrious circles, she might rapidly excel in courtly and other accomplishments; but she could scarcely mingle freely in the court without receiving an unhappy bias against the reformed religion, and without feeling in a corresponding degree her moral sensibilities benumbed. She was conveyed to France when six years of age. A vivid description was then given of the voyage, of her landing in France, of the enthusiastic admiration of the people, of her education and accomplishments, of her surpassing beauty and attractive charms. The preliminary arrangements for her marriage with the Dauphin, the opposition of Montmorenci, and the arrival and terms of the Scottish commissioners. It seemed, said the lecturer, a not undesirable match. Francis and Mary were nearly of the same age; they had been playmates in the same court, had studied the same lessons, had been taught to cherish a mutual attachment, had each awaiting a rich inheritance, and looking at all the probabilities, there was reason to anticipate joy in the marriage. Francis indeed was inferior to Mary in animal spirits, in mental endowments, in physical beauty, in vivacity and vigour. He was smaller in stature, feeble in health, of timid disposition, hardly a fit representative of the gallant Henry and the haughty Catherine, and hardly qualified to sustain with dignity the brilliant court he was born to inherit. Yet Mary loved him both before and after her marriage; and as Miss Strickland remarked, whatever may have been his estimation with others, he was the object of her devoted love, and reigned in her heart without a rival. The lecturer then described, in a brilliant style, the celebration of the nuptial ceremony. Paris glittered with gold and beauty. There were gorgeous decorations, magnificent dresses, brilliant displays, tournaments, fetes, &c., until the people became exhausted and the nation was prostrate in the delirium of its joy. It is impossible to convey an adequate idea of the splendor of this description, and it was greeted at the close, as it deserved to be, with enthusiastic applause. The brilliant sunshine of Mary's wedding day was succeeded by threatening clouds. While the admired of all eyes and the delight of all hearts, her position began to assume a responsibility and care which filled her with grave anxiety. At first she was supremely happy. Her life had the radiant freshness of a summer's morn. The sweet perfume of incense was wafted round her path. She gave every proof a young wife could give of satisfaction with the choice she had made, and of happiness in her marriage. The lecturer then rebutted the insinuation that she never loved Francis, and that her marriage was at best a matter of political expediency, showing that she acted deliberately, and that in neither royal palaces nor humble homes was there more satisfactory evidence of deep devotion and tender love. But ominous portents started in her path. Before her sun had reached its meridian, it was intercepted by a cloud. The lecturer then rapidly sketched the jealousy and misunderstanding which sprung up between her and Elizabeth of England, specially on the ground of the assumption of the title and arms of England. Mr. Cartwright while contending that Mary was not wholly free from blame, yet pleaded in extenuation that she was in the matter subservient to her father-in-law and uncles; that the assumption was first made without her sanction, and that she did not intend any act of injury or disrespect to Elizabeth. We then had a sketch of the death of Henry II. and the accession of Francis and Mary to the throne of France. Rapidly following this came the death of Francis, and a touching account of Mary's desolation and sorrow. Then the preparation made for her return to Scotland; the lament of the French people; the application to the Queen of England for a safe conduct; the plotting of Throckmorton, the English Ambassador, to betray her movements; her departure from Calais, and the bitter, passionate regret with which she had bid adieu to France, and gazed for the last time upon the receding French coast. The attempt of Elizabeth to intercept her was then described; her arrival in Leith, and her reception by the people of Scotland. At this point it was necessary to diverge from the personal history of Mary to pourtray the condition of Scotland when she returned. The lecturer considered the influence which Mary's French education and life had upon her future career; and contended that amidst all the gaiety of the French court, and the licentiousness of the French nation, she never sacrificed her virtue, was never tinged by pollution, never committed improprieties which were derogatory to her station and her sex, and that when she returned to Scotland after an absence of thirteen years it was with a mind as pure and a character as unblemished as when she embarked in the French fleet at Dumbarton loch. And when she returned to Scotland she gave every evidence of a desire to conduct the administration of the country in a satisfactory manner, and if she had been fairly dealt with by her ministers, &c., she might have reigned in peace and honour, and under her the history of the country might have been as brilliant as its sovereign was beautiful.

The lecturer then referred to the Reformation in Scotland, and showed the commotions which it kept continually alive; the contentions it gave rise to between the Reformers and Roman Catholics, and the insults and rudeness to which the Queen was subject on account of her adherence to the religion in which she was born and educated and in which she died. It was impossible for her to have any great love or sympathy for subjects who treated her so very rudely on account of her difference from them in religion. He then passed rapidly to the matrimonial negotiations in which Elizabeth had a hand and endeavored for some reason by every means in her power, to defeat all Mary's desires in this connection. He traced that part of her history up to her marriage with her cousin, Lord Darnley, which might have resulted favorably, but under the circumstances, was the ultimate cause of her deplorable death. He depicted her great love for Darnley, but in marrying him she committed herself to a living death.

After referring to a few succeeding events in Mary's history, the lecturer concluded an eloquent and able lecture regretting that want of time would not permit him to trace the interesting subject further, and expressing a willingness to deliver lectures at some future time in Ottawa if requested to do so. A vote of thanks was then moved by the Hon. Malcom Cameron, and it is useless to say carried unanimously.

MANITOBA NEWS.

From the Manitoban, Nov. 26.

The political canvass is progressing vigorously.

Spring would seem to have returned on us so mild and beautiful have been the past three days.

Building operations will be on an extensive scale in Winnipeg and neighborhood next year. Before its close, the town will be twice its present size.

The town churches are filled to overflowing every Sunday—Volunteers constituting the largest part of the congregations.

A line of stages will run from St. Cloud to Red River next Spring. The trip to St. Paul can then be made in five days.

A little snow on the ground, but not enough for sleighing. Both rivers set fast, but crossing precarious.

Trains of ox-carts still arriving from St. Cloud, heavily laden.

Business good in Winnipeg, carpenters blacksmiths and tinsmiths, &c., having lots of work.

The first death that has taken place in the Ontario Battalion since its organization occurred here yesterday morning, Sergeant Massey had been ill for some time, and died at the hospital here. He leaves three children in Canada.

Twelve bags of mail matter came in last Sunday—eleven being through mails, coming unopened from Canada. Not very long since only a couple of bags came by each mail.

One of the steamers recently arrived at Montreal, from Liverpool, brought a large number of emigrants, who are proceeding to Fort Garry by way of Pembina. It is said that most of them had considerable means, and two persons had machinery to establish a brewery. The emigrants were mainly from England.

Already we hear of several large mill builders in Ontario—among them Messrs. Goldie, McCulloch & Co., of Galt, and Messrs. Beckett, of Hamilton—having secured large contracts here. There is a grand field for the enterprising foundrymen of Ontario in Manitoba, and those who are the most energetic will secure the lion's share of it.

Ladies and Children's Fancy Woolen Goods in endless Variety. Clouds from 37½c. to 2.50 at

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.

A Yankee orator is said to have brought tears to the eyes of his audience by his "touching description of the case of an erring Indiana hen, that had been recently discovered in the back part of a hardware shop, where the misguided fowl had struggled for three weeks vainly trying to hatch out a white pair of porcelain door knobs, without sympathy or sustenance."

Latest by Telegraph

BY PEOPLE'S LINE.

OFFICE:—G. P. Drummond's Exchange Office 19 Sparks Street.

QUEBEC.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

QUEBEC, Dec. 15.

On motion of Mr. Carter a delay for receiving private Bills was extended to the 21st instant.

An Act to amend the Quebec Railroad was read a third time.

The House then went into committee on the General Corporation Bill.

On the second reading of the Bill to grant additional powers to the Montreal Northern Colonization Railroad Company, Mr. Bellingham rose to a point of order, that notice had not been given to parties interested, insinuating that the Bill was smuggled through in an unconstitutional manner.

Rev. Mr. Pearson, of Montreal, lectures on Wednesday, on John Knox, under the auspices of the Young Men's Christian Association.

Mr. Connolly, of the London *Telegraph*, is in town for the winter for the purpose of reporting to the Trade Unions of Great Britain.

The Sisters of Charity hold a Bazaar to-morrow in Clarendon Hotel.

Winter seems to have set in to-day Very cold and west wind.

This morning, in the rooms of the Committee on Private Bills, a scene of great excitement occurred on the presentation of petitions against the annexation scheme of the Corporation of Quebec. The Corporation responded by Counsel.

The *Mercury* insinuates that grave complications are likely to arise out of the Govment Railway policy.

Typhoid fever is prevalent in Quebec.

THE WAR.

Despatches received in London state that after the last few day's fighting on the Loire it was the intention to give the Army of the Duke of Mecklenburg several days repose, but the French having assumed the offensive the contest was re-opened and after a severe engagement the army of General Chanzy suffered a decided defeat, the attack being repulsed at all points.

The German artillery were principally engaged during the action.

A despatch from Havre states that great agitation is felt in that city, consequent on the approach of 50,000 troops, who are known to be badly officered.

The approaches southward are defended by two parallels of fortifications, mounted with 150 guns. In the port of Harve there are $300,000,000 worth of shipping and 25,000 foreign residents. The French men-of-war in the harbor will participate in the defence of the city. The Prussian advance is steady. Gen. Brind has left to meet the enemy. A battle is now imminent, and will probably be at Montevilliers.

It is stated in London that no direct overtures for an armistice have been made to Bismarck by M. Gambetta. He only suggested to Lord Lyons the propriety on the part of the neutral powers to urge an armistice, in order to allow the elections of a constituent assembly, with the view of giving increased weight to the French plenipotentiary in the coming congress on the Eastern question. The suggestion even has had no result; and war, war to the bitter end, remains as ever the cry from one end of France to the other.

LONDON, December 14.—The *Times* protest against the attitude of Prussia towards Luxemburg, as well as against that of Russia towards Turkey.

The attitude of both powers says the *Times* is indefensible, but it is not the duty of England to interfere.

A force of nearly 2,000 cavalry and infantry has been ordered to Londonderry for fear of a disturbance at the approaching anniversary of the establishment of the Union of Great Britain and Ireland.

The recent rumors of an impending trade crisis in China have been contradicted.

NEW YORK, Dec. 15.—A despatch from Brussels, dated 13th, states the *Rho de Luxemburg* contains the following announcement:—

England agrees to the annexation of Luxemburg to Prussia, in order that the Prussians thereby may be induced to abandon all their pretensions to Lorraine

The maintenance of neutrality is still warmly and fiercely discussed in all the journals, and even threatened violations of it are regarded with most determined opposition

On Saturday last the revolutionary party at Rome attempted an emeute, threatening to sack St. Peter's and to attack the Vatican. The disturbances reached formidable proportions before they were quelled. The gendarmarie were obliged to call in the aid of the military. A number of revolutionists were wounded, but no one was killed.

A Papal Nunciature is to be established at Berlin. The Archbishop of Posen will be the first Papal Nuncio.

It is stated at Berlin that personally King William prefers not to assume the title of Emperor. But the opinions of the Crown Prince and the King of Bavaria on the subject finally prevailed.

M. de Fonvielle, one of the editors of *La Liberte*, who left Paris in a balloon a few days since, addressed a meeting in London, and stated that the war would not end until the invaders were driven from French soil, and that not an inch of territory would be yielded. The same news is brought to Lille by General d'Hencourt, who left the besieged capital after the recent sorties with orders from Trochu for the various commanders now operating against the enemy in various parts of France. He confirms the statement that the determination of the inhabitants to hold out to the last has not in the least abated; and that there was perfect harmony between the population and their temporary rulers.

The army of the Loire has resumed the defensive. It has been reinforced to the extent of 40,000 men and 38 pieces of artillery.

HEALTH IS STRENGTH.—To prevent or conquer disease is one of the grandest attainments ever aimed at by man; and Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers will as sure cure coughs, colds, tickling in the throat and pulmonry complaints, as war and pestilence will destroy. Severe colds if not attended to sooner or later lead to incurable consumption, and the strength of the strongest soon falls if neglected. The readiest and best means known for the cure of these complaints is "Byran's Pulmonic Wafers," which have been thoroughly tried for the last twenty years, and have never been known to fail. Singers and public speakers will also derive great benefit from the use of them. Sold by all medicine dealers, at 25cts. per box.

BIRTH.

On the 14th December, at Cliffside House, Kent street, Ottawa, the wife of Fennings Taylor, Esq., of a son.

DIED.

In this city, on Thursday morning, December 15th, at 10 o'clock, a.m., George Victor Joseph Albert, youngest son of R. S. M. Bouchette, Commissioner of Customs, aged 2 years and 6 months.

STILL THEY COME!

34 PACKAGES NEW GOODS,

JUST RECEIVED,

—BY—

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

Comprising amongst other Goods the following:—

1 Case French Merinoes,
1 Case Kid Gloves and Hosiery,
1 Case Plain and Terry Ribbons, and Plain and Tartan Sash Ribbons,
1 Case Black and Colored Ribbon Velvets
1 Case New Jackets,
1 Case Waterproof Tweeds,
1 Case Ladies Hats,
1 Case Embroidered Muslin Sets, for Evening wear,
1 Case Hair Nets and Silk Epangles, for Dress Trimmings,
1 Case Sheetings,
1 " White Cottons,
1 Bale Serges,
1 " Scarlet Flannels,
1 Case Fancy Flannels,
1 " Canadian Flannels,
3 Bales Canadian Grey Blankets,
2 Cases Cornwall White Blankets,
6 Cases Heavy Tweeds,
3 " Light Grey Etoffes,
2 " Mid Grey "
3 " Oxford "

With other Goods too numerous to particularize.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

Would say that their Stock, notwithstanding their Immense sales during the last 3 months (without doubt the largest ever made by any Dry Goods House in Ottawa) was never so well assorted at this season of the year as it is just now.

INSPECTION INVITED.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

Ottawa, Dec. 16, 1870.

VERY IMPORTANT SALE.

DAMAGED GOODS

SOLD ON ACCOUNT OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

ON TUESDAY, 20th DEC. 1870

MR BOOKER has received instructions from the Grand Trunk Railway Company, to sell by auction, at their Stores, Point St Charles, the Goods damaged by the accident at the St Francis Bridge, near Richmond, Q, comprising:

General Dry Goods, Blankets, Furs, Buffalo Robes, General Groceries, Tobaccos, Teas, Cheese, Firken Butter, Brls Flour, Feed, Fruit, Fish, Liquors, Oils, Hardware, Sewing Machines, Pumps, Bar and other Iron, Chairs, Saws Clothing, Boots and Shoes, Rubber Over Shoes, Sole Leather, Fancy Goods, Paper Hangings, Stationary, and other Merchandise in Cases, Casks and Barrels, in great variety

Sale at TEN o'clock, A M

A BOOKER, Auctioneer.

Montreal, Dec 15, 1870 1541td

LIFE ASSOCIATION OF SCOTLAND.

Invested Funds Upwards of $1,300 000 Sterling.

HEAD OFFICE FOR CANADA,

MONTREAL.

This institution differs from other Life Offices in that the Bonus from Profits are applied on a special system for the Policy Holders.

Personal Benefit and Enjoyment during his own Lifetime, with the option of large Bonus additions to the sum assured. The Policy Holder thus obtains

A LARGE REDUCTION OF PRESENT OUTLAY

OR A PROVISION FOR OLD AGE,

of a most important amount in the one Cash payment, or a life annuity, without any expense or outlay whatever beyond the ordinary assurance premium for the original sum assured, which remain intact for the Policy Holder's heirs, or other purposes.

P WARDLAW, Secretary.

AGENTS—Messrs J T & W PENNOCK Ottawa.

December 15, 1870. 1541 3m

RICHARD HIGMAN,

FAMILY AND DISPENSING CHEMIST,

LATE MANAGER,

MEDICAL HALL,

SPARKS STREET,

Wishes to return sincere thanks to his friends and the public, for the kind sympathy evinced toward him, on the occasion of the late fire

He now begs to inform them that he will commence business on his own account in a few days, in part of Mr McLean's Auction Room, in rear of John Roos' Cigar store, with entirely new stock, of Drugs, Chemicals Patent Medicines, Perfumery, &c., and trusts the public will appreciate his attention to business, with the same kind patronage that was extended to him in his situation.

Ottawa, Dec 16, 1870 1541y

"LILLIE LONSDALE"

—FROM—

ENGLAND.

THE GREAT CHARACTER ACTRESS

—AND—

SINGER,

AT THE

MUSIC HALL

OTTAWA,

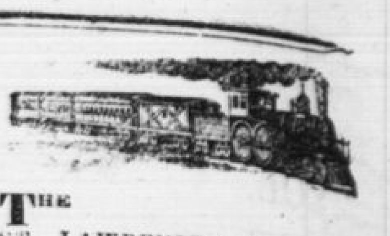
WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY, DECEMBER 21st & 22nd.

TRAGEDY! COMEDY! OPERA! SONGS! DANCES! COSTUMES!

Tickets to be had at Messrs. J. L. ORME'S.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

Ottawa, Dec 16, 1870 1535



THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

The public is respectfully informed that this Company's Trains wait at Prescott Junction the arrival of the Grand Trunk Trains from the West, and

Passengers may rely on Connecting

FOR OTTAWA

By this the

SHORTEST RAILWAY ROUTE TO THE CAPITAL.

Twenty minutes are also allowed at Prescott Junction for Meals.

THOS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

R LUTTRELL, Superintendent

Ottawa, 12th December, 1870 1540tm

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

IMMENSE AUCTION SALE

—OF—

JAPANESE GOODS.

The Subscriber has received a very large Consignment of the above named Goods, which he will offer for Sale by

PUBLIC AUCTION,

—AT HIS—

ROOMS, RIDEAU STREET,

Commencing on TUESDAY, DECEMBER 20th, 1870.

Consisting of in Part,

Tea Caddies, Glove Boxes, Fancy Cabinets Wine Cups, Trays, Stands, Candlesticks, Teapots and Stands, Figures, Ornaments, &c.

This being the first time these rare articles were ever offered by Public Auction in Ottawa, the public is invited to inspect them.

The Goods will be on view on MONDAY, December 19, and up to the hour of Sale.

The Sale will take place at 2 o'clock, p m Terms Cash

A. ROWE, Auctioneer. 1538td

Ottawa, Dec 14, 1870

TO JOHN R O'CONNOR, ESQ.

SIR,—

We, the undersigned, Electors and Rate-payers of Victoria Ward, respectfully request that you will allow yourself to be put in nomination as one of the Aldermen for said Ward, during the ensuing year, and we hereby pledge ourselves to use our influence in favour of your return.

Hamnet Hill	Thos McKay
A Baldwin	Wm G Perley
John Ashfield	Wm Morrison
Leon David	Sexton Washburn
Bronson & Weston	John Atkinson
Francis Abbott	Horace Merrill
John McDonald	Levi Young
R R Booth	Moses Aubrey
A W Soper	A Fotheringham
Robert Young	Gordon B Pattee
Samuel McGibney	Wm Hay
Maurice Malone	Henry White
E P Williams	John Kenna
Wm Ellis	E B Gallup
John Ahearn	John Ciappy
John Rowatt	L E Goulin
W H Martin	John Albert
John Abbott	Aaron Carruthers
John Soulier	J B Robaire
Samuel Mix	Archer Bayley
Nazaire Bertrand	W H Morgan
William Atkinson	Peter Atkinson
J Cheeney	Thos McClay
Peter Robertson	Wm Mason
Geo Mason	Simpson Fleming
Thos Traveller	Bernard Mullin
John Martin	Louis Turpin
Joseph Dewart	Wm Gorman
Dan Smith	John Olliver
Wm Watson	D McQuade
John Joyce	L P Dorion
Baskerville Bros.	Wm Cain
Michael Naven	Wm Ahearn
D Wiliet	J Hanrahan
Moses Proulx	Amable Periere
Maurice Ahearn	John Cardiff
Alex Philion	Nelson Dault
John McGillivray	J McKillican
A S Whittier	Henry Lareque
Patrick Kennedy	John McHaskin
Patrick Hurley	John Purtell
Wm Lecleare	W F Huntley
James Bambrick	James Kennedy
John Pushman	James Gordon
Matthew Patterson	Alex Coulter
John Cowan	Wm Kennedy
Nelson Perkins	Wm Mitford
H Kinville	Wilfred Kipp
James W Smith	A D Fraser
Arthur Bisaillon	John Shields
Thomas Lawrence	John Cross
John Quain	F X Valiquette
Simon Kinney	Francis Dubamel
M Carmin	Henry Brading
John Boyd	George Dalglish
Leander Booth	Joseph Levine
James Merner	Adolph Gilbault
Michael O'Neal	James Wood
James Marks	Denis Noonan
Israel Waterhouse	Patrick Darcy
John Bennett	John Law
Joseph Johnston	Albert Dorion
Amable Goulin	John Joenice
Robinson Lyon	E C Barber
R W Baxter	James Dyke
John Doucet	Alpheus Pease
Thos Traveller	Simon McMahon
Isaac Villeneuve	G W Crane
Geo Oliver	T W Blasdell
G D Booth	Jas Philion
Hugh Ross	John Brodeur
Pierce Grace	Alfred Aubrey
Martin White	John Gleeson
Isidore Joennice	George Newell
Wm Richards	Joseph Sleeman
Peter A Egleson	Thomas Russell
Thomas Sleeman	John Bigros
R E O'Connor	J P McPherson
Andrew Cayer	James Wadsworth
B Bigros	Chas Esplin

To the Electors and Rate-payers of Victoria Ward:

GENTLEMEN,—

It would be impossible for me, or almost any man of a public spirit, to decline acceding to so handsome a requisition as you have presented me on this occasion—embodying, as it does, the names of so many of our best and most reliable citizens.

I accept, with much pleasure, gentlemen, your requisition to place me in nomination as one of your candidates for Alderman for Victoria Ward, at the ensuing election; and if elected, will endeavor at all times to exert my best efforts in promoting the interests of the city generally, as well as those of our own important Ward.

I am, gentlemen,
Your obedt. servt.
J. R. O'CONNOR.

TRAVELLERS GUIDE.

LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY

Depart.....8 30 a.m., 12 noon., 18 p.m., Arrive.....9 30 a.m., 3 45 p.m., 7.15 p.m.

The above trains connect at Prescott Junction with Grand Trunk Railway for all points south east and west.

TICKET OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street.

A & H TAYLOR, Agents.

LOCAL NEWS.

Devlin's Fur Depot

☞ 50 dozen Velveteen Hats, from 25 cents upwards. A large assortment of Flowers and Feathers. Trimmed Hats and Bonnets.

At the "Golden Lion."

R. L. JAMES & Co.

It is a task to walk up the grade to the Suppers' Bridge.

A good fall of snow is very desirable to bring sleighing to perfection.

The Congregational Church readings last night were very good, and as usual well attended.

WEATHER.—During the previous few days the weather was very fine and soft, but yesterday was a real winter day.

POLICE COURT.—There was only one case before the Court yesterday. One Welsh was charged with being drunk and driving his horses at a furious pace in the streets. Fined $10 and costs.

☞ All Wool Tartans in all the leading clans. A large lot ex last steamer, at

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

BLANKETS. Cornwall, St. Lawrence and Empire Mills Blankets, in all sizes and weights, very cheap at

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

Carpets and House Furnishings made a specialty, at Garland, Mutchmor & Co's. A large stock and new styles, at reduced prices.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

LAID UP.—The steamer *Mac*, which has been running as a ferry boat, between the Chaudiere Point and New Edinburgh, has gone into winter quarters.

Christmas presents, useful, stylish and cheap; serge dresses, in all the leading colors, only 10s. each. The cheapest dress in the city, at Garland, Mutchmor & Co's.

A grand ball will be given, we understand, on the 4th of January, under the management of No. 1 Co., O. B. G. A. Their own band, assisted by the string band of Sutherland and Marrier will provide the music.

The Taunton locomotive and new car will be placed on the St. Lawrence & Ottawa Railway track, on the 20th inst, and we believe the event will be celebrated by a dinner. The car will be titled "The Ottawa," and the engine "Lady Lisgar."

On Monday evening next Mr. Mathewman, Captain of the Central Hook and Ladder Company, will be presented with a handsome gold watch as a mark of the esteem entertained towards him by the members of the company. Mr. Mathewman will leave shortly after the event for England.

By reference to the latest report of the Fire Relief Committee, it will be seen that the total of moneys received up to 9th of December, for the benefit of the sufferers, amounts to the handsome sum of $40,080 16, and in this report we see recorded the very munificent donation of $200 from David Moore, Esq.

DRUNKENNESS.—A drunken man fell off a load of wood, yesterday, near the market, and received severe injuries about the face. He was picked up in an almost unconscious state, and taken into a house hard by, where his injuries were attended to.

RUNAWAY.—A runaway occurred yesterday on Rideau street. A horse with a sleigh attached was being driven down from the Suppers' Bridge, when he became unmanageable and ran off. At the crossing he came very near jumping into a sleigh going past at the time. This Sussex and Rideau streets' corner is a very dangerous place and persons should approach it with horses carefully.

Christ Church and Chapel Readings, as usual, at Gowan's Hall, this evening, at eight o'clock—Sheriff Powell in the chair. Readers—Lieut-nant Colonel Chamberlin, Lieutenant-Colonel Wily, Messrs. F. Taylor, W. F. Whitcher, and Carrier. Piano duet—Messrs. W. Smillie and H. P. Hill. Vocalists—Miss Parnell, Messrs. Sinclair, Howard and Orme.

NOTICE.—Now is the time. Go and see C. P. Dorion, 60 Sparks Street, for stoves and stove-pipe fitting. No puff; but see for yourselves. Lumbermen and country Merchants come and see. The most complete House in this Line in the Capital. See Posters. C. P. Dorion, 60 Sparks Street. 1486 2m.

Devlin's Fur Depot.

THE MARKET.—The market was largely attended yesterday.

Beef and pork which were plentiful remain at old prices.

Eggs, 25 to 30 cents per dozen.

Butter in tubs, 15 to 18 cents per pound; in rolls, 20 cents.

Oats sold at 50 to 52 cents per bushel.

Peas, 85 to 90 cents.

Corn 80 cents.

Beans, $1.50.

Potatoes, 40 to 45 cents per bushel.

ST. GEORGE'S SOCIETY'S ANNUAL CONCERT.—As usual on such occasions the annual concert of the St. George's Society given at Her Majesty's Theatre last night was largely attended, the house being completely filled. The selections performed by Gowan's Band were exceedingly well rendered, and the singing by the different ladies and gentlemen gave great satisfaction. We must make especial reference to the vocal efforts of Mrs. Miles and Miss McCarthy, which elicited the warmest expressions of approbation and were rapturously encored. "I'll sing of Merry England," a patriotic ballad, was beautifully rendered by the first-named lady, while Miss McCarthy in "Rule Britannia" and "They never shall have Gibraltar" was equally successful. The popular old glee "Winds Gently Whisper," a favorite everywhere, sung by Messrs. Brower, Raynor and Horsley, met with a deserved *encore*. Miss Smith's pianoforte solo "Home Sweet Home" was excellent, the time and execution being perfect. We have not space to enumerate all the attractions of the concert, and must sum all up by saying that it was a GRAND SUCCESS.

Court of General Sessions and County Court.

THIRD DAY.

The jury returned a verdict of guilty against Auger, and not guilty against Matte, for attempting to break gaol. Auger was sentenced to one month's imprisonment at hard labor, to be undergone after the expiration of his present term of imprisonment.

In the case of Green, charged with larceny, the jury returned a verdict of not guilty. His discharge was moved for and granted. Mr. Lees for the prosecution; Mr Walker for defence.

Young *et al vs.* Evans. This was an action brought to recover the balance of an account for building three houses for the defendent. The Judge, after examining the particulars decided that it was a proper case to be referred to arbitration, notwithstanding that both parties were desirous of having the same tried by a jury. Verdict for plaintiff for $101, subject to the award of W. A. Ross, Esq.

Mr. Walker for plaintiff. Mr. Gibb for defendant.

Y. M. C. A—Lecture.

The second of the winter course of lectures was delivered last night in the rooms of the Y. M. C. Association by the Rev. Mr. McLaren. On the time appointed for opening, the rooms were well filled. The meeting was opened with singing and devotional exercises, after which the lecturer was then introduced by Dr. Grant, M. P., who had kindly consented to preside. The subject of the lecture was "Man and his dwelling place." The lecturer shewed the different elements and causes that had produced the peculiar characteristics of the different portions of the globe in regard to their fitness for the habitation of man. He then entered on a discription of the physical features of the earth, contrasting the several continents in this respect, and shewing how favorably countries in temperate zones contrasted with those in the more tropical, in the scale of nations, and their importance in influencing and governing the earth. He pointed out also the effect of soil, shape, climate, and richness in mineral resources, possession of rivers, lakes, and mountains in building up nations, showing how Great Britain was favoured, and referring especially to the central position of London, which guaranteed for it not only a continuance but an increase of its importance. After remarking generally on the wonderful way in which God had modelled and formed the earth so as to make it a suitable dwelling for man, he concluded by describing very eloquently the immense resources of Canada in forests, lakes, rivers, and minerals, and with an open Bible if the people only proved themselves worthy, Canada must eventually gain a place in the very van-guard of nations. A vote of thanks was tendered to the lecturer, and the meeting closed with the doxology.

Unpopularity of Garibaldi.

A correspondent writing to the *Daily Telegraph* from Tours, under date November 16, says:

"General Garibaldi seems to have made more enemies than friends in this part of France. His expulsion of the Jesuit Fathers from Dole appears to have been most arbitrary and unjustifiable in every way. The Jesuits had been lodging and feeding at their own expense no fewer than 300 Mobiles for upwards of a month, and there were in their college at the time nearly a hundred lads, sons of the most respectable people in the department. Some of the boys were ill with severe colds and a few with fever, but despite the remonstrances of the sub-prefect, who had prepared quarters for Garibaldi and his staff elsewhere, the fathers and their pupils had to clear out at twenty-fours' notice. Two of their number being old and infirm, have since died from the effects of the weather and from the shock to their system, caused by their being made beggars and sent adrift. I met the other day a young Franc-tireur who had an uncle among the Jesuit Fathers in Dole, and two nephews among the pupils. He showed me a ball with a mark upon it, which he intended for Garibaldi whenever he came across him, even if should himself be shot the next moment, and he looked like a man that would keep his promise. All along the road from Amiens, as well as Picardy, I never heard Garibaldi's name mentioned without a curse, more particularly among both the officers and men in the Breton battalions of Mobiles."

BREAKFAST.—EPPS'S COCOA—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.—The very agreeable character of this preparation has rendered it a general favorite. The *Civil Service Gazette* remarks:—"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills." Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in tin-lined packets, labelled—JAMES EPPS & Co., Homœopathic Chemists, London.

THE ŒCUMENICAL COUNCIL, lately called at Rome is an instance of the solicitude of the Catholic Church for the welfare and prosperity of her Communicants. Large assemblies of this nature containing representatives from all parts of the world, should be of some benefit to our race. We hope this opinion will be as harmonious and unanimous as the verdict in favor of the Great Shoshonees Remedy, for diseases of the lungs, blood, stomach, liver, &c. For by all druggists.

PHYSICING HORSES.—Many persons physic their horses frequently—especially every spring. This is a great error, and one which has caused the loss of many valuable horses, as physic, as it is usually given, often produces inflamation of the bowels which generally proves fatal; it also weakens the horse, and thus renders him more liable to disease, or less able to throw it off—what is required is a medicine which will operate gently upon the bowels, and act upon the liver and lungs, removing all obstructions therefrom, purifying the blood, and enabling all the organs to do their work without overtaxing any, which is accomplished by the use of "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy"—it is always safe and certain. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd & Co., is on each package. Northrup & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada. Sold by all medicine dealers.

To hand, our Autumn Shade in "Josephine, best Kid Gloves," also "Jouvines" good medal) new colours at 75ct. per pair.

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBREAD & Co

DRY GOODS!

DRY GOODS!

DRY GOODS!

PATTERSON & BRYSON

In consequence of our great success since opening we have been obliged to lay in a large additional Stock, which we will mark as low as heretofore, being determined to retain our already well established character, for selling cheaper than any other House in the Trade.

IN CANADIAN GOODS

We have made such arrangements with the best Factories in the Dominion as will enable us to keep constantly on hand a large and well Assorted Stock of Tweeds, Flannels, Blankets (Grey and White), Cotton and Linen Bags, Cotton Yarn, Hosiery, Underclothing, etc., etc., etc.

—ALSO—

An entirely new and well assorted Stock of British and Foreign Staple and Fancy *Dry Goods*, which have been marked at prices to defy competition.

☞ REMEMBER THE PLACE,

53 Sparks Street,

Directly Opposite

BATE & Co.

PATTERSON & BRYSON.

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE

OF

CROCKERY, CHINA AND GLASSWARE,

COMMENCING

On MONDAY, DECEMBER 12th, 1870.

The subscriber has received a very large consignment of the above goods from an extensive manufacturing firm in Staffordshire, England, consisting of China, Stone Ware, Rockingham Ware, Yellow Ware, Glass Ware in Glass Dishes, Decanters and Tumblers of different kinds. The consignment is large and will be sold without reserve.

Terms of sale cash.

Sale at 2 and 7 o'clock.

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, Dec. 8. 1535td

LOST.

Between the Hours of 2 P M and 5 P M, yesterday afternoon, a SMALL POCKET BOOK containing five FIVE DOLLARS Bank of Montreal Bank Notes. The finder is requested to leave the same with the Door Keeper of the Eastern Block Parliament Buildings.

Ottawa, Dec 8, 1870 1533tf

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

DR. HENRY has removed his Residence and Surgery to the corner of Bank and Vittoria Streets, near the Parliament Buildings.

December 1, 1870. 1528b

WARNING

We hereby forbid any person or persons, hiring or harboring

Edward Garry	Eli Larose
Timothy Cowan	James Johnston
John Renwick	James Shea
David Burke	Amable Scircis
George Marcott	Malcolm Cloutier
David Duem,	Clitus Thibeau
David Auger	Joseph Moore
Michael Garvin,	P Rioux,
Henry Perrin	Joseph Ladouceur
Michael Kearney	Albert Ladouceur
James McCormick	Benjamin Belonger
John Cavanagh	John Mallette
Alex Meron	T Leandreau
Charles Burke	William Jocque

Or any of them, they having deserted our employment at different times, and broken their contract of hiring and services entered into with us.

And we hereby give notice that we will prosecute, any, and every person hiring or harboring any of the above named.

PERLEY & PATTER.

Ottawa, Dec 10, 1870 1536 1w

MASONIC HALL.

The Brethren of the Civil Service Lodge, No. 148, G.R.C., in conjunction with Brethren of other City Lodges, propose celebrating the Festival of St. Joan the Evangelist, by a

MASONIC BALL,

Brethren desirous of becoming subscribers will oblige by leaving their names with any Member of the Committee before the 15th inst.

COMMITTEE.

W. Bros. Cochrane, Eastwood and Remon, Bros H Bernard, Brown Chamberlin, A J Cambie, F D Burrowes, E B Crombie, and

JOHN WALSH,
Secretary.

Ottawa, Dec 12, 1870 1538a

FOR SALE.

COON, FOX, AND BUFFALO ROBES.

The Subscriber has received a large consignment of Robes of different kinds. Parties requiring anything in that line will do well to call and secure Bargains, as they are selling at very low prices. SALE ROOMS, opposite the By-Ward Market.

JOHN CHAPMAN,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, Dec 12, 1870 1538tf

OTTAWA AND GLOUCESTER

ROAD COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that the Annual General Meeting of the Stockholders of the Ottawa and Gloucester ROAD COMPANY, will be held at the Office of FRANCIS CLEMOW, Esq., in the City, on MONDAY, the 12th day of DECEMBER inst, at the Hour of TEN o'clock, a.m., for the Election of DIRECTORS for the ensuing year and for the purpose of receiving the Annual Report of the Secretary and Treasurer for the current year.

By order

W. H FALLS,
Sec.-Treasurer.

Dated this 3rd day of December, 1870. 1532 1w

SEIGNIORIAL INDEMNITY TO TOWNSHIPS' FUND.

Whereas by Order in Council of date APRIL 30, 1867, it is directed that as regards the claims of Municipalities to participate therein, the above Fund shall be finally closed on the 31st DECEMBER of the present Year. Notice is hereby given that all claims which can in anywise alter the distribution thereof must be lodged in his Office on or before the date above named, after which date no alteration can be made in the said distribution.

JOHN LANGTON, Auditor.
Per J SIMPSON,
Finance Department.

Ottawa, Dec 9, 1870. 1536tD1

RETAIL ADVERTISEMENT.

MAGEE & RUSSELL,

SPARKS STREET.

Have opened up within the last few days several CASES and BALES Assorted DRY GOODS, to which they respectfully invite attention.

☞ Ladies, please observe the following carefully, their being many articles enumerated worthy of Notice:

DRESS DEPARTMENT.	New Tartan Plaids, Brown and Grey Wincies, French Merinoes and de Laines, " Satin Cloths, Black Lustres and Alpacas, Black and Colored Silesias, " and " Casbans, Glove Finished Cambrics.
SILK DEPARTMENT.	Black Velveteens, Colored Plushes, French Crapes, Silks and Satins.
DOMESTIC DEPARTMENT.	Grey and White Cottons, " " " Sheetings, Table Napkins and Damasks, Huck Towels, Cotton and Linen Diaper, Grass Linen and Hollands.
WOOLLEN DEPARTMENT.	Sct. Saxony Flannels, Fancy Shirting do, English and Canadian Blankets, Waterproof Tweeds, Overcoatings.
HOSIERY & GLOVE DEPARTMENT.	Breakfast Shawls, Fancy Woollen Goods, Ladies Sct. Hose, Gent's Underclothing, Kid Mitts and Gloves,
RIBBON AND LACE DEPARTMENT.	Black and Coloured Velvet Ribbons, Tartan Velvet Ribbons, Black and Coloured Silk Ribbons, Tartan Silk Ribbons, New Linen Sets, Black and White Silk Laces, Hair Nets, New Style, Hair Puffs and Rolls, Cambric Handkerchiefs, Cushion Tassels, White Filacelle, Coloured Silk Twists.

☞ Our Stock, for extent, variety, quality and price, stands unrivalled in Ottawa.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, Dec. 8, 1870.

R. L. JAMES & CO.

DRESS GOODS.

A large assortment worth from 20 to 90 cents, at 15 to 80.

A

SPECIAL LINE

of French Merinos, very cheap.

BLACK SILKS,

very much under Market value, and considerably lower than present Ottawa prices.

MILLINERY.

It is now pretty generally known that in this Department, especially the prices, are EXCEEDINGLY MODERATE,

AT THE

GOLDEN LION.

R. L. JAMES & Co.

CHARLES J. TASKER, Accountant: Books posted, Accounts made out. Apply at the office of H P Hill, solicitor, Rideau-st; Dr Hill, C H Pinhey.

Ottawa, Nov 5, 1870

Railroads.

THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

ALTERATION OF TIME.

On and from MONDAY next, the 21st inst, three trains will run daily on this Railway as follows.

Going South Ottawa to Prescott.

MAIL will leave Ottawa at 9 30 a m, connecting at Prescott, with the Grand Trunk Express, for the West, and with the Ogdensburg Railway, for Boston, New York, &c.

MAIL will leave Ottawa at 12 00 noon, connecting with the Grand Trunk Express, for Montreal,

EXPRESS will leave Ottawa at 16 50 p m, connecting with the Grand Trunk Expresses, East and West.

Going North Prescott to Ottawa.

MAIL will leave Prescott Junction at 6 a m, connecting with the G. T. Expresses East and West, and arriving in Ottawa at 8.30 a m.

MAIL will leave Prescott Junction at 1.25 p m, connecting with the G. T. Express leaving Montreal at 8 a m, and arriving in Ottawa at 5 45 p m.

EXPRESS will leave Prescott Junction at 4 30 p m, connecting with G. T. Expresses, East and West, and arriving in Ottawa at 7 p m.

20 minutes allowed at Prescott Junction refreshments.

Tickets may be obtained on application to any of the Company's Agents, or at any of the Principal Stations of the Grand Trunk Railway.

All trains on this Line are run on Montreal time.

R LUTTRELL, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director

Ottawa, November 19, 1870.

CANADA CENTRAL AND BROCKVILLE AND OTTAWA RAILWAYS.

ALTERATION OF TRAINS,

Commencing DECEMBER 5, 1870.

SLEEPING CARS between TORONTO and Ottawa, going through in 13 HOURS.

On and after MONDAY, Dec. 5, TRAINS will run as follows:

Leave Brockville

EXPRESS, at 4 45 a m. connecting with Grand Trunk express from the West, and arriving at Ottawa, at 8.20 a m.

MAIL TRAIN, at 7 30 a m, arriving at Ottawa at 1.50 p m.

EXPRESS, at 3.30 p m, connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express from the West, and arriving at Ottawa at 7.15 p m.

Leave Ottawa.

EXPRESS, at 9 40 a m, arriving at Brockville at 1.40 p m, and connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express going West.

MAIL TRAIN, at 3 45 p m, arriving at Brockville 9 15 p m

EXPRESS, at 10.35 p m, arriving at Brockville at 2.15 a m, and connecting with Grand Trunk Night Express going West.

Arrive at Sand Point 1.35 and 7.10 p m.

Trains on Canada Central and Perth Branch make certain connections with all trains on B. & O. Railway

A Sleeping Car will leave Toronto on Monday, Wednesday and Friday nights, by the Grand Trunk 7.30 p m train, and go through to Ottawa, arriving at 8.30 a m.

Returning, it will leave Ottawa on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday nights, at 10 30 p m, and go through to Toronto by G. T. Train, arriving at Toronto at 11.30 a m.

Freight forwarded with despatch, as the C. C. and B. & O. Railways are the same gauge as the Grand Trunk. Car loads go through in Grand Trunk Cars to all points, without transhipment.

☞ Certain connections made with Grand Trunk Trains.

H ABBOTT,
Manager.

Brockville, Ont., Dec 1, 1870 1530d

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1870.] SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS. [1870

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at	0 a m
Night do do do do do	0 p m
Accommodation Train for Cornwall and Intermediate Stations at	00 p m
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at	7:30 a m
Trains for Lachine at 6:00 a m, 7:00 a m, 9 15 a m, 12 noon, 1:30 p m, 4:00 p m and 5:30 p m.	

The 1:30 p m train runs through to Province Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at	7:00 a m
Express for Boston at	8:40 a m
Express for New York and Boston via Vermont Central at	3;45 p m
Express for New York and Boston via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at	6.00 a m
Express for Island Pond, at	2:00 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Costicook only, at	10: 0 p m

☞ Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotte" leaves Portland every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, for Halifax, N.S., respectively at 4 p m.

They has excellent accommodation for passenger and freight.

The International Company's steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway leave Portland every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 6 p m, for St John, N.B., &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Offices, Bonaventure Station, and 39 Great St James Street.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director

Montreal, May, 1870.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street

A & H TAYLOR, Agents

TESTIMONIAL

—TO THE—

HON. SIR JOHN A. MACDONALD,

C.B., &c., &c., &c.

The friends of Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD propose to present that distinguished Statesman with a substantial Testimonial in recognition of his long and unselfish public services

Steps are being taken to afford his friends in all parts of the Dominion an opportunity of joining in the proposed manifestation of esteem and regard.

The following gentlemen composed, (with power to add to their number,) the Committee at Ottawa:

The Hon. JAMES SHIELD,
His Worship the Mayor J BOULSTER, Jr, Esq,
THOS REYNOLDS, Esq,
R W SCOTT, Esq, M P P,
Dr GRANT, M P,
E McGILLIVRAY, Esq,
H V NOEL, Esq.

H V Noel, Esq, has consented to act as Treasurer, to whom all communications may be addressed.

For the information of intending subscribers the names of the gentlemen composing the Central Committee at Toronto are subjoined, viz:

His Worship the Mayor, S B HARMAN, Esq,
The Hon G W ALLAN
The Hon D L MACPHERSON,
The Hon JOHN CARLING, M P,
JOHN CRAWFORD, Esq, M P,
ANGUS MORRISON, Esq, M P,
F W CUMBERLAND, Esq, M P
J G WORTS, Esq,
E H RUTHERFORD, Esq,
W H HOWLAND Esq,
G P RIDOUT, Esq,
JOHN SHEDDEN, Esq,
THOMAS DICK, Esq,
FRANK SHANLY, Esq,
T C CHISHOLM, Esq,
N BARNHART, Esq,

Ottawa, Dec 6, 1870 1532t

FROM THIS DAY FORTH I change the price of all my Wood, that is to say, best Hard Wood $4 75, new $5.00; Second best Hard Wood, 4 25 Sawn $4.50.

My Saw Mill is now in constant operation and ready, and will cut promptly in obedience to all orders.

JOHN HENEY.

1531-3t

THE TEA POT,

RIDEAU STREET.

The Proprietor begs to inform the lovers of THE TEA POT and the public generally, that the alterations are now completed, the whole premises having been thoroughly renovated and stocked with

New and Fresh Goods

Of the very best quality. He is now prepared to execute orders Wholesale and Retail, and every article will be guaranteed, as they have been selected with the greatest care.

Teas in great variety,
Coffees—the very best—roasted and ground daily,
Raisins, Currants, Figs, &c., &c.,
Port Wine, Sherry Wine, Brandy,
English Old Tom Gin—Booth's, Bernard's & Thompson's.

An Old Lady's Evening Wish.

My wishes soar not very high,
Nor do they widely roam
These moderate wishes are confin'd
To comforts found at home.

Give me what I enjoy so well—
A snug domestic scene;
And take my word, I feel myself
As happy as a Queen,

I'll tell you what I wish for now—
'Tis not a large desire;
I wish to sit at perfect ease,
Beside my evening fire.

I wish a friend or two would call,
To ask me how I do;
Then truly happy I should be,
And they'd be happy, too.

I'd set the tea things on the tray,
And we should all agree,
While taking ever-welcome cups
Of JOHN HILL'S wholesome tea.

The tea would gladen ev'ry heart,
And brighten every face;
And nothing more could we desire
In such a happy case.

With JOHN HILL'S Tea I always crown
The comforts of my home;
And when I can partake of this
My wishes seldom roam.

All goods delivered free (within the limits of the city) by our own waggons, and every attention will be paid to proper packing and delivery.

JOHN HILL,
"THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET.

"THE GEM."

The latest and richest

"PERFUME"

In the Dominion

Equal to Lubin's, and much less in price.

Patronized by the

ELITE OF MONTREAL.

Sold by every chemist in the city, and manufactured wholesale by

MUNRO & JACKSON,

1546b Druggists and Perfumers, Montreal.

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to Parliament for Private Bills, either for granting exclusive privileges, or confirming corporate powers for commercial or other purposes of profit, or for doing anything tending to affect the rights or property of other parties, are hereby notified that they are required by the 81st and following Rules of the House of Commons (which are published in full in the "Canada Gazette"), to give TWO MONTHS' NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object), in the "Canada Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected, sending copies of the first and last of such notices to the Private Bill Office.

All Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the first three weeks of the Session.

ALFRED TODD.
Chf. Clk. Committees and Private Bills,
House of Commons.

Ottawa, 8th Dec., 1870 1538tf

FOR CHRISTMAS PRESENTS

—AND—

NEW YEAR'S GIFTS.

A great Variety of TOYS, ALBUMS, LADIES COMPANIONS, WRITING DESKS, JEWELLERY, JUVENILE BOOKS, and other Fancy Goods, at

HAUSER'S NEW STORE,
Rideau Street,

Ottawa, Dec 14, 1870 1539y

FOUND.

A Red and White Brindle HEIFER, Short Horns, turned in two years old past. The owner can have her by paying expenses. Apply at the State Hotel, James Meekin, Bank street Road, Township of Nepean

December 14, 1870 1539 3

CARD OF THANKS.

The SAPEURS COMPANY beg to acknowledge the receipt of $14 17, per hands of Chief Langford, being a portion of a donation to the Brigade, for services during he late fire.

Ottawa, Dec. 14, 1870 1539tf

WANTED,

AN ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER,

Apply to Post Office, Box 244. 1540tf

THE METROPOLITAN

Building and Savings Society.

MONEY TO LOAN.

The above society having commenced operations on the 1st October last, have opened an office in Bang's Block, Elgin Street, Ottawa, and are now prepared to loan money on city or other property, at the lowest rates, repayable by monthly instalments, or otherwise, to suit borrowers.

Apply to

JAMES COX,
Secretary-Treasurer.

Ottawa, 13th December, 1870. 1540t1J71

JAMES PRACOCK,

FURS,

FURS, FURS, FURS.

Will beg to intimate that my FUR STOCK is now complete in every

DEPARTMENT.

AN EARLY CALL IS SOLICITED.

☞ Remember the place,

33 Rideau Street.

OPPOSITE OLD STAND.

THOMAS ISAAC,

DEALER IN

Shelf and Heavy Hardware

HENEY'S STONE BUILDING,

Wellington Street, Upper Town, Ottawa

Cooking and Fancy Stove
Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope,
Twine, Glass, Oil,
Putty, &c.,
Always on Hand

Ottawa December 29, 1869. 1236.t

DR. DICKINSON,

Residence and Surgery, Kent Street.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE

OTTAWA,

5th day of December, 1870.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Inland Revenue, and under and in virtue of the authority given by the 17th section of the Act 31st Vict, Chapter 8, intituled, "An Act respecting the Inland Revenue." His Excellency in Council has been pleased to Order, and it is hereby Ordered that the following regulations for the manufacture of Methylated Spirits in bond shall be and they are hereby made and established:

REGULATIONS.

1st, The room in which the wood Naphtha is mixed with Spirits shall only be accessible to the proprietor during the actual presence of an officer of Inland Revenue.

2nd. A sample of the wood Naphtha (say about four ounces) shall be sent to the Department from every cask or package used.

3rd. Not less than 100 proof gallons of Alcohol shall be mixed at one time, which shall be mixed in an open mixing tub, in the presence of an officer who shall then test and gauge it as to strength and quantity.

4th. With every 100 proof gallons of Alcohol, there shall be mixed at least twelve and a-half gallons of "Wood Naphtha of Commerce," the whole being mixed together.

5th. After the mixing has been thoroughly completed, the strength of the mixture shall be tested, and the quantity gauged by the officer in attendance and duly recorded. The mixture shall then be placed in casks, the casks being branded or marked on the head in legible characters, with the words—

Methylated Spirits,
Date on which it was mixed,
Number of Wine gallons in the Cask.
Strength,
Number of Proof Gallons
Name of the Division.

Initials of the officer under whose inspection the mixture took place.

Number of the entry under which it is warehoused.

6th. A Stock Book must be kept in the Factory, in which Book must be entered:—

(a) The particulars of every package of Alcohol, brought in, stating where manufactured, the strength and quantity; the marks, &c, on the casks, and the general number of the Permit, under which it was conveyed to the Manufactory.

(b) The particulars of every quantity mixed &c. of the original packages from which it was taken; the quantity and strength of the "Methylated Spirits" produced from it, and the particulars as to marks, numbers, &c., of the Cask in which it is placed.

7th. Every entry in the Stock Book is to be checked by the officer in charge, who must keep an account of each transaction, which account or a duplicate thereof is to be taken to the Inland Revenue office, immediately after each transaction.

8th. So soon as the mixing and Barrelling has been completed, the "Methylated Spirits" shall be removed from the Bonded Manufactory, and duly entered for warehousing as required by the regulations in that behalf.

W. H. LEE,
Clerk, Privy Council.

537-3 Canada

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,

OTTAWA, 3rd Nov., 1870

TO COLLECTORS OF CUSTOMS.

"SLATE,"—SCHEDULE C.—FREE GOODS.

With reference to item of the Tariff, it is held by this Department, that SLATE simply in a quadrangular form, whatever may be its size or thickness is entitled to exemption. If otherwise, especially shapen or if it be polished, or artificially bored, it becomes subject to 15 per cent and 5 per cent duty, as a non-enumerated article.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs

Ottawa, Nov 14, 1870

WALTHAM WALTHAM

THE AMERICAN WATCH

The public of the United States and Canada have now had over ten years experience of WALTHAM WATCHES, and they are now everywhere acknowledged to be the ONLY RELIABLE

TIME-KEEPERS!

Almost all other watches are sold under false pretences; not one in a hundred bears the name of the real maker; the public have absolutely no security, and have, therefore, been constantly imposed upon. On the contrary, every buyer of a Waltham Watch gets a guarantee of the company, and no matter from whom he buys it, has positive security that he is getting a TIME KEEPER.

It must be admitted that the apparent interest of watchmakers lies in selling other watches, of which they can make larger profits: but men of enterprise in the trade prefer an article of large and ready sale, and which leaves no bad stock. It is "small profits and quick returns."

These watches can be had in several grades (all guaranteed) the silver cases are made from coin silver, and from 2 to 6 ounces in weight. The gold cases are made in 18 carat gold, and from 3.4 to 4 ounces in weight; the size for ladies are richly engraved or enamelled. For the quality, both in gold and silver, are the

CHEAPEST WATCHES IN THE WORLD

These watches can be ordered of any reliable watchmaker or jeweller in the Dominion; but the guarantee of the Company should be invariably required. The Company in all cases pay the Government duty, which makes the Canadian consumer a privileged purchaser

ROBERT WILKES,

Sole Wholesale Agent for the Dominion of Can da
Toronto—43 and 45 Yonge Street.
Montreal—645 St. Paul Street

1397 3

TO LUMBERERS.

L. ROSE,

PROVISION BROKER.

LONDON, ONT.,

Inspects every BARREL of PORK he Ships and Ships only a FIRST-CLASS Article. He has for Sale from some of the Leading Packers and Curers:

Heavy Mess Pork, guaranteed.

Ex. P. Pork made from Heavy Mess.

Shoulders Mess Mutton.

Heavy Bacon, &c., at the lowest FIRST PRICES, and on Terms to suit Purchasers.

No. 1 Sup. Flour, Oats, Corn, &c., bought on commission.

White Beans always on hand.

Orders or enquiries have prompt attention.

Through rates to Brockville, Sand and Ottawa.

L. ROSE,
Produce Broker,
London, Ont

London, Ont., Nov. 24, 1870 1523

CANADA PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Application will be made to Parliament, at its next Session, for the Incorporation of a Company to construct a Railway through British North America, connecting with the present Railway system of Canada, and thence to proceed to the North of Lake Superior and through the North West Territory to the Yellow or Leather Head Pass of the Rocky Mountains, there to connect with the projected Railway through British Columbia to the Pacific,—with such powers and privileges as may be necessary to carry the same into operation.

ALFRED WADDINGTON.

Ottawa, Oct. 21, 1870 1498 3m

T HUNTON SHOOLBRED & Co

47. SPARKS ST. 49.

Will receive this week "per Express," from LONDON, England,

2 CASES OF MILLINERY,

Containing the VERY LATEST Styles in

Bonnets, Hats,

and some very Choice things in

Flowers, Feathers and Trimmings,

Per S. S. "MORAVIAN."

1 Case Extra Cloths, in the new

Satin Cloths,

Trimming to match all our Fashionable

Dress Goods.

—ALSO—

1 Case of Newest

Mantle Cloths.

The "OLIVE GREEN" appears still prove the most fashionable, and of the above, we are in receipt of ten piece

"New Seal and plucked Otter Skins hand."

Fancy Wove Goods still arriving.

Clouds, Breakfast Shawls, Ties &c.,

in endless Variety.

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO
47 and 49 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, Oct 11 1870.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

14 RIDEAU STREET,

Have now received a full supply of

NEW FALL GOODS

—IN ALL

DEPARTMENTS.

Ottawa, September 26, 1870

A SPECIALITY.

☞ THE ULSTER OVER-COAT

Is the Great Novelty in

GENTLEMEN'S GARMENTS

This Season.

☞ A Specimen on View, at

MAGEE & RUSSELL'S.

Ottawa, Nov 30, 1870 1527tf

ST. JAMES' HOTEL.

METCALFE AND QUEEN STREETS.

The Proprietor, G. R. EVANS,

Begs respectfully to announce to the public in general that the above premises will be opened for business this day, 29th inst., and hopes by strict attention to business and moderate charges, to merit their patronage and favour.

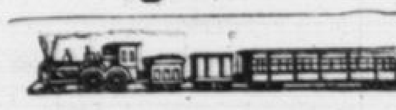
Ottawa, Nov 29, 1870 1526tf

FOR SALE, OR EXCHANGE

For Property in Montreal, improved or unimproved, the new Mansard Roof Stone House situated in Victoria Crescent, having all the modern conveniences of heat, water and gas, good cut building, on an ample Lot, and enjoying the finest river view in Ottawa. For further particulars apply to W C. SMILLIE, on the premises, or at the Office of the BRITISH AMERICAN BANK NOTE COMPANY, Wellington Street.

Ottawa, Dec 3,

Railroads.



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY
OF
CANADA.

Special attention is directed to this Company's announcement, in regard to the

RUNNING OF TRAINS
FOR THE ENSUING SEASON.

In addition to the Fast Time which it is intended to make between the

EAST AND WEST,

With close connections at all points. The line will be equipped with handsome

NEW FIRST-CLASS CARS,

Unsurpassed on the continent.

TRAINS WILL RUN BETWEEN
Portland and Montreal in 13 Hours.
Montreal and Toronto in 13 Hours.
Stopping only at the most important Stations.

As fast as completed,

PULMAN'S
PALACE SLEEPING CARS

Will be run on the Through Trains and the service will be performed over the entire line in a manner equal to that of any railway on this continent. Special arrangements have been made to accommodate the pleasure travel.

For further particulars see advertisements and time tables.

C J BRYDGES,
Managing Director.

June 3, 1870. 1437tf

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY
OF
CANADA

IMPROVED SERVICE OF TRAINS
FOR THE SUMMER OF 1870.
ACCELERATION OF SPEED.
NEW CARS ON ALL EXPRESS TRAINS.
Portland to Montreal in 13 Hours.
Montreal to Toronto in 13 Hours.

On and after JUNE 13th the new arrangements will be put in force, and trains will leave Montreal as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points west at.....	9 00 a m
NIGHT, do do.....	9 00 p m
Mail Train for Toronto and intermediate Stations.....	7 00 a m
Accommodation Train for Brockville and intermediate stations.....	5 00 p m

Trains for Lachine at 6 00 a m, 7 00 a m, 9 15 am, 12 noon, 1 30 p m, 4 00 p m, 5 30 p m, and 6 30 p m. The 1 30 p m Train runs through to Province Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and intermediate stations at........	7 10 a m
Express for Boston, via Vermont Central, at........	9 00 a m
Express for New York and Boston, via Vermont Central, at........	3 45 p m
Express for New York and Boston, via Plattsburg, Lake Champlain, Burlington and Rutland, at........	6 00 a m
Do do do do	4 00 p m
Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham, Portland and Lower Provinces at........	1 10 p
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, and the Lower Provinces, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St Hilaire, St Hyacinthe, Upton, Acton, Richmond, Brompton Falls, Sherbrooke, Lennoxville, Compton, Coaticooke and Norton Mills only at	10 10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all night trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotta" leave Portland for Halifax, N S, every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, respectively, at 4 00 p m. They have excellent accommodations for passengers and Freight.

The International Company's Steamers running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every Monday and Thursday at 6 00 p m for St John, N B, &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way station apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station, or at No 39, Great St James Street.

C J BRYDGES,
Managing Director.

June 3, 1870 1425tf

DOMINION
TELEGRAPH INSTITUTE.
34 KING STREET EAST,
TORONTO, ONT.
ESTABLISHED IN 1868,

For the purpose of qualifying Operators for the

TELEGRAPH AND RAILROAD LINES

Then and now so rapidly building in the Dominion and United States. It is become one of the

Permanent Institutions of the Country.

And has turned out

OVER 100 OPERATORS,

Who now fill important positions with

GOOD SALARIES,

☞ LADIES and GENTLEMEN desiring to learn this light and honourable profession, should do so at once. The average length of time required is three months. Ladies learn more rapidly than gentlemen. Both sexes admitted from 14 years of age and upwards.

For full particulars and terms address

T H CHURCHILL,
Toronto, Ontario,

Ottawa, September 22, 1870

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER:
First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown........	$100 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown........	35 00

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX
First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown........	$100 00
Halifax........	20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer........	45 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown........	30 00
Halifax........	15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer........	30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's offices,

JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
15 Broadway, New York,
or HERRICK & CROMBIE, Ottawa.

WANTED.

For the First and Second Departments of the Arnprior Common School, two MALE TEACHERS. Salary for first, four hundred; second, three hundred dollars per annum. Services to commence about 1st January, 1871. Applications received up to 1st December, 1870. Stating qualifications, &c.

DR. CRANSTON
Chairman
GEO. CRAIG,
Secretary.

Arnprior, Nov 9, 1870

Medical.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

As a family Remedy it is well and favourably known relieving thousands from pain in the

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Has now been before the public for a length of time and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions have been properly followed, but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing the Diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it.

Price only Twenty-five Cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN.

Sold in Ottawa by H F McCarthy, J Skinner, John Roberts, J P Featherston, George Mortimer, W M Massey, and all Medicine Dealers.

November 30, 1870 1527y

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!

The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

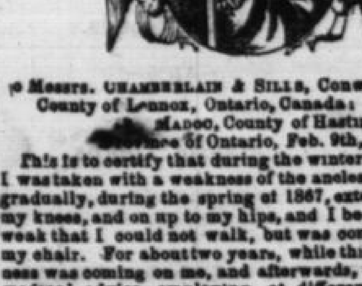
They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hacey, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1. 13y



To Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:
Madoc, County of Hastings,
Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869.

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless. I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings this ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle

A F WOOD, J P.
Warden County of Hastings Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.

For sale by DRUGGISTS AND GROCERS

TRADE-MARK — GARDNER MONTREAL

GARDNER'S
QUININE
☞ WINE BITTERS, ☜

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons recovering from illness. For sale in quart bottles; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children—it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardener's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 28 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best ask for GARDENER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.
Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

J GARDENER, Chemist,
457 Notre Dame street, Montreal,
Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

DUTCH BULBS!

The Subscriber has just received a full assortment from a celebrated Grower in HOLLAND, both for Spring Gardening and in-door Culture.

THE ASSORTMENT INCLUDES
Hyacinths, many varieties,
Tulips, "
Lilies, "
Narcissus, "
Jouquills, "
Anemones, "
Ranunculus, "
&c., &c.

The Flower Roots above mentioned not coming to hand till late in the season, are offered for sale at low prices.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE,
Druggist,
40 Sparks-st, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Nov. 19, 1870

Medical.

GABRIEL'S PREPARATIONS
TRADE MARK. — MESSRS GABRIEL. Dentists. LUDGATE HILL. LONDON.

FOR THE TEETH.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH.

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers.

MESSRS. GABRIEL,
The old-established Dentists,
64 Ludgate Hill, London,
And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth. Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache, no matter how far decayed. Price is 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations.

GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth. Price 5s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE, for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; is is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.

See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it. Price 5s.

PARTIES AT A DISTANCE REQUIRING ARTIFICIAL TEETH may have them supplied, in partial or complete sets, on Messrs. Gabriel's new system, by sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of One Guinea, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded, with all necessary instructions. Messrs. Gabriel will undertake to Remodel or Repair Artificial Teeth made by other Dentists, (which do not prove satisfactory), at moderate charges.

Messrs. Gabriel's Pamphlet on Artificial Teeth and Painless Dentistry on receipt of postage.

*** All letters to be addressed to 64 LUDGATE HILL, LONDON. 1323

MADRID 1867

PRIMERA CLASE. — PARIS 1867 — LONDON 1862 — MENTION HONORABLE — GENERAL EXCELLENCE

Alkabasar

ARRIVED AT LAST!

This elegant Turkish TONIC is one of the most salutary and delicate preparations ever submitted for public approval in this hemisphere, and asserts its pretentions to patronage on the following grounds:—

That it is a preparation of one of the most eminent Purveyors to the Ottoman Court.

It prevents acidity of the Stomach.

It relieves lowness of spirits.

It is a mild and invigorating tonic, and a most efficient but innocuous stimulent.

It renders the breath sweet and agreeable.

It stimulates the appetite if taken BEFORE meals.

It promotes digestion if taken AFTER meals.

It neutralizes the propensity for strong liquors.

It renders the intellect bright and clear.

If taken habitually it imparts vitality and energy to all the bodily organs.

By its use a man of 70 will become, as it were, restored to the elasticity of 30; and to persons of delicate constitutions it is strongly recommended.

It is an especial favourite with Oriental ladies.

Secure, then, health, longevity and vital energy by the habitual use of the

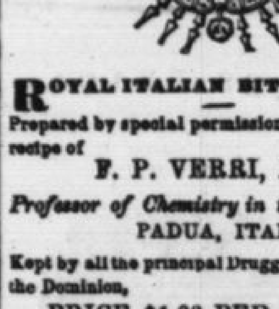
ALKABASAR TURKISH TONIC.

Kept in stock by the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.

For directions for use see labels on bottles.

HENRY CHAPMAN & CO.,
EVANS, MERCER & CO.,
Montreal,
Sole Agents for the Dominion

Montreal, July 6. 1415-y



ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission from the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,
Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion,

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,
Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F GIANELLI.

H. R. FRIPP,

ORGANIST AND TEACHER OF MUSIC.

Residence—Elgin Street, South of Slater Street. Classes for beginners at Mr Gowan's Hall on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 4½ p m.

Ottawa, July 15th, 1870, 1410 tf

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street.

Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

LOST

From the Farm of MRS. STEWART on the bank of the Canal, on the 29th inst., TWENTY-THREE LAMBS, marked with a stroke on the back with ar. Information to be given to WM SLATTERY, Butcher By Ward Market.

Commission Merchants.

J. BERMINGHAM,
GENERAL AUCTIONEER.

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his Spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit continuance of the support and patronage liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate, that in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p.m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 35.

Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hands for sale.

J BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, March 1870.

W. M. FOOTE & COMPANY,

IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALER
—IN—
☞ TEAS AND WINES, ☜

6 HOSPITAL STREET
MONTREAL.

Ottawa August 23, 1870 1444tf

DOMINICK FOX.

GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,
Clarence Street, next to the City Hotel Ottawa.

Solicits the patronage of the Lumber Merchants generally on the Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging men and attending to their rafts while passing here to the best of his ability.

REFERENCES.

Alex Fraser, Esq. Walter Smith, Esq.
John oupore, Esq. R W Cruice, Esq.

1324t.

W. H. EASTON & CO.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
FORWARDERS
DEALERS IN
Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c
OTTAWA,
End of Little Sussex-st.

Cash advanced on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases

W. H. EASTON R. M. EASTON

FOR SALE.

MESS AND PRIME MESS PORK.

FLOUR NO. 1 & EXTRA

WHITE BEANS,

At Ottawa, Sand Point and Pembroke.

S CHRISTIE,
No 5 Sparks street.

Ottawa, May 18, 1870

Insurance.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY of Canada, Head Office, Toronto.

President—The Hon John Hillyard Cameron M.P.

Vice President—Lewis Moffatt, Esq.

Other Directors—C J Campbell, Esq, Hon Malcolm Cameron, W T Macdonnell, Esq, A R McMaster, Esq, H S Howland, Esq, Geo Duggan, Esq, A T Fulton, Esq, Angus Morrison, Esq, M P J S Crocker, Esq.

Banker—The Canadian Bank of Commerce.

Agents for Ottawa—Messrs J T & W PENNOCK.

The rates of the PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY are as low as its long experience has shewn to be profitable.

The test of the value of insurance is, however, not when the premiums are being paid, but when losses are being settled, and, from the equity and promptness of its settlements the Provincial Insurance Company is second to none.

Its Inspectors are always sent to adjust every important loss directly it occurs.

It has no adjusted losses due and unpaid.

It respectfully solicits a share of the patronage of the insuring public of Ottawa.

ARTHUR HARVEY,
Manager.

1298tf

UNION MUTUAL
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No: 10½.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B

For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.

have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN,
Manager.

Ottawa, November 7 1868. 894tf

FOR SALE.

A beautiful country residence with Fifteen (15) Acres of Land (or more if necessary) attached; the house and outbuildings being completely surrounded by a grove of lovely shade trees. The whole within 10 minutes drive of the Government buildings.

Terms of sale, cash, if preferable to purchaser otherwise a small payment down, and the balance in from 1 to 10 years, to suit purchaser.

Apply to the Proprietor,

R A BRADLEY,
Solicitor, Elgin-st., Ottawa.
Nearly opposite the Post Office.

N. B.—Money to lend on Real Estate. Terms easy.

OUT TO-DAY.

THE
Canadian Parliamentary Calendar
AND
Directory for 1870.

To be obtained

1380tf OPEIA CO., and JONES & HOLLAND

Medical.

Ayer's

Hair Vigor,

For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.

A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. *Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color with the gloss and freshness of youth.* Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

HAIR DRESSING,

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,
PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS,
LOWELL, MASS.
PRICE $1.00.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

For Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption.

Probably never before in the whole history of medicine, has anything won so widely and so deeply upon the confidence of mankind, as this excellent remedy for pulmonary complaints. Through a long series of years, and among most of the races of men it has risen higher and higher in their estimation, as it has become better known. Its uniform character and power to cure the various affections of the lungs and throat, have made it known as a reliable protector against them. While adapted to milder forms of disease and to young children, it is at the same time the most effectual remedy that can be given for incipient consumption, and the dangerous affections of the throat and lungs. As a provision against sudden attacks of *Croup*, it should be kept on hand in every family, and indeed as all are sometimes subject to colds and coughs, all should be provided with this antidote for them.

Although settled *Consumption* is thought incurable, still great numbers of cases where the disease seemed settled, have been completely cured, and the patient restored to sound health by the *Cherry Pectoral*. So complete is its mastery over the disorders of the Lungs and Throat, that the most obstinate of them yield to it. When nothing else could reach them, under the *Cherry Pectoral* they subside and disappear.

Singers and Public Speakers find great protection from it.

Asthma is always relieved and often wholly cured by it.

Bronchitis is generally cured by taking the *Cherry Pectoral* in small and frequent doses.

So generally are its virtues known that we need not publish the certificates of them here, or do more than assure the public that its qualities are fully maintained.

Ayer's Ague Cure,

For Fever and Ague, Intermittent Fever, Chill Fever, Remittent Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical or Bilious Fever, &c., and indeed all the affections which arise from malarious, marsh, or miasmatic poisons.

As its name implies, it does *Cure*, and does not fail. Containing neither Arsenic, Quinine, Bismuth, Zinc, nor any other mineral or poisonous substance whatever, in nowise injures any patient. The number and importance of its cures in the ague districts, are literally beyond account, and we believe without a parallel in the history of Ague medicine. Our pride is gratified by the acknowledgments we receive of the radical cures effected in obstinate cases, and where other remedies had wholly failed.

Unacclimated persons, either resident in, or travelling through miasmatic localities, will be protected by taking the *AGUE CURE* daily.

For *Liver Complaints*, arising from torpidity of the Liver, it is an excellent remedy, stimulating the Liver into healthy activity.

For Bilious Disorders and Liver Complaints, it is an excellent remedy, producing many truly remarkable cures, where other medicines had failed.

Prepared by DR. J. C. AYER & Co., Practical and Analytical Chemists, Lowell, Mass., and sold all round the world.

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

DARLEY'S
ARABIAN OIL
FOR HORSES AND CATTLE

A NEVER-FAILING REMEDY.

This valuable preparation combines all the medicinal virtues of those articles which long experience has proved to possess the most safe and efficient properties for the cure of Flesh Wounds, Sprains, Bruises, Galls of all kinds, Cracked Heels, Ring Bone, Spavin, Callous, Pistula, Sweeney, External Poisons, Scratches or Grease, Strains, Lameness, Mange, Witlows, Corns, Sand Cracks, Foundered Feet, Corn Distemper, Swellings, and many other diseases which horses and cattle are subject to.

The celebrated Liniment has been used for many years, and its curative properties thoroughly tested, and it is conceded to be the cheapest and most reliable remedy for all external complaints ever offered to the public—it never fails when timely used and faithfully applied.

To be had of all Druggists and Country Merchants throughout the Dominion. Price 25c. per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont.
Proprietors.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W M Massey, H F McCarthy, J Skinner, in Ottawa, all Medicine Dealers.

November 24, 1870 1522tf

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly, (which are published in the "Ontario Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the Session.

CHARLES T GILLMOR,
Clerk of the House.

Toronto March 15, 1870 1369 td lawk.

NOTICE

Is hereby given, that an application will be made to the Legislature of the Province of Ontario at its next Session, for an Act to authorise the construction of Water Works in and for the City of Ottawa.

WM P LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa,
October 13th, 1870 1492 lawk-3m

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.

W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.

REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.

OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

PRESERVE YOUR ROOFS,

PATENT PLASTIC SLATE PAINT,

Is the best and cheapest material in use for preserving new, or repairing old

IRON OR TIN ROOFS,

No matter how bad their condition. Also first rate for

SHINGLE ROOFS,

Making them

☞ FIRE AND WATER PROOF, ☜

Hardens into a coating of SOLID SLATE by exposure.

Price $6 a barrel, mixed ready for use.

A barrel will cover 10 squares (10 x 10).

SHEATHING FELT

For lining Frame Buildings under the clap boards. An effectual protection against cold, damp and vermin. Rats and mice will not come near it.

No FRAME DWELLING should be without

Send for circular, instructions, &c.

BUCHANAN & CO.,
Wholesale Depot for Roofing Materials and Founder's Supplies,
22 Lemoine Street.
Montreal.

Ottawa, September 21, 1870 1468

A. E. GENDREAU,
HAIR DRESSING PARLOUR,
Wellington street,
Opposite the Bank of Montreal.

MR GENDREAU, the proprietor of that so popular Parlour, has the pleasure to announce to his numerous friends and the public in general, that to answer to the great encouragement which he has received up to the present, he has determined to enlarge and thoroughly furnish anew his establishment. He will save no expense to render Parlour the most comfortable, and to procure the most experienced hair dressers.

MR GENDREAU having served considerable time in some of the best and most extensive Hair Dressing Saloons in the Dominion and United States, is in a position to conduct the duties of his establishment in a manner that cannot be surpassed.

He will have always on hand the best perfumes imported directly from Paris and London.

MR GENDREAU solicits to convince all of the truth of his statements.

SATCHELL BROS

BUTCHERS TO
HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantly on hand

FRESH KILLED
STALL-FED
☞ BEEF AND MUTTON. ☜
ALSO,
THEIR CELEBRATED
SPICED AND SALT ROUND,
AND
ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES,

To be had at
THEIR STALLS,
Nos. 5 and 7,
BY-WARD MARKET

No Benzine or Coal Oil used.

FOR
STYLISH SIGNS
AND
HANDSOME WALL PAINTING
GO TO
THE
LANG PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT
A. W LANG, Sparks Street.

PEOPLE'S TELEGRAPH COMPANY

Incorporated under Chapter LXVII of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada.

OTTAWA OFFICE—G P DRUMMOND'S Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.

DIRECTORS:

A JOSEPH, Chairman; D C THOMSON, Treasurer; S B FOOTE, A THOMSON, T H DUNN. DRUMMOND Manager 1141tf

TWO OR THREE GENTLEMAN can be accommodated with

ROOMS, WITH OR WITHOUT BOARD.

Apply at
MR. ROWSELL'S,
Opposite the Union Hotel,
Centre Town.

Ottawa, July 5, 1870. 1400 tf

EDGAR DOWARD, Organist, Christ Church, teacher of Organ, Piano and Singing Residence—O'Connor street. Mr. Doward was formerly Chorister Boy and Articled Pupil of Mr W. Done, of Worcester Cathedral, England.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

In the matter of

JOSEPH HENRY CASSELS,
the Village of Kenmore
AN INSOLVENT.

ASSIGNEES SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power vested in me as Assignee of the estate and effects of the above named Insolvent, I shall offer for sale by Public Auction, at the Court House, in the City of Ottawa, at the hour of 12 o'clock, noon on FRIDAY, the TWENTY-FIFTH day of NOVEMBER next, all the estate, right, title, interest and equity of redemption of the said Insolvent, and of myself, as such Assignee as aforesaid, in and to that certain parcel or tract of land and premises situate, lying and being in the Township of Gloucester, in the County of Carleton, containing by admeasurement fifty acres of land be the same more or less, being composed of the west quarter of lot number two, in the third Concession of the said Township, Rideau Front.

Terms and conditions made known at the time of sale, and particulars can be had by applying

CHAS BAILLIE,
Assignee,
401 Notre Dame St.

Dated Montreal, 17th Sept, 1870. 1469 3aw271

GREAT
CENTRAL AIR LINE ROUTE
VIA
GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.
[The Model Road of Canada.]
To Sarnia, Detroit, Milwaukee.
CHICAGO,
Cincinnati, St. Louis, New Orleans, and all Points in the West and South.

NORTHERN TRANSPORTATION CO'S
20 First-Class Upper Cabin Steamers.
DAILY LINE BETWEEN
OGDENSBURG & CHICAGO,
Making sure connections with Railway for all Points West and South.

Parties going west can secure Tickets at this office to any Point desired,
VIA
ALL RAIL OR ALL BOAT

Fares always cheaper than by any other Route.

Be sure and procure TICKETS at this office by the

GREAT CENTRAL ROUTE
AND SAVE MONEY, TIME AND DISTANCE.

Comparitive distance of the several Western Routes to Chicago:

American—Ogdensburg or Prescott...... to Chicago........	850 miles
Grand Trunk to Detroit........	736 do
Grand Trunk to Toronto, Great Western to Detroit........	730 do
Leaving in favor of the Great Central Route........	120 do

For TICKETS to any Points in the United States, and all information apply to

J T CORCORAN,
General Western Railway and Steamboat Ticket office, at H Palmer's store, next to Fingland & Draper's, Sussex st, two doors from Rideau st

LEA & PERRINS'
CELEBRATED
WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,
Declared by Connoisseur
TO BE
THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.
CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivalled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,

and to see that their names are upon the wrapper labels, stopper and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

☞ Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c, &c, and by Grocers and Oilmen universally 62v1236 law

IN CHANCERY.

Pursuant to a decree of the Court of Chancery, made in a cause Spain vs. Watt, the Creditors of Martin Spain, late of the Township of Nepean, in the County of Carleton, who died in or about the month of NOVEMBER, 1867, are on or before the 15th NOVEMBER next, to send by post prepaid, to Messrs. Kennedy & Christie, of the City of Ottawa, the Solicitor of the Defendants, Arthur Watt, the Executor of the deceased, their christian and surnames, addresses and descriptions, the full particulars of their claims, a statement of their accounts and the nature of the securities (if any) held by them, or in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said decree.

Every Creditor holding any security is to produce the same before me at my Chambers, at the City of Ottawa, on the 23rd day of November, 1870, at 11 o'clock, in the forenoon, being the time appointed for adjudication on the claims.

Dated the 21st day of October, 1870.

(Signed), W. M. MATHESON,
Master at Ottawa

SCOTT & ROSS,
Plaintiff's Solicitors.

Ottawa, Oct 24, 1870 1495 1d

PRESTON & ROWSELL,

MILITARY TAILORS
—AND—
HABIT MAKERS
NO. 36 SPARKS STREET

PRESTON & ROWSELL.

A SELECT ASSORTMENT
OF
Tweeds,
Broad Cloths,
Doe Skins,
Fancy Coatings,
Vestings, &c.

SHIRTS MADE TO ORDER

PRESTON & ROWSELL

Ottawa, July 26, 1870.

HIGHER EDUCATION.
HELLMUTH COLLEGE.

Board and Tuition per annum, $22

HELLMUTH LADIES' COLLEGE

Inaugurated by H. R. H. Prince Arthur. Board and Tuition $256 per annum.

PRESIDENT:—The Very Rev. I. Hellmuth D.D., Dean of Huron

☞ For Particulars apply to Major Evans, London, Canada West.

August 8, 1870.

Sarsaparilla,
PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

The reputation this excellent medicine enjoys, is derived from its cures, many of which are truly marvellous. Inveterate cases of Scrofulous disease, where the system seemed saturated with corruption, have been purified and cured by it. Scrofulous affections and disorders, which were aggravated by the scrofulous contamination until they were painfully afflicting, have been radically cured in such great numbers in almost every section of the country, that the public scarcely need to be informed of its virtues or uses.

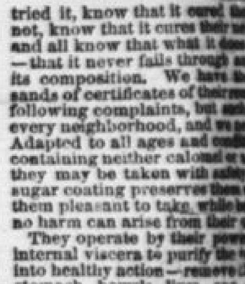
Scrofulous poison is one of the most destructive enemies of our race. Often, this unseen and unfelt tenant of the organism undermines the constitution, and invites the attack of enfeebling or fatal diseases, without exciting a suspicion of its presence. Again, it seems to breed infection throughout the body, and then, on some favorable occasion, rapidly develop into one or other of its hideous forms, either on the surface or among the vitals. In the latter, tubercles may be suddenly deposited in the lungs or heart, or tumors formed in the liver, or it shows its presence by eruptions on the skin, or foul ulcerations on some part of the body. Hence the occasional use of a bottle of this *Sarsaparilla* is advisable, even when no active symptoms of disease appear. Persons afflicted with the following complaints generally find immediate relief, and, at length, cure, by the use of this *SARSAPARILLA*: *St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Sore Ears*, and other eruptions or visible forms of *Scrofulous* disease. Also in the more concealed forms, as *Dyspepsia, Dropsy, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Neuralgia*, and the various *Ulcerous* affections of the muscular and nervous systems.

Syphilis or *Venereal* and *Mercurial Diseases* are cured by it, though a long time is required for subduing these obstinate maladies by any medicine. But long continued use of this medicine will cure the complaint. *Leucorrhœa* or *Whites, Uterine Ulcerations*, and *Female Diseases*, are commonly soon relieved and ultimately cured by its purifying and invigorating effect. Minute directions for each case are found in our Almanac, supplied gratis. *Rheumatism* and *Gout*, when caused by accumulations of extraneous matters in the blood, yield quickly to it, as also *Liver Complaints, Torpidity, Congestion* or *Inflammation* of the *Liver*, and *Jaundice*, when arising, as they often do, from the rankling poisons in the blood. This *SARSAPARILLA* is a great restorer for the strength and vigor of the system. Those who are *Languid* and *Listless, Despondent, Sleepless*, and troubled with *Nervous Apprehensions* or *Fears*, or any of the affections symptomatic of *Weakness*, will find immediate relief and convincing evidence of its restorative power upon trial.

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,
Practical and Analytical Chemists.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

For all the purposes of a Laxative Medicine.



Perhaps no one medicine is so universally required by everybody as a cathartic, nor was ever any before so universally adopted into use, in every country and among all classes, as this mild but efficient purgative Pill. The obvious reason is, that it is a more reliable and far more effectual remedy than any other. Those who have tried it, know that it cured them; those who have not, know that it cures their neighbors and friends, and all know that what it does once it does always—that it never fails through any fault or neglect of its composition. We have thousands upon thousands of certificates of their remarkable cures of the following complaints, but such cures are known in every neighborhood, and we need not publish them. Adapted to all ages and conditions in all climates; containing neither calomel or any deleterious drug, they may be taken with safety by anybody. Their sugar coating preserves them ever fresh and makes them pleasant to take, while being purely vegetable no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.

They operate by their powerful influence on the internal viscera to purify the blood and stimulate it into healthy action—remove the obstructions of the stomach, bowels, liver, and other organs of the body, restoring their irregular action to health, and by correcting, wherever they exist, such derangements as are the first origin of disease.

Minute directions are given in the wrapper on the box for the following complaints, which these *Pills* rapidly cure:—

For *Dyspepsia* or *Indigestion, Listlessness, Languor* and *Loss of Appetite*, they should be taken moderately to stimulate the stomach and restore its healthy tone and action.

For *Liver Complaint* and its various symptoms, *Bilious Headache, Sick Headache, Jaundice* or *Green Sickness, Bilious Colic* and *Bilious Fevers*, they should be judiciously taken for each case, to correct the diseased action or remove the obstructions which cause it.

For *Dysentery* or *Diarrhœa*, but one mild dose is generally required.

For *Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the Side, Back* and *Loins*, they should be continuously taken, as required, to change the diseased action of the system. With such change those complaints disappear.

For *Dropsy* and *Dropsical Swellings* they should be taken in large and frequent doses to produce the effect of a drastic purge.

For *Suppression* a large dose should be taken as it produces the desired effect by sympathy.

As a *Dinner Pill*, take one or two *Pills* to promote digestion and relieve the stomach.

An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and bowels into healthy action, restores the appetite, and invigorates the system. Hence it is often advantageous where no serious derangement exists. One who feels tolerably well, often finds that a dose of these *Pills* makes him feel decidedly better, from their cleansing and renovating effect on the digestive apparatus.

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical Chemists,
LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.

Ottawa, August 7, 1870.

FOR ASTHMA and Chronic Bronchitis
DATURA TATULA,
Affords Immediate Relief.

"A remedy of great power and usefulness.—Dr W. Parker.

"Of great efficacy in cases of Asthma and Chronic Bronchitis."—*Dublin Journal Medical Science*

"The smoke causes no nausea. When thought kind, I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."—*General Alexander Hon. B. Stuart.*

In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, Boxes, 2s, 5s and 15s.

Pastilles for Inhalation, Boxes, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal

FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION of COD LIVER OIL, the fat eaten at meals, &c. Its digestive activity is superior to Pepsine.

Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 2s, 5s 6d, 8s 6d, and 12s 6d. Pancreatine Wine, bottles, 3s, 5s and 10s.

N.B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. [illegible]

NOTICE.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF ONTARIO,
TORONTO, 29th October, 1870.

Notice is hereby given, that the last day for receiving Petitions for Private Bills will be WEDNESDAY, the TWENTY-EIGHTH day of DECEMBER next.

CHARLES T. GILLMOR,
Clerk.

STRAYED,

Into the subscribers premises on the night of the 17th, a KID, with collar and chain attached. The owner can have it by proving property and paying this advertisement.

ROBERT SHEAD

Ottawa, Nov 21, 1870

THE HOWLEY FARM TO LET.

Lot No 30, 1st Concession of Gloucester Front, containing 300 acres, 110 acres well cleared and in good state of cultivation, opposite Rideau otic, and fifteen miles from Ottawa, with good fences, a fine dwelling house, two story high, barns and outhouses complete, is now to be let on reasonable terms, for a term of years. Apply for further particulars to

CHARLES ROWAN,
Ottawa.

Ottawa September 5, 1870

SEMINARY FOR YOUNG LADIES,
A Branch of the Monklands Villa,
MARIA ESTABLISHMENT, MONTREAL.

The Sisters of the Congregation de Notre Dame respectfully inform the public that they will open their classes on the 1st September.

Besides the Boarding School a Select Day School is attached to the establishment.

For particulars and terms apply to the

LADY SUPERIOR.

Corner of O'Conner and Wellington Streets.
Ottawa, August 12, 1870

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, 55 Sparks-st., Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES COTTON, Managing Director.

The Times

VOL. V. NO. 1542. OTTAWA, SATURDAY DECEMBER 17, 1870 PRICE—3 CENTS

Legal

J. W. W. WARD, Barrister at-Law, Advocate, &c., opposite the Russell House, Ottawa, Canada.

WRIGHT & CLEMOW, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c, &c, for the Provinces Ontario and Quebec. Office over Durie's Book Store, Sparks street, Ottawa.
W McKAY WRIGHT. 1zw F C CLEMOW.

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 388y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. M. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.
ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD P. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

KEEFER & KIMBER, Barristers and Attornies at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, &c, for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec. Office—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.
AUGUSTUS KEEFER. RENE EDWARD KIMBER.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

W. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's New Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Elgin-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 388tf GEORGE TAILLON

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 700tf

Medical

DOCTOR HENDERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Surgery—That recently occupied by Dr. Malloch, Duke st, Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1388y

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.
N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

GEORGE HUTCHISON, L. D. S.,

SURGEON DENTIST,

Sparks Street

OPPOSITE "TIMES" OFFICE.

DR. HUTCHISON is fully prepared to supply SETS of TEETH, or to insert single Teeth where wanting, on either gold, silver or vulcanite rubber palates, fitting so closely and easily to the mouth as to be capable of all the uses to which natural teeth are applied without the slightest inconvenience to the wearers, and after using for a short time in use, without even a consciousness of the presence of a substance originally foreign to the mouth.

Dr. H. with a view to the removal of painful consciousness during the operation of extracting decayed or diseased teeth, has introduced into his practice the use of the Nitrous Oxide or laughing gas, which the sufferer inhales without danger or inconvenience, and loses his tooth as it were in a pleasant dream.

He may be consulted any day, except Sunday, at his office from 9 a. m. to 6 p. m.

Ottawa, September 2, 1870

Hotels and Saloons.

THE METROPOLITAN,
AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa.
P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

WAVERLY HOUSE,
BARRINGTON-STREET,
HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,
Established 1851.
Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.
JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,
Corner James and King-sts.,
Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.
R. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)
A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*
Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brandies, Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

M^c DUIGNAN'S,
SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA

A few more gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen visiting the Capital will find superior accommodation by the day or week at moderate terms. This house is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Parliament Buildings and the local ... 219tf

THE UNION HOUSE,
W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR,
CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS
OTTAWA.
EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.

The Bar always supplied with the
CHOICEST LIQUORS,
And the table spread with
EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON
Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.

C. T. B. HIGGINS,
Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co, General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufacturers and Mining Agent Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mann Bros Hardware Store.

DANCING AND DEPORTMENT.

Mrs Robert Stewart having made arrangements with an accomplished lady teacher, announces that her Dancing Classes will commence on Wednesday, the 22nd instant
Further particulars may be obtained on application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street.
Ottawa September 9th, 1869. 1148tf

WANTED.

An experienced First-class Common School Teacher, who is not afraid to compete (so far as his profession is concerned) with any person in either Province, desires an engagement in Ontario, to date from the first of January next. Best of references.
Address, stating salary, &c.,
A D PRATT,
Hull, P. Q.
Hull, 31st Oct, 1870 1502tf

SCHOOL NOTICE.

A TEACHER is wanted for School Section No. 1, Torbolton.
Apply to
JOHN SMITH,
Secretary.
Torbolton, Dec 8, 1870 1534 4

Groceries.

DENIS WHELAN,
39 RIDEAU STREET,
OTTAWA
HAVING OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT
(nearly opposite the Old Stand,)

Offers for sale at VERY LOW PRICES a large and well selected stock, comprising Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy Soaps, Sauces, Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, Candles, Coarse and Fine Salt. Also,
Bordeaux and other Vinegars
MESS PORK, PICKLED SALMON,
LABR. HERRINGS,
and the numerous other articles necessary to constitute a complete stock.

TEAS—
Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial Young Hyson, quite fresh and cheap.

COFFEE—
Fresh Coffee *ground* and *roasted* daily on the premises.

LIQUORS—
COGNAC BRANDIES Renault & Co, Hennessy, Piper's and other brands.

HOLLAND GIN—
De Kuyper's and Houtman's, in wood bottle.

WINES—
Sherries of all grades, Ports of fine quality, Burgundy, Sauterne and Maderia Wines all prices, in wood and bottle, improved by age.
HIGHWINES, OLD RYE, PROOF AND WHISKEY,
High proof and flavor, at extremely low prices.
Thorne's and Stewart' Scotch Whiskey and Old Tom.
Dunville's Irish Whiskey.
Murphy's Old Irish Potteen.
Guinness' and London Porter, pts and qts.
Molson's and other Ales.
Sugars and Syrups, all grades.
Sale at refiners' prices.
THE OLD STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE SELLING AT TWENTY-FIVE PER CENT BELOW COST.
Now is the time for bargains. 1105

1870. 1870.

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O'MEARA & CO.

Beg most respectfully to intimate to their friends and customers that they have just received and have ready for inspection

A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT
OF
CLOTHS AND TWEEDS

Suitable for the coming season, comprising

ENGLISH,
FRENCH,
SCOTCH AND CANADIAN MANUFACTURES
OF THE
NEWEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE DESIGNS.

THE READY-MADE
CLOTHING DEPARTMENT
is also very complete, and will be found of the best materials and most fashionable styles.
Special attention is called to a
LARGE ASSORTMENT OF
SPRING AND SUMMER OVERCOATS
OF THE NEWEST STYLES.

Suspenders, Scarfs, Ties, Collars, Shirts, Gloves, &c, &c. Together with a large and well assorted stock of

DRY GOODS.

Tailoring Department under the supervision of a first class cutter
Suits made to order in best and latest styles Good fit ensured or no sale.
A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO

Hardware.

BLYTH & KERR,
No. 25 RIDEAU STREET,
Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c.

All work in any of the above branches executed in a prompt and workmanlike manner.
Special attention given to Roofing and fitting up Galvanized Iron and Tin Gutters, Conductors, &c., &c.

IMPORTERS OF GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

JUST RECEIVED, ex "Pride of Canada" and "Oceola," a splendid assortment of Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots, Jelly Moulds, Wire Dish Covers, Spice Boxes, Ladies' Dressing Cases, Trays, Enamelled Pie Dishes, Preserving Pans, Dai[r]y Milk Saucepans, &c., &c.
Constantly on hand, Cooking Stoves, (best makers) Hot Air Furnaces, Water Coolers, Baths, (all kinds) Cutlery, Plated and Britannia Metal Ware.

—ALSO—

FISHING TACKLE, comprising Rods, Lines, Flies, Hooks, Floats, Trolls, Panniers, Landing Nets, Fly Books, &c. &c.
Ottawa, August 10, 1870 1432 1y

ROUSILLON PORT.

Received a fresh consignment of this delicious Wine. It is full flavoured, of great body, and guaranteed purity.

ALICANTE.

A Sweet Red Wine of delicate flavour and bouquet, invaluable for invalids.
This wine has been specially imported as a pure Wine to be used in the Holy Communion.
The following gentlemen have kindly allowed their names to be used as references:
Ven Archdeacon Fuller, Toronto.
Rev J Beaven, D D, "
Rev G B Read, D D, "
Rev E Baldwin, "
Rev W S Darling, "
Rev A Williams, "
Rev J D Cayley, "
Rev W H Davis, "
Rev S Bedford Jones, L L D, Ottawa.

—ALSO—

A full Stock of Brandies, Gins, Jamaica Rum, Proof and Old Rye Whiskey, Sherries, Still and Sparkling Moselle, Champagne, Malaga, Maderia Malvoisie, Noyau Curacoa Creme de Menthe, Creme de Moka, Chartreuse, Maraschino, English and Canadian Ales and Porter, &c, &c, &c.

J. P. MACPHERSON,
Wine Merchant
Elgin Street.

Agent for Quelton, St George & Co's pure French Wines.
Ottawa, Dec 10, 1870 1536y

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AS FARMER

A Married Man, who understands farming in all its departments; has had long experience in Canada.
Address R. R.,
FARMER,
Hull, P Q

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By a young girl a situation as SEAMSTRESS, or DRESS-MAKER, in a private family or place of business.
References given if required. Apply at the TIMES OFFICE.
August 1st, 1870 1484-tf

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PULVERMACHER'S PATENT
GALVANIC CHAIN-BANDS
BELTS, AND POCKET BATTERIES

These highly improved inventions render Electricity perfectly self-applicable, and extremely efficacious in a mild continuous form, no shock or unpleasant sensation being experienced, whereby it becomes a true fountain of health and vigour, speedily soothing agonizing pains, re-animating torpid limbs, reviving the sluggish functions of life, and imparting renewed energy and vitality to constitutions enfeebled by whatever cause. Medicines and their deleterious consequences are thus entirely dispensed with. The daily increasing number of cures effected by PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC SYSTEM is so extensive and varied, that it forcibly points to this invention as the embryo of a universal remedy.

N. B.—The following testimony from the elite of the English medical faculty has been received:

"We, the undersigned, have much pleasure in testifying that Mr. J. L. PULVERMACHER'S recent improvements in his Voltaic Batteries and Galvanic Appliances for Medical Purposes are of great importance to Scientific Medicine, and that he is entitled to the consideration and support of every one disposed to further the advancement of real and useful progress.
"Dated the 9th day of March, 1866.
"SIR CHARLES LOCOCK, Bart., M. D., F. R. C. P.
"SIR HENRY HOLLAND, Bart., M. D., F. R. S.
"SIR WM. FERGUSSON, Bart., F. R. S.
"EDWD. H. SIEVEKING, M. D., M R C S.
"SIR J. RANALD MARTIN, F. R. C. S."

PULVERMACHER'S SYSTEM is also approved of by an official report of the Academie de Medicine, Paris, Royal College of Physicians, London, and the Imperial Faculty of Vienna, and its curative virtues are confirmed by thousands of private testimonials of cures effected. (See pamphlet gratis).

These facts appeal to the good sense of every sufferer to avail himself of this scientific and curative progress, to which the inventor has devoted a life-time of study and labour, as an ardent disciple of that great benefactor of mankind, the late illustrious electrician MICHAEL FARADAY.

PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC CHAINS are exceedingly effective without the aid of medicine, restriction of diet, or the least derangement of the patient's habits and daily occupations, in the following maladies:

Rheumatism	Female Complaints
Gout	Constipation
Sciatica	Cramp
Lumbago	Sluggish Circulation
Neuralgia	Urinary Disorders
Head and Toothache	Paralysis
Liver Complaints	Epilepsy
Tic Doloreux	Nervous Debility
Indigestion	Functional Disorders
Deafness	&c., &c.
Spasms	

The effects of the application of Pulvermacher's Chains in any of the above disorders is immediately perceptible—the relief of pain instantaneous.

PRICE LIST OF PULVERMACHER'S CHAIN BANDS AND BATTERIES.
B. CHAIN BANDS for Nervous Deafness, Head, Tooth, and Face Ache, and Noises in the Head, 21s. to 30s.
B. CHAIN BANDS for loss of Voice and other affections of the Throat, 10s. 6d. to 21s.
N. CHAIN BANDS for Sciatica, Rheumatic, Neuralgia, and Gouty Pains, Local Paralysis, Cramp, &c., 18s. to 22s. and 40s.
B CHAIN BANDS for Lumbago, Indigestion, Liver, Chest, and Functional Disorders, &c., (worn as a belt), 22s to 40s and 55s.
B CHAIN BANDS for Writer's Cramp, Trembling, Nervousness, &c, 22s to 30s and 40s.
B COMBINED CHAIN BAND for Central Paralysis, Epilepsy, General Debility Functional Disorders, &c., 30s to 50s.
A complete Set of COMBINED CHAIN BANDS, BELTS, and CHAIN BATTERY for restoring vital energy, £5 to £7.

The public are most earnestly cautioned to beware of Pseudo Electric Belts advertised by sham Doctors, &c., for improper purposes, and so severely stigmatised by Vice Chancellor Malins in the suit Pulvermacher vs Hammond, alias Henry James, alias C. T. Raphey, M. R. C. S, alias Henry Burrows, &c, &c.

No Galvanic Belts are genuine but those bearing the fac simile of M. Pulvermacher's signature on the label.

A pamphlet containing full particulars may be had at the Drug Store of A. Christie, Sparks Street.

J. L. PULVERMACHER,
Galvanic Establishment,
200 Regent Street, London, W.
Ottawa, September 6, 1870 1455 1awk y

SCYTHES!
SCYTHES!! SCYTHES!!!
AND OTHER
HARVESTING IMPLEMENTS.

At the sign of the ANVIL, No. 24 Rideau street, you can find a complete assortment of

Grass and other Scythes.
Blood Sil er Steel, all lengths.
Blood Cast Steel, "
Blood German Steel, "
Pride of the Field silver Steel.
Bonnie Blue Bell, "
Red Rover or Champion "
Flint's Celebrated Scyth,
Waitings Eureka Scyth ground, ready for use.
Hay Rakes, straight and bent.
Hay Forks, two and three prongs.
Straw Forks, three prongs.
Scythes Snathes.
Grain Cradles, Muley and Grape Vine.
Scythes-stones and Grindstones of all sorts and sizes.

—ALSO,—

A complete assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, Paints, Oil, Glass, Putty, Coal Oil, &c., &c.

THOS. BIRKETT,
No. 24, Rideau Street.

TO FARMERS

Who have suffered by fire we make a reduction in the price of Stoves,

Elevated Oven Cook Stoves.
Low Oven Cook Stoves.
Double Stoves. Parlour Stoves.
Box Stoves all sizes. Hotel Cook Stoves.
Dumb Stoves. Hot Air Furnaces.
Stove Pipes. Elbows.
Zinc.

Our WINTER STOCK, just received at the
"CAPITAL STOVE DEPOT."
35 Sussex Street,
H MEADOWS & CO.
Ottawa, September 9, 1870.

IMPORTANT SALE
—OF—
REAL ESTATE,
Mill Property, Farms, Timber Lands, Timber Licenses, &c.
INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

In the matter of
THOMAS D. LEWIS,
Of Templeton, County of Ottawa, Quebec,
INSOLVENT,

The subscriber will offer for sale by Public Auction, at the Court House, Town of Aylmer, on THURSDAY the fifteenth of December, at twelve o'clock Noon.

The Valuable Real Estate Timber Lands, Saw Mill, known as Eagle Mills, Templeton; Carpenter's and Blacksmiths' Shop, Dwelling Houses, Barns, Stables, &c., erected on the following properities to wit:

In the Township of Templeton, in the County Of Ottawa Quebec:

Fifth Range—West half Lot 15, 100 Acres.
Seventh Range—North half Lots 1, 2, 3. 225 Acres.
Lots 7, 100 Acres.
Eigth Range—Part lot 3, 124 acres.
Part lot 4, 200 acres.
South half lot 5, 100 acres.
Do lot 7, 100 acres.
Do lot 8, 100 acres.
West half lot 12, 100 acres. On this is a valuable farm.
North half lot 17, 100 acres.
Do lot 18, 100 acres.
Ninth Range—North half lot 5, 100 acres.
Lot 13, 200 acres. On this lot is erected a Saw Mill, known as the "Eagle Mills," Carpenter's Shop, Blacksmith's Shop, Cook House, four other Houses, three Barns, and other buildings thereon erected.
South half lot 14, 100 acres, with buildings thereon erected.
South half lot 18, 100 acres.
Tenth Range—West half lot 5, 100 acres.
East half lot 5, 100 acres,
West half lot 6, 100 acres.
Lot 9, 100 acres.
Lot 13, 200 acres, with Dwelling House and Barn.
North half lot 17, 100 acres.
North half lot 18, 100 acres.
North half lot 19, 100 acres.
Eleventh Range—Lot 6, 200 acres. This is valuable timber Land.
Twelfth Range—Part lot 14, 25 acres, commonly called McGregor's Farm.
Thirteenth Range—Part lot 12, 40 acres, with buildings thereon erected.
Also Insolvents interest on lot 15, in the 15th concession of Templeton, Quebec.

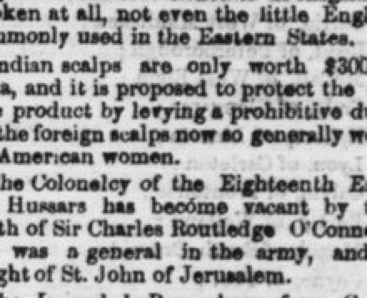
—ALSO—

THE UNDERMENTIONED LICENSES COMMONLY CALLED TIMBER LIMITS, will be sold at the same time belonging to same Estate:—
First License—Number Eight (8) for 1870 and 1871, to Cut Timber on the following limits:
PORTLAND, QUEBEC—Area 17½ square miles—To commence at the rear line of the township of Templeton, running on said rear line 6¼ miles on the course due north, and in breadth not more than half way to the height of land between the Blanche and Lierve Rivers. The western boundary of this limit is the township of Wakefield. The upper boundary of this limit has only 2½ miles.
Secondly—License number eighty-eight (88) for 1870 and 1871, to cut Timber on the following limits, viz., Wakefield, Quebec.
Area 7½ square miles—Lots number 16, 17, 19, 20 and 21 in the eighth (8) Range; and 17, 18, 19, 21, 26 in the ninth (9) Range; 17 to 2? inclusive, E; ½ 22, N.; ½ 25, 26, S. ½ 27, in the tenth Range; and 17, 18, 19, 20, and 21, S. ½ 22, E.; ½ 23, S. ½ 24, 25, 26 in the eleventh Range of the township of Wakefield.
Also, the Insolvents interest in the Graphite Company of Canada, 200 shares
Farming and Milling Implements, including a valuable Gumming Machine, Lathe Machine, Dies, Slab Cutters, &c., &c., &c.
For further particulars, apply to
WILLIAM LINDSAY,
Assignee,
2, Merchants Exchange Montreal.
November 24. 1522tf

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35 SUSSEX STREET,

Elevated Oven Cook Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Low Oven Cook Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Double Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co
Box and Parlor Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co
Coal Stoves, Base Burners, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
The Quintal Coal Stove, at H. MEADOWS & Co
Parlour Cook Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Dumb Stoves, all sizes, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Hot Air Furnaces, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Stove Pipes and Elbows, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Lumbermen s Supplies, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
1st Prize Stoves can be seen, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Ottawa, Oct. 13, 1870.

HARDWARE! HARDWARE!



Sign of the ANVIL, 24 Rideau Street, where you can get a complete assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, and at prices to suit purchasers. Consisting in part of
GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHINGS:
Butcher Knives, Knives and Forks, Pocket Knives, Table Spoons, Tea Spoons, Tea Trays, Table Mats, Butts, Screws, Locks, Bolts, Catches, Latches, Axes, Saws, Planes, Squares, Hammers, Spokeshaves, Gouges, Chisels, Augers, Auger Bits, steel Bits, Bevils, Levels, Boring Machines, Draw Knives, &c, &c, &c. Together with
PAINT OF ALL COLOURS:
Rose, Pink, Burnt Umber, Terra de Siena, Chrome Yellow, Yellow Ochre, Celestial Blue, Paris Green, Brunswick Green, Magnesia Green, Venetian Green, Red Lead, White Lead, in Oil or Dry, Drop Black, Ivory Black, Lamp Black, Boiled Oil, Raw Oil, Turpentine, Benzole, Coal Oil, Paint Brushes, Varnishes, &c.
THOS. BIRKETT,
No. 24, Rideau Street,
Sign of the Anvil.
P. S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the City.
Ottawa, Nov 13, 1870

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

Arrival Departure of Mails.

1870. FALL ARRANGEMENT. 1870.

MAILS	CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE P.M.	DELIVERED
Eastern, by Train; Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	11.15		8.30	[illegible]
Montreal, by Steamer	6.00			[illegible]
Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B., by St. L. & O. Railway	11.15			[illegible]
Western, by Train; Toronto, Hamilton, London, Kingston, Western, U.S., and all places west of Prescott	8.30		8.30	[illegible]
Fort Garry and other places in the Province of Manitoba to be despatched in closed mail from Windsor, Ontario, daily, via St. Paul's Minnesota. Ordinary Dominion rates of postage	8.30		8.30	[illegible]
United States, by St. L. & O. Railway; Ogdensburgh, New York, Boston, &c	1.15		8.30	[illegible]
Lower Ottawa, by Steamer; Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville, &c	6.00			[illegible]
Upper Ottawa, by Steamer; Onslow, Arnprior, Sand Point, Renfrew, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c	6.00			[illegible]
Upper Ottawa, by Stage; Pakenham, Marsh, Huntley, Carp, &c			12.15	[illegible]
Aylmer, by Stage; Hull, Clarendon, Bristol, &c	5.00	11.00	4.00	[illegible]
Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Burritt's Rapids by St. L. & O. Railway	7.30	11.15		[illegible]
North Gower, Kars, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	11.15			[illegible]
Osgoode, Russell and Line of St. L. & O. Railway	8.30			[illegible]
Per Brockville, Perth, Smith's Falls, Appleton and Carleton Place, per Canada Central Railway	8.30		4.30	[illegible]
Per Sand Point and places on the Brockville and Ottawa Railway, North of Carleton Place Junction, and places on C. C. Railway	8.30			[illegible]
Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate offices daily; Aylwin, Kazabazua, Low, River Desert, Six Portages, Wright, close Tuesdays and Fridays; arrive Tuesdays and Fridays	5.00			[illegible]
Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays			12.30	[illegible]

Matter posted up to 9.30 p.m. will be forward ed East and West in supplementary package the same night.

The Western Mail arriving at 7 p. m. will be delivered the same evening.

BRITISH MAILS.

Per Cunard Line, close every Tuesday at 10.45 a. m.

Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 10.30 a. m.

A supplementary bag for Canadian steamer will be closed at 11.30, in which all paid unregistered matter will be sent.

MONEY ORDERS

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on special deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required.

G. P. BAKER,
Postmaster.
POST OFFICE,
Ottawa, 21st Nov., 1870.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

Ex. Ships COGNAC, NEREO, UNION and CITY of QUEBEC, from the different places of Growth.

It is now AN ESTABLISHED FACT

It you want any First-Class BRANDIES or WINES and the best Family Groceries, you must go to

Thos. Patterson,
No. 26 Rideau Street.

The following Goods in Stock and for Sale:

BRANDIES.—Pure and unadulterated, good for any use, always on hand in Wood or Bottle.

PORT WINE—Pure and reliable (20 years old) for Medicinal purposes and the only House in the City that imports such WINES direct to order.

SHERRY WINES—Various grades, very, very Pale, (delicious favour) Splendid Wines at a price to defy competition.

GIN—John De Kuyper & Son's Double-Betried, First-class.

SCOTCH WHISKEY—Old and Mild, (full strength.)

RUM,

OLD RYE,

FAMILY PROOF,

AND

HIGH WINES,

of the best kind.

PORTER AND ALES.—Guiness's Dublin and Dawe's, Lachine, in splendid order.

COFFEE. — Delicious Flavour. Fresh Roasted and Ground Daily.

TEAS.—The best qualities of Black, Japan, and Green, new crop and fragant.

SUGARS and SYRUPS of all kinds.

CHEESE.—Fine old (Rossers and Factory) the best.

PICKLES and SAUCES, Jams and Jellies from Crosse and Blackwells, in great variety

FRUITS.—The finest table and cooking raisins that can be had, large fresh and rich flavored.

CURRANTS.—Quite fresh and Candied Peels.

SPERM CANDLES and fancy perfumed soaps, the greatest variety in the city and made to order by Field of London, England. There is an endless variety of those fine goods worthy of SPECIAL ATTENTION FOR FAMILIES, being of the finest qualities at moderate prices Everybody should know that to use good goods saves money. TRY THEM.
Ottawa, December 5, 1870.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents everywhere. Be sure to call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment Cures Croup or Rattles.—DR. BINGHAM, of Utica, New York, says: "I have used Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment in my practice a number of years, and can say with pleasure I deem it one of the greatest discoveries of the age; for the cure of Inflammation of the Lungs, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammatory Rheumatism, and in Child-bed Fever, it operates with perfect success. In cases of Burns, Bruises, Frozen Limbs, it acts like a charm.

DR. J. P. KENNEDY, of Chittenango, New York, says: "It has stood the *test trial*, and has not been found wanting. Its astonishing cures of Inflammation of the Lungs and Croup and the wonderful success in subsiding the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of remedies for these complaints."

DR. A. W. BELDING, of Knowlesville, New York says: "I have used it in several cases of Special Irritation and for the worst cases of Piles, and sundry other complaints, and find it a superiore article, and well worthy the notice of all."

Purchasers should be sure and ask for Dr. A. Trask's Magnetic Ointment, and see that the words "A. TRASK'S MAGNETIC OINTMENT," are on the wrapper.

Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for the Canadas. Sold in Ottawa by all druggists and by medicine dealers everywhere

ATTENTION!

If you want Choice VIRGIN HONEY, call at the New GROCERY STORE, Corner of Sussex and York Streets.

If you want SUPERIOR CHEESE, call at the New GROCERY STORE, Corner of Sussex and York Streets.

If you want FIRST-CLASS DAIRY BUTTER, call at the New GROCERY STORE Corner Sussex and York Streets.

—ALSO—

New Crop West End, Layers, Valencia and Seedless Raisins and Currants, Fresh Turkey Figs, Malaga Grapes, Lemons, Choice Imperial Prunes, Canded Peels, Gelatine, Cross & Blackwell's Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies, and Mermalades, Fresh Oysters, Lobsters Seguin Mackerel, Salmon and Tomatoes, with a choice lot of Scotch and English Ales and Porter, Wines and Brandies, Gin, Scotch Whiskey, Jamaica Rum, Old Rye, Syrups and

JOHN A. BITTERS,
CONSTANTLY ON HAND,

At the New GROCERY STORE, Corner Sussex and York Streets.

Extra Fine Green, Black and Japan Teas, Rio, Java and Turkey Coffee.

—ALSO—

Fine Family and Pastry Flour, Oat and Corn Meal, at the NEW GROCERY STORE, Corner Sussex and York Streets.

J. M. C. DELES DERNIERS,
Corner Sussex and York-sts
Ottawa, Nov 29, 1870 1526tf

IF YOU WANT
TO SAVE MONEY
GO TO THE
PEOPLE'S TEA STORES,
—BY—
P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.,
No. 36 Rideau St., and Duke St., Chaudiere,
OTTAWA,

Where from their great increase of business and the large addition now put to their Store, with a well selected Stock, and constant attention on their part, will enable them to sell at prices not to be equalled elsewhere.

There will be found always on hand a general assortment of
GROCERIES,
TEAS in particular, imported,
LIQUORS, WINES, BRANDIES,
GIN, IRISH and
SCOTCH WHISKEY,
Gooderham & Worts'
HIGHWINES
OLD RYE, and PROOF,
With a fine assortment of Christmas and New Year's FRUITS and SYRUPS.
—ALSO—
WINTER APPLES,
ORANGES and LEMONS,
CHEESE, HAMS,
and BACON.
Remember our Motto—"Quick Sales and light Profits."
Try their TEAS.
Ottawa, Nov 29, 1870 1526

CANADA AND
U. S. PATENT AGENCY.

Patents solicited in Canada and the United States; Trade and Timber Marks, Industrial Designs, Copywrights, Transfers, &c., registered on the shortest notice, Copies of Laws, Circulars, and information, sent free on application. Drawings prepared and copied.
Charges moderate United States Patents particularly attended to. Several valuable Patent Rights for sale.
F. G. COURSOLLES.
November 26, 1870 1524tf

WANTED,

For the ROMAN CATHOLIC Separate Schools of this City, two Male English Teachers holding 1st Class Certificates.
Application to be made to the undersigned, on or before the 15th inst.
WM. FINLEY,
Chairman Board of R. C. S. S Trustees.
Ottawa, Dec 6, 1870 15??tf

The Battle near Amiens.

(From the Echo du Nord.)

On Saturday evening the right of our small army was established at Boves and at Dury, our left leaning on Villers Bretonneaux. Considerable masses of the enemy were in front of us, but our positions were unfavorable, as we were impeded by the river Somme. On the night of Saturday to Sunday the engineers of the left wing were ordered to construct earthworks in front of Villers, for batteries to be established there. I accompanied Captain A——, who started for that purpose with his men. The works were built at a short distance from a mill and a brickfield, which I mention on account of the share which they afterwards had in the issue of the affair. Our artillery was placed in position, and opened fire at dawn. The enemy's guns had already been thundering for some time. Our skirmishers at once deployed, supported by a battalion of marine infantry, which during the whole day showed great firmness and courage above all praise. Most of the skirmishers were Mobiles. They behaved bravely, did not once break out of their line, advanced, or withdrew according as the necessities of the fight demanded, just as would have been done by experienced troops. The fight lasted thus till the evening. At 4 o'clock p. m. the enemy was repulsed and we had gained ground. Our artillery, handled with the utmost bravery and skill, had caused considerable injury in the ranks of the enemy, who, attacked on all sides by our projectiles, in spite of the numerical inferiority of our batteries, had been compelled to withdraw. At 4:30 o'clock all fire had ceased, the skirmishers had reformed, each preparing for departure, and congratulating himself on an incontestable victory which had been obtained without much loss. We only waited for orders from headquarters to go and find food and rest, which we needed extremely. Suddenly an orderly came up at full speed, and, having exchanged a few words with an artillery officer, galloped off, whereupon the artillery immediately left its positions. Not receiving any orders, we determined to follow the artillery. Captain A—— and his men proceeded down the road, and I accompanied them. A party of ten engineer pioneers was detached to go and fetch the tools, which had been deposited at the above-mentioned mill, some 300 paces from the road, which mill had been during the day used as a refreshment place for our soldiers, who had only just left it. We waited for a quarter of an hour. Nobody was to be seen. The party of pioneers not returning Captain A——, growing impatient pushed on to the house. At the same moment a wounded sergeant came out of it, shouting: "Do not go on; it is full of enemies." He had hardly spoken, when a tremendous firing was opened from the inside of the mill of the bricklayer's house and from the adjacent hedges. Captain A——, miraculously preserved, ordered a quick retreat, which was effected under a shower of bullets. Darkness alone saved us from complete destruction. We ran at the double towards Villers-Bretonneux, which we reached sadly decimated. At the extremity of the high street of Villers we saw a black motionless mass, above which a white flag was waved. An incredible thing! There, again, were Prussians in occupation of the positions in the rear, which we had just left, and where our reserves ought to have been. Well knowing what the Prussians were capable of, Captain A—— ordered us to enter a by-street. It was high time to do so, as we had only turned the corner when a volley swept the street. At the extremity of the street we had entered another black mass was seen approaching. They were the Prussians again. We made another move to the left, and found another street obstructed. We were surrounded. What were we to do? Surrender? Never! We quickly agreed to try each of us to escape as best we could. With Captain A——, a lieutenant, a sergeant, and one pioneer, I entered a small house. We hid ourselves in a kind of dark granary. An old woman came and ordered us to be off. "I am old and lonely," she said; "you will cause me to be murdered; be off, or I will denounce you!" We were indignant. We heard the Prussians as they passed and repassed along the street, howling, firing in all directions, and breaking open the doors. We preferred to stay where we were, We had at least a chance of escape. The old woman did not denounce us. After some hours of anxiety she brought blouses and caps, for which we paid *forty* francs, and, protected by darkness, we left the house. We succeeded in reaching Albert in spite of dangers of all kinds. Here we are now, ready again to encounter the enemy. From the foregoing we may conclude that we were outflanked, and that the Prussians must have received considerable reinforcements at the last moment. A wounded German officer told us that the enemy's plan was to reach Lille and Dunkirk, and to occupy the North, with a view to check the operations of the Twenty-second Army Corps.

GOSSIP.

Paganim has reappeared in concerts at Greenock, Scotland.

Boston is to hold a grand fair for the French sufferers by the war.

An edition of 60,000 photographs of the Marquis of Lorn is ordered in London.

It is said that the Legislature of North Carolina will impeach Governor Holden.

Gloucester, Mass., has a Portuguese colony on its outskirts wherein no English is spoken at all, not even the little English commonly used in the Eastern States.

Indian scalps are only worth $300 in Iowa, and it is proposed to protect the native product by levying a prohibitive duty on the foreign scalps now so generally worn by American women.

The Colonelcy of the Eighteenth English Hussars has become vacant by the death of Sir Charles Routledge O'Connell. He was a general in the army, and a knight of St. John of Jerusalem.

The *Journal de Rouen* hears from Cairo "that Ismail Pacha, in case of aggression on the part of Russia, would furnish a contingent of 30,000 men to Turkey, with a portion of the Egyptian fleet and a large subsidy."

Letters from New Orleans report the weather to be warm and mosquitoes very thick.

The horseshoe seems to be a favorite emblem with Mlle. Nillsson. Many of her jewels are set in this form.

A man living in Kansas City has a full set of furniture made of the tree on which his father was hung ten years ago.

Some of the obituary articles in the country papers are tear-starters. A Peekshill paper speaks of a recent corpse who "was struck down by the hand of Providence, and not permitted to finish the French roof he had commenced on his house." Such sad occurrences come right home to all of us.

Last Friday the New York *Herald* was "pleased to see" that the President's Message "had created a wholesome sensation in London. On this same day this sensation was thus expressed by the *Times*: "The document marks another stage of the President's downward carreer, and teaches how far the highest authorities will go when the balance of parties is unstable." Some people are easily pleased!

The old maids at Sioux City enjoyed a banquet at a hotel, Thanksgiving afternoon. A Miss Kennedy made the concluding speech, and created a furor by saying, "Let others do as they please; as for me, I am determined to have a husband as soon as I can get one. And let us all see to it, so that, when another Thanksgiving day rolls around, there will not be an old maid in Sioux City." The banquet closed with the song, "No one to love."

The American Press on the Fishery Question.

(From the Cincinnati Gazette.)

The fishing question needs a little honest, earnest, straightforward negotiation. The rights are settled by treaty, and there need be no difficulty in defining them. The non-transit of goods would not be a remedy. The same may be said of our right to the navigation of the St. Lawrence. We believe we have a valid claim to this navigation by the principles of public law. The statement of the fishery complaint and of the St. Lawrence question are in a different style from other parts of the Message, and are probably from the Department of State."

(From the Buffalo Courier.)

"The proposition advanced by President Grant to establish non-intercourse with Canada, and the claim which he makes to the free navigation of the St. Lawrence, clearly show that he has been led astray by bad counsels, and that he is "all abroad" in his geography as well as his business appreciation. Non-intercourse would doubtless prove injurious to some special Canadian interests, but it would largely benefit others. On the other hand it would be a serious blow to many American interests, notably to the Michigan Central and New York Central railroads. The President, furthermore, evidently misapprehends the topography of the water communication between the 'eight great Western States' he speaks of so feelingly, and the Gulf of St. Lawrence. He ignores entirely the Falls of Niagara and the St. Lawrence rapids. Canada never objected to the passage of American vessels *down* that great water-way. It is coming *up* that the great trouble exists. President Grant will hardly insist upon the free use of the system of Canadian canals around these obstacles. We can understand why Grant should be oblivious of Niagara Falls, by reason of his last experience at that place when 'swinging around the circle' with President Johnson; but he ought to have remembered the St. Lawrence rapids, for he resided at Sackett's Harbour several years as a Lieutenant, and could not have been oblivious all the time. We notice the Canadian press poking fun at our President on this point.

(From the N. Y. Democrat.)

The Reciprocity Treaty secured our fishermen all they wanted in this respect. But that treaty was repealed in deference to the Protectionists. As a matter of course, this cancelled our privilege of fishing in British waters. Before we object to the position of the British Americans, it would be well to inquire how we would like to see the Canadians swarming by thousands on the Long Island or Jersey waters, and exercising the privilege of squatting on our shores either to cure fish or for any other purpose. It is, of course, mortifying to see our fishermen excluded, and by force, from the fishing grounds. But on this point other people have rights as well as ourselves. All trouble on this subject could be obviated by simply granting to our neighbors corresponding rights of trade. There is really no part of the Message that is weaker than this.

(From the N. Y. Post).

We wish it were possible to praise as well his proposed remedy for the fishery troubles. He advises non-intercourse with Canada. We venture to suggest to Congress that increase of intercourse would be a more effective measure. If we renew the Reciprocity Treaty, we shall hear no more of fishery troubles, and the working people of New England will be able to buy cheaper food and coal, to their great advantage.

The Balance of Power in Europe Destroyed by the Pea Sausages.

Edward King in the Boston Journal.

After the battle of Gravelotte, Aug. 18, King William and Bismarck were seen seated on a ladder propped against a dead horse, and each munching a morsel of pea sausage, which plays such an important *role* in the Prussian commissariat. When the news of the victories around Metz was first received in Berlin, the work people in the gigantic establishment where this food is prepared for the army, carried an immense sausage through the streets with them as a hint that it had been the most important agent in gaining the victory. The *Erbswurst*, thus is it called, is a child of the present century of progress, and is a sausage filled with meat and pea meal, which possesses the property of remaining good for years. Not long ago it was adopted as the chief article of diet for the Prussian army The discoverer of the preservative quality received 35,000 thalers for his secret, and the Government has founded a large establishment near the Zoological Gardens in Berlin, employing a thousand persons. It comprises a whole street of wooden barracks erected on an open field, provided with huge store rooms and shops, boiling vats and machines. 200 women are employed there. There are 250 butchers, 500 ordinary workmen, 24 clerks and 50 cooks, all under the technical superintendence of the inventor.

TRIFLES.

Greece has declared her neutrality!

Motto for Highland pipers—"Blow gentle Gaels."

Genius is the gold in the mine. Talent is the miner who brings it forth.

Believe but half the ill, and credit twice the good said of your neighbor.

The surest way to hit a woman's heart is to take aim kneeling.

The following advertisement appeared in a Pennsylvania paper:—"Cupid and Hymen.—The little brown cottage at Cambridge, Pa., is the place to call to have the marriage knot promptly and strongly tied. Inquire for Rev. S. J. Whitcomb."

"Terms — Cash." — Lady Bountiful: Here, my good man, here's a ticket for the Organising Charitable Relief and Repressing Mendi——. Professional Beggar (with a sneer:) O, thanky for nothing, mum. "Hours is a ready-money business!"

A writer in *Once-a-Week* states that, under peaceful conditions, from a single pair of human beings the whole world might be peopled as it is now peopled in thirty-one generations, or less than a thousand years.

Amusing.

Scene in Utah: First Mormon—"I wonder who that blonde is? A nice figure!" Second Mormon—"Why, don't you know? It's your wife." First Mormon—"So it is. I thought I had seen her before."

"Tommy, you're a pig," said a father to his little boy. "Now, do you know what a pig is, Tommy?" "Yes, pa; pig's a hog's little boy."

A city missionary was asked the cause of his poverty. "Principally," said he, with a twinkle in his eye, "because I have preached so much without notes!"

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Requisition—F. X. Guertin.
Lecture at the St Patrick's Hall.
Requisition—Wm. Kehoe.
Life in Large Cities—Rev. Wm. Stephenson.
Wholesale—Magee & Russell.
Requisition—G. Taillon.

TO THE PUBLIC.

Mr. J. G. DAVIS *is authorized to receive advertisements and subscriptions for* THE TIMES. *Now that we are about* ENLARGING THE SIZE *of* THE TIMES *and introducing other improvements, advertisers should take advantage of the increased circulation which it will at once be certain to obtain. In other directions, as well as in Ottawa, we are making exertions to extend our subscription list and to add to the value of* THE TIMES *as an advertising medium.*

The Ottawa Times.

Office, [illegible] Sparks Street

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 17, 1870.

☞ *For interesting reading matter see First Page.*

The Minister of Public Works is expected to arrive here to day

We have ascertained that the statement, of the Toronto *Globe's* correspondent, as to the alleged increase of officials since Confederation is wholly untrue, being a pure invention.

The St. Catherine's *Times* (Opposition) speaking of the appointment of Mr James Seymour, as Collector of Inland Revenue at that place, says, "we are assurred that he will make an efficient and honest public servant."

The Treasury Board, which comprises the Ministers of Finance, Customs, Internal Revenue, and the Receiver General, have, we understand, been for several days past engaged in considering the adoption of a form of charter, as a precedent for the new Bank charters, to be issued to the Banks (whose charters are expiring) under the Banking Act of last session. We have also learned that the first charter under the Banking Act of last session, that of the Royal Canadian Bank, for the extension of its existing charter, has been granted by the Privy Council.

The Ottawa correspondent of the *Globe* says that the absence of certain members of the Government, Mr. Chapais among the rest, has almost put a stop to public business. It is hardly worth while perhaps to contradict anything that this correspondent says, seeing that he is obliged to invent a certain amount of abuse and misrepresentation concerning the Government daily, but it so happens that Mr. Chapais has not been absent from Ottawa for some time past, and may be found at his office every day, working, like the rest of the ministers, industriously and energetically in the public service.

FACT AGAINST FACTION AND FICTION.

A few weeks since the Toronto *Globe* made a gross personal attack upon the Premier. So vile was it, so utterly untrue and thoroughly despicable, that its Ottawa correspondent publicly stated that he was not in any way responsible for it The *Globe* was challenged to give its authority for the statement which it made. It failed to do so, and to-day every thinking man in Canada is convinced, as we were from the first, that the falsehood was coined in the *Globe* office, that it never had a shadow of foundation, and that the Honourable George Brown stands convicted of being a wilful bearer of false witness against his great political rival.

Had Mr. Brown had a spark of manhood in his composition, or had the *Globe* been governed by those rules of fair play which we are glad to believe are recognised by most Canadian journals, the falsehood would have been retracted and an apology made for the grave injustice perpetrated. As men were wont to appeal "from Philip drunk to Philip sober" in order that justice might be done, so it might perhaps have been anticipated that an appeal might have been made from the Hon. George Brown drunk and phrenzied with envy, jealousy and hatred, to the Hon. George Brown in a calmer and less vindictive frame of mind. But, unfortunately, such is not the case. As if conscious that by no additional amount of tergiversation he can sink himself lower in public esteem than he already has done, and as if glorying in his shame, Mr. Brown repeats the falsehood of which he stands convicted!

The *Globe* rejoices to think that its recent course in this matter "has not been without its effect." So do we—for once we are in accord with our Toronto contemporary. The "effect" of the *Globe's* falsehoods concerning the Premier has been exactly what we desired. They have proved, at all events to people in Ottawa who know how utterly baseless they are, that as long as that journal is published, as it now is for the sole purpose of gratifying Mr. Brown's personal ambitions and villifying those who venture to differ from him, there is no reliance whatever to be placed upon it, and that there is no falsehood however base and untrue, to which it will not descend. One "effect" which they have produced has been to disgust men who formerly had some respect for Mr. Brown and believed in his organ, and to show them that though, according to the *Globe* itself, "the Premier is not always lost to a sense of self-respect and public duty," Mr. Brown's mind has of late been so utterly warped by malevolence and envy, that the same can no longer be said of him. Lost to a sense of self respect, lost to all considerations of public duty, the political views of the Chief Factionist have gradually narrowed down to hatred of the Premier, whose sole crime consists in his success as a statesman. He sees his old supporters one by one leaving him and, daring to form a conscientious opinion of their own, become ministerial supporters. In vain he cracks his editorial whip, and gnashes at them with his teeth in impotent malice; they do but laugh at and scorn him in return. And so, reduced to the lowest depths of desperation, he invents scandalous stories concerning the Premier and persistently abides by them, though every one knows them to be false. In all sincerity we are sorry for Mr. Brown. We cannot help regretting that a man who might have rendered good service to the country should have sunk so low, entirely in consequence of his having surrendered himself unreservedly to jealous and envious impulses. The ludicrous part of the affair is the idea of his supposing, that even with the aid of the "great *Globe* itself," excellent newspaper as it is, he can impose upon the people of Canada and make them his dupes and tools! As we have often said the day for that kind of thing is gone by in Canada for ever. Fact will win the day against Faction and Fiction.

"BECAUSE WE ACT SO SILLY."

☞ There actually appears to be more bitterness of feeling displayed towards us as colonists than towards the people of the Mother Country.—*Ottawa (Canada) Times.*

That is because you act so silly—put on such airs—talk so big about "our" fisheries, and "our" river St. Lawrence, and "our" canals, when you never raised a mackeral, nor built a canal lock, nor laid a rail with your own money. If you would stop toadying to royalty, stop prating about the home Government, stop begging the Queen to have mercy upon you, and not act like a big lazy boy with a rich father that begrudges every cent he gives his indolent offspring whom every day he wishes would run away from home, and strike out on his own hook, you would not cry when the Queen's troops left you, nor be scared to death when an insane Irishman shakes a green flag across the border.—*Cleveland (Ohio) Herald.*

We merely quote the above for the purpose of showing how entirely ignorant a majority of the Americans are respecting Canadian affairs. Not being Americans, we are not disposed to brag of what has been done with Canadian money; of the cities we have built, the railroads and other public works which we have constructed, or of the line of ocean steamboats we possess, far superior to anything of which the Americans can boast.

As for the *Herald's* desire that we should "strike out on our own hook" we know perfectly well what that means. The *Herald* believes, and possibly is correct in so doing, that forty millions of Americans could conquer one eighth their number of Canadians provided the latter were not assisted by the navy and army of England—so it wants us "to strike out on our own hook" or, in civilized English language, to become independent. The *Herald's* reference to the "insane Irishman shaking a green flag across the border" is exceedingly inappropriate. Last spring it was convinced that the Fenian organization was so strong that the conquest of Canada was well nigh certain. Because a handful of Canadian volunteers completely used up the "Grand Army," the Fenian movement is now compared by the *Herald* to "an insane Irishman shaking a green flag" As for our "toadying to Royalty" by which we presume our contemporary means to refer to our affection for England and English institutions, perhaps nothing has done so much to strengthen that affection, and convince us of the superiority of English Monarchism over American Republicanism, as the course adopted by the Cleveland *Herald* and journals of a like stamp. The more we see of them the less are we disposed to form a portion of the community which they represent. Meanwhile, until they can manage to start a language of their own in the American Republic, we would suggest to our contemporary that the study of the English language, which in fault of a better he is compelled to use, might be advantageously engaged in by him. We presume that English grammars and dictionaries are procurable even in Cleveland, though the style of the *Herald's* editorials would certainly not induce that belief.

THE ROLL OF HONOUR.

The following is a list of the gentlemen lately abused by the *Globe* for having had the courage to act according to the dictates of their own consciences in refusing to bow the knee to the Baal of Faction as personified in the Hon. George Brown. Because they venture to form an opinion of their own and support Mr. Sandfield Macdonald's Government in defiance of Mr. Brown and his organ, they are favored with two or three columns of abuse in the *Globe.* The name of every man who sets at naught the tyranny which Mr. Brown strives to establish, ought to be cherished and kept in honoured remembrance by all who believe in popular Government and the political rights of the people.

Lauder, of South Grey;
Smith, of Leeds and Grenville;
Hays, of North Huron;
Scott, of North Grey;
McCall, of Norfolk;
Anderson, of Prince Edward;
Cockburn, of North Victoria;
Murray, of North Renfrew;
Matchett, of South Victoria;
Currie, of West Middlesex;
Read, of Peterborough;
McCall, of West Elgin;
Craig, of Glengarry;
Rykert, of Lincoln;
Lyon, of Carleton;
Calvin, of Frontenac;
Beatty, of Welland;
Magill, of South Ontario,
Coyne, of Peel;
Cumberland, of Algoma.

THE ALGOMA JUDGESHIP.

It is understood that the Honourable Walter McCrea has been offered the judgeship of Algoma, vacant by the death of Colonel Prince. Mr. McCrea, for personal reasons, is desirous of accepting this step in his profession, but his difficulty is that he was one of the twelve Legislative Councillors selected by Messrs. Howland and McDougall for the Senate, as representatives of the old Reform party in Ontario, and that he would not like to vacate his seat in the Senate unless a Reformer was appointed to succeed him. He feels that he might be charged with accepting office in order to strengthen the Conservative element in the Senate. We think that Mr. McCrea's objection is a good one, and ought to be met by the appointment of a Reformer whose views are in accord with those of the Government.

BLANKETS. Cornwall, St. Lawrence and Empire Mills Blankets, in all sizes and weights, very cheap, at
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

THE CITY ELECTIONS.

There is unusual activity by and on behalf of candidates for the parental care of the city during the coming year, and if we are to judge by the number of meetings which have been held, the residents of Lower Town must pretty well understand the views of those in the field for their confidence.

As regards Centre and Upper Town—it is not expected that there will be opposition in Victoria Ward.

Wellington Ward has four candidates, three of whom are on the same ticket, and although quietly, are still most perseveringly pushing their cause, evidently feeling that every exertion is necessary to compete with the fourth and independent candidate Mr. Rowe—who in addition to his general popularity as a business man has shown by his circular letter to the electors that he thoroughly understands the requirements of the Ward.

To the Electors of Ottawa Ward.

GENTLEMEN—

Having faithfully served the interests of the Ward, and the City generally, to the best of my ability for the last five years, I have now to state that I will not be a candidate for the next election. In the meantime I have to thank my many friends for their many acts of kindness towards me, and be assured I shall always take a deep interest in the welfare of the Ward.

Yours faithfully,
CHARLES GOULDEN.

OTTAWA, Dec. 16, 1870.

Devlin's Fur Depot.

Paris During the Siege

The fascinating city of Paris would hardly be recognized under its present aspect. In the garden of the Tuileries, writes a recent correspondent, where bonnes used to flirt with guardsmen, there is an artillery camp. The guns, the pickets of horses, the tents, the camp fires and the soldiers in their shirt sleeves, have a picturesque effect under the great trees.

On the Place de la Concorde from morning to evening there is a mob discussing things in general, and watching the regiments as they defile with their crowns before the statue of Strasburg. In the morning the guns of the forts can be heard heavily booming, but the sound has now lost its novelty, and no one pays more attention to it than the miller to the wheel of his mill. In the Champs Elysee there are no private carriages and few persons sitting on the chairs. The Palais d'Industrie is the central ambulance, the Cinque d'Imperatrice a barrack. All the cafes chantants are closed. Some few youthful votaries of pleasure still patronize the merry-go-rounds; but their business is not a lucrative one. Along the quays by the river side there are cavalry and infantry regiments with the tents d'abri. The Champs de Mars is a camp. In most of the squares there are sheep and cows. On the outer Boulevards lines of huts are being erected along the rue des remparts for the Nationals on duty. Everywhere there are squads of Nationals, some learning the goose step, others practising skirmishing between the carts and fiecres, others levelling their guns and snapping them off at imaginary Prussians.

Private carriages are rarely seen. The omnibuses are crowded; but I fear greatly that their horses will be far from tender when we eat them. The cabbies, once so haughty and indolent, are humble and conciliatory, for Brutus and Scaevola have taught them manners, and usually pay their fares in patriotic speeches. At the Ark de Triomphe, at the Trocadero and at Passy, near the Point du Jour, there are always crowds trying to see the Prussians on the distant hills, and in the Avenue d'Imperatrice (now the Avenue Uhrich) there are always numerous admirers of Mount Valerien gazing silently on the object of their worship. In the Faubourg St. Antoine workmen are lounging about doing nothing and watching others drilling. In the outer Faubourgs much the same thing goes on, except where barricades are being built. Round each of these there is always a crowd of men and women, apparently expecting the enemy to assault them every moment.

At the different gates of the town there are companies of Mobiles and National Guards, who sternly repel every civilian who seeks to get through them. On an average of every ten minutes no matter where one is, one meets either a battalion of Nationals or Mobiles or Corps marching somewhere. The asphalt of the boulevards, that sacred ground of dandies and smart dresses, is deserted during the day-time. In the evening for about two hours it is thronged by nationals with their wives, Mobiles, who still ramble along, grinning vaguely hand in hand, as though they were in their native villages, and loafers. There and in the principal streets, speculators have taken advantages of the rights of man to stop up the sidewalks with tables on which their wares are displayed.

On some of them there are kepis, on others ointment for corns, on others statuettes of the two inseparables of Berlin, William and his little Bismarck; on others General Trochu and the members of the government in gilt gingerbread.

To hand, our Autumn Shade in "Josephine, best Kid Gloves," als. "Jouvines" good medal) new colours at 75ct. per pair.
T. HUNTON, SHOOLBREAD & Co

The Missing Scottish Nobleman—Effort to Clear up the Doubt.

(*From the Boston Journal, Dec. 10.*)

As stated in the *Journal* a few days since, an application was made to the Collector of Customs in Boston for the papers of the schooner *Hera,* which, it was thought, would assist in establishing the identity of the mate, George Osborne, with the missing Earl of Aberdeen. The documents, containing a list of the crew that sailed from Boston on the 21st of January of this year, and the signature of "George Osborne" having been photographed, in accordance with the instructions received from Washington, and the originals have been or will shortly be despatched to the proper authorities in England. It is right to say, however, that the statement which has been made in regard to everything depending on the ship's articles in question is entirely incorrect; the document is merely one in a hundred other papers that are now in the possession of the legal gentlemen engaged in the case, containing the missing Earl's signature.—The circumstances of the case are well known to the public. The late Earl, a genial and accomplished young man, and bearing a high reputation for gentlemanly conduct, was slightly eccentric, and two or three years ago he left home with the avowed determination to travel. He came to America, visited the greater portion of it, wrote charming letters of description and of American peculiarities, and in January last he shipped on board the schooner *Hera,* (bound to Melbourne and China,) where he nominally assumed the duties of mate. On the sixth day out he fell overboard and was drowned. It is to identify the George Osborne who was seen and well known by gentlemen in various parts of the country, that a Scotch commissioner and one or two legal gentlemen are at present on a visit to Boston. There is not much uncertainty in the case, but the greatest precaution is exercised in regard to testimony, as the succession to the estate of the late Earl and to his seat in the House of Lords depends upon the verdict.

Latest by Telegraph

BY PEOPLE'S LINE.

OFFICE:—G. P. Drummond's Exchange Office 19 Sparks Street.

QUEBEC.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

QUEBEC, Dec. 16.

J. W. Cook, advocate, appeared to-day before the Legislative Council Committee to oppose the clause in the Municipal Code, authorizing rural municipalities to impose an income tax.

To-day before the Committee on Private Bills the clauses of the Quebec Bill for the extension of the city limits, and referring to the North Shore Railway, was struck out.

A private agreement was arrived at between the North Shore and Quebec Corporation to grant $800,000—the municipalities will make up the difference.

Mr. Bellingham proposed the following resolutions in reference to the Government Railroad resolutions:

1st. That the words "Deep River" should be substituted for the word "Aylmer" in the third line of the third resolution; that the proposed subsidy in aid of the railroad from Montreal to Aylmer, calculated at 1,300,000 acres, be applicable to the railway from Montreal to Deep River.

2nd. That it is inexpedient for the Government, as the guardian of the public domain, to dispossess itself of 3,200,500 acres of land in favour of any private Railway Company until the Government has, through competent experts, ascertained the value of the tract, more especially since the Government declares it impossible to exaggerate the commercial value of the said lands, as they include the finest timber limits owned by the Province.

3rd. That before any land subsidy be granted in aid of the North Shore Railroad and St. Maurice Navigation & Land Companies the Government ought to be in possession of surveys of the Northern Trunk Railroad from Quebec to Deep River, the branch railway to Piles, the St. Jerome & Riviere du Loup lines to Montreal, in view of the said railways so subsidized forming a section of the Pacific Railway.

4th. That in view of the present unsatisfactory state of the finances of the province with the threatened deficit, and the proposal of the Finance Minister to impose onorous and odious terms, the Government ought not to make a free grant of 3,200,500 acres of the finest pine forests, valued at from six to eleven million dollars, to two private companies.

5th. That it is not expedient to grant a land subsidy of lands situated in the County of Pontiac, the North Shore and Northern Colonization Railroads without enabling the County of Pontiac to participate in the benefits of the railway communication to be derived by other sections from a land subsidy of 3,205,000 acres mentioned in the first resolution.

THE WAR.

LONDON, Dec. 15.—The capture of Lafevre is confirmed. Gen. Faithible passed it by without attacking it.

Severe engagements occurred in the neighborhood recently, which were generally favourable to the French.

The report that the Prussians had occupied Contres, Montre, Charde, and Romouantin, on the Loire, is confirmed.

'Le Moniteur' says the French have been reinforced at all points.

HAVRE, Dec. 16.—The Prussians have entirely withdrawn from this section of the country, and roads are open again to Yoatal. It is said that three hundred thousand French are drilling at Bordeaux.

BERLIN, Dec. 14.—A provincial correspondent of this city says the proposed bombardment of Paris has again been postponed, because such a course at present would be detremental to the military operations.

The real object of the war and interests of the army at this junction are paramount considerations, frequently at the right moment.

The commander of the investing army will take such action as will fully insure immediate and future successes.

The Prussian Government declares that the great powers of Europe concerned themselves in the Luxemberg matter in the face of her plain violation of neutrality in the interests of France. Prussia therefore reserves to itself full freedom for her future course.

A late despatch says a correspondent at Versailles makes the statement that in a conversation on the political situation Bismarck said that strong efforts were making for the restoration of the Emperor Napoleon; that a Congress on the Eastern question would not be held without a French Plenipotentiary: that France had no authority to appoint one just now, and that he would not recognize the authority of men of the pavement to sit among their betters.

King William is excessively anxious to return home, and Von Moltke laments the intense suffering of the German troops on account of the cold.

The London *Independence Belge* laments that the Prussian war reports have lost their character for veracity.

Winter has commenced in earnest in Russia, and the river at Cronstadt is so frozen that it is impossible for ships of war to leave the harbor this year for the Black Sea.

The date of the International Conference is not fixed, but London is settled on as the place at which it is to be held. It is decided that Earl Granville shall preside.

WASHINGTON, Dec 15.—Mr. Chandler, from the Committee on Commerce, reported favourably, with merely trifling amendments on the Bill introduced by him recently, authorizing the President, in his discretion, to suspend by proclamation the operations of all laws allowing the privilege of bond transportation to foreign merchandize consigned to Canada and Mexico; and also for the privilege of navigating the waters of the United States accorded to Canadian vessels.

At 1:10 oclock the Senate, on motion of Mr. Schurz, took up the resolution offered yesterday by that Senator, declaring in favor of the removal of all political disqualifications as soon as the imperative public necessity, which dictated their imposition, had ceased. Mr. Schurz then delivered an address, which the Senators listened to with marked attention.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 16.—The Select Committee on Postal Telegraph held a meeting yesterday for the purpose of hearing an argument from Mr. Hubbard, of Boston, in reply to the speech of Mr. Washburn, in favor of the Postal Telegraph Bill. Hubbard has a scheme of his own, which is for the Government to build an opposition line to that of the Western Union Company. He travelled over the same ground last winter, making the same points, and coming to the same conclusion, namely, that all other schemes besides his own are unwise and impracticable.

Devlin's Fur Depot.

Ladies and Children's Fancy Woolen Goods in endless Variety. Clouds from 37½c. to 2.50 at
T. HUNTON, SHOOLBREAD & CO.

Old Country Items.

The Scotch servants at Balmoral and in Her Majesty's household have subscribed £200 to purchase a marriage present for the Princess Louise.

The Earl of Dunmore is still suffering from the shot wound in his eye. His Lordship has undergone an operation in the hope of saving the eye from being taken out. No hope is given by the doctors of the sight returning.

For the first time for ten years the usual challenge will emanate from Oxford, who will without doubt send it at the usual time. The Cantabs are very confident of repeating last year's result, as the 1870 stroke, Goldie, is already hard at work. He has three of his old crew, and there is said to be an unusual number of good men to pick from for the other four. The coxswain is not yet selected. The Oxonians do not, as is asserted, view their chances very hopefully.

Among recent English bankrupts is Mr. Grenville Murray, who acquired considerable celebrity some years ago as author of a very entertaining work called "The Roving Englishman," and subsequently still greater notoriety by his scurrilous sketches in a journal which he established called *The Queen's Messenger,* the unpleasant result of one of the sketches being that Lord Carrington, indignant at observations reflecting on his family publicly horsewhipped the writer. Mr. Murray, whose Christian name is the patronymic of the Duke of Buckingham, and who is commonly reputed to be the son of his late grace of that lik, states that all his assets consist of claims against the Foreign Office, from whose service he was dismissed, and bonds against the estate of his ducal father, who was, if possible, more bankrupt than Mr. Murray himself.

A company has been formed, of which Earl Dudley is chairman, for the purpose of putting down another Atlantic cable. The capital is to be £650,000; and there are to be five Americans on the board of twelve directors. Fifty thousand dollars is to be raised in New York, and the remainder in England. The American end will be some place on Rhode Island, and the easterly end probably in Wales. The name of the company is "The New York and London Direct Telegraph Company (Limited)."

Mrs. Hogg, widow of the Ettrick Shepherd, died at Bellevue place, Linlithgow, on the 15th inst., in about her eightieth year. The deceased had been thirty-five years a widow. For many years she subsisted on the profits of her husband's writings and an annuity of £40 generously granted her by the Duke of Buccleuch. Fifteen years ago the Rev. Charles Rogers, a Scottish clergyman, raised several hundred pounds for a monument for the Shepherd, and procured a Civil List pension for his widow.

Attention was first turned to the ancient cities of Ceylon by Sir Emerson Tennent. These relics of time-honoured civilization are now being explored, photographed, planned, and described by members of the Archæological Committee.

The Cape mail steamer which arrived at Plymouth on Saturday last brought diamonds valued at £40,000. One digger had found a diamond weighing 88 carats, for which he had refused £22,000.

On Friday week the wines of the late Miss Cust, of Carlisle, were sold by auction by Mr. C. P. Hardy. The highest price was for 1820 port, for which Sir William Gordon, of Earliston House, Kirkcudbrightshire, gave 24 guineas a dozen.

BREAKFAST.—EPPS'S COCOA—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.—The very agreeable character of this preparation has rendered it a general favorite. The *Civil Service Gazette* remarks:—"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills." Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in tin-lined packets, labelled—JAMES EPPS & Co., Homœopathic Chemists, London.

HEALTH IS STRENGTH.—To prevent or conquer disease is one of the grandest attainments ever aimed at by man; and Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers will as sure cure coughs, colds, tickling in the throat and pulmonry complaints, as war and pestilence will destroy. Severe colds if not attended to sooner or later lead to incurable consumption, and the strength of the strongest soon falls if neglected. The readiest and best means known for the cure of these complaints is "Byran's Pulmonic Wafers," which have been thoroughly tried for the last twenty years, and have never been known to fail. Singers and public speakers will also derive great benefit from the use of them. Sold by all medicine dealers, at 25cts. per box.

PHYSICING HORSES.—Many persons physic their horses frequently—especially every spring. This is a great error, and one which has caused the loss of many valuable horses, as physic, as it is usually given, often produces inflamation of the bowels which generally proves fatal; it also weakens the horse, and thus renders him more liable to disease, or less able to throw it off—what is required is a medicine which will operate gently upon the bowels, and act upon the liver and lungs, removing all obstructions therefrom, purifying the blood, and enabling all the organs to do their work without overtaxing any, which is accomplished by the use of "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy"—it is always safe and certain. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd & Co., is on each package. Northrup & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada. Sold by all medicine dealers.

THE FLORENCE NIGHTINGALE OF THE NURSERY—The following is an extract from a letter written by the Rev. C. Z. Weizer, to the "German Reformed Messenger, at Chambersburg, Penn.:

A BENEFACTRESS.

Just open the door for her, and Mrs. WINSLOW will prove the American Florence Nightingale of the Nursery. Of this we are sure, that we will teach our "SUSY" to say, "A BLESSING ON MRS. WINSLOW," for helping her to survive and escape the griping, colicking and teething siege. We confirm every word set forth in the PROSPECTUS. It performs precisely what it professes to perform, every part of it—nothing less. Away with your "Cordial," "Paregoric," "Drops," "Laudanum," and every other "Narcotic," by which the babe is drugged into stupidity, and rendered dull and idiotic for life.

We have never seen Mrs. Winslow—know her only through the preparation of her "Soothing Syrup for Children Teething." If we had the power, we would make her, as she is, a physical Saviour to the Infant Race. 25 cents per bottle sold by all druggists.

Be sure and call for

MRS, WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP.

Having the fac-simile of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

A "COUGH," "COLD," OR IRRITATED THROAT, if allowed to progress, results in serious pulmonary and Bronchial affections, oftentimes incurable.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES

Reach DIRECTLY the affected parts, and give almost instant relief. In BRONCHITIS, ASTHMA, and CATARRH they are beneficial. Obtain only the *genuine* BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES which have *proved* their efficacy by test of many years. Among testimonials attesting their efficacy are letters from—

E. H. Chapin, D. D; New York,
Henry Ward Beecher, Brooklyn, N. Y.,
N. P. Willis, New York,
Hon. C. A. Phelps, Pres, Mass. Senate,
Dr. G. F. Bigelow, Boston,
Prof. Edwd. North, Clinton, N. Y.,
Surgeons in the Army, and others of eminence
Sold everywhere at 25 cents per box.

"TROCHES," so called, sold by the ounce, are a poor imitation and nothing like BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES, which are sold only in boxes with a fac-simile of the proprietors,

JOHN I. BROWN & SON,

This care in putting up the Troches is important as a security to the purchaser in order to be sure of obtaining the genuine Brown bronchial Troches.

THE ŒCUMENICAL COUNCIL, lately called at Rome is an instance of the solicitude of the Catholic Church for the welfare and prosperity of her Communicants. Large assemblies of this nature containing representatives from all parts of the world, should be of some benefit to our race. We hope this opinion will be as harmonious and unanimous as the verdict in favor of the Great Shoshonees Remedy, for diseases of the lungs, blood, stomach, liver, &c. For by all druggists.

WALTHAM WALTHAM

THE AMERICAN WATCH

The public of the United States and Canada have now had over ten years experience of WALTHAM WATCHES, and they are now everywhere acknowledged to be the ONLY RELIABLE TIME-KEEPERS!

Almost all other watches are sold under false pretences; not one in a hundred bears the name of the real maker; the public have absolutely no security, and have, therefore, been constantly imposed upon On the contrary, every buyer of a Waltham Watch gets a guarantee of the company, and no matter from whom he buys it, has positive security that he is getting a TIME KEEPER.

It must be admitted that the apparent interest of watchmakers lies in selling other watches, of which they can make larger profits: but men of enterprise in the trade prefer an article of large and ready sale, and which leaves no bad stock It is "small profits and quick returns."

These watches can be had in several grades (all guaranteed) the silver cases are made from coin silver, and from 2 to 6 ounces in weight. The gold cases are made in 18 carat gold, and from 3.4 to 4 ounces in weight; the size for ladies are richly engraved or enamelled. For the quality both in gold and silver, are the

CHEAPEST WATCHES IN THE WORLD

These watches can be ordered of any reliable watchmaker or jeweller in the Dominion; but the guarantee of the Company should be invariably required. The Company in all cases pay the Government duty, which makes the Canadian consumer a privilged purchaser

ROBERT WILKES,
Sole Wholesale Agent for the Dominion of Canada
Toronto—48 and 50 Yonge Street.
Montreal—4[illegible]5 St. Paul Street
1397 3

WHOLESALE.

GREY BLANKETS, Cornwall,
" " English.
GRAIN BAGS, Cotton and Linen.
LUMBERMEN SUPPLIED
AT
MAGEE & RUSSELL,
Elgin Street,
Opposite Russell House.
Ottawa, December 17, 1870. 1542tf

LIFE IN

LARGE CITIES.

The Fifth of the series of SERMONS to Young Men, will be preached TO-MORROW Evening in the

WESLEYAN CHURCH, Metcalfe-St.,

—BY THE—

Rev. Wm. Stephenson

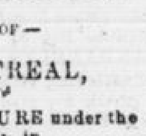
SUBJECT;

"THE CITY BY MIDNIGHT"

Ottawa, December 17, 1870. 1543 1

ST. PATRICK'S

LITERARY ASSOCIATION.



MATHEW RYAN, Esq.,

ADVOCATE,

—OF—

MONTREAL,

Will deliver a LECTURE under the Auspices of the above Association, in

ST. PATRICK'S HALL,

On THURSDAY, the 22nd Instant.

SUBJECT:

"The Irish as a business people, with observations on the value of Savings' Banks"

TICKETS 25cts

To be had at the Door and from the members of the Committee.

Doors open at 7. Lecture to commence at 8 o'clock, P.M.

Ottawa, December 16, 1870 1542td

REQUISITION

TO WILLIAM KEHOE, ESQ.

We the undersigned Electors of Ottawa Ward request that you will allow yourself to be put in nomination as Alderman for the said Ward, at the ensuing Election, in which case we pledge ourselves to use our best endeavours to secure your return.

James O'Connor	John Kehoe
Hilaire Pinard	Thomas Presley
T C Pidgeon	Michael Bambrick
Martin Battle	Hugh Burgess
James Wadsworth	Abram Rathier
R O'Reilly	Edouard Pelletier
William Cardwell	Pierre Riopelle
E E Lauzon	Joseph Auger
Moise Dupont	Basil Verdon
John Young	Pierre Boyer
Theophile Leclaire	Pierre Morin
John Murray	Octave Lemay
Peter Jobin	John Gunn
John O'Connor	John Brennan
P A Roy	Charles Mullens
John Burke	Alexander Gauvreau
Laurence O'Connor	Patrick White
James Gillie	J T Prudhomme
William McEvela	F X Hurtubise
William McJowan	Thomas O'Connor
John McGillivray	Thomas Costello
Edmund J McEvoy	James Brown
Thomas McEvoy	Edward Gurry
P Fitzsimmons	Martin Wallace
Patrick Moran	Samuel Cauthers
Thomas Lacey	Xavier Lariviere
Edward Mooney	J Bte Belanger
L J Casault	Francois St Jacques
F Casault	Joseph Lafrance
William Garrett	George Easdale
Gabriel Ouellette	Michael O'Gara
Thomas Iliffe	William Steers
James White	Patrick Green
James Burns	William Easdale
Damas Roy	George Sleeman
Michael Brennen	Henry Bingham
Patrick O'Meara	Edgar Burritt
Samuel Bingham	J Halfpenny
Patrick McLaughlin	R Thackeray
M Cusick, sen	Napoleon Casault
M Cusick, jun	J M T Hannum
Stanislas Bourke	Xavier Lariviere
Thomas Campbell	Auguste Potvin
Robert Harris	William Strang
Peter Collins	F X St Jacques
William O'Connor	Henry McCormick
James Cooney	James McCulloch
Thomas Kehoe	Michael Boyle
James Devlin	Francois Potvin
W B Johnston	Philip Brady
Robert Snaith	Thomas Paquette
Napoleon Cassault	F X Gauvreau
E Richard	B Clouthier
F X Dufresne	Charles Gauvreau
H Casgrain	Andre St Amour
Stanislas Robert	Stephen S Stratton
Elie Olivier	Francois Derie
Paul Tambeau	J B Archambault
Theodore Pichette	Maxime Morin
John Donovan	Hyacinthe Dubreille
Lawrence Duhamel	Napoleon Duchesne
Daniel O'Connor	James Taylor
Isai Manthat	George Branningan
Bartley Maloney,	John Boyle
Damase Laderoute	Paul Sarazin
Louis Groulx	Amable Beauchamp
Augustus Lafleur	David Long
Joseph Goulet	Cyrille Barbeau
Charles Valiquette	Pierre Foisy

REPLY.

To Messrs. James O'Connor, Hilaire Pinard, T. C. Pidgeon, Martin Battle, James Wadsworth, Robert O'Reilly, E. E. Lauzon, and others.

GENTLEMEN,—It was not my intention or desire to offer myself as a candidate for your suffrages at the approaching election, but I certainly could not hold myself justified in refusing to comply with so large and influential a requisition as that with which you have honored me. I therefore with pleasure place myself in your hands, and if elected my humble endeavors will be directed to advance the interests of Ottawa Ward in particular, and those of the city generally.

I have the honor to be,
Gentlemen,
Your obd't serv't,
WILLIAM KEHOE.

Ottawa, December 16, 1870 1242 2

REQUISITION

TO GEORGE TAILLON, ESQ.

SIR,—We the undersigned electors and ratepayers of Ottawa Ward respectfully request that you will allow yourself to be put in nomination as one of the Aldermen for the above-mentioned ward, during the ensuing term; should you accede to our request, we pledge ourselves to use our votes and influence in favor of your return.

P A Egleson, sr	F X Guertin
James Wadsworth	Thos Kehoe,
Theophile Leclaire	Stanislas Robert
E Lauzon	James McCullough
Thos C Pidgeon,	Francis Potvin
Martin Battle	J T Prudhomme
Moses Dupont	L H Causeault
Laurent Duhamel	James Burns
Paul Tombeau	Martin Wallace
L F Dufresne	J B Archambeault
Michael Boyle	Saml Cauthers
G Caseault	Edward Gurry,
F L Casault	Xavier Lariviere
J B Richer	J McLaughlin
H Casgrain	Damase Roy
J Jackson	J Bte Belanger
Michael O'Gara	Francois St Jacques
J A Lessard	Joseph Lafrance
Thos Iliffe	Edward Mooney
Theodore Pichette	James Gillie
Jean Basin	James White
Wm Gauthier	Thos McEvoy
Auguste Deguise	John O'Connor
Barthy Malney	John Burke
George Lavigne	Andre Aubichon
Louis Payment	John Young
J P M Lecourt	M Brady
James O'Connor	Abraham Rathier
Thos Paquette	Patrick White
F X Gauvreau	Thos McEvoy
Charles Gauvreau	Wm M Steirs
Andre St Amour	Jas Brown
Francois Derie	Patrick Green
Maxime Morin	Wm Easdale
Hyacinthe Dubreuil	H Bingham
Robt Snaith	Geo Sleeman
Pat Green	Michael Brennan
M Cussick Sr	Patrick Omeara
M Cussick Jr	Geo Easdale
J Burke	Edgar Burritt
J Taylor	Sam Bingham
Geo Brannagan	Patrick McLaughlin
John Boyle	Stanislas Bourke
Paul Sarazin	Thos Campbell
Barnaby Desjardin	Robt Harris
J Monaghan	Peter Collins
Elie Oliver	P Fitzsimmons
Piere Jobin	Wm O'Connor
Gabriel Ouelotte	J A Belanger
J McGillivray	Heram Johnston
David Lessard	Isaie Mentha
Ed Peltier	H O Burritt
Ed J McEvoy	Patrick Maloney
Jos Auger	Damase Laderoute
Basilie Verdon	Jos Groulx
Pierre Boyer	Wm B Johnston
Octave Berubé	Auguste Lafleur
Pierre Morin	Jos Goulet
Octave Lemay	Chas Valiquette
Wm McGowan	Dennis McGrath
Terrance O'Connor	John Kehoe
Thos Lacy	Thos Priestly
J Kennedy	J Halfpenny
Wm Garrett	R Shackery
Ed Bambrick	Napoleon Caseault
J Murray	Chas Robert
J Gunn	Napoleon Duchesne
Chas Mullin	Thadde Hotte
Hugh Burgess	Cyrille Barbeau
Alex Gauvreau	Pierre Foisy.

To P. A. Egleson, sr., James Wadsworth, Theophile Leclaire, E. E. Lauzon, Thomas C. Pidgeon, Martin Battle, Moses Dupont, Laurent Duhamel, and others.

I accept your respectable and numerously signed requisition, and in compliance therewith will offer myself as a candidate for the office of Alderman, for Ottawa Ward. I thank you for the kind offer of your votes and influence, and if elected I shall do my duty to the best of my ability.

Yours respectfully,
GEORGE TAILLON.

Ottawa, 16th December, 1870.

REQUISITION,

TO F. X. GUERTIN, ESQ.

SIR—

We, the undersigned, electors and rate payers of Ottawa Ward, respectfully request that you will allow yourself to be put in nomination as one of the Aldermen for that Ward during the ensuing year. Should you accede to our request we pledge ourselves to use our votes and influence in favour of your return:—

Martin Battle	Thomas C Pidgeon
E E Lauzon	Moses Dupont
James O'Connor	Taurence O'Connor
John Gunn	Gabriel Ouelotte
John Young	Damasse Roy
James Gillie	James Burns
Thomas Iliffe	William Garrett
Wm M Evela	John Kennedy
James White	John O Connor
John Burke	Edward Bambrick
John Murray	A Le Roy
Charles Mullan	Peter Jobin
Hugh Burgess	Pierre Morin
Alexander Gauvreau	Edward Gurry
Patrick White	Theodore Pichette
James Brown	Paul Tambeau
Patrick Green	Wm Steers
William Esdale	Martin Wallace
George Sleeman	Michael O'Gara
Justice E Burritt	Henry Bingham
Patrick O'Meara	Michael Brennan
Edgar Burritt	Samuel Bingham
Patrick McLaughlin	Stanislaus Bourke
W T Cusack	Thomas Campbell
M Cusack	Robert Harris
Peter Collins	F L Caseault
Patrick Fitzsommons	Napoleon Caseault
Edouard Pelletier	Samuel Crauthers
Wm O'Connor	Wiliam Cardwell
John Mc[illegible]nay	James Devlin
Joseph Lafrance	Hugh Carling
Wm McSown	Hiram Johnston
Xavier Lariviere	Elie Oliver
Abraham Rathier	Isai Mantha
Basil Verdon	Patrick Maloney
Octave Lemay	Joseph Groulx
Thomas Lacey	Wm B Johnston
Francois St. Jacques	Augustin Lefleur
Pierre Boyer	Joseph Goulet
L A Belanger	Charles Valiquette
Laurent Duhamel	Thomas McEroy
Thomas Kehoe	Edouard T McEroy
Charles Robert	Denis McGrath
J P L Lecourt	John Kehoe
L F Dufrenne	Thomas Priestly
Hernnegilde Casgrain	Jacob Halpeny
R Tackray	J T Prudhomane
Thomas Cooney	Maxime Morin
Henry McCormick	James McCollough
Francois Potvin	Philip Brady
Thomas Brady	Thomas Paquette
F H Gauvreau	Charles Gauvrau
Stephen Stratton	Andre St. Amour
Francois Deri	Maxime Morin
J B Archambeault	Hyacinthe Dubreuil
Robert Snaith.	Napoleon Duchenne
Patrick Green	John Murray
James Taylor	George Branigan
John Boyle	Paul Sarazin
John Monaghan	Andre Jolicoeur
Alex Gauvreau	Amable Beauchamp
Thaddy Hotte	Cyrille Barbeau
Pierre Foisy	Henry McCormick

Octave Berube

REPLY.

To Messrs. James O'Connor, E. E. Lauzon, John Gunn, Moses Dupont, John Young, Thos. Iliffe and others:

GENTLEMEN,—

In compliance with the above requisition I beg leave to state that I will offer myself as a candidate for the coming election. If elected as your representative at the Council Board, I shall use my best endeavors to forward your interest and to deserve the honor which you have conferred upon me.

I remain, gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
F. X. GUERTIN.

THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

The public is respectfully informed that this Company's Trains wait at Prescott Junction the arrival of the Grand Trunk Trains from the West, and

Passengers may rely on Connecting

FOR OTTAWA

By this the

SHORTEST RAILWAY ROUTE

TO THE CAPITAL.

Twenty minutes are also allowed at Prescott Junction for Meals.

THOS REYNOLDS,
Managing Director.

R LUTTRELL,
Superintendent.

Ottawa, 12th December, 1870. 1540tm

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

IMMENSE AUCTION SALE

—OF—

JAPANESE GOODS.

The Subscriber has received a very large Consignment of the above named Goods, which he will offer for Sale by

PUBLIC AUCTION,

—AT HIS—

ROOMS, RIDEAU STREET,

Commencing on TUESDAY, DECEMBER 20th, 1870.

Consisting of in Part

Tea Caddies, Glove Boxes, Fancy Cabinets, Wine Cups, Trays, Stands, Candlesticks, Teapots and Stands, Figures, Ornaments, &c.

This being the first time these rare articles were ever offered by Public Auction in Ottawa the public is invited to inspect them

The Goods will be on view on MONDAY, December 19, and up to the date of Sale

The Sale will take place at 10 o'clock. Terms Cash

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, Dec 14, 1870 1540d

TO JOHN R O'CONNOR, ESQ.

SIR,—

We, the undersigned, Electors and Rate-payers of Victoria Ward, respectfully request that you will allow yourself to be put in nomination as one of the Aldermen for said Ward, during the ensuing year, and we hereby pledge ourselves to use our influence in favour of your return.

Hamnet Hill	Thos McKay
A Baldwin	Wm G Perley
John Ashfield	Wm Morrison
Leon David	Sexton Washburn
Bronson & Weston	John Atkinson
Francis Abbott	Horace Merrill
John McDonald	Levi Young
R R Booth	Moses Aubrey
A W Soper	A Fotheringham
Robert Young	Gordon B Pattee
Samuel McGibney	Wm Hay
Maurice Malone	Henry White
E P Williams	John Kenna
Wm Ellis	E B Gallup
John Ahearn	John Cuppy
John Rowatt	L E Goulin
W H Martin	John Albert
John Abbott	Aaron Carruthers
John Soulier	J B Robaire
Samuel Mix	Archer Bayley
Nazaire Bertrand	W H Morgan
William Atkinson	Peter Atkinson
J Cheeney	Thos McCloy
Peter Robertson	Wm Mason
Geo Mason	Simpson Fleming
Thos Traveller	Bernard Mullin
John Martin	Louis Turpin
Joseph Dewart	Wm Gorman
Dan Smith	John Olliver
Wm Watson	D McQuade
John Joyce	L P Dorion
Baskerville Bros.	Wm Cain
Michael Naven	Wm Ahearn
D Willet	J Hanrahan
Moses Proulx	Amable Periere
Maurice Ahearn	John Cardiff
Alex Philion	Nelson Dault
John McGillivray	J McKillican
A S Whittier	Henry Laroque
Patrick Kennedy	John M Haskin
Patrick Hurley	John Purtell
Wm Lecleare	W F Huntley
James Bambrick	James Kennedy
John Pushman	James Gordon
Matthew Patterson	Alex Coulter
John Cowan	Wm Kennedy
Nelson Perkins	Wm Mitford
H Kinville	Wilfred Kipp
James W Smith	A D Fraser
Arthur Bisaillon	John Shields
Thomas Lawrence	John Gro[illegible]
John Quain	F X Valiquette
Simon Kinney	Francis Duhamel
M Carman	Henry Brading
John Boyd	George Dalglish
Leander Booth	Joseph Levine
James Merner	Adolph Gilbeault
Michael O'Neal	James Wood
James Marks	Denis Noonan
Israel Waterhouse	Patrick Darcy
John Bennett	John Law
Joseph Johnston	Albert Dorion
Amable Goulin	John Joenice
Robinson Lyon	E C Barber
R W Baxter	James Dyke
John Doucet	Alpheus Pease
Thos Traveller	Simon McMahon
Isaac Villeneuve	G W Crane
Geo Oliver	T W B[illegible]
G D Booth	Jas Phuson
Hugh Ross	John Brodeur
Pierce Grace	Alfred Aubrey
Martin White	John Gleeson
Isidore Joennice	George Newell
Wm Richards	Joseph Sleeman
Peter A Egleson	Thomas Russell
Thomas Sleeman	John Bigros
R E O'Connor	J P McPherson
Andrew Cayor	James Wadsworth
B Bigros	Chas Esplin

To the Electors and Rate-payers of Victoria Ward:

GENTLEMEN,—

It would be impossible for me, or almost any man of a public spirit, to decline acceding to so handsome a requisition as you have presented me on this occasion—embodying, as it does, the names of so many of our best and most reliable citizens.

I accept, with much pleasure, gentlemen, your requisition to place me in nomination as one of your candidates for Alderman for Victoria Ward, at the ensuing election; and if elected, will endeavor at all times to exert my best efforts in promoting the interests of the city generally, as well as those of our own important ward.

I am, gentlemen,
Your obedt. servt.
J. R. O'CONNOR.

TRAVELLER'S GUIDE.

LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY

Depart.....8.30 a.m., 12 noon., 10 p.m.
Arrive.....9.30 a.m., 3.45 p.m., 7.15 p.m.
The above trains connect at Prescott Junction with Grand Trunk Railway for all points south east and west.
Ottawa Office—York street, corner o Sussex street.
A & H TAYLOR, Agents.

LOCAL NEWS.

Devlin's Fur Depot.

50 dozen Velveteen Hats, from 25 cents upwards. A large assortment of Flowers and Feathers. Trimmed Hats and Bonnets.
At the "Golden Lion."
R. L. JAMES & Co.

Electioneering is active.

The cold weather has now fairly set in.

Great numbers of teams have left for the shanties.

POLICE COURT.—No cases at the Police Court yesterday.

Lumbering operations are going on extensively and vigorously up the OTTAWA.

The snow in the county of Pontiac is said to be no deeper than in the neighborhood.

Carpets and House Furnishings made a speciality, at Garland, Mutchmor & Co's A large stock and new styles, at reduced prices.
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

All Wool Tartans in all the leading clans. A large lot ex last steamer, at
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

NOMINATION DAY.—Monday is appointed as nomination day for the several wards of the city.

The Temperance Hall readings last evening were very good and largely attended.

The city is very quiet, and the Police Court calendar has been blank mostly every morning this week. This speaks well for the morality of the city.

The municipal elections will be held on the first Monday of 1871. The contest in St. George's Ward, for the representation of which five candidates are in the field, will be exciting.

The sidewalks are so very slippery that it would be conferring a boon upon the public were each individual to scatter a little ashes on that portion of them before his residence. We have seen persons receive severe falls, and yesterday an aged woman received a severe injury by a similar accident.

THE MARKET.—The market was not very largely attended yesterday morning, and little change in prices was noticeable. Good seasoned hard wood sells for $3.50 per cord; soft wood for $2.50 per cord. Hay $16 to $18 per ton. Pork scarce, and $7 to $8 per 100 pounds.

NOTICE.—Now is the time. Go and see C. P. Dorion, 60 Sparks Street, for stoves and stove-pipe fitting. No puff; but see for yourselves. Lumbermen and country Merchants come and see. The most complete House in this Line in the Capital, See Posters. C. P. Dorion, 60 Sparks Street. 1486 2m.

THE MASONIC BALL.—The Masonic Ball on the evening of the 27th instant, (St. John's Day) promises to take its place as the great social event of the season. Already all the leading members of the craft in the Capital have subscribed to the fund; and we learn that the members of the committee are indefatigable in their exertions to make the Ball all that it ought to be. We understand that the brethren will appear in regalia.

UP THE OTTAWA.—For some time past endeavours had been made to effect the construction of a bridge across the Ottawa at the foot of that portion of the river known as "Les Arables" by means of subscriptions, but without success. On the 7th of September, however, Mr. O. Latour, a gentleman residing in the locality completed a floating bridge at his own expense, and on which a light toll is charged. It affords great convenience to lumbermen and parties supplying shanties, and as in many case parties with teams had to make a round for want of means to cross at this particular place, we think it proper to announce the completion of the present bridge, which is 1,400 feet long and 13 feet in width. It is in the County of Pontiac, and about 200 miles from this city.

CHEAP CHURCH AND CHAPEL READINGS.—Those readings, which are almost invariably the best patronized in the city, and probably deservedly so, were, notwithstanding certain disappointments, really very good last evening. The Hall was so crowded that several persons had to stand outside the door, and the only blemish to the evening's proceedings were the few unruly interruptions by some young men, who should have more self-respect than indulge in such conduct. Sheriff Powell being absent, the Rev. Mr. Pollard was requested to take the chair. Pennings Taylor, Esq., opened the proceedings by reading a very interesting piece, entitled "The Execution." Lieut.-Colonel Chamberlin read in a manner which completely rivetted the attention of the entire audience a poetical selection entitled "Edinburgh after Flodden," relating to Scottish history. The overture by Messrs. Hill and Smithe was well executed, and received deserved applause; and Mr. Doward's singing received a loud encore. But Mr. Whitcher's original criticism upon the "Womens' Rights" agitation was certainly the most important feature in the evening's entertainment. It was a highly humourous and sarcastic condemnation of the conduct of those Yankee ladies who are advocating "Womens' Rights." Dr. Mary Walker, who so recently electrified a large audience in the same Hall, of course was not lost sight of, and the ingenuous and well depicted contrast of a young boy in "modest female attire," was ably written. The "Hen's Convention," by the same gentlemen, brought down the house, and he took his seat amid roars of applause and prolonged cries of *encore*. Messrs. Carrier and Adamson read two very amusing pieces, after which the evening's entertainment was brought to a close with the National Anthem.

The readings on Friday evening next will be the Christmas readings, and the minimum price of admission will be, as the Rev. Mr. Pollard stated, 10 cents, and the maximum—any sum over 10 cents.

WHO WON'T FEAST AT CHRISTMAS.—Christmas which "comes but once a year" is rapidly drawing nigh, and in every direction preparations are being made for its proper celebration according to the good old way. Dry goods stores, grocery and confectionary windows are decked out in the most approval and alluring manner with all that is beautiful to the eye and relishable to the palate. But probably among no class of traders is there such emulation at this period of the year as among our By Ward Market butchers, in which for several years the enterprizing Satchell Bros. have carried off the laurels. Nothing daunts their energetic enterprize, and they stop neither at expense nor trouble to secure the best meat obtainable not only in the Ottawa neighborhood, but in the whole province for their customers. Next week a show of meat—beef mutton, pork, &c.—such has seldom been seen in Ottawa will be exhibited at their stalls. Our attention was drawn yerterday to a number of splendid looking cattle, belonging to those spirited traders. One, a Durham heifer 3 years old, was truly something worth seeing. This fine beast, bred in Northumberland, England, and imported by J. B. Telfer, of Fergus, County Wellington, took the first prizes this year at Toronto and Guelph, and weighs 1930 pounds. To say that she is fat, in the ordinary acceptation of the word, conveys no idea of her condition and to properly appreciate her quality, a glance from her her dainty thighs must be lished at the festive Christmas dinner. Besides this admirable beast, Satchell Bros. have 11 other fine beef cattle, one of which weighs over 1900lbs. An array of 46 sheep, a pride to these the foremost butchers in the Dominion close up their Christmas market. The Christmas, and Easter markets of the Satchell Bros. have hitherto been recognised as worthy in this section, but they have excelled themselves in the present instance. Among other purchases we notice a fine cow, purchased from J. B. Lewis, Esq, President of the City of Ottawa Agricultural Society—a living proof that that gentleman's legal studies have not, to any material extent, affected the agricultural ambition of the hour.

Ottawa Ward.

In this part of the city Mr. William Kehoe is in the field as candidate to represent the Irish portion of its population at the instance of a numerously signed requisition, and on which we notice the names of some of the most respectable and influential residents. The requisition speaks for us, and makes it unnecessary that we say any word as to Mr. Kehoe's fitness for the position. Those gentlemen who have requested him to come forward as candidate are acquainted with Mr. Kehoe's qualities, and by presenting him with so respectable a requisition they have simply shown their appreciation of his honesty and integrity. Besides Mr. Kehoe's natural fitness as a representative of the Ward he has an extensive acquaintance with municipal affairs and we shall feel pleasure by congratulating the Irish ratepayers as well as the electors in general of Ottawa Ward if they secure this gentleman as their representative at the Council Board.

Mr. Taillon is to the fore with a requisition so numerously signed by the most influential residents of this Ward that his election is almost beyond doubt, and from his well known abilities the ratepayers of Ottawa Ward need be no wise afraid of compromising their discretion by selecting him as their representative; and from the manner in which his name was received and the nomination resolution greeted at the meeting held in Mr. Guertin's last week, it is evident that he is the favorite candidate in the field. Mr. Taillon is qualified in every sense of the word to occupy a seat at the Council Board, and we hope Ottawa Ward will secure his valuable services.

Mr. Guertin also takes the field, and not without good prospects of success. His requisition is also large and respectable, and his residence being in almost the very centre of the Ward it is certain that he will have seriously at heart its best interests. Mr. Guertin is, moreover, well qualified for the position for which he has been requested to become a candidate and we have no doubt that, if elected, he will faithfully and ably perform his duty in the Council.

Court of General Sessions and County Court.

FOURTH DAY.

Cunningham *vs.* Lees. This case which was commenced on Thursday evening was for the recovery of certain moneys placed by plaintiff in keeping of defendant.

The Jury returned a verdict of $351.25 for plaintiff. Mr. O'Gara for plaintiff; Mr. Lees defending himself.

Beech *vs.* Hughes. This was a case for the recovery of damages for non-performance of an agreement. Mosgrove & Taillon for the Plaintiff, Mr. Sparks for Defendant; verdict for plaintiff, $100.

2 BOYS WANTED.

Two smart boys wanted to carry papers. Must be able to read and write. Apply at this office.

TO LET,

A DWELLING HOUSE containing (16) ten rooms. Rent £40 per annum. Possession immediately. Corner Sussex and St Patrick Streets. Apply at the Flour Store.
THOS. McKAY
Dec. 9, 1870 1538a

"LILLIE LONSDALE"
—FROM—
ENGLAND.
THE GREAT CHARACTER ACTRESS
—AND—
SINGER.
AT THE
MUSIC HALL
OTTAWA,
WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY, DECEMBER 21st & 22nd.
TRAGEDY! COMEDY! OPERA! SONGS! DANCES! COSTUMES!
Tickets to be had at Messrs. J. L. ORME'S.
GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.
Ottawa, Dec 10, 1870 1536

DRY GOODS!
DRY GOODS
DRY GOODS!
PATTERSON & BRYSON

In consequence of our great success since opening we have been obliged to lay in a large additional Stock, which we will mark as low as heretofore, being determined to retain our already well established character, for selling cheaper than any other House in the Trade.

IN CANADIAN GOODS

We have made such arrangements with the best Factories in the Dominion as will enable us to keep constantly on hand a large and well Assorted Stock of Tweeds, Flannels, Blankets (Grey and White), Cotton and Linen Bags, Cotton Yarn, Hosiery, Under clothing, etc., etc., etc.

—ALSO—

An entirely new and well assorted Stock of British and Foreign Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, which have been marked at prices to defy competition.

REMEMBER THE PLACE,
53 Sparks Street,
Directly Opposite
BATES & Co.
PATTERSON & BRYSON.

By Rowe, Auctioneer.
AUCTION SALE
OF
CROCKERY, CHINA AND GLASSWARE,
COMMENCING
On MONDAY, DECEMBER 12th, 1870.

The subscriber has received a very large consignment of the above goods from an extensive manufacturing firm in Staffordshire, England, consisting of China, Stone Ware, Rockingham Ware, Yellow Ware, Glass Ware in Glass Dishes, Decanters and Tumblers of different kinds. The consignment is large and will be sold without reserve.
Terms of sale cash.
Sale at 2 and 7 o'clock.
A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.
Ottawa, Dec. 8. 1535td

LOST:

Between the hours of 2 P M and 5 P M, yesterday afternoon, a SMALL POCKET BOOK containing five FIVE DOLLARS Bank of Montreal Bank Notes. The finder is requested to leave the same with the Door-Keeper of the Eastern Block Parliament Buildings.
Ottawa, Dec 5, 1870 1532tf

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

DR. HENRY has removed his Residence and Surgery to the corner of Bank and Victoria Streets, near the Parliament Buildings.
December 1, 1870. 1528b

WARNING.

We hereby forbid any person or persons, hiring or harboring

Edward Garry	Eli Larose
Timothy Cowan	James Johnston
John Renwick	James Shea
David Burke	Amable Sotrels
George Marcott	Malcolm Cloutier
David Dusen,	Cilistin Thibeau
David Auger	Joseph Moore
Michael Garvin,	P Rioux,
Henry Potvin	Joseph Ladouceur
Michael Kearney	Albert Ladouceur
James McCormick	Benjamin Bolonger
John Cavanagh	John Mallette
Alex Meron	T Lamadreau
Charles Burke	William Jocque

Or any of them, they having deserted our employment at different times, and broken their contract of hiring and services entered into with us.
And we hereby give notice that we will prosecute, any, and every person hiring or harboring any of the above named.
PERLEY & PATTEN.
Ottawa, Dec 10, 1870

MASONIC BALL.

The Brethren of the Civil Service Lodge No 148, G.R.C., in conjunction with Brethren other City Lodges, propose celebrating the festival of St. John the Evangelist, by a
MASONIC BALL,
Brethren desirous of becoming subscribers will oblige by leaving their names with any Member of the Committee before the 15th inst.
COMMITTEE.
W. Bros. Cochrane, Eastwood and Remon, Bros H Bernard, Brown Chamberlin, A J Camble, F D Burrowes, E B Crombie, and
JOHN WALSH,
Secretary.
Ottawa, Dec 12, 1870 1538a

FOR SALE.

COON, FOX, AND BUFFALO ROBES.

The Subscriber has received a large consignment of Robes of different kinds. Parties requiring anything in that line will do well to call and secure bargains, as they are selling at very low prices. ROOMS, opposite the By-Ward Market.
JOHN CHAPMAN,
Auctioneer.
Ottawa, Dec 12, 1870 1538tf

OTTAWA AND GLOUCESTER ROAD COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that the Annual General Meeting of the Stockholders of the Ottawa and Gloucester ROAD COMPANY, will be held at the Office of FRANCIS CLEMOW, Esq., in this City, on MONDAY, the 12th day of DECEMBER inst., at the Hour of TEN o'clock, a.m., for the Election of DIRECTORS for the ensuing year and for the purpose of receiving the Annual Report of the Secretary and Treasurer for the current year.
By order
W. H FALLS,
Sec.-Treasurer.
Dated this 3rd day of December, 1870. 1532 1w

SEIGNIORIAL INDEMNITY TO TOWNSHIPS' FUND.

Whereas by Order in Council of date APRIL 30, 1867, it is directed that as regards the claims of Municipalities to participate therein, the above Fund shall be finally closed on the 31st DECEMBER of the present Year. Notice is hereby given that all claims which can in any wise alter the distribution thereof must be lodged in this Office on or before the date above named, after which date no alteration can be made in the said distribution.
JOHN LANGTON, Auditor.
Per J SIMPSON,
Finance Department.
Ottawa, Dec 9, 1870. 1[illegible]

RETAIL ADVERTISEMENT.

MAGEE & RUSSELL,
SPARKS STREET.

Have opened up within the last few days several CASES and BALES Assorted DRY GOODS, to which they respectfully invite attention.
Ladies, please observe the following carefully, their being many articles enumerated worthy of Notice:

DRESS DEPARTMENT.	New Tartan Plaids, Brown and Grey Wincies, French Merinoes and de Laines, " Satin Cloths, Black Lustres and Alpacas, Black and Colored Silesias, " and " Casbans, Glove Finished Cambrics.
SILK DEPARTMENT.	Black Velveteens, Colored Plushes, French Crapes, Silks and Satins.
DOMESTIC DEPARTMENT.	Grey and White Cottons, " " " Sheetings, Table Napkins and Damasks, Huck Towels, Cotton and Linen Diaper, Grass Linen and Hollands.
WOOLLEN DEPARTMENT.	Sct. Saxony Flannels, Fancy Shirting do. English and Canadian Blankets, Waterproof Tweeds, Overcoatings.
HOSIERY & GLOVE DEPARTMENT.	Breakfast Shawls, Fancy Woollen Goods, Ladies Sct. Hose, Gent's Underclothing, Kid Mitts and Gloves,
RIBBON AND LACE DEPARTMENT.	Black and Coloured Velvet Ribbons, Tartan Velvet Ribbons, Black and Coloured Silk Ribbons, Tartan Silk Ribbons, New Linen Sets, Black and White Silk Laces, Hair Nets, New Style, Hair Puffs and Rolls, Cambric Handkerchiefs, Cushion Tassels, White Filacelle, Coloured Silk Twists.

Our Stock, for extent, variety, quality and price, stands unrivalled in Ottawa.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.
Ottawa, Dec. 8, 1870.

R. L. JAMES & CO.

DRESS GOODS.

A large assortment worth from 20 to 90 cents, at 15 to 80.

A

SPECIAL LINE

of French Merinos, very cheap.

BLACK SILKS,

very much under Market value, and considerably lower than present Ottawa prices.

MILLINERY.

It is now pretty generally known that in this Department, especially the prices, are EXCEEDINGLY MODERATE,

AT THE

GOLDEN LION.

R. L. JAMES & Co.

CHARLES J. TASKER, Accountant: Books posted, Accounts made out. Apply at the office of H F Hill, Solicitor, References Dr Hill, C H Fisher,
Ottawa, Nov 5, 187[illegible]

Railroads.

THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

ALTERATION OF TIME.

On and from MONDAY next, the 21st inst, three trains will run daily on this Railway as follows.

Going South Ottawa to Prescott.

MAIL will leave Ottawa at 9 30 a m, connecting at Prescott, with the Grand Trunk Express, for the West, and with the Ogdensburg Railway, for Boston, New York, &c
MAIL will leave Ottawa at 12 00 noon, connecting with the Grand Trunk Express, for Montreal,
EXPRESS will leave Ottawa at 10 30 p m, connecting with the Grand Trunk Expresses, East and West.

Going North Prescott to Ottawa.

MAIL will leave Prescott Junction at 6 a m, connecting with the G. T. Expresses East and West, and arriving in Ottawa at 8.30 a m.
MAIL will leave Prescott Junction at 1.25 p m, connecting with the G. T. Express leaving Montreal at 8 a m, and arriving in Ottawa at 3 45 p m.
EXPRESS will leave Prescott Junction at 4 30 p m, connecting with G. T. Expresses, East and West, and arriving in Ottawa at 7 p m
50 minutes allowed at Prescott Junction refreshments.
Tickets may be obtained on application to any of the Company's Agents, or at any of the Principal Stations of the Grand Trunk Railway.
All trains on this Line are run on Montreal time.
R LUTTRELL, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director
Ottawa, November 19, 1870.

CANADA CENTRAL AND BROCKVILLE AND OTTAWA RAILWAYS.

ALTERATION OF TRAINS,
Commencing DECEMBER 5, 1870.

SLEEPING CARS between TORONTO and Ottawa, going through in 13 HOURS.
On and after MONDAY, Dec. 5, TRAINS will run as follows:

Leave Brockville

EXPRESS, at 4.45 a m, connecting with Grand Trunk Express from the West, and arriving at Ottawa, at 8.30 a m.
MAIL TRAIN, at 7 30 a m, arriving at Ottawa at 1.50 p m.
EXPRESS, at 3.30 p m, connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express from the West, and arriving at Ottawa at 7.10 p m.

Leave Ottawa.

EXPRESS, at 9 40 a m, arriving at Brockville at 1.40 p m, and connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express going West.
MAIL TRAIN, at 3.45 p m, arriving at Brockville 9 15 p m.
EXPRESS, at 10.30 p m, arriving at Brockville at 3.15 a m, and connecting with Grand Trunk Night Express going West.
Arrive at Sand Point 1.35 and 7.10 p m.

Trains on Canada Central and Perth Branch make certain connections with all trains on B. & O. Railway
A Sleeping Car will leave Toronto on Monday, Wednesday and Friday nights, by the Grand Trunk 7.30 p m train, and go through to Ottawa, arriving at 8.30 a m.
Returning, it will leave Ottawa on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday nights, at 10 20 p m, and go through to Toronto by G. T. Train, arriving at Toronto at 11.30 a m.
Freight forwarded with despatch, as the C. C. and B & O. Railways are the same gauge as the Grand Trunk. Car loads go through in Grand Trunk Cars to all points, without transhipment.
Certain connections made with Grand Trunk Trains.
H ABBOTT,
Manager.
Brockville, Ont., Dec 1, 1870 1530f

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1870.] SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS. [1870

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at ..... 0 a m
Night do do do do do 0 p m
Accommodation Train for Cornwall and Intermediate Stations at..... 00 p m
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at..... 7:30 a m
Trains for Lachine at .....6:00 a m, 7:00 a m 9 15 a m, 12 noon, 1:30 p m, 4:00 p m and 6:30 p m.
The 1:30 p m train runs through to Provino Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at..... 7:00 a m
Express for Boston at..... 8:40 a m
Express for New York and Boston via Vermont Central at..... 8:45 p m
Express for New York and Boston via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at..... 6.00 a m
Express for Island Pond, at..... 2:00 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at..... .....10: 0 p m
Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.
The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotta" leaves Portland every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, for Halifax, N.S., respectively at 4 p m.
They has excellent accommodation for passenger and freight.
The International Company's Steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway leave Portland every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 6 p m, for St. John, N.B., &c.
Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.
For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Offices, Bon Station, and 39 Great St James Street.
CHAS. BRYDGES, Managing Director
Montreal, May, 1870.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street
A & H TAYLOR, Agents

TESTIMONIAL

—TO THE—

HON. SIR JOHN A. MACDONALD,

C.B., &c., &c., &c.

The friends of Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD propose to present that distinguished Statesman with a substantial Testimonial in recognition of his long and unselfish public services
Steps are being taken to afford his friends in all parts of the Dominion an opportunity of joining in the proposed manifestation of esteem and regard.
The following gentlemen compose, (with power to add to their number,) the Committee at Ottawa:
The Hon. JAMES SKEAD,
His Worship the Mayor J ROCHESTER, Jr, Esq,
THOS REYNOLDS, Esq.
R W SCOTT, Esq, M P P,
Dr GRANT, M P,
E McGILLIVRAY, Esq,
H V NOEL, Esq.
H V Noel, Esq, has consented to act as Treasurer, to whom all communications may be addressed.
For the information of intending subscribers the names of the gentlemen composing the Central Committee at Toronto are subjoined, viz.:
His Worship the Mayor, B B HARMAN, Esq.
The Hon G W ALLAN
The Hon D L MACPHERSON,
The Hon JOHN CARLING, M P,
JOHN CRAWFORD, Esq, M P,
ANGUS MORRISON, Esq, M P,
F W CUMBERLAND, Esq, M P
J G WORTS, Esq.
E H RUTHERFORD, Esq,
W H HOWLAND, Esq,
G P RIDOUT, Esq,
JOHN SHEDDEN, Esq,
THOMAS DICK, Esq,
FRANK SHANLY, Esq,
T C CHISHOLM, Esq.
N BARNHART, Esq,
Ottawa, Dec 6, 1870 1532t

FROM THIS DAY FORTH I change the prices of all my Wood, that is to say, best Hard Wood $4 75, Sawn $5.00; Second best Hard Wood, 4.25 Sawn $4.50.
My Saw Mill is now in constant operation and ready, and will cut promptly in obedience to all orders.
JOHN HENRY.
Ottawa, Dec, 5. 1531-tf

THE TEA POT,
RIDEAU STREET.

The Proprietor begs to inform the lovers of THE TEA POT and the public generally, that the alterations are now completed, the whole premises having been thoroughly renovated and stocked with

New and Fresh Goods

Of the very best quality. He is now prepared to execute orders Wholesale and Retail, and every article will be guaranteed, as they have been selected with the greatest care.

Teas in great variety,
Coffee—the very best—roasted and ground daily,
Raisins, Currants, Figs, &c., &c.,
Port Wine, Sherry Wine, Brandy,
English Old Tom Gin—Booth's, Bernard's & Thompson's.

An Old Lady's Evening Wish.

My wishes soar not very high,
Nor do they widely roam
These moderate wishes are confin'd
To comforts found at home.

Give me what I enjoy so well—
A snug domestic scene;
And take my word, I fell myself
As happy as a Queen,

I'll tell you what I wish for now—
'Tis not a large desire;
I wish to sit at perfect ease,
Beside my evening fire.

I wish a friend or two would call,
To ask me how I do;
Then truly happy I should be,
And they'd be happy, too.

I'd set the tea things on the tray,
And we should all agree,
While taking ever-welcome cups
Of JOHN HILL'S wholesome tea.

The tea would gladen every heart,
And brighten every face;
And nothing more could we desire
In such a happy case.

With JOHN HILL'S Tea I always crown
The comforts of my home;
And when I can partake of this
My wishes seldom roam.

All goods delivered free (within the limits of the city) by our own waggons, and every attention will be paid to proper packing and delivery.
JOHN HILL,
"THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET.

"THE GEM."
The latest and richest
"PERFUME"
In the Dominion
Equal to Lubin's, and much less in price.
Patronized by the
ELITE OF MONTREAL.
Sold by every chemist in the city, and manufactured wholesale by
MUNRO & JACKSON,
1540b Druggists and Perfumers, Montreal.

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to Parliament for Private Bills, either for granting exclusive privileges, or conferring corporate powers for commercial or other purposes of profit, or for doing anything tending to affect the rights or property of other parties, are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the House of Commons (which are published in full in the "Canada Gazette"), to give TWO MONTHS' NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object), in the "Canada Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected, sending copies of the first and last of such notices to the Private Bill Office.
All Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the first three weeks of the Session.
ALFRED FODI,
Chf. Clk. Committees and Private Bills,
House of Commons.
Ottawa, 8th Dec., 1870 1536tf

FOR CHRISTMAS PRESENTS
—AND—
NEW YEAR'S GIFTS.

A great Variety of TOYS, ALBUMS, LADIES COMPANIONS, WRITING DESKS, JEWELLERY, JUVENILE BOOKS, and other Fancy Goods, at
HAUSER'S NEW STORE,
Rideau Street,
Ottawa, Dec 14, 1870 1539y

FOUND.

A Red and White Brindle HEIFER, Short Horns, turned in two years old past. The owner can have her by paying expenses. Apply at the Gate Hotel, James Meekin, Bank street Road, Township of Nepean.
December 14, 1870 1539 6

CARD OF THANKS.

The SAPEURS COMPANY beg to acknowledge the receipt of $14.17, per hands of Chief Langford, being a portion of a donation to the Brigade, for services during he late fire.
Ottawa, Dec. 14, 1870 1539tf

WANTED,
AN ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER,
Apply to Post Office, Box 244. 1540tf

THE METROPOLITAN
Building and Savings Society.
MONEY TO LOAN.

The above society having commenced operations on the 1st October last, have opened an office in Bang's Block, Elgin Street, Ottawa, and are now prepared to loan money on city or other property, at the lowest rates, repayable by monthly instalments, or otherwise, to suit borrowers.
Apply to
JAMES COX,
Secretary-Treasurer.
Ottawa, 13th December, 1870. 1540t1J71

JAMES PEACOCK,
FURS,

FURS, FURS,
FURS.
I beg to intimate that my FUR STOCK is now complete in every
DEPARTMENT.
AN EARLY CALL IS SOLICITED.
Remember the place,
33 Rideau Street.
OPPOSITE OLD STAND.

THOMAS ISAAC,
DEALER IN
Shelf and Heavy Hardware
HENEY'S STONE BUILDING,
Wellington Street, Upper Town, Ottawa
Cooking and Fancy Stove
Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope,
Twine, Glass, Oil,
Putty, &c.,
Always on Hand.
Ottawa December 29, 1869. 1236.1

DR. DICKINSON,
RESIDENCE and SURGERY, Kent Street.

T HUNTON SHOOLBRED & Co
47. SPARKS ST. 49.
Will receive this week "per Express," from ONDON, England,
2 CASES OF MILLINERY,
Containing the VERY LATEST Styles in
Bonnets, Hats,
and some very Choice things in
Flowers, Feathers and Trimmings,
Per S. S. "MORAVIAN."
1 Case Extra Cloths, in the new
Satin Cloths,
Trimming to match all our Fashionable
Dress Goods.
—ALSO—
1 Case of Newest
Mantle Cloths.
The "OLIVE GREEN" appears still prove the most fashionable, and of the above, we are in receipt of ten piece
"New Seal and plucked Otter Skins hand."
Fancy Wove Goods still arriving.
Clouds, Breakfast Shawls, Ties &c.,
in endless Variety.
T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO
47 and 49 Sparks Street.
Ottawa, Oct 11 1870.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,
14 RIDEAU STREET,
Have now received a full supply of
NEW FALL GOODS
—IN ALL—
DEPARTMENTS.
Ottawa, September 26, 1870

RICHARD HIGMAN,
FAMILY AND DISPENSING CHEMIST,
LATE MANAGER,
MEDICAL HALL,
SPARKS STREET,
Wishes to return sincere thanks to his friends and the public, for the kind sympathy evinced toward him, on the occasion of the late fire.
He now begs to inform them that he will commence business on his own account, in a few days, in part of Mr McLean's Auction Room, in rear of John Root' Cigar Store, with entirely new stock, of Drugs, Chemicals Patent Medicines, Perfumery, &c., and trusts the public will appreciate his attention to business, with the same kind patronage that was extended to him in his situation.
Ottawa, Dec 16, 1870 1541y

ST. JAMES' HOTEL,
METCALFE AND QUEEN STREETS.
The Proprietor, G. B EVANS,
Begs respectfully to announce to the public in general that the above premises will be opened for business this day, 29th inst., and hopes by strict attention to business and moderate charges, to merit their patronage and favour.
Ottawa, Nov 29, 1870 1526tf

FOR SALE, OR EXCHANGE

For Property in Montreal, improved or unimproved, the new Mansard Roof Stone House situated in Victoria Crescent, having all the modern conveniences of heat, water and gas, good cut building, on an ample Lot, and enjoying the finest river view in Ottawa. For further particulars apply to W C. SMILLIE, on the premises, or at the Office of the BRITISH AMERICAN BANK NOTE COMPANY, Wellington Street.
Ottawa, Dec. 3, 1870 1530 1m

STILL THEY COME!

34 PACKAGES NEW GOODS,

JUST RECEIVED,

—BY—

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

Comprising amongst other Goods the following:—

1 Case French Merinoes,
1 Case Kid Gloves and Hosiery,
1 Case Plain and Terry Ribbons, and Plain and Tartan Sash Ribbons,
1 Case Black and Colored Ribbon Velvets
1 Case New Jackets,
1 Case Waterproof Tweeds,
1 Case Ladies Hats,
1 Case Embroidered Muslin Sets, for Evening wear,
1 Case Hair Nets and Silk Spangles, for Dress Trimmings,
1 Case Sheetings,
1 " White Cottons,
1 Bale Serges,
1 " Scarlet Flannels,
1 Case Fancy Flannels,
1 " Canadian Flannels,
3 Bales Canadian Grey Blankets,
2 Cases Cornwall White Blankets,
6 Cases Heavy Tweeds,
3 " Light Grey Etoffes,
2 " Mid Grey "
3 " Oxford "

With other Goods too numerous to particularise.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

Would say that their Stock, notwithstanding their Immense Sales during the last 3 months (without doubt the largest ever made by any Dry Goods House in Ottawa) was never so well assorted at this season of the year as it is just now.

INSPECTION INVITED.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

Ottawa, Dec. 16, 1870.

VERY IMPORTANT SALE.

DAMAGED GOODS.

SOLD ON ACCOUNT OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

ON TUESDAY, 20th DEC., 1870

Mr BOOKER has received instructions from the Grand Trunk Railway Company, to sell by Auction, at their Stores, Point St Charles, the Goods damaged by the accident at the St Francis Bridge, near Richmond, Q, comprising:
General Dry Goods, Blankets, Furs, Buffalo Robes General Groceries, Tobaccos, Teas, Cheese Firkin Butter, Bris Flour, Feed, Fruit, Fish, Liquors, Oils, Hardware, Sewing Machines Pumps, Bar and other Iron, Chains, Saws Clothing, Boots and Shoes, Rubber Over Shoes, Sole Leather, Fancy Goods, Paper Hangings, Stationary, and other Merchandise in Cases, Casks and Barrels, in great variety.
Sale at TEN o'clock, A M.
A BOOKER,
Auctioneer.
Montreal, Dec 15, 1870 1541td

LIFE ASSOCIATION OF SCOTLAND.

Invested Funds Upwards of $1,300,000 Sterling.

HEAD OFFICE FOR CANADA,
MONTREAL.

This institution differs from other Life Offices in that the Bonus from Profits are applied on a special system for the Policy Holders.
Personal Benefit and Enjoyment during his own Lifetime, with the option of large Bonus additions to the sum assured. The Policy Holder thus obtains
A LARGE REDUCTION OF PRESENT OUTLAY
OR A PROVISION FOR OLD AGE,
of a most important amount in the one Cash payment, or a life annuity, without any expense or outlay whatever beyond the ordinary assurance premium for the original sum assured, which remains intact for the Policy Holder's heirs, or other purposes.
P WARDLAW, Secretary.
AGENTS—Messrs J T & W PENNOCK Ottawa.
December 15, 1870. 1541 3m

CANADA PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Application will be made to Parliament, at its next Session, for the Incorporation of a Company to construct a Railway through British North America, connecting with the present Railway system of Canada, and thence to proceed to the North of Lake Superior and through the North West Territory to the Yellow or Leathe Head Pass of the Rocky Mountains, there to connect with the projected Railway through British Columbia to the Pacific,—with such powers and privileges as may be necessary to carry the same into operation.
ALFRED WADDINGTON.
Ottawa, Oct. 21, 1870 1498 2m

Railroads.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY OF CANADA.

Special attention is directed to this Company's announcement, in regard to the

RUNNING OF TRAINS FOR THE NSUING SE ON.

In addition to the Fast Time which it is intended to make between the

EAST AND WEST,

With close connections at all points. The line will be equipped with handsome

NEW FIRST-CLASS CARS,

Unsurpassed on the continent.

TRAINS WILL RUN BETWEEN

Portland and Montreal in 13 Hours.
Montreal and Toronto in 13 Hours.
Stopping only at the most important Stations.

As fast as completed,

PULMAN S

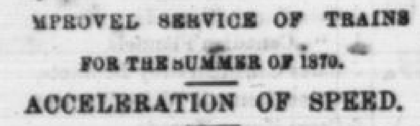
PALACE SLEEPING CARS

Will be run on the Through Trains and the service will be perform d over the entire line in a manner equal to that of any railway or this continent. Special arrangements have been made to accommodate the pleasure travel.

For further particulars see advertisements and time tables.

C J BRYDGES,
Managing Director.

June 3 1870. 1427tf



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY OF CANADA

IMPROVED SERVICE OF TRAINS FOR THE SUMMER OF 1870.

ACCELERATION OF SPEED.

NEW CARS ON ALL EXPRESS TRAINS.

Portland to Montreal in 13 Hours.
Montreal to Toronto in 13 Hours.

On and after JUNE 13th the new arrangements will be put in force, and trains will leave Montreal as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points west at	9 00 a m
NIGHT, do do	9 00 p m
Mail Train for Toronto and intermediate Stations	7 00 a m
Accommodation Train for Brockville and intermediate stations	5 00 p m
Trains for Lachine a 6 00 a m, 7 00 a m, 9 15 am, 12 noon, 1 30 p m, 4 00 p m, 5 30 p m, and 6 30 p m. The 3 30 p m Train runs through to Province Line.	

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and intermediate stations at	7 10 a m
Express for Boston, via Vermont Central, at	9 00 a m
Express for New York and Boston, via Vermont Central, at	3 45 p m
Express for New York and Boston, via Plattsburg, Lake Champlain, Burlington and Rutland, at	6 00 a m
Do do do do	4 00 p m
Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham, Portland and Lower Provinces at	1 30 p
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, and the Lower Provinces, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St Hilaire, St Hyacinthe, Upton, Acton, Richmond, Brompton Falls, Sherbrooke, Lennoxville, Compton, Coaticooke and Norton Mills only at	10 10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all night trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotta" leave Portland for Halifax, N S, every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, respectively, at 4 00 p m. They have excellent accommodations for passengers and Freight.

The International Company's Steamers running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every Monday and Thursday at 6 00 p m for St John, N B, &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station, or at No 39, Great St James Street.

C J BRYDGES,
Managing Director.

June 3, 1870 1425tf

DOMINION TELEGRAPH INSTITUTE.

34 KING STREET EAST,
TORONTO, ONT.

ESTABLISHED IN 1868,

For the purpose of qualifying Operators for the

TELEGRAPH AND RAILROAD LINES

Then and now so rapidly building in the Dominion and United States. It is become one of the Permanent Institutions of the Country.

And has turned out

OVER 100 OPERATORS,

Who now fill important positions with

GOOD SALARIES,

LADIES and GENTLEMEN desiring to learn this light and honourable profession, should do so at once. The average length of time required is three months. Ladies learn more rapidly than gentlemen. Both sexes admitted from 14 years of age and upwards.

For full particulars and terms address

T H CHURCHILL,
Toronto, Ontario.

Ottawa, September 22, 1870 1411

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOW

INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMERS:

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.

Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown	35 00

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX.

First Cabin, Payable in Gold

Liverpool or Queenstown	$100 00
Halifax	20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	45 00

Steerage, Payable in Currency.

Liverpool or Queenstown	30 00
Halifax	15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer	30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's Offices,

JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
15 Broadway, New York,
or HERRICK & CROMBIE, Ottawa.

WANTED.

For the First and Second Departments of the Arnprior Common School, two MALE TEACHERS. Salary for first, four hundred; second, three hundred dollars per annum. Services to commence about 1st January, 1871. Applications received up to 1st December, 1870. Stating qualifications, &c.

DR. CRANSTON
Chairman
GEO. CRAIG.
Secretary.

ior, Nov 9, 1870 1699

Medical.

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

As a family Remedy it is well and favourably known relieving thousands from pain in the

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Has now been before the public for a length of time and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions have been properly followed, but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing the Diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it. Price only Twenty-five Cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN.

Sold in Ottawa by H F McCarthy, J Skinner, John Roberts, J P Featherston, George Mortimer, W M Massey, and all Medicine Dealers.

November 30, 1870 1537y

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!

The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

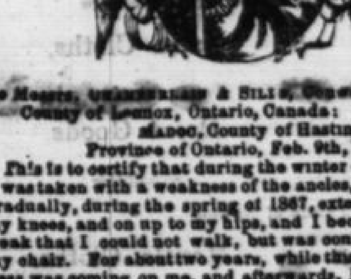
They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great edicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Erustown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hecey, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1. 1y



To Messrs. [illegible] & [illegible], County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:

MADOC, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869.

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless. I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings his ninth day of February, 1869.

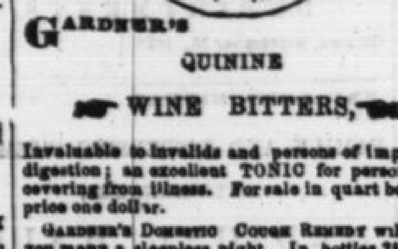
A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle

A F WOOD, J P.

Warden County of Hastings Province of Ontario, D of Canada.

For sale by DRUGGISTS



AND GROCERS

GARDNER'S QUININE WINE BITTERS,

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons recovering from illness. For sale in quart bottle; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children—it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardener's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best ask for GARDENER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.
Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

J GARDENER, Chemist,
457 Notre Dame street, Montreal,
Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

DUTCH BULBS!

The Subscriber has just received a full assortment from a celebrated Grower in HOLLAND, both for Spring Gardening and in-door Culture.

THE ASSORTMENT INCLUDES

Hyacinths, many varieties,
Tulips, "
Lilies, "
Narcissus, "
Jouquills, "
Anemones, "
Ranunculus, "
&c., &c.

The Flower Roots above mentioned not coming to hand till late in the season, are offered for sale at low prices.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE,
Druggist,
40 Sparks-st, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Nov. 18, 1870

Medical.

GABRIEL'S PREPARATIONS

MESSRS GABRIEL. Dentists. LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.

FOR THE TEETH.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH.

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers MESSRS. GABRIEL, The old-established Dentists,

64 Ludgate Hill, London,
And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache, no matter how far decayed Price is 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations.

GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. The beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth. Price 5s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE, for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; is is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.

See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it. Price 5s.

PARTIES AT A DISTANCE REQUIRING ARTIFICIAL TEETH may have them supplied, in partial or complete sets, on Messrs. Gabriel's new system, by sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of One Guinea, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded, with all necessary instructions Messrs. Gabriel will undertake to Remodel or Repair Artificial Teeth made by other Dentists, [which do not prove satisfactory], at moderate charges.

Messrs. Gabriel's Pamphlet on Artificial Teeth and Painless Dentistery on receipt of postage.

_ All letters to be addressed to 64 LUDGATE HILL, LONDON. 1323 2awem 1awk6m

MADRID 1867

ALKABASAR

ARRIVED AT LAST!

This elegant Turkish TONIC is one of the most salutary and delicate preparations ever submitted for public approval in this hemisphere, and asserts its pretentions to patronage on the following grounds:—

That it is a preparation of one of the most eminent Purveyors to the Ottoman Court.

It prevents acidity of the Stomach.

It relieves lowness of spirits.

It is a mild and invigorating tonic, and a oct efficient but innocuous stimulent.

It renders the breath sweet and agreeable.

It stimulates the appetite if taken BEFORE meals.

It promotes digestion if taken AFTER meals.

It neutralizes the propensity for strong liquors.

It renders the intellect bright and clear.

If taken habitually it imparts vitality and energy to all the bodily organs.

By its use a man of 70 will become, as it were, restored to the elasticity of 30; and to persons of delicate constitutions it is strongly recommended.

It is an especial favourite with Oriental ladies.

Secure, then, health, longevity and vital energy by the habitual use of the

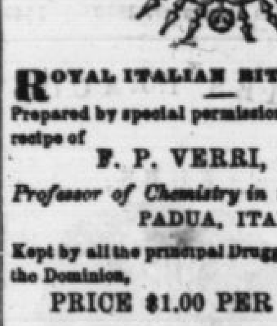
ALKABASAR TURKISH TONIC.

Kept in stock by the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.

For directions for use see labels on bottles.

HENRY CHAPMAN & CO.,
EVANS, MERCER & CO.,
Montreal,
Sole Agents for the Dominion

Montreal, July 6. 1415-y



ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission from the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion,

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,

Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F GIANELLI.

H. R. FRIPP,

ORGANIST AND TEACHER OF MUSIC.

Residence—Elgin Street, South of Slater Street. Classes for beginners at Mr Gowan's Hall on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 4½ p m.

Ottawa, July 15th, 1870, 1410

MUSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau street, corner of King-street.

Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 773y

LOST

From the Farm of MRS. STEWART on the bank of the Canal, on the 29th inst., TWENTY-THREE LAMBS, marked with a stroke on the back with ar. Information to be given to WM SLATTERY, Butcher By Ward Market.

August 1

Commission Merchants

J. BERMINGHAM,

GENERAL AUCTIONEER.

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit continuance of the support and patronage liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch of business he would respectfully intimate, that in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons, and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p. m Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required.

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 25.

Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hands for sale

J BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, March 1870.

W. FOOTE & COMPANY,

IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALER

—IN—

TEAS AND WINES,

6 HOSPITAL STREET

MONTREAL.

Ottawa' August 23, 1870 1444tf

DOMINICK FOX.

GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,

Clarence Street, next to the City Hotel Ottawa.

Solicits the patronage of the Lumber Merchants generally on the Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging men and attending to their rafts while passing here to the best of his ability.

REFERENCES.

Alex Fraser, Esq. Walter Smith, Esq.
Joh oupore, Esq. R W Cruice, Esq.

1334t.

W. H. EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS, FORWARDERS

DEALERS IN

Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c

OTTAWA,

End of Little Sussex-st.

Cash advanced on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases

W. H. EASTON R. M. EASTON

FOR SALE.

MESS AND PRIME MESS PORK.

FLOUR NO. 1 & EXTRA

WHITE BEANS,

At Ottawa, Sand Point and Pembroke.

S CHRISTIE,
No 5 Sparks street.

Ottawa 18, 1870

Insurance.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY of Canada, Head Office, Toronto.

President—The Hon John Hillyard Cameron M P.

Vice President—Lewis Moffatt, Esq.

Other Directors—C J Campbell, Esq, Hon Malcolm Cameron, W T Macdonnell, Esq, A R McMaster, Esq, H S Howland, Esq, Geo Duggan Esq, A T Fulton, Esq, Angus Morrison, Esq, M P J S Crocker, Esq.

Banker—The Canadian Bank of Commerce.

Agents for Ottawa—Messrs J T & W PENNOCK.

The rates of the PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY are as low as its long experience has shewn to be profitable.

The test of the value of insurance is, however not when the premiums are being paid, but when losses are being settled, and, from the equity and promptness of its settlements the Provincial Insurance Company is second to none.

Its Inspectors are alway sent to adjust every important loss directly it occurs.

It has no adjusted losses due and unpaid.

It respectfully solicits a share of the patronage of the insuring public of Ottawa.

ARTHUR HARVEY,
Manager.

1298tf

UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No: 104.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B.

For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.

have this day, deposited with the Receiver General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81.

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN,
Manager.

Ottawa, November 7 1868. 894tf

FOR SALE.

A beautiful country residence with Fifteen (15) acres of Land (or more if necessary) attached, the house and outbuildings being completely surrounded by a grove of lovely shade trees. The whole within 10 minutes drive of the Government buildings.

Terms of sale, cash, if preferable to purchaser otherwise a small payment down, and the balance in from 1 to 10 years, to suit purchaser.

Apply to the Proprietor,

R A BRADLEY,
Solicitor, Elgin-st., Ottawa.
Nearly opposite the Post Office.

N. B.—Money to lend on Real Estate. Terms easy.

OUT TO-DAY.

THE

Canadian Parliamentary Calendar

AND

Directory for 1870.

To be obtained

1299x OTE & CO., and JOHNS & HOLLAND

Medical.

Ayer's

Hair Vigor,

For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.

A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. *Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color with the gloss and freshness of youth.* Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

HAIR DRESSING,

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,
PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS,
LOWELL, MASS.
PRICE $1.00.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

For Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption.

Probably never before in the whole history of medicine, has anything won so widely and so deeply upon the confidence of mankind, as this excellent remedy for pulmonary complaints. Through a long series of years, and among most of the races of men it has risen higher and higher in their estimation, as it has become better known. Its uniform character and power to cure the various affections of the lungs and throat, have made it known as a reliable protector against them. While adapted to milder forms of disease and to young children, it is at the same time the most effectual remedy that can be given for incipient consumption, and the dangerous affections of the throat and lungs. As a provision against sudden attacks of *Croup*, it should be kept on hand in every family, and indeed as all are sometimes subject to colds and coughs, all should be provided with this antidote for them.

Although settled *Consumption* is thought incurable, still great numbers of cases where the disease seemed settled, have been completely cured, and the patient restored to sound health by the *Cherry Pectoral*. So complete is its mastery over the disorders of the Lungs and Throat, that the most obstinate of them yield to it. When nothing else could reach them, under the *Cherry Pectoral* they subside and disappear.

Singers and Public Speakers find great protection from it.

Asthma is always relieved and often wholly cured by it.

Bronchitis is generally cured by taking the *Cherry Pectoral* in small and frequent doses.

So generally are its virtues known that we need not publish the certificates of them here, or do more than assure the public that its qualities are fully maintained.

Ayer's Ague Cure,

For Fever and Ague, Intermittent Fever, Chill Fever, Remittent Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical or Bilious Fever, &c., and indeed all the affections which arise from malarious, marsh, or miasmatic poisons.

As its name implies, it does *Cure*, and does not fail. Containing neither Arsenic, Quinine, Bismuth, Zinc, nor any other mineral or poisonous substance whatever, it in nowise injures any patient. The number and importance of its cures in the ague districts, are literally beyond account, and we believe without a parallel in the history of Ague medicine. Our pride is gratified by the acknowledgments we receive of the radical cures effected in obstinate cases, and where other remedies had wholly failed.

Unacclimated persons, either resident in, or travelling through miasmatic localities, will be protected by taking the *AGUE CURE* daily.

For *Liver Complaints*, arising from torpidity of the Liver, it is an excellent remedy, stimulating the Liver into healthy activity.

For Bilious Disorders and Liver Complaints, it is an excellent remedy, producing many truly remarkable cures, where other medicines had failed.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & Co., Practical and Analytical Chemists, Lowell, Mass., and sold all round the world

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

DARLEY'S

ARABIAN OIL

FOR HORSES AND CATTLE

A NEVER-FAILING REMEDY.

This valuable preparation combines all the medicinal virtues of those articles which long experience has proved to possess the most safe and efficient properties for the cure of Flesh Wounds, Sprains, Bruises, Galls of all kinds, Cracked Heels, Ring Bone, Spavin, Callous, Pistula, Sweeney, External Poisons, Scratches or Grease, Strains, Lameness, Mange, Witows, Corns, Sand Cracks, Foundered Feet, Horn Distemper, Swellings, and many other diseases which horses and cattle are subject to.

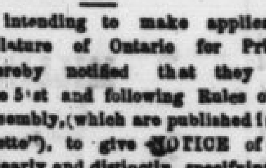
The celebrated Liniment has been used for many years, and its curative properties thoroughly tested, and it is conceded to be the cheapest and most reliable remedy for all external complaints ever offered to the public —it never fails when timely used and faithfully applied.

To be had of all Druggists and Country Merchants throughout the Dominion. Price 25c. per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont.
Proprietors.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W M Massey, H F McCarthy, J Skinner, in Ottawa, all Medicine Dealers.

November 24, 1870 1522tf



PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly, (which are published in the "Ontario Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the Session.

CHARLES T GILLMOR,
Clerk of the House.

Toronto March 15, 1870 1309 td 1awk.

NOTICE

Is hereby given, that an application will be made to the Legislature of the Province of Ontario at its next Session, for an Act to authorize the construction of Water Works in and for the City of Ottawa.

WM P LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa,
October 12th, 1870 1493 1awk-3m

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.

W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

R. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.

REFERENCES.—R ASims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reyrolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.

OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

PRESERVE YOUR ROOFS.

PATENT PLASTIC SLATE PAINT,

Is the best and cheapest material in use for preserving new, or repairing old

IRON OR TIN ROOFS,

No matter how bad their condition. Also fire

SHINGLE ROOFS,

Making them

FIRE AND WATER PROOF,

Hardens into a coating of SOLID SLATE by exposure.

Price $6 a barrel, mixed ready for use.

A barrel will cover 10 squares (10 x 10)

SHEATHING FELT

For lining Frame Buildings under the clap boards. An effectual protection against cold, damp and vermin. Rats and mice will come near it.

No FRAME DWELLING should be without

Send for circular, instructions, &c.

BUCHANAN & CO.,

Wholesale Depot for Roofing Materia and Founder's Supplies,

32 Lemoine Street,
Montreal.

Ottawa, September 21, 1870 1468

A. E. GENDREAU,

HAIR DRESSING PARLOUR,
Wellington street,

Opposite the Bank of Montreal.

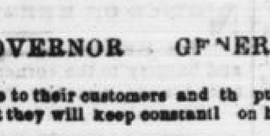
MR GENDREAU, the proprietor of that so popular Parlour, has the pleasure to announce to his numerous friends and the public in general, that to answer to the great encouragement which he has received up to the present, he has determined to enlarge and thoroughly furnish anew his establishment He will save no expense to render Parlour the most comfortable, and o procu the most experienced hair dressers.

MR GENDREAU having served considerable time in some of the best and most extensive Hair Dressing Saloons in the Dominion and United States, is in a position to conduct the duties of his establishment in a manner that cannot be surpassed.

He will have always on hand he best perfumes imported directly from Paris and London.

MR GENDREAU solicits a visit to convince all of the truth of his statements

SATCHELL BROS



BUTCHERS TO

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantly on hand

FRESH KILLED

STALL-FED

BEEF AND MUTTON.

ALSO,

THEIR CELEBRATED,

SPICED AND SALT ROUND,

AND

ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES,

To be had at

THEIR STALLS,

Nos. 5 and 7,

BY-WARD MARKET.

No Benzine or Coal Oil used.

THE LANG PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT

A. W. LANG, Sparks Street.

HANDSOME WALL PAINTING

FOR STYLISH SIGNS

PEOPLE'S TELEGRAPH COMPANY

Incorporated under Chapter LXVII of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada.

OTTAWA OFFICE—G P DRUMMOND'S Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.

DIRECTORS:

A JOSEPH, Chairman; D C THOMSON, Treasurer; S B FOOTE A THOMSON, T H DUNN. DRUMMOND Manager 1141tf

TWO OR THREE GENTLEMAN can be accommodated with

ROOMS, WITH OR WITHOUT BOARD.

Apply at MR. ROWSELLS, Opposite the Union Hotel, Centre Town.

Ottawa July 5, 1870. 1400 tf

EDGAR DOWARD, Organist, Christ Church, teacher of Organ, Piano and Singing Residence—O'Connor street. Mr. Doward was formerly Choirster Boy and Articled Pupil of Mr W. Done, of Worcester Cathedral, England.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

In the matter of

JOSEPH HENRY CASSELS,

the Village of Kenmore

AN INSOLVENT.

ASSIGNEES SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power vested in me as Assignee of the estate and effects of the above named Insolvent, I shall offer for sale by Public Auction, at the Court House, in the City of Ottawa, at the hour of 12 o'clock, noon on FRIDAY, the TWENTY-FIFTH day of NOVEMBER next, all the estate, right, title, interest and equity of redemption of the said Insolvent, and of myself, as such Assignee as aforesaid, in and to that certain parcel or tract of land and premises situate, lying and being in the Township of Gloucester, in the County of Carleton, containing by admeasurement fifty acres of land be the same more or less, being composed of the west quarter of lot number two, in the third Concession of the said Township, Rideau Front.

Terms and conditions made known at the time of sale, and particulars can be had by applying

CHAS BAILLIE,
Assignee,
401 Notre Dame St.

Dated Montreal, 17th Sept, 1870. 1469 3aw27t

GREAT

CENTRAL AIR LINE ROUTE

VIA

GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.

[The Model Road of Canada]

To Sarnia, Detroit, Milwaukee.

CHICAGO,

Cincinnati, St. Louis, New Orleans, and all Points in the West and South.

NORTHERN TRANSPORTATION CO'S 20 First-Class Upper Cabin Steamers.

DAILY LINE BETWEEN

OGDENSBURG & CHICAGO,

Making sure connections with Railway all Points West and South.

Parties going west can secure Tickets at this office to any Point desired,

VIA

ALL RAIL OR ALL BOAT

Fares always cheaper than by any other Route.

Be sure and procure TICKETS at this office by the

GREAT CENTRAL ROUTE

AND SAVE MONEY, TIME AND DISTANCE

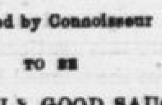
Comparitive distance of the several Western Routes to Chicago:

American—Ogdensburg or Prescott to Chicago	850	miles
Grand Trunk to Detroit	736	do
Grand Trunk to Toronto, Great Western to Detroit	730	do
Leaving in favor of the Great Central Route	120	do

For TICKETS to any Points in the United States, and all information apply to

J P CORCORAN,

General Western Railway and Steamboat Ticket office, at H Palmer's store, next to Fingland & Draper's, Sussex st, two doors from Rideau st



LEA & PERRINS'

CELEBRATED

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

Declared by Connoisseur

TO BE

THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.

CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivalled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the enuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,

and to see that their names are upon the wrapper labels, stopper and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c, &c, and by Grocers and Oilmen universally 52v1236 law

IN CHANCERY.

Pursuant to a decree of the Court of Chancery, made in a cause Spain vs. Watt, the Creditors of Martin Spain, late of the Township of Nepean, in the County of Carleton who died in or about the month of NOVEMBER, 1867, are on or before the 15th NOVEMBER next, to send by post prepaid, to Messrs. Kennedy & Christie, of the City of Ottawa, the Solicitor of the Defendant, Arthur Watt, the Executor of the deceased, their christian and surnames, addresses and descriptions, the full particulars of their claims, a statement of their accounts and the nature of the securities (if any) held by them, or in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said decree

Every Creditor holding any security is to produce the same before me at my Chambers, at the City of Ottawa, on the 23rd day of November, 1870, at 11 o'clock, in the forenoon, being the time appointed for adjudication on the claims.

Dated the 21st day of October, 1870.

(Signed), W. M. MATHESON,
Master at Ottawa

SCOTT & ROSS,
Plaintiff's Solicitors.

Ottawa, Oct 24, 1870 1495 1

PRESTON & ROWSELL.

MILITARY TAILO

—AND—

HABIT MAKERS

NO. 36 SPARKS STREET

A SELECT ASSORTMENT

OF

Tweeds,

Broad Cloths,

Doe Skins,

Fancy Coatings,

Vestings, &c.

SHIRTS MADE TO ORDER

PRESTON & ROWSELL PRESTON & ROWSELL

Ottawa, July 26, 1870.

HIGHER EDUCATION.

HELLMUTH COLLEGE.

Board and Tuition per annum, $22.

HELLMUTH LADIES' COLLEGE

Inaugurated by H. R. H. Prince Arthur. Board and Tuition $236 per annum.

PRESIDENT:—The Very Rev. I. Hellmuth, D.D., Dean of Huron

For Particulars apply to Major Evans, London, Canada West.

August 8, 1870.

Sarsaparilla

The reputation this excellent medicine enjoys is derived from its cures, many of which are truly marvellous. Inveterate cases of Scrofulous disease, where the system seemed saturated with corruption, have been purified and cured by it. Scrofulous affections and disorders which were aggravated by the scrofulous contamination until they were painfully afflicting, have been radically cured in such great numbers in almost every section of the country, that the public scarcely need to be informed of its virtues or uses.

Scrofulous poison is one of the most destructive enemies of our race. Often, this unseen and unfelt tenant of the organism undermines the constitution, and invites the attack of enfeebling or fatal diseases, without exciting a suspicion of its presence. Again, it seems to breed infection throughout the body, and then, on some favorable occasion, rapidly develop into one or other of its hideous forms, either on the surface or among the vitals. In the latter, tubercles may be suddenly deposited in the lungs or heart, or tumors formed in the liver, or it shows its presence by eruptions on the skin, or foul ulcerations on some part of the body. Hence the occasional use of a bottle of this *Sarsaparilla* is advisable, even when no active symptoms of disease appear. Persons afflicted with the following complaints generally find immediate relief, and, at length, cure, by the use of this *SARSAPARILLA*: *St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Sore Ears*, and other eruptions or visible forms of *Scrofulous* disease. Also in the more concealed forms, as *Dyspepsia, Dropsy, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Neuralgia*, and the various *Ulcerous* affections of the muscular and nervous systems.

Syphilis or *Venereal* and *Mercurial Diseases* are cured by it, though a long time is required for subduing these obstinate maladies by any medicine. But long continued use of this medicine will cure the complaint. *Leucorrhoea* or *Whites, Uterine Ulcerations*, and *Female Diseases*, are commonly soon relieved and ultimately cured by its purifying and invigorating effect. Minute directions for each case are found in our Almanac, supplied gratis. *Rheumatism* and *Gout*, when caused by accumulations of extraneous matters in the blood, yield quickly to it, as also *Liver Complaints, Torpidity, Congestion* or *Inflammation* of the *Liver*, and *Jaundice*, when arising, as they often do, from the rankling poisons in the blood. This *SARSAPARILLA* is a great restorer for the strength and vigor of the system. Those who are *Languid* and *Listless, Despondent, Sleepless*, and troubled with *Nervous Apprehensions* or *Fears*, or any of the affections symptomatic of *Weakness*, will find immediate relief and convincing evidence of its restorative power upon trial.

PREPARED BY

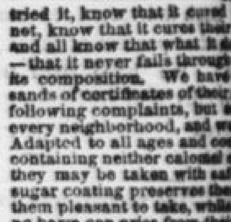
Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Practical and Analytical Chemists.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills

For all the purposes of a Laxative Medicine.



Perhaps no one medicine is so universally required by everybody as a cathartic, nor was ever any before so universally adopted into use, in every country and among all classes, as this mild but efficient purgative Pill. The obvious reason is, that it is a more reliable and far more effectual remedy than any other. Those who have tried it, know that it cured them; those who have not, know that it cures their neighbors and friends, and all know that what it does once it does always —that it never fails through any fault or neglect of its composition. We have thousands upon thousands of certificates of their remarkable cures of the following complaints, but such cures are known in every neighborhood, and we need not publish them. Adapted to all ages and conditions in all climates; containing neither calomel or any deleterious drug, they may be taken with safety by anybody. Their sugar coating preserves them ever fresh and makes them pleasant to take, while being purely vegetable no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.

They operate by their powerful influence on the internal viscera to purify the blood and stimulate it into healthy action—remove the obstructions of the stomach, bowels, liver, and other organs of the body, restoring their irregular action to health, and by correcting, wherever they exist, such derangements as are the first origin of disease.

Minute directions are given in the wrapper on the box, for the following complaints, which these *Pills* rapidly cure:—

For *Dyspepsia* or *Indigestion, Listlessness, Languor* and *Loss of Appetite*, they should be taken moderately to stimulate the stomach and restore its healthy tone and action.

For *Liver Complaint* and its various symptoms, *Bilious Headache, Sick Headache, Jaundice* or *Green Sickness, Bilious Colic* and *Bilious Fevers*, they should be judiciously taken for each case, to correct the diseased action or remove the obstructions which cause it.

For *Dysentery* or *Diarrhoea*, but one mild dose is generally required.

For *Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the Side, Back* and *Loins*, they should be continuously taken, as required, to change the diseased action of the system. With such change those complaints disappear.

For *Dropsy* and *Dropsical Swellings* they should be taken in large and frequent doses to produce the effect of a drastic purge.

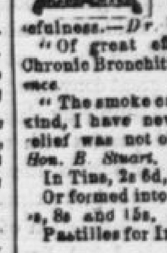
For *Suppression* a large dose should be taken as it produces the desired effect by sympathy.

As a *Dinner Pill*, take one or two *Pills* to promote digestion and relieve the stomach.

An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and bowels into healthy action, restores the appetite, and invigorates the system. Hence it is often advantageous where no serious derangement exists. One who feels tolerably well, often finds that a dose of these *Pills* makes him feel decidedly better, from their cleansing and renovating effect on the digestive apparatus.

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical Chemists,
LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.

Ottawa, August 7, 1870.



FOR ASTHMA, and Chronic Bronchitis

DATURA TATULA

Affords Immediate Relief

"A remedy of great power ... efulness.—*Dr. W. Parker.*

"Of great efficacy in cases of Asthma and Chronic Bronchitis. —*Dublin Journal of Medical Science.*"

"The smoke causes no nausea. ... kind, I have never known ... relief was not obtained."—*General Alexander ... Hon. B. Stuart.*

In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.
Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, Boxes, 2s, 5s and 15s.
Pastilles for Inhalation ...

SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st, London.

AGENTS—Messrs F. Gundill & Co, Montreal

FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely affects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION of COD LIVER OIL, the fat eaten at meals, &c. Is ... superior to Pepsine.

Pancreatine Powder, ... and 12s6d. Pancreatine Wine ...

N.B.—Pancreatine ... taking Cod Liver Oil.

AGENTS—Messrs F.

NOTICE.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF ONTARIO

TORONTO, 29th October, 1870.

Notice is hereby given, that the last day for receiving Petitions for Private Bills will be WEDNESDAY, the TWENTY- ... day of DECEMBER next.

CHARLES T. GILLMOR, Clerk.

STRAYED,

Into the subscribers premises ... on the 17th, a KID, with collar and ... The owner can have it by proving property and paying this advertisement.

ROBERT SHEA

Ottawa, Nov 21, 1870

THE HOWLEY FARM TO LET.

Lot No 30, 1st Concession of Gloucester, Rideau Front, containing 300 acres, 150 acres well cleared and in good state of cultivation, opposite ... and fifteen miles from Ottawa, with good ... fences, a fine dwelling house, two story ... barns and outhouses complete, is now to be let on reasonable terms, for term of years. Apply for further particulars to

CHARLES ROWAN, Ottawa.

Ottawa September 5, 1870 1464tf

SEMINARY FOR YOUNG LADIES.

A Branch of the Monklands Villa, MONTREAL.

MARIA ESTABLISHMENT,

The Sisters of the Congregation de Notre Dame respectfully inform the public that they will open their classes on the 1st September.

Besides the Boarding School a Select Day School is attached to the establishment.

For particulars and terms apply to the

LADY SUPERIOR.

Corner of O'Connor and Wellington Streets.

Ottawa, August 12, 1870 1433tf

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the Office, Sparks-st., Centre Town, Ottawa. James Cotton, Managing Director.

The Times

VOL. VI. NO. 1543. OTTAWA, MONDAY, DECEMBER 19, 1870 PRICE—3 CENTS

Legal.

W. W. WARD, Barrister-at-Law, Advocate, &c., opposite the Russell House, Canada.

WRIGHT & CLEMOW, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. &c. for the Province of Ontario and Quebec. Office over Durie's Book Store, Sparks street.
McKAY WRIGHT. 1aw F C CLEMOW.

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and ... streets, Ottawa. 368y

O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

... & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the ... House, Ottawa.
... LESS. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the ... House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

... & KIMBER, Barristers and Attorneys at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, &c., for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec. Office—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.
... KEEFER. RENE EDWARD KIMBER.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

... HARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Wellington street, Ottawa.
... 366tf GEORGE TAILLON

N. PETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

Medical.

... DICKINSON,
Residence and Surgery Kent Street.

DOCTOR HENDERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Surgery—That recently occupied by Dr. Malloch, Duke st, Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1388y

... ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, east end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.
Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be found at his residence, Murray street.

... C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

... OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

GEORGE HUTCHISON, L. D. S.,
SURGEON DENTIST,
Sparks Street,
OPPOSITE "TIMES" OFFICE.

... HUTCHISON is fully prepared to supply sets of TEETH, or to insert single Teeth mounting, on either gold, silver or vulcanite ... so closely and easily to ... as to be capable of all the uses to which natural teeth are applied, without the ... inconvenience to the wearers, and after ... a short time in use, without even a consciousness of the presence of a substance foreign to the mouth.
... with a view to the removal of painful ... during the operation of extracting decayed or diseased teeth, has introduced into practice the use of the Nitrous Oxide or laughing gas, which the sufferer inhales without danger or inconvenience, and loses his tooth as it were in a pleasant dream.
... may be consulted any day, except Sunday, at his offices from 9 a. m. to 6 p. m.
Ottawa, September 2, 1870

Hotels and Saloons.

ST. JAMES' HOTEL,
METCALFE AND QUEEN STREETS.

The Proprietor, G. R. EVANS,

Begs respectfully to announce to the public in general that the above premises will be opened for business this day, 29th inst., and hopes by strict attention to business and moderate charges, to merit their patronage and favor.
Ottawa, Nov 29, 1870 1526tf

THE METROPOLITAN,
AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa.
P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

WAVERLY HOUSE,
BARRINGTON-STREET,
HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA.
Established 1851.
Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.
JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,
Corner James and King-sts.,
Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.
R. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)
A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*
Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brandies, Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Oysters, Game etc., daily

McDUIGNAN'S,
SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

A few more gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen visiting the Capital will find superior accommodation by the day or week at moderate terms.
This house is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Parliament Buildings and the ... 219tf

THE UNION HOUSE,
W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR,
CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS
OTTAWA.
EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.
The Bar always supplied with the
CHOICEST LIQUORS,
And the table spread with
EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON
Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.

C. T. R. HIGGINS,
Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and ... Rock Insurance Co, General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufactures and Mining Agent ... claims constantly on hand. Office, corner ... and Sparks streets, over Mann Bros ... Store.

DANCING AND DEPORTMENT.
Mrs Robert Stewart having made arrangements with an accomplished lady teacher, announces that her Dancing Classes will commence on Wednesday, the 22nd instant
Further particulars may be obtained on application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street.
Ottawa September 9th, 1869. 1148tf

CANADA AND
U. S. PATENT AGENCY.

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.
W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.
REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

EDGAR DOWARD, Organist, Christ Church, teacher of Organ, Piano and Singing. Residence—O'Connor street. Mr. Doward was formerly Choirster Boy and Articled Pupil of Mr W. Done, of Worcester Cathedral, England.

CHARLES J. TASKER, Accountant Books posted. Accounts made out. Apply at the office of H P Hill, Solicitor, References: Dr Hill, C H Pinhey.
Ottawa, Nov 5, 1st

H. R. FRIPP,
ORGANIST AND TEACHER OF MUSIC.
Residence—Elgin Street, South of Slater Street. Classes for beginners at Mr Gowan's Hall on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 4½ p m.
Ottawa, July 15th, 1870. 1410tf

MUSICAL ACADEMY.
Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street.
Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 773y

PEOPLE'S TELEGRAPH COMPANY
Incorporated under Chapter LXVII of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada

OTTAWA OFFICE—G P DRUMMOND'S Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.

DIRECTORS:
A JOSEPH, Chairman; D C THOMSON, Treasurer; S B FOOTE, A THOMSON, T H DUNN.
DRMMUOND Manager 1141tf

FOR SALE.
A beautiful country residence with Fifteen (15) Acres of Land (or more if necessary) attached; the house and outbuildings being completely surrounded by a grove of lovely shade trees. The whole within 10 minutes drive of the Government Buildings.
Terms of sale, cash, if preferable to purchaser otherwise a small payment down, and the balance ... from 1 to 10 years, to suit purchaser.
Apply to the Proprietor,
R A BRADLEY,
Solicitor, Elgin-st., Ottawa.
Nearly opposite the Post Office.
N. B.—Money to lend on Real Estate. Terms easy.

THE HOWLEY FARM TO LET.
Lot No 30, 1st Concession of Gloucester R Front, containing 300 acres, 150 acres well cleared and in good state of cultivation, opposite Manotic, and fifteen miles from Ottawa, with good fences, a fine dwelling house, two story high, barns and outhouses complete, is now to be on reasonable terms, fo term of years. Apply for further particulars to
CHARLES ROWAN,
Ottawa.
Ottawa September 5, 1870 1454tf&w37tf

A. E. GENDREAU,
HAIR DRESSING PARLOUR,
Wellington street,
Opposite the Bank of Montreal.

MR GENDREAU, the proprietor of that so popular Parlour, has the pleasure to announce to his numerous friends and the public in general, that to answer to the great encouragement which he has received up to the present, he has determined to enlarge and thoroughly furnish anew his establishment. He will save no expense to render Parlour the most comfortable, and o procu he most experienced hair dressers.
MR GENDREAU having served considerable time in some of the best and most extensive Hair Dressing Saloons in the Dominion and United States, is in a position to conduct the duties of his establishment in a manner that cannot be surpassed.
He will have always on hand he best perfumes imported directly from Paris and London.
MR GENDREAU solicits a visit to convince all of the truth of his statements.

PRESERVE YOUR ROOFS,
PATENT PLASTIC SLATE PAINT,
Is the best and cheapest material in use for preserving new, or repairing old
IRON OR TIN. ROOFS,
No matter how bad their condition. Also fire rate for
SHINGLE ROOFS,
Making them
FIRE AND WATER PROOF,
Hardens into a coating of SOLID SLATE by exposure.
Price $6 a barrel, mixed ready for use.
A barrel will cover 10 squares (10 x 10).

SHEATHING FELT

For lining Frame Buildings under the clap boards. An effectual protection against cold, damp and vermin. Rats and mice will come near it.
No FRAME DWELLING should be without
Send for circular, instructions, &c.
BUCHANAN & CO.,
Wholesale Depot for Roofing Materia and Founer's Supplies,
32 Lemoine Street.
Montreal.
Ottawa, September 21, 1870 1458

SATCHELL BROS

BUTCHERS TO
HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantl on hand
FRESH KILLED
STALL-FED
BEEF AND MUTTON.
ALSO,
THEIR CELEBRATED
SPICED AND SALT ROUND,
AND
ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES,

Hardware.

BLYTH & KERR,
No. 25 RIDEAU STREET,
Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c.

All work in any of the above branches executed in a prompt and workmanlike manner.
Special attention given to Roofing and fitting up Galvanized Iron and Tin Gutters, Conductors, &c., &c.

IMPORTERS OF GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

JUST RECEIVED, ex "Pride of Canada" and "Oceola," a splendid assortment of Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots, Jelly Moulds, Wire Dish Covers, Spice Boxes, Ladies' Dressing Cases, Trays, Enamelled Pie Dishes, Preserving Pans, Dell Milk Saucepans, &c., &c.
Constantly on hand, Cooking Stoves, (best makers) Hot Air Furnaces, Water Coolers, Baths, (all kinds) Cutlery, Plated and Britannia Meta Ware.
—ALSO—
FISHING TACKLE, comprising Rods, Lines, Flies, Hooks, Floats, Trolls, Panniers, Landing Nets, Fly Books, &c. &c.
Ottawa, August 10, 1870 1432 1y

HARDWARE! HARDWARE!

Sign of the ANVIL, 24 Rideau Street, where you can get a complete assortment of Shelf and Heavy hardware, and at prices to suit purchasers. Consisting in part of
GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHINGS:
Butcher Knives, Knives and Forks, Pocket Knives, Table Spoons, Tea Spoons, Tea Trays, Table Mats, Butts, Screws, Locks, Bolts, Catches, Latches, Axes, Saws, Planes, Squares, Hammers, Spokeshaves, Gouges, Chisels, Augers, Auger Bits, Steel Bits, Bevils, Levels, Boring Machines, Draw Knives, &c. &c, &c. together with
PAINT OF ALL COLOURS:
Rose, Pink, Burnt Umber, Terra de Kinna, Chrome Yellow, Yellow Ochre, Celestial Blue, Paris Green, Brunswick Green, Magnesia Green, Venetian Green, Red Lead, White Lead, in Oil or Dry, Drop Black, Ivory Black, Lamp Black, Boiled Oil, Raw Oil, Turpentine, Benzole, Coal Oil, Paint Brushes, Varnishes, &c.
THOS. BIRKETT,
No. 24, Rideau Street,
Sign of the Anvil.
P. S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the City.
Ottawa, Nov 18, 1870

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35 SUSSEX STREET.

Elevated Oven Cook Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Low Oven Cook Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Double Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co
Box and Parlor Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co
Coal Stoves, Base Burners, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
The Quintal Coal Stove, at H. MEADOWS & Co
Parlour Cook Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Dumb Stoves, all sizes, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Hot Air Furnaces, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Stove Pipes and Elbows, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Lumbermen s Supplies, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
1st Prize Stoves can be seen, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Ottawa, Oct. 13, 1870.

Druggists.

DUTCH BULBS!

The Subscriber has just received a full assortment from a celebrated Grower in HOLLAND, both for Spring Gardening and in-door Culture.

THE ASSORTMENT INCLUDES
Hyacinths, many varieties,
Tulips, "
Lilies, "
Narcissus, "
Jouquills, "
Anemones, "
Ranunculus, "
&c., &c.

The Flower Roots above mentioned not coming to hand till late in the season, are offered for sale at low prices.
ALEXANDER CHRISTIE,
Druggist,
40 Sparks-st, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Nov. 18, 1870 1517yl

RICHARD HIGMAN,
FAMILY AND DISPENSING CHEMIST,
LATE MANAGER,
MEDICAL HALL,
SPARKS STREET,

Wishes to return sincere thanks to his friends and the public, for the kind sympathy evinced toward him, on the occasion of the late fire.
He now begs to inform them that he will commence business on his own account, in a few days, in part of Mr McLean's Auction Room, in rear of John Roos' Cigar Store, with entirely new stock, of Drugs, Chemicals, Patent Medicines, Perfumery, &c., and trusts the public will appreciate his attention to business, with the same kind patronage that was extended to him in his situation.
Ottawa, Dec 16, 1870 1541y

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN
INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.
RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMERS
First Cabin, Payable in Gold.
Liverpool or Queenstown.................$100 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.
Liverpool or Queenstown.................35 00
PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VI HALIFAX.

Groceries.

IF YOU WANT
TO SAVE MONEY
GO TO THE
PEOPLE'S TEA STORES,
—BY—
P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.,
No. 36 Rideau St., and Duke St., Chaudiere,
OTTAWA,

Where from their great increase of business and the large addition now put to their Store, with a well selected Stock, and constant attention on their part, will enable them to sell at prices not to be equalled elsewhere.
There will be found always on hand a general assortment of
GROCERIES,
TEAS in particular, imported,
LIQUORS, WINES, BRANDIES,
GIN, IRISH and
SCOTCH WHISKEY,
Gooderham & Worts'
HIGHWINES
OLD RYE, and PROOF,
With a fine assortment of Christmas and New Year's FRUITS and SYRUPS.
—ALSO—
WINTER APPLES,
ORANGES and LEMONS,
CHEESE, HAMS,
and BACON.
Remember our Motto—"Quick Sales and light Profits."
Try their TEAS.
Ottawa, Nov 29, 1870 1526

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

Ex. Ships COGNAC, NEREO, UNION and CITY of QUEBEC, from the different places of Growth.

It is now AN ESTABLISHED FACT

If you want any First-Class BRANDIES or WINES and the best Family Groceries, you must go to

Thos. Patterson,
No. 26 Rideau Street.

The following Goods in Stock and for Sale:
BRANDIES.—Pure and unadulterated, good for any use, always on hand in Wood or Bottle.
PORT WINE—Pure and reliable (20 years old) for Medicinal purposes and the only House in the City that imports such WINES direct to order.
SHERRY WINES—Various grades, very, very Pale, (delicious favour) Splendid Wines at a price to defy competition.
GIN—John De Kuyper & Son's Double-Berried, First Class.
SCOTCH WHISKEY—Old and Mild, (full strength.)
RUM,
OLD RYE,
FAMILY PROOF,
AND
HIGHWINES,
of the best kind.
PORTER AND ALES.—Guiness's Dublin and Dawe's, Lachine, in splendid order.
COFFEE.—Delicious Flavour. Fresh Roasted and Ground Daily.
TEAS.—The best qualities of Black, Japan, and Green, new crop and fragant.
SUGARS and SYRUPS of all kinds.
CHEESE.—Fine old (Ressors and Factory) the best.
PICKLES and SAUCES, Jams and Jellies from Crosse and Blackwells, in great variety.
FRUITS.—The finest table and cooking raisins that can be had, large fresh and rich flavored.
CURRANTS.—Quite fresh and Candied Peels.
SPERM CANDLES and fancy perfumed soaps, the greatest variety in the city, and made to order by Field of London, England. There is an endless variety of those fine goods worthy of SPECIAL ATTENTION FOR FAMILIES, being of the finest qualities at moderate prices. Everybody should know that to use good goods saves money. TRYTHEM.
Ottawa, December 5, 1870.

ATTENTION!

If you want Choice VIRGIN HONEY, call at the New GROCERY STORE, Corner of Sussex and York Streets.

If you want SUPERIOR CHEESE, call at the New GROCERY STORE, Corner of Sussex and York Streets.

If you want FIRST-CLASS DAIRY BUTTER, call at the New GROCERY STORE Corner Sussex and York Streets.

—ALSO—

New Crop West End, Layers, Valencia and Seedless Raisins and Currants, Fresh Turkey Figs, Malaga Grapes, Lemons, Choice Imperial Prunes, Canded Peels, Gelatine, Cross & Blackwell's Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies, and Marmalades, Fresh Oysters, Lobsters, Seguin Mackerel, Salmon and Tomatoes, with a choice lot of Scotch and English Ales and Porter, Wines and Brandies, Gin, Scotch Whiskey, Jamaica Rum, Old Rye, Syrups and

JOHN A. BITTERS,

CONSTANTLY ON HAND,

At the New GROCERY STORE, Corner Sussex and York Streets.

Extra Fine Green, Black and Japan Teas, Rio, Java and Turkey Coffee.

—ALSO—

Groceries, &c.

DENIS WHELAN,
39 RIDEAU STREET,
OTTAWA
HAVING OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT
(nearly opposite the Old Stand,)
Offers for sale at VERY LOW PRICES a large and well selected stock, comprising Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy Soaps, Sauces, Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, Candles, Coarse and Fine Salt. Also. *Bordeauxand ther Vinegars*
MESS PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS,
and the numerous other articles necessary to constitute a complete stock.
TEAS—Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial Young Hyson, quite fresh and cheap.
COFFEE.—Fresh Coffee *ground* and *roasted* daily on the premises.
LIQUORS—COGNAC BRANDIES Renault & Co. Hennessy, Piper's and other brands.
HOLLAND GIN—De Kuyper's and Houtman's, in wood and bottle.
WINES—Sherries of all grades, Ports of fine quality, Burgundy, Souterne and Maderia Wines at all prices, in wood and bottle, improved by age.
HIGHWINES, OLD RYE, PROOF AND WHISKEY,
high proof and flavor, at extremely low prices.
Thorne's and Stewart' Scotch Whiskey and Old Tom.
Dunville's Irish Whiskey.
Murphy's Old Irish Potteen.
Guinness' and London Porter, pts and qts.
Molson's and other Ales.
Sugars and Syrups, all grades.
Sale atrefiners' prices.
THE OLD STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE SELLING AT TWENTY-FIVE PER CENT BELOW COST.
Now is the time or bargains. 1105

ROUSILLON PORT.
Received a fresh consignment of this delicious Wine. It is full flavoured, of great body, and guaranteed purity.

ALICANTE.
A Sweet Red Wine of delicate flavour and bouquet, invaluable for invalids.
This wine has been specially imported as a pure Wine to be used in the Holy Communion.
The following gentlemen have kindly allowed their names to be used as references:
Ven Archdeacon Fuller, Toronto.
Rev J Beaven, D D, "
Rev G B Read, D D, "
Rev E Baldwin, "
Rev W S Darling, "
Rev A Williams, "
Rev J D Cayley, "
Rev W H Davis, "
Rev S Bedford Jones, L L D, Ottawa
—ALSO—
A full Stock of Brandies, Gins, Jamaica Rum, Proof and Old Rye Whiskey, Sherries, Still and Sparkling Moselle, Champagne, Malaga, Maderia Malvoisie, Noyan Curacon Creme de Menthe, Creme de Moka, Chartreuse, Maraschino, English and Canadian Ales and Porter, &c, &c, &c.
J. P. MACPHERSON,
Wine Merchant,
Elgin Street.
Agent for Quelton, St George & Co's pure French Wines.
Ottawa, Dec 16, 1870 1535

S. FOOTE & COMPANY,
IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALER
—IN—
TEAS AND WINES,
6 HOSPITAL STREET
MONTREAL
Ottawa August 23, 1870 1444tf

PRESTON & ROWSELL.
MILITARY TAILORS
—AND—
HABIT MAKERS
NO. 36 SPARKS STREET
A SELECT ASSORTMENT
OF
Tweeds,
Broad Cloths,
Doe Skins,
Fancy Coatings,
Vestings, &c.
SHIRTS MADE TO ORDER
Ottawa, July 26, 1870.

PRESTON & ROWSELL. PRESTON & ROWSELL.

No Benzine or Coal Oil used.

A. W. LANG, Sparks Street.
STYLISH SIGNS AND HANDSOME WALL PAINTING ... PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT ... LANG ... FOR

NOTICE.
LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF ONTARIO,
TORONTO, 29th October, 1870.
Notice is hereby given, that the last day for receiving Petitions for Private Bills will be WEDNESDAY, the TWENTY-EIGHTH day of DECEMBER next.
CHARLES T. GILLMOR,
Clerk.

... WANTED ... Hull, P.Q.

Dry Goods.

RETAIL ADVERTISEMENT.

MAGEE & RUSSELL,
SPARKS STREET,

Have opened up within the last few days several CASES and BALES Assorted DRY GOODS, to which they respectfully invite attention.
Ladies, please observe the following carefully, their being many articles enumerated worthy of Notice:

DRESS DEPARTMENT.	New Tartan Plaids, Brown and Grey Wincies, French Merinoes and de Laines, " Satin Cloths, Black Lustres and Alpacas, Black and Colored Silesias, " and " Casbans, Glove Finished Cambrics.
SILK DEPARTMENT.	Black Velveteens, Colored Plushes, French Crapes, Silks and Satins.
DOMESTIC DEPARTMENT.	Grey and White Cottons, " " " Sheetings, Table Napkins and Damasks, Huck Towels, Cotton and Linen Diaper, Grass Linen and Hollands.
WOOLLEN DEPARTMENT.	Sct. Saxony Flannels, Fancy Shirting do, English and Canadian Blankets, Waterproof Tweeds, Overcoatings.
HOSIERY & GLOVE DEPARTMENT.	Breakfast Shawls, Fancy Woollen Goods, Ladies Sct. Hose, Gent's Underclothing, Kid Mitts and Gloves,
RIBBON AND LACE DEPARTMENT.	Black and Coloured Velvet Ribbons, Tartan Velvet Ribbons, Black and Coloured Silk Ribbons, Tartan Silk Ribbons, New Linen Sets, Black and White Silk Laces, Hair Nets, New Style, Hair Puffs and Rolls, Cambric Handkerchiefs, Cushion Tassels, White Filacelle, Coloured Silk Twists.

Our Stock, for extent, variety, quality and price, stands unrivalled in Ottawa.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.
Ottawa, Dec. 8, 1870.

R. L. JAMES & CO.

DRESS GOODS.
A large assortment worth from 20 to 90 cents, at 15 to 80.

A
SPECIAL LINE
of
French Merinos,
very cheap.

BLACK SILKS,
very much under Market value, and considerably lower than present Ottawa prices.

MILLINERY.
It is now pretty generally known that in this Department, especially the prices, are EXCEEDINGLY MODERATE,

R. L. JAMES & Co.

Lord Lorne and the Lady Louise.

BY EVAN M'COLL

Hurrah for the news o'er the wide world just out!
The bards, all enraptured, are rhyming upon it;
A Son of the Mist (up yet hi, her, my bonnet!)
Has won the young heart of Balmoral's Louise.

Glad tidings to all save those "wee German lairdies,"
Whose wont was to steal our choice flowers for their "yairdies,"—
Henceforth, from such theft, let's pray Cupid to guard us,
And give a gay Lorne to each charming Louise.

'Tis long since the Gael of both mainland and island
Well knew that in heart the dear lassie was Highland;
The Stuart, it seemed, with a strip of Argyle in't,
Would just be the plaid to suit winsome Louise.

Though earth's proudest King might right glad be to wed her,—
he's much better matched—thanks to love 'mong the heather?
A lad who can sport the MacCailean's proud feather
Is just the right mate for the lovely Louise!

A gathering of Clans on my vision is looming,
Dunchuaich proudly echoes "The Campbell's are coming!"
In fancy I listen the Gunna Cam booming
Its joy at the Bridal of Lorne Louise.

Alas! that in fancy alone can I wend there
My welcome to give them my homage to render,
And help happy thousands the welkin to rend there,
Proud toasting Lord Lorne and the Lady Louise.

GLEANINGS.

An Iowa girl has recovered $18,000 on a breach of promise suit.

Drugged cigars are used by polite pickpockets on Eastern railway trains.

One farmer in New Hampshire has made 1,000 barrels of cider this season.

The marl beds of Alabama extend over a belt of country nearly one hundred miles in length.

A Colorado editor avenges himself on a rival by publishing his marriage under the head of "Crimes and Casualties."

Masonry is evidently in a flourishing condition in Tennessee. There are about 15,000 members of the order in that State.

A Schenectady policeman had his pocket picked of all his week's savings. The citizens are frantically appealed to to protect the policemen from the ravages of thieves.

The Chinese assassinated one of their Viceroys recently, for issuing a proclamation containing a phrase indicating "that the French were the equals of the Chinese nation."

A citizen of North Greenwich, Connecticut, now eighty-five years old, has seen the rare sight of seven generations in one house—his own great grandparents and great grandchildren.

According to the ancient code of Egypt, in infanticide the murderer was compelled to carry the dead infant about the neck three days and three nights. The penalty for parricide was piercing with reeds and afterwards burning.

St. James has been the designation of the English Court for many a year. It is a large brick structure, and by no means a very elegant one. It was made a manor by Henry VIII, in 1598. Previous to that time it was a hospital, and dedicated to St. James. After the fire at Whitehall in 1605, St. James became the London residence of the British sovereigns. Buckingham Palace became the official residence, but still levees, receptions, and drawing-rooms are often held in St. James Palace.

A Western editor wants a law passed to prevent people from walking on railroad tracks. An editor that will thus endeavor to paralyze trade by taking bread out of the mouths of itemizers, should be hooted out of the profession. Men have an undoubted right to walk on railroad tracks, or light fires with kerosene, if they want.

The best ale for nutrition has the least alcohol. Lager is one-half the strength of ale proper. The English consumption of ale is one barrel per annum for all ages of the whole population; of beer in Bavaria, 133 litres per annum per caput. Welsh beer is as innocuous as water. King Louis, of Bavaria, takes four litres of lager at a sitting. Cider moderately used, promotes longevity.

There is a warrant from the Privy Council of 1620, still extant, by which Sir Allen Apeley, the Lieutenant of the tower, Sir Henry Montague, Lord Chief Justice of the Queen's Bench, and Sir Thomas Coventry, the King's Solicitor General, are authorized to examine one Peacock, and put him to the torture, "either of the manacles or the rack." This warrant is signed by both Lord Bacon and Sir Edward Coke. The last occasion on which this odious practice was resorted to was the torture of one Archer in 1640.

For the information and advantage of persons who desire to be regular in their habits, a Philadelphia publican has issued the following carefully prepared refreshment time-table: 6 a. m., "Eye Opener;" 7, "Appetizer;" 8 "Digester;" 9, "Big Reposer;" 10, "Refresher;" 11, "Stimulant;" 12 m., "Ante-Lunch;" 1 p.m., "settler;" 2 "A la Symth; 3 "Cooler;" 4 "Social Drink;" 5 "Invigorator;" 6 "Solid Straight;" 7 "Chit-Chat;" 8 "Fancy Smile;" 9, "Entire Acte;" 10 "Sparkler;" 11 "Rouser;" 12 m., "Night Cap."

An American Traveller's Opinion of Montreal.

An American visitor to our city, writing to the Boston *Daily News*, thus expatiates on the appearance of our city:—

At last, rounding a curve, Montreal bursts upon our eyes. Her domes, spires and roofs of brilliant silver, her noble river filled with shipping, her majestic mountain in the back ground, formed a picture vast and picturesque; one not easily forgotten nor easily described. To be appreciated it should be seen. But to reach this "El Dorado" the St. Lawrence must be crossed; a river at this point nearly two miles wide. And how is this to be done? Not by the stoppage of the cars followed by a scandalous stampede for the best seats in the ferry-boat. Not this at all. We remain quietly in the old place, the one we have kept for hours, and in a few moments are safe on the "other side," having passed through an iron tube 9,194 feet long. This tube, 16 feet wide by 25 feet high, resting on 24 piers and two abutments, is that "lion par excellence" of Montreal, the celebrated Victoria Bridge.

On the afternoon of our arrival we took a drive around Mount Royal, and through some of the principal streets of the city. We saw many fine private residences, the beauty of whose grounds would compare favorably with those of Europe. Many of the streets are broad, and some of the buildings deserving the term palatial. The fashionable promenades are St. James and Notre Dame streets. The chief commercial street is St. Paul, extending along the river throughout the city's length. Among one of the most delightful points of Montreal, I consider the quays. Let Americans blush as they look upon this work of solid limestone which, connected ... they compare ... cut stone wharves of ... waterside of Montreal ... this magnificent ...

The Queen's Visit to the Empress Eugenie.

The London *Daily News* of the 1st inst. says:—"Yesterday morning Her Majesty the Queen, accompanied by her Royal Highness Princess Beatrice, and attended by Lord Charles Fitzroy and the Marchioness of Ely, left Windsor Castle at a quarter to eleven o'clock, in order to visit the Empress of the French at Chislehurst. The Queen drove to the Windsor terminus of the London and South Western railway, and was received at the station by Mr. W. M. Williams, superintendent of the line, Mr. Beattie, Mr. Jacomb, and Mr. Cheesman, station master, and conducted to the royal saloon in which her Majesty took her seat with Princess Beatrice. The special train consisted of a fast narrow gauge locomotive, two royal saloons, and four other carriages provided by the directors of the South Western line, and furnished with Mr. Preece's system of electrical communication. A number of ladies and spectators assembled to witness the Queen's departure for Chislehurst. Her Majesty and the Princess quitted Windsor at 10:50 a.m., precisely, and proceeded rapidly over the South Western line *via* Staines, Richmond, and Clapham Junction, to Waterloo, which was reached at 11:35 a.m., and where, under the supervision of Mr. Cockburn, the engine was changed for one belonging to the South Eastern Railway Company. The journey was resumed at 11:38, and Chislehurst was reached at 11:55. Royal carriages sent from Windsor were in readiness at the station, and in these Her Majesty and the Princess drove to Chislehurst. At the close of the visit the Queen and Princess took leave of the Empress, and drove back to Chislehurst station, where the special train had in the meantime been waiting. Her Majesty left the station on her return at 1:5 p.m., and arrived at Windsor terminus at 1·50 p.m. The Queen and Princess at once returned to the Castle."

General Notes.

Maggie Mitchell's new play is a dramatization of "Jane Eyre."

Nilsson collars, cuffs, bonnets, gloves and bows are the rage.

The "Marie Seebach" is the latest style of wrap for ladies.

An Iowa church gave a ball to raise funds for a parsonage.

A new paper at Fort Dodge bears the name of the Cardiff Giant.

Alabama boasts proudly of a white rabbit with red ears and a grey tail.

Lard, scented with peppermint, is said to be the favorite pomade in Iowa.

Stephen Randall, of North Providence, has a cow forty-three years old, which still gives milk.

Western papers are advocating the formation of a "society for the prevention of cruelty to wives."

The Venango (Penn.) papers call for the suppression of an establishment in Franklin where young girls are in training for the "female minstrel" business.

The medical faculty in New York are to erect a bronze statue in the Central Park of Harvey, who discovered the circulation of the blood in the human frame two hundred and fifty years ago.

At one of the Wellsberg, Ohio, churches, on Thanksgiving Day, somebody quietly dropped a hundred dollar greenback into the money bag. The unknown donor has the satisfaction of hearing his home paper say that the gift is either a mistake or conscience money.

We have to record the death of Frederick Charles Plumtre, D. D., Master of University College, Oxford. Dr. Plumtre succeeded Dr. Rowney, the previous Master of the College, in 1836. The deceased master was seventy-eight years of age, and was much esteemed by all the other members of the University.

The following is the established form for suicide verdicts in Illinois: "That the said John McClelland Miller did, then and there, in manner aforesaid, villanously, and of his own malice aforethough, kill and murder himself, the said John McClelland Miller, against the peace of the people of the State, and their dignity."

The French papers announce the return to Europe of the sailing frigate *Sybille* from a voyage around the world. The commander was only allowed to remain at St. Helena for a space of twelve hours to obtain supplies. Upon proceeding again to sea, he effected several captures of German merchant vessels, three of which are valuable prizes—the *Mobile*, from the Chinese Seas; the *Neptune*, from Costa Rica, and the *Wilberforce*, from India.

A man in very moderate circumstances in Gorlitz, Prussia, has lost in the battles in front of Metz three sons and four sons-in-law. Now he is the sole supporter of seven widows, with sixteen children.

Women writers have multiplied in Russia during the last five years in a ratio equalled by no other country, and there are now 800 in the realm whom Prince Galitzen thinks worthy a place in the second edition of his list of "Lives of Russian Authoresses."

The New York *Tribune* says that the project of annexing San Domingo does not appear to find more favour in Congress now than at previous sessions, in spite of the strong arguments adduced in advocacy of it by the President in his late Message. Senator Patterson's retention upon the Senate Committee on Foreign Affairs virtually decided the whole question. The New York *Sun* says in its comments on the general question:

"It seems that if this project is pushed it must break the Republican party in two. If it is forced through Congress by the seduction of official patronage and partisan bullying and intimidation, the result will be to alienate forever from the Republican organization that large number of intelligent, independent, and conscientious men who regard the scheme as iniquitous and unwise. If it fails to be forced through, it will only be at the end of an embittered struggle between the supporters of the President and the opponents of the measure. What the effect of such a struggle will be must be known from the results which followed the contest in the Senate last winter. It then placed the President in antagonism to some of the leading members of the Senate, and it did more to destroy the unity and to imperil the future of the Republican party than any other cause that has appeared since it was first organized."

Rev. Horace Cook, who was charged many months ago with deserting his wife and abducting Miss Carrie Johnson, and whose backsliding made a great sensation in religious circles in New York, was arrested on Saturday night in Sixth avenue for drunkennes. He was found asleep on the pavement, and when awakened made an attack on the policeman striking him once or twice. Mr. Cook was arraigned at Jefferson Market Police Court, and was committed, but the magistrate considered him sufficiently punished, and discharged him in a few hours. It is thought that Mr. Cook is insane.

The Hon. Wm. McDougall is about to be invited to address the citizens of St. John, N. B., on public affairs and the Red River question, *apropos* of which the *Telegraph* bluntly says: "We do not care, down here, to take an 'Ontario view,' or a 'Quebec view,' of Red River affairs. The sectional feeling on this question, which has been so sedulously cultivated in the Upper Provinces, has no attractions for us, and we must decline to promote it. In case Mr. McDougall, or any other politician, should visit the Maritime Provinces, he will find this sentiment generally entertained, and it is as well that he should be informed of the fact before he sets out on his pilgrimage."

NEW ADVERTIS MENTS.

The Tea Pot—H. Hill.
Public Schools—W. Cousens.
Fifth Annual Ball—Wm. Walsh.
Wanted—R. W. Cruice.
American Invoices—R. S. M. Bouchette.

TO THE PUBLIC.

Mr. J. G. DAVIS *is authorized to receive advertisements and subscriptions for* THE TIMES. *Now that we are about* ENLARGING THE SIZE *of* THE TIMES *and introducing other improvements, advertisers should take advantage of the increased circulation which it will at once be certain to obtain. In other directions, as well as in Ottawa, we are making exertions to extend our subscription list and to add to the value of* THE TIMES *as an advertising medium.*

The Ottawa Times.

Office—38 Sparks Street.

MONDAY, DECEMBER 19, 1870.

For interesting reading matter see First and Fourth Pages.

The Minister of Public Works arrived here on Saturday evening.

OURSELVES.

To-day we commence our sixth volume enlarged, and under another manager, Mr. James Cotton, the late managing Director, having retired from his position, and been succeeded by Mr. James Bailiff. Some additions to our Editorial staff are in contemplation, and will be perfected after the New Year, which it is hoped will add to our usefulness. In view of these changes it may not be amiss briefly to sketch our hopes and aspirations for the future:

NEWS.

No efforts commensurate with our means will be wanting to give our readers the earliest, fullest and most reliable home, and foreign news. It will be our aim to make this journal one of the leading newspapers of the Dominion.

LITERATURE.

Selections will be made from the ablest periodicals of a character that will make the TIMES a not unwelcome visitor in the home circle. Care will be taken that neither original nor selected articles that appear in our columns will be injurious to morality.

POLITICS.

As in the past we will be Conservative and progressive, not antiprogressive or obstructive as radicals describe Conservatives. Believing that whatever is, is right, is untrue when applied to man's ideas and institutions. We will not doggedly adhere to what is because it is, but will advocate all changes which our judgment tells us, will be beneficial to our fellows, and will strenuously oppose the restless spirit of radicalism, that advocates change simply to have the opportunity of trying something different from what exists.

THE GOVERNMENT.

While according to the existing Government a cordial and generous support, we will not blindly endorse their every act, but reserve to ourselves the right of differing from them, and disapproving of what we believe to be wrong.

THE OPPOSITION.

The fallacies and sins we shall mercilessly expose and condemn. While ready at all times, with our utmost ability, to break a lance with our opponents in defence of the opinions and actions of our friends, we trust that candour and courtesy will ever guide our pen. If we cannot so maintain our positions they will be abandoned to the enemy.

THE DOMINION.

Beginning existence as the Dominion has done, freed alike from old world restrictions and prejudices, and from the licentiousness misnamed liberty of our republican neighbours, we are convinced the industrious man can make a living as comfortable, and a home as free and well secured to him, as he can in any country on the habitable globe. To verify our convictions every measure for the development of the resources of our country, or for the advancement of the moral and material well-being of her people, shall have our heartiest support. Believing, not that particular kings reign by Divine right, but that the kingly power is of Divine origin, and abhoring republicanism, it shall be our unceasing aim to strengthen the bonds that bind this Dominion to the Throne of Great Britain. It is needless, with our expressed views of republicanism, to say that annexation with the United States of America, and everything tending thereto, will have our determined hostility. Independence, being only annexation by another name, is to us equally obnoxious; we are convinced that the greater number of the advocates of independence are only its advocates because they believe its inevitable results must be annexation; come in whatever guise it may, or by whatever name it may be called, it is equally repugnant to our feelings. And although the pill may be gilded and sugar-coated, we will have none of it. There are advocates of independence of another class—men whose aim is to build up an independent Canadian nationality. We in all sincerity ask these men who are thus building castles in the air about Canadian independence, how long they think Canada could maintain her independence against her aggressive and unscrupulous neighbors if Britain's support were withdrawn from her? Canada Independent is a worthy aspiration for her noblest sons, but Canada—the mighty right arm of the British Empire—the mainstay of the British Throne, is a thought grander and more glorious, and one before which Canadian independence pales and grows dim. Our aspirations and efforts then will be, not Canada independent, but Canada as a principal part of an united Empire under the Crown.

OUR NEIGHBORS.

While we desire to live at peace with our neighbors, and entertain only feelings of good will towards them, for neither peace, nor their friendship would we wish the Canadian people in their relations with their neighbors, to abate one iota in what is due to their dignity and self-respect as a people. We envy the Americans nothing they possess, neither do we crave favours from them, all we ask them, is to leave us to the enjoyment of our own [illegible] cal or Republican institutions are best fitted to advance the happiness of man.

LOCAL.

The capital, and the valley of the Ottawa will be our specialty. Therefore, every scheme calculated to advance the interests of either, may with certainty reckon us among its supporters.

CORRESPONDENCE.

Communications on all matters of public interest are earnestly solicited, and will be gladly published, but personal abuse will find no place in our columns. We conceive a public journal has a higher mission than to be the disseminator of slander or malice. The law is the avenger of private wrongs, and not the public journal. It is the duty of the journalist to strive for the amendment of the law, when it has proved powerless to redress private wrongs.

BUSINESS.

While thanking the patrons of this journal for their liberal patronage in the past, we respectfully solicit the continuance and extension of it to the new management. The business department will have careful supervision, and persons who entrust us with their business may rely upon its being done promptly, accurately, and at the lowest possible price compatible with a just remuneration for the labor performed.

THE SUPREME COURT ACT.

(CONCLUDED.)

The proceedings and practice of the proposed new Court are provided for by a general power vested in the judges to make rules and orders by certain provisions in the act itself, and when not so settled are to be "as nearly as possible in conformity with the present practice of the Judicial Committee of Her Majesty Privy Council in England. The clauses in the act regulating proceedings and practice, provide that "Two Judges shall constitute a quorum for the purpose of hearing and determining cases in appeal—Provided that no judgment of the Court appealed from shall be affirmed or reversed without the concurrence of at least four judges of the Supreme Court: except that when the number of judges concurring is less than four, and either party is desirous to appeal to Her Majesty in Council, the judgment of the majority of the judges present at its delivery may, by consent of parties, be considered the judgment of the Court for the purpose of allowing such appeal, but for no other purpose whatever."

Section 17 provides for the holding of two terms in appeal yearly at the city of Ottawa on the 3rd Monday in January and the 3rd Monday in June, to continue for twenty days with power to adjourn. Other clauses relate to the power of quashing proceedings in certain cases, to dismiss appeal, &c. To ensure promptitude in proceeding, clause 25 enacts that "if an appellant delays to prosecute his appeal, or fails to bring in the appeal to be heard at the first term of the Supreme Court, after the appeal is ripe for hearing the respondent may, on notice to the appellant, move the Court, or a Judge thereof, in chambers, for the dismissal of the appeal, and such action shall thenceforth be made as to the Court shall seem just." But a more stringent clause for expediting proceedings is the 27th, which enacts that "no appeal shall be allowed in any case, unless notice thereof be given in writing to the opposite party, or his attorney or solicitor, within twenty days after the postponement or within such further time as the Court appealed from, or a Judge thereof, may allow."

This is widely different from the corresponding clause in the first bill, where the time given for appealing is *Two* years; and it really seems to us that the time limited is as much too short as in the former case it was too long. The time given by the now existing law to appeal from any of the Superior Courts to the Court of Error and Appeal is one year; the period for rehearing a cause in chancery, an appeal as it were from one judge to three, is six months; for appealing from the Master or Secretary of the Court of Chancery 14 days, a period which practitioners find much too short, and in consequence appplications to extend the time are liberally granted; twenty days to consult counsel, and decide whether or not to appeal in cases where the importance and amounts at stake warrant an appeal, seems an extremely short time. It is true that provision is made for extending the period in the discretion of a judge, but the consequence will be that the exception will become the rule, and in almost every instance an application to a judge will be necessitated, a result that might be avoided by what seems to us the better policy of giving a reasonably long period at first, say three months. The change in the time shews that consideration has been given to the point, but from what we have been assured by those experienced in the working of such rules, the period will be found far too short. Clause 26th provides that within 20 days, or such further time as a judge may allow, the appellant must file his reasons of appeal. The period allowed is in that case more reasonable, an appeal having once been decided on 20 days will probably be long enough to enable counsel to prepare the reasons of appeal.

Clause 30 requires security for costs to the extent of $500.

At the terms mentioned above to be held in Ottawa, there shall besides the business in appeal, be had in cases within the original jurisdiction, the limits as to which we have before stated, "Such proceeding in suits at common law as may be had before courts of common law sitting in Banc. The rehearing of causes, petitions and motions in equity causes which may have already been heard before a single judge. And in any causes within the original jurisdiction of the Supreme Court, one of the Judges of the said Court may sit either at the City of Ottawa, or at any other place or places appointed by the Court, and at such time as may be prescribed, to try issues in fact and hear causes in equity, in actions or suits originally brought in the Supreme Court."

And also a single Judge may, in cases within the original jurisdiction, sit in Court out of term, and may hear and determine motions, petitions, and all other interlocutory applications in equity suits, and dispose of matters of practice not *sic* in bill, but cognizable by a Judge sitting in Chambers in action at Common Law.

The Officers of the Court are to consist [illegible] be paid to him in stamps. A reporter, a barrister of not less than five years' standing, and the Judges may appoint barristers of not less than three years standing to be referees, masters, and examiners in suits in Equity depending in the Courts, to whom reference may be ordered, &c, and the said masters, &c., shall receive to their own use such fees as the Court may, by general orders, direct.

These are the leading features and most important enactments of the measure. We do not pretend to have given its every clause, our aim being to put its object, scope, and general outline in such a shape that it may be understood by the general reader, who would not sit down and deliberately wade through an Act of Parliament. We have not framed and do not claim that it is perfect in every respect, and have not scrupled to point out what appear to be defects, but these are but minor considerations in view of the importance of the measure in its general bearings. It is quite foreign to our scheme to enter into any controversy with journals which speak of a creation of an efficient Court of appeal for the whole Dominion as "one of Sir J. A. Macdonald's expensive humbugs." Writers of such paragraphs know nothing and desire to know nothing either of the necessity for its creation or how far the proposed act will meet the necessity if it exists, but, we do not desire to shield it from fair criticism,—on the contrary, our main object is to make the subject familiar to the general public before the house meets. The measure is one which should be removed without the scope and above the influence of party politics, and approached by legislators of all shades of politics in a spirit of enlightened liberality, and should be supported or opposed solely on its merits. Considering that the jurisdiction of the Court is to embrace the whole Dominion, the provisions for its establishment and working do not strike as unduly expensive. It is an undertaking worthy of the best statesmen of the day and if well carried out cannot fail to reflect credit on its originators. The changes and what certain opposition journals have called "tinkering" with it, are but an evidence of the desire of its promoters to avail themselves of every sound suggestion tending to make the measure more perfect. Nor, is there any occasion to answer the cry of some that the first proposed measure was so extensive in its scope and jurisdiction, that it drew remonstrance or interference from Imperial authority. We have pointed out the leading features of difference between the two bills, and it will be seen by the most casual reader that the omitted enactments are not of the nature alleged; the chief one, relating to the jurisdiction in Admiralty matters, affected only questions in our own Lakes and Rivers and was of very small interest indeed to Imperial powers. The sneer was in very bad taste, and totally undeserved, but even, had the Minister of Justice modified the act upon some suggestion of the Law Officers of the Crown in England it seems to us such circumstance would have been rather to his credit than otherwise.

THE "GLOBE" AND THE GRAND TRUNK.

A duel has lately been going on for the benefit of the newspaper reader to which we have often referred, and which cannot fail to somewhat astonish and entertain the public. As it was remarked, by a theoretical admirer of pugilism who had yet to see a prize fight, that he could fancy the contest full of interest until the punishment became too severe for any one to look upon unless his bets put his humanity out of court, so in the *à l'outrance* attack of the Toronto *Globe* on Mr. Brydges, even his friends feel a sort of amusement in noticing the variety of form in which Mr. Brown couches his indictment, until the question arises if their constant reiteration may not deal injury to the combatants? No such feeling restrains the gladiatorial pen of Mr. Brown and his scribes. It would seem that the very existence of the newspaper he controls, its very credit and prestige all depend on driving Mr. Brydges from his position. The question is something more than mere personal malignity, and it is certain that Mr. Brown has never shown any qualms of conscience, when his vanity or his interest are interfered with. His newspaper, inferior to none on this continent for energy and ability in a certain way, finds its place in many families. We do not know a provincial paper of the Mother Country in which more money is spent in obtaining news. The difficulty with its proprietor, is that he is not simply a journalist. He affects to control a party, to be the leader in all he undertakes, and the self-assertion of his character, which, if happily directed would be a benefit to the community, becomes a curse. Mr. Brown can in no way stand contradiction, and with the crew of hungry, illiterate, unprincipled flatterers who form his tail, and whose only chance of power is to hang by his fortunes—with the adulation of this crew, he has ended in mounting an intellectual pedestal, for which he claims a pre-eminence that no shadow shall fall upon it. No doubt Mr. Brown included us in that "*hireling* press," on which he is so grandiloquent when he wants to be mischievous and has little argument. Just as if most of the writers of his own newspaper are not professional journalists, and receive pay for their contributions.

The fact really is that if there be any blame attaching to Mr. Brydges or the Grand Trunk, it is that in his desire to accommodate the public he has attempted too much. People forget that he has only a single track to work upon, and that his line extends from Portland to Detroit, and that any hitch, the slightest hitch, effects the whole working. We have only to look upon the line which is the great rival of the Grand Trunk, what is called the New York line. We here find the Hudson River Railway—double track—a distinct corporation from the Central Railway to Buffalo. Thus any accident giving an hour's delay at Albany or Troy, the New York Central in no way recognises. The passengers come into the station, they find the train gone. "No fault of this line," says a bland Central official. "Lower road late; Could not wait for it." The same scene under similar circumstances at Buffalo. The Great Western, Mr. Brown's model, is quite independent of its connections. At the Suspension Bridge a most courteous gentleman can only express his deep regret that they had to leave without the Central passen[illegible] cause has intervened, when they reached the station the train they had to take had left, and they must remain over until the next train. The delay, therefore, is purely local, and is soon forgotten.

The Grand Trunk throughout its extent is a unity. With one track—with its thousand miles of line, an accident is not local. We will suppose a traveller arriving from Portland half an hour late at Montreal. We ask any man who loves justice, and who is amenable to reason, what his feeling would be if the connecting train to the West had gone without waiting the lost half hour? As we understand the proposition, the very vitality of the commerce of the Grand Trunk, depends in making and maintaining these connections when possible to do so. And yet we see the *Globe* gloating on the fact, that a train running 333 miles, bringing with it a cargo of immigrants by an Allan steamer, is thirty or forty minutes behind time. The difficulty will ever be to avoid this contingency without a double track, and no one pretends that the finances of the company at present warrant its construction. Take Mr. Brydges from the Grand Trunk Railway, and even put a man of greater ability in his place, we suspect the *Globe* would still have to chronicle shortcomings in the arrivals of trains, unless the traffic was sacrificed in vital particulars to dodge the censure. What shows the man of intellect in these combinations is the general policy to effect a result. It is very easy to raise abstract doubts as to this or that course, but like others while we have been amused by the vivacity of the *Globe's* articles, we cannot for the life of us see, what policy that journal has on railways at all, except to put the Grand Trunk in the wrong. In short it is mere declamation. We presume, however, the fight will go on. Mr. Brydges, earnestly doing all he can to advance the interests of the road, entrusted to him, and the *Globe* continuing its career of animadversion and blame.

THE FISHERY QUESTION.

There are various reasons existing just now which may very naturally induce President Grant and his advisers to speak and act with regard to the Fishery question in a less friendly manner than they might, under ordinary circumstances, be expected to do. The very same causes may, to some extent, induce the Imperial authorities to make concessions to the United States which otherwise might not be expected from them, and in view of this fact we are glad to see that the *Pall Mall Gazette* says that—

"The feeling of the Canadians—which must be carefully reckoned with since the consolidation of the Dominion—is too strong to admit of one of those wholesale, but very far from respectful concessions which this country(Great Britain) has been in the habit of making to the United States."

Here we have proof of one of the advantages, we derive from Confederation. The public opinion of a consolidated British America is a very different thing from the public opinion of a few isolated colonies, and is considered in England as something worthy of consideration.

There is nothing which the Canadian people desire less than to embarass the action of the Imperial government. They are far from wishing to set up claims or pretensions with regard either to the fisheries or the navigation of the St. Lawrence which cannot rightfully and fairly be maintained. But the unanimous opinion throughout the country is that the line of policy which has been adopted by our government is not only strictly within the letter of the law, but that it has been characterized by the utmost forbearance and the most friendly desire to avoid giving any just cause of offence to our American neighbours. The rights guaranteed by the treaty of 1818 were made over to the people of the Dominion by the Imperial government. The fisheries became our property by as clear and indisputable a title as the land in which we live, and it became the manifest duty of the Dominion authorities, acting in conjunction with the Imperial government, to provide for their protection, and to exclude foreign fishermen from them in order that they might be used for the benefit of those to whom they belong. But the course adopted by them certainly did not savour of a want of friendship or respect for the American nation. Due notice of our intention was given to the United States government, and President Grant himself issued a proclamation to the American fishermen warning them against trespassing on the Canadian fishing grounds, thus recognising the justice of our claim and our right to prevent foreigners from fishing in our waters. But, unfortunately, heedless alike of our warning and of President Grant's, American fishermen committed numerous depredations, and when caught in the act of doing so were captured and dealt with in a manner consistent with international law. Was there anything "unfriendly" in this, or does President Grant imagine that our friendship for our neighbors must go so far as to permit them, without interference, to ravage our fisheries at pleasure, and that for doing so no equivalent is to be granted to us?

As to the right of the free navigation of the Canadian canals, the fallacy of this claim has been pretty generally exposed by the American journals themselves. It has been shown to be utterly unreasonable and absurd. Under these circumstances, therefore, it is difficult to imagine how any English statesman worthy of the name, however much he may be impressed with the necessity of avoiding all cause of difference or quarrel with the United States, can urge the advisability of abandoning what is as much ours under the British Crown, as the herring fisheries of the Norfolk coast belong to the people of England.

The public opinion of Canada, as the *Pall Mall Gazette* intimates, is entitled to be heard and considered, and there can be no doubt that that opinion is very strong and very unanimous in relation to this matter. If President Grant will inform us how the work of protecting the Canadian fisheries can be performed in a more friendly manner, by all means let him suggest a means of doing so. That they must be protected, that the rights which he does not deny that we possess must be maintained, there is and can be no doubt whatever.

Twenty years experience in using Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers have proved them to be the most effectual remedy for coughs and irritation of the throat, caused by cold or unusual exertion of the vocal organs; public speakers and singers will find them most beneficial. The entire freedom from all deleterious ingredients renders Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers, or Cough and Voice Lozenges a safe remedy for the most delicate [illegible]

THE COMMERCE OF MONTREAL.

The following is a comparative statement of the number and tonnage of vessels arrived at the port of Montreal during the years 1869 and '70:

VESSELS ARRIVED FROM SEA.

	Number.	Tons.
1870	584	292,699
1869	480	251,557
Increase in 1870	104	41,142

Vessels arrived from the United States through the canals:

	Sailing vessels. No.	Tons.	Steamers. No.	Tons.
1870	539	39,841	15	5,543
1869	363	27,438	2	904
Increase 70	176	12,403	13	4,639

1870.

Increase vessels from sea	104	41,142
" Vessels from U.S.	189	17,042
Total increase	293	58,184

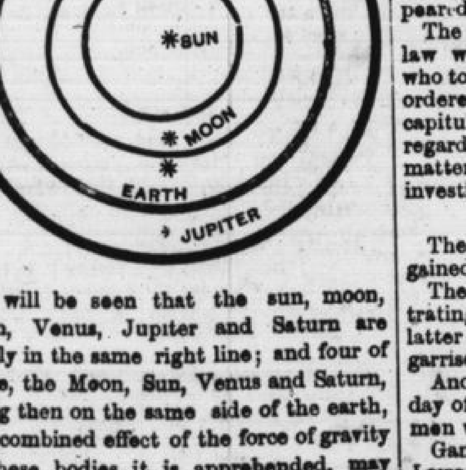
Thus it will be seen that the Americans have used our canals pretty extensively, and that during the year just closing they have done so to a greater extent than ever before. Had it not been for the Canadian canals these American vessels could not have used the St. Lawrence route, or must have adopted President Grant's suggestion, and kept to the lakes and river; a plan which, involving as it would, a plunge over the Falls of Niagara might have been found inconvenient.

The Approaching Eclipse.

To the Editor of THE TIMES:

SIR,—The total eclipse of the sun which will take place on Thursday of this week, between 7 and 8 a. m., has been referred to by many of the journals of this country. Unusual storms, very high tides, and even destructive earthquakes, are apprehended by some, in consequence of the unusual relative positions of several of the planetary bodies on that occasion,—positions which occur only once in some centuries.

I apprehend that comparatively few persons understand what the peculiarities of the positions are, or why the apprehended effects may follow. The accompanying diagram will, perhaps, aid in forming a clearer conception of the matter, as it shows the places of the principal planets when the eclipse occurs.



It will be seen that the sun, moon, earth, Venus, Jupiter and Saturn are nearly in the same right line; and four of these, the Moon, Sun, Venus and Saturn, being then on the same side of the earth, the combined effect of the force of gravity of these bodies, it is apprehended, may occasion the great disturbances alluded to by several writers on this subject.

This influence, whatever its value, will be somewhat counteracted by the action of Jupiter in the opposite direction; so that the place of the earth, relatively to to the sun and moon, will not be very sensibly changed. The sun, earth, and moon are nearly in the same relative position always at the time of new moon, and the only effects perceived on our earth are the ordinary high tides that occur. The atmospheric effects are probably imperceptible. The usual high tides of new moon will, it is thought, be greatly augmented on this occasion by the attractive force of Venus and Saturn on one side, and that of Jupiter on the other; for it must be remembered, that a tide, whatever its amount, is formed on both sides of the earth, at the same time, by each of these bodies.

Venus, a body nearly as large as the earth, will have just passed her point of superior conjunction with the sun, and will therefore be at her greatest distance from the earth, *i. e.* 95,000,000 plus 68,000,000 of miles from our planet. Saturn, for a like reason, will be at his greatest distance from us; their combined attractive effect will therefore be at its minimum value, while Jupiter, much larger than both, and being on the other side of the earth, as shown in the diagram, and, therefore, at its least distance from us, will fully counteract the effects of Venus and Saturn, and leave the earth at nearly its normal distance from the sun. The distance thus remaining unchanged, I think we may dismiss our fears as to the direful effects that are apprehended. The Moon will indeed, be then near her perigee, and the Earth near her perihelion; and the Earth's distance from each being thus less than usual for new moon, and their combined influences, acting in the same direction, the effect will be at a maximum, and, in consequence, the high tide accompanying this new moon will very probably be somewhat higher than usual, but that is all. This state of things, however, occurs every few years, and no disastrous effects follow. The direction and force of the wind at the time may materially modify all this.

Were there no moon accompanying the earth, there would be a sun-tide; but immense as is the sun's magnitude, its tide, in consequence of its very great distance, would be but a small fraction of the moon's tide at its short distance; it may, therefore, I think, be safely inferred, that the tides produced by Venus, Jupiter and Saturn, which will then be immensely more remote from us than the sun, and which are but a mere fraction of the sun's mass, will be imperceptible, and add nothing to the tides produced by the sun and moon alone, at the approaching eclipse.

What the value or effects of the combined magnetic forces, resulting from this unusual conjuncture of so many of our planets, on this occasion may be, in causing earthquakes, it is not easy to estimate; the results only can decide that; but this much can be said, that very few of the many total eclipses on record have been accompanied by earthquakes; and that any connection whatever existed between them has not been establish.

I am, Sir, yours, &c.,
W. K.

Ottawa, Dec., 19th 1870.

The countries now included in the new empire of Germany are, Prussia, with a population of 25,000,000, including Hanover's two millions, Bavaria, with a little less than five millions, Saxony, with two and a half millions, Wurtemberg, with 1,800,000, Baden, with 1,500,000, Hesse Darmstadt, with nearly a million, and twenty smaller States, with a population of upward of three millions, giving a total of nearly 40,000,000 within the present area of North and South Germany, which is 205,000 square miles. But as soon as they can be annexed, Alsace and Lorraine and Luxemburg are to be added, raising the population to some 44,000,000 and there are eight millions of [illegible]

Latest by Telegraph

VIA MONTREAL LINE.

THE WAR.

This Morning's Despatches.

CABLE NEWS.

THE NEW LOAN.

Berlin, 17th,—The new loan has met with great success, four times the amount has been subscribed for the greater portion in thaler bonds and the remainder in sterling bonds.

THE LUXEMBURG DIFFICULTY.

Russia in reply to the Prussian note in regard to Luxemburg, says the King of Holland must disprove the charges brought against the duchy or give guarantees that its obligations of neutrality shall not be violated again. If however the charges alleged are proved Prussia is justified in annexing the territory.

THE FRENCH DRIVEN BACK.

The French were driven from Vendome yesterday.

DIJON, 17th, via BERLIN, 18th—The Prussians attacked the French near Longeau, and drove them into the fortress. French loss 200.

The military commandant of Tours has been relieved for the precipitate evacuation of the place.

FRENCH GUNBOATS.

LONDON, 17th.—The French gunboats are cruising between Cherbourg and Havre. No Prussians have appeared in either port.

LOSS OF H. M. S.S. "PSYCHE."

Her Majesty's S.S., *Psyche*, of the British Eclipse Expedition, foundered in the Mediterranean. All hands, together with the scientific instruments, were saved.

NEW GREEK CABINET.

ATHENS, 16.—The new Greek Cabinet is as follows: Coumonderous, President of the Council; Cotochavios, Minister of Justice, Bozzaris, Minister of War; Sobinopoulors, Minister of Finance; Christophoules, Minister of Foreign Affairs; Amargyros, Minister of Marine.

KING OF SPAIN.

FLORENCE 17th.—The King elect of Spain will sail on Monday for Madrid.

THE ARMY OF THE LOIRE.

BORDEAUX, December 17.—The Prussians did not attack Chausey yesterday. The forces under Chausey have received heavy re-inforcements. It is understood now that three Generals commanding the main divisions of the army of the Loire, viz., Chausey, Bourbaki, Jaurezberet, have concocted a plan for a simultaneous advance, all having been largely re-inforced.

The Germans are retreating all along the valley of the Loire.

DISMISSAL OF A FRENCH GENERAL.

The French Government has dismissed General Sol from the service. The charge against him was that he hastily abandoned Tours, leaving behind guns and other materials of war, though no enemy had appeared near the vicinity.

The Government in accordance with the law which condemns to death Generals who too hastily surrender their posts has ordered by decree, an inquiry into the capitulation of Strasbourg and Metz, as regards which this proceeding is a mere matter of form, but in Bazaine's case the investigation will be a serious affair.

THE FORCES IN THE NORTH.

The national forces in the north have gained fresh advantages.

The Prussians now appear to be concentrating near Yaelo, to attack Havre. The latter place has 350 cannon, and a strong garrison, and will be defended to the last.

Another grand review was held here to-day of new troops going to the front. The men were enthusiastic.

Gambetta is still with the army of the Loire.

RAILWAY COLLISION.

LONDON, December 17.—By a railway collision near Bolton, an engineer was killed, and a fireman and twelve passengers were injured.

A BARK CAPSIZED.

NAPLES, December 17.—The bark *Travatore* capsized in the Mediterrean, and the captain, his wife and child, and thirteen of the crew were drowned.

DUCROT'S SORTIE.

LONDON, December 17.—The *Herald's* special, dated Paris 13th, says Ducrot's sortie was satisfactory and had demonstrated where the Germans were weak.

Ducrot is confident of his ability to break through the German lines at any moment.

The active army in the field is in good health and spirits, is well fed, and is 200,000 strong.

PREPARATIONS FOR ANOTHER SORTIE.

Preparations are making for another sortie on a larger scale. Some of the theatres have been re-opened, as it is believed the performances in them will have a beneficial effect. Goods are plentiful, and street cabs are numerous. Fresh meat, eggs, fish, and poultry are gone, but the supply of horse meat will last two months, and bread, wine and cheese four months, and of salt meat and salt fish two months. Trochu has taken possession of all food and wines, and the population is now supplied by military commissariats the same as soldiers. A surrender of the city is unthought of. Every Parisian is armed, and the city can hold out for three months longer without suffering. Mortality is large, but not enough to create alarm. There are no epidemics, and no deaths from starvation. The outside works have been pushed forward, which has compelled an enlargement of the line of investment from the works. The marksmen command the roads formerly out of range. The German positions have been enormously strengthened.

THE CONFERENCE—THE FISHERY QUESTION, SPECIALS TO THE "WORLD."

The *World's* special, London 17th, says the conference will meet before Christmas. France will be represented by Thiers. The Queen's speech at the opening of Parliament will recommend the appointment of a Royal Commission to examine the fishery question in order to settle upon some terms that may prove acceptable to America.

Journals of to-day, referring to the triumph of the peace party in the Cabinet, say that the Government has signed England's abdication as a great power.

The *World's* special, dated Versailles 14th, says the delay in the bombardment of Paris was caused partly by a quarrel between Generals Blumenthal and Von Roon. The latter wished to use the army horses to bring up the guns, while the former insisted that it was impossible to spare them. Von Roon finally yielded, and 4,000 are now coming from Germany to drag the siege guns from the railway terminus. The condition of the roads is fearful. The food is very scarce in the German camp, and some of the troops have been without meat for three days.

DUCROT SUCCESSFUL.

VERSAILLES, 17.—The German accounts of the recent sorties are correct. Ducrot was entirely successful so far as he went. He held the peninsular of St. Maur against the German attempts to recover it, and retired voluntarily after ascertaining the failure of Palladine. Ducrot is confident he could have gone through the investing line had Palladine been successful. The German leaders are uneasy on account of their line been weakened, and fear the success of a massed sortie.

The demand for the bombardment of Paris is great. Moltke fears the formation of a large army in the South, it being further away and there being more difficulty in reaching it. He is unwilling to allow Frederick Charles to go too far from Paris.

BISMARCK.

Bismarck is pressing energetically the political movement to destroy the Republican Government. Peace is absolutely necessary, and he is ready to make co[illegible] marck's demand in regard to Luxemburg intensifies indignation against the Ministry. Earl Granville opposed the Huniton. The Ministry are accused of cowardice for refusing to publish Bismarck's letter and their own reply. A violent attack is anticipated on the meeting of Parliament, and the downfall of the Ministry anticipated.

Saturday's Midnight Despatches.

PROPOSED RESTORATION OF NAPOLEON.

LONDON, Dec. 15.—Proofs of Prussian schemes for the restoration of the French Empire come from every quarter. Bismarck says that this is the only way war can end, that Republican France will fight for ever, that the fall of of Paris can produce no effect, and that the only course is to make terms with the Empire and the Government, and leave the French to fight it out between themselves.

GERMANS OCCUPY BEAUMONT.

Versailles Dec. 17.—The Germans, after a slight skirmish, occupied Beaumont, a few miles west of Evreux on the 11th.

THE DEFENCE OF BELFORT.

LONDON, 17th.—The French Garrison at Belfort still makes a gallant defence. The neighbouring heights have all been captured by the Germans, but not without suffering considerable loss. The French losses in these preliminary engagements were comparatively light. The German position has been greatly improved lately.

THE REDEMPTION OF THE SCHELDT DUES.

BERLIN, Dec. 16.—The Mecklenburg Diet has rejected the project submitted by the Government for the payment by the Dutch of 28,000 francs toward the redemption of the Scheldt Dues. Reserves providing for the payment of 14,000 francs was however adopted, leaving the remainder of the 28,000 francs to be paid by the Hanz towns.

THE LONDON CONFERENCE.

LONDON, Dec. 16.—It is said that the delay on the part of the French Government in acceding to the London Conference, is due wholly to the difficulty of communication between Bordeaux and Paris.

The Prussian Government charges that the French Consul at Luxemburg keeps open his office for the reinforcement of fugitives from the French army.

THE FRENCH LOAN.

BRUSSELS, Dec. 16.—The Provisional French Government advertises the payment of the January interest on the national debt.

ARRIVAL.

LONDONDERRY, Dec. 17.—The steamship *Austria*, from Quebec for Liverpool, arrived at this port yesterday, all well.

PRESIDENT GRANT'S MESSAGE.

LONDON Dec. 17.—The *Examiner* of yesterday has an editorial on the late Message of President Grant and the relations between Great Britain and the United States. It urges that the questions at issue between the two countries be left to a court of arbitration, and that such court sit permanently.

ANOTHER SORTIE FROM PARIS.

LILLE, 16th, Eve.—It is rumored that another sortie has been made from Paris, which accounts for the rapid withdrawal of German force from this region. Said French came out from behind their fortifications in immense force and have already completely invested Versailles. Fighting is now going on in the direction of Albert and Abbehille.

FRENCH PORTS BLOKADES.

LONDON, 17th.—French ports of Fecamp, Dieppe and Havre will be blockaded.

ANNEXATION.

CARLSRUHE, 17th.—The Baden Chamber has ratified the Federal treaty looking to the annexation of the State to the North German Confederation.

LISBON, 17th.—It is reported that negotiations are pending for the admission of Guinea to Holland.

GASGORR. 17th.—S. S. *Australia* from New York signalled.

REPULSE OF THE PRUSSIANS.

LONDON, 16th.—Mr. Halloran telegraphs from Tours, 16th. An engagement between the main body of Gen Chausey and the Prussians occurred yesterday near Blois, the Prussians were repulsed, but the result is yet undecisive.

AMERICAN NEWS.

A MAN KILLED IN MANITOBA.

Chicago, 18th.—Manitoba dates of 30th November state that James Tanner was killed while returning from the election. It is claimed the assault was made by the friends of Lynch and Schultz. Bad feeling prevails.

POSTAL TELEGRAPH.

WASHINGTON, 18.—One of the members of the House setting on Committee on "postal telegraph" says the entire committee are of opinion that the time has come for the Government to intervene in some form, but there is a difference as to the mode of doing so. The Chairman of the Committee has obtained unanimous consent to report the Bill, and will probably do so when the committee is again called. The Bill is somewhat changed from that of last year: the most essential alteration being in regard to the appraisement of telegraph property.

EXPORT OF GOLD.

NEW YORK, 17,—The *City of Paris* takes to Europe $216,400 in specie.

Gold has not been very active. It opened at 110½; selling up to 100⅞; and closed at 100⅞.

Saturday Afternoon's Despatches.

LONDON, Dec 16, ev'g.—The Pall Mall *Gazette* declares it to be the duty of England in this crisis to impress upon the Prussian Government, the fact that her violation of the territory of Luxemburg will not be regarded with indifference by Great Britain, nor allowed to pass with impunity. The mere departure from her neutrality on the part of Luxemburg is no excuse for this Prussian aggression.

A despatch from Versailles to-day gives a new explanation of the delay in opening the bombardment of Paris. There is a lack of ammunition in the German army, and the roads are so wet and heavy that none can be brought forward at present. The same cause has prevented the movement of heavy siege guns. It is probable that the fire will not be opened for a fortnight yet.

Despatchess from Versailles state that King William has issued an order to his troops in which he says that all the attempts of the enemy to break the lines investing Paris have been in vain, and should France persist in continuing the struggle the Germans will battle on until peace is restored.

It further states that we are now about to enter on a new phase of the war.

London Markets.

LONDON, Dec. 16, 4:30 p.m.—Consols, 91⅞ to ⅞; bonds, 62.88⅞ to 65; old, 88⅞, 67, 87⅞, 10.40's, 97⅞; Erie, 19½; I. C., 111; and Great Western 27½.

Tallow firmer at 45c.

Turpentine easier.

Liverpool Markets.

LIVERPOOL, Dec. 16.—Cotton steady; Uplands 8½; Orleans, 8½ to 8⅞.

California wheat, 11s 3d to 11s 4d.

Pork, 102s 6d.

Cheese firmer.

New York Markets.

NEW YORK, December 17.—Cotton 15 to 15½c.

Flour dull, in buyers favor. Receipts, 14,000 barrels. Sales, 8,000 barrels at $5.20 to 5.45 for Superfine State and Western; $5.95 to 6.50 for Common to Choice Extra State; $5.90 to 6.50 for Common to Choice Extra Western.

Rye Flour steady.

Wheat dull, and favors buyers. Receipts, 7,000 bushels. Sales, 21,000 bushels at [illegible] 38,000 bushels. Sales, 29,000 bushels at 74c. to 76c. for New Mixed Western.

Barley dull. Receipts, 1,000 bushels. Sales, 500 bushels at 80c. for State.

Oats quiet. Receipts, [illegible] bushels. Sales, 19,000 bushels at 60½c. to 61½c. for Western and Ohio.

Pork quiet at $19 to 19.25 for New Mess; $17. to 17.50 for Old Mess.

Lard dull at 11½c. to 12½ for Steam; 12½c. to 13c. for Kettle.

Butter steady.

Cheese quiet.

QUEBEC.

QUEBEC, Dec. 17.

In the Assembly to-day, Mr. Poupore presented several petitions from the County of Pontiac about the railway extension to Deep River.

Mr. Bellingham attacked the Government policy of railway land grants to private companies, of which no plans were made in granting lands not yet valued—the finest timber lands in the province.

Mr. Joly moved a six months' hoist. Lost on a division of 45 to 9.

In the Legislative Council, the Municipal Code was discussed.

A carter, named Drolet, died in his cariole this afternoon.

The St. Mathew's chapel opened to-day, after undergoing large repairs.

The Gosford road has not been running for a week, Mr. Hulbert and the directors not yet having come to terms.

The Hibernian Society gives a ball after New Year.

DIED.

Suddenly, on Sunday, 18th inst, at the residence of W. A. Ross, Esq., Richmond Road, Ann Durie, sister of the late Rev. Wm. Durie, of St. Andrew's Church, Ottawa, aged sixty-six years.

Friends and acquaintances are respectfully requested without further notice to attend the funeral, on Tuesday morning next, at 11 o'clock.

Amusements.

FIFTH ANNUAL BALL.

OTTAWA No. 1 FIRE COMPANY will hold their

FIFTH ANNUAL BALL,
—AT THE—
ST. PATRICK'S HALL and CANADIAN INSTITUTE,
On TUESDAY, 27th Instant.

Refreshments by PRODERICK.
Music by SUTHERLAND.
Double Tickets, $1. Single Tickets, [illegible]. May be had at Proderick's, Sussex street; Baskerville's and Sutherland's, Rideau street; Baskerville's, Duke street, Chaudiere; McCoy's, York street, and of Members of the Committee.
WM. WALSH, Captain.
DENIS BERAN, Secretary.
Ottawa, December 19, 1870.

ST. PATRICK'S LITERARY ASSOCIATION.

MATHEW RYAN, Esq.,
ADVOCATE,
—OF—
MONTREAL,
Will deliver a LECTURE under the Auspices of the above Association, in
ST. PATRICK'S HALL,
On THURSDAY, the 22nd Instant.
SUBJECT:
"The Irish as a business people, [illegible] observations on the value of Savings Banks."
TICKETS [illegible]
To be had at the Door and from the members of the Committee.
Doors open at 7. Lecture to commence at 8 o'clock, P.M.
Ottawa, December 16, 1870.

MASONIC BALL.
The Brethren of the Civil Service Lodge, No. 148, G.R.C., in conjunction with Brethren of other City Lodges, propose celebrating the Festival of St. John the Evangelist, by a
MASONIC BALL.
Brethren desirous of becoming subscribers will oblige by leaving their names with any Member of the Committee before the 15th inst.
COMMITTEE.
W. Bros. Cochrane, Eastwood and Rowan, Bro. H Bernard, Brown Chamberlin, A J Cambie, F D Burrowes, E B Crombie, and JOHN WALSH, Secretary.
Ottawa, Dec 12, 1870.

"LILLIE LONSDALE"
—FROM—
ENGLAND.
THE GREAT CHARACTER ACTRESS
—AND—
SINGER
AT THE
MUSIC HALL,
OTTAWA,
WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY, DECEMBER 21st & 22nd.
TRAGEDY! COMEDY! OPERA! SONGS! DANCES! COSTUMES!
Tickets to be had at Messrs. J. L. Orme's.
GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.
Ottawa, Dec 10, 1870.

PUBLIC SCHOOLS.
CHRISTMAS EXAMINATIONS.
The Christmas Examinations in the COMMON SCHOOLS of this city, will be held as follows, viz:—
CENTRAL SCHOOL, West, WEDNESDAY, 21st December inst.
CENTRAL SCHOOL, East, THURSDAY, 22nd December inst.
DUKE STREET, Primary School, TUESDAY, 20th December,
And BOLTON STREET, Primary School, TUESDAY, 20th December.
The examinations will be held from 9.30 a.m. to 12 noon; and from 1½ to 4 p.m., on each of the above mentioned days.
Parents, Guardians, and all persons interested in our educational institutions, are invited to attend.
By order of the Board.
W. COUSENS, Local Sup't.
Ottawa, December 19, 1870.

FOR CHRISTMAS PRESENTS
—AND—
NEW YEAR'S GIFTS.
A great Variety of TOYS, ALBUMS, LADIES' COMPANIONS, WRITING DESKS, JEWELLERY, JUVENILE BOOKS, and other Fancy Goods, at
HAUSER'S NEW STORE, Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Dec 14, 1870.

FROM THIS DAY FORTH I charge the prices of all my Wood, that is to say, Hard Wood $4.75, Green $5.00; Second [illegible]

LOCAL N[EWS]

Carpets and House Fur[nishings] a speciality, at Garland, M[utchmor]... A large stock and new sty[les] ... GARLAND, MUT[CHMOR]

All Wool Tartans i[n] ... A large lot ex last ... GARLAND, MUT[CHMOR]

To-day is nomination da[y] ... Wards.

GRAND RIVER.—Skating i[s] ... the Ottawa, but the[y are] rather hazardous yet.

PARADE.—The Ottawa ... Artillery will par[ade this] evening.

The first Promenade ... given by the Ottawa B[rigade] Band will we understand ... 28th inst.

Devlin's Fur Depo[t] ... 50 dozen Velvete[en] ... cents upwards. A larg[e] ... flowers and Feathers. Tr... Bonnets. ... at the "Golden Lion." R. L.

The Quarterly Meeting ... Episcopal Church, York S[treet] ... last evening. Sermons w[ere] ... the usual ceremonies of l[ove feast] ... through.

POLICE COURT.—Saturda[y] ... cases of vagrancy were pro[ved] ... and one case of furious dr[iving] ... rather leniently viewed, ... list of offences at the co[urt].

The market on Satu[rday] ... eagerly attended, notw[ithstanding] ... there is a pretty good ... provisions of all kind ... material change in price ... turkeys, geese and fowl bei[ng] ... however.

MASONIC BALL.—We w[ould remind our] readers once more of ... Masonic Ball, to take place ... on the evening of St. Jo[hn's] ... preparations have been m[ade] ... mittee, and the whole c[om]... determined that it shall ... affair of the kind of the ...

Arrivals at the Russell ... day were:—Thomas Hea[th] ... Doyle, Montreal, R Reid, ... cardine; T Daly, Toro[nto]; ... Brockville; B Rosamond, ... Almonte; F Hall, Perth; ... Hon L Langevin, Quebe[c]; ... Onslow.

WOOD.—There was an ... of wood on Saturday. ... hardwood sold for $3 ... sleigh load, and soft woo[d] ... rately cheap. It is evide[nt] ... ply already coming into ... wood will be very cheap ... notwithstanding the p... contrary.

OTTAWA No. 1 FIRE C[OMPANY] ... BALL.—The Ottawa No ... will give their annual ... Patrick's Hall, on the 2[7th] ... company have always be[en] ... undertakings of th[is] ... doubt their usual energ[y] ... the coming ball ... led by Sutherland ... ments provided by Mr. ...

LECTURE.—The lectur[e of] ... Stephenson in the W... Church last evening wa[s] ... usually able and eloque[nt] ... tleman. It was the fif[th] ... tleman's series of lectu[res] ... ties, and the special ... be treated was "The ... The audience was very ... greatly impressed by th[e] ... eloquence.

NOTICE.—Now is the ... C. P. Dorion, 60 Spark[s] ... and stove-pipe fitting ... for yourselves. Lumb[er] ... Merchants come and s... State House in this ... the Posters. C. P. ... Street.

Devlin's Fur D[epot] ...

RUNAWAYS and acc[idents] ... furious driving, have ... numerous already th[is] ... runaway on York stre[et] ... passing the ma[rket] ... with a team of horses ... named Roberts, and i[n] ... which the shaft of th[e] ... ran to an almost th... accident the horse ... and will have to be k[illed].

LECTURE IN ST. PAT[RICK'S HALL] ... tleman not by any m[eans] ... literary fame—Mathew ... of Montreal—is to ... "The Business Capa[city] ... people, in connection ... on Thursday evening ... one occasion we hav[e] ... ure to the utteranc[e] ... we are sure that on ... attend will leave ... either, for an hour sp... a gentleman so tale[nted] ... acquainted with a s... once elucidate and ...

Furious driving is ... very alarming exten[t] ... days ago a young ... being run over by ... a furious rate on E... a number of fast yo[ung] ... who own or hire fa[st horses] ... the lives of pedes[trians] ... driving. Acciden[ts] ... curred this winter ... would advise those ... sport to desis[t] ... as there is heav[y] ... such offenders her[e].

MISS LILLIE LO[NSDALE] ... lady will appear fo[r] ... Ottawa audience, ... Tuesday evening, an[d] ... with a crowded ... spoken of by the ... the *Transcript* of ... town she recent[ly] ... follows of her pe[rformance] ...

POOR COPY

LOCAL NEWS.

Carpets and House Furnishings made a speciality, at Garland, Mutchmor & Co. A large stock and new styles, at reduced prices.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

All Wool Tartans in all the leading colors. A large lot ex last steamer, at

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

To-day is nomination day in the several Wards.

Skating River.—Skating is pretty common on the Ottawa, but the adventure is quite hazardous yet.

Parade.—The Ottawa Brigade Garrison Artillery will parade to-morrow evening.

The first Promenade Concert to be given by the Ottawa Brigade Garrison Band will we understand take place on 5th inst.

Devlin's Fur Depot.

50 dozen Velveteen Hats, from 25 cents upwards. A large assortment of Tipses and Feathers. Trimmed Hats and Bonnets.

At the "Golden Lion."

R. L. JAMES & Co.

The Quarterly Meeting of the Methodist Episcopal Church, York Street, took place last evening. Sermons were delivered and the usual ceremonies of like occasions gone through.

Police Court—Saturday.—A couple of cases of vagrancy were properly disposed of. And one case of furious driving, which was rather leniently viewed, completed the list of offences at the court this morning.

The market on Saturday was rather sparingly attended, notwithstanding that there is a pretty good demand just now for provisions of all kinds. There was no material change in prices generally; turkeys, geese and fowl being a little dearer however.

Masonic Ball.—We would remind our readers once more of the Grand Masonic Ball, to take place in the Music Hall on the evening of St. John's day. Great preparations have been made by the Committee, and the whole craft of the city are determined that it shall be the grandest affair of the kind of the season.

Arrivals at the Russell House on Saturday were:—Thomas Hearn, J Hope, W L Hyde, Montreal, R Reid, F Hurdon, Kingston; T Daly, Toronto; A Richards, Brockville; B Rosamond, J Rosamond, jr., Toronto; F Hall, Perth; G Pope, Boston; Jas L Langevin, Quebec; A Lockhart, Carlow.

Wood.—There was an immense market of wood on Saturday. Good seasoned hardwood sold for $3.00 per double sleighload, and soft wood was proportionately cheap. It is evident from the supply already coming into the market that wood will be very cheap during the winter, notwithstanding the predictions to the contrary.

Ottawa No. 1 Fire Company's Annual Ball.—The Ottawa No. 1 Fire Company will give their annual ball in the St. Patrick's Hall, on the 27th instant. This company have always been very successful in undertakings of this kind, and no doubt their usual energy will be exercised in the coming ball. Music will be supplied by Sutherland's Band, and refreshments provided by Mrs. Frederick.

Lecture.—The lecture by the Rev. Mr. Stephenson in the Wesleyan Methodist Church last evening was delivered in the usually able and eloquent style of that gentleman. It was the fifth of the Rev. gentleman's series of lectures on life in large cities, and the special subject upon which he treated was "The City by Midnight." The audience was very large and appeared greatly impressed by the lecturer's forcible eloquence.

Notice.—Now is the time. Go and see C. P. Dorion, 60 Sparks Street, for stoves and stove-pipe fitting. No puff; but see for yourselves. Lumbermen and country merchants come and see. The most complete House in this Line in the Capital, viz Posters. C. P. Dorion, 60 Sparks Street. 1486 2m.

Devlin's Fur Depot.

Runaways and accidents, the result of furious driving, have been uncommonly numerous already this winter. A horse runaway on York street on Saturday, and one passing the market came in contact with a team of horses belonging to a farmer named Roberts, and into the side of one of which the shaft of the sleigh attached was run to an almost fatal extent. By the accident the horse was rendered useless and will have to be killed.

Lecture in St. Patrick's Hall.—A gentleman not by any means unknown to literary fame—Mathew Ryan, Esq., Advocate, of Montreal—is to deliver a lecture on "The Business Capacity of the Irish as a people, in connection with Savings Banks," on Thursday evening next. On more than one occasion we have listened with pleasure to the utterances of Mr. Ryan, and we are sure that on this occasion all who attend will leave much the better and wiser, for an hour spent in the company of a gentleman so talented and particularly acquainted with a subject which he will at once elucidate and embellish.

Furious driving is still indulged in to a very alarming extent in Ottawa. A few days ago a young boy narrowly escaped being run over by a horse being driven at a furious rate on Elgin street. There are a number of fast young men in our midst who own or hire fast horses and jeopardize the lives of pedestrians by their furious driving. Accidents have frequently occurred this winter from fast driving and we would advise those persons who indulge in that sport to desist from doing so in future as there is heavy punishment awaiting such offenders henceforth.

Miss Lillie Lonsdale.—This talented lady will appear for the first time before an Ottawa audience, at the Music Hall, Wednesday evening, and we trust will be met with a crowded house. She is highly spoken of by the press of Toronto; and the Transcript of Paris, Ont., (in which town she recently appeared) speaks as follows of her performance: "As a singer, have seldom seen surpassed by any actress who has visited Paris. 'Charles Fitz Folly,' the 'Young Man of the Period,' was perfection, and especially pleasing to the female portion of the audience. 'Sergeant Buzfuz,' from Dickens' celebrated trial, 'Pickwick vs. Bardell,' was to our mind admirably executed, and exhibited the foibles, peculiarities and eccentricities of certain gentlemen of the 'long robe' with singular accuracy. 'Jemina Ann,' the 'Servant of all Work,' was also good, and was rapturously encored." It is very seldom, indeed, that we have the opportunity of witnessing exhibitions like Miss Lonsdale's and our townspeople, if they desire two hours of rare amusement of a high order, should attend on Wednesday evening, at the Music Hall.

Fire on Bolton Street.—About 3:30 this morning a fire broke out in a double tenement house on Bolton street, a short distance from Sussex street. The building, a large frame one, was owned by P. Morin, by whom one tenement of the house was occupied, the other tenement being occupied by Mr. Gorman. The fire was first seen by Sergeant McVitty and Constable Little, who had just come down from Upper Town, and were walking along Sussex street. On making certain that a house was on fire, the Constable ran back to the station to give the alarm, and the Sergeant hurried to the house, where he found all the inmates fast asleep and insensible to the danger which surrounded them. Some of the inmates were so difficult to awaken that had not the fire been discovered as early as it was, serious results might have been the consequence.

The fire was caused by a defective flew. When seargent McVitty arrived at the house there was a small flame issuing from the gable in the neighborhood of the chimney, and had there been a supply of water it is believed the fire could have been extinguished then, and even when the fire engines arrived there was hope in this direction were water to be had. The universal saying in the neighborhood as the building was being devoured by the flames was "another strong argument for Water Works. It was really ridiculous to behold the endeavors made by the energetic Firemenr to extinguish the flames with the few *pails* ful of water which were brought on to the scene at intervals of ten minutes—little barrels containing a few gallons of water, and for which will have to be paid 25cts. each barrel. Had a wind been blowing at the time, it is certain that we would, instead of a single building, have to record a destructive conflagration embracing the half of Bolton street. All the buildings in the immediate vicinity are wooden, and a slight wind would, under the circumstances, have communicated the flames. Mr. Morin's house is valued at about $1,600, and we believe there was no insurance on it. The house was totally destroyed, but the furniture saved.

VICTORIA WARD.

We are authorized to state that Mr. A. H. Baldwin was called upon on Saturday by Mr. F. Abbott and many leading citizens of the Ward, and pressed in the most urgent manner to allow himself to be nominated as Alderman for the Ward. We are pleased to say that Mr. Baldwin has consented to run. If a few more of our extensive traders and good sensible men would come out, our city in the course of a few years would benefit by their advice and experience; they would not allow the city taxes to be frittered away every year and have no improvements to shew. Men like Mr. Baldwin, who, from experience in their own business, must know the value of labour and how to have work done to the best advantage, are the men we want, to try and raise Ottawa to the position of a first class city.

Ottawa Field Battery.

Owing to the press of matter in our issue of saturday, we were obliged to leave over our account of the presentation of prizes to the Ottawa Field Battery, which took place on Friday evening last. The prizes were awarded by Lieut.-Col. Wily. The following is the list of prizes:—

FIRST MATCH.

1st prise, Benjamin Savage, challenge medal; 2nd, $5, Wm. Gray; 3rd, $4, Thomas Kane; 4th, $1, R. Martin; 5th, $1, John Murphy.

SECOND MATCH.

1st prize, Robert Martin, $12; 2nd, Benjamin Savage, $9; 3rd, Wm. Gray, pair of pants presented by Mr. Dimbleby, $6; 4th, John Stewart, $3; 5th, Thomas Kane, $2; 6th, H. Marling, $1.

THIRD MATCH.

1st prize, Wm. Gray, silver pitcher, presented by Lieut. Wright, $20; 2nd, James Lowe, $10; 3rd, Alex. McDonald, $6; 4th, H. Lepine, $3; 5th, P. Barry, $1; 6th, Robert Martin, $1.

FOURTH MATCH.

1st prize, Lieut. John Stewart, $5; 2nd, Thomas Kane, $4; 3rd, Parker Barry, $3; 4th, Wm. Smith, saddle; 5th, James Forsyth, satchell; 6th, John Murphy, leg of mutton; 7th, Alex. McDonald, $1.

Court of Genral Sessions and County Court.

Muldoon *vs.* Heenan. Mr. Mosgrove for plaintiff; Mr. W. A. Ross for defendant. Verdict for plaintiff $100. Mr. Ross will move in term to set aside verdict.

Germain *vs.* Connelly. Mr. Lapiere for plaintiff; Mr. Kimber for defendant. This was an action for $100 obtained by the defendant from the Ontario Bank on a note made by mistake for $300, instead of $200, the plaintiff having intended to give a note for $200. The evidence for the plaintiff was perfectly clear that the intention was to give a note simply for $200 and in fact this was admitted by defendant But the contention was that the defendant only received $200. The bank teller proved that the defendant received $200, being the proceed of $300. The jury, however, took an unaccountable view of the matter, and returned a verdict for the defendant.

The applications for naturalization which we noticed at the opening of the court were granted.

Martin *vs.* McIntyre—An action on a promissory note for $214. Gibbs for plaintiff, Mosgrove for defendant—Verdict for plaintiff, $214 and against defendant for intention to defraud. The Judge reserves sentance until next term.

Bell *vs.* Bell—A case of appeal for assault. Owing to the absence of the complainant, the case was let stand over to next term of court.

Johannis *vs.* Cameron—An appeal from a conviction of selling goods on Sunday. Quashed on account of non-appearance of prosecution.

Some futher appeal cases having been disposed of, the session was brought to a close.

Ladies and Children's Fancy Woolen

The Florence Nightingale of the Nursery—The following is an extract from a letter written by the Rev. C. Z. Weiser, to the "German Reformed Messenger, at Chambersburg, Penn.:

"THE INFANT'S FRIEND.

Just open the door for her, and Mrs. Winslow will prove the American Florence Nightingale of the Nursery. Of this we are sure, that we will teach our "Suzy" to say, "A Blessing on Mrs. Winslow," for helping her to survive and escape the griping, colicking and teething siege. We confirm every word set forth in the Prospectus. It performs precisely what it professes to perform, every part of it—nothing less. Away with your "Cordial," "Paregoric," "Drops," "Laudanum," and every other "Narcotic," by which the babe is drugged into stupidity, and rendered dull and idiotic for life.

We have never seen Mrs. Winslow—know he only through the preparation of her "Soothing Syrup for Children Teething." If we had the power, we would make her, as she is, a physical Saviour to the Infant Race. 25 cents per bottle sold by all druggists.

Be sure and call for

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP.

Having the fac-simile of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

A "Cough," "Cold," or Irritated Throat, allowed to progress, results in serious pulmonary and Bronchial affections, of tentimes incurable.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES

Reach directly the affected parts, and give a most instant relief. In Bronchitis, Asthma, and Catarrh they are beneficial. Obtain only the genuine BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES which have proved their efficacy by test of many years. Among testimonials attesting their efficacy are letters from—

E. H. Chapin, D. D; New York,
Henry Ward Beecher, Brooklyn, N. Y.,
N. P. Willis, New York,
Hon. C. A. Phelps, Pres. Mass. Senate,
Dr. G. F. Bigelow, Boston,
Prof. Edwd. North, Clinton, N. Y.,
Surgeons in the Army, and others of eminence

Sold everywhere at 25 cents per box.

"Troches," so called, sold by the ounce, are a poor imitation and nothing like Brown's Bronchial Troches, which are sold only in boxes with a fac-simile of the proprietors,

JOHN I. BROWN & SON,

This care in putting up the Troches in important as a security to the purchaser in order to be sure of obtaining the genuine Brown bronchial Troches.

Auction Sales.

VERY IMPORTANT SALE.

DAMAGED GOODS.

SOLD ON ACCOUNT OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

ON TUESDAY, 20th DEC., 1870

Mr BOOKER has received instructions from the Grand Trunk Railway Company, to sell by auction, at their Stores, Point St Charles, the Goods damaged by the accident at the St Francis Bridge, near Richmond, Q., comprising:

General Dry Goods, Blankets, Furs, Buffalo Robes, General Grocery, Tobacco, Teas, Cheese, Picked Butter, Brls Flour, Feed, Fruit, Flax, Liquors, Oils, Hardware, Sewing Machines, Pumps, Bar and other Iron, Chains, Saws, Clothing, Boots and Shoes, Rubber Overshoes, Sole Leather, Fancy Goods, Paper Hangings, Stationary, and other Merchandise in Cases, Casks and Barrels, in great variety.

Sale at TEN o'clock, A M.

A BOOKER,
Auctioneer.

Montreal, Dec 12, 1870. 1541td

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

IMMENSE AUCTION SALE

—OF—

JAPANESE GOODS.

The Subscriber has received a very large Consignment of the above named Goods, which he will offer for Sale by

PUBLIC AUCTION,

—AT HIS—

ROOMS, RIDEAU STREET,

Commencing on TUESDAY, DECEMBER 20th, 1870.

Consisting of in Part,

Tea Caddies, Glove Boxes, Fancy Cabinets, Wine Cups, Trays, Stands, Candlesticks, Teapots and Stands, Figures, Ornaments, &c.

This being the first time these rare curiosities were ever offered by Public Auction in Ottawa, the public is invited to inspect them.

The Goods will be on view on MONDAY, December 19, and up to the Hour of Sale.

The Sale will take place at 3 o'clock, in Terms Cash.

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, Dec 14, 1870 1538td

Wants.

WANTED.

A "Second Hand" SAFE, medium size. Apply at the Office of

R W CRUICE.

Ottawa, December 19, 1870 1543 2

WANTED,

For the ROMAN CATHOLIC Separate Schools of this City, two Male English Teachers holding 1st Class Certificates.

Application to be made to the undersigned, on or before the 15th inst.

WM. FINLEY,
Chairman Board of R. C. S. S. Trustees.

Ottawa, Dec 6, 1870 1537tf

WANTED,

AN ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER,

Apply to Post Office, Box 244. 1540tf

2 BOYS WANTED.

Two smart boys wanted to carry papers Must be able to read and write. Apply at this office.

TWO OR THREE GENTLEMEN can be accommodated with

ROOMS, WITH OR WITHOUT BOARD.

Apply at

MR. ROWSELL'S,
Opposite the Union Hotel,
Centre Town.

Ottawa, July 5, 1870. 1400tf

FOUND.

A Red and White Brindle HEIFER, Short Horns, turned in, two years old past. The owner can have her by paying expenses. Apply at the Gate Hotel, James Meekin, Bank street Road, Township of Nepean

December 14, 1870 1539 6

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

DR. HENRY has removed his Residence and Surgery to the corner of Bank and Victoria Streets, near the Parliament Buildings.

December 1, 1870. 1528b

FOR SALE.

COON, FOX, AND BUFFALO ROBES.

The Subscriber has received a large consignment of Robes of different kinds. Parties requiring anything in that line will do well to call and secure Bargains, as they are selling at very low prices. SALE ROOMS, opposite the By-Ward Market.

JOHN CHAPMAN,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, Dec 12, 1870 1538tf

THOMAS ISAAC,

DEALER IN

Shelf and Heavy Hardware

REQUISITION

TO GEORGE TAILLON, ESQ.

SIR,—We the undersigned electors and ratepayers of Ottawa Ward respectfully request that you will allow yourself to be put in nomination as one of the Aldermen for the above-mentioned ward, during the ensuing term; should you accede to our request, we pledge ourselves to use our votes and influence in favor of your return.

P A Egleson, sr	F X Guertin
James Wadsworth	Thos Kehoe
Theophile Leclaire	Stanislas Robert
E Lauzon	James McCullough
Thos C Pidgeon,	Francis Potvin
Martin Battle	J T Prudhomme
Moses Dupont	L H Causeault
Laurent Duhamel	James Burns
Paul Tombeau	Martin Wallace
L F Dufresne	J B Archambeault
Michael Boyle	Saml Cauthers
G Caseault	Edward Gurry,
F L Casault	Xavier Lariviere
J B Richer	J McLaughlin
H Casgrain	Damase Roy
J Jackson	J Bte Belanger
Michael O'Gara	Francois St Jacques
J A Lessard	Joseph Lafrance
Thos Iliffe	Edward Mooney
Theodore Pichette	James Gillie
Jean Basin	James White
Wm Gauthier	Thos McEvoy
Auguste Deguise	John O'Connor
Barthy Maloney	John Burke
George Lavigne	Andre Aubichon
Louis Payment	John Young
J P M Lecourt	M Brady
James O'Connor	Abraham Rathier
Thos Paquette	Patrick White
F X Gauvreau	Thos McEvoy
Charles Gauvreau	Wm M Steirs
Andre St Amour	Jas Brown
Francois Derie	Patrick Green
Maxime Morin	Wm Easdale
Hyacinthe Dubreuil	H Bingham
Robt Snaith	Geo Sleeman
Pat Green	Michael Brennan
M Cussick Sr	Patrick Omeara
M Cussick Jr	Geo Easdale
J Burke	Edgar Burritt
J Taylor	Sam Bingham
Geo Brannagan	Patrick McLaughlin
John Boyle	Stanislas Bourke
Paul Sarazin	Thos Campbell
Barnaby Desjardin	Robt Harris
J Monaghan	Peter Collins
Elie Oliver	P Fitzsimmons
Piere Jobin	Wm O'Connor
Gabriel Ouelette	J A Belanger
J McGillivray	Heram Johnston
David Lessard	Isaie Mentha
Ed Peltier	H O Burritt
Ed J McEvoy	Patrick Maloney
Jos Auger	Damase Laderoute
Basilie Verdon	Jos Greulx
Pierre Boyer	Wm B Johnston
Octave Berubé	Auguste Lafleur
Pierre Morin	Jos Goulet
Octave Lemay	Chas Valquette
Wm McGowan	Dennis McGrath
Terrance O'Connor	John Kehoe
Thos Lacy	Thos Priestly
J Kennedy	J Halfpenny
Wm Garrett	R Shackery
Ed Bambrick	Napoleon Caseault
J Murray	Chas Robert
J Gunn	Napoleon Duchesne
Chas Mullin	Thadde Hotte
Hugh Burgess	Cyrille Barbeau
Alex Gauvreau	Pierre Foisy.

To P. A. Egleson, sr., James Wadsworth, Theophile Leclaire, E. E. Lauzon, Thomas C. Pidgeon, Martin Battle, Moses Dupont, Laurent Duhamel, and others.

I accept your respectable and numerously signed requisition, and in compliance therewith will offer myself as a candidate for the office of Alderman, for Ottawa Ward. I thank you for the kind offer of your votes and influence, and if elected I shall do my duty to the best of my ability.

Yours respectfully,

GEORGE TAILLON.

Ottawa, 16th December, 1870.

REQUISITION,

TO F. X. GUERTIN, ESQ.

SIR—

We, the undersigned, electors and rate payers of Ottawa Ward, respectfully request that you will allow yourself to be put in nomination as one of the Aldermen for that Ward during the ensuing year. Should you accede to our request we pledge ourselves to use our votes and influence in favour of your return:—

Martin Battle	Thomas C Pidgeon
E E Lauzon	Moses Dupont
James O'Connor	Taurence O'Connor
John Gunn	Gabriel Ouelette
John Young	Damasse Roy
James Gillie	James Burns
Thomas Iliffe	William Garrett
Wm M Evela	John Kennedy
James White	John O'Connor
John Burke	Edward Bambrick
John Murray	A Le Roy
Charles Mullan	Peter Jobin
Hugh Burgess	Pierre Morin
Alexander Gauvreau	Edward Gurry
Patrick White	Theodore Pichette
James Brown	Paul Tambeau
Patrick Green	Wm Steers
William Esdale	Martin Wallace
George Sleeman	Michael O'Gara
Justice E Burritt	Henry Bingham
Patrick O'Meara	Michael Brennan
Edgar Burritt	Samuel Bingham
Patrick McLaughlin	Stanislaus Bourke
W T Cusack	Thomas Campbell
M Cusack	Robert Harris
Peter Collins	F L Caseault
Patrick Fitzsommons	Napoleon Caseault
Edouard Pelletier	Samuel Crauthers
Wm O'Connor	Wiliam Cardwell
John McGilnay	James Devlin
Joseph Lafrance	Hugh Carling
Wm McSown	Hiram Johnston
Xavier Lariviere	Elie Oliver
Abraham Rathier	Isai Mantha
Basil Verdon	Patrick Maloney
Octave Lemay	Joseph Groulx
Thomas Lacey	Wm B Johnston
Francois St. Jacques	Augustin Lefleur
Pierre Boyer	Joseph Goulet
L A Belanger	Charles Valiquette
Laurent Duhamel	Thomas McEroy
Thomas Kehoe	Edouard T McEroy
Charles Robert	Denis McGrath
J P L Lecourt	John Kehoe
L F Dufresne	Thomas Priestly
Hernnegilde Casgrain	Jacob Halpeny
R Tackray	J T Prudhomane
Thomas Cooney	Maxime Morin
Henry McCormick	James McCollough
Francois Potvin	Philip Brady
Thomas Brady	Thomas Paquette
F H Gauvreau	Charles Gauvrau
Stephen Stratton	Andre St. Amour
Francois Deri	Maxime Morin
J B Archambeault	Hyacinthe Dubreuil
Robert Snaith.	Napoleon Duchenne
Patrick Green	John Murray
James Taylor	George Branigan
John Boyle	Paul Sarazin
John Monaghan	Andre Jolicoeur
Alex Gauvreau	Amable Beauchamp
Thaddy Hotte	Cyrille Barbeau
Pierre Foisy	Henry McCormick
	Octave Berubé

To Messrs. James O'Connor, E. E. Lauzon, John Gunn, Moses Dupont, John Young, Thos. Iliffe and others:

REPLY.

GENTLEMEN,—

In compliance with the above requisition I beg leave to state that I will offer myself as a candidate for the coming election. If elected as your representative at the Council Board, I shall use my best endeavors to forward your interest and to deserve the honor which you have conferred upon me.

I remain, gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
F. X. GUERTIN.

REQUISITION

TO WILLIAM KEHOE, ESQ.

We the undersigned Electors of Ottawa Ward request that you will allow yourself to be put in nomination as Alderman for the said Ward, at the ensuing Election, in which case we pledge ourselves to use our best endeavours to secure your return.

James O'Connor	John Kehoe
Hilaire Pinard	Thomas Presley
T C Pidgeon	Michael Bambrick
Martin Battle	Hugh Burgess
James Wadsworth	Abram Rathier
R O'Reilly	Edward Pelletier
William Cardwell	Pierre Riopelle
E E Lauzon	Joseph Auger
Moise Dupont	Basil Viendon
John Young	Pierre Boyer
Theophile Leclaire	Pierre Morin
John Murray	Octave Lemay
Peter Jobin	John Gunn
John O'Connor	John Brennan
P A Roy	Charles Mullens
John Burke	Alexander Gauvreau
Laurence O'Connor	Patrick White
James Gillie	J T Prudhomme
William McEvela	F X Hurtubise
William McGowan	Thomas O'Connor
John McGillivray	Thomas Costello
Edmund J McEvoy	James Brown
Thomas McEvoy	Edward Gurry
P Fitzsimmons	Martin Wallace
Patrick Moran	Samuel Cauthers
Thomas Lacey	Xavier Lariviere
Edward Mooney	J Bte Belanger
L J Casault	Francois St. Jacques
F Casault	Joseph Lafrance
William Garrett	George Easdale
Gabriel Ouellette	Michael O'Gara
Thomas Iliffe	William Steers
James White	Patrick Green
James Burns	William Easdale
Damas Roy	George Sleeman
Michael Brennen	Henry Bingham
Patrick O'Meara	Edgar Burritt
Samuel Bingham	J Halfpenny
Patrick McLaughlin	R Thackeray
M Cusick, sr	Napoleon Casault
M Cusick, jr	J M T Hannum
Stanislas Bourke	Xavier Lariviere
Thomas Campbell	Augustin Potvin
Robert Harris	William Strang
Peter Collins	F X St Jacques
William O'Connor	Henry McCormick
James Cooney	James McCulloch
Thomas Kehoe	Michael Boyle
James Devlin	Francois Povin
W B Johnston	Philip Brady
Robert Snaith	Thomas Paquette
Napoleon Cassault	F X Ganvreau
E Richard	B Clouthier
F X Dufresne	Charles Gauvreau
H Casgrain	Andre St Amour
Stanislas Robert	Stephen S Stratton
Elie Olivier	Francois Derie
Paul Tambeau	J B Archambault
Theodore Pichette	Maxime Morin
John Donovan	Hyacinthe Dubreille
Lawrence Duhamel	Napoleon Duchesne
Daniel O'Connor	James Taylor
Isai Manthat	George Branningan
Bartley Maloney,	John Boyle
Damase Laderoute	Paul Sarazin
Louis Groulx	Amable Beauchamp
Augustus Lafleur	David Long
Joseph Goulet	Cyrille Barbeau
Charles Valiquette	Pierre Foisy

REPLY.

To Messrs. James O'Connor, Hilaire Pinard, T. C. Pidgeon, Martin Battle, James Wadsworth, Robert O'Reilly, E. E. Lauzon, and others.

GENTLEMEN,—It was not my intention or desire to offer myself as a candidate for your suffrages at the approaching election, but I certainly could not hold myself justified in refusing to comply with so large and influential a requisition as that with which you have honored me. I therefore with pleasure place myself in your hands, and if elected my humble endeavors will be directed to advance the interests of Ottawa Ward in particular, and those of the city generally.

I have the honor to be,
Gentlemen,
Your obd't serv't,
WILLIAM KEHOE.

Ottawa, December 16, 1870 1242 2

TO JOHN R O'CONNOR, ESQ.

SIR,—

We, the undersigned, Electors and Rate-payers of Victoria Ward, respectfully request that you will allow yourself to be put in nomination as one of the Aldermen for said Ward, during the ensuing year, and we hereby pledge ourselves to use our influence in favour of your return.

Hamnet Hill	Thos McKay
A Baldwin	Wm G Perley
John Ashfield	Wm Morrison
Leon David	Sexton Washburn
Bronson & Weston	John Atkinson
Francis Abbott	Horace Merrill
John McDonald	Levi Young
R R Booth	Moses Aubrey
A W Soper	A Fotheringham
Robert Young	Gordon B Pattee
Samuel McGibney	Wm Hay
Maurice Malone	Henry White
E P Williams	John Kenna
Wm Ellis	E B Gallop
John Ahearn	John Clappy
John Rowatt	L E Goulin
W H Martin	John Albert
John Abbott	Aaron Carruthers
John Soulier	J B Robaire
Samuel Mix	Archer Bayley
Nazaire Bertrand	W H Morgan
William Atkinson	Peter Atkinson
J Cheeney	Thos McCloy
Peter Robertson	Wm Mason
Geo Mason	Simpson Fleming
Thos Traveller	Bernard Mullin
John Martin	Louis Turpin
Joseph Dewart	Wm Gorman
Dan Smith	John Olliver
Wm Watson	D McQuade
John Joyce	L P Dorion
Baskerville Bros.	Wm Cain
Michael Naven	Wm Ahearn
D Willet	J Hanrahan
Moses Proulx	Amable Periere
Maurice Ahearn	John Cardiff
Alex Philion	Nelson Dault
John McGillivray	J McKillican
A S Whittier	Henry Laroque
Patrick Kennedy	John M Haskin
Patrick Hurley	John Purtell
Wm Lecleare	W F Huntley
James Bambrick	James Kennedy
John Pushman	James Gordon
Matthew Patterson	Alex Coulter
John Cowan	Wm Kennedy
Nelson Perkins	Wm Mitford
H Kinville	Wilfred Kipp
James W Smith	A D Fraser
Arthur Bisaillon	John Shields
Thomas Lawrence	John Cross
John Quain	F X Valiquette
Simon Kinney	Francis Duhamel
M Carman	Henry Brading
John Boyd	George Dalglish
Leander Booth	Joseph Levine
James Merner	Adolph Gilbault
Michael O'Neal	James Wood
James Marks	Denis Noonan
Israel Waterhouse	Patrick Darcy
John Bennett	John Law
Joseph Johnston	Albert Dorion
Amable Goulin	John Joenice
Robinson Lyon	E C Barber
R W Baxter	James Dyke
John Doucet	Alpheus Pease
Thos Traveller	Simon McMahon
Isaac Villeneuve	G W Crane
Geo Oliver	T W Blasdell
G D Booth	Jas Philion
Hugh Ross	John Brodeur
Pierce Grace	Alfred Aubrey
Martin White	John Gleeson
Isidore Joennice	George Newell
Wm Richards	Joseph Sleeman
Peter A Egleson	Thomas Russell
Thomas Sleeman	John Bigros
R E O'Connor	J P McPherson
Andrew Cayer	James Wadsworth
B Bigros	Chas Esplin

To the Electors and Rate-payers of Victoria Ward:

GENTLEMEN,—

It would be impossible for me, or almost any man of a public spirit, to decline acceding to so handsome a requisition as you have presented me on this occasion—embodying, as it does, the names of so many of our best and most reliable citizens.

I accept, with much pleasure, gentlemen, your requisition to place me in nomination as one of your candidates for Alderman for Victoria Ward, at the ensuing election; and if elected, will endeavor at all times to exert my best efforts in promoting the interests of the city generally, as well as those of our own important ward.

I am, gentlemen,
Your obedt. servt.
J. R. O'CONNOR.

"THE GEM."

The latest and richest

Dry Goods.

STILL THEY COME!

34 PACKAGES NEW GOODS,

JUST RECEIVED,

—BY—

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO

Comprising amongst other Goods the following:—

1 Case French Merinoes,
1 Case Kid Gloves and Hosiery,
1 Case Plain and Terry Ribbons, and Plain and Tartan Sash Ribbons,
1 Case Black and Colored Ribbon Velvets
1 Case New Jackets,
1 Case Waterproof Tweeds,
1 Case Ladies Hats,
1 Case Embroidered Muslin Sets, for Evening wear,
1 Case Hair Nets and Silk Epangles, for Dress Trimmings,
1 Case Sheetings,
1 " White Cottons,
1 Bale Serges,
1 " Scarlet Flannels,
1 Case Fancy Flannels,
1 " Canadian Flannels,
3 Bales Canadian Grey Blankets,
2 Cases Cornwall White Blankets,
6 Cases Heavy Tweeds,
3 " Light Grey Etoffes,
2 " Mid Grey "
3 " Oxfords "

With other Goods too numerous to particularise.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

Would say that their Stock, notwithstanding their Immense Sales during the last 3 months (without doubt the largest ever made by any Dry Goods House in Ottawa) was never so well assorted at this season of the year as it is just now.

INSPECTION INVITED.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

Ottawa, Dec. 16, 1870.

DRY GOODS!

DRY GOODS

DRY GOODS!

PATTERSON & BRYSON

In consequence of our great success since opening we have been obliged to lay in a large additional Stock, which we will mark as low as heretofore, being determined to retain our already well established character, for selling cheaper than any other House in the Trade.

IN CANADIAN GOODS

We have made such arrangements with the best Factories in the Dominion as will enable us to keep constantly on hand a large and well Assorted Stock of Tweeds, Flannels, Blankets (Grey and White), Cotton and Linen Bags, Cotton Yarn, Hosiery, Undeclothing, etc., etc., etc.

—ALSO—

An entirely new and well assorted Stock of British and Foreign Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, which have been marked at prices to defy competition.

REMEMBER THE PLACE,

53 Sparks Street,
Directly Opposite
BATE & Co.

PATTERSON & BRYSON.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

14 RIDEAU STREET,

Have now received a full supply of

NEW FALL GOODS

—IN ALL

DEPARTMENTS.

Ottawa, September 26, 1870

WHOLESALE.

GREY BLANKETS, Cornwall,
" " English.

THE TEA POT,

RIDEAU STREET.

Ticket for Christmas!

3 lbs. Raisins for	1s. 3d.
3 " New Figs for	1s. 3d.
3 " Currants for	1s. 3d.
1 Bottle Pure Old Rye for	1s. 3d.
1 Bottle Family Proof for	1s. 3d.
1 Bottle Scotch Whiskey for	1s. 3d.
1 Bottle Pure Elderberry Wine for	1s. 3d.

(OWN IMPORTATION, FROM ENGLAND, WARRANTED PURE.)

The above articles will be sold at these prices during the Holiday Season.

All goods delivered free (within the limits of the city) by our own waggons, and every attention will be paid to proper packing and delivery.

JOHN HILL,
"THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET.

Dry Goods.

T HUNTON SHOOLBRED & Co

47. SPARKS ST. 49.

Will receive this week "per Express," from LONDON, England,

2 CASES OF MILLINERY,

Containing the VERY LATEST Styles in

Bonnets, Hats,

and some very Choice things in

Flowers, Feathers and Trimmings,

Per S. S. "MORAVIAN,"

1 Case Extra Cloths, in the new

Satin Cloths,

Trimming to match all our Fashionable

Dress Goods.

—ALSO—

1 Case of Newest

Mantle Cloths.

The "OLIVE GREEN" appears still prove the most fashionable, and of the above we are in receipt of ten piece

"New Seal and plucked Otter Skins hand."

Fancy Wove Goods still arriving.

Clouds, Breakfast Shawls, Ties &c.,

in endless Variety.

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & Co
47 and 49 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, Oct 11 1870.

JAMES PRACOCK,

FURS,

FURS. FURS. FURS.

I beg to intimate that my FUR STOCK is now complete in every

DEPARTMENT.

AN EARLY CALL IS SOLICITED.

Remember the place,

52 Rideau Street.

OPPOSITE OLD STAND.

TESTIMONIAL

—TO THE—

HON. SIR JOHN A. MACDONALD,

K.C.B., &c., &c., &c.

The friends of Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD propose to present that distinguished Statesman with a substantial Testimonial in recognition of his long and unselfish public services.

Steps are being taken to afford his friends in all parts of the Dominion an opportunity of joining in the proposed manifestation of esteem and regard.

The following gentlemen compose, (with power to add to their number,) the Committee at Ottawa

The Hon. JAMES SEAD,
His Worship the Mayor J BOURCHIER, Jr, Esq
THOS REYNOLDS, Esq,
R W SCOTT, Esq. M P P,
Dr GRANT, M P,
E McGILLIVRAY, Esq,
H Y NOEL, Esq.

H Y Noel, Esq. has consented to act as Treasurer, to whom all communications may be addressed.

For the information of intending subscribers the names of the gentlemen composing the Central Committee at Toronto are subjoined, viz:

His Worship the Mayor, D B HARMAN, Esq,
The Hon G W ALLAN
The Hon D L MACPHERSON,
The Hon JOHN CARLING, M P,
JOHN CRAWFORD, Esq. M P,
ANGUS MORRISON,

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

1870. FALL ARRANGEMENT. 1870.

MAILS	CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE P.M.	DELIVERED A.M.	DELIVERED A.M.	DELIVERED P.M.
Eastern, by Train; Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	11.15		9.30	9.00		4.00
Montreal, by Steamer	6.00					
Halifax, N.B., and St. John, N.B., by St. L. & O. Railway	11.15			9.00		4.00
Western, by Train; Toronto, Hamilton, London, Kingston, Western, U.S., and all places west of Prescott	8.30		3.	9.00		7.15
Fort Garry and other places in the Province of Manitoba to be despatched in closed mail from Windsor, Ontario, daily, via St. Paul, Minnesota. Ordinary Dominion rates of postage.	8.30					
United States, by St. L. & O. Railway; Ogdensburgh, New York, Boston, &c.	1.15		9.30	9.00		7.15
Lower Ottawa, by Steamer; Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville, &c.	6.00			9.00		4.00
Upper Ottawa, by Steamer; Onslow, Arnprior, Sand Point, Renfrew, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c.	4.00					6.30
Upper Ottawa, by Stage; Pakenham, Marsh, Huntley, Carp, &c.			12.15	8.0		6.00
Aylmer, by Stage; Hull, Clarendon, Bristol, &c.	5.00	11.00	4.00	8.0	11.00	
Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Burritt's Rapids by St. L. & O. Railway	7.30	11.15		9.		4.00
North Gower, Kars, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	11.15			9.00		
Osgoode, Russell, and Line of St. L. & O. Railway	8.30			8.00		1.30
For Brockville, Perth Smith's Falls, Appleton and Carleton Place, per Canada Central Railway	8.30		4.30			1.30
For Sand Point and places on the Brockville and Ottawa Railway, North of Carleton Place Junction, and places on C. C. Railway	8.30					
Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate offices daily; Aylwin, Kazabazua, Low, River Desert, Six Portages, Wright, close Tuesdays and Fridays; arrive ... days and Fridays	4.00					
Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays			12.30		11.30	5.00

Matter posted up to 9.30 p.m. will be forwarded East and West in supplementary package the same night.

The Western Mail arriving at 7 p. m. will be delivered the same evening.

BRITISH MAILS.

Per Cunard Line, close every Tuesday at 10.45 a. m.

Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 10.30 a. m.

A supplementary bag for Canadian steamer will be closed at 11.30, in which all paid unregistered matter will be sent.

MONEY ORDERS

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

☞ Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on special deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required

G. P. BAKER,
Postmaster.

POST OFFICE,
Ottawa, 21st Nov., 1870.

JOTTINGS HERE AND THERE.

Marriageable girls are extremely dissatisfied with Gen. Trochu for ordering young men in the National Guard to form part of the sallying regiments. A girl almost out of her teens said to her father yesterday: "Good gracious, father! if all the young men are sent to the battle-field and are killed, whom shall we marry?" He replied, "My darling, it is better to expose young men than old married men." "I don't think so. Old married men know what marriage is; they have had enough of it; it is young men's turn to be married; when they get to be old married men and there is war, they will be sent to the fight." "Would you send your husband, if you had one?" "to be sure I should, pa, if I were an old married woman."

Now, after all that has been said against tobacco, a healthy paper, called *Good Health*, comes out and says it is indispensable to soldiers, who have to go a long time between meals, and is splendid for wounded men, as they sustain pain better during the day and sleep better nights by its use.

The French steamship company (Les Messageries Imperiales) having to ship a quantity of ice to Suez for the use of its steamers in the Indian Ocean, and desiring to find the best quality for their purpose, subjected 200 pounds of several kinds to the same conditions of temperature, with the following results: Natural ice from Switzerland lasted 107 hours; natural ice from Norway, 115 hours; artificial ice, made by the Carre machine, 130 hours; natural ice from Boston, Mass., 138 hours; artificial ice, made by the Teller machine, 144 hours. Artificial ice, then, appears to be as solid as natural ice.

It is interesting to note, in connection with submarine cables about to be laid off the Australian coast, that it has been ascertained that the bed of the Gulf of Carpentaria is composed of mud in which a cable would bury itself, so that it would be protected from any adverse influences, climatic or otherwise. Submarine routes between Java and Australia are not considered to present any serious difficulties.

It has been observed in the French hospitals at Orleans that the wounds of the Germans are chiefly from pieces of shell—comparatively few bullet wounds—but that the French have chiefly been wounded by the needle gun. The inference is obvious that the French fired wildly, too fast, and without aiming, and perhaps at too great a distance. The Chassepot is a bad weapon for recruits, and especially for young French soldiers, impetuous and difficult to control.

The Journal de Tours reports the following instance of *sangfroid* in the midst of danger at the battle of Orleans. A young mobile had asked his officer for a drink, and the latter was about to pour it into the cup which the private held in his hand, when a hostile bullet carried the cup out of his hand. The young soldier turned to the officer with a smile and said: "Fortunately it was still empty." Then he took the canteen and drank from it as calmly as if nothing had happened.

PHYSICING HORSES.—Many persons physic their horses frequently—especially every spring. This is a great error, and one which has caused the loss of many valuable horses, as physic, as it is usually given, often produces inflamation of the bowels which generally proves fatal; it also weakens the horse, and thus renders him more liable to disease, or less able to throw it off—what is required is a medicine which will operate gently upon the bowels, and act upon the liver and lungs, removing all obstructions therefrom, purifying the blood, and enabling all the organs to do their work without overtaxing any, which is accomplished by the use of "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy"

The Conquered French

HOW THEY ARE GOVERNED.

Mr. Edward King writes to the Boston *Journal* from Germany:

"The Governor-General over the French Provinces now occupied by Prussian troops has fixed his seat of Government at Rheims and the attention of the world is rapidly turning that way. You have perhaps heard that the Grand Duke of Mecklenburg Schwerin was originally appointed to this office, but was found too tender-hearted for the post, so he was recalled to the command of his corps under Paris, and General de Rosenberg Guizynski was appointed to fill up the interregnum. He is a soldier even down to his boots, and knows nothing but soldiering. After this Governor-General there are two civil Commissioner Generals: Prince Charles of Hohenlohe for the interior and finances, and Count Taufkirchen for other matters. There is also a prefect in the chief town of each department, a sub-prefect in the next smaller towns, where there is also generally an officer commanding in the place of an "Etape." As I expect to have a good deal of business with the "Etapes" during the next few days, and I must explain to you their duties. At every important railway station there is an "Etapen—Commando," who furnishes all information (or withholds it) as he thinks best; arranges the billets of soldiers and strangers for transportation, and is a general executive for the high military officers. You do not travel in France now from town to town; you go from "Etape" to "Etape;" and you never know, when leaving one, whether you will be allowed to proceed beyond another. The Etape is a very Sultan in the arbitrary nature of his authority.

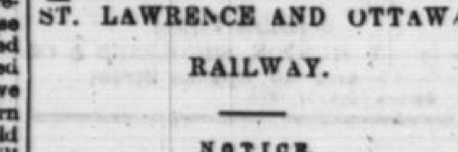
Garrisons, of course, abound everywhere. There are 2,500 men at Rheims, 1,200 at Epernay, 2,000 at Chalons, and 800 at the camp of the same name, with an immense hospital, 200 at Suippe, 200 at Sainte Menehould, and 800 at Rethel, in which latter place a vast ambulance has been constructed at the expense of the town. At Chalons the soldiers are barracked; the officers lodge with the inhabitants, but the city has to pay their board. At Rheims the barracks are not yet organized, so that all the soldiers live in the private houses. The Grand Duke used to live in the Hotel Cliquot, and his successor will probably imitate so seductive an example.

BREAKFAST.—EPPS'S COCOA—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.—The very agreeable character of this preparation has rendered it a general favorite. The *Civil Service Gazette* remarks:—"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills." Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in tin-lined packets, labelled—JAMES EPPS & Co., Homœopathic Chemists, London.

HEALTH IS STRENGTH.—To prevent or conquer disease is one of the grandest attainments ever aimed at by man; and Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers will as sure cure coughs, colds, tickling in the throat and pulmonary complaints, as war and pestilence will destroy. Severe colds if not attended to sooner or later lead to incurable consumption, and the strength of the strongest soon falls if neglected. The readiest and best means known for the cure of these complaints is "Byran's Pulmonic Wafers," which have been thoroughly tried for the last twenty years, and have never been known to fail. Singers and public speakers will also derive great benefit from the use of them. Sold by all medicine dealers, at 25cts. per box.

THE ŒCUMENICAL COUNCIL, lately called at Rome is an instance of the solicitude of the Catholic Church for the welfare and prosperity of her Communicants. Large assemblies of this nature containing representatives from all parts of the world, should be of some benefit to our race. We hope this opinion will be as harmonious and unanimous as the verdict in favor of the Great Shoshonees Remedy, for diseases of the lungs, blood, stomach, liver, &c. For by all druggists.

Railroads.



THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

The public is respectfully informed that this Company's Trains wait at Prescott Junction the arrival of the Grand Trunk Trains from the West, and

Passengers may rely on Connecting

FOR OTTAWA

By this the

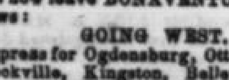
SHORTEST RAILWAY ROUTE TO THE CAPITAL.

Twenty minutes are also allowed at Prescott Junction for Meals.

THOS REYNOLDS,
Managing Director.

R LUTTRELL,
Superintendent.

Ottawa, 12th December, 1870. 1540tnm



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1870.] SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS. [1870

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at	0 a.m.
Night do do do do do	0 p.m.
Accommodation Train for Cornwall and Intermediate Stations at	00 p.m.
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at	7:30 a.m.
Trains for Lachine at 6:00 a.m., 7:00 a.m. 9 15 a.m, 12 noon, 1:30 p m,	4:00 p.m.
and 5:30 p.m.	

The 1:30 p.m. train runs through to Province Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at	7:00 a.m.
Express for Boston at	8:40 a.m.
Express for New York and Boston via Vermont Central at	3:45 p.m.
Express for New York and Boston via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at	6.00 a.m.
Express for Island Pond, at	2:00 p.m.
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at	10: 0 p.m.

☞ Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotte" leaves Portland every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, for Halifax, N.S., respectively at 4 p.m.

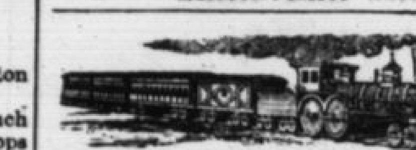
They has excellent accommodation for passenger and freight.

The International Company's steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway leave Portland every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 5 p.m., for St. John, N.B., &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Offices, Bonaventure Station, and 39 Great St James Street.

Railroads.



THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

ALTERATION OF TIME.

On and from MONDAY next, the 21st inst., three trains will run daily on this Railway as follows.

Going South Ottawa to Prescott.

MAIL will leave Ottawa at 9 30 a.m., connecting at Prescott, with the Grand Trunk Express, for the West, and with the Ogdensburg Railway, for Boston, New York, &c.

MAIL will leave Ottawa at 12 00 noon, connecting with the Grand Trunk Express, for Montreal,

EXPRESS will leave Ottawa at 10 30 p m, connecting with the Grand Trunk Expresses, East and West.

Going North Prescott to Ottawa.

MAIL will leave Prescott Junction at 6 a.m., connecting with the G. T. Expresses East and West, and arriving in Ottawa at 8.30 a.m.

MAIL will leave Prescott Junction at 1.25 p m, connecting with the G. T. Express leaving Montreal at 8 a.m, and arriving in Ottawa at 3 45 p.m.

EXPRESS will leave Prescott Junction at 4 30 p.m., connecting with G. T. Expresses, East and West, and arriving in Ottawa at 7 p m.

20 minutes allowed at Prescott Junction refreshments.

Tickets may be obtained on application to any of the Company's Agents, or at any of the Principal Stations of the Grand Trunk Railway.

All trains on this Line are run on Montreal time.

R LUTTRELL, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

Ottawa, November 19, 1870.

CANADA CENTRAL AND BROCKVILLE AND OTTAWA RAILWAYS.

ALTERATION OF TRAINS,
Commencing DECEMBER 5, 1870.

SLEEPING CARS between TORONTO and Ottawa, going through in 13 HOURS.

On and after MONDAY, Dec. 5, TRAINS will run as follows:

Leave Brockville.

EXPRESS, at 4.45 a.m., connecting with Grand Trunk Express from the West, and arriving at Ottawa, at 8.50 a.m.

MAIL TRAIN, at 7 30 a m, arriving at Ottawa at 1.50 p.m.

EXPRESS, at 3.30 p m, connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express from the West, and arriving at Ottawa at 7.16 p.m.

Leave Ottawa.

EXPRESS, at 9.40 a m, arriving at Brockville at 1.40 p m, and connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express going West.

MAIL TRAIN, at 3.45 p m, arriving at Brockville 9 15 p.m.

EXPRESS, at 10.30 p m, arriving at Brockville at 2.15 a.m, and connecting with Grand Trunk Night Express going West.

Arrive at Sand Point 1.35 and 7.10 p.m.

Trains on Canada Central and Perth Branch make certain connections with all trains on B. & O. Railway.

A Sleeping Car will leave Toronto on Monday, Wednesday and Friday nights, by the Grand Trunk 7.30 p m train, and go through to Ottawa, arriving at 8.30 a.m.

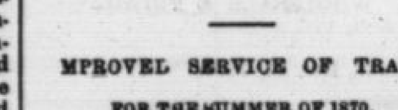
Returning, it will leave Ottawa on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday nights, at 10 30 p m, and go through to Toronto by G. T. Train, arriving at Toronto at 11.30 a.m.

Freight forwarded with despatch, as the C. C. and B. & O. Railways are the same guage as the Grand Trunk. Car loads go through in Grand Trunk Cars to all points, without transhipment.

☞ Certain connections made with Grand Trunk Trains.

H ABBOTT,
Manager.

Brockville, Ont., Dec 1, 1870. 1530tf



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY OF CANADA

IMPROVED SERVICE OF TRAINS FOR THE SUMMER OF 1870.

ACCELERATION OF SPEED.

NEW CARS ON ALL EXPRESS TRAINS.

Portland to Montreal in 13 Hours.
Montreal to Toronto in 13 Hours.

On and after JUNE 13th the new arrangements will be put in force, and trains will leave Montreal as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points west at	9 00 a.m.
NIGHT, do do	9 00 p.m.
Mail Train for Toronto and intermediate Stations	7 00 a.m.
Accommodation Train for Brockville and intermediate stations	5 00 p.m.
Trains for Lachine at 6 00 a.m., 7 00 a.m., 9 15 am, 12 noon, 1 30 p.m., 4 00 p.m., 5 30 p.m., and 6 30 p.m. The 1 30 p.m. Train runs through to Province Line.	

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and intermediate stations at	7 10 a.m.
Express for Boston, via Vermont Central, at	9 00 a.m.
Express for New York and Boston, via Vermont Central, at	3 45 p.m.
Express for New York and Boston, via Plattsburg, Lake Champlain, Burlington and Rutland, at	6 00 a.m.
Do do do do	4 00 p.m.
Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham, Portland and Lower Provinces at	1 15 p.
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, and the Lower Provinces, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St Hilaire, St Hyacinthe, Upton, Acton, Richmond, Brompton Falls, Sherbrooke, Lennoxville, Compton, Coaticooke and Norton Mills only at	10 10 p.m.

Sleeping Cars on all night trains Baggage checked through.

The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotte" leave Portland for Halifax, N S, every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, respectively, at 4 00 p. m. They have excellent accommodations for passengers and Freight.

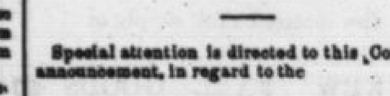
The International Company's Steamers running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every Monday and Thursday at 6 00 p m for St John, N B, &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way station apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station, or at No 39, Great St James Street.

C J BRYDGES,
Managing Director.

June 3, 1870 1425tf



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY OF CANADA.

Special attention is directed to this Company's announcement, in regard to the

RUNNING OF TRAINS FOR THE ENSUING SEASON.

In addition to the Fast Time which it is intended to make between the

EAST AND WEST,

With close connections at all points. The line will be equipped with handsome

NEW FIRST-CLASS CARS,

Unsurpassed on the continent.

TRAINS WILL RUN BETWEEN

Portland and Montreal in 13 Hours.
Montreal and Toronto in 13 Hours.

Stopping only at the most important Stations.

As fast as completed.

PULMAN'S

PALACE SLEEPING CARS

Will be run on the Through Trains and the service will be performed over the entire line in a manner equal to that of any railway on this continent. Special arrangements have been made

Insurance.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY of Canada, Head Office, Toronto.

President—The Hon John Hillyard Cameron M.P.

Vice President—Lewis Moffatt, Esq.

Other Directors—C J Campbell, Esq, Hon Malcolm Cameron, W T Macdonnell, Esq, A R McMaster, Esq, H S Howland, Esq, Geo Duggan, Esq, A T Fulton, Esq, Angus Morrison, Esq, M P J S Crocker, Esq.

Banker—The Canadian Bank of Commerce.

Agents for Ottawa—Messrs J T & W PENNOCK.

The rates of the PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY are as low as its long experience has shewn to be profitable.

The test of the value of insurance is, however, not when the premiums are being paid, but when losses are being settled, and, from the equity and promptness of its settlements the Provincial Insurance Company is second to none.

Its Inspectors are alway sent to adjust every important loss directly it occurs.

It has no adjusted losses due and unpaid.

It respectfully solicits a share of the patronage of the insuring public of Ottawa.

ARTHUR HARVEY,
Manager.

1298tf

UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No. 104.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33. The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B

For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.

have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN,
Manager.

Ottawa, November 7 1868. 894tf

Government Notices.

SEIGNIORIAL INDEMNITY TO TOWNSHIPS' FUND.

Whereas by Order in Council of date APRIL 30, 1867, it is directed that as regards the claims of Municipalities to participate therein, the above Fund shall be finally closed on the 31st DECEMBER of the present Year. Notice is hereby given that all claims which can in any wise alter the distribution thereof must be lodged in this Office on or before the date above named, after which date no alteration can be made in the said distribution.

JOHN LANGTON, Auditor.
Per J SIMPSON,

Finance Department.
Ottawa, Dec 9, 1870. 1536tD31

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to Parliament for Private Bills, either for granting exclusive privileges, or conferring corporate powers for commercial or other purposes of profit, or for doing anything tending to affect the rights or property of other parties, are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the House of Commons (which are published in full in the "Canada Gazette"), to give TWO MONTHS' NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object), in the "Canada Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected, sending copies of the first and last of such notices to the Private Bill Office.

All Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the first three weeks of the Session.

ALFRED TODD.
Chf. Clk. Committees and Private Bills,
House of Commons.

Ottawa, 8th Dec., 1870 1536tf

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly, (which are published in the "Ontario Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the Session.

CHARLES T GILLMOR,
Clerk of the House.

Toronto March 15, 1870 1309 td lawt

GOVERNMENT HOUSE
OTTAWA,
8th day of December, 1870.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Inland Revenue, and under and in virtue of the authority given by the 17th section of the Act 31st Vict, Chapter 8, intituled, "An Act respecting the Inland Revenue." His Excellency in Council has been pleased to Order, and it is hereby Ordered that the following regulations for the manufacture of Methylated Spirits in bond shall be and they are hereby made and established:

REGULATIONS.

1st. The room in which the wood Naphtha is mixed with Spirits shall only be accessible to the proprietor during the actual presence of an officer of Inland Revenue.

2nd. A sample of the wood Naphtha (say about four ounces) shall be sent to the Department from every cask or package used.

3rd. Not less than 100 proof gallons of Alcohol shall be mixed at one time, which shall be mixed in an open mixing tub, in the presence of an officer who shall then test and gauge it as to strength and quantity.

4th. With every 100 proof gallons of Alcohol, there shall be mixed at least twelve and-a-half gallons of "Wood Naphtha of Commerce," the whole being mixed together.

5th. After the mixing has been thoroughly completed, the strength of the mixture shall be tested, and the quantity gauged by the officer in attendance and duly recorded. The mixture shall then be placed in casks, the casks being branded or marked on the head in legible characters, with the words—

Methylated Spirits,
Date on which it was mixed,
Number of Wine gallons in the Cask.
Strength,
Number of Proof Gallons
Name of the Division.
Initials of the officer under whose inspection the mixture took place.
Number of the entry under which it is warehoused.

6th. A Stock Book must be kept in the Factory, in which Book must be entered:—

(A) The particulars of every package of Alcohol, brought in, stating where manufactured, the strength and quantity; the marks, &c., on the casks, and the general number of the Permit, under which it was conveyed to the Manufactory.

(B) The particulars of every quantity mixed &c. of the original packages from which it was taken; the quantity and strength of the "Methylated Spirits" produced from it, and the particulars as to marks, numbers, &c., of the Cask in which it is placed.

7th. Every entry in the Stock Book is to be checked by the officer in charge, who must keep an account of each transaction, which account or a duplicate thereof is to be taken to the Inland Revenue office, immediately after each transaction.

8th. So soon as the mixing and Barrelling has been completed, the "Methylated Spirits" shall be removed from the Bonded Manufactory, and

Bitters and Sauces.

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission from the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion,

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,
Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F GIANELLI.

LEA & PERRINS' CELEBRATED WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

Declared by Connoisseur

TO BE

THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.

CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivalled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,

and to see that their names are upon the wrapper labels, stopper and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

☞ Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c, &c, and by Grocers and Oilmen universally 52v1236 law

For sale by DRUGGISTS — TRADE MARK — GARDNER MONTREAL — AND GROCERS throughout.

GARDNER'S QUININE ☞ WINE BITTERS, ☜

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons recovering from illness. For sale in quart bottles; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children—it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardener's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best ask for GARDENER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.

Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

J GARDENER, Chemist,
457 Notre Dame street, Montreal,
Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

Commission Merchants.

J. BERMINGHAM,

GENERAL AUCTIONEER.

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit continuance of the support and patronage liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate, that in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p.m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required.

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 25.

Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hands for sale.

J BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, March 1870.

DOMINICK FOX.

GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,

Clarence Street, next to the City Hotel Ottawa.

Solicits the patronage of the Lumber Merchants generally on the Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging men and attending to their rafts while passing ... to the best of his ability.

REFERENCES.

...ex Fraser, Esq. Walter Smith, Esq.
Joh... oupore, Esq. R W Cruice, Esq.

1324tf.

H. EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS, FORWARDERS

DEALERS IN

Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.

OTTAWA.

End of Little Sussex-st.

Cash advanced on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases

W. H. EASTON R. M. EASTON

FOR SALE.

MESS AND PRIME MESS PORK.

Medical.

GABRIEL'S — TRADE MARK — MANUFACTURED ONLY BY MESSRS GABRIEL. Dentists. LUDGATE HILL, LONDON. — PREPARATIONS

FOR THE TEETH.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH.

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers.

MESSRS. GABRIEL,
The old-established Dentists,
64 Ludgate Hill, London,
And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth. Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations.

GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth. Price 5s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE, for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; is is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.

See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it. Price 5s.

PARTIES AT A DISTANCE REQUIRING ARTIFICIAL TEETH may have them supplied, in partial or complete sets, on Messrs. Gabriel's new system, by sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of One Guinea, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded, with all necessary instructions Messrs. Gabriel will undertake to Remodel or Repair Artificial Teeth made by other Dentists, [which do not prove satisfactory], at moderate charges.

Messrs. Gabriel's Pamphlet on Artificial Teeth and Painless Dentistery on receipt of postage.

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MADRID 1867 — PRIMERA CLASE — PARIS 1867 — LONDON 1862 — MENTION HONORABLE — GENERAL EXCELLENCE

ALKABASAR

ARRIVED AT LAST!

This elegant Turkish TONIC is one of the most salutary and delicate preparations ever submitted for public approval in this hemisphere, and asserts its pretentions to patronage on the following grounds:—

That it is a preparation of one of the most eminent Purveyors to the Ottoman Court.

It prevents acidity of the Stomach.

It relieves lowness of spirits.

It is a mild and invigorating tonic, and a most efficient but innocuous stimulent.

It renders the breath sweet and agreeable.

It stimulates the appetite if taken BEFORE meals.

It promotes digestion if taken AFTER meals.

It neutralizes the propensity for strong liquors.

It renders the intellect bright and clear.

If taken habitually it imparts vitality and energy to all the bodily organs.

By its use a man of 70 will become, as it were, restored to the elasticity of 30; and to persons of delicate constitutions it is strongly recommended.

It is an especial favourite with Oriental ladies.

Secure, then, health, longevity and vital energy by the habitual use of the

ALKABASAR TURKISH TONIC.

Kept in stock by the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.

For directions for use see labels on bottles.

HENRY CHAPMAN & CO.,
EVANS, MERCER & CO.,
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Sole Agents for the Dominion

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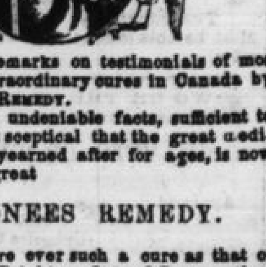
SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!



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They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

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Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hecey, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

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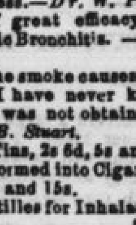

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and Chronic Bronchitis

DATURA TATULA,

Affords Immediate Relief.

"A remedy of great power and usefulness."—*Dr. W. Parker.*

"Of great efficacy in cases of Asthma and Chronic Bronchitis. —*Dublin Journal Medical Science.*

"The smoke causes no nausea. When the right kind, I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."—*General Alexander Hon. B. Stuart.*

In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, Boxes, 5s, 8s and 15s.

Pastilles for Inhalation, Boxes, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

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FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION of COD LIVER OIL, the fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive activity, superior to Pepsine.

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N.B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil.

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Is hereby given, that an application will be made to the Legislature of the Province of Ontario

Medical.

ELECTRICITY IS LIFE

PULVERMACHER'S PATENT

GALVANIC CHAIN-BANDS

BELTS, AND POCKET BATTERIES

These highly improved inventions render Electricity perfectly self-applicable, and extremely efficacious in a mild continuous form, no shock or unpleasant sensation being experienced, whereby it becomes a true fountain of health and vigour, speedily soothing agonizing pains, re-animating torpid limbs, reviving the sluggish functions of life, and imparting renewed energy and vitality to constitutions enfeebled by whatever cause. Medicines and their deleterious consequences are thus entirely dispensed with. The daily increasing number of cures effected by PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC SYSTEM is so extensive and varied, that it forcibly points to this invention as the embryo of a universal remedy.

N. B.—The following testimony from the elite of the English medical faculty has been received:

"We, the undersigned, have much pleasure in testifying that Mr. J. L. PULVERMACHER's recent improvements in his Voltaic "Batteries and Galvanic Appliances for "Medical Purposes are of great importance to "Scientific Medicine, and that he is entitled "to the consideration and support of every "one disposed to further the advancement of "real and useful progress.

"Dated the 9th day of March, 1866.

"SIR CHARLES LOCOCK, Bart., M. D., F. R. C. P.

"SIR HENRY HOLLAND, Bart., M. D., F. R. S.

"SIR WM. FERGUSSON, Bart., F. R. S.

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PULVERMACHER'S SYSTEM is also approved of by an official report of the Academie de Medicine, Paris, Royal College of Physicians, London, and the Imperial Faculty of Vienna, and its curative virtues are confirmed by thousands of private testimonials of cures effected. (See pamphlet gratis).

These facts appeal to the good sense of every sufferer to avail himself of this scientific and curative progress, to which the inventor has devoted a life-time of study and labour, as an ardent disciple of that great benefactor of mankind, the late illustrious electrician MICHAEL FARADY.

PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC CHAINS are exceedingly effective without the aid of medicine, restriction of diet, or the least derangement of the patient's habits and daily occupations, in the following maladies:

Rheumatism	Female Complaints
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Sciatica	Cramp
Lumbago	Sluggish Circulation
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Liver Complaints	Epilepsy
Tic Doloreux	Nervous Debility
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The effects of the application of Pulvermacher's Chains in any of the above disorders is immediately perceptible—the relief of pain instantaneous.

PRICE LIST OF PULVERMACHER'S CHAIN BANDS AND BATTERIES.

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A complete Set of COMBINED CHAIN BANDS, BELTS, and CHAIN BATTERY for restoring vital energy, £5 to £7.

The public are most earnestly cautioned to beware of Pseudo Electric Belts advertised by sham Doctors, &c., for improper purposes, and so severely stigmatized by Vice Chancellor Malins in the suit Pulvermacher vs Hammond, alias Henry James, alias C. T. Raphey, M. R. C. S, alias Henry Burrows, &c, &c.

No Galvanic Belts are genuine but those bearing the fac simile of M. Pulvermacher's signature on the label.

A pamphlet containing full particulars may be had at the Drug Store of A. Christie, Sparks Street.

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200 Regent Street, London, W.

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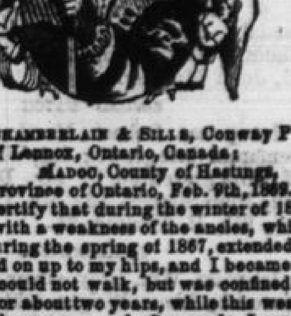

To Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada;

MADOC, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869.

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless. I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings this ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle

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Warden county of Hastings, Province of Ontario. D of Canada.

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CENTRAL AIR LINE ROUTE

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GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.

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To Sarnia, Detroit, Milwaukee.

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NORTHERN TRANSPORTATION CO'S
20 First-Class Upper Cabin Steamers.

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OGDENSBURG & CHICAGO,

Making sure connections with Railway for all Points West and South.

Parties going west can secure Tickets at this office to any Point desired,

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ALL RAIL OR ALL BOAT

Fares always cheaper than by any other Route.

Be sure and procure TICKETS at this office by the

GREAT CENTRAL ROUTE

AND SAVE MONEY, TIME AND DISTANCE.

Comparitive distance of the several Western Routes to Chicago:

American—Ogdensburg or Prescott to Chicago	856 miles
Grand Trunk to Detroit	736 do
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Medical.

DARLEY'S

ARABIAN OIL

FOR HORSES AND CATTLE

A NEVER-FAILING REMEDY.

This valuable preparation combines all the medicinal virtues of those articles which long experience has proved to possess the most safe and efficient properties for the cure of Flesh Wounds, Sprains, Bruises, Galls of all kinds, Cracked Heels, Ring Bone, Spavin, Callous, Fistula, Sweeney, External Poisons, Scratches or Grease, Strains, Lameness, Mange, Wit..ows, Corns, Sand Cracks, Foundered Feet, Corn Distemper, Swellings, and many other diseases which horses and cattle are subject to.

The celebrated Liniment has been used for many years, and its curative properties thoroughly tested, and it is conceded to be the cheapest and most reliable remedy for all external complaints ever offered to the public—it never fails when timely used and faithfully applied.

To be had of all Druggists and Country Merchants throughout the Dominion. Price 25c. per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
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Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W M Massey, H F McCarthy, J Skinner, in Ottawa, all Medicine Dealers.

November 24, 1870 1532tf

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

As a family Remedy it is well and favourably known relieving thousands from pain in the

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Has now been before the public for a length of time and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions have been properly followed, but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing the Diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it.

Price only Twenty-five Cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN.

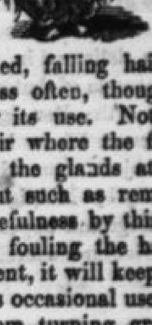
Sold in Ottawa by H F McCarthy, J Skinner, John Roberts, J P Featherston, George Mortimer, W M Massey, and all Medicine Dealers.

November 30, 1870 1537y

Ayer's

Hair Vigor,

For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.



A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. *Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color with the gloss and freshness of youth.* Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

HAIR DRESSING,

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,
PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS,
LOWELL, MASS.
PRICE $1.00.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

For Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption.

Probably never before in the whole history of medicine, has anything won so widely and so deeply upon the confidence of mankind, as this excellent remedy for pulmonary complaints. Through a long series of years, and among most of the races of men it has risen higher and higher in their estimation, as it has become better known. Its uniform character and power to cure the various affections of the lungs and throat, have made it known as a reliable protector against them. While adapted to milder forms of disease and to young children, it is at the same time the most effectual remedy that can be given for incipient consumption, and the dangerous affections of the throat and lungs. As a provision against sudden attacks of Croup, it should be kept on hand in every family, and indeed as all are sometimes subject to colds and coughs, all should be provided with this antidote for them.

Although settled *Consumption* is thought incurable, still great numbers of cases where the disease seemed settled, have been completely cured, and the patient restored to sound health by the *Cherry Pectoral.* So complete is its mastery over the disorders of the Lungs and Throat, that the most obstinate of them yield to it. When nothing else could reach them, under the *Cherry Pectoral* they subside and disappear.

Singers and Public Speakers find great protection from it.

Asthma is always relieved and often wholly cured by it.

Bronchitis is generally cured by taking the *Cherry Pectoral* in small and frequent doses.

So generally are its virtues known that we need not publish the certificates of them here, or do more than assure the public that its qualities are fully maintained.

Ayer's Ague Cure,

For Fever and Ague, Intermittent Fever, Chill Fever, Remittent Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical or Bilious Fever, &c., and indeed all the affections which arise from malarious, marsh, or miasmatic poisons.

As its name implies, it does *Cure*, and does not fail. Containing neither Arsenic, Quinine, Bismuth, Zinc, nor any other mineral or poisonous substance whatever, it in nowise injures any patient. The number and importance of its cures in the ague districts, are literally beyond account, and we believe without a parallel in the history of Ague medicine. Our pride is gratified by the acknowledgments we receive of the radical cures effected in obstinate cases, and where other remedies had wholly failed.

Unacclimated persons, either resident in, or travelling through miasmatic localities, will be protected by taking the AGUE CURE daily.

For Liver Complaints, arising from torpidity of the Liver, it is an excellent remedy, stimulating the Liver into healthy activity.

For Bilious Disorders and Liver Complaints, it is an excellent remedy, producing many truly remarkable cures, where other medicines had failed.

Prepared by DR. J. C. AYER & Co., Practical and Analytical Chemists, Lowell, Mass., and sold all round the world.

PRICE $1 00 PER BOTTLE.

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DR. HUTCHISON is fully ... set of TEETH, or to ... where wanting, on either gold, ... rubber plates, fitting so clo... the mouth as to be capable ... which natural teeth are app... ... a short time in use, w... ...the presence of ... foreign to the mouth. ... with a view to the ... ...during the oper... ...decayed teeth, ...use of the ... ...which the suffe... ...inconvenience, and ... a pleasant dream. ... be consulted any day ... from 9 a. m. to 6 p. ... Ottawa September 2, 1870

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The Times

VOL. VI. NO. 1544. OTTAWA, TUESDAY, DECEMBER 20, 1870. PRICE—3 CENTS

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GEORGE HUTCHISON, L. D. S., SURGEON DENTIST, *Sparks Street.* OPPOSITE "TIMES" OFFICE.

DR. HUTCHISON is fully prepared to supply SETS of TEETH, or to insert single Teeth where wanting, on either gold, silver or vulcanite rubber plates, fitting so closely and easily to the mouth as to be capable of all the uses to which natural teeth are applied, without the least inconvenience to the wearers, and after being in a short time in use, without even a consciousness of the presence of a substance originally foreign to the mouth.

DR. H. with a view to the removal of painful consciousness during the operation of extracting decayed or diseased teeth, has introduced into practice the use of the Nitrous Oxide or laughing gas, which the sufferer inhales without pain or inconvenience, and loses his tooth as it were in a pleasant dream.

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Ottawa, September 2, 1870

Hotels and Saloons.

ST. JAMES' HOTEL, METCALFE AND QUEEN STREETS.

The Proprietor, G. R. EVANS, Begs respectfully to announce to the public in general that the above premises will be opened for business this day, 29th inst., and hopes by strict attention to business and moderate charges, to merit their patronage and favour.

Ottawa, Nov 29, 1870 1526tf

THE METROPOLITAN, AUMOND'S BLOCK, *Rideau Street Ottawa.* P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

WAVERLY HOUSE, BARRINGTON-STREET, HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA, Established 1851. Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort. JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor. 969y

PICKWICK HOUSE, Corner James and King-sts., opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont. E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor, (Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.) A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT, M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,* Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the best Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The Proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons. Oysters, Game, &c., daily

MR. DUIGNAN'S, SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

A few more gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen visiting the Capital will find superior accommodation by the day or week at moderate terms. This house is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Parliament Buildings and the Post Office. 2192f

THE UNION HOUSE, W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR, CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS OTTAWA.

EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.

The Bar always supplied with the CHOICEST LIQUORS, And the table spread with EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON. Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.

T. R. HIGGINS, Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and ... Insurance Co, General Commission ... Importers, Manufactures and Mining Agent ... claims constantly on hand. Office, corner ... and Sparks streets, over Mann Bros ...

DANCING AND DEPORTMENT.

Mr. Robert Stewart having made arrangements with an accomplished lady teacher, announces that his Dancing Classes will commence on Tuesday, the 12nd instant. ... particulars may be obtained on application ... Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street. ... September 9th, 1869. 1148tf

CANADA AND U. S. PATENT AGENCY.

Patents solicited in Canada and the United States, Trade and Timber Marks, Industrial Designs, Copyrights, Transfers, &c, registered on the shortest notice. ...

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co. W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

J. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge. REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia, Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

EDGAR DOWARD, Organist, Christ Church, teacher of Organ, Piano and Singing Residence—O'Connor street. Mr. Doward was formerly Choirster Boy and Articled Pupil of Mr W. Done, of Worcester Cathedral, England.

CHARLES J. TASKER, Accountant: Books posted Accounts made out. Apply at the office of H P Hill Solicitor, References: Dr Hill, C H Pinhey. Ottawa, Nov 5, 1870

H. S. FRIPP, ORGANIST AND TEACHER OF MUSIC. Residence—Elgin Street, South of Slater Street. Classes for beginners at Mr Gowan's Hall on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 4½ p. m. Ottawa, July 15th, 1870. 1410 tf

MUSICAL ACADEMY. Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street. Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

PEOPLE'S TELEGRAPH COMPANY *Incorporated under Chapter LXVII of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada*

OTTAWA OFFICE—G P DRUMMOND'S Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.

DIRECTORS: A JOSEPH, Chairman; D C THOMSON, Treasurer; S B FOOTE A THOMSON, T R DUNN. DRUMMOND Manager 1141tf

FOR SALE. A beautiful country residence with Fifteen (15) Acres of Land (or more if necessary) attached; the house and outbuildings being completely surrounded by a grove of lovely shade trees. The whole within 10 minutes drive of the Government Buildings. Terms of sale, cash. If preferable to purchaser otherwise a small payment down, and the balance in from 1 to 10 years, to suit purchaser. Apply to the Proprietor, R A BRADLEY, Solicitor, Elgin-st., Ottawa. Nearly opposite the Post Office. N. B.—Money to lend on Real Estate. Terms easy.

THE HOWLEY FARM TO LET. Lot No 30, 1st Concession of Gloucester R Front, containing 300 acres, 150 acres well cleared and in good state of cultivation, opposite Manotic, and fifteen miles from Ottawa, with good fences, a fine dwelling house, two story high, barns and outhouses complete, is now to let on reasonable terms, for a term of years. Apply for further particulars to CHARLES ROWAN, Ottawa. Ottawa September 5, 1870 1494tf&w37tf

A. E. GENDREAU, HAIR DRESSING PARLOUR, *Wellington street,* Opposite the Bank of Montreal.

MR GENDREAU, the proprietor of that so popular Parlour, has the pleasure to announce to his numerous friends and the public in general, that to answer to the great encouragement which he has received up to the present, he has determined to enlarge and thoroughly furnish anew his establishment. He will save no expense to render the Parlour the most comfortable, and employ the most experienced hair dressers.

MR GENDREAU having served considerable time in some of the best and most extensive Hair Dressing Saloons in the Dominion and United States, is in a position to conduct the duties of his establishment in a manner that cannot be surpassed.

He will have always on hand the best perfumes imported directly from Paris and London. MR GENDREAU solicits a visit to convince all of the truth of his statements.

PRESERVE YOUR ROOFS. PATENT PLASTIC SLATE PAINT, Is the best and cheapest material in use for preserving new, or repairing old IRON OR TIN ROOFS, No matter how bad their condition. Also fire rate for SHINGLE ROOFS, Making them FIRE AND WATER PROOF, Hardens into a coating of SOLID SLATE by exposure. Price $6 a barrel, mixed ready for use. A barrel will cover 10 squares (10 x 10).

SHEATHING FELT For lining Frame Buildings under the clap boards. An effectual protection against cold, damp and vermin. Rats and mice will come near it.

No FRAME DWELLING should be without Send for circular, instructions, &c. BUCHANAN & CO., Wholesale Depot for Roofing Materia and Founder's Supplies, 33 Lemoine Street. Montreal. Ottawa, September 21, 1870 1468

SATCHELL BROS BUTCHERS TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantly on hand FRESH KILLED STALL-FED BEEF AND MUTTON. ALSO, THEIR CELEBRATED SPICED AND SALT ROUND, AND *ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES,* To be had at

Hardware.

BLYTH & KERR, No. 25 RIDEAU STREET, Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c.

All work in any of the above branches executed in a prompt and workmanlike manner.

Special attention given to Roofing and Fitting up Galvanized Iron and Tin Gutters, Conductors, &c., &c.

IMPORTERS OF GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

JUST RECEIVED, ex "Pride of Canada" and "Oceola," a splendid assortment of Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots, Jelly Moulds, Wire Dish Covers, Spice Boxes, Ladies' Dressing Cases, Trays, Enamelled Pie Dishes, Preserving Pans, Deli Milk Saucepans, &c., &c.

Constantly on hand, Cooking Stoves, (best makers) Hot Air Furnaces, Water Coolers, Baths, (all kinds) Cutlery, Plated and Britannia Metal Ware,

—ALSO— FISHING TACKLE, comprising Rods, Lines, Flies, Hooks, Floats, Trolls, Panniers, Landing Nets, Fly Books, &c. &c. Ottawa, August 10, 1870 1433 1y

HARDWARE! HARDWARE!

Sign of the ANVIL, 24 Rideau Street, where you can get a complete assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, and at prices to suit purchasers. Consisting in part of GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHINGS:

Butcher Knives, Knives and Forks, Pocket Knives, Table Spoons, Tea Spoons, Tea Trays, Table Mats, Butts, Screws, Locks, Bolts, Catches, Latches, Axes, Saws, Planes, Squares, Hammers, Spokeshaves, Gouges, Chisels, Augers, Auger Bits, Steel Bits, B-vils, Levels, Boring Machines, Draw Knives, &c. &c. &c. together with

PAINT OF ALL COLOURS: Rose, Pink, Burnt Umber, Terra de Kinna, Chrome Yellow, Yellow Ochre, Celestial Blue, Paris Green, Brunswick Green, Magnesia Green, Venetian Green, Red Lead, White Lead, in Oil or Dry, Drop Black, Ivory Black, Lamp Black, Boiled Oil, Raw Oil, Turpentine, Benzole, Coal Oil, Paint Brushes, Varnishes, &c.

THOS BIRKETT, No. 24, Rideau Street, Sign of the Anvil.

P. S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the City. Ottawa, Nov 1st, 1870

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT, 35 SUSSEX STREET.

Elevated Oven Cook Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Low Oven Cook Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Double Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co
Box and Parlor Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co
Coal Stoves, Base Burners, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
The Quintal Coal Stove, at H. MEADOWS & Co
Parlour Cook Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Dumb Stoves, all sizes, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Hot Air Furnaces, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Stove Pipes and Elbows, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Lumbermen s Supplies, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
1st Prize Stoves can be seen, at H. MEADOWS & Co.

Ottawa, Oct 13, 1870.

Druggists.

DUTCH BULBS!

The Subscriber has just received a full assortment from a celebrated Grower in HOLLAND, both for Spring Gardening and in-door Culture.

THE ASSORTMENT INCLUDES
Hyacinths, many varieties,
Tulips, "
Lilies, "
Narcissus, "
Jonquills, "
Anemones, "
Ranunculus, "
&c, &c.

The Flower Roots above mentioned not coming to hand till late in the season, are offered for sale at low prices.

ALEXANDER CHRISTIE, Druggist, 40 Sparks-st, Ottawa. Ottawa, Nov. 18, 1870 1517y1

RICHARD HIGMAN, FAMILY AND DISPENSING CHEMIST, LATE MANAGER, MEDICAL HALL, SPARKS STREET,

Wishes to return sincere thanks to his friends and the public, for the kind sympathy evinced toward him, on the occasion of the late fire. He now begs to inform them that he will commence business on his own account in a few days, in part of Mr McLean's Auction Room, in rear of John Roos' Cigar store, with entirely new stock, of Drugs, Chemicals Patent Medicines, Perfumery, &c., and trusts the public will appreciate his attention to business, with the same kind patronage that was extended to him in his situation. Ottawa, Dec 16, 1870 1541y

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMERS! *First Cabin, Payable in Gold.* Liverpool or Queenstown......$100 00 *Steerage, Payable in Currency.* Liverpool or Queenstown......35 00

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX. *First Cabin, Payable in Gold.* Liverpool or Queenstown......$100 00 Halifax......20 00 St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer......45 00

Groceries.

IF YOU WANT TO SAVE MONEY GO TO THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORES, —BY— P. BASKERVILLE & BROS., No. 36 Rideau St., and Duke St., Chaudiere, OTTAWA,

Where from their great increase of business and the large addition now put to their Store, with a well selected Stock, and constant attention on their part, will enable them to sell at prices not to be equalled elsewhere.

There will be found always on hand a general assortment of GROCERIES, TEAS in particular, imported, LIQUORS, WINES, BRANDIES, GIN, IRISH and SCOTCH WHISKEY, Gooderham & Worts' HIGHWINES OLD RYE, and PROOF, With a fine assortment of Christmas and New Year's FRUITS and SYRUPS.

—ALSO— WINTER APPLES, ORANGES and LEMONS, CHEESE, HAMS, and BACON.

Remember our Motto—"Quick Sales and light Profits."

Try their TEAS. Ottawa, Nov 29, 1870. 1526

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

Ex. Ships COGNAC, NEREO, UNION and CITY of QUEBEC, from the different places of Growth.

It is now AN ESTABLISHED FACT If you want any First-Class BRANDIES or WINES and the best Family Groceries, you must go to

Thos. Patterson, No. 26 Rideau Street.

The following Goods in Stock and for Sale:

BRANDIES.—Pure and unadulterated, good for any use, always on hand in Wood or Bottle.

PORT WINE—Pure and reliable (20 years old) for Medicinal purposes and the only House in the City that imports such WINES direct to order.

SHERRY WINES—Various grades, very, very Pale, (delicious flavour) Splendid Wines at a price to defy competition.

GIN—John De Kuyper & Son's Double-Barried, First-class.

SCOTCH WHISKEY—Old and Mild, (full strength.)

RUM, OLD RYE, FAMILY PROOF, AND HIGHWINES, of the best kind.

PORTER AND ALES.—Guiness's Dublin and Dawe's, Lachine, in splendid order.

COFFEE.—Delicious Flavour. Fresh Roasted and Ground Daily.

TEAS.—The best qualities of Black, Japan, and Green, new crop and fragant.

SUGARS and SYRUPS of all kinds.

CHEESE—Fine old (Reesors and Factory) the best.

PICKLES and SAUCES, Jams and Jellies from Crosse and Blackwells, in great variety.

FRUITS—The finest table and cooking raisins that can be had, large fresh and rich flavored.

CURRANTS.—Quite fresh and Candied Peels.

SPERM CANDLES and fancy perfumed soaps, the greatest variety in the city, and made to order by Field of London, England. There is an endless variety of these fine goods worthy of SPECIAL ATTENTION FOR FAMILIES, being of the finest qualiti s atmost rate prices Everybody should know that to use good goods saves money. TRY THEM. Ottawa, December 5, 1870.

ATTENTION!

If you want Choice VIRGIN HONEY, call at the New GROCERY STORE, Corner of Sussex and York Streets.

If you want SUPERIOR CHEESE, call at the New GROCERY STORE, Corner of Sussex and York Streets.

If you want FIRST-CLASS DAIRY BUTTER, call at the New GROCERY STORE Corner Sussex and York Streets.

—ALSO—

New Crop West End, Layers, Valencia and Seedless Raisins and Currants, Fresh Turkey Figs, Malaga Grapes, Lemons, Choice Imperial Prunes, Canded Peels, Gelatine, Cross & Blackwell's Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies, and Marmalades, Fresh Oysters, Lobsters Seguin Mackerel, Salmon and Tomatoes, with a choice lot of Scotch and English Ales and Porter, Wines and Brandies, Gin, Scotch Whiskey, Jamaica Rum, Old Rye, Syrups and

JOHN A. BITTERS, CONSTANTLY ON HAND, At the New GROCERY STORE, Corner Sussex and York Streets.

Extra Fine Green, Black and Japan Teas, Rio, Java and Turkey Coffee.

—ALSO—

Fine Family and Pastry Flour, Oat and ... GROCERY STORE, ... and York-sts.

Groceries, &c.

DENIS WHELAN, 39 RIDEAU STREET, *OTTAWA* HAVING OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT *(nearly opposite the Old Stand,)*

Offers for sale at VERY LOW PRICES a large and well selected stock, comprising Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy Soaps, Sauces, Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, Candles, Coarse and Fine Salt. Also, *Bordeaux and other Vinegars*

MESS PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS,

and the numerous other articles necessary to constitute a complete stock.

TEAS—Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial Young Hyson, quite fresh and cheap.

COFFEE.—Fresh Coffee *ground* and *roasted* daily on the premises.

LIQUORS—Cognac Brandies Renault & Co. Hennessy, Piper's and other brands.

HOLLAND GIN—De Kuyper's and Houtman's, in wood bottle.

WINES—Sherries of all grades, Ports of fine quality, Burgundy, Sauterne and Maderia Wines all prices, in wood and bottle, improved by age.

HIGHWINES, OLD RYE, PROOF AND WHISKEY, high proof and flavor, at extremely low rates.

Thorne's and Stewart' Scotch Whiskey and Old Tom.
Dunville's Irish Whiskey.
Murphy's Old Irish Potteen.
Guinness' and London Porter, pts and qts.
Molson's and other Ales.
Sugars and Syrups, all grades.
Sale at refiners' prices.

THE OLD STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE SELLING AT TWENTY-FIVE PER CENT BELOW COST. Now is the time for bargains. 1105

ROUSILLON PORT. Received a fresh consignment of this delicious Wine. It is full flavoured, of great body, and guaranteed purity.

ALICANTE. A Sweet Red Wine of delicate flavour and bouquet, invaluable for invalids. This wine has been specially imported as a pure Wine to be used in the Holy Communion. The following gentlemen have kindly allowed their names to be used as references:

Ven Archdeacon Fuller, Toronto.
Rev J Beaven, D D, "
Rev G B Read, D D, "
Rev E Baldwin, "
Rev W S Darling, "
Rev A Williams, "
Rev J D Cayley, "
Rev W H Davis, "
Rev S Bedford Jones, L L D, Ottawa

—ALSO— A full Stock of Brandies, Gins, Jamaica Rum, Proof and Old Rye Whiskey, Sherries, Still and Sparkling Moselle, Champagne, Malaga, Maderia Malvoisie, Noyan Curacoa Creme de Menthe, Creme de Moka, Chartreuse, Mar-schino, English and Canadian Ales and Porter, &c, &c, &c.

J. P. MACPHERSON, Wine Merchant Elgin Street.

Agent for Quelton, St George & Co's pure French Wines. Ottawa, Dec 10, 1870 1534

WM. FOOTE & COMPANY, IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALER —IN— TEAS AND WINES, 6 HOSPITAL STREET MONTREAL. Ottawa August 23, 1870 1444tf

PRESTON & ROWSELL. MILITARY TAILORS —AND— *HABIT MAKERS* NO. 36 SPARKS STREET

A SELECT ASSORTMENT OF *Tweeds, Broad Cloths, Doe Skins, Fancy Coatings, Vestings, &c.*

SHIRTS MADE TO ORDER

Ottawa, July 25, 1870.

PRESTON & ROWSELL.

PRESTON & ROWSELL.

No Benzine or Coal Oil used.

FOR STYLISH SIGNS AND HANDSOME WALL PAINTING GO TO THE LANG PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT A. W. LANG, Sparks Street.

NOTICE. LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF ONTARIO, TORONTO, 29th October, 1870.

Notice is hereby given, that the last day for receiving Petitions for Private Bills will be WEDNESDAY, the TWENTY-EIGHTH day of DECEMBER next. CHARLES T. GILLMOR, Clerk.

SITUATION WANTED AS FARMER

A Married Man, who understands farming in all its departments; has had long experience in Canada. Address R. E., FARMER.

Dry Goods.

RETAIL ADVERTISEMENT.

MAGEE & RUSSELL, SPARKS STREET,

Have opened up within the last few days several CASES and BALES Assorted DRY GOODS, to which they respectfully invite attention.

Ladies, please observe the following carefully, their being many articles enumerated worthy of Notice:

DRESS DEPARTMENT.	New Tartan Plaids, Brown and Grey Wincies, French Merinoes and de Laines, " Satin Cloths, Black Lustres and Alpacas, Black and Colored Silesias, " and " Casbans, Glove Finished Cambrics.
SILK DEPARTMENT.	Black Velveteens, Colored Plushes, French Crapes, Silks and Satins.
DOMESTIC DEPARTMENT.	Grey and White Cottons, " " " Sheetings, Table Napkins and Damasks, Huck Towels, Cotton and Linen Diaper, Grass Linen and Hollands.
WOOLLEN DEPARTMENT.	Sct. Saxony Flannels, Fancy Shirting do, English and Canadian Blankets, Waterproof Tweeds, Overcoatings.
HOSIERY & GLOVE DEPARTMENT.	Breakfast Shawls, Fancy Woollen Goods, Ladies Sct. Hose, Gent's Underclothing, Kid Mitts and Gloves,
RIBBON AND LACE DEPARTMENT.	Black and Coloured Velvet Ribbons, Tartan Velvet Ribbons, Black and Coloured Silk Ribbons, Tartan Silk Ribbons, New Linen Sets, Black and White Silk Laces, Hair Nets, New Style, Hair Puffs and Rolls, Cambric Handkerchiefs, Cushion Tassels, White Filaceile, Coloured Silk Twists.

Our Stock, for extent, variety, quality and price, stands unrivalled in Ottawa.

MAGEE & RUSSELL. Ottawa, Dec. 8, 1870.

R. L. JAMES & CO.

DRESS GOODS. A large assortment worth from 20 to 90 cents, at 15 to 80.

A SPECIAL LINE of French Merinos, very cheap.

BLACK SILKS, very much under Market value, and considerably lower than present Ottawa prices.

MILLINERY. It is now pretty generally known that in this Department, especially the prices, are EXCEEDINGLY MODERATE,

AT THE GOLDEN LION.

R. L. JAMES ...

Summary of Mail News.

DOMINION.

The Almonte *Gazette* says the son of Mr. James Black, 7th line Ramsay, came near lossing his life a few days ago in the following manner: One of his neighbors while in the act of shooting a cow, passed the ball only slightly through the skull, and in an oblique direction, after which it traversed a field to a distance of 400 yards and passed so close to the lad that he felt the wind of it in his face, heard it whistle, and saw it tare a splinter from the fence and make an indentation deep enough to show it still to be a messenger of death.

The Canadian "team" Wimbleton is in active training, Colonel Skinner has already collected nearly $1000 towards repaying the neccessary expenses.—

Last Saturday, business on the Toronto Branch of the Great Western Railway was suspended, as workmen will be employed changing the rails from the old gauge to the standard American gauge—5 ft. 8½ in.—that of the connecting lines.

The 9th. ult.—the Birth Day of H. R. H. the Prince of Wales—*Heir Apparent*—was celebrated at Bristol N. B. by the Order of the Golden Circle.—The Knights and Ladies of the Order held a Banquet at 1 p.m. At 3 a sermon was delivered from the text "Fear God, honor the King," followed by speeches and refreshments in the evening. This Institution is arrayed against Intemperance, Disloyalty, Gambling, and Profanity. It promises to become a leading reform ...

Sir John A. Macdonald arrived in Kingston on Friday, and is staying at the Revd. Professor Williamstone's.

A new locomotive, and tender No. 287, left the Canadian Engine and Machinery Works, Kingston, on Friday, for the Grand Trunk Railway.

The property of the Brunswick Gold Mining Company, at Mount Uniacke, was sold at auction on the 9th inst., and knocked down to E. J. Lordly, Esq., for the the sum of $100.

Corporal Stowe, indicted for trial in the Halifax Supreme Court upon a charge of having caused the death of a soldier some time since, by directing that he be gagged in the guard-room, has been acquitted.

There is considerable alarm in the Provinces about the great storm and tidal wave predicted to take place on Thursday, the 22nd inst., especially among the inhabitants of the dyked country on the Bay of Fundy and rivers emptying into it. The statements of leading scientific men that the predicted disasters will not take place receive little credit from these people who remember that the predictions of Saxby, which were so much ridiculed, proved too true and that the 'Saxby storm" did great damage to their property.

The Kingston *Whig* says: "The City and County members give the assurance from Toronto that the Kingston and Madoc Railway will receive a grant of $100,000 from the Ontario Government, under its new policy to encourage railway enterprise. The bonus will amount uniformly to $2,000 a mile for all *bona fide* roads."

After several months boring, a fine well of oil was struck on Friday at Lake Ainslie, Inverness County, Cape Breton, at a depth of five hundred and sixty feet from the surface. A great deal of the land around the Lake shows surface indications fully equal to where the oil has been struck. The well is owned by a Company in Halifax.

We regret to hear that Mr. Breithaupt's extensive steam tannery situated at Berlin was destroyed by fire last week. Loss $40'000.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Penny dinners of Australian meat have been resumed in Norton Folgate, London.

A site for a new Mint to be secured on the banks of the Thames at Whitefriars.

Woolwich Arsenal is in the full tide of activity once more. Additional hands are employed in the gun factories; while in certain departments relays of men are working day and night.

The bodies of persons still continue to be washed ashore on the Donegal coast, and they are supposed to have been passengers in the Cambria. They are in such a state as to be unrecognisable. The agents of the Anchor Line inter them free.

Ex-Minister Motley has left London for the Hague.

During his illness Mr. Bright has not drawn his salary.

Eight bales of Natal cotton have arrived in Liverpool from Port Natal.

Field-Marshal Burgoyne, in a letter to the "Times" in defence of Marshal Bazaine, says:—"As one of those who served with the Marshal in the Crimea, I feel called upon to repel the attacks made upon a gallant fellow-soldier, whose military reputation has been assailed in so inconsiderate a manner by political enemies.

The *Dundee Advertiser* announces an order for cloth for about five thousand Prussian tents (capable of accommodating twenty men each), a considerable portion of which is likely to be executed in Dundee.

An eminent London scene painter has gone to Sedan to make sketches for some new piece that will soon be performed at a London theatre.

Dicken's "Old Curiosity Shop" has been dramatized in London under the name of "Nell."

A curiously romantic incident has arisen out of the relations which the Duke of Argyll is soon to hold with the Royal Family, and the anxiety of an Irish woman to obtain the clemency of the Crown in favour of the Fenian prisoners. The woman wrote to his Grace, reminding him of what his ancestor "did for Jeanie Deans in the 'Heart of Mid-Lothian.'" She appealed to The Maccallum More with considerable eloquence to help her in the release of her brothers, and signs herself "Finola." The Duke, it appears, lost no time in telling "Finola" in three lines that the business to which she referred did not belong to his department, and that she should make her application to the Irish Executive.

The London correspondent of the Birmingham *Post* says that the designed absence of the Duke of Argyll from the Cabinet Council on Wednesday, left his colleagues at liberty to discuss with the greater freedom the novel and delicate question arising out of the approaching marriage of his son with the Princess Louise. It is rumoured that the cabinet, participating in the gratification with which the approaching nuptials have been regarded by all classes of her Majesty's subjects, have determined to propose to Parliament that £6,000 a year shall be settled upon the Princess together with a dower of £30.000. A suitable settlement will be made on the bridegroom by the Duke of Argyll. The Marquis will be raised to a dukedom, with a seat in the upper House. His precedence is a more difficult question.

No man's position in English society is altered by any matrimonial alliance, and Prince Christian is entitled merely to the precedence of the Knight of the Garter, which is next below that of the eldest sons of barons. It is said to be the Queen's intention to issue a royal ordnance giving Prince Christian and the Marquis of Lorne, precedence.

It is said that Mr. Richard Wallace, the testamentary heir of the late Marquis of Hertford, has given away £20,000 in Paris alone within a period of little more than two months to necessitous Englishmen and the inhabitants generally, and continues to subscribe most munificently to various objects raised to mitigate the sufferings of the poor in that city.

The wool exported from the principal British possessions in 1868 amounted to 242,756,711 pounds. Most of it was Australian. By the last return there were 15,080,625 head of sheep in New South Wales.

A memorial window to Thomas Moore, the poet, is to be placed in the church, at Bremham, where his remains and those of his wife rest.

The subscription for the families of the men lost in the *Captain* amount to £40,500 and £22,000 more is wanted.

... is ... to abolish the British army purchase system—at least is going to try.

An important addition to Indian railroad communication is just completed by the Sutlej bridge. The Delhi railroad has for several months run as far as Loodians, a few miles from the Sutlej, and the Punjaub railway coming close to the right bank of that river at Phillour, and now by the opening of the section between these two points there is a continuous line of railway from Mooltan to Bombay and Calcutta.

The Hanlon Brothers have been restrained from performing their most perilous feats in London. The police interfered for that purpose—"and this is liberty."

Precautionary measures by the British Government for the protection of foreign residents in China appear to be in progress. The Bombay *Gazette* informs us that there have been four large vessels chartered by Government for the transport of troops thither. They are the steamers *Bellona* (1,430 tons) and *Mauritius* (1,341), and the ships *Calcutta* (2,080) and *Queen of Australia* (1,238). The 13th Regiment of Native Infantry, at present at Cannapore, are to leave for China. It is by orders from England that the embarkation of the former has been expedited, and we may conclude that the Home Government wants to have a stronger force there than at present.

Some of our readers must be interested in the fact that a not very distant cousinship exists between the Princess Louise and Lord Lorne. Indeed, for a Scotch cousinship, it is rather near than otherwise. The first Lord Campbell, of Lochow, married the Lady Marjory Stewart, daughter of Robert, Duke of Albany, granddaughter of Robert II. and a niece of Robert III. She would have been styled a Princess if she had lived in our day. A much nearer but hardly so honorable alliance was that of the Marquis's ancestor in the sixth generation with Lady Mary Stuart, daughter of the Earl of Moray and great-great-granddaughter of the Regent Moray, Queen Mary's stepbrother. Lord Lorne is also descended from the Royal Family of England; his mother's ancestor, Sir John Leveson-Gower, having married Lady Catherine Manners, one of the descendants of Ann St. Leger, Lady de Ros, niece of King Edward IV. But still this is not blood Royal, and the marriage we so much approve of is between a peer and a Royal Princess. A great many noble houses can show even a better Royal descent—the Scarborough family, to wit, from Alfred the Great.

UNITED STATES.

Mlle. Amiee, the celebrated Lyonnaise, *prima donna*, has arrived in New York.

Madlle. Christine Nillsson receives £20,000 from the manager by whom she is now engaged in America.

The following poetical will was filed recently in a surrogate's office at New York:—"Unto my beloved wife——. All my worldly goods I have in store I give my beloved wife and hers for evermore. I give all truly; I no limit fix. This is my will, she my executrix."

There lives in the county of Itawamba, Miss., two miles east of Fulton, a gentleman by the name of John Owens, who was 111 years old the 15th day of October last. Mr. Owens was born in the State of North Carolina on the 15th day of October, 1759, He has been living in North Mississippi for the last forty years; prior to that he lived in Jackson county, Alabama, fifty; previous to which time he lived in Tennessee and in North Carolina. He has been twice married, the last time when he was 94 years old.

A St. Paul German, after getting on a train, missed his pocket-book, and thought he would jump off, and go back to find it. Since he struck the frozen prairie, with the train going at the rate of thirty miles an hour, he hasn't taken much interest in the war news from France. They buried him where he fell.

A Louisville girl, whose lover calls every morning and stays all day and long into the night, became discouraged at so much attention, and concocted a plan to get rid of him, by asking him to help move the piano up stairs, and after that was done changed her mind and had him help move it down. She kept on until she had moved all the furniture in the house seven times, and he didn't see the point, and the other night in despair, when he called, she threw a pail of water on him out of the window. He says you can't place any confidence in women, and he has presented a bill for moving furniture.

OTHER COUNTRIES.

Mendoza, ex-Revolutionary Secretary of Foreign Affairs in Cuba, has been shot. Before his execution he wrote advising his former companions to quietly cease opposition to the government, and hoped that his would be the last life sacrificed. The hope will be a vain one so long as expeditions are fitted out here by Cuban and other speculators.

Ex-Queen Isabella is enjoying life in a quiet way at Geneva. Her costumes are rich and elegant, says an interviewer of the royal lady, and her manners are affable. She does not expect ever to reign, again which, in view of the Duke of Aosta's success, is not surprising; but does believe that the Prince of Asturias will one day be called to the Spanish throne.

The Strasbourg fortifications have been repaired, and are now placed in a complete state of defence.

A letter from Southern France says there is great activity at the foundries of La Seyne, near Toulon, and the first batch of Mitrailleurs has been completed and delivered, but the work is still going on. These instruments of destruction are upon a new model, very light and portable, having range of 1,200, metres and costing only about 500f. each.

Active Russian military service is to be reduced from ten to six years, but six instead of four recruits are to be taken from every 1,000 souls. As for the actual duration of the said "active," one would suppose that it must depend upon whatever may "loom up" in the future.

It is said that the town of Nancy was compelled to mortgage thirty millions of francs' worth of house property, in order to pay the Prussian war requisitions. A Frankfort house provided the money, at six per cent.

A California Editor's Farewell to His Lady Friends.

Emotional insanity having been so often pleaded successfully by husbands in California in defence of shooting or knifing suspected gallants, the San Francisco *News Letter* says:

"All men's wives who have hitherto enjoyed the advantage of our acquaintance are hereby notified that this ceases to day, never to be renewed. It is with deep grief that we disrupt the social relations which promises so much, but we feel impelled thereto by the first law of nature. Our lady friends who have the misfortune to be married to other and inferior men will please stick like a leech to their legal protectors, and not recognize us on the street. We have taken considerable pleasure in their society—a pleasure which we flatter ourselves has been mutual—but this thing can no longer be permitted to go on. We trust that our motive—which is pure cowardice—will not be misconstrued. Somebody perishes ingloriously every day for being upon speaking terms with married women, and we do not care to have our turn come round. Deeply grateful for the past forbearance of aggrieved husbands we make our bow and retire. Hereafter our nods and smiles will be lavished upon girls and widows exclusively; no others need apply. Whosoever shall attempt to introduce us to his own wife, or that of another man, will be regarded as a conspirator against our peace and life, and subject to abuse in the co...

this journal. Nature is strong in us, and we do not wish to die. Whenever we shall feel a desire that way, we shall treat somebody's wife with common courtesy, get shot, and go quietly to our reward.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

New Goods—Patterson & Bryson.
Wellington Ward Market—Alfred Bufton.
Copper Plate Printer—George Mayes.
Board Wanted.

TO THE PUBLIC.

Mr. J. G. DAVIS *is authorized to receive advertisements and subscriptions for* THE TIMES. *Now that we are about* ENLARGING THE SIZE *of* THE TIMES *and introducing other improvements, advertisers should take advantage of the increased circulation which it will at once be certain to obtain. In other directions, as well as in Ottawa, we are making exertions to extend our subscription list and to add to the value of* THE TIMES *as an advertising medium.*

The Ottawa Times.

Office—38 Sparks Street.

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 20, 1870.

☞ *For interesting reading matter see First and Fourth Pages.*

THE "EVENING MAIL."

The *Evening Mail* will be published every afternoon at four o'clock, and will contain the latest despatches from all parts of the world up to the hour of going to press. Persons can be supplied with copies of the *Mail* at their own houses for SIX CENTS per week.

We learn by a private telegram received yesterday from Quebec, that Mr. Cauchon has not as yet arrived at any understanding with the Corporation in regard to the North Shore Railway. It is expected that a permissive clause will be added to the bill, allowing the Corporation to take stock.

The Kingston *Whig* says: "Sir John and Lady Macdonald are staying at Dr. Williamson's, where they will remain for a day or two longer. Sir John is in capital health, and during his long intercourse with the Deputation, showed anything but a falling off in spirit, wit and humor. He certainly has the happy faculty of making every man well pleased with himself.

If the particulars contained in the telegram relative to General Schenck's mission to England are at all correct, it is evident that the United States Government have made up their minds to withdraw the absurd claims which they have previously set forth, and to enter upon a consideration of the *Alabama* claims in a more reasonable spirit. Trusting to the known desire of English statesmen to maintain the most friendly relations with the United States, the American Government and people evidently believed that they could humiliate England, by persuading her to confess that the position she assumed during the American civil war was an unjustifiable and improper one, and forcing her to do penance before the civilized world. They have at last made up thir minds that England cannot be "bullied;" and that no British statesman would dare for one moment to entertain propositions for the surrender of any portion of Imperial territory.

THE ARMY OF FACTION.

Generalissimo George Brown has summoned his lieges to follow him in his onslaught upon the Government. His Lieutenants, McKenzie, McKellar and Blake, have taken their positions for an onward movement, the artillery of the Grit press has been directed to open fire upon Sir John Macdonald and his colleagues, the war cry of the party has been announced, and all is ready for the attack save that one little matter has been forgotten, and that is—the ammunition! A quantity of damaged ammunition, in the shape of old party cries has indeed been served out, and a few opprobrious epithets have been supplied for use from that very prolific arsenal for the manufacture of abuse, the *Globe's* editorial room, but it is found that this species of wordy missile is far more dangerous to those who use it than to those against whom it is directed, so that we cannot be surprised under such circumstances to hear of desertions from the ranks, and to find that almost before the first movement has been made, the army of Faction is demoralized and disorganized, and its chiefs unable to rally and inspire their disheartened followers. To expect men to make a good fight under such circumstances, and with nothing to talk of but dead issues and vague charges about men being "corruptionists, traitors," &c.; thus in short to pit falsehood and faction against truth and the uncompromising logic of facts arrayed on the Ministerial side, is about as sensible as expecting that men carrying old flint muskets can stand against an army armed with Snider rifles. Their vollies of abuse fall short, and the recoil works destruction among their own ranks, nor can all the trumpet blasts of the *Globe*, or the penny whistles of the handful of smaller journals who support it, inspire the rank and file of the Opposition with courage and confidence.

In fact like other men who fight in a bad cause, they are half beaten before the strife commences. They know in their own hearts that they have nothing to fight about, that they are only lashed into the ranks to win the *spolia opima* for the Hon. George Brown and his lieutenants, that ranged in line with them are men from the lower provinces whose loyalty to Canada and to Great Britain is more than questionable, and above all, their own common sense convinces them of the truth of those words used by the *Globe* on the 8th of January, 1853:

"It is a sure sign that a political combination is on its last legs, when its paid organs feel that argument is powerless, and their friends are cold and apathetic; and *that the only rallying cry which is left to them is the howl of* 'THE PARTY.' 'THE PARTY!'"

Of course it is. Never did the *Globe* utter truer language. Seldom, indeed of late years has anything so true been found in its columns. The idea of flogging men into opposing the Government, not for the purpose of carrying out any great measure, not because any fault can be found with th[e] ... important public que[stion] ... going to ruin under a bad and corrupt Government, but simply because Messrs. Brown and Mackenzie say the Administration is "corrupt," and because those gentlemen and their immediate followers profess to monopolize all the political honesty there is in the country!

No wonder that every where the cause of Faction is losing ground. No wonder Mr. Blake, to whom was entrusted the command of the Opposition in the Ontario Legislature, is disgusted with his want of success, and, following the example of his master, is driven to find relief in language and conduct which are a disgrace to any legislative assembly. The only wonder is that Mr. Brown and his lieutenants have the unblushing hardhood to maintain the struggle and still to howl forth unfounded personal charges and wild malignant calumnies that only disgrace and degrade the utterers. They to talk about "political tricksters!" What manner of men are they who clinging to

"a slowly dying cause
And ancient forms of party strife"

seek to turn the minds of the people of Canada from the important questions of the day, and the mighty work which they have to accomplish before the whole of British North America is welded into one great indivisible whole. We do not wish to see parties disappear, but let them be formed upon a real and living basis, not merely for party's sake. Until these can be found we say that men who seek to inaugurate a factious strife are traitors in act if not at heart, and are among the most miserable and contemptible of 'political tricksters'.

TRADE STATISTICS.

We have received a copy of Mr. W. J. Patterson's annual report of the commerce of Montreal for the year 1869 together with some interesting statements relative to the Home and Foreign trade of the entire Dominion. We have already made reference to the commerce of Montreal, not only for the year 1869, but also for the year just terminating. It is therefore with the statements contained in Mr. Patterson's work connected with the trade of the entire Dominion that we propose now to deal.

First we have a carefully prepared table showing the amount of grain and flour shipped at the port of Montreal from the year 1845 up to 1869. We find that the trade has grown wonderfully during the past quarter of a century. The receipts in the years given below were as follows:—

	FLOUR BARRELS	WHEAT BUSHELS.
1845	494 295	344 890
1850	483 663	345 272
1855	433 011	634 317
1860	577 156	2 622 602
1865	782 216	2 648 674
1869	975,295	7.462,033

The shipments during the same years were as follows:—

	FLOUR BARRELS	WHEAT BUSHELS.
1850	182,988	71 359
1855	53 383	45 707
1860	27 ,567	1,645 209
1865	637,001	787 938
1869	966,067	6,595 332

The largest quantity of flour received in Montreal was in 1863, 1,193 286 barrels; the smallest in 1855, 433,011 barrels. Rather more than half of the former and only about one-eight of the latter were afterwards shipped from Montreal. The largest quantity of wheat received was in 1869, the smallest in 1845.

The quantities of Canada wheat exported by Lake to the United States during the years mentioned, from three ports in Ontario, were as stated below:

YEARS.	Shipped at Kingston.	Shipped at Toronto.	Shipped at Hamilton.	Totals from Three Ports	Received at Oswego.
1868	4,536	221,446	187,296	413,278	890,751
1867	39,720	503,694	115,329	658,743	989,941
1866	67,241	365,440	114,511	547,192	771,918
Totals	111,497	1,090,580	417,136	1,619,213	2,652,610

The following table shows the quantities of grain passing into Canada from the United States; also quantities in bond to ports in the United States since the abrogation of the Reciprocity treaty:

	FLOUR—BARRELS.		WHEAT—BUSHELS		INDIAN CORN. BUSHELS.		OTHER GRAIN. BUSHELS.	
	To Canada	Transit to U. S	To Canada.	Transit to U. S.	To Canada.	Transit to U. S.	To Canada.	Transit to U. S.
1866	8,102	866 314	14,963	5 032,371	438,401	4,250,232	26 158	20,425
1867	4,401	1,073 686	23 804	5,148 714	295,7?6	2 448,144	3,128	223,719
1868	63 546	1,455,947	87,223	7,151 612	576,731	5 680,996	18 502	865,030
1869	105,963	1,306,054	5,458 692	7,996,223	1,186,947	7,024,835	68,865	1,248,470
Totals	182,012	4,702,001	5,584,682	25,328630	2,497,895	22,404,107	113,633	2,357,634

Thus it will be seen that in 1869, 1,306,024 barrels of flour, and 16,269,538 bushels of wheat and other grain were passed over the canals and railways of Canada in transit from one Uni[ted States port] ... grain, and millions of feet of lumber have within the past four years passed from the Western to the Eastern States of the Union through Canada as freely as if the much abused Reciprocity Treaty was unabrogated and Canadian products still had access to the American markets; while the United States Government while allowing the transit of goods to Canada in bond, have fettered and obstructed the transit trade by every possible means, and now talk of putting a stop to it altogether!

With the assistance of Mr. Patterson's carefully prepared statistics, we shall refer to this subject again.

VEXATIOUS PROSECUTIONS.

The Hamilton *Spectator* announces a recent decision in the Court of Queen's Bench, Toronto, of some interest to sportsmen. It seems that, for some time past, the local Fishery Officer has been subjected to petty and vexatious prosecutions brought by parties whose fishing gear he has seized for violations of the fishery laws. These suits are simply malicious; and yet they appear to be instigated and supported by some professional persons who exercise an influence (certainly not for good) among the country magistracy. The convicted fishermen therefore find no difficulty in obtaining warrants and summonses for all sorts of concocted offences against the Inspector. If he seizes a net while in actual use flagrantly violating the fishery laws, he is produced by writs for stealing, search warrants, actions for damages, and such like. A country magistrate could probably be made to issue a warrant for executing the Inspector, if hard swearing and pettifogging chicanery could be found to justify it for the nonce. The latest and most extraordinary process obtained in this manner was a warrant of arrest for desecration of the Sabbath—the Inspector having "grappled for" and found a parcel of nets set on Sunday in double violation of the fishery laws and the Sabbath observance act of Ontario. The Inspector was arrested, tried and fined, by a magisterial genius named Hopkins, J. P., of the county of Halton. Of course the officer complained to his Department, and the Minister of Marine and Fisheries, desired Mr. Whitcher, when recently in that neighborhood to inquire into the matter. The result has been an appeal to the Judges at Toronto, who unhesitatingly quashed Mr. Solon Hopkins' vindictive proceedings.

We are informed that the Crown sanctions these appeals only in extreme cases; and as the county magistrates are subject to provincial jurisdiction, the Dominion authorities are very chary about interfering. But the public will learn from this decision that the legitimate and discreet acts of fishery officers will receive at the instance of the energetic head of his Department all the support that law and justice can afford.

THE ANNEXATION OF LUXEMBURG.

The King of Holland, as most of our readers will remember, is Grand Duke of Luxemburg. Until four years ago he was a member of the late Germanic Confederation, and the fortresses of the Grand Duchy were garrisoned by Prussian soldiers. After the battle of Sadowa, Napoleon offered to purchase the Duchy from the King, to which proposition the latter readily agreed. Prussia however peremptorially objected, and at the conference in London in 1867 it was agreed in order to prevent the war between France and Prussia which then appeared to be imminent, that the Grand Duchy of Luxemburg should be neutralized, the fortifications dismantled, its possession still being vested in the house of Nassau. Now Prussia charges the Government of the Grand Duchy with having refused to allow the Prussian wounded to pass through the territory of Luxembourg, with having permitted the revictualling of Thionville, and taking advantage of these charges as an excuse, is determined upon occupying and annexing the country. The inhabitants of the Grand Duchy are violently opposed to becoming the subjects of the Prussian autocrat, but in these days of strange and sudden changes when in the words of the old Border freebooter, "they shall take who have the power, and those shall keep who can," their feeble remonstrance is not likely to be heard, or at all events to be regarded. None of the great powers are interested in the matter, unless indeed it be Austria, and Austrian journals declare in plain and positive terms that no war will be entered upon by the people of that country save for the defence of their own frontier, unless assisted by the wealth and power of England. So probably King William and Bismarck, the two great freebooters of the age, will be allowed to work their will and trample upon the rights and liberties of the unfortunate people of Luxemburg without any interference from other powers.

DEAD ISSUES.

We always like to be generous, and to give an Opposition paper all the credit it deserves whenever it tells the truth. The Montreal *Witness*, making reference to the Hon. Mr. Brown and the late Feast of Faction in Toronto, says:

"The great mistake of the Reformers, and one which was brought forcibly under our notice at the dinner, is their adherence to dead issues. George Brown lived in the past, in the memory of what the Reform party has accomplished, and thinks it a sufficient argument to point to their glorious record. Never was there a greater mistake. As he himself has said, one of the greatest difficulties they had to contend with was the large influx of new settlers into the country, ignorant of its past history, who did not appreciate the struggles of the Reformers—twenty, thirty, or forty years since—for the rights of the people and constitutional Government. That very fact should teach him the necessity for a change in his course. If he desires to see the Reform party in power, he must attack the Ministers at Ottawa and Toronto, not because of the past iniquities of the Tories, or on the abstract question of coalitions, but by showing in what respect their policy fails to meet the requirements of the country, and by presenting a platform superior in the practical, solid advantages which it offers. We have left the past behind us, and this blind clinging to the worn-out party cries, which have lost their meaning to the new generation, is ruining the chances of the Reform party."

M. de Laveleye, the well known French publicist, writes as follows on the prospects of an Anglo-Russian war:—

"At this particular emergency Prussia cannot oppose Russia, and, in all probability, is bound to her by secret treaties. If England chooses to fight, she must undoubtedly fight Prussia as well. War with Russia means war with Germany on the soil of France ... struggle supported by ... and the new German State was stripped of the flower of its youth, and the fruits of the labor and economy of ages. War with Russia means also Austrian and Italian and Turkish armies on the Lower Danube, supported by British pay, and wide-spread ruin and devastation in Eastern Europe, such as has not been seen since the Middle Ages—Austria divided against herself; the Germans of Vienna siding with those of Berlin; the Czeches of Bohemia and the Sclavons of the Principalities uniting with the Cossacks and the Russians to overthrow the ancient feudal Empire, now best defended by the Magyars.

THE PREMIER OF THE DOMINION.

We are glad to notice the following paragraph in the London *Lancet* the leading Medical Journal of England.

Sir John A. Macdonald, the greatly esteemed Premier of Canada, has returned to Ottawa perfectly recovered from a very serious illness. The intense pleasure of the Canadians at his return took the shape of holidays and addresses of various kinds. In the course of his reply to the addresses, Sir John paid what we have reason to believe was a well-merited compliment to his medical attendant, Dr. Grant, in saying that he owed his restoration to health to Dr Grant's skill, and the devoted care of Lady Macdonald. Dr. Grant is a graduate of McGill College, Montreal, a member of the Royal College of Physicians of London and of the College of Surgeons of England and Edinburgh.

Latest by Telegraph

VIA MONTREAL LINE.

TORONTO.

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY

TORONTO, Dec. 19.

The Speaker took the chair at three o'clock.

After routine

Attorney General McDonald introduced a bill to authorize the transfer of the records belonging to the Wayne Company in Michigan, now in the registry of office of the County of Essex, to the American authorities.

The bill was read a first time, and its second reading ordered for Friday.

Mr. Cumberland introduced a bill to amend the act incorporating the Toronto, Simcoe and Muskoka Junction Railway.

In reply to Mr. Perry,

Attorney General McDonald said it was not the intention of the Government to issue a new Commission of the Peace for the county of Oxford.

Mr. Baxter moved an address for information relating to Hamilton and Port Perry Plank Road Company. He described the bad condition of the road, and asked for information as to the position of the road.

Mr. McCall (Norfolk) and Mr. Sexton corroborated the latter, saying that the Hamilton and Brantford road was in a similar state.

Hon. Mr. Wood explained that the remedy was for the people of the county to indict the road company. If it did not keep the road in repair, and the collection of tolls could not be stopped, another recourse was to induce the Dominion authorities to sell out the road, and then the municipalities could step in and buy it.

After a few words from Mr. Cameron, Hon. John Sandfield McDonald supporting Hon. Mr. Wood, the motion was withdrawn.

Mr. Blake moved that certain of the duties assigned to the Secretary of the Judge of the Court of Chancery sitting in Chambers, are of a judicial character and cannot be legally performed by him. That the present mode of administering justice in Chancery Chambers is unsatisfactory, and ought to be changed.

Mr. Blake, in supporting his resolutions, said he did so on the ground of an opinion expressed by the Attorney-General last week, that the practice was illegal. He (Mr. Blake) was of opinion that the decisions given by the Secretary were not solved.

Hon. J. S. Macdonald said he had not given such an opinion and advised the House to reject the resolution.

Mr. Blake said he had given such an opinion, but now since the Attorney General, whose business it was to see that nothing illegal should be allowed to exist, had changed his mind, he (Blake) would withdraw his resolutions.

After some remarks from the Hon. Mr. Wood and Mr. Cameron, who generally supported the present state of affairs, and paid high compliments to Mr. Taylor, the motion was withdrawn.

Mr. McKellar moved for the returns of settlers in Muskoka district at the time of the passing of the Free Grant Act, know nto the agent—Carried.

Mr. Carnegie moved the second reading of the bill to alter the limits for auditing county accounts by the board audit—Carried and bill referred to Special Committee, consisting of Attorney General McDonald, Lount, Baxter Blake and the mover.

In reply to Mr. Blake, Hon. J. Sandfield said that he would go on with the controverted Election Bill to-morrow; the Education Bill would not be proceeded with.

Mr. Cameron presented returns relating to municipalities fund and fees and emoluments received by Registrars since 1859.

The House adjourned at 4.50 p. m.

QUEBEC.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

QUEBEC, Dec. 19.

There will be two sittings to-morrow,

Mr. Chauveau presented a petition against the Municipal Code imposing an income tax.

The North Shore and St. Maurice Bill has passed its second reading, and in Committee Mr. Chapleau moved the introduction of a clause for the protection of rights to third parties, the discussion on which will be continued to morrow.

The Quebec Bill passed through Committee.

The Legislative Council have considerably altered the Municipal Code, and it is not likely to become law this Parliament.

Councillor O'Hare died yesterday.

Several cases of diptheria have occurred in town.

There is a rumor to day that Sir A. T. Galt had accepted office.

St. Matthew's Chapel opened yesterday.

Weather cold.

New York Markets.

NEW YORK, Dec. 19.—Cotton 15½c.

Flour less active, slightly in buyers favor; receipts, 10,000 brls.; sales, 7,000 brls at $5 20 to $5.40; Superior State and Western, $5 85 to $6.59; Common to Choice Extra State, $5 60, and $6.50 for Common Choice Extra Western.

Rye flour quiet.

Wheat quiet, in buyers favor; receipts, 6,000 bushels; sales, 42,000 bushels at $1.36 for Spring; $1.42 to $1.45 for Winter red and amber; Western Old Spring, $1.30.

Rye quiet.

Corn dull and heavy; receipts, 45,000 bushels; sales, 27,000 bushels at 73c. to 75c. for New Mixed Western.

Barley dull and heavy; sales, 1,000 bushels; State at 79c. to 80c.

Oats quiet; Receipts 12,000 bushel ... Sales ...

THE WAR.

Midnight Despatches.

CABLE NEWS.

FIVE FRENCH FRIGATES OFF PILLAN.

KOENIGSBERG, Dec. 17.—Despatches received here to-day from Pillan announcing that the five French frigates which recently passed Skagerrack, and the Great Belt have been sighted off that port. Pillan is only 25 miles from this city, and there is consequently considerable alarm felt in some quarters. It is believed, however, that the preparations made to meet the enemy are ample.

AMIENS EVACUATED.

LONDON, Dec. 18, Ev'g.—The Germans have evacuated Amiens and retired to ward Clermont, but announced their intention to return soon.

HAM CAPTURED.

The Prussians are reported to have captured Ham, Department of Somme.

MOVEMENTS.

20,000 Germans have passed Chaumy.

General Faidherbe has advanced beyond Amiens.

Nearly 1,000 Kabyle horsemen have been purchased at Toulon, and will join the French armies.

The Mobiles, who went to Algeria to replace the regular troops, will return to France, and a portion of the National Guard will go to Algeria.

ITALIAN PARLIAMENT.

FLORENCE, Dec. 18.—The bill introduced into the Italian Parliament, guaranteeing Papal prerogatives and perfect freedom of the Ecumenical Council, has passed through committee.

PRUSSIANS REPULSED.

BORDEAUX, Dec. 18.—The Prussians are leaving the Valley of Cher, and concentrating on the Loire. They again attacked General Chausey, but were repulsed.

A BANQUET.

LONDON, Dec. 19.—A Deputation of the North German Reichestag has been received from Granby, at Versailles, where a banquet was given in their honour by the King.

THE BOMBARDMENT OF PARIS.

The bombardment of Paris is considered liable to begin at any moment, as Prussian supplies and ambulation have been fully recruited.

A CORRESPONDENT BANISHED.

The St. Petersburg correspondent, who sent to the foreign papers a summary of President Grant's letter to the Czar, concerning the joint mediation between Prussia and France, has been banished to Olonetz. The letter was considered private, and therefore its publication was an offence and a personal insult to the Czar.

DESTRUCTION OF THE FORESTS SURROUNDING PARIS AND VARSEILLES.

Despatches from Versailles announce that Bismarck has issued an order directing the destruction of the national forests of France, in districts surrounding Versailles and Paris. This order is regarded as timely, as it enables the Prussians to procure fuel and to assist in military operations.

RIOTERS.

Despatches from Berlin state that the Prussian Government has issued orders for the arrest of the rioters who were engaged in the recent disturbances in that city. They are charged with treasonable plots.

A PROPOSITION TO TERMINATE THE WAR.

The Berlin *Post* reports that the neutral powers will probably suggest to a peace congress, which is about to assemble, a proposition to terminate the war on the terms proposed by Germany, viz: the unconditional surrender of Paris, and the submission of the French people.

LUXEMBURG'S NEUTRALITY.

Prince Henry of Luxemberg has sent Prussia an official disavowal that Luxemburg's neutrality had been violated by his permission.

MEETING OF THE BRITISH PARLIAMENT.

LONDON, 19th.—The *Post* understands that Parliament meets in the month of February, when the army and navy estimates will be instantly submitted.

THE QUEEN.

The Queen has gone to Osborne.

CONTRADICTORY STATEMENTS.

BORDEAUX, 19th.—Some journals here have asserted that there have been troubles in Paris, and that Gustave Flourens had imprisoned Blanqui, that the Government paid no attention to the report; but semi-official advices from Paris state that the city was quiet, and animated with one sentiment, that of the common defence.

REPORTS FROM THE EAST AND NORTH OF FRANCE.

Reports from the forces in the East and North of France are good.

There has been some excitement here owing to the promulgation of false news over the forged signature of Gambetta, the purpose being to cause reaction.

Despatches of this sort purporting to come from Havre are appearing simultaneously in all parts of the country. It was a Prussian device.

OPPOSITION JOURNALS VIOLENT.

It is a noticeable fact that opposition journals are more bitterly violent towards the Prussians than ever.

ENTHUSIASTIC MEETING.

Great meetings were held here yesterday, and sentiments that the French would defend their country to the last received most enthusiastic endorsement.

AN AID-DE-CAMP ESCAPED.

An Aid de-Camp to Trochu escaped from Paris by balloon.

BRITTANY EXCITED.

Brittany is greatly excited. The people are all taking up arms, and so great are the numbers of troops going forward, that the roads are almost closed to public travel.

SYMPATHY IN LONDON FOR FRANCE.

LONDON, Dec. 19.—A large open air meeting was held yesterday in Trafalgar Square, at which speeches were made and resolutions adopted sympathising with France.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

The Germans have invested Langres with the intention of putting a stop to mischief done in the neighborhood by the Franc-tireurs.

Deserters from Paris are numerous, but are all repulsed at Versailles.

The Bade Chamber has created a further credit for the prosecution of war.

The Lille *Echo* asserts the active movements of the Prussians in the North of France as an attempt to arrest the designs of, and capture the French General Faidherbe.

The King of Bavaria announces a concurrence of all the German Princes and the Hanse towns in bestowing upon King William of Prussia the Imperial crown as Frederick William the 1st.

BRUSSELS, Dec. 19.—The *Monitor Belge* denies the Prussian statement, that French troops and batteries marching to join the army of the North were suffered to cross a portion of the Belgian territory.

Representatives have been sent to Versailles to explain facts regarding shelter to French troops in the Duchy, of which Bismarck complained.

GRANVILLE'S DESPATCH TO BISMARCK.

LONDON, Dec. 18.—The *Observer* says Granville's despatch to Bismarck expresses the hope that Prussia will abstain from the enforcement of her theories and will frame an amiable arrangement.

COLLISION IN LONDONDERRY.

The Londonderry Boys demanded, and being refused admission to the walls of the city, had a slight collision with the Catholics in rear of their procession.

FREE PRESS RELIGIOUS TOLERATION.

St. Petersburg, 19th.—The Czar has severely reprimanded the corporation of Moscow, for petitioning on behalf of a Free Press religious toleration and other reforms.

GOTTINGEN AND DUBLIN UNIVERSITIES.

The University of Gottingen sarcastically rebukes the Dublin University for asking a joint intervention to save the literary treasures in Paris. The communication refers unpleasantly to the seige of Delhi and other tokens of British civilization.

ARRIVALS.

QUEENSTOWN, 18th.—The S. S. *Denmark* and *China* arrived from New York.

MADRID, 19th.—Early date was fixed yesterday, for the reception of King Amadus.

In Cortes on Saturday the ministry made an explanation to the effect, that Olosaga, formerly minister to Paris, left France because Spain recognized the government of national defence but not the Republic.

Soagasta says the language of Grant's message about Cuba was without significance, as Spain was ready to accept a mixed commission for the settlement of American claims connected with Cuba.

THE PRUSSIANS AT AMIENS AND BEAUVIS ON THE MOVE.

The *World's* special of London, December 18, sends a despatch from the headquarters of General Faidherbe, *via* Ham, December 17th, and says the Prussians sent a division from Soissons towards Ham, while all their forces at Amiens and Beauvis are moving in the same direction, intending to fall upon General Faidherbe and crush him Faidherbe's forces are 50,000 men.

JULES FAVRE ON A DIPLOMATIC MISSION.

The Secretary of Jules Favre has escaped from Paris, and started on a diplomatic mission to Vienna, St. Petersburg and London. On Friday last he dined with Granville and Gladstone. His mission to England will be successful.

GLADSTONE TO BE DENOUNCED.

A Protestant meeting will be held in London soon to denounce Gladstone's recent declarations concerning the Pope.

RIGHT HON. JOHN EVLYN DENISON.

The Right Hon. John Evlyn Denison will be re-elected Speaker of the House of Commons.

THE FENIAN PRISONERS.

All the Fenian prisoners will be immediately released, on condition of remaining out of the Kingdom five years.

THE CONFERENCE.

The Ministers have left the city. The conference will not meet until January.

HIGH TREASON.

A telegram from Berlin, of the 18th, says that two prominent members of the North German Confederation have been arrested on a charge of high treason, by order of Bismarck.

BASIS OF THE CONFERENCE OF MEDIATION.

A telegram from Vienna, dated the 18th, says the conference respecting mediation, was held by the representatives of the neutral powers at the Foreign Office, on Tuesday last. All the Ambassadors were present. The basis proposed is, the neutrals to acquiesce in the annexation of Luxemburg, to acknowledge William as Emperor of Germany, France to pay 1,200,000,000 francs, to raze two of her frontier fortresses, cede the district of Alsace to Germany, and to acknowledge the German Empire.

Count Mosbourg said France would pay more money rather than cede a mile of territory.

THE FRENCH DEFEATED.

VERSAILLES, Dec. 18.—The 10th Prussian corps on occupying Vendome on Friday, captured six guns and one mitrailleuse.

The next day General Vonder Tann took Epuliray with 230 prisoners.

A German detachment from Chartres defeated six French battalions at Bron. The loss of the latter were 100, that of the Germans were 36 killed and wounded.

THE SPANISH CORTES.

MADRID, Dec, 18.—The caucus of deputies of the majority in the Cortes last night adopted a resolution in favor of a dissolution of the Cortes as soon as the new King has taken the oath of office.

MADRID, 19th.—Senor Moret submitted the annual budget, which exhibits a deficiency of 323 000,000 reals. He announced the Government is able to meet the interest on the external debt, and proposes to obtain a loan of 90,000,000 reals within the country, at 12 per cent. interest, redeemable every 18 months.

A SORTIE EXPECTED.

The *Herald's* special from Brussels, Dec. 19, says: Advices from Versailles say that a great sortie is expected, but the nature of the ground and the strength of the Prussian works forbid hope of its success.

The Prussians are short of men, and 200,000 fresh troops are coming, but Versailles is likely soon to be untenable, and the heavy guns of the French which are being moved forward will soon bring the place within their range, and the French are resolved to destroy it.

PARIS TO FALL BY STARVATION.

Eventually Paris will fall by starvation, but not within three months. There will be no bombardment.

A FIVE HOURS BATTLE.

BORDEAUX, 19th.—The Prussians, 21.000 strong, attacked Nutis yesterday, with eleven batteries, and after a combat of five hours, in which they susatined heavy losses, occupied the place. It is expected the battle will be resumed to-day.

CHAUSEY ATTACKED.

The Prussians attacked Chausey yesterday, but not in force, and were repulsed. The operations were mere skirmishes. The enemy fell back as Bourbaki advanced.

VIERSON RETAKEN.

The French troops have retaken Vierson.

OFFICIAL ADVICES FROM PARIS.

Official advices to Dec. 17th have been received from Paris. The city was calm and the people confident. The supply of food will last a long time. The army and people were eager for battle. Despatches from Gambetta had been received in Paris, dated from the 5th to the 12th, giving full details of recent military events.

ARRIVALS.

PORTLAND, N. Y. 19th.—Arrived, s.s. *Peruvian*, from Liverpool.

MAZZINI GAMBETTA'S ADVISER.

LIVERPOOL, 19th.—It is said Mazzini is the adviser of Gambetta.

Yesterday's Despatches.

THE BISHOP OF LUXEMBURG.

LONDON, Dec. 18.—The Bishop of Luxemburg, on the part of the inhabitants, thanks the King of Holland for his cheering language, denouncing the transfer of the Duchy to Prussia. The people of Luxemburg vote almost unanimously in favor of the independence of the Duchy.

BISMARCK'S CIRCULAR.

BERLIN, Dec. 18.—The *Kreuz Zeitung* of this city says Bismarck's circular concludes as follows: Prussia is freed from obligations of neutrality respecting Luxemburg, and has the liberty to enforce her claims against the Duchy for violation of neutrality.

RELEASE OF FENIANS.

DUBLIN, December 18.—The *Irish Times* announce on the authority of a letter from Mr. Gladstone, that the immediate release of the Fenians now confined in prisons in Great Britain, has been decided upon.

CABLES CLEAR.

NEW YORK, Dec. 19th.—Nothwithstanding the interruption to the two English cables, despatches which have accumulated both in America and Europe for the past few days have been transmitted for the first time in two weeks. Cables now clear.

London Markets.

LONDON, 11:40 a.m., Dec. 18.—Consols 91¾ to 91⅞; Bonds 62 to 88⅞ '65; Old 88¼ '67, 88; 10,40's 87¼; Erie 19¾. Illinois Central, 10¼; G. W., 28.

AMERICAN NEWS.

AN AMICABLE ADJUSTMENT OF THE "ALABAMA" CLAIMS ANTICIPATED.

NEW YORK, Dec. 19.—The *Tribune's* Washington correspondent telegraphs there are strong reasons from an authentic source for believing that an amicable adjustment of our differences with England in connection with the *Alabama* claims, will not be delayed for a much longer period.

GEN. SCHENCK TO RESUME NEGOTIATIONS.

It is also believed that Gen. Schenck will soon, after his arrival in England, resume the negotiations now suspended, and that they will be carried forward in a fair and friendly manner; and that the English Government will meet the question in a frank and fair manner.

The temper of the British people is thought to be favorable at this time for the success of the undertaking.

THE POINTS UPON WHICH NEGOCIATIONS ARE TO BE MADE.

The following are believed to be the points upon which negotiations will be made.

The United States as a basis of settlement will require, first, that England shall pay the owners for the ships and property destroyed by the *Alabama*, with interest on the value of the same from the date of destruction.

Second—That England shall re-emburse the United States Government for all expenses incurred by the United States, in consequence of the *Alabama* and other cruisers.

Third—That England shall make public recognition of the true principles of neutrality on the basis of their settlement.

It is thought that the United States will not demand constructive damages in any event. Other sources of information from those alluded to above substantially confirm this statement of the subject. Gen. Schenck will make no extortionate demands. He is not to threaten nor interfere for the forcible annexation of Canada, nor is he to demand a confession from Great Britain that she has acted dishonorably towards the United States, a confession that no proud nation would make unless conquered and reduced to extremities. There is good authority for stating that Gen. Schenck is expected to demand nothing more than a prompt and equitable settlement of our actual money losses, and that there will be no talk of damages for injured honor in the diplomatic negotiations, which he is to open and conduct. The reparations which he will be instructed to ask, it is believed, will be willingly accorded by the English Government. The erroneous impression prevailing with regard to Gen. Schenck's mission places him in a false attitude at the outset, which is not pleasant for him to occupy.

NEW YORK, Dec. 19.—Gold very dull, opening at 10¾, and fluctuating between that and 10⅝; closed at 10⅝ to ¾.

The reason why George Francis Train fled from France in such violent haste is now explained. The people of Paris have commenced to kill and eat all the donkeys they can find, and George Francis naturally enough thought himself in danger.

The Ontario Legislature.

From our Special Toronto Correspondent.

There has not been much of interest before the House of Assembly during the last few days, the House meeting only for an hour or two in an afternoon, and not at all in the evening. The Opposition have given notice of motions on all conceivable subjects, and the time has been consumed chiefly in puerile inquiries as to matters which it was well known would be given to the public when the estimates were brought down, or as to which it was notorious, bills had been prepared. A little amusement was created the other evening by the introduction of a resolution that no intoxicating drinks be permitted to be sold within the House, Attorney General Macdonald said that he had observed that those who were the most forward in moving in matters of this kind were not always the most temperate men, but liked to make a little capital for themselves with the public. If, however, honorable gentlemen opposite wished to be relieved from temptation he would not stand in their way in so good an object, but would willingly support the resolution, which was accordingly carried. Among the Bills of which notice has been given by the Attorney-General, is one for making the Benchers of the Law Society elective. This did not, I understand, originate with the Government, notice of it having been giving previously as a private bill. It is rather a democratic idea, but is said to be warranted by circumstances. The Law Society as originally constituted may be said to be a private corporation, incorporated by Act of Parliament, the first benchers being named by the Act with power to add to their number members selected by themselves. This has been acted on for many years and whilst the number of members was limited it worked well enough. Of late, however it has been looked on as a somewhat close corporation, and amongst the increasing ranks of the profession a jealousy has grown up, which has no doubt led to the proposed change. It is said that elected in the quiet way, named Benchers have taken little interest in the affairs of the corporation which consequently fell into the hands of a few, and the revenues of the Society have not been carefully and economically managed; the patronage exercised by the association is not very extensive, being confined chiefly to the appointment of reporters, and of some examiners; in these selections, social and other influences, a little other fashioned-family compactism is alleged, and not without grounds, to have prevailed, and some dissatisfaction created in consequence. Whether the plan proposed of making the Benchers elective is calculated to remedy these evils remains to be seen. The discontent was fanned into a flame some time ago by the very injudicious rejection of Mr. Edward Blake as a Bencher, a very silly step, because he was every way eligible, and would have made an excellent member of convocation, whatever he may be as a politician, but my humble opinion is there should be no politics in Osgoode Hall, and the danger is that the election of Benchers by the whole profession may be swayed by that element. If it can be kept clear of it, it may work well enough. Mr. Blake inquired whether it was the intention of the government to introduce any measure respecting the administration of Justice in Chancery chambers, and learning it was not, has given notice of a bill for that purpose. The duties of the Chancery Judges in Chambers are delegated to a secretary, who has, however, no judicial powers vested in him by law, so that an anomaly is created of a decision being made ostensibly by a judge who had not heard the arguments, except second hand. What Mr. Blake's Bill proposed I am not yet able to say.

THE FLORENCE NIGHTINGALE OF THE NURSERY.—The following is an extract from a letter written by the Rev. C. Z. Weizer, to the "German Reformed Messenger, at Chambersburg, Penn.:

A BENEFACTRESS.

Just open the door for her, and Mrs. WINSLOW will prove the American Florence Nightingale of the Nursery. Of this we are sure, that we will teach our "SUSY" to say, "A BLESSING ON MRS. WINSLOW," for helping her to survive and escape the griping, colicking and teething siege. We confirm every word set forth in the PROSPECTUS. It performs precisely what it professes to perform, every part of it—nothing less. Away with your "Cordial," "Paregoric," "Drops," "Laudanum," and every other "Narcotic," by which the babe is drugged into stupidity, and rendered dull and idiotic for life.

We have never seen Mrs. Winslow—know her only through the preparation of her "Soothing Syrup for Children Teething." If we had the power, we would make her, as she is, a physical Saviour to the Infant Race. ...

A "COUGH," "COLD," OR IRRITATED THROAT, if allowed to progress, results in serious pulmonary and Bronchial affections, oftentimes incurable.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES

Reach DIRECTLY the affected parts, and give almost instant relief. In BRONCHITIS, ASTHMA, and CATARRH they are beneficial. Obtain only the genuine BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES which have *proved* their efficacy by test of many years. Among testimonials attesting their efficacy are letters from—

E. H. Chapin, D. D; New York,
Henry Ward Beecher, Brooklyn, N. Y.,
N. P. Willis, New York,
Hon. C. A. Phelps, Pres, Mass. Senate,
Dr. G. F. Bigelow, Boston,
Prof. Edwd. North, Clinton, N. Y.,
Surgeons in the Army, and others of eminence

Sold everywhere at 25 cents per box.

"TROCHES," so called, sold by the ounce, are a poor imitation and nothing like Brown's BRONCHIAL TROCHES, which are sold only in boxes with a fac-simile of the proprietors,

JOHN I. BROWN & SON.

This care in putting up the Troches is important as a security to the purchaser in order to be sure of obtaining the genuine Brown bronchial Troches.

A St. Paul German, after getting on a train, missed his pocket-book, and thought he would jump off, and go back to find it. Since he struck the frozen prairie, with the train going at the rate of thirty miles an hour, he hasn't taken much interest in the war news from France. They buried him where he fell.

BIRTH.

On Sunday, the 18th inst, the wife of Robert Stewart, Esq., of Stewart street, of a son.

GEO. MAYES,

Copper Plate Printer,

Bank Street, near Sparks,

OTTAWA.

Visiting Cards on the shortest notice.

Ottawa, December 20, 1870. 1544 ly

WELLINGTON WARD MARKET,

No. 2 STALL.

The Subscriber begs to tender to his numerous customers his sincere thanks for their liberal patronage during the past year, and in asking for a continuance of the same, would call special attention to his

CHRISTMAS KOF BEEF, MUTTON PORK SAUSAGES, POULTRY, &c., &c.

All orders delivered punctually at any part of the city

ALFRED BUFTON.

Ottawa, December 20, 1870. 544 1s

Amusements.

FIFTH ANNUAL BALL.

OTTAWA NO. 1 FIRE COMPANY will hold their

FIFTH ANNUAL BALL,

—AT THE—

ST. PATRICK'S HALL and CANADIAN INSTITUTE,

On TUESDAY, 27th Instant.

Refreshments by FRODERICK.

Music by SUTHERLAND.

Double Tickets, $2. Single Tickets, $1.00. May be had at Proderick's, Sussex street; Baskerville's and Sutherland's, Rideau street; Baskerville's, Duke street, Chaudiere; McCaffry's, York street, and of Members of the Committee.

WM. WALSH, Captain.

DENIS BEGAN, Secretary.

Ottawa, December 19, 1870. 1543 2

ST. PATRICK'S

LITERARY ASSOCIATION.

MATHEW RYAN, Esq.,

ADVOCATE,

—OF—

MONTREAL,

Will deliver a LECTURE under the Auspices of the above Association, in

ST. PATRICK'S HALL,

On THURSDAY, the 22nd Instant.

SUBJECT:

"The Irish as a business people; with observations on the value of Savings' Banks"

TICKETS.......... ...

To be had at the Door and from the members of the Committee.

Doors open at 7. Lecture to commence at 8 o'clock, P M

Ottawa, December 16, 1870 1540d

MASONIC BALL.

The Brethren of the Civil Service Lodge, No. 148, G.R.C., in conjunction with Brethren of other City Lodges, propose celebrating the Festival of St. John the Evangelist, by a

MASONIC BALL.

Brethren desirous of becoming subscribers will oblige by leaving their names with any Member of the Committee before the 15th inst.

COMMITTEE.

W. Bros. Cochrane, Eastwood and Ramon, Bros. H Bernard, Brown Chamberlin, A J Cambie, F D Barrowes, E B Crombie, and

JOHN WALSH, Secretary.

Ottawa, Dec 12 1870

"LILLIE LONSDALE"

—FROM—

ENGLAND.

THE GREAT CHARACTER ACTRESS

—AND—

SINGER,

AT THE

☞ MUSIC HALL ☜

OTTAWA,

WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY, DECEMBER 21st & 22nd.

TRAGEDY! COMEDY! OPERA! SONGS! DANCES! COSTUMES!

Tickets to be had at Messrs. J. L. ORME'S.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

Ottawa, Dec 10, 1870

FOR CHRISTMAS PRESENTS

—AND—

NEW YEAR'S GIFTS.

A great Variety of TOYS, ALBUMS, LADIES COMPANIONS, WRITING DESKS, JEWELLERY, JUVENILE BOOKS, and other Fancy Goods, at

HAUSER'S NEW STORE, Rideau Street.

Ottawa, Dec 14, 1870

LIFE ASSOCIATION OF SCOTLAND.

Invested Funds Upwards of $1,300,000 Sterling.

HEAD OFFICE FOR CANADA,

MONTREAL.

This institution differs from other Life Offices in that the Bonus from Profits are applied on a special system for the Policy Holder's.

Personal Benefit and Enjoyment during his own Lifetime, with the option of large Bonus additions to the sum assured. The Policy Holder thus obtains

A LARGE REDUCTION OF PRESENT OUTLAY

OR A PROVISION FOR OLD AGE,

of a most important amount in the one Cash payment, or a life annuity, without any expense or ...

LOCAL NEW[S]

Devlin's Fur Depot.

☞ 50 dozen Velveteen H[ats] ... cents upwards. A large ... flowers and Feathers. Trim[med] Bonnets. At the "Golden Lion." R. L. JA[...]

The weather yesterday ... very cold.

Large numbers of teams ... leave for the shanties.

Another fall of snow is very ... make sleighing in the country ...

Carpets and House Furnish[ings] ... speciality, at Garland, Mutch[...] ... large stock and new styles, ... prices. GARLAND, MUTCH[...]

☞ All Wool Tartans in al[l] ... A large lot ex last ste[amer] ... GARLAND, MUTCH[...]

Preparations are being ... circle for the due celebration ... Christmas."

RUNAWAY.—A runaway occu[rred] ... day, which resulted in a gene[ral] ... the sleigh attached.

New Stereoscopes and Slid[es] ... Lamps, Microscopes, Choice ... English Perfumery, at the OTTAWA DRU[G] ... Sapper[...]

FATAL ACCIDENT.—A man ... Smith, Black Crook, Clarend[on] ... last week, a tree falling ... chopping fire-wood.

New Stereoscopes and Slid[es] ... Lamps, Microscopes, choic[e] ... English Perfumery, at the OTTAWA DRU[G] ... Sapper[...]

BLANKETS. Cornwall, St. ... Empire Mills Blankets, in ... weights, very cheap, at GARLAND, MUTCH[...]

CITY COUNCIL.—A regula[r] ... this body should have taken ... ing, but there not being a su[fficient] ... present to form a quorum, ... meeting.

New Stereoscopes and Sli[des] ... Lamps, Microscopes, choic[e] ... English Perfumery, at the OTTAWA DRU[G] ... Sapp[er]

ARRIVALS AT THE RUSSELL ... day—W Drake, Montreal; ... J McDonald, Bic; ... A Faura, Toronto; ... J McAlpine, Halifax, ... Montreal.

OTTAWA WARD.—The ma[tch] ... between Messrs. Taillon an[d] ... Martineau and Guertin, is t[...] ... into by legal gentlemen, ... jections are found valid, th[e] ... and Guertin will, at ... the contest.

The public readings o[f the] ... Emigrant Aid Society will b[e] ... evening, and as the Society ... endeavors to provide bo[th] ... and vocal music, we hop[e] ... attendance to reward the[m].

New Stereoscopes and S[lides] ... Lamps, Microscopes, ch[oice] ... English Perfumery, at the OTTAWA D[RUG] ... Sap[per]

Devlin's Fur Depo[t]

The Ottawa Immigrant ... to acknowledge the receip[t] ... ing monies: His Excelle[ncy] ... $10; Hon. Dr. Tupper, ... Aikins, $4; Hon. Mr. M... Mr. Tilley, $4 and Colon[el] ...

POLICE COURT.—Monday ... the pleasure of announcin[g] ... that there was no case at ... Mostly every day last we[ek] ... make a similar annou[ncement] ... hope the state of things w[ill] ... week. By all means giv[e] ... pair of gloves, no matter ... the weather is cold.

NOTICE.—Now is the ... C. P. Dorion, 60 Sparks ... and stove-pipe fitting. ... for yourselves. Lumbe[r] ... Merchants come and se[e] ... plete House in this Li[ne] ... the Posters. C. P. ... Street.

Devlin's Fur De[pot]

NEW GOODS.—By re[ference to our ad]vertising columns, it w[ill be seen that the] enterprising and prospe[rous firm of Pat]terson & Bryson have j[ust received a] stock of new goods ... which they will sell at ... prices. It would wel[l] ... pay those gentlemen ... visit. Their stock is ... assorted and most fashion[able] ... terms. At any time th[e] ... in their line of busine[ss] ... fy and prices; but c... they intend to sell at ... and particular advan[tages] ... This firm is now well ... predict for them, e... place in our list of ... merchants. By all means g[o and] ... satisfy yourselve[s of the truth of our] assertions.

AUCTION SALE OF JA[PANESE GOODS].— ... we paid a ... auction rooms, and ... ing and examinin[g] ... of Japanese ... beauty, and n... are superior to ... seen in Ottawa. ... other fancy arti[cles] ... are real curiosi[ties] ... handsome an[d] ... Besides ... handsome tea ... cups, trays, sta[nds] ... and stands, fig[ures] ... of superior quali[ty] ... There are al[so] ... and cane fi[...] ... be sold by publ[ic auction] ...

LOCAL NEWS.

Devlin's Fur Depot.

☞ 50 dozen Velveteen Hats, from 25 cents upwards. A large assortment of Flowers and Feathers. Trimmed Hats and Bonnets.
At the "Golden Lion."
R. L. JAMES & Co.

The weather yesterday morning was very cold.

Large numbers of teams continue to leave for the shanties.

Another fall of snow is very desirable to make sleighing in the country perfect.

Carpets and House Furnishings made a speciality, at Garland, Mutchmor & Co's. A large stock and new styles, at reduced prices.
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

☞ All Wool Tartans in all the leading clans. A large lot ex last steamer, at
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

Preparations are being made in every circle for the due celebration of "Merry Christmas."

RUNAWAY—A runaway occurred on Sunday, which resulted in a general smash of the sleigh attached.

New Stereoscopes and Slides, Bohemian lamps, Microscopes, Choice French and English Perfumery, at the
OTTAWA DRUG STORE,
Sappers' Bridge,
W. HEARN.

FATAL ACCIDENT.—A man named John Smith, Black Crook, Clarendon, was killed last week, a tree falling on him while chopping fire-wood.

New Stereoscopes and Slides, Bohemian Lamps, Microscopes, choice French and English Perfumery, at the
OTTAWA DRUG STORE,
Sappers' Bridge,
W. HEARN,

BLANKETS Cornwall, St. Lawrence and Shipre Mills Blankets, in all sizes and weights, very cheap, at
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

CITY COUNCIL.—A regular meeting of this body should have taken place last evening, but there not being a sufficient number present to form a quorum, there was no meeting.

New Stereoscopes and Slides, Bohemian Lamps, Microscopes, choice French and English Perfumery, at the
OTTAWA DRUG STORE,
Sappers' Bridge,
W. HEARN.

ARRIVALS AT THE RUSSELL HOUSE.—Monday—W Drake, Montreal; J W Newman, do; J J McDonald, Bic; D Magill, Montreal; A Faura, Toronto; D Noonan, Quebec; J McAlpine, Halifax, N S; J A Perkins, Montreal.

OTTAWA WARD.—The matter in protest between Messrs. Taillon and Guerard, and Martineau and Guertin, is to be enquired into by legal gentlemen, and if the objections are found valid, the Messrs. Guerard and Guertin will at once withdraw from the contest.

The public readings of the Ottawa Immigrant Aid Society will be resumed this evening, and as the Society has made great endeavors to provide both instrumental and vocal music, we hope to see a large attendance to reward their exertions.

New Stereoscopes and Slides, Bohemian Lamps, Microscopes, choice French and English Perfumery, at the
OTTAWA DRUG STORE,
Sappers' Bridge,
W. HEARN.

Devlin's Fur Depot.

The Ottawa Immigrant Aid Society beg to acknowledge the receipt of the following monies: His Excellency Lord Lisgar, $10; Hon. Dr. Tupper, $4; Hon. Mr. Aikins, $4; Hon. Mr. Mitchell $4; Hon. Mr. Tilley, $4 and Colonel Bernard, $2.

POLICE COURT—Monday.—Again have we the pleasure of announcing to the public that there was no case at the Police Court. Mostly every day last week we were able to make a similar announcement, and we hope the state of things will continue this week. By all means give His Worship a pair of gloves, no matter about the color—this weather is cold.

NOTICE.—Now is the time. Go and see C. P. Dorion, 60 Sparks Street, for stoves and stove-pipe fitting. No puff; but see for yourselves. Lumbermen and country Merchants come and see. The most complete House in this line in the Capital, the Posters. C. P. Dorion, 60 Sparks Street. 1486 2m.

Devlin's Fur Depot

NEW GOODS.—By reference to our advertising columns, it will be seen that the enterprising and prosperous firm of Patterson & Bryson have just received a large stock of new goods of all descriptions, which they will sell at their usually low prices. It would well repay trouble to pay those gentlemen's establishment a visit. Their stock is large, and of the newest and most fashionable styles and patterns. At any time they defy competition in their line of business, as regards quality and prices; but during the holidays they intend to sell at such rates as to afford particular advantages to purchasers. This firm is now well established, and we predict for them, ere long, a leading place in our list of dry goods establishments. By all means go and see their goods, and satisfy yourselves as to the truth of our assertions.

AUCTION SALE OF JAPANESE GOODS.—Last evening we paid a visit to Mr. Rowe's auction rooms, and had the pleasure of viewing and examining his large consignment of Japanese goods, which, for variety, beauty, and neatness of workmanship, are superior to anything of the kind we have seen in Ottawa. The fancy cabinets, and other fancy articles of a similar nature, are real curiosities, and would make very handsome and desirable Christmas presents. Besides these articles there are handsome tea caddies, clove boxes, coffee cups, trays, stands, candlesticks, teapots and stands, figures, ornaments, &c., all of superior quality and rare workmanship. There are also a number of fancy canes and cane fishing rods. The whole will be sold by public auction, commencing on Tuesday next, and continuing from day to day until disposed of. See Mr. Rowe's advertisement in another column.

CITY NOMINATIONS.

VITORIA WARD.

The nomination for Aldermen took place to-day at 12 o'clock. The Returning Officer, Mr. Henry Clark, having read the notice calling on the various Wards to elect their representatives.

Mr. F. Abbott proposed, and Mr. T. M. Blasdell seconded the nomination of A. H. Baldwin, Esq.

Mr. H. Merrill proposed John Rochester, Esq., jr., and Mr. John Langford seconded.

Mr. Henderson proposed A. Pratt, Esq., and Mr. Wm. Birkett seconded.

Mr. John Mowatt proposed John R. O'Connor, Esq., and Mr. John Ahern seconded the motion.

Wm. McKay Wright, Esq., and some other gentlemen then called upon the gentlemen nominated to make a speech, or in other words, to state their views upon the various positions they intended to take, if elected. After some discussion as to who should speak first—

His Worship the Mayor said he thought Mr. Baldwin being first nominated should address the meeting; finally the Mayor was called on, who said, he was sorry the place was not large enough to admit of a greater number of persons, but that he was very glad to see so many present. He remembered the time on a previous occasion when they had to call in people to second the motions nominating the various representatives. There were now four candidates in the field. But the place being so small, it would not permit electors to enter and hear the views of the various candidates. He thought it would be more suitable for some place to be appointed where the electors could meet, and he would then resume his history of the course he had taken for the past six years (Mr. Wright hear hear). He did not think the electors could say they had not tried him. As he did not think it was necessary to state his views now, he would suggest that they should meet in the model school house, it being the most convenient place for that purpose. He would then lay before his electors the course he had pursued, together with his confreres, Alderman Pratt and Cunningham. He would then give an account of his stewardship.

Mr Baldwin said he was prepared to act in concert with the Mayor and that they should meet in some place where there views could be fully stated. Several people here said, this was a public meeting and to do so now.

Mr. O'Connor said he would be very sorry to prevent their meeting. He would not be so dogged as to hold to his present opinions, if a change was required and he would most certainly agree with his Worship. He did not want to be brought as a candidate through the ambition of public honors.

Mr. Baldwin said he had no political sins to answer for, he only came there at the request of the neighbors, and if they did not think well of him he would go back home.

Mr. Pratt did not hear of any charges being brought against himself personally; his desire was to represent his electors fairly, honestly and independently. He had heard that the new candidates were brought out to act against him. He had no desire to go into the state of the Council, &c

The speaker then went into some minor details, and afterwards it was settled that the various representatives should address the electors on Thursday night next at the Model School House on the Flats.

WELLINGTON WARD.

Mr. Amos Row was proposed as a fit and proper person to represent the Ward, by Mr. Thos. Hunton, seconded by Mr. McCormick.

Mr. Bangs was nominated by Messrs. Lewis and Francis Clemow.

Mr. Woodburn by Messrs. Bate and Jamieson, and

Mr George May by Messrs. Gallagher and McDermitt.

The nominations took place at the Chaudiere Engine House. Only a small number of persons were present.

ST. GEORGE'S WARD.

Shortly after the time appointed for the meeting the room over the engine house on Besserer Street was filled with influential electors the several candidates—

Messrs. Mosgrove, Featherston, Cunningham, Preston and Robinson being present.

The meeting being called to order the following resolutions were read. Moved by Mr. Thompson, seconded by Mr. James Beattie, that in the opinion of this meeting Mr. J. G. Robinson is a fit and proper person to represent St. George's Ward in the City Council for the ensuing year.

Mr. Thomas Starmer, seconded by John Kilt, moved similarly in favor of Mr. Mosgrove; Dr. Sweetland, seconded by Mr. Bennett, in favor of Mr. Cunningham; Mr. Turgeon, seconded by Mr. Webster, in favor of Mr. Preston, and by Mr. Webster, seconded by Mr. Robert, in favor of Mr. Featherston.

Mr. Robinson then addressed the meeting. He had not, at any previous meetings, had an opportunity of addressing the rate payers of St. George's Ward. Whilst a member of the Council he attended all meetings of that body and all meetings of committees; that was what was needed—a man who could and would devote his time to the Ward and city generally. He referred to the state of the Corporation generally, and showed what a comparatively small amount of money was at the disposal of the Council. He read a written statement, showing how the money was expended that did not pass through their hands. There was $60,000 spent for different purposes, over which they had no control. He thought there was no possibility of reducing taxation at present. He would go for building bridges across the canal to connect Theodore and Wilbrod, and Wellington and Rideau streets. He was for water works; but first some reliable scheme should be submitted.

Mr. Mosgrove thought Mr. Robinson had pretty nearly referred to every question of any importance. He referred to the several debts of the city, showing the comparatively healthy condition of the finances at present, and inferred that the result of decrease of debt and increase of revenue from new sources would be to lower the rate of taxation 2 tenths. He would strongly advocate the building of the bridges referred to by Mr. Robinson, and also for the replacement of Pooley's bridge by a new one, and would go for a permanent system of sewerage. He would go for the construction of Water Works, but not at the expense of an increase of taxation on the people. He would faithfully and honestly exert his best abilities for the benefit of St. George's Waid and for the city generally.

Mr. Cunningham came forward as a candidate at the instance of a large requisition, and would go generally for the improvement referred to by previous speakers, but not if it would increase the taxation of the people. The Chaudiere was the thriving portion of the city, as they should have some direct road to it. St. George's Ward had interests to be protected, and if elected he would act as a faithful trustee for the Ward.

Mr. Preston indulged in a general review, and criticism of the points advanced by previous speakers, going back to the sunshiny days when he occupied a seat in the council, and contrasting the present chaotic state of municipal matters with the manner in which they were conducted in the days of yore when he sat at the Council Board. He went into a series of statements to show the extreme bad management of the affairs of the city, and that the bridges across the canal 4 years ago and yet nothing in that direction is done. It was because they were attending there own business to the general neglect of that of the ratepayers. He went into long explanations respecting the difficulty between himself and City Chamberlain. He was not in fault. He had nothing else to do and if elected would devote his whole time to there interests.

Ald. Featherston generally refuted Mr. Preston's arguments and statements against the City Council, &c. He would do his utmost to have the improvements referred to by previous speakers carried out. He showed that really but a small amount of money came into their hands for the improvements of the city. He showed strongly the necessity of water works, and if elected would do all in his power to have them constructed, but not by commissioners or by a Committee of the Council, but by a private company or by contract. He showed that the city paid more for its present system of water works than would a good deal more than pay the interest on the money that would construct a proper system. He had nothing to say against Mr. Preston, but were he in his place he would not run for a seat at the Council Board. He would first go into the courts and clear his character of all imputations, and come forth with flying colors to the people and ask to be elected. He had sat four years in the Council, and he came before them again to be elected. He did not care for the title or honor of Alderman. He had the welfare of the city at heart, and if elected would do his utmost for the benefit of the city.

The meeting was then adjourned until the first Monday of 1871, when the elections will take place.

BY WARD.

Mr. John Heney was nominated by Mr. J. F. Caldwell and seconded by Mr. A. Champagne. Mr. F. McDougall by Messrs. D. Beaubien and T. Coffee, and Mr. Lapierre by Messrs. E. German and Archibald McDougal.

OTTAWA WARD.

Mr. W. Kehoe was proposed by Mr. R. O'Reilly, seconded by Mr. L. Duhamel.

Mr. George Taillon, proposed by Mr. P. Tambeau, seconded by Mr. T. C. Pidgeon.

Mr. E. Martineau, proposed by Mr. J. B. Cantin, seconded by R. O'Reilly.

Mr. F. A. Guertin, proposed by Mr. E. Lauzon, seconded by Mr. John Young.

Mr. J. B. Guerard, proposed by Mr. E. Martineau, seconded by Mr. Charles Goulden.

Mr. Taillon entered a protest against Mr. Guerard becoming a candidate. Mr. Martineau did the same against Mr. Guertin.

Devlin's Fur Depot

☞ Twenty years experience in using Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers have proved them to be the most effectual remedy for coughs, and irritation of the throat, caused by cold, or unusual exertion of the vocal organs; public speakers and singers will find them most beneficial. The entire freedom from all deleterious ingredients renders Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers, or Cough and Voice Lozenges, a safe remedy for the most delicate person, and has caused them to be held in high esteem by all who have used them. Sold by all medicine dealers at 25cts. per box.

Auction Sale.

VERY IMPORTANT SALE.

DAMAGED GOODS

SOLD ON ACCOUNT OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

ON TUESDAY, 20th DEC., 1870

Mr BOOKER has received instructions from the Grand Trunk Railway Company, to sell by auction, at their Stores, Point St Charles, the Goods damaged by the accident at the St Francis Bridge, near Richmond, Q, comprising:

General Dry Goods, Blankets, Furs, Buffalo Robes General Groceries, Tobacco, Teas, Cheese Firkin Butter, Bris Flour, Feed, Fruit, Fish, Liquors, Oils, Hardware, Sewing Machines Pumps, Bar and other Iron, Chaves, Saws Clothing, Boots and Shoes, Rubber Over Shoes, Sole Leather, Fancy Goods, Paper Hangings, Stationary, and other Merchandize in Cases, Casks and Barrels, in great variety

Sale at TEN o'clock, A M.

A BOOKER,
Auctioneer,
Montreal, Dec 15, 1870 1541td

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

IMMENSE AUCTION SALE
—OF—
JAPANESE GOODS.

The Subscriber has received a very large Consignment of the above named Goods, which he will offer for Sale by

PUBLIC AUCTION,
—AT HIS—
ROOMS, RIDEAU STREET,

Commencing on TUESDAY, DECEMBER 20th, 1870.

Consisting of in Part,

Tea Caddies, Glove Boxes, Fancy Cabinets, Wine Cups, Trays, Stands, Candlesticks, Teapots and Stands, Figures, Ornaments, &c.

This being the first time these rare curiosities were ever offered by Public Auction in Ottawa, the public is invited to inspect them.

The Goods will be on view on MONDAY, December 19, and up to the door of Sale.

The Sale will take place at 3 o'clock, on Terms Cash.

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.
Ottawa, Dec 14, 1870 1539td

Wants.

BOARD WANTED,

For a Single Gentleman. Address C., Times Office, stating terms.
Ottawa, December 20, 1870. 1544tf

WANTED.

A "Second Hand" SAFE, medium size. Apply at the Office of
R W CRUICE.
Ottawa, December 19, 1870 1543 3

WANTED,

For the ROMAN CATHOLIC Separate Schools of this City, two Male English Teachers holding 1st Class Certificates.
Application to be made to the undersigned, on or before the 15th inst.
WM. FINLEY,
Chairman Board of R. C. S. S. Trustees.
Ottawa, Dec 6, 1870 1536td

WANTED,

AN ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER,

Apply to Post Office, Box 244. 1540tf

2 BOYS WANTED.

Two smart boys wanted to carry papers Must be able to read and write. Apply at this office.

A GOOD.

REQUISITION

TO GEORGE TAILLON, ESQ.

SIR,—We the undersigned electors and ratepayers of Ottawa Ward respectfully request that you will allow yourself to be put in nomination as one of the Aldermen for the above-mentioned ward, during the ensuing term; should you accede to our request, we pledge ourselves to use our votes and influence in favor of your return

P A Egleson,sr	F X Guertin
James Wadsworth	Thos Kehoe,
Theophile Leclaire	Stanislas Robert
E Lauzon	James McCullough
Thos C Pidgeon,	Francis Potvin
Martin Battle	J T Prudhomme
Moses Dupont	L H Causeault
Laurent Duhamel	James Burns
Paul Tombeau	Martin Wallace
Laf Dufresne	J B Archambeault
Michael Boyle	Saml Cauthers
G Caseault	Edward Gurry,
F L Casault	Xavier Lariviere
J B Richer	J McLaughlin
H Casgrain	Damase Roy
J Jackson	J Bte Belanger
Michael O'Gara	Francois St Jacques
J A Lessard	Joseph Lafrance
Thos Iliffe	Edward Mooney
Theodore Pichette	James Gillie
Jean Basin	James White
Wm Gauthier	Thos McEvoy
Auguste Deguise	John O'Connor
Barthy Maloney	John Burke
George Lavigne	Andre Aubichon
Louis Payment	John Young
J P M Lecourt	M Brady
James O'Connor	Abraham Rathier
Thos Paquette	Patrick White
F X Gauvreau	Thos McEvoy
Charles Gauvreau	Wm M Steirs
Andre St Amour	Jas Brown
Francois Derie	Patrick Green
Maxime Morin	Wm Easdale
Hyacinthe Dubreuil	H Bingham
Robt Snaith	Geo Sleeman
Pat Green	Michael Brennan
M Cussick Sr	Patrick Omeara
M Cussick Jr	Geo Easdale
J Burke	Edgar Burritt
J Taylor	Sam Bingham
Geo Brannagan	Patrick McLaughlin
John Boyle	Stanislas Bourke
Paul Sarasin	Thos Campbell
Barnaby Desjardin	Robt Harris
J Monaghan	Peter Collins
Elie Oliver	P Fitzsimmons
Piere Jobin	Wm O'Connor
Gabriel Ouelette	J A Belanger
J McGillivray	Heram Johnston
David Lessard	Isaie Mentha
Ed Peltier	H O Burritt
Ed J McEvoy	Patrick Maloney
Jos Auger	Damase Laderoute
Basilie Verdon	Jos Groulx
Pierre Boyer	Wm B Johnston
Octave Berubé	Auguste Lafleur
Pierre Morin	Jos Goulet
Octave Lemay	Chas Valquette
Wm McGowan	Dennis McGrath
Terrance O'Connor	John Kehoe
Thos Lacy	Thos Priestly
J Kennedy	J Halfpenny
Wm Garrett	R Shackery
Ed Bambrick	Napoleon Caseault
J Murray	Chas Robert
J Gunn	Napoleon Duchesne
Chas Mullin	Thadde Hotte
Hugh Burgess	Cyrille Barbeau
Alex Gauvreau	Pierre Foisy.

I accept your respectable and numerously signed requisition, and in compliance therewith will offer myself as a candidate for the office of Alderman, for Ottawa Ward. I thank you for the kind offer of your votes and influence, and if elected I shall do my duty to the best of my ability.

Yours respectfully,
GEORGE TAILLON.
Ottawa, 16th December, 1870.

REQUISITION.

TO F. X. GUERTIN, ESQ.

SIR—We, the undersigned, electors and rate payers of Ottawa Ward, respectfully request that you will allow yourself to be put in nomination as one of the Aldermen for that Ward during the ensuing year. should you accede to our request we pledge ourselves to use our votes and influence in favour of your return:—

Martin Battle	Thomas C Pidgeon
E E Lauzon	Moses Dupont
James O'Connor	Taurence O'Connor
John Gunn	Gabriel Ouelette
John Young	Damasse Roy
James Gillie	James Burns
Thomas Iliffe	William Garrett
Wm M Evela	John Kennedy
James White	John O Connor
John Burke	Edward Bambrick
John Murray	A Le Roy
Charles Mullan	Peter Jobin
Hugh Burgess	Pierre Morin
Alexander Gauvreau	Edward Gurry
Patrick White	Theodore Pichette
James Brown	Paul Tambeau
Patrick Green	Wm Steers
William Esdale	Martin Wallace
George Sleeman	Michael O'Gara
Justice E Burritt	Henry Bingham
Patrick O'Meara	Michael Brennan
Edgar Burritt	Samuel Bingham
Patrick McLaughlin	Stanislaus Bourke
W T Cusack	Thomas Campbell
M Cusack	Robert Harris
Peter Collins	F L Cascault
Patrick Fitzsommons	Napoleon Caseault
Edouard Pelletier	Samuel Cauthers
Wm O'Connor	Wiliam Cardwell
John Mcnilnay	James Devlin
Joseph Lafrance	Hugh Carling
Wm McGown	Hiram Johnston
Xavier Lariviere	Elie Oliver
Abraham Rathier	Isai Mantha
Baeil Verdon	Patrick Maloney
Octave Lemay	Joseph Groulx
Thomas Lacey	Wm B Johnston
Francois St. Jacques	Augustin Lefleur
Pierre Boyer	Joseph Goulet
L A Belanger	Charles Valiquette
Laurent Duhamel	Thomas McEroy
Thomas Kehoe	Edouard T McEroy
Charles Robert	Denis McGrath
J P L Lecourt	John Kehoe
L F Dufrenne	Thomas Priestly
Hernnegilde Casgrain	Jacob Halpenny
R Tackray	J T Prudhomane
Thomas Cooney	Maxime Morin
Henry McCormick	James McCollough
Francois Potvin	Philip Brady
Thomas Brady	Thomas Paquette
F H Gauvreau	Charles Gauvrau
Stephen Stratton	Andre St. Amour
Francois Deri	Maxime Morin
J B Archambeault	Hyacinthe Dubreuil
Robert Snaith.	Napoleon Duchenne
Patrick Green	John Murray
James Taylor,	George Branigan
John Boyle	Paul Sarasin
John Monaghan	Andre Jolicoeur
Alex Gauvreau	Amable Beauchamp
Thaddy Hotte	Cyrille Barbeau
Pierre Foisy	Henry McCormick
	Octave Berubé

To Messrs. James O'Connor, E. E. Lauzon, John Gunn, Moses Dupont, & John Young, Thos. Iliffe and others:

To P. A. Egleson, sr., James Wadsworth, Theophile Leclaire, E. E Lauzon, Thomas C. Pidgeon, Martin Battle, Moses Dupont, Laurent Duhamel, and others.

REPLY.

GENTLEMEN,—In compliance with the above requisition I beg leave to state that I will offer myself as a candidate for the coming election. If elected as your representative at the Council Board, I shall use my best endeavors to forward your interest and to deserve the honor which you have conferred upon me.

TO JOHN R O'CONNOR, ESQ.

SIR,—We, the undersigned, Electors and Rate-payers of Victoria Ward, respectfully request that you will allow yourself to be put in nomination as one of the Aldermen for said Ward, during the ensuing year, and we hereby pledge ourselves to use our influence in favour of your return.

Hamnet Hill	Thos McKay
A Baldwin	Wm G Perley
John Ashfield	Wm Morrison
Leon David	Sexton Washburn
Bronson & Weston	John Atkinson
Francis Abbott	Horace Merrill
John McDonald	Levi Young
R R Booth	Moses Aubrey
A W Soper	A Fotheringham
Robert Young	Gordon B Pattee
Samuel McGibney	Wm Hay
Maurice Malone	Henry White
E P Williams	John Kenna
Wm Ellis	E B Gallup
John Ahearn	John Cappy
John Rowatt	L E Goulin
W H Martin	John Albert
John Abbott	Aaron Carruthers
John Soulier	J B Robaire
Samuel Mix	Archer Bayley
Nazaire Bertrand	W H Morgan
William Atkinson	Peter Atkinson
J Cheeney	Thos McCloy
Peter Robertson	Wm Mason
Geo Mason	Simpson Fleming
Thos Traveller	Bernard Mullin
John Martin	Louis Turpin
Joseph Dewart	Wm Gorman
Dan Smith	John Olliver
Wm Watson	D McQuade
John Joyce	L P Dorion
Baskerville Bros.	Wm Cain
Michael Naven	Wm Ahearn
D Willet	J Hanrahan
Moses Proulx	Amable Periere
Maurice Ahearn	John Cardiff
Alex Philion	Nelson Dault
John McGillivray	J McKillican
A S Whittier	Henry Laroque
Patrick Kennedy	John M Haskin
Patrick Hurley	John Purtell
Wm Lecleare	W F Huntley
James Bambrick	James Kennedy
John Pushman	James Gordon
Matthew Patterson	Alex Coulter
John Cowan	Wm Kennedy
Nelson Perkins	Wm Mitford
H Kinville	Wilfred Kipp
James W Smith	A D Fraser
Arthur Bisaillon	John Shields
Thomas Lawrence	John Cross
John Quain	F X Valiquette
Simon Kinney	Francis Duhamel
M Carmen	Henry Brading
John Boyd	George Duglish
Leander Booth	Joseph Levine
James Merner	Adolph Gilbault
Michael O'Neal	James Wood
James Marks	Denis Noonan
Israel Waterhouse	Patrick Darcy
John Bennett	John Law
Joseph Johnston	Albert Dorion
Amable Goulin	John Joenice
Robinson Lyon	E C Barber
R W Baxter	James Dyke
John Doucet	Alpheus Pease
Thos Traveller	Simon McMahon
Isaac Villeneuve	G W Crane
Geo Oliver	T W Blasdell
G D Booth	Jas Philion
Hugh Ross	John Brodeur
Pierce Grace	Alfred Aubrey
Martin White	John Gleeson
Isidore Joennice	George Newell
Wm Richards	Joseph Sleeman
Peter A Egleson	Thomas Russell
Thomas Sleeman	John Bigros
R E O'Connor	J P McPherson
Andrew Cayar	James Wadsworth
B Bigros	Chas Esplin

To the Electors and Rate-payers of Victoria Ward:

GENTLEMEN,—It would be impossible for me, or almost any man of a public spirit, to decline acceding to so handsome a requisition as you have presented me on this occasion—embodying, as it does, the names of so many of our best and most reliable citizens.

I accept, with much pleasure, gentlemen, your requisition to place me in nomination as one of your candidates for Alderman for Victoria Ward, at the ensuing election; and if elected, will endeavor at all times to exert my best efforts in promoting the interests of the city generally, as well as those of our own important ward.

I am, gentlemen,
Your obedt.-servt.
J. R. O'CONNOR.

"THE GEM."
The latest and richest
"PERFUME"
In the Dominion
Equal to Lubin's, and much less in price.
Patronized by the
ELITE OF MONTREAL.
Sold by every chemist in the city, and manufactured wholesale by
MUNRO & JACKSON,
1546b Druggists and Perfumers, Montreal.

FROM THIS DAY FORTH I change the price of all my Wood, that is to say, best Hard Wood $4 75, Sawn $5.00; Second best Hard Wood, 4 25 Sawn $4.50.
My Saw Mill is now in constant operation and ready, and will cut promptly in obedience to all orders.
JOHN HENEY.
Ottawa, Dec, 5. 1531-4t

PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

CHRISTMAS EXAMINATIONS.

The Christmas Examinations in the COMMON SCHOOLS of this city, will be held as follows. iz:—

CENTRAL SCHOOL, West, WEDNESDAY, 21st December inst.
CENTRAL SCHOOL, East, THURSDAY, 22nd December inst.
DUKE STREET, Primary School, TUESDAY, 20th December.
And BOLTON STREET, Primary School, TUESDAY, 20th December.
The examinations will be held from 9.30 a m to 12 noon; and from 1½ to 4 p m, on each of the above mentioned days.
Parents, guardians, and all persons interested in our educational institutions, are invited to attend.
By order of the Board.
W COUSENS,
Local Sup't.
Ottawa, December 19, 1870. 1543 3

THOMAS ISAAC,
DEALER IN
Shelf and Heavy Hardware
RENEY'S STONE BUILDING,
Wellington Street, Upper Town, Ottawa
Cooking and Fancy Stove
Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope,
Twine, Glass, Oil,
Putty, &c.,
Always on Hand.
Ottawa December 20, 1869. 1236.t

FOR SALE.

COON, FOX, AND BUFFALO ROBES.

The Subscriber has received a large consignment of Robes of different kinds Parties requiring anything in that line will do well to call and secure Bargains, as they are selling at

Dry Goods.

NEW GOODS
—FOR THE—
HOLIDAYS!

PATTERSON & BRYSON,

53 SPARKS STREET,

Have just received a new assortment of FANCY GOODS for the approaching

HOLIDAYS.

In FANCY WOOLEN GOODS of all descriptions we are making a very large Show.

We have secured a quantity of JOUVINS celebrated GOLD MEDAL KID GLOVES, which we sell at FIFTY CENTS.

In going through our stock we have cleared a lot of Remnants of FLANNELS WINCIES, CLOTHS, etc., which we have markd at prices that will clear them out at once.

☞ Call and secure a Bargain.

We call the attention of Gentlemen to our New SURPRISE COLLAR, (the best make) one prize in every Cartoon.

For sale during the Holidays.

☞ REMEMBER THE PLACE,

PATTERSON & BRYSON.
Opposite BATE & Co.
Ottawa, Dec. 20, 1870.

STILL THEY COME!

34 PACKAGES NEW GOODS,

JUST RECEIVED,

—BY—

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO;

Comprising amongst other Goods the following:—

1 Case French Merinoes,
1 Case Kid Gloves and Hosiery,
1 Case Plain and Terry Ribbons, and Plain and Tartan Sash Ribbons,
1 Case Black and Colored Ribbon Velvets
1 Case New Jackets,
1 Case Waterproof Tweeds,
1 Case Ladies Hats,
1 Case Embroidered Muslin Sets, for Evening wear,
1 Case Hair Nets and Silk Epangles, for Dress Trimmings,
1 Case Sheetings,
1 " White Cottons,
1 Bale Serges,
1 " Scarlet Flannels,
1 Case Fancy Flannels,
1 " Canadian Flannels,
3 Bales Canadian Grey Blankets,
2 Cases Cornwall White Blankets,
6 Cases Heavy Tweeds,
3 " Light Grey Etoffes,
2 " Mid Grey "
3 " Oxford "

With other Goods too numerous to particularize.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

Would say that their Stock, notwithstanding their Immense Sales during the last 3 months (without doubt the largest ever made by any Dry Goods House in Ottawa) was never so well assorted at this season of the year as it is just now.

☞ INSPECTION INVITED.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

Ottawa, Dec. 16, 1870.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

14 RIDEAU STREET,

Have now received a full supply of

☞ NEW FALL GOODS ☜

— IN ALL —

DEPARTMENTS.

Ottawa, September 26, 1870

WHOLESALE.

THE TEA POT,
RIDEAU STREET.

Ticket for Christmas!

3 lbs. Raisins for	1s. 3d.
3 " New Figs for	1s. 3d.
3 " Currants for	1s. 3d.
1 Bottle Pure Old Rye for	1s. 3d.
1 Bottle Family Proof for	1s. 3d.
1 Bottle Scotch Whiskey for	1s. 3d.
1 Bottle Pure Elderberry Wine for	1s. 3d.

(OWN IMPORTATION, FROM ENGLAND, WARRANTED GENUINE.)

The above articles will be sold at these prices during the Holiday Season.

All goods delivered free (within the limits of the city) by our own waggons, [illegible] attention will be paid to proper packing and delivery.

JOHN HILL,
"THE TEA [illegible]"

Dry Goods.

T HUNTON SHOOLBRED & Co

47. SPARKS ST. 49.

Will receive this week "per Express," from LONDON, England,

2 CASES OF MILLINERY,

Containing the VERY LATEST Styles in

Bonnets, Hats,

and some very Choice things in

Flowers, Feathers and Trimmings,

Per S. S. "MORAVIAN."

1 Case Extra Cloths, in the new

Satin Cloths,

Trimming to match all our Fashionable

Dress Goods.

—ALSO—

1 Case of Newest

Mantle Cloths.

The "OLIVE GREEN" appears still prove the most fashionable, and of the above we are in receipt of ten piece

"New Seal and plucked Otter Skins hand."

Fancy Wove Goods still arriving.

Clouds, Breakfast Shawls, Ties &c.,
in endless Variety.
T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO
47 and 49 Sparks Street.
Ottawa, Oct 11 1870.

JAMES PRACOCK,

FURS,

FURS, FURS,

FURS.

HE beg to intimate that my FUR STOCK is now complete in every

DEPARTMENT.

AN EARLY CALL IS SOLICITED.

☞ Remember the place,
33 Rideau Street.
OPPOSITE OLD STAND.

TESTIMONIAL
—TO THE—
HON. SIR JOHN A. MACDONALD,
K.C.B., &c., &c., &c

The friends of Sir JOHN A MACDONALD propose to present that distinguished Statesman with a substantial Testimonial in recognition of his long and unselfish public services

Steps are being taken to afford his friends in all parts of the Dominion an opportunity of joining in the proposed manifestation of esteem and regard.

The following gentlemen compose, (with power to add to their number,) the Committee at Ottawa:

The Hon. JAMES SHEAD,
His Worship the Mayor J ROCHESTER, Jr, Esq.
THOS REYNOLDS, Esq.
R W SCOTT, Esq, M P P,
D GRANT, M P,
E McGILLIVRAY, Esq,
H Y NOEL, Esq.

H W Noel, Esq. has consented to act as Treasurer, to whom all communications may be addressed.

For the information of intending subscribers the names of the gentlemen comprising the Central Committee at Toronto are subjoined, viz:

His Worship the Mayor, C B HARMAN, Esq.
The Hon G W ALLAN
The Hon D L MACPHERSON,
The Hon JOHN CARLING, M P,
JOHN CRAWFORD, Esq. M P,
ANGUS MORRISON, Esq. M P,
F W CUMBERLAND, Esq. M P
J G WORTS, Esq.
E H RUTHERFORD, Esq,
W H HOWLAND, Esq.
G P BIDOUT, Esq,
JOHN SHEDDEN, Esq,
THOMAS DIXON, Esq.

TO LUMBERMEN

L. ROSE,
PROVISION BROKER.
LONDON, ONT.,

Inspects every BARREL of PORK he Ships and Ships only a FIRST-CLASS Article. He has for Sale from some of the Leading Packers and Curers:

Heavy Mess Pork, guaranteed.
Ex. P. Pork made from Heavy Mess.
Shoulders Mess Mutton.
Heavy Bacon, &c., at the lowest FIRST PRICES, and on Terms to suit Purchasers
No. 1 Sup. Flour, Oats, Corn, &c., bought on commission
White Beans always on hand.
Orders or enquiries have prompt attention.
Through rates to Brockville, Sand and Ottawa.
L. ROSE,
Produce Broker,
London, Ont.
London, Ont., Nov. 24, 1870 1522

NOTICE.

TENDERS

Will be received by WM COWAN, Esq. County Clerk, Carleton, addressed to the undersigned, until 12 o'clock, noon, on

Wednesday, the 21st Dec., 1870,

For contracts to furnish and deliver at the County Gaol the following supplies, viz,

150 Cords of Good Sound Merchantable Rock Maple Wood
25 do do Tamarac do
25 do do Hemlock do

Thirty cords of the Maple to be dry and delivered in the month of January next. Rest to be green, and all to be cut from sound growing timber, and to be delivered not later than the first day of April next, and to be properly and closely piled in gaol yard where directed by Governor of Gaol

Tenders to state price per cord of 128 cubic feet, and name of good and sufficient sureties for due fulfilment of contract.

Payment to be made on completion of contract by Warden's order on Co. Treasurer.

Tenders will also be received as above for

PRISONERS RATIONS,

Consisting of following supplies, and to state price of Bread, per pound; Beef or Fresh Meat, per pound; Potatoes, per bushel of 60 lbs; Oven Meal, per pound; Oatmeal, per pound; Herring, per dozen.

Sufficient security will be required for performance of contract. Payment to be made quarterly by Warden's Order on Co Treasurer.

Signed, IRA MORGAN,
Warden, C C.
County Council Hall,
Ottawa, Dec 13, 1870. 1540 3 tl 1

CANADA PACIFIC
RAILWAY.

Application will be made to Parliament, at its next Session, for the Incorporation of a Company to construct a Railway through British North America, connecting with the present Railway system of Canada, and thence to proceed to the North of Lake Superior and through the North West Territory to the Yellow or Leathe Head Pass of the Rocky Mountains, there to connect with the projected Railway through British Columbia to the Pacific,—with such powers and privileges as may be necessary to carry the same into operation.

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

1870. FALL ARRANGEMENT. 1870.

CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE P.M.	MAILS	DELIVERED A.M.	DELIVERED A.M.	DELIVERED P.M.
11.15	....	8.30	Eastern, by Train; Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c. &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	9.00	....	4.00
6.00	....	....	Montreal, by Steamer	....	....	....
11.15	....	8.30	Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B., by St. L. & O. Railway	9.00	....	4.00
8.30	....	8.30	Western, by Train; Toronto, Hamilton, London, Kingston, Western, U.S., and all places west of Prescott	9.00	....	7.15
8.30	....	8.30	Fort Garry and other places in the Province of Manitoba to be despatched in closed mail from Windsor, Ontario, daily, via St. Pauls, Minnesota. Ordinary Dominion rates of postage	9.00	....	7.15
1.15	....	8.30	United States, by St. L. & O. Railway; Ogdensburgh, New York, Boston, &c.	9.00	....	4.00
6.00	....	....	Lower Ottawa, by Steamer; Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville, &c.	....	....	4.00
5.00	....	....	Upper Ottawa, by Steamer; Onslow, Arnprior, Sand Point, Renfrew, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c.	....	....	6.30
12.15	....	4.00	Upper Ottawa, by Stage; Pakenham, March, Huntley, Carp, &c.	8.0	....	4.00
5.00	11.30	4.00	Aylmer, by Stage; Hull, Clarendon, Bristol, &c.	8.0	11.00	....
7.30	11.15	....	Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Burritt's Rapids by St. L. & O. Railway	9.	....	4.00
11.15	....	....	North Gower, Kars, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	....	....	....
8.30	....	....	Osgoode, Russell, and Line of St. L. & O. Railway	9.00	....	....
8.30	....	4.20	For Brockville, Perth, Smith's Falls, Appleton and Carleton Place, per Canada Central Railway	8.00	....	1.30
8.30	....	....	For Sand Point and places on the Brockville and Ottawa Railway, North of Carleton Place Junction, and places on C. C. Railway	9.00	....	1.30
6.00	....	....	Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate offices daily, Aylwin, Kazabazua, Low, River Desert, Six Portages, Wright, close Tuesdays and Fridays; arrive two days and Fridays	....	....	5.00
12.30	....	....	Templeton Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays	....	....	11.30

Matter posted up to 9.30 p.m. will be forwarded East and West in supplementary package the same night.

The Western Mail arriving at 7 p.m. will be delivered the same evening.

BRITISH MAILS.

Per Cunard Line, close every Tuesday at 10.45 a.m.

Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 10.30 a.m.

A supplementary bag for Canadian steamer will be closed at 11.30, in which all paid unregistered matter will be sent.

MONEY ORDERS

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on special deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

POST OFFICE,
Ottawa, 21st Nov., 1870.

A Tale of Wonder.

A hundred and fifty years ago various parts of Eastern Europe were sadly troubled with vampires; that is, ghosts in flesh and blood, or rather reanimated corpses, which used to issue at night from their graves and suck the veins of living people. When their graves were opened they were usually found fresh coloured and lively in appearance, and their veins full of blood. Neither Church or State could do much against them; the most practical receipt was to administer Lynch law by driving a stake through them, which it was thought rendered the process of getting up again rather more difficult. India has always had analogous superstitions of the gross material kind, such as Miss Frere's Rakshas (see her "Old Deccan Days,") a kind of "demoniacal ogres," who used to feast on dead bodies. We were not, however, aware that the genuine vampire still existed in that country in the most orthodox shape. But a native correspondent of an Indian paper, the *Pioneer*, who signs himself "M. R Khan," has just communicated to that journal a tale of wonder, which it is only justice to give in his own words. He sends from Bhaugulpore, in Bengal, the following "succinct and most surprising intelligence:" In some recent date a crowd of superstitious people, owing to the successive deaths of some of their relatives, reopened a grave where rested a long buried dead, quite untouched either by white ant or any kind of creeping worm. People descended the grave, and to their consternation saw that the death had swallowed up nearly half a yard of coffin and a portion of the hand. They exerted most anxiously to get the coffin and hand out of the carcase's mouth, but to no purpose. Then through the medium of a hammer, the remorseless crowd shattered the skull and mouth of the poor, helpless, long laid dead into fragments, and succeeded in their effort. The coffin and the part of the hand, which were taken out of the broken mouth of the dead, after pouring a good amount of labour, were found entirely wet by crimson blood. It reached me by a servant of mine who witnessed the scene - a most pitiable one. To satisfy my curiosity, I instantaneously took to my heels, got to the curious grave, and peeped in; but, to my great surprise and horror, I ascertained that the intelligence was quite genuine and authenticated. I immediately ordered the mob to cover the dead as it was before, which was executed in no time. I anxiously cajole that either you or any of your numerous and learned readers can thoroughly satisfy me by inserting in your precious journal how the coffin and hand were eaten up by the dead, and whence did the fresh blood issue?

CURIOUS ESCAPES FROM DEATH IN BATTLE.—A correspondent of a Boston paper writes from Metz: "There was no end of curious escapes from the murderous fires of the 31st August and the 7th September. A French captain found himself suddenly surrounded by an hundred Prussians, and was surrendering, when their captain shot him, and he fell from his horse. Indignant at such cowardly conduct, he rose and tried to fight, but the soldiers marched over him, and when his men came up after repulsing the enemy, he was supposed to be dead. But he rose, shook himself and marched off. The Prussian captain's ball had struck upon his decoration, flattened, and the Frenchman lived to capture the man who attempted to kill him. On one occasion a French soldier was lying on his belly, shooting, when he got a chance at a stationary Prussian regiment, when a bomb from a battery at a great distance covered him with a clean, handsome sod, turned over him as nicely as if cut by a spade. It took some time to dig him out. At another time a sergeant and a reconnoitering party from the gates of Metz were all but two swept away by one deadly rain of shell. The Metz papers relate, with some gusto, the story of a wonderful rooster who travelled with the Ninety-fifth Regiment of the line through a number of battles, and who invariably crowed when the French won, and drooped his tail when Prussian success ran high. His cage, which was mounted on a caisson, was penetrated by shot a number of times, but the valiant bird is still alive."

THE COLORED MAN IN CONGRESS.

A Washington correspondent, writing on the 12th, says:—

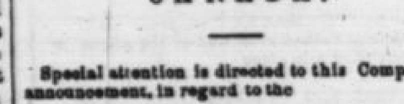
"For the first time in the history of the Government a negro was sworn in to-day as a member of the House of Representatives. The fortunate individual is J. W. Rainey, and succeeds B. F. Whittemore, of cadetship selling notoriety, from South Carolina. Rainey was elected to serve out the balance of Whittemore's term in the present Congress. On the opening day of the session, about a week ago, there were numerous inquiries for the "negro member," and to-day, when he put in an appearance for the first time, he was the centre of attraction on the floor as well as in the galleries. A light mulatto, with long, dark, straight, glossy hair, bushy side whiskers and decidedly Caucasian features, he looks more like a Cuban than a negro. In this respect he is quite unlike the negro Senator from Mississippi, Revels, who has the African features as well as the woolly hair. Rainey came forward at the request of the Speaker, after his credentials had been presented, and amid perfect silence took the ironclad oath. He did not meet with as warm a reception on the part of the members as Revels did in the Senate when he took his seat in that body. As he passed towards his seat in the rear of the Hall—the southeast corner—the only member who thought it worth while to shake hands with him was Horace Maynard, of Tennessee. When he had reached his place two or three of the South Carolina members come over to congratulate him. He evidently felt a good deal out of place, and no little disappointment at the freezing reception he received from his republican brethren of the white persuasion. The negro member's first vote was given in favour of General Banks' St. Domingo resolution. He was born in Georgetown, District of Columbia, where his father and mother were both slaves, and is about thirty-nine years of age."

THE ŒCUMENICAL COUNCIL, lately called at Rome is an instance of the solicitude of the Catholic Church for the welfare and prosperity of her Communicants. Large assemblies of this nature containing representatives from all parts of the world, should be of some benefit to our race. We hope this opinion will be as harmonious and unanimous as the verdict in favor of the Great Shoshonees Remedy, for diseases of the lungs, blood, stomach, liver, &c. For by all druggists.

BREAKFAST.—EPPS'S COCOA—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.—The very agreeable character of this preparation has rendered it a general favorite. The *Civil Service Gazette* remarks:—"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills." Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in tin-lined packets, labelled—JAMES EPPS & Co., Homœopathic Chemists, London.

PHYSICING HORSES.—Many persons physic their horses frequently—especially every spring. This is a great error, and one which has caused the loss of many valuable horses, as physic, as it is usually given, often produces inflamation of the bowels which generally proves fatal; it also weakens the horse, and thus renders him more liable to disease, or less able to throw it off—what is required is a medicine which will operate gently upon the bowels, and act upon the liver and lungs, removing all obstructions therefrom, purifying the blood, and enabling all the organs to do their work without overtaxing any, which is accomplished by the use of "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy"—it is always safe and certain. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd & Co., is on each package. Northrup & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada. Sold by all medicine dealers.

Railroads.



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY OF CANADA.

Special attention is directed to this Company's announcement, in regard to the

RUNNING OF TRAINS FOR THE ENSUING SEASON.

In addition to the Fast Time which it is intended to make between the

EAST AND WEST,

with close connections at all points. The line will be equipped with handsome

NEW FIRST-CLASS CARS,

Unsurpassed on the continent.

TRAINS WILL RUN BETWEEN

Portland and Montreal in 13 Hours.
Montreal and Toronto in 13 Hours.
Stopping only at the most important Stations.

As fast as completed.

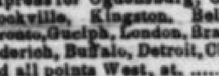
PULMAN'S PALACE SLEEPING CARS

will be run on the Through Trains and the service will be performed over the entire line in a manner equal to that of any railway on this continent. Special arrangements have been made to accommodate the pleasure travel.

For further particulars see advertisements and time tables.

C J BRYDGES, Managing Director.

June 3 1870. 1447tf



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1870.] SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS. [1870

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at	0 a.m
Night do do do do do	0 p.m
Accommodation Train for Cornwall and Intermediate Stations at	00 p.m
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at	7:30 am
Trains for Lachine at 6:00 a m, 7:00 a m, 9 15 a m, 12 noon, 1:30 p m, 4:00 p m and 5:30 p m.	

The 1:30 p m train runs through to Province Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at	7:00 am
Express for Boston at	8:40 am
Express for New York and Boston via Vermont Central at	3:45 pm
Express for New York and Boston via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at	6.00 am
Express for Island Pond, at	2:00 pm
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at	10: 0 pm

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotta" leaves Portland every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, for Halifax, N.S., respectively at 4 p.m.

They has excellent accommodation for passenger and freight.

The International Company's steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway leave Portland every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 6 p m, for St. John, N.B., &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Offices, Bonaventure Station, and 39 Great St James Street.

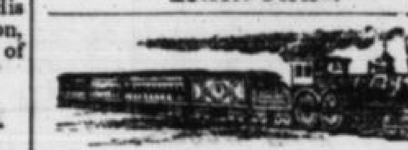
C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director

Montreal, May, 1870.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street

A & A H TAYLOR, Agents

Railroads.



THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

The public is respectfully informed that this Company's Trains wait at Prescott Junction the arrival of the Grand Trunk Trains from the West, and

Passengers may rely on Connecting FOR OTTAWA

By this the

SHORTEST RAILWAY ROUTE TO THE CAPITAL.

Twenty minutes are also allowed at Prescott Junction for Meals.

THOS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

R LUTTRELL, Superintendent

Ottawa, 12th December, 1870. 1540tnm

THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

ALTERATION OF TIME.

On and from MONDAY next, the 21st inst., three trains will run daily on this Railway as follows.

Going South Ottawa to Prescott.

MAIL will leave Ottawa at 9 30 a m, connecting at Prescott, with the Grand Trunk Express, for the West, and with the Ogdensburg Railway, for Boston, New York, &c.

MAIL will leave Ottawa at 12 00 noon, connecting with the Grand Trunk Express, for Montreal,

EXPRESS will leave Ottawa at 10 30 p m, connecting with the Grand Trunk Expresses, East and West.

Going North Prescott to Ottawa.

MAIL will leave Prescott Junction at 6 a m, connecting with the G. T. Expresses East and West, and arriving in Ottawa at 8.30 a m.

MAIL will leave Prescott Junction at 1 25 p m, connecting with the G. T. Express leaving Montreal at 8 a m, and arriving in Ottawa at 3 45 p m.

EXPRESS will leave Prescott Junction at 4 30 p m, connecting with G. T. Expresses, East and West, and arriving in Ottawa at 7 p m.

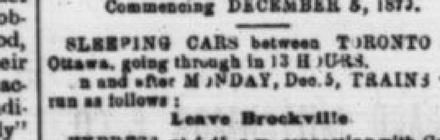
20 minutes allowed at Prescott Junction refreshments.

Tickets may be obtained on application to any of the Company's Agents, or at any of the Principal Stations of the Grand Trunk Railway.

All trains on this Line are run on Montreal time.

R LUTTRELL, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director

Ottawa, November 19, 1870.



CANADA CENTRAL AND BROCKVILLE AND OTTAWA RAILWAYS.

ALTERATION OF TRAINS, Commencing DECEMBER 5, 1870.

SLEEPING CARS between TORONTO and Ottawa, going through in 13 HOURS.

On and after MONDAY, Dec. 5, TRAINS will run as follows:

Leave Brockville.

EXPRESS, at 4 45 a m. connecting with Grand Trunk express from the West, and arriving at Ottawa, at 8.50 a m.

MAIL TRAIN, at 7 30 a m, arriving at Ottawa at 1.50 p m.

EXPRESS, at 3.30 p m, connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express from the West, and arriving at Ottawa at 7.10 p m.

Leave Ottawa.

EXPRESS, at 9 40 a m, arriving at Brockville at 1.40 p m, and connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express going West.

MAIL TRAIN, at 3.45 p m, arriving at Brockville 9 15 p m.

EXPRESS, at 10 30 p m, arriving at Brockville at 2.15 a m, and connecting with Grand Trunk Night Express going West.

Arrive at Sand Point 1.35 and 7. 0 p m.

Trains on Canada Central and Perth Branch make certain connections with all trains on B. & O Railway

A Sleeping Car will leave Toronto on Monday, Wednesday and Friday nights, by the Grand Trunk 7 30 p m train, and go through to Ottawa, arriving at 8.30 a m.

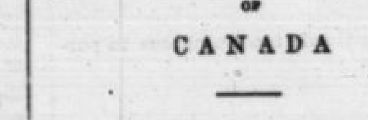
Returning, it will leave Ottawa on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday nights, at 10 30 p m, and go through to Toronto by G. T. Train, arriving at Toronto at 11.30 a m.

Freight forwarded with despatch, as the C. C. and B & O. Railways are the same guage as the Grand Trunk. Car loads go through to Grand Trunk Cars to all points, without transhipment.

Certain connections made with Grand Trunk Trains.

H ABBOTT, Manager.

Brockville Ont., Dec 1, 1870 1530



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY OF CANADA

IMPROVED SERVICE OF TRAINS FOR THE SUMMER OF 1870.

ACCELERATION OF SPEED.

NEW CARS ON ALL EXPRESS TRAINS.

Portland to Montreal in 13 Hours.
Montreal to Toronto in 13 Hours.

On and after JUNE 13th the new arrangements will be put in force, and trains will leave Montreal as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points west at	9 00 a m
NIGHT, do do	9 00 p m
Mail Train for Toronto and intermediate Stations	7 00 a m
Accommodation Train for Brockville and intermediate stations	5 00 p m

Trains for Lachine at 6 00 a m, 7 00 a m, 9 15 am, 12 noon, 1 30 p m, 4 00 p m, 5 30 p m, and 6 30 p m. The 1 30 p m Train runs through to Province Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and intermediate stations at	7 10 a m
Express for Boston, via Vermont Central, at	9 00 a m
Express for New York and Boston, via Vermont Central, at	3 45 p m
Express for New York and Boston, via Plattsburg, Lake Champlain, Burlington and Rutland, at	6 00 a m
Do do do do	4 00 p m
Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham, Portland and Lower Provinces at	1 00 p
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, and the Lower Provinces, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St Hilaire, St Hyacinthe, Upton, Acton, Richmond, Brompton Falls, Sherbrooke, Lennoxville, Compton, Coaticooke and Norton Mills only at	10 10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all night trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotta" leave Portland for Halifax, N S, every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, respectively, at 4 00 p m. They have excellent accommodations for passengers and Freight

The International Company's Steamers running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every Monday and Thursday at 6 00 p m for St John, N B, &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way station apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station, or at No 39, Great St James Street

C J BRYDGES, Managing Director.

June 3, 1870 1425tf

Insurance.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY of Canada, Head Office, Toronto.

President—The Hon John Hillyard Cameron M.P.

Vice President—Lewis Moffatt, Esq.

Other Directors—C J Campbell, Esq, Hon Malcolm Cameron, W T Macdonnell, Esq, A R McMaster, Esq, H S Howland, Esq, Geo Duggan, Esq, A T Fulton, Esq, Angus Morrison, Esq, M P J S Crocker, Esq.

Banker—The Canadian Bank of Commerce.

Agents for Ottawa—Messrs J T & W PENNOCK.

The rates of the PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY are as low as its long experience has shewn to be profitable.

The test of the value of insurance is, however, not when the premiums are being paid, but when losses are being settled, and, from the equity and promptness of its settlements the Provincial Insurance Company is second to none.

Its Inspectors are alway sent to adjust every important loss directly it occurs.

It has no adjusted losses due and unpaid.

It respectfully solicits a share of the patronage of the insuring public of Ottawa.

ARTHUR HARVEY, Manager.

1298tf

UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY *OF MAINE.*

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No. 10.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33 The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B.

For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON, Auditor.

have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U.S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN, Manager.

Ottawa, November 7 1868. 894tf

Government Notices.

SEIGNIORIAL INDEMNITY TO TOWNSHIPS' FUND.

Whereas by Order in Council of date APRIL 30, 1867, it is directed that as regards the claims of Municipalities to participate therein, the above Fund shall be finally closed on the 31st DECEMBER of the present Year. Notice is hereby given that all claims which can in any wise alter the distribution thereof must be lodged in this Office on or before the date above named, after which date no alteration can be made in the said distribution.

JOHN LANGTON, Auditor.
Per J SIMPSON,

Finance Department,
Ottawa, Dec 9, 1870. 1538D21

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to Parliament for Private Bills, either for granting exclusive privileges, or conferring corporate powers for commercial or other purposes of profit, or for doing anything tending to affect the rights or property of other parties, are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the House of Commons (which are published in full in the "Canada Gazette"), to give TWO MONTHS' NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object), in the "Canada Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected, sending copies of the first and last of such notices to the Private Bill Office.

All Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the first three weeks of the Session.

ALFRED TODD,
Chf. Clk. Committees and Private Bills,
House of Commons.

Ottawa, 8th Dec., 1870 1536tf

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly, (which are published in the "Ontario Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the Session.

CHARLES T GILLMOR, Clerk of the House.

Toronto March 15, 1870 1309 td lawa

GOVERNMENT HOUSE
OTTAWA,
5th day of December, 1870.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Inland Revenue, and under and in virtue of the authority given by the 17th section of the Act 31st Vict, Chapter 8, intituled, "An Act respecting the Inland Revenue." His Excellency in Council has been pleased to Order, and it is hereby ordered that the following regulations for the manufacture of Methylated Spirits in bond shall be and they are hereby made and established:

REGULATIONS.

1st. The room in which the wood Naphtha is mixed with Spirits shall only be accessible to the proprietor during the actual presence of an officer of Inland Revenue.

2nd. A sample of the wood Naphtha (say about four ounces) shall be sent to the Department from every cask or package used.

3rd Not less than 100 proof gallons of Alcohol shall be mixed at one time, which shall be mixed in an open mixing tub, in the presence of an officer who shall then test and gauge it as to strength and quantity.

4th. With every 100 proof gallons of Alcohol, there shall be mixed at least twelve and-a-half gallons of "Wood Naphtha of Commerce," the whole being mixed together.

5th. After the mixing has been thoroughly completed, the strength of the mixture shall be tested, and the quantity gauged by the officer in attendance and duly recorded. The mixture shall then be placed in casks, the casks being branded or marked on the head in legible characters, with the words—

Methylated Spirits,
Date on which it was mixed,
Number of Wine gallons in the Cask.
Strength,
Number of Proof Gallons
Name of the Division.
Initials of the officer under whose inspection the mixture took place.
Number of the entry under which it is warehoused.

6th. A Stock Book must be kept in the Factory, in which Book must be entered:—

(a) The particulars of every package of Alcohol, brought in, stating where manufactured, the strength and quantity; the marks, &c, on the casks, and the general number of the Permit, under which it was conveyed to the Manufactory.

(b) The particulars of every quantity mixed &c., of the original packages from which it was taken; the quantity and strength of the "Methylated Spirits" produced from it, and the particulars as to marks, numbers, &c., of the Cask in which it is placed.

7th. Every entry in the Stock Book is to be checked by the officer in charge, who must keep an account of each transaction, which account or a duplicate thereof is to be taken to the Inland Revenue office, immediately after each transaction.

8th. So soon as the mixing and Barrelling has been completed, the "Methylated Spirits" shall be removed from the Bonded Manufactory, and duly entered for warehousing as required by the regulations in that behalf.

W. H. LEE,
Clerk, Privy Council,
Canada

537-3

Bitters and Sauces.

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission on the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion,

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,
Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F GIANELLI.

LEA & PERRINS' CELEBRATED WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

Declared by Connoisseurs TO BE THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.

CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivalled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,

and to see that their names are upon the wrapper labels, stopper and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c, &c, and by Grocers and Oilmen universally 52y1236 law

For sale by DRUGGISTS AND GROCERS [...] towns.

GARDNER'S QUININE WINE BITTERS,

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons recovering from illness. For sale in quart bottle; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children—it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardener's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best ask for GARDENER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE. Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

J GARDENER, Chemist,
457 Notre Dame street, Montreal,
Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

Commission Merchants.

J. BERMINGHAM,

GENERAL AUCTIONEER.

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his Spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit continuance of the support and patronage liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate, that in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p.m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required.

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 25.

Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hands for sale.

J BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, March 1870.

DOMINICK FOX.

GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,
Clarence Street, next to the City Hotel
Ottawa.

Solicits the patronage of the Lumber Merchants generally on the Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging men and attending to their rafts while passing here to the best of his ability.

REFERENCES.

Alex Fraser, Esq. Walter Smith, Esq.
John Cuppore, Esq. R W Cruice, Esq.

1324t.

V. H. EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS, FORWARDERS

DEALERS IN

Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.

OTTAWA,

End of Little Sussex-st.

Cash advanced on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases

W. H. EASTON R. M. EASTON

FOR SALE.

MESS AND PRIME MESS PORK.

FLOUR NO. 1 & EXTRA

WHITE BEANS,

At Ottawa, Sand Point and Pembroke.

S CHRISTIE,
No 5 Sparks street.

Ottawa, May 18, 1870.

Medical.

GABRIEL'S PREPARATIONS

MANUFACTURED ONLY BY. MESSrs GABRIEL. Dentists. LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.

FOR THE TEETH.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS

FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH.

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers.

MESSRS. GABRIEL,

The old-established Dentists,
64 Ludgate Hill, London.

And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache, no matter how far decayed Price 1s 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations

GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth. Price 5s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; is is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.

See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it Price 5s.

PARTIES AT A DISTANCE REQUIRING ARTIFICIAL TEETH may have them supplied, in partial or complete sets, on Messrs Gabriel's new system, by sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of One Guinea, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded, with all necessary instructions Messrs. Gabriel will undertake to Remodel or Repair Artificial Teeth made by other Dentists, (which do not prove satisfactory), at moderate charges.

Messrs. Gabriel's Pamphlet on Artificial Teeth and Painless Dentistery on receipt of postage.

All letters to be addressed to 64 LUDGATE HILL, LONDON. 1323 2awem 1awk6m

ALKABASAR

ARRIVED AT LAST!

This elegant Turkish TONIC is one of the most salutary and delicate preparations ever submitted for public approval in this hemisphere, and asserts its pretentions to patronage on the following grounds:—

That it is a preparation of one of the most eminent Purveyors to the Ottoman Court

It prevents acidity of the Stomach.

It relieves lowness of spirits.

It is a mild and invigorating tonic, and a most efficient but innocuous stimulent.

It renders the breath sweet and agreeable.

It stimulates the appetite if taken BEFORE meals.

It promotes digestion if taken AFTER meals.

It neutralizes the propensity for strong liquors.

It renders the intellect bright and clear.

If taken habitually it imparts vitality and energy to all the bodily organs.

By its use a man of 70 will become, as it were, restored to the elasticity of 30; and to persons of delicate constitutions it is strongly recommended.

It is an especial favourite with Oriental ladies.

Secure, then, health, longevity and vital energy by the habitual use of the

ALKABASAR TURKISH TONIC.

Kept in stock by the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.

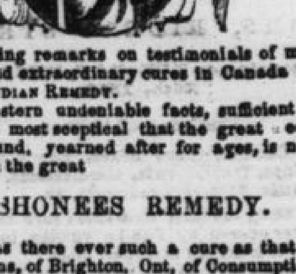
For directions for use see labels on bottles

HENRY CHAPMAN & CO.,
EVANS, MERCER & CO.,
Montreal,
Sole Agents for the Dominion

Montreal, July 6. 1415-y

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!



The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

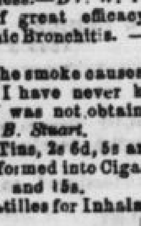
They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hecey, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1. 13y



FOR ASTHMA.

and Chronic Bronchitis

DATURA TATULA,

Affords Immediate Relief.

"A remedy of great power and usefulness."—*Dr. W. Parker.*

"Of great efficacy in cases of Asthma and Chronic Bronchitis. —*Dublin Journal Medical Science.*

"The smoke causes no nausea. When the right kind, I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."—*General Alexander Hon. B. Stuart.*

In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, Boxes, 5s, 8s and 15s.

Pastilles for Inhalation, Boxes, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.

AGENTS—Messrs, F. Cundill & Co., Montreal

FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION of COD LIVER OIL, the fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive activity, superior to Pepsine.

Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 12s6d. Pancreatine Wine, bottles, 3s, 5s and 10s

N.B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. [...] ll

NOTICE

Is hereby given, that an application will be made to the Legislature of the Province of Ontario at its next Session, for an Act to authorize the construction of Water Works in and for the City of Ottawa.

WM P LETT, City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa,
October 12th, 1870 1462 1awk 2m

Medical.

ELECTRICITY IS LIFE

PULVERMACHER'S PATENT

GALVANIC CHAIN-BANDS

BELTS, AND POCKET BATTERIES

These highly improved inventions render Electricity perfectly self-applicable, and extremely efficacious in a mild continuous form, no shock or unpleasant sensation being experienced, whereby it becomes a true fountain of health and vigour, speedily soothing agonizing pains, re-animating torpid limbs, reviving the sluggish functions of life, and imparting renewed energy and vitality to constitutions enfeebled by whatever cause. Medicines and their deleterious consequences are thus entirely dispensed with. The daily increasing number of cures effected by PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC SYSTEM is so extensive and varied, that it forcibly points to this invention as the embryo of a universal remedy.

N. B.—The following testimony from the elite of the English medical faculty has been received:

"We, the undersigned, have much pleasure in testifying that Mr. J. L. PULVERMACHER's recent improvements in his Voltaic Batteries and Galvanic Appliances for Medical Purposes are of great importance to Scientific Medicine, and that he is entitled to the consideration and support of every one disposed to further the advancement of real and useful progress.

"Dated the 9th day of March, 1866.

"SIR CHARLES LOCOCK, Bart., M. D., F. R. C. P.

"SIR HENRY HOLLAND, Bart., M. D., F. R. S.

"SIR WM. FERGUSSON, Bart., F. R. S.

"EDWD. H. SIEVEKING, M. D., M R C S.

"SIR J. RANALD MARTIN, F. R. C. S."

PULVERMACHER'S SYSTEM is also approved of by an official report of the Academie de Medicine, Paris, Royal College of Physicians, London, and the Imperial Faculty of Vienna, and its curative virtues are confirmed by thousands of private testimonials of cures effected. (See pamphlet gratis).

These facts appeal to the good sense of every sufferer to avail himself of this scientific and curative progress, to which the inventor has devoted a life-time of study and labour, as an ardent deciple of that great benefactor of mankind, the late illustrious electrician MICHAEL FARADY.

PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC CHAINS are exceedingly effective without the aid of medicine, restriction of diet, or the least derangement of the patient's habits and daily occupations, in the following maladies:

Rheumatism	Female Complaints
Gout	Constipation
Sciatica	Cramp
Lumbago	Sluggish Circulation
Neuralgia	Urinary Disorders
Head and Toothache	Paralysis
Liver Complaints	Epilepsy
Tic Doloreux	Nervous Debility
Indigestion	Functional Disorders
Deafness	&c., &c.
Spasms	

The effects of the application of Pulvermacher's Chains in any of the above disorders is immediately perceptible—the relief of pain instantaneous.

PRICE LIST OF PULVERMACHER'S CHAIN BANDS AND BATTERIES.

B. CHAIN BANDS for Nervous Deafness, Head, Tooth, and Face Ache, and Noises in the Head, 21s. to 30s.

B. CHAIN BANDS for loss of Voice and other affections of the Throat, 10s. 6d. to 21s.

N. CHAIN BANDS for Sciatica, Rheumatic, Neuralgia, and Gouty Pains, Local Paralysis, Cramp, &c., 18s. to 22s. and 40s.

B CHAIN BANDS for Lumbago, Indigestion, Liver, Chest, and Functional Disorders, &c., (worn as a belt), 22s to 40s and 55s.

B CHAIN BANDS for Writer's Cramp, Trembling, Nervousness, &c, 22s to 30s and 40s.

B COMBINED CHAIN BAND for Central, Paralysis, Epilepsy, General Debility Functional Disorders, &c., 30s to 50s.

A complete Set of COMBINED CHAIN BANDS, BELTS, and CHAIN BATTERY for restoring vital energy, £5 to £7.

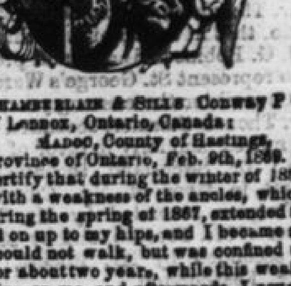
The public are most earnestly cautioned to beware of Pseudo Electric Belts advertised by sham Doctors, &c., for improper purposes, and so severely stigmatised by Vice Chancellor Malins in the suit Pulvermacher vs Hammond, alias Henry James, alias C. T, Raphey, M. R. C. S, alias Henry Burrows, &c, &c.

No Galvanic Belts are genuine but those bearing the fac simile of M. Pulvermacher's signature on the label.

A pamphlet containing full particulars may be had at the Drug Store of A. Christie, Sparks Street.

J. L. PULVERMACHER,
Galvanic Establishment,
200 Regent Street, London, W.

Ottawa, September 6, 1870 1455 lawk y



Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS. Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:

MADOC, County of Hastings,
Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869.

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless. I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings his ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle

A F WOOD, J P.

Warden County of Hastings Province of Ontario. [...] of Canada.

GREAT CENTRAL AIR LINE ROUTE VIA GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.

[The Model Road of Canada.]

To Sarnia, Detroit, Milwaukee.

CHICAGO,

Cincinnati, St. Louis, New Orleans, and all Points in the West and South.

NORTHERN TRANSPORTATION CO'S 20 First-Class Upper Cabin Steamers.

DAILY LINE BETWEEN

OGDENSBURG & CHICAGO,

Making sure connections with Railway for all Points West and South.

Parties going west can secure Tickets at this office to any Point desired,

VIA

ALL RAIL OR ALL BOAT

Fares always cheaper than by any other Route.

Be sure and procure TICKETS at this office by the

GREAT CENTRAL ROUTE

AND SAVE MONEY, TIME AND DISTANCE

Comparitive distance of the several Western Routes to Chicago:

American—Ogdensburg or Prescott to Chicago	850	miles
Grand Trunk to Detroit	736	do
Grand Trunk to Toronto, Great Western to Detroit	730	do
Leaving in favor of the Great Central Route	120	do

For TICKETS to any Points in the United States, and all information apply to

J T CORCORAN,

General Western Railway and Steamboat Ticket office, at H Palmer's store, next to Fingland & Draper's, [...]

Medical.

DARLEY'S

ARABIAN OIL FOR HORSES AND CATTLE

A NEVER-FAILING REMEDY.

This valuable preparation combines all the medicinal virtues of those articles which long experience has proved to possess the most safe and efficient properties for the cure of Flesh Wounds, Sprains, Bruises, Galls of all kinds, Cracked Heels, Ring Bone, Spavin, Callous, Fistula, Sweeney, External Poisons, Scratches or Grease, Strains, Lameness, Mange, Windows, Corns, Sand Cracks, Foundered Feet, Horn Distemper, Swellings, and many other diseases which horses and cattle are subject to.

The celebrated Liniment has been used for many years, and its curative properties thoroughly tested, and it is conceded to be the cheapest and most reliable remedy for all external complaints ever offered to the public—it never fails when timely used and faithfully applied.

To be had of all Druggists and Country Merchants throughout the Dominion. Price 25c. per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont.
Proprietors.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W M Massey, H F McCarthy, J Skinner, in Ottawa, all Medicine Dealers.

November 24, 1870 1532tf

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

As a family Remedy it is well and favourably known relieving thousands from pain in the

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Has now been before the public for a length of time and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions have been properly followed, but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing the Diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it.

Price only Twenty-five Cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN.

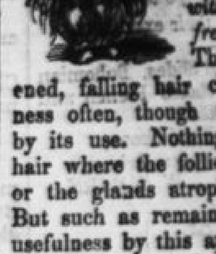
Sold in Ottawa by H F McCarthy, J Skinner, John Roberts, J P Featherston, George Mortimer, W M Massey, and all Medicine Dealers.

November 30, 1870 1537y

Ayer's

Hair Vigor,

For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.



A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for *preserving the hair. Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color with the gloss and freshness of youth.* Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

HAIR DRESSING,

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,

PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS,

LOWELL, MASS.

PRICE $1.00.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

For Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption.

Probably never before in the whole history of medicine, has anything won so widely and so deeply upon the confidence of mankind, as this excellent remedy for pulmonary complaints. Through a long series of years, and among most of the races of men it has risen higher and higher in their estimation, as it has become better known. Its uniform character and power to cure the various affections of the lungs and throat, have made it known as a reliable protector against them. While adapted to milder forms of disease and to young children, it is at the same time the most effectual remedy that can be given for incipient consumption, and the dangerous affections of the throat and lungs. As a provision against sudden attacks of Croup, it should be kept on hand in every family, and indeed as all are sometimes subject to colds and coughs, all should be provided with this antidote for them.

Although settled *Consumption* is thought incurable, still great numbers of cases where the disease seemed settled, have been completely cured, and the patient restored to sound health by the *Cherry Pectoral.* So complete is its mastery over the disorders of the Lungs and Throat, that the most obstinate of them yield to it. When nothing else could reach them, under the *Cherry Pectoral* they subside and disappear.

Singers and Public Speakers find great protection from it.

Asthma is always relieved and often wholly cured by it.

Bronchitis is generally cured by taking the *Cherry Pectoral* in small and frequent doses.

So generally are its virtues known that we need not publish the certificates of them here, or do more than assure the public that its qualities are fully maintained.

Ayer's Ague Cure,

For Fever and Ague, Intermittent Fever, Chill Fever, Remittent Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical or Bilious Fever, &c., and indeed all the affections which arise from malarious, marsh, or miasmatic poisons.

As its name implies, it does *Cure*, and does not fail. Containing neither Arsenic, Quinine, Bismuth, Zinc, nor any other mineral or poisonous substance whatever, it in nowise injures any patient. The number and importance of its cures in the ague districts, are literally beyond account, and we believe without a parallel in the history of Ague medicine. Our pride is gratified by the acknowledgments we receive of the radical cures effected in obstinate cases, and where other remedies had wholly failed.

Unacclimated persons, either resident in, or travelling through miasmatic localities, will be protected by taking the *AGUE CURE* daily.

For *Liver Complaints*, arising from torpidity of the Liver, it is an excellent remedy, stimulating the Liver into healthy activity.

For Bilious Disorders and Liver Complaints, it is an excellent remedy, producing many truly remarkable cures, where other medicines had failed.

Prepared by DR. J. C. AYER & Co., Practical and Analytical Chemists, Lowell, Mass., and sold all round the world.

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

[...] August 7, 1870.

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the office, 38 Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa.

VOL. VI

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WRIGHT & CLEMOW [...] Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors, Notaries Public, &c. [...] Ontario and Quebec. [...] over Durie's Book Store [...]

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Medical

[...] DICKINSON, [...] Residence and Surgery [...]

DOCTOR HENDERSON [...] Physician, Surgeon [...] Surgery—That recently occupied [...] Duke st, Chaudiere, Ottawa.

[...] ROBILLARD, [...] Accoucheur. Office [...] Sussex, East end of Sappers [...] from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m. [...] Special attention [...] of the EYE and [...] residence. [...]

[...] LEGGO, Physician [...] Accoucheur. Office—[...]

DR. OLIVER MARTIN [...] Sparks-street, Central [...]

GEORGE HUTCHISON [...] SURGEON DENTIST [...] Sparks Street [...] OPPOSITE "TIMES" [...]

DR. HUTCHISON is fully [...] SETS of TEETH, or [...] where wanting, on either gold [...] rubber plates, fitting so [...] the mouth as to be capable [...] which natural teeth are [...] slightest inconvenience to [...] long for a short time in use [...] presence of the [...] foreign to the mouth. [...] with a view to [...] during the [...] of diseased teeth [...] the use of [...] gas, which the [...] inconvenience, [...] a pleasant dream. [...] be consulted at [...] from 9 a. m. to [...] Ottawa September 2, 1870

Hotels and

St. JAMES' [...]

METCALFE AND [...]

The Proprietor, [...]

Begs respectfully to [...] in general that the [...] opened for business [...] hopes by strict attention [...] moderate charges, to [...] and favour [...]

Ottawa, Sept 29, 1870 [...]

THE METROPOLITAN [...] AUMOND [...]

[...] P. [...]

WAVERLY HOUSE [...] BARRINGTON [...] HALIFAX. [...] Established [...] Permanent and transient [...] and every attention [...] JOHN [...]

PICKWICK HOUSE [...] Opposite the Court House [...] CATHARINES, Ont. [...] E. HOUGHT[...] (Late of [...] A spacious [...] travellers.

THE "QUEEN'S" [...] Corner of Metcalfe [...] posite the main entrance [...] The "QUEEN'S" [...] first-class hotel [...] and refurnished throughout [...]

Mr. DUIGNAN [...] SPARKS ST [...]

A few more gentle[...] with comfortable [...] during the Capital [...] by the day or [...]

THE UNION [...] W. ARMSTRONG [...] CORNER OF QU[...]

EVERY CONVENIENCE [...] THE TRA[...] The Bar al[...] CHOICE [...] And the [...] EVERY DELI[...]

C. R. HIG[...] Agent for the [...] Importers, [...] claims [...] Sparks [...] Hardware Store.

DANCING A[...] Mrs Robert Ste[...] an accomp[...] her Dancing [...] Wednesday, the [...] Further partic[...] to Mrs Rob[...] Ottawa Septe[...]

CANADA A[...] U. S. P[...] Patents solic[...] Trade [...] Designs. Con[...]

The Times

VOL. VI. NO. 1545. OTTAWA, WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 21, 1870 PRICE—3 CENTS

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WRIGHT & CLEMOW, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. &c. for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec. Office over Durie's Book Store, Sparks street. ... WRIGHT. 12w F C CLEMOW.

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DR. DICKINSON, Residence and Surgery Kent Street.

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...LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

GEORGE HUTCHISON, L. D. S., SURGEON DENTIST, *Sparks Street.* OPPOSITE "TIMES" OFFICE.

DR. HUTCHISON is fully prepared to supply full SETS of TEETH, or to insert single Teeth when wanting, on either gold, silver or vulcanite plates, fitting so closely and easily to the mouth as to be capable of all the uses to which natural teeth are applied, without the slightest inconvenience to the wearers, and after being worn for a short time in use, without even a consciousness of the presence of a substance foreign to the mouth.

Dr. H. with a view to the removal of painful sensations during the operation of extracting decayed or diseased teeth, has introduced into his practice the use of the Nitrous Oxide or laughing gas, which the sufferer inhales without danger or inconvenience, and loses his tooth as it were in a pleasant dream. May be consulted any day, except Sunday, at his office from 9 a. m. to 6 p. m. Ottawa, September 2, 1870

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ST. JAMES' HOTEL, METCALFE AND QUEEN STREETS. The Proprietor, G. R. EVANS, Begs respectfully to announce to the public in general that the above premises will be opened for business this day, 29th inst., and hopes by strict attention to business and moderate charges, to merit their patronage and favour. Ottawa, Nov 29, 1870 1526tf

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WAVERLY HOUSE, BARRINGTON-STREET, HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA, Established 1851. Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort. 909y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE, Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont. E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor, (Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.) A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT, M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor*, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings. The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the best Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons. ... daily

MR. DUIGNAN'S, SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA. A few more gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen visiting the Capital will find superior accommodation by the day or week at moderate terms. This house is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Parliament Buildings and the ... 2131f

THE UNION HOUSE, W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR, CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS *OTTAWA.* EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC. The Bar always supplied with the CHOICEST LIQUORS, And the table spread with *EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON* Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.

C. T. R. HIGGINS, Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co, General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufactures and Mining Agent. Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mann Bros Hardware Store.

DANCING AND DEPORTMENT. Mrs Robert Stewart having made arrangements with an accomplished lady teacher, announces that her Dancing Classes will commence on Wednesday, the 22nd instant. Further particulars may be obtained on application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street. Ottawa September 9th, 1869. 1148tf

CANADA AND U. S. PATENT AGENCY. Patents solicited in Canada and the United States; Trade and Timber Marks, Industrial Designs, Copywrights, Transfers, &c., registered on the shortest notice, Copies of Laws, Circulars, and information, sent free on application. Drawings prepared and copied. Charges moderate. United States Patents particularly attended to. Several valuable Patent Rights for sale. ... C. COURSOLLES ... 1870 1534tf

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-street, Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co. W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

H. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge. REFERENCES.—H A Sims, Esq. Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq. Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 749t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. Office: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

EDGAR DOWARD, Organist, Christ Church, teacher of Organ, Piano and Singing. Residence—O'Connor street. Mr. Doward was formerly Choirster Boy and Articled Pupil of Mr W. Done, of Worcester Cathedral, England.

CHARLES J. TASKER, Accountant. Books posted. Accounts made out. Apply at the office of H P Hill, Solicitor. References Dr Hill, C H Pinhey. Ottawa, Nov 5, 18..

H. R. FRIPP, ORGANIST AND TEACHER OF MUSIC. Residence—Elgin Street, South of Slater Street. Classes for beginners at Mr Gowan's Hall on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 4½ p m. Ottawa, July 15th, 1870. 1410 tf

MUSICAL ACADEMY. Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street. Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

PEOPLE'S TELEGRAPH COMPANY *incorporated under Chapter LXVII of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada.* OTTAWA OFFICE—G P DRUMMOND'S Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street. DIRECTORS: A JOSEPH, Chairman; D C THOMSON, Treasurer; S B FOOTE, A THOMSON, T H DUNN. DRUMMOND Manager 1141tf

FOR SALE. A beautiful country residence with Fifteen (15) Acres of Land (or more if necessary) attached; the house and outbuildings being completely surrounded by a grove of lovely shade trees. The whole within 10 minutes drive of the Government Buildings. Terms of sale, cash, if preferable to purchaser otherwise a small payment down, and the balance in from 1 to 10 years, to suit purchaser. Apply to the Proprietor, R A BRADLEY, Solicitor, Elgin-st., Ottawa. Nearly opposite the Post Office. N. B.—Money to lend on Real Estate. Terms easy.

THE HOWLEY FARM TO LET. Lot No 30, 1st Concession of Gloucester R Front, containing 300 acres, 150 acres well cleared and in good state of cultivation, opposite Manotick, and fifteen miles from Ottawa, with good fences, a fine dwelling house, two story high, barns and outhouses complete, is now to let on reasonable terms, for a term of years. Apply for further particulars to CHARLES ROWAN, Ottawa. Ottawa September 5, 1870 1454

A. E. GENDREAU, HAIR DRESSING PARLOUR, *Wellington street,* Opposite the Bank of Montreal. MR GENDREAU, the proprietor of that so popular Parlour, has the pleasure to announce to his numerous friends and the public in general, that to answer to the great encouragement which he has received up to the present, he has determined to enlarge and thoroughly furnish anew his establishment. He will save no expense to render Parlour the most comfortable, and ... the most experienced hair dressers. MR GENDREAU having served considerable time in some of the best and most extensive Hair Dressing Saloons in the Dominion and United States, is in a position to conduct the duties of his establishment in a manner that cannot be surpassed. He will have always on hand the best perfumes imported directly from Paris and London. MR GENDREAU solicits a visit to convince all of the truth of his statements.

PRESERVE YOUR ROOFS, PATENT PLASTIC SLATE PAINT, Is the best and cheapest material in use for preserving new, or repairing old IRON OR TIN ROOFS. No matter how bad their condition. Also fire rate for SHINGLE ROOFS, Making them FIRE AND WATER PROOF, Hardens into a coating of SOLID SLATE by exposure. Price $5 a barrel, mixed ready for use. A barrel will cover 10 squares (10 x 10).

SHEATHING FELT For lining Frame Buildings under the clap boards. An effectual protection against cold, damp and vermin. Rats and mice will not come near it. No FRAME DWELLING should be without. Send for circular, instructions, &c. BUCHANAN & CO., Wholesale Depot for Roofing Materia and Founder's Supplies, 32 Lemoine Street, Montreal. Ottawa, September 21, 1870 1468

SATCHELL BROS BUTCHERS TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantly on hand FRESH KILLED STALL-FED BEEF AND MUTTON. ALSO, THEIR CELEBRATED SPICED AND SALT ROUND, AND *ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES,* To be had at THEIR STALLS, Nos. 5 and 7, *BY-WARD MARKET*

Hardware.

BLYTH & KERR, No. 25 RIDEAU STREET, Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c. All work in any of the above branches executed in a prompt and workmanlike manner. Special attention given to Roofing and fitting up Galvanized Iron and Tin Gutters, Conductors, &c., &c.

IMPORTERS OF GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE. JUST RECEIVED, ex "Pride of Canada" and "Oceola," a splendid assortment of Block Tin Tea and Coffee ..., Jelly Moulds, Wire Dish Covers, Spice Boxes, Ladies' Dressing Cases, Trays, Enamelled Pie Dishes, Preserving Pans, Deaf Milk Saucepans, &c., &c. Constantly on hand, Cooking Stoves, (best makers) Hot Air Furnaces, Water Coolers, Baths, (all kinds) Cutlery, Plated and Britannia Metal Ware, —ALSO— FISHING TACKLE, comprising Rods, Lines, Files, Hooks, Floats, Trolls, Panniers, Landing Nets, Fly Books, &c. &c. Ottawa, August 10, 1870 1432 1y

HARDWARE! HARDWARE!

Sign of the ANVIL, 24 Rideau Street, where you can get a complete assortment of shelf and Heavy Hardware, and at prices to suit purchasers. Consisting in part of GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHINGS: Butcher Knives, Knives and Forks, Pocket Knives, Table Spoons, Tea Spoons, Tea Trays, Table Mats, Butts, Screws, Locks, Bolts, Catches, Latches, Axes, Saws, Planes, Squares, Hammers, Spokeshaves, Gouges, Chisels, Augers, Auger Bits, Steel Bits, Bevils, Levels, Boring Machines, Draw Knives, &c. &c. &c. together with PAINT OF ALL COLOURS: Rose, Pink, Burnt Umber, Terra de Sienna, Chrome Yellow, Yellow Ochre, Celestial Blue, Paris Green, Brunswick Green, Magnesia Green, Venetian Green, Red Lead, White Lead, in Oil or Dry, Drop Black, Ivory Black, Lamp Black, Boiled Oil, Raw Oil, Turpentine, Benzole, Coal Oil, Paint Brushes, Varnishes, &c. THOS BIRKETT, No. 24, Rideau Street, Sign of the Anvil. P. S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the City. Ottawa, Nov 1?, 1870

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT, 35 SUSSEX STREET.

Elevated Oven Cook Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
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Double Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Box and Parlor Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Coal Stoves, Base Burners, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
The Quintal Coal Stove, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Parlour Cook Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Dumb Stoves, all sizes, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Hot Air Furnaces, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Stove Pipes and Elbows, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Lumbermen's Supplies, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
1st Prize Stoves can be seen, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Ottawa, Oct. 13, 1870.

Druggists.

DUTCH BULBS! The Subscriber has just received a full assortment from a celebrated Grower in HOLLAND, both for Spring Gardening and in-door Culture. THE ASSORTMENT INCLUDES Hyacinths, many varieties, Tulips, Lilies, Narcissus, Jonquills, Anemones, Ranunculus, &c., &c. The Flower Roots above mentioned not coming to hand till late in the season, are offered for sale at low prices. ALEXANDER CHRISTIE, Druggist, 40 Sparks-st, Ottawa. Ottawa, Nov. 18, 1870 1517yl

RICHARD HIGMAN, FAMILY AND DISPENSING CHEMIST, LATE MANAGER, MEDICAL HALL, SPARKS STREET, Wishes to return sincere thanks to his friends and the public, for the kind sympathy evinced toward him, on the occasion of the late fire. He now begs to inform them that he will commence business on his own account in a few days, in part of Mr McLean's Auction Room, in rear of John Roos' Cigar Store, with entirely new stock, of Drugs, Chemicals Patent Medicines, Perfumery, &c., and trusts the public will appreciate his attention to business, with the same kind patronage that was extended to him in his situation. Ottawa, Dec 16, 1870 1541y

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First Cabin, Payable in Gold.
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PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX
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Liverpool or Queenstown $100 00
Halifax 20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer 45 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.
Liverpool or Queenstown 30 00
Halifax 15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer 30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates. For further information, apply at the Company's Office, JOHN G. DALE, Agent, 15 Broadway, New York, or HERRICK & CROMBIE, Ottawa.

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IF YOU WANT TO SAVE MONEY GO TO THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORES, —BY— P. BASKERVILLE & BROS., No. 36 Rideau St., and Duke St., Chaudiere, OTTAWA, Where from their great increase of business and the large addition now put to their Store, with a well selected Stock, and constant attention on their part, will enable them to sell at prices not to be equalled elsewhere. There will be found always on hand a general assortment of GROCERIES, TEAS in particular, imported, LIQUORS, WINES, BRANDIES, GIN, IRISH and SCOTCH WHISKEY, Gooderham & Worts' HIGHWINES, OLD RYE, and PROOF, With a fine assortment of Christmas and New Year's FRUITS and SYRUPS. —ALSO— WINTER APPLES, ORANGES and LEMONS, CHEESE, HAMS, and BACON. Remember our Motto—"Quick Sales and light Profits." Try their TEAS. Ottawa, Nov 29, 1870 1526

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS Ex. Ships COGNAC, NEREO, UNION and CITY of QUEBEC, from the different places of Growth. It is now AN ESTABLISHED FACT If you want any First-Class BRANDIES or WINES and the best Family Groceries, you must go to Thos. Patterson, No. 26 Rideau Street. The following Goods in Stock and for Sale:

BRANDIES.—Pure and unadulterated, good for any use, always on hand in Wood or Bottle.

PORT WINE—Pure and reliable (20 years old) for Medicinal purposes and the only House in the City that imports such WINES direct to order.

SHERRY WINES—Various grades, very, very Pale, (delicious flavour) Splendid Wines at a price to defy competition.

GIN—John De Kuyper & Son's Double-Berried, First Class.

SCOTCH WHISKEY—Old and Mild, (full strength.)

RUM, OLD RYE, FAMILY PROOF, AND HIGHWINES, of the best kind.

PORTER AND ALES.—Guiness's Dublin and Dawe's, Lachine, in splendid order.

COFFEE.—Delicious Flavour. Fresh Roasted and Ground Daily.

TEAS.—The best qualities of Black, Japan, and Green, new crop and fragant.

SUGARS and SYRUPS of all kinds.

CHEESE.—Fine old (Reesors and Factory) the best.

PICKLES and SAUCES, Jams and Jellies from Crosse and Blackwells, in great variety.

FRUITS.—The finest table and cooking raisins that can be had, large fresh and rich flavored.

CURRANTS.—Quite fresh and Candied Peels.

SPERM CANDLES and fancy perfumed soaps, the greatest variety in the city, and made to order by Field of London, England. There is an endless variety of these fine goods worthy of SPECIAL ATTENTION FOR FAMILIES, being of the finest qualities at moderate prices. Everybody should know that to use good goods saves money. TRY THEM. Ottawa, December 5, 1870

ATTENTION!

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If you want SUPERIOR CHEESE, call at the New GROCERY STORE, Corner of Sussex and York Streets.

If you want FIRST-CLASS DAIRY BUTTER, call at the New GROCERY STORE Corner Sussex and York Streets.

—ALSO—

New Crop West End, Layers, Valencia and Seedless Raisins and Currants, Fresh Turkey Figs, Malaga Grapes, Lemons, Choice Imperial Prunes, Canded Peels, Gelatine, Cross & Blackwell's Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies, and Marmalades, Fresh Oysters, Lobsters Seguin Mackerel, Salmon and Tomatoes, with a choice lot of Scotch and English Ales and Porter, Wines and Brandies, Gin, Scotch Whiskey, Jamaica Rum, Old Rye, Syrups and

JOHN A. BITTERS, CONSTANTLY ON HAND, At the New GROCERY STORE, Corner Sussex and York Streets.

Extra Fine Green, Black and Japan Teas, Rio, Java and Turkey Coffee.

—ALSO—

Fine Family and Pastry Flour, Oat and Corn Meal, at the NEW GROCERY STORE, Corner Sussex and York Streets.

J. M. C. DELES DERNIERS, Corner Sussex and York-sts. Ottawa, Nov 29, 1870 1526tf

Groceries, &c.

DENIS WHELAN, 39 RIDEAU STREET, *OTTAWA* HAVING OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT (*nearly opposite the Old Stand,*) Offers for sale at VERY LOW PRICES a large and well selected stock, comprising Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy Soaps, Sauces, Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, Candles, Coarse and Fine Salt. Also, *Bordeaux and other Vinegars* MESS PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS, and numerous other articles necessary to constitute a complete stock.

TEAS—Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial Young Hyson, quite fresh and cheap.

COFFEE—Fresh Coffee *ground* and *roasted* daily on the premises.

LIQUORS—COGNAC BRANDIES Renault & Co, Hennessy, Piper's and other brands.

HOLLAND GIN—De Kuyper's and Houtman's, in wood and bottle.

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ROUSILLON PORT. Received a fresh consignment of this delicious Wine. It is full flavoured, of great body, and guaranteed purity.

ALICANTE. A Sweet Red Wine of delicate flavour and bouquet, invaluable for invalids. This wine has been specially imported as a pure Wine to be used in the Holy Communion. The following gentlemen have kindly allowed their names to be used as references:
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Rev J Beaven, D D, "
Rev G B Read, D.D, "
Rev E Baldwin, "
Rev W S Darling, "
Rev A Williams, "
Rev J D Cayley, "
Rev W H Davis, "
Rev S Bedford Jones, L D D, Ottawa.

—ALSO— A full Stock of Brandies, Gins, Jamaica Rum, Proof and Old Rye Whiskey, Sherries, Still and Sparkling Moselle, Champagne, Malaga, Maderia Malvoisie, Noyau Curacoa, Creme de Menthe, Creme de Moka, Chartreuse, Maraschino, English and Canadian Ales and Porter, &c, &c, &c. J. P. MACPHERSON, Wine Merchant, Elgin Street. Agent for Quelton, St George & Co's pure French Wines. Ottawa, Dec 10, 1870 1535

WM. FOOTE & COMPANY, IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALER —IN— TEAS AND WINES, 6 HOSPITAL STREET MONTREAL. Ottawa August 23, 1870 1444tf

PRESTON & ROWSELL. MILITARY TAILORS —AND— HABIT MAKERS NO. 36 SPARKS STREET A SELECT ASSORTMENT OF *Tweeds, Broad Cloths, Doe Skins, Fancy Coatings, Vestings, &c.* SHIRTS MADE TO ORDER Ottawa, July 25, 1870. PRESTON & ROWSELL. PRESTON & ROWSELL.

For STYLISH SIGN AND HANDSOME WALL PAINTING GO TO THE LANG PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT. A. W. LANG, Sparks Street. No Benzine or Coal Oil used.

NOTICE. LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF ONTARIO, TORONTO, 29th October, 1870. Notice is hereby given, that the last day for receiving Petitions for Private Bills will be WEDNESDAY, the TWENTY-EIGHTH day of DECEMBER next. CHARLES T. GILLMOR, Clerk.

SITUATION WANTED AS FARMER A Married Man, who understands farming in all its departments; has had long experience in Canada. Address ... FARMER, Hull, P.Q.

Dry Goods.

RETAIL ADVERTISEMENT, MAGEE & RUSSELL, SPARKS STREET. Have opened up within the last few days several CASES and BALES Assorted DRY GOODS, to which they respectfully invite attention. Ladies, please observe the following carefully, their being many articles enumerated worthy of Notice:

DRESS DEPARTMENT.	New Tartan Plaids, Brown and Grey Wincies, French Merinoes and de Laines, " Satin Cloths, Black Lustres and Alpacas, Black and Colored Silesias, " and " Casbans, Glove Finished Cambrics.
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HOSIERY & GLOVE DEPARTMENT.	Breakfast Shawls, Fancy Woollen Goods, Ladies Set. Hose, Gent's Underclothing, Kid Mitts and Gloves,
RIBBON AND LACE DEPARTMENT.	Black and Coloured Velvet Ribbons, Tartan Velvet Ribbons, Black and Coloured Silk Ribbons, Tartan Silk Ribbons, New Linen Sets, Black and White Silk Laces, Hair Nets, New Style, Hair Puffs and Rolls, Cambric Handkerchiefs, Cushion Tassels, White Filacelle, Coloured Silk Twists.

Our Stock, for extent, variety, quality and price, stands unrivalled in Ottawa.

MAGEE & RUSSELL. Ottawa, Dec. 8, 1870.

R. L. JAMES & CO. DRESS GOODS. A large assortment worth from 20 to 90 cents, at 15 to 80. A SPECIAL LINE of French Merinos, very cheap. BLACK SILKS, very much under Market value, and considerably lower than present Ottawa prices. MILLINERY. It is now pretty generally known that in this Department, especially the prices, are EXCEEDINGLY MODERATE, AT THE GOLDEN LION. R. L. JAMES & Co.

Woman's Rights.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

SIR:—As the cry for "woman's rights" appears to be the order of the day in the United States, and it is to be feared is about to invade Canada, I beg you will give me space in the columns of your valuable journal to make a few remarks on the subject. We are informed by the ladies who advocate the justice of the movement, that women are to all intents and purposes equal in mind to men; that assumption on their part is the ground on which they take their principle stand, and base their arguments. But we are informed in Holy writ that woman was made a *help* meet, (or fit) for man, not his equal. There are and have been, undoubtedly, women in all ages of vast minds, but it is patent to every one that they have always been the exception. Where among women shall we find a writer like Shakespeare, or Milton? Where a philosopher like Newton? Where a painter like Rubens? Now, had women the mind it must have showed itself in former days, and I scarcely think that the mind of either men or women is better in our own days than ever it was, not even in the "greatest nation in the world." Now, Mr. Editor, I trust you will distinctly understand that I do not mean on any account to desparage or underate the talents of women, used lawfully and in their proper sphere; but this I maintain, that those who would have doctors among women; members of legislative assemblies, preachers in our churches, &c., would place her out of her sphere, and out of that position which God and nature intended her for. The word of God declares it, and nature points us to it every day. Our fair lecturers would forsooth make out their claims somehow, but they cannot quote us scripture in defence, and for the establishment of what they consider their just claims in society. There are, I think, very few of us who profess christianity who would dispute the authority of the apostle Paul, as being an inspired writer. He says, "I would that the young women marry, bear children, *guide the house*"; again, "Giving honor to the wife as unto *the weaker vessel*," and "I suffer not a woman to teach or usurp authority over the man *but to be in subjection*, even as Sarah obeyed Abraham calling him *lord*." He likewise says, "If they will learn anything let them *ask their husbands at home*." This was his idea, and explicit enough, I think it is; and if we are to take the Scripture as the rule of our life, there is no denying the foregoing. But our fair pleaders say, that if women were eligible to all positions they would, through their working, put down, and stamp out many crimes degrading to humanity, and acting against the prosperity of the people and nation. The crime of drunkenness is almost universal and sure to work misery; but it is easier to talk of exterminating an evil than actually to do so; and for my part I consider that even greater evils would follow from women being placed in positions not suitable for them. If they must be doctors, let them be those who will attend only on their own sex, and let not society amongst us British subjects, at all events, be outraged; the study of medicine is one not adapted to what ought to be, the mild and gentle disposition of woman; she who was intended not to saw dead men's bones, and carve their flesh; not represent us in Parliament; not to preach in our churches; but to act as becometh women professing Godliness, let her benign and gentle influence be manifest to all; but especially in her home (which is woman's kingdom), besides which she can do good at home and abroad, without becoming a public character. Our empire, the greatest in the world, and its unequalled government, has been noticed as a proof of woman's capabilities; but our most gracious and beloved Queen is an example, not only to the nation, but to the world, by her confidence in her counsellors, her retiring disposition and domestic habits. Let our women follow her example and they will scarcely go astray.

Apologizing, Mr. Editor, for trespassing so much on your valuable space.

I am,
Your obdt. servant,
J. P.

A Welsh Invitation.

The following is a curious specimen of the formality of Welsh etiquette: Mr. Walter Morton, Mrs. Walter Morton, and Miss Sandys, request the favor of the company of Mr. Charles Morgan, Mrs. Charles Morgan, and Miss Charles Morgan, and the governess, whose name Mr. Walter Morton, Mrs. Walter Morton, and Miss Sandys do not recollect; and Mr. Walter Morton, Mrs. Walter Morton, and Miss Sandys beg to inform Mr. Charle Morgan, Mrs. Charles Morgan, Miss Charles Morgan, and the governess, whose name Mr. Walter Morton, Mrs. Walter Morton, and Miss Sandys do not recollect, that Mr. Walter Morton, Mrs. Walter Morton, and Miss Sandys can accommodate Mr. Charles Morgan, Mrs. Charles Morgan, Miss Charles Morgan, and the governess, whose name Mr. Walter Morton, Mrs. Walter Morton, and Miss Sandys do not recollect, with beds, provided remaining the night should prove agreeable to Mr. Charles Morgan, Mrs. Charles Morgan, Miss Charles Morgan, and the governess, whose name Mr. Walter Morton, Mrs. Walter Morton, and Miss Sandys do not recollect.

LOUIS NAPOLEON AND THE EGLINTON TOURNAMENT.—When the Earl of Eglinton gave his famous tournament at his castle in Ayrshire, Louis Napoleon was one of the guests. Here, it is said, he appeared to advantage, such was the style and costliness of his appointments, and the skill he displayed in horsemanship. His intimacy continued after the marriage of the earl, so that he was occasionally invited to stay with the family. We are told by the author of "Italy and the War of 59" (Julie de Marguerittes) that "the impression he made upon Lady Eglinton and her visitors was that of a quiet, gentlemanly, and inoffensive young man, who contributed nothing to the conversation or amusement of the company. He was skilful at all physical exercises, but very still and silent in a drawing-room, and certainly left no impression of possessing great powers of mind, or extraordinary capacities of any kind. When the ladies withdrew from the table, he was in the habit of leaving; usually proceeding to the nursery, where he had impressed the three young daughters of the countess by a former marriage with a great idea of his talents in all baby plays, such as ball, blind man's buff, &c.; but more especially they remembered his extraordinary genius in making rabbits and shadows on the wall!" Louis Napoleon's reliance on detiny partook of the enthusiasm of religious faith. In 1839 the Earl of——came to visit a friend who had passed some days with Louis at Buchanan House. "Only think of that young man," said he; "nothing can persuade him that he is not to be Emperor of France. The Strasburg affair has not in the least shaken him. He is thinking constantly of what he is to do when he is on the throne." Moreover, he made known, according to some writers, his firm purpose to seize the first opportunity of overthrowing the existing Government, and further the establishment of a Republic in France. "That time, too, sir," he said to a friend, "is as sure to come as the ashes of Napoleon are one day to repose on the banks of the Seine"—although, probably, he was not aware that negotiations were then actually pending between England and France for the removal of the body of the Emperor to the Invalides. This prevailing purpose of his life is confirmed by Sir Archibald Alison, who remarks, "The idea of a destiny, and his having a mission to perform, was throughout a fixed one in Louis Napoleon's mind."

GENERAL NOTES.

Marquis of Lorne plaids are trimmed with black velvet.

A Newark jury have placed the value of a canary bird at $10.

San Francisco has a suit in progress which is conducted by 270 lawyers.

A Jersey girl went to the bottom of a forty foot well after a lost ring, and climbed up on the rope.

Prairie chickens are so numerous in Illinois this season that numbers are killed by flying against the telegraph wires.

At Kingston, Mo., there is a boy who has no ears, and his mother has to "box" the top of his head.

A telegraph operator claims to have discovered a method whereby four despatches can be sent over the wire at once.

The newspapers of Chicago complain that the hack drivers of that city fight, swear, riot and commit other extravagances" when they go to funerals.

A silver shekel, said to have once lain in one of the vaults of King Solomon's temple, is on exhibition at Norwich, Conn.

A fashionable boarding house in Gotham issues a notice to each boarder forbidding him to play the trombone, make love to the servants, or comb his whiskers at the table.

An eccentric gentleman of Nelson county, Ky., named his children as follows: London, Judge, Greek, Wisdom, China, Tequil, Hebrew, Fashion, and Reputable Kingdom.

Dr. Newman reports a spring of natural indelible ink in California. Near it is a spring so acid, that with a little sugar mixed with the water thereof, it makes delicious lemonade, and as such is given to the guests at the hotel as a "cooling beverage."

Mrs. David Cahn, of San Francisco, raffled off a $3,000 set of diamonds to aid the French cause, and her husband drew the prize, though there were three thousand other ticket holders.

A disgusted bill collector invoked the muse with the following result:

No other task that's like the task,
Or Sisyphus but one!
My labor I must still perform,
Although 'tis always dun.

At a christening, while the minister was making his certificate, he required the day of the month, and happened to say, "Let me see, this is the 30th." "The thirtieth," exclaimed the indignant mother, "indeed but its only the thirteenth!"

Frank Eschrich, a wealthy citizen of Danville Penn., and at one time Mayor of that city, recently met with a sad fate through the marriage of his daughter with a young man who had been forbidden to correspond with her. On hearing that the ceremony was about to be performed at New Britain, Conn., Mr. Eschrich hastened to that place but not reaching it in time to prevent a consummation he became insane, and subsequently, on his return home, jumped from the train and was instantly killed.

At a raffle held in Welland a few evening's ago, a question arose upon which those present were pretty equally divided. The raffle was for two horses, the highest throw to take choice of horse, and the next highest the other horse. In the throwing (with dice) three persons threw 44 and one threw 42, the next highest, and the dispute was, should the three who threw 44 throw off for the one or both of the horses; should the second highest number, 42, take the second horse, or had he no claim? A question for sporting men—some of whom decided at once on one side and some on the other.

Alexander Dumas.

Alexander Dumas was 68 years of age when he died. The son of a French Republican General, and the grandson of a Haytian negro girl, he exhibited, with the single exception of color, in a marked degree the characteristics of his African ancestry. The greater part of his works are probably already forgotten, which is the penalty of hasty composition, but from those that survive, it would be easy to select a dozen or more which, measured by the popularity they have enjoyed, may be pronounced among the most successful efforts of French imaginative literature. He began to write for the stage when a boy of eighteen, and in Vaudeville, comedy, or tragedy showed equal facility. "Antony," the "Tour de Nesle," and "Mlle. de Belle Isle," are considered his best plays. From dramatic composition he naturally turned his attention to novel writing, and in this department his productions are predigious in number and of unequal merit; but the "Three Mousquetaires," and its successive sequels, the fascinating "Count of Monte Christo," "Margaret of Anjou," the "Vicomte Bragelone," and the "Memoirs of a Physician," all of which have been widely read in this country through the medium of translations, suffice to show that, as a novelist merely, had he chosen to write with care, and not to sacrifice finish and elaboration to the demands of the journals to which he contributed, and to his own luxurious appetites, he might have reached perhaps the formost place in historical romance. To these works must be added numerous volumes of travels, historical sketches, newspaper essays and miscellanies, and above all his "Memoirs," commenced in 1852, and abounding in egotistical but amusing sketches of French literary history during the restoration and under the Orleans dynasty.

PERSONAL.

Weston having failed as a pedestrian, has fallen back upon the usual resource with Americans, viz: lecturing, for which he is in no way qualified. Surratt the conspirator is also on a lecturing tour.

Rev. Canon Balch preached his farewell sermon in Christ Church Cathedral, Montreal, on Sunday evening last.

Princess Louise recently sang at a private *musicale* a new ballet by Barnett, called "The Parted." The young Marquis of Lorne sang Gound's "Empress of my Soul."

Hon. John Young, and Mr. Hogan of the St. Lawrence Hall, Montreal, are staying at the Grand Central Hotel, New York.

It is said that Victor Emmanuel will enter Rome on the 8th of January.

General Phil. Sheridan does not appear to appreciate the happiness of being a fellow citizen of the Civis Romanus, George Francis Train. The King of Greece, an American paper states, when he gave a reception to General Sheridan, expressed his gratification at being able to take by the hands a countryman of George Francis Train. The General concealed his disgust in presence of royalty, as became a man of politeness, but the moment he retired he turned to his aid and said;—"If you have no objection, Colonel, we will hereafter travel in the disguise of Kaffirs. One more such reception as that would kill me."

Twenty years experience in using Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers have proved them to be the most effectual remedy for coughs, and irritation of the throat, caused by cold, or unusual exertion of the vocal organs; public speakers and singers will find them most beneficial. The entire freedom from all deleterious ingredients renders Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers, or Cough and Voice Lozenges, a safe remedy for the most delicate person, and has caused them to be held in high esteem by all who have used them. Sold by all medicine dealers at 25cts. per box.

Devlin's Fur Depot

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Card of Thanks—Satchell Bros.
Notice to Contractors—F. Braun.
Bazaar in Aid of the Protestant Benevolent Society.

TO THE PUBLIC.

Mr. J. G. DAVIS *is authorized to receive advertisements and subscriptions for* THE TIMES. *Now that we are about* ENLARGING THE SIZE *of* THE TIMES *and introducing other improvements, advertisers should take advantage of the increased circulation which it will at once be certain to obtain. In other directions, as well as in Ottawa, we are making exertions to extend our subscription list and to add to the value of* THE TIMES *as an advertising medium.*

The Ottawa Times.

Office—38 Sparks Street.

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 21, 1870.

Interesting reading matter see First and Fourth Pages.

The Board of Trade of Toronto, in reply to the enquiries of the Canal Commission recommend the enlargement of the Welland Canal to such an extent as to admit the largest class of vessels now engaged in the carrying trade between Chicago and Buffalo. They also strongly recommend the enlargement of the St. Lawrence canals, and the deepening of the same to admit of vessels passing through drawing 12½ feet of water.

The New York *World* says: Poor Butler and poor Grant have made themselves the butts of jokes, good, bad, and numberless. The last rumor is that the hero of Fort Fisher and confiscator-in-chief of chivalric albata has declared the malicious placing of the Niagara Falls and other obstructions of a similar nature in the St Lawrence a *casus belli*, and threatens that unless England abrogates the falls, the sturdy fishermen of Gloucester will let loose a million of Alabamas on British ships, and sweep the commerce of England to annihilation.

We notice that a few persons, calling themselves Candian Unionists, have lately held a meeting in New York with a view to the annexation of this country to the United States. The work was commenced by one Walsh, who played a fantasia from "William Tell" upon the fiddle, his music being declared to be typical of the manner in which Canada is to be betrayed into the hands of the Yankees. Then one Mr. Pierre Blanchet read a paper on Canadian affairs, which seems to have been simply an editorial from the Toronto *Globe* "boiled down." We see that the New York papers ridicule the whole affair, as it deserves. They perfectly understand that Canada is not to be *tiddled* out of the Empire.

TRYING TO RALLY THE GRITS.

The *Globe* of Monday last expressed the opinion that if the Grits do not mean the coming contest to go against them, it is about time that they were up and doing. Mr. Brown is evidently rather disgusted with the lack of enthusaism evinced by his vassals. They do not display that ready alacrity to gird on the panoply of political warfare and prepare themselves for the coming strife, which he hoped for and depended upon. They do not "close up their ranks" as they ought, and organize in town and country as he has commanded them to do. The great Factionist has evidently also but a poor opinion of the political morality of his followers. He is haunted by the constant dread of their being "bought." All kinds of allurements will, according to the *Globe*, be made use of by the Government with a view to the purchase of the Brownite rank and file. The promise of the drainage of certain swamps, and the construction of certain railways, are to be the golden baits held forth to tempt them from their allegiance, together with a liberal amount of "nods, and winks, and wreathed smiles." It is sad to find what a terribly unprincipled and selfish set these Grits are, according to the *Globe*. All of them, or almost all of them, are ready to be bought, and to be made "corruptionists." What a nice Opposition Mr. Brown has organized! The chief has no confidence in his followers, and the followers no confidence in their chief.

The *Globe* expatiates upon the visit of Sir John A. Macdonald to Toronto as a crime of the greatest magnitude. How dare he come to that city on a visit to an old personal and political friend at a time when the Legislature was sitting? How dare he when the *Globe* had declared him to be incapable of any exertion, utterly broken down in health, &c., venture to show himself and prove to the people of Toronto that Mr. Brown's organ had told a despicable falsehood? Was ever such "corruption" heard of as this? Of course according to the *Globe* it was perfectly right for Mr. Mackenzie the leader of the Dominion Opposition to be present in Toronto at such a time. He might be present at the opening of the Legislature, might sit and listen to its debates, and even indulge in a long political oration in the Music Hall. There was no danger of Mr. Mackenzie's "nods and winks and wreathed smiles" doing any harm to any one, nor anything improper in his being at Mr. Blake's right hand to arrange the details of the campaign. But for the Premier to be there on a private visit, was, according to Mr. Brown's organ, the quintessence of all that is corrupt and disgraceful!

The *Globe* assures the Grits that "the issue before the electors of the country is an important one," though it does not go so far as to inform them what that issue is. To expect that it should do so, would be expecting too much. In Mr. Brown's name the *Globe's* readers are assured that the issue is "important" and that should suffice them. The puppets which he seeks to make of the electors of Ontario must not expect to be treated like reasonable beings gifted with intelligence and common sense. All they have to do is to vote as they are told, and believe all the unfounded statements and base falsehoods they read in the *Globe* concerning our leading public men. That is their business; let them keep to it or beware the crack of Mr. Brown's editorial whip! If they venture to think for themselves, to form an opinion of their own and, as a natural consequence, refuse any longer to serve in the ranks of Faction, they may rely upon it that the *Globe* will declare they have been "bribed" and "bought."

We think, however, that we can show what is the real nature of the issue before the country? The issue is between a progressive Government dealing with the questions of the hour, carrying out the principles of Confederation in their entirety and animated by a sincere desire to preserve the Colonial Union and the connection with the Mother Country intact; and a set of men in Ontario who, desiring power and office, are willing, in order to obtain it, to form a coalition with the present avowed enemies of Confederation and British connection. With such an issue as this before them Mr. Brown will not be able to rally many of the loyal "Reformers" of Ontario around him.

THE IMPERIAL GOVERNMENT AND THE CANADIAN FISHERIES.

We see that an article from the Montreal *Daily News* is being copied extensively by American journals, with the view of showing that the people of this country are thoroughly dissatisfied with the conduct of the Imperial Government, and that we have no reason to believe that in the event of trouble about the Fisheries, England would stand by us as in justice and in honour she is bound to do. It will be remembered that a day or two after the delivery of President Grant's message an item appeared in the cable telegram stating, in effect, that Great Britain would not assist Canada in protecting the fisheries. Although it was generally understood that the telegram referred to was the work of the inventive genius whose business it is to prepare sensational despatches of this kind for the American public, and although the Montreal *Gazette* and other journals pointed out how obviously unfounded it was, the *News* seems to have regarded it as being of sufficient importance to form the subject of an editorial, the apparent object of which was to render its readers dissatisfied, and to make them believe that the Government and people of the mother country are false and recreant to the trust reposed in them. We have no hesitation in saying that in this matter the *News* does not represent the opinion of either the Government or people of Canada. So far as the Government are concerned, their policy with regard to the protection of the fisheries has been endorsed and approved of by the Imperial authorities, and the fact has been made public on more than one occasion Under such circumstances it is in the highest degree imprudent and unpatriotic for any journal to take a cable telegram, the *animus* of which is apparent, and try to induce the public to believe that the Imperial Government are not prepared to maintain our rights under the treaty of 1818. Considering that many of the seizures complained of have been made by Imperial cruisers, and that a number of vessels of the Royal navy have been employed during the summer in protecting our fisheries, it is hardly likely that the Imperial Government would condemn the action of which they have not only approved, but in which they have participated.

THE COAL TAX.

We give below, a comparative table, showing the price of coal in Quebec since May, 1866. The coal tax does not appear to have done much towards increasing the price. In fact, as will be seen, coal is now cheaper in Quebec than it ever was before.

Price of Common Steam Coals at Quebec Since May, 1866.

MONTH	1866 — Per Chaldron of 1¼ ton.	1867 — Per Chaldron of 1¼ ton.	1868 — Per Chaldron of 1¼ ton.	1869 — Per Chaldron of 1¼ ton.	1870 — Per Chaldron of 1¼ ton.
May........	$6	$6	$5	$4.20 to $4.50	$4 60 to $5.00
June.......	$6	$6 25	$4.00 to $4.50	$4.00 to $5.00	$4 80 to $4 90
July.......	$6 25	$6 50	$4 75	$5	$4.80 to $5.00
August.....	$5	$6	$4 25 to $4.50	$4 50	$5 00
September..	$4 60	$5 50 to $6 50	$4 10 to $4.50	$4 40 to $5.00	$4 50
October....	$4 25 to $5.00	$5 25 to $5.75	$3 50 to $4.20	$4.50 to $4.75	$4 00
November...	$5	$5.50	$3.75 to $4.10	$4.75	$3 00 to $4.00

MARRIAGE OR DEATH.

In the town of Ironton, (Ohio,) there dwells a young woman of pleasing appearance, named McQuigg. Among all the leading belles of the locality there was none whose waterfall was larger, or whose general "make up" was more thoroughly *comme il faut* than hers. Consequently it is no wonder that her hand was sought in marriage by more than one ambitious Irontonian gallant. Among others there was one who, more happily favoured than all the rest, won the heart and was promised the hand of the adorable McQuigg In the course of his acquaintance with her however, the young gentleman discovered that in addition to other gifts and attractions with which nature had provided her, Miss McQuigg had a temper. The enraptured swain became alarmed, his attentions grew less marked, his passion cooled perceptibly, and after a time he ceased altogether to visit the mansion of the McQuigg's. Thereupon the lovely Miss McQuigg, like the daring, free, and independent daughter of America that she is, sailed forth with a revolver in her pocket, and, meeting her recreant lover on the street, demanded that he should at once marry her, and, upon his refusing, then and there shot him dead. To the everlasting disgrace of American republicanism she was arrested for so doing, and actually incarcerated in the common jail; but when she was brought up for trial, twelve free and independent citizens, filled with that native, inborn gallantry which seems inherent in the breasts of those whose home is 'in the setting sun,'' declared incontinently that Miss McQuigg was not guilty and she was at once set at liberty amid the cheers of the audience. We should think so. A lovely and accomplished American woman arrested for merely shooting and killing a man who had the audacity to refuse to marry her when she demanded that he should do so! The next thing will be that we shall hear of an American citizen who has five or six votes at his disposal being strung up if he happens to kill a fellow creature in a thoughtless moment. If such things as these were to be allowed, what would be the good of Republicansim and of an Elective Judiciary?

It seems probable that the commencement of the new King of Spain's reign will be marked by one gratifying circumstance, viz.: the termination of the long protracted rebellion in Cuba. The King is said to have offered the following conditions:

First—Emancipation unconditional and immediate.

Second—A complete restoration to civil and property rights, including a revisal of all confiscations.

Third—A guarantee of religious freedom, liberty of the press, of meeting, and speech.

Fourth—Equal representation for Cuba in the Cortes as that accorded to other Provinces of Spain.

Fifth—A colonial autonomy similar to that existing between Great Britain and the British North American Provinces.

Sixth—The removal by the Home Government of all offensive officials.

The Cuban rebels can scarcely be so foolish as to reject such terms as these, although, no doubt, what few thorough going traitors there are among them in the shape of annexationists, will not be satisfied with anything short of the annexation of the island to the United States.

NEW BOOKS.

We have received from Messrs. Thompson and Jones the December numbers of *London Society* and *Temple Bar*; also the Christmas number of *London Society*. These magazines are such standard favorites with the public that our meed of praise is almost superfluous. *Temple Bar* contains the commencement of a new serial by the favorite authoress Mrs. Edwards, entitled "Ought we to visit her," and the opening chapters give promise of an interesting novel in her most vivacious style. The paper on a visit to Charles Dickens, by Hans Christian Anderson, is very pleasing in its reminiscences of the great author, and the story called "The invisible eye," a weird German tale, we can recommend to all lovers of marvellous nightmare inspiring invention. The continuing chapters of two serials and several shorter sketches make this altogether a very readable magazine. The Christmas number of *London Society* is full of delightful stories and sketches, all relating in some way to this festive season of the year, and contributed by some of our liveliest writers. This is a most entertaining number, surpassing in interest any hitherto published, and will. doubtless, be a welcome guest at many firesides during the long evenings of the holidays. *London Society* for December contains the usual amount of light and entertaining reading. "Riddles of Love" is brought to a happy conclusion, to the satisfaction of most of the characters. There is a lively little paper on "Beer," which we recommend to the perusal of our tee-total friends, and the Piccadilly papers are as pleasing and chatty as ever. The programme for *London Society* for the coming year is an excellent one, and will doubtless secure for its enterprising and clever editor a large increase of subscribers.

SUMMARY.

DOMINION.

A brute in Orchardville bit another brute's nose off in a scrimmage.

The river St. Charles is not yet frozen. The usual time is the middle of November.

Goderich and Seaforth journals squabble about the terminus of the proposed new railway.

We regret to hear of the wreck of the ship *Echo* in the Bay of Fundy. All the crew lost. The schooner *Pacific* was wrecked on the 5th inst.

Mr. W. Thomson, absconding Internal Revenue Collector, is said to be working in the mines in California.

The by law to grant a bonus to the Grand Junction Railway failed by only one vote to pass the Peterboro' County Council.

On Saturday last the trains on the Great Western Railway between Toronto and Hamilton, not running in consequence of the rails being up, the proprietors of the Toronto *Telegraph* chartered a special steamer for the delivery of their paper in Hamilton, beating the *Globe* by about two hours. Such enterprize deserves support.

The remains of a man were found last week across the boundary line between Maine and Canada, in a piece of woods where formerly lumbering operations were carried on. There was only the skeleton, some brass buttons, and a pair of army shoes on the bones of the feet, remaining. It is supposed that some bounty jumper, as long ago as during the war, in the act of deserting, lost his way in the woods, and there, through fatigue, hunger, and exposure, perished.

It is in contemplation to use the surplus water power at the foot of the Cornwall Canal for the purposes of Cotton, Bobbin, and Tweed Factories—also of a Machine Shop. The Cornwall Manufacturing Company is in treaty for the purchase of additional land, and as all the stock required to carry out these projects is already taken up, building operations will commence early in the Spring. There is a talk of from 1,200 to 1,500 operatives being introduced from Manchester, (Eng.) and Lowell (Mass.)

We have been informed of an accident which occurred in the Township of Minto, on Sunday evening, 11th inst., whereby an elderly lady named Mrs. Sinclair received such injuries as to cause her death. Deceased, who resided with her son, Mr. Robert Sinclair, had gone up stairs upon some household business, and in returning mistook the proper direction and fell through an opening in the upper floor to the floor beneath. Shortly after being taken up she became unconscious, and so remained until her death, which took place on the Thursday following.

The Halifax *Reporter* says: We have just been shown a telegram received to day from Pictou County, announcing the discovery of the McBean seams on the adjoining area known as the St. Lawrence property belonging to Mr. Haliburton These seams in question, which are six feet and eight feet thick, are of very superior quality, and their extension over a considerable extent of country is of importance to the mining interests of that county. All that is needed by our mining friends is a good market, and that is likely to be opened up before many months elapse. In the meantime the less we hear of annexation the better. It does no good, and any amount of harm to our mining interests by leading the Americans to hope that we can be starved into amiability.

GREAT BRITAIN.

On November 28, great excitement was occasioned at Tyne Dock, South Shields, upon it being discovered that Her Majesty's large, iron-plate frigate *Triumph*, fitting out at that place was on fire. How the fire originated is not at present known, but the damage will be very considerable, and amount to a large sum. The fire originated in a store-room, wherein was kept a quantity of oakum, which by some means caught fire, and speedily spread to the whole of the fittings that were in process of being made for the store-rooms, seamen's berth, and other apartments at the fore end of the frigate.

Penny dinners of Australian meat have been resumed in Norton Folgate, London.

A football match between representatives of England and Scotland was lately played at the Oval, London. The result was in favour of England, whose players scored, however, only one goal. The game was splendidly contested. On the side of Scotland Mr. Arthur E. Kinnaird particularly distinguished himself.

Mr. A. B. Richards was appointed editor of the *Morning Advertiser*, as successor to Mr. Grant. Mr. Richards is a son of the late member for Pontefract, and is well known through his connection with the Volunteer movement.

OTHER COUNTRIES.

As much as £80 is readily given for a passage from Paris in one of the Nadar balloons.

A dramatization of the capture of Strasburg is very popular in Germany.

Another steamer left New York on Thursday with men and arms for the relief of France.

A telegraphic cable had been completed between Singapore and Batavia.

Type founding and electrotyping have now, for the first time, been introduced into Japan.

Garibaldi seems to have made more enemies than friends in France. His expulsion of the Jesuit Fathers from Dole appears to have been most unjustifiable.

Red trousers are no longer to be worn in the Belgian army. At present the similarity of the uniform to that of the French troops has occasionally exposed them to the fire of Prussian troops, who mistook them for enemies.

Olive Logan wore a blue silk dress, *en panier*, with overskirt and close fitting basque of blue velvet, when she lectured on "The Passions," in Washington.

The architect of the Strasbourg cathedral estimates the damages it has sustained at 1.500,000 francs, a sum which seems enormous, although the fabric is far more injured than might be concluded from a superficial examination.

Bordeaux, the new capital of the French provisional authorities, is noted for the Bourbon sympathies of its population.

A gun of unique kind has been sent from Krupp's foundry to the army before Paris. It is a cast-steel gun five feet in length, the interior of the barrel being one and a half inches in diameter. It reposes on a column, and may be turned and fired in any direction. It is to operate against the balloons leaving Paris.

Places of shelter have been erected on the ramparts at Paris, at short intervals, for the National Guard on duty. These places have fires, and are protected overhead by iron bars, strong enough to resist the fall of a shell.

The Cincinnati *Enquirer* humbly says; "A typographical error of importance occurred in that portion of the message, published yesterday, which said that the course pursued by the Canadian authorities toward the Irishmen of the United States has not been marked by friendly feeling." The word *Irishmen* should be *Fishermen*.

Much amusement was created last Sunday, in the village of Babylon, L. I., by the pastor of the Methodist Church there requesting a prosy old exhorter to cease his remarks so that some one else might have a chance.

The original Cardiff Giant has been seized at Buffalo, and held for debt.

Social Chit Chat.

An English gold sovereign is now the fashionable ornament for the watch chain among gentlemen in of lieu lockets. It is both neat and genteel.

Buff, green, blue and pink note paper and envelopes are now in vogue among the fair sex, and crests are superseding monograms almost entirely.

Steel ear-rings are now the fashion. They are fastened to the ear by a spring, and have the appearance of a small gold dot inserted into the flesh. They are popular among ladies, inasmuch as it is not necessary to pierce the ears.

The portrait of a lovely New York girl, well known in society, will appear in the January *Galaxy*. It is the first of a series of portraits of beautiful women in the different cities of the Union which are to be given as "Types of American Beauty."

It is said that if a woman would paint the skin of the face blue at the corners of the eyes for a small space, shading off in the direction of the ear, it would give a languishing softness to the countenance, and make the greatest of shrews look lovely, mild, and meek.

A Madison (Wis.) paper says: A well known citizen of this place married B, a divorced woman; B got a divorce from A; A then married C, who had also been divorced. C's daugeter, D, then living with C, got a divorce, A's daughter's husband got a divorce and married D.

Says the *Court Journal*: "Dejazet danced before the allied sovereigns, when they entered Paris in 1815, and even then she was well known as a celebrity of the Prussian stage. Seventy odd is the lowest estimate of her age; and yet every night this septuagenarian lady acts boys' parts with a marvellous imitation of youth. The voice is a little cracked, and the figure has lost its roundness, and the wrinkles come out when the light falls strongly upon the powdered face. But still even the most ill-natured critic cannot say that Dejazet looks like an old woman."

Minister Thornton has received notice of a remittance from England of nearly $5,000 in aid of the widows and orphans of the crew of the United States frigate *Oneida*, which vessel will be remembered, was sunk, with nearly all on board, by the British steamer *Bombay*. The sum was contributed by seventy British subscribers, headed by the Earl of Shaftsbury, Earl Clarendon and the Rothschilds. The money will be apportioned by Mr. Thornton at his discretion on application made to him by parties interested.

One of the most important affairs of late in London has been the production of a new extravaganza at the Vaudeville, written by F. C. Burnand, Esq., entitled "Elizabeth; or the Don, the Duck, the Drake, and the Invisible Armada." The piece is said to be an exceedingly clever burlesque on the principal characters of the days of Queen Bess, in connection with the invasion of England by Philip of Spain. The scenery is remarkably fine, and represents Tilbury Fort, the Royal Garden at Richmond, and the state cabin and quarter deck of the Royal Bess. Of course the extravaganza is replete with music and dancing, and will, of course, ere long, be transplanted to this country.

The Chicago *Times*, anticipating the appearance of Miss Nilsson in the city of its publication, makes out a bill of what it will cost a young man to take his inamorata to one of her concerts, and makes a total of $48 05, the items being: Carriage hire, $10; two seats in dress-circle, $8; gloves, $4; necktie, $2.50; Nilsson monogram handkerchief, $2.25; a bottle of Nilsson bouquet, $1.25; one hand bouquet, $3.75; shave, with tonic and bay rum, 25 cents; dyeing mustache, 75 cents; toilet vinegar on face, 10 cents; extra shine, 15 cents; photograph of Nilsson, 50 cents; "Life of Nilsson," 25 cents; fees in cloak-room, 50 cents; candy, 50 cents; supper for two, $6 40; wine, $5; loss of day's salary in pursuit of tickets, $1.50; one glass of beer after seeing her home, 5 cents; one paper of chewing tobacco, 10 cents; fare on horse cars home, 5 cents. Now if such a bill as that will not terrify the Chicago Sybarite whose average salary is $1.50 a day, and make him pray heaven that Nilsson may never come, Chicago employers would do well to look after their cash accounts.

Latest by Telegraph.

VIA MONTREAL.

TORONTO.

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY.

TORONTO, Dec. 20.

The Speaker took the chair at 3.10 p.m.

After routine

Mr. Williams (Durham) introduced a Bill to authorize the Midland Railway of Canada to consolidate its mortgages and for other purposes.

Mr. Coyne introduced a Bill to incorporate the Streetsville and Port Credit Railway Company.

Mr. McGill introduced a Bill to amend the laws relating to the sale of personal property.

Mr. Blake introduced a Bill to amend the registration of titles under the Ontario Act.

The above bills were read a first time.

On motion of Mr. Scott (Grey) leave of absence was granted to Mr. Hooper, of Addington, for five days, on account of ill-health.

Mr. Cameron presented replies to addresses for information concerning the Bank accounts of the Provinces, and the different institutions, &c.

Mr. Richards moved that the House go into Committee of the Whole to consider the resolutions: "That in the opinion of the House it is expedient that the Lieutenant-Governor in Council should have authority to reduce the price of any crown or clergy land sold previously to July 1867, when it shall appear that such lands have been sold at prices beyond their fair value, and that such prices remain unpaid. Also, to make such abatement on the arrears of interest upon the unpaid instalments of the purchase money of any Crown or Clergy land sold prior to the said date as may appear equitable and just, and also by order in Council to confer such authority upon the Commissioner of Crown Lands.

Second—"That such reduction and abatement should be confined to cases in which the purchasers from the Crown or those claiming under these are in occupation of such lands, as actual settlers and residents thereon."

Hon. J. S. McDonald moved the second reading of the Bill to make the members of the Law Society of Ontario to be elected by the Bar thereof. He explained that the object of the Bill was to provide a more satisfactory mode than the present one for controlling the affairs of the Society.

Mr. Blake rose to a point of order on the ground that this was a private Bill, and could not be introduced by the Attorney General.

Hon. J. S. McDonald submitted to the objection, and withdrew the Bill.

Hon. J. S. McDonald moved the second reading of the Controverted Election Bill.

Mr. McKellar approved of the measure.

Mr Boyd taunted the Government with having slavishly followed the English measure on the same subject.

Hon. Mr. Wood accused Mr. Boyd of having never given expression to an original idea in the House.

Mr. Thomas Ferguson said the way to prevent corruption was to pass a law compelling every man to vote.

Mr. Blake asked what would Mr. Ferguson do in case an unfortunate voter could not make up his mind as to which candidate he should vote for (laughter).

The Bill was read a second time and ordered to be referred to a Committee of the Whole on Friday.

In reply to Mr. McColl (Elgin) the Hon. Sandfield McDonald said it was not the intention of the Government to introduce a Bill to amend the Jury law.

In reply to Mr. McKellar Hon. Mr. Carling said the Government intended to submit some amendments to the Drainage Act of 1869. They were not prepared at present to say what such amendments would be.

The House rose at 4:40, p.m.

QUEBEC.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

QUEBEC, Dec. 20.

In the assembly to-day the Hon. Mr. Robertson's License Bill passed through committee. In the evening sitting several private bills were pushed one stage, among which was the third reading of the incorporation of the town of Levis.

There is a rumor of the intended resignation of Mr. Treasurer Robertson.

The Quebec Legislature will certainly be prorogued on Saturday next.

There was a fire last night in St. Rochs. Two wooden buildings were destroyed.

Sergeant Major Moles, who first drilled our volunteers, and instructed our police under Lord Durham, was buried to-day.

The Quebec Curling Club had their first game yesterday.

The Court of Queen's Bench closed to-day.

London Markets.

LONDON, 11:30 a.m., Dec. 20.—Consols 91⅞ to 92; Bonds 62 to 88⅞ '65; Old 88½ '67, 87¼; 10.40's 87½; Erie 19¾. Illinois Central, 110; G. W., 28¾.

Liverpool Markets.

LIVERPOOL, 11:30 a.m., Dec. 20—Cotton steady; Uplands 8¼; Orleans 8⅝.

Breadstuffs dull and unchanged.

Wheat New spring, 10d. to 1s.; Old do, 9d. to 10d.; No. 2 Red Western Winter, 7d. to 10d.

Corn, 31s. 3d.

New York Markets.

NEW YORK, 20th.—Gold steady 110⅞ to 110⅞, at which it opened and closed.

Government bonds steady; stocks very weak; money easy at 6 and 7.

Cotton 15½ to 16¾.

Flour quiet, without change; receipts, 12,000 barrels; sales, 9 000 at $5.20 to $5.40; Super. State and Western, $5 85 to $6.50; Common to Choice, Extra State, $5 60 to $6 50: Common to Choice, Extra Western.

Rye Flour steady at $4 00 to $4.50.

Wheat firm; receipts, 8,000 bushels; sales, 51,000 bushels; at $1.36 to $1.37; New No. 1, Spring, $1 43 to $1.45; Winter Red and Amber Western, 152 bushels White Michigan.

Rye dull; receipts, 500 bushels; sales, 300 bushels; State at $1.10; Common steady; receipts. 1,060 bushels; sales, 34,000 bushels, at 73c. to 74c., for New Mixed Western.

Barley dull; sales, 500 bushels; New State at 80c.

Oats dull; receipts, 18,000 bushels; sales, 18,000; now at 59 to 61c. for Western and Ohio.

Pork quiet, at $19.25 to 19.37 for New Mess, and $18.50 for Old Mess.

Lard dull. at 11½c. to 12½c. for Steam, 12½c for kettle rendered.

Butter steady.

Cheese queit.

THE WAR.

Midnight Despatches.

CABLE NEWS.

FIGHTING AT A STAND STILL AROUND PARIS.

LONDON,—noon—Dec. 20.—Later advices have been received from Paris. There has been no fighting around the city since the 1st of December.

NEWS FROM THE OUTSIDE WORLD.

The people of Paris had received news from the outside world up to the 11th inst. Soldiers and citizens were undismayed.

ORDER PREVAILS.

Public order was perfect, and stores ample for several months.

A BATTLE AT NUITS.

Advices have been received here, announcing that the Germans stormed Nuits in the department of Cote d'Orr, on the 18th. The French withdrew at night-fall. The Germans lost 300 killed and wounded, among the wounded was Prince William, of Baden, who was shot through the cheek.

RESIGNATION OF MR. BRIGHT.

Mr. John Bright has resigned the Presidency of the Board of Trade.

The full text of President Grant's Message was published here to-day for the first time.

THE "TIMES" ON PRESIDENT GRANT'S MESSAGE.

The *Times*, in its comments, says that if the President expects England to take the initiative for re opening negotiations he will be disappointed. It was the Americans who rejected the last settlement, and that settlement was framed at Washington

BISMARCK'S NOTE.

BRUSSELS, Dec. 20.—The Government has declined to publish Bismarck's note or the answer thereto.

CONFERENCE OF NEUTRAL POWERS.

NEW YORK, 20th.—A London despatch says a private despatch to the Manchester *Guardian* from Berlin says a Conference of the representatives of the neutral powers has been held at the Foreign Office here, at which the following basis for peace was agreed to.

1 Acquiescence to the annexation of Luxemburg to Prussia.

2. Recognition of the German Empire.

3. Payment by France of an indemnity to Germany of 12 000,000,000 francs.

4. Razing two fortresses on the German frontier, and the cession of a portion of Alsace

The Conference on the Eastern question, it is now understood, will meet here some time in January.

KING WILLIAM'S REPLY.

BERLIN, Dec. 20.—King William at Versailles, in reply to the address from the delegation from Reichstag, returned thanks for the supplies voted for the prosecution of the war, and signified his acceptance of the title of Emperor.

THE PRUSSIAN DESIGNS UPON LUXEMBURG.

The *Kreuzzertung* denies that Prussia has any designs upon Luxemburg, and affirms that Prussia has resolved to submit to arbitration her complaints relative to the violation of neutrality by the Government of the Duchy, with a view to claim indemnity

6,000 PRISONERS AND A TOWN CAPTURED.

LONDON, Dec. 20.—The French forces attacked by Wender, at Nuits, were in large numbers, and held a strong position. The Germans captured 6,000 prisoners together with the town.

The French were pursued southward.

FRENCH DEFEATED.

A French force 10,000 strong have been defeated at Perslay and Fontenelle.

COMMODORE ASHBURY'S RECEPTION.

Commodore Ashbury received a warm reception upon his arrival at Liverpool from New York.

ALABAMA CLAIMS.

The Manchester *Post* in an article on the *Alabama* claims, refers to the services to the United States at the British Court, of Charles Francis Adams and Reverdy Johnson, and says the present attitude of America is condemned by the record of her own Ministers.

AN AMERICAN CAPTAIN MANUFACTURING TORPEDOES.

An American naval Captain is at Constantinople manufacturing torpedoes and other materials of war.

KING OF HOLLAND'S LETTER.

Luxemburg 20th.—The King of Holland in a letter to the Government of Luxemburg says: Let us together defend the treaty of 1867 and the honor and independence of the Duchy.

London, 20th.—The decree of opening the French coasting trade to all nations is due to the obstruction of the railway, especially in North Eastern France.

It is said by the Coulonge *Gazette* that Havre is exempt from the blockade by the French government.

GEN. GLUMER WOUNDED.

Gen. Glumer was wounded in battle at Meitz on Friday.

KING OF WURTEMBURG'S SPEECH.

Stuttgart, 20th—The King of Wurtemburg at the opening of the Chambers referred to the glorious success of the German arms and urged the depuiies to recognise in the Federal treaties, lately concluded. scope for the developement of the nation and her institutions.

A bill will be introduced at once authorising taxation to further war measures and for the completion of railways.

RUMORED CAPTURE OF THE VICE-PRESIDENT OF CUBA.

A rumor, which is not confirmed, has spread that a Spanish gunboat had captured the Cuban Vice-President Angilexias.

IMPOSSIBLE TO BOMBARD PARIS.

NEW YORK, Dec. 20.—The *World's* Versailles correspondent of the 15th says: It will be impossible ever to bombard Paris effectually.

The anxiety of the Germans for peace is intense.

The German troops are on the point of mutiny.

There is good food and plenty of it in Paris for three months subsistence. Rats are eaten only on wagers and for pastime.

The French have in position guns capable of throwing shells through the King's palace, and driving the Germans from the works east and north of Versailles.

FIGHTING ON THE BANKS OF THE LOIRE—CHAUSEY RETIRING SLOWLY.

The *World's* Correspondent with the 10th Corps at Vendome, of the 18th, says, after severe fighting on the 14th, 15th, 16th and 17th on both banks of the Loire, the Germans now occupy Freteral, Vendome and Ebinsay. Chausey is retiring slowly and in tolerable order, hoping to join the 21st Corps under Juares, and other troops near Lemans and Conlie. The fighting is tedious and bloody, and the Germans need rest.

CHATEAU RENAULT THREATENED.

London, 5 p. m.—Prussian columns yesterday threatened Chateau Renault 15 miles North-West of Tours.

GERMANY IN NEED OF COAL.

Germany is suffering from the scarcity of coal The working of many of the mines has ceased, the miners having been drafted into the army.

A TOBACCO LOAN.

It is expected Spain will presently introduce a tobacco loan in the London market.

FEARS FOR THE SAFETY OF THE DUKE OF AOSTA—HIS EFFIGY BURNT—SPLIT IN THE SPANISH ARMY—SERIOUS TROUBLE APPREHENDED.

NEW YORK, Dec. 20.—The *Herald's* London special says:

"A despatch from Madrid states that from several points there is determined opposition to the Duke of Aosta as King, and that there is every indication that the reign of the Duke will be short. The supporters of the Prince acknowledge that the have great fear of his safety, and express the belief that should he venture to tread Spanish soil he will never reach Madrid alive. It is reported publicly that there is a sworn league to shoot him. At Malaga, in a street procession, an effigy of the Duke was burnt. Another despatch states that manifestations are taking place against having any foreign prince as king. There is a great split in the army. Several naval officers are imprisoned for disobeying orders. The general feeling is that there will be a civil war, and it is clear that serious trouble is expected. Despite all the threatenings the royal palaces are being prepared for the reception of the King.

NEWS FROM PARIS.

The *Times* Paris correspondent of the 12th says, we have arrived at starvation point. The supply of meat will last but a few days To save fuel many inhabitants remain in bed all day.

Should the next sortie fail, Ducrot, Favre and others will leave by balloon to prosecute war in the other provinces,

Trochu will remain until the surrender.

The *Herald's* special from Bordeaux of the 18th says, the city is crowded. No lodgings are obtainable, and everything is dear.

Cremieux and Admiral Faurichon, are strongly in favor of peace negotiations, and Gambetta, and others are determined to prosecute the war. At a stormy meeting held yesterday the two first showed themselves persistently pressed for peace. Gambetta finally agreed if the army of the Loire made a stand, war would be continued, but if Paris fell peace would be made immediately

CHANGE OF BASE OF THE ARMY OF THE LOIRE.

The *Herald's* special dated Lemans, 16th says there has been a second change of base, the army of the Loire fighting nearer Paris,

THE IMMENSE STORES AT BLOIS AND ORLEANS SAFE.

The immense stores accumulated at Blois and Orleans, designed for the revictualling of Paris, were all saved.

RECENT GERMAN VICTORIES ONLY SKIRMISHES.

The recent victories claimed by the Germans were only skirmishes, without out-posts and reconnoitering parties.

After leaving Orleans the army of the Loire made a flank movement on Vendome. It might have been easy to defend Tours, but both armies cut loose.

The country here presented the same facilities for a rapid change of base as Grant found on the sea board of Virginia. The waggon lines will be strong, and the movements will be rapid. If Lemans is unsafe, Alencon, Lizieux, and Caen are equally good, and the army can draw on the country for supplies. The several ports give facilities for the reception of the army and ammunition, which are carried for the army directly by rail.

ROME—PARLIAMENTARY CONFLICT—FUTURE STATUS OF THE PONTIFF—THE TRANSFER OF THE CAPITAL, &C.

ROME, 15.—A severe parliamentary conflict is going on at Florence in regard to the future status of the Pontiff This important question was submitted to Parliament to take precedence over all others. The extreme Left will endeavour to destroy the Pope, the sacred college, and the whole body episcopal The extreme Right will try to save as much as possible of the Court, the power, and the dynasty of St. Peter.

The question of the transfer of the Capital caused a brisk encounter between opposite partisans.

The Ministerial project for guaranteeing the independence of the Supreme Pontiff and free exercise of the Spiritual authority of the Holy See, consists of the following articles: The personal inventory of the Pope, and the Palace Guard are to be retained. The Receipt annually of 3,212,000 are for the Guard and for the Civil List; the Papal residence to be free of taxes, and located at the Vatican, and Santa Maria Maggiore in Rome. and Castle Vandolofe, in the country, and they shall be free of the ordinary jurisdiction of the State.

The Bill further contains twenty further provisions in detail, guaranteeing the Pope and his Government personal and political independence.

THE LORD MAYOR OF LONDON HISSED.

LONDON, Dec. 20.—The Lord Mayor of London was hissed to-day by members of a deputation, because he refused a plication for the use of Guildhall for a public meeting in favor of the French Republic and British intervention.

THE SPANISH CORTES.

MADRID, Dec. 20.—Sogasta to-day assured the Cortes that the Government was willing to submit American claims arising from events in Cuba to mixed commission.

AMERICAN NEWS.

THE FISHERY QUESTION.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 20.—The Secretary of State, in answer to the resolution of the House, requesting information concerning the seizure of the fishing schooner *Granada* by the British cutter *[illegible]*, incloses numerous letters and affidavits; one of the former saying the seizure looks like a wanton and unprovoked outrage.

OCEAN TELEGRAPH BILL.

In the House Committee on Foreign Affairs, to day, they completed their Ocean Telegraph Bill, and have authorized Fernando Wood, one of their number, to report it. The Bill is general in its terms and authorizes the laying of cables from any part of the world to the United States by any parties under certain restrictions and conditions; the rights of States in the premises as to the shore ends of cables are left in abeyance. It does not interfere with the rights of any one, and puts all cables on the same terms.

ABOLITION OF PRIVATEERING.

NEW YORK, Dec. 20.—A special meeting of the Chambers of Commerce took place this evening for the purpose of considering the report of the Committee recommending the abolition of privateering The meeting was largely attended by merchants and citizens generally. After an interesting discussion it was resolved by an overwhelming vote not to adopt the report. The general sentiment of the meeting seemed to go altogether in favor of the retention of privateering, as it was invaluable to the country in time of war.

A NEW TELEGRAPHIC CABLE.

The Assembly applauded the resolution asking Congress to pass a law to facilitate the laying of a cable across the Pacific Ocean from the western coast of America to the eastern coast of Asia.

FROM MEXICO.

MEXICO, Dec. 11.—The election for President and Congress will test the strength of Tejeda and Diaz parties. The adherents of Tajeda, it is believed, will win more, especially as the Juarists are divided. The votes in the contest for President are confident of Juarez, Diaz and Tajeda, the last named, it is evident, has the best chance. The Government has been successful in its operations against the revolutionists under Gerrero.

A COLLISION.

San Francisco, 20th.—The Steamship *Japan*, from China and Japan, 3 days behind time, entered this port this evening at 7.50. On her passage she ran into a vessel anchored in the stream with a tremendous crash, and then drifting for two blocks collided, with the British ship, carrying away her bowsprits and fore-rigging. The *Japan's* sheering gear was disabled, and she appears to have sustained considerable damage otherwise. Her whistle has been blowing for some time, and tugs have gone to her assistance.

A STEAMER FOUNDERED.

NEW YORK, Dec 20.—The steamer *Sidonian*, from Marseilles *via* Bermuda, has arrived. She reports that the steamer *San Francisco*, while entering the harbour of Hamilton, on December 5th, struck a rock and foundered. The passengers and crew were saved.

FROM HAVANA.

HAVANA, Dec. 20.—*Denadas* and *Santos* sailed for Spain yesterday.

Val Maseda says that active measures are inaugurated against the revolutionists. He has sent the regulars in the field who were doing duty here.

ARRIVALS.

Queenstown, 20th.—The S. S. *America* and *Nebraska* arrived from New York.

Londonderry, 20th —The S. S. *Britannia* arrived from New York.

The German steamers *New York*, from New Orleans, and *Hanover*, from Bremen, have arrived here, escaping the French cruisers.

Yesterday's Despatches.

BOMBARDMENT OF PARIS IMPOSSIBLE—PARIS HAS PROVISIONS FOR TWO MONTHS YET.

NEW YORK, 20.—The Herald's Brussels correspondent telegraphs this morning that the bombardment of Paris is declared to be impossible It is not humanity which restrains the Prussians, but simply an impossibility for them to succeed, as they have neither the number, nor calibre of guns necessary. They have only five hundred guns, mainly 24 pounders, and the French outworks which command the batteries can destroy them the moment they open fire.

Paris has two months supply of food.

STRENGTH OF THE FRENCH ARMIES.

A correspondent writes from Vendome, neither of the French armies commanded by Chausey and Bourbaki number less than one hundred thousand men, and they can draw reinforcements from the other parts of France of nearly double that number.

THEIR APPEARANCE.

The appearance of the French armies is favorable; many of the men are small in statute, but the majority are large and athletic fellows. I have seen whole companies of Gardes Mobiles, which presented the appearance of [illegible] picked men; all that is necessary is the getting of these men accustomed to standing fire. They are raw troops now, but, as was the case in the United States during the rebellion, steadiness on the battle field is sure to come.

GEN. SCHENCK TO LEAVE SOON.

WASHINGTON, 20th.—Gen. Schenck having stated that he would not take his seat in the House after Thursday next, it is believed that his departure for England will not be long delayed.

HE STUDIES UP THE DIFFICULTY

He is now busy at the State Department making himself familiar with the past history of the *Alabama* claims, and other matters of interest between the two Governments. His name will be sent to the Senate to-day or to-morrow, and he will promptly be confirmed, when he will tender his resignation as a member of the House.

MONTE VIDEO—THE SIEGE CONTINUES.

NEW YORK, 20th.—Monte Video advices of 30th Nov. report the siege still progressing.

A NAVAL CONFLICT.

A rumour was current that there had been a naval engagement off the coast of Brazil between a Prussian frigate and two French gunboats, that the fight lasted several hours, and that the Prussian sank the Frenchmen. The names of the vessels engaged is not known, nor is the loss of life stated.

MANŒUVRING OF THE FRENCH AND GERMAN ARMIES—LITTLE FIGHTING.

NEW YORK, Dec. 20—A Vendome correspondent writes on the 14th:

"Manœuvring is the order of the day with the French armies commanded by General Chausey and the Germans under the Duke of Mecklenburg and Prince Frederick Charles. As a consequence there are more exhausting marches than hard fighting at present.

The steamers *City of Cork* and *Nevada*, both from Liverpool, are coming up the bay.

PEACE PROSPECTS GOOD—FRENCH GAINING GROUND.

LONDON, 10 a.m., Dec. 20.—Prospects of peace are much improved this morning. It is thought in Berlin and Frankfort that the peace basis proposed by neutrals, with some amendments, will soon be adopted.

Military movements in the field continue actively, and the French are evidently endeavoring to concentrate.

One of the German armies is falling back before Bourbaki.

GERMANS AROUND PARIS ON THE DEFENSIVE.

LONDON, Dec. 20.—The *Telegraph* this morning has a special despatch from Brussels, saying that the late heavy calls for Landwehr denote the *weakness* of the German investing army around Paris, and that its operations are now more defensive than offensive.

ANOTHER SUCCESSFUL SORTIE WILL RAISE THE SIEGE.

One or two more sorties like that of last night, and the seige will be raised.

A special despatch from Frankfort says that a month will be required before the bombardment of Paris will be possible.

THE GERMAN GUNS UNFIT FOR BOMBARDMENT.

The guns in use in the German Army at present are utterly worthless for such a purpose, and besides that Versailles itself is nearly within range of the French guns.

BOMBARDMENT OF PARIS.

BERLIN, December 20.—The Cross Gazette of this city says the causes previously given for the failure to open the bombardment of Paris were incorrect. The difficulties in the transportation of material and heavy guns will shortly be overcome. Future action will be guided by military considerations.

A "COUGH," "COLD," OR IRRITATED THROAT, if allowed to progress, results in serious pulmonary and Bronchial affections, oftentimes incurable.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES Reach DIRECTLY the affected parts, and give most instant relief. In BRONCHITIS, ASTHMA, and CATARRH they are beneficial. Obtain only the genuine BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES which have proved their efficacy by test of many years. Among testimonials attesting their efficacy are letters from—

E. H. Chapin, D. D., New York,
Henry Ward Beecher, Brooklyn, N.Y.,
N. P. Willis, New York,
Hon. C. A. Phelps, Pres. Mass. Senate,
Dr. G. F. Bigelow, Boston,
Prof. Edwd. North, Clinton, N.Y.
Surgeons in the Army, and others of eminence

Sold everywhere at 25 cents per box.

"TROCHES," so called, sold by the ounce, are a poor imitation and nothing like BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES, which are sold only in boxes with a *fac-simile* of the proprietors.

JOHN I. BROWN & SON.

This care in putting up the Troches is important as a security to the purchaser in order to be sure of obtaining the genuine Brown's bronchial Troches.

BAZAAR.

IN AID OF THE

Protestant Benevolent

SOCIETY.

To be held in

CHAMPNESS' NEW BLOCK,

Opposite GOWAN'S HALL,

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 22nd.

LUNCH furnished from 12 o'clock.

Come One, Come All.

Ottawa, December 21, 1870.

CARD OF THANKS.

SATCHELL BROS. beg to return their thanks to their friends and the public for the generous patronage bestowed upon them during the past five years, and hope by continued attention to their business to secure a continuance of their favors.

They now beg to inform the public that they have slaughtered 14 head of Superior Stall fed Western Cattle, among which is a celebrated English Durham prize Heifer, a large number of Sheep and other animals.

The whole of this splendid Stock will be on exhibition from WEDNESDAY, the 21st, to SATURDAY, the 24th December inst.

Ottawa, Dec 21 1870

WELLINGTON WARD MARKET.

No. 2 STALL.

The Subscriber begs to tender to his numerous customers his sincere thanks for their liberal patronage during the past year, and in asking for a continuance of the same, would call special attention to his

CHRISTMAS STOCK of BEEF, MUTTON, PORK SAUSAGES, POULTRY, &c., &c.

All orders delivered punctually at any part of the city

ALFRED BUFTON.

Ottawa, December 20, 1870

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

LOCAL NEWS.

Devlin's Fur Depot.

50 dozen Velveteen Hats, from 25 cents upwards. A large assortment of Flowers and Feathers. Trimmed Hats and Bonnets.

At the "Golden Lion."
R. L. JAMES & Co.

The street cars are not very well patronized just now.

Large numbers of teams continue to move for the shanties.

A lively dog-fight entertained a number of persons in Clarence street yesterday.

The weather yesterday morning was very cold.

Carpets and House Furnishings made a speciality, at Garland, Mutchmor & Co's. A large stock and new styles, at reduced prices.
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

Prescott has not good sleighing yet. There are only a few inches of snow on the ground.

New Stereoscopes and Slides, Bohemian Lamps, Microscopes, Choice French and English Perfumery, at the
OTTAWA DRUG STORE,
Sappers' Bridge,
W. HEARN.

Preparations are being made in every circle for the due celebration of "Merry Christmas."

RUNAWAY—A runaway occurred on Sunday, which resulted in a general smash of the sleigh attached.

New Stereoscopes and Slides, Bohemian Lamps, Microscopes, choice French and English Perfumery, at the
OTTAWA DRUG STORE,
Sappers' Bridge,
W. HEARN,

A few parties will answer to the charge of larceny this morning at the Police Court.

BELL READINGS.—Those excellent readings take place this evening, and as usual the programme will be well varied and interesting.

TRAINS DELAYED.—The trains were delayed over two hours yesterday by the snow which fell during the previous night.

There were drifts of snow over three feet deep on the St. Lawrence and Ottawa railway yesterday morning. Heavy freight trains experienced some difficulty in making their way through them.

BLANKETS Cornwall, St. Lawrence and Indian Mills Blankets, in all sizes and weights, very cheap, at
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

Furious driving appears to be still unchecked in the city. Two or three parties are summoned to appear at the Police Court in a few days to answer for that offence.

CORRECTION.—In our report in yesterday's issue of the meeting in St. George's Ward we should have put "Maria street" instead of "Wilbrod street" in Mr. Robinson's remarks.

POLICE COURT—Tuesday.—The spell is broken. There were two cases at the Court this morning. An individual charged with drunkenness was fined $5 and costs, and a charge against a person for selling meat in the market by retail was dismissed.

New Stereoscopes and Slides, Bohemian Lamps, Microscopes, choice French and English Perfumery, at the
OTTAWA DRUG STORE,
Sappers' Bridge,
W. HEARN.

The supply of hay from the surrounding country will, it is thought, be abundant this year, contrary to the belief expressed some time back. The hay market is well supplied each day, and sells rapidly at $16 $17 and $18 per ton, according to quality.

RUNAWAY.—A runaway occurred yesterday on Daly street. A farmer's team having been left standing without being tied took a notion to go home, and they started. The owner requested them in a very loud voice to stop, but they increased their speed. They were stopped, however, before any damage was done.

All Wool Tartans in all the leading clans. A large lot ex last steamer, at
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

THE SIDEWALKS.—We are glad to know that our suggestion to our worthy Chief of Police, with respect to keeping the sidewalks clear of snow has been acted upon, though perhaps not so vigorously as is desirable. We hope that at least the sidewalks in the principal streets will be kept clear of snow.

Arrivals at the Russell House on Tuesday were:—R Arminus, J Summer, Montreal; R Jones, Port Hope; H Surton, A Fraser, Westmeath; M K Dickinson, Manotic; H Atkinson, Quebec; W Cameron, Brockville; J Clementson, New York; L Rose, London, Ont.

New Stereoscopes and Slides, Bohemian Lamps, Microscopes, choice French and English Perfumery, at the
OTTAWA DRUG STORE,
Sappers' Bridge,
W. HEARN.

Devlin's Fur Depot.

FRENCH CANADIAN INSTITUTE.—At the usual weekly *seance* of the Institute this evening, Abbe Tanguay will read a very interesting description of his travels through France and Rhenish Germany. Madame Beaubien, Miss Dorion, Madame and Mr. Blain de St. Aubin, and Dr. Valade, will perform the musical selections, under the direction of Chevalier Gustave Smith, who will preside at the piano-forte.

NOTICE.—Now is the time. Go and see C. P. Dorion, 60 Sparks Street, for stoves and stove-pipe fitting. No puff; but see for yourselves. Lumbermen and country Merchants come and see. The most complete House in this Line in the Capital. See Posters. C. P. Dorion, 60 Sparks Street. 1486 2m.

POPULAR READINGS.—The readings this evening at the St. Patrick's Hall are going to be very good and the musical portion of the programme sustained by the following talented amateurs, viz.: Miss M. A. Smith, Miss Poulin and Mr. Moss. The readers are Messrs. Rowan, Wall, McCarthy, and M. Ryan, Esq., Advocate of Montreal. The order kept at the last readings was very creditable to the Society and we hope to see the vigilant committee as vigilant to night as they were on last Wednesday and predict for the readings at the Above Hall this evening a crowded house.

CENTRAL SCHOOL WEST.—The public examination of the pupils attending the Central School West will take place to-day. The exercises open at half-past nine, and continue until noon. In the afternoon the examination will be resumed at a quarter past one, and close in sufficient time to hear addresses from the visitors, and singing by the children under the direction of Mr. Workman. Mr. Brebner, the Principal of the school, will, we are certain, gladly welcome the parents and guardians of the pupils, as well as others who take an interest in the progress of our public schools.

Devlin's Fur Depot

THE METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH READINGS were very well attended last night, and were decidedly interesting. The musical performances were of a high order of excellence, Miss McCarthy by her rich pure voice contributing much to the general enjoyment. The readers were Messrs. Sloan, Grant, Roger, McCarthy and Davis. The entertainment—it was really that—was closed with the national anthem, in which all joined standing. The chair was occupied by the Rev. Mr. Ebbs, the pastor of the church.

We understand that a requisition to Mr. E. K. Bronson, is being largely and influentially signed, asking Mr. Bronson to allow himself to be put in nomination for the position of School Trustee for Victoria Ward. Recent events and disclosures have shown that it is unwise to elect a person to fill both the office of Alderman and School Trustee. When there is such a grasping of plurality of offices it would appear that there is some ulterior object in view. Mr. Bronson, we feel assured would perform the duties of a School Trustee in a conscientious and creditable manner.

PRESENTATION.—On Monday evening Mr. Mathewman was presented by the members of the Central Hook and Ladder Co., of which he is Captain with a handsome gold watch, a very tangible mark of their esteem for him. Mr. Mathewman has in his capacity of Captain of the C. H. & L. Co., rendered good service in Ottawa, and such a recognition of his services will be pleasing to all, while it must be gratifying to the recipient himself to know that his good endeavors have been appreciated. Mr. Mathewman goes to the old country shortly, and we wish him a safe and happy voyage.

FURIOUS DRIVING AGAIN AND ITS RESULT.—A well known individual in this city who has a good deal to do with horses while driving one of those useful animals in his usual careless and independent manner yesterday run against a farmer from Huntley. The farmer though from the country determined that he would not allow himself to be trampled upon with impunity in this manner, not even in the capital. He quickly seized the horse by the head and demanded the name of the owner. The answer was prompt but by no means satisfactory and consisted in two or three "cuts" of a whip which the offender applied vigorously. A large crowd quickly assembled on the scene and for a while there were very good prospects of a faction fight, but the appearance of the market policeman spoiled the sport. The individual in question will likely figure at the police court this morning.

THE MARKET—TUESDAY.—There was a fair attendance on the market this morning.

Beef was plentiful, but the quantity was not very good—average price about $4.75 per 100 pounds.

Pork was scarcer and sold at an average price of $7.50 per 100 pounds.

Mutton was abundant—price 6c. to 7c. per pound.

Butter, in tubs, 18 to 20c.
Geese 40c. to 50c.
Turkeys, 80c. to 100c.
Eggs, 30c. per dozen.

The hay and wood markets were well supplied.

Hay sold at from $15 to $17 per ton.
Hardwood $3 per load.
Soft wood $2.50 per load.
Potatoes from 40c. to 45c. per bushel.

IMMIGRATION AID SOCIETY'S READINGS.—The readings under the auspices of this society took place last evening in their rooms in Aumond's Block. The attendance was not as large as we would like to have seen, and we think Immigrants, and all friends of Immigration should encourage the society by their presence on all such occasions. The evening's entertainment was, however, very good, and would certainly compare very favorably with those of a similar character under better patronage. The reading was at once interesting and instructive and the singing and music by a lady who is ever ready to assist on such occasions, and to whom every praise is due therefor, was excellent, and elicited loud applause from the audience. Mr. Williams, the hard-working and able assistant secretary, enhanced the pleasure of the evening's proceedings by delivering in a dramatic manner a very humorous piece. On the whole the evening was very pleasantly spent and we hope to see more interest taken in the "Immigration Aid Society's" readings in future.

Public School Examinations

The winter examination of the pupils attending the several city public schools has commenced, and the Bolton street and Duke street Primary Schools were examined yesterday. The progress in the Bolton street school is reported satisfactory by the Local Superintendent, and Mr. Hiram Robinson, School Trustee for Victoria Ward.

Mr. Alexander visited the Duke street school, and having examined some of the classes, addressed a few appropriate remarks to the pupils.

The examination at the Central School West commences at 9.30 this morning.

To hand, our Autumn Shade in "Josephine, best Kid Gloves," also "Jouvines' gossamer medal) new colours at 75c. per pair.
T. HUNTON, SHOOLBREAD & Co'

Ladies and Children's Fancy Woolen Goods in endless Variety. Clouds from 37½c. to 2.50 at

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBREAD & CO.

The *Progres de l'Eure* states that a gallant captain of the Mobiles of the Eure, who during the last few nights had explored the arrondissement to organize its defence, found in several villages, whose male inhabitants had left for Evreux, the post occupied by women with rifles in their hands. At Fourneville and Brosville, all the citizens being at Evreux under arms, the "citizenesses" had risen up. On his arrival at Brosville the officer we are speaking of took up his abode at the house of a relative. All the women of the village, being informed of his presence, wished to assure themselves of his identity. Accordingly four of them, well armed, repaired to the house where the officer was staying, and closing the door behind them proceeded formally to interrogate him. An end was soon put to this by the captain giving his name. Marvelling at so much courage and coolness the officer in turn interrogate the Amazons, and stated that their military instruction was complete. They said with pride "We are only one month under drill." Honor to the citoyennes of Brosville.

They have a singular kind of dance conducted on the greens of country villages in Russia. The dancers stand apart, a knot of maidens there, each sex by itself, and silent as a crowd of mutes. A piper breaks into tune; a youth pulls of his cap, and challenges his girl with a wave and a bow. If the girl is willing, she waves her handkerchief in token of assent; the youth advances, takes a corner of the handkerchief in his hand, and leads his lassie round and round. No word is spoken, and no laugh is heard. Stiff with cords, and rich with braid, the girl moves heavily by herself, going round and round, and never allowing her partner to touch her hand. The pipe goes droning on for hours in the same key and measure; and the prize of merit in this "circling," as the dance is called, is given by the spectators to the lassie, who, in all that summer revelry, has never spoken and never smiled!

THE FLORENCE NIGHTINGALE OF THE NURSERY.—The following is an extract from a letter written by the Rev. C. Z. Weiser, to the "German Reformed Messenger, at Chambersburg, Penn.:

A BENEFACTRESS.

Just open the door for her, and Mrs. Winslow will prove the American Florence Nightingale of the Nursery. Of this we are sure, that we will teach our "Scat" to say, "A Blessing on Mrs. Winslow," for helping her to survive and escape the griping, colicking and teething siege. We confirm every word set forth in the Prospectus. It performs precisely what it professes to perform, every part of it—nothing less. Away with your "Cordial," "Paregoric," "Drops," "Laudanum," and every other "narcotic," by which the babe is drugged into stupidity, and rendered dull and idiotic for life.

We have never seen Mrs. Winslow—know he only through the preparation of her "Soothing Syrup for Children Teething." If we had the power, we would make her, as she is, a physical saviour to the Infant Race. 25 cents per bottle sold by all druggists.

Be sure and call for

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP.

Having the fac-simile of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

FOR CHRISTMAS PRESENTS
—AND—
NEW YEAR'S GIFTS.

A great Variety of TOYS, ALBUMS, LADIES COMPANIONS, WALLETS, BOOKS, JEWELLERY, JUVENILE BOOKS, and other Fancy Goods, at
HAUSER'S NEW STORE,
Rideau Street,
Ottawa Dec 14 1870 1539

Amusements.

FIFTH ANNUAL BALL.

OTTAWA NO. 2 HOSE COMPANY will hold their

FIFTH ANNUAL BALL,
—AT THE—
ST. PATRICK'S HALL and CANADIAN INSTITUTE,

On TUESDAY, 27th Instant.

Refreshments by FREDERICK.
Music by DUFERLAND.
Double Tickets, $1. Single Tickets, $1.50
May be had at Frederick's, Sussex street; Blackburn's, Rideau street; Hamilton's, Dalhousie street; Devlin's, Rideau street, Canadian; McGarry's, York street, and of Members of the Committee.

WM. WALSH, Captain.
DENIS BERAN, Secretary.
Ottawa, December 9 1870 1543 2

ST. PATRICK'S
LITERARY ASSOCIATION.

MATHEW RYAN, Esq.,
ADVOCATE,
—OF—
MONTREAL,

Will deliver a LECTURE under the Auspices of the above Association in

ST. PATRICK'S HALL,

On THURSDAY, the 22nd Instant.

SUBJECT:

"The Irish as a business people, with observations on the value of Savings' Banks."

TICKETS.....25cts
To be had at the Door and from the members of the Committee.
Doors open at 7. Lecture to commence at 8 o'clock, P.M.
Ottawa, December 16, 1870 1544d

MASONIC HALL.

The Brethren of the Civil Service Lodge, No. 148, G.R.C., in conjunction with Brethren of other City Lodges, propose celebrating the Festival of St. John the Evangelist, by a

MASONIC BALL,

Brethren desirous of becoming subscribers will oblige by leaving their names with any Member of the Committee before the 15th inst.

COMMITTEE.

W. Bros. Cochrane, Eastwood and Remon. Bros H Barnard, Brown Chamberlin, A J Cambie, F D Burrows, E B Crombie, and
JOHN WALSH,
Secretary.
Ottawa, Dec 12 1870 1538a

LILLIE LONSDALE,
—FROM—
ENGLAND.
THE GREAT CHARACTER ACTRESS
—AND—
SINGER,
AT THE
MUSIC HALL
OTTAWA,
WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY, DECEMBER 21st & 22nd.

TRAGEDY! COMEDY! OPERA! SONGS! DANCES! COSTUMES!

Tickets to be had at Messrs. J. L. ORME'S.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

Ottawa, Dec 1, 1870 1536

Wants.

BOARD WANTED,

For a Single Gentleman. Address C., Times Office, stating terms.
Ottawa, December 20, 1870. 1544tf

WANTED.

A Second Hand SAFE, medium size. Apply at the Office of
R W CRUICE
Ottawa, December 19, 1870 1543 3

WANTED,

For the ROMAN CATHOLIC Separate Schools of this City, two Male English Teachers holding 1st Class Certificates.
Application to be made to the undersigned, on or before the 15th inst.
WM. FINLEY,
Chairman Board of R. C. S. S. Trustees.
Ottawa Dec 6 1870 1535tf

WANTED,

AN ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER,

Apply to Post Office, B x 244. 1540tf

2 BOYS WANTED,

Two smart boys wanted to carry papers. Must be able to read and write. Apply at this office.

THE MAYOR OF OTTAWA.

SIR,—

We the undersigned, Electors and Rate-payers of Victoria Ward, respectfully request that you will allow yourself to be put in nomination as one of the Aldermen for said Ward, during the ensuing year, and we hereby pledge ourselves to use our influence in favour of your return.

Hamnet Hill	Thos McKay
A Baldwin	Wm G Perley
John Ashfield	Wm Morrison
Leon David	Sexton Washburn
Bronson & Weston	John Atkinson
Francis Abbott	Horac Merrill
John McDonald	Levi Young
K R Booth	Moses Aubrey
A W Soper	A Fotheringham
Robert Young	Gordon B Pattee
Samuel McGibney	Wm Hay
Maurice Malone	Henry White
E P Williams	John Kenna
Wm Ellis	E B Gallup
John Ahearn	John Cuppy
John Rowatt	L E Goulin
W H Martin	John Albert
John Abbott	Aaron Carruthers
John Soulier	J B Robaire
Samuel Mix	Archer Bayley
Nazaire Bertrand	W H Morgan
William Atkinson	Peter Atkinson
J Cheeney	Thos McCloy
Peter Robertson	Wm Mason
Geo Mason	Simpson Fleming
Thos Traveller	Bernard Mullin
John Martin	Louis Turpin
Joseph Dewart	Wm Gorman
Dan Smith	John Olliver
Wm Watson	D McQuade
John Joyce	J P Dorion
Baskerville Bros.	Wm Cain
Michael Naven	Wm Ahearn
D Willet	J Hanrahan
Moses Proulx	Amable Periere
Maurice Ahearn	John Cardiff
Alex Philion	Nelson Dault
John McGillivray	J McKillican
A S Whittier	Henry Luroque
Patrick Kennedy	John M Haskin
Patrick Hurley	John Purtell
Wm Lecleare	W F Huntley
James Bambrick	James Kennedy
John Pushman	James Gordon
Matthew Patterson	Alex Coulter
John Cowan	Wm Kennedy
Nelson Perkins	Wm Mitford
H Kinville	Wilfred Kipp
James W Smith	A D Fraser
Arthur Bisaillon	John Shields
Thomas Lawrence	John Cross
John Quain	F X V liquette
Simon Kinney	Francis Duhamel
M Carman	Henry Brading
John Boyd	George Dalglish
Leander Booth	Joseph Levine
James Werner	Adolph Gilbault
Michael O'Neal	James Wood
James Marks	Denis Noonan
Israel Waterhouse	Patrick Darcy
John Bennett	John Law
Joseph Johnston	Albert Dorion
Amable Goulin	John Joenice
Robinson Lyon	E C Barber
R W Baxter	James Dyke
John Doucet	Alpheus Pease
Thos Traveller	Simon McMahon
Isaac Villeneuve	G W Crane
Geo Oliver	T W Blasdell
G D Booth	Jas Philion
Hugh Ross	John Brodeur
Pierce Grace	Alfred Aubrey
Martin White	John Gleeson
Isidore Joennice	George Newell
Wm Richards	Joseph Sleeman
Peter A Egieson	Thomas Russell
Thomas Sleeman	John Bigros
R E O'Connor	J P McPherson
Andrew Cayar	James Wadsworth
B Bigros	Chas Esplin

To the Electors and Rate-payers of Victoria Ward:

GENTLEMEN,—

It would be impossible for me, or almost any man of a public spirit, to decline acceding to so handsome a requisition as you have presented me on this occasion—embodying, as it does, the names of so many of our best and most reliable citizens.

I accept, with much pleasure, gentlemen, your requisition to place me in nomination as one of your candidates for Alderman for Victoria Ward, at the ensuing election; and if elected, will endeavor at all times to exert my best efforts in promoting the interests of the city generally, as well as those of our own important ward.

I am, gentlemen,
Your obedt. servt.
J. R. O'CONNOR.

"THE GEM."
The latest and richest
"PERFUME"
In the Dominion
Equal to Lubin's, and much less in price.
Patronized by the
ELITE OF MONTREAL.
Sold by every chemist in the city, and manufactured wholesale by
MUNRO & JACKSON,
1546b Druggists and Perfumers, Montreal.

FROM THIS DAY FORTH I change the prices of all my Wood, that is to say, best Hard Wood $4.75, new $3.00; second best Hard Wood, 4.25 Saws $4.50.
My Saw Mill is now in constant operation and ready and will cut promptly in obedience to all orders.
JOHN HENRY.
Ottawa, Dec. 5. 153 3

PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

CHRISTMAS EXAMINATIONS.

The Christmas Examinations in the COMMON SCHOOLS of this city, will be held as follows.

CENTRAL SCHOOL, West, WEDNESDAY, 21st December inst
CENTRAL SCHOOL, East, THURSDAY, 22nd December inst.
DUKE STREET, Primary School, TUESDAY, 20th December.
BOLTON STREET, Primary School, THURSDAY, 22nd December.

The examinations will be held from 9.30 a.m. to 12 noon, and from 1½ to 4 p.m. on each of the above mentioned days.

Parents, guardians and all persons interested in our educational institutions, are invited to attend.

By order of the Board.
W COUSINS,
Local Sup't.
Ottawa, December 9, 1870. 1543 3

THOMAS ISAAC,
DEALER IN
Shelf and Heavy Hardware
HENEY'S STONE BUILDING,
Wellington Street, Upper Town, Ottawa
Cooking and Fancy Stove
Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope,
Twine, Glass, Oil,
Putty, &c.,
Always on Hand.
Ottawa December 20, 1869. 1236,1

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tenders for Piers, Ottawa River Works," will be received at this office until Thursday the 29th instant at noon for the construction of two Boom Piers at High Falls, and one pier at Romain's rafting ground, on the Coulonge River.

Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of the Superintendent of the Ottawa River Works, where printed forms of tender and other information can also be obtained.

The signatures of two solvent and responsible persons, willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract, must be attached to each tender.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,
F BRAUN,
Secretary.
Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 20th Dec., 1870. 1545,6

Dry Goods.

NEW GOODS
—FOR THE—
HOLIDAYS!

PATTERSON & BRYSON,

53 SPARKS STREET,

Have just received a new assortment of FANCY GOODS for the approaching

HOLIDAYS.

In FANCY WOOLEN GOODS of all descriptions we are making a very large Show.

We have secured a quantity of JOUVINS celebrated GOLD MEDAL KID GLOVES, which we sell at FIFTY CENTS.

In going through our stock we have cleared a lot of Remnants of FLANNELS WINCIES, CLOTHS, etc., which we have markd at prices that will clear them out at once.

Call and secure a Bargain.

We call the attention of Gentlemen to our New SURPRISE COLLAR, (the best make) one prize in every Cartoon.

For sale during the Holidays.

REMEMBER THE PLACE,

PATTERSON & BRYSON.

Opposite BATE & Co.

Ottawa, Dec. 20, 1870.

STILL THEY COME!

34 PACKAGES NEW GOODS,

JUST RECEIVED,

—BY—

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

Comprising amongst other Goods the following:—

1 Case French Merinoes,
1 Case Kid Gloves and Hosiery,
1 Case Plain and Terry Ribbons, and Plain and Tartan Sash Ribbons,
1 Case Black and Colored Ribbon Velvets
1 Case New Jackets,
1 Case Waterproof Tweeds,
1 Case Ladies Hats,
1 Case Embroidered Muslin Sets, for Evening wear,
1 Case Hair Nets and Silk Epangles, for Dress Trimmings,
1 Case Sheetings,
1 " White Cottons,
1 Bale Serges,
1 " Scarlet Flannels,
1 " Fancy Flannels,
1 " Canadian Flannels,
2 Bales Canadian Grey Blankets,
2 Cases Cornwall White Blankets,
6 Cases Heavy Tweeds,
2 " Light Grey Etoffes,
2 " Mid Grey "
3 " Oxford "

With other Goods too numerous to particularise.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

Would say that their Stock, notwithstanding their Immense Sales during the last 3 months (without doubt the largest ever made by any Dry Goods House in Ottawa) was never so well assorted at this season of the year as it is just now.

INSPECTION INVITED.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

Ottawa, Dec. 16, 1870.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

14 RIDEAU STREET,

Have now received a full supply of

NEW FALL GOODS

IN ALL—

DEPARTMENTS.

Ottawa, September 26, 1870

WHOLESALE.

GREY BLANKETS, Cornwall,
" " English.
GRAIN BAGS, Cotton and Linen.
LUMBERMEN SUPPLIED
AT
MAGEE & RUSSELL,
Elgin Street,
Opposite Russell House.
Ottawa, December 17 1870. 1542W

THE TEA POT,
RIDEAU STREET.

Ticket for Christmas!

3 lbs. Raisins for	1s. 3d
3 " New Figs for	1s. 3d.
3 " Currants for	1s. 3d.
1 Bottle Pure Old Rye for	1s. 3d.
1 Bottle Family Proof for	1s. 3d.
1 Bottle Scotch Whiskey for	1s. 3d.
1 Bottle Pure Elderberry Wine for	1s. 3d

(OWN IMPORTATION, FROM ENGLAND, WARRANTED GENUINE.)

The above articles will be sold at these prices during the Holiday Season.

All goods delivered free (within the limits of the city) by our own waggons, and every attention will be paid to proper packing and delivery.

JOHN HILL,
"THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET.

Dry Goods.

T HUNTON SHOOLBRED & Co
47. SPARKS ST. 49.

Will receive this week "per Express," from LONDON, England,

2 CASES OF MILLINERY,

Containing the VERY LATEST Styles in

Bonnets, Hats,

and some very Choice things in

Flowers, Feathers and Trimmings,

Per S. S "MORAVIAN."

1 Case Extra Cloths, in the new

Satin Cloths,

Trimming to match all our Fashionable

Dress Goods.

—ALSO—

1 Case of Newest

Mantle Cloths.

The "OLIVE GREEN" appears still prove the most fashionable, and of the above, we are in receipt of ten piece

"New Seal and plucked Otter Skins hand."

Fancy Wove Goods still arriving.

Cloudes Breakfast Shawls, Ties &c., in endless Variety.

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO
47 and 49 Sparks Street.
Ottawa, Oct 11 1870.

JAMES PEACOCK,

FURS,

FURS.

I beg to intimate that my FUR STOCK is now complete in every

DEPARTMENT.

AN EARLY CALL IS SOLICITED.

Remember the place,
33 Rideau Street.
OPPOSITE OLD STAND.

TESTIMONIAL
—TO THE—
HON. SIR JOHN A. MACDONALD,
C.B., &c., &c., &c.

The friends of Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD propose to present that distinguished statesman with a substantial Testimonial in recognition of his long and unselfish public services.

Steps are being taken to afford his friends in all parts of the Dominion an opportunity of joining in the proposed manifestation of esteem and regard.

The following gentlemen compose, (with power to add to their number,) the Committee at Ottawa:

The Hon. JAMES SHEAD.
His Worship the Mayor J R ROBERTSON, Jr, Esq.
THOS REYNOLDS, Esq.
R W SCOTT, Esq. M P P,
Dr GRANT, M P,
E McGILLIVRAY, Esq,
H V NOEL, Esq.

H V Noel, Esq. has consented to act as Treasurer, to whom all communications may be addressed.

For the information of intending subscribers the names of the gentlemen composing the Central Committee at Toronto are subjoined, viz:

His Worship the Mayor, D B HARMAN, Esq.
The Hon G W ALLAN
The Hon D L MACPHERSON,
The Hon JOHN CARLING, M P,
JOHN CRAWFORD, Esq M P,
ANDREW MORRISON, Esq. M P,
F W CUMBERLAND, Esq. M P
J J MORRIS, Esq
E H RUTHERFORD, Esq.
W H WEARLAND Esq.
G P ROUDOFF Esq.
JOHN SHEDDEN, Esq.
THOMAS DICK, Esq.
FRANK SHANLY, Esq.
T C CHISHOLM, Esq.
N BARNHART, Esq.
Ottawa, Dec 6, 1870 1532

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE

For Property in Montreal, improved or unimproved, the new diagonal Roof Stone House situated in Victoria Crescent, having all the modern conveniences of heat, water and gas. Good out building, on an ample Lot, and enjoying the finest river view in Ottawa. For further particulars apply to W. C. SMILLIE on the premises, or at the Office of the BRITISH AMERICAN BANK NOTE COMPANY, Wellington Street.
Ottawa, Nov 9, 1870 1530 1m

TO LUMBERERS.

L. ROSE,
PROVISION BROKER.
LONDON, ONT.,

Inspects every BARREL of PORK he Ships and Ships only a FIRST-CLASS Article. He has for Sale from some of the Leading Packers and Curers:

Heavy Mess Pork, guaranteed.
Ex P. Pork made from Heavy Mess.
Shoulders Mess Mutton.
Heavy Bacon, &c., at the lowest FIRST PRICES, and on Terms to suit Purchasers.
No 1 Sup. Flour, Oats, Corn, &c., bought on commission.
White Beans always on hand.
Orders or enquiries have prompt attention.
Through rates to Brockville, Sand and Ottawa.

L. ROSE,
Produce Broker,
London, Ont
London, Ont., Nov. 24, 1870 1522

NOTICE.
TENDERS

Will be received by WM COWAN, Esq, County Clerk, Carleton, addressed to the undersigned, until 12 o'clock, noon, on

Wednesday, the 21st Dec., 1870,

For contracts to furnish and deliver at the County Gaol the following supplies, viz,

150 Cords of Good Sound Merchantable Rock Maple Wood
25 do do Tamarac do
25 do do Hemlock do

Thirty cords of the Maple to be dry and delivered in the month of January next. Best to be green, and all to be cut from sound growing timber, and to be delivered not later than the first day of April next, and to be properly and neatly piled in gaol yard where directed by Governor of Gaol.

Tenders to state price per cord of 128 cubic feet and names of good and sufficient sureties for due fulfilment of contract.

Payment to be made on completion of contract by Warden's order on Co. Treasurer.

Tenders will also be received as above for

PRISONERS RATIONS,

Consisting of following supplies, and to state prices: Bread, per pound; Beef or Fresh Meat, per pound; Potatoes, per bushel of 60 lbs; Oat Meal, per pound; Oatmeal, per pound; Herrings, per doz.

Sufficient security will be required for performance of contract. Payment to be made quarterly by Warden's Order on Co. Treasurer.

Signed, IRA MORGAN,
Warden, C.C.
County Council Hall,
Ottawa, Dec 13, 1870. 1540 3 & 1 1

CANADA PACIFIC
RAILWAY.

Application will be made to Parliament, at its next Session, for the Incorporation of a Company to construct a Railway through British North America, connecting with the present Railway system of Canada, and thence to proceed to the North of Lake Superior and through the North West Territory to the Yellow or Leather Head Pass of the Rocky Mountains, there to connect with the projected Railway through British Columbia to the Pacific,—with such powers and privileges as may be necessary to carry the same into operation.

ALFRED WADDINGTON.
Ottawa, Oct 21, 1870 1493 2m

THE METROPOLITAN
Building and Savings Society.
MONEY TO LOAN.

The above society having commenced operations on the 1st October last, have opened an office in Bank's Block, Elgin Street, Ottawa, and are now prepared to loan money on city or other property, at the Lowest rates, repayable by monthly instalments, or otherwise, to suit borrowers.

Apply to
JAMES COX,
Secretary-Treasurer.
Ottawa, 13th December, 1870. 1540 1 1 71

HIGHER EDUCATION.
HELLMUTH COLLEGE

Board and Tuition per annum, $22;

HELLMUTH LADIES' COLLEGE

Inaugurated by H. R. H. Prince Arthur. Board and Tuition $250 per annum. Patronized by the Very Rev. I. Hellmuth, D.D., Dean of London.
For Particulars apply to Mayor Bradshaw, London, Canada West.
August 8, 1870.

CANADA CENTRAL AND BROCKVILLE AND OTTAWA RAILWAYS.

ALTERATION OF TRAINS,
Commencing DECEMBER 5, 1870.

SLEEPING CARS between TORONTO and Ottawa, going through in 13 HOURS.

On and after MONDAY, Dec 5, TRAINS will run as follows:

Leave Brockville

EXPRESS, at 4 45 a.m. connecting with Grand Trunk express from the West, and arriving at Ottawa at 8 50 a.m.

MAIL TRAIN, at 7 30 a.m, arriving at Ottawa at 1 50 p.m.

EXPRESS, at 3 30 p.m, connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express from the West, and arriving at Ottawa at 7.10 p.m.

Leave Ottawa.

EXPRESS, at 9 40 a.m, arriving at Brockville at 1 40 p.m, and connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express going West.

MAIL TRAIN, at 3 45 p.m, arriving at Brockville 9 15 p.m.

EXPRESS, at 10 30 p.m, arriving at Brockville at 2.10 a.m, and connecting with Grand Trunk Night Express going West.

Arrive at Sand Point 7 35 and 7. 0 p.m.

Trains on Canada Central and Perth Branch make certain connections with all trains on B. & O. Railway.

A Sleeping Car will leave Toronto on Monday, Wednesday and Friday nights, by the Grand Trunk 7 30 p.m train, and go through to Ottawa, arriving at 7.30 a.m.

Returning, it will leave Ottawa on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday nights, at 9 30 p.m. and go through to Toronto by G. T. Train, arriving at Toronto at 11 30 a.m.

Freight forwarded with despatch, as the C. C. and B. & O. Railways are the same gauge as the Grand Trunk. Car loads go through to Grand Trunk Cars to all points, without transhipment.

Certain connections made with Grand Trunk Trains.

H ABBOTT,
Manager.
Brockville, Ont., Dec 1, 1870 1530 1

WALTHAM WALTHAM

THE AMERICAN WATCH

The public of the United States and Canada have now had over ten years experience of WALTHAM WATCHES, and they are now everywhere acknowledged to be the ONLY RELIABLE TIME-KEEPERS!

Almost all other watches are sold under false pretences; not one in a hundred bears the name of the real maker; the public have absolutely no security, and have, therefore, been constantly imposed upon. On the contrary, every buyer of a Waltham Watch gets a guarantee of the company, and no matter from whom he buys it, has positive security that he is getting a TIME KEEPER.

It must be admitted that the apparent interest watchmakers lies in selling other watches, of which they can make larger profits; but more of enterprise in the trade prefer an article of large and ready sale, and which leaves no bad stock. It is "small profits and quick returns."

These watches can be had in several grades (all guaranteed) the silver cases are made from coin silver, and from 2 to 8 ounces in weight. The gold cases are made in 18 carat gold, and from 1 to 4 ounces in weight; the size for ladies are highly engraved or enamelled. For the quality, both in gold and silver, are the

CHEAPEST WATCHES IN THE WORLD

These watches can be ordered of any reliable watchmaker or jeweller in the Dominion; but the guarantee of the Company should be invariably required. The Company in all cases pay the Government duty, which makes the Canadian consumer a priviliged purchaser

ROBERT WILKES,
Sole Wholesale Agent for the Dominion of Canada
Toronto—48 and 50 Yonge Street.
Montreal—445 St. Paul Street
1397 2

WARNING.

We hereby forbid any person or persons, hiring or harboring

Edward Garry	Eli Lerose
Timothy Cronin	James Johnston
John Kenrick	James Shea
David Burke	Amable Patrick
George Marcotte	Malan Courtier
David Dunn	Charles Thibeau
David Auger	Joseph Moore
Michael Garvin	P Rioux
Henry Power	Joseph Lafontaine
Michael Kearney	Albert Ladouceur
James McDermick	B Jamin Belanger
John Cavanagh	Jean Mallette
Alex Meron	T Lauandreau
Charles Burke	William Jocque

Or any of them, they having deserted our employment at different times, and broken their contract of hiring and services entered into with us.

And we hereby give notice that we will prosecute, any, and every person hiring or harboring any of the above named.

PERLEY & PATTEE.
Ottawa, Dec 10, 1870 1534

SEGNORIA INDEMNITY TO LOWER CANADA SUFFERS FUND.

Whereas by Order in Council of date APRIL 18, 1867, it is directed that as regards the claims of Municipalities to participate therein, the above Fund shall be finally closed on the 31st DECEMBER of the present Year. Notice is hereby given that all claims which can in any case alter the distribution thereof must be lodged in this office on or before the date above named, after which date no alteration can be made in the said distribution.

JOHN LANGTON, Auditor.
Per J SIMPSON,
Finance Department
Ottawa, Dec 9, 1870. 1534D2t

FOUND.

A Red and White Brindle HEIFER, Short Horns, turned in two year old past. The owner can have her by paying expenses. Apply at the Gate Hotel, James Mackin, Bank Street Road, Township of Nepean.
December 14, 1870 1539 1

NOTICE

Is hereby given that the Corporation of the City of Ottawa will apply to the next Session of the Province of Ontario, at its next Session, for an Act to amend the Act incorporating the Ottawa City Street Passenger Railway Company.

W P LETT,
City Clerk.
Ottawa Nov 11, 1870

FOR SALE.

COON, FOX, AND BUFFALO ROBES.

The Subscriber has received a large assortment of Robes of different kin

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

1870. FALL ARRANGEMENT. 1870.

MAILS	CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE P.M.	DELIVERED A.M.	DELIVERED A.M.	DELIVERED P.M.
Eastern, by Train; Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	11.15		6.30	9.00		4.00
Montreal, by Steamer	6.00			9.00		4.00
Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B., by St. L. & O. Railway	11.15		8.30	9.00		7.15
Western, by Train; Toronto, Hamilton, London, Kingston, Western, U.S., and all places west of Prescott	8.30		8.30	9.00		7.15
Fort Garry and other places in the Province of Manitoba to be despatched in closed mail from Windsor, Ontario, daily, via St. Pauls, Minnesota. Ordinary Dominion rates of postage	8.30		8.30			
United States, by St. L. & O. Railway; Ogdensburgh, New York, Boston, &c.	1.15		8.30	9.00		4.00
Lower Ottawa, by Steamer; Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville, &c.	6.00			9.00		6.30
Upper Ottawa, by Steamer; Onslow, Arnprior, Sand Point, Renfrew, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c.	5.00			8.0		4.00
Upper Ottawa, by Stage; Pakenham, March, Huntley, Carp, &c.			12.15	8.0		
Aylmer, by Stage; Hull, Clarendon, Bristol, &c.	5.00	11.00	4.00	9.		4.00
Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Burritt's Rapids by St. L. & O. Railway		11.15				
North Gower, Kars, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	11.15			9.00		
Osgoode, Russell, and Line of St. L. & O. Railway	8.30			8.00		1.30
Per Brockville, Perth, Smith's Falls, Appleton and Carleton Place, per Canada Central Railway	8.30		4.30			1.30
For Sand Point and places on the Brockville and Ottawa Railway, North of Carleton Place Junction, and places on C. C. Railway	8.30					
Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate offices daily; Aylwin, Kazabazua, Low, River Desert, Six Portages, Wright, three Tuesdays and Fridays; arrive same days	6.00				11.30	
Templeton Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays			12.30			5.00

Matter posted up to 9.30 p.m. will be forwarded East and West in supplementary package the same night.

The Western Mail arriving at 7 p.m. will be delivered the same evening.

BRITISH MAILS.

Per Cunard Line, close every Tuesday at 10.45 a.m.

Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 10.30 a.m.

A supplementary bag for Canadian steamer will be closed at 11.30, in which all paid unregistered matter will be sent.

MONEY ORDERS

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

☞ Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on special deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required.

G. P. BAKER,
Postmaster.

POST OFFICE,
Ottawa, 21st Nov., 1870.

Paris During the Siege.

The fascinating city of Paris would hardly be recognized under its present aspect. In the garden of the Tuileries, writes a recent correspondent, where bonnes used to flirt with guardsmen, there is an artillery camp. The guns, the pickets of horses, the tents, the camp fires and the soldiers in their shirt sleeves, have a picturesque effect under the great trees.

On the Place de la Concorde from morning to evening there is a mob discussing things in general, and watching the regiments as they defile with their crowns before the statue of Strasburg. In the morning the guns of the forts can be heard heavily booming, but the sound has now lost its novelty, and no one pays more attention to it than the miller to the wheel of his mill. In the Champs Elysee there are no private carriages and few persons sitting on the chairs. The Palais d'Industrie is the central ambulance, the Cinque d Imperatrice a barrack. All the cafes chantants are closed. Some few youthful votaries of pleasure still patronize the merry go rounds; but their business is not a lucrative one. Along the quays by the river side there are cavalry and infantry regiments with the tents d'abri. The Champs de Mars is a camp. In most of the squares there are sheep and cows. On the outer Boulevards lines of huts are being erected along the rue des ramparts for the Nationals on duty. Everywhere there are squads of Nationals, some learning the goose step, others practising skirmishing between the carts and fiecres, others levelling their guns and snapping them off at imaginary Prussians.

Private carriages are rarely seen. The omnibuses are crowded; but I fear greatly that their horses will be far from tender when we eat them. The cabbies, once so haughty and indolent, are humble and conciliatory, for Brutus and Scaevola have taught them manners, and usually pay their fares in patriotic speeches. At the Ark de Triomphe, at the Trocadero and at Passy, near the Point du Jour, there are always crowds trying to see the Prussians on the distant hills, and in the Avenue d'Imperatrice (now the Avenue Uhrich) there are always numerous admirers of Mount Valerien gazing silently on the object of their worship. In the Faubourg St. Antoine workmen are lounging about doing nothing and watching others drilling. In the outer Faubourgs much the same thing goes on, except where barricades are being built. Round each of these there is always a crowd of men and women, apparently expecting the enemy to assault them every moment.

At the different gates of the town there are companies of Mobiles and National Guards, who sternly repel every civilian who seeks to get through them. On an average of every ten minutes no matter where one is, one meets either a battalion of Nationals or Mobiles or Corps marching somewhere. The asphalt of the boulevards, that sacred ground of dandies and smart dresses, is deserted during the day-time. In the evening for about two hours it is thronged by nationals with their wives, Mobiles, who still ramble along grinning vaguely hand in hand, as though they were in their native villages, and loafers. There and in the principal streets, speculators have taken advantages of the rights of man to stop up the sidewalks with tables on which their wares are displayed.

On some of them there are kepis, on others ointment for corns, on others statuettes of the two inseparables of Berlin, William and his little Bismarck; on others General Trochu and the members of the government in gilt gingerbread.

THE ŒCUMENICAL COUNCIL, lately called at Rome is an instance of the solicitude of the Catholic Church for the welfare and prosperity of her Communicants. Large assemblies of this nature containing representatives from all parts of the world, should be of some benefit to our race. We hope this opinion will be as harmonious and unanimous as the verdict in favor of the Great Shoshonees Remedy, for diseases of the lungs, blood, stomach, liver, &c. For by all druggists.

Amusing.

What is it that Adam never saw, never possessed, and yet he gave to each of his children? Parents.

What is the difference between a bare head and a hair bed?—The one flees for shelter, the other is a shelter for the flees.

In a bookseller's catalogue appears the following article: "Memoirs of Charles I., with a head capitally executed."

Delicate health is a blessing to some people; it excuses them always from doing anything for anybody.—*Edgeworth.*

There is sum pholks in this world who spend their whole lives a hunting after righteousness and kant find enny time to praktis it.—*Josh Billings.*

"It is a curious fact," says some entomologist, "that it is the female mosquito which torments us." A bachelor thinks that it is not at all curious.

The following candid avowal appears in a Dublin paper among "situations wanted:" "Ploughman and caretaker, and understand farming and the care of sheep and cattle; is married, and has no incumbrance but *his wife.*

A clergyman being much pressed by a lady of his acquaintance to preach a sermon the first Sunday after her marriage, complied, and chose the following passage in the Psalms as his text: "And there shall be abundance of peace—while the moon endureth."

"An unloved wife," who ought to know of that of which she speaks, because she had so much experince, says that ladies look so much to money, in the matter of marriage, is, that now a-days they so seldom find anything else in a man worth having.

RELATIVE BEAUTY OF THE SEXES.—The relative beauty of the sexes is said to differ considerably in different countries. French travellers in England have reported that, as a rule, Englishmen are better looking specimens of the human race divine than English women. To this opinion our gallantry forbids us to defer. We, however, will state also that these impartial French observers have said that a beautiful English girl is the most lovely and loveable creature among created beings. In this opinion we at once and unreservedly express our entire concurrence. But of the relations between male and female beauty in other countries we can speak more freely. Under the sunny skies of Southern Italy fine figures are much more common among the male than among the female sex. In Northern Italy this is less remarkable. In France this state of things is reversed. There, handsome women are, to handsome men, as one to six or eight. Among the snows and frosts of Russia, too, both in regard to feature and figure, the men are handsomer than the women. Why is this? Is it not because in judging of female beauty our opinons of criticisms are much more strict than those we apply to the lords of creation?

BREAKFAST.—EPPS'S COCOA—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.—The very agreeable character of this preparation has rendered it a general favorite. The *Civil Service Gazette* remarks:—"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills." Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in tin-lined packets, labelled—JAMES EPPS & Co., Homœopathic Chemists, London.

PHYSICING HORSES.—Many persons physic their horses frequently—especially every spring. This is a great error, and one which has caused the loss of many valuable horses, as physic, as it is usually given, often produces inflamation of the bowels which generally proves fatal; it also weakens the horse, and thus renders him more liable to disease, or less able to throw it off—what is required is a medicine which will operate gently upon the bowels, and act upon the liver and lungs, removing all obstructions therefrom, purifying the blood, and enabling all the organs to do their work without overtaxing any, which is accomplished by the use of "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy"—it is always safe and certain. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd & Co., is on each package. Northrup & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada. Sold by all medicine dealers.

Railroads.

THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

The public is respectfully informed that this Company's Trains wait at Prescott Junction the arrival of the Grand Trunk Trains from the West, and

Passengers may rely on Connecting FOR OTTAWA

By this the

SHORTEST RAILWAY ROUTE TO THE CAPITAL.

Twenty minutes are also allowed at Prescott Junction for Meals.

THOS REYNOLDS,
Managing Director.

R LUTTRELL,
Superintendent
Ottawa, 12th December, 1870. 1540tnm

THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

ALTERATION OF TIME.

On and from MONDAY next, the 21st inst., three trains will run daily on this Railway as follows.

Going South Ottawa to Prescott.

MAIL will leave Ottawa at 9 30 a. m., connecting at Prescott, with the Grand Trunk Express, for the West, and with the Ogdensburg Railway, for Boston, New York, &c

MAIL will leave Ottawa at 12 00 noon, connecting with the Grand Trunk Express, for Montreal,

EXPRESS will leave Ottawa at 10 30 p m, connecting with the Grand Trunk Expresses, East and West.

Going North Prescott to Ottawa.

MAIL will leave Prescott Junction at 6 a. m. connecting with the G. T Expresses East and West, and arriving in Ottawa at 8.30 a m.

MAIL will leave Prescott Junction at 1.25 p. m., connecting with the G. T. Express leaving Montreal at 8 a m, and arriving in Ottawa at 3 45 p m.

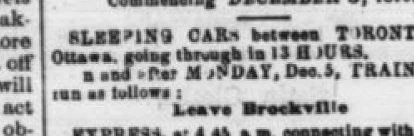
EXPRESS will leave Prescott Junction at 4 30 p m, connecting with G T. Expresses, East and West, and arriving in Ottawa at 7 p m.

20 minutes allowed at Prescott Junction refreshments.

Tickets may be obtained on application to any of the Company's Agents, or at any of the Principal Stations of the Grand Trunk Railway.

All trains on this Line are run on Montreal time.

R LUTTRELL, THOMAS REYNOLDS,
Superintendent. Managing Director
Ottawa, November 19, 1870.



CANADA CENTRAL AND BROCKVILLE AND OTTAWA RAILWAYS.

ALTERATION OF TRAINS,
Commencing DECEMBER 5, 1870.

SLEEPING CARS between TORONTO and Ottawa, going through in 13 HOURS.

On and after MONDAY, Dec. 5, TRAINS will run as follows:

Leave Brockville

EXPRESS, at 4 45 a. m. connecting with Grand Trunk express from the West, and arriving at Ottawa, at 8.50 a m.

MAIL TRAIN, at 7.30 a m, arriving at Ottawa at 1.50 p m.

EXPRESS, at 3.30 p m, connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express from the West, and arriving at Ottawa at 7.10 p m.

Leave Ottawa.

EXPRESS, at 9 40 a m, arriving at Brockville at 1.40 p m, and connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express going West.

MAIL TRAIN, at 3 45 p m, arriving at Brockville 9 15 p m.

EXPRESS, at 10 30 p m, arriving at Brockville at 2.15 a m, and connecting with Grand Trunk Night Express going West.

Arrive at Sand Point 1 35 and 7. 0 p m.

Trains on Canada Central and Perth Branch make certain connections with all trains on B. & O Railway.

A Sleeping Car will leave Toronto on Monday, Wednesday and Friday nights, by the Grand Trunk 7 30 p m train, and go through to Ottawa, arriving at 8.30 a m.

Returning, it will leave Ottawa on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday nights, at 10 30 p m., and go through to Toronto by G. T. Train, arriving at Toronto at 11 30 a m.

Freight forwarded with despatch, as the C. C. and B & O. Railways are the same guage as the G and Trunk. Car loads go through in Grand Trunk Cars to all points, without transhipment.

☞ Certain connections made with Grand Trunk Trains.

H ABBOTT,
Manager.
Brockville Ont., Dec 1, 1870. 1530d

Railroads.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY OF CANADA.

Special attention is directed to this Company's announcement, in regard to the

RUNNING OF TRAINS FOR THE ENSUING SEASON.

In addition to the Fast Time which it is intended to make between the

EAST AND WEST,

With close connections at all points. The line will be equipped with handsome

NEW FIRST-CLASS CARS,

Unsurpassed on the continent.

TRAINS WILL RUN BETWEEN

Portland and Montreal in 13 Hours.
Montreal and Toronto in 13 Hours.

Stopping only at the most important Stations.

As fast as completed,

PULMAN'S

PALACE SLEEPING CARS

Will be run on the Through Trains and the service will be performed over the entire line in a manner equal to that of any railway or this continent. Special arrangements have been made to accommodate the pleasure travel.

For further particulars see advertisements and time tables.

C J BRYDGES,
Managing Director.
June 3 1870. 1417tf

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1870.] SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS. [1870

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at	9 a. m
Night do do do do do	9 p m
Accommodation Train for Cornwall and Intermediate Stations at	00 p m
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at	7:30 a m
Trains for Lachine at 6:00 a m, 7:00 a m, 9 15 a m, 12 noon, 1:30 p m, 4:00 p m and 5:30 p m.	

The 1:30 p m train runs through to Province Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at	7:00 a m
Express for Boston at	8:40 a m
Express for New York and Boston via Vermont Central at	3:45 p m
Express for New York and Boston via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at	6.00 a m
Express for Island Pond, at	2:00 p m
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at	10: 0 p m

☞ Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotta" leaves Portland every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, for Halifax, N.S., respectively at 4 p m.

They has excellent accommodation for passenger and freight.

The International Company's Steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway leave Portland every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 6 p m, for St. John, N.B., &c.

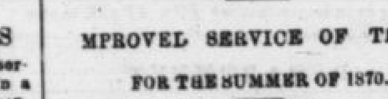
Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Offices, Bonaventure Station, and 39 Great St James Street.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director
Montreal, May, 1870.

OTTAWA OFFICES—York street, corner of Sussex street

A & A H TAYLOR, Agents



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY OF CANADA

IMPROVED SERVICE OF TRAINS FOR THE SUMMER OF 1870.

ACCELERATION OF SPEED.

NEW CARS ON ALL EXPRESS TRAINS.

Portland to Montreal in 13 Hours.
Montreal to Toronto in 13 Hours.

On and after JUNE 13th the new arrangements will be put in force, and trains will leave Montreal as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points west at	9 00 a m
NIGHT, do do	9 00 p m
Mail Train for Toronto and intermediate Stations	7 00 a m
Accommodation Train for Brockville and intermediate stations	5 00 p m
Trains for Lachine a 6 00 a m, 7 00 a m, 9 15 am, 12 noon, 1 30 p m, 4 00 p m, 5 30 p m, and 6 30 p m. The 1 30 p m Train runs through to Province Line.	

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and intermediate stations at	7 10 a m
Express for Boston, via Vermont Central, at	9 00 a m
Express for New York and Boston, via Vermont Central, at	3 45 p m
Express for New York and Boston, via Plattsburg, Lake Champlain, Burlington and Rutland, at	6 00 a m
Do do do do	4 00 p m
Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham, Portland and Lower Provinces at	[illegible]
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, and the Lower Provinces, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St Hilaire, St Hyacinthe, Upton, Acton, Richmond, Brompton Falls, Sherbrooke, Lennoxville, Compton, Coaticooke and Norton Mills only at	10 10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all night trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotta" leave Portland for Halifax, N S, every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, respectively, at 4 00 p m. They have excellent accommodations for passengers and Freight.

The International Company's Steamers running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every Monday and Thursday at 6 00 p m for St John, N B, &c

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way station apply at the Ticket Offices, Bonaventure Station, or at No 39, Great St James Street.

C J BRYDGES,
Managing Director.
June 1870. 1435tf

Insurance.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY of Canada, Head Office, Toronto.

President—The Hon John Hillyard Cameron M.P.

Vice President—Lewis Moffatt, Esq.

Other Directors—C J Campbell, Esq. Hon Malcolm Cameron, W T Macdonnell, Esq. A R McMaster, Esq, H S Howland, Esq. Geo Duggan, Esq, A T Fulton, Esq, Angus Morrison, Esq, M P J S Crocker, Esq.

Banker—The Canadian Bank of Commerce.

Agents for Ottawa—Messrs J T & W PENNOCK.

The rates of the PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY are as low as its long experience has been to be profitable.

The test of the value of insurance is, however, not when the premiums are being paid, but when losses are being settled, and, from the equity and promptness of its settlements the Provincial Insurance Company is second to none.

Its Inspectors are always sent to adjust every important loss directly it occurs.

It has no adjusted losses due and unpaid.

It respectfully solicits a share of the patronage of the insuring public of Ottawa.

ARTHUR HARVEY,
Manager.
1298tf

UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY *OF MAINE.*

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No. 104.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33 The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St: John, N.B

For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.

have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN,
Manager.
Ottawa, November 7 1868. 894tf

Government Notices.

SEIGNIORIAL INDEMNITY TO TOWNSHIPS' FUND.

Whereas by Order in Council of date APRIL 30, 1867, it is directed that as regards the claims of Municipalities to participate therein, the above Fund shall be finally closed on the 31st DECEMBER of the present Year. Notice is hereby given that all claims which can in any wise alter the distribution thereof must be lodged in this Office on or before the date above named, after which date no alteration can be made in the said distribution.

JOHN LANGTON, Auditor.
Per J SIMPSON,

Finance Department.
Ottawa, Dec 9, 1870. 1. 38td21

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to Parliament for Private Bills, either for granting exclusive privileges, or conferring corporate powers for commercial or other purposes of profit, or for doing any thing tending to affect the rights or property of other parties, are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the House of Commons (which are published in full in the "Canada Gazette"), to give TWO MONTHS' NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object), in the "Canada Gazette" and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected, sending copies of the first and last of such notices to the Private Bill Office.

All Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the first three weeks of the Session.

ALFRED TODD,
Chf. Clk. Committees and Private Bills,
House of Commons.
Ottawa, 8th Dec., 1870 1536tf

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly, which are published in the "Ontario Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the Session.

CHARLES T GILLMOR,
Clerk of the House.
Toronto March 15, 1870 1309 td lawa

GOVERNMENT HOUSE
OTTAWA,
5th day of December, 1870.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Inland Revenue, and under and in virtue of the authority given by the 17th section of the Act 31st Vict., Chapter 8, intituled, "An Act respecting the Inland Revenue" His Excellency in Council has been pleased to Order, and it is hereby Ordered that the following regulations for the manufacture of Methylated Spirits in bond shall be and they are hereby made and established:

REGULATIONS.

1st. The room in which the wood Naphtha is mixed with Spirits shall only be accessible to the proprietor during the actual presence of an officer of Inland Revenue.

2nd. A sample of the wood Naphtha (say about four ounces) shall be sent to the Department from every cask or package used.

3rd Not less than 100 proof gallons of Alcohol shall be mixed at one time, which shall be mixed in an open mixing tub, in the presence of an officer who shall then test and gauge it as to strength and quantity.

4th. With every 100 proof gallons of Alcohol there shall be mixed at least twelve and-a-half gallons of "Wood Naphtha of Commerce," the whole being mixed together.

5th. After the mixing has been thoroughly completed, the strength of the mixture shall be tested, and the quantity gauged by the officer in attendance and duly recorded. The mixture shall then be placed in casks, the casks being branded or marked on the head in legible characters, with the words—

Methylated Spirits,
Date on which it was mixed,
Number of Wine gallons in the Cask.
Strength,
Number of Proof Gallons
Name of the Division.
Initials of the officer under whose inspection the mixture took place.
Number of the entry under which it is warehoused.

6th. A Stock Book must be kept in the Factory, in which Book must be entered:—

(a) The particulars of every package of Alcohol, brought in, stating where manufactured, the strength and quantity; the marks, &c, on the casks and the general number of the Permit, under which it was conveyed to the Manufactory.

(b) The particulars of every quantity mixed &c. of the original packages from which it was taken; the quantity and strength of the "Methylated Spirits" produced from it, and the particulars as to marks, numbers, &c., of the Cask in which it is placed.

7th. Every entry in the Stock Book is to be checked by the officer in charge, who must keep an account of each transaction, which account or a duplicate thereof is to be taken to the Inland Revenue office, immediately after each transaction.

8th. So soon as the mixing and Barrelling has been completed, the "Methylated Spirits" shall be removed from the Bonded Manufactory and duly entered for warehousing as required by the regulations in that behalf.

W. H. LEE,
Clerk, Privy Council,
Canada
537-3

Bitters and Sauces.

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission from the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion,

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,
Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle;

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F GIANELLI.

LEA & PERRINS' CELEBRATED

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

Declared by Connoisseur TO BE THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.

CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivalled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,

and to see that their names are upon the wrapper labels, stopper and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed

☞ Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c, &c, and by Grocers and Oilmen universally 42y1236 law

For sale by DRUGGISTS AND GROCERS

TRADE-MARK GARDNER MONTREAL

GARDNER'S QUININE WINE BITTERS,

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons recovering from illness. For sale in quart bottles; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children—it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardener's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best ask for GARDENER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.

Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

J GARDENER, Chemist,
457 Notre Dame street, Montreal,
Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

Commission Merchants

J. BERMINGHAM,

GENERAL AUCTIONEER.

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his Spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit continuance of the support and patronage liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate, that, in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p. m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required.

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 25.

Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hands for sale.

J BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.
Ottawa, March 1870.

DOMINICK FOX.

GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,
Clarence street, next to the City Hotel
Ottawa.

Solicits the patronage of the Lumber Merchants generally on the Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging men and attending to their rafts while passing here to the best of his ability.

REFERENCES.

Alex Fraser, Esq. Walter Smith, Esq.
[illegible] Esq. R W Cruice, Esq.
1374tf.

H. EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS, FORWARDERS

DEALERS IN

Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.

OTTAWA.

End of Little Sussex-st.

Cash advanced on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases

W H EASTON R. M. EASTON

FOR SALE.

MESS AND PRIME MESS PORK.

FLOUR NO. 1 & EXTRA

WHITE BEANS.

At Ottawa, Sand Point and Pembroke.

S CHRISTIE,
No 5 Sparks street.
Ottawa, May 18, 1870.

Medical.

GABRIEL'S PREPARATIONS FOR THE TEETH.

TRADE MARK. MANUFACTURED ONLY BY MESS^{RS} GABRIEL. Dentists, LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers.

MESSRS. GABRIEL,
The old-established Dentists,
64 Ludgate Hill, London
And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache, no matter how far decayed Price 1s 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations

GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth Price 5s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; is is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic Neuralgia, and Toothache.

See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it Price 5s.

PARTIES AT A DISTANCE REQUIRING ARTIFICIAL TEETH may have them supplied, in partial or complete sets, on Messrs Gabriel's new system, by sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of One Guinea, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded, with all necessary instructions Messrs. Gabriel will undertake to Remodel or Repair Artificial Teeth made by other Dentists (which do not prove satisfactory), at moderate charges.

Messrs. Gabriel's Pamphlet on Artificial Teeth and Painless Dentistery on receipt of postage.

☞ All letters to be addressed to 64 LUDGATE HILL, LONDON. 1323 2awfm lawk6m

MADRID 1847

PRIMERA CLASE.

PARIS 1867 LONDON 1862

MENTION HONORABLE GENERAL EXCELLENCE

Alkabasar

ARRIVED AT LAST!

This elegant Turkish TONIC is one of the most salutary and delicate preparations ever submitted for public approval in this hemisphere, and asserts its pretentions to patronage on the following grounds:—

That it is a preparation of one of the most eminent Purveyors to the Ottoman Court.

It prevents acidity of the Stomach.

It relieves lowness of spirits.

It is a mild and invigorating tonic, and a most efficient but innocuous stimulent.

It renders the breath sweet and agreeable

It stimulates the appetite if taken BEFORE meals.

It promotes digestion if taken AFTER meals.

It neutralizes the propensity for strong liquors.

It renders the intellect bright and clear.

If taken habitually it imparts vitality and energy to all the bodily organs.

By its use a man of 70 will become, as it were, restored to the elasticity of 30; and to persons of delicate constitutions it is strongly recommended.

It is an especial favourite with Oriental ladies.

Secure, then, health, longevity and vital energy by the habitual use of the

ALKABASAR TURKISH TONIC.

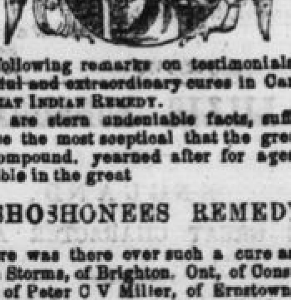
Kept in stock by the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.

For directions for use see labels on bottles

HENRY CHAPMAN & CO.,
EVANS, MERCER & CO.,
Montreal,
Sole Agents for the Dominion
Montreal, July 6. 1415-y

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!



The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

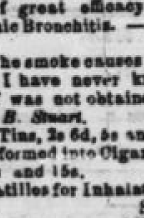
They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton, Ont, of Consumption or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hecey, of Napanee, of Rheumatism who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1. 13y



FOR ASTHMA.

and Chronic Bronchitis

DATURA TATULA,

Affords Immediate Relief.

"A remedy of great power and usefulness."—*Dr W. Parker.*

"Of great efficacy in cases of Asthma and Chronic Bronchitis. —*Dublin Journal Medical Science.*

"The smoke causes no nausea. When the right kind, I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."—*General Alexander Hon. B. Stuart.*

In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, Boxes, 5s, 8s and 15s.

Pastilles for Inhalation, Boxes, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London
AGENTS—Messrs F. Cundill & Co., Montreal

FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION of COD LIVER OIL, the fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive activity, superior to Pepsine.

Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 12s6d. Pancreatine Wine, bottles, 3s, 5s and 10s

N.B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil.

AGENTS—Messrs F. [illegible]

NOTICE

Is hereby given, that an application will be made to the Legislature of the Province of Ontario at its next Session, for an Act to authorise the construction of Water Works in and for the City of Ottawa.

WM P LETT,
City Clerk.
City Hall, Ottawa,
October 12th, 1870 1441 lawk-2m

Medical.

ELECTRICITY IS LIFE

PULVERMACHER'S PATENT

GALVANIC CHAIN-BANDS BELTS, AND POCKET BATTERIES

These highly improved inventions render Electricity perfectly self-applicable, and extremely efficacious in a mild continuous form, no shock or unpleasant sensation being experienced, whereby it becomes a true fountain of health and vigour, speedily soothing agonizing pains, re-animating torpid limbs, reviving the sluggish functions of life, and imparting renewed energy and vitality to constitutions enfeebled by whatever cause. Medicines and their deleterious consequences are thus entirely dispensed with. The daily increasing number of cures effected by PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC SYSTEM is so extensive and varied, that it forcibly points to this invention as the embryo of a universal remedy.

N. B.—The following testimony from the elite of the English medical faculty has been received:

"We, the undersigned, have much pleasure in testifying that Mr. J. L. PULVERMACHER's recent improvements in his Voltaic Batteries and Galvanic Appliances for Medical Purposes are of great importance to Scientific Medicine, and that he is entitled to the consideration and support of every one disposed to further the advancement of real and useful progress.

"Dated the 9th day of March, 1866.

"SIR CHARLES LOCOCK, Bart., M. D., F. R. C. P.
"SIR HENRY HOLLAND, Bart., M. D., F. R. S.
"SIR WM. FERGUSSON, Bart., F. R. S.
"EDWD. H. SIEVEKING, M. D, M R.C.S.
"SIR J. RANALD MARTIN, F. R. C. S"

PULVERMACHER'S SYSTEM is also approved of by an official report of the Academie de Medicine, Paris, Royal College of Physicians, London, and the Imperial Faculty of Vienna, and its curative virtues are confirmed by thousands of private testimonials of cures effected. (See pamphlet gratis).

These facts appeal to the good sense of every sufferer to avail himself of this scientific and curative progress, to which the inventor has devoted a life-time of study and labour, as an ardent deciple of that great benefactor of mankind, the late illustrious electrician MICHAEL FARADY.

PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC CHAINS are exceedingly effective without the aid of medicine, restriction of diet, or the least derangement of the patient's habits and daily occupations, in the following maladies:

Rheumatism	Female Complaints
Gout	Constipation
Sciatica	Cramp
Lumbago	Sluggish Circulation
Neuralgia	Urinary Disorders
Head and Toothache	Paralysis
Liver Complaints	Epilepsy
Tic Doloreux	Nervous Debility
Indigestion	Functional Disorders
Deafness	&c., &c.
Spasms	

The effects of the application of Pulvermacher's Chains in any of the above disorders is immediately perceptible—the relief of pain instantaneous.

PRICE LIST OF PULVERMACHER'S CHAIN BANDS AND BATTERIES.

B. CHAIN BANDS for Nervous Deafness, Head, Tooth, and Face Ache, and Noises in the Head, 21s. to 30s.

B. CHAIN BANDS for loss of Voice and other affections of the Throat, 10s. 6d. to 21s.

N. CHAIN BANDS for Sciatica, Rheumatic, Neuralgia, and Gouty Pains, Local Paralysis, Cramp, &c., 18s. to 22s. and 40s.

B CHAIN BANDS for Lumbago, Indigestion, Liver, Chest, and Functional Disorders, &c., (worn as a belt), 22s to 40s and 55s.

B CHAIN BANDS for Writer's Cramp, Trembling, Nervousness, &c, 22s to 30s and 40s

B COMBINED CHAIN BAND for Cental, Paralysis, Epilepsy, General Debility Functional Disorders, &c, 30s to 50s

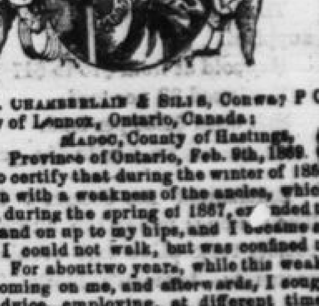
A complete Set of COMBINED CHAIN BANDS, BELTS, and CHAIN BATTERY for restoring vital energy, £5 to £7.

The public are most earnestly cautioned to beware of Pseudo Electric Belts advertised by sham Doctors, &c., for improper purposes, and so severely stigmatised by Vice Chancellor Malins in the suit Pulvermacher vs Hammond, alias Henry James, alias C. T, Raphey, M. R. C. S, alias Henry Burrows, &c, &c.

No Galvanic Belts are genuine but those bearing the fac simile of M. Pulvermacher's signature on the label.

A pamphlet containing full particulars may be had at the Drug Store of A. Christie, Sparks Street.

J. L. PULVERMACHER,
Galvanic Establishment,
200 Regent Street, London, W.
Ottawa, September 6, 1870 1455 lawk y



To Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada;
Madoc, County of Hastings,
Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869.

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless. I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings this ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle

A F WOOD, J P.
Warden County of Hastings Province of Ontario, D of Canada.

GREAT CENTRAL AIR LINE ROUTE VIA GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.

[The Model Road of Canada.]

To Sarnia, Detroit, Milwaukee.

CHICAGO,

Cincinnati, St. Louis, New Orleans, and all Points in the West and South.

NORTHERN TRANSPORTATION CO'S
20 First-Class Upper Cabin Steamers.

DAILY LINE BETWEEN

OGDENSBURG & CHICAGO,

Making sure connections with Railway for all Points West and South.

Parties going west can secure Tickets at this office to any Point desired, VIA

ALL RAIL OR ALL BOAT

Fares always cheaper than by any other Route.

Be sure and procure TICKETS at this office by the

GREAT CENTRAL ROUTE
AND SAVE MONEY, TIME AND DISTANCE

Comparitive distance of the several Western Routes to Chicago:

American—Ogdensburg or Prescott to Chicago	850	miles
Grand Trunk to Detroit	736	do
Grand Trunk to Toronto, Great Western to Detroit	730	do
Leaving in favor of the Great Central Route	120	do

For TICKETS to any Points in the United States, and all information apply to

J P CORCORAN,
General Western Railway and Steamboat Ticket office, at H Palmer's store, next to Fingland & Draper's, Sussex st, two doors from Rideau-st.

Medical.

DARLEY'S

ARABIAN OIL FOR HORSES AND CATTLE

A NEVER-FAILING REMEDY.

This valuable preparation combines all the medicinal virtues of those articles which long experience has proved to possess the most safe and efficient properties for the cure of Flesh Wounds, Sprains, Bruises, Galls of all kinds, Cracked Heels, Ring Bone, Spavin, Callous, Fistula, Sweeney, External Poisons, Scratches or Grease, Strains, Lameness, Mange, Wind Galls, Corns, Sand Cracks, Foundered Feet, Horn Distemper, Swellings, and many other diseases which horses and cattle are subject to.

The celebrated Liniment has been used for many years, and its curative properties thoroughly tested, and it is conceded to be the cheapest and most reliable remedy for all external complaints ever offered to the public—it never fails when timely and faithfully applied.

To be had of all Druggists and Country Merchants throughout the Dominion. Price 25c. per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont.,
Proprietors.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W M Massey, H F McCarthy, J Skinner, in Ottawa, all Medicine Dealers.

November 24, 1870 1523tf

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

As a family Remedy it is well and favourably known relieving thousands from pain in the Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramp in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c. &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Has now been before the public for a length of time and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions have been properly followed, but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing the Diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it.

Price only Twenty-five Cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN

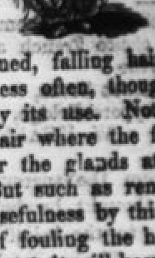
Sold in Ottawa by H F McCarthy, J Skinner, John Roberts, J P Featherston, George Mortimer, W M Massey, and all Medicine Dealers.

November 30, 1870 1537y

Ayer's

Hair Vigor,

For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.



A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color with the gloss and freshness of youth. Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

HAIR DRESSING,

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,

PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS,

LOWELL, MASS.

PRICE $1.00.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

For Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption.

Probably never before in the whole history of medicine, has anything won so widely and so deeply upon the confidence of mankind, as this excellent remedy for pulmonary complaints. Through a long series of years, and among most of the races of men it has risen higher and higher in their estimation, as it has become better known. Its uniform character and power to cure the various affections of the lungs and throat, have made it known as a reliable protector against them. While adapted to milder forms of disease and to young children, it is at the same time the most effectual remedy that can be given for incipient consumption, and the dangerous affections of the throat and lungs. As a provision against sudden attacks of Croup, it should be kept on hand in every family, and indeed as all are sometimes subject to colds and coughs, all should be provided with this antidote for them.

Although settled *Consumption* is thought incurable, still great numbers of cases where the disease seemed settled, have been completely cured, and the patient restored to sound health by the *Cherry Pectoral.* So complete is its mastery over the disorders of the Lungs and Throat, that the most obstinate of them yield to it. When nothing else could reach them, under the *Cherry Pectoral* they subside and disappear.

Singers and Public Speakers find great protection from it.

Asthma is always relieved and often wholly cured by it.

Bronchitis is generally cured by taking the *Cherry Pectoral* in small and frequent doses.

So generally are its virtues known that we need not publish the certificates of them here, or do more than assure the public that its qualities are fully maintained.

Ayer's Ague Cure,

For Fever and Ague, Intermittent Fever, Chill Fever, Remittent Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical or Bilious Fever, &c., and indeed all the affections which arise from malarious, marsh, or miasmatic poisons.

As its name implies, it does *Cure*, and does not fail. Containing neither Arsenic, Quinine, Bismuth, Zinc, nor any other mineral or poisonous substance whatever, it in nowise injures any patient. The number and importance of its cures in the ague districts, are literally beyond account, and we believe without a parallel in the history of Ague medicine. Our pride is gratified by the acknowledgments we receive of the radical cures effected in obstinate cases, and where other remedies had wholly failed.

Unacclimated persons, either resident in, or travelling through miasmatic localities, will be protected by taking the AGUE CURE daily.

For *Liver Complaints*, arising from torpidity of the Liver, it is an excellent remedy, stimulating the Liver into healthy activity.

For Bilious Disorders and Liver Complaints, it is an excellent remedy, producing many truly remarkable cures, where other medicines had failed.

Prepared by DR. J. C. AYER & Co., Practical and Analytical Chemists, Lowell, Mass., and sold all round the world.

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

August 7, 1870

THE TIMES is printed and published by The Ottawa Times Printing and Publishing Company, at the office, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa. JAMES BAILIFF, Managing Director.

The Times

VOL. VI. NO. 1546 OTTAWA, THURSDAY, DECEMBER 22, 1870 PRICE—3 CENTS

Legal.

J. W. WARD, Barrister-at-Law, ..., &c., opposite the Russell House, ...

WRIGHT & CLEMOW, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. &c., for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec. Office over Durie's Book Store, Sparks street.
W McKay Wright. 12w F C Clemow.

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 388y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. M. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the ... House, Ottawa.
Robert Lees. 43utf John J. Gemmill.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

KEEFER & KIMBER, Barristers and Attorneys at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, &c., for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec.
Office—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.
Augustus Keefer. Rene Edward Kimber.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. L. HAHA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 983y

COSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
William Mosgrove. 366tf George Taillon

J. PETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

Medical.

DR. DICKINSON,
Residence and Surgery Kent Street.

DOCTOR BRADERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Surgery—That recently occupied by Dr. Malloch, Duke st, Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1388y

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 8 a. m. to 4 p. m.
N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be found at his residence, Murray street.

DR. C. GRIGG, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34atf

GEORGE HUTCHISON, L. D. S.,
SURGEON DENTIST,
Sparks Street
OPPOSITE "TIMES" OFFICE.

DR. HUTCHISON is fully prepared to supply new SETS of TEETH, or to insert single Teeth where wanting, on either gold, silver or vulcanite ..., fitting so closely and easily to the mouth as to be capable of all the uses to which natural teeth are applied, without the slightest inconvenience to the wearers, and after using for a short time in use, without even a consciousness of the presence of a substance originally foreign to the mouth.
N. B. with a view to the removal of painful ... during the operation of extracting ... or diseased teeth, has introduced into his practice the use of the Nitrous Oxide or laughing gas, which the sufferer inhales without danger or inconvenience, and loses his tooth as it were in a pleasant dream.
... any day, except Sunday, ... from 9 a. m. to 6 p. m.
Ottawa, September 2, 1870

Hotels and Saloons.

ST. JAMES' HOTEL,
METCALFE AND QUEEN STREETS.

The Proprietor, G. R. EVANS,
Begs respectfully to announce to the public in general that the above premises will be opened for business this day, 29th inst., and hopes by strict attention to business and moderate charges, to merit their patronage and favor.
Ottawa Nov 29, 1870 1526tf

THE METROPOLITAN,
AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa.
P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

WAVERLY HOUSE,
BARRINGTON-STREET,
HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,
Established 1851.
Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.
...y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,
Corner James and King-sts.,
Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.
E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)
A spacious sample-room for commercial travelers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*
Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the best Brandies, Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of guests and patrons.
... ... daily

McDUIGNAN'S,
SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

A few more gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen visiting the Capital will find superior accommodation by the day or week at moderate terms.
The house is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Parliament Buildings and the ... 3191f

THE UNION HOUSE,
W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR,
CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS
OTTAWA.
EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.
The Bar always supplied with the
CHOICEST LIQUORS,
And the table spread with
EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON
Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.

C. R. HIGGINS,
Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co., General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufactures and Mining Agent. ... constantly on hand. Office, corner ... and Sparks streets, over Mann Bros Hardware Store

DANCING AND DEPORTMENT.

Mrs Robert Stewart having made arrangements with an accomplished lady teacher, announces that her Dancing Classes will commence on Wednesday, the 22nd instant.
Further particulars may be obtained on application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street.
Ottawa, September 9th, 1869 1148tf

CANADA AND
U. S. PATENT AGENCY.

Patents solicited in Canada and the United States; Trade and Timber Marks, Industrial Designs, Copywrights, Transfers, &c., registered on the shortest notice, Copies of Laws, Circulars and information, sent free on application. Drawings prepared and copied.
Charges moderate. United States Patents particularly attended to. Several valuable Patent Rights for sale.
... 1524tf

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.
W. R. Thistle. R. Lang.

J. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.
References.—H A Sims, Esq. Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 743t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. Office: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

EDGAR DOWARD, Organist, Christ Church, teacher of Organ, Piano and Singing Residence—O'Connor street. Mr. Doward was formerly Chorister Boy and Articled Pupil of Mr W. Done, of Worcester Cathedral, England.

CHARLES J. TASKER, Accountant Books posted Accounts made out. Apply at the office of H P Hill, Solicitor, References: Dr Hill, G H Pinhey.
Ottawa, Nov 5, 1...

H. R. FRIPP,
ORGANIST AND TEACHER OF MUSIC.
Residence—Elgin Street, South of Slater Street. Classes for beginners at Mr Gowan's Hall on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 4½ p. m.
Ottawa, July 15th, 1870. 1410 tf

MUSICAL ACADEMY.
Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street.
Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 778y

PEOPLE'S TELEGRAPH COMPANY
Incorporated under Chapter LXVII of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada.
OTTAWA OFFICE—G P Drummond's Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.
DIRECTORS;
A JOSEPH, Chairman; D C THOMSON, Treasurer; S B FOOTE A THOMSON, T H DUNN.
DRUMMOND Manager 1141tf

FOR SALE.
A beautiful country residence with Fifteen (15) Acres of Land (or more if necessary) attached the house and outbuildings being completely surrounded by a grove of lovely shade trees. The whole within 10 minutes drive of the Government Buildings.
Terms of sale, cash, if preferable to purchaser otherwise a small payment down, and the balance in from 1 to 10 years, to suit purchaser.
Apply to the Proprietor,
R A BRADLEY,
Solicitor, Elgin st., Ottawa.
Nearly opposite the Post Office.
N. B.—Money to lend on Real Estate Terms easy.

THE HOWLEY FARM TO LET.
Lot No 30, 1st Concession of Gloucester R Front, containing 200 acres, 150 acres well cleared and in good state of cultivation, opposite Manotic, and fifteen miles from Ottawa, with good fences, a fine dwelling house, two story high, barns and outhouses complete, is now to let on reasonable terms, for a term of years. Apply for further particulars to
CHARLES ROWAN,
Ottawa.
Ottawa September 5, 1870 1454tf&w37t

A. E. GENDREAU,
HAIR DRESSING PARLOUR,
Wellington street,
Opposite the Bank of Montreal.

MR GENDREAU, the proprietor of that so popular Parlour, has the pleasure to announce to his numerous friends and the public in general, that to answer to the great encouragement which he has received up to the present, he has determined to enlarge and thoroughly furnish anew his establishment He will save no expense to render Parlour the most comfortable, and procure the most experienced hair dressers.
MR GENDREAU having served considerable time in some of the best and most extensive Hair Dressing Saloons in the Dominion and United States, is in a position to conduct the duties of his establishment in a manner that cannot be surpassed.
He will have always on hand the best perfumes imported directly from Paris and London MR GENDREAU solicits a visit to convince all of the truth of his statements

PRESERVE YOUR ROOFS.
PATENT PLASTIC SLATE PAINT,
Is the best and cheapest material in use for preserving new, or repairing old
IRON OR TIN ROOFS,
No matter how bad their condition. Also first rate for
SHINGLE ROOFS,
Making them
FIRE AND WATER PROOF
He dens into a coating of SOLID SLATE by exposure.
Price $6 a barrel, mixed ready for use.
A barrel will cover 10 squares (10 x 10).

SHEATHING FELT
For lining Frame Buildings under the clapboards. An effectual protection against cold damp and vermin. Rats and mice will not come near it.
No FRAME DWELLING should be without
Send for circular, instructions, &c.
BUCHANAN & CO.,
Wholesale Depot for Roofing Materia and Founder's Supplies,
32 Lemoine Street.
Montreal.
Ottawa, September 21, 1870 1468

SATCHELL BROS
BUTCHERS TO
HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantly on hand
FRESH KILLED
STALL-FED
BEEF AND MUTTON.
ALSO,
THEIR CELEBRATED
SPICED AND SALT ROUND,
AND
ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES,
To be had at
THEIR STALLS,
Nos. 5 and 7,
BY-WARD MARKET

Hardware.

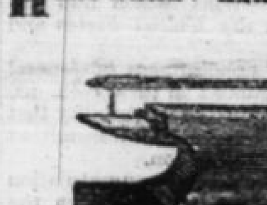
BLYTH & KERR.
No. 25 RIDEAU STREET,
Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c.

All work in any of the above branches executed in a prompt and workmanlike manner.
Special attention given to Roofing and fitting up Galvanized Iron and Tin Gutters, Conductors, &c., &c.

IMPORTERS OF GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

JUST RECEIVED, ex "Pride of Canada" and "Oceola," a splendid assortment of Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots, Jelly Moulds, Wire Dish Covers, Spice Boxes, Ladies' Dressing Cases Trays, Enamelled Pie Dishes, Preserving Pans, Deal Milk Saucepans, &c., &c.
Constantly on hand, Cooking Stoves, (best makers) Hot Air Furnaces, Water Coolers, Baths, (all kinds) Cutlery, Plated and Britannia Metal Ware,
—ALSO—
FISHING TACKLE, comprising Rods, Lines, Flies, Hooks, Floats, Trolls, Panniers, Landing Nets, Fly Books, &c. &c.
Ottawa, August 10, 1870 1432 ly

HARDWARE! HARDWARE!



Sign of the ANVIL, 24 Rideau Street, where you can get a complete assortment of shelf and Heavy Hardware, and at prices to suit purchasers, Consisting in part of
GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHINGS:
Butcher Knives, Knives and Forks, Pocket Knives, Table Spoons, Tea Spoons, Tea Trays, Bath Mats, Butts, Screws, Locks, Bolts, Catches, Latches, Axes, Saws, Planes, Squares, Hammers, Spokeshaves, Gouges, Chisels, Augers, Auger Bits, Sets of Bits Bevils, Levels, Boring Machines, Draw Knives, &c. &c. &c. together with
PAINT OF ALL COLOURS:
Rose, Pink, Burnt Umber, Terra de Sienna, Creme Yellow, Yellow Ochre, Celestial Blue Paris Green, Brunswick Green, Magnesia Green Venetian Green, Red Lead, White Lead, in Oil or Dry, Drop Black, Ivory Black, Lamp Black Boiled Oil, Raw Oil, Turpentine, Benzole, Coal Oil, Paint Brushes, Varnishes, &c.
THOS BIRKETT,
No. 24, Rideau street,
Sign of the Anvil.
P. S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the City.
Ottawa, Nov 1st, 1870

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35 SUSSEX STREET

Elevated Oven Cook Stoves, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.
Low Oven Cook Stoves, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.
Double Stoves, at
H. MEADOWS & Co
Box and Parlor Stoves, at
H. MEADOWS & Co
Coal Stoves, Base Burners, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.
The Quintal Coal Stove, at
H. MEADOWS & Co
Parlour Cook Stoves, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.
Dumb Stoves, all sizes, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.
Hot Air Furnaces, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.
Stove Pipes and Elbows, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.
Lumbermen's Supplies, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.
1st Prize Stoves can be seen, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.
Ottawa, Oct. 13, 1870.

Druggists.

DUTCH BULBS!

The Subscriber has just received a full assortment from a celebrated Grower in HOLLAND, both for Spring Gardening and in-door Culture.

THE ASSORTMENT INCLUDES.
Hyacinths, many varieties,
Tulips, "
Lilies, "
Narcissus, "
Jonquills, "
Anemones, "
Ranunculus, "
&c, &c.

The Flower Roots above mentioned not coming to hand till late in the season, are offered for sale at low prices.
ALEXANDER CHRISTIE,
Druggist,
40 Sparks-st, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Nov. 18, 1870 1517yl

RICHARD HIGMAN,
FAMILY AND DISPENSING CHEMIST,
LATE MANAGER,
MEDICAL HALL,
SPARKS STREET,
Wishes to return sincere thanks to his friends and the public, for the kind sympathy evinced toward him, on the occasion of the late fire.
He now begs to inform them that he will commence business on his own account in a few days, in part of Mr McLean's Auction Room, in rear of John Roos' Cigar Store, with entirely new stock, of Drugs, Chemicals Patent medicines, Perfumery, &c., and trusts the public will appreciate his attention to business, with the same kind patronage that was extended to him in his situation.
Ottawa, Dec 16, 1870 1541y

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOW
INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.
RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMERS:
First Cabin, Payable in Gold.
Liverpool or Queenstown........................$100 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.
Liverpool or Queenstown.........................35 00
PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VI HALIFAX.
First Cabin, Payable in Gold.
Liverpool or Queenstown.......................$100 00
Halifax...20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer............45 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.
Liverpool or Queenstown..........................30 00
Halifax...15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer.............30 00
Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates.
For further information, apply at the Company's Office, JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
15 Broadway, New York,
or HERRICK & CROMBIE, Ottawa.

Groceries.

IF YOU WANT
TO SAVE MONEY
GO TO THE
PEOPLE'S TEA STORES,
—BY—
P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.,
No. 36 Rideau St., and Duke St., Chaudiere
OTTAWA,

Where from their great increase of business and the large addition now put to their Store, with a well selected Stock, and constant attention on their part, will enable them to sell at prices not to be equalled elsewhere.
There will be found always on hand a general assortment of
GROCERIES,
TEAS in particular, imported,
LIQUORS, WINES, BRANDIES,
GIN, IRISH and
SCOTCH WHISKEY,
Gooderham & Worts HIGHWINES
OLD RYE, and PROOF,
With a fine assortment of Christmas and New Year's FRUITS and S...
—ALSO—
WINTER APPLES,
ORANGES and LEMONS,
CHEESE, HAMS,
and BACON.
Remember our Motto—"Quick Sales and light Profits."
Try their TEAS.
Ottawa, Nov 29, 1870 1526

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS.

Ex. Ships COGNAC, NEREO, UNION and CITY of QUEBEC, from the different places of Growth.

It is now AN ESTABLISHED FACT
If you want any First-Class BRANDIES or WINES and the best Family Groceries, you must go to
Thos. Patterson,
No. 36 Rideau Street.
The following Goods in Stock and for Sale:
BRANDIES.—Pure and unadulterated, good for any use, always on hand in Wood or Bottle.
PORT WINE.—Pure and reliable (20 years old) for Medicinal purposes and the only House in the City that imports such WINES direct to order.
SHERRY WINES—Various grades, very, very Pale, (delicious flavour) Splendid Wines at a price to defy competition.
GIN—John D. Kuyper & Son's Double Bottled, First class.
SCOTCH WHISKEY—Old and Mild, (full strength.)
RUM,
OLD RYE,
FAMILY PROOF,
AND HIGHWINES,
of the best kind.
PORTER AND ALES.—Guiness's Dublin and Dawe's, Lachine, in splendid order.
COFFEE.—Delicious Flavour. Fresh Roasted and Ground Daily.
TEAS.—The best qualities of Black, Japan, and Green, new crop and fragant.
SUGARS and SYRUPS of all kinds.
CHEESE.—Fine old (Beesons and Factory) the best.
PICKLES and SAUCES, Jams and Jellies from Crosse and Blackwells, in great variety.
FRUITS.—The finest table and cooking raisins that can be had, large fresh and rich flavored.
CURRANTS.—Quite fresh and Candied Peels.
SPERM CANDLES and fancy perfumed soaps, the greatest variety in the city, and made to order by Field of London, England. There is an endless variety of those fine goods worthy of SPECIAL ATTENTION FOR FAMILIES, being of the finest qualities at moderate prices Everybody should know that to use good goods saves money. TRY THEM.
Ottawa, December 5, 1870.

ATTENTION!

If you want Choice VIRGIN HONEY, call at the New GROCERY STORE, Corner of Sussex and York Streets.

If you want SUPERIOR CHEESE, call at the New GROCERY STORE, Corner of Sussex and York Streets.

If you want FIRST-CLASS DAIRY BUTTER, call at the New GROCERY STORE Corner Sussex and York Streets.

—ALSO—

New Crop West End, Layers, Valencia and Seedless Raisins and Currants, Fresh Turkey Figs, Malaga Grapes, Lemons, Choice Imperial Prunes, Canded Peels, Gelatine, Cross & Blackwell's Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies, and Marmalades, Fresh Oysters, Lobsters Seguin Mackerel, Salmon and Tomatoes, with a choice lot of Scotch and English Ales and Porter, Wines and Brandies, Gin, Scotch Whiskey, Jamaica Rum, Old Rye, Syrups and &c.

JOHN A. BITTERS,
CONSTANTLY ON HAND,
At the New GROCERY STORE, Corner Sussex and York Streets.
Extra Fine Green, Black and Japan Teas, Rio, Java and Turkey Coffee.
—ALSO—
Fine Family and Pastry Flour, Oat and Corn Meal, at the NEW GROCERY STORE, Corner Sussex and York Streets.
J. M. C. DELES DERNIERS,
Corner Sussex and York sts.
Ottawa, Nov 29, 1870 1526tf

Groceries, &c.

DENIS WHELAN,
39 RIDEAU STREET,
OTTAWA
HAVING OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT
(*nearly opposite the Old Stand,*)
Offers for sale at VERY LOW PRICES a large and well selected stock, comprising Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy Soaps, Sauces, Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, Candles, Coarse and Fine Salt. Also.
Bordeaux and other Vineyards
MESS PORK, PICKLED SALMON,
LABR. HERRINGS,
and the numerous other articles necessary to constitute a complete stock.
TEAS—Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial Young Hyson, quite fresh and cheap.
COFFEE—Fresh Coffee *ground* and *roasted* daily on the premises.
LIQUORS—Cognac Brandies Renault & Co. Hennessy, Piper's and other brands.
HOLLAND GIN—De Kuyper's and Houtman's, in wood bottle.
WINES—Sherries of all grades, Ports of fine quality, Burgundy, Sauterne and Maderia Wines all prices, in wood and bottle, improved by age.
HIGHWINES, OLD RYE, PROOF AND WHISKEY
High proof and ..., at extremely low prices.
... and Stewart's Scotch Whiskey and Old Tom.
Dunville's Irish Whiskey.
Murphy's Old Irish Potteen
Guinness' and London Porter, pts and qts
Molson's and other Ales.
Sugars and Syrups, all grades.
Sale at refiners' prices.
THE OLD STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE SELLING AT TWENTY-FIVE PER CENT BELOW COST.
Now is the time for bargains. 1105

ROUSILLON PORT.
Received a fresh consignment of this delicious Wine. It is full flavoured, of great body, and guaranteed purity.

ALICANTE.
A Sweet Red Wine of delicate flavour and bouquet, invaluable for invalids.
This wine has been specially imported as a pure Wine to be used in the holy Communion
The following gentlemen have kindly allowed their names to be used as references:
Ven Archdeacon Fuller, Toronto.
Rev J Beaven, D D, "
Rev G B Read, D D, "
Rev E Baldwin, "
Rev W S Darling, "
Rev A Williams, "
Rev J D Cayley, "
Rev W H Davis, "
Rev S Bedford Jones, L L D, Ottawa.
—ALSO—
A full Stock of Brandies, Gins, Jamaica Rum, Proof and Old Rye Whiskey, Sherries, Still and Sparkling Muselle, Champagne, Malaga, Maderia Malvoisie, Noyau Curacoa Creme de Menthe, Creme de Moka, Chartreuse, Maraschino, English and Canadian Ales and Porter, &c. &c. &c
M. P. MACPHERSON,
Wine Merchant
Elgin Street.
Agent for Quelton St George & Co's pure French Wines.
Ottawa, Dec 16, 1870 153...

WM. FOOTE & COMPANY,
IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALER
—IN—
TEAS AND WINES,
6 HOSPITAL STREET
MONTREAL.
Ottawa 'August 23, 1870 1448t

PRESTON & ROWSELL,
MILITARY TAILORS
—AND
HABIT MAKERS
NO. 36 SPARKS STREET,
A SELECT ASSORTMENT
OF
Tweeds,
Broad Cloths,
Doe Skins,
Fancy Coatings,
Vestings, &c.
SHIRTS MADE TO ORDER
Ottawa, July 16, 1870.

PRESTON & ROWSELL | PRESTON & ROWSELL

THE ... LANG ... PAINTING ... STYLISH SIGNS AND HANDSOME WALL PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT
A. W LANG, Sparks Street.
No Benzine or Coal Oil used.

NOTICE.
LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF ONTARIO,
Toronto, 29th October, 1870.
Notice is hereby given, that the last day for receiving Petitions for Private Bills will be WEDNESDAY, the TWENTY-EIGHTH day of DECEMBER next.
CHARLES T. GILLMOR,
Clerk.

SITUATION WANTED
AS FARMER
A Married Man, who understands farming in all its departments; has had long experience in Canada.
Address B. B., FARMER, Hull, P.O

Dry Goods.

RETAIL ADVERTISEMENT.

MAGEE & RUSSELL,
SPARKS STREET,

Have opened up within the last few days, several CASES and BALES Assorted DRY GOODS, to which they respectfully invite attention.
Ladies, please observe the following carefully, their being many articles enumerated worthy of Notice:

DRESS DEPARTMENT.	New Tartan Plaids, Brown and Grey Wincies, French Merinoes and de Laines, Satin Cloths, Black Lustres and Alpacas, Black and Colored Silesias, " and " Casbans, Glove Finished Cambrics.
SILK DEPARTMENT.	Black Velveteens, Colored Plushes, French Crapes, Silks and Satins.
DOMESTIC DEPARTMENT.	Grey and White Cottons, " " " Sheetings, Table Napkins and Damasks, Huck Towels, Cotton and Linen Diaper, Grass Linen and Hollands.
WOOLLEN DEPARTMENT.	Sct. Saxony Flannels, Fancy Shirting do, English and Canadian Blankets, Waterproof Tweeds, Overcoatings.
HOSIERY & GLOVE DEPARTMENT.	Breakfast Shawls, Fancy Woollen Goods, Ladies Sct. Hose, Gent's Underclothing, Kid Mitts and Gloves,
RIBBON AND LACE DEPARTMENT.	Black and Coloured Velvet Ribbons, Tartan Velvet Ribbons, Black and Coloured Silk Ribbons, Tartan Silk Ribbons, New Linen Sets, Black and White Silk Laces, Hair Nets, New Style, Hair Puffs and Rolls, Cambric Handkerchiefs, Cushion Tassels, White Filacelle, Coloured Silk Twists.

Our Stock, for extent, variety, quality and price, stands unrivalled in Ottawa.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.
Ottawa, Dec. 8, 1870.

R. L. JAMES & CO.

DRESS GOODS.
A large assortment worth from 20 to 90 cents, at 15 to 80.

A
SPECIAL LINE
of
French Merinos, very cheap.

BLACK SILKS,
very much under Market value, and considerably lower than present Ottawa prices.

MILLINERY.
It is now pretty generally known that in this Department, especially the prices, are EXCEEDINGLY MODERATE,

AT THE
GOLDEN LION.
R. L. JAMES & Co.

...ristmas!
... - - 1s. 3d.
... - - 1s. 3d.
... - 1s. 3d.
... - 1s. 3d.
... - 1s. 3d.
...or - 1s. 3d.
...Wine for 1s. 3d.
(WARRANTED GENUINE.)
...e prices during the Holi-
...r own waggons, and every attention
...HILL,
... TEA POT, RIDEAU STREET.

Amusements.

...RICK'S
...ARY ASSOCIATION.
...HEW RYAN, Esq.

...influence in
Hamnet Hill
A Baldwin
John Ashfield
Leon David
Bronson & W...
Francis Abbo...
John McDonald
R R Booth
A W Soper
Robert Youn...
Samuel McG...
Maurice Mal...
E P William...
Wm Ellis
John Abearn
John Rowatt
W H Martin
John Abbott
John Soulier
Samuel Mix
Nazaire Bert...
William Atk...
J Cheeney
Peter Robe...
Geo Mason
Thos Travell
John Martin
Joseph Dewar
Dan Smith
Wm Watson
John Joyce
Baskerville ...
Michael Nav...
D Willet
Moses Prou...
Maurice Ab...
Alex Philion
John McGill
A S Whittie...
Patrick Ken...
Patrick Hur...
Wm Leclear
James Bam...
John Pushm...
Matthew Pa...
John Cowan
Nelson Perk...
H Kinville
James W S...
Arthur Bisai...
Thomas Law
John Quain
Simon Kinn...
M Carman
John Boyd
Leander Bo...
James Merne...
Michael O'N...
James Marks
Israel Water...
John Bennet
Joseph John...
Amable Go...
Robinson Ly...
R W Baxter
John Doucet
Thos Travell

A correspondent says: "The following details of the daily routine of life in the Vatican may not be found devoid of interest. Pius IX. rises at an early hour every morning, celebrates mass, and recites the daily office together with his private chamberlain. After which he takes a cup of coffee, and at 9 o'clock receives his Ministers and Presidents of the various offices of state. Mondays and Fridays are set apart for the reception of Cardinal Monaco La Valletta as director of the affairs concerning all ecclesiastical congregations. Tuesdays and Fridays Cardinal Clarelli, the secretary of briefs, and Cardinal Vannicelli, secretary of memorials, have their audience, and also Monsignor Gori, the prodatary, for business connected with the datary office. Wednesdays and Saturdays, always at 9 o'clock, the various ambassadors of the different powers are received informally by his Holiness. Every morning, excepting Tuesday and Friday, on which days the cardinal presides over a congress in charge of the apostolic palaces, Antonelli has an interview of his Holiness to discuss matters appertaining to the position of Secretary of State. Other state matters are laid before the Holy Father on those two exceptional mornings by Monsignor Marini, Deputy Secretary of State. Cardinal Patrizi has daily an audience as Vicar of the city of Rome. The affairs of the apostolic Court of Chancery are laid before his Holiness through the datary office, or by some deputy secretary of the court, as the actual chancellor, Cardinal Amat, is seldom able to be in personal attendance at the Vatican. The service of the Pontifical antechamber is performed by eight of the noble guard, and by gens d'armes, and Swiss and Palatine guards. The privates attend in turn, and the usual companions of the Pope's walk, which he takes daily in the Loggie of Raphael from 11 till 12, are Monsignors Negrotto, Sanminiatelli, and Casali. After mid-day on certain days, Monsignor Ricci as Maestrodi Camera, presents to his Holiness those strangers, ladies and gentlemen who may have obtained permission to attend an audience. Pius IX, converses with the utmost affability on these occasions, generally presenting to each some little cross or medal, asks them a question or two concerning their families and their countries, and often winds up with a kindly jest, at which the Holy Father is extremely apt, and imparting to them apostolic benediction in dismissing them The hour of his Holiness's simple dinner now approaches, and at its conclusion, after spending a short time in prayer, the Pope retires for an hour's repose. Between three and four used to be the hour for the daily drive, but considering himself a prisoner, Pius IX, now contents himself with a ramble through the alleys of the Vatican gardens, which are extremely well cared for and tolerably extensive. Towards dusk His Holiness returns to his apartments and converses for some time with his favorite attendants, after which he partakes of a most simple supper and retires to his own appartment, where he passes some time in study and in prayer before retiring to rest. By 10 o'clock silence prevails in the Vatican, and the only sounds to be heard are the dripping of the great fountains out in the neighboring piazza of St. Peter, the striking of the numerous clocks, the monotonous tread of the Swiss guard, and the sentinels on duty at the few entrances ever opened now.

LITERARY ITEMS.

The Countess Guiccioli has completed her new work, "Lord Byron in Italy."

An Englishman has written and published an "Ornithology of Shakespeare."

Ackready, the ex-tragedian, is about to publish his volume of reminiscences of Dickens.

Prof. De Morgan's "Book of Almanacks for any day preceeding A. D. 2,000," is issued by Walton, London.

The two concluding volumes of Mr. W. H. Dixon's "History of the Tower" may be looked for in a few months.

Mrs. Nathan Hawthorn and her two daughters are now living at Kensington, the "old court suburb" of London.

The death is announced of Captain Chamier, the author of "Tom Bowline" and other novels which were popular thirty years ago.

A new contribution to philology is a translation into French, by Emile Le Grand, of the songs and popular tales in that rare dialect, the Greek of Cambria.

A Leipsic publisher has lately issued "The Purveyors of Hell" etc., being an historical description of the secret police system and the secret societies of all times and nations, by D. V. Kazony.

It having been asserted that Fitz Hugh Ludlow wrote "The Opium Habit," published two years ago, it is announced that the author is a gentleman of Connecticut, fifty years old, whose autobiography it contains. Mr. Ludlow furnished the two closing chapters and aided its passage through the press—that's all.

Dumas the elder is reported dead, although some doubt is cast on the report. It is asserted he died on Wednesday the 14th at Dieppe, in France, where he was seized with paralysis some weeks since. Dumas led a luxurious and somewhat dis-

...solute life, and his living to sixty-eight years is more astonishing than his death.

The original "John Brooks" of Louisa Alcott's "Little Woman," died in East Malden, a few days since, at the age of thirty-seven, under the business name of John Brooks Pratt. He had been for ten years bookkeeper for the central Iron Foundry there, and was a man greatly beloved and esteemed by all who new him.

It is expected that Mr. Morris will have the fourth and concluding part of his poem, "The Earthly Paradise," ready before Christmas. A considerable portion of it is already in type. The titles of the six tales of which it will consist are: The Golden Apples," "The Fostering of Aslang," "Bellerophon in Argos," "Bellerophon in Lycia," "The Ring given to Venus," and "The Hill of Venus" An epilogue will, of course, conclude the work, but it will not be a long one; nothing like the prologue in length.

Queen Victoria's Ladies in Waiting.

An English correspondent writes: With one exception, all Queen Victoria's "ladies in waiting" are widows. Since her husband's death her Majesty has always selected ladies similarly bereaved. They receive £800 a year, which is a very acceptable addition to the jointure of an Irish peeress. They are always wives or widows of peers.

Young ladies are not considered eligible as "maids of honor" unless they are granddaughters of a peer, not of lower rank than an earl. They are almost invariably selected from among the daughters of the daughters or younger sons of peers, and are in a position which renders their salary of £400 a year an object. The life of a maid of honor at the court of Queen Victoria has been as free from all temptation to stoop to folly as that of the young ladies whom we read of in De Grammont's Memoirs was full, and "*la belle Jennings*" and the other two charming subjects of Lely's pencil who have been handed down by him to posterity, would have been dreadfully ... the Windsor of to-day, ... lively for young ladies during the present reign, even at the best of times, is now duller than ever. The maids of honor retain their title of "honorable," which they receive on appointment, after they marry, but it is notable that their position is not considered to advance the prospects of making a good match, and in fact, in a worldly point of view they rarely marry well.

The Queen generally presents a maid of honor with a handsome present in money on her marriage, besides the hundred guinea cashmere shawl which is Her Majesty's almost invariable gift. Many of them retain their positions long after they have reached the middle life, and one lady, now retired, who was removed, and turned a deaf ear to repeated intimations that her resignation would be accepted, was old enough to have been Her Majesty's mother. There are always numerous applicants for all the positions about the court, but at the same time many of those whom the Queen would particularly like to have about her decline, and, indeed, unless money is a decided object, there is little inducement to persons in a high position to undertake such duties. In former days a close connection existed between court places and politics, and it is matter of history that the late Sir Robert Peel, at an early period in the present reign, declined to form a government, because the Queen refused to part with certain members of her household, "friends of her youth," whose influence Sir Robert considered would frustrate his own. Now, however, except in the case of the mistress of the robes, which is regarded as a high office of state, a minister very rarely raises objection to the presence of any particular lady, although no doubt if he did so she would be obliged to resign.

In London the ladies the ladies in waiting do not actually live in the palace, but are fetched and carried accordingly as their attendance is required, by a royal carriage placed at their disposal, but the maids of honor live at the palace both in town and country. The Queen always shows kind recollection of old servants deserving it, whether of high or low degree.

Happenings Here and There.

The regular weekly man was killed in San Francisco last week. He was an editor, and had a daughter who had a suitor who had a revolver and when the fond parent objected to the calls of the suitor, the suitor put an end to further trouble by shooting the fondeditorial parent.

The Chicago *Evening Post* says: "John H. Surratt is going to raise money by lecturing on the assassination conspiracy. Can't the man pick pockets at funerals, or rob graves, or take a contract for feeding an orphan asylum, or steal the widow's mite for a living, without making money out of a connection that renders him a death's head among living men?"

A London man who withholds his name, keeps annoying a charitable institution by sending £5,000 donations under cover of darkness, in violation of law. Detectives are working the case up, and he can't go long uupunished.

Mr. Worth, who, escaping from Paris was captured by the Prussians, in the balloon which fell at Chartres, and has just been sent for trial by court-martial to Meudon, is, it is said, the well known man milliner.

Count Bismarck is reported to have said to General Boyer at Versailles, "General Burnside has just arrived from Paris, and given me a description of affairs inside, characterising the city as a madhouse inhabited by monkeys."

A vessel is fitting out at Boston to take men to the newly-found diamond fields of South Africa. Already thirty persons have secured passage in quest of wealth, and at least one of them is entitled to be called strong-minded—persevering, at least—for he has spent more than twenty years of his life in digging for treasure in various parts of the world, and still is poor.

Helen A Braston declares that, as a rule, "interesting" American girls develope into sickly, complaining women who break down and grow prematurely old, and peevish, and morbid, and good for nothing.

A Sacramento paper says that wild geese are so plenty in California that they give as much annoyance to railroad men as the grasshoppers in summer.

The following is a copy of the Bill of Fare at a fashionable Parisian restaurant.
Horse Soup, with millet.
Minced Cat, Mayonnaise Sauce.
Shoulder of Dog, Tomato Sauce.
Jugged Cat, with Mushrooms.
Dog Chops, with Peas
Salmis of Rat, Sauce Robert.
Joint of Dog, served with young Rats, and Pepper Sauce.
Begonia with Gravy.
Salad, etc.
English Plum Pudding, with Horse-marrow.

PHYSICING HORSES.—Many persons physic their horses frequently—especially every spring. This is a great error, and one which has caused the loss of many valuable horses, as physic, as it is usually given, often produces inflamation of the bowels which generally proves fatal; it also weakens the horse, and thus renders him more liable to disease, or less able to throw it off—what is required is a medicine which will operate gently upon the bowels, and act upon the liver and lungs, removing all obstructions therefrom, purifying the blood, and enabling all the organs, to do their work without overtaxing any, which is accomplished by the use of "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy"—it is always safe and certain. Remember the name and see that the signature of Hurd & Co., is on each package. Northrup & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada. Sold by all medicine dealers.

The Times

VOL. VI. NO. 1546 — OTTAWA, THURSDAY, DECEMBER 22, 1870 — PRICE—3 CENTS

Legal.

J. W. WARD, Barrister-at-Law, &c., opposite the Russell House, Ottawa, Canada.

WRIGHT & CLEMOW, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. &c. for the Province of Ontario and Quebec. Office over Durie's Book Store, Sparks street, Ottawa.
W McKay Wright 12w F C Clemow.

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 388y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. M. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.
Robert Lees. 43utf John J. Gemmill.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

KEEFER & KIMBER, Barristers and Attorneys at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, &c., for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec.
Office—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.
Augustus Keefer. Rene Edward Kimber.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 439y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

COSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
William Mosgrove. 366tf George Taillon

J. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 196tf

Medical.

DR. DICKINSON,
Residence and Surgery Kent Street.

DOCTOR HENDERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Surgery—That recently occupied by Dr. Malloch, Duke st, Chandiere, Ottawa. 1388y

R. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.
N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence. Murray street.

R. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34atf

GEORGE HUTCHISON, L. D. S.,
SURGEON DENTIST,
Sparks Street
OPPOSITE "TIMES" OFFICE.

DR. HUTCHISON is fully prepared to supply new SETS of TEETH, or to insert single Teeth where wanting, on either gold, silver or vulcanite rubber palates, fitting so closely and easily to the mouth as to be capable of all the uses to which natural teeth are applied without the slightest inconvenience to the wearers, and after using for a short time in use, without even a consciousness of the presence of a substance originally foreign to the mouth.
Dr. H with a view to the removal of painful consciousness during the operation of extracting the yet or diseased teeth, has introduced into his practice the use of the Nitrous Oxide or laughing gas which the sufferer inhales without danger or inconvenience, and loses his tooth as it were in a pleasant dream.
Can be consulted any day, except Sunday, at his office from 9 a. m. to 6 p. m.
Ottawa, September 2, 1870.

Hotels and Saloons.

ST. JAMES' HOTEL,
METCALFE AND QUEEN STREETS.

The Proprietor, G. R. EVANS,
Begs respectfully to announce to the public in general that the above premises will be opened for business this day, 29th inst., and hopes by strict attention to business and moderate charges, to merit their patronage and favour.
Ottawa, Nov 29, 1870. 1526tf

THE METROPOLITAN,
AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa.
P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

WAVERLY HOUSE,
BARRINGTON-STREET,
HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,
Established 1851.
Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.
JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,
Corner James and King-sts.,
Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.
E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)
A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor*,
Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the best Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

McDUIGNAN'S,
SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.
A few more gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen visiting the Capital will find superior accommodation by the day or week at moderate terms.
This house is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Parliament Buildings and the Post Office. 219tf

THE UNION HOUSE,
W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR,
CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS
OTTAWA.
EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.
The Bar always supplied with the
CHOICEST LIQUORS,
And the table spread with
EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON
Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.

C. T. R. HIGGINS,
Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co, General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufacturers and Mining Agent building claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mason Bros Hardware Store

DANCING AND DEPORTMENT.
Mrs Robert Stewart having made arrangements with an accomplished lady teacher, announces that her Dancing Classes will commence on Wednesday, the 22nd instant
Further particulars may be obtained on application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street
Ottawa, September 9th, 1869. 1148tf

CANADA AND
U. S. PATENT AGENCY.
Patents solicited in Canada and the United States; Trade and Timber Marks, Industrial Designs, Copywrights, Transfers, &c., registered on the shortest notice, Copies of Laws, Circulars, and information, sent free on application. Drawings prepared and copied.
Charges moderate. United States Patents particularly attended to. Several valuable Patent Rights for sale.
November 1, 1870 1524tf

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.
W. R. Thistle. R. Lang.

J. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.
References.—R A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 749t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. Office: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

EDGAR DOWARD, Organist, Christ Church, teacher of Organ, Piano and Singing Residence—O'Connor street. Mr. Doward was formerly Choirster Boy and Articled Pupil of Mr W. Done, of Worcester Cathedral, England.

CHARLES J. TASKER, Accountant Books posted. Accounts made out. Apply at the office of H P Hill, Solicitor. References: Dr Hill, G H Pinhey.
Ottawa, Nov 5, 18

H. R. FRIPP,
ORGANIST AND TEACHER OF MUSIC.
Residence—Elgin Street, South of Slater Street.
Classes for beginners at Mr Gowan's Hall on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 4½ p. m.
Ottawa, July 19th, 1870. 1410 tf

MUSICAL ACADEMY.
Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street
Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 778y

PEOPLE'S TELEGRAPH COMPANY
Incorporated under Chapter LXVII of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada.
OTTAWA OFFICE—G P DRUMMOND's Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.
DIRECTORS;
A JOSEPH, Chairman; D C THOMSON, Treasurer; S B FOOTE; A THOMSON, T H DUNN.
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FOR SALE.
A beautiful country residence with Fifteen (15) Acres of Land (or more if necessary) attached the house and outbuildings being completely surrounded by a grove of lovely shade trees. The whole within 10 minutes drive of the Government Buildings.
Terms of sale, cash, if preferable to purchaser otherwise a small payment down, and the balance in from 1 to 10 years, to suit purchaser.
Apply to the Proprietor,
R A BRADLEY,
Solicitor, Elgin st., Ottawa.
Nearly opposite the Post Office.
N. B.—Money to lend on Real Estate Terms easy.

THE HOWLEY FARM TO LET.
Lot No 30, 1st Concession of Gloucester R Front, containing 200 acres, 150 acres well cleared and in good state of cultivation, opposite Manotic, and fifteen miles from Ottawa, with good fences, a fine dwelling house, two story high, barns and outhouses complete, is now to let on reasonable terms, for a term of years. Apply for further particulars to
CHARLES ROWAN,
Ottawa.
Ottawa September 5, 1870. 1454tf&w37t

A. E. GENDREAU,
HAIR DRESSING PARLOUR,
Wellington street,
Opposite the Bank of Montreal.
MR GENDREAU, the proprietor of that so popular Parlour, has the pleasure to announce to his numerous friends and the public in general, that to answer to the great encouragement which he has received up to the present, he has determined to enlarge and thoroughly furnish anew his establishment. He will save no expense to render the Parlour the most comfortable, and procure the most experienced hair dressers.
MR GENDREAU having served considerable time in some of the best and most extensive Hair Dressing Saloons in the Dominion and United States, is in a position to conduct the duties of his establishment in a manner that cannot be surpassed.
He will have always on hand the best perfumes, imported directly from Paris and London.
MR GENDREAU solicits a visit to convince all of the truth of his statements.

PRESERVE YOUR ROOFS.
PATENT PLASTIC SLATE PAINT,
Is the best and cheapest material in use for preserving new, or repairing old
IRON OR TIN ROOFS,
No matter how bad their condition. Also first rate for
SHINGLE ROOFS,
Making them
FIRE AND WATER PROOF
It dries into a coating of SOLID SLATE by exposure.
Price $6 a barrel, mixed ready for use.
A barrel will cover 10 squares (10 x 10).

SHEATHING FELT
For lining Frame Buildings under the clapboards. An effectual protection against cold damp and vermin. Rats and mice will not come near it.
No FRAME DWELLING should be without
Send for circular, instructions, &c.
BUCHANAN & CO.,
Wholesale Depot for Roofing Materials and Founder's Supplies,
32 Lemoine Street.
Montreal.
Ottawa, September 21, 1870 1468

SATCHELL BROS
BUTCHERS TO
HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantly on hand
FRESH KILLED
STALL-FED
BEEF AND MUTTON.
ALSO,
THEIR CELEBRATED
SPICED AND SALT ROUND,
AND
ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES,
To be had at
THEIR STALLS,
Nos. 5 and 7,
BY-WARD MARKET

Hardware.

BLYTH & KERR,
No. 25 RIDEAU STREET,
Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c.
All work in any of the above branches executed in a prompt and workmanlike manner.
Special attention given to Roofing and fitting up Galvanized Iron and Tin Gutters, Conductors, &c., &c.

IMPORTERS OF GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.
JUST RECEIVED, ex "Pride of Canada" and "Oceola," a splendid assortment of Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots, Jelly Moulds, Wire Dish Covers, Spice Boxes, Ladies' Dressing Cases Trays, Enamelled Pie Dishes, Preserving Pans, Bell Metal Saucepans, &c., &c.
Constantly on hand, Cooking Stoves, (best makers) Hot Air Furnaces, Water Coolers, Baths, (all kinds) Cutlery, Plated and Britannia Metal Ware,
—ALSO—
FISHING TACKLE, comprising Rods, Lines, Flies, Hooks, Floats, Trolls, Panniers, Landing Nets, Fly Books, &c. &c.
Ottawa, August 10, 1870 1492 ly

HARDWARE! HARDWARE!

Sign of the ANVIL, 24 Rideau Street, where you can get a complete assortment of shelf and Heavy Hardware, and at prices to suit purchasers. Consisting in part of
GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHINGS:
Butcher Knives, Knives and Forks, Pocket Knives, Table Spoons, Tea Spoons, Tea Trays, Tacks, Nails, Buts, Screws, Locks, Bolts, Catches, Latches, Axes, Saws, Planes, Squares, Hammers, Spokeshaves, Gouges, Chisels, Augers, Auger Bits, Set of Bits Bevils, Levels, Boring Machines, Draw Knives, &c. &c. &c. together with
PAINT OF ALL COLOURS:
Rose, Pink, Burnt Umber, Terra de Sinna, Creme Yellow, Yellow Ochre, Celestial Blue Paris Green, Brunswick Green, Magnesia Green Venetian Green, Red Lead, White Lead, in Oil of Dry, Drop Black, Ivory Black, Lamp Black Boiled Oil, Raw Oil, Turpentine, Benzole, Coal Oil, Paint Brushes, Varnishes, &c.
THOS BIRKETT,
No. 24, Rideau Street,
Sign of the Anvil.
P. S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the City.
Ottawa, Nov 1st, 1870

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35 SUSSEX STREET,

Elevated Oven Cook Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Low Oven Cook Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Double Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co
Box and Parlor Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co
Coal Stoves, Base Burners, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
The Quintal Coal Stove, at H. MEADOWS & Co
Parlour Cook Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Dumb Stoves, all sizes, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Hot Air Furnaces, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Stove Pipes and Elbows, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Lumbermen's Supplies, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
1st Prize Stoves can be seen, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Ottawa, Oct. 13, 1870.

Druggists.

DUTCH BULBS!
The Subscriber has just received a full assortment from a celebrated Grower in HOLLAND, both for Spring Gardening and in-door Culture.
THE ASSORTMENT INCLUDES
Hyacinths, many varieties,
Tulips, "
Lilies, "
Narcissus, "
Jonquills, "
Anemones, "
Ranunculus, "
&c, &c.
The Flower Roots above mentioned not coming to hand till late in the season, are offered for sale at low prices.
ALEXANDER CHRISTIE,
Druggist,
40 Sparks-st, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Nov. 18, 1870 1517yl

RICHARD HIGMAN,
FAMILY AND DISPENSING CHEMIST,
LATE MANAGER,
MEDICAL HALL,
SPARKS STREET,
Wishes to return sincere thanks to his friends and the public, for the kind sympathy evinced toward him, on the occasion of the late fire.
He now begs to inform them that he will commence business on his own account in a few days, in part of Mr McLean's Auction Room, in rear of John Roos' Cigar Store, with entirely new stock, of Drugs, Chemicals Patent Medicines, Perfumery, &c., and trusts the public will appreciate his attention to business, with the same kind patronage that was extended to him in his situation.
Ottawa, Dec 16, 1870 1541y

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN
INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.
RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMERS
First Cabin, Payable in Gold.
Liverpool or Queenstown...... $100 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.
Liverpool or Queenstown...... 35 00
PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX.
First Cabin, Payable in Gold.
Liverpool or Queenstown...... $100 00
Halifax...... 20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer...... 45 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.
Liverpool or Queenstown...... 30 00
Halifax...... 15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer...... 30 00
Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates.
For further information, apply at the Company's Office, JOHN G. DALE, Agent, 15 Broadway, New York, or HERRICK & CROMBIE, Ottawa.

Groceries.

IF YOU WANT
TO SAVE MONEY
GO TO THE
PEOPLE'S TEA STORES,
—OF—
P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.,
No. 36 Rideau St., and Duke St., Chaudiere,
OTTAWA,
Where from their great increase of business and the large addition now put to their Store, with a well selected Stock, and constant attention on their part, will enable them to sell at prices not to be equalled elsewhere.
There will be found always on hand a general assortment of
GROCERIES,
TEAS in particular, imported,
LIQUORS, WINES, BRANDIES,
GIN, IRISH and
SCOTCH WHISKEY,
Gooderham & Worts'
HIGHWINES
OLD RYE, and PROOF,
With a fine assortment of Christmas and New Year's FRUITS and STAPLES.
—ALSO—
WINTER APPLES,
ORANGES and LEMONS,
CHEESE, HAMS,
and BACON.
Remember our Motto—"Quick Sales and light Profits."
Try their TEAS.
Ottawa, Nov 29, 1870 1526

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS
Ex. Ships COGNAC, NEREO, UNION and CITY of QUEBEC, from the different places of Growth.

It is now AN ESTABLISHED FACT
If you want any First-Class BRANDIES or WINES and the best Family Groceries, you must go to
Thos. Patterson,
No. 26 Rideau Street.
The following Goods in Stock and for Sale:
BRANDIES.—Pure and unadulterated, good for any use, always on hand in Wood or Bottle.
PORT WINE.—Pure and reliable (20 years old) for Medicinal purposes and the only House in the City that imports such WINES direct to order.
SHERRY WINES—Various grades, very, very Pale, (delicious flavour) Splendid Wines at a price to defy competition.
GIN—John D. Kuyper & Son's Double-Berried, First-class.
SCOTCH WHISKEY—Old and Mild, (full strength.)
RUM,
OLD RYE,
FAMILY PROOF,
AND
HIGHWINES,
of the best kind.
PORTER AND ALES.—Guiness's Dublin and Dawe's, Lachine, in splendid order.
COFFEE.—Delicious Flavour. Fresh Roasted and Ground Daily.
TEAS.—The best qualities of Black, Japan, and Green, new crop and fragant.
SUGARS and SYRUPS of all kinds.
CHEESE.—Fine old (Recore and Factory) the best.
PICKLES and SAUCES, Jams and Jellies from Crosse and Blackwells, in great variety.
FRUITS.—The finest table and cooking raisins that can be had, large fresh and rich flavored.
CURRANTS.—Quite fresh and Candied Peels.
SPERM CANDLES and fancy perfumed soaps, the greatest variety in the city, and made to order by Field of London, England. There is an endless variety of these fine goods worthy of SPECIAL ATTENTION FOR FAMILIES, being of the finest qualities at moderate prices. Everybody should know that to use good goods saves money. TRY THEM.
Ottawa, December 5, 1870.

ATTENTION!

If you want Choice VIRGIN HONEY, call at the New GROCERY STORE, Corner of Sussex and York Streets.

If you want SUPERIOR CHEESE, call at the New GROCERY STORE, Corner of Sussex and York Streets.

If you want FIRST-CLASS DAIRY BUTTER, call at the New GROCERY STORE, Corner Sussex and York Streets.
—ALSO—
New Crop West End, Layers, Valencia and Seedless Raisins and Currants, Fresh Turkey Figs, Malaga Grapes, Lemons, Choice Imperial Prunes, Candied Peels, Gelatine, Crosse & Blackwell's Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies, and Marmalades, Fresh Oysters, Lobsters Sequin Mackerel, Salmon and Tomatoes, with a choice lot of Scotch and English Ales and Porter, Wines and Brandies, Gin, Scotch Whiskey, Jamaica Rum, Old Rye, Syrups and

JOHN A. BITTERS,
CONSTANTLY ON HAND,
At the New GROCERY STORE, Corner Sussex and York Streets.
Extra Fine Green, Black and Japan Teas, Rio, Java and Turkey Coffee.
—ALSO—
Fine Family and Pastry Flour, Oat and Corn Meal, at the NEW GROCERY STORE, Corner Sussex and York Streets.
J. M. C. DELES DERNIERS,
Corner Sussex and York sts.
Ottawa, Nov 29, 1870

Groceries, &c.

DENIS WHELAN,
39 RIDEAU STREET,
OTTAWA
HAVING OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT
(nearly opposite the Old Stand,)
Offers for sale at VERY LOW PRICES a large and well selected stock, comprising Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy Soaps, Sauces, Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, Candles, Coarse and Fine Salt. Also.
Bordeaux and other Vinegars
MESS PORK, PICKLED SALMON,
LABR. HERRINGS,
and the numerous other articles necessary to constitute a complete stock.
TEAS—Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial Young Hyson, quite fresh and cheap.
COFFEE—Fresh Coffee ground and roasted daily on the premises.
LIQUORS—Cognac Brandies Renault & Co. Hennessy, Piper's and other brands
HOLLAND GIN—De Kuyper's and Houtman's in wood bottle.
WINES—Sherries of all grades, Ports of fine quality, Burgundy, Sauterne and Maderia Wines all prices, in wood and bottle, improved by age.
HIGHWINES, OLD RYE, PROOF AND WHISKEY
High proof and flavor, at extremely low prices.
Ramsay's and Stewart's Scotch Whiskey and Old Tom.
Dunville's Irish Whiskey.
Murphy's Old Irish Potteen
Guinness' and London Porter, pts and qts
Molson's and other Ales.
Sugars and Syrups, all grades.
Sale at refiners' prices.
THE OLD STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE SELLING AT TWENTY-FIVE PER CENT BELOW COST.
Now is the time for bargains. 1105

ROUSILLON PORT.
Received a fresh consignment of this delicious Wine. It is full flavoured, of great body, and guaranteed purity,

ALICANTE.
A Sweet Red Wine of delicate flavour and bouquet, invaluable for invalids.
This wine has been specially imported as a pure Wine to be used in the Holy Communion
The following gentlemen have kindly allowed their names to be used as references:
Ven Archdeacon Fuller, Toronto.
Rev J Beaven, D D, "
Rev G B Read, D D, "
Rev E Baldwin, "
Rev W S Darling, "
Rev A Williams, "
Rev J D Cayley, "
Rev W H Davis, "
Rev S Bedford Jones, L L D, Ottawa.
—ALSO—
A full Stock of Brandies, Gins, Jamaica Rum, Proof and Old Rye Whiskey. Sherries, Still and Sparkling Moselle, Champagne, Malaga, Maderia Malvoisie, Noyau Curacoa Creme de Menthe, Creme de Moka, Chartreuse, Maraschino, English and Canadian Ales and Porter, &c. &c. &c.
M. P. MACPHERSON,
Wine Merchant
Elgin Street.
Agent for Quelton St George & Co's pure French Wines.
Ottawa, Dec 10, 1870 153

WM. FOOTE & COMPANY,
IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALER
—IN—
TEAS AND WINES,
6 HOSPITAL STREET
MONTREAL.
Ottawa 'August 23, 1870 1448

PRESTON & ROWSELL,
MILITARY TAILORS
—AND—
HABIT MAKERS
NO. 36 SPARKS STREET,
A SELECT ASSORTMENT
OF
Tweeds,
Broad Cloths,
Doe Skins,
Fancy Coatings,
Vestings, &c.
SHIRTS MADE TO ORDER
Ottawa, July 16, 1870.

PRESTON & ROWSELL. — PRESTON & ROWSELL.

FOR THE STYLISH SIGNS AND HANDSOME WALL PAINTING
THE LANG SIGN PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT
A. W. LANG, Sparks Street.
No Benzine or Coal Oil used.

NOTICE.
LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF ONTARIO,
TORONTO, 29th October, 1870.
Notice is hereby given, that the last day for receiving Petitions for Private Bills will be WEDNESDAY, the TWENTY-EIGHTH day of DECEMBER next.
CHARLES T. GILLMOR,
Clerk.

SITUATION WANTED
AS FARMER
A Married Man, who understands farming in all its departments; has had long experience in Canada.
Address B. E., FARMER, Hull, P.Q.

Dry Goods.

RETAIL ADVERTISEMENT.

MAGEE & RUSSELL,
SPARKS STREET,
Have opened up within the last few days several CASES and BALES Assorted DRY GOODS, to which they respectfully invite attention.
Ladies, please observe the following carefully, their being many articles enumerated worthy of Notice:

DRESS DEPARTMENT.	New Tartan Plaids, Brown and Grey Wincies, French Merinoes and de Laines, Satin Cloths, Black Lustres and Alpacas, Black and Colored Silesias, " and " Casbans, Glove Finished Cambrics.
SILK DEPARTMENT.	Black Velveteens, Colored Plushes, French Crapes, Silks and Satins.
DOMESTIC DEPARTMENT.	Grey and White Cottons, " " " Sheetings, Table Napkins and Damasks, Huck Towels, Cotton and Linen Diaper, Grass Linen and Hollands.
WOOLLEN DEPARTMENT.	Sct. Saxony Flannels, Fancy Shirting do, English and Canadian Blankets, Waterproof Tweeds, Overcoatings.
HOSIERY & GLOVE DEPARTMENT.	Breakfast Shawls, Fancy Woollen Goods, Ladies Sct. Hose, Gent's Underclothing, Kid Mitts and Gloves,
RIBBON AND LACE DEPARTMENT.	Black and Coloured Velvet Ribbons, Tartan Velvet Ribbons, Black and Coloured Silk Ribbons, Tartan Silk Ribbons, New Linen Sets, Black and White Silk Laces, Hair Nets, New Style, Hair Puffs and Rolls, Cambric Handkerchiefs, Cushion Tassels, White Filacelle, Coloured Silk Twists.

Our Stock, for extent, variety, quality and price, stands unrivalled in Ottawa.
MAGEE & RUSSELL.
Ottawa, Dec. 8, 1870.

R. L. JAMES & CO.
DRESS GOODS.
A large assortment worth from 20 to 90 cents, at 15 to 80.
A
SPECIAL LINE
of
French Merinos, very cheap.
BLACK SILKS,
very much under Market value, and considerably lower than present Ottawa prices.
MILLINERY.
It is now pretty generally known that in this Department, especially the prices, are EXCEEDINGLY MODERATE,
AT THE
GOLDEN LION,
R. L. JAMES & Co.

A correspondent says: "The following details of the daily routine of life in the Vatican may not be found devoid of interest. Pius IX. rises at an early hour every morning, celebrates mass, and recites the daily office together with his private chamberlain. After which he takes a cup of coffee, and at 9 o'clock receives his Ministers and Presidents of the various offices of state. Mondays and Fridays are set apart for the reception of Cardinal Monaco La Valletta as director of the affairs concerning all ecclesiastical congregations. Tuesdays and Fridays Cardinal Clarelli, the secretary of briefs, and Cardinal Vannicelli, secretary of memorials, have their audience, and also Monsignor Gori, the prodatary, for business connected with the datary office. Wednesdays and Saturdays, always at 9 o'clock, the various ambassadors of the different powers are received informally by his Holiness. Every morning, excepting Tuesday and Friday, on which days the cardinal presides over a congress in charge of the apostolic palaces, Antonelli has an interview of his Holiness to discuss matters appertaining to the position of Secretary of State. Other state matters are laid before the Holy Father on those two exceptional mornings by Monsignor Marini, Deputy Secretary of State. Cardinal Patrizi has daily an audience as Vicar of the city of Rome. The affairs of the apostolic Court of Chancery are laid before his Holiness through the datary office, or by some deputy secretary of the court, as the actual chancellor, Cardinal Amat, is seldom able to be in personal attendance at the Vatican. The service of the Pontifical antechamber is performed by eight of the noble guard, and by gens d'armes, and Swiss and Palatine guards. The privates attend in turn, and the usual companions of the Pope's walk, which he takes daily in the Logge of Raphael from 11 till 12, are Monsignors Negrotto, Sanminiatelli, and Casali. After mid-day on certain days, Monsignor Ricci as Maestrodi Camera, presents to his Holiness those strangers, ladies and gentlemen who may have obtained permission to attend an audience. Pius IX, converses with the utmost affability on these occasions, generally presenting to each some little cross or medal, asks them a question or two concerning their families and their countries, and often winds up with a kindly jest, at which the Holy Father is extremely apt, and imparting to them apostolic benediction in dismissing them. The hour of his Holiness's simple dinner now approaches, and at its conclusion, after spending a short time in prayer, the Pope retires for an hour's repose. Between three and four used to be the hour for the daily drive, but considering himself a prisoner, Pius IX, now contents himself with a ramble through the alleys of the Vatican gardens, which are extremely well cared for and tolerably extensive. Towards dusk His Holiness returns to his apartments and converses for some time with his favorite attendants, after which he partakes of a most simple supper and retires to his own appartment, where he passes some time in study and in prayer before retiring to rest. By 10 o'clock silence prevails in the Vatican, and the only sounds to be heard are the dripping of the great fountains out in the neighboring piazza of St. Peter, the striking of the numerous clocks, the monotonous tread of the Swiss guard, and the sentinels on duty at the few entrances ever opened now.

LITERARY ITEMS.

The Countess Guiccioli has completed her new work, "Lord Byron in Italy."

An Englishman has written and published an "Ornithology of Shakespeare."

Ackready, the ex-tragedian, is about to publish his volume of reminiscences of Dickens.

Prof. De Morgan's "Book of Almanacks for any day preceeding A. D. 2,000," is issued by Walton, London.

The two concluding volumes of Mr. W. H. Dixon's "History of the Tower" may be looked for in a few months.

Mrs. Nathan Hawthorn and her two daughters are now living at Kensington, the "old court suburb" of London.

The death is announced of Captain Chamier, the author of "Tom Bowline" and other novels which were popular thirty years ago.

A new contribution to philology is a translation into French, by Emile Le Grand, of the songs and popular tales in that rare dialect, the Greek of Calabria.

A Leipsic publisher has lately issued "The Purveyors of Hell" etc., being an historical description of the secret police system and the secret societies of all times and nations, by D. V. Kazony.

It having been asserted that Fitz Hugh Ludlow wrote "The Opium Habit," published two years ago, it is announced that the author is a gentleman of Connecticut, fifty years old, whose autobiography it contains. Mr. Ludlow furnished the two closing chapters and aided its passage through the press—that's all.

Dumas the elder is reported dead, although some doubt is cast on the report. It is asserted he died on Wednesday, the 14th at Dieppe, in France, where he was seized with paralysis some weeks since. Dumas led a luxurious and somewhat dissolute life, and his living to sixty-eight years is more astonishing than his death.

The original "John Brooks" of Louisa Alcott's "Little Woman," died in East Malden, a few days since, at the age of thirty-seven, under the business name of John Brooks Pratt. He had been for ten years bookkeeper for the central Iron Foundry there, and was a man greatly beloved and esteemed by all who new him.

It is expected that Mr. Morris will have the fourth and concluding part of his poem, "The Earthly Paradise," ready before Christmas. A considerable portion of it is already in type. The titles of the six tales of which it will consist are: The Golden Apples," "The Fostering of Aslang," "Bellerophon in Argos," "Bellerophon in Lycia," "The Ring given to Venus," and "The Hill of Venus" An epilogue will, of course, conclude the work, but it will not be a long one; nothing like the prologue in length.

Queen Victoria's Ladies in Waiting.

An English correspondent writes: With the exception, all Queen Victoria's "ladies in waiting" are widows. Since her husband's death her Majesty has always selected ladies similarly bereaved. They receive £800 a year, which is a very acceptable addition to the jointure of an Irish peeress. They are always wives or widows of peers.

Young ladies are not considered eligible as "maids of honor" unless they are granddaughters of a peer, not of lower rank than an earl. They are almost invariably selected from among the daughters of the daughters or younger sons of peers, and are in a position which renders their salary of £400 a year an object. The life of a maid of honor at the court of Queen Victoria has been as free from all temptation to stoop to folly as that of the young ladies whom we read of in De Grammont's Memoirs was full, and "la belle Jennings" and the other two charming subjects of Lely's pencil who have been handed down by him to posterity, would have been dreadfully [illegible] the Windsor of to-day, [illegible] lively for young ladies during the present reign, even at the best of times, is now duller than ever. The maids of honor retain their title of "honorable," which they receive on appointment, after they marry, but it is notable that their position is not considered to advance the prospects of making a good match, and in fact, in a worldly point of view they rarely marry well.

The Queen generally presents a maid of honor with a handsome present in money on her marriage, besides the hundred guinea cashmere shawl which is Her Majesty's almost invariable gift. Many of them retain their positions long after they have reached the middle life, and one lady, now retired, who was removed, and turned a deaf ear to repeated intimations that her resignation would be accepted, was old enough to have been Her Majesty's mother. There are always numerous applicants for all the positions about the court, but at the same time many of those whom the Queen would particularly like to have about her decline, and, indeed, unless money is a decided object, there is little inducement to persons in a high position to undertake such duties. In former days a close connection existed between court places and politics, and it is matter of history that the late Sir Robert Peel, at an early period in the present reign, declined to form a government, because the Queen refused to part with certain members of her household, "friends of her youth," whose influence Sir Robert considered would frustrate his own. Now, however, except in the case of the mistress of the robes, which is regarded as a high office of state, a minister very rarely raises objection to the presence of any particular lady, although no doubt if he did so she would be obliged to resign.

In London the ladies the ladies in waiting do not actually live in the palace, but are fetched and carried accordingly as their attendance is required, by a royal carriage placed at their disposal, but the maids of honor live at the palace both in town and country. The Queen always shows kind recollection of old servants deserving it, whether of high or low degree.

Happenings Here and There.

The regular weekly man was killed in San Francisco last week. He was an editor, and had a daughter who had a suitor who had a revolver and when the fond parent objected to the calls of the suitor, the suitor put an end to further trouble by shooting the fondeditorial parent.

The Chicago *Evening Post* says: "John H. Surratt is going to raise money by lecturing on the assassination conspiracy. Can't the man pick pockets at funerals, or rob graves, or take a contract for feeding an orphan asylum, or steal the widow's mite for a living, without making money out of a connection that renders him a death's head among living men?"

A London man who withholds his name, keeps annoying a charitable institution by sending £5,000 donations under cover of darkness, in violation of law. Detectives are working the case up, and he can't go long unpunished.

Mr. Worth, who, escaping from Paris was captured by the Prussians, in the balloon which fell at Chartres, and has just been sent for trial by court-martial to Meudon, is, it is said, the well known man milliner.

Count Bismarck is reported to have said to General Boyer at Versailles, "General Burnside has just arrived from Paris, and given me a description of affairs inside, characterising the city as a madhouse inhabited by monkeys."

A vessel is fitting out at Boston to take men to the newly-found diamond fields of South Africa. Already thirty persons have secured passage in quest of wealth, and at least one of them is entitled to be called strong-minded—perseving, at least—for he has spent more than twenty years of his life in digging for treasure in various parts of the world, and still is poor.

Helen A Braston declares that, as a rule, "interesting" American girls develope into sickly, complaining women who break down and grow prematurely old, and peevish, and morbid, and good for nothing.

A Sacramento paper says that wild geese are so plenty in California that they give as much annoyance to railroad men as the grasshoppers in summer.

The following is a copy of the Bill of Fare at a fashionable Parisian restaurant.

Horse Soup, with millet.
Minced Cat, Mayonnaise Sauce.
Shoulder of Dog, Tomato Sauce.
Jugged Cat, with Mushrooms.
Dog Chops, with Peas
Salmis of Rat, Sauce Robert.
Joint of Dog, served with young Rats, and Pepper Sauce.
Begonia with Gravy.
Salad, etc.
English Plum Pudding, with Horse-marrow.

PHYSICING HORSES.—Many persons physic their horses frequently—especially every spring. This is a great error, and one which has caused the loss of many valuable horses, as physic, as it is usually given, often produces inflamation of the bowels which generally proves fatal; it also weakens the horse, and thus renders him more liable to disease, or less able to throw it off—what is required is a medicine which will operate gently upon the bowels, and act upon the liver and lungs, removing all obstructions therefrom, purifying the blood, and enabling all the organs to do their work without overtaxing any, which is accomplished by the use of "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy"—it is always safe and certain. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd & Co., is on each package. Northrup & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada. Sold by all medicine dealers.

Dry Goods.

CANADA

GREY COTTONS

Dundas Manufacture,

ALL NUMBERS.

We have again much pleasure to inform our regular customers (for the above justly celebrated GOODS), and the public generally that the

FIRST FIVE BALES

Of a monthly supply, have just arrived and are now for SALE at our RETAIL STORE, SPARKS STREET, by the YARD or PIECE, at a small advance on MILL PRICES.

For Bleaching purposes and for wear they are without their equal in the Dominion.

Wholesale at mill prices.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, Dec. 22, 1870.

The action of the Nova Scotian Government denotes that they understand the result of the late elections in Nova Scotia as a "notice to quit" but that they are prepared to do anything, however, treasonable or disreputable for the sake of holding [illegible] following articles: "Memoirs of [illegible]

of smuggling [illegible] forfeited to the Crown. Now here was about as clear a case of smuggling as can well be imagined and yet the *Chronicle* talks about "Ottawa hirelings" the "slime of the serpent &c," and by the grossest misrepresentations and most unblushing falsehood tries to exasperate the Nova Scotian people and render them discontented. The *Chronicle* displays an amount of energy and persistence in carrying on its dirty work, which is worthy of a better cause. There is no doubt that, like the St. John's *Globe*, it is in a more or less direct manner subsidized by the American people for the express purpose of creating bad feeling and disloyalty among Her Majesty's subjects, and bringing about annexation if possible. The *Chronicle* does not represent the feeling of the Nova Scotian people, neither does it in the slightest degree care about their interests. It has shown lately in the position which it has assumed with regard to the fishery question, that when it comes to a choice between Nova Scotia and the United States, all its sympathies and prejudices are American. The *Chronicle* may, in fact, be regarded as General Butler's Canadian organ, and no doubt all persons offending against the law in Nova Scotia, whatever their offence may be, understand perfectly well that they have only to go to the *Chronicle* in order to have their cause espoused and their crimes defended, if there appears the slightest reason to believe that by doing so a feeling of hostility against the Dominion Government can be aroused. The *Chronicle* is united with the Toronto *Globe* in thorough going hostility to the present Administration.

GREAT BRITAIN AND AN EUROPEAN WAR.

Our American contemporaries appear to be never tired of drawing attention to the fact that in the event of Great Britain being involved in a European war, she could not place as many men in the field as the other Great Powers. While admitting her defensive strength and the tremendous power of her unrivalled navy, this fact seems to afford them intense gratification, and to be regarded by them as an evidence of England's decay. They seem to forget that the insular position of the Mother Country is what prevents her from being able to send as many men to contend upon European battle fields as continental nations can do, and that it does not arise from any deficiency of courage or patriotism on the part of her sons. Those who remember or have read anything of the landing of the allied forces in Kalimeta Bay in September 1854, will be able to form some conception of the difficulty of transporting a large body of troops with all the requisite material of war, by sea from one point to another. The force landed on that occasion, amounted in round numbers to about 30,000 English, 27,000 French and eight or ten thousand Turks, in all between 60,000 and 70,000 men, and the number of vessels required for the conveyance of this comparatively small army was something enormous. If the power of a nation is to be measured solely by the number of armed men which it can send across the sea, the United States sinks into total insignificance. It is the disadvantage of England's insular position that she cannot move an army with all its artillery, stores, &c., into an enemy's country without having to cross the sea, but this disadvantage is more than counterbalanced by the additional security which is afforded to her.

We may rely upon it however, that if the Mother Country should unhappily become involved in war with Russia or any other great power, she will assume a position not unworthy of her ancient fame. She will not indeed be able to place as many men in the field as Russia or Prussia, but we imagine that the number she would be able to concentrate on the Danubian frontier if they were required there, would be far larger than people generally imagine. In addition to the regular army and reserve forces at home, she has the Indian army 120,000 strong to draw upon, composed of well drilled native troops, whose courage and reliability have been already fully tested in China, Japan, Persia and other foreign countries. A [illegible] division of this force would probably be brought from India up the Red Sea by some of the large transports of the *Abyssinia* class especially built for Indian service, and from Alexandria in other vessels to the seat of war. If the people of the mother country become unavoidably committed to war, we may depend upon it that they will go into it in downright earnest, and that neither on land or on the sea will men be wanting to uphold the honour of that flag, which during the present century has floated victoriously over the capital cities of four hostile nations.

THE ENGLISH PRESS ON THE FISHERY QUESTION.

We referred only yesterday to the imprudence and folly of accepting as true anything which comes to us by the Atlantic cable telegraph relative to the tone of the English press on Canadian affairs. The English journals were represented as being inclined to side with President Grant against the Dominion in regard to the fishery question. This is what the London *Times*, a Journal not generally very friendly to the colonies, says:

"The President raises two questions. He charges the Dominion Government with unfriendly conduct in their mode of protecting the fisheries on the Canadian shores, and in their maintenance of the right to close the St. Lawrence against the commerce of the United States. Both charges appear to be made on *ex parte* statements, and there is considerable difficulty in meeting accusations without hearing the other side, but the Statutes of the Dominion are before us, and we cannot discover in the Act of 1868, or in the supplementary Act of the last Session, anything to justify the President's reclamations. The Canadians have, by the universal law of nations, an exclusive right of fishing in the waters within a league of their shores, and the Acts in question are simply devised to prevent poaching in these waters. Foreign fishing vessels will full ytrespassing in them are liable to seizure at the hands of properly commissioned officers, and to be condemned if the charge be subsequently proved against them in a Civil Court. The Canadians, in fact, seek to protect their fishery rights, just as England and France have, by repeated conventions, protected the fishery rights of their own coasts. If the Acts of the Canadian Parliament do not contain adequate securities that they shall be properly executed, they may be amended so as to remedy the defect; but the principle of the Acts is clearly just, and there is no instance in which it is alleged that they have been abused. The use of the navigation of the St. Lawrence is equally plain. We should certainly never pretend to deny the United States the use of this outlet of the North West, subject to only such conditions as are essential for the independence of the Dominion, and to such transit tolls as may be necessary for the preservation of the canals used in the transit from the Lakes. On such conditions the Navigation of the St. Lawrence may be free and neutral, and we do not know that the Canadian Government have ever shown any disposition to close the river to commerce."

Latest by Telegraph

VIA MONTREAL LINE

TORONTO.

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY

Debate on the Relief to the Sufferers by the Ottawa Fires.

TORONTO, Dec. 21.

The Speaker took the chair at 3.15 p.m.

After routine

Mr. Crow introduced a Bill for the better protection of game. Read a first time.

Attorney General McDonald moved that the House sit at 11 to-morrow.

In reply to Mr. Blake he said that the House would adjourn till Wednesday, 4th of January. The Attorney General stated that the same number of actual days had been allowed for the presentation of Petitions, as if no adjournment had taken place.

Mr. Blake moved for an address showing the average rate of interest received on Provincial deposits.—Granted. He also made another motion in regard to the returns of the monies collected for the Land and Improvement fund, which was also granted.

Mr. Scott (Ottawa,) moved that in the opinion of this House when any section of the Province has been devastated by a calamity of an unusual and extraordinary character, and entailing ruin on many hundred families the occasion should be one which justifies aid to the unfortunate sufferers from the public exchequer. He supported the motion in an able speech, relating the statements made by Mr. Lyon last week as to the distress befallen the district, and the necessity for some aid being rendered to the sufferers. He hoped that the Government would give some expression to their views, and that if they resolved to extend aid it would be of a substantial shape. The revenue derived from the Ottawa List amounted to $24,600 in the Crown Lands Department alone, and they had received no money from the public chest. He earnestly entreated the favorable consideration of the House and Government to the plea of the Ottawa sufferers.

Mr. Galbraith seconded the motion, endorsing the remarks of the mover.

Hon. J. S. Macdonald said that this was the first time such a motion had even been submitted to a Canadian Legislature. For the great fire in Quebec in 1845 there had been granted a loan of $100,000, but it took more to collect it than the principal amounted to. There had also been great fires in Quebec and Montreal since that time, but no appeal had been made to Parliament. He held that it was unconditional to grant public money unless the House were sitting, except in cases of famine and pestilence. In the case of the Nova Scotia fishermen $5,000 had been granted, and also $5,000 for the Red River sufferers, but when he was in Nova Scotia he saw that the contribution had been mismanaged. This caused him to look carefully into the Red River appeal, and the result was the $5,000 collected for Red River, and which had it been granted might have been filted by Riel and the rebels, was now in the Ontario Exchequer. If the House granted the principle of this motion, that the sufferers by large conflagrations should make demands upon the public purse, those who suffered from small ones would make the same claim, and thus there would be a constant demand on the Exchequer. He had offered the County of Carleton a loan on favorable terms, but the county, though a prosperous one, could not accept it. He denied that he was an enemy of the City of Ottawa or the County of Carleton, and asserted that only for him the public buildings would not now be in Ottawa.

Mr. Lyon asked for nothing unconstitutional [illegible] Government might submit a sum in the [illegible] returns. The Ottawa people were prepared to give security that any money granted to them should not be misapplied.

The debate was continued by Messrs. Code, Ferrier, Smith, Leeds, Beatty, McDougall, and Ferguson, who generally were in favor of granting some assistance out of the public funds towards the relief of the sufferers.

Hon. Mr. Wood said if this motion was carried the idea would get abroad that the Government was a general insurance company. The Government had not said that they would not grant full consideration to this matter; they would do so, and would submit to the House in due season the result. The course which the Government were at once asked to pursue was quite unconstitutional, and they were quite justified in their action.

Mr. Blake advised the withdrawal of the motion, as there was no doubt after the speech of the Hon. Treasurer of the intention of the Government. He said he was the more fortified in this opinion since he held in his hand a letter sent by the Hon. Premier to the sufferers in the Saguenay district. In that letter it was stated that had the House been in session he, Sandfield and his colleagues would not have hesitated in putting the claims of the Saguenay sufferers before the House for their consideration. After hearing the present discussion, no doubt could exist as to the intention of the Government. He hoped they would also place a sum in the estimates for the Saguenay sufferers, for the people had been liberal and generous enough to respond to the appeal. (Cheers.)

After a few words from Mr. Carnarvon in defence of the course the City of Toronto had taken, Mr. Scott withdrew his motion.

Hon. Mr. Wood moved the vote of credit through the several stages.

The House adjourned at 6.10 p.m.

QUEBEC.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

QUEBEC, Dec. 21.

To-day in the Legislature, the Hon. Mr. Robertson's Financial Bill passed the third reading.

Hon. Mr. Chauveau's railway resolutions again came up.

Mr. Bellingham moved that the Government should have security that the North Shore Railroad should run into the interior of the country, and should be continued to Deep River.

Lost on division, 8 for, 4 against.

He then moved that as the Government was responsible for public property they should not grant lands without information as to the value of said land, and where the railway was to run.

A dreadful murder was committed last night, a woman named Storan was killed. Several persons were on the spree in the house in St. Louis Suburbs, since Saturday last. Her husband split her head open with an axe. A Coroner's inquest is being held to-day.

The military concert in aid of the sufferers by the loss of H. M. S. *Captain* was a great success.

Earthquakes and the tidal wave cause great consternation in the lower part of the city.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, 21st.—A special telegram to night from St. John's, Quebec, states that L. Arpin, on trial before the Court of Queen's Bench for the murder of M Tremblay with a shot gun, on the 17th of January last, has been acquitted, notwithstanding strong circumstantial evidence being against him.

Mr. Justice Coursol's requisition to the Mayoralty Office is to be presented on Friday next.

The Victoria Rink was opened last night The R A Brigade band performed.

The Italian Consul, Mr. A. M S. Gianelli, was the recipient, from the Italian residents of Montreal, of a handsome dress sword in morrocco sheath and hilt of gold, richly ornamented.

Christmas preparations are on an unusually extensive scale. The retail shops and streets are very gay.

Weather clear and cold to-night.

This evening, between five and six o'clock, a stone mason named St. Jean accidently fell from the third story of Barron's new building, corner of great St James and St. John streets, onto the sidewalk of the latter street and was instantly killed. His remains were taken charge of by his family, residing in St. Joseph street, where they now lie pending the Coroner's inquest.

It is at last decided that the Mountain Park shall be commenced, and it is now notified that no further stoppages will take place. The Park Committee this evening decided on adopting the first plan without further orders from the council. The first cost will be about $350,000.

In the stabbing and arson case the prisoner was, this afternoon committed to the Quarter Sessions next March.

Telegraphs to here from below announce several earthquakes.

A storm is brewing this p m.

In Quebec the earthquake is the general topic of conversation.

New York Markets.

NEW YORK, Dec. 21.—Gold, 10¾.

Cotton, 15¼.

Flour, without decided change; receipts, 10,000 barrels; sales, 9,000 barrels at $5 20 to $5 40 Superfine State and Western; $5 80 to 6 50 common to choice extra state; $5 60 to $6 50 common to choice extra State and Western. Rye flour steady at $4 to $5 40.

Wheat firmer; receipts, 60 000 bushels; sales, 55,000 bushels, at $1 38½ new No. 1 spring; $1 43 to $1 45 winter red, and amber Western; $1 50 White Michigan; $1 22 Old Spring

Rye, dull.

Corn a shade firmer; receipts, 39,000 bushels; sales, 39,000 bushels at 73c to 74c.

Barley dull.

Oats more steady; receipts, 13,000 bushels; sales, 180,000 bushels, at 59c to 61c

Western and Ohio Pork steady, at $19 to $19.25 for new mess, and $18 50 old mess.

Lard dull at 11¼ to 12¼ for Steam; 12¼ to 12½. kettle rendered.

Butter steady.

Cheese quiet.

London Markets.

LONDON, 11 30 a.m., Dec. 21.—Consols for money 91¾. for account 91¾; Bonds quiet, '62 88¼; '65, 88¼; '67, 87¾; 104, 87¼. Erie, 19¾; Illinois Central, 110¼; American and Great Western, 20¼.

Liverpool Markets.

LIVERPOOL, 11:30 a.m., Dec. 21.—Cotton steady; Uplands 8¼; Orleans 8¼ to 8¾.

Flour firmer, at 25s.

To head our delicious Sauce, to dress ph'ty, but Kid Gloves," etc. "Jouvines' goose medal) new colours at 75c. per pair.

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBREAD & Co

THE WAR.

Midnight Despatches.

CABLE NEWS.

THE EASTERN QUESTION.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Dec. 20.—It is officially stated that the report that Turkey is determined to act upon the Eastern Question independently of the powers is without foundation.

PRUSSIA AND THE LONDON CONFERENCE.

LONDON, Dec. 21.—With respect to the forthcoming meeting of the Conference of the Ambassadors of the great powers in London, it is now known that Prussia has in her acceptance thereof expressly stipulated that no topic, foreign to the question of the revision of the Paris treaty of 1856, shall be introduced into the deliberations of that body. The adhesion of France to the conference is still awaited.

A LETTER FROM EARL RUSSELL.—THE EMBODIMENT OF 100,000 MILITIA.—THE "ALABAMA" CLAIMS.

NEW YORK, Dec. 21.—A London special says a letter appears in the *Times* of to-day over the signature of Earl Russell, in which he argues the immediate embodiment of 100 000 militia. In referring to the question of the *Alabama* claims, and he instances the feeling of England during the American revolution, when the United States remonstrated with the English Government for not checking the building of cruisers, and the plundering of Spanish and Portugese traders, England answered them that it would allow no interference and that when cruisers escaped from Birkenhead the government was no longer responsible. The same spirit is shown as to the importation of arms to France from England, which arrived from America. Prussia inveigh against England and the guns here as an enmy, whilst it treats America and its friends as blameless. These instances show that envyand hostility pursue wealthy commercial nations, and that England is dogged by these nations, and that it behoves England to be prepared for her foes.

PARIS QUIET AND THE CITY CONTINUES HOPEFUL.

A London despatch says there is no later important war news from France.

The reports yesterday of the riots at Paris lack confirmation, and according to the latest accounts the tone of public sentiment in that city continues hopeful, not unmixed with heroic defiance. Notwithstanding the situation and famine almost at hand, the citizens and soldiers are cheerful and confident. Rumors of a French victory in the field have an effect almost as sustaining as food, and among all classes in their support of Trochu it is almost wonderful.

THE CAPITULATION OF THIONVILLE.

On the capitulation of Thionville 50,000 French troops were par led. A majority of the besieged were much enraged because of the surrender, and some of the troops threatened to explode the magazine, but they were dissuaded from there purpose upon the appearance of women and children, who on their knees beseeched submission. During the time 50.000 shells were thrown into the city, involving damage to the extent of over $5,000,000.

THE SPANISH CORTES.

MADRID, Dec. 21.—In the Cortes to day a motion for a dissolution of that body was carried by 126 against 4, amid great excitement.

The Opposition immediately left the Chambers.

During the debate Robelito declared that he and his party did not wish for a *coup d'etat*, but were determined to save the King or perish with him.

Figuras followed in support of the motion for a dissolution, but admitted that the country would not settle into tranquillity even though Aosta were now on the throne unless the finances were suitably discussed.

THE ANNEXATION OF LUXEMBURG.

BERLIN, Dec 21.—The *Kreuz Zeitung* says respecting the annexation of Luxemburg, that diplomatic negotiations here are impossible in time of war. The Prussian Government is ready to submit it to arbitration without affecting the position of Luxemburg as an independent state.

A FURTHER WAR CREDIT.

The Diet of Hesse Darmstadt has approved of the Federal treaties and vote a further war credit of 366,200 florins.

CORRESPONDENCE BETWEEN THE POPE AND THE KING OF PRUSSIA DENIED.

LONDON, Dec. 21.—It is officiall denied that there has been recently any correspondence between the Pope and the King of Prussia.

CONFIRMATION OF THE AMOUNT OF FOOD IN PARIS.

LONDON, Dec. 21.—*Attaches* of Foreign Legations who have arrived here from Paris confirm the reports that the supplies of food will last two months longer.

RUSSIA AND THE BLACK SEA.

ST. PETERSBURG, Dec. 21.—The *Golos* explains that discarding that portion of the treaty which neutralizes the Black Sea, Russia only cancelled the compact which all parties to it regarded obsolete.

EARL GRANVILLE ISSUES INVITATIONS TO THE CONFERENCE.

The *World's* London special of the 21st says that Earl Granville to-day issued invitations to the Conference. The language of the notes is so framed that the Conference, although ostensibly called to settle the Eastern Question, may also consider the Luxemburg difficulty, and the proposed cession of Alsace and Lorraine.

THE PORTFOLIO LAID DOWN BY JOHN BRIGHT.

A strong pressure is brought to bear upon the Government to give to Edward Cardwell, Minister of War, the portfolio laid down by John Bright.

THE FISHERY QUESTION.

NEW YORK, 21st.—A Washington despatch says that it is learned from good authority that Minister Thornton has received instructions to effect an arrangement of the fishery question by a convention or otherwise.

THE GARIBALDIAN FORCES.

LONDON, 21st.—The Garibaldian forces in the St. Clair department are suffering from cold.

THE ARMY OF THE LOIRE JOINS THE ARMY OF THE WEST.

NEW YORK, 21st.—The *World's* correspondent from London says the army of Loire has just joined the army of the West, and are in Lemans.

The Duke of Mecklenburg has passed, and Frederick Charles is marching West from Bois.

The German reserves are hurrying up.

TREATY BETWEEN BAVARIA AND THE NORTH GERMAN BUND.

A despatch from Munich says it is certain that the treaty between Bavaria and the North German bund has been rejected by the Lower Chamber, having failed to receive a two thirds vote. The Chamber will be dissolved and a new one chosen which involves great delay. This action, is regarded as an insult to Germany and especially to Prussia.

THE GERMAN SEIGE TRAIN LARGELY INCREASED.

LONDON, Dec. 21.—The seige train of the Germans before Paris, has been largely increased.

THE ENGAGEMENT AT NUITS.

LONDON, Dec. 21.—The troops engaged at Nuits on the 18th say the fight lasted five hours. The French forces consisted of 30,000 men, with 18 guns. One thousand Germans were killed and wounded. The French lost 1,700 killed and wounded, besides many prisoners, guns and a large quantity of ammunition.

VERSAILLES, Dec. 20.—The left wing of the German forces operating against the army of the Loire is abandoned.

FRENCH WOUNDED ABANDONED.

At Lemans hundreds of their wounded were abandoned by the French.

THE ARMY OF PARIS CONFIDENT OF SUCCESS.

LONDON, December 21.—Advices received here from Paris to the 19th inst., say that the army and citizens were still calm, resolute and confident of success. Provisions are plentiful. There have been no disorders. The first despatches announcing the German victory at Nuits on Friday last were exaggerated. The number of prisoners captured was 600 instead 6,000 as at first reported.

MANTEUFFEL MARCHING ON HAVRE.

The news this morning from the German army of the North is important. General Manteuffel is again marching on Havre, and with a much larger force than before. The French report that they have taken measures to resist.

AN ENGAGEMENT AT BALBEF.

An engagement is reported to have occurred at Balbef, only seventeen miles from Havre, in which the French were victorious and the Prussian advance checked.

BOMBARDMENT OF MACLE.

The Prussians have bombarded Macle, a small town in the department of Aisne, and thence they marched eastwardly to Vervens.

THE GERMANS REPULSED.

The Germans on a reconnoissance from Amiens recently attacked the corps of General Fradherbe. They were repulsed with considerable loss.

MISCELLANEOUS.

The Prussians have evacuated Serguigy and Beaumont.

There has been some fighting at Bray.

Twenty-five thousand Germans are at Mont Didier.

AMERICAN NEWS.

APPOINTMENT OF GEN. SCHENCK AS MINISTER TO ENGLAND.

NEW YORK, Dec. 21.—The *Tribune's* special of this morning says: It gives us unquestioned pleasure to state that the fullest powers are to be conferred upon Gen. Schenck to conduct to a final settlement all the questions which now are pending between the United States and England.

As soon as the appointment of General Schenck was announced in these columns, the *Tribune* indicated the probability that negotiations would at once be transmitted from Washington to London.

It is a matter for cordial congratulation that our new envoy is to sail at the earliest possible day with instructions so framed as to leave him the free exercise of his well known energy, tact and discretion in the discussion and arrangement of all our differences with Great Britain.

ARRIVAL OF THE S. S. "JAPAN"—NEWS FROM CHINA.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec 21.—The China mail steamship *Japan*, which arrived last night, has a very large amount of freight, but only 67 Chinese passengers, the smallest number ever brought since that line was established.

Latest advices from Northern China state that Commodore Rogers and Seward's party were received at Tienstein on the 27th October. Great preparations were being made for their reception at Pekin, and while they were being entertained at the Russian Embassy at Tienstein, sixteen Chinese were executed for their participation in the Tienstein massacre.

SHIPMENT OF SPECIE.

The steamer *Batavia* sailed to-day for Europe with $133 500 in specie, and the *Idaho* with $29,000.

ARRIVALS.

NEW YORK, 21st.—Arrived, S.S. *Russia* from Liverpool. Gen. Burnside and Lady, and Gen. B. Hazen were passengers.

Yesterday's Despatches.

GEN. SCHENCK.

WASHINGTON, 20th.—Gen Schenck met with the Committee on Ways and Means, of which he is Chairman, for the last time to-day. He informed the Committee that he does not expect to be in Congress after the holidays.

The programme now is to send his name to the Senate to morrow, to have him confirmed at once, in order that he may resign his seat in the House.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 21.—The President this afternoon nominated in the Senate Gen. Schenck to be Minister to England.

THE RELEASED FENIANS.

NEW YORK, 21st.—Last evening of the meeting of the Celtic Americans was held at the Astor House, to make arrangements for a fitting reception to the Fenians just released from English prisons.

DEATH OF A COMEDIAN.

George Holland, the veteran comedian, died yesterday; aged 79.

A Startling Project.

The following is a copy of a letter from an old and well known German diplomatist to a nobleman of high political standing in London. Their names are not permitted to transpire:—

VAELAR, NEAR HORSTMAR, WESTPHALIA, Dec. 2.

MY DEAR ——: Of our present troubles and our prospective anxieties I really see as yet no probable end. What begin as a popular necessity is ending as a princely adventure, and who knows how far such an adventure may lead?

Already the combinations forced upon the government by circumstances for its consideration, if not for its adoption, are such as ten—what do I say—as even six months ago any of us would have been sent to the Abenberg for so much as suggesting. I was called last week on private business to Wilhelmshohe. There I saw M. ——, and had with him a long and most interesting conversation, the main points of which are so entirely confirmed by what I know myself to have happened recently at Berlin, and can be so easily verified or not by you in London, that I send them to you at once. M. —— told me that interviews had been going on for near several weeks between the Empress Eugenie and a well known American banker of London at Chiselhurst These, he says, have been suggested by a proposition made through Count von B——, at the instance of the Countess of F ——, by our government. This proposition was first made to the English government in this way:

Count G—— was instructed to sound the English Court upon the point, and if he found it favorably disposed, to suggest that her Majesty should exert her influence with the Crown Prince and Princess of Prussia to bring them to entertain it. After some consideration the Queen was led to believe it altogether the happiest solution of a problem fast threatening to become insoluble It then became necessary to sound the Emperor Napoleon and the Empress, and the affair hung fire here for some time, it being obviously most undesirable that the matter should be broached to them either by a French, a Prussian, or an English subject.

At this juncture it occurred to the Countess of C——, who was consulted, to suggest that a certain famous dressmaker of Paris, now in England, and who was well known to enjoy the entree at Chselhurst, should be utilized. This was done, and the person named had the good, sense or the good fortune to recommend that the American banker of whom I have spoken be employed as the direct intermediary between the German authorities and the Empress. The banker, to cut a long story short, accepted the trust. After an interview or two with the Empress he provided a confidential messenger to be sent to Cassel. This person was a countryman of his, who seems to have been knocking about Paris and London for a great number of years. In this way and by such contemptible instruments have the families of England and of Prussia been led into the relations which I am now about to set forth to you with the fallen Bonapartes.

The gift of the project thus organized is simply to end the war by a reconstitution of the French empire in the person not of the Emperor Napoleon III. but of his son The Prince Imperial is to be acknowledged as Emperor by Prussia, England, and Russia upon the formal abdication of his father, the Empress being named as Regent during his minority, and his majority being fixed for March, 1874, at which time he will have attained his 18th year. Peace with France will be signed upon the ceding of the fortnesses of Metz, Toul, and Verdun. Luxemburg will be annexed to Prussia as a province of Rhenish Prussia. Lorraine will remain absolutely French. But Alsace? Here, now, is the wonderful point of this most curious combination, which I ask you to investigate at London. Alsace is to be declared a free German State, of which the Princess Charlotte of Prussia, oldest daughter of the Crown Prince, is to be declared Grand Duchess. The young Grand Duchess (she was born in 1860, and is now a mere child) is to formally be betrothed to the Emperor Napoleon IV "It is a case," said M. —— to me at Wilhelmshohe, "of Anne of Brittany over again. But we do not live in the age of Anne of Brittany. So this modern condition is to go with the betrothal: Upon the consummation of the marriage, which is to occur in 1875, the people of Alsace will be called to vote either for complete reannexation to France or for a separate administration under a customs-union with France, but with a protectorate of the rights of the Grand Duchess and Empress vested in the imperial crown of Germany.

You will perceive in all this the spirit of 1824. It is indeed there. I do not anticipate for the plan, if indeed it be seriously undertaken, any protracted opposition from the French, who are indeed, I believe, too far gone, too much demoralized and broken up to long resist any plan which offers them peace and some hope of respite. Nor yet from our German people will any objections proceed. A German empress on the throne of France, and in England princes of German blood ruling, with our frontier advanced to the heart of Belgium and of Holland, what should we ask more? But M.—— frankly owned to me, and I must say I found reason in what he said, that some disquiet existed both at Windsor and at Wilhelmshohe as well as at Versailles, concerning the light in which the English people might view the arrangement Yet the Queen has most cordially favored it, and in a close intimacy with the Empress has indeed fully embraced and applauded the plan. This I am well assured of; what I doubt more is the attitude of the Queen's Government. Consider and examine this, and let me know your views. The Emperor Napoleon is himself quite well disposed, I hear, to the project; but he has absolutely refused to act at all either in furtherance or in hindrance of it. Bismarck regards it, I have reason to believe, with extreme favor, notwithstanding his dislike to the Crown Prince, with whom it is to have originated. He expressed to a said friend of mine at Versailles, lately, his belief that nothing is left for the French but to make themselves the supporters and seconders of Germany in Europe, "the conservators of order henceforth."

Perhaps he is not wrong. At all events, we are so harassed and worn out with this war, that who will not eagerly accept the remotest promise of an end to it all!

OWNERS OF HORSES REJOICE.—And why not? and who knows but that their horses are rejoicing as well; who can prove the contrary? But there owners rejoice because of the astonishing and almost miraculous effects on their horses of "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy." Some where lean and poor having no appetite, others would devour their food ravenously, yet derive no benefit from it; some were hide-bound, with rough and shaggy hair; others had severe colds and coughs; many had the heaves and other complaints peculiar to horses; on all it operated as a charm, the disease or complaint was speedily removed, the appetite and digestive organs corrected, the skins softened, and a sleek and shing appearance given to the coat all without any danger to, or preventing the horse being used. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd & Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada. Sold by all medicine dealers.

BREAKFAST.—EPPS'S COCOA—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.—The very agreeable character of this preparation has rendered it a general favorite The *Civil Service Gazette* remarks:—"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills." Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in tin-lined packets, labelled—JAMES EPPS & Co., Homœopathic Chemists, London.

HOLIDAY GOODS AND GIFTS,

ORNAMENTAL AND USEFUL,

—AT THE—

VARIETY HALL,

Children's Toy Tea Sets, Valeck China Ornaments, (entirely new on this Continent); Parian Statuary, from the best makers); Bohemian Glassware of every description. China Ornaments and Vases, Majolica Water Pitchers and Ornaments, Table Glassware of every quality, Wood and Tin Toys, Sleighs Misses tea Sets, and Rocking Horses, 1,000 Snow Shovels for Callaroo, Willow Chairs and Book Tables, Children's Chairs in Variety, Breakfast sets Dinner Sets and Tea Sets of every description and in fact every description of goods for ornamental or useful purposes at the

VARIETY HALL,

34 Sussex Street.

Ottawa, Dec 22, 1870 1547tf

STALL No. 1.

JOHN TERRANCE in returning thanks to his customers for their liberal patronage to him for the past 8 years, wishes to understood that he has to the X'mas Holidays an assortment of the best BEEF, PORK, MUTTON and all the FOWLS of the season, which he warrants the best in the market, and as cheap as the cheapest.

Ottawa, Dec 22, 1870 1546 6

OTTAWA MARBLE WORKS,

—AND—

DRAIN PIPE DEPOT,

RIDEAU STREET,

ESTABLISHED 1866.

WM. M. SOMERVILLE, Successor to W. M. FARLANE.

MANTLES—Of all designs in Italian and American Marble and Marbelized Slate, Grates Fenders and Stoves.

Monuments and Headstones of Scottish Granite, Marble and Sandstone. Vases and Railings for residences and Grave Plots, Root Cresting Door Guards, Window Gratings, Sweepholes Doors Pipe Rings, and every description of Builders Castings.

Chimney Cans, Drain Pipes, Vent Linings, Flower Vases, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, &c, &c. Masons Mallets, Agency of patent Needle Lubricator.

W. M. SOMERVILLE,

Travelling Agent.

FROM THIS DAY FORTH I change the prices of all my Wood, that is to say, best Hard Wood $4.75, Sawn $5.00; Second best Hard Wood, 4.25 Sawn $4.50.

My Saw Mill is now in constant operation and ready, and will cut promptly in obedience to all orders.

JOHN HENRY.

Ottawa, Dec, 5. 1531-1

CARD OF THANKS.

SATCHELL BROS. beg to return their thanks to their friends and the public for the generous patronage bestowed upon them during the past five years, and hope by continued attention to their business to secure a continuance of further favors.

They now beg to inform the public that they have slaughtered 14 head of Superior stall fed Western Cattle, among which is a celebrated English Durham prize Heifer, a large number of sheep and other animals

The whole of this splendid Stock will be on exhibition from WEDNESDAY, the 21st, to SATURDAY, the 24th December inst.

Ottawa, Dec. 21, 1870 1545 2

WELLINGTON WARD MARKET.

No. 2 STALL

The Subscriber begs to tender to his numerous customers his sincere thanks for their liberal patronage during the past year, and in asking for a continuance of the same, would call special attention to his

CHRISTMAS STOCK of BEEF, MUTTON, PORK SAUSAGES, POULTRY, &c, &c.

All orders delivered punctually at any part of the city

ALFRED BUFFON.

Ottawa, December 20, 1870. 1545 1a

Sale, u[illegible]

By J. Bermingham, Auctioneer

AUCTION SALE

OF

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE

At the City Auction Mart, York Street,

ON FRIDAY, the 23rd INST, at 10 o'clock, a.m.

The consignment consists of Sofas, Lounges, Chairs in Hair Cloth, Card Tables, Steel Engravings, Oil Paintings, Hall Hat Stands, Bureaus, Wash Stands, Carpets, Oil Cloth, Kitchen Furniture, China, Glass and Crockery Ware, Cook and Hall Stoves. An extensive consignment of Silver-plated and Sheffield Ware, consisting of Tea Sets, Salvers, Cake Baskets, Cruets, Toast Racks, Butter Coolers, Sugars, Pickle Frame with Cut Glass Bottles, Wine Stands, with Cut Glass Decanters, Mugs, Table, Dessert and Teaspoons, Ivory Handle Dinner, Dessert and Breakfast Knives and Forks.

Several Cutters, and two very handsome Family or Carter's Sleighs, all the property of a gentleman giving up housekeeping. To be sold on FRIDAY, at 10 o'clock, at the City Auction Mart, without any reserve.

J. BERMINGHAM,

Auctioneer

Ottawa, Dec 21 1870. 1546 2

ENGLISH BUNN HOUSE,

37 Sussex Street

C. BARTLETT begs to remind the public that he will commence the Muffin business this Day. All orders sent to any part of the city. He also begs to remind the public that he is buying in a large stock of Confectionery Ornaments for Christmas, from England, from the best houses in the line in London. Rich Box Boxes, of every variety. Fancy Boxes, Cake ornaments, a Number of Shell noxes, from Brighton, England. Also, a great variety of other goods for Christmas and New Years Presents, too numerous to insert in this advertisement. Therefore begs to nearly call and inspect for yourselves, as he is certain he will have the largest and best assortment in the trade. Also, a very large assortment of rich Cakes ornamented and plain Fruits, Strong's oil, Genoa, Madeira, Pound Cakes, Macroons, Sponge, Lady's Fingers. All kinds of Jellies. A large assortment of preserves in pots and tumblers. Sweets of every kind in great variety. An immense stock of Fancy Hearts, Wholesale and Retail.

N.B.—Tea and Coffee Hot at all hours of the day. Refreshments of every kind always on hand. Oyster Parties and Oysters fried in any style on the shortest notice.

Ottawa, Dec 22. 1[illegible]

CARD.

The Subscriber begs to return thanks to his Customers and the public generally, for the Liberal Support extended to him for the last nine years, and by Strict Attention to his business hopes to secure their Patronage in future. He would also remind them that he has always on hand

FRESH MEAT,

PORK,

HAM,

And all the FOWLS of the Season.

JOHN KENNEDY.

Ottawa, Dec. 22, 1870. 1546 9

CARD.

The Subscriber in returning thanks for the Liberal Support extended to him since his Start, begs to inform his many Customers and the public generally, that he has always on hand a large supply of the following articles.

BACON, Rolled and Spiced.

HAMS, Sugar Cured,

SAUCES of all kinds, and all other articles in the trade.

HERMAN THORBAHN

STALL No. 10,

Ottawa, Dec. 21, 1870 1546 9

1870 'XMAS & NEW YEAR 1871

The Subscriber has just received an assortment of

Bohemian Vases,

Toilet Bottles

and Boxes

—ALSO—

Lubin's and Violet's

Perfumery,

Mirrors

AND FINE

Toilet Articles,

ALEX. CHRISTIE,

Druggist,

40 Sparks st.

Ottawa, Dec. 22, 1870. 1546y

BAZAAR.

IN AID OF THE

Protestant Benevolent

SOCIETY.

To be held in

CHAMPNESS' NEW BLOCK,

Opposite GOWAN'S HALL,

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 22nd.

LUNCH furnished from 12 o'clock.

COME ONE, COME ALL.

Ottawa, December 21, 1870. 1545 1

TO LUMBERERS.

L. ROSE,

PROVISION BROKER.

LONDON, ONT.,

Inspects every BARREL of PORK for Ships and Ships only a FIRST-CLASS Article. He has for Sale from some of the Leading Packers and Curers:

Heavy Mess Pork, guaranteed.

Ex. P. Pork made from Heavy Mess.

Shoulders Mess Mutton.

Heavy Bacon, &c, at the lowest Fair Prices, and on Terms to suit Purchasers.

No. 1 Sup. Flour, Oats, Corn, &c., bought on commission.

White Beans always on hand.

Orders of enquiries have prompt attention.

Through rates to Brockville, Sand and Ottawa.

London, Ont., Nov 24, 1870 Produce Broker, London, Ont. 1533

Esquimaux Coats at Devlin's.

LOCAL NEWS.

Preparations are being made in every ... for the due celebration of "Merry Christmas."

The shop windows throughout the city ... an attractive appearance at present.

Blankets, Cornwall, St. Lawrence and ... Mills Blankets, in all sizes and ..., very cheap, at GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

The semi-annual examination of the ... of the Grammar School will take ... to-day, beginning at 9 o'clock.

All Wool Tartans in all the leading ... A large lot ex last steamer, at GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

St. George's Ward.—A meeting is called this evening at the St. Lawrence Hotel ... St. George's Ward; something important is to be revealed

A dramatic entertainment is to be given this evening in Buckingham by some of the young ladies and gentlemen of that place.

Music Hall.—The entertainment at the ... Hall last evening was poorly attended. Miss Londsdale will give another entertainment in the Hall this evening.

A number of young men were charged with having taken a man's horse and sleigh, and enjoying a cheap sleigh ride. Nothing was proved against them, and the case was dismissed.

Mr. Bartlett, Confectioner, Sussex street, offers particular inducements at present to persons intending to make purchases in his line of business for the ... holidays.

Roast Beef of Old England.—All lovers of good Roast Beef should pay a visit to ... Satchell Bros. stall before purchasing their Christmas dinner. No. 587 Lower Town Market. 1546-3

The Variety Hall, 34 Sussex street, has in stock an immense amount of Holiday goods and gifts. A number of the ... and ornaments are entirely new on ... continent. Call and see them.

New Stereoscopes and Slides, Bohemian ..., microscopes, choice French and English Perfumery, at the
OTTAWA DRUG STORE,
Sappers' Bridge,
W. HEARN.

St. Vincent de Paul Society.—In noticing the postponement of the grand draw of prizes in aid of the above institution ... days ago, we stated that the drawing would take place on the 20th. It should read the 28th.

50 dozen Velveteen Hats, from 25 cents upwards. A Large assortment of ... and Feathers. Trimmed Hats and ... at the "Golden Lion."
R. L. JAMES & Co.

A Quarrel.—While a couple of gentlemen were deciding a dispute in a manner more decisive than argument in a saloon a few days ago, the conflict was suddenly put to an end by an unexpected occurrence. The trap door in the floor gave way and they were both precipitated into the cellar.

Runaway.—A runaway occurred yesterday morning on Sparks street. A horse left standing took fright at some snow falling from the roof of a house, and started to run. The owner caught the reins and, hanging on, was dragged after the cutter down to Elgin street, where the horse was stopped.

Auction Sale.—Mr. Birmingham will sell at his Auction Mart, on Friday morning, a quantity of good household furniture, plated ware, China and crockery, as well as some cutters and very fine family sleighs; all the property of a gentleman giving up housekeeping, and to be sold without reserve.

Notice.—Now is the time. Go and see C. P. Dorion, 60 Sparks Street, for stoves and stove-pipe fitting. No puff; but see for yourselves. Lumbermen and country merchants come and see. The most complete House in this Line in the Capital, ... Posters. C. P. Dorion, 60 Sparks Street. 1486 2m.

Arrivals at the Russell House.—Wednesday—A A Humphrey, Perth; Mr and ... Hasell, do; Lillie Lonsdale, Kingston; ... Douglas, London, England; J Henry, ... E Hogge, do; E Heath, Clarendon; ... Louis New York; A Goudrey, Montreal; H Kavanagh, do; W Weir, do; P ...ne, Adams, N Y; R Bowe, Montreal; Douglas, do.

Canadian Institute Soiree.—The seance of the Canadian Institute last evening was ... on previous occasions, highly interesting and entertaining, and was attended by a large and appreciative audience. The lecture by l'Abbe Tanguay was particularly interesting, the more so that it was on ... in France. The musical part of the entertainments is always very good ... by itself would attract a crowded ...

Miss Lillie Lonsdale.—Of this lady the Kingston Whig says: "This very clever and versatile lady entertained a Kingston audience last night in the City Hall. Her ... as a charming actress had preceded her, and she played to a fair house, tho' one-half so good as it will be to-night, ... that it is known what a delightful entertainment she gives. Her acting is very much in the style of Grace Egerton—... polished, easy, and natural. She sings ..., she dances well, she declaims well, ... everything she attempts she does well."

Police Court.—Wednesday.—There were ... cases of larceny at the Court this morning. One individual was charged with stealing a goose and a quarter of mutton from a farmer's sleigh on the market. It was proved that he took the ..., but he is remanded to procure evidence respecting the mutton.

The other charge was against two young men who, being in the employ of Mr. Bartlett, confectioner, Sussex street, made rather free with the contents of a barrel in the gentleman's cellar. This case is also adjourned.

St. Patrick's Hall.—The readings last evening at the above hall were very good, and the hall was as usual crowded by a large and appreciative audience. Messrs. ... Rowan's readings were well received and rendered while those of ... Malone and McCarthy kept the audience convulsed with laughter. The singing was very good, Mr. Lawrence having to respond to a third vociferous encore. The programme throughout was very good, and the chairman before bringing the performance to a close drew their attention to the lecture to be delivered by Mathew Ryan, Esq., Advocate of Montreal, at the St. Patrick's Hall this evening.

St. Patrick's Hall To-night.—Mr. Ryan's lecture, to which we have already called attention, comes off to-night, and is looked forward to with no little interest because of the novelty of the subject. We have spoken before of Mr. Ryan's known ability as a speaker, and we find, also, that as a lecturer he stands high in Montreal. The *Herald* of that city speaking some months since of the lecture now about to be repeated has said: "The lecture, in addition to displaying a degree of historical research, which few lecturers would think it worth their while to bestow on the most obstruse topic, was a model of composition, altogether free from claptrap and fustian."

Where to go for Christmas Presents.—Since at this season of the year the buoyant spirit of persons in general urge them to purchase presents and gifts for presentation to friends, sweethearts &c., at Christmas and New Years we think it apropos just now to inform the public of Ottawa where those articles can be had in greatest variety, of best quality, and cheapest, namely at Mr. Palmers shops, No. 7 and 29 Sussex street. He has now on hand an immense and splendid stock of jewelry, toys, &c., for the Christmas holidays. Mr. Palmer's are the most extensive establishments of the kind in Ottawa, and he certainly offers the greatest inducements, so that we heartly recommend the public to pay him a visit, particularly during the holidays.

The Market.—Wednesday—The attendance on the Market yesterday morning was larger than any we have seen this season. The square was filled with sleighs, which also extended up York to Sussex street and at the other end of the square up Clarence street, while York street down to Dalhousie was occupied by a large wood market. Farm produce of mostly every kind was abundant. Prices generally remain unchanged.

Pork of which there was a better supply than for some days previous was up a little and sold at $7.50 to 8.50 per 100 pounds.

Beef was not of good quality, $4.50 to 5.00 per 100 pounds.

Mutton, 7c. to 8c. per pound.
Turkeys, 90c. to $1.00.
Geese, 40c. to 50c.
Fowl, 40c. to 50c. per couple.
Butter, 18c. to 20c. per pound in tubs.
Lard, 15c. per pound.

Potatoes, of which there was a large supply, sold at from 40c. to 45c. per bushel.

Oats, 50c. to 53c. per bushel.

Hay was plentiful, and sold at from $15 to 16 per ton.

Straw, $8 to 9 per ton.
Wood (hard) $3.50 to 4.00 per cord.
Wood (soft) $2.50 to 3.00 per cord.

An Important Verdict by a Legion of Judges.—After a prtoracted trial before the Epicunean Bench of Ottawa, in which some of the most distinguished advocates of good living and most celebrated Judges of what constitutes the same, a unanimous verdict has been rendered, that Buss & Co's., Sussex Street, is infinitely superior to any other establishment of the kind in Ottawa, and approving of this decision we would recommend every person who wishes to enjoy a first class feast on Christmas to prepare his table for the occasion with grapes, oranges, dates, apples, honey and all the other innumerable fruits and dainties of a quality and kind such as only Buss & Co. can furnish. This firm gives its whole attention to the one branch of business and as a consequence it is able to supply its customers with goods at once select and cheap; and as success, which is ever the result of a due regard to the interests of customers is often taken as criterion to judge by, we may state that this firm is the most prosperous in Canada—having branch establishments in several cities—the head wholesale establishment being at Montreal. The energetic and obliging manager of the business at Ottawa has now on hand a most complete stock, and the establishment is so far superior to everything of the kind in Ottawa that it is useless for us to again recommend the public to extend their patronage in that direction. By all means try his oysters.

The Central School West.

The examination of the Central School West began yesterday morning at nine o'clock. The previous examination lasted till noon, and was witnessed by a large number of the parents and friends of the children. The examination was resumed in the afternoon at a quarter past one, and lasted till the advancing shadows of evening admonished them of the necessity for closing proceedings. All through the afternoon a steady stream of visitors poured through the different departments, gleaning information as they went in regard to the progress of the pupils. We have never before seen so deep an interest shewn in the success of any of our educational institutions.

The various departments were put through a searching examination in the different branches of a good English education. The division of the Principal, Mr. Brebner, was examined in Algebra, Arithmetic, Reading, Geometery, Geography, History, and Grammar. The intelligent answers of the pupils elicited general admiration. Whether examined by Mr. Brebner himself, or by Mr. John McMillan, of the Grammar school, they were equally prompt in their replies.

The second class of the same division, taught by Mr. Duncan Robertson, was examined in Algebra, Arithmetic, Reading, Geography, History, and Grammar. The thoroughness of the training to which the pupils in this class were subjected, as shown in the course of the examination, elicited warm encomiums from gentlemen present, who had a knowledge of the duties and difficulties of the teaching profession.

A similar course of examination, with the exception of Algebra and Geometry was conducted in the second division, taught by Mr. Parlowe, and Miss Carson, with a like satisfactory result. The pleasing feature of recitations was added, Master McVitty's "My Native Land Good Night," being well received.

The third division, taught by Mr. Stewart and Miss Jennie Sparks, was examined in nearly the same subjects as the second division. The numerous visitors who witnessed the examination in this division were delighted with the correctness and promptness of the answers given by the pupils. The facility with which they added up long columns of figures was certainly surprising.

The fourth division, taught by Miss Alice Sparks and Miss Anne Living, passed a creditable oral examination. Considering the size of the greater portion of the pupils, the knowledge shown of the elementary principles of grammar was certainly atonishing.

The primary classes, under Mrs. Bingham and Miss Butterwith, also passed a creditable examination.

At the close of the examination of the second class of the first division, a handsome volume, bound in calf, entitled a "Cyclopaedia of Illustrations of Moral and Religious Truths," was presented to Mr. Duncan Robertson, by Master Wm. Blythe and Miss Jennie Smith, on behalf the pupils. The presentation was accompanied by an address expressing their gratitude to, and respect for, their teacher. Mr. Duncan Robertson, replied it suitable terms.

In the fourth division a hansome church service was presented to Miss Anne Living by her class.

Some of the divisions having been dismissed for the holidays, the company adjourned upstairs, when the chair was taken by Mr. Slater, Chairman of the Board. Mr. Workman having delighted the audience with the proficiency in music shown by his pupils, the Chairman called upon Rev. Mr. Gordon, who complimented the teachers on their success, dwelling with special emphasis on the service of Mr. Workman.

Rev. Mr. Moore also congratulated the Teachers on the success of the institution.

Mr. Boyd, of the Post Office Department, said that he had heard a good many things to the detriment of the Central School West, and he had determined to come and see for himself as to the truth of the matter. He had spent the greater portion of the day in the different departments and was very happy to be able to say that he could contradict the unfaverable opinion that had been given of the institution. He reviewed what he had seen in the various Divisions, specially complimenting the Geography in Mr. Brebner's class, and the History in Mr. Robertson's. He knew a good deal of the work of teaching himself, and had much pleasure in testifying to the satisfaction with which he had witnessed the examination that had just closed.

At this stage of the proceedings two of Mr. Brebner's pupils, Master G. N. Pratt and Miss Sarah Stewart, came forward and presented a handsome silver Cruet Basket to the Principal—accompanied with the following address, read by Master Pratt.

Mr. John Brebner,—Dear Sir,—We the undersigned pupils who have been under your tuition during the past year desire to give expression to the feeling with which we regard you as a faithful Teacher. Though you were a stranger to all of us at the time you entered upon your duties as Principal of the Central School West we have all felt that you spared no effort to promote our best interests. Under discouraging circumstances you persevered to bring the school. yet in its infancy, up to that standard which would make it worthy of the confidence of the inhabitants of the capital of the Dominion of Canada. Your diligence, patience, and perseverance in the discharge of your duties have won for you our highest admiration. You have fully proved to our satisfaction that what you aim at accomplishing is not mere show but real progress. As we are now about to have a short relaxation from our duties, we beg that before we separate you will be pleased to accept the accompanying present as a small token of our respect for you, and as a proof of gratitude for the deep interest you have shown you take in our welfare.

We are, dear Sir,
Your affectionate pupils,
G. N. Pratt,
Sarah Stewart.

Mr. Brebner said he was taken by surprise. He accepted the handsome testimonial with gratitude. He had done what he could to cultivate their understanding. It was not his aim to make his pupils so many parrots, able to expect so much of this and so much of that. He desired to make them clearly understand the terms they made use of. In the school he had been faithfully supported by all the Trustees. He considered that the scholars were as good as in any school he had ever seen, and he had seen a good many of such institutions.

The Chairman made some concluding remarks referring to his contemplated retirement, and advising parents to strengthen the hands of the Trustees by more frequently visiting the schools.

The meeting was closed by singing the National Anthem, and by benediction from the Rev. Mr. Gordon.

Hull Readings.

Those readings last evening were the best that have taken place in Hull this season. The Hall, as usual, was as full as comfort would allow.

The vocal music was all that could be desired. Mr. Mitford and Mr. Smith played two duets (violin and organ) which received hearty applause. Miss McKay and Miss Bullas sang a very pretty song in first-rate style. But the chief attraction of the evening was the singing of the two Mr. and the Misses Kennedy (singing together accompanied by Mr. Mitford) who sang five pieces in their well known style, which is really splendid. Recitations by Master Frank Day and Master George Reid, and readings by Messrs. Harison, Alexander, A. Washburne and H. L. Loucks, were also given with good effect. As usual the proceedings terminated by singing the Nation Anthem.

A "Cough," "Cold," or Irritated Throat, if allowed to progress, results in serious pulmonary and Bronchial affections, oftentimes incurable.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES

Reach directly the affected parts, and give almost instant relief. In Bronchitis, Asthma, and Catarrh they are beneficial. Obtain only the genuine BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES which have *proved* their efficacy by test of many years. Among testimonials attesting their efficacy are letters from—
E. H. Chapin, D. D; New York,
Henry Ward Beecher, Brooklyn, N. Y.,
N. P. Willis, New York,
Hon. C. A. Phelps, Pres. Mass. Senate,
Dr. G. F. Bigelow, Boston,
Prof. Edwd. North, Clinton, N. Y.,
Surgeons in the Army, and others of eminence
Sold everywhere at 25 cents per box.

"Troches," so called, sold by the ounce, are a poor imitation and nothing like Brown's Bronchial Troches, which are sold only in boxes with a fac-simile of the proprietors,
JOHN I. BROWN & SON.

This care in putting up the Troches is important as a security to the purchaser in order to be sure of obtaining the genuine Brown bronchial Troches.

The Florence Nightingale of the Nursery —The following is an extract from a letter written by the Rev. C. Z. Weizer, to the "German Reformed Messenger, at Chambersburg, Penn.:

A BENEFACTRESS.

Just open the door for her, and Mrs. Winslow will prove the American Florence Nightingale of the Nursery. Of this we are sure, that we will teach our "Suny" to say, "A Blessing on Mrs. Winslow," for helping her to survive and escape the griping, colicking and teething siege. We confirm every word set forth in the Prospectus. It performs precisely what it professes to perform every part of it—nothing less. Away with your "Cordial," "Paregoric," "Drops," "Laudanum," and every other "Narcotic," by which the babe is drugged into stupidity, and rendered dull and idiotic for life.

We have never seen Mrs. Winslow—know her only through the preparation of her "Soothing Syrup for Children Teething." If we had the power, we would make her, as she is, a physical Saviour to the Infant Race. 25 cents per bottle sold by all druggists.

Be sure and call for
MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP.

Having the fac-simile of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

Carpets and House Furnishings made a speciality, at Garland, Mutchmor & Co's. A large stock and new styles, at reduced prices.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

BIRTH.

At Merivale, near Ottawa, on the 20th, the wife of E. B. Hopper, of a daughter.

DIED

On Wednesday evening, 21st inst., Albert Edward Fraser, adopted son of James G. Robinson, Sandy Hill, aged 7 years and 6 months.

TOYS!

TOYS!

TOYS!

FANCY GOODS

—FOR THE—

MILLION.

GO TO

H. H. PALMER'S,

AND INSPECT HIS

STOCK OF JEWELLERY

—AND—

FANCY GOODS.

A very fine assortment of

LADIES CARD CASES,

RING AND JEWEL BOXES.

REMEMBER THE OLD STAND

No. 7

AND AT THE

NEW STORE,

No. 29 SUSSEX-ST.

NEXT DOOR TO

J. B. BUSS & Co.

OTTAWA, December 22, 1870. 1546y

BIVALVULAR!

It was a maxim of Euripides either to keep silence or to speak something better than silence. Whether this maxim is worthy of imitation or not must be decided by a

DISCRIMINATING PUBLIC.

There is, however, one important truth which demands a word, and that is, *there is no one article of food more universally palatable than the*

OYSTER,

And yet, even in the present day, very few really know what a good OYSTER is, or where the best can be obtained. The best JUDGES affirm that in no other place in the City can as good an article be found, as at the

American Oyster

COMPANY'S DEPOT,

27 SUSSEX-ST.

In view of this indisputable fact

J. B. BUSS & Co.,

Who has been connected with the business for the last 15 years are determined that everybody shall understand where the luxury may be found. To every lover of the BIVALVE they would say

BUY NONE BUT

J. B. BUSS & Co's

OYSTERS.

They are put up in the neatest possible manner, and delivered to any part of the city, and furnished either in

CANS,
KEGS,
BULK,
Or in the
SHELL,

By leaving your orders at

27 SUSSEX-ST.,

You will be sure to get the best OYSTERS in the City.

J. B. BUSS & Co.

OTTAWA, Dec. 22, 1870. 1546y

Dry Goods.

NEW GOODS

—FOR THE—

HOLIDAYS!

PATTERSON & BRYSON,

53 SPARKS STREET,

Have just received a new assortment of FANCY GOODS for the approaching

HOLIDAYS.

In FANCY WOOLEN GOODS of all descriptions we are making a very large Show.

We have secured a quantity of JOUVINS celebrated GOLD MEDAL KID GLOVES, which we sell at FIFTY CENTS.

In going through our stock we have cleared a lot of Remnants of FLANNELS WINCIES, CLOTHS, etc., which we have markd at prices that will clear them out at once.

Call and secure a Bargain.

We call the attention of Gentlemen to our New SURPRISE COLLAR, (the best make) one prize in every Cartoon.

For sale during the Holidays.

Remember the Place,

PATTERSON & BRYSON.

Opposite BATE & Co.

Ottawa, Dec. 20, 1870.

STILL THEY COME!

34 PACKAGES NEW GOODS,

JUST RECEIVED,

—BY—

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

Comprising amongst other Goods the following:—

1 Case French Merinoes,
1 Case Kid Gloves and Hosiery,
1 Case Plain and Terry Ribbons, and Plain and Tartan Sash Ribbons,
1 Case Black and Colored Ribbon Velvets
1 Case New Jackets,
1 Case Waterproof Tweeds,
1 Case Ladies Hats,
1 Case Embroidered Muslin Sets, for Evening wear,
1 Case Hair Nets and Silk Epangles, for Dress Trimmings,
1 Case Sheetings,
1 " White Cottons,
1 Bale Serges,
1 " Scarlet Flannels,
1 Case Fancy Flannels,
1 " Canadian Flannels,
3 Bales Canadian Grey Blankets,
2 Cases Cornwall White Blankets,
6 Cases Heavy Tweeds,
3 " Light Grey Etoffes,
2 " Mid Grey "
3 " Oxford "

With other Goods too numerous to particularise.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

Would say that their Stock, notwithstanding their Immense Sales during the las 3 months (without doubt the largest ever made by any Dry Goods House in Ottawa) was never so well assorted at this season of the year as it is just now.

Inspection Invited.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

Ottawa, Dec. 16, 1870.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

14 RIDEAU STREET,

Have now received a full supply of

NEW FALL GOODS

IN ALL

DEPARTMENTS.

Ottawa, September 26, 1870

WHOLESALE.

GREY BLANKETS, Cornwall,
" " English.
GRAIN BAGS, Cotton and Linen.

LUMBERMEN SUPPLIED

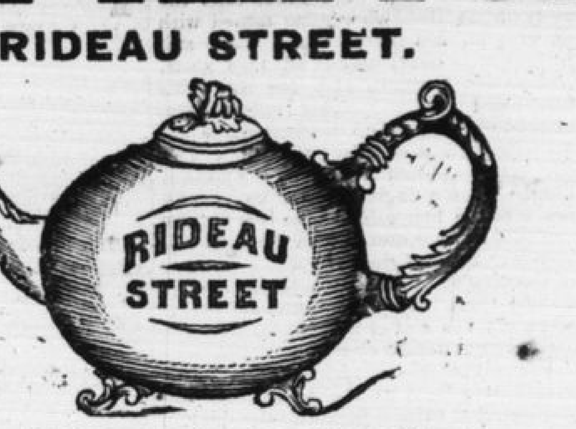
AT

MAGEE & RUSSELL,
Elgin Street,
Opposite Russell House.

Ottawa, December 17 1870. 1542tt

THE TEA POT,

RIDEAU STREET.



Ticket for Christmas!

3 lbs. Raisins for - - -	1s. 3d.
3 " New Figs for - - -	1s. 3d.
3 " Currants for - - -	1s. 3d.
1 Bottle Pure Old Rye for -	1s. 3d.
1 Bottle Family Proof for - -	1s. 3d.
1 Bottle Scotch Whiskey for -	1s. 3d.
1 Bottle Pure Elderberry Wine for	1s. 3d.

(*OWN IMPORTATION, FROM ENGLAND, WARRANTED GENUINE.*)

The above articles will be sold at these prices during the Holiday Season.

All goods delivered free (within the limits of the city) by our own waggons, and every attention will be paid to proper packing and delivery.

JOHN HILL,
"THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET.

T HUNTON SHOOLBRED & Co

47. SPARKS ST. 49.

Will receive this week "per Express," from LONDON, England,

2 CASES OF MILLINERY,

Containing the Very Latest Styles in

Bonnets, Hats,

and some very Choice things in

Flowers, Feathers and Trimmings,

Per S. S. "MORAVIAN."

1 Case Extra Cloths, in the new

Satin Cloths,

Trimming to match all our Fashionable

Dress Goods.

—ALSO—

1 Case of Newest

Mantle Cloths.

The "OLIVE GREEN" appears still prove the most fashionable, and of the above we are in receipt of ten piece

"New Seal and plucked Otter Skins hand."

Fancy Wove Goods still arriving.

Clouds, Breakfast Shawls, Ties &c.,

in endless Variety.

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO
47 and 49 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, Oct 11 1870.

JAMES PEACOCK,

FURS,

FURS, FURS, FURS.

I beg to intimate that my FUR STOCK is now complete in every

DEPARTMENT.

An Early Call is Solicited.

Remember the place,
33 Rideau Street.
OPPOSITE OLD STAND.

TESTIMONIAL

—TO THE—

HON. SIR JOHN A. MACDONALD,

C.B., &c., &c., &c.

The friends of Sir JOHN A MACDONALD propose to present that distinguished Statesman with a substantial Testimonial in recognition of his long and unselfish public services

Steps are being taken to afford his friends in all parts of the Dominion an opportunity of joining in the proposed manifestation of esteem and regard.

The following gentlemen compose, (with power to add to their number,) the Committee at Ottawa:

The Hon. JAMES SKEAD,
His Worship the Mayor J ROCHESTER, Jr, Esq,
THOS REYNOLDS, Esq,
R W SCOTT, Esq, M P P,
Dr GRANT, M P,
E McGILLIVRAY, Esq,
H V NOEL, Esq.

H V Noel, Esq, has consented to act as Treasurer, to whom all communications may be addressed.

For the information of intending subscribers the names of the gentlemen composing the Central Committee at Toronto are subjoined, viz:

His Worship the Mayor, S B HARMAN, Esq,
The Hon G W ALLAN
The Hon D L MACPHERSON,
The Hon JOHN CARLING, M P,
JOHN CRAWFORD, Esq, M P,
ANGUS MORRISON, Esq, M P,
F W CUMBERLAND, Esq, M P
J G WORTS, Esq,
S B RUTHERFORD, Esq,
W H HOWLAND Esq,
G P RIDOUT Esq,
JOHN SHEDDEN, Esq,
THOMAS DICK, Esq,
FRANK SHANLY, Esq,
T C CHISHOLM, Esq,
N BARNHART, Esq.

Ottawa, Dec 6, 1870 1532t

FOR SALE, OR EXCHANGE

For Property in Montreal, improved or unimproved, the new Mansard Roof Stone House situated in Victoria Crescent, having all the modern conveniences of heat, water and gas, good out building, on an ample Lot, and enjoying the finest river view in Ottawa. For further particulars apply to W C. SMILLIE, on the premises, or at the Office of the BRITISH AMERICAN BANK NOTE COMPANY, Wellington Street.

Ottawa Dec. 3, 1870 1530 1m

Amusements.

ST. PATRICK'S

LITERARY ASSOCIATION.

MATHEW RYAN, Esq.,

ADVOCATE,

—OF—

MONTREAL,

Will deliver a LECTURE under the Auspices of the above Association, in

ST. PATRICK'S HALL,

On THURSDAY, the 22nd Instant.

SUBJECT:

"The Irish as a business people, with observations on the value of Savings' Banks."

Tickets....................25cts

To be had at the Door and from the members of the Committee.

Doors open at 7. Lecture to commence at 8 o'clock, P.M.

Ottawa, December 16, 1870 1543td

MASONIC BALL.

The Brethren of the Civil Service Lodge, No. 148, G.R.C., in conjunction with Bretaren of other City Lodges, propose celebrating the Festival of St. John the Evangelist, by a

MASONIC BALL.

Brethren desirous of becoming subscribers will oblige by leaving their names with any Member of the Committee before the 15th inst.

COMMITTEE.

W. Bros. Cochrane, Eastwood and Remon, Bros H Bernard, Brown Chamberlin, A J Cambie, F D Burrowes, E B Crombie, and

JOHN WALSH,
Secretary.

Ottawa, Dec 12, 1870 1538s

"LILLIE LONSDALE"

—FROM—

ENGLAND.

THE GREAT CHARACTER ACTRESS

—AND—

SINGER,

AT THE

MUSIC HALL

OTTAWA,

WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY, DECEMBER 21st & 22nd.

TRAGEDY! COMEDY! OPERAL SONGS! DANCES! COSTUMES!

Tickets to be had at Messrs. J. L. ORME'S.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

Ottawa, Dec 16, 1870 1536

Wants.

BOARD WANTED,

For a Single Gentleman. Address C., Times Office, stating terms.

Ottawa, December 20, 1870. 1544tf

WANTED.

A "Second Hand" SAFE, medium size. Apply at the Office of

R W CRUICE

Ottawa, December 19, 1870 1543 3

WANTED,

For the ROMAN CATHOLIC Separate Schools of this City, two Male English Teachers holding 1st Class Certificates.

Application to be made to the undersigned, on or before the 15th inst

WM. FINLEY,
Chairman Board of R. C. S. S. Trustees.

Ottawa, Dec 6, 1870 1532tf

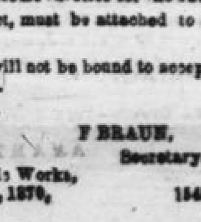
WANTED,

AN ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER,

Apply to Post Office, Box 244. 1540tf

2 BOYS WANTED.

Two smart boys wanted to carry papers Must be able to read and write. Apply at this office.



NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tenders for Piers, Ottawa River Works," will be received at this office until Thursday the 29th instant at noon for the construction of two Boom Piers at High Falls, and one Pier at Romain's rafting ground, on the Coulonge River.

Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of the Superintendent of the Ottawa River Works, where printed forms of tender and other information can also be obtained.

The signatures of two solvent and responsible persons, willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract, must be attached to each tender.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,

F BRAUN,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 20th Dec., 1870. 1548 1t

TO JOHN R. O'CONNOR, ESQ.

Sir,—

We, the undersigned, Electors and Rate-payers of Victoria Ward, respectfully request that you will allow yourself to be put in nomination as one of the Aldermen for said Ward, during the ensuing year, and we hereby pledge ourselves to use our influence in favour of your return.

Hamnet Hill	Thos McKay
A Baldwin	Wm G Perley
John Ashfield	Wm Morrison
Leon David	Sexton Washburn
Bronson & Weston	John Atkinson
Francis Abbott	Horace Merrill
John McDonald	Levi Young
R R Booth	Moses Aubrey
A W Soper	A Fotheringham
Robert Young	Gordon B Pattee
Samuel McGibney	Wm Hay
Maurice Malone	Henry White
E P Williams	John Kenna
Wm Ellis	E B Gallup
John Ahearn	John Cappy
John Rowatt	L E Goulin
Wm Martin	John Albert
John Abbott	Aaron Carruthers
John Soulier	J B Robaire
Samuel Mix	Archer Bayley
Nazaire Bertrand	W H Morgan
William Atkinson	Peter Atkinson
J Cheeney	Thos McCloy
Peter Robertson	Wm Mason
Geo Mason	Simpson Fleming
Thos Traveller	Bernard Mullin
John Martin	Louis Turpin
Joseph Dewart	Wm Gorman
Dan Smith	John Olliver
Wm Watson	D McQuade
John Joyce	L P Dorion
Baskerville Bros.	Wm Cain
Michael Naven	Wm Ahearn
D Willet	J Hanrahan
Moses Proulx	Amable Periere
Maurice Ahearn	John Cardiff
Alex Philion	Nelson Dault
John McGillivray	J McKillican
A S Whittier	Henry Laroque
Patrick Kennedy	John M Haskin
Patrick Hurley	John Purtell
Wm Lecleare	W F Huntley
James Bambrick	James Kennedy
John Pushman	James Gordon
Matthew Patterson	Alex Coulter
John Cowan	Wm Kennedy
Nelson Perkins	Wm Mitford
H Kinville	Wilfred Kipp
James W Smith	A D Fraser
Arthur Bisaillon	John Shields
Thomas Lawrence	John Cross
John Quain	F X Valiquette
Simon Kinney	Francis Duhamel
M Carlin	Henry Brading
John Boyd	George Dalglish
Leander Booth	Joseph Levine
James Merner	Adolph Gilbault
Michael O'Neal	James Wood
James Marks	Denis Noonan
Israel Waterhouse	Patrick Darcy
John Bennett	John Law
Joseph Johnston	Albert Dorion
Amable Goulin	John Joenice
Robinson Lyon	E C Barber
R W Baxter	James Dyke
John Doucet	Alpheus Pease
Thos Traveller	Simon McMahon
Isaac Villeneuve	G W Crane
Geo Oliver	T W Blasdell
G D Booth	Jas Philion
Hugh Ross	John Brodeur
Pierce Grace	Alfred Aubrey
Martin White	John Gleeson
Isidore Joennice	George Newell
Wm Richards	Joseph Sleeman
Peter A Egleson	Thomas Russell
Thomas Sleeman	John Bigros
R E O'Connor	J P McPherson
Andrew Cayar	James Wadsworth
B Bigros	Chas Eplin

To the Electors and Rate-payers of Victoria Ward:

Gentlemen,—

It would be impossible for me, or almost any man of a public spirit, to decline acceding to so handsome a requisition as you have presented me on this occasion—embodying, as it does, the names of so many of our best and most reliable citizens.

I accept, with much pleasure, gentlemen, your requisition to place me in nomination as one of your candidates for Alderman for Victoria Ward, at the ensuing election; and if elected, will endeavor at all times to exert my best efforts in promoting the interests of the city generally, as well as those of our own important Ward.

I am, gentlemen,
Your obedt. servt.
J. R. O'CONNOR.

"THE GEM."

The latest and richest

"*PERFUME*"

In the Dominion

Equal to Lubin's, and much less in price.

Patronised by the

ELITE OF MONTREAL.

Sold by every chemist in the city, and manufactured wholesale by

MUNRO & JACKSON,

1540b Druggists and Perfumers, Montreal.

FOR CHRISTMAS PRESENTS

—AND—

NEW YEAR'S GIFTS.

A great Variety of TOYS, ALBUMS, LADIES COMPANIONS, WRITING DESKS, JEWELLERY, JUVENILE BOOKS, and other Fancy Goods, at

HAUSER'S NEW STORE,
Rideau Street,

Ottawa, Dec 14, 1870 1539y

TWO OR THREE GENTLEMEN

be accommodated with

ROOMS, WITH OR WITHOUT BOARD.

Apply at

MR. HOWSELL'S,
Opposite the Union Hotel,
Centre Town.

Ottawa, July 5, 1870. 1400 tf

LIFE ASSOCIATION OF SCOTLAND.

Invested Funds Upwards of $1,300,000 Sterling.

HEAD OFFICE FOR CANADA,

MONTREAL.

This institution differs from other Life Offices in that the Bonus from Profits are applied on a special system for the Policy Holders.

Personal Benefit and Enjoyment during his own Lifetime, with the option of large Bonus additions to the sum assured. The Policy Holder thus obtains

A LARGE REDUCTION OF PRESENT OUTLAY

OR A PROVISION FOR OLD AGE,

of a most important amount in the one Cash payment, or a life annuity, without any expense or outlay whatever beyond the ordinary assurance premium for the original sum assured, which remains intact for the Policy Holder's heirs, or other purposes.

P WARDLAW, Secretary.

Agents—Messrs J T & W PENNOCK, Ottawa,
December 15, 1870. 1541 6m

GEO. HAYES,

Copper Plate Printer,

Bank Street, near Sparks,
OTTAWA.

Visiting Cards on the shortest notice.

Ottawa, December 20, 1870. 1544 1y

THE METROPOLITAN

Building and Savings Society.

MONEY TO LOAN.

The above society having commenced operations on the 1st October last, have opened an office in Bang's Block, Elgin Street, Ottawa, and are now prepared to loan money on city or other property, at the lowest rates, repayable by monthly instalments, or otherwise to suit borrowers.

Apply to

JAMES COX,
Secretary-Treasurer.

Ottawa, 18th December, 1870. 1546 1m

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

1870. FALL ARRANGEMENT. 1870.

CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE P.M.	MAILS	DELIVERED A.M.	DELIVERED A.M	DELIVERED P.M.
11.15	......	9.30	Eastern, by Train; Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	9.00	......	4.00
6.00	......	......	Montreal, by Steamer	......	......	......
11.15	......		Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B., by St. L. & O. Railway	9.00	......	4.00
8.30	......	8.30	Western, by Train; Toronto, Hamilton, London, Kingston, Western, U.S., and all places west of Prescott	9.00	......	7.15
8.30	......	8.30	Fort Garry and other places in the Province of Manitoba to be despatched in closed mail from Windsor, Ontario, daily, via St. Pauls, Minnesota. Ordinary Dominion rates of postage	9.00	......	7.15
1.15	......	8.30	United States, by St. L. & O. Railway; Ogdensburgh, New York, Boston, &c.	9.00	......	4.00
6.00	......	......	Lower Ottawa, by Steamer; Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville, &c.	......	......	6.30
5.00	......	......	Upper Ottawa, by Steamer; Onslow, Arnprior, Sand Point, Renfrew, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c.	......	......	6.00
......	......	12.15	Upper Ottawa, by Stage; Pakenham, March, Huntley, Carp, &c.	8.0	......	......
5.00	11.00	4.00	Aylmer, by Stage; Hull, Clarendon, Bristol, &c.	8.0	11.00	......
7.30	11.15	......	Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Burritt's Rapids by St. L. & O. Railway	9.	......	4.00
11.15	......	......	North Gower, Kars, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	......	......	......
8.30	......	......	Osgoode, Russell, and Line of St. L. & O. Railway	9.00	......	......
8.30	......	4.30	For Brockville, Perth, Smith's Falls, Appleton and Carleton Place, per Canada Central Railway	8.00	......	1.30
8.30	......		For Sand Point and places on the Brockville and Ottawa Railway, North of Carleton Place Junction, and places on C. C. Railway	......	......	1.30
6.00	......		Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate offices daily; Aylwin, Kazabazua, Low, River Desert, Six Portages, Wright, close Tuesdays and Fridays; arrive Mondays and Fridays	......	......	5.00
......	......	12.30	Templeton Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays	......	......	1.30

Matter posted up to 9.30 p.m. will be forwarded East and West in supplementary package the same night.

The Western Mail arriving at 7 p. m. will be delivered the same evening.

BRITISH MAILS.

Per Cunard Line, close every Tuesday at 10.45 a. m.

Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 10.30 a. m.

A supplementary bag for Canadian steamer will be closed at 11.30, in which all paid unregistered matter will be sent.

MONEY ORDERS

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

☞ Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on special deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required.

G. P. BAKER,
Postmaster.

POST OFFICE,
Ottawa, 21st Nov., 1870.

The Army of England

From the London Telegraph.

"We have at present in the United Kingdom, and available for foreign service, a force excluding officers, of not less than 59,000 infantry and 11,500 cavalry. We have 3,300 engineers, besides 2,500 Army Service Corps, not to mention an efficient Army Hospital Corps. By a curious coincidence the number of infantry in India and the colonies exactly tallies with the number, 59,000, at present quartered in those islands. Now about the artillery. We have 14,000 artillerymen, with 180 field-guns—breechloaders of the old Armstrong pattern—certainly superior to any gun in use upon the Continent of Europe. Besides these 180 guns we have a not inconsiderable reserve of the same pattern which are being rapidly fitted for field service, and which, of course, would be largely increased, not only in the number of guns, but by doubling the cadres of batteries. The 50 muzzle-loaders previously mentioned must be added; 60 more are being turned out as rapidly as the work can be done. Five hundred drivers are at once to be added to the strength of our artillery force. In regard to trained horses, those attached to the waggons would be given over to the guns. The calculation is, that, within a week 5,000 horses could be purchased—horses in all respects suitable for the waggons and for service in the field. If, then, it is true that field artillery is destined to play so great a part in modern warfare, we have no reason to be dissatisfied with such results. Here we have two corps d'armee available for foreign service, each 35,000 strong, and each furnished, in round numbers, with 100 field guns, ready or all but ready for work, with a balance of field guns over for home defence, which balance can be indefinitely increased with extreme rapidity. We have, however, the subject of home defence to consider next. The possibility of sending these 70,000 men abroad depends upon the impossibility of an invasion. That impossibility we assume as a fact for the moment, and in the present condition of the world. We should have, then, for home defence the whole of the militia, over 80,000 strong, including some 22,000 of the First-class Army Reserve, besides about the same number of the Second-class Army Reserve. We have, also, 3,000 trained soldiers in the line, who, on completing their ten years' service bound themselves to return to their colors whenever called upon, during a further space of five years. Then we have the whole of the Volunteer force, certainly available for garrison duty. The officers of the Volunteers appear now to be keenly alive to the necessity of making themselves and their regiments thoroughly efficient. Why should not a number of highly-trained Indian officers, now doing merely nominal duty in India, be recalled and utilised in strengthening the weak point of the Volunteer force? In addition to what we have already stated, we may add that the forts near the mouth of the Thames have already been partly, and will soon be completely, armed with the heaviest ordinance. Thus, then, stands the balance sheet of the British Army. We hold India and the colonies with a sufficient force. We might safely count on 70,000 men for foreign service, of which force, one half would be found ready to embark as soon as transports had been provided. With the balance of the Line, the Militia, and the Volunteers, we trust to give a good account of these islands, while a military system adapted to the exigencies of modern warfare is under development. We have been speaking only of the army; but Britain's right hand is the navy.

THE ŒCUMENICAL COUNCIL, lately called at Rome is an instance of the solicitude of the Catholic Church for the welfare and prosperity of her Communicants. Large assemblies of this nature containing representatives from all parts of the world, should be of some benefit to our race. We hope this opinion will be as harmonious and unanimous as the verdict in favor of the Great Shoshonees Remedy, for diseases of the lungs, blood, stomach, liver, &c. For by all druggists.

WAR NOTES.

A WHOLESALE MURDER.

A letter by mail from Paris tells the story of one Hoff, who, being armed with an air-gun, has crept along walls and hedges near the Prussian advance posts, and nearly a month ago, has killed his forty-third sentinel. This fellow, who ought to be strung up as a barbarian, has actually been decorated by General Trochu, and is the lion at Paris at the present time. What a degradation to every possessor of the honorable badge it is to have the best Hoff decorated with the Legion of Honor! In the Crimean war the practice of shooting at sentinels was stopped after a short time, both parties agreeing that it was useless as well as barbarious.

FRENCH HATRED OF THE PRUSSIANS.

Prince Frederick Charles's army, on its march from Metz to the southwest, encountered at several points hostile demonstrations on the part of the population. At Troyes some of the inhabitants wanted to defend the city, but the more intelligent and well-disposed people, headed by the Mayor, gained the upper hand, and the obstructions to the entry of the Germans were removed or filled up. In the nieghbouring village some soldiers were fired on from the houses, an artillery officer being killed and a subaltern wounded. Four hostages were taken from the village to be confined in a Prussian fortress. In the towns and villages between Troyes and Sens the soldiers found the people exasperated against them by the press and the priests, and only restrained from violence by the fear of retribution. Between Villeneuve, l'Archeveque and Sens the roads were obstructed by excavations and stones and mile stones being also removed.

THE BOMBARDMENT OF PARIS.

The long-range guns on the heights about Paris will be able to send shot into the heart of the capital. The Church of Notre Dame will serve as a target, and about its neighborhood are clustered the palaces of the Louvre and the Tuilleries, the Mint, the Palace of Justice, and some of the finest bridges in the city. Being near the centre, on the Isle de Cite, the misiles that can reach it can be even more readily hurled into the magnificent edifices that stand nearer the outskirts. The Luxembourg Palace, the magnificent churches of St. Sulpice, St. Clothilde and the Madeleine, the Hotel des Invalides, the Legislative Hall, the Arch of Triumph, can all receive their share of the bon-bons which the festive German proposes to shower upon the gorgeous city all through the holidays.

THE PRINCE IMPERIAL'S PLAYGROUND.

A German soldier, whose letter to his friends is published in a Berlin paper, thus describes the present condition of the Prince Imperial's playground:—"My present residence is as romantic as anyone could desire. I am sitting in a French tent, erected in the Prince Imperial's playground, behind the burnt Palace of St. Cloud. Imperial mattresses serve for a bed, and a silk sofa and chair cushions for pillows. For blankets we use various things—Turkey carpets and other articles from the palace. We also make use of the splendid tea and coffee services, of Sevres porcelain or Alferide, the Imperial plate, glasses and bottles, on all of which, and innumerable other objects, the inevitable "N." with the crown above it, is inscribed. The Prince's playground is a large grass plot, with a miniature railway in the middle, with tunnel, bridges, and a station where soldiers arrived and whence they were despatched. Of course, these artificial contrivances are now ruined, only the foundation of the station and a few fragments of the carriages remaining. There are likewise some remains of a gymnastic apparatus, which the soldiers burned up in making their soup or coffee.

☞ Twenty years experience in using Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers have proved them to be the most effectual remedy for coughs, and irritation of the throat, caused by cold, or unusual exertion of the vocal organs; public speakers and singers will find them most beneficial. The entire freedom from all deleterious ingredients renders Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers, or Cough and Voice Lozenges, a safe remedy for the most delicate person, and has caused them to be held in high esteem by all who have used them. Sold by all medicine dealers at 25cts. per box.

Railroads.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY OF CANADA.

Special attention is directed to this Company's announcement, in regard to the

RUNNING OF TRAINS FOR THE ENSUING SEASON.

In addition to the Fast Time which it is intended to make between the

EAST AND WEST,

With close connections at all points. The line will be equipped with handsome

NEW FIRST-CLASS CARS,

Unsurpassed on the continent.

TRAINS WILL RUN BETWEEN

Portland and Montreal in 13 Hours.
Montreal and Toronto in 13 Hours.

Stopping only at the most important Stations.

As fast as completed,

PULMAN'S

PALACE SLEEPING CARS

Will be run on the Through Trains and the service will be performed over the entire line in a manner equal to that of any railway on this continent. Special arrangements have been made to accommodate the pleasure travel.

For further particulars see advertisements and time tables.

C J BRYDGES,
Managing Director.

June 3 1870. 1447u

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.

1870.] SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS. [1870

Trains now leave BONAVENTURE STATION as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburg, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at	9 a.m.
Night do do do do do	9 p.m.
Accommodation Train for Cornwall and Intermediate Stations at	00 p.m.
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at	7:30 am
Trains for Lachine at 6:00 a.m., 7:00 a.m., 9 15 a.m., 12 noon, 1:30 p.m., 4:00 pm and 5:30 p.m.	

The 1:30 p.m. train runs through to Province Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations at	7:10 am
Express for Boston at	8:40 am
Express for New York and Boston via Vermont Central at	3:45 pm
Express for New York and Boston via Plattsburgh, Lake Champlain, Burlington & Rutland at	6.00 am
Express for Island Pond, at	2:00 pm
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St. Hyacinthe, Acton, Richmond, Sherbrooke, Waterville and Coaticook only, at	10: 0 pm

☞ Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotta" leave Portland every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, for Halifax, N.S., respectively at 4 p m. They have excellent accommodation for passengers and freight.

The International Company's Steamers, running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway leave Portland every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 6 p m, for St. John, N.B., &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations, apply at the Ticket Offices, Bonaventure station, and 39 Great St James Street.

C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.
Montreal, May, 1870.

OTTAWA OFFICE—York street, corner of Sussex street

A & A R TAYLOR, Agents

THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

The public is respectfully informed that this Company's Trains wait at Prescott Junction the arrival of the Grand Trunk Trains from the West, and

Passengers may rely on Connecting FOR OTTAWA

By this the

SHORTEST RAILWAY ROUTE TO THE CAPITAL.

Twenty minutes are also allowed at Prescott Junction for Meals.

THOS REYNOLDS,
Managing Director.

R LUTTRELL,
Superintendent.

Ottawa, 12th December, 1870. 1540tnm

THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

ALTERATION OF TIME.

On and from MONDAY next, the 21st inst., three trains will run daily on this Railway as follows.

Going South Ottawa to Prescott.

MAIL will leave Ottawa at 9 30 a. m, connecting at Prescott, with the Grand Trunk Express, for the West, and with the Ogdensburg Railway, for Boston, New York, &c.

MAIL will leave Ottawa at 12 00 noon, connecting with the Grand Trunk Express, for Montreal.

EXPRESS will leave Ottawa at 10 30 p m, connecting with the Grand Trunk Expresses, East and West.

Going North Prescott to Ottawa.

MAIL will leave Prescott Junction at 6 a. m, connecting with the G. T. Expresses East and West, and arriving in Ottawa at 8.30 a m.

MAIL will leave Prescott Junction at 1.35 p m, connecting with the G. T. Express leaving Montreal at 8 a m, and arriving in Ottawa at 3 4? p m.

EXPRESS will leave Prescott Junction at 4 30 p m, connecting with G. T. Expresses, East and West, and arriving in Ottawa at 7 p m.

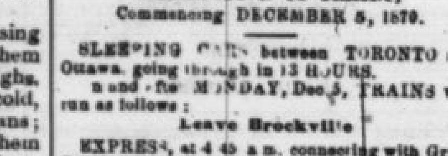
20 minutes allowed at Prescott Junction refreshments.

Tickets may be obtained on application to any of the Company's Agents, or at any of the Principal Stations of the Grand Trunk Railway.

All trains on this Line are run on Montreal time.

R LUTTRELL, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

Ottawa, November 19, 1870.



CANADA CENTRAL AND BROCKVILLE AND OTTAWA RAILWAYS.

ALTERATION OF TRAINS,
Commencing DECEMBER 5, 1870.

SLEEPING CARS between TORONTO and Ottawa, going through in 13 HOURS.

On and after MONDAY, Dec. 5, TRAINS will run as follows:

Leave Brockville

EXPRESS, at 4 40 a m, connecting with Grand Trunk express from the West, and arriving at Ottawa, at 8 20 a m.

MAIL TRAIN, at 7 30 a m, arriving at Ottawa at 1.50 p m.

EXPRESS, at 3 30 p m, connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express from the West, and arriving at Ottawa at 7.40 p m.

Leave Ottawa.

EXPRESS, at 9 40 a m, arriving at Brockville at 1 40 p m, and connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express going West.

MAIL TRAIN, at 3 45 p m, arriving at Brockville 9 15 p m.

EXPRESS, at 10 30 p m, arriving at Brockville at 2 15 a m, and connecting with Grand Trunk Night Express going West.

Arrive at Sand Point 1 35 and 7. 0 p m.

Trains on Canada Central and Perth Branch make certain connections with all trains on B. & O. Railway.

A Sleeping Car will leave Toronto on Monday, Wednesday and Friday nights, by the Grand Trunk 7 30 p m train, and go through to Ottawa, arriving at 8.30 a m.

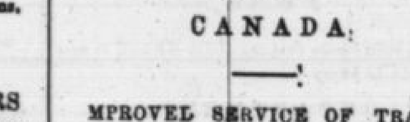
Returning, it will leave Ottawa on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday nights, at 9 40 p m, and go through to Toronto by G. T. Train, arriving at Toronto at 11.30 a m.

Freight forwarded with despatch, as the C. C. and B. & O. Railways are the same guage as the Grand Trunk. Car loads go through to Grand Trunk Cars to all points, without transhipment.

☞ Certain connections made with Grand Trunk Trains.

H ABBOTT,
Manager.

Brockville, Ont., Dec 1, 1870 1530?



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY OF CANADA.

IMPROVED SERVICE OF TRAINS FOR THE SUMMER OF 1870.

ACCELERATION OF SPEED.

NEW CARS ON ALL EXPRESS TRAINS.

Portland to Montreal in 13 Hours.
Montreal to Toronto in 13 Hours.

On and after JUNE 13th the new arrangements will be put in force, and trains will leave Montreal as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points west at	9 00 a m
NIGHT, do do	9 00 p m
Mail Train for Toronto and intermediate Stations	7 00 a m
Accommodation Train for Brockville and intermediate stations	5 00 p m
Trains for Lachine at 6 00 a m, 7 00 a m, 9 15 am, 12 noon, 1 30 p m, 4 00 p m, 5 30 p m, and 6 30 p m. The 1 30 p m Train runs through to Province Line.	

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and intermediate stations at	7 10 a m
Express for Boston, via Vermont Central, at	9 00 a m
Express for New York and Boston, via Vermont Central, at	3 4 p m
Express for New York and Boston, via Plattsburg, Lake Champlain, Burlington and Rutland, at	6 00 a m
Do do do	4 00 p m
Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham, Portland and Lower Provinces at	1 1
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, and the Lower Provinces, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St Hilaire, St Hyacinthe, Upton, Acton, Richmond, Bromptonn Falls, Sherbrooke, Lennoxville, Compton, Coaticooke and Norton Mills only at	10 10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all night trains. Baggage checked through.

The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotta" leave Portland for Halifax, N S, every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, respectively, at 4 00 p m. They have excellent accommodations for passengers and Freight.

The International Company's Steamers running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every Monday and Thursday at 6 00 p m for St John, N B, &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way station, apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station, or at No 39, Great St James Street.

C J BRYDGES,
Managing Director.

June 3, 1870 1436?

Insurance.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY of Canada, Head Office, Toronto.

President—The Hon John Hillyard Cameron, M P.

Vice President—Lewis Moffatt, Esq.

Other Directors—C J Campbell, Esq, Hon Malcolm Cameron, W T Macdonnell, Esq, A R McMaster, Esq, H S Howland, Esq, Geo Duggan, Esq, A T Fulton, Esq, Angus Morrison, Esq, M P J S Crocker, Esq.

Banker—The Canadian Bank of Commerce.

Agents for Ottawa—Messrs J T & W PENNOCK.

The rates of the PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY are as low as its long experience has shewn to be profitable.

The cost of the value of insurance is, however, not when the premiums are being paid, but when losses are being settled, and, from the equity and promptness of its settlements the Provincial Insurance Company is second to none.

Its Inspectors are always sent to adjust every important loss directly it occurs.

It has no adjusted losses due and unpaid.

It respectfully solicits a share of the patronage of the insuring public of Ottawa.

ARTHUR HARVEY,
Manager.

1298tf

UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No. 104.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33 The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B

For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.

have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN,
Manager.

Ottawa, November 7 1868. 894tf

Government Notices.

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,

OTTAWA, 3rd Nov., 1870

TO COLLECTORS OF CUSTOMS.

"SLATE,"—SCHEDULE C.—FREE GOODS.

With reference to item of the Tariff it is held by this Department, that SLATE simply in a quadrangular form, whatever may be its size or thickness is entitled to exemption. If otherwise, especially shapen or if it be polished, or artificially bored, it becomes subject to 15 per cent and 5 per cent duty, as a non-enumerated article

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs

Ottawa, Nov 14, 1870

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to Parliament for Private Bills, either for granting exclusive privileges, or conferring corporate powers for commercial or other purposes of profit, or for doing anything tending to affect the rights or property of other parties, are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the House of Commons (which are published in full in the "Canada Gazette"), to give TWO MONTHS' NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object), in the "Canada Gazette" and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected, sending copies of the first and last of such notices to the Private Bill Office.

All Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the first three weeks of the Session.

ALFRED TODD.
Chf. Clk. Committees and Private Bills,
House of Commons.

Ottawa, 8th Dec., 1870 1536tf

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 5 st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly, which are published in the "Ontario Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the Session.

CHARLES T GILLMOR,
Clerk of the House.

Toronto March 15, 1870 1309 to 1awt

GOVERNMENT HOUSE

OTTAWA,

5th day of December, 1870.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Inland Revenue, and under and in virtue of the authority given by the 17th section of the Act 31st Vict., Chapter 8, intituled, "An Act respecting the Inland Revenue." His Excellency in Council has been pleased to Order, and it is hereby Ordered that the following regulations for the manufacture of Methylated Spirits in bond shall be and they are hereby made and established:

REGULATIONS.

1st, The room in which the wood Naphtha is mixed with Spirits shall only be accessible to the proprietor during the actual presence of an officer of Inland Revenue.

2nd. A sample of the wood Naphtha (say about four ounces) shall be sent to the Department from every cask or package used.

3rd. Not less than 100 proof gallons of Alcohol shall be mixed at one time, which shall be mixed in an open mixing tub, in the presence of an officer who shall then test and gauge it as to strength and quantity.

4th. With every 100 proof gallons of Alcohol, there shall be mixed at least twelve-and-a-half gallons of "Wood Naphtha of Commerce," the whole being mixed together.

5th. After the mixing has been thoroughly completed, the strength of the mixture shall be tested, and the quantity gauged by the officer in attendance and duly recorded. The mixture shall then be placed in casks, the casks being branded or marked on the head in legible characters, with the words—

Methylated Spirits,
Date on which it was mixed,
Number of Wine gallons in the Cask.
Strength,
Number of Proof Gallons
Name of the Division.
Initials of the officer under whose inspection the mixture took place.
Number of the entry under which it is warehoused.

6th. A Stock Book must be kept in the Factory, in which Book must be entered:—

(a) The particulars of every package of Alcohol, brought in, stating where manufactured, the strength and quantity; the marks, &c., on the casks and the general number of the Permit, under which it was conveyed to the Manufactory.

(b) The particulars of every quantity mixed &c. of the original packages from which it was taken; the quantity and strength of the "Methylated Spirits" produced from it, and the particulars as to marks, numbers, &c., of the Cask in which it is placed.

7th. Every entry in the Stock Book is to be checked by the officer in charge, who must keep an account of each transaction, which account or a duplicate thereof is to be taken to the Inland Revenue office, immediately after each transaction.

8th. So soon as the mixing and Barrelling has been completed, the "Methylated Spirits" shall be removed from the Bonded Manufactory and duly entered for warehousing as required by the regulations in that behalf.

W. H. LEE,
Clerk, Privy Council,
Canada

Bitters and Sauces.

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission from the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion,

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,
Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F GIANELLI.

LEA & PERRINS'

CELEBRATED

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

Declared by Connoisseurs

TO BE

THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.

CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivaled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,

and to see that their names are upon the wrapper labels, stopper and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed

☞ Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c, &c, and by Grocers and Oilmen universally 52y1236 law

For sale by DRUGGISTS AND GROCERS Ottawa.

TRADE-MARK GARDNER MONTREAL

GARDNER'S

QUININE

☞ WINE BITTERS.

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons recovering from illness. For sale in quart bottle; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children—it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardener's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 5 oz packets 7 cents; 8 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best ask for GARDENER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.

Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

J GARDENER, Chemist,
457 Notre Dame street, Montreal,
Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

Commission Merchants.

J. BERMINGHAM,

GENERAL AUCTIONEER.

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his Spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit continuance of the support and patronage liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate that in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him.

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p. m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 25. Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hands for sale.

J BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, March 1870.

DOMINICK FOX.

GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,

Clarence Street, next to the City Hotel Ottawa.

Solicits the patronage of the Lumber Merchants generally on the Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging men and attending to their rafts while passing here to the best of his ability.

REFERENCES.

Alex Fraser, Esq. Walter Smith, Esq.
? eapore, Esq. R W Cruice, Esq.

1324t.

S. H. EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS, FORWARDERS

DEALERS IN

Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c

OTTAWA.

End of Little Sussex-st.

Cash advanced on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases

S. H. EASTON R. M. EASTON

FOR SALE.

MESS AND PRIME MESS PORK.

FLOUR NO. 1 & EXTRA

WHITE BEANS,

At Ottawa, Sand Point and Pembroke.

S. CHRISTIE,
No 5 Sparks street.

Ottawa, May 18, 1870.

Medical.

GABRIEL'S TRADE MARK MANUFACTURED ONLY BY MESSRS GABRIEL Dentists. LUDGATE HILL, LONDON. PREPARATIONS

FOR THE TEETH.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS

FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers.

MESSRS. GABRIEL,

The old-established Dentists,
64 Ludgate Hill, London

And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth. Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations

GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth. Price 5s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE, for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel Price 1s, 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; is is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic Neuralgia, and Toothache.

See Gabriel's Name—None Genuine without it. Price 3s.

PARTIES AT A DISTANCE REQUIRING ARTIFICIAL TEETH may have them supplied, in partial or complete sets, on Messrs Gabriel's new system, by sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of One Guinea, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded, with all necessary instructions. Messrs Gabriel will undertake to Remodel or Repair Artificial Teeth made by other Dentists [which do not prove satisfactory], at moderate charges.

Messrs. Gabriel's Pamphlet on Artificial Teeth and Painless Dentistry on receipt of postage.

All letters to be addressed to 64 LUDGATE HILL, LONDON 323 ? ?

MADRID 1867 PRIMERA CLASE. PARIS 1867 LONDON 1862 MENTION HONORABLE GENERAL EXCELLENCE

ALKABASAR

ARRIVED AT LAST!

This elegant Turkish TONIC is one of the most salutary and delicate preparations ever submitted for public approval in this hemisphere, and asserts its pretentions to patronage on the following grounds:—

That it is a preparation of one of the most eminent Purveyors to the Ottoman Court.

It prevents acidity of the Stomach.

It relieves lowness of spirits.

It is a mild and invigorating tonic, and a most efficient but innocuous stimulant.

It renders the breath sweet and agreeable.

It stimulates the appetite if taken BEFORE meals.

It promotes digestion if taken AFTER meals.

It neutralizes the propensity for strong liquors.

It renders the intellect bright and clear.

If taken habitually it imparts vitality and energy to all the bodily organs.

By its use a man of 70 will become, as it were, restored to the elasticity of 30; and to persons of delicate constitutions it is strongly recommended.

It is an especial favourite with Oriental ladies.

Secure, then, health, longevity and vital energy by the habitual use of the

ALKABASAR TURKISH TONIC.

Kept in stock by the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.

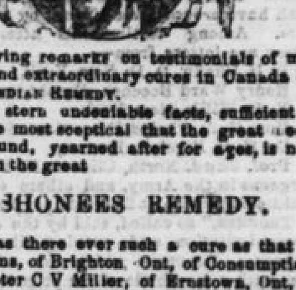
For directions for use see labels on bottles.

HENRY CHAPMAN & CO.,
EVANS, MERCER & CO.,
Montreal,
Sole Agents for the Dominion

Montreal, July 6. 1415-y

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!



The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

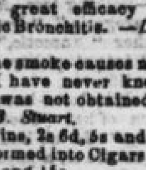
They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hoeey, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1. 13y



FOR ASTHMA.

and Chronic Bronchitis

DATURA TATULA,

Affords Immediate Relief.

"A remedy of great power and usefulness."—*Dr W. Parker.*

"Of great efficacy in cases of Asthma and Chronic Bronchitis."—*Dublin Journal Medical Science.*

"The smoke causes no nausea. When the right kind, I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."—*General Alexander Hon. R. Stuart.*

In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, Boxes, 2s, 8s and 15s.

Pastilles for Inhalation, Boxes, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London

AGENTS—Messrs F. Cundill & Co., Montreal

FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION of COD LIVER OIL, the fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive activity, superior to Pepsine.

Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 12s6d. Pancreatine Wine, bottles, 3s, 5s and 10s.

N.B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil.

AGENTS—Messrs F. ?

NOTICE

Is hereby given, that an application will be made to the Legislature of the Province of Ontario at its next Session, for an Act to authorise the construction of Water Works in and for the City of Ottawa.

WM P LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa,
October 12th, 1870 1492 lawk-2m

Medical.

ELECTRICITY IS LIFE

PULVERMACHER'S PATENT

GALVANIC CHAIN-BANDS

BELTS, AND POCKET BATTERIES

These highly improved inventions render Electricity perfectly self-applicable, and extremely efficacious in a mild continuous form, no shock or unpleasant sensation being experienced, whereby it becomes a true fountain of health and vigour, speedily soothing agonizing pains, re-animating torpid limbs, reviving the sluggish functions of life, and imparting renewed energy and vitality to constitutions enfeebled by whatever cause. Medicines and their deleterious consequences are thus entirely dispensed with. The daily increasing number of cures effected by PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC SYSTEM is so extensive and varied, that it forcibly points to this invention as the embryo of a universal remedy.

N. B.—The following testimony from the elite of the English medical faculty has been received:

"We, the undersigned, have much pleasure in testifying that Mr. J. L. PULVERMACHER'S recent improvements in his Voltaic Batteries and Galvanic Appliances for Medical Purposes are of great importance to Scientific Medicine, and that he is entitled to the consideration and support of every one disposed to further the advancement of real and useful progress.

"Dated the 9th day of March, 1866.

"SIR CHARLES LOCOCK, Bart., M. D., F. R. C. P.

"SIR HENRY HOLLAND, Bart., M. D., F. R. S.

"SIR WM. FERGUSSON, Bart., F. R. S.

"EDWD. H. SIEVEKING, M. D., M. R. C. S.

"SIR J. RANALD MARTIN, F. R. C. S."

PULVERMACHER'S SYSTEM is also approved of by an official report of the Academie de Medicine, Paris, Royal College of Physicians, London, and the Imperial Faculty of Vienna, and its curative virtues are confirmed by thousands of private testimonials of cures effected. (See pamphlet gratis).

These facts appeal to the good sense of every sufferer to avail himself of this scientific and curative progress, to which the inventor has devoted a life-time of study and labour, as an ardent deciple of that great benefactor of mankind, the late illustrious electrician MICHAEL FARADY.

PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC CHAINS are exceedingly effective without the aid of medicine, restriction of diet, or the least derangement of the patient's habits and daily occupations, in the following maladies:

Rheumatism	Female Complaints
Gout	Constipation
Sciatica	Cramp
Lumbago	Sluggish Circulation
Neuralgia	Urinary Disorders
Head and Toothache	Paralysis
Liver Complaints	Epilepsy
Tic Doloreux	Nervous Debility
Indigestion	Functional Disorders
Deafness	&c., &c
Spasms	

The effects of the application of Pulvermacher's Chains in any of the above disorders is immediately perceptible—the relief of pain instantaneous.

PRICE LIST OF PULVERMACHER'S CHAIN BANDS AND BATTERIES.

B. CHAIN BANDS for Nervous Deafness, Head, Tooth, and Face Ache, and Noises in the Head, 21s. to 30s.

B. CHAIN BANDS for loss of Voice and other affections of the Throat, 10s. 6d. to 21s.

N. CHAIN BANDS for Sciatica, Rheumatic, Neuralgia, and Gouty Pains, Local Paralysis, Cramp, &c., 18s. to 22s. and 40s

B CHAIN BANDS for Lumbago, Indigestion, Liver, Chest, and Functional Disorders, &c. (worn as a belt), 22s to 40s and 55s.

B CHAIN BANDS for Writer's Cramp, Trembling, Nervousness, &c, 22s to 30s and 40s.

B COMBINED CHAIN BAND for Central Paralysis, Epilepsy, General Debility Functional Disorders, &c, 30s to 50s.

A complete Set of COMBINED CHAIN BANDS, BELTS, and CHAIN BATTERY for restoring vital energy, £5 to £7.

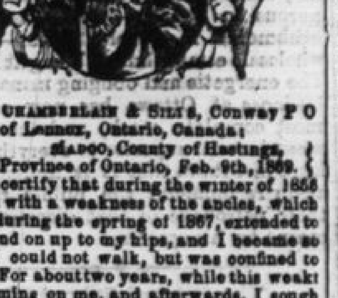
The public are most earnestly cautioned to beware of Pseudo Electric Belts advertised by sham Doctors, &c., for improper purposes, and so severely stigmatised by Vice Chancellor Malins in the suit Pulvermacher vs Hammond, alias Henry James, alias C. T, Raphey, M. R. C. S, alias Henry Burrows, &c, &c.

No Galvanic Belts are genuine but those bearing the fac simile of M. Pulvermacher's signature on the label.

A pamphlet containing full particulars may be had at the Drug Store of A. Christie, Sparks Street.

J. L. PULVERMACHER,
Galvanic Establishment,
200 Regent Street, London, W.

Ottawa, September 6, 1870 1455 1awk y



To Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SMITH, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:

MADOC, County of Hastings,
Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869.

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless. I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings, this ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle

A F WOOD, J P.

Warden county of Hastings Province of Ontario, Canada.

GREAT

CENTRAL AIR LINE ROUTE

VIA

GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.

[The Model Road of Canada.]

To Sarnia, Detroit, Milwaukee,

CHICAGO,

Cincinnati, St. Louis, New Orleans, and all Points in the West and South.

NORTHERN TRANSPORTATION CO'S 20 First-Class Upper Cabin Steamers.

DAILY LINE BETWEEN

OGDENSBURG & CHICAGO,

Making sure connections with Railway for all Points West and South.

Parties going west can secure Tickets at this office to any Point desired,

VIA

ALL RAIL OR ALL BOAT

Fares always cheaper than by any other Route.

Be sure and procure TICKETS at this office by the

GREAT CENTRAL ROUTE

AND SAVE MONEY, TIME AND DISTANCE

Comparative distance of the several Western Routes to Chicago:

American—Ogdensburg or Prescott to Chicago	850	miles
Grand Trunk to Detroit	736	do
Grand Trunk to Toronto, Great Western to Detroit	730	do
Leaving in favor of the Great Central Route	120	do

For TICKETS to any Points in the United States, and all information apply to

J T CORCORAN,
General Western Railway and Steamboat Ticket office, at H Palmer's store, next to Fingland & Draper's, Sussex st, two doors from Rideau-st.

Medical.

DARLEY'S

ARABIAN OIL

FOR HORSES AND CATTLE

A NEVER-FAILING REMEDY

This valuable preparation combines the medicinal virtues of those articles which experience has proved to possess the most safe and efficient properties for the cure of Wounds, Sprains, Bruises, Galls of all kinds, Cracked Heels, Ring Bone, Spavin, Fistula, Sweeney, External Poisons, Scratches or Grease, Strains, Lameness, Mange, Sand Cracks, Founder, Horn Distemper, Swellings, and many other diseases which horses and cattle are subject to.

The celebrated Liniment has been used many years, and its curative properties thoroughly tested, and it is conceded to be the cheapest and most reliable remedy for external complaints ever offered to the public—it never fails when timely used and faithfully applied.

To be had of all Druggists and Country Merchants throughout the Dominion. 25c. per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont.
Proprietors.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W M Massey, H F McCarthy, J Skinner, Ottawa, all Medicine Dealers.

November 24, 1870 1522?

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

As a family Remedy it is well and favorably known relieving thousands from pain in

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Has now been before the public for a length of time and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions have been properly followed, but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing the Diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it.

Price only Twenty five Cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN

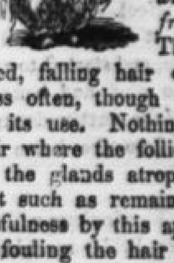
Sold in Ottawa by H F McCarthy, J Skinner, John Roberts, J P Featherston, G. Mortimer, W M Massey, and all Medicine Dealers.

November 30, 1870 1517y

Ayer's

Hair Vigor

For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.



A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. *Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color with the gloss and freshness of youth.* Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

HAIR DRESSING,

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,
PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS,
LOWELL, MASS.
PRICE $1.00.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

For Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption.

Probably never before in the whole history of medicine, has anything won so widely and so deeply upon the confidence of mankind, as this excellent remedy for pulmonary complaints. Through a long series of years, and among most of the races of men it has risen higher and higher in their estimation, as it has become better known. Its uniform character and power to cure the various affections of the lungs and throat, have made it known as a reliable protector against them. While adapted to milder forms of disease and to young children, it is at the same time the most effectual remedy that can be given for incipient consumption, and the dangerous affections of the throat and lungs. As a provision against sudden attacks of Croup, it should be kept on hand in every family, and indeed as all are sometimes subject to colds and coughs, all should be provided with this antidote for them.

Although settled *Consumption* is thought incurable, still great numbers of cases where the disease seemed settled, have been completely cured, and the patient restored to sound health by the *Cherry Pectoral.* So complete is its mastery over the disorders of the Lungs and Throat, that the most obstinate of them yield to it. When nothing else could reach them, under the *Cherry Pectoral* they subside and disappear.

Singers and Public Speakers find great protection from it.

Asthma is always relieved and often wholly cured by it.

Bronchitis is generally cured by taking the *Cherry Pectoral* in small and frequent doses.

So generally are its virtues known that we need not publish the certificates of them here, or do more than assure the public that its qualities are fully maintained.

Ayer's Ague Cure,

For Fever and Ague, Intermittent Fever, Chill Fever, Remittent Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical or Bilious Fever, &c., and indeed all the affections which arise from malarious, marsh, or miasmatic poisons.

As its name implies, it does *Cure*, and does not fail. Containing neither Arsenic, Quinine, Bismuth, Zinc, nor any other mineral or poisonous substance whatever, it in nowise injures any patient. The number and importance of its cures in the ague districts, are literally beyond account, and we believe without a parallel in the history of Ague medicine. Our pride is gratified by the acknowledgments we receive of the radical cures effected in obstinate cases, and where other remedies had wholly failed.

Unacclimated persons, either resident in, or travelling through miasmatic localities, will be protected by taking the *AGUE CURE* daily.

For *Liver Complaints*, arising from torpidity of the Liver, it is an excellent remedy, stimulating the Liver into healthy activity.

For Bilious Disorders and Liver Complaints, it is an excellent remedy, producing many truly remarkable cures, where other medicines had failed.

Prepared by DR. J. C. AYER & Co., Practical and Analytical Chemists, Lowell, Mass., and sold all round the world.

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

Ottawa, August 7, 1870.

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the office, Sparks Street, Centre Town, JAMES BAILIFF, Managing Director.

The Times

VOL. IV. NO. 1548. OTTAWA, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 24, 1870 PRICE—3 CENTS

Legal.

J. W. W. WARD, Barrister-at-Law, Advocate, &c., opposite the Russell House, Ottawa, Canada.

WRIGHT & CLEMOW, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. &c. for the Province of Ontario and Quebec. Office over Durie's Book Store, Sparks street, Ottawa.
W McKay Wright. 12w F C Clemow.

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 388y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street, Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.
Robert Lees. 43utf John J. Gemmill.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

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Office—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa.
Augustus Keefer. Rene Edward Kimber.

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William Mosgrove. 366tf George Taillon

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N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

GEORGE HUTCHISON, L. D. S.,
SURGEON DENTIST,
Sparks Street.
OPPOSITE "TIMES" OFFICE.

DR. HUTCHISON is fully prepared to supply new SETS of TEETH, or to insert single Teeth where wanting, on either gold, silver or vulcanite rubber palates, fitting so closely and easily to the mouth as to be capable of all the uses to which natural teeth are applied, without the slightest inconvenience to the wearers, and after wearing a short time in use, without even a consciousness of the presence of a substance originally foreign to the mouth.

N. B. with a view to the removal of painful consciousness during the operation of extracting decayed or diseased teeth, has introduced into his practice the use of the Nitrous Oxide or laughing gas, which the sufferer inhales without danger or inconvenience, and loses his tooth as it were in a pleasant dream.
He may be consulted any day, except Sunday, at his office from 9 a. m. to 6 p. m.
Ottawa, September 2, 1870

Hotels and Saloons.

ST. JAMES' HOTEL,
METCALFE AND QUEEN STREETS.

The Proprietor, G. R. EVANS,

Begs respectfully to announce to the public in general that the above premises will be opened for business this day, 29th inst., and hopes by strict attention to business and moderate charges, to merit their patronage and favour
Ottawa, Nov 29, 1870 1526tf

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AUMOND'S BLOCK,
Rideau Street Ottawa,
2921 P. O'MEARA, Proprietor.

WAVERLY HOUSE,
BARRINGTON-STREET,
HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,
Established 1851.
Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort;
969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE,
Corner James and King-sts.,
Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.
E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)
A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, *Proprietor,*
Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brandies Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

M. DUIGNAN'S,
SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

A few more gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen visiting the Capital will find superior accommodation by the day or week at moderate rates.
N. B.—This house is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Parliament Buildings and the ... 2191f

THE UNION HOUSE,
W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR,
CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS
OTTAWA.

EVERY CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.

The Bar always supplied with the
CHOICEST LIQUORS,
And the table spread with
EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON
Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.

C. T. R. HIGGINS,
Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co, General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufactures and Mining Agent Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Metcalfe and Sparks streets, over Mann Bros Hardware Store.

DANCING AND DEPORTMENT.

Mr. Robert Stewart having made arrangements with an accomplished lady teacher, announces that her Dancing Classes will commence on Wednesday, the 22nd instant
Further particulars may be obtained on application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street.
Ottawa September 9th, 1869. 1148tf

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U. S. PATENT AGENCY.

Patents solicited in Canada and the United States; Trade and Timber Marks, Industrial Designs, Copywrights, Transfers, &c., registered. On the shortest notice, Copies of Laws, Circulars and information, sent free on application. Drawings prepared and copied.
Charges moderate United States Patents particularly attended to. Several valuable Patent Rights for sale.
T. G. COURSOLLES,
November 26, 1870

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co.
W. R. Thistle. R. Lang.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge.
References.—H A Sims, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. Office: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

EDGAR DOWARD, Organist, Christ Church, teacher of Organ, Piano and Singing Residence—O'Connor street. Mr. Doward was formerly Choirster Boy and Articled Pupil of Mr W. Done, of Worcester Cathedral, England.

CHARLES J. TASKER, Accountant Books posted Accounts made out. Apply at the office of H P Hill, solicitor, References: Dr Hill, C H Pinhey,
Ottawa, Nov 5, 18...

H. R. FRIPP,
ORGANIST AND TEACHER OF MUSIC.
Residence—Elgin Street, South of Slater Street.
Classes for beginners at Mr Gowan's Hall on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 4½ p. m.
Ottawa, July 15th, 1870. 1410 tf

MUSICAL ACADEMY.
Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street.
Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 77by

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Incorporated under Chapter LXVII of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada

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DIRECTORS:
A JOSEPH, Chairman; D C THOMSON, Treasurer; S B FOOTE A THOMSON, T H DUNN. DRUMMOND Manager 1141tf

FOR SALE.
A beautiful country residence with Fifteen (15) Acres of Land (or more if necessary) attached; the house and outbuildings being completely surrounded by a grove of lovely shade trees. The whole within 10 minutes drive of the Government Buildings.
Terms of sale, cash, if preferable to purchaser otherwise a small payment down, and the balance in from 1 to 10 years, to suit purchaser.
Apply to the Proprietor,
R A BRADLEY,
Solicitor, Elgin-st., Ottawa.
Nearly opposite the Post Office.
N. B.—Money to lend on Real Estate. Terms easy.

THE HOWLEY FARM TO LET.
Lot No 39, 1st Concession of Gloucester R Front, containing 300 acres, 150 acres well cleared and in good state of cultivation, opposite Manotic, and fifteen miles from Ottawa, with good fences, a fine dwelling house, two story high, barns and outhouses complete, is now to let on reasonable terms, for a term of years. Apply for further particulars to
CHARLES ROWAN,
Ottawa.
Ottawa September 5, 1870 1454tf&w37tf

A. E. GENDREAU,
HAIR DRESSING PARLOUR,
Wellington street,
Opposite the Bank of Montreal.

MR GENDREAU, the proprietor of that so popular Parlour, has the pleasure to announce to his numerous friends and the public in general, that to answer to the great encouragement which he has received up to the present, he has determined to enlarge and thoroughly furnish anew his establishment. He will save no expense to render Parlour the most comfortable, and procure the most experienced hair dressers.
MR GENDREAU having served considerable time in some of the best and most extensive Hair Dressing Saloons in the Dominion and United States, is in a position to conduct the duties of his establishment in a manner that cannot be surpassed.
He will have always on hand the best perfumes imported directly from Paris and London.
MR GENDREAU solicits a visit to convince all of the truth of his statements.

PRESERVE YOUR ROOFS.
PATENT PLASTIC SLATE PAINT,
Is the best and cheapest material in use for preserving new, or repairing old
IRON OR TIN ROOFS.
No matter how bad their condition. Also first rate for
SHINGLE ROOFS,
Making them
FIRE AND WATER PROOF,
Hardens into a coating of SOLID SLATE by exposure.
Price $6 a barrel, mixed ready for use.
A barrel will cover 10 squares (10 x 10).

SHEATHING FELT

For lining Frame Buildings under the clapboards. An effectual protection against cold, damp and vermin. Rats and mice will not come near it.

No FRAME DWELLING should be without
Send for circular, instructions, &c.
BUCHANAN & CO.,
Wholesale Depot for Roofing Materials and Founder's Supplies,
32 Lemoine Street, Montreal
Ottawa, September 21, 1870 1468

SATCHELL BROS
BUTCHERS TO
HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantly on hand

FRESH KILLED
STALL-FED
BEEF AND MUTTON.
ALSO,
THEIR CELEBRATED
SPICED AND SALT ROUND,
AND
ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES

To be had at
THEIR STALLS,
Nos. 5 and 7,

Hardware.

BLYTH & KERR.
No. 25 RIDEAU STREET,
Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c.

All work in any of the above branches executed in a prompt and workmanlike manner.
Special attention given to Roofing and fitting up Galvanized Iron and Tin Gutters, Conductors, &c., &c.

IMPORTERS OF GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

JUST RECEIVED, ex "Pride of Canada" and "Oceola," a splendid assortment of Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots, Jelly Moulds, Wire Dish Covers, Spice Boxes, Ladies' Dressing Cases, Trays, Enamelled Pie Dishes, Preserving Pans, Deff Milk Saucepans, &c., &c.
Constantly on hand, Cooking Stoves, (best makers) Hot Air Furnaces, Water Coolers, Baths, (all kinds) Cutlery, Plated and Britannia Metal Ware,
—ALSO—
FISHING TACKLE, comprising Rods, Lines, Files, Hooks, Floats, Trolls, Panniers, Landing Nets, Fly Books, &c. &c.
Ottawa, August 10. 1870 1432 ly

HARDWARE! HARDWARE!

Sign of the ANVIL, 24 Rideau Street, where you can get a complete assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, and at prices to suit purchasers. Consisting in part of
GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHINGS:
Butcher Knives, Knives and Forks, Pocket Knives, Table Spoons, Tea Spoons, Tea Trays, Table Mats, Butts, Screws, Locks, Bolts, Catches, Latches, Axes, Saws, Planes, Squares, Hammers, Spokeshaves, Gouges, Chisels, Augers, Auger Bits, Steel Bits Bevils, Levels, Boring Machines, Draw Knives, &c. &c. &c. together with
PAINT OF ALL COLOURS:
Rose, Pink, Burnt Umber, Terra de Sienna, Chrome Yellow, Yellow Ochre, Celestial Blue, Paris Green, Brunswick Green, Magnesia Green, Venetian Green, Red Lead, White Lead, in Oil or Dry, Drop Black, Ivory Black, Lamp Black, Boiled Oil, Raw Oil, Turpentine, Benzole, Coal Oil, Paint Brushes, Varnishes, &c.
THOS BIRKETT,
No. 24, Rideau Street,
Sign of the Anvil.
P. S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the City.
Ottawa, Nov 1st, 1870

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35 SUSSEX STREET

Elevated Oven Cook Stoves, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.
Low Oven Cook Stoves, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.
Double Stoves, at
H. MEADOWS & Co
Box and Parlor Stoves, at
H. MEADOWS & Co
Coal Stoves, Base Burners, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.
The Quintal Coal Stove, at
H. MEADOWS & Co
Parlour Cook Stoves, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.
Dumb Stoves, all sizes, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.
Hot Air Furnaces, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.
Stove Pipes and Elbows, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.
Lumbermen s Supplies, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.
1st Prize Stoves can be seen, at
H. MEADOWS & Co.
Ottawa, Oct. 13, 1870.

Druggists.

DUTCH BULBS!

The Subscriber has just received a full assortment from a celebrated Grower in HOLLAND, both for Spring Gardening and in-door Culture.

THE ASSORTMENT INCLUDES
Hyacinths, many varieties,
Tulips, "
Lilies, "
Narcissus, "
Jonquills, "
Anemones, "
Ranunculus, "
&c, &c.

The Flower Roots above mentioned not coming to hand till late in the season, are offered for sale at low prices.
ALEXANDER CHRISTIE,
Druggist,
40 Sparks-st, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Nov. 18, 1870 1517yl

RICHARD HIGMAN,
FAMILY AND DISPENSING CHEMIST,
LATE MANAGER,
MEDICAL HALL,
SPARKS STREET,

Wishes to return sincere thanks to his friends and the public for the kind sympathy evinced toward him, on the occasion of the late fire.
He now begs to inform them that he will commence business on his own account, in a few days, in part of Mr McLean's Auction Room, in rear of John Roos' Cigar Store, with entirely new stock, of Drugs, Chemicals Patent Medicines, Perfumery, &c., and trusts the public will appreciate his attention to business, with the same kind patronage that was extended to him in his situation.
Ottawa, Dec 16, 1870 1541y

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN
INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER:
First Cabin, Payable in Gold.
Liverpool or Queenstown........ $100 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.
Liverpool or Queenstown........ 35 00
PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VI HALIFAX
First Cabin, Payable in Gold.
Liverpool or Queenstown........ $100 00
Halifax........ 20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer........ 45 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.
Liverpool or Queenstown........ 30 00
Halifax........ 15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer........ 30 00
Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates
For further information, apply at the Company's Offices, JOHN G. DALE, Agent, 15 Broadway, New York.

Groceries.

IF YOU WANT
TO SAVE MONEY
GO TO THE
PEOPLE'S TEA STORES,
—BY—
P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.,
No. 36 Rideau St., and Duke St., Chandiere,
OTTAWA,

Where from their great increase of business and the large addition now put to their Store, with a well selected Stock, and constant attention on their part, will enable them to sell at prices not to be equalled elsewhere.
There will be found always on hand a general assortment of
GROCERIES,
TEAS in particular, imported,
LIQUORS, WINES, BRANDIES,
GIN, IRISH and
SCOTCH WHISKEY,
Gooderham & Worts'
HIGHWINES
OLD RYE, and PROOF,
With a fine assortment of Christmas and New Year's FRUITS and SYRUPS.
—ALSO—
WINTER APPLES,
ORANGES and LEMONS,
CHEESE, HAMS,
and BACON.
Remember our Motto—Quick Sales and Light Profits.
Try their TEAS.
Ottawa, Nov 29, 1870 1526

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

Ex. Ships COGNAC, NEREO, UNION and CITY of QUEBEC, from the different places of Growth.

It is now AN ESTABLISHED FACT
If you want any First-Class BRANDIES or WINES and the best Family Groceries, you must go to
Thos. Patterson,
No. 26 Rideau Street.
The following Goods in Stock and for Sale:
BRANDIES.—Pure and unadulterated, good for any use, always on hand in Wood or Bottle.
PORT WINE—Pure and reliable (20 years old) for Medicinal purposes and the only House in the City that imports such WINES direct to order.
SHERRY WINES—Various grades, very, very Pale, (delicious flavour) Splendid Wines at a price to defy competition.
GIN—John De Kuyper & Son's Double-Berried, First Class.
SCOTCH WHISKEY—Old and Mild, (full strength.)
RUM,
OLD RYE,
FAMILY PROOF,
AND
HIGHWINES,
of the best kind.
PORTER AND ALES.—Guiness's Dublin and Dawe's, Lachine, in splendid order
COFFEE.—Delicious Flavour. Fresh Roasted and Ground Daily.
TEAS. The best qualities of Black, Japan, and Green, new crop and fragant.
SUGARS and SYRUPS of all kinds.
CHEESE.—Fine old (Reesors and Factory) the best.
PICKLES and SAUCES, Jams and Jellies from Crosse and Blackwells, in great variety.
FRUITS.—The finest table and cooking raisins that can be had, large fresh and rich flavored.
CURRANTS.—Quite fresh and Candied Peels.
SPERM CANDLES and fancy perfumed soaps, the greatest variety in the city, and made to order by Field of London, England. There is an endless variety of these fine goods worthy of SPECIAL ATTENTION FOR FAMILIES, being of the finest qualities at moderate prices Everybody should know that to use good goods saves money. TRY THEM.
Ottawa, December 5, 1870.

ATTENTION!

If you want Choice VIRGIN HONEY, call at the New GROCERY STORE, corner of Sussex and York Streets.

If you want SUPERIOR CHEESE, call at the New GROCERY STORE, Corner of Sussex and York Streets.

If you want FIRST-CLASS DAIRY BUTTER, call at the New GROCERY STORE Corner Sussex and York Streets.

—ALSO—

New Crop West End, Layers, Valencia and Seedless Raisins and Currants, Fresh Turkey Figs, Malaga Grapes, Lemons, Choice Imperial Prunes, Candied Peels, Gelatine, Cross & Blackwell's Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies, and Marmalades, Fresh Oysters, Lobsters Sequin Mackerel, Salmon and Tomatoes, with a choice lot of Scotch and English Ales and Porter, Wines and Brandies, Gin, Scotch Whiskey, Jamaica Rum, Old Rye, Syrups and

JOHN A. BITTERS,
CONSTANTLY ON HAND,

At the New GROCERY STORE, Corner Sussex and York Streets.

Extra Fine Green, Black and Japan Teas, Rio, Java and Turkey Coffee.

—ALSO—

Fine Family and Pastry Flour, Oat and Corn Meal, at the NEW GROCERY STORE, Corner Sussex and York Streets.

J. M. C. DELES DERNIERS,
Corner of Sussex and York-sts.

Groceries, &c.

DENIS WHELAN,
39 RIDEAU STREET,
OTTAWA
HAVING OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT
(nearly opposite the Old Stand,)
Offers for sale at VERY LOW PRICES a large and well selected stock, comprising Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy Soaps, Sauces, Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, Candles, Coarse and Fine Salt. Also,
Bordeauxand other Vinegars
MESS PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS,
and the numerous other articles necessary to constitute a complete stock.
TEAS—Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial Young Hyson, quite fresh and cheap.
COFFEE—Fresh Coffee *ground* and *roasted* daily on the premises.
LIQUORS—Cognac Brandies Renault & Co, Hennessy, Piper's and other brands.
HOLLAND GIN—De Kuyper's and Houtman's, in wood and bottle.
WINES—Sherries of all grades, Ports of fine quality, Burgundy, Sauterne and Maderia Wines all prices, in wood and bottle, improved by age.
HIGHWINES, OLD RYE, PROOF AND WHISKEY,
High proof and flavor, at extremely low prices.
Thorne's and Stewart' Scotch Whiskey and Old Tom.
Dunville's Irish Whiskey,
Murphy's Old Irish Potteen.
Guinness' and London Porter, pts. and qts.
Molson's and other Ales.
Sugars and Syrups, all grades,
Sale at refiners' prices.
THE OLD STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE SELLING AT TWENTY-FIVE PER CENT BELOW COST.
Now is the time for bargains. 1105

ROUSILLON PORT.
Received a fresh consignment of this delicious Wine. It is full flavoured, of great body, and guaranteed purity.
ALICANTE.
A Sweet Red Wine of delicate flavour and bouquet, invaluable for invalids.
This wine has been specially imported as a pure Wine to be used in the Holy Communion.
The following gentlemen have kindly allowed their names to be used as references:
Ven Archdeacon Fuller, Toronto.
Rev J Beaven, D D, "
Rev G B Read, D D, "
Rev E Baldwin, "
Rev W S Darling, "
Rev A Williams, "
Rev J D Cayley, "
Rev W H Davis, "
Rev S Bedford Jones, L L D, Ottawa
—ALSO—
A full Stock of Brandies, Gins, Jamaica Rum, Proof and Old Rye Whiskey, Sherries, Still and Sparkling Moselle, Champagne, Malaga, Maderia Malvoisie, Noyan Curacoa Creme de Menthe, Creme de Moka, Chartreuse, Maraschino, English and Canadian Ales and Porter, &c, &c, &c.
J. P. MACPHERSON,
Wine Merchant
Elgin Street.
Agent for Quelton, St George & Co's pure French Wines.
Ottawa, Dec 16, 1870 1536

WM. FOOTE & COMPANY,
IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALERS
—IN—
TEAS AND WINES,
6 HOSPITAL STREET,
MONTREAL.

PRESTON & ROWSELL.
MILITARY TAILORS
—AND—
HABIT MAKERS
NO. 36 SPARKS STREET
PRESTON & ROWSELL. PRESTON & ROWSELL.
A SELECT ASSORTMENT
OF
Tweeds,
Broad Cloths,
Doe Skins,
Fancy Coatings,
Vestings, &c.
SHIRTS MADE TO ORDER
Ottawa, July 26, 1870.

FOR STYLISH SIGNS AND HANDSOME WALL PAINTING GO TO THE LANG PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT A. W. LANG, Sparks Street.
No Benzine or Coal Oil used.

NOTICE.
LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF ONTARIO,
TORONTO, 29th October, 1870.
Notice is hereby given, that the last day for receiving Petitions for Private Bills will be WEDNESDAY, the TWENTY-EIGHTH day of DECEMBER next.
CHARLES T. GILLMOR,
Clerk.

SITUATION WANTED
AS FARMER
A Married Man, who understands farming in all its departments; has had long experience in Canada.
Address R. E., FARMER.

Dry Goods.

STILL THEY COME!

34 PACKAGES NEW GOODS,
JUST RECEIVED,
—BY—
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO

Comprising amongst other Goods the following:—
1 Case French Merinoes,
1 Case Kid Gloves and Hosiery,
1 Case Plain and Terry Ribbons, and Plain and Tartan Sash Ribbons,
1 Case Black and Colored Ribbon Velvets
1 Case New Jackets,
1 Case Waterproof Tweeds,
1 Case Ladies Hats,
1 Case Embroidered Muslin Sets, for Evening wear,
1 Case Hair Nets and Silk Epangles, for Dress Trimmings,
1 Case Sheetings,
1 " White Cottons,
1 Bale Serges,
1 " Scarlet Flannels,
1 Case Fancy Flannels,
1 " Canadian Flannels,
Bales Canadian Grey Blankets,
2 Cases Cornwall White Blankets,
6 Cases Heavy Tweeds,
3 " Light Grey Etoffes,
2 " Mid Grey "
3 " Oxford "

With other Goods too numerous to particularise.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

Would say that their Stock, notwithstanding their Immense Sales during the last 3 months (without doubt the largest ever made by any Dry Goods House in Ottawa) was never so well assorted at this season of the year as it is just now.

INSPECTION INVITED.
WHOLESALE & RETAIL.
Ottawa, Dec. 16, 1870.

R. L. JAMES & CO.

DRESS GOODS.
A large assortment worth from 20 to 90 cents, at 15 to 80.

A
SPECIAL LINE
of French Merinos, very cheap.

BLACK SILKS,
very much under Market value, and considerably lower than present Ottawa prices.

MILLINERY.
It is now pretty generally known that in this Department, especially the prices, are EXCEEDINGLY MODERATE,

AT THE
GOLDEN LION.

A Pastoral.

The following poem by A. J. Murphy, a hitherto unknown English poet, is one of the most beautiful things we have seen for years. It is not only exquisitely sweet, natural, and easy in its flow, but it is a marvel in the way of versification. Observe the wonderfully ingenious manner in which certain words of the first stanza are made to rhyme with the correrponding words in the second, and so on the third and fourth, etc.:

I sat with Doris, the Shepherd maiden;
Her crook was laden with wreathed flowers;
I sat and wooed her through sunlight wheeling,
And shadows stealing for hours and hours.

And she, my Doris, whose lap encloses
Wild summer roses of faint perfume,
The while I sued her, kept hushed and hearkened
Till shades had darkened from gloss to gloom

She touched my shoulder with fearful finger;
She said: "We linger, we must not stay;
My flock's in danger, my sheep will wander;
Behold them yonder, how far they stray!"

I answer bolder, "Nay, let me hear you,
And still be near you, and still adore!
No wolf or stranger will touch one yearling—
Ah! stay, my darling, a moment more!"

She whispered, sighing, "There will be sorrow
Beyond to-morrow, if I lose to-day;
My fold unguarded, my flock unfolded—
I shall be scolded and sent away!"

Said I, replying, "If they do miss you,
They ought to kiss you when you get home;
And well rewarded by friend and neighbor
Should be the labor from which you come."

"They might remember," she answered meekly,
"That lambs are weakly and sheep are wild;
But if they love me it's none so fervent—
I am a servant and not a child."

Then each hot ember glowed quick within me,
And love did win me to swift reply,
"Ah! do but prove me, and none shall bind you,
Nor fray, nor find you, until I die."

She blushed and started, and stood awaiting
As if debating in dreams divine;
But I did not brave them—I told them plainly;
She doubted vainly, she must be mine.

So we twin-hearted, from all the valley
Did rouse and rally her nibbling ewes:
And homeward drove them, we two together,
Through blooming heather and gleaming dews.

That simple duty such grace did lend her,
My Doris tender, my Doris true;
That I her warder, did always bless her,
And often press her to make her due.

And now in beauty she fills my dwelling
With love excelling and undefiled;
My love doth guard her, both fast and fervent,
Nor more a servant nor yet a child.

WAR NEWS BY MAIL.

Napoleon the First's sword, won by Prince Blucher at Waterloo, has found its place of honor in the Prussian Military College at Berlin, the Marshal having made a present of it. King William has followed the Marshal's example by bestowing the sword which Napoleon III, gave up at Sedan on the same college, to be preserved side by side with that of the first Napoleon.

Among the most recently published of the imperial papers are telegrams from the Emperor from Metz. In one he asks the Empress to send a bracelet for the wife of the Prefect. In another he annuls the Empress' appointment of Gen. Grandchamp, adding that she had no right to nominate a General to the army.

Among the officers on Bourbaki's staff is a young cornet, who enlisted at the beginning of the war as a private soldier, and who will probably some day inherit about 30,000,000 francs, at which amount is estimated the fortune of his father, Fremy, the well known French capitalist.

M. Emile de Laveleve, an eminent Belgian statesman, in a letter on the Eastern question, to J. Stuart Mill, says: "I shudder at the thought of a struggle which would eventually, but not improbably, involve England in a war with Prussia and the United States—two nations of the same blood with herself and who render great services to civilization. And this in behalf of Asiatics, whose days in Europe are counted, since their numbers are regularly diminishing. England would be running counter to the very object she pursues—the security of the East. The invincible obstacle which the possible encroachments of Russia will one day encounter is from the Slavonians of the Danube—Croats, Serbs, Bulgarians. Roumans, who have no love for Russia, but who look to her for support against their masters, the Turks To make war against Russia for the Turks is to throw the Slavonians in the arms of Russia."

Professor Nassbaum, a physician attached to the medical corps of General Von der Tann's army, in one of his letters to a Bavarian newspaper refers to one of the most dreadful features of the battle-fields: "On the evening of the 11th of November," he writes, "when the darkness of a chilly and misty night forced the two armies in front of Orleans to abandon the struggle, I walked over the battle field, assisting the carriers of the sick and wounded. I was terror-stricken at the discovery of so many brave soldiers who had been left as dead on the battle-field by some of these carriers after they had been examined in a very superficial manner, and whom I found to be still alive. On holding my ear to their hearts, I distinctly heard the pulsation. I ordered them to be removed, and almost all revived after they were warmed up. I had their wounds dressed and administered to them something invigorating. Exhaustion, hunger and intense cold, the great loss of blood, and terror had brought them into a condition of stupor, which resembles death so nearly as to deceive these carriers. These men should be instructed at any rate to examine the heart-beating of the slain. Only when they fail to distinguish any pulsation should a body be left on the battle-field as dead. Every one of those whom I ordered to be removed, and who were saved, would certainly have died if they had been left on the field a few hours longer.

THE ŒCUMENICAL COUNCIL, lately called at Rome is an instance of the solicitude of the Catholic Church for the welfare and prosperity of her Communicants. Large assemblies of this nature containing representatives from all parts of the world, should be of some benefit to our race. We hope this opinion will be as harmonious and unanimous as the verdict in favor of the Great Shoshonees Remedy, for diseases of the lungs, blood, stomach, liver, &c. For sale by all druggists.

Twenty years experience in using Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers have proved them to be the most effectual remedy for coughs, and irritation of the throat, caused by cold, or unusual exertion of the vocal organs; public speakers and singers will find them most beneficial. The entire freedom from all deleterious ingredients renders Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers, or Cough and Voice Lozenges, a safe remedy for the most delicate person, and has caused them to be held in high esteem by all who have used them.

OLD COUNTRY ITEMS.

To the Education Crisis Fund, now being raised by the Roman Catholics in England, the Duke of Norfolk has subscribed £10,000, and Lord Howard of Glossop £5,000.

The death is announced of Mr. James Stuart Wortley, who was for some time engaged in diplomacy, was with Lord Elgin in China, and was subsequently secretary to Mr. Gladstone.

Wales is establishing a Middle-Class College, on the principle of the University College, London. It is to afford a good education to boys of the middle class, and it is to be non-sectarian. The fees are to be moderate. A building has already been taken at Aberystwyth, and more than £17,000 has been promised.

Since the time that the heavy amount paid by the Chinese in Sycee silver, as indemnity for the war, was received in London *via* the London and North Western Railway Company, no train as heavily loaded with precious metal has reached London as one that arrived at Euston Station from Liverpool on November 25. It consisted of a special train of 12 covered goods' waggons with chests containing 74 tons of Mexican dollars, value nearly half a million sterling. The chests were duly checked off by the bill of lading, and the specie was cleared out of the station within three hours of its arrival. The procession to the Bank of England consisted of three detachments of goods vans of six each. Consignments of from six to twelve tons of silver are not unusual on this line, but one of 74 is unprecedented, excepting the Chinese payments.

The health of Her Royal Highness Princess Louise continues to improve. Upon the return of the royal family to Windsor Castle, the royal surgeons made a medical examination of the knee of the Princess, when, it is understood, the inflamation consequent upon the sprain was found to have been considerably allayed, owing to the excellent treatment which had been pursued by Her Royal Highness' professional advisers. While progressing towards convalescence, Her Royal Highness, instead of walking, is using an invalid chair, which the Princess herself propels in moving about the castle. It seems that Her Royal Highness first became aware of the sprain while coming down the slope of a hill in the Highlands. Every care is being taken to prevent unnecessary exertion on the part of the Princess, whose health is said to be rapidly getting better. The Marquis of Lorne was at the castle on Nov. 28, and, since Her Majesty's arrival at Windsor, has been almost a constant visitor at the Castle.

The following touching and pathetic story we heard only recently from the lips of a bereaved father, and we were so impressed with its solemn beauty and grandeur that we take the liberty of giving a short account of it. Two beautiful little boys (twins) aged about three years, cast their sunshine over a home in this city, and it seemed as if the earthly happiness of the whole family was dependant upon them. Of a remarkable loving disposition and unusually precocious for their ages, they won the love of the entire neighborhood, and wherever they went were petted and caressed. But sickness came, and scarlet fever bowed their little heads at nearly at the same time, taking one of the loved ones from this mortal shore, and transplanting him in immortality. The other one after wrestling with the disease for a long time rallied, and no doubts were entertained for his recovery, but he constantly called for his departed little brother, and refused to be comforted unless he could see him. In vain his attendants told him he had only gone away on a short visit; he would not be satisfied unless he was taken over the entire house and assured that his brother was not at home. His entreaties were so urgent that finally he was carried one afternoon through every room in the house, and his eyes were turned hopefully and longingly to every place that was able to contain anyone. Having made a tour of the house he was again returned to his chamber, when he resigned himself to give up the idea of seeing that cherished companion. He did not even mention his name, but seemed to realize that his brother could not come near him. That same night, all unexpected, the Angel of Death came to unite those loved ones, and the weeping attendant saw him clasp his little hands, and exclaim exultingly, "I see—I see—" "See what?" said the watcher—"I see, I see A"—(mentioning his departed brother's name) he replied, and then with a smile passing over his countenance he closed his eyes in death, and his earthly life was ended. And who shall dare to affirm that his brother had not come back to accompany him to the mansions of bliss? Who shall dare to say that the loved and gone before do not turn to these earthly shores and whisper words of cheers to the departing soul that otherwise would shrink back terror stricken? It is a beautiful thought that from the death bed even of a little child may be learned the lesson in its fullest meanning of immortality, of the reuniting of those dear ones who have gone before—not lost.—*Bath Times.*

The Non-Intercourse Threat.

The Buffalo *Courier* is doing itself credit by its vigourous exposure of the folly of President Grant's recent threats. In its issue of Friday last it says:—

"It probably did not occur to President Grant that the people of British North America have in operation what we have not yet been able to establish, viz., a self-sustaining steam line to Europe, and that one grand effect of his non-intercourse declaration would be the diversion of the large and profitable traffic in bonded merchandise destined for the provinces, from our own ports and railroads to those of the Dominion of Canada. While non intercourse would strip our roads and ports of a large business, it would at the same time stimulate the construction of Canadian roads and the enlargement of the Canadian ocean trade. In brief, in the most direct manner it would tend to teach the Canadians entire independence of this country, and the bill of tuition would be sent to us for payment.

The New York *Commercial Bulletin*, in expressing an earnest hope that Congress will not confer on the President the mischievous power he seeks, truly remarks:

"'What we need is a new treaty of commercial reciprocity that shall re-open the former channels of trade, and revive the business that was once mutually advantageous and profitable. We need the natural and agricultural products of Canada and the Maritime provinces. They, in return, need our manufactures, and, from convenience rather than from necessity, a share of our importations. But it is of the utmost importance to both that the international routes of transportation both rail and water, should be mutually free. The fullest competition between the railroads and canals of both countries is a commercial necessity, and by means of that competition alone can we hope to acquire a practical control of the European markets as an outlet for our surplus products. * * * *
We have too much non-intercourse now, and the foolish policy which Butler urges, which the President recommends, and for which Senator Chandler's bill provides, would be only making a bad matter worse. The fisheries dispute may be easily settled, but the only satisfaction we should derive from the threatened policy of non-intercourse, which the President is so anxious to adopt, would be the infliction of a grevious wrong upon our neighbours, for which we shall ourselves suffer in the end far more than they.

To hand, our Autumn Stock in "Jose ph ne, best Kid Gloves," also "Jouvines' good medal) new colours at 75c. per pair.
T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & Co
Corner Sussex, Cornwall, St. Lawrence and ...

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Department of Crown Lands—Thos. H. Johnson.
Purse Found—Dr. Leggo.
Ottawa Philharmonic Society—G. Kennedy.
Go to Young & Radford's to-day and Buy your Christmas Presents.
Notice to Contractors—F. Braun.

TO THE PUBLIC.

Mr. J. G. DAVIS *is authorized to receive advertisements and subscriptions for* THE TIMES. *Now that we are about* ENLARGING THE SIZE *of* THE TIMES *and introducing other improvements, advertisers should take advantage of the increased circulation which it will at once be certain to obtain. In other directions, as well as in Ottawa, we are making exertions to extend our subscription list and to add to the value of* THE TIMES *as an advertising medium.*

The Ottawa Times.

Office—38 Sparks Street.

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 24, 1870.

☞ *For interesting reading matter see First and Fourth Pages.*

We learn that Senator McCrea has accepted the Algoma Judgeship and will be gazetted at once.

We have received a copy of the *Canadian Year Book* for 1371. It is filled as usual with a store of useful statistical information carefully prepared.

Punchinello, a very well edited New York comic journal is defunct. It is claimed that if it had published Grant's Message and a few other prominent humorous articles, it might have struck a chord in the public heart and lived.

What shall be said of the Grand Trunk Railway Company who not having the fear of Mr. George Brown and the Toronto *Globe* before their eyes have engaged Mr Brydges as Managing Director for four years longer? At all events we congratulate the shareholders upon having secured the services of so able a man.

When the American fishing schooner *Lizzie A. Tar*, was sold by public auction at Quebec, the audience and merchants of the ancient capital sympathized very much with the civil-spoken owner, and would have kindly allowed him to buy in the vessel at a nominal sum. This would of course have left the seizing officer to whistle for his prize money, and the public to pay the costs. Cheap sympathy. But the sequel is cruel, savouring of poetical justice. The vessel was heavily insured at Quebec, no doubt as a sympathetic act, and our telegraphic reports says she has since been wilfully wrecked on her way home to Gloucester, Mass. The captain has been arrested at Halifax and committed for trial. If the owner should lose both his purchase money and his insurance, a fine opportunity will be offered for some manifestation of practical sympathy—at the expense, this time, of the sympathizers. We make no charge for the charitable suggestion.

REVIEW OF PRESIDENT GRANT'S MESSAGE ON THE FISHERY QUESTION.

We have received a copy of a very able and carefully prepared review of President Grant's recent message to the United States Congress relative to the Canadian fisheries and the navigation of the St. Lawrence River. It goes as far back as the year 1783, when the American peace commissioners, after much persistence and perseverance, succeeded in securing the third article of the treaty of that year, which runs as follows:

"Art. III.—It is agreed, that the people of the United States shall continue to enjoy unmolested the right to take fish of every kind on the Grand Bank and on all the other banks of Newfoundland; also in the Gulf of St. Lawrence, and at all other places in the sea, where the inhabitants of both countries used at any time heretofore to fish. And also that the inhabitants of the United States shall have liberty to take fish of every kind on such part of the coast of Newfoundland, as British fishermen shall use (but not to dry or cure the same on that Island) and also on the coasts, bays, and creeks of all other of His Britannic Majesty's dominions in America; and that the American fishermen shall have liberty to dry and cure fish in any of the unsettled bays, harbors, and creeks of Nova Scotia, Magdalen Islands, and Labrador, so long as the same shall remain unsettled; but so soon as the same, or either of them, shall be settled, it shall not be lawful for the said fishermen to dry or cure fish at such settlement, without a previous agreement for that purpose with the inhabitants, proprietors, or possessors of the ground."

Under the provisions of this treaty both nations had clear and distinct rights of fishing at sea, while in and around the coasts of each nation the exclusive rights and jurisdiction over three miles from the coast was conceded as a right existing by the law of nations and attaching territorially to each country. The war of 1812 suspended and abrogated the treaty of 1783, and when peace was concluded and a new arrangement had to be entered into with respect to the fisheries, the Americans, trusting to the forbearance of British statesmen, hoped that their fishermen would be permitted to enjoy the same privileges as before the war. Mr Adams stated the case of the United States, and while claiming the fishery "liberties" as a matter of right, appealed to the "benevolence and humanity" of the British Government. Earl Bathurst, in reply, stated that, "His Majesty's Government have not failed to give to the arguments a candid and deliberate consideration, and although they are compelled to resist the claim of the United States when thus brought forward as a question of '*right*,' they feel every disposition to afford to the citizens of those States all the liberties and privileges connected with the fisheries which can consist with *the just rights and interests of Great Britain*, and secure His Majesty's subjects from those undue molestations in their fishery which they formerly experienced from the citizens of the United States." He further observed, "The Minister of the United States appears to be well aware that Great Britain has always considered the liberty formerly enjoyed by the United States of fishing within British limits, and using British territory, as derived from the 3rd article of the Treaty of 1783, and from that alone, and that the claim of an independent State to oc- [illegible] cannot rest on any other than conventional stipulations."

In June 1817 seventeen American fishing vessels were seized by British cruisers off the coast of Nova Scotia, and this circumstance forcing the matter upon the attention of the U. S. Government, propositions were made to Great Britain which resulted in the Fishery Article of the convention of 1818.

"Art. 1—Whereas, differences have arisen respecting the liberty claimed by the United States, for the inhabitants thereof to take, dry, and cure fish on certain coasts, bays, harbours, and creeks, of His Britannic Majesty's dominions in America, it is agreed between the high Contracting parties, that the inhabitants of the said United States shall have, for ever, in common with the subjects of His Britannic Majesty, the liberty to take fish of every kind, on that part of the southern coast of Newfoundland which extends from Cape Ray to the Rameau Islands, on the western and northern coast of Newfoundland, from the said Cape Ray to the Quirpon Islands, on the shores of the Magdalen Islands, and also on the coasts, bays, harbours, and creeks, from Mount Joly, on the southern coast of Labrador, to and through the straits of Belleisle, and thence northwardly indefinitely along the coast, without prejudice, however, to any of the exclusive rights of the Hudson's Bay Company: and that the American fishermen shall also have liberty, for ever, to dry and cure fish in any of the unsettled bays, harbours, and creeks, of the southern part of the coast of Newfoundland hereabove described, and of the coast of Labrador; [illegible] soon as the same, or any portion thereof, shall be settled, it shall not be lawful for the said fishermen to dry or cure fish at such portion so settled, without previous agreement for such purpose, with the inhabitants, proprietors or possessors of the ground.

"And the United States hereby renounce for ever any liberty heretofore enjoyed or claimed by the inhabitants thereof, to take, dry, or cure fish, on or within three marine miles of any of the coasts, bays, creeks, or harbours of His Britannic Majesty's dominions in America, not included within the above-mentioned limits; provided, however, that the American fishermen shall be admitted to enter such bays or harbours, for the purpose of shelter, and of repairing damages therein, of purchasing wood, and of obtaining water, and for no other purpose whatever. But they shall be under such restrictions as may be necessary to prevent their taking, drying or curing fish therein, or in any other manner whatever abusing the privileges hereby reserved to them."

Here then was the solution of the whole matter agreed upon by the two Governments, nor would any further difficulty have occurred had not American fishermen thought that they could venture to trespass with impunity, the British Government being compelled in consequence to send out a fleet for the protection of the Fisheries. Many American vessels were detained for the following reasons:—

1. Fishing within the proscribed limits.
2. Anchoring or hovering inshore during calm weather without any ostensible cause, having aboard ample supplies of wood and water.
3. Lying at anchor and remaining inside of the bays to clean and pack fish.
4. Purchasing and bartering bait, and preparing to fish.
5. Selling goods and buying supplies.
6. Landing and transhipping cargoes of fish.

With regard to what is called the "headland limit" question, that is the question whether or not the prescribed three miles should be measured from the headlands or should follow the windings of the coast, thus admitting foreign fishermen into bays and estuaries where the best fishing grounds abound, the American Government, up to the time of the Reciprocity Treaty, fully acquiesced in the British construction of the treaty of 1818 in this as well as in other points. The Reciprocity Treaty enacted in 1854 gave to the Americans the use, under certain restrictions, of our bay and inshore fisheries. This treaty was abrogated by the Americans themselves. Its termination put an end to certain trade arrangements which were beneficial to both nations, also to the privileges which under it were enjoyed by American fishermen. In fact we came back to the *statu quo ante* and the provisions of the treaty of 1818.

In the year 1866 after the abrogation of the treaty the Imperial Government did not desire that the American fishermen should be interfered with, on the distinct understanding that unless some satisfactory arrangement between the two countries should be made in the course of the year all concessions made in the treaty would be withdrawn. At this time the following Minute in Council was adopted by the Canadian Government.

"The Canadian Government receive this expression of the opinion of Her Majesty's Government with the utmost respect; but they doubt whether its adoption would not in the end produce most serious evils. They fear there is no reasonable hope of satisfactory commercial relations being restored with the United States within the year. They think the prospect of attaining this result in the future will be greatly diminished if the United States fishermen continue to exercise the rights given by the late treaty. The withdrawal of their privileges a year hence, will create more irritation then than now, as having the character of retaliation. The step, if taken now, is plainly and publicly known to be the consequence of the act of the United States. They, and not Great Britain, have cancelled the agreement, and voluntarily surrendered the right of fishing. The course suggested would certainly be regarded by the American people as evidence of weakness on the part of Great Britain, and of an indisposition to maintain the rights of the colonies; while it would disturb and alarm the Provinces. The determination to persist in encroachments, and in resistance to law, would be stronger by the impunity of the past year, and the danger of collision, when exclusion becomes necessary, would thus be much increased; while the value of the right of fishing, for the purpose of negotiation, would be diminished precisely in proportion to the low estimate which the Provinces would thus appear to have placed upon it."

"The Committee would also respectfully submit to Her Majesty's Government that any apparent hesitation to assert an undoubted national right will certainly be misconstrued, and be made the ground for other and more serious exactions, till such a point is reached as neither country can recede from with honor."

The temporary expedient of issuing licenses to the American fishermen was adopted by the Government of Canada with the following result:

In 1866	there were	354	licenses.
" 1867	"	281	"
" 1868	"	56	"
" 1869	"	25	"

In order to illustrate the complete failure of the license system, it is sufficient to note the simple fact, that during these four seasons, not a single American vessel was detained, although it was notorious that great numbers were continually invading our limits, even after repeated warnings, a large proportion of which ves- [illegible] sued his annual message in which he expressed himself strongly against the renewal of the Reciprocity Treaty. Thus there appeared no reason to hope that the fishery question might be satisfactorily solved by a recurrence to the condition of affairs which prevailed from 1854 to 1866. The Americans had imposed a prohibitive duty upon fish caught by Canadians, and our fishermen were in consequence compelled to remain idle and see foreigners enjoy all the advantages of the Canadian fisheries. Much dissatisfaction was naturally felt in the Maritime Provinces, and it became obvious to the Government of Canada that unless they intended to relinquish their claim to the fisheries altogether, they must begin to consult the interests of the Canadian people in the matter. Parliament took the same view of the question and voted a sum of money for the maintenance of a marine police. Her Majesty's government assented to the proposed policy, and strongly reinforced the North American squadron, instructing the Admiral on the station to enforce respect to the national rights.

Such is a brief history of the fishery question, condensed from the work to which we have referred, and we are confident that any unprejudiced man would find it utterly impossible to discover anything in the line of policy adopted by us which savors of unfriendliness, or seems to have been inspired by a hostile spirit.

In the first place, with regard to the charge made by President Grant, that we did not give sufficient notice of our intention not to allow American fishermen to come in and fish within the three miles limit, the United States Government were apprized of the fact, and in consequence of the notice so given them, United States war vessels were sent to look after American interests and to notify the fishermen. It has not been alleged that a single case has occurred in which American fishermen sinned in ignorance, or in which any hardship has occurred for want of notification. What, then, is there "unfriendly" or "unneighbourly" in the action of the Dominion Government? In referring to the question of the navigation of the St. Lawrence the author of the work gives some extracts from the Montreal *Gazette* and OTTAWA TIMES showing the absurdity of President Grant's position, and then deals in an argumentative, and thoroughly straightforward manner, with the general course adopted by the Americans towards the people of this country. We all know that what President Grant and his countrymen desire is to drive us into annexation. In diplomatic intercourse it may be necessary to avoid all reference to this fact, but the people of Canada from Lord Lisgar downward cannot be ignorant of it. By abrogating the Reciprocity Treaty the Americans hoped to effect this and failed; by threats of non intercourse and a suspension of the bonding system they now hope to worry and frighten us until as a last resource we may be forced into a political union the idea of which is abhorent to nine hundred and ninety nine out of every thousand Canadians. But they will fail as they have done before; they will only widen the breach which divides British Constitutional Monarchy in Canada from American Democracy, and render us more self reliant and more determined in our effort to work out our own destiny without depending upon our neighbours for anything whatever. We know that we not only have right and justice on our side, but that we have acted towards the Americans in a friendly and conciliatory manner, and strengthened by this knowledge we shall calmly go on our way, undisturbed by the unworthy menaces in which President Grant has seen fit to indulge.

GO TO YOUNG & RADFORD'S TO-DAY AND BUY YOUR CHRISTMAS PRESENTS.

The Irish as a Business People.

A lecture on the above subject was delivered at the St. Patrick's Hall on Thursday evening last by Matthew Ryan, Esq., of Montreal. The report was crowded out of yesterday's issue:

The lecturer commenced by observing that the present was a utilitarian age, one in which the cultivation of the useful arts was considered more conducive to the well being of man, intellectually and morally, than that of the fine arts. While he did not agree with the decision which set aside the study of the fine arts, and ignored their value, but would believe rather, that they had been eminently useful, had soothed the savage, and afforded great aid to religion, and that they would thus continue to be of great value to the end of time, it was still undeniable that we live in a business age, and that not to be a business people in this day, on this continent, was to be consigned to helpless inferiority. The particular object of his enquiry was, how far were the Irish a business people,—to shew, perhaps, that they were not so far behind in that regard as some would have them to be. The Irish writers as far as he had read them, did not record much as to the early commerce of Ireland. They dwell with pride on her learning and so successful have they been in establishing their country's claim in this respect that the Edinburgh Review in its 92nd number says, "it cannot be denied that the Irish were a learned people while the Saxons were still immersed in darkness and ignorance." Those writers refer with pride and pleasure to the early Christianity of Ireland, and adduce evidence which proves that when darkness hung over the rest of Europe she stood a light to the Nations, and sent Apostles in all directions from her shores. There were writers who would seem to ignore Ireland's claims to early respectability either in religion, learning, or commerce and who speak with ill-concealed satisfaction of her feuds and contentions; but these men are generally heartlessly unjust. At the very time of the worst dissensions of her petty Princes learning was highly cultivated in Ireland's colleges, and her name was accordingly respected throughout Europe; and the worst that can be said of Ireland as to internal disorder would apply to Greece in the best days of her arts and oratory, and to Italy when her genius illuminated all Europe with a dazzling glory; and so it could be said of many other nations and ages. The cruelties practised by the Republican soldiery in the Cromwellian wars, for instance, far exceed in atrocity anything recorded of the conflicts of the Irish. The same can be said of the wars of the League in France, those of the Italian States, the horrors of the French Revolution, and other sanguinary and cruel conflicts in various parts of the world, down, sad to say, even to our time. But to return to the question of Commerce. Although the early writers speak not much of it, there is evidence that as far back as the period of the Roman Empire, Ireland was known as a place of trade. Every scholar, especially every Irish scholar, is familiar with the words of Tacitus testifying that when he wrote, the waters and harbors of Ireland were, by means of commerce and navigators, better known than those of Britain: and Moore refers to ancient causeways and roads as evidence of much internal trading, and he quotes from an English writer [illegible]

Be this as it may, however, nothing is better established than that, at a later period Ireland carried on an active trade with the Western coast of Spain, and it would be strange indeed if her admirable position for foreign trade was not brought into play. The evidence collected by Parliamentary enquiries as to the advantages of harbors on the western coast of Ireland is quite decisive. "The voyage from America to the West of Ireland, and back again," says Dr. Kane, "could frequently be made in the time that vessels take in clearing the channel from Liverpool, from London, or from Glasgow." Another competent authority speaking of the struggles and loss of life and property attendant upon the navigation of the English channel said: "If Ireland had justice done her she would be the *En repot* for those vessels, instead of Liverpool with her sand banks, or London with the dangers of her river, and their cargoes would be safely landed in Cork or Waterford, and the circulation of these cargoes through the Empire from our ports would be most rapid by means of the steamboats that ply between the two countries." But it is still said the Irish are not a business people, have no natural inclination for trade, and hence the backwardness of their country in times past and in the present time. Ah! the best answer to this is the fact of the marked exertions made by England in times past, and to a certain extent still being made, to prevent the growth of Irish trade. The old opposition in this respect is most fully admitted by such high authorities as Pitt, Huskisson, and Labouchere, by the last named when he was President of the Board of Trade. Pitt spoke so plainly and indignantly on the subject as to attribute the opposition to "a jealousy of Ireland's prosperity"; and the fact of the continued exertions of English statesmen and merchants to repress almost every species of Irish trade justifies the assertion. As far back as 1636 we find Strafford writing from Ireland to the English Privy Council that he had discouraged, and would continue to do so, "a clothing trade," because "it would trench on the clothing of England, and beat us out of the trade itself by underselling us, which they (the Irish) were able to do." In 1673 the principle was more broadly laid down by Sir William Temple. "Regard must be had," he said, "to those points wherein the trade of England comes to interfere with that of Ireland, in which case the Irish trade ought to be declined so as to give way to that of England." The civil strife which raged towards the end of the 17th Century much retarded the manufacturing progress of Ireland, yet her efforts, even then, were far from being insignificant, as shown by the historian Barlow. From the time of the Act of Settlement till the revolutionary wars under William III, she increased much in wealth, and so rapidly did she recover from the calamities of the latter period that in 1698 the balance of trade was largely in her favor. It is lamentable to see the spirit in which England met these noble exertions of the feebler country to elevate herself to national dignity, and necessary wealth. The English Lords and Commons, urged on by the Merchants of Bristol, called for the destruction of the woolen trade of Ireland in an address to the King in 1698, and the violator of the Treaty of Limerick fittingly replied: "I shall do all that in me lies to discourage the Woolen manufacture of Ireland, and to encourage the linen manufacture of Ireland and to promote the trade of England." This desire to promote the linen trade is explained by the facts that whereas wool was the national staple of Ireland, flax, or the manufacture of linen, had generally to be *imported from England*. But what arrogance did it not argue, to prescribe for Ireland what species of manufacture she should cultivate. She required no advice as to the linen trade; she had already promoted it to the proper commercial extent; it was enumerated in the 33rd Henry VIII, as "one of the principle branches of Irish manufacture," and in the 13th of Elizabeth, it was recited that "Irishmen had been exporters of linen for more than 100 years." It might have been allowed after all this experience that Ireland was the best judge as to which branch of manufacture she could most profitably engage in.

"Every civilized country," says Mr. Mill, "is entitled to settle its internal affairs in its own way, and no other country ought to interfere with its discretion, because one country, even with the best intention, has no chance of properly understanding the affairs of another." The "intention" of England in establishing the linen trade was finally put beyond all question, when the Act 10th Anne, cap 19, which imposed a duty of "30 per cent on linens made in *foreign parts*," *was held to apply to Ireland*. The learned lecturer next glanced at the long list of English Parliamentary enactments against Irish trade and manufactures, to detail which, would require not a lecture but a special volume. This keen and continued exertion, he said, would seem to indicate in Ireland the existence of manufacturing capabilities, and some capacity in her people for trade and commerce. He next met the question so commonly asked, what was the action of the Irish Parliament in view of this aggressive English policy? "It is painful, he replied," to be obliged to say that this *then* unfaithful body was generally acquiescent. But the reason was soon told. They were not the Parliament of the nation. They represented the ascendancy party, which was under such obligations to England that they had to yield to her exactions, however severe. But a better and a brighter day soon dawned. Grattan arose!

"Ever glorious Grattan, the best of the good."

His vivifying and purifying eloquence soon procured for his adored county a Parliament worthy of the name, one devoted to her honor and interests. The victory of 1782 was won; commercial freedom was secured; foreign and colonial markets were opened to Ireland's trade and manufactures; and what a rush of prosperity do we then witness! What an answer to the charge that the Irish were not a business people!

"How stands the case now," says Mr. Pitt in the House of Commons in 1785,—"the trade is infinitely more advantageous to Ireland."

Lord Chancellor Clare said:

"There is not a nation in the habitable globe which has advanced in cultivation and commerce, in agriculture and manufactures with the same rapidity in the same period." The bankers of Dublin, the Dublin guild of merchants, published evidence in detail to the same effect. But the jealousy of Ireland's prosperity, of which Mr. Pitt had complained, was again aroused, and finally culminated in the loss to Ireland of her free Parliament, "I hope not for ever," said the speaker most emphatically,—and then what followed? Ah! it is a sad tale to tell what followed. Resolutions and petitions adopted by the Dublin trades at public meetings held in the Corn Exchange Rooms in the years 1841, '42 and '43 tell us something of what followed. Here Mr. Ryan read a series of statements shewing how manufacturing employment fell off throughout Ireland consequent upon the Union. One particular is a sample. In Dublin the woollen trade from 1782 to 1794 flourished in all its branches, and continued in a fair way until 1810. The average number of men whom it employed from 1782 to 1810, was about 2,500; average amount of wages £1 10 per week. In 1843 *the average number employed was three hundred and fifty* (350); average wages, *eighteen shillings per week*. Mr. Ryan then expressed a strong doubt as to the prosperity of trade in Ireland at present. He was apprehensive that it was still as described by Mr. O'Connell in 1843, *viz*, "exporting cattle we ought to eat, and importing goods we ought to manufacture." Great changes had been effected, no doubt; a more just public opinion was being rapidly formed in England, he granted; but what did he read in the evidence before a Commission appointed in 1865 to enquire into the railway system in Ireland? A Dublin merchant, Mr. Bewby, stated: "I hold in my hand handbills which had been forwarded to me from Castlebar in [illegible] carried over the same line 27s 6d. *Thus the English merchant by a combination with the owners of steamers and railway directors is enabled virtually to get his goods from to Dublin, and having got them there to forward them to the country at a much lower rate than the Dublin merchant can from his own city.*" Several other merchants complained to the same effect. Mr. Barrington, then Lord Mayor of Dublin, said that in consequence of the high railway charges *he was obliged to ship his goods to Liverpool and reship them to again to Irish ports, in order to compete with English rivals, who thus had a great advantage over him.* "This," said Mr. Ryan, "looks like history repeating itself," and then reminded the audience of what Sir William Temple had said in 1673. Mr. Ryan next spoke of the tenacity with which under the disadvantages of the past the Irish clung to Ireland, and to what an extent, even, a large proportion of them entered into what is known as business, and prospered. This was shown in the result of the recent sales of Encumbered Estates. It was predicted, perhaps designed, that the purchasers of these properties would be from England and Scotland; but of the first 21 millions of pounds realized not one-seventh came from England and Scotland and two thirds of the Irish purchasers were catholics. He next referred to the wonderful vitality shown by the Irish who emigrated to the continent of Europe, quoting Macauley's grand tribute to the O'Donnells in Spain, the MacMahons in France, the Nugents in Austria, and the O'Daly's in Portugal. He refered also in glowing terms to the success of the race throughout the British Empire, and in the United States of America as business men, scholars, and statesmen. Such are their numbers, and such their importance, in England itself that the historian Alison was alarmed lest they might one day control the institutions of that country. A Governor of Australia writes to the Imperial authorities that the Irish were amongst the most prosperous and most conservative people under his government. In fact the O'Shaughnessy Government, with Gavin Duffy as its commissioner of Crown lands, ruled in Western Australia for years. And now he would mention a fact most creditable to Mr. Duffy, and one which shewed that an Irishman could be true to a Government that was true to him. When Mr. Duffy arrived in Australia he found there a Doctor Laing, a Scotchman, who had been long agitating for the separation of that country from England. Knowing Mr. Duffy's antecedents he thought he would secure in him an immediate ally. But Mr. Duffy saw that Australia was not Ireland, but was enjoying the very system of government which he and others had demanded for Ireland, that is, a government responsible to her own people, subject to their direct control; and in one of the ablest papers he ever wrote he so advised Doctor Laing. Mr. Duffy did not deny that England had wronged his own country, had even inflicted suffering upon himself personally, but he would not violate principle by opposing, or attempting to injure her, where her rule was just. Reference was next made to Mr. Maguire's book on "The Irish in America," in which that able writer, and shrewd observer, tracks his fellow countrymen, and their descendants, throughout the British Provinces, and from Maine to Mexico, finding them everywhere, while avoiding too much drink, doing well, often doing wonders. The details in Mr. Maguire's book as to the success of the Irish on this continent, to several of which Mr. Ryan referred, are most interesting. One great fact is worthy of special mention. Within a quarter of a century not less than £24,000,000, or supposing there was no depreciation of United States Currency, $120,000,000, was sent by the Irish in the United States to their kindred in Ireland. The lecture was closed by a well reasoned and instructive essay on Savings Banks in which it was shewn what a large interest the Irish on this continent have in these institutions, and how very valuable they are as the strong box of the humble man of moderate means, and provident habits. The lecturer spoke feelingly and eloquently of how well calculated they were to prevent want and suffering, how much they contributed in their effects on the mind to public order, to an anti revolutionary spirit. Lord Baron said that the man who had children gave hostages to the law. Most certainly so did the man who had money in the Savings Bank, every deposit there was a hostage to the law. Hence Mosely in his "political elements" says there is sufficient money in the Savings' Banks in England to prevent a revolution. He, the speaker, heartily wished that there was a Savings' Bank and a Temperance Society wherever the Irish were, and, trust him, the Irish would then soon be not only an able business people, but a Christian people of the highest type.

Mr. Ryan was, as might be expected, listened to throughout with marked attention and respect.

At the close a vote of thanks was proposed in the handsomest terms by P. A. Eglesen, Esq., senr., which was seconded by Moore A. Higgins, Esq., and supported in a brief but highly complimentary address by J. B. L. Fellows, Esq., Barrister.

Go to Young & Radford's to-day and Buy your Christmas Presents.

BY TELEGRAPH.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, Dec. 23.

Mr. C. J. Brydges is expected to arrive here to-morrow from England.

A petition was presented to the Superior Court, which was held this morning, the said petition being on behalf of F. X. Joly to restrain the Rev. Mr. Marvielle from usurping the office of the *curé* of the parish of Montreal by celebrating marriages, and from keeping register contrary to the code. Their decision will probably be given next week.

A large and influential petition was presented to Judge Coursol through the Hon. T. Ryan, requesting him to stand for the Mayoralty. He replied in French and English, accepting.

Go to Young & Radford's to-day and Buy your Christmas Presents.

QUEBEC.

QUEBEC, Dec. 23.

Mr. Joly, on the part of the Opposition, expressed deep sympathy for the family of the Hon. Premier in the loss of his daughter.

Hon. Mr. Ouimet, Sir Geo. Cartier, Mr. Chapleau and others followed, expressing their sympathy.

A telegram from Halifax, to-day, announces the death of Mrs. Glendymer, wife of Lieut. Glendymer of the 69th Regt., and daughter of the Hon. Mr. Chauveau, from yellow fever.

The Parliament will be prorogued to-mo[illegible]

Several members left for home to day.

Go to Young & Radford's to day and Buy your Christmas Presents.

London Markets.

LONDON, Dec. 22, 11:30 a.m.—Consols, 91⅞; money and account on bonds quiet and steady at '62, 88¼; '65, 88¼; '67, 87¾ 104's, 13¼; Stocks steady; Erie, 19¾; Illinois Central, 112; American and Great Western, 28¼.

Latest by Telegraph

VIA MONTREAL LINE.

THE WAR.

Midnight Despatches.

CABLE NEWS.

THE FRENCH DRIVEN FROM THEIR POSITION.

BERLIN, Dec. 23—The Germans under General Count Von der Goltz have surprised the French at Langres, in the department of the Haute Marne, and driven them from their position with heavy loss. Many prisoners and a large quantity of arms were taken.

A SORTIE FROM PARIS.

A despatch from Versailles states that on Tuesday the fire from the fortifications of Paris was active but ineffective. During the cannonade a sortie was made by the French against the Prussians and the 12th Saxon corps. The fight lasted several hours. The German loss was small.

MOBILES DEFEATED.

A body of Mobiles has been defeated by the Hanoverians under Gen. Devieghts-Rhetz, beyond Mannaie, a town in the department of Indreet Loire, eight miles N. N. E. of Tours.

ANNEXATION OF THE PAPAL STATES.

FLORENCE, Dec. 21.—The bill ratifying the annexation of the Roman States to Italy passed the Italian Chambers of Deputies by a vote of 239 to 20.

TURKISH EXPEDITION AGAINST THE ARABS.

CONSTANTINOPLE, December 23.—The Turkish expedition has started for Yemen for operations against the Arabs. Troops have already been forwarded to the number of 15,000, and reinforcements are to follow.

THE "TIMES" ON THE "ALABAMA" CLAIMS.

LONDON, December 22.—The *Times* to-day again editorially discusses the question of the *Alabama* claims. It says the Americans are ready to fight, although they appreciate the value of peace, because their exposed points are few, and their resources abundant. While they do not seek war they are not likely to decline challenge, whereas England is always averse to war for converse reasons.

THE NEW KING OF SPAIN.

MADRID, December 22.—New Year's Day has been fixed for the entry to Madrid of the Duke Aosta. In the meantime he will remain at the Royal Palace at Aranjaez.

Don Carlos has issued a protest against the elevation of an Italian to the throne and on support of his own claims thereto, which is supplied by five letters from Charles at Bert and Victor Emanuel.

The Cortes is still engaged in the discussion of the motion for dissolution.

WHARVES AND DOCKS COVERED WITH GOODS.

Antwerp is so overstretched with importations that the authorities have given notice of their inability to give a proper shelter to the goods. The wharves and docks are covered with merchandise suffering from exposure to the elements.

TOURS.

BORDEAUX, Dec. 23.—A despatch from Tours, dated last evening, and signed by the Mayor, informs the departments of the Interior that no more Prussians have entered the Department of Indreet, Loire, and that those who are there have proceeded toward Blois without entering Tours.

THE MURDER OF FONE.

A telegram from Lyons, on the 22nd, says that the entire population is indignant at the murder of Fone, Chief of Battalion of the Mund, and that the funeral was attended by all classes of people.

GAMBETTA AT LYONS.

Gambetta was received at Lyons with the warmest acclamation, and the universal request that the fullest measure of justice be recorded the wretches who have disturbed the order of the city. Several persons have been arrested for complicity in the assassination of Fone.

ADVICES FROM PARIS.

Advices from Paris to-night, 21st, brings the official report of the recent military operations. The report says operations were resumed to-day and only ceased at night fall. On the 8th Generals Malro and Blayst occupied Wenilly sur Marne, Villa Eosaid and Maison Blanche, all to the east of Paris. The fire of the enemy was silenced at all points. It is also stated that after a short combat, in which General Favre was wounded, the troops from St. Denis, under Admiral Laroucier, carried Bourget, to the North of Paris, but were unable to hold the place and retreated, having captured 100 prisoners.

DUCROT ENGAGED.

The forces of Ducrot were also engaged to the south of the City in a violent artillery action against Mountablon and Blanc Mesnil, and at night Ducrot reoccupied Grosslay and Draughey.

Gen Noelt on the side of Mount Valerien, West of Paris, against Mont Reinault and chief of battalion, re-occupied the Island of Chiard in the Seine. The Mobilized national guards fought with the troops in these engagements and displayed great ardour. The garrison of St. Denis and the Marne, lost considerably in attacking Bourget, but the losses of the other troops were not heavy.

GEN. TROCHU OUTSIDE PARIS WITH THE ARMY.

Gen. Trochu remains outside the city with the army.

ARRIVAL OF SPANISH TROOPS IN HAVANA.

HAVANA, 23—Three vessels have arrived from Spain, bringing 2,500 troops.

THE DANUBIAN DUCHIES.

The *Herald's* special dated Vienna, 21st, says the rumor published in the Austrian newspapers that the Roumanians intend declaring the Danubian Duchies independent from the Sublime Porte as a pure invention.

There is nothing to prove that the Prussians wish to break the Luxemburg question by arbitration.

ADVICES FROM BLOIS—THE CITY EXCITED—EVERYTHING IN READINESS FOR A SKEDADDLE.

BLOIS, Dec. 19.—The *Herald's* special despatch says: This city is excited. Intermittent fighting is continued without concentration of forces. In the capture of Orleans—constantly meeting the French lines—the Prussians have lost no opportunity to make an effort to break them, but their movements have been watched constantly with vigilance equal to their own. The surrounding line is extended on the right to Salbris, on the south side of the Lorne, and on the left from the neighborhood of Meung Manchenoir.

On Wednesday and Thursday fighting was lively along the whole line, especially to the left of Marchenoir. In that direction to-day it was difficult to find a pathway on account of stragglers, but the immense numbers does not compare with the proportions of to-day. As the Prussians to-day sent in shells into the town the stragglers were making vigorous efforts to find a place of safety. The commander at Blois evidently had but little confidence in his ability to keep the Prussians out. Waggons were under orders for a point to the west of Blois. Regiments of infantry were kept standing in the streets all night, and also cavalry with horses ready, offord evidence of preparations to skedaddle.

It is expected the Prussians will arrive on the south bank of the Loire, as they have pushed the line vigorously there. At night a gap was cut in the bridge and some preparations were made to defend the passage at several points. On the north side of the city is a broad straight street, at the end of which 100 steps led up to the heights, in the thick populated portion of the town. A number of Officers were posted on these heights to announce the coming foe, but they could not prevent the passage nor inflict any material damage. Their only effort was to draw a return fire which led to the explosion of a hundred shells piled against a house filled with wounded [illegible]

the Sultan. A large part of the Turkish fleet under Hobart Pacha has been ordered to the Red Sea to suppress Egyptian intrigues with the Arabian revolutionists. From other sources, the reported understanding between Russia and Turkey is denied.

Yesterday's Despatches.

A GREAT SORTIE MADE FROM PARIS.

BORDEAUX, Dec. 22.—A great sortie was made from Paris yesterday. Gen. Venney took La Grande Blanche, six miles east of Paris, and Ducrot fought a battle near Bronay.

PRUSSIANS ENTER TOURS.

It is officially announced that a few Prussians entered Tours last night. They belonged to an advanced post of the enemy, which held Monnache. A combat took place at the latter point, after which the enemy withdrew retiring in the direction of Paris.

LATER.

A SEVERE ENGAGEMENT—6,000 FRENCH FIGHT 10,000 PRUSSIANS FOR SEVEN HOURS—TOURS SURRENDERED.

BORDEAUX,—Even'g—Dec. 22.—There was a severe engagement near Tours yesterday. Six thousand French fought against ten thousand Prussians, with 24 cannons, for seven hours. The French finally retreated. The Prussians followed and commenced to bombard Tours, when the Mayor surrendered the town. This evening the Prussians evacuated Tours and retreated towords Chateau Renault.

Gen. Bremer near Nuits checked the Prussians. He advises the government that he can keep the enemy from advancing.

Among the prisoners recently captured there are many who state that they have not been a fortnight in France.

PRUSSIAN COLUMN APPROACHING RHEIMS.

LONDON, Dec. 22.—A Prussian column has been observed approaching Rheims. It is supposed to be on the march for Laon, Laftre and Choumy, to attack the French army of the North.

ECLIPSE IN ENGLAND.

The weather to-day is cloudy, and the eclipse of the sun was seen but imperfectly in the south of England. It was well observed in the northward, particularly at Wickford.

PRINCE FREDERICK CHARLES' COMMUNICATION SEVERED.

NEW YORK, Dec. 23—A private London despatch says that the French claim to have severed Prince Frederick Charles' communication, and to have captured two thousand prisoners as the Germans were leaving Tours.

They also report that the army of the Loire made a sucessful union, and is now 300,000 strong, and ready for the offensive.

A BATTLE FAVORABLE TO THE FRENCH.

A battle was fought with the result favorable to the French army. Our artillery was especialy successful.

Go to Young & Radford's to-day and Buy your Christmas Presents.

COUNTY COUNCIL.

Pursuant to adjournment the Council met at 10 o'clock, a.m.

Present—Ira Morgan, Warden; Messrs Smith, Dow, Hinton, Mohr, Fraser, Wallace, Conn, Green, Dawson, Caldwell, Sykes, and Cowan.

On the members being called to order the Clerk read the minutes of yesterday which were approved of.

Moved by Mr. Green, seconded by Mr. Dawson, that motion No. 13 be now taken up for discussion. Carried, and ordered to be left over until afternoon so as to afford an opportunity to absent members of being present.

Moved by Mr. Stuart, seconded by Mr. Cowan, that the Warden be and he is hereby instructed, on behalf of the Council, to tender our sincere thanks to the County Councils of the following counties, who have so freely contributed in reference to our Warden's circular in granting relief to the sufferers by the recent disastrous fires in this county; and that the clerk do forward to each County Warden who so contributed a copy of their motion.

County of Norfolk	$400
" Hastings	200
" Stormont, Dundas, and Glengarry	400
" Huron	400
" Wellington	500
" Lanark	500
" Waterloo	400
" Lincoln	200
" Prince Edward	400
" Leeds and Grenville	300
" Prescott and Russell	400
" Elgin	100
" Peterborough	400

The Secretary Treasurer's report and financial statement was submitted and read by the Warden.

Moved by Mr. Stewart, seconded by Mr. Smith, that the Treasurer's statement of assets and liabilities of this county, be referred to the Committee on Finance for their consideration. Carried.

Moved by Mr Dawson, seconded by Mr. Green, that the thanks of this Corporation are hereby tendered Messrs. Lyon & Scott, and other members of the Local Legislature, for their exertions in trying to procure aid by way of grant from the Ontario Government in behalf of the sufferers by fire in this county. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Hinton, seconded by Mr. Wallace, that this Council do adjourn until two o'clock p.m., so that the several committees may have their reports prepared. Carried.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

Pursuant to adjournment the Council met at 2 o'clock, p. m.

The Warden read communication of the Warden of Waterloo County enclosing a cheque for $400 in aid of the sufferers by recent fires in that section in reference to our Warden's circular in that behalf.

Also communication of H. O. Wood, P. L. S, respecting his appointment to make a certain survey in the Township of Osgoode.

Motion No. 13 was then submitted for discussion in accordance with motion No. 15. After considerable discussion the following motion was submitted,

Moved by Mr. Dow, seconded by Mr. Caldwell in amendment that the application for certain grants to the Township of March and other townships of this county be laid over for consideration until next session.—Carried.

Mr. Green called for the yeas and nays.

Yeas—Messrs. Caldwell, Hinton, Sykes, Mohr, Cowan, Wallace, Cummings, Stewart, Blackburn, Smith, Dow and Conn—12.

Nays—Messrs. Green, Dawson and Fraser—3.

The original motion No. 13 was ordered to stand over accordingly.

Moved by Mr. Stewart, seconded by Mr. Blackburn, That hereafter no monies be paid to any member of this Council for attendance or milage unless by pay list signed by the Warden or Chairman and certified by the Clerk of this Council as to attendance of each respective member and for attendance at Committee duties, pay Lists must be certified by the Chairman of Committee, also that the Clerk immediately furnish the Treasurer with Copy of this resolution.—Carried.

The Warden read a communication from Messrs. Lees and Gemmill enclosing resolution of Council of Township of Fitzroy, respecting certain funds granted by this Council to assist in building a Bridge at Hubbels Falls, payment of which has been refused.

Moved by Mr. Mohr, seconded by Mr. Blackburn, That the Warden give instruction to the Treasurer to pay the amount voted by the Council for the erection of Bridge over Mississippi River in the Township of Fitzroy, being one hundred and fifty dollars, as said work has been performed to the satisfaction of commissioners [illegible] granted him for services during past year and that the Warden do issue his warrant for payment of said fifty dollars. Carried.

Mr. Wallace enquired for particulars respecting appointment of H. Wood, Esq., P. L. G., to perform a certain survey in Township of Osgood, instead of [illegible] Sparks, Esq., P. L. S., who was ordered to be recommended by this Council.

Satisfactory explanation was given.

Moved by Mr. Stewart, That this Council do now adjourn until to-morrow morning at 9 o'clock. Carried.

(Certified) WM. COWAN, C.C.C.

CHRISTMAS NOVELTIES

WHO'S YOUR HATTER?

Cosaques! Mrs. Broyon! Christmas Magic! Love Among the Roses! Floral Fortune Teller! Kiss Me Quick! Frosted Magic

Bon Bons! Holly Bouquets! Missletoe Bouquets! Holly Wreaths! Missletoe Wreaths! Grape Wreaths! Perfume Bouquets

Fancy Gelatine Flags for Decorating! Fancy Gelatine Flags for Christmas Pudding!

MOTTOES
—IN—
GREAT VARIETY
—AT—
THE TEA POT
RIDEAU STREET.

During the Festive Season,
5lb. CHOICE TEA FOR $2.00,
Warranted to give Satisfaction.

Ottawa, Dec. 23, 1870. 1547tf

ENGLISH BUNN HOUSE, 37 Sussex Street.

C. BARTLET begs to remind the public that he will commence the **Muffin** season this **Day**. All orders sent to any part of the city. He also begs to remind the public that he is buying in a large stock of Confectionery Ornaments for Christmas, from England, from the best houses in the line in London. **Rich Bon Bons**, of every variety, **Fancy Boxes, Cake Ornaments**, a number of shell boxes, from Brighton, [illegible] and Also, a great variety of other goods fit for **Christmas and New Year's Presents**, too numerous to insert in this advertisement. He therefore begs an early call, and inspect for yourselves, as he is certain he will have the largest and best assortment in the trade. Also, a very large assortment of rich Cakes, ornamented and plain **Fruit, Citron, Seed, Genoa, Madeira, Pound Cakes, Macaroons, Sponge, Lady Fingers.** All kinds of Jellies. A large assortment of preserves in pots to suit customers. Sweets of every kind in great variety. An immense stock of *Fancy Hearts, Wholesale and Retail.*

N.B.—Tea and Coffee Hot at all hours of the day. Refreshments of every kind always on hand. Oyster Patties and Oysters Stewed in any style on the shortest notice.

Ottawa, Dec 22. 1546d

CARD.

The Subscriber begs to return thanks to his Customers and the public generally, for the Liberal Support extended to him for the last nine years, and by Strict Attention to his business hopes to secure their Patronage in future. He would also remind them that he has always on hand

FRESH MEAT,
PORK,
HAM,
And all the FOWLS of the Season.

JOHN KENNEDY.

Ottawa, Dec. 22, 1870. 1546

CARD.

The Subscriber in returning thanks for the Liberal Support extended to him since his Start, *begs to inform his many Customers and the public generally*, that he has always on hand a large supply of the following articles.

BACON, Rolled and Spiced.
HAMS, Sugar Cured,
SAUCES of all kinds, and all other articles in the trade.

HERMAN THORBAHN
STALL No. 10,
Ottawa, Dec. 21, 1870 1546 9

BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER

The Court of Directors hereby give notice that a half yearly dividend at the rate of six per cent per annum on the Capital of the Bank, will be payable on the 5th day of January 1871, to the proprietors of shares registered in the Colonies. The dividend is declared in sterling money, and will be payable at the rate of exchange current on the 5th day of January 1871, to be fixed by the Local Board.

No transfer can be made between the 21th inst., and the 5th prox, as the books must be closed during that period.

By order of the Court.
R. W. BRADFORD, Secretary.

No. 124 Bishopsgate Street Within, London, E. C., Dec. 6th, 1870. 1547-436

SCHOOL TEACHER wanted for School Section No. 11, Gloucester. Gloucester, Dec 22, 1870 1547a

WELLINGTON WARD MARKET.

No. 2 STALL.

The Subscriber begs to tender to his numerous customers his sincere thanks for their liberal patronage during the past year, and in asking for a continuance of the same, would call special attention to his

CHRISTMAS STOCK of BEEF, MUTTON, PORK, SAUSAGES, POULTRY, &c., &c.

All orders delivered punctually at any part of the city

ALFRED BUFTON.

Ottawa, December 2[illegible], 1870 [illegible]

GEO. HAYES,
Copper Plate Printer.

POOR COPY

Esquimaux Coats at Devlin's.

LOCAL NEWS.

New Stereoscopes and Slides, Bohemian Lamps, Microscopes, choice French and English Parfumery, at the

OTTAWA DRUG STORE,
Sappers' Bridge,
W. HEARN,

GO TO YOUNG & RADFORD'S TO-DAY AND BUY YOUR CHRISTMAS PRESENTS.

The largest and most delicious oysters in Ottawa, are to be had at J. Buss & Co's. Sussex street.—He is a right good fellow.

Remember the concert at the Victoria Academy on Wellington street, on Monday evening next.

ARRIVALS AT THE RUSSELL HOUSE.—Friday—D Morris Montreal; E P Penfield, Hartford, Ct; F S Detlor, Prescott.

☞ 50 dozen Velveteen Hats, from 25 cents upwards. A large assortment of Flowers and Feathers. Trimmed Hats and Bonnets.
At the "Golden Lion."
R. L. JAMES & Co.

Go to Young & Radford's to-day and Buy your Christmas Presents.

The Treasurer of the St. George's Society begs to acknowledge with thanks the receipt of a donation of $20 from Thos Reynolds, Esq., Managing Director of the St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway.

POLICE COURT.—Friday—There was only one case we are happy to say at the Court this morning. A man was charge with attempting to drive through the Montreal toll gate without paying toll. Find $2 and costs.

ROAST BEEF OF OLD ENGLAND.—All lovers of good Roast Beef should pay a visit to Messrs. Satchell Bros. stall before purchasing their Christmas dinner. No. 587, Lower Town Market. 1546 3

GO TO YOUNG & RADFORD'S TO-DAY AND BUY YOUR CHRISTMAS PRESENTS.

Parties wishing to make a nice present to their friends for Christmas—Raphaels splendid picture, done in Chromo Lithography, "Habitants Chased by Wolves," can be had at Gowans picture store, Sparks street. Mr. J. G. Davis is agent for the sale of it in this city.

THE MARKET.—Friday—There was an immense attendance on the market this morning. Produce of every kind was in great abundance, and purchasers were numerous. The wood and hay markets were well supplied, and though everything was bought up rapidly there was no material change in prices.

GO TO YOUNG & RADFORD'S TO-DAY AND BUY YOUR CHRISTMAS PRESENTS.

NOTICE.—Now is the time. Go and see C. P. Dorion, 60 Sparks Street, for stoves and stove-pipe fitting. No puff; but see for yourselves. Lumbermen and country Merchants come and see. The most complete House in this Line in the Capital, See Posters. C. P. Dorion, 60 Sparks Street. 1486 2m.

On the breaking up of Miss Davis's select School for young ladies, in Besserer street, for the holidays, her pupils presented her with some substantial and valuable presents, as tokens of remembrance. It is pleasing to have to record such an affection as existing between Pupils and Teacher.

GO TO YOUNG & RADFORD'S TO-DAY AND BUY YOUR CHRISTMAS PRESENTS.

CHRIST CHURCH AND CHAPEL READINGS.—The above readings were as usual well attended last night, the Hall being over crowded. The readings were very interesting and some of them very harmonous, particularly that by Lieut. Col. Wily. The musical portion of the entertainment was if anything superior to that of previous occasions.

Yesterday Messrs. Perley, Booth and Merrill superintended the unloading of the engine from the car. It has cost about $9,000, and in addition to this, considerable expense will be gone to in erecting, as those enterprising gentlemen intend a fire proof building in which to keep the engine and all its concomitants.

The benevolent countenance of Mr. H. McCormick, the Treasurer of the Irish Protestant Benevolent Society of Ottawa, will, we are sure, beam with pleasure when he receives the order to pay a double share to the pensioners of the society during this the Christmas week.

Messrs. H & J. Gowan have proved clearly that their importations of suitable presents for Christmas and New Year have met the wants of the community. This store on Sparks street has been crowded by people of all classes desirous of obtaining cheap and at the same time valuable presents. We hope that the enterprise of the Messrs. Gowan will be further rewarded by a continued liberal patronage.

GO TO YOUNG & RADFORD'S TO-DAY AND BUY YOUR CHRISTMAS PRESENTS.

The Fire Relief Committee beg to acknowledge with thanks the following donations, from

S. T. Willett, Chambly, Quebec, 1 parcel new under clothing.
Ladies of the Presbyterian Congregation of North and South Georgetown, Quebec 2 bales of blankets and quilts.
Inhabitants of Brome, Quebec, per Rev. R. Lindsay, 3 boxes of clothing and blankets.
Inhabitants of Bowmanville, Ontario, 1 bale clothing.
Ottawa, 23 Dec., 1870.

Go to Young & Radford's to-day and Buy your Christmas Presents.

A RASH ACT.—As the Grand Trunk Western Express train, on Thursday evening last, was some distance past Coteau Landing Station, and proceeding at a rapid rate of speed, a man was seen to jump from the platform of the second class car, and fall in the snow near the track. The alarm was given, and the conductor, as quickly as possible, stopped the train and had it backed up to where the man had jumped off. As the train went back speculation was rife among the passengers as to the fate of the rash individual for there

OTTAWA PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY.—By the kindness of Mr. Gowan this society will hold its next two meetings in his hall on Tuesday, instead of Monday, those days being occupied by the postponed celebration of 'Xmas and the New Year. We hope that the Philharmonic will meet with the encouragement it so well merits during the coming winter both in an increasing list of active members, and in the cordial support of subscribers throughout the city. We believe that three concerts are in contemplation, the first about the middle of January comprising in its programme a large selection from Handel's immortal oration "Messiah."

The Committee of Management of the St. George's Society beg leave to tender their sincere thanks to Messrs. Mercer and Brewer, conductors; to Messrs. Gowan, and to the members of their celebrated band, and to the several ladies and gentlemen who so kindly assisted at the concert given in Her Majesty's Theatre, on the 15th inst., in aid of the Christmas Special Fund; also to Mr. E. Miles for the loan of the splendid New York "Union" pianoforte used on the occasion; to Mr. Ams Rowe for the generous loan of furniture, and to the citizens of Ottawa in general for their support.

We have been requested to state that the Christmas distribution will take place on the premises of the Treasurer of the Society, T. Starmer, Esq., Rideau street, at two o'clock on Saturday afternoon next. Donations of provisions or other articles will be thankfully received by the Treasurer.

Go to Young & Radford's to-day and Buy your Christmas Presents.

What to Buy & Where to Go to.

So much has been written about Christmas and its associations; so completely exhausted, it may be said, has the subject become that there is really a terrible risk of what is to be said about it at the present day becoming hackneyed. But, however hackneyed the attempts of the descriptive writer may be, it is certain the happy season itself or its glorious associations can never become tiresome repetitions so long as mankind has a heart susceptible to emotion, or belief in a faith that leads him to rejoice in the celebration of the birth of his Redeemer. The writer of to-day may go over old ground as he attempts to pourtray the joy of the re united family as they are seated around the hospitable board or assembled before the orthodox old fashioned fire-place, but the joy is just as fresh as ever. No matter how often the scene may have been painted of others the face and eyes of the school boy or girl of to-day as he or she puts away books, and pencils, and slate, and pen, and hastes homewards for the Christmas holidays, full of eager anticipation, is just as joyous and sparkling as ever. So long as there is a Christmas will the old associations cling fast to it. In the Mother Country the roast beef and plum pudding is considered so necessary to the occasion that hard indeed must be the lot of the family who cannot enjoy this luxury furnished from their own carefully hoarded purse, or the kind hand of the hospitable individual in the capacity of friend or landlord. There, too is the occasion still further celebrated by the richer classes in the indulgence of the fat turkey or famous goose, costing nearly as many half crowns as there are pounds of flesh, and if by any chance old Father Christmas comes to them in his snowy mantle or favours them with a heavy shower of the feathers of the Christmas goose, is the *eclat* of the occasion still further enhanced. Now it is in Canada that we have the superiority over the mother land in the opportunity to do honor to the merry season. Our cities may not be so large, our shops not quite so numerous, but is it not true that poor indeed must the family be, who cannot enjoy the plump turkey or savory goose, and unusual indeed would it be to have a Christmas without a liberal depth of snow, and the musical tinkle of the sleigh bells. Much as Christmas is enjoyed in the Mother Country, not a whit less is it enjoyed in this Canada of ours. If the merchants and storekeepers at home are enterprising in their exhibition of goods, and in their laudable desire to enter to the extraordinary expenditure of the season, not a whit behind them are the merchants of our Dominion or of the capital, and proof of this our readers will find in the following description of the contents of the numerous handsome stores in the city.

DRY GOODS.

Among the most elegant of the many elegant and extensive dry goods establishments in the city is the establishment of Messrs. Hunton, Shoolbred & Co., corner of Sparks and Metcalfe streets. It is not long since this firm gave a panoramic display in their windows of the rich stock of goods imported by them at that date. This display was the source of much attraction and admiration, and resulted, it is safe to say, in the most extravagant expenditure on the part of all who were in the happy position to purchase. Paterfamilias was in duty bound to keep sacred the traditions peculiar to his nomenclature and position, and if merchants did make a tempting display he was as sure to become a victim. If he was a victim then he has to be a far greater victim now, for the above firm have not only added to their immense stock, but make inside a rich display hard to be resisted even by the matter of fact head of the family, or excelled by other merchants in the same line. All that can be said to a reading and consequently a discriminating public is to go and judge for yourselves by inspection the truth of the remarks we now make.

Garland, Mutehmor & Company's, as a dry goods establishment, is second to none in the city. The aim of the firm has been to meet the requirements of the public, and that they have succeeded in so doing none are more willing to admit than the public who have so long dealt with them. An inducement is offered to the people of Ottawa in the shape of extensive and varied importations, and no greater inducement can be offered to that very critical couple "all the world and his wife."

McGee & Russell, is a firm well known and really requiring little recommendation. The tempting display made in their windows is but an index to the rich stock to be found within. In addition to the usual dry goods stock, this firm advertisel an extensive tailoring department under the directions of one of the most skilful cutters in the Dominion. No establishment in the city is more capable of furnishing and fitting, whether in the tailoring or millinery department than the firm of McGee & Russell.

Patterson & Bryson, a firm lately established in business it is true, but from the capital business they have to back are destined to become still more popular. They have a good stand in Sparks street; a good stock; are energetic and obliging and determined to be up to the necessities of the thousands or million.

R. L. James, better known as the Golden Lion. Whether the firm are in possession of a golden lion or not may be a subject of conjecture, but no one will deny they have a golden opportunity and situation in the city and they are fast taking advantage of both. The partners not only deal in dry goods, but in gentlemen's furnishings of the best description. In the latter department they have already done a very large business and are quite prepared to quickly supply all future wants of the sterner sex. They understand how to advertise and where to advertise, as their advertisement in this paper proves. This may be truthfully said of all the leading merchants of the city.

CLOTHING AND DRY GOODS.

Under this heading we may mention the establishment of Messrs. O'Meara & Co., Sparks street, where a complete assortment of ready made clothes in the latest fashions and styles is on hand, and also a large stock of dry goods. Clothes are also made to order, and every attention is paid to the interests of customers.

Messrs. Preston & Rowsell, Sparks street, next door to the office of this paper, are well known in this city as very competent in the tailoring line. They command a very extensive patronage, and their work is always highly spoken of.

GROCERIES AND LIQUORS.

Under this heading we will point out some of the best and most reliable establishments in the line of business in the city.

The "Tea Pot," Rideau street, under the ownership of Mr. John Hill, is prominent in the van of grocery and liquor stores in Ottawa. Mr. Hill's establishment was long known and patronized very extensively, as it is at present by the city and surrounding country, while a branch establishment of the "Tea Pot" business, under the management of G. Robinson & Co. Mr. Hill is the only member of that firm now connected with the grocery business in Ottawa. He has enlarged and improved his store and is doing an extensive business, both in the wholesale and retail line. He has now on hand an immense stock of the best groceries and liquors.

Mr. Patterson owns one of the most respectable grocery establishments in the city. He has carried on business for a number of years in Ottawa, and always secured a large amount of public patronage. He has now on hand a great variety of first class articles in his line, and as at this festive season the indulgence in luxuries is almost unrestrained, we may state that Mr. Patterson can accommodate the most particular connoisseur. His wines and liquors are particularly worthy of notice. He imports his wines directly from the wine producing districts of Europe, and can be recommended for their purity and flavor.

Mr. Baskerville is so well and favorably known in connection with this branch of business in Ottawa that it would be almost superfluous for us to make much reference to him. He conducts two grocery stands in this city and is doing a large business. One of his stores is on Duke street, Chaudiere, and the other on Rideau street Lower Town, in which latter place his establishment is very extensive. Mr. Baskerville keeps always on hand a complete assortment of groceries, liquors and market produce.

Mr. D. Whelan, who for a number of years carried on business on the North side of Rideau street, and since burned out, has removed to a block about opposite his old stand, throughout commanded a large share of the public patronage and we should say deservedly so. The quality of his goods is always pronounced good. He does a particularly large business with the farming community.

Mr Des Les Derniers has opened a new grocery store in the large stone building on the corner of Sussex and York streets. His shop presents a very neat appearance, and though but a short time established in Ottawa he has by an obliging manner and scrupulous regard for the interest of his customers secured large amount of the public patronage.

WINES, &c.

J. P. MacPherson, Esq., is proprietor of the Wine Vaults, Elgin street. His whole attention and time is given to the wine and liquor business, and he keeps for sale the best brands obtainable in European markets. He has always on hand a full stock of brandies, gins, Jamaica rum, proof and old rye whiskey, sherries, still and sparkling Moselle, champagne, &c., &c., &c

Mr. MacPherson is also agent for Queton St. George & Co.'s celebrated pure French wine.

FURRIERS.

James Peacock—the public must not infer from the name that in this case it is all feathers and no fur. The Peacock in this case has a great deal more fur than feathers, as all have an opportunity of proving who visit this establishment. We might go further and say that if the cap fits any one, as far as these remarks are concerned, he can draw it on in this store as well as in any other in the city.

R. J. DEVLIN.

In this case if you desire to keep the Devlin (devilgin) and to keep warm you must assuredly keep the cold out, and how can you succeed better in so doing than by going to the establishment where you will always find a Devlin, (devil in). To bring the matter to a head or if you like to cap these remarks go to the above gentleman's well stocked and handsome store.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Messrs. Buss & Co.'s Fruit Store, Sussex street, is now so well known in Ottawa as the first and best of the kind that we need say but little about it. The firm of Buss & Co. is in fact the most extensive fruit dealing one in the whole Dominion. Besides the head establishment in Montreal they have branch establishments in several of the principal Canadian cities. The branch in Ottawa is conducted by Mr. Lorenz, a young man thoroughly posted in the business, obliging and attentive to his numerous customers. Mr. Lorenz also keeps constantly on hand a supply of fresh fish, oysters, &c. His establishment is noted for the superior quality of these latter articles. We would recommend the public desirous of purchasing in this line to give Buss & Co., Sussex street, a call.

ENGLISH BUNN HOUSE.

Mr. C. Bartlet is proprietor of this establishment, No. 37 Sussex street. His confectionary is, as proved by the public patronage extended him, the best in the city. He has now on hand an immense quantity of everything usually obtainable in a first-class confectionary. He offers particular inducements at this season to persons wishing to purchase Christmas and New Year's presents. Among other articles of his stock we may mention rich bon-bons of every description, fancy boxes, cake ornaments, pound cakes, all kinds of jellies, &c. Refreshments with hot tea or coffee can also be had at any time of the day. A visit to Mr. Bartlet's at present would well repay any trouble.

Mr. Hauser keeps always on hand the latest and best periodicals and newspapers published in America, as well as several select European papers. Mr. Houser has also opened up a new store on Rideau street where a large variety of toys, jewellery, and fancy goods very appropriate for Christmas presents and New Year's gifts can be had at prices little in advance of cost. At this happy season people are particularly desirous of making gifts, presents &c., and if we were asked where those articles could be had

DIED.

On Friday evening, the 23rd inst., after a long and painful illness, which she bore with true Christian fortitude, Julia Keating, wife of James Murphy, of this city, and a native of the County Kilkenny, Ireland, aged 84 year

Friends and acquaintances are thus respectfully requested to attend her funeral on Sunday, the 25th, at two o'clock, p.m., from her son in-law, W. A. Hearn's residence, Chaudiere, to the place of Interment, Sandy Hill.

*** Montreal papers please copy.

On Friday, the 23rd inst., at 1:40 p.m., Mrs. Emily Smith, wife of George Smith, night watchman of the House of Commons, aged 25 years.

The funeral will take place from her late residence, Nelson street, at 2:30 p.m., on Sunday, the 25th inst. Friends and acquaintances are requested to attend without further notice.

On Friday morning, the 23rd December, Isabella Ramsay, wife of James Peacock.

Friends and acquaintances are requested to attend her funeral from her late residence, 33 Rideau street, on Monday, the 26th inst., at three o'clock, p.m.

*** A native of Dundee, in Scotland, Mrs. Peacock, followed her husband to this country, in 1843, bringing with her a considerable family of sons and daughters, nearly all of whom survive her. Mr. Peacock had come thither in advance, and having succeeded in business to the extent of his wishes, brought out the subject of this notice, and after a short sojourn in Montreal, removed to Ottawa, where the whole family have since dwelt, thriving, and being more and more respected as time wore on. Those who knew Mr. Jas. Peacock—and there are indeed very few in Ottawa who know him not—will deeply sympathize with him in this, his greatest and most trying affliction, that of the loss of the partner in his toils, and mayhap early sufferings, and the cherished sharer of his joys, the comforter of his age, as she was the solace of his youth. All, however, alike await the inevitable hour, and there is comfort in the reflection that Mrs. Peacock's latest breath was expended in the bosom of her family, among valued friends, and with those consolations which religious consciousness invariably bestow.

AMICUS.

PURSE FOUND.

On Rideau Street, near the corner of Sussex street, a purse containing a small amount of money, which the owner can have by calling at Dr. Leggo's Dental Rooms, Sparks street, proving property and paying for this adver-

TOYS!

TOYS!

TOYS!

FANCY GOODS

—FOR THE—

MILLION.

GO TO

H. H. PALMER'S,

AND INSPECT HIS

STOCK OF JEWELLERY

—AND—

FANCY GOODS.

A very fine assortment of

LADIES CARD CASES,

RING AND JEWEL BOXES.

☞ REMEMBER THE OLD STAND ☜

No. 7

AND AT THE

NEW STORE,

No. 29 SUSSEX-ST.

NEXT DOOR TO

J. B. BUSS & Co.

OTTAWA, December 22, 1870. 1546y

BIVALVULAR!

It was a maxim of Euripides either to keep silence or to speak something better than silence. Whether this maxim is worthy of imitation or not must be decided by a

DISCRIMINATING PUBLIC.

There is, however, one important truth which demands a word, and that is, *there is no one article of food more universally palatable than the*

OYSTER,

And yet, even in the present day, very few really know what a good OYSTER is, or where the best can be obtained. The best JUDGES affirm that in no other place in the City can as good an article be found, as at the

American Oyster

COMPANY'S DEPOT,

27 SUSSEX-ST.

In view of this indisputable fact

J. B. BUSS & Co.,

Who has been connected with the business for the last 15 years are determined that everybody shall understand where the luxury may be found. To every lover of the BIVALVE they would say

BUY NONE BUT

J. B. BUSS & Co's

OYSTERS.

They are put up in the neatest possible manner, and delivered to any part of the city, and furnished either in

CANS,
KEGS,
BULK,
Or in the
SHELL,

Fancy Goods.

NEW GOODS

—FOR THE—

HOLIDAYS!

PATTERSON & BRYSON,

53 SPARKS STREET,

Have just received a new assortment of FANCY GOODS for the approaching

HOLIDAYS.

In FANCY WOOLEN GOODS of all descriptions we are making a very large Show.

We have secured a quantity of JOUVINS celebrated GOLD MEDAL KID GLOVES, which we sell at FIFTY CENTS.

In going through our stock we have cleared a lot of Remnants of FLANNELS, WINCIES, CLOTHS, etc., which we have markd at prices that will clear them out at once.

☞ Call and secure a Bargain.

We call the attention of Gentlemen to our New SURPRISE COLLAR, (the best make) one prize in every Cartoon.

For sale during the Holidays.

☞ REMEMBER THE PLACE,

PATTERSON & BRYSON.

Opposite BATE & Co.

Ottawa, Dec. 20, 1870.

CANADA

GREY COTTONS,

Dundas Manufacture,

ALL NUMBERS.

We have again much pleasure to inform our regular customers (for the above justly celebrated GOODS), and the public generally that the

FIRST FIVE BALES

Of a monthly supply, have just arrived and are now for SALE at our RETAIL STORE, SPARKS STREET, by the YARD or PIECE, at a small advance on MILL PRICES.

☞ For Bleaching purposes and for wear they are without their equal in the Dominion.

☞ Wholesale at mill prices.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, Dec. 22, 1870.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

14 RIDEAU STREET,

Have now received a full supply of

☞ NEW FALL GOODS ☜

IN ALL

DEPARTMENTS.

Ottawa, September 26, 1870

WHOLESALE.

GREY BLANKETS, Cornwall,

THE TEA POT,

RIDEAU STREET.

Ticket for Christmas!

3 lbs. Raisins for	1s. 3d.
3 " New Figs for	1s. 3d.
3 " Currants for	1s. 3d.
1 Bottle Pure Old Rye for	1s. 3d.
1 Bottle Family Proof for	1s. 3d.
1 Bottle Scotch Whiskey for	1s. 3d.
1 Bottle Pure Elderberry Wine for	1s. 3d.

(OWN IMPORTATION, FROM ENGLAND, WARRANTED GENUINE.)

The above articles will be sold at these prices during the Holiday Season.

All goods delivered free (within the limits of the city) by our own waggons, and every attention will be paid to proper packing and delivery.

JOHN HILL,
"THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET.

1870 XMAS & NEW YEAR 1871

The Subscriber has just received an assortment of

Bohemian Vases,
Toilet Bottles
and Sets.

—ALSO—

Lubin's and Violet's
Perfumery,
Mirrors
AND FINE
Toilet Articles.

ALEX. CHRISTIE,
Druggist,
40 Sparks-st.

Ottawa, Dec. 22, 1870. 1546y

FOR CHRISTMAS PRESENTS
—AND—
NEW YEAR'S GIFTS.

A great Variety of TOYS, ALBUMS, LADIES COMPANIONS, WRITING DESKS, JEWELLERY, JUVENILE BOOKS, and other Fancy Goods, at

HAUSER'S NEW STORE,
Rideau Street,
Ottawa, Dec 14, 1870 1539y

TWO OR THREE GENTLEMEN
be accommodated with
ROOMS, WITH OR WITHOUT BOARD
Apply at
MR. ROWSELL'S,
Opposite the Union Hotel,
Centre Town.
Ottawa, July 5, 1870. 1486 y

LIFE ASSOCIATION OF SCOTLAND.

Invested Funds Upwards of $1,300,000 Sterling.

HEAD OFFICE FOR CANADA,
MONTREAL.

This institution differs from other Life Offices in that the Bonus from Profits are applied on a special system for the Policy Holders.

Personal Benefit and Enjoyment during his own Lifetime, with the option of large Bonus additions to the sum assured. The Policy Holder thus obtains:

A LARGE REDUCTION OF PRESENT OUTLAY

OR A PROVISION FOR OLD AGE,

of a most important amount in the one Cash payment, or a life annuity, without any expense or outlay whatever beyond the ordinary assurance premium for the original sum assured, which remains intact for the Policy Holder's heirs, or other purposes.

P WARDLAW, Secretary.

AGENTS—Messrs J T & W PENNOCK Ottawa.
December 15, 1870. 1541 3m

THE METROPOLITAN
Building and Savings Society.

MONEY TO LOAN.

The above society having commenced operations on the 1st October last, have opened an office in Bang's Block, Elgin Street, Ottawa, and are now prepared to loan money on city or other property, at the lowest rates, repayable by monthly instalments, or otherwise, to suit borrowers.

Apply to
JAMES COX,
Secretary-Treasurer.
Ottawa, 13th December, 1870. 1549t1J71

JAMES PRACOCK,

FURS,

FURS, FURS,

FURS.

I beg to intimate that my FUR STOCK is now complete in every

DEPARTMENT.

AN EARLY CALL IS SOLICITED.

☞ Remember the place,

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS,

(WOODS AND FORESTS BRANCH,)

TORONTO, 2nd December, 1870.

Notice is hereby given, that an Order in Council was this day made, directing that a tariff of $100 per thousand cubic feet on Square Timber, and $1 60 per standard Saw Log of 200 feet Board measure, be imposed on any White or Red Pine Timber hereafter found to have been cut or manufactured in trespass or an unlicensed, unsold or unlocated lands of the Crown, without prejudice to the right to confiscate:

THOS. H. JOHNSON,
1543 6 Asst.-Commissioner.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned will be received at this office, until Thursday the 5th day of January, 1871, at noon, for certain works to be performed on the Madawaska River, from Arnprior to Burnstown and also from Calabogie Lake to Chain Rapids.

Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of the Superintendent of the Ottawa River Works, where printed forms of tender and other information can also be obtained.

Separate tenders for each work to be made, endorsed respectively "Tender for Works from Arnprior to Burnstown," and "Tender for Works from Calabogie Lake to Chain Rapids."

The signatures of two solvent and responsible persons, willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract, must be attached to each tender.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,
F BRAUN,
Secretary.
Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 24th Dec., 1870 1543 3

"THE GEM."

The latest and richest

"PERFUME"

In the Dominion

Equal to Lubin's, and much less in price.

Patronized by the

ELITE OF MONTREAL.

Sold by every chemist in the city, and manufactured wholesale by

MUNRO & JACKSON,
1546b Druggists and Perfumers, Montreal.

STALL No. 1.

JOHN TERRANCE in returning thanks to his customers for their liberal patronage to him for the past 8 years, wishes it understood that he has on the X'mas Holiday an assortment of the best BEEF, PORK, MUTTON, and all the FOWLS of the season, which he warrants the best in the market, and as cheap as the cheapest.

Ottawa, Dec 22, 1870 1546 6

HOLIDAY GOODS AND GIFTS,

ORNAMENTAL AND USEFUL,

—AT THE—

VARIETY HALL,

Children's Toy Tea Sets, Valeck China Ornaments, (entirely new on this Continent); Parian Statuary, from the best makers); Bohemian Glassware of every description, China Ornaments and Vases, Majolica Water Pitchers and Ornaments, Table Glassware of every quality, Wood and Tin Toys, Sleighs Misses Tea Sets, and Rocking Horses, 1,000 Snow Shovels for Children. Willow Chairs and Book Tables, Children's Chairs in Variety, Breakfast Sets Dinner Sets and Tea Sets of every description, and in fact every description of goods for ornamental or useful purposes at the

VARIETY HALL,
34 Sussex Street.
Ottawa, Dec. 22, 1870 1546f

OTTAWA MARBLE WORKS,

—AND—

DRAIN-PIPE DEPOT,

RIDEAU STREET,

ESTABLISHED 1860.

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

1870. FALL ARRANGEMENT. 1870.

CLOSE.

A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	
11.15	6.00	3.30	Eastern, by Train; Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., &c., per St. L. & O. Railway
6.00	11.15	.....	Montreal, by Steamer
11.15	8.30	.....	Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B., by St. L. & O. Railway
8.30	11.15	.....	Western, by Train; Toronto, Hamilton, London, Kingston, Western, U.S., and all places west of Prescott
8.30	8.30	.....	Port Carry and other places in the Province of Manitoba to be despatched to closed mail from Windsor, Ontario, daily, via St. Paul, Minnesota. Ordinary Dominion rates of postage
1.15	.....	.....	United States, by St. L. & O. Railway; Ogdensburgh, New York, Boston, &c
3.00	.....	.....	Lower Ottawa, by Steamer; Buckingham, L'Orignal, Greenville, &c.
5.00	12.15	.....	Upper Ottawa, by Steamer; Gordon, Arnprior, Sand Point, Renfrew, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c
5.00	11.00	.....	Aylmer, by Stage; Hull, Chelsea, Wakefield, Bristol, Aylmer, Carp, &c.
7.30	11.15	.....	Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Burritt's Rapids by St. L. & O. Railway
11.15	.....	.....	North Gower, Kars, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway
8.30	.....	.....	Osgoode, Russell, and Line of St. L. & O. Railway
8.30	.....	4.30	For Brockville, Perth, Smith's Falls, Appleton and Carleton Place, per Canada Central Railway
8.30	.....	.....	For Sand Point and places on the Brockville and Ottawa Rail; Perth of Carleton Place Junction, and places on C. C. Railway
6.00	.....	.....	Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate offices daily; Aylmer, Kanaboro, Low, River Desert, Six Portages, Wright, Gracefield, Maniwaki, Pembroke, Portage-du-Fort, Renfrew, Arnprior, Braeside, Sand Point

The Times

VOL. IV. NO. 1549. OTTAWA, MONDAY, DECEMBER 26, 1870 {PRICE—3 CENTS

Legal.

J. W. WARD, Barrister-at-Law, Ottawa, St., opposite the Russell House, Ottawa.

SHORT & CLEMOW, Barristers and Solicitors-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c, &c, for the Province of Ontario and Quebec. Offices—Mackenzie Block, Sparks street, Ottawa.
12w F C CLEMOW.

J. L. SAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Queen street, Ottawa. 368y

T. JOHNSON, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street, Ottawa, Ont's Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

A. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43uif

CAMERON & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa. 43uif JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister at Law, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace, County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, Vittoria. 34-6m

FOSTER & KIMBER, Barristers and Attorneys at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, &c, for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec. Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa. REVE EDWARD KIMBER.

J. L. O'HARA, Barrister-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

J. A. HARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Queen-street, Ottawa. 386tf GEORGE TAILLON.

J. B. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

Medical.

DR. DICKINSON, Residence and Surgery Kent Street.

DR. PETER HENDERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Surgery—That recently occupied by Dr. Malloch, Rideau-st, Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1388y

DR. SOBIERAJSKI, Physician, Surgeon, and Accoucheur. Office in Mr Hearn's Drug Store, first door of Sussex Bridge. Office hours 9 a. m. to 4 p. m. Special attention given to the treatment of Diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be found at his residence, Murray street.

DR. LAGGER, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hanton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-st, Central Ottawa. 34uif

MARGE HUTCHISON, L. D. S., SURGEON DENTIST, Sparks Street, OPPOSITE "TIMES" OFFICE.

DR. HUTCHISON is fully prepared to supply artificial TEETH, on the latest single Teeth on gold, silver or vulcanite rubber, fitting so cleverly and easily to match as to be capable of all the uses to the natural teeth are applied without the slight inconvenience to the wearers, and after a short time cease, without even a consciousness of the presence of a substance origin. Teeth with a view to the removal of pain at extraction during the operation of extracting a tooth or stump a tooth, has introduced into using the use of the Nitrous Oxide of laughing gas which the sufferer inhales without any inconvenience, and loses his tooth as in a pleasant dream.

Office hours—Should any day, except Sunday, from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

Ottawa, September 2, 1870

Hotels and Saloons.

ST. JAMES' HOTEL, REGALPE AND QUEEN STREETS.

The Proprietor, G. R. EVANS, Respectfully to announce to the public that the above premises will be opened for business this day, 29th inst, and hope by strict attention to business and moderate charges, to merit their patronage.

Ottawa, Nov 29, 1870 1536tf

THE METROPOLITAN, AUMOND'S BLOCK, Rideau Street Ottawa. P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR

WAVERLY HOUSE, BARRINGTON-STREET, HALIFAX NOVA SCOTIA, Established 1851. Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort. JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

DICKWICK HOUSE, Corner James and King-sts., opposite Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont. E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor, (Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.) Spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT, M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings. The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest brands of Wines and Liquors, and every attention will be found unexcelled. The comfort of patrons will be studied and promoted.

MR. BURGESS, SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

Any gentleman can be accommodated with comfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen visiting the Capital will find superior accommodation by the day or week at moderate rates. The Table is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Parliament Buildings and the Departments. 219tf

THE UNION HOUSE, T. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR, CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS OTTAWA. THE CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC. The Bar always supplied with the CHOICEST LIQUORS, And the table spread with EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON. Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.

C. R. HIGGINS, Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Life Stock Insurance Co., General Commission Agent, Importer, Manufacturer and Mining Agent. Sales daily constantly on hand. Office, corner Bank and Sparks streets, over Main Bros Furniture Store.

DANCING AND DEPORTMENT. Mr Robert Stewart having made arrangements with an accomplished lady teacher, announces that her Dancing Classes will commence on Wednesday, the 23rd instant. Further particulars may be obtained on application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street. Ottawa, September 9th, 1870. 1448tf

CANADA AND U. S. PATENT AGENCY. Patents solicited in Canada and the United States; Trade and Timber Marks, Industrial Designs, Copyrights, Transfers, &c., registered on the shortest notice, Copies of Laws, Circulars and information, sent free on application. Drawings prepared and copied. Charges moderate. United States Patents expeditiously attended to. Several valuable Patents for sale.

F. G. COURSOLLES, November 26, 1870 1524tf

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co. W. S. THISTLE. C. LEE.

J. G. SILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge. REFERENCES.—B Allan, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia, Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa, Thos Seyrolds, Esq Managing Director O. & St L. R.R. 740t

W. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

EDWARD DOWARD, Organist, Christ Church, teacher of Organ, Piano and Singing. Residence—O'Connor street. Mr. Doward was formerly Choirster Boy and Articled Pupil of Mr W. Done, of Worcester Cathedral, England.

CHARLES J. TASKER, Accountant Books posted, Accounts made out. Apply at the office of H P Hill, Solicitor, References: Mr Hill, C H Pinhey. Ottawa, Nov 3, 1870

H. R. PRIPP, ORGANIST AND TEACHER OF MUSIC. Residence—Elgin Street, South of Slater Street. Classes for beginners at Mr Gowan's Hall on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 4½ p m. Ottawa, July 15th, 1870. 1410 tf

MUSICAL ACADEMY. Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano at 1 Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street. Ottawa, June 13, 1868. 775y

PEOPLE'S TELEGRAPH COMPANY. Incorporated under Chapter LXVII of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada. OTTAWA OFFICE—G P Desmond's Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street. DIRECTORS: A JOSEPH, Chairman; D C THOMSON, Treasurer; S B FOOTE A THOMSON, T H DUNN. DESMOND Manager 1141tf

FOR SALE. A beautiful country residence with Fifteen (15) Acres of Land (or more if necessary) attached; the house and outbuildings being completely surrounded by a grove of lovely shade trees. The whole within 10 minutes drive of the Government Buildings. Terms of sale, cash if preferable to purchaser otherwise a small payment down, and the balance in from 1 to 10 years, to suit purchaser. Apply to the Proprietor, R A BRADLEY, Solicitor Elgin st., Ottawa. Nearly opposite the Post Office. N. B.—Money to lend on Real Estate. Terms easy.

THE HOWLEY FARM TO LET. Lot No 30, 1st Concession of Gloucester S Front, containing 200 acres, 150 acres well cleared and in good state of cultivation, opposite Manotte, and fifteen miles from Ottawa, with good fences, a fine dwelling house, two story high, barns and outhouses complete, is now to be on reasonable terms, for a term of years. Apply for further particulars to CHARLES ROWAN, Ottawa. Ottawa September 5, 1870 1454 fm3tu

A. E. GENDREAU, HAIR DRESSING PARLOUR, Wellington street, Opposite the Bank of Montreal.

A. GENDREAU, the proprietor of that popular Parlour, has the pleasure to announce to his numerous friends and the public in general, that in answer to the great encouragement which he has received up to the present, he has determined to enlarge and thoroughly furnish anew his establishment. He will save no expense to render Parlour the most comfortable, and employ the most experienced hair dressers.

MR GENDREAU having served considerable time in some of the best and most extensive Hair Dressing Saloons in the Dominion and United States, is in a position to conduct the duties of his establishment in a manner that cannot be surpassed.

He will have always on hand the best perfumes imported directly from Paris and London. MR GENDREAU solicits a visit to convince all of the truth of his statements.

PRESERVE YOUR ROOFS, PATENT PLASTIC SLATE PAINT, Is the best and cheapest material in use for preserving new, or repairing old IRON OR TIN ROOFS, No matter how bad their condition. Also first rate for SHINGLE ROOFS, Making them FIRE AND WATER PROOF. Has been in use a coating of SOLID SLATE by ex posure. Price $6 a barrel, mixed ready for use. A barrel will cover 10 squares (10 x 10). SHEATHING FELT For lining Frame Buildings under the clapboards. An effectual protection against cold damp and vermin. Rats and mice will come near it. No FRAME DWELLING should be without. Send for circular, instructions, &c. BUCHANAN & CO., Wholesale Depot for Roofing Materials and Founder's Supplies, 32 Lemoine Street, Montreal. Ottawa, September 21, 1870 1468

SATCHELL BROS BUTCHERS TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantly on hand FRESH KILLED STALL-FED BEEF AND MUTTON. ALSO, THEIR CELEBRATED PICED AND SALT ROUND, AND ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES, To be had at THEIR STALLS, Nos. 5 and 7, BY-WARD MARKET

Hardware.

BLYTH & KERR, No. 25 RIDEAU STREET, Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c.

All work in any of the above branches executed in a prompt and workmanlike manner. Special attention given to Roofing and fitting up Galvanized Iron and Tin Gutters, Conductors, &c., &c.

IMPORTERS OF GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

JUST RECEIVED on "Pride of Canada" and "Canada," a splendid assortment of Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots, Jelly Moulds, Wire Dish Covers, Spice Boxes, Ladies' Dressing Cases, Trays, Enamelled Pie Dishes, Preserving Pans, Deil Milk saucepans, &c, &c.

Constantly on hand, Cooking Stoves, (best makers) Hot Air Furnaces, Water Coolers, Baths, (all kinds) Cutlery, Plated and Britannia Metal Ware,

—ALSO—

FISHING TACKLE, comprising Rods, Lines, Files, Hooks, Floats, Trolls, Paunlers, Landing Nets, Fly Books, &c. &c. Ottawa, August 16, 1870 1432 1y

HARDWARE! HARDWARE!

Sign the Padlock, 75 Rideau Street, where you can get a complete assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, and at prices to suit purchasers. Consisting in part of GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHINGS: Butcher Knives, Knives and Forks, Pocket Knives, Table Spoons, Tea Spoons, Tea Trays, Table Mats, Bolts, Screws, Locks, Bolts, Catches, Latches, Axes, Saws, Planes, Squares, Hammers, Spokeshaves, Gouges, Chisels, Augers, Auger Bits, Steel Bits, Bevels, Boring Machines, Draw Knives, &c. &c. &c. Together with PAINT OF ALL COLOURS: Rose, Pink, Burnt Umber, Terra de Sienna, Chrome Yellow, Yellow Ochre, Celestial Blue, Paris Green, Brunswick Green, Magnesia Green, Venetian Green, Red Lead, White Lead, in Oil or Dry, Drop Black, Ivory Black, Lamp Black, Boiled Oil, Raw Oil, Turpentine, Benzole, Coal Oil, Paint Brushes, Varnishes, &c. THOS GIRKETT, No. 34, Rideau street, Sign of the Anvil. P. S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the City. Ottawa, Nov 14, 1870

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT, 35 SUSSEX STREET,

Elevated Oven Cook Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Low Oven Cook Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Double Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co
Box and Parlor Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co
Coal Stoves, Base Burners, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
The Quintal Coal Stove, at H. MEADOWS & Co
Parlour Cook Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Dumb Stoves, all sizes, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Hot Air Furnaces, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Stove Pipes and Elbows, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Lumbermen's Supplies, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
1st Prize Stoves can be seen, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Ottawa, Oct. 13, 1870.

Druggists.

DUTCH BULBS! The Subscriber has just received a full assortment from a celebrated Grower in HOLLAND, both for Spring Gardening and in-door Culture. THE ASSORTMENT INCLUDES Hyacinths, many varieties, Tulips, " Lilies, " Narcissus, " Jonquills, " Anemones, " Ranunculus, " &c, &c. The Flower Roots above mentioned not coming to hand till late in the season, are offered for sale at low prices. ALEXANDER CHRISTIE, Druggist, 40 Sparks-st, Ottawa. Ottawa, Nov. 18, 1870 1517y1

RICHARD HIGMAN, FAMILY AND DISPENSING CHEMIST, LATE MANAGER, MEDICAL HALL, SPARKS STREET, Wishes to return sincere thanks to his friends and the public, for the kind sympathy evinced toward him, on the occasion of the late fire. He now begs to inform them that he will commence business on his own account in a few days, a part of Mr McLean's Auction Room, in rear of John Rose' Cigar Store, with entirely new stock of Drugs, Chemicals Patent Medicines, Perfumery, &c., and trusts the public will appreciate his attention to business, with the same kind patronage that was extended to him in his situation. Ottawa, Dec 16, 1870 1541y

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN. INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS. RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMERS: First Cabin, Payable in Gold. Liverpool or Queenstown ..... $100 00. Steerage, Payable in Currency. Liverpool or Queenstown ..... 35 00. PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMERS TO HALIFAX. First Cabin, Payable in Gold. Liverpool or Queenstown ..... $100 00. Halifax ..... 20 00. St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer ..... 45 00. Steerage, Payable in Currency. Liverpool or Queenstown ..... 30 00. Halifax ..... 15 00. St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer ..... 30 00. Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates. For further information, apply at the Company's Office, JOHN G. DALE, Agent, 15 Broadway, New York, or HAGGARTY & CROMBIE, Ottawa.

Groceries.

IF YOU WANT TO SAVE MONEY GO TO THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORES, —BY— P. BASKERVILLE & BROS., No. 36 Rideau St., and Duke St., Chaudiere, OTTAWA, Where from their great increase of business and the large addition now put to their Store, with a well selected Stock, and constant attention on their part, will enable them to sell at prices not to be equalled elsewhere. There will be found always on hand a general assortment of GROCERIES, TEAS in particular, imported, LIQUORS, WINES, BRANDIES, GIN, IRISH and SCOTCH WHISKEY, Goederham & Worts' HIGHWINES, OLD RYE, and PROOF, With a fine assortment of Christmas and New Year's FRUITS and SYRUPS. —ALSO— WINTER APPLES, ORANGES and LEMONS, CHEESE, HAMS, and BACON. Remember our Motto—"Quick Sales and Light Profits." Try their TEAS. Ottawa, Nov 29, 1870 1536

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

Ex. Ships COGNAC, NEREO, UNION and CITY of QUEBEC, from the different places of Growth.

It is now AN ESTABLISHED FACT. If you want any First-Class BRANDIES or WINES and the best Family Groceries, you must go to Thos. Patterson, No. 26 Rideau Street. The following Goods in Stock and for Sale: BRANDIES.—Pure and unadulterated, good for any use, always on hand in Wood or Bottle. PORT WINE—Pure and reliable (20 years old) for Medicinal purposes and the only house in the City that imports such WINES direct to order. SHERRY WINES—Various grades, very, very Pale, (delicious flavour) Old Wines at a price to defy competition. GIN—John D Kuyper & Sons Double-Barrel, First Class. SCOTCH WHISKEY—Old and Mild, (full strength.) RUM, OLD RYE, FAMILY PROOF, AND HIGHWINES, of the best kind. PORTER AND ALES.—Guiness's Dublin and Dawes, Lachine, in splendid order. COFFEE.—Delicious Flavour. Fresh Roasted and Ground Daily. TEAS.—The best qualities of Black, Japan, and Green, new crop and fragrant. SUGARS and SYRUPS of all kinds. CHEESE—Fine old (Rossors and Factory) the best. PICKLES and SAUCES, Jams and Jellies from Crosse and Blackwells, in great variety. FRUITS.—The finest table and cooking raisins that can be had, large fresh and rich flavored. CURRANTS—Quite fresh and Candied Peels. SPERM CANDLES and fancy perfumed soaps, the greatest variety in the city, and made to order by First Hands in London, England. There is an endless variety of these fine goods worthy of SPECIAL ATTENTION FOR FAMILIES, being of the finest quality at much rate prices. Everybody should know that to use good goods saves money. TRY THEM. Ottawa, December 5, 1870.

ATTENTION! If you want Choice VIRGIN HONEY, call at the New GROCERY STORE, Corner of Sussex and York Streets. If you want SUPERIOR CHEESE, call at the New GROCERY STORE, Corner of Sussex and York Streets. If you want FIRST-CLASS DAIRY BUTTER, call at the New GROCERY STORE Corner Sussex and York Streets. —ALSO— New Crop West End, Layers, Valencia and Seedless Raisins and Currants, Fresh Turkey Figs, Malaga Grapes, Lemons, Choice Imperial Prunes, Candied Peels, Gelatine, Cross & Blackwell's Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies, and Marmalade, Fresh Oysters, Lobsters Sequin Mackerel, Salmon and Tomatoes, with a choice lot of Scotch and English Ales and Porter, Wines and Brandies, Gin, Scotch Whiskey, Jamaica Rum, Old Rye, Syrups and JOHN A. BITTERS, CONSTANTLY ON HAND, At the New GROCERY STORE, Corner Sussex and York Streets. Extra Fine Green, Black and Japan Teas, Rio, Java and Turkey Coffee. —ALSO— Fine Family and Pastry Flour, Oat and Corn Meal, at the NEW GROCERY STORE, Corner Sussex and York streets. J. M. C. DELES DERNIERS, Corner Sussex and York-sts. Ottawa, Nov 29, 1870 1526tf

Groceries, &c.

DENIS WHELAN, 39 RIDEAU STREET, OTTAWA HAVING OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT (nearly opposite the Old Stand,) Offers for sale at VERY LOW PRICES a large and well selected stock, comprising Groceries, Wines, Liquors Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy Soaps, Sauces, Spices, Starches, Brooms, Brushes, Candles, Coarse and Fine Salt. Also, Bordeaux and Cider Vinegars. MESS PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS, & the numerous other articles necessary to constitute a complete stock. TEAS—Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial Young Hyson, quite fresh and cheap. COFFEE—Fresh Coffee ground and roasted daily on the premises. LIQUORS—Cognac Brandies Renault & Co, Henessey, Piper's and other brands. HOLLAND GIN—De Kuyper's and Rontmans, in wood bottle. WINES—Sherries of all grades, Ports of fine quality, Burgundy, Sauternes and Maderia Wines all prices, in wood and bottle, improved by age. HIGHWINES, OLD RYE, PROOF AND WHISKEY, High proof and 2 over, at extremely low rates. Thorne's and Stewart' Scotch Whiskey and Old Tom. Dunville's Irish Whiskey. Murphy's Old Irish Potteen. Guinness's and Bass's Porter, pints and quarts. Molson's and other Ales. Sugars and Syrups, all grades. Sole agents for Siemens' prices. THE OLD STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE SELLING AT TWENTY-FIVE PER CENT BELOW COST. Now is the time or bargains. 1165

ROUSILLON PORT. Received a fresh consignment of this delicious Wine. It is full flavoured, of great body, and guaranteed purity. LUCANTE. A Sweet Red Wine of delicate flavour and bouquet, invaluable for invalids. This wine has been specially imported as a pure Wine to be used in the Holy Communion. The following gentlemen have kindly allowed their names to be used as references: Von Archbishop Fuller, Toronto. Rev J Beaven, D D, " Rev G B Read, D D, " Rev E Baldwin, " Rev W S Darling, " Rev A Mc Rama, " Rev J D Cayley, " Rev W H Davis, " Rev S Bedford Jones, L L D, Ottawa. —ALSO— A full Stock of Brandies, Gins, Jamaica Rum, Proof and Old Rye Whiskey, Sherries, Still and Sparkling Moselle, Champagne, Malaga, Maderia Madeira, Noyan Curaçao, Creme de Menth, Creme de Moka, Chartreuse, Maraschino, Hollands and Canadian Ales and Porter, &c, &c, &c. J. P. MACPHERSON, Wine Merchant, Elgin Street. Agent for Quelton, St George & Co's pure French Wines. Ottawa, Dec 16, 1870 1135

W. S. FOOTE & COMPANY, IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALER —IN— TEAS AND WINES, 6 HOSPITAL STREET, MONTREAL.

PRESTON & ROWSELL. MILITARY TAILORS —AND— HABIT MAKERS NO. 36 SPARKS STREET. A SELECT ASSORTMENT OF Tweeds, Broad Cloths, Doe Skins, Fancy Coatings, Vestings, &c. SHIRTS MADE TO ORDER. Ottawa, July 18, 1870.

PRESTON & ROWSELL. PRESTON & ROWSELL. No Branches or Coal Oil used. THE LANG SIGN OF THE HANDSOME WALL PAINTING AND PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT. A. W. LANG, Sparks Street. LATTLIER SIGNS

NOTICE. LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF ONTARIO. TORONTO, 29th October, 1870. Notice is hereby given, that the last day for receiving Petitions for Private Bills will be WEDNESDAY, the TWENTY-EIGHTH day of DECEMBER next. CHARLES T. GILLMOR, Clerk.

SITUATION WANTED AS FARMER. A Married Man, who understands farming in all its departments; has had long experience in Canada. Address R. E., FARMER, Hull, P.Q.

STILL THEY COME! 34 PACKAGES NEW GOODS, JUST RECEIVED, —BY— GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO. Comprising amongst other Goods the following:—

1 Case French Merinoes,
1 Case Kid Gloves and Hosiery,
1 Case Plain and Terry Ribbons, and Plain and Tartan Sash Ribbons,
1 Case Black and Colored Ribbon Velvets
1 Case New Jackets,
1 Case Waterproof Tweeds,
1 Case Ladies Hats,
1 Case Embroidered Muslin Sets, for Evening wear,
1 Case Hair Nets and Silk Epangles, for Dress Trimmings,
1 Case Sheetings,
1 " White Cottons,
1 Bale Serges,
1 " Scarlet Flannels,
1 Case Fancy Flannels,
1 " Canadian Flannels,
Bales Canadian Grey Blankets,
2 Cases Cornwall White Blankets,
6 Cases Heavy Tweeds,
3 " Light Grey Etoffes,
2 " Mid Grey "
3 " Oxford "

With other Goods too numerous to particularize.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

Would say that their Stock, notwithstanding their Immense Sales during the last 3 months (without doubt the largest ever made by any Dry Goods House in Ottawa) was never so well assorted at this season of the year as it is just now. INSPECTION INVITED. WHOLESALE & RETAIL. Ottawa, Dec. 16, 1870.

R. L. JAMES & CO. DRESS GOODS. A large assortment worth from 20 to 90 cents, at 15 to 80. A SPECIAL LINE of French Merinos, very cheap. BLACK SILKS, very much under Market value, and considerably lower than present Ottawa prices. MILLINERY. It is now pretty generally known that in this Department, especially the prices, are EXCEEDINGLY MODERATE, AT THE GOLDEN LION. R. L. JAMES & Co.

Plain English—A Theme for Translation into Russian.

Nay, pause for a moment, old Brum, before you begin to climb!
Your fangs are long, and your limos are strong: but remember there *was* a time
When the fangs were dull and blunted, and the limbs grew faint and weak,
And you slunk away from the selfsame prey, which once again you seek.

Have you quite forgotten the lesson, which we taught you long ago,
As you lay in the grim grey fortress, and we watched without in the snow,
And down in the deadly trenches, where the shot and the shell rained down
From the countless mouths of the cannon, that guarded the girded town;
When, hungered and cold and weary, when sickly, ragged and thin,
Still we waited and did not murmur—for we felt that we must win!
When, poured forth freely as water, our best blood redly ran
O'er the heights that hang over the Alma, and the slopes of Inkermann;
When, pouring volley on volley, till the battle grew dark with smoke,
Your columns fired fast on our regiments, and fancied they gave and broke,
But, lo, through the wreaths of your pour gleamed the serried bayonets' shine,
And your columns wavered and scattered before "the thin red line"—
The thin red line of our heroes, with the courage firm and high,
That does not know how to be beaten, and does know how to die.

Do you flatter yourself, old Bruin, with the dream—'tis nothing more—
That England has grown too peaceful? We have heard of *that* before.
They said we were traders, cowards, and they called, those friends of yours
Our officers carpet-soldiers, and our privates mere untamed boors.
But when the alarm was sounded, as you came from your lair in the North,
Did one of them shrink or falter? No, every man came forth,
And at once in the far Crimea, they gave the base rumour the lie,
Our dandies who fought like Bayards, and our boors who wouldn't fly.

Our England is peaceful, granted! while her commerce far expands
To bind together the peoples—bid blossom the barren lands;
Aye, call her trader, and welcome! But tell me—have ever you heard
When she bartered her spotless honour or stooped to trade in her word!
Though the sails of her fleet of merchantmen are white upon every sea,
And far and wide in an endless tide, flows the wealth of her commerce free,
And though trade falls stricken with palsy at the very first boom of the guns,
Will England not sacrifice *these* things—she who will give her sons!

Then pause for a moment, old Brum, and call back the scene once more,
When the snows of the cold Crimea were reddened with brave men's gore,
When the thin red line was victor—when your grey old fortress fell,
And the wreck of your vast battalions—that nobly had fought and well—
Crawled back from the fatal contest—ay, think of this ere you draw
Your sword from your sheath, defying all honour, and order, and law.

Now, the snow may be white on the hillside where is gallant CATHCART laid,
And white in the valley made famous by the ride of the Light Brigade,
May be deep on the banks of Alma, by Tchernaya's turbid rill,
And deep on the slopes of Alma and the brow of old Windmill-hill,
Like a shroud about grey Sebastopol now its folds may hap are drawn,
And a tinge of red may be o'er it shed, at the sunset hour and the dawn—
And all may sleep in the silence and the hush of the winter's frost,
But never our honour is forfeit or our plighted word is lost,
Our blood shall flow on your plains of snow and our English men once more
Shall teach you the bitter lesson that they taught you in days of yore.
To keep the old flag unspotted to arms will the brave lads fly,
Who do not know how to be beaten, and do know how to die;
The dandies who fight like Bayards, and the roughs who won't give in.
So, if you will fight,—why, we'll fight you. But remember, we mean to win.

What might have happened on Christmas Time.

THE LAST STORY WRITTEN BY MARK LEMON. (Continued.)

Was she a coquette after all?

Christmas has been kept at Stanford Hall with all the honors, as Mr. Mainwaring had been nourished on the milk of human kindness and believed he was doing God's work in making as many of his fellow creatures as he could happy and rejoicing. He thought, also, that he offered the best thanksgiving for the good bestowed upon him by encouraging in himself and others a pleasant cheerfulness, and indulging at fitting times in the becoming mirth, and Christmas was one of those times when he and his household and friends made merry, and found no better way than in following the old customs, decking his house with holly and other greenery, and dispensing his Christmas cheer with a liberal hand to great and small, like a true old English gentleman. Not so his brother Elias. He was one of those who pride themselves upon being too strong-minded to care for such frivolities—he was too much 'a man of business' to care to have the great current of trade impeded but for a day, and though he loved good eating and drinking, his dinner must have been earned by a morning of bargaining and speculation. Hence it was that at a time when most families gather for one day at least under the parental wings that Walter was permitted to eat his Christmas dinner at Stanford.

Two days only remained of the young men's pleasant holiday. It wanted half an hour to breakfast, when Reginald tapped at Walter's bedroom door.

'Come in. Ah! good morning Regi.'

'Good-morning. I have been tossing about half the night,' continued Reginald, 'and I shall do so for a dozen nights more, unless I speak out.'

'Indeed! What's the matter?' asked Walter.

'Well replied his cousin, you know that I am rather a blunt speaker, and like to go straight to any object I have in view. And so I have come to you. I fancy, Walter, that we are both hit by the same bolt. I mean, plainly, we both are in love with Emily.'

Walter coloured deeply, and only said, 'Well, what then, Reginald?'

'Simply this. I can see no right—if it be so—why I should give place to you, and I have determined to speak to my uncle this morning, and if he consents, I shall propose to Emily.'

'I have no right to interfere with any course you think proper to pursue, Reginald,' replied Walter. 'I wish it had been otherwise. You have the right of priority, having spoken first;' and he held out his hand to his cousin, which the other took and pressed warmly.

'I wish it had been otherwise, also,' said Reginald; 'but I cannot abandon what I believe will be the making or the ramring of my life.'

'Whatever may be the result, Reginald, let us still continue friends; though, if you are successful, I feel we shall not meet here again, at least for some time to come.'

'Oh, nonsense, Walter,' replied Reginald; 'you are a prosperous man, you have a large society about you, and may pick and choose. But I—I am a poor, struggling devil, with hardly more female acquaintance than my landlady and her squinting daughter. There's the breakfast bell.' The breakfast lacked something to make it the cheerful meal it usually was.

Reginald frequently relapsed into Walter was evidently disturbed and ate with little appetite. Emily after a time caught the contagion—dullness—and had not Mr. Mainwaring got into one of his long stories, there is no knowing how the day would have begun.

Breakfast over, Reginald went out into the garden to smoke a cigar and to arrange his thoughts before seeking an interview with his uncle. He walked up and down he was startled from his reverie by Bang, a favourite setter, jumping upon him in favourite recognition. Without thinking, perhaps, he kicked the poor brute savagely and sent the dog howling away. As he looked towards the house, he thought he saw Emily leaving the window of the breakfast-room. He thought little of that matter, and went on with his cigar and his cogitations.

Reginald had less fear of rejection by Emily than by her father, who might, he thought, take exception to his social position. But had not that good uncle promised to advance him three thousand pounds whenever an eligible opportunity for its investment presented itself? He reflected also upon his uncle's frequent declaration that Emily should choose for herself, and so at last he found courage to go to Mr. Mainwaring.

The old gentleman was hardly surprised, as he believed every one must love his Emily; and Reginald left him with full permission to try his fortune.

Reginald found his cousin busied with her housekeeping accounts.

'Emily, will you allow me to interrupt you for a short time?' said Reginald sitting down by the table.

'Certainly, as soon as I have added up this column. There that's done.'

'I am going to surprise you, I fear, by what I am about to say.'

A slight flush came into Emily's face.

'I have been with uncle this morning, and have made a confession to him, and which I now want to make to you.'

Emily's heart took alarm, and she only bowed and smiled.

'I am not clever at making speeches, Emily, but what I am about to say comes from my heart—I have long——'

'Stay, Reginald—dear cousin,' said Emily, laying her hand upon his. 'If I guess the purport of what you would say to me, do not say it. We have been like sister and brother to each other for so many years, that it would grieve me greatly to say anything that you might remember as an unkindness. I have a great regard for you—almost a sister's love. Let us remain as we have ever been. Come and go as you have done, always welcome. My father loves you and will care for your future—but I—you understand me, dear cousin?—you will—you do!'

She pressed his hand, and then, with eyes filled with tears, left the room.

Reginald's face became dark with anger. He bit his lips until blood came. He folded his arms and stood erect like one defying fate.

'Rejected,' he muttered. 'No not rejected, not even permitted a hearing. And that she calls kindness! I am forestalled by Walter. The well-to-do cousin is preferred to the struggling dependent on her father's bounty. Nothing new!—the old fight—money against poverty. Walter knew he was safe, or he would not have taken matters so coolly. A cur! Why did he not tell me he had been before me? Well, be it as it is; but if he marries her, and I can cross his path, I'll do it.'

With many other evil thoughts and words he left the house, hardly knowing where he went. Traps, the keeper, was standing near the stable with a couple of guns waiting for orders. He touched his hat as Reginald approached, and was startled at the angry expression of his face.

'Ah, Traps, yes; give me a gun, I'll take a turn through the home wood.'

'Yes, sir. Shall I wait on you, sir?'

'No; I'll go alone. Send Bang.'

'I'm afraid he won't follow you, sir,' said Traps, curtly; 'not after the kick you gave him this morning.'

'Who told you I kicked him?' asked Reginald, sharply.

'Miss Emily. She sent to me to look at him, thinking he was hurt. So he is.'

'She told you, did she?' asked Reginald. 'Send him here, and if he don't follow, I'll shoot him.'

'That would hardly suit my book, sir, nor yours neither. I wouldn't take ten guineas for the dog.'

'You wouldn't? you old fool.'

'The dog's mine, sir; and if you doubt me, yonder's Miss Emily, and you can ask her.'

Reginald gave a glance in the direction indicated by Traps, and then, almost snatching the flask and shot belt from Traps, he strode off towards the home wood.

He continued to walk, his gun over his shoulder, looking on the ground evidently recalling what had passed during the morning. At length he stopped at a gate, and clinching his fist, exclaimed,

'That d—— dog! She saw it, and has resented it.'

He did not return to luncheon, but he had a strong will, and by dinner time had again become master of himself, and laughed and talked as though the present had been the happiest moment of his life.

The next day came as a relief to all. Cousin Emily and her pony carriage were again in requisition and Reginald, as though out of bravado, took his seat beside his fair cousin, and chatted as he had done when no shadow had come between them.

When they parted at the station Reginald was the last to shake hands with Emily.

'Good-bye, fair cousin,' he said; 'I have seen the last of Stanford Hall!'

Tears came into Emily's eyes, but Reginald turned away smiling, and jauntily waving his handkerchief as he went.

CHAPTER II.

Reginald Wainwright did not keep his word. Some ten months after the visit we have recorded he heard that his cousin Emily was in London, on a visit to his uncle in Clarges street. He had so completely estranged himself from Walter that he was not apprised of this visit, as he would otherwise have been, and he only heard of it by accident. He believed himself wronged both by Emily and Walter, as it was hardly a secret that they were now engaged to each other. When he recalled the past, he could remember so many acts upon her part that he had a right to consider justified him in the belief that he was more than indifferent to her and he could only conclude that he had been trifled with for some sinister purpose of her own—perhaps to draw on Walter to an avowal of his love for her, and which he believed had been made by his wily cousin at the time of their interview in the bedroom. He allowed these impressions to obtain the mastery of his better judgment, his better feelings, until he became restless and vindictive, and there was a proneness in his nature to be dogged and revengeful. Yet his uncle, Emily's father, was his benefactor—the only true friend he had ever known, and he was now about to visit him to claim the fulfillment of the generous promise made two or three years before.

At Stanford Hall was barely distant two miles from the station

ate nature! There was no doubt of it; the blow he had received had struck upon his heart and numbed it, and old remembrances and associations had no softening influence upon him. He had been cast aside for the richer suitor, for whose advantage he had been used and trifled with.

His visit was unexpected by his uncle, who nevertheless received him with the old welcome.

(*To be continued.*)

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Dalhousie Lodge—C. S. Scott.
Doric Lodge—D. P. Williams.
Corinthian Lodge—George Louis Orme.
Builders' Lodge—Wm. Rea.
Ask for Them—Daniel Morrison.
To the Electors of Wellington Ward—Erskine H Bronson.
Government House
Government House—W. H. Lee.
The New Year Book 1871—J. Durie & Son.
American Invoices—R. S. M Bouchette.

TO THE PUBLIC.

Mr. J. G. DAVIS *is authorized to receive advertisements and subscriptions for* THE TIMES. *Now that we are about* ENLARGING THE SIZE *of* THE TIMES *and introducing other improvements, advertisers should take advantage of the increased circulation which it will at once be certain to obtain. In other directions, as well as in Ottawa, we are making exertions to extend our subscription list and to add to the value of* THE TIMES *as an advertising medium.*

The Ottawa Times.

Office—38 Sparks Street.

MONDAY, DECEMBER 26, 1870.

☞ *For interesting reading matter see First and Fourth Pages.*

There will be no paper issued from this office to-morrow.

Hon. Mr. [illegible]'s father is dead. He was 85 years of age.

We learn that Senator Anderson, of Halifax, is dead.

The St. Lawrence & Ottawa Railway traffic returns for November show a marked increase over last year's. In November, 1869, the receipts were $10,866; in 1870, $12,238.

A Western paper asks why the ministerial journals, in the course of their arguments with the Opposition, are persistently talking about "Mr. Brown and the *Globe.*" The reason why they do so is because the present opposition to the Government originates almost entirely with Mr. Brown. Mr Mackenzie, Mr. Blake, and the rest being entirely subordinate to him, and because the Toronto *Globe* is the only journal in Ontario worth notice which argues in favor of an opposition to the Government simply for opposition's sake.

A MERRY CHRISTMAS.

Christmas, with all its cheery accompaniments, its merry social gatherings, its happy meetings and fondly cherished memories, is with us once again. Once more in stately mansion and in humble cottage, in crowded city and in rural hamlet, the sound of the children's laughter rings upon our ears, and young and old, rich and poor, throughout the length and breadth of Christendom celebrate the advent of PEACE ON EARTH AND GOOD WILL TO MEN. Happily for us in Canada to-day no rude sound of war's alarms is heard to mock the significance of those blessed words. Happily for us, though winter has spread its snow-white mantle over our hills and valleys, our barns are filled with plenty, and no ruined villages or blackened homesteads mark the spot where men have met together in mortal conflict. Would that it were so everywhere? We would that the people of that brave and chivalrous race, from whom so many of our Canadian fellow subjects are sprung, like us could keep a Merry Christmas without fear of famine or sword. We would that in thousands of French and German home circles there were not missing the forms of loved ones who on last Christmas Day joined in celebrating the birth of Him who was the PRINCE OF PEACE, and that once more in all the happiness of Love's uniting, father, and son and brother could be clasped to the hearts of their loved ones as of old: Alas! this cannot be. There will be silence and sadness in many a home in the fair valleys of the Rhine and Moselle to-day, where last Christmas the sounds of mirth and happiness were heard; and broken hearts with nothing but the recollection of past joys and the thought of present misery to ponder over, are found throughout the length and breadth of the once "pleasant land of France."

Let us keep a merry Christmas! Let us cast aside our cares for a season, and with joy and gratitude celebrate this blessed season. Let us commemorate it by a forgiveness of injuries, by a renunciation of old grudges, and by evincing a spirit of love and kindly good will to all our neighbors. Yet let us not forget in the midst of our Christmas merriment those who are not so happily situated as ourselves, and who either in our land or in other countries are in want, suffering or distress. Many years have passed since that sweet song of Peace and Good Will broke on the wandering shepherds' ears as they tended their flocks on the lone Judean plains. Many a wave of Time's swiftly flowing river has passed into the Ocean of Eternity since then, bearing with it its mingled record of crime and well-doing, of pleasure and of pain. Yet still, in as clear a tone as ever, the lesson of that first Christmas Carol speaks to us, and teaches us that if we would really enjoy happiness ourselves, we must do what we can to relieve the wants of others; to help them to bear their burthens of care and sorrow, and to do what we can to promote their welfare and enjoyment.

This is one great lesson that the season teaches, and thus alone can we hope to enjoy, in its happiest and truest fullness, a Merry Christmas. And thus, as life goes on and the fires of youth are quenched and the cold grey ashes alone are left, we will still have something to look back upon, which, lonely and solitary though we may be, will fill us with happiness and contentment, and in spite of all the shadows that time may gather round us will give us peace at last.

BRITISH COLUMBIA MINING.

The following extract from the *Daily Alta*, Californian newspaper published in San Francisco, relating to British Columbia, may prove interesting. The *Alta* says;

"The shipments of machinery to distant and inaccessible mines are not very uncommon events on our coast, and in calling attention to one invoice about to be forwarded to British Columbia, we have special reason for the act. The Cariboo mines were at one time so difficult to reach, and the rates of transportion so high, that it was next door to impossible to think of forwarding heavy mining machinery there, and it is some proof of the mineral wealth of the district that with all drawbacks, one creek has yielded an average of $2,000,000 worth of gold every year since its discovery in 1861. The machinery to be sent up to these mines is destined to assist in testing an enormous land grant made to two Californians (who are also old Caribooites), and the circumstances attending the same grant prove that with the new Governor's advent a new order of things has been inaugurated. The machinery is to be admitted duty free, and will pay no road tolls, etc. There is now no export duty on native gold, and many former vexatious imposts have been removed. This is not the place for a lengthy essay on mining, but we venture to say that Messrs. Lane and Kurtz have undertaken one of the most promising enterprises on the northern, if not, indeed, on the whole coast.

Messrs. Lane & Kurtz have obtained a grant which virtually covers the "Meadows." It is five miles long by one wide, and is good for 21 years from July 28th, they paying a nominal rent of $250 per annum. Governor Musgrave has made further concessions. The machinery of the Cariboo Mining Company will enter the country duty free; on the roads, &c., it will pay no tolls, while the present rate of freight from Fort Yale to the mines (about nine cents) will not press very heavily upon the company.

The *Alta*, after describing the mining district and the particular claim for the development of which the machinery is to be sent, adds:

Mr. Leigh Harnett, in his lecture, compared the ease with which this gravel formation could be drained and tested, with the difficulties in the way of such an enormous undertaking as the Sutro Tunnel, and wondered why no one yet could be found to touch the former. The men have now been found, and in developing and benefiting our neighbors in British Columbia, they will benefit us, for "*all roads led to Rome.*" A large number of men will necessarily be employed in the undertaking, and there every prospect of an immense fortune accruing to the enterprising Californians who have conceived the scheme.

In British Columbia these efforts will be watched with great interest, because if successful, other creeks may soon have their turn, while it is well known, further, that any quantity of gold-bearing quartz exists in the country. Unjust legislation and heavy rates of transportation well nigh crushed out the spirit of the country in days gone by, but a new era has been inaugurated the progress of which we shall watch with the greatest interest.

It appears from the above extract, that even in California, the people expect as a matter of course that '*all roads lead to Rome*,' and equally with other portions of the United States, they are looking eagerly for the plum to become ripe, so that it will fall into their basket. How far the construction of the Canada Pacific Railway, and the development of other means of communication, after Confederation, will change the spirit of their dreams—remains to be seen.

AN UNRELIABLE JOURNAL.

The impression seems to be getting stronger in official circles at the capital that Mr. O'Connor, M. P., for Essex, will be called to the Dominion Ministry, Senator Aikins obligingly retiring somewhere so as to furnish a vacancy.

A report is in circulation in Montreal that Mr. Brydges, having been compelled to resign his position on the Grand Trunk, will enter the Dominion Cabinet. In that case there would probably be political "smash-ups and crash ups." — *Toronto Globe.*

We merely give the two paragraphs quoted above as specimens of the Toronto *Globe's* utter unreliability. We would not be so uncourteous as to say that it invented the above; very possibly some of its reporters or correspondents, whose excessive gullability has become almost proverbial, may have had these stories communicated to them by some one who was desirous of "having a rise out of them;" but whether sheer inventions or based upon the reports of unreliable correspondents, they show very conclusively that the *Globe* cannot be depended upon for news connected with any one against whom it is in any way prejudiced. Some days since it was announced that Mr. Brydges had been re-elected Managing Director of the Grand Trunk. Yet here we find the *Globe* stating that he has "been compelled to resign," while the Secretary of State is on equally good authority declared to be about to retire "somewhere" to make room for some one else. We can quite understand the reason of the *Globe's* especial aversion to the the Hon. Mr. Aikins. Heedless of the *Globe's* threats and denunciations he chose to do his duty; he prefered the welfare of the country to the maintenance of old party lines formed upon issues which had ceased to exist, and therefore, like every other man who adopted a like course, a plentiful share of the *Globe's* sneers and abuse is launched at his head. "Poor Mr. Aikens," as the *Globe* calls him, can survive the attack. We do not pity him in the least. We do not think he requires compassion. All our pity is reserved for poor Mr. Brown. For him, although his utter failure as a public man is richly deserved, we cannot help feeling a measure of regret.

Having received a communication recently from a Volunteer of the 43rd battalion of Active Militia, in which he appears to labor under an erroneous impression in regard to our militia system, and asks for information on the subject of discharge, we would remind him and all others similarily situated that if he has been enrolled for 3 years in any corps of the Active Militia, and performed the few days drill annually required during that period, should he not desire to serve longer in his corps, he is perfectly free to claim his discharge therefrom, and on application to his commanding officer will be furnished with a proper printed form of discharge certificate. Under the militia law now in force the number of the active, or that portion of the militia to be annually drilled, is 40,000, a number slightly exceeding one in every 100 of the population. The men are raised in the several regimental divisions in proportion to the strength of the enrolled militia constituting the reserve in each. The period of service in the Active Militia is 3 years, during which they are only called upon to perform a few days drill in camp in each year, which may be looked upon more in the light of a pic-nic party than anything disagreeable; and if at the end of the three years they do not wish to re-enroll for a further period of 3 years, they are free to claim their discharge, when they fall back again into the ranks of the reserve, which comprises all men in the Dominion under 60 years of age not disqualified by law, and are not again liable to military service in time of peace until all other men in the division to which they belong have either volunteered or been ballotted to serve.

Hon. Walter McCrea, of Chatham, is gazetted Judge of the provincial judicial district of Algoma, in the Province of Ontario, in the room of the Hon. John Prince, deceased.

FESTIVAL OF ST. JOHN THE EVANGELIST.

The newly elected officers of the Civil Service, Doric, Corinthian, and Builder's Lodges of F. & A. M. will be only installed to-morrow at the Masonic Hall, by R. W. Brother E. C. Barber, D. D. G. M. for the Central District. The proceedings of the day will be commenced by the installation of the officers of the Civil Service Lodge at 10 a.m. In the evening the Masonic Ball will take place at the Rink Music Hall, where there will be, no doubt, a large gathering of the craft and many invited guests. In honour of the day the Hon. Col. Gray, M. P., has written the following stirring song, which we have much pleasure in publishing.

TO THE OLD CRAFT.

"*Esto Perpetua.*"

ST. JOHN'S DAY, 27th Dec., 1870.

A health to the Craft—the brave old Craft
Which hath lived in the Old World long,
Here's health and renown to its "Triple Crown"
And its myriad sons so strong;
There's aid in its arm in the day of harm,
When the tide of life ebbs away;
And it proves its might—on misfortune's night,
When storms round a "brother" play.

CHORUS—
Then hurrah for the Craft, the brave old Craft,
Which hath stood in the wide world long;
And still may it stand, the pride of the land,
When ten thousand years have gone.

It saw the old times, when the "Temple's" chimes
Pealed forth—the wond'rous work was done,
And it lives at this day in bright array,
Tho' two thousand years have gone;
But death wields a sway which all must obey,
And a ruthless King is he;
Yet the Craft will live, and its "sign" will give
When a King he'll cease to be.

CHORUS—
Then hurrah for the Craft, the brave old Craft, &c.

In days of yore our "Templars" bore
Their "Red Cross" thro' the world,
But now our shield has the azure field,
With "Peace and Harmony" unfurled;
Oh! o'er the grave of the young and brave,
The sunlight plays, the flowers bloom,
But the Widow's prayer and the Orphan's tear
Are shed o'er the Mason's tomb.

CHORUS—
Then hurrah for the Craft, the brave old Craft, &c.

And now 'tis the day when the "Brethren" may
With pride look back to the past;
For on History's page the brightest age
But a few short years can last.
Empires old, with their warriors bold,
Their cities proud—their peopled plains,
Are lost in the wave—of the yawning grave,
But the old Craft—It still remains.

CHORUS—
Then hurrah for the Craft, the brave old Craft, &c.

Ocean Cables.

The following is a list of the ocean cables at present in operation:

CABLES.	LENGTH OF CABLE IN STATUTE MILES.
Dover to Calais	27
Denmark, across the Belt	18
Dover to Ostend	81
Frith of Forth	6
Port Patrick to Donaghadee	25
Port Patrick to Whitehead	27
Sweden to Denmark	12
Italy to Corsica	110
Corsica to Sardinia	10
Egypt	10
Italy to Sicily	5
Newfoundland to Cape Breton	85
P. E. Island to N. Brunswick	12
Norway, across fiords	49
Across mouths of Danube	3
Ceylon to mainland of India	30
Italy to Sicily	8
England to Holland	140
England to Hanover	240
Norway, across fiords	16
S. Australia to King's Island	140
Ceylon to India	30
England to Denmark	368
Sweden to Gotland	64
Folkestone to Boulogne	29
Malta to Sicily	60
England to Isle of Man	36
Suez to Jubal Island	220
Jersey to Pirou, France	21
Tasmania to Bass Straits	240
Denmark (Great Belt)	28
Dacca to Pegu	116
Barcelona to Mahon	180
Minorca to Majorca	35
Iviza to Majorca	74
St. Antonio to Iviza	76
Norway, across fiords	18
Toulon to Corsica	195
Holyhead to Howth, Ireland	64
Malta to Alexandria, via Tripoli and Benghazi	1,535
Newhaven to Dieppe	80
Pembroke to Wexford	63
Frith of Forth	6
England to Holland	130
Sardinia to Sicily	243
Persian Gulf	1,450
Otronto to Avlona	60
La Cele to Biserte	91
Sweeden to Prussia	55
Biserte to Marsala	165
Valentia to Heart's Content	2,160
Valentia to Heart's Content	1,214
Newfoundland to Cape Breton	94
Lowestoft to Nordeney	256
Placentia to Sydney, C. B.	373
Dover to Lapanne	57
Cuba to Florida	333
Malta to Alexandra, direct	1,040
Cuba to Key West	140
Brest to St. Pierre	3,014
St. Pierre to Duxbury	873
Falmouth to Brest	336
From Bombay to Aden	2,881
Aden to Suez	1,419
Total	22,007

The following note was received by the Warden Friday:

COUNTY CLERK'S OFFICE,
BERLIN, 24th Dec., 1870.

IRA MORGAN, Esq., Warden,

DEAR SIR,—Enclosed I send you with the compliments of George Randall, Esq., Warden, his order on the County Treasurer for the sum of $400, being the amount granted at the session of the Waterloo County Council of Simcoe, last week, in aid of the sufferers by the late fires in the Ottawa district.

I have drawn the cheque in favor of Mr. Currier, as indicated in your circular of Last September.

I have the honor to be, Sir,
Your obedient servant,
JOSEPH BOWMAN.

Latest by Telegraph

VIA MONTREAL LINE.

QUEBEC.

PROROGATION.

SPEECH FROM THE THRONE.

QUEBEC, Dec. 24.

In the Legislative Assembly, the Hon. Mr. Robertson, seconded by Mr. Joly, moved a vote of thanks to the Hon Mr. Blanchet for his uniform kindness during the session, and his valuable assistance.

The last session of the first Parliament was prorogued to day at 3 o'clock. The Lieut-Governor arrived at that hour with a guard of honor from the 60th Rifles, the band playing.

On the floor of the House we noticed Cols. Hamilton, Chandler, Fielden, Major Pope and several vounteer officers, Justice Caron, Meredith, Doucet, and Major Garneau.

The attendance was very small, out of respect to the recent death in the Hon. Mr. Chauveau's family.

Hon. Gentlemen of the Legislative Council; and Gentlemen of the Legislative Assembly:

I congratulate you in the name of our gracious Sovereign on the important task which you have accomplished during the session.

To measures sanctioned during previous sessions you have added liberal grants, in favor of iron and wooden railways, which, by binding more closely together the various parts of our Province, will tend to develope commerce, and attract foreign emigration, and facilitate the settlement of the public domain by the youth of our country.

Our position in the centre of the Confederation, and on the shore of the Gulf of St. Lawrence, insures us a distinguished part in the future.

The Province evinces to call into vigorous action all our commercial, industrial and agricultural resources, and appears to afford a certain guarantee for our prosperity in the time to come, despite the numerous obstacles which we have to contend against.

I have much pleasure in sanctioning the Municipal Code, and trust with confidence that the rural population will not be slow to avail themselves of the opportunity which it will hold out to them for local improvements, and the maintenance of public order and good morals.

I beg to return you thanks for the attention which you have bestowed upon the bills submitted to you respecting civil procedure, public instruction, agriculture, and that portion of the internal revenue which was left at your disposal.

Also, for your careful examination of the correspondence laid before you relative to the arbitration ordered by the British North America Act, and entertain no doubt that the country will sustain you in the determination to which you have unanimously expressed to obtain justice for the Province.

Gentlemen of the Legislative Assembly:—

I thank you for the liberality with which you have voted the supplies.

This session being the fourth, the first parliamentary term of which ends its course next summer. I sincerely pray that at the ensuing elections the same spirit of harmony and moderation may be everywhere made apparent, which, taking into consideration the inevitable difference of opinion under constitutional government has never failed to mark your deliberations.

I beg you to accept my warmest good wishes for your own welfare, and for that of your families.

Mr. Chapleau entertained a number of the members to a breakfast at the St. Louis Hotel Representatives of the Quebec and Montreal press were present.

THE WAR.

Midnight Despatches.

CABLE NEWS.

THE SORTIE FROM PARIS.

BORDEAUX, December 23.—During the great sortie from Paris on Wednesday, General Ducrot took many hundred prisoners.

The general situation is more encouraging for France.

The non occupation of Tours, and the retreat of the other Prussian forces towards Orleans, are said to be strategic movements of Generals Chausey and Bourbaki.

ROUEN EVACUATED.

Rouen has been almost entirely evacuated by the Prussians. There were only 1,500 German soldiers there yesterday.

General Manteuffel has evidenty moved his forces for the purpose of opposing the march of the French army of General Faidherde.

RUMORED DEFEAT OF THE FRENCH.

LONDON, December 24.—A despatch from Havre says a rumor was prevalent there to-day that General Chausey had been defeated by the combined forces of the Duke of Mecklenberg and Prince Frederick Charles, and is now in full retreat. Information has been received from Cherbourg that there are now 60,000 French troops at Havre.

Advices from Marseilles states that 6,000 Saxons left Saxony with the intention of making a forced march to Rheims, where the people are reported to have risen in insurrection against the authority of the Prussian Commander.

FRENCH OFFICERS BREAKING THEIR PAROLE.

BERLIN, Dec. 23.—Count Bismarck has addressed a circular note to the representatives of the North German Confederation at the Foreign Court, in which he calls their attention to the fact that the French officers are breaking their parole not to serve in the army during the present war, and saying that as the French Government sanctions this proceeding peremtory measures will be taken to check it. The Count adds that in the event of future complaints of the kind proper judgment can be passed upon the offenders at the Prussian headquarters.

Herr Camphausen has made the important announcement in the Prussiam Chambers that no deficit is probable in the finances of the monarchy for the years 1870 and 1871.

EVACUATION OF DIEPPE.

LONDON, Dec. 23.—The Prussians have left Dieppe, but are encamped near Byen in heavy force. Two French ironclads are stationed off the port.

A BATTLE PROBABLE.

Late despatches from Amiens report Manteuffel near that city, and that a battle is probable.

It is again rumored that Gen. Ducrot left Paris in a balloon on the 15th instant to take command of an army in the field.

THE SITUATION AT HAVRE AND CHERBOURG.

BORDEAUX, Dec. 24.—Havre is made so strongly fortified that no fears are apprehended of an attack. All the ports about the city are fully manned and supplied, and there are several war ships riding at anchor before the city.

Cherbourg is also regarded as impregnable to any force the Germans can bring against it. The fortifications have been completely armed, and as at Havre, frigates are stationed in roads.

THE EUROPEAN CONFERENCE.

LONDON, Dec. 24.—It is said that the Government of Paris will send Thiers as its representative to the London conference. Report also says that the French Government has requested the English Government to obtain egress from Paris for the plenipotentiary to the approaching conference.

GREAT BRITAIN TO ARBITRATE ON THE LUXEMBOURG QUESTION.

A special correspondent of the London *Telegraph* at Berlin says that in the event of an appeal by Prussia to an European ... the Luxembourg affair the Government of Great Britain will be invited to undertake it.

GEN. FAIDHERBE SURROUNDED.

A despatch from Brussels says General Faidherbe is being surrounded by the Germans, and that the Prussians have occupied Soissons and Sens.

FEWER PROCLOMATIONS AND MORE ENERGY WANTED.

It is said that the Commune of Lyons has sent an address to the French Government insisting on fewer decrees and proclamations and more boldness and energy.

A French squadron left Brest for Havre, and additional ships of war are being got in readiness for the same destination.

MURDER OF FRENCH PRISONERS.

Chadourdy has sent a diplomatic despatch to the Cabinet of the Hague, in which he says that he learns with horror and indignation that four escaped French prisoners, surrendered by the Dutch to the Germans, have been shot:

THE PRISONERS OF WAR IN GERMANY.

BERLIN, December 24.—Seeing that the French Government sanction breaches of parole on the part of soldiers, Prussia is considering the propriety of withdrawing certain privileges now extended to French prisoners of war in Germany.

SEPARATION OF CHURCH AND STATE IN FRANCE.

LONDON, December 24.—It is said that Gambetta has announced to Rome his desire that France will terminate the Concordat in order to effect an entire separation of Church and State in France.

GREAT HARDSHIP PREDICTED FOR THE PRUSSIANS.

The *Morning Post* in its issue of yesterday predicts for the Prussians great hardships and losses during the coming winter, because the Prussians have demonstrated their ability to resist indefinitely.

Prince Napoleon recently paid a visit to General Changarnier. His propositions relative to the French crown were instantly rejected.

ESCAPE OF FRENCH PRISONERS.

ANTWERP, December 24.—Twenty-two French prisoners who were confined in this city made their escape yesterday.

THE ITALIAN GOVERNMENT.

FLORENCE, December 24.—In Parliament yesterday Signor Arrezuna urged the immediate removal of the capital to Rome. Signor Foscanelli argued against the proposition.

A DESPATCH FROM KING WILLIAM TO THE QUEEN—THE FRENCH SORTIE.

BERLIN, Dec. 23.—The Queen has just received a despatch from King William, dated Versailles, as follows:

"The French made a sortie in the direction of Staines and Bourget, prompted by the mistaken idea that the French army of relief was approaching. Many French prisoners were taken in the assault on the Saxon position. The sortie was easily repulsed.

The cold is intense.

ROME TO BE THE CAPITAL.

FLORENCE, Dec. 23.—The Chamber of Deputies have passed by 192 to 18 the Bill providing for the removal of the capital to Rome within six months. A resolution expressing the gratitude of the citizens of Florence to the Romans for their patriotism during the siege of the city was adopted.

THE CONFERENCE ON THE EASTERN QUESTION.

LONDON, Dec. 23.—The first meeting of the conference on the Eastern question is fixed for the 3rd of January.

PRINCE CHARLES' POSITION UNTENABLE.

Prince Charles of Roumania calls the attention of the powers to the fact that his position, as settled by the Treaty of Paris, is no longer tenable.

BUSINESS SUSPENDED.

Business has been suspended to-day on account of holidays. All the markets were closed, and will remain so till Tuesday.

The Empress Eugenie is organizing a fund for the French prisoners. She is negotiating for the use of the Drury Lane Theatre for a benefit performance.

CONGRATULATIONS OF QUEEN VICTORIA TO THE KING OF PRUSSIA.

VERSAILLES, Dec. 23.—The congratulations of Queen Victoria to the King of Prussia on his acceptance of the title of Emperor of Germany, were presented to his Majesty to-day by Odo Russell.

THE ECLIPSE.

CALAIS, Dec. 23.—The observation of the elipse were successful here. Good photographs of the Corona were obtained.

SYRACUSE, Scilly, Dec. 22.—Professors Pierce and Lockyer report that the observations taken by them of the eclipse were imperfect in consequence of the unfavorable weather, but the results obtained last year in America were confirmed.

NEW GERMAN LOAN.

FRANKFORT, Dec. 24.—American bonds negected. Here the attention of financial men is being turned to a new German loan.

PARIS TO FALL—THE DIFFICULTY.

BERLIN, Dec. 24.—The *Herald's* Berlin special of the 21st inst., says. The uncertainty of the fall of Paris is the topic of conversation. The demands for the speedy bombardment are clamorous, and that official organs assure the public that the military are fully awakened to their duty, and that they will leave nothing undone to speedily reduce the capital. The belief prevails that the bombardment has been proposed by the influence of the Queen of England. In reply to this belief the official organs say that it is owing to the difficulty of reaching the city effectually that the Prussian batteries are not being completed, and the lack of ammunition Once in the capital the Germans will take a firm footing, and occupy it until the French elect a responsible government.

In regard to the manner of accomplishing this, whether by upsetting the present Government and recalling Napoleon, or the Orleans family, or by a convention of Consuls-General, the wildest opinions are formed, although the best informed express their convictions that the only way is to recognize the Constitutional Government under Napoleon. It is wonderful the efforts still being made for the prosecution of the war, and the oldest classes of the Landwher are being drilled and sent to the front. Calls are made upon officers formerly in the service to return to active duty, and the officials of various departments have been sent with muskets on their shoulders to fill civil posts in conquered territory.

THE GREAT GUN FOUNDRY.

The great gun foundry at Spandon is incessantly at work manufacturing ordnance of the largest calibre.

PRESERVED MEATS, &C.

A single firm sends to the army 80,000 cans of preserved meat daily. Up to this date 65,000,000 letters, 45,000,000 thalers, and 1,000,000 of official packets have been sent to the front through the post offices The field posts in France cover 5,700 English miles, and employ 260 officers and 5,000 clerks.

CHERBOURG, Dec. 23.—The troops in and around Paris have left for the for the purpose of uniting with the army under De Chausey.

Faidherbe fought victoriously with the enemy at Pont Nyells. The battle commenced at 11 in the morning, and ended at 6 in the evening.

The Germans have again entered Tours, meeting no opposition.

LILLE, Dec. 25.—Cannonading has been since Thursday in the direction of Moyon. The Prussians are in the vicinity of Vervons, where they have blown up bridges

GREAT EXCITEMENT AT LYONS.

LYONS, December 24.—The occupation of Nuits by the enemy caused a panic here. Meetings were held at which the orators made frantic appeals to the multitude. The tocsin was sounded; the National and Mobile Guards mustered and the delegation assembled. A procession of women in mourning passed through the streets. The Red Republicans gathered in large numbers before the Hotel de Ville, and clamored for vengeance. General Arnaud, commander of the National Guards, refused them admission to the hall.

HONFLEUR, DIEPPE, AND FECAN.

LONDON, December 24.—Honfleur has been opened again to commerce. Dieppe and Fecan are still under strict blockade.

GARIBALDI.

It is said that the municipality of Lyons has expressed a wish that Garibaldi be made a member of the Government of National Defence.

A PRUSSIAN DIVISION REFUSES TO OCCUPY TOURS.

The Nineteenth Prussian Division refused to occupy Tours, though the Mayor requested the general commanding to do so. The Prussians contented themselves with destroying the railway running through the city, and encamped in the suburbs.

GERMAN GARRISON AT RHEIMS LARGELY INCREASED.

BRUSSELS, Dec. 23.—The *Echo du Nord* says the German garrison at Rheims and Chalons have been largely increased owing to the threatening attitude of the army North. Chalons refusing to pay the requisition demanded by the invaders, leading citizens have been arrested and sent to Germany as hostages.

NEUTRALITY OF LUXEMBOURG.

LONDON, Dec. 24.—The Berlin *Gazette* denies that there is any parallel between the demand of Russia in regard to the Black Sea and the warning given by Prussia as to the position of Luxembourg. Bismarck is true to the treaty of 1866. He simply reports what he has ever insisted on, that the security of the independence of Luxembourg is based solely on its religious adherence to neutrality. Prussia must interfere if her troops are assailed while passing through Luxembourg.

FAVRE TO REPRESENT FRANCE IN THE CONFERENCE.

LONDON, Dec. 23.—The *World's* special says that Favre will represent France in the conference.

AN ASYLUM FOR THE POPE.

Austria, Prussia and England have offered an asylum to the Pope. He will probably accept Malta.

MURDERS IN ROME.

Murders in the streets of Rome are of nightly occurrence.

PRUSSIANS FORTIFYING.

The Prussians are fortifying their line of retreat between Versailles and Mose:

LORD ENFIELD UNDER SECRETARY OF STATE.

Lord Enfield has been appointed Under Secretary of State in place of Otway, and Davidson, member of Parliament for Durham, has been appointed Judge Advocate General.

AN ADDITION TO THE TERMS OF PEACE.

Advices from Berlin say that part of the terms of peace is that France shall resign Nice and Savoy to the Pope.

BOURBAKI INSANE.

A London despatch says General Bourbaki is reported to be insane. The recent circumstances which have caused suspicion to attach to certain of his movements have pressed heavily on his mind for some time past.

The *World's* special from Lemans says: Chausey's retreat to this point was voluntary for the purpose of concentrating his own forces and drawing the Germans after him. Chausey has now 200,000 men, and he will immediately resume the offensive.

MOVEMENTS.

The 10th German corps is at Tours, the 19th south of Tours, Mecklenburgers are between Vendome and Strasburg, and Manteuffel is near Amiens.

Saturday's Despatches.

BATTLE—THE FRENCH VICTORIOUS.

BORDEAUX, Dec. 24.—In an official despatch telegraphed from Lille on the night of the 23rd, Gen. Faidherde announces to the Minister of War that his army engaged the enemy at Pont Noyelle on that day. The battle lasted from eleven o'clock in the forenoon until six in the evening. For the greater portion of the time it was an artillery duel, which was finally terminated by a charge of French Infantry along the whole line. The enemy were driven back, and the French troops retained masters of the field.

SORTIES FROM PARIS CONFIRMED.

NEW YORK, Dec. 24.—A London cable despatch says there is confirmation of the recent successful sorties from Paris to the north, south, and east with the capture of several strong positions, but yesterday an announcement from French sources that the two divisions of the army of the Loire had effected a junction appears to be without foundation in fact. The general situation however, is more encouraging for the French.

AMERICAN NEWS.

THE FISHERY DIFFICULTY.

NEW YORK, Dec 24.—Some days ago a Washington correspondent telegraphed that the British Minister, Sir E Thornton, had received instructions to settle the complications which have arisen from the seizure of a number of fishing vessels by the Dominion officers. There seems to be prospects that the question will soon be disposed of: It is understood that Minister Thornton has already taken the initiatory steps for a new treaty between his Government and the United States to cover this subject.

ARRIVALS.

NEW YORK, Dec. 24.—Arrived, steamers *Lafayette* and *Pennsylvania.*

DINNER TO THE U. S. SENATE.

WASHINGTON, p.a., Dec 24.—Secretary Fish gave a dinner last night to the Senate, the Foreign Relations Committee and Senators Sumner and Matton being present They met for the first time since the acrimonious debate, the bad health of the latter having prevented him from attending the Senate session after the vote on San Domingo. It is reported that there existed the utmost cordiality between them, and that neither of them had any dispsoition to remember the personal portions of their discussions. Mr. Sumner said to-day that he is confident that the annexation of San Domingo will be defeated if it comes up for action during the Congress.

New York Markets.

NEW YORK, Dec. 24.—Gold, 110¼.
Cotton, 15¼.
Flour a shade firmer; receipts, 15,000 barrels; sales, 80,000 barrels at $5.15 to $5.40 for Superfine State and Western; $5.95 to $6.50 for Common to Choice Extra State; $5.85 to $6.50 for Common to Choice Extra State and Western; $5.95 to $6.40 for Round Hoop Ohio
Rye flour steady at $5.00 to $5.40.
Wheat a shade firmer; receipts receipts 6,000 bushels; sales 26,000 bushels at $1 40 New No. 1 Spring; $1 45 to $1.47 Winter Red and Amber Western; $1.50 for White Michigan.
Rye quiet.
Corn very firm; receipts 19,000 bushels; sales 31,000 bushels at 74 cts to 76 cts for New Mixed Western.
Barley, dull.
Oats quiet but firm; receipts, 5,000 bushels; sales, 81,000 bushels, at 60½cts to 61½cts for Western and Ohio.
Pork, firm; sales, 1,000 barrels, at $19.75 for New Mess; $19.25 to $19.50 for Old Mess.
Lard, firmer, at 11½cts to 11¾ for Steam; 12¾cts to 13c for Kettle Rendered.
Butter steady, at 42cts for State.
Cheese quiet, at 12 to 16½.
For Common to Prime Petroleum, 13cts for Crude, and 22½cts for refined.

TO THE ELECTORS OF VICTORIA WARD.

GENTLEMEN,—I have been asked by a large number of the influential Electors of Victoria Ward to allow myself "to be put in nomination as one of the School Trustees for said Ward, during the ensuing term."

To refuse to comply with their request in the absence of any reasonable place for such refusal, or to neglect to do my duty to the best of my ability, if elected to a position on the Board by the unsought votes of my friends, would be to show myself altogether unwerthy of their confidence.

I therefore accede to their wishes, and if elected as one of your representatives, my best efforts, in the interests of the Public Schools of the city, shall be at your disposal.

I have the honor to be,
Gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
ERSKINE H. BRONSON.

Chaudiere, 25th Dec., 1870. 1459tf.

THIS MONDAY EVENING
CHRISTMAS CAROL
—AT THE—
YOUNG LADIES' SEMINARY
Congregation de Notre Dame,
WITH FESTIVE HOMAGE TO THEIR
REVERED PASTOR,
Rev. J. J. COLLINS,
PRESIDED BY
HIS LORDSHIP
The BISHOP of OTTAWA.

INSTRUMENTAL MUSIC—3 Pianos and Harmonium
JOYFUL GREETINGS.
MELO-DRAME - - - - The Talisman
INSTRUMENTAL MUSIC - - - Eastern Pearls

PROLOGUE.
DRAMA IN TWO ACTS.
Act 1 - - A Stranger in her Childhood's Home
Interlude - - Music, Solos, 2 Pianos, Concertant - - Grand Fantasia
Act 2 - - - The Fatal To-Morrow
Instrumental Music—3 Pianos, Concertant,—Grand Operatic Overture
The Midnight Voice - - - Vocal Music
Dialogue Fantaisie - - "L'Ange de la Nouvelle Anne"
Vocal Music - - - - - - 3 Pianos

EPILOGUE.
A Happy New Year - - - Vocal Music
ADDRESS TO HIS LORDSHIP THE BISHOP.
Finale - - - - God Save the Queen

Doors open at 7 o'clock, p.m.
Tickets of Admission - - - 50 cents

1871. 1871.
AT J. DURIE & SON'S
THE YEAR BOOK
1871.
PRICE 25cts., With MAPS.
Mailed for 33 Cents.
J. DURIE & SON,
10 SPARKS-ST.
Ottawa, Dec. 26, 1870. 1549 1

DALHOUSIE LODGE,
NO. 571 G. R.

The Brethren are hereby summoned to attend an Emergent Communication of this Lodge, to be held on TUESDAY, the 27th inst., at one o'clock, p.m., for the purpose of attending the funeral of our late Bro. ANDREW FOTHERINGHAM, Senior Deacon.

By order of the W. M.
C. S. SCOTT,
Secretary.

In event of the non-arrival of some of the deceased Brother's relatives, the funeral will take place on Wednesday at the same hour, of which due notice will be given.

Ottawa, 26th Dec., 1870. 1549td

DORIC LODGE,
NO. 58 G.R.C., F & A.M.

The Brethren of Doric Lodge are hereby requested to attend at an Emergent Communication of the Dalhousie Lodge, No. 571 E.R., at the Lodge Room, on TUESDAY. 27th instant, at one o'clock, p.m., for the purpose of assisting at the funeral ceremonies of our late Brother ANDREW FOTHERINGHAM, Senior Deacon of that Lodge.

By Command of the W. M.
D. P. WILLIAMS,
Secretary.

Ottawa, Dec. 26, 1870 1549td

CORINTHIAN LODGE,
NO. 59 G.R.C., F. & A.M.

The Brethren of Corinthian Lodge are hereby requested to attend at an Emergent Communication of the Dalhousie Lodge, No. 571 E.R., at the Lodge Room, on TUESDAY 27th instant, at one o'clock, p.m., for the purpose of assisting at the Funeral Ceremonies of our late Brother ANDREW FOTHERINGHAM, Senior Deacon of that Lodge.

By order of the W. M.
GEO. LOUIS ORME,
Secretary.

Ottawa, Dec. 26. 1870. 1549td.

BUILDERS' LODGE,
NO. 177, G. R. C. F. & A. M.

The Brethren of Builders' Lodge are hereby requested to attend at an Emergent Communication of the Dalhousie Lodge, No. 571 E R, at the Lodge Room, on TUESDAY, 27th instant, at one o' clock p.m, for the purpose of assisting at the Funeral Ceremonies of our late Brother ANDREW FOTHERINGHAM, Senior Deacon of that Lodge.

By order of W. M.
WM. REA,
Secretary.

Ottawa, Dec. 26, 1870. 1549td.

ASK FOR THEM, GET THEM.
MORRISON'S BISCUITS are the best and freshest in the City. For Sale by all the Principal Grocers. Buy them and try them. I am going to buy my Cakes and Confectionary at 38 Rideau street, for it is opened as a Wholesale and Retail Confectionary Establishment by DANIEL MORRISON, Fancy Biscuit, Cake and Pastry Baker

Ottawa, Dec. 26, 1870 1549 1m.

FIFTH ANNUAL BALL.
OTTAWA NO. 1 FIRE COMPANY will hold their
FIFTH ANNUAL BALL,
—AT THE—
ST. PATRICK'S HALL and CANADIAN INSTITUTE,
On TUESDAY, 27th Instant.
Refreshments by PRODERICK.
Music by GUNDERLAND.
Double Tickets, $2. Single Tickets, $1.50. May be had at Proderick's, Sussex street; Baskerville's and Sutherland's, Rideau street; Baskerville's, Duke street, Chaudiere; McCaffry's, York street, and of Members of the Committee.
WM. WALSH,
Captain.
DENIS BERAN,
Secretary.
Ottawa, December 19, 1870 1545 2

CHRISTMAS NOVELTIES!
WHO'S YOUR HATTER?
Cosaques! Mrs. Brogon!
Christmas Magic!
Love Among the Roses!
Floral Fortune Teller!
Kiss Me Quick!
Frosted Magic!
Bon Bons!
Holly Bouquets!
Missletoe Bouquets!
Holly Wreaths!
Missletoe Wreaths!
Grape Wreaths!
Perfume Bouquets
Fancy Gelatine Flags for Decorating!
Fancy Gelatine Flags for Christmas Pudding!
MOTTOES
—IN—
GREAT VARIETY
—AT—
THE TEA POT,
RIDEAU STREET.
During the Festive Season,
5lb. CHOICE TEA
FOR $2.00,
Warranted to give Satisfaction.
Ottawa, Dec. 23, 1870. 1547tf

CARD.
The Subscriber begs to return thanks to his Customers and the public generally, for the Liberal Support extended to him for the last nine years, and by Strict Attention to his business hopes to secure their Patronage in future. He would also remind them that he has always on hand
FRESH MEAT,
PORK,
HAM,
And all the FOWLS of the Season.
JOHN KENNEDY.
Ottawa, Dec. 22, 1870. 1546

CARD.
The Subscriber in returning thanks for the Liberal Support extended to him since his Start, begs to inform his many Customers and the public generally, that he has always on hand a large supply of the following articles.
BACON, Rolled and Spiced.
HAMS, Sugar Cured,
SAUCES of all kinds, and all other articles in the trade.
HERMAN THORBAHN
STALL No. 10,
Ottawa, Dec. 21, 1870. 1546 9

BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA.
INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.
The Court of Directors hereby give notice that a half yearly dividend at the rate of six per cent per annum on the Capital of the Bank, will be payable on the 5th day of January 1871, to the proprietors of shares registered in the Colonies The dividend is declared in sterling money, and will be payable at the rate of exchange current on the 5th day of January 1871, to be fixed by the Local Board.
No transfer can be made between the 24th inst., and the 5th prox., as the books must be closed during that period.
By order of the Court.
R. W. BRADFORD,
Secretary.
No 124 Bishopsgate Street Within, London, E C, Dec. 6th, 1870. 1547-15

"THE GEM."
The latest and richest
"PERFUME"
In the Dominion
Equal to Lubin's, and much less in price.
Patronised by the
ELITE OF MONTREAL.
Sold by every chemist in the city, and manufactured wholesale by
MUNRO & JACKSON,
1540b Druggists and Perfumers, Montreal.

ENGLISH BUNN HOUSE,
37 Sussex Street.
C. BARTLET begs to remind the public that he will commence the Muffin season this Day. All orders sent to any part of the city. He also begs to remind the public that he is buying in a large stock of Confectionery Ornaments for Christmas, from England, from the best house in the line in London. Rich Bon Bons, of every variety, Fancy Boxes, Cake Ornaments, a number of shell boxes, from Brighton, England. Also, a great variety of other goods for Christmas and New Year's Presents, too numerous to insert in this advertisement. He therefore begs an early call, and inspect for yourselves, as he is certain he will have the largest and best assortment in the trade. Also, a very large assortment of rich Cakes, ornamented and plain, Fruit, Citron, Seed, Genoa, Madera, Pound Cakes, Macaroons, Sponge, Lady's Fingers. All kinds of Jellies. A large assortment of preserves in pots to suit customers. Sweets of every kind in great variety. An immense stock of Fancy Hearts, Wholesale and Retail.
N.B.—Tea and Coffee Hot at all hours of the day. Refreshments of every kind always on hand. Oyster Patties and Oysters Cooked to any style on the shortest notice.
Ottawa, Dec 22. 1546d

PURSE FOUND.
On Rideau Street, near the corner of Sussex street, a purse containing a small amount of money, which the owner can have by calling at Dr. Legge's Dental Rooms, Sparks street, proving property and paying for this advertisement.
Ottawa, Dec. 23, 1870. 1548 1

OTTAWA PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY.
The next two weekly practice meetings will be held on Tuesday evenings, 27th December, and 3rd January, instead of on Monday evenings.
G KENNEDY,
Secretary.
Gowan's Hall, Dec. 24, 1870. 1548tf

GEO. HAYES,
Copper Plate Printer.
Bank Street, near Sparks,
CENTRE TOWN.
Visiting Cards on the shortest notice.
Ottawa, December 20, 1870.

NOVELTIES!

R HATTER?

gon!
ic!
ng the Roses!
l Fortune Teller!
Kiss Me Quick!
Frosted Magic!

uquets!
Wreaths!
etoe Wreaths!
rope Wreaths!
rfume Bouquets!
gs for Decorating!
Flags for Christmas

TOES

VARIETY

A POT
STREET.

festive Season,
DICE TEA
$2.00,
give Satisfaction.
1547tf

ORK,
HAM,
of the Season.
N KENNEDY.
1870. 1546

turning thanks for the
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his many Customers,
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Cured,
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THORBAHN
No. 10,
870. 1546 9

SH NORTH AMERICA.
ROYAL CHARTER.
tors hereby give notice
dend at the rate of six
on the Capital of the
on the 5th day of Janu-
ctors of shares regis-
e dividend is declared
will be payable at the
at on the 5th day of
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made between the 21th
, as the books must be
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the Court.
W. BRADFORD,
Secretary.
rest Within,
6th, 1870. 1547-1f

UME"
In the Dominion
h loss in price.

ONTREAL.
in the city, and man-
JACKSON,
Perfumers, Montreal.

OUSE,
Street.
to remind the public that
Muslin Session this
any part of the city. He
hands that he is saying
ectionery Ornaments for
, from the best houses in
on Bon Bons, of every
, cake ornaments, a
ney, from Brighton, Eng-
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'e Presents for
this advertisement. He
ail, and hopes for your
he will have the honor
the trade. Also, a very
Cakes, ornamented and
Seeds, Guaves, Madeira
nges, sponges, Lady's
Jellies. A large assort-
to suit customers. Dealers
variety. As immense
Wholesale and Retail.
Not at all behind of the
every kind always on
Oysters Cooked in any
1546d

ar the corner of Sussex
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Rooms, Sparks street,
paying for this adver-
1548 1

O. 1870.
HARMONIC SOCIETY.
practice meetings will
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d of on Monday even-
G KENNEDY,
Secretary.
24, 1870. 1548tf

ato Printer.
near Sparks,
TOWN.
1870.

Esquimaux Coats at Devlin's.

LOCAL NEWS.

New Stereoscopes and Slides, Bohemian Lamps, Microscopes, choice French and English Perfumery, at the

OTTAWA DRUG STORE,
Sappers' Bridge,
W. HEARN,

BLANKETS. Cornwall, St. Lawrence and Empire Mills Blankets, in all sizes and weights, very cheap, at

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

☞ 50 dozen Velveteen Hats, from 25 cents upwards. A large assortment of Flowers and Feathers. Trimmed Hats and Bonnets.

At the "Golden Lion."

R. L. JAMES & Co.

There is no appearance yet of the meteoric showers and earthquakes to be due 22nd inst., according to the Quebec calculation.

Sleighing is now capital in every part of the city. The weather is rather cold, however, to permit sleigh-riding being enjoyable.

BEST BEEF OF OLD ENGLAND.—All lovers of good Roast Beef should pay a visit to Messrs. Satchell Bros. stall before purchasing their Christmas dinner. No. 587, Lower Town Market. 1546 3

ACCIDENT.—On Saturday morning two teams of horses broke through the ice on the Ottawa as they were being driven across from the Queen's wharf. They were got out alive, with considerable difficulty.

NOTICE.—Now is the time. Go and see C. P. Dorion, 60 Sparks Street, for stoves and stove-pipe fitting. No puff; but see for yourselves. Lumbermen and country Merchants come and see. The most complete house in this Line in the Capital, for Tinsmiths. C. P. Dorion, 60 Sparks Street. 1486 2m.

ARRIVALS AT THE RUSSELL HOUSE—Saturday.—J. A. Perkins, Graphite City; W. Rosemond, Almonte; T. Lloyd, Therese, N. Y.; A. Ritchie, Montreal; Mrs. and Master Mackay, Arnprior, E. Sherwood, Belleville.

A PLEASANT EVENING.—A pleasant entertainment will be given at the Convent of the Congregation de Notre Dame, commencing at 7 o'clock this evening, by the young ladies of that institution. Dramatic and musical performances will form the evening's programme.

PROMENADE CONCERT.—The Ottawa Brigade Garrison Artillery will give the first of their promenade concerts in the Music Hall on Wednesday evening. Every encouragement should be given to this band, and a crowded house at their entertainment will be only well merited reward for their industry and perseverance.

OBITUARY.—A great number of our readers will hear with regret of the death of R. Andrew Fotheringham, for some years a book-keeper in Mr. Booth's lumber establishment. He was a young man of very amiable disposition, and was highly esteemed by all who had the pleasure of his acquaintance. Mr. Fotheringham's death took place suddenly about noon on Saturday in the St. James Hotel, of heart disease.

POLICE COURT.—Saturday.—Three young men were charged with being drunk and disorderly. They were arrested by Constable Benning and Deroche between two and four o'clock this morning. Three of them were bareheaded and otherwise very poorly clad, and considering that the night was very cold, it was a fortunate circumstance that they were discovered as soon as they were. Had they been much longer exposed to the cold they would, it is believed, have been severely frozen. They were each fined $5 and costs.

John Conway was found and arrested at about 10 o'clock on Clarence street. Fined $5 and costs or 3 weeks. Sent to jail.

ANOTHER RUNAWAY.—Very likely through culpable neglect, a child of Mr. Nolan, of Murray st., was almost fatally injured on Saturday by a runaway team attached to a timber sleigh, apparently a country team. The child was at the corner of Murray and Dalhousie streets with a little brother of his, when he was struck by the horses which were brought to a stand still by coming in contact with the lamp post, one of the horses falling down. The child, who is about 7 years of age was taken into the sleigh by Dr. Robillard, who happened to be near by at the time. His injuries, though very serious, will not likely be fatal.

WORTHY OF IMITATION.—Railroad companies in Canada would do well to take a leaf out of the book of the St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway in the manner in which the conductors attend to the comfortable seating of passengers before the train starts. Many passengers upon the strength of their having travelled a few times in a railway carriage no sooner enter one than they at once put a great coat or satchel on one seat, turn over the other, and then seating themselves stretch out their legs to the seat opposite, thus actually monopolizing room for four persons. Again, an old lady enters laden with handbboxes and parcels, which she deliberately proceeds to pack on one or two seats, and seating herself on another looks defiance to all newcomers, no matter whether there is room for them or not. This rude kind of monopoly can easily be checked by a little exertion on the part of the conductor, and, as a successful illustration of this, it may be mentioned that on the occasion of the departure of the St. Lawrence & Ottawa Railway Company's trains from Prescott Junction at 1 o'clock on Friday afternoon last there were numerous passengers, not a few of whom had entered the car at Prescott and on the way to the Junction had proceeded to monopolize a seat extra by placing a satchel, a great coat or carpet bag on the seats. As the passengers from the Grand Trunk train entered the car, Mr. Shiels the conductor entered with them, and quietly made the Prescott passengers put up their satchels, great coats or carpet bags in the rack. By this exertion the passengers were all seated comfortably and certainly had not the conductor superintended the seating of the later arrivals, many of them would have had to stand. This is but one instance of many that could be given of the excellent management of this road.

Ladies and Children's Fancy Woolen Goods in endless Variety. Clouds from 37½c.
1549 3m
T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.
Bank.
Consider

Remember the Concert at the Victoria Academy, on Wellington Street, this evening.

Supper and Presentation.

On Saturday evening last Mr. James Cotton, late Managing Director of the TIMES Printing and Publishing Company, entertained the editorial and reportorial staffs and employees of the office to supper. About sixty or seventy persons sat around the tables, which were placed in one of the large rooms in the TIMES building. Mr. Cotton occupied the chair. Ample justice being done the excellent repast the usual loyal toasts were proposed and heartily honoured, when Mr. W. T. Urquhart, editor of the TIMES, rose and stated that he had been requested by the employees of the office to take advantage of this opportunity to discharge the very pleasing duty of making a presentation to him, accompanied by the following address, which he proceeded to read:

ADDRESS:

TO JAMES COTTON, ESQ.

DEAR SIR,—At this festival season when feelings of friendship and good will should hold sway in every heart, and when kindly sentiments are allowed their fullest expression, we desire to testify, in some small degree, our appreciation of the kindness and consideration manifested towards us by you, and our sincere and heartfelt wishes for your future welfare and prosperity.

To you and yours we wish not merely a "Merry Christmas and a Happy New Year," but many years of happiness, and you may rest assured that whatever may be our future relations or whatever the circumstances which surround us, you will ever be regarded by us with respect and esteem.

As a slight memento of this occasion, and of our appreciation of your worth, we beg to request your acceptance of the accompanying gold chain, trusting that whenever you look upon it you will be reminded with pleasurable feelings of those who now feel so much gratification in presenting it to you.

(Signed by all the employees.)

Ottawa, Christmas Eve, 1870.

REPLY.

Mr. Cotton said that he was taken quite by surprise, not having expected to be the recipient of so handsome a testimonial, or indeed of a gift of any kind. He valued it not so much on account of its intrinsic value, as of the proof which it afforded of the friendly feelings of those who had been connected with him in the publication of the TIMES. He was much gratified to know that his efforts to cultivate friendly relations with them, and to deal justly and kindly with them, had been appreciated.

The health of Mr. Cotton was then drank amid hearty cheers, after which numerous toasts were proposed, among which were the health of Mrs. Cotton, Mr. Baillie, the new manager, Mr. Urquhart, Mr. Charles Roger, Mr. John Roger, all of which were duly responded to. The health of the ladies was not forgotten, and was responded to in very gallant style by the senior bachelor's present. At midnight the party broke up, having heartily enjoyed the pleasant occasion. The chain is a very handsome and massive gold one, at the end of which is attached a pretty golden "composing stick" peculiar to the typographical craft, and bearing a suitable inscription. The present was the manufacture of Mr. Leslie jeweller, and as a piece of workmanship is highly creditable.

Remember the Concert at the Victoria Academy, on Wellington Street, this evening.

County Council.

FOURTH DAY.

Pursuant to adjournament the Council met at 9 o'clock a. m.

Present Ira Morgan, Esq., Warden, Messrs. Smith, Dow, Hinton, Sewart, Fraser, Mohr, Green, Conn, Wallace, Sykes, Blackburn and Cowan.

The meeting being called to order, J. Smith, Esq., Reeve of Tarbolton, submitted and read the report of the Finance Committee.

Moved by Mr. Stewart, seconded by Mr. Conn, that the report of the Finance Committee be adopted.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Smith, seconded by Mr. Hinton, that the petition of William Cummings praying to have his son sent to the Deaf and Dumb Institute at the expense of the county, and referred back to the Council by the Committee on Finance be now considered, and the prayer of the petition granted; that the Warden be authorised to grant an order for the admission of this boy into the institution, and to give an order on the Treasurer for the amount that may be charged for his board.—Carried.

Mr. Cummings entered.

The Warden submitted and read the report of the committee on printing.

Moved by Mr. Hinton, seconded by Mr. Smith that the report of the Committee on printing be received and adopted.—Carried.

Moved by Dow, seconded by Mr. Sykes, that the communication of H. O Wood, Esq., P. L. S, be accepted, and that he be authorised to perform the survey therein stated, at a cost not to exceed $50.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Blackburn, seconded by Mr. Stewart, that the Warden do now leave the Chair, and that Mr. Green do take the same.—Carried.

Mr. Green took the Chair accordingly.

Moved by Mr. Blackburn, seconded by Mr. Stewart, that the thanks of the members of this Council be and are hereby tendered to Ira Morgan, Esq., Warden, for his very efficient and gentlemanly conduct in attending to the duties of his office.

Moved by Mr. Sykes, seconded by Mr. Cowan, that the Treasurer be and is hereby authorised to pay the Warden $50 towards defraying part of his expenses in attending to the duties of his office during the present year.—Carried.

The Warden resumed the Chair, and returned thanks for the very flattering and complimentary manner in which the Council had acknowledged the service rendered by him, and stated that in consequence of the unusually large expenditure by the Council during the year, and, as the Council made yearly appropriations for the various charitable institutions of the county, he would, instead of accepting the $50 voted him towards defraying his expenses, divide that sum among those institutions.

The Council was then adjourned.

Remember the Concert at the Victoria Academy, on Wellington Street, this evening.

County Election Matters.

The candidates for the Reeveship of Huntly are Mr. Holmes, M.P., and Mr. Caldwell; for Deputy Reeve, Mr. Rivington is the only candidate.

For the Reeveship of Goulbourne Robinson Lyon, Esq., is the only candidate; for the Deputy Reeveship Mr. McCaffery and Mr. Stewart are the candidates.

In the township of March Mr. Wm Richardson and Mr. Greene were the candidates, but Mr. Greene has retired from the contest, leaving Mr. Richardson without opposition.

There is no opposition for the Reeveship of Deputy Reeveship in the township of Nepean. Mr. John Dawson is candidate for the former, and Mr. Hopper for the latter situation.

For Torbolton Mr. Smith has no opposition for the Reeveship.

Aquatics—the Tyne Crew.

The following is from the Newcastle *Chronicle* of December 3rd:

We have received the subjoined letter for insertion from James Taylor. That oarsman informs us that himself, Winship, and Martin still "row in the same boat," and that in the reconstituted crew, Winship will take the vacant stroke seat, while another man will be put in his place amidships:

To the Editor of the DAILY CHRONICLE:

SIR,—I see by your paper of the 1st December that the Tyne crew is invited to take part in the forthcoming regatta at Halifax, Nova Scotia, and as it is intended to enter some other crew, I think it my duty to inform the public that the Tyne crew still exists (at least three of them stick together), and that they intend to take part against all comers at the proposed regatta.

I am, yours respectfully,
JAMES TAYLOR,
For Tyne Crew.

Trafalgar Inn, New Bridge Street, Newcastle, Dec., 1870.

AMUSING.

The following graphic epitaph is on a tombstone up in Rockville, Mass.:

"This is in memory of Jane Brent,
She kicked up her heels and away she went.

Under the head of "Crimes and Casualties," a rural paper mentions the fact that a rival editor has just published a book.

A debating club lately discussed the question "Whether a rooster's knowledge of daybreak is the result of observation or instinct."

A western editor, in announcing the demise of his paper, says, "The brilliancy of our career has only been equalled by its brevity, and the lack of business management has only been excelled by the lack of business itself."

Two gentlemen, slightly acquainted, met a young lady not noted for her personal charms. "Jack," remarked one, "here comes the craziest looking girl in New York. "Yes, I'm engaged to her," was the rather crushing reply.

"Mother," said a little six-year-old boy, a few Sabbaths ago, on returning from church, "Mr. Bartlett preached the best sermon I ever heard. I don't know exactly what he said, but he made everybody cry, oh, so much, too, but I had left my handkerchief at home, in my school coat pocket, and I couldn't."

DIED.

On the morning, of the 23rd inst., Mr. Wm. Burgess, late book-keeper of the OTTAWA TIMES, aged 34 years.

MASONIC HALL.

The Brethren of the Civil Service Lodge, No. 148, G.R.C., in conjunction with Brethren of other City Lodges, purpose celebrating the Festival of St. John the Evangelist, by a

MASONIC BALL,

Brethren desirous of becoming subscribers will oblige by leaving their names with any Member of the Committee before the 15th inst.

COMMITTEE.

W. Bros. Cochrane, Eastwood and Remon, Bros H Bernard, Brown Chamberlin, A J Cambie, F D Barrowes, E B Crouch, and
JOHN WALSH,
Secretary.

Ottawa, Dec 12, 1870 1548a

T. HUNTON SHOOLBRED & Co
47. SPARKS ST. 49.

Will receive this week "per Express," from LONDON, England,

2 CASES OF MILLINERY,

Containing the VERY LATEST Styles in

Bonnets, Hats,

and some very Choice things in

Flowers, Feathers and Trimmings,

Per S. S. "MORAVIAN."

1 Case Extra Cloths, in the new

Satin Cloths,

Trimming to match all our Fashionable

Dress Goods.

—ALSO—

1 Case of Newest

Mantle Cloths.

The "OLIVE GREEN" appears still prove the most fashionable, and of the above, we are in receipt of ten piece

"New Seal and plucked Otter Skins hand."

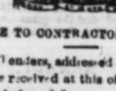
Fancy Wove Goods still arriving.

Clouds, Breakfast Shawls, Ties &c.,

in endless Variety.

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO
47 and 49 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, Oct 11 1870



NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned will be received at this office, until Thursday the 5th day of January, 1871, at noon, for certain works to be performed on the Madawaska River, from Arnprior to Burnstown and also from Calatogie Lake to Chain Rapids.

Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of the Superintendent of the Ottawa River Works, where printed forms of tender and other information can also be obtained.

Separate tenders for each work to be made, endorsed respectively "Tender for Works from Arnprior to Burnstown," and "Tender for Works from Calatogie Lake to Chain Rapids."

The signatures of two solvent and responsible persons, willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract, must be attached to each tender.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,
F BRAUN,
Secretary,

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 24th Dec., 1870 1548 3

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS,
(WOODS AND FORESTS BRANCH.)
TORONTO, 2nd December, 1870.

Notice is hereby given, that an Order in Council was this day made, directing that a tariff of $100 per thousand cubic feet on Square Timber, and $1 60 per standard Saw Log of 200 feet Board measure, be imposed on any White or Red Pine Timber hereafter found to have been cut or manufactured in trespass on an unlicensed, unsold or unlocated lands of the Crown, without prejudice to the right to confiscate:

THOS. H. JOHNSON,
1548 6 Asst.-Commissioner.

TOYS!
TOYS!
TOYS!

FANCY GOODS

—FOR THE—

MILLION.

GO TO

H. H. PALMER'S,

AND INSPECT HIS

STOCK OF JEWELLERY

—AND—

FANCY GOODS.

A very fine assortment of

LADIES CARD CASES,

RING AND JEWEL BOXES.

☞ REMEMBER THE OLD STAND ☜

No. 7

AND AT THE

NEW STORE,

No. 29 SUSSEX-ST.

NEXT DOOR TO

J. B. BUSS & Co.

OTTAWA, December 22, 1870. 1546y

BIVALVULARI

It was a maxim of Euripides either to keep silence or to speak something better than silence. Whether this maxim is worthy of imitation or not must be decided by a

DISCRIMINATING PUBLIC.

There is, however, one important truth which demands a word, and that is, *there is no one article of food more universally palatable than the*

OYSTER,

And yet, even in the present day, very few really know what a good OYSTER is, or where the best can be obtained. The best JUDGES affirm that in no other place in the City can as good an article be found, as at the

American Oyster

COMPANY'S DEPOT,

27 SUSSEX-ST.

In view of this indisputable fact

J. B. BUSS & Co.,

Who has been connected with the business for the last 15 years are determined that everybody shall understand where the luxury may be found. To every lover of the BIVALVE they would say

BUY NONE BUT

J. B. BUSS & Co's

OYSTERS.

They are put up in the neatest possible manner, and delivered to any part of the city, and furnished either in

CANS,
KEGS,
BULK,
Or in the
SHELL,

By leaving your orders at

27 SUSSEX-ST.,

You will be sure to get the best OYSTERS in the City.

J. B. BUSS & Co.

OTTAWA, Dec. 22, 1870. 1546y

NEW GOODS

—FOR THE—

HOLIDAYS!

PATTERSON & BRYSON,

53 SPARKS STREET,

Have just received a new assortment of FANCY GOODS for the approaching

HOLIDAYS.

In FANCY WOOLEN GOODS of all descriptions we are making a very large Show.

We have secured a quantity of JOUVINS celebrated GOLD MEDAL KID GLOVES, which we sell at FIFTY CENTS.

In going through our stock we have cleared a lot of Remnants of FLANNELS WINCIES, CLOTHS, etc., which we have markd at prices that will clear them out at once.

☞ Call and secure a Bargain.

We call the attention of Gentlemen to our New SURPRISE COLLAR, (the best make) one prize in every Cartoon.

For sale during the Holidays.

☞ REMEMBER THE PLACE,

PATTERSON & BRYSON.

Opposite BATE & Co.

Ottawa, Dec. 20, 1870.

CANADA

GREY COTTONS,

Dundas Manufacture,

ALL NUMBERS,

We have again much pleasure to inform our regular customers (for the above justly celebrated GOODS), and the public generally that the

FIRST FIVE BALES

Of a monthly supply, have just arrived and are now for SALE at our RETAIL STORE, SPARKS STREET, by the YARD or PIECE, at a small advance on MILL PRICES.

☞ For Bleaching purposes and for wear they are without their equal in the Dominion.

☞ Wholesale at mill prices.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, Dec. 22, 1870.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

14 RIDEAU STREET,

Have now received a full supply of

☞ NEW FALL GOODS ☜

IN ALL—

DEPARTMENTS.

Ottawa, September 26, 1870

WHOLESALE.

GREY BLANKETS, Cornwall,
" " English.
GRAIN BAGS, Cotton and Linen.

☞ LUMBERMEN SUPPLIED ☜
AT
MAGEE & RUSSELL,
Elgin Street,
Opposite Russell House.

Ottawa, December 17 1870. 1542tx

THE TEA POT,

RIDEAU STREET.

Ticket for Christmas!

3 lbs. Raisins for	1s. 3d.
3 " New Figs for	1s. 3d.
3 " Currants for	1s. 3d.
1 Bottle Pure Old Rye for	1s. 3d.
1 Bottle Family Proof for	1s. 3d.
1 Bottle Scotch Whiskey for	1s. 3d.
1 Bottle Pure Elderberry Wine for	1s. 3d.

(OWN IMPORTATION, FROM ENGLAND, WARRANTED GENUINE.)

The above articles will be sold at these prices during the Holiday Season.

All goods delivered free (within the limits of the city) by our own waggons, and every attention will be paid to proper packing and delivery.

JOHN HILL,
"THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET.

1870 XMAS & NEW YEAR 1871

The Subscriber has just received an assortment of

Bohemian Vases,
Toilet Bottles
and Sets.

—ALSO—

Lubin's and Violet's
Perfumery,
Mirrors
AND FINE
Toilet Articles.

ALEX. CHRISTIE,
Druggist,
40 Sparks-st.

Ottawa, Dec. 22, 1870. 1546y

FOR CHRISTMAS PRESENTS
—AND—
NEW YEAR'S GIFTS.

A great Variety of TOYS, ALBUMS, LADIES COMPANIONS, WRITING DESKS, JEWELLERY, JUVENILE BOOKS, and other Fancy Goods, at

HAUSER'S NEW STORE,
Rideau Street,

Ottawa, Dec 14, 1870 1539y

TWO OR THREE GENTLEMAN be accommodated with

ROOMS, WITH OR WITHOUT BOARD.

Apply at
MR. ROWSELL'S,
Opposite the Union Hotel,
Centre Town.

OTTAWA, July 5, 1870. 1499 tf

LIFE ASSOCIATION OF SCOTLAND.

Invested Funds Upwards of $1,300,000 Sterling.

HEAD OFFICE FOR CANADA,

MONTREAL.

This institution differs from other Life Offices in that the Bonus from Profits are applied on a special system for the Policy Holders.

Personal Benefit and Enjoyment during his own Lifetime, with the option of large Bonus additions to the sum assured. The Policy Holder thus obtains

A LARGE REDUCTION OF PRESENT OUTLAY

OR A PROVISION FOR OLD AGE,

of a most important amount in the one Cash payment, or a life annuity, without any expense or outlay whatever beyond the ordinary assurance premium for the original sum assured, which remains intact for the Policy Holder's heirs, or other purposes.

P WARDLAW, Secretary.

AGENTS—Messrs J T & W PENNOCK Ottawa.

December 15, 1870. 1541 3m

THE METROPOLITAN

Building and Savings Society.

MONEY TO LOAN.

The above society having commenced operations on the 1st October last, have opened an office in Bang's Block, Elgin Street, Ottawa, and are now prepared to loan money on city or other property, at the lowest rates, repayable by monthly instalments, or otherwise, to suit borrowers.

Apply to
JAMES COX,
Secretary-Treasurer.

Ottawa, 13th December, 1870. 1540tJ1

JAMES PRACOUA,

FURS,

FURS, FURS,

FURS.

I beg to intimate that my FUR STOCK is now complete in every

DEPARTMENT.

AN EARLY CALL IS SOLICITED.

☞ Remember the place,

33 Rideau Street.

OPPOSITE OLD STAND.

FOR SALE, OR EXCHANGE

For Property in Montreal, improved or unimproved, the new Mansard Roof Stone House situated in Victoria Crescent, having all the modern conveniences of heat, water and gas, good out building, on an ample Lot, and enjoying the finest river view in Ottawa. For further particulars apply to W. C. SMILLIE, on the premises, or at the Office of the BRITISH AMERICAN BANK NOTE COMPANY, Wellington Street.

Ottawa, Dec. 3, 1870 1530 1m

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
OTTAWA,
21st day of December, 1870.

PRESENT

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs, and under and in virtue of the 8th Section of the Act 31st, Victoria, Chapter 6, intituled "An Act respecting the Customs."

His Excellency has been pleased to Order and it is hereby Ordered, that on from and after the first day of January next, the Village of Lambton, in the County of Lambton and Province of Ontario shall be and the same is hereby declared to be an Out Port of Entry, under the Survey of the Port of Wellesburg.

And it is further Ordered that the Out Port of Baby Point, now under the survey of the said Port of Wallaceburg, shall from and after the last mentioned date be, and the same is hereby abolished.

WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Privy Council,
Canada.

Ottawa, Dec. 26, 1870. 1549 3

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
OTTAWA.
17th December, 1870.

His Excellency the Governor General has been pleased by Letters Patent under the Great Seal of Canada, and under the authority of an Act of the Parliament of Canada, passed in the Thirty-third year of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled: "An Act respecting Banks and Banking to grant to the Royal Canadian Bank, an extension and modification of its Charter, with amendments embodying and applying to such Bank the Provisions contained in the last Eighteen subsections of the first Section of the said Act.

Ottawa, Dec. 26, 1870 1549 3

STALL No. 1.

JOHN TERRANCE in returning thanks to his customers for their liberal patronage to him for the past 8 years, wishes it understood that he has to the X'mas Holiday an assortment of the best BEEF, PORK, MUTTON, and all the FOWLS of the Season, which he warrants the best in the market, and as cheap as the cheapest.

Ottawa, Dec 22, 1870 1548 6

HOLIDAY GOODS AND GIFTS,
ORNAMENTAL AND USEFUL,
—AT THE—
VARIETY HALL,

Children's Toy Tea Sets, Valeck China Ornaments, (entirely new on this Continent); Parian Statuary, from the best makers); Bohemian Glassware of every description, China Ornaments and Vases, Magolica Water Pitchers and Ornaments, Table Glassware of every quality, Wood and Tin Toys, Sleighs Misses Tea Sets, and Rocking Horses, 1,000 Snow Shovels for Children, Willow Chairs and Rock Tables, Children's Chairs in Variety, Breakfast Sets Dinner Sets and Tea Sets of every description, and in fact every description of goods for ornamental or useful purposes at the

VARIETY HALL,
34 Sussex Street.

Ottawa, Dec. 22, 1870 1546tf

OTTAWA MARBLE WORKS,
—AND—
DRAIN-PIPE DEPOT,
RIDEAU STREET,
ESTABLISHED 1866.

WM. M. SOMERVILLE, Successor to W. McFARLANE.

MANTLES—Of all designs in Italian and American Marble and Marbelized Slate, Grates, Fenders and Hearths.

Monuments and Headstones of Scottish Granite, Marble and Sandstone. Vases and Railings for residences and Grave Plots, Root Crestings, Door Guards, Window Gratings, Sweep-hole Doors, Pipe Hangs, and every description of Builders Castings.

Chimney Cans, Drain Pipes, Vent Linings, Flower Vases, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, &c., &c. Mazons Mastics, Agency of Patent Needle Lubricator.

I G SOMERVILLE,
Travelling Agent.

SCHOOL TEACHER wanted for School Section No. 11, Gloucester,

Gloucester, Dec 22, 1870 1547a

Wants.

BOARD WANTED,

For a Single Gentleman. Address C., TIMES Office, stating terms.

Ottawa, December 20, 1870. 1544tf

WANTED,

For the ROMAN CATHOLIC Separate Schools of this City, two Male English Teachers holding 1st Class Certificates.

Application to be made to the undersigned, on or before the 15th inst.

WM FINDLEY,
Chairman Board of R. C. S. S. Trustees.

Ottawa, Dec 6, 1870 1534tf

WANTED,

AN ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER,

Apply to Post Office, Box 244. 1540tf

2 BOYS WANTED.

Two smart boys wanted to carry papers. Must be able to read and write. Apply at this office.

THOMAS ISAAC,

DEALER IN

Shelf and Heavy Hardware

HENEY'S STONE BUILDING,

Wellington Street, Upper Town, Ottawa

Cooking and Fancy Stove
Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope,
Twine, Glass, Oil,
Putty, &c.,
Always on Hand.

Ottawa December 29, 1869. 1236A

CANADA PACIFIC
RAILWAY.

Application will be made to Parliament, at its next Session, for the Incorporation of a Company to construct a Railway through British North America, connecting with the present Railway system of Canada, and thence to proceed to the North of Lake Superior and through the North West Territory to the Yellow or Leathe Head Pass of the Rocky Mountains, there to connect with the projected Railway through British Columbia to the Pacific,—with such powers and privileges as may be necessary to carry the same into operation.

ALFRED WADDINGTON.

Ottawa, Oct. 21, 1870 1493 2m

FROM THIS DAY FORTH I change the prices of all my Wood, that is to say, best Hard Wood $4 75, Sawn $5.00; Second best Hard Wood, 4 25, Sawn $4.50.

My Saw Mill is now in constant operation and ready and will cut promptly in obedience to all orders.

JOHN HENEY.

Ottawa, Dec. 5. 1533 4

TESTIMONIAL

—TO THE—

HON. SIR JOHN A. MACDONALD,

C.B., &c., &c., &c.

The friends of Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD propose to present that distinguished Statesman with a substantial Testimonial in recognition of his long and unselfish public services.

Steps are being taken to afford his friends in all parts of the Dominion an opportunity of joining in the proposed manifestation of esteem and regard.

The following gentlemen compose, (with power to add to their number,) the Committee at Ottawa

The Hon. JAMES SKEAD,
His Worship the Mayor J ROCHESTER, Jr, Esq,
THOS REYNOLDS, Esq,
R W SCOTT, Esq, M P P,
Dr GRANT, M P,
E McGILLIVRAY, Esq,
H V NOEL, Esq.

H V Noel, Esq., has consented to act as Treasurer, to whom all communications may be addressed.

For the information of intending subscribers the names of the gentlemen composing the Central Committee at Toronto are subjoined, viz:

His Worship the Mayor, E B HARMAN, Esq.
The Hon G W ALLAN
The Hon D L MACPHERSON,
The Hon JOHN CARLING, M P,
JOHN CRAWFORD, Esq, M P,
ANGUS MORRISON, Esq, M P,
F W CUMBERLAND, Esq, M P
J G WORTS, Esq,
E H RUTHERFORD, Esq,
W H HOWLAND, Esq,
G P RIDOUT, Esq,
JOHN SHEDDEN, Esq,
THOMAS DICK, Esq,
FRANK SHANLY, Esq,
T CUBITT, Esq,
N BARNHART, Esq,

Ottawa, Dec 6, 1870 1532t

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY
OF
CANADA.

Special attention is directed to this Company's announcement, in regard to the

RUNNING OF TRAINS
FOR THE ENSUING SEASON.

In addition to the Fast Time which it is intended to make between the

EAST AND WEST,

With close connections at all points. The line will be equipped with handsome

NEW FIRST-CLASS CARS,

Unsurpassed on the continent.

TRAINS WILL RUN BETWEEN

Portland and Montreal in 13 Hours.
Montreal and Toronto in 13 Hours.

Stopping only at the most important Stations.

As fast as completed,

PULMAN'S
PALACE SLEEPING CARS

Will be run on the Through Trains and the service will be performed over the entire line in a manner equal to that of any railway on this continent. Special arrangements have been made to accommodate the pleasure travel.

For further particulars see advertisements and time tables.

C J BRYDGES,
Managing Director

June 3 1870. 1427tf

TO LUMBERERS.

L. ROSE,
PROVISION BROKER.
LONDON, ONT.,

Inspects every BARREL of PORK he Ships and Ships only a FIRST-CLASS Article. He has or Sale from some of the Leading Packers and Curers:

Heavy Mess Pork, guaranteed.
Ex. P. Pork made from Heavy Mess.
Shoulders Mess Mutton.
Heavy Bacon, &c., at the lowest First Prices, and on Terms to suit Purchasers.
No. 1 Sup. Flour, Oats, Corn, &c., bought on commission.
White Beans always on hand.
Orders or enquiries have prompt attention.
Through rates to Brockville, Sand and Ottawa.

L. ROSE,
Produce Broker,
London, Ont.

London, Ont., Nov. 24, 1870 1522

TEACHER WANTED.

Wanted for School Section No. 3, in the Township of Nepean, a Teacher having a First-class Certificate, to enter on his duties on the 3rd January, 1871.

Applicat on to be made to any of the undermentioned Trustees.

EDWARD WATSON,
WILLIAM GRAHAM,
NG ROBINSON.

Nepean, Dec. 17, 1870 1547 4

WANTED.

A School Teacher, with second Class Certificate, for School Section No. 11, Nepean.

Apply to
JAS LESLIE, Secretary,
1431 Nepean.

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

1870. FALL ARRANGEMENT. 1870.

CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE P.M.	MAILS	DELIVERED A.M.	DELIVERED A.M.	DELIVERED P.M.
11.15	[illegible]	9.30	Eastern, by Train; Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., &c., per St. L. & O. Railway.	9.00	[illegible]	4.00
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Montreal, by Steamer	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B., by St. L. & O. Railway.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Western, by Train; Toronto, Hamilton, London, Kingston, Western, U.S., and all places west of Prescott	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Fort Garry and other places in the Province of Manitoba to be despatched in closed mail from Windsor, Ontario, daily, via St. Paul, Minnesota. Ordinary Dominion rates of postage.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	United States, by St. L. & O. Railway; Ogdensburgh, New York, Boston, &c.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Lower Ottawa, by Steamer; Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville, &c.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Upper Ottawa, by Steamer; Onslow, Arnprior, Sand Point, Renfrew, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Upper Ottawa, by Stage; Fitzroy, Pakenham, March, Huntley, Carp, &c.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Aylmer, by Stage; Hull, Chelsea, Bristol, &c.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Burritt's Rapids by St. L. & O. Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	North Gower, Kars, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Osgoode, Russell, and Line of St. L. & O. Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	For Brockville, Perth, Smith's Falls, Appleton and Carleton Place, per Canada Central Railway	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	For Sand Point and places on the Brockville and Ottawa Railway, North of Carleton Place Junction, and places on C. C. Railway.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate offices, daily; Aylwin, Kazabazua, Low, River Desert, Six Portages, Wright, close Tuesdays and Saturdays; arrive Tuesdays and Fridays.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

Matter posted up to 9.30 p.m. will be forwarded East and West in supplementary package the same night.

The Western Mail arriving at 7 p.m. will be delivered the same evening.

BRITISH MAILS.

Per Cunard Line, close every Tuesday at 10.45 a.m.

Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 10.30 a.m.

A supplementary bag for Canadian steamer will be closed at 11.30, in which all paid unregistered matter will be sent.

MONEY ORDERS

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M. TO 7 P.M.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on special deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

Post Office, Ottawa, 21st Nov., 1870.

OLD COUNTRY ITEMS.

The statement that Her Royal Highness Princess Louise's marriage is to take place on the 10th of February, is incorrect. No time for the ceremony has been definitely settled.

Earl Roslyn has been installed Grand Master of Freemasons for Scotland, in the room of Earl Dalhousie.

Lady Mordaunt has been placed by her husband in a private asylum at Chiswick, where she is under the care of two keepers.

"The Window; or the Loves of the Wrens," a series of songs by Alfred Tennyson, with music by Arthur Sullivan, is advertised to be published on the 15th December.

Recruiting at Woolwich is carried on at the rate of eighty per day, an unprecedently high rate.

For the relief of the distressed French peasantry it has been resolved to hold an exhibition in London of paintings for sale or exhibition. It will open next month.

The tedium of a funeral in London some days ago. was relieved and thus, we may dare to hope, mitigated, by a spirited and exciting contest for the envied post of chief mourner. The competitors were the wife of the deceased and a lady who had acted for some time in that capacity after he had tired of the charms of her to whom he was legally united. The wife especially, was determined that if she could not actually be in at the death she would, at all events, be "all there" at the funeral, and acted with a vigor which, perhaps, in some degree, accounts for her husband having found her fatiguing. The house whence the funeral procession started was near the corner of the street. So soon as it reached the said corner the tug of war commenced. A mourning-coach, containing the desolated widow, burst from its ambush, and dashing furiously forward (the coachman was subsequently charged with cruelty to animals, Mr. Bergh will rejoice to hear), attempted to seize the situation between the hearse and the first mourning coach. Foiled in this forlorn hope, various cunning manœuvres, worthy of a better cause, ensued between the hearse and mourning coaches, these deadly vehicles plunging about the street like so many artillery trains, until the battle was brought to a most prosaic conclusion by the combatants being taken captive by the police, and fined heavily by the magistrate. Whether the dear departed ever got to his grave is, we grieve to say, not stated.

WOMEN'S PEACE CONGRESS.

NEW YORK, Dec. 23.—A meeting of women was held in the theatre this evening for the purpose of arranging preliminaries for the World's Peace Congress of women. Owing to the severity of the weather the attendance was slim. Among the more prominent present were Lucretia Mott, J. W. Howe, Mrs. Blake, Prof. Wilcox, Cora Hatch, and the Rev. O. B. Frothingham.

Mrs. Julia Ward Howe said she presented an address to be adopted as the expression of the meeting. The address embodied the idea that universal peace was necessary to the world's progress, and as the men of the world were occupied in making wars, the women should undertake to bring it about.

The evening re-assembly of the Women's Peace Congress was slimly attended, the greater part of those present being women.

Mrs. Julia Ward Howe read a number of letters from eminent reformers in this country, England and France, sympathising with the movement and advocating the establishment of an international Court of Arbitration.

David Dudley was then introduced, and said he approved of their effort to promote universal peace through the influence of women.

A resolution was adopted appointing the officers of the Society a committee to appoint delegates to places in Europe and call on all eminent persons who are in favor of the movement with the view of arranging a European universal congress.

Mrs. Mary F. Davis, secretary, called on all women to lift their voices to stay the conflict between humanity, as were made by John O'Hara,

of London, England, and Mrs. Mary A. H. Love, of Philadelphia. Mrs. Howe delivered the closing address.

BREAKFAST.—EPPS'S COCOA—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.—The very agreeable character of this preparation has rendered it a general favorite. The *Civil Service Gazette* remarks:—"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills." Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in tin-lined packets, labelled—JAMES EPPS & Co., Homœopathic Chemists, London.

All Wool Tartans in all the leading clans. A large lot ex last steamer, at GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

To hand, our Autumn Shade in "Josephine" Kid Gloves, also "Jouvins' good metal) new colours at 75ct. per pair. ST. HUNTON, SHOOLBREAD & Co

A "COUGH," "COLD," OR IRRITATED THROAT, if allowed to progress, results in serious pulmonary and Bronchial affections, oftentimes incurable.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES

Reach DIRECTLY the affected parts, and give almost instant relief. In BRONCHITIS, ASTHMA, and CATARRH they are beneficial. Obtain only the *genuine* BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES which have *proved* their efficacy by test of many years. Among testimonials attesting their efficacy are letters from—

E. H. Chapin, D. D. New York,
Henry Ward Beecher, Brooklyn, N. Y.,
N. P. Willis, New York,
Hon. C. A. Phelps, Pres. Mass. Senate,
Dr. G. F. Bigelow, Boston,
Prof. Edwd. North, Clinton, N. Y.,

Surgeons in the Army, and others of eminence. Sold everywhere at 25 cents per box.

"TROCHES," so called, sold by the ounce, are a poor imitation and nothing like BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES, which are sold only in boxes with a fac-simile of the proprietors, JOHN I. BROWN & SON.

This care in putting up the Troches is important as a security to the purchaser in order to be sure of obtaining the genuine Brown bronchial Troches.

THE FLORENCE NIGHTINGALE OF THE NURSERY—The following is an extract from a letter written by the Rev. C. Z. Weiser, to the "German Reformed Messenger, at Chambersburg, Penn.:

A BENEFACTRESS.

Just open the door for her, and Mrs. WINSLOW will prove the American Florence Nightingale of the Nursery. Of this we are sure, that we will teach our "SUSY" to say, "A BLESSING ON MRS. WINSLOW," for helping her to survive and escape the griping, colicking and teething siege. We confirm every word set forth in the PROSPECTUS. It performs precisely what it professes to perform, every part of it—nothing less. Away with your "Cordial," "Paregoric," "Drops," "Laudanum," and every other "Narcotic," by which the babe is drugged into stupidity, and rendered dull and idiotic for life.

We have never seen Mrs. Winslow—know her only through the preparation of her "Soothing Syrup for Children Teething." If we had the power, we would make her, as she is, a physical Saviour to the Infant Race. 25 cents per bottle sold by all druggists.

Be sure and call for

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP.

Having the fac-simile of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

HEALTH IS STRENGTH.—To prevent or conquer disease is one of the grandest attainments ever aimed at by man; and Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers will as sure cure coughs, colds, tickling in the throat and pulmonary complaints, as war and pestilence will destroy. Severe colds if not attended to sooner or later lead to incurable consumption, and the strength of the strongest soon falls if neglected. The readiest and best means known for the cure of these complaints is "Byran's Pulmonic Wafers," which have been thoroughly tried for the last twenty years, and have never been known to fail. Singers and public speakers will also derive great benefit from the use of them. Sold by all medicine dealers, at 25cts. per box.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,

OTTAWA,

Friday, the 18th day of Nov., 1870.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

Whereas by the Act 33 Victoria, chapter 3, Section 28, intituled: "An Act to amend and continue the Act 32 and 33 Victoria, Chapter 3, and to establish and provide for the Government of the Province of Manitoba, it is provided that such provisions of the Customs Laws of Canada (other than such as prescribe the rate of duties payable) as may be from time to time declared by the Governor General in Council, to apply to the Province of Manitoba, shall be applicable thereto and in force therein accordingly.

His Excellency in Council on the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs, and under the authority aforesaid has been pleased to Order and it is hereby Ordered, that the following provisions of the Customs Laws of Canada, being the Acts or parts of Acts of the Parliament of Canada hereinafter mentioned be, and the same are hereby declared to apply to the said Province of Manitoba that is to say

Sections 1 to 14 inclusive, and also Sections 37 to 50 inclusive, of the Act 31 Victoria chapter 5, intituled: "An Act respecting the Collection and Management of the Revenue the Auditing of Public Accounts, and the liability of Public Accountants."

The whole of the Act 31 Victoria, Chapter 6, intituled: "An Act respecting Customs," excepting thereout, Sections 2, 3, 4, 5, 19, 20 101, 138, 139 and 140.

Sections 8, 10, 11, 13, 17 and 18 of the Act 31 Victoria, Chapter 7, intituled an Act respecting Duties of Customs, with the Tariff of Duties payable under it."

Sections 10 and 13 of the Act 31 Victoria Chapter 44, intituled: "An Act to amend the Act of the present Session, intituled: "An Act imposing Duties of Customs, with the Tariff of Duties payable under it." And

The whole of the Act 33 Victoria, Chapter 8, intituled: "An Act to explain and amend the Act respecting the Collecting and Management of the Revenue, the Auditing of Public Accounts, and the liability of Public Accountants."

WM H. LEE, Clerk Privy Council, Canada.

1519 3

WALTHAM WALTHAM

THE AMERICAN WATCH

The public of the United States and Canada have now had over ten years experience of WALTHAM WATCHES, and they are now everywhere acknowledged to be the ONLY RELIABLE

TIME-KEEPERS!

Almost all other watches are sold under false pretences; not one in a hundred bears the name of the real maker; the public have absolutely no security, and have, therefore, been constantly imposed upon. On the contrary, every buyer of a Waltham Watch gets a guarantee of the company, and no matter from whom he buys it, has positive security that he is getting a TIME KEEPER.

It must be admitted that the apparent interest of watchmakers lies in selling other watches, of which they can make larger profits; but men of enterprise in the trade prefer an article of large and quick sale, and which leaves no bad stock. It is "small profits and quick returns."

These watches can be had in several grades (all guaranteed) the silver cases are made from coin silver, and from 2 to 6 ounces in weight. The gold cases are made in 18 carat gold, and from 1 to 4 ounces in weight; the size for ladies are richly engraved or enamelled. For the quality, both in gold and silver, are the

CHEAPEST WATCHES IN THE WORLD

These watches can be ordered of any reliable watchmaker or jeweller in the Dominion; but the guarantee of the company should be invariably required. The Company in all cases pay the government duty, which makes the Canadian consumer a privileged purchaser.

ROBERT WILKES.

Sole Wholesale Agent for the Dominion of Canada
Toronto—46 and 50 Yonge street.
Montreal—445 St. Paul Street

1397-3

Railroads.

THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

The public is respectfully informed that this Company's Trains wait at Prescott Junction the arrival of the Grand Trunk Trains from the West, and

Passengers may rely on Connecting

FOR OTTAWA

By this the

SHORTEST RAILWAY ROUTE TO THE CAPITAL.

Twenty minutes are also allowed at Prescott Junction for Meals.

THOS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

R LUTTRELL Superintendent

Ottawa, 12th December, 1870 1540tnm

CANADA CENTRAL AND BROCKVILLE AND OTTAWA RAILWAYS.

ALTERATION OF TRAINS, Commencing DECEMBER 5, 1870.

SLEEPING CARS between TORONTO and Ottawa, going through in 13 HOURS.

On and after MONDAY, Dec. 5, TRAINS will run as follows:

Leave Brockville

EXPRESS, at 4.45 a.m. connecting with Grand Trunk express from the West, and arriving at Ottawa, at 8.00 a.m.

MAIL TRAIN, at 7 30 a.m., arriving at Ottawa at 1.5 p.m.

EXPRESS, at 3.30 p.m., connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express from the West, and arriving at Ottawa at 7.16 p.m.

Leave Ottawa.

EXPRESS, at 9 40 a.m., arriving at Brockville at 1.40 p.m., and connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express going West.

MAIL TRAIN, at 4.35 p.m., arriving at Brockville 9.15 p.m.

EXPRESS, at 10 30 p.m., arriving at Brockville at 2 15 a.m., and connecting with Grand Trunk Night Express going West.

Arrive at Sand Point 1 35 and 7. 0 p.m.

Trains on Canada Central and Perth Branch make certain connections with all trains on B. and O. Railway.

A Sleeping Car will leave Toronto on Monday, Wednesday and Friday nights, by the Grand Trunk 7 30 p.m. train, and go through to Ottawa, arriving at 8.30 a.m.

Returning, it will leave Ottawa on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday nights, at 10 30 p.m. and go through to Toronto by G. T. Train, arriving at Toronto at 11 30 a.m.

Freight forwarded with despatch, as the C. C. and B. & O. Railways are the same guage as the Grand Trunk. Car loads go through to Grand Trunk Cars to all points, without transhipment.

Certain connections made with Grand Trunk Trains.

H ABBOTT, Manager.

Brockville, Ont., Dec 1, 1870 1530d

THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

ALTERATION OF TIME,

On and from MONDAY next, the 21st inst., three trains will run daily on this Railway as follows.

Going South Ottawa to Prescott.

MAIL will leave Ottawa at 9 30 a.m., connecting at Prescott, with the Grand Trunk Express, for the West, and with the Ogdensburg Railway, for Boston, New York, &c.

MAIL will leave Ottawa at 2 00 noon, connecting with the Grand Trunk Express, for Montreal,

EXPRESS will leave Ottawa at 10 30 p.m., connecting with the Grand Trunk Expresses, East and West.

Going North Prescott to Ottawa.

MAIL will leave Prescott Junction at 6 a.m., connecting with the G. T. Expresses East and West, and arriving in Ottawa at 8 30 a.m.

MAIL will leave Prescott Junction at 1 35 p.m., connecting with the G. T. Express leaving Montreal a 8 a.m., and arriving in Ottawa at 3 45 p.m.

EXPRESS will leave Prescott Junction at 4 30 p.m., connecting with G. T. Expresses, East and West, and arriving in Ottawa at 7 p.m.

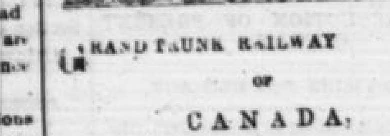
10 minutes allowed at Prescott Junction refreshments.

Tickets may be obtained on application to any of the Company's Agents, or at any of the Principal stations of the Grand Trunk Railway.

All trains on this Line are run on Montreal time.

R LUTTRELL, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

Ottawa, November 19, 1870



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY OF CANADA.

IMPROVED SERVICE OF TRAINS

FOR THE SUMMER OF 1870.

ACCELERATION OF SPEED.

NEW CARS ON ALL EXPRESS TRAINS.

Portland to Montreal in 13 Hours.
Montreal to Toronto in 13 Hours.

On and after JUNE 13th the new arrangements will be put in force, and trains will leave Montreal as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points west at	9 00 a m
NIGHT, do do	9 00 p m
Mail Train for Toronto and intermediate Stations	7 00 a m
Accommodation Train for Brockville and intermediate stations	5 00 p m
Trains for Lachine 6 00 a m, 7 00 a m, 9 15 am, 12 noon, 3 0 p m, 4 00 p m, 5 30 p m, and 6 30 p m. The 3 30 p m Train runs through to Province Line.	

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and intermediate stations at	7 10 a m
Express for Boston, via Vermont Central, at	9 00 a m
Express for New York and Boston, via Vermont Central, at	3 45 p m
Express for New York and Boston, via Plattsburg, Lake Champlain, Burlington and Rutland, at	6 00 a m
Do do do do	4 00 p m
Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham, Portland and Lower Provinces at	1 30 p
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, and the Lower Provinces, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St Hilaire, St Hyacinthe, Upton, Acton, Richmond, Brompton Falls, Sherbrooke, Lennoxville, Compton, Coaticooke and Norton Mills only at	10 10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all night trains Baggage checked through.

The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotta" leave Portland for Halifax, N S, every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, respectively, at 4 00 p m. They have excellent accommodations for passengers and Freight

The International Company's Steamers running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every Monday and Thursday at 6.00 p m for St John, N B, &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station, or at No 39, Great St James street.

C J BRYDGES, Managing Director.

June 3, 1870 1415tf

Insurance.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY of Canada, Head Office, Toronto.

President—The Hon John Hillyard Cameron M P.

Vice President—Lewis Moffatt, Esq.

Other Directors—C J Campbell, Esq, Hon Malcolm Cameron, W T Macdonnell, Esq, A R McMaster, Esq, H S Howland, Esq, Geo Duggan, Esq, A T Fulton, Esq, Angus Morrison, Esq, M P J S Crocker, Esq.

Banker—The Canadian Bank of Commerce.

Agents for Ottawa—Messrs J T & W PENNOCK.

The rates of the PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY are as low as its long experience has shown to be profitable.

The test of the value of insurance is, however, not when the premiums are being paid, but when losses are being settled, and, from the equity and promptness of its settlements the Provincial Insurance Company is second to none.

Its Inspectors are always sent to adjust every important loss directly it occurs.

It has no adjusted losses due and unpaid.

It respectfully solicits a share of the patronage of the insuring public of Ottawa.

ARTHUR HARVEY, Manager.

798tf

UNION MUTUAL

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No. 104.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33 The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000,

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B

For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON, Auditor.

have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81

The Hon Col John H Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN, Manager.

Ottawa, November 7 1868. 894tf

Government Notices.

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,

OTTAWA, 3rd Nov., 1870

To COLLECTORS OF CUSTOMS.

"SLATE,"—SCHEDULE C.—FREE GOODS.

With reference to item of the Tariff it is held by this Department, that SLATE simply in a quadrangular form, whatever may be its size or thickness is entitled to exemption. If otherwise, especially shapen or if it be polished, or artificially bored, it becomes subject to 15 per cent and 5 per cent duty, as a non-enumerated article

R S. M. BOUCHETTE, Commissioner of Customs

Ottawa, Nov 14, 1870

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to Parliament for Private Bills, either for granting exclusive privileges, or conferring corporate powers for commercial or other purposes of profit, or for doing any thing tending to affect the rights or property of other parties, are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the House of Commons (which are published in the "Canada Gazette"), to give TWO MONTHS' NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the "Canada Gazette" and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected, sending copies of the first and last of such notice to the Private Bill Office.

All Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the first three weeks of the Session.

ALFRED TODD,
Clk. Committees and Private Bills, House of Commons

Ottawa, 8th Dec., 1870 1536f

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly, which are published in the "Ontario Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of he Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the Session.

CHARLES T GILLMOR, Clerk of the House.

Toronto March 15, 1870 1369 to 1awa

GOVERNMENT HOUSE

OTTAWA,

5th day of December, 1870.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Inland Revenue, and under and in virtue of the authority given by the 17th section of the Act 31st Vict., Chapter 8, intituled, "An Act respecting the Inland Revenue." His Excellency in Council has been pleased to Order, and it is hereby ordered that the following regulations for the manufacture of Methylated Spirits in bond shall be and they are hereby made and established:

REGULATIONS.

1st, The room in which the wood Naphtha is mixed with Spirits shall only be accessible to the proprietor during the actual presence of an officer of Inland Revenue.

2nd. A sample of the wood Naphtha (say about four ounces) shall be sent to the Department from every cask or package used.

3rd Not less than 100 proof gallons of Alcohol shall be mixed at one time, which shall be mixed in an open mixing tun in the presence of an officer who shall then test and gauge it as to strength and quantity.

4th With every 100 proof gallons of Alcohol, there shall be mixed at least twelve and a-half gallons of "Wood Naphtha of Commerce," the whole being mixed together.

5th. After the mixing has been thoroughly completed the strength of the mixture shall be tasted, and the quantity gauged by the officer in attendance and duly recorded. The mixture shall then be placed in casks, the casks being branded or marked on the head in legible characters, with the words—

Methylated Spirits,
Date on which it was mixed,
Number of Wine gallons in the Cask.
Strength,
Number of Proof Gallons
Name of the Division.
Initials of the officer under whose inspection the mixture took place.
Number of the entry under which it is warehoused.

6th. A Stock Book must be kept in the Factory, in which Book must be entered:—

(a) The particulars of every package of Alcohol, brought in, stating where manufactured, the strength and quantity; the marks, &c., on the casks and the general number of the Permit, under which it was conveyed to the Manufactory.

(b) The particulars of every quantity mixed &c. of the original packages from which it was taken; the quantity and strength of the "Methylated Spirits" produced from it and the particulars as to marks, numbers, &c., of the Cask in which it is placed.

7th. Every entry in the Stock Book is to be checked by the officer in charge, who must keep an account of each transaction, which account or a duplicate thereof is to be taken to the Inland Revenue office, immediately after each transaction.

8th. So soon as the mixing and Barrelling has been completed, the "Methylated Spirits" shall be removed from the Bonded Manufactory and duly entered for warehousing as required by the regulations in that behalf.

W. H. LEE, Clerk, Privy Council, Canada.

897-3

Bitters and Sauces.

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission from the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion,

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,

Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F. GIANELLI.

LEA & PERRINS'

CELEBRATED

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

Declared by Connoisseurs

TO BE

THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.

CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivalled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,

and to see that their names are upon the wrapper labels, stopper and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c, &c, and by Grocers and Oilmen universally.

521y1.38 1aw

For sale by DRUGGISTS AND GROCERS

GARDNER'S

QUININE

WINE BITTERS,

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons recovering from illness. For sale in quart bottle; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children—it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardener's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best ask for GARDENER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.

Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

J GARDENER, Chemist,
457 Notre Dame street, Montreal,
Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

J. [illegible]

GENERAL AUCTIONEER.

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his Spring Circular begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him. since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit a continuance of the support and patronage so liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch of business he would respectfully intimate, that in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated.

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p.m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 25. Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hands for sale.

J BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, March 1870.

DOMINICK FOX.

GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,

Clarence Street, next to the City Hotel

Ottawa.

Solicits the patronage of the Lumber Merchants generally on the Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging men and attending to their rafts while passing here to the best of his ability.

REFERENCES.

Alex Fraser, Esq. Walter Smith, Esq.
John [illegible] Esq. R W Cruice, Esq.

1324t.

W. [illegible] EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS, FORWARDERS

DEALERS IN

Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.

OTTAWA,

End of Little Sussex-st.

Cash advanced on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases

W. H. EASTON R. M. EASTON

FOR SALE.

MESS AND PRIME MESS PORK.

FLOUR NO. 1 & EXTRA

WHITE BEANS,

At Ottawa, Sand Point and Pembroke.

S CHRISTIE,
No 8 Sparks street.

Ottawa, May 18, 1870.

Medical.

GABRIEL'S PREPARATIONS FOR THE TEETH.

MESSRS GABRIEL. Dentists. LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers.

MESSRS. GABRIEL,

The old-established Dentists,

64 Ludgate Hill, London

And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache. no matter how far decayed Price 1s 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations

GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth Price 5s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE, for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel Price 1s. 6d.

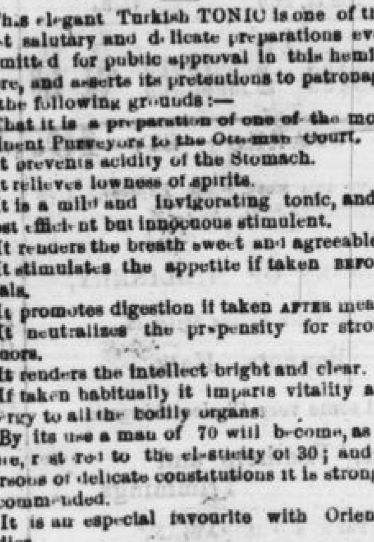
GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; is is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.

See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it Price 5s.

PARTIES AT A DISTANCE REQUIRING ARTIFICIAL TEETH may have them supplied, in partial or complete sets, on Messrs Gabriel's new system, by sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of One Guinea, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded, with all necessary instructions. Messrs. Gabriel will undertake to remodel or Repair Artificial Teeth made by other Dentists, [which do not prove satisfactory], at moderate charges.

Messrs. Gabriel's Pamphlet on Artificial Teeth and Painless Dentistry on receipt of postage.

All letters to be addressed to 64 LUDGATE HILL, LONDON 623 1 wfm 1awsom



ALKABASAR

ARRIVED AT LAST!

This elegant Turkish TONIC is one of the most salutary and delicate preparations ever submitted for public approval in this hemisphere, and asserts its pretentions to patronage on the following grounds:—

That it is a preparation of one of the most eminent Purveyors to the Ottoman Court.

It prevents acidity of the Stomach.

It relieves lowness of spirits.

It is a mild and invigorating tonic, and a most efficient but innoxious stimulant.

It renders the breath sweet and agreeable

It stimulates the appetite if taken BEFORE meals.

It promotes digestion if taken AFTER meals.

It neutralizes the propensity for strong liquors.

It renders the intellect bright and clear.

If taken habitually it imparts vitality and energy to all the bodily organs.

By its use a man of 70 will become, as it were, restored to the elasticity of 30; and to persons of delicate constitutions it is strongly recommended.

It is an especial favourite with Oriental ladies.

Secure, then, health, longevity and vital energy by the habitual use of the

ALKABASAR TURKISH TONIC.

Kept in stock by the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.

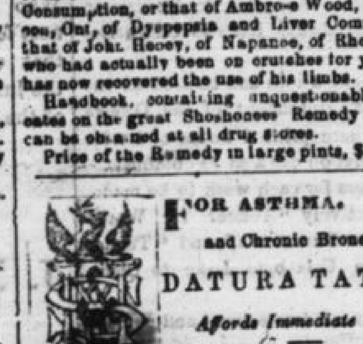
For directions for use see labels on bottles

HENRY CHAPMAN & CO.,
EVANS, MERCER & CO.,
Montreal,
Sole Agents for the Dominion

Montreal, July 6. 1415-y

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!



The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

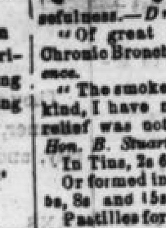
They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton Ont, of Consumption or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hecey, of Napanee, of Rheumatism who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1. 3ly



FOR ASTHMA.

and Chronic Bronchitis

DATURA TATULA,

Affords Immediate Relief.

"A remedy of great power and usefulness."—*Dr W. Parker.*

"Of great efficacy in cases of Asthma and Chronic Bronchitis. —*Dublin Journal Medical Science.*

"The smoke causes no nausea. When the right kind, I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."—*General Alexander Hon. B. Stuart.*

In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, Boxes, 5s, 8s and 15s.

Pastilles for Inhalation, Boxes, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal

FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION of COD LIVER OIL, the fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive activity, superior to Pepsine.

Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 12s 6d. Pancreatine Wine, bottles, 3s, 5s and 10s

N.B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil.

AGENTS—Messrs F. [illegible] 11

NOTICE

Is hereby given, that an application will be made to the Legislature of the Province of Ontario at its next Session, for an Act to authorise the construction of Water Works in and for the City of Ottawa.

WM P LETT, City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa, October 12th, 1870 1492 1awk-3m

Medical.

ELECTRICITY IS LIFE

PULVERMACHER'S PATENT

GALVANIC CHAIN-BANDS

BELTS, AND POCKET BATTERIES

These highly improved inventions render Electricity perfectly self-applicable, and extremely efficacious in a mild continuous form no shock or unpleasant sensation being experienced, whereby it becomes a true fountain of health and vigour, speedily soothing agonizing pains, re-animating torpid limbs, reviving the sluggish functions of life, and imparting renewed energy and vitality to constitutions enfeebled by whatever cause. Medicines and their deleterious consequences are thus entirely dispensed with. The daily increasing number of cures effected by PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC SYSTEM is so extensive and varied, that it forcibly points to this invention as the embryo of a universal remedy.

N B—The following testimony from the elite of the English medical faculty has been received:

"We, the undersigned, have much pleasure in testifying that Mr. J. L. PULVERMACHER's recent improvements in his Voltaic "Batteries and Galvanic Appliances for "Medical Purposes are of great importance to "Scientific Medicine, and that he is entitled "to the consideration and support of every "one disposed to further the advancement of "real and useful progress.

"Dated the 9th day of March, 1866.

"SIR CHARLES LOCOCK, Bart., M. D., F. R. C. P.
"SIR HENRY HOLLAND, Bart., M. D., F. R. S.
"SIR WM. FERGUSSON, Bart., F. R. S.
"EDWD. H. SIEVEKING, M. D., M R C S.
"SIR J. RANALD MARTIN, F. R. C. S."

PULVERMACHER'S SYSTEM is also approved of by an official report of the Academie de Medicine, Paris, Royal College of Physicians, London, and the Imperial Faculty of Vienna, and its curative virtues are confirmed by thousands of private testimonials of cures effected. (See pamphlet gratis).

These facts appeal to the good sense of every sufferer to avail himself of this scientific and curative progress, to which the Inventor has devoted a life-time of study and labour, as an ardent deciple of that great benefactor of mankind, the late illustrious electrician MICHAEL FARADY.

PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC CHAINS are exceedingly effective without the aid of medicine, restriction of diet, or the least derangement of the patient's habits and daily occupations, in the following maladies:

Rheumatism	Female Complaints
Gout	Constipation
Sciatica	Cramp
Lumbago	Sluggish Circulation
Neuralgia	Urinary Disorders
Head and Toothache	Paralysis
Liver Complaints	Epilepsy
Tic Doloreux	Nervous Debility
Indigestion	Functional Disorders
Deafness	&c., &c.
Spasms	

The effects of the application of Pulvermacher's Chains in any of the above disorders is immediately perceptible—the relief of pain instantaneous.

PRICE LIST OF PULVERMACHER'S CHAIN BANDS AND BATTERIES.

B. CHAIN BANDS for Nervous Deafness, Head, Tooth, and Face Ache, and Noises in the Head, 21s. to 30s.

B. CHAIN BANDS for loss of Voice and other affections of the Throat, 10s. 6d. to 21s.

N CHAIN BANDS for Sciatica, Rheumatic, Neuralgia, and Gouty Pains, Local Paralysis, Cramp, &c., 18s to 22s. and 40s

B CHAIN BANDS for Lumbago, Indigestion, Liver, Chest, and Functional Disorders, &c, (worn as a belt), 22s to 40s and 55s.

B CHAIN BANDS for Writer's Cramp, Trembling, Nervousness, &c, 22s to 30s and 40s

B COMBINED CHAIN BAND for Cental, Paralysis, Epilepsy, General Debility Functional Disorders, &c, 30s to 50s

A complete Set of COMBINED CHAIN BANDS, BELTS, and CHAIN BATTERY for restoring vital energy, £3 to £7.

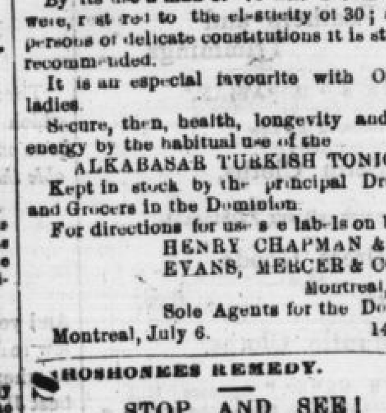
The public are most earnestly cautioned to beware of Pseudo Electric Belts advertised by sham Doctors, &c., for improper purposes, and so severely stigmatised by Vice Chancellor Malins in the suit Pulvermacher vs Hammond, alias Henry James, alias C. T. Stephey, M. R. C. S, alias Henry Burrows, &c, &c.

No Galvanic Belts are genuine but those bearing the fac simile of M. Pulvermacher's signature on the label.

A pamphlet containing full particulars may be had at the Drug Store of A. Christie, Sparks Street.

J. L. PULVERMACHER,
Galvanic Establishment,
200 Regent Street, London, W.

Ottawa, September 6. 1870 1455 1awk y



To Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SIMS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:

Madoc, County of Hastings,
Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869.

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends, and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings this ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle

A F WOOD, J.P.

Warden County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, D Canada

GREAT

CENTRAL AIR LINE ROUTE,

VIA

GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY,

[The Model Road of Canada]

To Sarnia, Detroit, Milwaukee.

CHICAGO,

Cincinnati, St. Louis, New Orleans, and all Points in the West and South.

NORTHERN TRANSPORTATION CO'S 20 First-Class Upper Cabin Steamers.

DAILY LINE BETWEEN

OGDENSBURG & CHICAGO,

Making sure connections with Railway for all Points West and South.

Parties going west can secure Tickets at this office to any Point desired,

VIA

ALL RAIL OR ALL BOAT

Fares always cheaper than by any other Route.

Be sure and procure TICKETS at this office by the

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AND SAVE MONEY, TIME AND DISTANCE

Comparative distance of the several Western Routes to Chicago:

American—Ogdensburg or Prescott to Chicago	850 miles
Grand Trunk to Detroit	736 do
Grand Trunk to Toronto, Great Western to Detroit	730 do
Leaving in favor of the Great Central Route	120 do

For TICKETS to any Points in the United States, and all information apply to

J T CORCORAN,
General Western Railway and Steamboat Ticket [illegible]
Draper's, [illegible]

DARLEY'S

ARABIAN OIL

FOR HORSES AND CATTLE

A NEVER-FAILING REMEDY.

This valuable preparation combines all the medicinal virtues of those articles which long experience has proved to possess the most safe and efficient properties for the cure of Flesh Wounds, Sprains, Bruises, Galls of all kinds, Cracked Heels, Ring Bone, Spavin, Callous, Fistula, Sweeney, External Poisons, Scratches or Grease, Strains, Lameness, Sand Cracks, Foundered Feet, Horn Distemper, Swellings, and many other diseases which horses and cattle are subject to.

The celebrated Liniment has been for many years, and its curative properties thoroughly tested, and it is conceded to be the cheapest and most reliable remedy for all external complaints ever offered to the public—It never fails when timely used and faithfully applied.

To be had of all Druggists and Country Merchants throughout the Dominion. Price 25c. per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont.
Proprietors.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W M Massey, H F McCarthy, J Skinner, in Ottawa, all Medicine Dealers.

November 24, 1870 1522tf

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

As a family Remedy it is well and favourably known relieving thousands from pain in the

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Has now been before the public for a length of time and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions have been properly followed, but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing the Diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief, All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it. Price only Twenty five Cents per bottle.

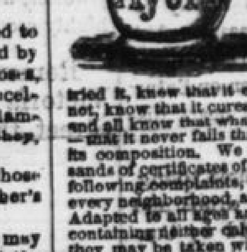
NORTHROP & LYMAN.

Sold in Ottawa by H F McCarthy, J Skinner, John Roberts, J P Featherston, George Mortimer, W M Massey, and all Medicine Dealers.

November 30, 1870 1527y

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

For all the purposes of a Laxative Medicine.



Perhaps no one medicine is so universally required by everybody as a cathartic, nor was ever any before so universally adopted into use, in every country and among all classes, as this mild but efficient purgative Pill. The obvious reason is, that it is a more reliable and far more effectual remedy than any other. Those who have tried it, know that it cured them; those who have not, know that it cures their neighbors and friends, and all know that what it does once it does always—that it never fails through any fault or neglect of its composition. We have thousands upon thousands of certificates of their remarkable cures of the following complaints, but such cures are known in every neighborhood, and we need not publish them. Adapted to all ages and conditions in all climates; containing neither calomel or any deleterious drug, they may be taken with safety by anybody. Their sugar coating preserves them ever fresh and makes them pleasant to take, while being purely vegetable no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.

They operate by their powerful influence on the internal viscera to purify the blood and stimulate it into healthy action—remove the obstructions of the stomach, bowels, liver, and other organs of the body, restoring their irregular action to health, and by correcting, wherever they exist, such derangements as are the first origin of disease.

Minute directions are given in the wrapper on the box, for the following complaints, which these *Pills* rapidly cure:—

For **Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Listlessness, Languor and Loss of Appetite,** they should be taken moderately to stimulate the stomach and restore its healthy tone and action.

For **Liver Complaint** and its various symptoms, **Bilious Headache, Sick Headache, Jaundice or Green Sickness, Bilious Colic and Bilious Fevers,** they should be judiciously taken for each case, to correct the diseased action or remove the obstructions which cause it.

For **Dysentery** or **Diarrhœa,** but one mild dose is generally required.

For **Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the Side, Back and Loins,** they should be continuously taken, as required, to change the diseased action of the system. With such change those complaints disappear.

For **Dropsy and Dropsical Swellings** they should be taken in large and frequent doses to produce the effect of a drastic purge.

For **Suppression** a large dose should be taken as it produces the desired effect by sympathy.

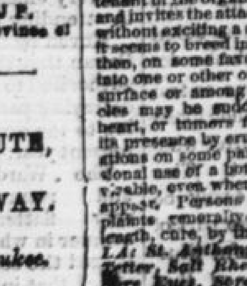
As a *Dinner Pill,* take one or two *Pills* to promote digestion and relieve the stomach.

An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and bowels into healthy action, restores the appetite, and invigorates the system. Hence it is often advantageous where no serious derangement exists. One who feels tolerably well, often finds that a dose of these *Pills* makes him feel decidedly better, from their cleansing and renovating effect on the digestive apparatus.

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., *Practical Chemists,*
LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.

Sarsaparilla,

FOR THE BLOOD.



The reputation this excellent medicine enjoys, is derived from its cures, many of which are truly marvellous. Inveterate cases of Scrofulous disease, where the system seemed saturated with corruption, have been purified and cured by it. Scrofulous affections and disorders, which were aggravated by the scrofulous contamination until they were painfully afflicting, have been radically cured in such great numbers in almost every section of the country, that the public scarcely need to be informed of its virtues or uses.

Scrofulous poison is one of the most destructive enemies of our race. Often, this unseen and unfelt tenant of the organism undermines the constitution, and invites the attack of enfeebling or fatal diseases, without exciting a suspicion of its presence. Again, it seems to breed infection throughout the body, and then, on some favorable occasion, rapidly develop into one or other of its hideous forms, either on the surface or among the vitals. In the latter, tubercles may be suddenly deposited in the lungs or heart, or tumors formed in the liver, or it shows its presence by eruptions on the skin, or foul ulcerations on some part of the body. Hence the occasional use of a bottle of this *Sarsaparilla* is advisable, even when no active symptoms of disease appear. Persons afflicted with the following complaints generally find immediate relief, and, at length, cure, by the use of this SARSAPARILLA: St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Sore Ears, and other eruptions or visible forms of Scrofulous disease. Also in the more concealed forms, as Dyspepsia, Dropsy, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Neuralgia, and the various Ulcerous affections of the muscular and nervous systems.

Syphilis or *Venereal* and *Mercurial Diseases* are cured by it, though a long time is required for subduing these obstinate maladies by any medicine. But long continued use of this medicine will cure the complaint. *Leucorrhœa* or *Whites, Uterine Ulcerations,* and *Female Diseases,* are commonly soon relieved and ultimately cured by its purifying and invigorating effect. Minute Directions for each case are found in our Almanac, supplied gratis. *Rheumatism* and *Gout,* when caused by accumulations of extraneous matters in the blood, yield quickly to it, as also *Liver Complaints, Torpidity, Congestion* or *Inflammation of the Liver,* and *Jaundice,* when arising, as they often do, from the rankling poisons in the blood. This SARSAPARILLA is a great restorer for the strength and vigor of the system. Those who are *Languid* and *Listless, Despondent, Sleepless,* and troubled with *Nervous Apprehensions* or *Fears,* or any of the affections symptomatic of *Weakness,* will find immediate relief and convincing evidence of its restorative power upon trial.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.
Practical and Analytical Chemists.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE

Ottawa, Aug at 7, 1870.

THE TIMES is printed and published by THE OTTAWA TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, at the office, 38 Sparks Street, Centre Town.

The Times

VOL. IV. NO. 1550. OTTAWA, WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 28, 1870. PRICE—3 CENTS

Legal

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WRIGHT & CLEMOW, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c., &c., for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec. Office over Durie's Book store, Sparks street. 12e F C CLEMOW.

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Trust Buildings, Ottawa. 42utf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister, Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

KEEFER & KIMBER, Barristers and Attorneys at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, &c., for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec. Office—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street. KEEFER. RENE EDWARD KIMBER.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. L. HARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 962y

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N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 790tf

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DOCTOR HENDERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Surgery—That recently occupied by Dr. Malloch, Duke st, Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1388y

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N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be found at his residence, Murray street.

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

GEORGE HUTCHISON, L. D. S.,
SURGEON DENTIST,
Sparks Street.
OPPOSITE "TIMES" OFFICE.

DR. HUTCHISON is fully prepared to supply sets of TEETH, or to insert single Teeth where wanting, on either gold, silver or vulcanite plates, fitting so closely and easily to the mouth as to be capable of all the uses to which natural teeth are applied without the slightest inconvenience to the wearers, and after using for a short time in use, without even a consciousness of the presence of a substance foreign to the mouth.
N. B. with a view to the removal of painful sensations during the operation of extracting decayed or diseased teeth, has introduced into his practice the use of the Nitrous Oxide or laughing gas which the sufferer inhales without danger or inconvenience, and loses his tooth as it were in a pleasant dream.
Open every day, except Sunday, office hours from 9 a. m. to 6 p. m.
Ottawa, September 7, 1870

Hotels and Saloons.

THE METROPOLITAN, AUMOND'S BLOCK, Rideau Street Ottawa. P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.

WAVERLY HOUSE, BARRINGTON-STREET, HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA, Established 1851. Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort. JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

PICKWICK HOUSE, Corner James and King-sts., Opposite Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont. J. HOUGHTON, Proprietor, (Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.) A spacious sample-room for commercial travellers. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT, M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite main entrance to the Government Buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and furnished throughout. The BAR contains the best Brands of Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

McDUIGNAN'S, SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.
A few more gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen visiting the Capital will find superior accommodation at moderate terms. The house is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Parliament Buildings and the ... 21 9tf

THE ... HOUSE, W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR, CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS OTTAWA.
THE CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.
The Bar always supplied with the CHOICEST LIQUORS, And the table spread with EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON
Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.

C. T. R. HIGGINS, Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co, General Commission Agent, Importer, Manufactures and Mining Agent, Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner of Sussex and Sparks streets, over Mason Bros Hardware Store.

DANCING AND DEPORTMENT.
Mrs Robert Stewart having made arrangements with an accomplished lady teacher, announces that her Dancing Classes will commence on Wednesday, the 22nd instant. Further particulars may be obtained on application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street. Ottawa September 9th, 1869. 1148tf

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Patents solicited in Canada and the United States; Trade and Timber Marks, Industrial Designs, Copywrights, Transfers, &c., registered on the shortest notice, Copies of Laws, Circulars and information, sent free on application. Drawings prepared and copied. Charges moderate. United States Patents particularly attended to. Several valuable Patent Rights for sale. F. G. COURSOLLES. November 26, 1870 1524tf

"THE GEM." The latest and richest "PERFUME" In the Dominion. Equal to Lubin's, and much less in price. Patronised by the ELITE OF MONTREAL. Sold by every chemist in the city, and manufactured wholesale by

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co. W. R. THISTLE. R. LANG.

J. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge. REFERENCES.—H Adams, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq, Managing Director O. & St. L. R. R. 7491

A. S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

EDGAR DOWARD, Organist, Christ Church, teacher of Organ, Piano and Singing. Residence—O'Connor street. Mr. Doward was formerly Choirster Boy and Articled Pupil of Mr W. Done, of Worcester Cathedral, England.

CHARLES J. TASKER, Accountant. Books posted Accounts made out. Apply at the office of H P Hill, solicitor, References: Dr Hill, G H Pinhey. Ottawa, Nov 5, 1870

H. R. FRIPP, ORGANIST AND TEACHER OF MUSIC. Residence—Elgin Street, South of Slater Street. Classes for beginners at Mr Gowan's Hall on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 4½ p m. Ottawa, July 15th, 1870. 1410tf

MUSICAL ACADEMY.
Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano and Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street. Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 77y

PEOPLE'S TELEGRAPH COMPANY
Incorporated under Chapter LXVII of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada.
OTTAWA OFFICE—G P DRUMMOND's Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.
DIRECTORS:
A JOSEPH, Chairman; D C THOMSON, Treasurer; S B FOOTE, A THOMSON, T H DUNN. DRUMMOND Manager 1141tf

FOR SALE.
A beautiful country residence with Fifteen (15) Acres of Land (or more if necessary) attached; the house and outbuildings being completely surrounded by a grove of lovely shade trees. The whole within 10 minutes drive of the Government Buildings.
Terms of sale, cash. If preferable to purchaser otherwise a small payment down, and the balance in from 1 to 10 years, to suit purchaser.
Apply to the Proprietor,
R A BRADLEY,
Solicitor. Elgin st., Ottawa.
Nearly opposite the Post Office.
N. B.—Money to lend on Real Estate. Terms easy.

THE HOWLEY FARM TO LET.
Lot No 30, 1st Concession of Gloucester R Front, containing 200 acres, 150 acres well cleared and in good state of cultivation, opposite Manotick, and fifteen miles from Ottawa, with good barns, a fine dwelling house, two story high, barns and outhouses complete, is now to let on reasonable terms, for a term of years. Apply for further particulars to CHARLES ROWAN, Ottawa.
Ottawa September 5, 1870 1454tf&w37tf

A. E. GENDREAU,
HAIR DRESSING PARLOUR,
Wellington street,
Opposite the Bank of Montreal.
MR GENDREAU, the proprietor of that so popular Parlour, has the pleasure to announce to his numerous friends and the public in general, that to answer to the great encouragement which he has received up to the present, he has determined to enlarge and thoroughly furnish anew his establishment. He will save no expense to render Parlour the most comfortable, and procure the most experienced hair dressers.
MR GENDREAU having served considerable time in some of the best and most extensive Hair Dressing Saloons in the Dominion and United States, is in a position to conduct the duties of his establishment in a manner that cannot be surpassed.
He will have always on hand the best perfumes, imported directly from Paris and London. MR GENDREAU solicits a visit to convince all of the truth of his statements.

PRESERVE YOUR ROOFS,
PATENT PLASTIC SLATE PAINT,
Is the best and cheapest material in use for preserving new, or repairing old
IRON OR TIN ROOFS,
No matter how bad their condition. Also, first rate for,
SHINGLE ROOFS,
Making them
FIRE AND WATER PROOF,
Hardens into a coating of SOLID SLATE by exposure.
Price $8 a barrel, mixed ready for use.
A barrel will cover 10 squares (10 x 10).
SHEATHING FELT
For lining Frame Buildings under the clap boards. An effectual protection against cold, damp and vermin. Rats and mice will come near it.
No FRAME DWELLING should be without
Send for circular, instructions, &c.
BUCHANAN & CO.,
Wholesale Depot for Roofing Material and Founder's Supplies,
32 Lemoine Street. Montreal.
Ottawa, September 21, 1870 1468

SATCHELL BROS.,
BUTCHERS TO
HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL
Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantly on hand
FRESH KILLED
STALL-FED
BEEF AND MUTTON.
ALSO,
THEIR CELEBRATED
SPICED AND SALT ROUND,
AND
ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES.
To be had at
THEIR STALLS,
Nos. 5 & 7.

Hardware.

BLYTH & KERR,
No. 25 RIDEAU STREET,
Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c.
All work in any of the above branches executed in a prompt and workmanlike manner.
Special attention given to Roofing and fitting up Galvanized Iron and Tin Gutters, Conductors, &c., &c.
IMPORTERS OF GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.
JUST RECEIVED, ex "Pride of Canada" and "Oceola," a splendid assortment of Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots, Jelly Moulds, Wire Dish Covers, Spice Boxes, Ladies' Dressing Cases, Trays, Enamelled Pie Dishes, Preserving Pans, Deli Milk Saucepans, &c., &c.
Constantly on hand, Cooking Stoves, (best makers) Hot Air Furnaces, Water Coolers, Baths, (all kinds) Cutlery, Plated and Britannia Metal Ware,
—ALSO—
FISHING TACKLE, comprising Rods, Lines, Flies, Hooks, Floats, Trolls, Panniers, Landing Nets, Fly Books, &c. &c.
Ottawa, August 10, 1870 1432 1y

HARDWARE! HARDWARE!

Sign of the ANVIL, 24 Rideau Street, where you can get a complete assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, and at prices to suit purchasers. Consisting in part of
GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHINGS:
Butcher Knives, Knives and Forks, Pocket Knives, Table Spoons, Tea Spoons, Tea Trays, Table Mats, Butts, Screws, Locks, Bolts, Catches, Latches, Axes, Saws, Planes, Squares, Hammers, Spokeshaves, Gouges, Chisels, Augers, Auger Bits, Steel Sho Bowls, Levels, Boring Machines, Draw Knives, &c. &c. &c. together with
PAINT OF ALL COLOURS:
Rose, Pink, Burnt Umber, Terra de Sienna, Chrome Yellow, Yellow Ochre, Celestial Blue, Paris Green, Brunswick Green, Magnesia Green, Venetian Green, Red Lead, White Lead, in Oil or Dry, Drop Black, Ivory Black, Lamp Black, Boiled Oil, Raw Oil, Turpentine, Benzole, Coal Oil, Paint Brushes, Varnishes, &c.
THOS BIRKETT,
No. 24, Rideau street,
Sign of the Anvil.
P. S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the City.
Ottawa, Nov 1st, 1870

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35 SUSSEX STREET,
Elevated Oven Cook Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Low Oven Cook Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Double Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co
Box and Parlor Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co
Coal Stoves and Burners, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
The Quintal Coal Stove, at H. MEADOWS & Co
Parlour Cook Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Dumb Stoves, all sizes, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Hot Air Furnaces, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Stove Pipes and Elbows, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Lumbermen's Supplies, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
1st Prize Stoves can be seen, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Ottawa, Oct. 13, 1870.

Druggists.

DUTCH BULBS!
The Subscriber has just received a full assortment from a celebrated Grower in HOLLAND, both for Spring Gardening and in-door Culture.
THE ASSORTMENT INCLUDES
Hyacinths, many varieties,
Tulips, "
Lilies, "
Narcissus, "
Jonquills, "
Anemones, "
Ranunculus, "
&c., &c.
The Flower Roots above mentioned not coming to hand till late in the season, are offered for sale at low prices.
ALEXANDER CHRISTIE,
Druggist,
40 Sparks-st, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Nov. 18, 1870 1517yl

RICHARD HIGMAN,
FAMILY AND DISPENSING CHEMIST,
LATE MANAGER,
MEDICAL HALL,
SPARKS STREET,
Wishes to return sincere thanks to his friends and the public, for the kind sympathy shown toward him, on the occasion of the late fire.
He now begs to inform them that he will commence business on his own account in a few days, in part of Mr McLean's Auction Room, in rear of John Roos' Cigar store, with entirely new stock, of Drugs, Chemicals Patent Medicines, Perfumery, &c., and trusts the public will appreciate his attention to business, with the same kind patronage that was extended to him in his situation.
Ottawa, Dec. 16, 1870 1541y

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN
INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.
RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMER:
First Cabin, Payable in Gold.
Liverpool or Queenstown $100 0
Steerage, Payable in Currency.
Liverpool or Queenstown 35 00
PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VI HALIFAX
First Cabin, Payable in Gold.
Liverpool or Queenstown $100 00
Halifax 20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer 45 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.
Liverpool or Queenstown 30 00
Halifax 15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer 30 00
Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates.
For further information, apply at the Company's
JOHN G. DALE, Agent.

Groceries.

IF YOU WANT
TO SAVE MONEY
GO TO THE
PEOPLE'S TEA STORES,
—BY—
P. BASKERVILLE & BROS.,
No. 36 Rideau St., and Duke St., Chaudiere,
OTTAWA,
Where from their great increase of business and the large addition now put to their Store, with a well selected Stock, and constant attention on their part, will enable them to sell at prices not to be equalled elsewhere.
There will be found always on hand a general assortment of
GROCERIES,
TEAS in particular, imported,
LIQUORS, WINES, BRANDIES,
GIN, IRISH and
SCOTCH WHISKEY,
Gooderham & Worts'
HIGHWINES
OLD RYE, and PROOF,
With a fine assortment of Christmas and New Year's FRUITS and SYRUPS.
—ALSO—
WINTER APPLES,
ORANGES and LEMONS,
CHEESE, HAMS,
and BACON.
Remember our Motto—"Quick Sales and light Profits."
Try their TEAS.
Ottawa, Nov 29, 1870 1536

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS
Ex. Ships COGNAC, NEREO, UNION and CITY of QUEBEC, from the different places of Growth.
It is now AN ESTABLISHED FACT
If you want any First-Class BRANDIES or WINES and the best Family Groceries, you must go to
Thos. Patterson,
No. 26 Rideau Street.
The following Goods in Stock and for Sale:
BRANDIES.—Pure and unadulterated, good for any use, always on hand in Wood or Bottle.
PORT WINE—Pure and reliable (20 years old) for Medicinal purposes and the only House in the City that imports such WINES direct to order.
SHERRY WINES—Various grades, very, very Pale, (delicious flavour) Splendid Wines at a price to defy competition.
GIN—John D Kuyper & Son's Double-Berried, First class.
SCOTCH WHISKEY—Old and Mild, (full strength.)
RUM,
OLD RYE,
FAMILY PROOF,
AND
HIGHWINES,
of the best kind.
PORTER AND ALES.—Guiness's Dublin and Dawe's, Lachine, in splendid order.
COFFEE.—Delicious Flavour. Fresh Roasted and Ground Daily.
TEAS.—The best qualities of Black, Japan, and Green, new crop and fragant.
SUGARS and SYRUPS of all kinds.
CHEESE—Fine old (Reesors and Factory) the best.
PICKLES and SAUCES, Jams and Jellies from Crosse and Blackwells, in great variety.
FRUITS.—The finest table and cooking raisins that can be had, large fresh and rich flavored.
CURRANTS.—Quite fresh and Candied Peels.
SPERM CANDLES and fancy perfumed soaps, the greatest variety in the city, and made to order by Field of London, England. There is an endless variety of these fine goods worthy of SPECIAL ATTENTION FOR FAMILIES, being of the finest qualities at moderate prices. Everybody should know that to use good goods saves money. TRY THEM.
Ottawa, December 5, 1870.

ATTENTION!
If you want Choice VIRGIN HONEY, call at the New GROCERY STORE, Corner of Sussex and York Streets.
If you want SUPERIOR CHEESE, call at the New GROCERY STORE, Corner of Sussex and York Streets.
If you want FIRST-CLASS DAIRY BUTTER, call at the New GROCERY STORE, Corner Sussex and York Streets.
—ALSO—
New Crop West End, Layers, Valencia and Seedless Raisins and Currants, Fresh Turkey Figs, Malaga Grapes, Lemons, Choice Imperial Prunes, Canded Peels, Gelatine, Cross & Blackwell's Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies, and Marmalades, Fresh Oysters, Lobsters Seguin Mackerel, Salmon and Tomatoes, with a choice lot of Scotch and English Ales and Porter, Wines and Brandies, Gin, Scotch Whiskey, Jamaica Rum, Old Rye, Syrups and
JOHN A. BITTERS,
CONSTANTLY ON HAND,
At the New GROCERY STORE, Corner Sussex and York Streets.
Extra Fine Green, Black and Japan Teas, Rio, Java and Turkey Coffee.
—ALSO—
Fine Family and Pastry Flour, Oat and Corn Meal, at the NEW GROCERY STORE, Corner Sussex and York Streets.
J. M. C. DELES DERNIERS,

Groceries, &c.

DENIS WHELAN,
39 RIDEAU STREET,
OTTAWA
HAVING OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT
(nearly opposite the Old Stand,)
offers for sale at VERY LOW PRICES a large and well selected stock, comprising Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy Soaps, Sauces, Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, Candles, Coarse and Fine salt. Also.
Bordeaux and the Vinegars
MESS PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS,
and the numerous other articles necessary to constitute a complete stock.
TEAS—Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial Young Hyson, quite fresh and cheap.
COFFEE—Fresh Coffee ground and roasted daily on the premises.
LIQUORS—COGNAC BRANDIES Renault & Co, Hennessy, Piper's and other brands.
HOLLAND GIN—De Kuyper's and Houtman's, in wood bottle.
WINES—Sherries of all grades, Ports of fine quality, Burgundy, Sauterne and Maderia Wines all prices, in wood and bottle, improved by age.
HIGHWINES, OLD RYE, PROOF AND WHISKEY,
high proof and flavor, at extremely low prices.
Thorne's and Stewart's Scotch Whiskey and Old Tom.
Dunville's Irish Whiskey.
Murphy's Old Irish Potteen.
Guinness' and London Porter, pts and qts.
Molson's and other Ales.
Sugars and Syrups, all grades.
Sale at refiners' prices.
THE OLD STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE SELLING AT TWENTY-FIVE PER CENT BELOW COST.
Now is the time to buy bargains. 1105

ROUSILLON PORT.
Received a fresh consignment of this delicious Wine. It is full flavoured, of great body, and guaranteed purity.
ALICANTE.
A Sweet Red Wine of delicate flavour and bouquet, invaluable for invalids.
This wine has been specially imported as a pure Wine to be used in the Holy Communion.
The following gentlemen have kindly allowed their names to be used as references:
Ven Archdeacon Fuller, Toronto.
Rev J Beaven, D D, "
Rev G B Read, D D, "
Rev E Baldwin, "
Rev W S Darling, "
Rev A Williams, "
Rev J D Cayley, "
Rev W H Davis, "
Rev S Bedford Jones, L L D, Ottawa.
—ALSO—
A full Stock of Brandies, Gins, Jamaica Rum, Proof and Old Rye Whiskey, Sherries, Still and Sparkling Moselle, Champagne, Malaga, Maderia, Malvoisie, Noyau Curacoa Creme de Menthe, Creme de Moka, Chartreuse, Maraschino, English and Canadian Ales and Porter, &c, &c, &c.
J. P. MACPHERSON,
Wine Merchant
Elgin street.
Agent for Qualtea, St George & Co's pure French Wines.
Ottawa, Dec 10, 1870 1536y

WM. FOOTE & COMPANY,
IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALERS
—IN—
TEAS AND WINES,
8 HOSPITAL STREET
MONTREAL.

PRESTON & ROWSELL.
MILITARY TAILORS
—AND—
HABIT MAKERS
NO. 36 SPARKS STREET
A SELECT ASSORTMENT
OF
Tweeds,
Broad Cloths,
Doe Skins,
Fancy Coatings,
Vestings, &c.
SHIRTS MADE TO ORDER
Ottawa, July 26, 1870.

PRESTON & ROWSELL. PRESTON & ROWSELL.

FOR THE LANG STYLISH SIGNS AND HANDSOME WALL PAINTING GO TO A. W LANG, Sparks Street. PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT

No Benzine or Coal Oil used.

NOTICE.
LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF ONTARIO,
TORONTO, 29th October, 1870.
Notice is hereby given, that the last day for receiving Petitions for Private Bills will be WEDNESDAY, the TWENTY-EIGHTH day of DECEMBER next.
CHARLES T. GILLMOR,
Clerk.

SITUATION WANTED
AS FARMER
A Married Man, who understands farming in all its departments; has had long experience in Canada.
Address R. E.,

Dry Goods.

STILL THEY COME!
34 PACKAGES NEW GOODS,
JUST RECEIVED,
—BY—
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO
Comprising amongst other Goods the following:—
1 Case French Merinoes,
1 Case Kid Gloves and Hosiery,
1 Case Plain and Terry Ribbons, and Plain and Tartan Sash Ribbons,
1 Case Black and Colored Ribbon Velvets
1 Case New Jackets,
1 Case Waterproof Tweeds,
1 Case Ladies Hats,
1 Case Embroidered Muslin Sets, for Evening wear,
1 Case Hair Nets and Silk Epangles, for Dress Trimmings,
1 Case Sheetings,
1 " White Cottons,
1 Bale Serges,
1 " Scarlet Flannels,
1 Case Fancy Flannels,
1 " Canadian Flannels,
2 Bales Canadian Grey Blankets,
2 Cases Cornwall White Blankets,
6 Cases Heavy Tweeds,
3 " Light Grey Etoffes,
2 " Mid Grey "
3 " Oxford "
With other Goods too numerous to particularize.
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.
Would say that their Stock, notwithstanding their Immense Sales during the last 3 months (without doubt the largest ever made by any Dry Goods House in Ottawa) was never so well assorted at this season of the year as it is just now.
INSPECTION INVITED.
WHOLESALE & RETAIL.
Ottawa, Dec. 16, 1870.

R. L. JAMES & CO.
DRESS GOODS.
A large assortment worth from 20 to 90 cents, at 15 to 80.
A
SPECIAL LINE
of
French
Merinos,
very cheap.
BLACK SILKS,
very much under Market value, and considerably lower than present Ottawa prices.
MILLINERY.
It is now pretty generally known that in this Department, especially the prices, are EXCEEDINGLY MODERATE,
AT THE
GOLDEN LION.

Princely Munificence.

To the Editor of THE TIMES:

HULL, Dec. 26.

DEAR SIR: I can not let this opportunity pass without recognizing in some way the handsome X'mas gift that our generous employer has, with his well-known liberality, supplied us. I can assure you it was a surprise to me to find a barrel of the finest flour at my door when I returned from work on Saturday evening, but none whatever when I saw the name of E. B. Eddy on the head of it, for I, with others, have been the recipient of his princely bounty on each returning Christmas. With that forethought which has made him both famous and successful he has not forgotten those that have his interests at heart. In 1867 he presented me with a very handsome watch, and last year every one in his employ with a turkey or goose, and now again I have to acknowledge his gift in behalf of the many hundreds that have received his bounty. Through you we wish to show him our gratitude, and wish for him and his amiable family many returns of this happy season.

Sir, allow me to remain
Your obedient servant,
WM. WARREN.

The Great Snow Line.

To the Editor of THE TIMES:

SIR,—Of the many objections I have had to contend with in respect to the construction of an overland railway through British North America, the most constant has been that of the amount of snow which would be met with in the interior of the continent, since more to the south it is one of the great difficulties with which the Grand Trunk has had to struggle. The Rev. Mr. Wilner, of Canada, delivered an able lecture lately in Chicago on the "Great Snow Line," a subject intimately connected with this supposed difficulty, and as there seems to be much popular misconception with regard to the whole matter, I will try and elucidate it, availing myself at the same time of some of Mr. Wilner's observations.

Winter is produced, as we all know, by the receding of the sun southward. This is at the rate of about 18 miles a day, and where there are no local obstructions or other causes for climatic changes, the regular advance and retreat of the seasons will be at about the same rate. The line north of which ice and snow are formed under this autumnal retrocession, varies on the American continent between 38° and 50° of North latitude. This variable region is subject, therefore, to sudden changes and fluctuations of temperature, more especially in the spring, and to some extent in autumn. At the entrance of winter, the vapor of the atmosphere, as well as that which is being continually wafted from the warmer regions of the south, becomes condensed and falls in the form of snow, and this in the above variable regions continues to a certain extent the whole winter; whereas no vapor reaching further north, where everything is already permanently frozen, the snow fall in those higher latitudes not only remains the same as at first, but are gradually diminished by evaporation. In the southern portion of the variable region the occasional snow falls are followed by alternate thaws, but to the north, the accumulation of snow, owing to the above causes, becomes very considerable. This ridge or accumulation is called the "great snow line" and traverses two thirds of the American continent.

When the spring returns with the sun, it has to encounter this disturbance of the snow line, the melting of which retards the progress of the seasons for some degrees to the south of it, making them drag and hang on for a fortnight, or even a month, according to the locality. When once overcome, however, the days being longer, the sun more powerful, and the northern regions warmed up, they advance again with double speed; thus accounting for the rapidity with which, in cold climates, the summer follows the sudden breaking up of winter. In autumn, on the contrary, as there is no snow ridge to overcome, the retreat of the seasons on the return of the cold is more regular and the weather, as is well known, comparatively much more steady. Throughout this variable region, which extends as before said about 12° in latitude, the grasses are so burnt and rotted by alternate freezing and thawing that there remains but little pasturage for the winter. The region more to the north has the advantage, on the contrary, with its light snow and unvarying winter cold, that the grass having been quickly frozen once for all, remains green and keeps all winter, thus acording an easy and excellent winter pasturage.

To return to the Snow line: its greatest depth is in the Eastern provinces of Canada near the Atlantic, where it attains about seven feet, the thickness diminishing very gradually with the breadth (which may cover a couple of hundred miles or more) from the centre line outwards, and varying of course with the season and local influences. For the same reason the depth gradually diminishes, as it recedes from the influence of the Atlantic and the great lakes, till in Minnesota it is barely 4 feet thick. Starting from the Gulf of St. Lawrence, the "great snow line" passes through the north western portion of New Brunswick and Maine (extending at the same time more or less towards the sea coast); crosses the Grand Trunk Railway (which has the misfortune to run through it for several hundred miles) north of Richmond, and the St. Lawrence south of Three Rivers; passes some 80 or 100 miles north of Ottawa, and thence crossing the Ottawa Valley about half way between the junction of the Mattawan and Lake Temiscaming, reaches Lake Superior somewhere to the south of the Michipicoten. From this point it is lost in Lake Superior, embracing however the mountains on the North Shore, and then passing over the high land or divide in North Minnesota, runs north of the Upper Missouri, following the isothermal line and diverging towards the North West, till it is lost in the Rocky Mountains.

It will thus be seen, that with the exception of the first 80 miles or so from the junction of the Mattawan, the proposed overland railroad escapes the great snow line altogether, and passes entirely to the North of it, through the region of light snow, where, on the plain of the Saskatchewan for instance, it is only about 14 inches deep, while at the Yellow Head Pass in the Rocky Mountains, the snow barely attains 3 feet. By way of contrast; on the Central Pacific Railway there was a snow blockade at Cheyenne, in Feburary 1869 for 20 days, and the traffic on the Laramie plains (Rocky Mountains) was completely stopped for five weeks, so that the mails had to be sent for the time round by Panama. Fifty passengers arrived at Laramie Station, in March, after walking 90 miles through the snow at an elevation of 7000 feet above the sea, and one hundred and fifty, who were left behind, had not been rescued on the first of April!

I think the above will be sufficient to convince everybody of the superiority of the proposed line of railroad through British North America, as regards the freedom from snow.

I Remain, Sir,
Yours &c.,
ALFRED WADDINGTON.

The Late Eclipse.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

SIR,—The late eclipse has come and gone without inflicting upon us any of those direful calamities predicted by nervous, excitable persons, unacquainted with the laws governing the mutual attractions of the planets upon each other. But Nature disowned the prophets on this occasion, for they were not hers. After waiting for nearly a week, we hear of no disasters either by tides or earthquakes. At Halifax, St. John's, Quebec, &c., the tides were no higher than usual for new moon; which was probably in consequence of the entire absence of storms at the time; which again shows that no atmospheric disturbances accompanied this phenomenon.

Other things being equal, there ought to have been a maximum high tide last Thursday for the reasons stated in my letter of the 19th inst., viz., that both sun and moon were then very nearly at a minimum distance from the earth. And as the force of gravity is always inversely as the square of the distance from the attracting body, the distance being nearly the least possible, the force of gravity was nearly at its maximum value; therefore, the tide and any other phenomena dependent on gravity ought to be at a maximum also. And they undoubtedly obeyed the fixed laws of nature at the time of the late eclipse, though, if accompanied by storms, the disturbances would have been very sensibly greater.

The mass of the sun is, I think, (I have no books by me,) estimated to be about 800 times the mass of all the planets combined; and yet, the tide which it raises is only a fraction of that occasioned by the moon—our *near* neighbor. The wild excitement created by imaginative persons in this instance, seems to have been occasioned by the additional effects which they supposed would result from the conjoined forces of Venus, Jupiter and Saturn, acting in the same right line, and therefore, *with* the sun and moon, as shown in my diagram. And these planets undoubtedly produced their full effects. But what were these effects? Their united mass is about one thousandth part of the sun's mass; and their average distance from us is at least ... times his distance; then gravity acting *inversely as the square* of that distance, so small a mass at so immense a distance, could raise but a mere infinitesimal of the sun's tide, which in its turn is but a small fraction of the moon's tide; and thus it resulted; for Nature ever answers to her own laws.

These considerations, Mr. Editor, will help to show how baseless was the theory of those who occasioned the late excitement, as to the disastrous consequences that were likely to accompany the recent total eclipse of the sun; and the actual results, on that occasion, tend to establish more fully the truth of that wonderful law discovered by Newton, and afterwards confirmed by La Place.

Yours, &c.,
W. K.

Ottawa, Dec. 26th, 1870.

Board of School Trustees

The undermentioned members of the Board go into office in January:—

Victoria Ward—Mr. Abraham Pratt retires. Mr. Pratt has not announced his intention of seeking re-election. Mr. Erskine H. Bronson, of the Chaudiere, is a candidate and will probably be elected.

Wellington Ward—Mr. James D. Slater, after many years service, has announced his intention of retiring from the Board, much to the regret of his constituents and the citizens generally. Mr. E. C. Barber is at present the only candidate in the field.

St. George's Ward—Mr. Thomas Birkett is the retiring Trustee in this ward. It is not certain whether Mr. Birkett will again offer himself for re-election. In such case it would be well for the electors to be on the look out for a suitable candidate.

By Ward—Mr. George May, after some ten years faithful service at the Board, retires from the position he has so faithfully filled. Mr. P. A. Egleson and Mr. George Mortimer are the candidates for the vacancy caused by Mr. May's retirement.

Ottawa Ward—Mr. Hiram Robinson, we are glad to learn, is again coming forward for another term. Mr. Robinson makes a good Trustee and in all probability will be returned by acclamation.

The nomination and election of Trustees for the School Board takes place on Wednesday the 11th of January next.

Board of R. C Separate Schools.

SPECIAL MEETING.

OTTAWA, 22nd Dec., 1870.

Present: Wm. Finley, Esq., Chairman, Messrs. J. Larose, J. Quain, P. Dufour, L. David, Wm. Kehoe, T. Coffey, I. Champagne and J. W. Peachy.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and adopted.

On motion of J. Larose, seconded by J. Quain, it was resolved that the election of Trustees for 1871, be held at the following places, and that the Chairman issue his proclamation accordingly, viz:

Victoria Ward, at the residence of Mr. James Clark, Wellington street.

Wellington Ward, at the Engine House, Sally street.

St. George's Ward, at the Engine House St. Paul street.

By-Ward, at Dr. St. Jean's residence, St. Patrick's street.

Ottawa Ward, Mr. Thomas Costello's house, St. Andrew street.

On motion of J. Larose, seconded by P. Dufour, the Chairman was authorised to re-engage Mr. Kennedy as teacher under this Board for the St. George's Ward school, at the same salary as that paid to him last year, and upon his refusal to engage another person for that object.

Moved by J. Larose, seconded by T. Coffey, that the decision arrived at, at last meeting, as regards the appointment of two additional Brothers as teachers in the Brothers' school, be reconsidered at this present meeting, which motion was lost, the Chairman voting in the negative.

For the motion—Messrs. J. Larose, T. Coffey, O. Champagne and J. W. Peachy.

Against—P. Dufour, J. Quain, L. David and Wm. Kehoe.

On motion of J. Larose, seconded by F. Champagne, the Chairman was authorized to sign a cheque in favour of the Secretary-Treasurer for the sum of $25 (twenty-five dollars) being for one quarter's allowance ending on the 31st inst.

On motion of J. Quain, seconded by L. David, the Chairman and Messrs. P. Dufour and Wm. Kehoe were appointed a Committee to make the requisite arrangements with the Rev. Father O'Blais for the leasing of the house recently built by them on Ottawa street for a school house for the male children in St. George's Ward.

The Board then adjourned.

J. W. PEACHY,
Secretary-Treasurer.

BREAKFAST.—EPPS'S COCOA—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.—The very agreeable character of this preparation has rendered it a general favorite. The *Civil Service Gazette* remarks:—"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills." Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in tin-lined packets, labelled—JAMES EPPS & Co., Homœopathic Chemists, London.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

St. James Hotel—F. Evans.
Notice—W. R. Thistle & Co.
St. Patrick's Orphan Asylum—Martin Battle.
Hay for Sale—Thos. Tesker.
Wanted—John McDonald.
Twenty Dozen Canadian Clouds—Magee & Russell.
Land of Cakes—D. Morrison.

TO THE PUBLIC.

Mr. J. G. DAVIS *is authorized to receive advertisements and subscriptions for* THE TIMES. *Now that we are about* ENLARGING THE SIZE *of* THE TIMES *and introducing other improvements, advertisers should take advantage of the increased circulation which it will at once be certain to obtain. In other directions, as well as in Ottawa, we are making exertions to extend our subscription list and to add to the value of* THE TIMES *as an advertising medium.*

The Ottawa Times.
Office—38 Sparks Street.
WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 28, 1870.

For interesting reading matter see First and Fourth Pages.

On our first page will be found several communications and other matter worthy of perusal.

Sir Trevor and Lady Chute are staying at the Russell House. They visit this city *en route* from Australia to England.

The Cornwall Woollen Mills were destroyed by fire on Monday last. Loss $300,000, covered to about half the amount by insurance.

A steam ferry from New Edinburgh to Gatineau Point has been established under the authority of the 3rd section of the Thirty-fifth of Victoria, 1870. It will commence running next spring.

We learn from Portland (Oregon) that the Western end of the North Pacific Railway is to be commenced at once. It will start from the mouth of the Cowlitz river near where it falls into the Columbia, some fifty miles from the Pacific.

We have received a notice of a meeting to be held at Renfrew to-day for the purpose of taking into consideration the extension of the Brockville and Ottawa Railway from Sand Point to Pembroke. The subject to be considered is one in which the people of Ottawa are deeply concerned, and the extension of the line in the direction proposed would undoubtedly be productive of beneficial results to this city and neighbourhood.

We learn that on the 1st instant the Canadian schooner *Emery*, from Toronto for Cleveland with barley, put into the port of Erie, the captain notifying the Collector that his vessel had been compelled to that step by stress of weather, and must remain at Erie until navigation opened in the spring. Conceding the right of shelter, the Collector claimed that a customs officer, to see that the *Emery's* cargo was not disposed of without paying the duties, must be maintained on board at the vessel's cost. To this the captain objects, and the case is now before Secretary Boutwell for decision. It is manifestly unfair as well as exceedingly illiberal and unfriendly to compel the owner of the schooner in question to go to the expense of maintaining a customs' officer on board the vessel all winter at a cost of $500 or $600. Why not take bonds? To do so would be to amply secure the United States Customs against any possible loss, while the owner of the *Emery* would not be put to very considerable and unnecessary expenditure.

AFFAIRS IN MANITOBA.

We received yesterday a letter from Manitoba, together with our usual exchanges from thence, giving an account of the progress of affairs in the new province. The political canvass is proceeding with the utmost vigour; the candidates most likely to be elected as representatives of Manitoba in the Dominion Parliament being Mr. Donald A. Smith, Dr. Bird, Dr. Schultz, Dr. Lynch and Mr. Bruce. It does not appear likely that the elections will be decided so much by party or political issues, as by the personal claims of the various candidates. The attempt to introduce party issues does not seem to have met with much success. The *Manitoban*, a journal edited with considerable ability and prudence, refers to the course pursued by the Toronto *Globe* and its followers as an example of the disastrous results which follow from a blind adhesion to the requirements of "party" for the sake of party, and an evidence of the bad effects which spring from the indulgence of a factious spirit. At a meeting held on the 30th ultimo, Dr Lynch made a violent attack upon Governor Archibald, whom he denounced as corrupt and incapable. The result was that a vote of entire confidence in the Governor was proposed, and carried by a majority of more than three to one. This vote was proposed by Mr Tanner, an elderly gentleman, upwards of 60 years of age, and after the meeting was over some of Dr. Lynch's exceedingly "loyal" supporters rushed towards him with the intention of terrifying his horse, and Mr. Tanner was thrown from the waggon and killed upon the spot. It is painful to find that all the attempts at "rowdyism" and mob law which have been made in the province, have been the work of those who claim to be "loyal" *par excellence*, and by whom we naturally expected and hoped that the best example would be set.

We presumed that any false statements made by the Toronto *Globe* which would be likely to cause bad feeling and jealousy, would be copied and made use of for political purposes by those who are opposed to the present condition of affairs. We find that our anticipations have been realized. The old story, long since exploded here, of a desire on the part of the Dominion Government to establish French laws in Manitoba, has been widely disseminated there for the purpose of causing dissatisfaction and irritation among the English speaking portion of the inhabitants. We have already shown that Judge Johnson has not the power even if he had the inclination to Frenchify the Common law, which are in the hands of the people themselves. It is only with the Criminal law that Judge Johnson has to deal, and that is entirely English in its origin. We notice that a rumour is also current to the effect that Mr. Clarke, of Mon[treal ha]s been "sent" to Manitoba [...] absurd statement was contradicted in these columns some time since, although we find that even yet it is repeated in Montreal, as well as at Fort Garry, by persons who, wilfully shutting their eyes to the fact that such a thing is impossible, make use of the story for the purpose of trying to injure the Government. In spite of all the efforts made by imprudent hot-headed persons in Manitoba, and the falsehoods manufactured for their use in the editorial room of the Toronto *Globe*, there appears every reason to hope that affairs will progress favorably and tranquilly, that local jealousies will gradually die out, and that men of all races and creeds will see the necessity of uniting together, actuated by a common purpose and animated by a sincere desire to promote the prosperity of the Province. If they do this, if they do but evince a sufficient amount of common sense and patriotism to second the efforts made by Governor Archibald and the Dominion Government with this end in view, it seems to us that the future destiny of Manitoba will be in all respects a bright and prosperous one. The Government are making every exertion to establish a convenient, and, at the same time, an economical means of communication with Manitoba through British territory, nor can there be any doubt that next year a large tide of immigration will be found setting towards the North West. The only thing that could prevent this would be the revival of old party squabbles and personal animosities. What we have, to a very great extent, already accomplished in this portion of the Dominion, the people of Manitoba have now to do. They have to cast aside once and for ever the narrow minded jealousies of the old *regime*, and to deal with the great questions of the hour. They have in fact to show themselves worthy and capable of self government, and prove their loyalty to our beloved Queen by the maintenance of peace among themselves and the upholding of Law and Order. The man who does this, and who by his own conduct proves his loyalty and his patriotism, may rest assured that in the end he will command respect and will be likely to win for himself influence and position

THE WASTE OF WAR.

We have lately seen a paper written by David A. Wells the late special commissioner of the United States Internal Revenue, which shows in a very striking manner the terrible waste of life resulting from war as illustrated by the present struggle in France. Carlyle calls war "devil's work," and when we read what fearful suffering it has caused, not only in loss of life, but by the destruction of all kinds of industry, there are few persons who will not be inclined to agree with him. In Germany and in France to-day war has become practically the sole business of both nations. It is said that in some German villages "it is difficult to find a blacksmith to shoe a horse, or a sexton to bury the dead." In both countries all manufactures except those employed in the production of war material, &c., are at a still; and it is stated that on the 1st of October there were in the district of Ardennes alone no less than 200,000 persons on the verge of starvation! The scenes of misery and want at this moment to be seen in the northern and north western portions of France are perhaps unparalleled in modern history. In closing his remarks upon "the waste of war" Mr. Wells says:—

We have thus endeavored to present some of the results, present and prospective, of the French and German war. As one reflects upon them, and especially as one recurs to our own great conflict so recently ended and remembers that the money-cost alone of that war stands represented by the ordinary labor of at least two millions of men working continuously for a period of 9 years, what is to be thought of the conduct of those occupying high public positions who popularly advise an appeal to the "dreadful arbitrament" on the occasion of every real or imagined national grievance? Foreign jealousy and interference, *Alabama* claims and the right to catch fish between certain headlands, are entries of no small account on one side of the ledger; but when we come to place against these war and its results—life wasted, homes made desolate, hearts broken, capital destroyed, industry paralyzed, civilization arrested, and Christianity practically denied—on which side stands the balance?

THE WESTMORELAND ELECTION.

The election for a local representative for Westmoreland County (N.B.) in place of the Hon. Mr. Botsford, has resulted as follows:—

Hanington	1,358
Gilbert	330
Holstead	312
Hebert	225

Westmoreland returns four representatives to the Local Legislature. At the last election Mr. Hanington was defeated, being fifth on the poll. He is a young lawyer of considerable promise and a friend to the Dominion Government.

THE NEW COUNCIL OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

The new Council of British Columbia, that is the elective portion thereof, is as follows:—"Victoria City, H. Nathan, jr., and Dr Helmcken. Victoria District, Amor DeCosmos. Nanaimo Comox District, A Bunster. New Westminster District, H Nelson. Yale-Lytton District, C F. Cornwall. Lillooet District, T. B. Humphreys. Kootenay District, R. Skinner. Cariboo District, Dr. Carrall,

SIR JOHN ROSE.

We have good reason to know that the visit of Sir John Rose to New York, mentioned in some of the papers, is on private business only. We are glad to learn that Sir John intends to spend a few hours with his old friends in Ottawa previous to his return to England.

White, pearl color, fawn and gray silks and velvets are considered *en regle* for wedding dresses.

Chatelaine pins, formed by a Roman gold gauntlet and stained ivory hand, are among the new ornaments shown by jewelers.

A black velvet collarette, mounted with the breast of a grebe, is one of the latest novelties for a lady's full dress, street, or carriage costume.

Beautiful brooches, ear-rings, necklaces and bracelets of clear and opaque amber, exquisitely carved, are becoming very fashionable.

The wonderful degree of perfection to which the Prussians had brought their military organizations, and the simplicity, rapidity, and ease with which they were enabled to expand their army, is amusingly illustrated by the following anecdote, which *si non vero e ben trovato*: Von Moltke lay smoking a cigar on the sofa in his cabinet when his aide-de-camp brought him the news of the declaration of war. "So soon?" the General remarked, quietly. "I had hardly looked for it for a day or two. Just have the goodness to open that drawer." Within an hour

The Masonic Ball Last Night.

The Festival of St. John the Evangelist among the Masonic fraternity is a red letter day; it is a feast; a day of rejoicing and a time to make merry. At least that is what the outside public is permitted to infer from the peculiar celebration of the day throughout the world by the Brethren. In many cities the usual mode of doing honor to the occasion is by sumptuous dinners indulged in by the different lodges. But this manner of celebration has its drawbacks, for not only, comparatively speaking, does it smack of selfishness, but it is attended with so many headaches and suspicious looking eyes; so much ill temper on the part of so many heads of so many families, that its results are not only disagreeable to the participators in the merry making, but to those at home who have to share in the ill temper the result of the headaches without having had opportunity to share in the occasion of it. The great drawback to dinners, although conducted on the strictest temperance principles, is that the better halves of the brethren or the fair sex in general, cannot take part in them. It need not follow that because a man is a Freemason that all the pleasure of being so should be enjoyed only by himself. There are occasions when those near and dear to him can be permitted to share in the pleasant features of belonging to the craft without any risk of discovery to the mysteries. Thus generously argued the Freemasons of the Capital as the Festival of St. John the Evangelist drew nigh, and with one voice, after due consideration of the matter they exclaimed, "Let us honor the occasion by a grand ball, and let us have our wives and our sweethearts, there to enjoy themselves and honor the occasion with us." And it must candidly be acknowledged that it was with no ordinary feelings of delight that the wives, daughters and sweethearts, and the public generally of Ottawa heard of the intention of the Freemasons, for it is no little time since any sort of pleasant dissipation like that of last night has been indulged in by the Masonic or any other portion of the fashionable world. The Festival of St. John the Evangelist has the great advantage of coming in the very heart of the festive season; at a time when the mention of such a thing as a popular party or ball is enough to set Society dancing. So that as far as a situation of date was concerned none could be more happy or a better guarantee of success than that of St. John the Evangelist Day. Say what you will, when the hearts of fair dames and enthusiastic girls beat fast with pleasant anticipation, the feet must keep time with them in the merry and mazy dance, whether in palace or hall; to the crash of military music or well organized string band, or the pleasure is not half realised. It only then remained for the Masonic Fraternity to set about their work of preparation and issue their invitations to be sure of all honour being done the occasion.

THE PREPARATIONS.

So much that is mysterious is associated at all times with the Brethren that it is a not a matter of surprise if a certain amount of mystery was associated with their preparations for the event. But it must be admitted that, however mysterious were the workings of the brethren in their sedulous preparation of emblems in evergreens and flowers wherewith to decorate the walls or mystify their guests, not one half as mysterious were they as the feats performed with scissors and needles and nimble fingers in making gown and headdress wherewith to decorate the comely forms and shapely heads of the fair ones to be present. Is there any mystery in Masonic preparations to equal that of shaping countless yards of silk or tarleton into the graceful dress to adorn an equally graceful form? The most enthusiastic of newly married men among Freemasons is defied to find mystery greater in the craft than the wonderful shaping of huge parcels of flimsy material into the fairy like drapery that floats to take his arm into the brilliantly lighted hall, and is there any greater mystery in the craft to any such man as the amount of hard cash that can be so easily lavished in such floating drapery on such an occasion? Let the mystery be not all accredited to the one side more than another. If there are mysteries among the brethren fair lady which you cannot understand on such occasions rest assured that you are not perhaps not half as mystified as he really is. The sensation on your side is one of pleasant conjecture. In his case it is no doubt the same; at any rate we will assume it is.

THE EVENT.

The event pleasantly anticipated at last became a reality, and last night the Rink Music Hall, prettily decorated, certainly contained a brilliant assembly. The Committee embracing the names of W. Bros Cochrane, Eastwood and Remon, Bros. H. Bernard, Brown Chamberlin, A. J. Cambie, F D. Burrowes, E. B. Crombie, and John Walsh, had made every arrangement necessary for the enjoyment and comfort of the guests.

THE DECORATIONS.

The sides of the large hall were festooned with wreathes of evergreen and flowers, and ornamented with Masonic emblems under each of which were hung flags of small size and various colors. The stage was carpeted and half screened from view by a large Royal Standard gracefully draped. On each side of the stage were placed Masonic emblems. The large space behind the stage was used as a supper room. The stage during the greater part of the evening was reserved for refreshments, but at the hour for supper was covered with tables, and made a large addition to the supper room. The gallery of the hall was hid by large British Ensigns suspended from the roof and embellished with garlands and wreaths.

The front rooms of the building were used as dressing and card rooms. The decorations, without being too elaborate, were made with good taste.

OPENING OF THE BALL.

At nine o'clock the brethern and guests began rapidly to arrive, and at half past nine the hall was well filled by representatives of both sexes. Meanwhile the brethren in regalia assembled in one of the large ante-rooms, and soon after marched into the Hall, where they formed a circle and received the Past Grand Master Harrington, with Grand Public Honors. The past Grand Master then addressed a few words of welcome to the guests, and the ball was opened with the orthodox quadrille. The scene was now enchanting, if the expression is not too extravagant. The dancers tripped it right merrily to the good music of Gowan's band; Sir John A. Macdonald, in his regalia, as representative of the Grand Lodge of England, chatted gaily, and never looked younger or in better spirits. Evidently enjoying themselves were the Hon. Messrs. Tilley and Mitchell and several deputy heads of Departments. Dance after dance followed in rapid succession until the hour arrived for supper, when the assembly adjourned to the tables so temptingly and substantially furnished by Mr. E. Hall the famous caterer of Wellington street. Supper over, dancing was resumed with renewed spirit, and it is not hackneyed on this occasion to say was enjoyed right heartily to that hour that was far "beyond the twal."

PROGRAMME OF DANCES.

The following is the programme of dances as played by Gowan's band.

Lancers,
Valse,
Galop,
Quadrille,
Valse,
Galop,
Lancers,
Valse,
Galop,
Quadrille,
Valse,
Galop,
Lancers,
Valse,
Galop,
Valse,

The Freemasons ball was a grand success, and much of that success is due to the energy and ability displayed by the Secretary of the Committee of Management, Mr. John Walsh.

The list of invited guests is as follows:

A

Mr and Mrs James Adamson, Judge and Mrs Armstrong, Hon J C Aikins, Mr W A Allan, Mr E Abbott, Mr and Mrs C J Anderson, Mr J S Armstrong, Mr and Mrs J R Audy, Mr and Mrs Joseph Aumond, Mr W H Aumond, Mr and Mrs G F Austin, Mr F P Austin, Mr, Mrs and Miss Ashworth; Mr and Mrs E D Armand, Mr H Armstrong, Miss Rose Anderson, Mr A Audy, Mr and Mrs Abbott, Mr F Audy.

B

Lieut-Col and Mrs H Bernard, Rev C P and Mrs Bliss, Mr F P Burrowes, Mr and Mrs Borrodaile, Capt and Mrs Boure, R W Brother and Mrs E C Barber, Mr and Mrs Barrie, Lieut Col and Mrs Brunell, Mr William Beith, Mr N W Bethune, Mr W E Blackmore, Mr and Mrs J E Boyd, Mr T R Burpee, Dr H and Mrs Browse, Mr Theodore Black, Mr, Mrs and Miss Bramley, Mr John Brunel, Mr Beecher, Mr F Buchanan, Mr Beresford, Mr C Bryson, Mr and Mrs P Bray, Mr and Mrs Brophy, Mr W A Bell.

C

Hon Mr and Mrs Campbell, Mr and Mrs A J Crombie, Mr and Mrs R S Cassels, Mr and Mrs Currier, Mr and Mrs Brown Chamberlin, Mr and Mrs E B Crombie, Mr, Mrs and Miss J C Cochrane, Mr and Mrs James Cotton, Mr and Mrs H J Cambie, Mr W G Cassels, Mr and Mrs Canavan, Sir George E. lady, and the Misses Cartier, Hon J C and Mrs Chapais, Mr, Mrs and the Misses Christie, Mrs Alexander Christie, Mr A J Christie, Mr E D Clarke, Mr J Clayton, Miss Clegg, Mr, Mrs and the Misses Clemow, Mr F Clemow, Lieut Col, Mrs, and the Misses Coffin, Mr T C Coffin, Mr A S Cochrane, Mr and Mrs Henry Cotton, Mr W H Cotton, Mr P M Cotton, Mr and Mrs J M Courtenay, Mr, Mrs and the Misses Cruice, Sheriff Mrs and the Misses Coutlee, Capt and Mrs Cameron, Mr P Colter, Mrs and the Misses Conroy, Mrs Austin Collins, Mr John Cotton, Mrs Cowper, Mr and Mrs Cary; Mr E Cremie, Mr and Miss Cushing, Mr and Miss Craig, Mr R Conroy.

D

Mr T M Daly, Rev Mr and Miss Dawson, Mr, Mrs and Miss Dewe, Mr and Mrs C Drinkwater, Mr T E Drinkwater, Mr and Mrs G P Drummond, Hon C and Mrs Dunkin, Mr and Mrs H Dunlevie, Miss Dickson, Mrs C D Durnford, Mr De Salaberry; Miss Durham, Mr R J Devlin, Mr and Mrs W Dickenson, Mr and Miss De Les Derniers, Mr H K Dyer, Miss Hart Davis, Mr E Doward, Mr E D'Auteuil, Mr G L Dickenson, Mr M K Dunlevie.

E

Mr, Mrs and Miss Eastwood, Mr W Ellis, Mr C E Everett, the Misses Eagan.

F

Mr and Mrs Sandford Fleming, the Misses Fitzgibbon, Mrs Fox, Lieut-Col and Mrs Forest, Mr, Mrs and Miss James Fraser, Mr and Mrs W J Forest, Mr French, and the Misses Forest.

G

Lieut-Col Mrs and Miss Gray, Mr and the Misses Goodeve, Mr C Goodeve, Mr J Gray, Rev D and Mrs Gordon, Mr F G Gourdeau, Mr W H and Mrs Griffin, Mr G H Griffin, Mr Geddes, Mr J A Grant, Mr Mrs J Graham, Dr. Grant.

H

M W Bro and Mrs Harrington, R W T B Harris, Mr and Mrs Hayden, Doctor and Mrs Hill, Rev. J N and Miss Higginson, Mr G H Hargrave, Mr A Harrison, Mr, Mrs, and Miss Hartney, Mr H J Hartney, Mr, Mrs and the Misses Heeton, Mr R H Haycock, Dr and Mrs J Henry, Mr, Mrs, and Miss Henry, Mr G H Herrick, Mrs and the Misses Himsworth, Mr and Mrs T H Himsworth, Mr W Himsworth, Sir Francis and Lady Hincks, Captain Hincks, Miss Herchimer, Hon Joseph and Mrs. Howe, Mr W Howe, Miss Holt, Mr H P Hill, Mr and Mrs C J Higgins, Mr R Hick, jr, Mr Hunt, Mr H J Hubertus, Dr, Mrs and Miss Holder, Mr Hodgson, Mr Holbach, Mr R Hartney, Mr J Hunter, Mr and Mrs A H Hume, Mr T Hunton, Mr Charles Henry.

I

Lieut-Col and the Misses Irvine, Mr M Irvine.

J

Rev Mr, Mrs, and the Misses Johnston, Rev T Bedford and Mrs Jones, Mr L R Jones, Mr and Mrs Jones, Miss Julyan, Mr Jarvis.

K

M A C Ketley, Mr and Mrs Rene Kimber, Mr R E Kimber, Mr G Kennedy, Mr and Mrs Kidd, Mr and Mrs T Kirby, Mr, Mrs and the Misses Kingsford, Mr R Kingsford, Mr and Mrs Keefer, Miss Kelly.

L

Mr and Mrs J M LeCourt, Rev J S and Mrs Lauder, Hon H L Langevin, Mr E J Langevin, Mr, Mrs and the Misses Langton, Mr Thomas Langton, Mr, Mrs and the Misses Lee, Mr H Lee, Mr, Mrs and the Misses Lemoine, M J Leslie, Mr F Lewis, Judge, Mrs and the Misses Lafontaine, Mr Loucks, Mr H D Lane, Mr and Mrs Lang, Mrs K Lyon, Mr and Mrs Lazare, Mrs J C Layton, Mr C Legge, Miss H Lewis.

Mc

Sir John A and Lady Macdonald, Mr and Mrs McMicken, Mrs McLennary, Mr and the Misses D A McDonald, Mr McElleree, Mr and Mrs D W Macdonald, Mr and Mrs J McNab, Macnider, Lieut Col McNeil, Mr and Mrs McCready, Mr McLymant, Doctor McNab, Misses McLachlin, Miss McMullin, Mr Mrs and the Misses McLean, Mr Hugh Macdonald.

M

Hon Mr and Mrs Mitchell, Mr H J Morgan, Mr and Mrs H Merrill, Rev J and Mrs May, Miss Machin, Mr and Mrs Mann, Hon Mr and Mrs Morris, Doctor and Miss Moyston, Miss Moore, Mr and Mrs Thomas Munro, Major and Mrs Moore, Mr and the Misses Mosgrove, Mr and Mrs Myall, Mr George Mallock, Mr and Mrs McPherson.

N

Mr and Mrs H V Noel, Mr Thomas Nellis, Mr and Miss Neville, Mr E Nash.

O

Mr G L and the Misses Orme, Mr and Mrs D O'Connor, Mr R E O'Connor, Mrs and Miss O'Connor, Mr and Mrs C H O'Meara.

P

Lieut Col Walker Powell, Mr and Miss Powell, Mr and Mrs J H Pinkey, Rev H and Miss Pollard, Mr, Mrs and Miss Parent, Mr, Mrs and Miss A Patrick, Mr and Mrs T Patrick, Mr and Mrs J Perley, Mr and Mrs G B Pattee, Rev J D and Mrs Phillipps, Mr and Mrs Alex Powell, Sheriff and Mrs Powell, Mr A W Ponsonby, Mr and Mrs Pruy, the Misses Pinkey, Mrs Peto, Mr and Mrs J Patterson, Miss Powell, Mr, Mrs and Miss Peachey, Mr and Mrs Poston, Capt Mrs and the Misses Pigott, Mr A Purdy, and Mr A P Patrick.

R

Mr E P Remon, Mr and Mrs C Ryan, Col Robertson Ross, Mr and the Misses F Reynolds, Mrs Richardson, Mr and Mrs J B L Ross, Mr, Mrs and the Misses A J Russell, Mr A J Russell, jr, Mr Radford, Mr, Mrs and the Misses Rubridge, Mr, Mrs and Miss Ryland, Mr, and Mrs J Reynolds, Mr C J Ross, Mr Charles Roger, Mr John Robertson, Mr and Miss Rappalje, Mr J Rogers, Mr A L Russell, Mr C C Ray, Mr J W Russell, Mr and Mrs Lindsay Russell

S

M W Bro A A Stevenson, Grand Master, Doctor and Mrs Sweetland, Mr and Mrs J Scott, Mrs and Miss Scott, Mr and Mrs W W Scott, Mr, Mrs and Miss Simms, Mrs and Miss Sherwood, Mr George Sherwood, Mr and P E Sheppard, Hon J, Mrs and Miss Simpson, Mr and the Misses J R Smith, Mr and Mrs Spragge, Mr A. Spragge, Mr H [illegible], Mr, Mrs and the Misses Stanton, [illegible] and Miss D Starke, Mr, Mrs and Miss St Denis, Mr and Mrs Steele, Lieut-Col and Mrs Stewart, Mr and Mrs A J Stewart, Mr and the Misses McLeod Stewart, Mr G H Sixsmith, Mr and Mrs Seymour, Mr B Soulte, Mr and Mrs H B Small, Mr and Mrs Walter Smillie, Mr and the Misses Walter Smith, Mr, Mrs and the Misses W Smith, Mr and Mrs Sherwood, Capt Shephard, Mr R W Shephard, Mr Shephard jr; Mr N Slater, Mr F A Slater, Mr N Spaarks, Mr and Mrs W Skead, Miss Skead, Mr T H Stanfield.

T

Mr and Mrs Thistle, Mr and Mrs J B Taylor, Doctor and Mrs Tache, Miss Thompson, Mr, Mrs and the Misses J P Taylor, Mr and Mrs Fennings Taylor, Mr A G D Taylor, Mr, Mrs and the Misses P Thompson, Mr George Thompson, Mr and Mrs H Thompson the Misses Ringlie Thompson, Hon Mr, Mrs and the Misses Tilley, Mr and Mrs Tilton, Mr, Mrs and the Misses Alfred Todd, Mr, Mrs and Miss Alpheus Todd, Mr Todd, Mr F Turville, Mr T Thomas, Mr Tasker, Hon Dr and Mrs Tupper, Mr S Tupper, Mr M Tetu.

U

Mr and Mrs Urquhart.

V

Doctor, Mrs, and the Misses Van Cortlandt, Mr Philip Vankoughnet.

W

Mr and Mrs W R Wright, Mr and the Misses J Walsh, Mr and Mrs W McKay Wright, Miss Welsh, Mr H P Wright, Mr T H Wright, Miss Wade, Mr and Mrs Wicksteed, Mr and Mrs Walcot, Mr and Mrs W Wright, Mr Mrs and Miss Whitcher, Mr W Whitcher, Mr F White, Mr and Mrs W White, Mr W R White, Doctor, Mrs and the Misses Wilson, Mr and Miss A Welsh, Mr and Mrs Wise, Lt. Col. Mrs and Miss Wily, Mr W W G L White, Mr J W W Ward, Miss Whitelock, Mr and Mrs E R Williams, Mr Watson, Mr George White, Mr Alonzo Wright, Mr R J Wicksteed, Mr W W Welsh, Mr, Mrs and Miss Wilson.

Latest by Telegraph

VIA MONTREAL LINE.

QUEBEC.

QUEBEC, Dec. 27.

The funeral of T. Hamel, artist, this morning was largely attended.

The Governor's ball is postponed till the 4th of January, on account of the arrival on Friday of Mrs. Glendonwyn's corpse.

All business places were shut yesterday.

In the case of Judge Taschereau in Tessier *vs.* the Grand Trunk it was decided the delivery to a policeman in the employ of the Company was a good delivery.

The batchelor's ball comes off to-night.

Snowing all day.

THE WAR.

Midnight Despatches.

CABLE NEWS.

RESIGNED.

MADRID, December 27.—Rivios, President of the Council, has resigned, and is succeeded temporarily by Senor Sagosta.

PRINCE AMEDUS.

FLORENCE, December 27.—Prince Amedus accompanied by the Minister of Marine had started for Madrid. General Cialdiar follows, and is to receive at the Spanish Capital the title of Duke of G[illegible].

MARINE NEWS.

LIVERPOOL, Dec. 27.—The steamship *City of Baltimore*, at Queenstown from New York reports having passed 800 miles from Fastnet a steamer painted black with white port holes, and the loss of her screw, and bound east under sail. The vessel wanted no assistance. She is thought to be the national line steamer *Virginia*, which left New York on Dec. 3rd for Queenstown and Liverpool.

PARIS—MANTEUFFEL'S MOVEMENTS—BELGIAN CIVIC GUARDS.

LONDON, Dec. 27.—Latest advices from Versailles are to the effect that the fortifications of Paris still waste their ammunition by an ineffective cannonade of the Prussian positions.

Manteuffel is in active pursuit of the French army of the North, and has captured some prisoners at Albert.

It is stated that the Belgian Civic Guard will be re-organized as Mobile Guards.

SWITZERLAND'S NEUTRALITY.

BERLIN, Dec. 26.—Bismarck urges upon Switzerland a better observance of its obligations of neutrality.

EXCITEMENT IN LONDON.

LONDON, Dec. 27.—There is immense excitement in this city consequent upon the alarming intelligence that the Prussians have virtually committed an act of belligerency in the scuttling of six English trading vessels in the Seine for the avowed purpose of obstructing the navigation of the river. The *Times* has published an extra—a most unusual course with it—and endeavoured to calm the public sentiment by expressing a hope that the report is exaggerated and expresses its strong conviction that the Prussians would not commit so suicidal an act. The people will not listen to this, and point to the despatch with indignation, which states that the British Vice Consul at Rouen has presented to the Prussian Commander at Rouen an indignant and formal protest against this act of spoliation committed on British subjects. This is regarded here as a confirmation of the truth of the despatch, and the *Standard* and other Conservative newspapers have bitter war-toned articles, calling either upon the Government either to resign or to declare itself insulted and take needful means for the correction of this outrage upon the British flag.

REVIEW OF TROOPS.

BORDEAUX, Dec. 27.—At a grand review of 20 000 National Guards held here on Monday, Cremieux presented flags to the various regiments, and made a speech, in which he assured the soldiers that the Republic would surely save France. The officers and men were all enthusiastic in their vivas for the Republic, and as they passed the residence of the American Consul gave utterances to hearty demonstrations of friendship to the Government and people of the United States.

VIENNA, Dec. 27.—The *Official Press* argues that as the neutralization of Luxemburg under the collective guarantee has failed, the future of the Duchy is now open for the consideration of the powers.

DR. FRANCIS LIEBER ON ARBITRATION.

LONDON, Dec. 27.—The *Standard* in an editorial reviewing the work of Dr. Francis Lieber on arbitration expresses opinion that as considering the political as well as the legal aspect of the question, a royal umpire is preferable to any faculty of law.

QUEENSTOWN, Dec. 27.—The steam ships *Al[illegible]ania, City of Baltimore* and *Alppho* have arrived.

SCHEME TO ASSASSINATE THE KING OF PRUSSIA, VON MOLTKE AND BISMARCK.

The New York *World's* London special says: A despatch from Versailles dated the 23 d inst. says a scheme to assassinate the King of Prussia, Von Moltke and Bismarck was discovered here a few days since. A number of strangers arrived in the city on Wednesday, when the mails were closed and the citizens ordered to remain in their houses on pain of death. The patrols then searched every place and arrested 200 persons, 70 of whom were armed with guns and pistols.

SOLDIERS FOR CUBA.

[...] the effects of the European war were felt heavily in all branches of business The Government exacts a tax of 3 per cent. on all corn exported.

CAPTURE OF THE GERMAN SHIPS "AUGUST" AND "MAZELLA."

A French man-of-war captured the German ships *August*, from Hamburg, and *Mazella*, from California. Both were taken to Tahipite.

ADDRESS TO PRINCE HENRY.

LONDON, Dec 27.—A delegation of the inhabitants of Luxemburg to-day presented to Prince Henry a patriotic address. The Prince in his reply expressed his confidence in their ability to defend the rights of the Duchy. He had faith in the justice of their cause and loyalty to the treaty of 1867.

DENIAL.

Mr. Gladstone has published a letter indignantly denying the report of his conversion to the Roman Catholic faith.

BOMBARDMENT COMMENCED.

NEW YORK, December 27.—The *World's* Dresden despatch from the commanding General of the Saxon troops before Paris announces that the bombardment of Fort Avron commenced to-day. This fortification is the most advanced of the French outworks east of Paris, and crowns Mount Avron, a considerable elevation six miles from the city walls.

THE LATE ATTACK.

The *Herald's* Versailles despatch, dated 2:25 p. m., says there were 100,000 men engaged in the attack of yesterday, besides gunboats and upwards of 10 batteries without counting guns or earthworks. The German losses were insignificant. The main effort of the French was directed with three divisions, and 100 guns on Aultnay and Zeverain, their right resting on Bondy, and the left on Bobiquy. There were also movements made at Drancy and Lebourget. The French had a hot reception from the four batteries of guards artillery stationed in the vicinity, which cut them up terribly. The infantry guards got into action here driving the French back into the forts in great disorder, from which they did not rally. With this exception the repulse of the sortie was effected by artillery, and this accounts for the small loss of the Germans. Four of the guard batteries opened fire at 1,400 yards, causing immense damage to the advancing French column, a few minutes sufficing to make the enemy waver. Their officers endeavored to keep them together, but they soon broke and fell back entirely discomfited. They had no better fortune in their encounter with the Saxon field batteries in the endeavor to take Aultnay and Geverain. Gunboats were brought to Epinay, whence they kept up an incessant fire on the right of the Prussian guards with but little effect.

TREATMENT OF BRITISH VESSELS.

LONDON, December 27—The *Shipping Gazette*, which first doubted, now admits the truth of the reports concerning the treatment of British vessels in the Seine by the Prussians, and delares that the Government must instantly demand an explanation and redress from Prussia.

DOMICILIARY VISITS, &c.

The *Herald's* Versailles special says domiciliary visits are the order of the day, whatever it may be the pretext, whether it is to search for arms or spies, the most important result has been the capture of a considerable number of ruffians and thieves capable of committing any atrocity. Such is believed to be daily waiting an opportunity to renew their exploits in plunder. The manner in which the search was made was childish, where not brutal, and it was partial of impertinent according to the pleasure of Chief Gensdarmes. The visits were carried out, however, with Prussian minuteness, and the great hotel with the residences of their serene Highness not exempted. All rooms were entered and persons occupying them were required to give full explanation of their position, business, etc. Some officers who were exchanged, arrived at headquarters yesterday, and confirm statements previously made of the condition of Paris. They say eatables of the best quality may be had at restaurants; that four theatres are open; and that cabs and omnibuses ply as before the war. Perfect confidence is placed in Trochu. The only persons suffering from a state of siege are the lower classes, who are unable to pay war prices From their accounts Paris is able to hold out until the end of February,

AMERICAN NEWS.

MARITIME STRENGTH OF GREAT BRITAIN.

WASHINGTON, December 27.—Mr. Moran, Secretary of the American Legation at London, has been directed by the State Department to telegraph immediately statistics of the maritime strength of Great Britain at the present time, and especially the increase to her shipping for the past four years.

The special message of the President to Congress on the subject of building up our merchant marine service gives occasion both for information and haste in obtaining it.

THE FISHERY CONTROVERSY.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 27.—The British Minister has under instructions from Home already taken the initiatory steps towards considering the fishery controversy, and arranging for a settlement of claims that will arise from the seizure of our vessels. Sir Edward Thornton has acknowledged the substantial correctness of Fish's position as shown by the diplomatic correspondence just published, running from April to Nov. of the present year, relative to the fishery question. The Canadian authorities claim that their refusal to issue licenses to foreign fishermen does not interfere with American privileges under the treaty of 1818, and that there are now no waters embraced in that treaty under the control of the new Dominion Secretary Fish takes an opposite ground, and in illustration points to that portion of coast, formerly known as Labrador from Au Sablon to Magdalen Island. He also points to discrepancies in the position taken by Home and Provincial authorities, one being that the Canadian line is three miles from the shore, while others assumes that it is three miles from an imaginary line drawn across the mouth of all the rivers and bays.

Sir E. Thornton concurred in the general correctness of Mr. Fish's position, and that it will make an adjustment of all points a comparatively easy task. It is well understood by the British Minister that the regulations made by Canada are illiberal and ill-advised, and the manner of their executions has an unfriendly spirit.

Yesterday's Despatches.

SINKING OF SIX BRITISH SHIPS IN THE SEINE.

LONDON, Dec. 27.—The sinking of six British ships in the Seine by the Prussians, for the purpose of obstructing navigation, has occasioned gret indignation here and throughout England. The British Vice Consul at Rouen has represented to the Prussian commander a formal protest against the act of spoliation committed on British subjects.

The city of Mezieurs is surrounded by Prussians, and a siege is now imminent.

THE PRUSSIANS OCCUPY BLOIS.

BORDEAUX, Dec. 27. A despatch from Poitiers, of the 25th instant, says: Ten thousand Prussians, with artillery, occupy Blois, and have indiscriminately pillaged both public and private houses. The Prussian officers and men all engage in the work of plunder.

EVACUATION OF SEVERAL TOWNS.

A despatch from Alençon, of the 25th, says that the enemy have evacuated Elbef, Bourge and Thereonde, at which latter place they had an entrenched camp.

No news from the army of the Loire.

MOVEMENT OF THE GERMANS UPON ORLEANS.

LONDON, Dec. 24.—The Germans are making retregade movements upon Orleans, and the French lines have been much advanced north and north east of Paris.

GREAT BATTLE—THE FRENCH SUCCESSFUL.

NEW YORK, Dec 25.—The *World's* Brussels correspondence of the 24th says [...] sians under Manteuffel. The line of battle extended from Noyelle to Carbie; the third division was at Monlac, and the reserve at Albert. Manteuffel was moving towards Albert in three columns from Amiens, when Chausey, Lefere and Faidherbe's troops met him, and successfully resisted his advance for seven hours without calling upon the reserve. The fight was resumed to-day.

FRENCH VICTORY.

BORDEAUX, Dec. 25.—Gen. Faidherbe, commanding the army of the North, reports as follows to the Minister of War: The Prussians gave us battle on the 23rd; we were well posted between Daours and Contay. Our troops fought admirably during the entire day. Villages were taken and retaken. At 5 p m. our success was complete; we drove the enemy before us with the bayonet. During the night the Prussians entered some villages in the valley, but they did not try to attack our positions.

Other reports say Faidherbe was successful on his right and left wings, and that his army slept on the field of battle, but the result was indecisive. The next day the enemy showing no disposition to renew the fight, the troops under Gen. Faidherbe returned to Albert.

PRUSSIAN VICTORY.

BERLIN, Dec. 25.—King William telegraphs to the Queen that Manteuffel won a victory on the 23rd, near Amiens, taking 1,000 prisoners, and commenced to pursue the French in the direction of Aras to-day.

BALLOON ADVICES FROM PARIS.

Balloon advices from Paris to the 22nd inst. are at hand. There had been no more fighting. The French loss in the sortie of the 21st inst. reported about 800. The confidence of the inhabitants is great.

BORDEAUX, Dec. 25.—Telegraphic communication between this city and the north of France has been restored.

Bourbaki sends the Government a favorable account of the army under his command.

Official despatches from Lemans of the 24th inst. announces that the Prussians have withdrawn from Nogent le Roteau. 70,000 men passed through the town, going in the direction of Paris.

FLEET OF TRANSPORTS FROM BREST.

LONDON, Dec. 25.—A fleet of transports is preparing to leave Brest with a considerable force. Destination unknown.

The people of Lyons are confident that the invaders will be expelled from France.

600,000 GERMANS IN FRANCE.

The total effective force of Germans now in France is set down in round numbers at 600,000, half of which is now before Paris; in addition to which 100,000 are on the sick list.

300,000 GERMANS KILLED OR DISABLED.

It is estimated 300 000 Germans have been killed or disabled since the beginning of the war.

PRUSSIAN GARRISON DUTY ENTRUSTED TO THE VOLUNTEERS.

Garrison duty in Prussia is to be entrusted to volunteers who by reason of being under age, or having served their terms, are not liable to military service.

PRINCE AMEDUS.

Prince Amedus was to leave Florence at 11 this morning, but despatches sent thence as late as half-past four this evening, make no mention of his departure.

FAIDHERBE FALLING BACK.

BRUSSELLS, December 25.—Faidherbe has fallen back across the valley of Haller.

THE BATTLE OF THE 23RD.

During the battle of the 23rd Monteuffel stormed Beauchamp, Mortigy, Daours, Querrene, Noyells, Busy and Veauqement. The German losses were about 3,000, and the French 5,000, including prisoners.

FRENCH ARMY IMPROVING.

The *Herald's* special, dated Bordeaux, 21st, says the newspapers of this city state that the condition of the army is improving daily.

THE ALABAMA CLAIMS.

LONDON, Dec. 26.—The *Pall Mall Gazette* is anxious that Americans should know that England is heartily tired of the Alabama controversy, and is ready to pay any impartial money award if an adjustment can be confined thereto.

THE FENIAN CONVICTS.

The Fenian convicts were discharged from Portland prison on Friday.

DROWNED.

John Walters, jr., son of the chief editor of the London *Times*, broke through the ice while skating, and was drowned.

DELAY OF MAILS.

The colonies of New Zealand are dissatisfied at the delay of mails sent *via* California.

THE MOUNT CENIS TUNNEL.

Working parties in the opposite heading of the Mount Cenis tunnel are within hearing distance of each other. Greetings and hurrahs were exchanged through the dividing wall of rock for the first time at a quarter past four o'clock on Christmas afternoon.

ARRIVALS.

QUEENSTOWN, Dec. 26.—The steamship *City of Paris*, from New York, has arrived.

ARRIVALS OUT.

MOVILLE, December 27.—The steamship *Nestorian*, from Portland, for Liverpool, has arrived.

QUEENSTOWN, December 27.—The steamship *Italy*, from New York, for Liverpool, has arrived.

GEN. CHAUSEY NEAR LEMANS.

The *World's* special from London, 25th, says: Gen Chausey's whole army has been near Lemans since the 20th. No battle has been fought since the 16th.

The telegram from Bordeaux refers to the battle of the 16th.

The weather throughout France and England is intensely cold.

The shells from the guns on Fort Valerian reach nine kilometres.

DIED

Martha Smith, wife of Dr. T. Black, originally from England, died at Hull, 26th inst., in possession of good hope in Jesus, after a painful and lingering illness.

Funeral takes place from her house, near Mr. Rankin's and Mr. Haycock's, Hull. All friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend, on Wednesday, 28th inst, at 2 p.m.

ST. JAMES' HOTEL,

METCALFE AND QUEEN STREETS,

F. EVANS, Proprietor.

Good accommodation for the travelling public. First-Class Wines and Liquors. Good Stabling.

Ottawa, Dec 8, 1870 1526tf

ST. PATRICK'S ORPHAN ASYLUM

The Annual Meeting of the Members and Friends of the ST PATRICK'S ORPHAN ASYLUM of Ottawa, will be held on THURSDAY Evening next, at Seven o'clock, p.m. at the ASYLUM on Church Street, to receive the Report of the affairs of the Institution for the past year, and to elect the Members of the Council for the ensuing year

MARTIN BATTLE, Secretary.

Ottawa, Dec. 28, 1870. 1550 2

Wants.

BOARD WANTED,

For a Single Gentleman. Address C., TIMES Office, stating terms.

Ottawa, December 26, 1870. 1544tf

WANTED.

A School Teacher, with second Class Certificate, for School Section No. 11, Nepean

Apply to JAS[illegible] E LIE, Secretary, 141 Nepean

SCHOOL TEACHER wanted for School Section No. 1[illegible], Gloucester.

Gloucester, Dec 22, 1870 1547a

BOYS WANTED.

HAY FOR SALE.

The Subscriber having sold his Farm and Stock, now offers a large quantity of good Hay at reasonable rates.

THOS TESKEY

Appleton, Ramsay, Dec. 20, 1870. 1w 1m

WANTED,

A thorough Servant man, who understands the care of Horses, and a good Driver. Apply at this Office.

JOHN McDONALD,

Aylmer, Dec 28, 1870 1550 6

NOTICE.

The gentleman who found a small parcel containing part of a Ladies Evening Dress, near the Quebec Bank, yesterday, (Tuesday) will be suitably rewarded on leaving it at the Office of W R THISTLE & Co, Centre Town.

Ottawa, Dec. 28, 1870 1550 3

LAND OF CAKES.

BUY

your Cakes, Confectionery, Plum cakes, Fruit Cakes, Citron cakes, Lemon Sultan, Seed, Pound cakes, Sponge and other large cakes, Iced and ornamented at D. Morrison's, 38 Rideau Street, where you will find the largest and best assortment of small cakes, and confectionary in the city, fancyboxes, Horns of plenty, pure sugar toys and Figures, of home and foreign manufacture. D. Morrison is now prepared to furnish Socials, Soirees, Tea meetings and other parties in the best style, having had ten years experience in Montreal he feels confident of giving satisfaction to all who favor him with their orders. Please to remember the name and place, D Morrison, Biscuit manufacturer, Pastry Baker, Wholesale and Retail Confectioner, 38 Rideau street, and 45 York Street

Ottawa, Dec. 28, 1870. 1550tf

ASK FOR THEM, GET THEM.

MORRISON'S BISCUITS are the best and freshest in the City. For Sale by all the Principal Grocers. Buy them and try them. I am going to buy my Cakes and Confectionary at 38 Rideau street, for it is opened as a Wholesale and Retail Confectionary Establishment by DANIEL MORRISON, Fancy Biscuit, Cake and Pastry Baker

Ottawa, Dec. 26, 1870 1549 1m.

CARD.

The Subscriber begs to return thanks to his Customers and the public generally, for the Liberal Support extended to him for the last nine years, and by Strict Attention to his business hopes to secure their Patronage in future. He would also remind them that he has always on hand

FRESH MEAT,
PORK,
HAM,

And all the FOWLS of the Season.

JOHN KENNEDY.

Ottawa, Dec. 22, 1870. 1546

CARD.

The Subscriber in returning thanks for the Liberal Support extended to him since his Start, begs to inform his many Customers and the public generally, that he has always on hand a large supply of the following articles.

BACON, Rolled and Spiced.
HAMS, Sugar Cured,
SAUSAGES of all kinds, and all other articles in the trade.

HERMAN THORBAHN

STALL No. 10,

Ottawa, Dec. 21, 1870. 1546 9

BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER

The Court of Directors hereby give notice that a half yearly dividend at the rate of six per cent per annum on the Capital of the Bank, will be payable on the 5th day of January 1871, to the proprietors of shares registered in the Colonies. The dividend is declared in sterling money, and will be payable at the rate of exchange current on the 5th day of January 1871, to be fixed by the Local Board.

No transfer can be made between the 21th inst., and the 5th prox., as the books must be closed during that period.

By order of the Court.
R. W. BRADFORD, Secretary.

No. 124 Bishopsgate Street Within, London, E C, Dec. 6th, 1870 } 1547-13

ENGLISH BUN HOUSE,

37 Sussex Street.

C. BARTLET begs to remind the public that he will commence the Muffin season this Day. All orders sent to any part of the city. He also begs to remind the public that he is buying in a large stock of Confectionery Ornaments for Christmas, from England, from the best houses in the line in London. Rich Bon Bons, of every variety, Fancy Boxes, Cake Ornaments, a Number of shell boxes, from Brighton, England. Also, a great variety of other goods far too numerous to insert in this advertisement. He therefore begs an early call, and inspect for yourselves, as he is certain he will have the largest and best assortment in the trade. Also, a very large assortment of rich Cakes, ornamented and plain, Fruit, Citron, Seed, Genoa, Madeira, Pound Cakes, Macaroons, Sponge, Lady's Fingers. All kinds of Jellies. A large assortment of preserves in pots to suit customers. Sweets of every kind in great variety. An immense stock of Fancy Hearts, Wholesale and Retail.

N.B.—Tea and Coffee Hot at all hours of the day. Refreshments of every kind always on hand. Oyster Patties and Oysters Cooked in any style on the shortest notice.

Ottawa, Dec 22. 1546d

TO THE ELECTORS OF VICTORIA WARD.

GENTLEMEN,—I have been asked by a large number of the influential Electors of Victoria Ward to allow myself "to be put in nomination as one of the School Trustees for said Ward, during the ensuing term."

To refuse to comply with their request in the absence of any reasonable plea for such refusal, or to neglect to do my duty to the best of my ability, if elected to a position on the Board by the unsought votes of my friends, would be to show myself altogether unwerthy of their confidence.

I therefore accede to their wishes, and if elected as one of your representatives, my best efforts, in the interests of the Public Schools of the city, shall be at your disposal.

I have the honor to be,
Gentlemen,

Esquimaux Coats at Devlin's.

LOCAL NEWS.

... New Stereoscopes and Slides, Bohemian ... Microscopes, choice French and English Perfumery, at the OTTAWA DRUG STORE, Sappers' Bridge, W. HEARN.

...—An insane woman was brought to the Police Station yesterday morning.

BLANKETS. Cornwall, St. Lawrence and ... Mills Blankets, in all sizes and ... very cheap at GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

The roads across the river are in splendid order, and a brisk traffic has been in ... between the two sides of the ...

The Market—Monday.—The attendance at market this morning was small, owing to the day's being generally observed ... holiday.

... the Sailor narrowly escaped a fatal ... house yesterday. While cleaning the ... a heavy gust of wind took ... his feet, and but for some article ... which he caught, he would have ... the ground.

... 50 dozen Velveteen Hats, from 25 ... upwards. A large assortment of ... and Feathers. Trimmed Hats and ... at the "Golden Lion." R. L. JAMES & Co.

...—Now is the time. Go and see ... Dorion, 60 Sparks Street, for stoves and stove-pipe fitting. No puff; but see ... yourselves. Lumbermen and country ... come and see. The most com... ... in this Line in the Capital, ... C. P. Dorion, 60 Sparks Street. 1486 2m.

Everybody who could procure a horse and sleigh enjoyed a sleigh drive on Monday. For a few hours the different avenues ... the city were filled with ... of vehicles on the way to the country. Livery stables in consequence did a good business.

Penny Readings.—This evening the ... weekly readings will be given at the ... Hall. A good programme is ... and will be sustained by talented ... throughout. We expect to see a ... good and appreciative audience ... hall this evening.

Christmas was quietly, though very ... enjoyed throughout the city ... In response to the proclamation of His Worship calling for a public holiday, every store in the city was closed. ... the holiday could not be more ... observed anywhere. It was ... appreciated by hard worked em... in all branches of trade.

Police Court—Monday.—A man named ... was charged with being drunk and ... on the public streets. He ... to gaol for one week. Mrs ... charged with larceny, was remanded ... Wednesday.

...day—Robert Burns, for being ... was fined $1 and costs. Edward ... committed a breach of the peace, ... fined therefor $5 and costs. Fran... charged with a similar offence, was ...arged.

Penny Readings.—For those readings to ... this evening an unusually attractive programme is prepared. The ... of the readings are to get a real ... The Choral Union of the Y. M. C. ... to be present under the direction of ... Workman, Miss Smith, Miss Lamb ... Miss Bolan, and Messrs. Workman, ... and Roberts are the singers. ... Eliford and Smith will perform a ... on the violin and organ, and Mr. ... will do the accompaniment on ... organ to the singing. A few ... readings will be given.

The Market—Tuesday. The wood and ... markets this morning were very large, ... attendance on the square was rather small. ... and quick at from $16 to 18 per ton ... $8 to 9 per ton. ... (seasoned) $3 per load. ... wood, $2 to 2 50 per load. ... was in good supply, and sold at ... $4 to $5 50, and we saw one fine hog ... $9 per cwt. ... prices unchanged. ... 40c to 45 per bushel. ... 18c to 20 per pound. Eggs, 30c per dozen. Oats, 50c to 55c.

Fire on Christmas Evening.—The new ... building on Wellington street, near ...'s Bridge, and belonging to Mr ... came near being destroyed by ... on Sunday evening. There are four ... in the building, the ground ... of which, we believe, is occupied as a store. The fire occurred in Mr. ...'s fish and fruit shop. Mr. Cowan and ... family were out at the time, and the ... was seen issuing through the ... by some persons passing. The neighbourhood was immediately alarmed, ... the fire was put out before it had ... much headway, without the assistance of the engines. The damage to house and ... is small.

The Canadian Institute.—This evening ... 5th of the weekly literary and ... soirees, given by this institution, ... held in Sussex Street. The President, Mr. Drapeau, will read a paper on ... charitable institutions of Canada, ... as well as Catholic. A very ... and instructive theme has ... chosen by Mr. Drapeau, who, we ... understand, has in preparation an extensive work on the subject, which will be ... during next year, in both languages ... and separately. The musical portion of the soiree will be rendered by ... Gelinas and Mr. Barsalo, the ... to sing a comic song descriptive ... experiences of an Englishman in ... Chevalier Gustave Smith will preside at the piano; and the entertainment ... with the performance of a ... entitled "The Tribulations of ... Young Persons."

... Escape from Death by Poison.—... evening at about 5 o'clock ... Stewart of the Protestant Hos... ... Hill, had a remarkably narrow ... from death by poison. The occurrence was purely accidental. Mr. Saddler ... taking tincture of *Gentian* for ..., and he kept a bottle of that ... on a shelf with other medicines. ... evening in question he went to ..., but in lieu of *Gentian* poured ... glass about two hundred and ... which ... Twenty or thirty ... considered a fatal dose if its effects are not timely counteracted, and the large dose taken by Mr. Saddler had instantaneous effect. Dr. Sweetland was sent for without delay, and that able medical gentleman fortunately happening to be at home hastened to the hospital, where, when he arrived, he found Mr. Saddler in an almost hopeless condition. He evinced in every respect all the symptoms consequent upon poisoning. The contortions and spasmodic exertions of his muscles and limbs evinced the dreadful power of the aconite, and for a time even the doctor despaired of success in his endeavors to save his life. However, the stomachpump having done its work, proper and very effectual antidotes were given, and in due time Mr. Saddler was restored from the very verge of the grave. It appears that this is about as remarkable an instance as there is on record of a person's being successfully operated upon after having imbibed so large a dose of that deadly poison.

The police force should not permit the monopoly of the sidewalks for any length of time by persons cutting or sawing wood. Yesterday afternoon that portion of the sidewalk nearly opposite the Post Office was for a long time monopolised by two men and a load of wood. The wood was piled at the edge of the sidewalk; one man coolly sawed the wood near the middle of the sidewalk, while the other, about two feet distant, chopped the same, thus actually leaving no room for pedestrians to pass without running the risk of either getting their toes chopped off or their heads broken. This is rather too much of a good thing to expect the public to either like very much or put up with for any length of time.

The Committee of Management and Stewards of the St. George's Society beg leave to tender their sincere and grateful thanks to the undermentioned for their generous donations to the Christmas Fund:

Messrs Satchell Bros	200 lbs meat
Mr. William Gough	100 do
Mr A Bafton	100 do
Mr S Robert	50 do
Mr G Bartlett	100 lbs flour
Messrs Slocombe & Stevens	3 lbs tea
An old member	$20 00
Thos Reynolds, Esq	20 00
Hon James Skead	10 00
Miss Cedd	50
J F Brown, Esq	2 00
A Friend	2 00
Mr. S A Keeling	1 00
A Friend	2 00
Mr Geo R Burke	2 00
Mr Edward McGillivray	1 00
Mr Walton Smith	2 00
Mr Geo Pipers	1 00
A Friend	1 00
Mrs Jas Lowe	1 00
A Friend	2 00

At the distribution on Saturday last, 38 families representing 182 individuals, were liberally supplied with meat, flour, groceries, bread and potatoes, and it is the intention of the Committee to supplement the gift, in some cases, with a load of wood, donations of which will be thankfully received.

Furious Runaway.—Yesterday afternoon about a quarter to two o'clock a team harnessed to a large and handsome sleigh, belonging to a carter named Andre Riopel, was standing at the office of the Canadian Express Company, when a sleigh some little distance in front of the horses was backed on them, which so frightened the animals that they at once galloped furiously away, turning the corner of Sparks and Elgin streets on the sidewalk, nearly knocking over a woman and little girl, who were approaching the corner. They rushed down the sidewalk to Durie's, where the sleigh caught on the post in front of the shop, completely smashing the post and the dash-board of the sleigh. The horses then turned on the street, dashed against a team coming up the street, but fortunately doing little damage, and galloped furiously into a crowd of sleighs coming across the bridge. Through these sleighs the horses dashed, dragging the sleigh after them and creating intense excitement among the drivers. At the end of the bridge, the horses appeared with the sleigh considerably worse for the numerous collisions it had experienced and continued their furious career until arriving at the corner of Sussex and Rideau streets, when they pitched into a heavy load on a sleigh bound for the shanties. In this load the pole of the sleigh drawn by the runaways stuck fast, and do their best the horses could not tear themselves away. They were then secured and held fast till the proprietor arrived. That no person was injured is indeed a miracle, for the sidewalks were crowded with pedestrians at the time, and the street unusually crowded with vehicles.

Christmas Entertainment at the Convent of the Congregation de Notre Dame.

As had been previously announced to take place, a grand entertainment was given on Monday night in the above named institution. His Lordship the Bishop of Ottawa presided, and the spacious Hall was crowded with ladies and gentlemen, parents and friends of the pupils and others. The Hall was beautifully and appropriately decorated for the occasion, and with female youth and beauty in gorgeous attire, before the audience the whole presented a splendid appearance. The entertainment was opened by a musical performance on three pianos and a harmonium.

"The Joyful Greetings" was executed in a manner that reflects much credit upon the pupils as well as on the institution.

The execution of the melo drama "The Talisman" was a grand triumph for the young ladies who took part in it, as it was a very difficult piece to perform, and yet they succeeded in it admirably.

The musical performance the "Eastern Pearls," brought forth rounds of appplause, which it well merited.

Then followed the drama in two acts, all of which was gone through in a manner that would bring credit to older and more experienced heads. During the interlude between the acts the Hall rang with the harmony of mingled sounds from pianos and sweet voices, and the play was closed in like manner, the audience being perfectly charmed with the symphony of the different instruments and the ringing voices of the pupils, after which the audience burst into prolonged manifestations of applause.

"A Happy New Year" sang by a number of the young ladies was truly beautiful, and the address to His Lordship the Bishop was well delivered. His Lordship responded with that ease and grace so peculiar to him.

The pupils having taken advantage of the opportunity to celebrate the *fete* of the Patron Saint of the Pastor of the convent, the Rev. Father Collins, His Lordship, in the course of his happy remarks, referred to the circumstance, and wished the reverend gentleman every happiness.

The Rev. Mr. Collins thanked the pupils for their kindness in thinking of him, and after a few words the *Soiree* was brought to a close by singing the National Anthem, each person leaving with a sort of reluctance the Hall where they had been so splendidly entertained.

The young ladies, who were particularly admired during the evening for the able and intelligent manner in which they acquitted themselves, and for their charming appearance, were the Misses Wallace, Cotton, Armstrong, Pellant, Bouset, and Buckley. But we should not particularize, for every young lady looked charming, and were most successful and happy in whatever they took part in.

Ottawa Fire Co. Ball.

The Ottawa No. 1 Fire Company's Ball came off last night in St Patrick's Hall and Canadian Institute. There was a very good attendance of the fair sex, guests and members of the Company, who were entertained to both fun and feasting in that generous manner so characteristic of the Ottawa Company. Dancing was heartily entered into, and kept up with spirit till far into the morn, when the wee short hours were fast assuming very respectable dimensions. The commodious halls were decorated with much taste. The sides were adorned with transparencies indicative of the fireman's arduous and oftentimes dangerous calling. Flags were gracefully festooned here, there, and everywhere. Over the platform was a painting of the Ottawa Engine, festooned with banners, and the intertwining of the red, white and blue had a very pretty effect. On the front and back of the gallery there were paintings and groupings of British flags, wreaths of flowers on the cornices, and strung across the room, artistically conceived and beautifully arranged. The floor was waxed, the lights dazzling, and as the blaze fell upon the keleidoscopic figures moving about in the mazy windings of the dance, the *tout ensemble* may be more readily conceived than expressed. At midnight came the supper, supplied by Mrs. Prodrick in her best style, refreshments being obtainable at will throughout the hall, and with unwonted abundance. The sounds of revelry proceeded from the excellent band of Mr. George Sutherland, and the enjoyment was such as to be long remembered by all who were present and shared in it.

To the stewards the greatest credit is due for the excellent management throughout, for the taste displayed in the decorations, and for the general success of one of the best fireman's balls that it ever was our good fortune to attend.

Meeting in St George's Ward.

The meeting of the electors of St George's Ward, held last evening in the St. Lawrence Hotel, was very large, and certainly the most disorderly we have attended since the election agitation began. The meeting was called by Mr. Preston, who in doing so announced his intention and ability to make astounding revelations on the occasion, and we must give him credit for having done so, though indirectly. His revelations respecting the Corporation, elicited further revelations about himself, and on the whole the meeting was a series of recriminations and retorts between Messrs. Preston and Mosgrove, and Mr Featherston. Mr. Saarmer was called to the chair and Mr. Robertson acted as Secretary.

Mr. Preston on rising, said he had called the meeting simply for the purpose of giving certain explanations. In the course of his remarks he would have to deal a little hard with two members of the Council, Aldermen Featherston and Robinson, particularly with the latter, and he regretted he was not present. When those gentlemen came before the rate payers for election they did so with the cry of low taxation, and, notwithstanding their assertions at a late meeting, that the rate of taxation could not be reduced, he believed it could, and if elected he would do all in his power to effect it.

Mr. Preston then gave the oft repeated history of his troubles and the abuse he was subjected to in connection with the Collectorship. He explained the whole affair from beginning to end, and showed that he could clear himself in due time from the charge, and showing, apparently, to the satisfaction of the audience that the Camberlain, and not he was to blame. He commenced his revelations by referring to the proceedings of the Board of Works. He commenced with the minutes of the Board in 1868, and read from the monthly reports, showing that the expenditure increased very rapidly from about $80 to near ten times that amount. Also, at first from the reports the items for which the money was expended were given, but in the late reports no one knew how or where the money went. He thought it was an injustice to the ratepayers not to have the reports of the proceedings of the Boards and Committees published and laid before them, and he considered it a greater injustice not to lay before them a statement of the expenditure.

Thos. Kinsella—go to the pay list.

Mr. Preston thought it was not the duty of the ratepayers to go begging for pay lists to satisfy themselves. He then paid a high compliment to Thos. Kinsella, attributing to him honesty and industry, and stated that if he were on the Board of Works things would go well.

He showed that the expenditure had been reduced one-third this year, under the management of the new Finance Committee, and it was all owing to the annihilation of the "ticket system." He read from the report of the Board of Works, which mentioned the names of certain individuals who only should be employed to perform Corporation work. Nothwithstanding the small amount of printing they got done, it and the stationery cost $1,220 for the year 1868, and for 1869 $1,240. The next thing he would refer to was the new bridge across the canal, which was to have been built three or four years ago. He showed that the proceedings referred to were put an end to by Aldermen Featherston and Robinson, who moved in the Council that the report thereon be placed on fyle, thus virtually killing every prospect of getting it for the time. He went on further, and showed that all day laborers were paid in cash in 1868 69 and not by check.

Mr. Wadsworth would like to know why he did not make those revelations a couple of years ago.

Mr. Preston was forced to do so then by the personal reflections on him by members of the Council. In connection with the water works proceedings, great expenditure was gone to. $1,500 had something to do with the grand banquets in distant cities. $1,000 was voted for the best plan and estimate, and $500 more by the Corporation, for an assistant engineer if necessary.

JOBBING AND CONTRACTS.

They were probably of impression that no member of the Corporation could be guilty of corporation jobbing or having any thing to do with contracts. He read from the reports of the Council, a statement showing that $397.60 had been paid Mr. George May, for leather, and further on, the same individual received $398.35, for leather also. He did not know what they intended to do with the leather, unless to make leather medals for the ratepayers.

He again read from the report of the Board of Works, showing that that board had recommended the purchasing of 18 toise of stone, from C. T. Bate at a price not to exceed $5.00 per toise, but that afterwards they recommended paying him $8 00 per toise, and finally he received $.700. Ald. Bangs sold the corporation cedars, and caps were purchased from him for the Police force, at a cost of over $1 00.

And from the firm of which Ald. Robinson is a member, planks were purchased for the Corporation. For two inch planks the firm received $15.00 per 1000 feet.

During the last four years over $235,000 had been collected, and handed into the City Treasury, and he for one would like to know what had been done with it. The city showed no improvements for it. $150 of it had been given to the Committee to go to Montreal in connection with the water works.

Three chairs had been purchased for Corporation use at a cost of $153.

He then referred to the purchasing of debentures in Montreal by members of the Finance Committee, and as usual condemned the action as showing very loose management about the Council. Notwithstanding the large amounts of money collected during the last years there was yet $27,000 in Corporation checks afloat.

If elected he would promise them that no stone would be left unturned to effect a reduction of taxation. He would make them no special promises, but if elected a summary of his doings in the Council would speak for him.

Ald. Mosgrove thought it would not be necessary for him to say much as Mr. Preston had made no charge against him. With respect to the Water Works, if the minutes of the proceedings were turned up it would be found that he almost invariably voted against the scheme. He voted against the outlay of $1,000 for the plan. He referred to Ald. Bate, who was employing his influence as Alderman in opposing his return. He feared little the opposition of such men. In the whole course of Alderman Bates' presence at the Council Board he had never moved a single resolution of any importance. He referred to the trouble which other persons had gone to in organising a ticket of opposition to him, which gave rise to a slight dispute between him and Mr. Fingland, who denied having said or done anything derogatory to his interest. After a slight glance at some of the questions touched upon by Mr. Preston, he took his seat.

Ald. Featherston then rose and reputed pretty generally the charges made by Mr. Preston against the Corporation. He had come to the meeting expecting to hear some terrible revelations respecting the Corporation, but the charges against that body were most trivial. The Corporation had been charged by Mr. Preston with keeping things in the dark, but it was from its printed proceedings that he (Preston) got the material to give the statements which he made. He was not prepared with books, &c., like Mr. Preston to read out statements, but if any of the ratepayers would go with him to the City Hall he would show them how every cent of the money referred to by that gentleman had been expended. The ticket system referred to was introduced solely for the purpose of paying sooner than they otherwise would poor men engaged in breaking stones. The stones bought from Ald. Bate partly belonged to a widow woman, and was sold for her benefit. With respect to the bridge across the canal he had done all in his power to have it built, as did also Ald. Robinson, but finding his endeavors unsuccessful there was no other course left for him, but that which he had taken. The taxation could be reduced if the ratepayers so desired it. If they would be content to do without improvements the taxation could be reduced, but not otherwise.

Mr. Preston had made charges of corruption against the Corporation, and he would like that gentleman to tell the meeting how much he recived and appropriated to himself as interest and costs on taxes charged before seizure.

Mr. Preston did not receive sufficient money in that manner to pay for assistance. He denied ever having charged interest or cost before seizure.

Ald Featherston gave several instances in which he did, and several persons present accused him of having acted so towards them. His salary as Collector was $1,200 per annum, but it was generally believed that he made all of $3,000 by the above means. Having again denied that he received costs without having previously made a seizure, Mr. Taylor promptly contradicted him, and offered to bring him a receipt to prove that he did receive costs from him, if he would only wait for a few minutes. Mr. Preston thought the evening too far advanced.

At the close of the meeting a faction fight was for a few moments very imminent. A few excited words from Alderman Featherstone drew forth a threat from Mr Preston, and immediately there were a number of the partizans of each party to the fore, and for a time loud talk and extravagant gestures gave sanguine hope of some "sport." Things cooled down, however, and a goodly number of the meeting adjourned down stairs where election matters and more soothing subjects were discussed for a short time.

Bazaar in Aid of the St Joseph's Orphan Asylum.

The bazaar which opened last night in the building lately used as a barracks (at the corner of Sussex and St. George's street) for the benefit of that highly and deservedly popular institution, promises to be a great success. Tables laden with the choicest articles of embroidery, &c, &c., fill up two spacious and beautifully decorated halls; while refreshment tables groaning under the weight of the delicacies of a beautiful season, offer temptations which no epicure could resist. Prices reasonable. Lottery tickets offered for sale average from 5cts. to 15cts. Yesterday the Hall was visited by a great number of leading citizens, whose names have always been associated with deeds of benevolence and charity. Among other visitors we noticed Lady Macdonald, Mrs Tilley, &c. Lady Lisgar's presence is expected this afternoon, and we hope her example will prove beneficial. The Bazaar deserves to be well patronized, especially at this festival season, when feelings of charity should hold sway in every heart. We therefore call upon our readers to contribute their mite for the benefit of those beings who have the first claims on the charity of the public. Bazaar open from 10 a.m. to 10 p.m.

A "Cough," "Cold," or Irritated Throat, allowed to progress, results in serious pulmonary and Bronchial affections, oftentimes incurable.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES

Reach directly the affected parts, and give almost instant relief. In Bronchitis, Asthma, and Catarrh they are beneficial. Obtain only the genuine BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES which have proved their efficacy by test of many years. Among testimonials attesting their efficacy are letters from—

E. H. Chapin, D. D., New York,
Henry Ward Beecher, Brooklyn, N. Y.,
N. P. Willis, New York,
Hon. C. A. Phelps, Pres. Mass. Senate,
Dr. G. F. Bigelow, Boston,
Prof. Edwd. North, Clinton, N. Y.,
Surgeons in the Army, and others of eminence
Sold everywhere at 25 cents per box.

"Troches," so called, sold by the ounce, are a poor imitation and nothing like Brown's Bronchial Troches, which are sold only in boxes with a fac-simile of the proprietors,

JOHN I. BROWN & SON,

This care in putting up the Troches is important as a security to the purchaser in order to be sure of obtaining the genuine Brown bronchial Troches.

The Florence Nightingale of the Nursery.—The following is an extract from a letter written by the Rev. C. Z. Weiser, to the "German Reformed Messenger, at Chambersburg, Penn.:

A BENEFACTRESS.

Just open the door for her, and Mrs. Winslow will prove the American Florence Nightingale of the Nursery. Of this we are sure, that we will teach our "Susy" to say, "A Blessing on Mrs. Winslow," for helping her to survive and escape the griping, colicking and teething siege. We confirm every word set forth in the Prospectus. It performs precisely what it professes to perform, every part of it—nothing less. Away with your "Cordial," "Paregoric," "Drops," "Laudanum," and every other "Narcotic," by which the babe is drugged into stupidity, and rendered dull and idiotic for life.

We have never seen Mrs. Winslow—know her only through the preparation of her "Soothing Syrup for Children Teething." If we had the power, we would make her, as she is, a physical Saviour to the Infant Race. 25 cents per bottle sold by all druggists.

Be sure and call for
MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP.
Having the fac-simile of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

CANADA PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Application will be made to Parliament, at its next Session, for the Incorporation of a Company to construct a Railway through British North America, connecting with the present Railway system of Canada, and thence to proceed to the North of Lake Superior and through the North West Territory to the Yellow or Leathe Head Pass of the Rocky Mountains, there to connect with the projected Railway through British Columbia to the Pacific,—with such powers and privileges as ... into operati...

Ottawa, Oc...

TOYS!
TOYS!
TOYS!

FANCY GOODS

—FOR THE—

MILLION.

GO TO

H. H. PALMER'S,

AND INSPECT HIS

STOCK OF JEWELLERY

—AND—

FANCY GOODS.

A very fine assortment of

LADIES CARD CASES,

RING AND JEWEL BOXES.

REMEMBER THE OLD STAND

No. 7

AND AT THE

NEW STORE,

No. 29 SUSSEX-ST.

NEXT DOOR TO

J. B. BUSS & Co.

OTTAWA, December 22, 1870. 1546y

BIVALVULAR!

It was a maxim of Euripides either to keep silence or to speak something better than silence. Whether this maxim is worthy of imitation or not must be decided by a

DISCRIMINATING PUBLIC.

There is, however, one important truth which demands a word, and that is, *there is no one article of food more universally palatable than the*

OYSTER,

And yet, even in the present day, very few really know what a good OYSTER is, or where the best can be obtained. The best JUDGES affirm that in no other place in the City can as good an article be found, as at the

American Oyster
COMPANY'S DEPOT,
27 SUSSEX-ST.

In view of this indisputable fact

J. B. BUSS & Co.,

Who has been connected with the business for the last 15 years are determined that everybody shall understand where the luxury may be found. To every lover of the BIVALVE they would say

BUY NONE BUT

J. B. BUSS & Co's

OYSTERS.

They are put up in the neatest possible manner, and delivered to any part of the city, and furnished either in

CANS,
KEGS,
BULK,
Or in the
SHELL,

By leaving your orders at

27 SUSSEX-ST.,

You will be sure to get the best OYSTERS in the City.

Dry Goods.

NEW GOODS

—FOR THE—

HOLIDAYS!

PATTERSON & BRYSON,

53 SPARKS STREET,

Have just received a new assortment of FANCY GOODS for the approaching

HOLIDAYS.

In FANCY WOOLEN GOODS of all descriptions we are making a very large Show.

We have secured a quantity of JOUVINS celebrated GOLD MEDAL KID GLOVES, which we sell at FIFTY CENTS.

In going through our stock we have cleared a lot of Remnants of FLANNELS WINCIES, CLOTHS, etc., which we have markd at prices that will clear them out at once.

Call and secure a Bargain.

We call the attention of Gentlemen to our New SURPRISE COLLAR, (the best make) one prize in every Cartoon.

For sale during the Holidays.

REMEMBER THE PLACE,

PATTERSON & BRYSON.

Opposite BATE & Co.

Ottawa, Dec. 20, 1870.

TWENTY DOZEN

CANADIAN CLOUDS

JUST RECEIVED,

Large Size and very Heavy, just the thing for a

NEW YEAR'S GIFT.

—ALSO—

One Case AMERICAN CANTON FLANNEL, at reduced prices.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

CANADA

GREY COTTONS,

Dundas Manufacture,

ALL NUMBERS.

We have again much pleasure to inform our regular customers (for the above justly celebrated GOODS), and the public generally that the

FIRST FIVE BALES

Of a monthly supply, have just arrived and are now for SALE at our RETAIL STORE, SPARKS STREET, by the YARD or PIECE, at a small advance on MILL PRICES.

For Bleaching purposes and for wear they are without their epual in the Dominion.

Wholesale at mill prices.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, Dec. 22, 1870.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

14 RIDEAU STREET,

Have now received a full supply of

NEW FALL GOODS

IN ALL

DEPARTMENTS.

Ottawa, September 26, 1870.

WHOLESALE.

GREY BLANKETS, Cornwall,
" " English.
GRAIN BAGS, Cotton and Linen.

LUMBERMEN SUPPLIED

AT

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

THE TEA POT,

RIDEAU STREET.

Ticket for New Year!

3 lbs. Raisins for - - -	1s. 3d.
3 " New Figs for - - -	1s. 3d.
3 " Currants for - - -	1s. 3d.
1 Bottle Pure Old Rye for -	1s. 3d.
1 Bottle Family Proof for - -	1s. 3d.
1 Bottle Scotch Whiskey for -	1s. 3d.
1 Bottle Pure Elderberry Wine for	1s. 3d.

(*OWN IMPORTATION, FROM ENGLAND, WARRANTED GENUINE.*)

The above articles will be sold at these prices during the Holiday Season.

All goods delivered free (within the limits of the city) by our own waggons, and every attention will be paid to proper packing and delivery.

JOHN HILL,
"THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET.

1870 XMAS & NEW YEAR 1871

The Subscriber has just received an assortment of

Bohemian Vases,
Toilet Bottles
and Sets.

—ALSO—

Lubin's and Violet's
Perfumery,
Mirrors
AND FINE
Toilet Articles.

ALEX. CHRISTIE,
Druggist,
40 Sparks-st.

Ottawa, Dec. 22, 1870. 1546y

FOR CHRISTMAS PRESENTS

—AND—

NEW YEAR'S GIFTS.

A great Variety of TOYS, ALBUMS, LADIES COMPANIONS, WRITING DESKS, JEWELLERY, JUVENILE BOOKS, and other Fancy Goods, at

HAUSER'S NEW STORE,
Rideau Street,
1539y

Ottawa, Dec 14, 1870

TWO OR THREE GENTLEMEN be accommodated with

ROOMS, WITH OR WITHOUT BOARD.

Apply at

MR. ROWSELL'S,
Opposite the Union Hotel,
Centre Town.

Ottawa, July 5, 1870. 1460 tf

LIFE ASSOCIATION OF SCOTLAND.

Invested Funds Upwards of $1,300,000 Sterling.

HEAD OFFICE FOR CANADA,

MONTREAL.

This institution differs from other Life Offices in that the Bonus from Profits are applied on a special system for the Policy Holders.

Personal Benefit and Enjoyment during his own Lifetime, with the option of large Bonus additions to the sum assured. The Policy Holder thus obtains

A LARGE REDUCTION OF PRESENT OUTLAY

OR A PROVISION FOR OLD AGE,

of a most important amount in the one Cash payment, or a life annuity, without any expense or outlay whatever beyond the ordinary assurance premium for the original sum assured, which remains intact for the Policy Holder's heirs, or other purposes.

P WARDLAW, Secretary.

AGENTS—Messrs J T & W PENNOCK Ottawa.
December 15, 1870. 1541 3m

THE METROPOLITAN

Building and Savings Society.

MONEY TO LOAN.

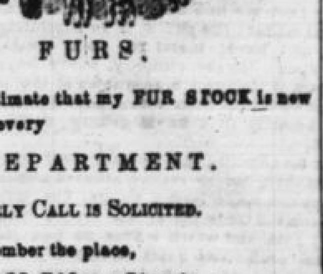
The above society having commenced operations on the 1st October last, have opened an office in Bang's Block, Elgin Street, Ottawa, and are now prepared to loan money on city or other property, at the lowest rates, repayable by monthly instalments, or otherwise, to suit borrowers

Apply to
JAMES COX,
Secretary-Treasurer.

Ottawa, 13th December, 1870. 1540t1J71

JAMES PEACOCK,

FURS,



FURS. FURS. FURS.

I beg to intimate that my FUR STOCK is now complete in every

DEPARTMENT.

AN EARLY CALL IS SOLICITED.

Remember the place,

33 Rideau Street.

OPPOSITE OLD STAND.

FOR SALE, OR EXCHANGE

For Property in Montreal improved or unimproved, the new Mansard Roof Stone House situated in Victoria Crescent, having all the modern conveniences of heat, water and gas, good out building, on an ample Lot, and enjoy... ... Ottawa. For further ... SMILLIE, on the ... BRITISH AMERICAN ... Wellington

T HUNTON SHOOLBRED & Co

47. SPARKS ST. 49.

Will receive this week "per Express," from LONDON, England,

2 CASES OF MILLINERY,

Containing the VERY LATEST Styles in

Bonnets, Hats,

and some very Choice things in

Flowers, Feathers and Trimmings,

Per S. S. "MORAVIAN."

1 Case Extra Cloths, in the new

Satin Cloths,

Trimming to match all our Fashionable

Dress Goods.

—ALSO—

1 Case of Newest

Mantle Cloths.

The "OLIVE GREEN" appears still prove the most fashionable, and of the above we are in receipt of ten piece

"New Seal and plucked Otter Skins hand."

Fancy Wove Goods still arriving.

Clouds, Breakfast Shawls, Ties &c.,

in endless Variety.

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO
47 and 49 Sparks Street.

TESTIMONIAL

—TO THE—

HON. SIR JOHN A. MACDONALD,

K C B, &c, &c, &c

The friends of Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD propose to present that distinguished Statesman with a substantial Testimonial in recognition of his long and unselfish public services.

Steps are being taken to afford his friends in all parts of the Dominion an opportunity of joining in the proposed manifestation of esteem and regard.

The following gentlemen compose, (with power to add to their number,) the Committee at Ottawa

The Hon. JAMES SKEAD,
His Worship the Mayor J ROCHESTER, Jr, Esq,
THOS REYNOLDS, Esq,
R W SCOTT, Esq, M P P,
Dr GRANT, M P,
E McGILLIVRAY, Esq,
H V NOEL, Esq.

H V Noel, Esq, has consented to act as Treasurer, to whom all communications may be addressed.

For the information of intending subscribers the names of the gentlemen composing the Certain Committee at Toronto are subjoined, viz:

His Worship the Mayor, S B HARMAN, Esq.
The Hon G W ALLAN
The Hon D L MACPHERSON,
The Hon JOHN CARLING, M P,
JOHN CRAWFORD, Esq, M P,
ANGUS MORRISON, Esq, M P,
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E H RUTHERFORD, Esq,
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G P RIDOUT Esq,
JOHN SHEDDEN, Esq,
THOMAS DICK, Esq
FRANK SHANLY, Esq,
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N BARNHART, Esq,

Ottawa, Dec 6, 1870 1532

OTTAWA MARBLE WORKS,

—AND—

DRAIN-PIPE DEPOT,

RIDEAU STREET,

ESTABLISHED 1860

WM. M. SOMERVILLE, Successor to W. McFARLANE

MANTLES—Of all designs in Italian and American Marble and Marbelized Slate, Grates Fenders and Hearths.

Monuments and Headstones of Scottish Granite, Marble and Sandstone. Gates and Railings for residences and Grave Plots, Roof Cresting Door Guards, Window Gratings Sweep-hole Doors, Pipe Rings, and every description of Builders Castings.

Chimney Cans, Drain Pipes, Vent Linings, Flower Vases, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, &c, &c. Masons Mallets, Agency of Patent Needle Lubricator.

G SOMERVILLE,
Travelling Agent.

HOLIDAY GOODS AND GIFTS,

ORNAMENTAL AND USEFUL,

—AT THE—

VARIETY HALL,

Children's Toy Tea Sets Valeck China Ornaments, (entirely new on this Continent); Parian Statuary, from the best makers; Bohemian Glassware of every description, China Ornaments and Vases, Majolica Water Pitchers and Ornaments, Table Glassware of every quality, Wood and Tin Toys, Sleighs Mineral ... for Children, Willow Chairs and Book ..., Children's Chairs in Variety, Breakfast Sets Dinner Sets and Tea Sets of every description and in fact every description of goods for ornamental or useful purposes at the

VARIETY HALL,

34 Sussex Street.

Ottawa, Dec. 22, 1870 1546f

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

1870. FALL ARRANGEMENT. 1870.

Close A.M.	Close A.M.	Close P.M.	MAILS	Delivered A.M.	Delivered A.M.	Delivered P.M.
11.15		9.30	Eastern, by Train; Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	9.00		4.00
6.00			Montreal, by Steamer			4.00
11.15			Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B., by St. L. & O. Railway	9.00		7.15
8.30		8.30	Western, by Train; Toronto, Hamilton, London, Kingston, Western, U.S., and all places west of Prescott	9.00		7.15
8.30		8.30	Fort Garry and other places in the Province of Manitoba to be despatched in closed mail from Windsor, Ontario, daily, via St. Paul's, Minnesota. Ordinary Dominion rates of postage	9.00		
1.15		8.30	United States, by St. L. & O. Railway; Ogdensburgh, New York, Boston, &c.	9.00		4.00
6.00			Lower Ottawa, by Steamer; Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville, &c.			6.30
5.00			Upper Ottawa, by Steamer; Onslow, Arnprior, Sand Point, Renfrew, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c.	8.0		6.00
		12.15	Upper Ottawa, by Stage; Pakenham, March, Huntley, Carp, &c.		11.00	
5.00	11.00	4.00	Aylmer, by Stage; Hull, Clarendon, Bristol, &c.			4.00
7.30	11.15		Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Burritt's Rapids by St. L. & O. Railway			
11.15			North Gower, Kars, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway			
8.30			Osgoode, Russell, and Line of St. L. & O. Railway			
8.30		4.30	For Brockville, Perth Smith's Falls, Appleton and Carleton Place, per Canada Central Railway	9.00		1.30
8.30			For Sand Point and places on the Brockville and Ottawa Railway, North of Carleton Place Junction, and places on C. C. Railway	8.00		1.30
6.00			Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate offices daily; Aylwin, Kazabazua, Low, River Desert, Six Portages, Wright, close Tuesdays and Fridays; arrive fon days and Fridays			5.00
		12.30	Templeton Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays		11.30	

Matter posted up to 9.30 p.m. will be forwarded East and West in supplementary package the same night.

The Western Mail arriving at 7 p. m. will be delivered the same evening.

BRITISH MAILS.

Per Cunard Line, close every Tuesday at 10.45 a. m.

Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 10.30 a. m.

A supplementary bag for Canadian steamer will be closed at 11.30, in which all paid unregistered matter will be sent.

MONEY ORDERS

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

☞ Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on special deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required.

G. P. BAKER,
Postmaster.

POST OFFICE,
Ottawa, 21st Nov., 1870.

What Might have Happened one Christmas Time.

THE LAST STORY WRITTEN BY MARK LEMON.

(*Continued.*)

'To say the truth uncle,' replied Reginald, 'I did not make up my mind to come down until late last night.'

'Well, I am glad to see you, boy. Come into the dining room; there's a good fire, and lunch will be ready in a few minutes.'

Reginald followed his uncle into the dining room, where a great fire blazed on the dogs: for though it was only the end of October the day was chilly and the warmth was very acceptable.

After a few commonplaces had passed between uncle and nephew, Mr Mainwaring said;

'Well, now, Regi, I must make a clean breast of it, and then we shall both be more at ease, I take it. I have been distressed—nay, I have been vexed with you for what you have done of late. You have kept away from us—refused to come in September, as you used to do—and this month again as you used to do, and I think I deserved more consideration.'

'My dear uncle the moment I heard you were alone——'

'That's it! that's it, Reginald!' said the uncle speaking sharply. 'You've made Emily very unhappy, and I think that—unkind of you. It was not because you thought she would suit you for a wife that she should think you would suit her for a husband, and because she stopped you from making a fool of yourself——I don't mean that—because she would not let you make a proposal which she must have declined, you fancy yourself aggrieved, and give us all the pain of knowing so.'

'I have never said as much,' replied Reginald.

'No; but you have acted it. You cut your cousin Walter; you won't come to the Hall. You write regularly to me, it is true; but not as you used to do. There used to be some warmth, something cheery in your letters; but now they are like a mess of cold porridge. I am hurt Reginald, I am hurt!'

'I am greived to hear that dear uncle, but I am hurt too.'

'Well, and ought to have got over it by this time. Emily is always talking about you. She thinks, as I do, that you are very unkind.'

'If she would remember that possibly I had some reason to think I was not so presumptuous——'

'You had no reason, sir! Emily would scorn to play the coquette. She is openness itself! What the devil was she to gain by humbugging you, sir?'

'You are getting angry.'

'No I am not, sir!'

'You would not call me sir, if you were not. No one can reverence my cousin's character more than I do, and if I have given offence in keeping away from her, it was because I could not bear to contemplate how much I had lost.'

There was some truth in his speech, and some jesuitry; but it had the desired effect. It mollified his uncle.

'Well well, Regi, we will say no more on this painful subject. Only promise that you will come and spend Christmas as usual, and let us all be friends again.'

'Willingly,' replied Reginald, 'should I—should I be in England.'

'In England?'

'Yes, uncle. Acting upon your promise of assistance, I have entered into a negotiation for a partnership with the house of Elerton and Co., subject to your approval, of course.'

'What do they trade in?'

'Ivory, gold dust, and produce of that character. I shall have to take charge of their interests at Sierra Leone.'

'Dear me! Very unhealthy place, is it not?'

'No not very. My predecessor has realized much man—fortunes are made ... a stay of some ... in any climate,' replied Reginald, smiling.

'Five years are not a long ... certainly,' said Mr. Mainwaring. 'Have you satisfied yourself of the advantages of making this connection?'

'Yes, uncle. They are all set forth in that paper.'

'Oh! here's luncheon. Come, you must be hungry,'—and the reek of a pheasant was not a bad appetizer for a less vigorous eater than Reginald. 'After luncheon you shall have a brush at the pheasants in the home wood, and I will look over this matter.—Davis, tell Traps to be round here with dogs and gun at three o'clock.' And uncle and nephew devoted their best energies to the agreeable work before them.

Traps was ready with guns and dogs at the time appointed; and though Reginald had fallen a little in his estimation since his assault upon Bang, he was 'main glad to see him, that he was; and missed him on the two firsts, that he did.'

Bang, however, was not so forgiving, and Reginald, Traps, and his beaters had barely crossed half of the first field when the old dog turned tail, and scampered back to the kennels. A shade came over the face of Reginald at this reproach of the intelligent brute he had assaulted, and he connected, as he had often done before, Emily's rejection in some way with the ebullition of temper which had made Bang his foe.

When Reginald returned—having bagged a couple of brace of pheasants—he found that his uncle had mastered the conditions of the proposed partnership.

'The advantages are certainly very great were it not for the residence abroad in that infernal climate.'

'Without that, uncle, they would not be so great; and I have no fear for myself,' replied Reginald.

'Well, it is your own affair, my boy, nothing venture nothing have. I will go to town with you to morrow, as I must give my brother a month's notice of the withdrawal of the three thousand pounds, as he is my banker, you know. May God prosper and preserve you!' said the old man laying his hand on his nephew's head.

Reginald was greatly touched by his uncle's generosity and kindness; and had Emily been at the Hall, no doubt but he would have forgiven her all the past—and so ended our story.

After luncheon on the following day Mr. Mainwaring and Reginald left Stanford Hall; Reginald looking on it for the last time, as by the end of the next month he was aboard the good ship 'Enterprise,' bound for Sierra Leone.

CHAPTER III.

Two years had passed, and Walter was the husband of Emily. He was also the junior partner in the great house of Elias Mainwaring and Company, of Sago Lane; and he and his charming wife might be seen, with the punctuality of the Horse Guards, driving every morning through Hyde Park, on the way from Kensington to his place of business in the City.

Cedar Lodge, where Mr. and Mrs. Walter Mainwaring resided, was all that could be desired in a home so near London. Not too large for comfort, but with capacity to allow of all the modern luxuries of bath and billiard rooms and a spacious conservatory. The stabling and out-offices in the rear were models of neatness in their way and the garden had lawns and noble trees, upon which Addison may have looked from the terrace of Holland House. Within, all was in accordance with a refined taste, which discarded all that was gaudy or meretricious; and Emily proved a most admirable metropolitan housekeeper, for which she had been in part prepared by her Stanford Hall experiences.

But London dinners and London society require considerable tact to manage properly, and though the young Mainwarings had not an overwhelming acquaintance, they were called upon not unfrequently to 'entertain.' And then their dinners were charming: abundant, but not profuse and all the very best of its kind. The conservatory had to yield up some of its treasures, and a parterre of flowers down the centre of the table pleased the eye by the beauty of its colours, whilst the fragrance of the flowers gratified the sense of smell. Their 'evenings,' and lawn parties were equally delightful, and were more acceptable from the absence of any appearance of extravagance. Indeed, to quote the much quoted Thomas Moore, Emily and Walter might have said and sung:

'And oh if there be an Elysium on earth,
It is this! It is this! It is this!'

Mr. Mainwaring, of Clarges Street, made Cedar Lodge his Sunday lounge after church (which he never attended) in the summer time, and once or twice in the winter he would take his dinner there. Not so Mr. Ralph Mainwaring, Emily's father. He had sold Stanford Hall in order to be nearer his children—besides what would the old house have been without Emily? There were no associations about it to bind him to mere walls and trees, as it had come to him by purchase, and so he sold it to good advantage, to an opulent advertiser in want of a 'All,' and invested the money received for it, as a matter of course, in the house of Elias Mainwaring & Company. Without being a bore, he was a frequent visitor at the Cedars, and thus continued to have some share of the society of his beloved Emily.

One blessing, however, was thought to be wanting to make the happiness of Walter and Emily. They were childless, and they sometimes murmured that this blessing was withheld.

(*To be continued.*)

HEALTH IS STRENGTH.—To prevent or conquer disease is one of the grandest attainments ever aimed at by man; and Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers will as sure cure coughs, colds, tickling in the throat and pulmonary complaints, as war and pestilence will destroy. Severe colds if not attended to sooner or later lead to incurable consumption, and the strength of the strongest soon falls if neglected. The readiest and best means known for the cure of these complaints is "Byran's Pulmonic Wafers," which have been thoroughly tried for the last twenty years, and have never been known to fail. Singers and public speakers will also derive great benefit from the use of them. Sold by all medicine dealers, at 25cts. per box.

To hand, our Autumn Shade in "Josephine, best Kid Gloves," also "Jouvines' good medal) new colours at 75ct. per pair.
T. HUNTON, SHOOLBREAD & Co

Ladies and Children's Fancy Woolen Goods in endless Variety. Clouds from 37½c. to 2.50 at
T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO.

☞ All Wool Tartans in all the leading clans. A large lot ex last steamer, at
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

WALTHAM WALTHAM

THE AMERICAN WATCH

The public of the United States and Canada have now had over ten years experience of WALTHAM WATCHES, and they are now everywhere acknowledged to be the ONLY RELIABLE TIME-KEEPERS!

Almost all other watches are sold under fictitious; not one in a hundred bears the name of the real maker; the public have absolutely no security, and have, therefore, been constantly imposed upon. On the contrary, every buyer of a Waltham Watch gets a guarantee of the company, and no matter from whom he buys it, has positive security that he is getting a TIME KEEPER.

It must be admitted that the apparent interest of watchmakers lies in selling other watches, of which they can make larger profits, but men of enterprise in the trade prefer an article of large and ready sale, and which leaves no bad stock ... small profits and quick returns."

These watches can be had in several grades (all guaranteed) the silver cases are made from coin silver, and from 2 to 8 ounces in weight. The gold cases are made in 14 carat gold, and from 1 to 4 ounces in weight; the size for ladies are richly engraved or enamelled. For the quality, ... gold and silver, are the
CHEAPEST WATCHES IN THE WORLD
These watches can be ordered of any reliable watchmaker or jeweller in the Dominion; but the guarantee of the company should be invariably required. The Company ... Government duty, which ... consumer a privileg ...

Railroads.

THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

The public is respectfully informed that this Company's Trains wait at Prescott Junction the arrival of the Grand Trunk Trains from the West, and

Passengers may rely on Connecting FOR OTTAWA

By this the

SHORTEST RAILWAY ROUTE TO THE CAPITAL.

Twenty minutes are also allowed at Prescott Junction for Meals.

THOS REYNOLDS,
Managing Director.

R LUTTRELL
Superintendent

Ottawa, 12th December, 1870 1540tnm

CANADA CENTRAL AND BROCKVILLE AND OTTAWA RAILWAYS.

ALTERATION OF TRAINS,
Commencing DECEMBER 5, 1870.

SLEEPING CARS between TORONTO and Ottawa, going through in 13 HOURS.

On and after MONDAY, Dec. 5, TRAINS will run as follows:

Leave Brockville

EXPRESS, at 4.45 a.m. connecting with Grand Trunk Express from the West, and arriving at Ottawa, at 8.40 a. m.

MAIL TRAIN, at 7 30 a m, arriving at Ottawa at 1.54 p m.

EXPRESS, at 3 30 p m, connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express from the West, and arriving at Ottawa at 7.15 p m

Leave Ottawa.

EXPRESS, at 9.40 a m, arriving at Brockville at 1 40 p m, and connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express going West.

MAIL TRAIN, at 3.45 p m, arriving at Brockville 9 15 p m.

EXPRESS, at 10 30 p m, arriving at Brockville at 2.15 a m, and connecting with Grand Trunk Night Express going West.

Arrive at Sand Point 1 35 and 7. 0 p m.

Trains on Canada Central and Perth Branch make certain connections with all trains on B. & O. Railway

A Sleeping Car will leave Toronto on Monday, Wednesday and Friday nights, by the Grand Trunk 7 30 p m train, and go through to Ottawa, arriving at 8.30 a m.

Returning, it will leave Ottawa on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday nights, at 10 30 p m. and go through to Toronto by G. T. Train, arriving at Toronto at 11.30 a m.

Freight forwarded with despatch, as the C. C. and B & O. Railways are the same guage as the Grand Trunk. Car loads go through to Grand Trunk Cars to all points, without transhipment.

☞ Certain connections made with Grand Trunk Trains.

H ABBOTT,
Manager

Brockville, Ont., Dec 1, 1870 1530tf

THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

ALTERATION OF TIME.

On and from MONDAY next, the 21st inst., three trains will run daily on this Railway as follows.

Going South Ottawa to Prescott.

MAIL will leave Ottawa at 9 30 a m, connecting at Prescott, with the Grand Trunk Express, for the West, and with the Ogdensburg Railway, for Boston, New York, &c.

MAIL will leave Ottawa at 12 00 noon, connecting with the Grand Trunk Express, for Montreal,

EXPRESS will leave Ottawa at 10 30 p m, connecting with the Grand Trunk Expresses, East and West.

Going North Prescott to Ottawa

MAIL will leave Prescott Junction at 6 a m, connecting with the G. T. Expresses East and West and arriving in Ottawa at 8.30 a m.

MAIL will leave Prescott Junction at 1.25 p m, connecting with the G. T. Express leaving Montreal 8 a m, and arriving in Ottawa 3 45 p m

EXPRESS will leave Prescott Junction at 4 30 p m, connecting with G. T. Expresses, East and West, and arriving in Ottawa at 7 p m

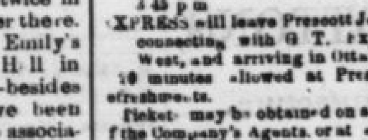
10 minutes allowed at Prescott Junction refreshments.

Tickets may be obtained on application to any of the Company's Agents, or at any of the Principal stations of the Grand Trunk Railway.

All trains on this Line are run on Montreal time.

R LUTTRELL, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director

Ottawa, November 19, 1870.



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY OF CANADA;

IMPROVED SERVICE OF TRAINS FOR THE SUMMER OF 1870.

ACCELERATION OF SPEED.

NEW CARS ON ALL EXPRESS TRAINS.

Portland to Montreal in 13 Hours.
Montreal to Toronto in 13 Hours.

On and after JUNE 13th the new arrangements will be put in force, and trains will leave Montreal as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points west at	9 00 a m
NIGHT, do do	9 00 p m
Mail Train for Toronto and intermediate Stations	7 00 a m
Accommodation Train for Brockville and intermediate stations	5 00 p m

Trains for Lachine a 6 00 a m, 7 00 a m, 9 15 am, 12 noon, 1 30 p m, 4 00 p m, 5 30 p m, and 6 30 p m. The 1 30 p m Train runs through to Province Line.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and intermediate stations at	7 10 a m
Express for Boston, via Vermont Central, at	9 00 a m
Express for New York and Boston, via Vermont Central, at	3 45 p m
Express for New York and Boston, via Plattsburg, Lake Champlain, Burlington and Rutland, at	6 00 a m
Do do do do	4 00 p m
Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham, Portland and Lower Provinces at	11 p
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, and the Lower Provinces, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St Hilaire, St Hyacinthe, Upton, Acton, Richmond, Brompton Falls, Sherbrooke, Lennoxville, Compton, Coaticooke and Norton Mills only at	10 10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all night trains Baggage checked through.

The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotte" leave Portland for Halifax, N S, every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, respectively, at 4 00 p m. They have excellent accommodations for passengers and Freight

The International Company's Steamers running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every Monday and Thursday at 6 00 p m for St John, N B, &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal Stations ...

Insurance.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY of Canada, Head Office, Toronto.

President—The Hon John Hillyard Cameron M.P.
Vice President—Lewis Moffatt, Esq.
Other Directors—C J Campbell, Esq. Hon Malcolm Cameron, W T Macdonnell, Esq. A R McMaster, Esq, H S Howland, Esq, Geo Duggan Esq, A T Fulton, Esq, Angus Morrison, Esq, M P J S Crocker, Esq.
Banker—The Canadian Bank of Commerce.
Agents for Ottawa—Messrs J T & W PENNOCK.

The rates of the PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY are as low as its long experience has shewn to be profitable.

The cost of the value of insurance is, however, not when the premiums are being paid, but when losses are being settled, and, from the equity and promptness of its settlements the Provincial Insurance Company is second to none.

Its Inspectors are always sent to adjust every important loss directly it occurs.

It has no adjusted losses due and unpaid.

It respectfully solicits a share of the patronage of the insuring public of Ottawa.

ARTHUR HARVEY,
Manager.

1298tf

UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No. 104.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33 The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B

For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor

have this day, deposited with the Receiver General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN,
Manager.

Ottawa, November 7 1868. 894tf

Government Notices.

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,

OTTAWA, 3rd Nov., 1870

TO COLLECTORS OF CUSTOMS.

"SLATE,"—SCHEDULE C.—FREE GOODS.

With reference to item of the Tariff it is held by this Department, that SLATE simply in quadrangular form, whatever may be its size or thickness is entitled to exemption. If otherwise, especially shapen or if it be polished, or artificially bored, it becomes subject to 15 per cent and 5 per cent duty, as a non-enumerated article

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs

Ottawa, Nov 14, 1870

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to Parliament for Private Bills, either for granting exclusive privileges, or conferring corporate powers for commercial or other purposes of profit, or for doing an thing tending to affect the rights or property of other parties, are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the House of Commons (which are published in the "Canada Gazette"), to give TWO MONTHS' NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object), in the "Canada Gazette" and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected, sending copies of the first and last of such notices to the Private Bill Office.

All Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the first three weeks of the Session.

ALFRED TODD,
Chf. Clk. Committees and Private Bills,
House of Commons

Ottawa 8th Dec., 1870 1536tf

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 5 st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly, which are published in the "Ontario Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the Session.

CHARLES T GILLMOR,
Clerk of the House.

Toronto March 15, 1870 1309 td lawn

GOVERNMENT HOUSE

OTTAWA,

5th day of December, 1870.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Inland Revenue, and under and in virtue of the authority given by the 17th section of the Act 31st Vict, Chapter 8, intituled, "An Act respecting the Inland Revenue." His Excellency in Council has been pleased to Order, and it is hereby Ordered that the following regulations for the manufacture of Methylated Spirits in bond shall be and they are hereby made and established:

REGULATIONS.

1st, The room in which the wood Naphtha is mixed with Spirits shall only be accessible to the proprietor during the actual presence of an officer of Inland Revenue.

2nd. A sample of the wood Naphtha (say about four ounces) shall be sent to the Department from every cask or package used.

3rd Not less than 100 proof gallons of Alcohol shall be mixed at one time, which shall be mixed in an open mixing tub in the presence of an officer who shall then test and gauge it as to strength and quantity.

4th. With every 100 proof gallons of Alcohol, there shall be mixed at least twelve and a-half gallons of "Wood Naphtha of Commerce," the whole being mixed together.

5th. After the mixing has been thoroughly completed, the strength of the mixture shall be tested, and the quantity gauged by the officer in attendance and duly recorded. The mixture shall then be placed in casks, the casks being branded or marked on the head in legible characters, with the words—

Methylated Spirits,
Date on which it was mixed,
Number of Wine gallons in the Cask.
Strength,
Number of Proof Gallons
Name of the Division.
Initials of the officer under whose inspection the mixture took place.
Number of the entry under which it is warehoused.

6th. A Stock Book must be kept in the Factory, in which Book must be entered:—

(a) The particulars of every package of Alcohol, brought in, stating where manufactured, the strength and quantity; the marks, &c., on the casks and the general number of the Permit, under which it was conveyed to the Manufactory.

(b) The particulars of every quantity mixed &c. of the original packages from which it was taken; the quantity and strength of the "Methylated Spirits" produced from it and the particulars as to marks, numbers, &c., of the Cask in which it is placed.

7th. Every entry in the Stock Book is to be checked by the officer in charge, who must keep an account of each transaction, which account or a duplicate thereof is to be taken to the Inland Revenue office, immediately after each transaction.

8th. So soon as the mixing and Barrelling has been completed, the "Methylated Spirits" shall be removed from the Bonded Manufactory and ...

Bitters and Sauces.

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission from the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,
Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F GIANELLI.

LEA & PERRINS' CELEBRATED

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

Declared by Connoisseurs

TO BE

THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.

CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivaled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,

and to see that their names are upon the wrapper labels, stopper and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed

☞ Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c., &c., and by Grocers and Oilmen universally 42y1236 law

For sale by DRUGGISTS AND GROCERS.

TRADE MARK GARDNER MONTREAL

GARDNER'S QUININE WINE BITTERS,

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons recovering from illness. For sale in quart bottles; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children—it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardener's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 5 oz packets 7 cents; 8 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25. Whenever you want the best ask of GARDENER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.
Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

J GARDENER, Chemist,
457 Notre Dame street, Montreal,
Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

J. ...,

GENERAL AUCTIONEER.

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his spring Circular begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit a continuance of the support and patronage liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate, that in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of will do well to send them to the mart as soon as possible.

Trade sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p. m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 25.

Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hands for sale.

J BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer

Ottawa, March 1870.

DOMINICK FOX.

GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,
Clarence Street, next to the City Hotel
Ottawa.

Solicits the patronage of the Lumber Merchants generally on the Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging men and attending to their rafts while passing here to the best of his ability.

REFERENCES.

Alex Fraser, Esq. Walter Smith, Esq.
John ..., Esq. R W Cruice, Esq.
1324tf.

W. H. EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
FORWARDERS
DEALERS IN
Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c,
OTTAWA.

End of Little Sussex-st.

Cash advanced on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases

W. H. EASTON R. H. EASTON

FOR SALE.

MESS AND PRIME MESS PORK.

Medical.

GABRIEL'S PREPARATIONS FOR THE TEETH.

TRADE MARK. ESTABLISHED ... MESSRS GABRIEL. Dentists. LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers.

MESSRS. GABRIEL,
The old-established Dentists,
64 Ludgate Hill, London.
And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents toothache, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations

GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth Price 5s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE, for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; is is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic, Neuralgia, and Toothache.

See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it Price 5s.

PARTIES AT A DISTANCE REQUIRING ARTIFICIAL TEETH may have them supplied, in partial or complete sets, on Messrs Gabriel's new system, by sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of One Guinea, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded, with all necessary instructions Messrs. Gabriel will undertake to remodel or repair Artificial Teeth made by other Dentists, (which do not prove satisfactory), at moderate charges.

Messrs. Gabriel's Pamphlet on Artificial Teeth and Painless Dentistery on receipt of postage.

All letters to be addressed to 64 LUDGATE HILL, LONDON 323 ... law6m

MADRID 1857 — PRIMERA CLASE. — PARIS 1867 — LONDON 1862 — MENTION HONORABLE — GENERAL EXCELLENCY

Alkabasar

ARRIVED AT LAST!

This elegant Turkish TONIC is one of the most salutary and delicate preparations ever submitted for public approval in this hemisphere, and asserts its pretentions to patronage on the following grounds:—

That it is a preparation of one of the most eminent Purveyors to the Ottoman Court.

It prevents acidity of the Stomach.

It relieves lowness of spirits.

It is a mild and invigorating tonic, and a most efficient but innocuous stimulent.

It renders the breath sweet and agreeable.

It stimulates the appetite if taken BEFORE meals.

It promotes digestion if taken AFTER meals.

It neutralizes the propensity for strong liquors.

It renders the intellect bright and clear.

If taken habitually it imparts vitality and energy to all the bodily organs.

By its use a man of 70 will become, as it were, restored to the elasticity of 30; and to persons of delicate constitutions it is strongly recommended.

It is an especial favourite with Oriental ladies.

Secure, then, health, longevity and vital energy by the habitual use of the

ALKABASAR TURKISH TONIC.

Kept in stock by the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.

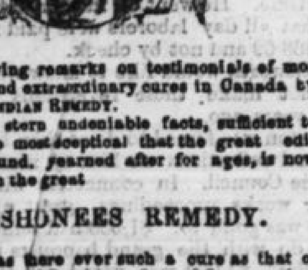
For directions for use see labels on bottles

HENRY CHAPMAN & CO.,
EVANS, MERCER & CO.,
Montreal,
Sole Agents for the Dominion

Montreal, July 6. 1415-y

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!



The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

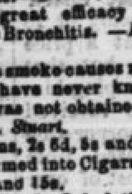
They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernestown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Fecey, of Napanee, of Rheumatism who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1. 3ly



FOR ASTHMA,

and Chronic Bronchitis

DATURA TATULA,

Affords Immediate Relief.

"A remedy of great power and usefulness.—*Dr W. Parker.*

"Of great efficacy in cases of Asthma and Chronic Bronchitis. —*Dublin Journal Medical Science*

"The smoke causes no nausea. When thoright kind, I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."—*General Alexander Bt. B. Stuart.*

In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, Boxes, 5s 8s and 15s.

Pastilles for Inhalation, Boxes, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal

FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION of COD LIVER OIL, the fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive activity, superior to Pepsine.

Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 5s 6d and 12s6d. Pancreatine Wine, bottles, 3s, 5s and 10s.

N.B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil.

AGENTS—Messrs F. ... 11

NOTICE

Is hereby given, that an application will be made to the Legislature of the Province of Ontario at its next Session for an Act to authorise the construction of Water Works in and for the City of Ottawa.

WM P LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa,
October 12th, 1870 1498 lawk-6m

Medical.

ELECTRICITY IS LIFE

PULVERMACHER'S PATENT

GALVANIC CHAIN-BANDS

BELTS, AND POCKET BATTERIES

These highly improved inventions render Electricity perfectly self-applicable, and extremely efficacious in a mild continuous form no shock or unpleasant sensation being experienced, whereby it becomes a true fountain of health and vigour, speedily soothing agonizing pains, reanimating torpid limbs, reviving the sluggish functions of life, and imparting renewed energy and vitality to constitutions enfeebled by whatever cause. Medicines and their deleterious consequences are thus entirely dispensed with. The daily increasing number of cures effected by PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC SYSTEM is so extensive and varied, that it forcibly points to this invention as the embryo of a universal remedy.

N. B.—The following testimony from the elite of the English medical faculty has been received:

"We, the undersigned, have much pleasure in testifying that Mr. J. L. PULVERMACHER'S recent improvements in his Voltaic "Batteries and Galvanic Appliances for "Medical Purposes are of great importance to "Scientific Medicine, and that he is entitled "to the consideration and support of every "one disposed to further the advancement of "real and useful progress.

"Dated the 9th day of March, 1866.

"SIR CHARLES LOCOCK, Bart., M. D., F. R. C. P.
"SIR HENRY HOLLAND, Bart., M. D. F. R. S.
"SIR WM. FERGUSSON, Bart., F. R. S.
"EDWD. H. SIEVEKING, M. D., M R.C.S.
"SIR J. RANALD MARTIN, F. R. C. S."

PULVERMACHER'S SYSTEM is also approved of by an official report of the Academie de Medicine, Paris, Royal College of Physicians, London, and the Imperial Faculty of Vienna, and its curative virtues are confirmed by thousands of private testimonials of cures effected. (See pamphlet gratis).

These facts appeal to the good sense of every sufferer to avail himself of this scientific and curative progress, to which the inventor has devoted a life-time of study and labour, as an ardent disciple of that great benefactor of mankind, the late illustrious electrician MICHAEL FARADY.

PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC CHAINS are exceedingly effective without the aid of medicine, restriction of diet, or the least derangement of the patient's habits and daily occupations, in the following maladies:

Rheumatism	Female Complaints
Gout	Constipation
Sciatica	Cramp
Lumbago	Sluggish Circulation
Neuralgia	Urinary Disorders
Head and Toothache	Paralysis
Liver Complaints	Epilepsy
Tic Doloreux	Nervous Debility
Indigestion	Functional Disorders
Deafness	&c., &c
Spasms	

The effects of the application of Pulvermacher's Chains in any of the above disorders is immediately perceptible—the relief of pain instantaneous.

PRICE LIST OF PULVERMACHER'S CHAIN BANDS AND BATTERIES.

B. CHAIN BANDS for Nervous Deafness, Head, Tooth, and Face Ache, and Noises in the Head, 21s. to 30s.

B. CHAIN BANDS for loss of Voice and other affections of the Throat, 10s. 6d. to 21s.

N. CHAIN BANDS for Sciatica, Rheumatic, Neuralgia, and Gouty Pains, Local Paralysis, Cramp, &c., 18s. to 22s. and 40s

B CHAIN BANDS for Lumbago, Indigestion, Liver, Chest, and Functional Disorders, &c., (worn as a belt), 22s to 40s and 55s.

B CHAIN BANDS for Writer's Cramp, Trembling, Nervousness, &c, 22s to 30s and 40s

B COMBINED CHAIN BAND for Cantal, Paralysis, Epilepsy, General Debility Functional Disorders, &c, 30s to 50s

A complete Set of COMBINED CHAIN BANDS, BELTS, and CHAIN BATTERY for restoring vital energy, £5 to £7.

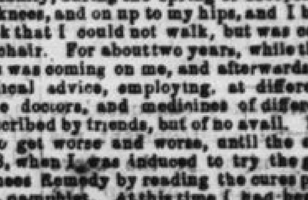
The public are most earnestly cautioned to beware of Pseudo Electric Belts advertised by sham Doctors, &c., for improper purposes, and so severely stigmatised by Vice Chancellor Malins in the suit Pulvermacher vs Hammond, alias Henry James, alias C. T. Raphey, M. R. C. S, alias Henry Burrows, &c, &c.

No Galvanic Belts are genuine but those bearing the fac simile of M. Pulvermacher's signature on the label.

A pamphlet containing full particulars may be had at the Drug Store of A. Christie, Sparks Street.

J. L. PULVERMACHER,
Galvanic Establishment,
200 Regent Street, London, W.

Ottawa, September 6, 1870 1455 lawk y



Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:

MADOC, County of Hastings,
Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869.

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless. I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope. This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings this ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle

A F WOOD, J P.

Warden county of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada

GREAT CENTRAL AIR LINE ROUTE,

VIA

GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.

[The Model Road of Canada.]

To Sarnia, Detroit, Milwaukee.

CHICAGO,

Cincinnati, St. Louis, New Orleans, and all Points in the West and South.

NORTHERN TRANSPORTATION CO'S
20 First-Class Upper Cabin Steamers.
DAILY LINE BETWEEN
OGDENSBURG & CHICAGO,
Making sure connections with Railway for all Points West and South.

Parties going west can secure Tickets at this office to any Point desired,

VIA

ALL RAIL OR ALL BOAT

Fares always cheaper than by any other Route.

Be sure and procure TICKETS at this office by the

GREAT CENTRAL ROUTE
AND SAVE MONEY, TIME AND DISTANCE

Comparitive distance of the several Western Routes to Chicago:

American—Ogdensburg or Prescott to Chicago	850 miles
Grand Trunk to Detroit	736 do
Grand Trunk to Toronto, Great Western to Detroit	730 do
Leaving in favor of the Great Central Route	120 do

For TICKETS to any Points in the United States, and all information apply to

J. T. CORCORAN,
General Western Railway and Steamboat Ticket office, at H Palmer's store, next to Fingland & Draper's, Sussex st, two doors from Rideau-st.

DARLEY'S

ARABIAN OIL

FOR HORSES AND CATTLE

A NEVER-FAILING REMEDY

This valuable preparation combines all the medicinal virtues of those articles which long experience has proved to possess the most safe and efficient properties for the cure of Flesh Wounds, Sprains, Bruises, Galls of all kinds, Cracked Heels, Ring Bone, Spavin, Callous, Fistula, Sweeney, External Poisons, Scratches or Grease, Strains, Lameness, Mange, Withers, Corns, Sand Cracks, Foundered Feet, Horn Distemper, Swellings, and many other diseases which horses and cattle are subject to.

The celebrated Liniment has been used for many years, and its curative properties thoroughly tested, and it is conceded to be the cheapest and most reliable remedy for all external complaints ever offered to the public—it never fails when timely used and faithfully applied.

To be had of all Druggists and Country Merchants throughout the Dominion. Price 25c. per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont.
Proprietors.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W M Massey, H F McCarthy, J Skinner, in Ottawa, all Medicine Dealers.

November 24, 1870 1522tf

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

As a family Remedy it is well and favourably known relieving thousands from pain in the

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Has now been before the public for a length of time and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions have been properly followed, but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing the Diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it.

Price only Twenty five Cents per bottle.

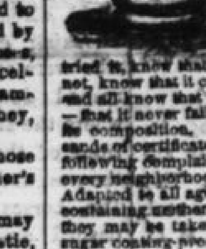
NORTHROP & LYMAN.

Sold in Ottawa by H F McCarthy, J Skinner, John Roberts, J P Featherston, George Mortimer, W M Massey, and all Medicine Dealers.

November 30, 1870 1527y

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

For all the purposes of a Laxative Medicine.



Perhaps no one medicine is so universally required by everybody as a cathartic, nor was ever any before so universally adopted into use, in every country and among all classes, as this mild but efficient purgative *Pill*. The obvious reason is, that it is a more reliable and far more effectual remedy than any other. Those who have tried it, know that it cured them; those who have not, know that it cures their neighbors and friends, and all know that what it does once it does always—that it never fails through any fault or neglect of its composition. We have thousands upon thousands of certificates of their remarkable cures of the following complaints, but such cures are known in every neighborhood, and we need not publish them. Adapted to all ages and conditions in all climates; containing neither calomel or any deleterious drug, they may be taken with safety by anybody. Their sugar coating preserves them ever fresh and makes them pleasant to take, while being purely vegetable no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.

They operate by their powerful influence on the internal viscera to purify the blood and stimulate it into healthy action—remove the obstructions of the stomach, bowels, liver, and other organs of the body, restoring their irregular action to health, and by correcting, wherever they exist, such derangements as are the first origin of disease.

Minute directions are given in the wrapper on the box for the following complaints, which these *Pills* rapidly cure:—

For **Dyspepsia** or **Indigestion, Listlessness, Languor** and **Loss of Appetite**, they should be taken moderately to stimulate the stomach and restore its healthy tone and action.

For **Liver Complaint** and its various symptoms, **Bilious Headache, Sick Headache, Jaundice** or **Green Sickness, Bilious Colic** and **Bilious Fevers**, they should be judiciously taken for each case, to correct the diseased action or remove the obstructions which cause it.

For **Dysentery** or **Diarrhœa**, but one mild dose is generally required.

For **Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the Side, Back** and **Loins**, they should be continuously taken, as required, to change the diseased action of the system. With such change those complaints disappear.

For **Dropsy** and **Dropsical Swellings** they should be taken in large and frequent doses to produce the effect of a drastic purge.

For **Suppression** a large dose should be taken as it produces the desired effect by sympathy.

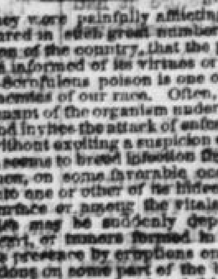
As a *Dinner Pill*, take one or two *Pills* to promote digestion and relieve the stomach.

An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and bowels into healthy action, restores the appetite, and invigorates the system. Hence it is often advantageous where no serious derangement exists. One who feels tolerably well, often finds that a dose of these *Pills* makes him feel decidedly better, from their cleansing and renovating effect on the digestive apparatus.

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., *Practical Chemists,*
LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.

Sarsaparilla,

... YING THE BLOOD.



The reputation this excellent medicine enjoys, is derived from its cures, many of which are truly marvellous. Inveterate cases of Scrofulous disease, where the system seemed saturated with corruption, have been purified and cured by it. Scrofulous affections and disorders, which were aggravated by the scrofulous contamination until they were painfully afflicting, have been radically cured in such great numbers in almost every section of the country, that the public scarcely need to be informed of its virtues or uses.

Scrofulous poison is one of the most destructive enemies of our race. Often, this unseen and unfelt tenant of the organism undermines the constitution, and invites the attack of enfeebling or fatal diseases, without exciting a suspicion of its presence. Again, it seems to breed infection throughout the body, and then, on some favorable occasion, rapidly develop into one or other of its hideous forms, either on the surface or among the vitals. In the latter, tubercles may be suddenly deposited in the lungs or heart, or tumors formed in the liver, or it shows its presence by eruptions on the skin, or foul ulcerations on some part of the body. Hence the occasional use of a bottle of this *Sarsaparilla* is advisable, even when no active symptoms of disease appear. Persons afflicted with the following complaints generally find immediate relief, and, at length, cure, by the use of this *SARSAPARILLA*: *St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Sore Ears*, and other eruptions or visible forms of *Scrofulous* disease. Also in the more concealed forms, as *Dyspepsia, Dropsy, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Neuralgia*, and the various *Ulcerous* affections of the muscular and nervous systems.

Syphilis or *Venereal* and *Mercurial Diseases* are cured by it, though a long time is required for subduing these obstinate maladies by any medicine. But long continued use of this medicine will cure the complaint. *Leucorrhœa or Whites, Uterine Ulcerations*, and *Female Diseases*, are commonly soon relieved and ultimately cured by its purifying and invigorating effect. Minute Directions for each case are found in our Almanac, supplied gratis. *Rheumatism* and *Gout*, when caused by accumulations of extraneous matters in the blood, yield quickly to it, as also *Liver Complaints, Torpidity, Congestion or Inflammation of the Liver*, and *Jaundice*, when arising, as they often do, from the rankling poisons in the blood. This *SARSAPARILLA* is a great restorer for the strength and vigor of the system. Those who are *Languid and Listless, Despondent, Sleepless*, and troubled with *Nervous Apprehensions or Fears*, or any of the affections symptomatic of *Weakness*, will find immediate relief and convincing evidence of its restorative power upon trial.

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,
Practical and Analytical Chemists.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

Ottawa, August 7, 1870.

THE TIMES is printed and published ... COMPANY, at the ... Sparks Street, Centre Town ... JAMES BAILIFF, Managing Director

VOL. IV

Legal.

J. W. WARD, ... &c., opposite th...

WRIGHT & CLEMOW, Attorneys-at-Law, Solic... Conveyancers, Notaries Public, ... Ontario and Quebec. ... over Durie's Book Stor... W McKAY WRIGHT 12w

HORACE LAPIERRE, ... at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery ... and Notary Public, Corne... ... streets, Ottawa.

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney ... in Chancery, Conveyan... Office, Union Buildings, ...

R. HAYCOCK, Attor... Solicitor-in-Chancery, Con... ... and Patent Right Solic... ... opposite Russell Hou...

LEES & GEMMILL, Ba... Solicitors, Conveyancers, &... ... Ottawa. ... 43utf J...

EDWARD T. DARTN... Solicitor, Attorney and No... ... Peace and County Attorne... ... of Prescott and Russell ... L'Orignal

KEEFER & KIMBER, ... Attornies at Law, Solicito... Conveyancers, &c., for the Pro... ... Quebec. ... Post Office Buildings ... KEEFER. ... KEN...

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E. A. MARA, Architect. ... Buildings, Rideau-st., O...

COSGROVE & TA... Solicitors, &c. Office—Mo... Rideau-street, Ottawa. ... MOSGROVE. 366tf

N. TETREAU, Notary ... of Quebec, Hu...

Medical

DR. DICKINSON, ... Residence and Surgery

DOCTOR HENDERS... versity, Physician, Surg... Surgery—That recently oc... ... Duke st, Chaudiere, Ott...

DR. ROBILLARD, P... Accoucheur, Office in ... East end of Sappe... ... from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m. ... N.B.—Special attention ... diseases of the EYE and ... at his residence, Mur...

DR. C. LEGGO, Phys... Accoucheur. Office—Hu...

DR. OLIVER MARTI... Sparks-street, Central O...

GEORGE HUTCHISO... SURGEON D... Sparks Str... OPPOSITE "TIMES

DR. HUTCHISON is fully ... ... teeth, or to ... ... wanting, on either gold ... palates, fitting so cl... ... mouth as to be capabl... ... with natural teeth are ... ... inconvenience to the p... ... for a short time in use, ... of the presence of ... ... foreign to the mouth. ... with a view to the ... ... causes during the ope... ... decayed or diseased teeth, ... practice the use of the ... laughing gas, which the suf... danger or inconvenience, ... in a pleasant dream. ... at his office from 9 a. m. to 6 ... Ottawa, September 2, 1870

Hotels and ...

THE METROPOLIT... AUMOND'... Ride... ... P. O'M...

WAVERLY HOUSE ... BARRINGTON-ST... HALIFAX. NOV... Established ... Permanent and transient bo... ... and every attention paid ... JOHN RO...

PICKWICK HOUSE, ... Corner J... Opposite the Court House and ... CATHARINES, Ont. ... E. HOUGHTON, ... (Late of ...ough ... ☞ A spacious sample-r... travelers.

THE "QUEEN" H... M. KAVA... Corner of Metcalfe and W... ... the main entrance to the ... The "QUEEN" comprises a... first-class hostel and The B... ... furnished throughout ... ... Brandsir Wines a... ... of the season will be ... ... best efforts will be ... ... of guests and patrons.

M'DUIGNAN'S, SPARKS STREET ... A few more gentlemen ... with comfortable board ... visiting the Capital will ... ... the day or week ...

THE UNION HOUS... W. ARMSTRONG, ... CORNER OF QUEEN ... OTTA... EVERY CONVENIENCE ... THE TRAVELL... The Bar always st... CHOICEST ... And the table ... EVERY DELICACY ... Stabling and ...

C. T. R. HIGGINS, ... Agent for the Beaver, ... Live Stock Insurance C... Agent, Importers, Manufa... Mining claims constantly ... Metcalfe and Sparks str... Hardware Store.

DANCING AND DE... Mrs Robert Stewart hav... with an accomplished ... that her Dancing Class... Wednesday, the 22nd ins... Further particulars ma... ... to Mrs Robert Stew... Ottawa September ...

CANADA AND U. S. PATEN... Patents solicited in ... States; Trade and Tim... Designs, Copywrights, ... the shortest notic... ... and information ... ... Drawings prepar... Charges moderate ... particularly attended ... Patent Rights for sale. ... November 26, 1870

"THE GEM." The latest and riches... "PER... Equal to Lubin's, and m... Patronised by the ELITE OF ... Sold by every chemist ... factured wholesale by MUNRO & ... Druggists and ...

The Times

VOL. IV. NO. 1551. OTTAWA, THURSDAY, DECEMBER 29, 1870. PRICE—3 CENTS

Legal.

J. W. WARD, Barrister-at-Law, &c., opposite the Russell House,

WRIGHT & CLEMOW, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public, &c., &c., for the Province of Ontario and Quebec. Office over Durie's Book Store, Sparks street, Ottawa. A. SHLAY WRIGHT. 12w F C CLEMOW.

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and Rideau streets, Ottawa. 368y

O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-st. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 54y

R. A. MALLOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43uf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa. Ottawa, 43uf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Original 34-6m

KEEFER & KIRKER, Barristers and Attorneys at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, &c. for the Province of Ontario and Quebec. Office—Post Office Buildings, Elgin street, Ottawa. ROBERT KEEFER. EDWARD KIRKER.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Block Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOGROVE & TAILON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Queen-street, Ottawa. WILLIS MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TAILLON.

A. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 290tf

Medical.

DR. DICKINSON, Rideau and Sussex Kent Street.

DOCTOR HENDERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Surgery—That recently occupied by Dr. Mallet, Duke st, Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1388y

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sussex's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

N.B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be found at his residence, Murray street.

DR. C. LEGGO, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur Office—Hunton's Block, Sparks-street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office—Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34uf

GEORGE HUTCHISON, L. D. S., SURGEON DENTIST, Sparks Street, OPPOSITE "TIMES" OFFICE.

DR. HUTCHISON is fully prepared to supply the SET OF TEETH, or to insert single Teeth thereto resembling, on either gold, silver or vulcanite rubber palates, fitting so closely and easily to the mouth as to be capable of all the uses to which natural teeth are applied, without the slightest inconvenience to the wearers, and after using for a short time in use, without even a consciousness of the presence of a substance originally foreign to the mouth.

In it with a view to the removal of painful sensations during the operation of extracting decayed or diseased teeth, has introduced into its practice the use of the Nitrous Oxide or laughing gas, which the sufferer inhales without danger or inconvenience, and loses his tooth as it were in a pleasant dream.

Office hours—Office hours any day, except Sunday, from 9 a. m. to 6 p. m.

Ottawa, September 2, 1870

Hotels and Saloons.

THE METROPOLITAN, AUMOND'S BLOCK, Rideau street Ottawa, P. O'MEARA, Proprietor.

WAVERLY HOUSE, BARRINGTON-STREET, HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA, Established 1851. Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort. JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

DICKWICK HOUSE, Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont. E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor, (Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.) A spacious sample-room for commercial men. 859y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT, M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington-streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government Buildings.

The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains choicest Brandies, Wines and Liquors, and every thing of the season can will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

MR. DUGNAN'S, SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

Any one gentleman can be accommodated with comfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen visiting the Capital will find superior accommodation at the very lowest rates. 21 9tf

THE UNION HOUSE, W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR, CORNER OF QUEEN AND ELGIN-STS OTTAWA.

FOR CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.

The Bar always supplied with the CHOICEST LIQUORS, And the table spread with EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON

Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.

C. T. R. HIGGINS, Agent for the Beaver, Toronto Mutual Fire and Live Stock Insurance Co, General Commission Agent, Importers, Manufacturers and Mining Agent Mining claims constantly on hand. Office, corner Rideau and Sparks streets, over Mann Bros Hardware Store.

DANCING AND DEPORTMENT.

Mrs Robert Stewart having made arrangements with an accomplished lady teacher, announces that her Dancing Classes will commence on Wednesday, the 22nd instant. Further particulars may be obtained on application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street. Ottawa September 8th, 1869. 1148tf

CANADA AND U. S. PATENT AGENCY.

Patents solicited in Canada and the United States; Trade and Timber Marks, Industrial Designs, Copyrights, Transfers, &c., registered on the shortest notice, Codes of Laws, Circular and information, sent free on application. Drawings prepared and copied. Charges moderate. United States Patents particularly attended to. Several valuable Patent Rights for sale. T. G. COURSOLLES, November 26, 1870 1524tf

"THE GEM." The latest and richest "PERFUME" In the Dominion Equal to Lubin's, and much less in price. Patronized by the ELITE OF MONTREAL. Sold by every chemist in the city, and manufactured wholesale by MUNRO & JACKSON, Druggists and Perfumers, Montreal.

Miscellaneous.

THISTLE & Co., Land Surveyors, Land Agents, Draughtsmen, &c. Office, opposite the Ontario Bank, Sparks-st. Ottawa. Valuators for Trust and Loan Co. W. S. THISTLE. R. LAPE.

B. BILLINGS, Jr., Architect. Office—Bell's Block, Sappers' Bridge. REFERENCES.—H Atkins, Esq, Architect, Philadelphia; Thos Fuller, Esq, Architect, Albany; Dr J A Grant, M P., Ottawa; Thos Reynolds, Esq Managing Director G. & St. L. R. R. 740t

S. CHRISTIE, Commission Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale. OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell house, Ottawa city. C. W.

EDGAR DOWARD, Organist, Christ Church, teacher of Organ, Piano and Singing Residence—O'Connor street. Mr. Doward was formerly Choirster Boy and Articled Pupil of Mr W. Done, of Worcester Cathedral, England.

CHARLES J. TASKER, Accountant: Books posted Accounts made out. Apply at the office of H P Hill, Solicitor, References: Dr Hill, C H Fisher. Ottawa, Nov 5, 1870

H. R. FRIPP, ORGANIST AND TEACHER OF MUSIC. Residence—Elgin Street, South of Slater Street. Classes for beginners at Mr Gowan's Hall on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 4½ p. m. Ottawa, July 15th, 1870. 1419 tf

MUSICAL ACADEMY. Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano or Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street. Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

PEOPLE'S TELEGRAPH COMPANY Incorporated under Chapter LXVII of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada.

OTTAWA OFFICE—G P Desmond's Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.

DIRECTORS: A JOSEPH, Chairman; D C THOMSON, Treasurer; S B FOOTE A THOMSON, T H DUNN. DRUMMOND Manager 1141tf

FOR SALE. A beautiful country residence with Fifteen (15) Acres of Land (or more if necessary) attached; the house and outbuildings being completely surrounded by a grove of lovely shade trees. The whole within 10 minutes drive of the Government Buildings. Terms of sale, cash, if preferable to purchaser otherwise a small payment down, and the balance in from 1 to 10 years, to suit purchaser. Apply to the Proprietor, R. A BRADLEY, Solicitor, Elgin-st., Ottawa. Nearly opposite the Post Office. N. B.—Money to lend on Real Estate. Terms easy.

THE HOWLEY FARM TO LET. Lot No 20, 1st Concession of Gloucester E Front, containing 200 acres, 150 acres well cleared and in good state of cultivation, opposite Manotte, and fifteen miles from Ottawa, with good fences, a fine dwelling house, two story high, barns and outhouses complete, is now to be on reasonable terms, for a term of years. Apply for further particulars to CHARLES ROWAN, Ottawa. Ottawa September 5, 1870 145-6tf

A. E. GENDREAU, HAIR DRESSING PARLOUR, Wellington street, Opposite the Bank of Montreal.

MR GENDREAU, the proprietor of that so popular Parlour, has the pleasure to announce to his numerous friends and the public in general, that to answer to the great encouragement which he has received up to the present, he has determined to enlarge and thoroughly furnish anew his establishment. He will save no expense to render Parlour the most comfortable, and to procure the most experienced hair dressers.

MR GENDREAU having served considerable time in some of the best and most extensive Hair Dressing saloons in the Dominion and United States, is in a position to conduct the duties of his establishment in a manner that cannot be surpassed.

He will have always on hand he best perfumes, imported directly from Paris and London. MR GENDREAU solicits a visit to convince all of the truth of his statements.

PRESERVE YOUR ROOFS, PATENT PLASTIC SLATE PAINT, Is the best and cheapest material in use for preserving new, or repairing old IRON OR TIN ROOFS, No matter how bad their condition. Also fire rate for SHINGLE ROOFS, Making them FIRE AND WATER PROOF, Hardens into a coating of SOLID SLATE by exposure. Price $6 a barrel, mixed ready for use. A barrel will cover 10 squares (10 x 10).

SHEATHING FELT For lining Frame Buildings under the clapboards. An effectual protection against cold, damp and vermin. Rats and mice will come near it. No FRAME DWELLING should be without. Send for circular, instructions, &c. BUCHANAN & CO., Wholesale Depot for Roofing Materials and Founder's Supplies, 32 Lemoine Street, Montreal. Ottawa, September 21, 1870 1468

SATCHELL BROS. BUTCHERS TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantly on hand FRESH KILLED STALL-FED BEEF AND MUTTON. ALSO, THEIR CELEBRATED, SPICED AND SALT ROUND, AND ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES, To be had at THEIR STALLS, Nos. 6 and 7, BY-WARD MARKET

Hardware.

BLYTH & KERR, No. 25 RIDEAU STREET, Plumbers, Gas & Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c. All work in any of the above branches executed in a prompt and workmanlike manner. Special attention given to Roofing and fitting up Galvanized Iron and Tin Gutters, Conductors, &c., &c.

IMPORTERS OF GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

JUST RECEIVED, ex "Pride of Canada" and "Oneida," a splendid assortment of Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots, Jelly Moulds, Wire Dish Covers, Spice Boxes, Ladies' Dressing Cases, Trays, Enamelled Pie Dishes, Preserving Pans, Deep Milk Saucepans, &c., &c. Constantly on hand, Cooking Stoves, (best makers) Hot Air Furnaces, Water Coolers, Baths, (all kinds) Cutlery, Plated and Britannia Metal Ware,

—ALSO— FISHING TACKLE, comprising Rods, Lines, Flies, Hooks, Floats, Trolls, Panniers, Landing Nets, Fly Books, &c. &c. Ottawa, August 18, 1870 1432 1y

HARDWARE! HARDWARE!

Sign the VIL. 24 Sussex Street, where you can get a large assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, and at prices to suit purchasers. Consisting in part of GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHINGS: Butcher Knives, Knives and Forks, Pocket Knives, Table Spoons, Tea Spoons, Tea Trays, Table Mats, Bolts, Screws, Locks, Hobs, Catches, Latches, Axes, Saws, Planes, Squares, Hammers, Spokeshaves, Gouges, Chisels, Augers, Auger Bits, Steel Bits, Bevils, Levels, Boring Machines, Draw Knives, &c, &c, &c. Together with PAINT OF ALL COLOURS: Rose, Pink, Burnt Umber, Terra de Sienna, Chrome Yellow, Yellow Ochre, Celestial Blue, Paris Green, Brunswick Green, Magnesia Green, Venetian Green, Red Lead, White Lead, in Oil or Dry, Drop Black, Ivory Black, Lamp Black, Boiled Oil, Raw Oil, Turpentine, Benzole, Coal Oil, Paint Brushes, Varnishes, &c. THOS BIRKETT, No. 24, Rideau street, Sign of the Anvil. P. S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the City. Ottawa, Nov 18, 1870

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT, 35 SUSSEX STREET,

Elevated Oven Cook Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Low Oven Cook Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Double Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co
Box and Parlor Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co
Coal Stoves, Base Burners, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
The Quintal Coal Stove, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Parlour Cook Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Dumb Stoves, all sizes, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Hot Air Furnaces, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Stove Pipes and Elbows, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Lumbermen's Supplies, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
1st Prize Stoves can be seen, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Ottawa, Oct. 13, 1870.

Druggists.

DUTCH BULBS! The Subscriber has just received a full assortment from a celebrated Grower in HOLLAND, both for Spring Gardening and in-door Culture. THE ASSORTMENT INCLUDES Hyacinths, many varieties, Tulips, " Lilies, " Narcissus, " Jonquilles, " Anemones, " Ranunculus, " &c, &c. The Flower Roots above mentioned not coming to hand till late in the season, are offered for sale at low prices. ALEXANDER CHRISTIE, Druggist, 40 Sparks-st, Ottawa. Ottawa, Nov. 18, 1870 1517yl

RICHARD HIGMAN, FAMILY AND DISPENSING CHEMIST, LATE MANAGER, MEDICAL HALL, SPARKS STREET, Wishes to return sincere thanks to his friends and the public, for the kind sympathy evinced toward him, on the occasion of the late fire. He now begs to inform them that he will commence business on his own account, in a few days, in part of Mr McLean's Auction Room, in rear of John Ross' Cigar store, with entirely new stock, of Drugs, Chemicals, Patent Medicines, Perfumery, &c., and trusts the public will appreciate his attention to business, with the same kind patronage that was extended to him in his situation. Ottawa, Dec. 16, 1870 1541y

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMERS
First Cabin, Payable in Gold.
Liverpool or Queenstown $100 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.
Liverpool or Queenstown 35 00
PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMERS TO HALIFAX
First Cabin, Payable in Gold.
Liverpool or Queenstown $100 00
Halifax 20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer 45 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.
Liverpool or Queenstown 30 00
Halifax 15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer 30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates. For further information, apply at the Company's Office, JOHN G. DALE, Agent, 15 Broadway, New York, or HERRICK & CROMBIE, Ottawa.

Groceries.

IF YOU WANT TO SAVE MONEY GO TO THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORES, —BY— P. BASKERVILLE & BROS., No. 36 Rideau St., and Duke St., Chaudiere, OTTAWA, Where from their great increase of business and the large addition now put to their Store, with a well selected Stock, and constant attention on their part, will enable them to sell at prices not to be equalled elsewhere. There will be found always on hand a general assortment of GROCERIES, TEAS in particular, imported, LIQUORS, WINES, BRANDIES, GIN, IRISH and SCOTCH WHISKEY, Goderham & Worts' HIGHWINES OLD RYE, and PROOF, With a fine assortment of Christmas and New Year's FRUITS and STAPLES. —ALSO— WINTER APPLES, ORANGES and LEMONS, CHEESE, HAMS, and BACON. Remember our Motto—"Quick Sales and Light Profits." Try their TEAS. Ottawa, Nov 29, 1870 1536

ATTENTION! If you want Choice VIRGIN HONEY, call at the New GROCERY STORE, Corner of Sussex and York Streets. If you want SUPERIOR CHEESE, call at the New GROCERY STORE, Corner of Sussex and York Streets. If you want FIRST-CLASS DAIRY BUTTER, call at the New GROCERY STORE Corner Sussex and York Streets.

—ALSO— New Crop West End, Layers, Valencia and Seedless Raisins and Currants, Fresh Turkey Figs, Malaga Grapes, Lemons, Choice Imperial Prunes, Canded Peels, Gelatine, Cross & Blackwell's Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies, and Marmalades, Fresh Oysters, Lobsters Sardines, Mackerel, Salmon and Tomatoes, with a choice lot of Scotch and English Ales and Porter, Wines and Brandies, Gin, Scotch Whiskey, Jamaica Rum, Old Rye, Syrups and

JOHN A. BITTERS, CONSTANTLY ON HAND, At the New GROCERY STORE, Corner Sussex and York Streets. Extra Fine Green, Black and Japan Teas, Rio, Java and Turkey Coffee. —ALSO— Fine Family and Pastry Flour, Oat and Corn Meal, at the NEW GROCERY STORE, Corner Sussex and York streets. J. M. C. DELES DERNIERS, Corner Sussex and York-sts. Ottawa, Nov 29, 1870 1526tf

TESTIMONIAL —TO THE— HON. SIR JOHN A. MACDONALD, K. C. B., &c., &c., &c. The friends of Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD propose to present that distinguished Statesman with a substantial Testimonial in recognition of his long and unselfish public services. Steps are being taken to afford his friends in all parts of the Dominion an opportunity of joining in the proposed manifestation of esteem and regard. The following gentlemen compose, (with power to add to their number,) the Committee at Ottawa: The Hon. JAMES CAMERON, His Worship the Mayor J. ROBERTSON, Jr, Esq, THOS REYNOLDS, Esq, R W SCOTT, Esq, M P P, Dr GRANT, M P, B McGILLIVRAY, Esq, H V NOEL, Esq. H V Noel, Esq, has consented to act as Treasurer, to whom all communications may be addressed. For the information of intending subscribers the names of the gentlemen composing the Certain Committee at Toronto are subjoined, viz: His Worship the Mayor, D B HARMAN, Esq, The Hon G W ALLAN, The Hon D L MACPHERSON, The Hon JOHN CARLING, M P, JOHN CRAWFORD, Esq, M P, ANGUS MORRISON, Esq, M P, F W CUMBERLAND, Esq, M P, J G WORTS, Esq, H BUTHERFORD, Esq, W H WEYLAND Esq, G P BIDOUT, Esq, JOHN SHEDDEN, Esq, THOMAS DIXIE, Esq, FRANK SHANLY, Esq, T CHISHOLM, Esq, N BARNHART, Esq. Ottawa, Dec 6, 1870 15 32t

TO LUMBERERS. L. ROSE, PROVISION BROKER, LONDON, ONT., Inspects every BARREL of PORK he Ships and Ships only a FIRST-CLASS Article. He has on Sale from some of the Leading Packers and Curers: Heavy Mess Pork, guaranteed. Ex. P. Pork made from Heavy Mess. Shoulders Mess Mutton. Heavy Bacon, &c., at the lowest FIXED Prices, and on Terms to suit Purchasers. No. 1 Sup. Flour, Oats, Corn, &c., bought on commission. White Beans always on hand. Orders or enquiries have prompt attention. Through rates to Brockville, Sand and Ottawa. L. ROSE, Produce Broker, London, Ont. London, Ont., Nov. 26, 1870 1522

Groceries, &c.

DENIS WHELAN, 39 RIDEAU STREET, OTTAWA HAVING OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT (nearly opposite the Old Stand,) Here for sale at VERY LOW PRICES a large and well selected stock, comprising Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy Soaps, Sauces, Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, Candles, Coarse and Fine Salt. Also, Bordeaux and other Vinegars MESS PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS, & the numerous other articles necessary to constitute a complete stock. TEAS—Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial Young Hyson, quite fresh and cheap. COFFEE—Fresh Coffee ground and roasted daily on the premises. LIQUORS—Cognac Brandies Renault & Co, Henessey, Piper's and other brands. HOLLAND GIN—De Kuyper's and Houtman's, in wood bottle. WINES—Sherries of all grades, Ports of fine quality, Burgundy, Sauterne and Maderia Wines all prices, in wood and bottle, improved by age. HIGHWINES, OLD RYE, PROOF AND WHISKEY, high proof and flavor, at extremely low rices. Thorne's and Stewart' Scotch Whiskey and Old Tom. Dunville's Irish Whiskey, Murphy's Old Irish Potteen. Guinness' and London Porter, pts and qts. Bolton's and other Ales. Sugars and Syrups, all grades. Sale attendance prices. THE OLD STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE SELLING AT TWENTY-FIVE PER CENT BELOW COST. Now is the time or bar gains. 1165

ROUSILLON PORT. Received a fresh consignment of this delicious Wine. It is full flavoured, of great body, and guaranteed purity. ALICANTE. A Sweet Red Wine of delicate flavour and bouquet, invaluable for invalids. This wine has been specially imported as a pure Wine to be used in the Holy Communion. The following gentlemen have kindly allowed their names to be used as reference: Ven Archdeacon Fuller, Toronto. Rev J Beaven, D D, " Rev G B Read, D D, " Rev E Baldwin, " Rev W S Darling, " Rev A Williams, " Rev J D Cayley, " Rev W H Davis, " Rev S Bedford Jones, L L D, Ottawa —ALSO— A full Stock of Brandies, Wine, Jamaica Rum, Proof and Old Rye Whiskey, Sherries, Still and Sparkling Moselle, Champagne, Malaga, Maderia Claviolate, Noyan Curacoa, Creme de Menthe, Creme de Moka, Chartreuse, Maraschino, English and Canadian Ales and Porter, &c, &c, &c. M. P. MACPHERSON, Wine Merchant Elgin Street. Agent for Quelton, St George & Co's pure french Wines. Ottawa, Dec 16, 1870 1534

WM. POOLE & COMPANY, IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALER —IN— TEAS AND WINES, 6 HOSPITAL STREET MONTREAL.

PRESTON & ROWSELL. MILITARY TAILORS —AND— HABIT MAKERS NO. 36 SPARKS STREET A SELECT ASSORTMENT OF Tweeds, Broad Cloths, Doe Skins, Fancy Coatings, Vestings, &c. SHIRTS MADE TO ORDER. Ottawa, July 16, 1870.

PRESTON & ROWSELL. PRESTON & ROWSELL.

THE LANG PAINTING CO. STARLIGHT STREET. A. W. LANG, Sole Agent. No Branches or Coal Oil used. ENGLISH SIGNS AND HANDSOME WALL PAINTING

NOTICE. LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF ONTARIO, TORONTO, 29th October, 1870. Notice is hereby given, that the last day for receiving Petitions for Private Bills will be WEDNESDAY, the TWENTY-EIGHTH day of DECEMBER next. CHARLES T. GILLMOR, Clerk.

SITUATION WANTED AS FARMER A Married Man, who understands farming in all its departments; has had long experience in Canada. Address R. E., FARMER, Hull, P.Q.

Dry Goods.

STILL THEY COME! 34 PACKAGES NEW GOODS, JUST RECEIVED, —BY— GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO Comprising amongst other Goods the following:—

1 Case French Merinoes,
1 Case Kid Gloves and Hosiery,
1 Case Plain and Terry Ribbons, and Plain and Tartan Sash Ribbons,
1 Case Black and Colored Ribbon Velvets
1 Case New Jackets,
1 Case Waterproof Tweeds,
1 Case Ladies Hats,
1 Case Embroidered Muslin Sets, for Evening wear,
1 Case Hair Nets and Silk Epangles, for Dress Trimmings,
1 Case Sheetings,
1 " White Cottons,
1 Bale Serges,
1 " Scarlet Flannels,
1 Case Fancy Flannels,
1 " Canadian Flannels,
2 Bales Canadian Grey Blankets,
2 Cases Cornwall White Blankets,
6 Cases Heavy Tweeds,
3 " Light Grey Etoffes,
2 " Mid Grey "
3 " Oxford "

With other Goods too numerous to particularize. GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO. Would say that their Stock, notwithstanding their Immense Sales during the last 3 months (without doubt the largest ever made by any Dry Goods House in Ottawa) was never so well assorted at this season of the year as it is just now. INSPECTION INVITED. WHOLESALE & RETAIL. Ottawa, Dec. 16, 1870.

R. L. JAMES & CO. DRESS GOODS. A large assortment worth from 20 to 90 cents, at 15 to 80. A SPECIAL LINE of French Merinos, very cheap. BLACK SILKS, very much under Market value, and considerably lower than present Ottawa prices. MILLINERY. It is now pretty generally known that in this Department, especially the prices, are EXCEEDINGLY MODERATE, AT THE GOLDEN LION. R. L. JAMES & Co.

What Might have Happened one Christmas Time.

THE LAST STORY WRITTEN BY MARK LEMON.

(Concluded.)

This happy condition of affairs had continued for more than four years, and many were found to envy the occupants of the pretty green brougham which passed so regularly through the Park. News came frequently from Reginald to his uncle; and though he had had to battle with sickness and fever, he was in no way dissatisfied with the course he had adopted.

There was a tempest near at hand, that was to be felt in the remotest parts of the kingdom, and over-seas, and in other lands than ours.

Walter returned one day with a serious face so serious that Emily questioned him as to the cause.

'Why, darling, there is bad news in the city. A house that exercises great influence on other houses is rumoured to be shaky.'

'I am very sorry to hear it. Will it affect you, dear?'

'My father says not in the least; but Macpherson, our chief clerk, and I think that no one can tell where the mischief would end should the big house fail.' But we will talk of something else, as my head is confused with thinking and debating this subject.'

But Walter could not think of anything else, although he talked of many matters. He tried to read, but the writer's thoughts were not his thoughts—they were in the city.

The early 'Times,' on the day after the next, must have brought dismay and despair to many a household. The great house in the city had closed its doors, and smaller houses had collapsed in consequence. Walter had heard that such a catastrophe was imminent before he left the city, and had passed a feverish, restless night. He ordered the brougham half an hour earlier than usual, and would have prevented Emily accompanying him as was her wont, but she would not be denied. They scarcely spoke, and when Emily did so, it was to beg of him to have courage, and not give trouble welcome by meeting it halfway. She kissed him and said softly, 'remember, I love you.' There was a momentary comfort in those few words, but their influence was destroyed when Walter entered the counting house.

'There's a panic in the city' sir, a perfect "panic!" said Macpherson, without making or waiting for the usual morning salutations.

'A panic in the city!' a cry almost as dreadful as that of 'fire!' in a crowded ship.

What does that word panic convey to us? Merchant-princes, proud of their commercial honour—proud of their worldly places—humbled and toppled down as it were by a whirlwind. Speculations that promised fortunes crumbled into atoms, and those that trusted to them well nigh stark with ruin. Broken homes, and all that those two short words imply. Gentle women, matrons and maidens, tenderly nutured, whose lives had been lives of ease and refined enjoyment, suddenly deprived of all that ministered to their wants, and the world at its worst before them; for none but those who have had the bitter experience know how difficult the task, how hard the sacrifice of retrenchment, even when there has been neither waste nor extravagance. Many a high spirited youth, who had looked forward to a future of liberal employment, compelled to turn aside and accept the drudgery of servitude. Worthy men, who had worn out their lives in honourable service, and had thought in the winter of their age to be considered by those they had benefited by their labours,—hopeless now! All buried in the ruins of the house! More broken homes! more household gods cast into the mire! Thousands whose slender means made existence tolerable, deprived of all by the wreck of those in whom they had confided. How many droop and die, none can tell—none.

But why pursue these painful details? Christmas should be a merry season, and we would not willingly detract from its cheerfulness.

A fortnight had passed, and Walter had returned earlier than usual.

'I have come Emily,' he said, 'that I may myself tell you the worst before it happens. Despite every effort we have made, our house must succumb to this terrible storm, and to-morrow our ruin will be known.'

'My dear Walter!'

'It is a terrible blow; but I am more at ease now that I know our fate is inevitable. What grieves me most is that your dear confiding father will share our ruin. My poor father, always sanguine and generally successful, has speculated largely; and two or three schemes in which we had invested largely are broken up, and, so far as I can see, we cannot nearly meet our engagements.'

'And your father?'

'Is perfectly overwhelmed. He seems deprived of all power of reflection or of action. I should not have left him, but your dear father has promised to remain with him. Dear, generous man! Not one word of reproach; not a moment's hesitation at applying all he was worth to stay our downfall. But too late! Too late!'

Such consolation as occurred to her Emily offered her husband, and she was made comparatively happy when she saw him fall into a calm sleep, to which he had been a stranger for many nights, and which lasted long into the morning.

Elias Mainwaring & Company were declared to be bankrupt; and the day before their names were to appear in the *Gazette*, Walter took Emily to her father, as he knew that as soon as the *fiat* was issued there would be some one to take possession of Cedar Lodge. He did not remove anything from the house except some wearing apparel and a miniature of Emily and a portrait of her mother; these *lares* he considered were too sacred to be chaffered for by dirty brokers. And then the Elysium was deserted.

Early on the afternoon of the following day, Walter was on his way to Clarges Street, when, passing through Leicester Square, he stopped to look in at a shop window. He knew not why he did so, but we do many strange things unconsciously when we are in sorrow. He was gazing vacantly at some books with gaudy bindings, when a man similarly occupied, and standing near him, suddenly looked round and exclaimed:

'Walter! Walter Mainwaring!'

He was half dazed, and failed to recognize the speaker—the more so, as he was bronzed and bearded.

'Not no me, Walter?' asked the man. 'Is cousin Reginald quite forgotten?'

'Reginald! This is indeed an unexpected meeting!' replied Walter.

'On both sides,' said Reginald, 'for I only landed this morning, and have not as yet reported myself.'

'Then you have not heard of our misfortunes?' asked Walter, one subject being uppermost in his mind.

'Misfortunes? No. But you look pale—ill. Let us go to the cafe at the corner, where I have ordered dinner, and came out for a stroll whilst it was getting ready.'

Walter made no resistance as Reginald placed his arm in his and led the way to the cafe.

When they were seated, Walter told Reginald all that happened—how loss had followed loss during this terrible panic until the house of Mainwaring and Company had fallen also.

Reginald would have been a harder man than his long residence abroad, and the sensual life he had led there, should have made him had he been able to have listened unmoved; and he either affected to be touched, or he was really so, by what Walter told him. But he declined to accompany his cousin to Clarges Street, when Walter rose to go there, after pleading a want of appetite as an excuse for not accepting Reginald's invitation to dinner.

'Shall you be in the city to-morrow?' asked Reginald.

'Yes; and for many days I expect. There will be much to see too,' replied Walter. 'Good-bye—I wish I could have welcomed you home with better news!' And so they parted.

Reginald lingered long over his dinner, and drank freely of champagne. He was evidently busy with thoughts that troubled him.

Walter saw nothing more of him for some days, and not until Cedar Lodge had been advertised for sale under the bankruptcy.

Walter was engaged with Mr. Macpherson in his private counting-house arranging deeds and papers, when Reginald was announced.

Mr. Macpherson rose to leave the room, but Reginald stopped him. 'Don't go, Mr. Macpherson; how do you do?—haven't forgotten me, I hope, as my cousin had? Well, Walter, how are you?'

'As well as I can hope to be,' replied Walter. 'Such business as I am now engaged upon is neither conducive to health nor spirits.'

'Well, when things are at their worst they must mend, folk say. I have been down to see the place at Kensington. Nice place—charmingly done up. I have called to know whether it must go to the hammer, or whether it can be had by private contract.'

'I believe the Court can dispose of the property by valuation,' replied Walter, colouring deeply. 'It would be something to save it from those brutes the brokers.'

'Well, we'll see,' said Reginald curtly. 'Sad affair this, Macpherson. Plenty to keep you company, however. Well—good-day, Walter; I see you are busy. Good-day Macpherson; something will turn up, I've no doubt, when all this is settled.' And so saying he walked out, whistling as he went, but not from want of thought.

The failure of Mainwaring and Company had not left its unfortunate representatives without friends. In less than twelve months Walter was engaged at a liberal salary in a house of repute. His father had never recovered the shock of his bankruptcy, and was content to wear out the day in futile calculations as to the cause of his ruin. Mrs. Mainwaring had a settlement from her father of some five hundred a year, and the family was placed therefore beyond the reach of want. Walter had a small house at Holloway, and though it might have been put into the conservatory of Cedar Lodge, it was yet made sufficient by the love and contentedness to be found within. Emily did not go with her husband to the city as heretofore in a brougham, but she walked with him to the end of the road and saw him mount the omnibus, and met him again on his return. Mr. Ralph Mainwaring had lodgings near them, and managed wonderfully well on an annuity of 150l., which had escaped the wreck in Sago Lane.

Cedar Lodge and its belongings had been purchased by Reginald, who, more than once, had invited Walter and Emily to visit him in their old home. But it required more resolution than either possessed at the time to look upon the scene of the happiness they had known, and the invitations were declined. But as time wore on Emily and Walter upbraided themselves for this weakness, and felt that it betrayed an unthankfulness for the good that was still about them, and the next invitation was accepted.

As truthful chroniclers, it must be confessed that the old happy home was not revisited without some pain—some regrets. It would have been strange had it been otherwise. Reginald received them with a great show of kindness.

'I am glad you have come at last. You will find little altered: all was so perfect,' he said, leading the way to the drawing room. Emily was struck to see how all the old arrrangements had been preserved; every ornament in its accustomed place; almost the same flowers in the window-stands. One object, however, was wanted, and marked the change of proprietor—her pet canary! No, he had shared her expulsion.

After luncheon Walter went to call on a lady who had been very kind when the great trouble came, and Emily proposed to look through the conservatory, whose treasures had mostly been nurtured by her hands. As she was about to leave the room, Reginald said—

"Stay a moment, Emily; I want to speak with you."

Emily looked somewhat surprised.

"I saw," he continued, "that your quick eye noticed that you had been present here, though absent. It is true—I have disturbed nothing. Eight years ago you sent me into exile."

"I, Reginald?"

"Yes, you—you rejected my love, and—as I still believe—because I was a poorer man than Walter. I am not so now, Emily. I know that you loved me better than you loved Walter. I never have lost that conviction. I remember a hundred evidences of it. You married the richer man.'

'I married Walter because I loved him,' said Emily, warmly.

"I do not believe that your love was all with him—I cannot, will not believe it. You see how I have thought of you; here is a home worthy of you. It is yours whenever you like to claim it.'

'God forgive you, Reginald, if I understand you—God forgive me if I misinterpret your meaning,' and she went towards the door.

'Hear me to an end, said Reginald, his face becoming dark again as it did at Stanford Hall. 'Hear me to an end. I said this house was yours whenever you like to claim it—which implies a condition which I did not care to name to you—when your husband can buy it of me!'

'I am glad that such conditions were in your mind,' said Emily. 'With your permission, I will visit my old favorites.'

So saying, she went to the conservatory, thinking again and again of the strange scene just enacted.

Reginald bit his lip, and then giving vent to a bold round oath, opened a glass door that led into the garden.

Reginald had met his first great disappointment in life like a fool and a coward. Cut adrift, as it were, from his first love, he had allowed himself to be tossed about on a sea of passions, drifting where the wind listed, and never seeking to find a haven or rest. Abroad, his sensualites were hardly observed, and since his return to England he had kept so much apart from his family connection, that his movements had been unknown. His mind had become so gross that he do

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free gift, and he has made good use of it. I've nothing to say; I'm content with what I have.' But the old gentleman had thought of what he had done for the orphan boy, and felt keenly his desertion in the time of tribulation, now happily passed away.

'Turn on, Old Time,' as we must hasten to an end. In two months more Christmas was coming, and Emily had decked her pretty, small—very small, we must own—drawing-room and dining-room with the cheerful red-berried holly and other greenery, although her opposite neighbour, who came home on the same 'bus as Walter, had declared to be vulgar, exceedingly. Nevertheless, Emily knew her dear old father loved to see such Christmas emblems about the house, and Walter was not 'genteel,' neither was she, and so holly and mistletoe and bright bay leaves were liberally distributed in 'parlour and kitchen and hall.'

It was Christmas Eve, and Walter had arranged to bring home one of the clerks with him to make merry. And Walter's sister Laura, who really was a nice girl, and had met all the family troubles like a saint (so said her mother), had already arrived, and so had papa, who was busy in the little pantry brewing gin punch, the secret of which he had had from a great author, whose brewage was known to be superexcellent.

Emily was too busy making her preparations to think of Walter and his 'bus; and Laura, too, was decking with winter flowers the dishes of tarts and other delicacies—all home-made and wholesome.

'There's Walter,' said Emily, as the street door was heard to open. 'I had no idea it was so late.'

'Emily!' cried Walter, from the top of the kitchen stairs, 'come up, dear; I want to introduce you to some friends.'

'Can't, Walter,' was the reply; I'm in the middle of my tipsy cake. You and papa must do the honours for the present. And when she had finished her 'household cares' for a time, and presented herself in the drawing room, she was surprised to find an unexpected visitor—Reginald Wainwright.

'I found Reginald in the City, as I was leaving the office, and as he had no engagement, he has come on to spend Christmas Eve with us,' said Walter.

What could Emily say but that she was glad to see him? though she almost expected to find a blister on her tongue for telling such a story.

If Emily had needed any extra stimulus to exertion to make her little 'At Home' a jovial one, it would have been found in the presence of Reginald. He had come, she fancied, to spy the nakedness of the land, and she was resolved he should find it flowing with milk and honey. The good spirits she displayed became infectious, and a merry party keeping Christmas Eve could not have been found in Christendom. The dainty supper was highly applauded, the gin punch extolled immensely—nor did the ladies refuse to sip the subtle compound. Laura could not sing at first without a piano; but when Emily had trilled forth an old ballad that all (the junior clerk excepted) remembered to have heard long ago, she thought she would venture, and sang very sweetly. The only one whose mirth did not appear to be real was Reginald, and at times he might have been seen 'taking stock,' as it were, of the little room, where the hand of taste was as visible as it had been Cedar Lodge. At times he fixed his eyes on the bright, happy face that ever and anon regarded Walter with a look of ineffable love that could not be mistaken, even by the man who had hardened his heart with vice and selfishness.

The party broke up as the neighbouring church clock struck eleven. Reginald offered to see Mr. Mainwaring to his lodgings, but the junior clerk had already undertaken that duty, having had a bed engaged for him close by. As the guests departed Reginald offered his hand to Emily, which she accepted.

"Good-night, Emily," he murmured rather than spoke, "I see you do not covet Cedar Lodge."

"No!" replied Emily, emphatically; "good-night."

There are good angels abroad on Christmas Eve—the same perhaps that watched over the stable at Bethlehem. Such is our belief; and one stood by Reginald's pillow that night, or debauchee that he was, he would hardly have thought that where honest, hearty love and pure lives were to be found together, it required very little money to make an abode for peace. He thought also that a good man, such as he knew his uncle to be, could bear reverses with a patient resignation, and look forward to the great change with that hope which robs death of its terrors. He thought of the fret and fever of his own life—of the 'Dead Sea fruit' to which it had turned, and what must be the ending. Old teachings of good had come back to him, and though he strove to chase them from his thoughts, they would return again and again. He recalled the incidents of the past evening, of Emily's loving regard of Walter, answered so eloquently though silently by her husband, who

'Look'd his love into his lady's face.'

He could no longer doubt that they were One in all things, in life, in death.

These reflections came back to him so often during the following days, that his old habits became distasteful to him, and after a time the good angels were heard with love and reverence.

The first good result which came from this happy change was a proper consideration for the reverses in his uncle's fortunes. Uncle Ralph was surprised one morning at receiving a letter from Reginald, stating that he had transferred to his account at the Bank of England three thousand pounds with nine years' interest thereon. This tardy act of common justice (he said) would have been made earlier but for the unsettled state of his affairs, which had only taken a favorable turn on Christmas Eve.

Mr. Mainwaring felt himself quite at liberty to accept of this voluntary restitution, as it enabled him to find a partnership for Walter, and to add to the comfort of his child by removing some of those anxious fears for the future, which must always beset the struggler with fortune.

So ends our story, and may all good angels have us in their keeping this Christmas time.

Gossip for Ladies.

Uhlan jackets are *en regle* among fashionable young ladies, Germans principally.

Russian sable and sealskin are very fashionable for trimming gentlemen's coats or ladies walking jackets.

India shawls, cut into semi-tight-fitting basques, are now very fashionable for promenade.

Very neat lockets of Roman gold, engraved with monograms have been introduced for the holidays.

Camel's hair shawls are recognized as indispensable bridal gifts now-a-days, and Juliet frequently receives two and three of these valuable articles.

The opera chair is a novelty in the way of watch guards. It passes around the neck, and has an adjustible slide by which it may be fastened near the throat or lower down on the breast.

A female lecturer said: "Get married, young men, and be quick about it. Don't wait for the millenium, for the girls to become angels. You'd look well beside an angel, wouldn't you, you blockhead?"

A friend of ours, who has had some experience, says that if you go to call on a young lady and she crochets diligently all the evening, and only says "Yes" and "No," you can go away about nine or a quarter past without breaking any of the rules of etiquette.

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NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Ottawa Literary and Scientific Society—G. Kennedy.
Tenders—Thos. Worthington.
Resignation—F. X. Guertin.
Resignation—John B. Guerard.

TO THE PUBLIC.

Mr. J. G. DAVIS *is authorized to receive advertisements and subscriptions for* THE TIMES. *Now that we are about* ENLARGING [illegible] THE TIMES *and introducing* [illegible] *improvements, advertisers should take advantage of the increased circulation which it will at once be certain to obtain. In other directions, as well as in Ottawa, we are making exertions to extend our subscription list and to add to the value of* THE TIMES *as an advertising medium.*

The Ottawa Times.

Office—38 Sparks Street.

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 29, 1870.

For interesting reading matter see First and Fourth Pages.

The first meeting of the Dominion Board of Trade will be held in this city on the 18th of January.

We direct the attention of our readers to an article from the London *Railway News* which appears in another column relative to President Grant's late Message. It is gratifying to find that the English journals of all shades of politics agree in condemning the policy which the President recommends. This article from the *Railway News* deals with the question in an exceedingly able and intelligent manner.

The Americans were wont to boast that the commercial prosperity of Canada was altogether dependent upon the United States. Rather a curious commentary upon this assertion is found in the fact, that the carrying trade of the United States is fast coming into the hands of the Canadians. It is not probable that next year there will be a single steamer, flying the "stars and stripes" upon Lake Ontario or the river St. Lawrence, while the merchants of Baltimore being anxious to establish a line of steamers between that port and Liverpool, have been obliged to apply to Messrs. Allan of Montreal.

THE DEPTH OF DEGRADATION.

We would scarcely have believed it possible that the time would ever arrive when we should be able to find a man by the side of whom General Butler would show to advantage. Yet it must be confessed that wretched and contemptible as his position is, those Nova Scotians whom the Halifax *Chronicle* represents appear in a yet more unfavorable light. Butler is without doubt a thoroughly unprincipled dishonorable man, but however selfish he may have been in his raids upon the silver spoons and pianos belonging to the people of New Orleans, it must be admitted that in his nefarious projects against the Dominion of Canada he is to some extent actuated by a desire for the aggrandizement of his country. Not even this kind of questionable patriotism, however, can be urged in defence of the Nova Scotia "patriots." These men, who pretended to be so anxious for the welfare and prosperity of the people of Nova Scotia, who denounced the Dominion Government generally and the Honorable Dr. Tupper and the Honorable Mr. Howe in particular, as men who would betray the interests of the people, would not protect the fisheries, and would allow American poachers uninterruptedly to work their will;—these imposters, for we can call them nothing else, are now uniting with General Butler in his attacks upon the Canadian authorities for having exerted themselves in defence of the rights of the Nova Scotian fishermen! Yes; compared with such mean and contemptible actions as theirs, the undisguised blackguardism of a Butler appears in favourable colors. For the purpose of gratifying their hostility to the Dominion Government and in the hope of retaining office a little longer, all kinds of utterly false statements and absurd rumours are published in their organ, the *Chronicle*. Among others we notice one to the effect that American fishing vessels had been compelled by the Canadian authorities to put to sea in the teeth of a violent gale. We have made some enquiries respecting this story and find that it is altogether untrue, and that nothing which would furnish the slightest foundation for such a rumour has at any time occurred. The desperate resorts to which the Halifax *Chronicle* and those it represents are driven, afford sufficient evidence to prove that they are aware of their utterly hopeless condition. No man or set of men, unless they were assured that all hope of success had passed away for ever, would descend to such pitiful and degrading subterfuges as they have done. They are no doubt perfectly correct in their anticipations; the days of their official life are numbered.

MUNICIPAL CORRUPTION.

In Yesterday's TIMES we gave a full report of the meeting held in St. George's Ward on Tuesday evening. The meeting was not in any way creditable to Ottawa. A spirit of "rowdyism" seems to have been displayed by parties who ought to have known better, while the charges made by Mr. Preston against certain members of the Corporation, if true, reveal a corrupt state of affairs which ought at once to be remedied. We do not say that the accusations made by the late Collector are well founded. We have not by any means an implicit faith in everything which Mr. Preston may assert. But the charges have been publicly made, and if false they should in as public a manner be proved to be so. Have the men who are entrusted with the administration of municipal affairs and the charge of the city funds been guilty of jobbery and corruption, or have they not? Have they, or persons associated with them, been selling various articles to the city as Mr. Preston states they have, and if they have thus been buyers and sellers at the same time, may not our having spent so large a sum of money with so little to show for it be attributed to this fact? These are questions in which the tax-payers are interested, and, in their name, we have a right to ask for a clear and straightforward reply. As we said before, we make no accusations, but we do contend that unless Mr. Preston's charges are explicitly refuted, a majority of people will be apt to regard them as well founded.

Whatever may have been the case in the past, we sincerely hope that for the credit and welfare of Ottawa our city fathers will in future abstain from having anything to do with municipal contracts. For the partner or near relative of an Alderman to be in any way connected with them or to hold an office under the City Council, is just as bad as though he himself were openly interested. Human nature is frail, and even aldermen will find it difficult to do justice when their pecuniary interests are concerned. The oath which they take is no mere idle form, and by it they solemnly bind themselves to discharge the duties of their responsible office with a single eye to the public service. With self-interest on one side and the public interest on the other, they cannot hold the scales of justice aright. Try as they will the former will most assuredly outweigh the latter. The man who accepts a seat at the Council board with the intention of holding contracts himself, or being directly or indirectly interested in them is guilty of a serious *crime*. Our earnest desire is not only to see our city fathers free from actual wrong-doing, but placed above all possible suspicion thereof.

Speaking of the distinguished men who have from time to time represented Great Britain at Washington, the N. Y. *World* says:—

"Of Lord Lyons, the last to whom our limits enable us to refer, and who was here during the crisis of civil convulsion, it is not easy to speak guardedly. No man could have behaved with more steady discretion, and therefore better. He was here in the agony of the Trent affair, when a rash word or an offensive gesture might have made his delicate duty intolerable. He bore without flinching Mr. Seward's pompous twaddle. He survived all the natural irritation of the hour, and, so far as his personal relations were concerned, left no scar or unkind memory behind him. And here, in conclusion, let us state a fact within our own knowledge, that before the actual collision occurred between North and South a suggestion of friendly intercession on the part of Great Britain was made, and the Duke of Newcastle mentioned as the agent of good offices. It was under the consideration of Lord Palmerston and Earl Russell when the fatal shot was fired and the day of intercession passed forever. Is it not a great crowding of events into a single life, and by no means a long one, to find Lord Lyons again a witness of one of the great convulsions of the political world, and watching worse agonies than ever befel us. Sir Frederick Bruce closes the list; his career, too, a short one. He lived to hear Bancroft's insulting eulogy on Mr. Lincoln, and died soon after."

The Masonic Ball.

To the Editor of THE TIMES:

MR. EDITOR,—Having seen my name published in the list of invited guests to the Masonic Ball of yesterday, I feel it my duty, on religious grounds, to disavow any participation in the affair.

I would be obliged to you for the insertion of this letter, in which I desire to state that a card of invitation was presented to me, intended, I have no doubt, as a compliment, but which, nevertheless could not be, and was not, entertained by me or any of my family.

I remain, Sir,
Your obt. servant,
J. C. TACHE.

OTTAWA, Dec. 28, 1870.

Whatever may be the feelings with which Roman Catholics regard Masonry, we are quite sure that nothing but polite and respectful motives induced the Committee to send cards of invitation to Dr. Tache and other members of the same religious communion.—[EDITOR TIMES.]

Letters from Moose Factory.

No. 1.

LOST ON THE PRAIRIE.

We are permitted to publish a series of letters from a gentleman lately settled in Moose Factory, which will we have no doubt be read with much interest.

MOOSE FACTORY.

Here I am at the end of my journey, although a few days ago I never expected to reach here, as we nearly perished from cold and hunger. But let me not spoil the story by beginning in the middle. I left Abittibbi at noon on Saturday. It was storming, and we only went 10 miles that night. I had for my servant, Thomas, a half-breed, who was assistant cook at Abittibbi; he cooked my provisions, dried my socks, put me to bed, looked after my baggage, &c. Besides, I had two Indians as guides and packsters. Their names were Jean Baptiste and Cannanassay. They only knew the road as far as Kasakamy Lake (a little more than half way) and from there we were to hire an Indian whom we expected to find there. On the second day of our march it was still snowing, and we worked hard, but only made a few miles, as the snow was very soft and deep and the men had heavy loads on their toboggins. The third day was the same, and our path, as we passed, looked as if it had been made with a shovel. On the morning of the fourth day one of our men, Baptiste, who had a cut on the leg, said he could not go on; so I sent him back to the Fort, with a note to Mr. Lockhart, asking him to send me another man. We went on that day, but only made about five miles. Next day, after going about a mile, the Indian told me he did not know which way he was going, so we determined to go back to our camp and wait for the Indian from the Fort. On the afternoon of the second day he arrived. It was one of the servants at the Fort, called "Pueway." In the meantime we had been making no headway, and our provisions had been fast disappearing. The two days we were in camp, and some other days during the journey, the cold was intense. In the note Mr. Lockhart wrote to me by Pueway, he says: "The thermometer this morning is 42° below zero, so I send you a bottle of wine as you will find it chilly." We did find it chilly, but the next day was far worse, the thermometer must *at least* have been 50° below zero. The air was as clear and calm as a mill pond. The moon and stars shone with such brilliancy as I never saw before, and it was not till then that I could trace the resemblance between a star and a diamond; even our voices were changed—they seemed to have a hollow and muffled sound. If we put down our tin basin of boiling tea for a moment it was frozen into solid ice. Between every bite I had to put my fork in the fire, as it would stick to my mouth. We kept on roaring fires all night, and with our blankets around us we turned first one side, then the other to the fire. We dared not sleep as we knew it would have been the sleep of death.

The difference between my two men was very great. Pueway was a large, broad, strong man, with a broad face, high cheek bones, and a flat face. A mouth, the largest I ever saw, so that when he opened it to laugh—which he often did—it looked like a cave. Cannanassay was a wiry man, with a small sharp black eye, a finely cut nose, a thin lip and a pointed chin—a man I would not trust out of my sight. In fact I became so suspicious of him towards the end of the journey that I always kept my revolver ready for use at a moment's notice. As far as Abettibbi we came by the same route as the canoes in summer, but from thence we took an entirely different route. Our course was directly north, and for the greater part of the way we were on land. We only crossed three large lakes, of which Kasakamy is the largest, being about fifty miles long. We, however, crossed scores of small lakes. We kept on day after day, walking as far as we could—our provisions getting very low and being on short allowance, till on the eleventh day we had not got half way. On the morning of the 12th day my Indian guide, Cannanassay, told me that he would go back to Abittibbi as he had a sore back. I knew that was not the cause, but that he was afraid of starving. I turned pale with rage, and without knowing it my hand stole to my belt and I had undone the button of my revolver cover. I knew if he went back we would starve. Did you ever feel as if you wished to murder a man? I never did before, and I hope I may never do so again. A cold chill went through me, and I resolved that as sure as he turned his back upon our camp for Abittibbi, as certainly would I have put a ball through his head. I argued the point with him and at last he consented to go on. We had not two days provisions, and we were only half way. We were 75 miles from Kasakamy Lake, where we expected to get some venison from the Indians. The Indian proved his back was not sore, as we reached the lake in two days—40 miles first day, and 35 the second. It was either walk or starve. At the lake we found five squaws and about twenty-five children, who could hardly get enough to live upon, having only a few fish. The Indians had been off 13 days killing deer, and there was no telling when they would return. This was a bright prospect—six days walk from Moose. Our Indians did not know the road, our provisions finished, and no prospect of getting more. We got a fish or two from the squaws, but it was only enough to sharpen our appetites, so we steeped the flour bag, turned it inside out, and scraped off any flour which might have been sticking to it. We then boiled the bag and drank the water. Any back bones of fish we found about the Indian camp we roasted and ate. The squaws brought me some boiled fish roe in a dirty dish, and I ate it with a dirty iron spoon, but I assure you I never enjoyed anything more in my life. On the evening of the third day, a squaw came to my camp and said the Indians were coming, at which news I was ready to dance on my head with delight. In half an hour they arrived each bringing a moose deer. In two minutes I was tearing away at a piece of raw, frozen venison. They gave us a liberal supply, and like all starved men we had such a feast that we made ourselves sick. In the morning we started with two of the Indians as guides, and at noon on the sixth day (Jan. 19th) we arrived at Moose Factory (22 days). We killed a large moose deer by the way, and we had a grand feast. The best idea I can give you of the country between Abittibbi and Moose is to say that it is one grand plain as level as the table—there are no hills. There are three terraces on the road, and upon these I halted my men to have an almost unbounded birds eye view of the country. There are ridges of woods altogether composed of tamarac or spruce, and a few poplars. The under surface of the limbs of the trees is covered with moss six inches long, for the entire length. This moss is of two kinds, green, growing in dry places, and black, like hair, growing on trees in the swamp. The greater part of the country, however, is one prairie after another, without a single tree for miles. Here we got the biting winds, and crossing the last plain 15 miles across, at 3 a.m. of the day, we reached Moose. I had my nose and one ear frozen solid. These plains are covered with a stiff moss, from a foot to 18 inches long. I send you a sample of it as well as of the others. When I arrived here Busso was hardly able to walk, and his bones were almost sticking through his skin. I have a stick I cut by the way, and I keep it in my room to look at when I have no appetite. It will be a better tonic than any in the Materia Medica. The population of Moose in winter is about 150, and from 300 to 400 in summer. The company employ about 60 servants. I send some photographs of Moose, &c., but will send better next time, when I will also describe it. They keep about 70 head of cattle here. There is a nice little church which boasts of a harmonium and a stained glass window. There are blacksmiths, carpenters, joiners, boat-builders, cooper and other shops. There are three bells—the church bell, the officers' and the men's bells, which rings at 6 a.m. for the men to get up, at 7 a.m. to go to work, at noon for the mens' dinner. At 1 p.m. to go to work again, and at 6 p.m. to leave off work. The officers' bell rings at 8 a.m. for breakfast, at 1 p.m. for dinner, and at 6:30 p.m. for tea.

W. M

CURRENT NOTES

A new weapon on the model of the mitrailleuse is to be adopted in the British army, as the War Department has ordered sixty batteries of Gattling guns of the smaller kind to be manufactured for distribution among the infantry regiments or to special corps. The destructive power of this weapon is very great, for, though it has a bore of only 6 42 inch, each battery, it is proved by trials, will strike, wound, or kill amongst broken infantry, on uneven ground, at ranges from 200 to 1,000 yards at the rate of 900 per minute, and in close columns of infantry a battery would hit 1,200 men a minute.

Says a writer in the last number of the *Cornhill Magazine*: "There was a drinking song in India, the refrain or chorus of which was the toast:

"Here's a health to the dead already,
And hurrah for the next who dies!"

It was written at a time when war and pestilence were reaping rich harvests of death. I am glad that I do not know the name of the writer. I had forgotten its existence, when, some ten years after it was written, I was proceeding by sea to an unhealthy coast station, in the company of two young ensigns, and upwards of fifty native convicts, mostly murderers, without a guard. As we neared the station, one afternoon, one of these young ensigns, still ruddy with English health, sat at the cuddy-table with me; we were both writing letters, to be despatched immediately on landing. Presently he broke the silence by saying, 'Do you know this song?' He had come by accident upon it in his writing-desk, whilst searching for an English letter. He read it out from beginning to end with great gusto, almost singing the concluding lines of each verse, given above, and finishing by asking me if it was not fine. Three or four days afterwards he was dead. He was literally the 'next who died' among the officers of the great army to which he belonged."

Queen Victoria did a very graceful and gracious little action lately. Hearing that the ex-Empress had mentioned that amongst the articles specially regretted which she had been compelled to abandon in her hasty flight was an album given to her long ago by the Queen, containing various interesting portraits, Queen Victoria immediately gave orders that a fac simile should be made and despatched to the Imperial Refugee.

The Gibraltar *Chronicle*, speaking of the epidemic of yellow fever in Barcelona, says that in 1821, when the disease last visited that city, it broke out on the same day of the month as this year; in the same street; suddenly increased on the same day; and attained its maximum of victims on the same day. In 1821, it ceased on the 11th of November, and the *Chronicle*, at its date of writing (October 31), hopes that the series of coincidences may be perfect to the end.

An American paper says: There is said to be a great demand for "competent journalists" in New York, and one publishing house has even gone so far as to promise the right man the enormous sum of $6,000 per annum for his services. This is very liberal indeed,—remarkably so, when contrasted with the fact that a tenth class preacher, lawyer or doctor could have this amount of income, and not have half the labor and care of the journalist, or a tithe of his talent.

BREAKFAST.—EPPS'S COCOA—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.—The very agreeable character of this preparation has rendered it a general favorite. The *Civil Service Gazette* remarks:—"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills." Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in tin-lined packets, labelled—JAMES EPPS & Co., Homoeopathic Chemists, London.

Latest by Telegraph

VIA MONTREAL LINE.

QUEBEC.

QUEBEC, Dec. 28.

The Gulf Ports Steamship Co., intend placing two large steamers on the line next summer. They will run to St. John, Newfoundland.

A savage dog attacked a lady on John street yesterday.

Dr. Goldstrong fell on mountain hill, severely dislocating his shoulder.

The fishing *cabannes* have appeared on the River St. Charles.

The death is announced of Mr. Hamilton, Q. C., of New Carlisle.

The Bachelors' Ball last night was a complete success.

THE WAR.

Midnight Despatches.

CABLE NEWS.

A NEWSPAPER CORRESPONDENT INTERVIEWS COUNT DE CHANDOURDY.

NEW YORK, December 28.—A newspaper correspondent has had an interview at Bordeaux with Count de Chandourdy, the Minister Delegate for Foreign Affairs, whom he describes as a grave and reserved man, but a free talker. In reply to an inquiry of the correspondent the Minister thus gave his views in regard to the chances of peace at present. Peace seems to be distant. Lamentable as this war is, peace on dishonorable terms would be inadmissable. It would change France to a third rate power. Prussia made a great mistake in not conducting peace with Favre at Ferriers. The civilized world condemn them for the refusal to propose terms which might then have been arranged in a manner that would have been honorable to Prussia without being humiliating to France. Not only might guarantees against future attacks by France upon Germany have been exacted, but the feelings of hatred and revenge now sure to prevail in the future might have been changed to esteem. All that is now impossible. No Ministry or Constituent Assembly or Government could for a moment treat for peace under the circumstances now imposed by the Prussian Government. Although there is hardly a man in France but laments war, yet there is scarcely one willing to allow the Government to give up territory. The rich and the poor unite in the opinion that the only thing left is to fight out the war; if in so doing France is financially ruined there will be less for Prussia to take. The Minister then told the correspondent he had great hopes that the Prussians would be driven out of France before long. The present Government, he said, is not fighting with obstinacy for political motives, but really with a fair chance of obtaining an honorable peace. Paris is able to hold out for a considerable time. The whole nation was armed or arming three months ago, it was difficult to inspire the people with courage, but now the Government is obliged to restrain and direct rather than to excite patriotism. We need arms and artillery it is true, but these are coming in ever direction. We have offers of more than we want from England alone. Happily all the political powers are practically determined to allow the present Government to do their best for the national defence, and have patience to wait; they do not rise revolutionary cries because events do not move quickly.

The Count does not think the defeat of the army of the Loire has seriously altered the complexion of affairs. It is much lamented, but it is not to be expected that raw troops will prove victorious on all occasions, or even to retreat in order. The evacuation of the city and the retreat to Lemans were not unmitigated evils. They prove that the new army can hold its own; can retreat as well as advance without becoming demoralized, a fact which had been doubted before. Moreover, the troops of the army of the Loire gained confidence and invaluable experience to prepare them for better things.

Foreign rule will cause the whole country to be ruined.

Count Chandourdy thinks that England has not raised herself in the scale of nations by her recent action on continental matters. She is now committing the same mistake that France committed in 1866 in order to have her neighbors chastised. She has allowed her to be humiliated beyond endurance, and even allowed her territory to be violated. Correspondents inquired if England could afford war. He replied, there are other means besides drawing the sword by which a great power like England can make her influence felt. Those means she neglected to use, and she now finds herself insulted by Russia. The delay in the meeting of the proposed Congress only gives Russia time to make her preparations surer in the coming spring. Prompt action would have been England's true policy, and with Austria ready to join the moral and the material support of England, would clear France of invaders in a fortnight, and show the rest of Europe that there is a limit which oven the most powerful armies must not pass. Such an alliance would be approved of by the civilized world, for it would prove that it is not an alliance of conquest. At first France was to blame for seeking a quarrel and making aggressive war, although the people were not responsible for that, but now Prussia has rejected an honorable and lasting peace, the sentiment of which has undergone changes. France now struggles for existence. If she is crushed England will feel the loss more than any country. England cannot dream of the consequences. If she should allow France to be exterminated Russia will then do what she pleases in the east and Prussia in the west. England, without a single ally, will cease to belong to the family of European nations, and will be reduced to a third class power.

The Count then spoke in terms of deep indignation at the ingratitude of Italy, and intimated that a day of reckoning would most certainly come for that cowardly nation.

He closed by stating that the new levies in the south and south-east were proceeding with a success beyond expectation.

BEUST'S REPLY TO BISMARCK.

VIENNA, Dec. 28.—Journals contain a semi-official denial of the statement that Beust has replied to the note concerning the status of Austria towards the German Bund.

SAGASTA HAS TAKEN THE POST OF FOREIGN MINISTER.

MADRID, Dec. 28.—Sagasta has taken the post of Foreign Minister, and not that of President of the Council.

THE GERMAN BUND.

MUNICH, Dec. 28.—The Bavarian Chamber of Deputies has voted in favor of an alleged South German Bund to be allied with that of the North German Confederation.

THE DANUBIAN PRINCIPALITIES.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Dec. 28.—The Turkish Government has a note urging upon the powers its objection to the discussion of all questions approaching the Danubian Principalities in the London conference.

ARRIVAL.

GLASGOW, Dec. 28.—The steamer *India* from New York, has arrived.

COASTS TO BE PROTECTED BY TORPEDOES.

BERLIN, Dec. 27.—Information has been received that the Porte has ordered the Bosphorus and the Dardanelles and coasts to be protected by torpedoes.

FROM SPAIN.

MADRID, Dec. 27.—The royal civil list gives the King six million francs annually, and makes him heir to half the palaces of the kingdom.

WARNING TO ENGLISHMEN.

LONDON, Dec. 28.—The *Pall Mall Gazette* warns Englishmen that they cannot do worse than to persist in the idea that the people of the United States are friendly to England; the fact is diametrically otherwise. At any moment the Americans may inflict intolerable insult on the British people.

THE FRENCH ARMY OF THE NORTH.

The French army of the North has concentrated around Arras. The health of the people is excellent.

BOMBARDMENT OF PARIS.

BERLIN, Dec. 28.—The news of the opening fire on the fortifications of Paris was received here with public rejoicings.

A BATTLE—THE FRENCH RETREAT.

The *Herald's* special from Havre, on the 26th, says: Since Saturday evening the city has been intensely excited over the first important struggle between the French troops in this Department and the Prussians, which occurred on Saturday morning at daybreak. After a number of petty engagements and skirmishes with Uhlans and Saxons, the people became clamorous for a great sortie. Accordingly the 19th and 20th battalions forming a column, 5,000 men, pushed forward to Hoaleurs. This force under command of Colonel Mackinard arrived at the Chateau Mostiveene on the 22nd, and there established his head quarters, and sent out an advanced post. The troops were in the best state of discipline ever known, and were prepared for reconnoisance in force by day-break. The 24th was one of the coldest days this winter, and on Thursday the half of the French out-posts were driven in by the sudden appearance of Prussian cavalry in large numbers, moving on the Chateau at a rapid pace. The alarm was sounded and the troops soon formed in a creditable line, the army and artillery pushing forward on the right wing. The French behaved well, and were soon prepared for an attack. At 7.30 the battle began by the impetuous advance of the Prussian cavalry 1,500 strong proceeded by a battery of artillery. They were received by the French artillery, which opened a furious cannonade. It soon became apparent that the French guns were well placed and splendidly worked, but not sufficiently supported. The warm fire created a temporary demoralization among the Germans, whose lines wavered, but kept up their fire. Three advances were made by the Prussians to capture the French batteries, but they were each time compelled to retire. This unsuccessful fight lasted about two hours. Then a large body of infantry, preceded by a line of cavalry appeared on the road from Fecamp, coming to the support of the enemy. A council of war was held on the battle field, in which the Germans determined to fall back on Honfleurs. The French now occupied the heights commanding Bolbec, lower stood the Prussians. To attack the French position it was necessary for them to cross the plain, then to cross a petty stream and then to ascend the opposite bank, 150 feet high. The Prussians, however, to make the attempt at the same were opposed to a destructive fire from the French, while from their position their own fire was ineffective. Soon, however, fresh Prussian artillery appeared to the right of the French position, and the fire of these guns caused the line to break. The French forces immediately commenced to retreat, which they did amid some confusion. The Prussian line made an attempt to follow up their advantage, but the movement was made difficult by the nature of the ground.

Yesterday's Despatches.

VANDALISM.

LONDON, Dec. 28.—Chaucey complains bitterly of the conduct of the Prussians. He denies having been defeated, and avows his intention of taking vengeance for the accounts of Vandalism of the enemy.

ST. CALIS VISITED BY THE PRUSSIANS.

The St. Calis, Department of the South, has been visited by the Prussians, who left the town however after making requisitions upon the inhabitants.

BOURBAKI MOVING.

Bourbaki is moving with his army to the eastern portion of France to operate against Werder.

BAVARIAN HOUSE OF DEPUTIES.

MUNICH, December 28.—The Bavarian House of Deputies has rejected the Federal treaties with a view to obtaining improvement in their terms.

INTENSE EXCITEMENT.—A BATTLE.

NEW YORK, Dec. 28.—A despatch from Havre states that there has been intense excitement in the city consequent upon the battle that has been going on since the 26th inst., in the neighborhood of the city. The first important struggle between the French troops in this department and the Prussians occurred on Saturday morning at daybreak.

THE ARMY OF THE LOIRE.

NEW YORK, Dec. 27.—The *Herald's* correspondent under date of Orleans, 18th, reports an interview with Bishop Doupanloup, in which he said that the army of the Loire is only a collection of men among whom the greatest demoralization is created by contact with the Prussians, and denied that Palladines is the Duke of Nemours.

Doupanloup also said that peace should be made, but France seemed just now to be in a situation without an issue. If Paris gave up it would end the matter, but Trochu is not free in the capital.

PARIS NOT TO BE BOMBARDED.

Bismarck told Thiers that he was not going to bombard Paris. Once in possession the Prussians would have paramount influence over France.

GAMBETTA CONVICTED AS A LIAR.

Gambetta is convicted by his proclamation on Palladine of being a liar of first order. The recapture of Orleans passed under our own eyes, and we know that instead of 200,000 men and 500 guns as Gambetta says, Palladines, to our own positive knowledge had only 50,000 men in immediate front of Frederick Charles. The rest of his command was scattered, for retreating, not fighting was Palladines plan from first to last. I don't think the army of the Loire is capable of resisting the Prussians. I know the general wish of the inhabitants is for peace, except a few blood thirsty Democrats.

AMERICAN SYMPATHY WITH FRANCE.

American sympathy with France on account of the declaration of the Republic is misplaced, because the present rulers will never make the republic worthy of being called such by Americans.

MISCELLANEOUS.

LONDON, Dec. 27.—The *World's* special says, it is officially stated that Paris has provisions to last until the end of the month.

The Germans will soon attempt the destruction of the forts of Issy, Banvies and Montronge.

Bismarck refuses to give Favre safe conduct to go to Congress.

Midnight—The French army of the north has fallen back to Arras, having evacuated Corbie, Albert and Achens.

Bismarck in a note to the Cabinet at Vienna, calls its attention to the reorganization of Germany, and expresses hope that nothing in the treaty of Prague will interfere with her developement.

New York Markets.

NEW YORK, Dec. 28.—Cotton, 15¾ for Middling Uplands.

Flour, a shade firmer; receipts, 21,000 barrels; sales, 10,000 barrels at $5.50 to $5.55 for Superfine State and Western; $6.05 to $6.60 for Common to Choice Extra State; $5.15 to $5.65 for Common to Choice Extra State and Western; $6.60 for Round Hoop Ohio.

Rye flour, steady at $4 to $5.40.

Wheat, a shade firmer; receipts, 6,000 bushels; sales, 35,000 bushels, at $1.42½ for No. 1 Spring; $1.16 to $1.49 for Winter Red and Amber Western; $1.54 for White Michigan.

Rye quiet.

Corn scarce; receipts, 18,000 bushels; sales, 68,000 bushels, at 78c to 80c for New Mixed Western.

Barley, dull and drooping.

Oats, firm; receipts, 90,000 bushels; sales, 37,000 bushels, at 60c to 62½c for Western Ohio.

Pork, dull; sales, 10,000 barrels, at $20.25 to $20.37 for New Mess; $19.50 for Old Mess.

Lard, firm, at 11¾c to 12¾ for Steam; 13c for Kettle Rendered.

Butter, steady, at 32c to 42c for State.

Petroleum at 13c for Crude; 23c for Refined.

London Markets.

LONDON, 2 a.m., Dec. 28.—Consols opened at 7.

Money on account bonds quiet at 62 88¾, '65, 88¼, '67, 87¾, 10-40's, 87¼.
Stocks quiet.
Erie 20.
Illinois Central 112.
Atlantic and Great Western 28½.
Calcutta Linseed 59.

Liverpool Markets.

LIVERPOOL, 12 a.m., Dec. 28.—Cotton opened quiet and steady.
Uplands 8¾.
Orleans 8⅞.

President Grant and the Canadian Railways.

(From the London Railway News.)

That portion of the Message of President Grant which refers to the relations with the Imperial Government and with Canada will not, we feel confident, be generally endorsed by those citizens of the United States who are capable of taking a calm and dispassionate view of the questions in dispute between the two countries. The charges made against the Imperial Government are in direct opposition to the real facts of the case; while with respect to Canada there is not a single allegation which is made the subject of complaint that is not the direct consequence of the act of the United States Government itself in repealing the Reciprocity Treaty in 1865. President Grant, referring to the despatches as to the *Alabama* question, says: "The Cabinet at London, so far as its views have been expressed, does not seem willing to concede that the British Ministry was guilty of any negligence, or had done or permitted any act during the war of which the United States have just cause of complaint."

The answer to this is that our Government did actually sign a treaty, the provisions of which were cordially approved by the Government at Washington. The Minister of the United States by whom that treaty was concluded was thanked by Mr. Seward "for the perseverance and fidelity with which he had attended to the instructions of this department;" and later, Mr. Seward conveyed to Mr. Reverdy Johnson "the assurance of the President of his high satisfaction with the manner in which he had conducted these important negotiations." In one of his letters of instruction Mr. Seward says: "The decision of the Convention depends not exclusively upon the nature of its provisions, but depends very much also upon the tone, the temper, and the spirit which pervades it.' Upon this matter of tone and temper Mr Reverdy Johnson writes: "Both Lord Stanley and Lord Clarendon yielded a very ready and cheerful assent to our proposition to submit all the questions involved in the Alabama claims, not ever having expressed a desire during the negotiations to exclude any one of them; and in this I am satisfied (as they must be) that they but conformed to the public sentiment of the nation and to their own wishes." In another despatch he writes: "I cannot conclude this communication without bearing testimony to the frank and friendly manner in which I have been met by Lords Stanley and Clarendon, and to the very sincere desire which they exhibited throughout our negotiations to settle any dispute between the two nations upon terms just and honourable to each." In the face of the evidence of our willingness to treat upon all matters in dispute shown by the signature to the treaty negotiated by the Minister of the United States, and of the testimony to the good feeling of this country borne by Mr. Reverdy Johnson in his official despatches, we find President Grant now complaining that "not an inference can be drawn from the treaty to remove the sense of unfriendliness of the course of Great Britain in our struggle for existence." We should have thought that the very fact of our agreeing to refer all questions to the decision of a court approved by the Government at Washington itself, and to abide by its award, was the best possible indication of that feeling which the American Minister himself described "as a sincere desire to settle every dispute between the two nations upon terms just and honourable to each."

The complaints, however, which are made against Canada are equally destitute of foundation as those addressed to the Imperial Government. Canada, it is alleged, has laws with respect to its fisheries which if enforced must be the cause of injustice to American citizens. He does not allege that the provisions of this law have ever been put into force, but he intimates that if certain things should be done in the future he will recommend Congress to authorize him to make reprisals, and prevent the transit of goods in bond over Canadian railways. In other words he will prevent the Grand Trunk of Canada from carrying goods in bond from Portland to Richmond over the Atlantic and St. Lawrence line, and prohibit the carrying of American goods *in transitu* over the Great Western of Canada. In order to carry out the threat, the President will have to obtain the authority of Congress, and we imagine that the parties interested in the Michigan Central, the New York Central, and some other American lines will have a decided objection to the carrying out of a policy which may be very correctly described as "cutting off the nose to be revenged on the face." Any measure which would prohibit the transit of goods in bond over the Great Western of Canada would simply be the annihilation of dividends for the holders of the Michigan Central, and a serious blow to the New York Central, while the destruction of the traffic between Portland and Montreal would simply render impossible the payment of the rent by the Grand Trunk for the Atlantic and St. Lawrence Railway, so largely owned by American citizens. The politicians of the States of New York, Vermont, Maine Michigan, and some others, as well as the consignees generally, would have something to say to a system which would put an end to the useful competition of the Canadian railways, and have them bound hand and foot to the tender mercies of a huge railway monopoly. We are not, therefore, under any very serious apprehension as to the carrying out of the threat of the President in regard to the transit of goods in bond over Canadian railways. Such a course, if adopted, would of course lead to reprisals on the other side, and the Welland Canal would, in such case, be closed to American ships, and the navigation of the St. Lawrence would be regulated by similar restrictions to those adopted with respect to Canadian railways. But even as a means of punishment the prohibition of the conveyance of goods in transit from Portland would fail of its object during the time that the St. Lawrence was open, while, by the end of the next year, the Intercolonial Railway from Halifax will probably be so far completed as to give to Canada a route to the Atlantic wholly independent of the United States. No act of the Canadian Government in the enforcement of its fishery laws can now take place until the next season, which will be after the re opening of the navigation next spring, so that twelve months at least will elapse before, even if the worst should happen, the President can issue his proclamation of isolating the Canadian railways.

We cannot for a moment suppose that the President really contemplates any contingency such as that he has mentioned, and it is quite possible that home political considerations have as much to do with the tone and temper of the Message as the apprehension of the enforcement of provisions of the Fisheries Act which have never yet been put into force. The whole question of these fisheries is a mere bagatelle, and might be disposed of in a few hours' friendly conference. Canada is quite ready to treat the whole question in a spirit of liberal reciprocity.

Under the terms of the Reciprocity Treaty both countries progressed in a satisfactory manner, and no disputed questions arose. Canada, for all purposes of commerce, was as a portion of the United States, and for certain specified articles the States were but as a portion of Canada. It pleased the Protectionist party of the United States, however, to put an end to this treaty in 1865, and this party has never since ceased to claim from Canada the same privileges which they enjoyed under that treaty, while they completely exclude Canada from any share of its benefits. By virtue of the Reciprocity Treaty United States fishing boats were permitted to fish in Canadian waters, to enter Canadian ports and dry and cure the fish taken. On the repeal of the treaty Canadian fishermen were prevented from selling their fish in an American port, but the United States considers it a hardship that Canada in return should not permit the use of their harbours for the United States fishermen. The best fishing grounds are undoubtedly those of the St. Lawrence and the Bay of Fundy, and the gulfs and bays of Canada and New Brunswick, and in these, as in other parts, the best fishing grounds are within the three miles limit of the coast. What President Grant complains of is that the fishing boats of the United States are not allowed in these waters for the purpose of carrying on their fishing operations. The sole reason why they are so excluded is because Canadian fishermen are prohibited from a similar use of American harbors and waters. The President, in a querulous and undignified tone, says that the carrying out of the law—that is, in seizing vessels found poaching in their waters—the Canadians are actuated by a desire to create a political effect upon the Government of the United States. By this we presume the President means that the Canadians are desirous of seeing the re-establishment of the Reciprocity Treaty. In so doing they are therefore showing an earnest desire to put an end to all cause of differences in the future with their neighbors. Why does not the Government of the United States meet them in a frank and *liberal spirit*? The re-enactment of the Reciprocity Treaty, based upon fair and equitable principles, would put an end to all these petty disputes and little squabbles that are unworthy of a great republic. We would seriously recommend President Grant and his Government to raise themselves above the level of questions which might form the subject of discussion among some of the minor States of what was once the Germanic Confederation, or the petty republics of Central America, but which the United States Government should certainly be in a position to treat upon in a broad and comprehensive spirit worthy of a great and enlightened people. We are convinced that the Government and people of Canada are prepared to deal with this question of the fisheries in a liberal spirit. We believe, too, that the United States are equally anxious to have this and all other questions at issue disposed of in a spirit of friendly conciliation. Where both parties are willing to adjust all differences in dispute there should certainly be no insuperable difficulty in devising the means of bringing about the desired result. We cordially endorse the wish expressed in an address at Frome by Mr. Thomas Hughes, M. P., who during his visit in America had ample opportunities for making himself acquainted with the opinions and wishes of the people of the United States, "that the present Government would at once take action, and settle the Alabama claims and the fisheries question. Then England and America would be on terms of real friendship, and unitedly powerful enough to maintain the peace of the world."

Twenty years experience in using *Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers have proved* them to be the most effectual remedy for coughs, and irritation of the throat, caused by cold, or unusual exertion of the vocal organs; public speakers and singers will find them most beneficial. The entire freedom from all deleterious ingredients renders Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers, or Cough and Voice Lozenges, a safe remedy for the most delicate person, and has caused them to be held in high esteem by all who have used them. Sold by all medicine dealers at 25cts. per box.

OTTAWA LITERARY AND SCIENTIFIC SOCIETY.

The next Regular Meeting will be held in the LECTURE ROOM, on FRIDAY, 30th December, at 7½ P.M.

At 8 o'clock a Lecture will be delivered by J. GEO BOURINOT, Esq.

SUBJECT:

"Canadian Materials for History, Poetry and Romance."

Admission Free.

G. KENNEDY, Secretary.

Ottawa, Dec. 29, 1870. 1551 3

To the Returning Officer and Electors of Ottawa Ward, in the City of Ottawa.

GENTLEMEN,—I beg to thank all my friends and supporters for the kind appreciation of the services I have endeavoured to render them for the last six years, during which I represented Ottawa Ward in the Municipal Council of Ottawa, by their so strongly aiding my nomination as a Candidate this morning, but owing to urgent private occupations, I find that I shall not be able to devote my attention to the interest of Ottawa Ward in particular, and the City in general, as I have done heretofore, and therefore find it impossible to accept their unqualified support so heartily tendered. I beg therefore to tender my resignation as a Candidate in the present municipal election, and hereby beg to declare that I am no longer a Candidate in the election of Alderman for Ottawa Ward for 1871.

(Signed) JOHN B. GUERARD.

Ottawa, Dec. 28, 1870. 1551tf.

To the Returning Officer and Electors of Ottawa Ward, in the City of Ottawa:

GENTLEMEN,—

Owing to some doubts having been raised as to my qualifications for election as Alderman for Ottawa Ward, for the year 1871, and having ascertained that the fact of my being a licensed Inn keeper under the Corporation, substantiates such doubts. I hereby beg to tender my resignation as a Candidate in the Election of Alderman for the said Ward, and hereby renounce all intentions of being so elected, and declare that I am no longer a Candidate as above mentioned.

(Signed) F. X. GUERTIN.

Ottawa, Dec. 28, 1870. 1551tf.

TENDERS

Addressed to the Commissioner of Inland Revenue, will be received until Noon, on SATURDAY, the 14th of January, 1871, from parties desiring to acquire the privilege of establishing and maintaining A FERRY, navigated by Steam Power, across the Grand or Ottawa River, between the Village of New Edinburgh, in the Province of Ontario, and the Village of Waterloo or Gatineau Point, in the Province of Quebec.

The form of Tender, and the regulations that are to govern the Ferry, may be seen at the Office of the Commissioner, on and after the 5th day of JANUARY, 1871.

(Signed),
THOS. WORTHINGTON,

Department of Inland Revenue,
Ottawa, 28th Dec., 1870.

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Esquimaux Coats at Devlin's.

LOCAL NEWS.

New Stereoscopes and Slides, Bohemian Lamps, Microscopes, choice French and English Perfumery, at the Ottawa Drug Store, Sappers' Bridge, W. HEARN,

Naughty Aylmer did not observe Monday last as a holiday.

Teams have been crossing Lake Des Chenes at Aylmer for some days past.

A number of teams are leaving the village of Buckingham for the shanties.

There were several runaways in Lower Town yesterday. None was attended with serious consequences.

B... en Velveteen Hats, from 25 cents upwards. A large assortment of ...ers and Feathers. Trimmed Hats and Bonnets. At the "Golden Lion."
R. L. JAMES & Co.

Yesterday evening and last night were bitterly cold. Winter, although slow in coming, seems determined to make up by unusual fierceness for lost time.

A lecture will be delivered in Aylmer on the 5th inst. by the Rev. Mr. Stephenson. Subject—"Woman, her position and influence."

Arrivals at the Russell House—Wednesday.—W Dewme, Toronto; Miss Kelty, Miss Tracy, Miss Kerwin, J. Jarvis, Prescott; A Gowdey, H. McNaughton, Montreal; J Daly, Quebec; W Hicks, Mitchell; B Jones, Port Hope; E Thompson, J. Derwell, Almonte; E M Crosby, Plattsburgh; A Low, J Low, Kingston.

Stoves.—Now is the time. Go and see C. P. Dorion, 60 Sparks Street, for stoves and stove-pipe fitting. No puff; but see for yourselves. Lumbermen and country Merchants come and see. The most complete House in this Line in the Capital, be Posters. C. P. Dorion, 60 Sparks Street. 1486 2m.

Mr. Alderman May requests us to state in reference to the attack made upon him by Mr. Preston, at the meeting in the St. Lawrence Hotel, at which Mr. May was not present, that the transactions then alluded to were simply business transactions between him as a private individual and the Corporation, and took place in June 1868. Mr. May did not become a member of the City Council until 1870.

St. Patrick's Hall.—The readings at the above hall last evening were not as good as they usually are, owing to several of the performers not being present. Mr. Battle occupied the chair, and expressed his regret at the disappointment, and stated that the readings henceforth would be held on Thursday instead of Wednesday, as they are at present.

Police Court—Wednesday.—John Sullivan was fined $5 and costs for vagrancy.

A man named Brannighan for being drunk and singing "I'll not go home till morning" on the public streets was fined $1 and costs.

Two lunatics, a man and woman, were sent to gaol. The woman, we believe, is religiously affected.

Mrs. Biggers at the request of her counsel was again remanded until to-morrow.

Hull Readings. — These readings last night were, as promised by the Committee, a real treat. The singing was first-class, Miss Smith and Miss Lamb singing a duett in a real captivating style. Miss Jennie Rowland sang in her usual charming style, and received, as usual, a hearty encore. The singing of Messrs. Lamb and Lawrence was first rate, and received great applause. A recitation by Master T. Dey was good, as was also the several ...ings, which were of a humor... ...

Trial of the Steam Fire Engine.—The steam fire engine, lately purchased by several of the Chaudiere mill owners, was tested yesterday afternoon at the slides, Hull, in the presence of a number of the inhabitants and the Chief of the Ottawa Fire Brigade. The engine, although of a small size, is of good power, and sent a heavy steady stream over one hundred and sixty feet. The machinery worked to perfection. The hose is of the improved India rubber manufacture and is mounted on two large reels. The security to property holders in Hull, in thus having so valuable an extinguisher of fire, is worth having at double the cost of the steamer.

Ottawa Ward.—By reference to another column it will be seen that Messrs. Guerard and Guertin announce their retirement from the contest for election as Aldermen for Ottawa Ward, thus leaving the field clear for Messrs. Taillon and Martineau, and putting their election almost beyond question; and we have no doubt that the ratepayers will have reason to be satisfied with their conduct in the Council, for whatever may be Ald Martineau's faults, we believe that whatever he did at the Council Board was from pure motives, and with the sincere conviction that it would be to the benefit of the Ward.

Anniversary Soiree.—Last night the Congregation of the Methodist Episcopal Church, York street, held their annual anniversary soiree. At seven o'clock a large number of the Congregation and numerous members of other denominations assembled in the lecture room, where excellent refreshments were liberally served and exceedingly enjoyed. The duty of refreshing the inner man over, adjournment was made to the church upstairs, when the Rev. Mr. Abbs, the pastor of the church, took the chair. Interesting addresses were delivered by Professor Wild, of Belleville; the Rev. Mr. Moore, Bank street Presbyterian Church, and other gentlemen. Superior music was furnished by the choir. The occasion was much enjoyed by those present, and the soiree was in every respect a great success.

Institute Canadien.

The entertainment at the above institution last evening was as all entertainments there almost invariably are, very good, and, notwithstanding the coldness of the night, largely attended. Chevalier Gustave Smith opened the proceedings with a fine performance on the piano, which called fourth loud applause.

Mrs. Gelinas sang two songs in splendid ... a loud ... Mr. Drapeau entertained the ... with a lengthy and interesting lecture on "Charity and our Institutions." He traced up his subject in a clear and able manner from the earlier days, when charitable institutions were in their infancy, gave a narration of the advent of Charitable missionaries to Canada, and the organization by them of charitable societies and institutions, and finished by referring generally to the numerous institutions of that nature in Ottawa, whose usefulness could scarcely be estimated, and gave great praise to those who labored in connection with them, regardless of creed or nationality. Throughout the lecture was listened to with great attention, the lecturer being frequently interrupted with applause. Some further vocal and instrumental music exhausted the programme.

Next Wednesday an entertainment of a considerably attractive nature will be given. A dramatic performance will, we understand, comprise part of it.

MASONIC.

Masonic Installations.—Tuesday being the festival of St. John the Evangelist, the following Lodges installed their officers for the ensuing year.

At 10 o'clock a.m, the Civil Service Lodge met; R W Brother E C Barber, D D G M, acting as installing officer:

W B A J Cambie, W M
" E P Remon, P M
Bro H J Morgan, S W
" E B Crombie, J W
Rev C P Bliss, Chaplain
Bro J W Harper, Treasurer
" J Walsh, Secretary
" J Adamson, S D
" W R Wright, J D
" B Chamberlin, M of C
" H R Fripp, Organist
" W A Allan, T G
W Bro E C Hayden, C of G P
Bro N W McLean, } Stewards.
" P St. Hill }
" G McMicken }
" J Sweetman, Tyler

Doric Lodge,
No. 58, G R C. Installing officer, R W B Barber.
Wor Bro T Birkett, W M
" J Sweetland (MD) I P M
Bro A Rowe, S W
" W H Baldwin, J W
Rev Bro C B Pettit, Chaplain
Bro Jno Graham, Treasurer
" D P Williams, Secretary
" Jno Webster, S D
" Wm Kerr, J D
" J S Nicholson, I G
" Jno McCarthy, Tyler.
" J J Smyth } Stewards
" R W Stephen }
" Jas Harris, D of C
Bro's Meadows, Pratt, Champness, Levins and Somerville, Permanent Committee.

Corinthian Lodge, No. 59, G R C.
W Bro Dr Logan, W M
Bro J L Orme, S W
" N Sparks, J W
" Thos Patterson, Treasurer
" P S Stiff, Secretary
" Thos Lumbkin, S D
" W C Lindsay, J D
" J Boyden } Stewards
" Wm Gardiner }
" A W Lang, J G
" J Sweetman, Tyler.

WALTHAM WALTHAM

THE AMERICAN WATCH

The public of the United States and Canada have now had over ten years experience of WALTHAM WATCHES, and they are now everywhere acknowledged to be the ONLY RELIABLE TIME-KEEPERS!

Almost all other watches are sold under false pretences; not one in a hundred bears the name of the real maker; the public have absolutely no security, and have, therefore, been constantly imposed upon. On the contrary, every buyer of a Waltham Watch gets a guarantee of the company, and no matter from whom he buys it, has positive security that he is getting a TIME KEEPER.

It must be admitted that the apparent interest of watchmakers lies in selling other watches, of which they can make larger profits: but men of enterprise in the trade prefer an article of large and ready sale, and which leaves no bad stock. It is "small profits and quick returns."

These watches can be had in several grades (all guaranteed) the silver cases are made from coin silver, and from 2 to 6 ounces in weight. The gold cases are made in 18 carat gold, and from 3.4 to 4 ounces in weight; the size for ladies are richly engraved or enamelled. For the quality, both in gold and silver, are the

CHEAPEST WATCHES IN THE WORLD

These watches can be ordered of any reliable watchmaker or jeweller in the Dominion; but the guarantee of the Company should be invariably required. The Company in all cases pay the Government duty, which makes the Canadian consumer a privileged purchaser.

ROBERT WILKES,
Sole Wholesale Agent for the Dominion of Canada
Toronto—48 and 50 Yonge Street.
Montreal—445 St. Paul Street
1397 3

Wants.

WANTED,

A thorough Servant man, who understands the care of Horses, and a good Driver. Apply at this Office.

JOHN McDONALD,
Aylmer
Aylmer, Dec 28, 1870. 1550 4

BOARD WANTED,

For a Single Gentleman. Address C., Times Office, stating terms.
Ottawa, December 20, 1870. 1544tf

WANTED.

A School Teacher, with second Class Certificate, for School Section No. 11, Nepean.
Apply to JAS LESLIE, Secretary, Nepean
143

SCHOOL TEACHER wanted for School Section No. 11, Gloucester.
Gloucester, Dec 22, 1870 1547a

TEACHER WANTED.

Wanted for School Section No. 3, in the Township of Nepean, a Teacher having a First-class Certificate, to enter on his duties on the 3rd January, 1871.

Application to be made to any of the undermentioned Trustees.

EDWARD WATSON,
WILLIAM GRAHAM,
N G ROBINSON.
Nepean, Dec. 17, 1870 1547 4

WANTED,

For the ROMAN CATHOLIC Separate Schools of this City, two Male English Teachers holding 1st Class Certificates.

Application to be made to the undersigned, on or before the 15th inst.

WM. FINLEY,
Chairman Board of R. C. S. S. Trustees.
Ottawa, Dec 6, 1870 153tf

ST. JAMES' HOTEL,

METCALFE AND QUEEN STREETS,

F. EVANS, Proprietor.

Good accommodation for the travelling public. First-Class Wines and Liquors. Good Stabling.

Ottawa, Dec 8, 1870 1526tf

TO THE ELECTORS OF VICTORIA WARD.

Gentlemen,—I have been asked by a large number of the influential Electors of Victoria Ward to allow myself "to be put in nomination as one of the School Trustees for said Ward, during the ensuing term."

To refuse to comply with their request in the absence of any reasonable plea for such refusal, or to neglect to do my duty to the best of my ability, if elected to a position on the Board by the unsought votes of my friends, would be to show myself altogether unworthy of their confidence.

I therefore accede to their wishes, and if elected as one of your representatives, my best efforts, in the interests of the Public Schools of the city, shall be at your disposal.

I have the honor to be,
Gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
ERSKINE H. BRONSON.
Chaudiere, 25th Dec., 1870. 1459tf.

HAY FOR SALE.

The Subscriber having sold his Farm and Stock, now offers a large quantity of good Hay at reasonable rates.

THOS TESKEY.
Appleton, Ramsay, Dec. 20, 1870. 1w 1m

ST. PATRICK'S ORPHAN ASYLUM

The Annual Meeting of the Members and Friends of the ST PATRICK'S ORPHAN ASYLUM of Ottawa, will be held on THURSDAY Evening next, at Seven o'clock, p.m., at the ASYLUM on Church Street, to receive the Report of the affairs of the Institution for the past year, and to elect the Members of the Council for the ensuing year.

MARTIN BATTLE,
Secretary.
Ottawa, Dec. 28, 1870. 1550 2

NOTICE.

The gentleman who found a small parcel containing part of a Ladies Evening Dress, near the Quebec Bank, yesterday, (Tuesday) will be suitably rewarded on leaving it at the Office of W R THISTLE & Co., Centre Town.

Ottawa, Dec 28, 1870 1550 3

LAND OF CAKES.

BUY
your Cakes,
Confectionery
Plum cakes, Fruit
Cakes, Citron cakes, Lemon Sultan, Seed, Pound cakes,
Sponge and other large cakes, Iced
and ornamented at D. Morrison's, 38 Rideau Street, where you will find the largest and best assortment of small cakes, and confectionary
in the city,
fancy boxes, Horns,
of plenty, pure Sugar toys and Figures,
of home and foreign manufacture. D. Morrison
is now prepared to furnish Socials, Soirees, Tea meetings and other parties in the best style, having had ten years experience in Montreal he feels confident of giving satisfaction to all who favor him with their orders. Please to remember the name and place, D Morrison, Biscuit manufacturer, Pastry Baker, Wholesale and Retail Confectioner, 38 Rideau street, and 45 York Street.

Ottawa, Dec. 28, 1870. 1550tf

CARD.

The Subscriber begs to return thanks to his Customers and the pubblic generally, for the Liberal Support extended to him for the last nine years,—and by Strict Attention to his business hopes to secure their Patronage in future. He would also remind them that he has always on hand

FRESH MEAT,
PORK,
HAM,
And all the FOWLS of the Season.

JOHN KENNEDY.
Ottawa, Dec. 22, 1870. 1546

CARD.

The Subscriber in returning thanks for the Liberal Support extended to him since his Start, begs to inform his many Customers and the public generally, that he has always on hand a large supply of the following articles.

BACON, Rolled and Spiced.
HAMS, Sugar Cured,
SAUSAGES of all kinds, and all other articles in the trade.

HERMAN THORBAHN
STALL No. 10,
Ottawa, Dec. 21, 1870. 1546 9

ENGLISH BUNN HOUSE,
37 Sussex Street.

C. BARTLET begs to remind the public that he will commence the Muffin Season this Day. All orders sent to any part of the city. He also begs to remind the public that he is buying in a large stock of Confectionery Ornaments for Christmas, from England, from the best houses in the line in London. Rich Bon Bons, of every variety, Fancy Boxes, Cake Ornaments, a Number of shell Boxes, from Brighton, England. Also, a great variety of other goods fit for Christmas and New Year's Presents, too numerous to insert in this advertisement. He therefore begs an early call, and inspect for yourselves, as he is certain he will have the largest and best assortment in the trade. Also, a very large assortment of rich Cakes, ornamented and plain. Fruit, Citron, Seed, Genoa, Madera, Pound Cakes, Macroons, Sponge, Lady's Fingers. All kinds of Jellies. A large assortment of preserves in pots to suit customers. Sweets of every kind in great variety. An immense stock of Fancy Hearts. Wholesale and Retail.

N.B.—Tea and Coffee, Hot at all hours of the day. Refreshments of every kind always on hand. Oyster Parties and Oysters Cooked in any style on the shortest notice.

Ottawa, Dec 22. 1545d

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY
OF
CANADA.

Special attention is directed to this Company's announcement, in regard to the

RUNNING OF TRAINS
FOR THE ENSUING SEASON.

In addition to the Fast Time which it is intended to make between the

EAST AND WEST,

With close connections at all points. The line will be equipped with handsome

NEW FIRST-CLASS CARS,

Unsurpassed on the continent.

TRAINS WILL RUN BETWEEN
Portland and Montreal in 13 Hours.
Montreal and Toronto in 13 Hours.
Stopping only at the most important Stations.

As fast as completed,
PULMAN'S
PALACE SLEEPING CARS

Will be run on the Through Trains and the service will be performed over the entire line in a manner equal to that of any railway on this continent. Special arrangements have been made to accommodate the pleasure travel.

For further particulars see advertisements and time tables.

C J BRYDGES,
Managing Director
June 3 1870. 1437tf

THOMAS ISAAC,

DEALER IN

Shelf and Heavy Hardware

HENEY'S STONE BUILDING,

Wellington Street, Upper Town, Ottawa
Cooking and Fancy Stoves
Coal, Steel, Iron, Rope,
Twine, Glass, Oil,
Putty, &c.
Always on Hand.
Ottawa December 30, 1869. 1230.t

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

Ex. Ships COGNAC, NEREO, UNION and CITY of QUEBEC, from the different places of Growth.

It is now AN ESTABLISHED FACT

If you want any First-Class BRANDIES or WINES and the best Family Groceries, you must go to

Thos. Patterson,

No. 26 Rideau Street

The following Goods in Stock and for Sale:

BRANDIES.—Pure and unadulterated, good for any use, always on hand in Wood or Bottle.

PORT WINE—Pure and reliable (20 years old) for Medicinal purposes and the only House in the City that imports such WINES direct to order.

SHERRY WINES—Various grades, very, very Pale, (delicious favour) Splendid Wines at a price to defy competition.

GIN—John De Kuyper & Son's Double-Berried, First Class.

SCOTCH WHISKEY—Old and Mill, (full strength.)

RUM,
OLD RYE,
FAMILY PROOF,
AND
HIGHWINES,
of the best kind.

PORTER AND ALES.—Guiness's Dublin and Dawe's, Lachine, in splendid order

COFFEE. — Delicious Flavour. Fresh Roasted and Ground Daily.

TEAS.—The best qualities of Black, Japan, and Green, new crop and fragant.

SUGARS and SYRUPS of all kinds.

CHEESE—Fine old (Reesors and Factory) the best.

PICKLES and SAUCES, Jams and Jellies from Crosse and Blackwells, in great variety.

FRUITS.—The finest table and cooking raisins that can be had, large fresh and rich flavored.

CURRANTS—Quite fresh and Candied Peels.

SPERM CANDLES and fancy perfumed soaps, the greatest variety in the city, and made to order by Field of London, England. There is an endless variety of these fine goods worthy of SPECIAL ATTENTION FOR FAMILIES, being of the finest qualities at moderate prices. Everybody should know that to use good goods saves money. TRY THEM.

Ottawa, December 5, 1870

T HUNTON SHOOLBRED & Co
47. SPARKS ST. 49.

Will receive this week "per Express,' from LONDON, England,

2 CASES OF MILLINERY,

Containing the Very Latest Styles in

Bonnets, Hats,

and some very Choice things in

Flowers, Feathers and Trimmings,

Per S. S. "MORAVIAN,'

1 Case Extra Cloths, in the new

Satin Cloths,

Trimming to match all our Fashionable

Dress Goods.
—ALSO—
1 Case of Newest
Mantle Cloths.

The "OLIVE GREEN" appears still prove the most fashionable, and of the above we are in receipt of ten piece

"New Seal and plucked Otter Skins hand."

Fancy Wove Goods still arriving.

Clouds, Breakfast Shawls, Ties &c.,
in endless Variety.

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO
47 and 49 Sparks Street.
Ottawa, Dec 1, 1870

OTTAWA MARBLE WORKS,
—AND—
DRAIN-PIPE DEPOT,
RIDEAU STREET,
ESTABLISHED 1860.

WM. M. SOMERVILLE, Successor to W. McFARLANE

Mantles—Of all designs in Italian and American Marble and Marbelized Slate, Grates Feeders and Hearths.

Monuments and Headstones of Scottish Granite Marble and Sandstone, Vases and Railings for residences and Grave Lots, Root Cresting, Door Guards, Window Gratings Sweep-hole Doors Pipe Rings, and every description of Builders Castings.

Chimney Cans, Drain Pipes, Vent Linings, Flower Vases, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, &c, &c Masons Mallets, Agency of Patent Needle Lubricator.

I G SOMERVILLE,
Travelling Agent.

HOLIDAY GOODS AND GIFTS,

ORNAMENTAL AND USEFUL,
—AT THE—
VARIETY HALL,

Children's Toy Tea Sets Valeck China Ornaments, (entirely new on this Continent); Parian Statuary, from the best makers); Bohemian Glassware of every description, China Ornaments and Vases, Magolica Water Pitchers and Ornaments, Table Glassware of every quality, Wood and Tin Toys, Sleighs Misses Tea Sets, and Rocking Horses, 1,000 Snow Shovels for Children. Willow Chairs and Book Tables, Children's Chairs in Variety, Breakfast Sets Dinner Sets and Tea Sets of every description and in fact every description of goods for ornamental or useful purposes at the

VARIETY HALL,
34 Sussex Street.
Ottawa, Dec. 22, 1870 1546tf

GEO. MAYES,

Copper Plate Printer,

Bank Street, near Sparks,
CENTRE TOWN.

Visiting Cards on the shortest notice.

Ottawa, December 20, 1870. 1544 1y

FROM THIS DAY FORTH I change the prices of all my Wood, that is to say, best Hard Wood $4 75, Sawn $5,00; Second best Hard Wood, 4 25 Sawn $4 50,

My Saw Mill is now in constant operation and ready, and will cut promptly in obedience to al orders.

JOHN HENEY.
Oattwa, Dec, 5. 153..t

STALL No. 1.

JOHN TERRANCE in returning thanks to his customers for their literal patronage to him for the past 8 years, wishes it understood that he has ... the X'mas Holiday an assortment of the best ... MUTTON, and all the FOWLS of the season, which he warrants the best in the market, and as cheap as the cheapest.

Ottawa, Dec 23, 1870 1546 6

TOYS!
TOYS!
TOYS!

FANCY GOODS
—FOR THE—
MILLION.

GO TO

H. H. PALMER'S,

AND INSPECT HIS

STOCK OF JEWELLERY
—AND—
FANCY GOODS.

A very fine assortment of

LADIES CARD CASES,

RING AND JEWEL BOXES.

REMEMBER THE OLD STAND

No. 7

AND AT THE

NEW STORE,

No. 29 SUSSEX-ST.

NEXT DOOR TO

J. B. BUSS & Co.

OTTAWA, December 22, 1870. 1546y

BIVALVULAR!

It was a maxim of Euripides either to keep silence or to speak something better than silence. Whether this maxim is worthy of imitation or not must be decided by a

DISCRIMINATING PUBLIC.

There is, however, one important truth which demands a word, and that is, *there is no one article of food more universally palatable than the*

OYSTER,

And yet, even in the present day, very few really know what a good OYSTER is, or where the best can be obtained. The best JUDGES affirm that in no other place in the City can as good an article be found, as at the

American Oyster

COMPANY'S DEPOT,

27 SUSSEX-ST.

In view of this indisputable fact

J. B. BUSS & Co.,

Who has been connected with the business for the last 15 years are determined that everybody shall understand where the luxury may be found. To every lover of the BIVALVE they would say

BUY NONE BUT

J. B. BUSS & Co's

OYSTERS.

They are put up in the neatest possible manner, and delivered to any part of the city, and furnished either in

CANS,
KEGS,
BULK,
Or in the
SHELL,

By leaving your orders at

27 SUSSEX-ST.,

You will be sure to get the best OYSTERS in the City.

J. B. BUSS & Co.
OTTAWA, Dec. 22, 1870. 1546y

Dry Goods.

NEW GOODS
—FOR THE—
HOLIDAYS!

PATTERSON & BRYSON,

53 SPARKS STREET,

Have just received a new assortment of FANCY GOODS for the approaching

HOLIDAYS.

In FANCY WOOLEN GOODS of all descriptions we are making a very large Show.

We have secured a quantity of JOUVINS celebrated Gold Medal KID GLOVES, which we sell at FIFTY CENTS.

In going through our stock we have cleared a lot of Remnants of FLANNELS WINCIES, CLOTHS, etc., which we have markd at prices that will clear them out at once.

Call and secure a Bargain.

We call the attention of Gentlemen to our New SURPRISE COLLAR, (the best make) one prize in every Cartoon.

For sale during the Holidays.

Remember the Place,

PATTERSON & BRYSON.
Opposite BATE & Co.
Ottawa, Dec. 20, 1870.

TWENTY DOZEN

CANADIAN CLOUDS

JUST RECEIVED,

Large Size and very Heavy, just the thing for a

NEW YEAR'S GIFT.
—ALSO—

One Case AMERICAN CANTON FLANNEL, at reduced prices.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.
WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

CANADA

GREY COTTONS,

Dundas Manufacture,

ALL NUMBERS.

We have again much pleasure to inform our regular customers (for the above justly celebrated GOODS), and the public generally that the

FIRST FIVE BALES

Of a monthly supply, have just arrived and are now for SALE at our RETAIL STORE, SPARKS STREET, by the YARD or PIECE, at a small advance on MILL PRICES.

For Bleaching purposes and for wear they are without their epual in the Dominion.

Wholesale at mill prices.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.
Ottawa, Dec. 22, 1870.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

14 RIDEAU STREET,

Have now received a full supply of

NEW FALL GOODS

IN ALL

DEPARTMENTS.

Ottawa, September 26, 1870

WHOLESALE.

GREY BLANKETS, Cornwall,
" " English.
GRAIN BAGS, Cotton and Linen.
LUMBERMEN SUPPLIED
AT
MAGEE & RUSSELL,
Elgin Street,
Opposite Russel House.
Ottawa, December 17 1870. 1542tf

THE TEA POT,

RIDEAU STREET.

Ticket for New Year!

3 lbs. Raisins for - - -	1s. 3d.
3 " New Figs for - - -	1s. 3d.
3 " Currants for - - -	1s. 3d.
1 Bottle Pure Old Rye for -	1s. 3d.
1 Bottle Family Proof for - -	1s. 3d.
1 Bottle Scotch Whiskey for -	1s. 3d.
1 Bottle Pure Elderberry Wine for	1s. 3d.

(*OWN IMPORTATION, FROM ENGLAND, WARRANTED GENUINE.*)

The above articles will be sold at these prices during the Holiday Season.

All goods delivered free (within the limits of the city) by our own waggons, and every attention will be paid to proper packing and delivery.

JOHN HILL,
"THE TEA POT,' RIDEAU STREET.

1870 'XMAS & NEW YEAR 1871

The Subscriber has just received an assortment of

Bohemian Vases,
Toilet Bottles
and Sets.
—ALSO—
Lubin's and Violet's
Perfumery,
Mirrors
AND FINE
Toilet Articles.

ALEX. CHRISTIE,
Druggist,
40 Sparks-st.
Ottawa, Dec. 22, 1870. 1546y

FOR CHRISTMAS PRESENTS
—AND—
NEW YEAR'S GIFTS.

A great Variety of TOYS, ALBUMS, LADIES COMPANIONS, WRITING DESKS, JEWELLERY, JUVENILE BOOKS, and other Fancy Goods, at

HAUSER'S NEW STORE,
Rideau Street,
Ottawa, Dec 14, 1870 1539y

TWO OR THREE GENTLEMAN be accommodated with

ROOMS, WITH OR WITHOUT BOARD.

Apply at MR. ROWSELL'S, Opposite the Union Hotel, Centre Town.

Ottawa, July 5, 1870. 1466 t

LIFE ASSOCIATION OF SCOTLAND.

Invested Funds Upwards of $1,300,000 Sterling.

HEAD OFFICE FOR CANADA,
MONTREAL.

This institution differs from other Life Offices in that the Bonus from Profits are applied on a special system for the Policy Holders.

Personal Benefit and Enjoyment during his own Lifetime, with the option of large Bonus additions to the sum assured. The Policy Holder thus obtains

A LARGE REDUCTION OF PRESENT OUTLAY

OR A PROVISION FOR OLD AGE,

of a most important amount in the one Cash payment, or a life annuity, without any expense or outlay whatever beyond the ordinary assurance premium for the original sum assured, which remains intact for the Policy Holder's heirs, or other purposes.

P WARDLAW, Secretary.

Agents—Messrs J T & W PENNOCK Ottawa.
December 15, 1870. 1541 3m

THE METROPOLITAN

Building and Savings Society.

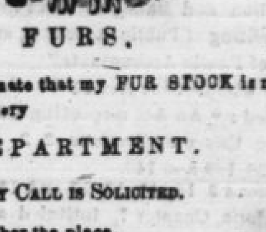
MONEY TO LOAN.

The above society having commenced operations on the 1st October last, have opened an office in Bang's Block, Elgin Street, Ottawa, and are now prepared to loan money on city or other property, at the lowest rates, repayable by monthly instalments, or otherwise, to suit borrowers.

Apply to JAMES COX,
Secretary-Treasurer.
Ottawa, 13th December, 1870. 1540tlJ71

JAMES PEACOCK,

FURS,



FURS, FURS,

FURS.

I beg to intimate that my FUR STOCK is now complete in every

DEPARTMENT.

An Early Call is Solicited.

Remember the place,

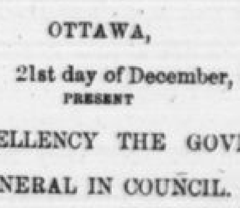
33 Rideau Street.

OPPOSITE OLD STAND.

FOR SALE, OR EXCHANGE

For Property in Montreal improved or unimproved the new Mansard Roof Stone House situated in Victoria Crescent, having all the modern conveniences of heat, water and gas good out building, on an ample Lot, and enjoying the finest river view in Ottawa. For further particulars apply to W. C. SMILLIE, on the premises, or at the Office of the BRITISH AMERICAN BANK NOTE COMPANY, Wellington Street.

Ottawa Dec. 3, 1870 1530 1m



GOVERNMENT HOUSE,

OTTAWA,

21st day of December, 1870.

PRESENT

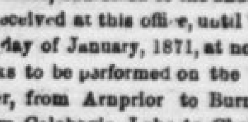
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs, and under and in virtue of the 8th Section of the Act 31st, Victoria, Chapter 6, intituled "An Act respecting the Customs."

His Excellency has been pleased to Order and it is hereby Ordered, that on from and after the first day of January next, the Village of Lambton, in the County of Lambton and Province of Ontario shall be and the same is hereby declared to be an Out Port of Entry, under the Survey of the Port of Wallaceburg.

And it is further Ordered that the Out Port of Baby Point, now under the survey of the said Port of Wallaceburg, shall from and after the last mentioned date be, and the same is hereby abolished.

WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Privy Council,
Canada.
Ottawa, Dec. 26, 1870. 1549 3



NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned will be received at this office, until Thursday the 5th day of January, 1871, at noon, for certain works to be performed on the Madawaska River, from Arnprior to Burnstown and also from Calabogie Lake to Chain Rapids.

Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of the Superintendent of the Ottawa River Works, where printed forms of tender and other information can also be obtained.

Separate tenders for each work to be made endorsed respectively "Tender for Works from Arnprior to Burnstown," and "Tender for Works from Calabogie Lake to Chain Rapids."

The signatures of two solvent and responsible persons, willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract, must be attached to each tender.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,

F BRAUN,
Secretary,
Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 24th Dec., 1870 1548 3

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS!

WOODS AND FORESTS BRANCH,)

Toronto, 2nd December, 1870.

Notice is hereby given, that an Order in Council was this day made, directing that a tariff of $100 per thousand cubic feet on Square Timber, and $1 00 per standard Saw Log of 200 feet Board measure, be imposed on any White or Red Pine Timber hereafter found to have been cut or manufactured in trespass or an unlicensed, unsold or unlocated lands of the Crown, without prejudice to the right to confiscate:

THOS. H. JOHNSON,
Asst-Commissioner.
1848 6

CANADA PACIFIC
RAILWAY.

Application will be made to Parliament, at its next Session, for the Incorporation of a Company to construct a Railway through British North America, connectin with the present Railway system of Canada, and thence to proceed to the North of Lake Superior and through the North West Territory to the Yellow or Leathe Head Pass of the Rocky Mountains, there to connect with the projected Railway through British Columbia to the Pacific,—with such powers and privileges as may be necessary to carry the same into operation.

ALFRED WADDINGTON.
Ottawa, Oct 21, 1870 1493 2m

BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA.

Incorporated by Royal Charter.

The Court of Directors hereby give notice that a half yearly dividend at the rate of six per cent per annum on the Capital of the Bank, will be payable on the 5th day of January 1871, to the proprietors of shares registered in the Colonies. The dividend is declared in sterling money, and will be payable at the rate of exchange current on the 5th day of January 1871, to be fixed by the Local Board.

No transfer can be made between the 24th inst., and the 5th prox as the books must be closed during that period.

By order of the Court.
R. W. BRADFORD,
Secretary.
No. 124 Bishopsgate Street Within, } London, E. C., Dec. 6th, 1870. } 1547-4J5

THE OTTAWA TIMES.

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails

1870. FALL ARRANGEMENT. 1870.

Mails	Close A.M.	Close A.M.	Close P.M.	Delivered A.M.	Delivered A.M.	Delivered P.M.
Eastern, by Train; Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	11.15		8.30	9.00		4.00
Montreal, by Steamer	6.00					
Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B., by St. L. & O. Railway	11.15			9.00		4.00
Western, by Train; Toronto, Hamilton, London, Kingston, Western, U.S., and all places west of Prescott	8.30		3.30	9.00		7.15
Fort Garry and other places in the Province of Manitoba to be despatched in closed mail from Windsor, Ontario, daily, via St. Paul's, Minnesota. Ordinary Dominion rates of postage	8.30		3.30			
United States, by St. L. & O. Railway; Ogdensburg, New York, Boston, &c	1.15		8.30	9.00		7.15
Lower Ottawa, by Steamer; Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville, &c	6.00			9.00		4.00
Upper Ottawa, by Steamer; Onslow, Arnprior, Sand Point, Renfrew, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c	5.00					6.30
Upper Ottawa, by Stage; Pakenham, March, Huntley, Carp, &c			12.15	8.0		6.00
Aylmer, by Stage; Hull, Clarendon, Bristol, &c	5.00	11.00	4.00	8.0	11.00	
Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Burritt's Rapids by St. L. & O. Railway	7.30	11.15				4.00
North Gower, Kars, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	11.15					
Osgoode, Russell, and Line of St. L. & O. Railway	8.30			9.00		
For Brockville, Perth Smith's Falls, Appleton and Carleton Place, per Canada Central Railway	8.30		4.30	9.00		1.30
For Sand Point and places on the Brockville and Ottawa Railway, North of Carleton Junction, and places on C. C. Railway	8.30					1.30
Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate offices, daily; Aylwin, Kazabazua, Low, River Desert, Six Portages, Wright, close Tuesdays and Fridays; arrive Tuesdays and Fridays	6.00					5.00
Templeton. Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays			12.30		11.30	

Matter posted up to 9.3 p.m. will be forwarded East and West in supplementary package the same night.

The Western Mail arriving at 7 p. m. will be delivered the same evening.

BRITISH MAILS.

Per Cunard Line, close every Tuesday at 10.45 a. m.

Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 10.30 a. m.

A supplementary bag for Canadian steamer will be closed at 11.30, in which all paid unregistered matter will be sent.

MONEY ORDERS

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on special deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

POST OFFICE, Ottawa, 21st Nov., 1870.

CURRENT GOSSIP.

Pere Hyacinthe, the celebrated French ecclesiastic, has recently been visiting the Rev Professor Jewett, Master of Balliol College, Oxford, and made a stay of some days at the master's lodgings.

The Germain Fair in Philadelphia will have a representation of the battle of Sedan, comprising upwards of 5,300 moving figures.

Lady Pigott, an English lady very famous as an agriculturist, is now nursing the wounded at Metz. She describes the Prussians as "loud and consequential," the French "pale and haggard," and both weary of war.

There are very few wounded men now in any of the hospitals on the German lines of investment round Paris. A considerable number have suffered from dysentery and typhus fever, but the mortality has been unexpectedly small. Typhus has been treated on the system of bringing down the temperature of the patient by placing him in a cold bath and the result is said to be extremely satisfactory. In the great majority of cases this method has proved successful.

This from the *Fort Scott Telegraph* it good:—"Death. with fleshless knuckles, rapped at the door of Mrs. J. N. B.'s soul, and obedient to the inexorable call, the spirit of that loved woman floated up to its Creator, leaving her beloved husband, children, and friends to mourn over the mortal casket."

The *Pall Mall Gazette* gives some interesting statistics of the Russian and Austrian armies, cavalry, infantry, and artillery. Of the former the number is 618,000 men; of the latter, 600,000 men. The difference is, however, more than made up for Austria by the Austrian landwehr—35,000—and the Hungarian contingent, 70,000. Russia now orders a levy of landwehr, but this plan seems impracticable without time. A war on the Black Sea question would bring Turkey into the field and Russia would then require at least 150,000 troops to oppose the Turks, and 150,000 to keep the Circassians quiet. This would leave only 318,000 to provide for the Polish garrisons, to fight Austria, and resist a possible attack from England on the Baltic coasts.

An English judge who had occasion some time since to examine some deeds of the time of Edward IV., found that an inn, with the name of "The Black Boy," then existed at Chelmsford, in Essex, England, and stood on the same site as an ancient inn of the same name now extant.

John H. Surratt wears a sandy moustache and a goatee of carrotty color. His face is thin, his cheek bones are high, and his eyes are set well back in their sockets. He is a thin-legged gentleman, and reads like a school boy. He drops the final g's of all the present participles.

A Western engineer has invented a hot-water pump to squirt deaf men off the track.

HEALTH IS STRENGTH.—To prevent or conquer disease is one of the grandest attainments ever aimed at by man; and Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers will as sure cure coughs, colds, tickling in the throat and pulmonary complaints, as war and pestilence will destroy. Severe colds if not attended to sooner or later lead to incurable consumption, and the strength of the strongest soon falls if neglected. The readiest and best means known for the cure of these complaints is "Byran's Pulmonic Wafers," which have been thoroughly tried for the last twenty years, and have never been known to fail. Singers and public speakers will also derive great benefit from the use of them. Sold by all medicine dealers, at 25cts. per box.

THE ŒCUMENICAL COUNCIL, lately called at Rome is an instance of the solicitude of the Catholic Church for the welfare and prosperity of her Communicants. Large assemblies of this nature containing representatives from all parts of the world should be of some benefit to our race. We hope this opinion will be as harmonious and unanimous as the verdict in favor of the Great Shoshonees Remedy, for diseases of the lungs, blood, stomach, liver, &c. For sale by all druggists.

A "COUGH," "COLD," OR IRRITATED THROAT, allowed to progress, results in serious pulmonary and Bronchial affections, oftentimes incurable.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES

Reach DIRECTLY the affected parts, and give a most instant relief. In BRONCHITIS, ASTHMA, and CATARRH they are beneficial. Obtain only the genuine BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES which have *proved* their efficacy by test of many years. Among testimonials attesting their efficacy are letters from—

E. H. Chapin, D. D. New York,
Henry Ward Beecher, Brooklyn, N. Y.,
N. P. Willis, New York,
Hon. C. A. Phelps, Pres. Mass. Senate,
Dr. G. F. Bigelow, Boston,
Prof. Edward North, Clinton, N. Y.,
Surgeons in the Army, and others of eminence

Sold everywhere at 25 cents per box.

"TROCHES," so called, sold by the ounce, are a poor imitation and nothing like BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES, which are sold only in boxes with a fac-simile of the proprietors,

JOHN I. BROWN & SON,

This care in putting up the Troches is important as a security to the purchaser in order to be sure of obtaining the genuine Brown bronchial Troches.

THE FLORENCE NIGHTINGALE OF THE NURSERY—The following is an extract from a letter written by the Rev. C. Z. Weiser, to the "German Reformed Messenger, at Chambersburg, Penn.:

A BENEFACTRESS.

Just open the door for her, and Mrs. WINSLOW will prove the American Florence Nightingale of the Nursery. Of this we are sure, that we will teach our "SUSY" to say, "A BLESSING ON MRS. WINSLOW," for helping her to survive and escape the griping, colicking and teething siege. We confirm every word set forth in the PROSPECTUS. It performs precisely what it professes to perform, every part of it—nothing less. Away with your "Cordial," "Paregoric," "Drops," "Laudanum," and every other "narcotic," by which the babe is drugged into stupidity, and rendered dull and idiotic for life.

We have never seen Mrs. Winslow—know her only through the preparation of her "Soothing Syrup for Children Teething." If we had the power, we would make her, as she is, a physical Saviour to the Infant Race. 25 cents per bottle sold by all druggists.

Be sure and call for

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP.

Having the fac-simile of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

BONUS YEAR.

SPECIAL INTIMATION.

LIFE ASSOCIATION OF SCOTLAND.

FOUNDED 1838.

ANNUAL REVENUE, - £ 257,683 Stg.

FUNDS in hand and invested, 1,357,386 "

The BOOKS and ACCOUNTS have been for many years subjected (not yearly only, or at any other interval, but) to a continuous AUDIT—apart from the Directors and other officials—by a Professional Accountant, of high standing and experience. In the VALUATIONS also which are made on approved Tables of Mortality, the net Assurance Premiums only are taken into account. Thus by constant independent checks and rigid tests, the utmost precaution is adopted to secure the prudent conduct and permanent stability of the Institution It has always maintained a high position among the Assurance Offices of the Kingdom, and has already paid SUMS ASSURED and BONUSES to the amount of

$8,159,044.00

The amount paid last year alone having been upwards of

$601,763,00

The FUNDS remaining in hand and invested are upwards of

$6,605,945.00.

The List of Policy-holders in Class B. for 1870 will be closed as at

5TH DECEMBER.

Previous Entrants will be entitled to a

WHOLE YEAR'S BONUS

More than later Entrant will receive.

The PROFITS are allocated on a principle which gives LARGER BONUSES than ANY OTHER SYSTEM.

P WARDLAW, Secretary.

Agents or Ottawa, J T & Pennock.

November 8, 1870 &c.D5

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,

OTTAWA,

Friday, the 18th day of Nov., 1870.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

Whereas by the Act 33 Victoria, Chapter 3, Section 23, intituled: "An Act to amend and continue the Act 32 and 33 Victoria, Chapter 3, and to establish and provide for the Government of the Province of Manitoba, it is provided that such provisions of the Customs Laws of Canada (other than such as prescribe the rate of duties payable) as may be from time to time declared by the Governor General in Council, to apply to the Province of Manitoba, shall be applicable thereto and in force therein accordingly.

His Excellency in Council on the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs, and under the authority aforesaid has been pleased to Order and it is hereby Ordered, that the following provisions of the Customs Laws of Canada, being the Acts or parts of Acts of the Parliament of Canada hereinafter mentioned be, and the same are hereby declared to apply to the said Province of Manitoba that is to say

Sections 1 to 14 inclusive, and also Sections 37 to 50 inclusive, of the Act 31 Victoria Chapter 5, intituled: "An Act respecting the Collection and Management of the Revenue the Auditing of Public Accounts, and the liability of Public Accountants."

The whole of the Act 31 Victoria, Chapter intituled: "An Act respecting Customs," excepting thereout, Sections 2, 3, 4, 5, 19, 20 101, 138, 139 and 140.

Sections 8, 10, 11, 13, 17 and 18 of the Act 31 Victoria, Chapter 7, intituled an Act respecting Duties of Customs, with the Tariff of Duties payable under it."

Sections 10 and 13 of the Act 31 Victoria Chapter 44, intituled: "An Act to amend the Act of the present Session, intituled: "An Act imposing Duties of Customs, with the Tariff of Duties payable under it." And

The whole of the Act 33 Victoria, Chapter 9, intituled: "An Act to explain and amend the Act respecting the Collecting and Management of the Revenue, the Auditing of Public Accounts, and the liability of Public Accountants."

WM. H. LEE, Clerk Privy Council, Canada.

1519 3

Railroads.

THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

The public is respectfully informed that this Company's Trains wait at Prescott Junction the arrival of the Grand Trunk Trains from the West, and

Passengers may rely on Connecting

FOR OTTAWA

By this the

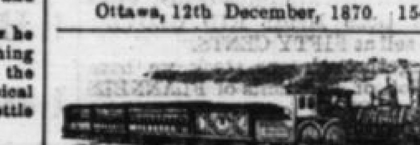
SHORTEST RAILWAY ROUTE TO THE CAPITAL.

Twenty minutes are also allowed at Prescott Junction for Meals.

THOS REYNOLDS, Managing Director.

R LUTTRELL Superintendent

Ottawa, 12th December, 1870. 1540tnm



CANADA CENTRAL AND BROCKVILLE AND OTTAWA RAILWAYS.

ALTERATION OF TRAINS, Commencing DECEMBER 5, 1870.

SLEEPING CARS between TORONTO and Ottawa, going through in 13 HOURS.

On and after MONDAY, Dec. 5, TRAINS will run as follows:

Leave Brockville

EXPRESS, at 4 45 a m. connecting with Grand Trunk express from the West, and arriving at Ottawa, at 8 50 a m.

MAIL TRAIN, at 7 30 a m, arriving at Ottawa at 1.5 p m.

EXPRESS, at 3.30 p m, connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express from the West, and arriving at Ottawa at 7.16 p m

Leave Ottawa.

EXPRESS, at 9 40 a m, arriving at Brockville at 1.40 p m, and connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express going West.

MAIL TRAIN, at 3.45 p m, arriving at Brockville 9 15 p m.

EXPRESS, at 10 30 p m, arriving at Brockville at 2.15 a m, and connecting with Grand Trunk Night Express going West.

Arrive at Sand Point 1.35 and 7.0 p m.

Trains on Canada Central and Perth Branch make certain connections with all trains on B. & O Railway

A Sleeping Car will leave Toronto on Monday, Wednesday and Friday nights, by the Grand Trunk 7 30 p m train, and go through to Ottawa, arriving at 8.30 a m.

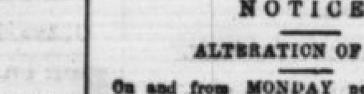
Returning, it will leave Ottawa on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday nights, at 9 40 p m. and go through to Toronto by G. T. Train, arriving at Toronto at 11.30 a m.

Freight forwarded with despatch, as the C. C. and B & O. Railways are the same guage as the Grand Trunk. Car loads go through in Grand Trunk Cars to all points, without transhipment.

Certain connections made with Grand Trunk Trains.

H ABBOTT, Manager

Brockville, Ont., Dec 1, 1870 1530tf



THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

ALTERATION OF TIME.

On and from MONDAY next, the 21st inst., three trains will run daily on this Railway as follows.

Going South Ottawa to Prescott.

MAIL will leave Ottawa at 9 30 a. m, connecting at Prescott, with the Grand Trunk Express, for the West, and with the Ogdensburg Railway, for Boston, New York, &c

MAIL will leave Ottawa at 12 00 noon, connecting with the Grand Trunk Express, for Montreal,

EXPRESS will leave Ottawa at 10 30 p m, connecting with the Grand Trunk Expresses, East and West.

Going North Prescott to Ottawa

MAIL will leave Prescott Junction at 6 a m, connecting with the G. T Expresses East and West, and arriving in Ottawa at 8 30 a m.

MAIL will leave Prescott Junction at 1 25 p m, connecting with the G. T. Express leaving Montreal at 8 a m, and arriving in Ottawa at 3 45 p m.

EXPRESS will leave Prescott Junction at 4 30 p m, connecting with G T. Expresses, East and West, and arriving in Ottawa at 7 p m

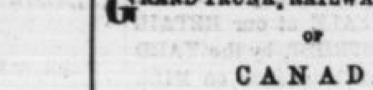
20 minutes allowed at Prescott Junction for refreshments.

Tickets may be obtained on application to any of the Company's Agents, or at any of the Principal Stations of the Grand Trunk Railway.

All trains on this Line are run on Montreal time.

R LUTTRELL, Superintendent. THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director

Ottawa, November 19, 1870.



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY OF CANADA.

IMPROVED SERVICE OF TRAINS FOR THE SUMMER OF 1870.

ACCELERATION OF SPEED.

NEW CARS ON ALL EXPRESS TRAINS.

Portland to Montreal in 13 Hours.
Montreal to Toronto in 13 Hours.

On and after JUNE 13th the new arrangements will be put in force, and trains will leave Montreal as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express or Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points west at	9 00 a m
NIGHT, do do	9 00 p m
Mail Train for Toronto and intermediate Stations	7 00 a m
Accommodation Train for Brockville and intermediate stations	5 00 p m
Trains for Lachine at 6 00 a m, 7 00 a m, 9 15 am, 12 noon, 3 00 p m, 4 00 p m, 5 30 p m, and 6 30 p m. The 3 30 p m Train runs through to Province Line.	

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and intermediate stations at	7 10 a m
Express for Boston, via Vermont Central, at	9 00 a m
Express for New York and Boston, via Vermont Central, at	3 45 p m
Express for New York and Boston, via Plattsburg, Lake Champlain, Burlington and Rutland, at	6 00 a m
Do do do do	4 00 p m
Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham, Portland and Lower Provinces at	1 30 p
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, and the Lower Provinces, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St Hilaire, St Hyacinthe, Upton, Acton, Richmond, Brompton Falls, Sherbrooke, Lennoxville, Compton, Coaticooke and Norton Mills only at	10 10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all night trains Baggage checked through.

The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotta" leave Portland for Halifax, N S, every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, respectively, at 4 00 p m. They have excellent accommodations for passengers and Freight

The International Company's Steamers running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway, leave Portland every Monday and Thursday at 6 00 p m for St John, N B, &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure of all trains at terminal and way stations apply at the Ticket Office, Bonaventure Station, or at No 39, Great St James Street.

C J BRYDGES, Managing Director.

June 3, 1870 1425tf

Insurance.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY of Canada, Head Office, Toronto.

President—The Hon John Hillyard Cameron M P.

Vice President—Lewis Moffatt, Esq.

Other Directors—C J Campbell, Esq, Hon Malcolm Cameron, W T Macdonnell, Esq. A R McMaster, Esq, H S Howland, Esq, Geo Duggan, Esq, A T Fulton, Esq, Angus Morrison, Esq, M P J S Crocker, Esq.

Banker—The Canadian Bank of Commerce.

Agents for Ottawa—Messrs J T & W PENNOCK.

The rates of the PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY are as low as its long experience has shewn to be profitable.

The test of the value of insurance is, however, not when the premiums are being paid, but when losses are being settled, and, from the equity and promptness of its settlements the Provincial Insurance Company is second to none.

Its Inspectors are always sent to adjust every important loss directly it occurs.

It has no adjusted losses due and unpaid.

It respectfully solicits a share of the patronage of the insuring public of Ottawa.

ARTHUR HARVEY, Manager.

1298tf

UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF MAINE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No. 104.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33 The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B

For the Minister of Finance JOHN LANGTON, Auditor.

have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN, Manager.

Ottawa, November 7 1868. 894tf

Government Notices.

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,

OTTAWA, 3rd Nov., 1870

To COLLECTORS OF CUSTOMS.

"SLATE,"—SCHEDULE C.—FREE GOODS.

With reference to item of the Tariff it is held by this Department, that SLATE simply in a quadrangular form, whatever may be its size or thickness is entitled to exemption. If otherwise, especially shapen or if it be polished, or artificially bored, it becomes subject to 15 per cent and 5 per cent duty, as a non-enumerated article

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE, Commissioner of Customs

Ottawa, Nov 14, 1870

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to Parliament for Private Bills, either for granting exclusive privileges, or conferring corporate powers for commercial or other purposes of profit, or for doing an thing tending to affect the rights or property of other parties, are hereby notified that they are required by the 5th and following Rules of the House of Commons (which are published in full in the "Canada Gazette"), to give TWO MONTHS' NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object), in the "Canada Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected, sending copies of the first and last of such notices to the Private Bill Office.

All Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the first three weeks of the Session.

ALFRED TODD, Chf. Clk. Committees and Private Bills, House of Commons.

Ottawa 8th Dec., 1870 1536tf

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 5 st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly, which are published in the "Ontario Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the Session.

CHARLES T GILLMOR, Clerk of the House.

Toronto March 15, 1870 1309 td lawh

GOVERNMENT HOUSE

OTTAWA,

5th day of December, 1870.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Inland Revenue, and under and in virtue of the authority given by the 17th section of the Act 31st Vict, Chapter 8, intituled, "An Act respecting the Inland Revenue." His Excellency in Council has been pleased to Order, and it is hereby Ordered that the following regulations for the manufacture of Methylated Spirits in bond shall be and they are hereby made and established:

REGULATIONS.

1st, The room in which the wood Naphtha is mixed with Spirits shall only be accessible to the proprietor during the actual presence of an officer of Inland Revenue.

2nd. A sample of the wood Naphtha (say about four ounces) shall be sent to the Department from every cask or package used.

3rd Not less than 100 proof gallons of Alcohol shall be mixed at one time, which shall be mixed in an open mixing tun, in the presence of an officer who shall then test and gauge it as to strength and quantity.

4th. With every 100 proof gallons of Alcohol, there shall be mixed at least twelve and a-half gallons of "Wood Naphtha of Commerce," the whole being mixed together.

5th. After the mixing has been thoroughly completed, the strength of the mixture shall be tested, and the quantity gauged by the officer in attendance and duly recorded. The mixture shall then be placed in casks, the casks being branded or marked on the head in legible characters, with the words—

Methylated Spirits,
Date on which it was mixed,
Number of Wine gallons in the Cask.
Strength,
Number of Proof Gallons
Name of the Division.

Initials of the officer under whose inspection the mixture took place.

Number of the entry under which it is warehoused,

6th. A Stock Book must be kept in the Factory, in which Book must be entered:—

(A) The particulars of every package of Alcohol, brought in, stating where manufactured, the strength and quantity; the marks, &c., on the casks and the general number of the Permit, under which it was conveyed to the Manufactory.

(B) The particulars of every quantity mixed &c. of the original packages from which it was taken; the quantity and strength of the "Methylated Spirits" produced from it and the particulars as to marks, numbers, &c., of the Cask in which it is placed.

7th. Every entry in the Stock Book is to be checked by the officer in charge, who must keep an account of each transaction, which account or a duplicate thereof is to be taken to the Inland Revenue office, immediately after each transaction.

8th. So soon as the mixing and Barrelling has been completed, the "Methylated Spirits" shall be removed from the Bonded Manufactory, and duly entered for warehousing as required by the regulations in that behalf.

W. H. LEE, Clerk, Privy Council,

Canada

Bitters and Sauces.

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission from the original recipe of

F. P. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion,

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,

Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F GIANELLI.

LEA & PERRINS'

CELEBRATED

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

Declared by Connoisseurs

TO BE

THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.

CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivalled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,

and to see that their names are upon the wrapper labels, stopper and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed

Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c, &c, and by Grocers and Oilmen universally 52v1336 law

For sale by DRUGGISTS AND GROCERS Here.

TRADE MARK GARDNER MONTREAL

GARDNER'S

QUININE

WINE BITTERS,

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons covering from illness. For sale in quart bottle; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each Good for adults and children—it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardener's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25 Whenever you want the best ask for GARDNER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE. Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

J GARDENER, Chemist, 457 Notre Dame street, Montreal, Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

Commission Merchants.

J. BERMINGHAM, GENERAL AUCTIONEER,

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his Spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit continuance of the support and patronage liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate, that as in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced. He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p. m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 25.

Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hands for sale,

J BERMINGHAM, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, March 1870.

DOMINICK FOX.

GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,

Clarence Street, next to the City Hotel Ottawa.

Solicits the patronage of the Lumber Merchants generally on the Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging men and attending to their rafts while passing here to the best of his ability.

REFERENCES.

Alex Fraser, Esq. Walter Smith, Esq.
John Egleson, Esq. R W Cruice, Esq.

1324tf.

W. H. EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS, FORWARDERS

DEALERS IN

Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c.

OTTAWA.

End of Little Sussex-st.

Cash advanced on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases

W. H. EASTON R. M. EASTON

FOR SALE.

MESS AND PRIME MESS PORK.

FLOUR NO. 1 & EXTRA

WHITE BEANS,

At Ottawa, Sand Point and Pembroke.

S CHRISTIE, No 5 Sparks street.

Ottawa, May 18, 1870.

Medical.

GABRIEL'S PREPARATIONS FOR THE TEETH.

TRADE MARK. MANUFACTURED ONLY BY. MESSRS GABRIEL Dentists. LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS

FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers.

MESSRS. GABRIEL,

The old-established Dentists,

64 Ludgate Hill, London

And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON.

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache, no matter how far decayed Price is 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental preparations

GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. The beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth Price 5s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; is is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic Neuralgia, and Toothache.

See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it Price 5s.

PARTIES AT A DISTANCE REQUIRING ARTIFICIAL TEETH may have them supplied, in partial or complete sets, on Messrs Gabriel's new system, by sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of One Guinea, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded, with all necessary instructions Messrs. Gabriel will undertake to Remodel or Repair Artificial Teeth made by other Dentists (which do not prove satisfactory), at moderate charges.

Messrs. Gabriel's Pamphlet on Artificial Teeth and Painless Dentistry on receipt of postage.

All letters to be addressed to 64 LUDGATE HILL, LONDON 1323 2-w6m lawk6m

ALKABASAR

ARRIVED AT LAST!

This elegant Turkish TONIC is one of the most salutary and delicate preparations ever submitted for public approval in this hemisphere, and asserts its pretentions to patronage on the following grounds:—

That it is a preparation of one of the most eminent Purveyors to the Ottoman Court.

It prevents acidity of the Stomach.

It relieves lowness of spirits.

It is a mild and invigorating tonic, and a most efficient but innocuous stimulent.

It renders the breath sweet and agreeable.

It stimulates the appetite if taken BEFORE meals.

It promotes digestion if taken AFTER meals.

It neutralizes the propensity for strong liquors.

It renders the intellect bright and clear.

If taken habitually it imparts vitality and energy to all the bodily organs.

By its use a man of 70 will become, as it were, restored to the elasticity of 30; and to persons of delicate constitutions it is strongly recommended.

It is an especial favourite with Oriental ladies.

Secure, then, health, longevity and vital energy by the habitual use of the

ALKABASAR TURKISH TONIC.

Kept in stock by the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion

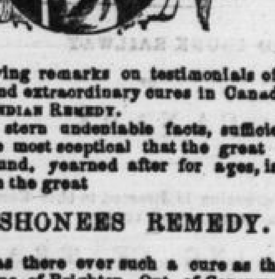
For directions for use see labels on bottles

HENRY CHAPMAN & CO.,
EVANS, MERCER & CO.,
Montreal,
Sole Agents for the Dominion

Montreal, July 6. 1415-y

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!



The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

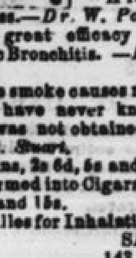
They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hecey, of Napanee, of Rheumatism, who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook, containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1. 31y



FOR ASTHMA.

and Chronic Bronchitis

DATURA TATULA,

Affords Immediate Relief.

"A remedy of great power and usefulness.—*Dr. W. Parker.*

"Of great efficacy in cases of Asthma and Chronic Bronchitis. —*Dublin Journal Medical Science.*

"The smoke causes no nausea. When the right kind, I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."—*General Alexander Hon. B. Stuart.*

In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

Or formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, Boxes, 5s, 8s and 15s.

Pastilles for Inhalation, Boxes, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE, 143, New Bond-st., London.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal

FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION of COD LIVER OIL, the fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive activity, superior to Pepsine.

Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 12s6d. Pancreatine Wine, bottles, 3s. 5s and 10s

N.B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. [illegible]

NOTICE

Is hereby given, that an application will be made to the Legislature of the Province of Ontario at its next Session, for an Act to authorize the construction of Water Works in and for the City of Ottawa.

WM P LETT, City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa, October 12th, 1870 1492 lawk-6m

Medical.

ELECTRICITY IS LIFE

PULVERMACHER'S PATENT

GALVANIC CHAIN-BANDS,

BELTS, AND POCKET BATTERIES

These highly improved inventions render Electricity perfectly self-applicable, and extremely efficacious in a mild continuous form no shock or unpleasant sensation being experienced, whereby it becomes a true fountain of health and vigour, speedily soothing agonising pains, re-animating torpid limbs, reviving the sluggish functions of life, and imparting renewed energy and vitality to constitutions enfeebled by whatever cause. Medicines and their deleterious consequences are thus entirely dispensed with. The daily increasing number of cures effected by PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC SYSTEM is so extensive and varied, that it forcibly points to this invention as the embryo of a universal remedy.

N. B.—The following testimony from the elite of the English medical faculty has been received:

"We, the undersigned, have much pleasure in testifying that Mr. J. L. PULVERMACHER'S recent improvements in his Voltaic Batteries and Galvanic Appliances for Medical Purposes are of great importance to Scientific Medicine, and that he is entitled to the consideration and support of every one disposed to further the advancement of real and useful progress.

"Dated the 9th day of March, 1866.

"SIR CHARLES LOCOCK, Bart., M D., F R C. P

"SIR HENRY HOLLAND, Bart., M D., F. R. S.

"SIR WM. FERGUSSON, Bart., F. R S.

"EDWD. H. SIEVEKING, M. D, M R C.S.

"SIR J. RANALD MARTIN, F. R C.S."

PULVERMACHER'S SYSTEM is also approved of by an official report of the Academie de Medicine, Paris, Royal College of Physicians, London, and the Imperial Faculty of Vienna, and its curative virtues are confirmed by thousands of private testimonials of cures effected. (See pamphlet gratis).

These facts appeal to the good sense of every sufferer to avail himself of this scientific and curative progress, to which the inventor has devoted a life-time of study and labour, as an ardent disciple of that great benefactor of mankind, the late illustrious electrician MICHAEL FARADY.

PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC CHAINS are exceedingly effective without the aid of medicine, restriction of diet, or the least derangement of the patient's habits and daily occupations, in the following maladies:

Rheumatism	Female Complaints
Gout	Constipation
Sciatica	Cramp
Lumbago	Sluggish Circulation
Neuralgia	Urinary Disorders
Head and Toothache	Paralysis
Liver Complaints	Epilepsy
Tic Doloreux	Nervous Debility
Indigestion	Functional Disorders
Deafness	&c., &c.
Spasms	

The effects of the application of Pulvermacher's Chains in any of the above disorders is immediately perceptible—the relief of pain instantaneous.

PRICE LIST OF PULVERMACHER'S CHAIN BANDS AND BATTERIES.

B. CHAIN BANDS for Nervous Deafness, Head, Tooth, and Face Ache, and Noises in the Head, 21s. to 30s.

B. CHAIN BANDS for loss of Voice and other affections of the Throat, 10s. 6d. to 21s.

N. CHAIN BANDS for Sciatica, Rheumatic, Neuralgia, and Gouty Pains, Local Paralysis, Cramp, &c., 18s. to 22s. and 40s.

B CHAIN BANDS for Lumbago, Indigestion, Liver, Chest, and Functional Disorders, &c., (worn as a belt), 22s to 40s and 55s.

B CHAIN BANDS for Writer's Cramp, Trembling, Nervousness, &c, 22s to 30s and 40s

B COMBINED CHAIN BAND for Cantl, Paralysis, Epilepsy, General Debility Functional Disorders, &c., 30s to 50s.

A complete Set of COMBINED CHAIN BANDS, BELTS, and CHAIN BATTERY for restoring vital energy, £5 to £7.

The public are most earnestly cautioned to beware of Pseudo Electric Belts advertised by sham Doctors, &c., for improper purposes, and so severely stigmatised by Vice Chancellor Malins in the suit Pulvermacher vs Hammond, alias Henry James, alias C. T, Raphey, M. R. C. S, alias Henry Burrows, &c, &c.

No Galvanic Belts are genuine but those bearing the fac simile of M. Pulvermacher's signature on the label.

A pamphlet containing full particulars may be had at the Drug Store of A. Christie, Sparks Street.

J. L. PULVERMACHER, Galvanic Establishment, 200 Regent Street, London, W.

Ottawa, September 6. 1870 1455 lawk y

Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & SILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:

Madoc, County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869.

This is to certify that during the winter of 1866 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different times three doctors, and medicines of different kinds prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health. I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a sort of forlorn hope This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

MARY ANN DOUGHTY

Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings this ninth day of February, 1869.

A F WOOD, J P, &c.

I hereby certify that I have known Mrs. Mary Ann Doughty for the last fifteen years; she is a woman of probity and truth. I have known her before, during, and since her illness. I believe her certificate to be true in every particular. I know that while ill her case was declared hopeless; and I know that she has, since her recovery, always attributed her recovery to the Shoshonees Remedy. Whatever may be the peculiar properties of this medicine, one thing is certain, that in her case it has acted almost like the performance of a miracle

A F WOOD, J P.

Warden County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.

GREAT CENTRAL AIR LINE ROUTE,

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GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.

[The Model Road of Canada]

To Sarnia, Detroit, Milwaukee.

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Fares always cheaper than by any other Route.

Be sure and procure TICKETS at this office by the

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Comparitive distance of the several Western Routes to Chicago:

American—Ogdensburg or Prescott to Chicago	850	miles
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Grand Trunk to Toronto, Great Western to Detroit	730	do
Leaving in favor of the Great Central Route	120	do

For TICKETS to any Points in the United States, and all information apply to

L P McCORAN,

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ARABIAN OIL

FOR HORSES AND CATTLE

A NEVER-FAILING REMEDY.

This valuable preparation combines all the medicinal virtues of those articles which long experience has proved to possess the most safe and efficient properties for the cure of Fresh Wounds, Sprains, Bruises, Galls of all kinds, Cracked Heels, Ring Bone, Spavin, Callous, Fistula, Sweeny, External Poisons, Scratches or Grease, Strains, Lameness, Mange, Withers, Corns, Sand Cracks, Foundered Feet, Foot Distemper, Swellings, and many other diseases which horses and cattle are subject to.

The celebrated Liniment has been used for many years, and its curative properties thoroughly tested, and it is conceded to be cheapest and most reliable remedy for all external complaints ever offered to the public—it never fails when timely used and faithfully applied.

To be had of all Druggists and Country Merchants throughout the Dominion. Price 25c. per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, Ont, Proprietors.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W M Massey, H F McCarthy, J Skinner, in Ottawa, all Medicine Dealers.

November 24, 1870 1522tf

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

As a family Remedy it is well and favourably known relieving thousands from pain in the Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Has now been before the public for a length of time and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions have been properly followed, but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing the Diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it. Price only Twenty-five Cents per bottle.

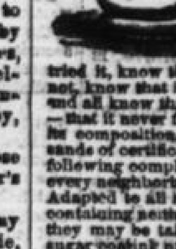
NORTHROP & LYMAN,

Sold in Ottawa by H F McCarthy, J Skinner, John Roberts, J P Featherston, George Mortimer, W M Massey, and all Medicine Dealers.

November 30, 1870 1537y

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

For all the purposes of a Laxative Medicine.



Perhaps no one medicine is so universally required by everybody as a cathartic, nor was ever any before so universally adopted into use, in every country and among all classes, as this mild but efficient purgative *Pill*. The obvious reason is, that it is a more reliable and far more effectual remedy than any other. Those who have tried it, know that it cured them; those who have not, know that it cures their neighbors and friends, and all know that what it does once it does always—that it never fails through any fault or neglect of its composition. We have thousands upon thousands of certificates of their remarkable cures of the following complaints, but such cures are known in every neighborhood, and we need not publish them. Adapted to all ages and conditions in all climates; containing neither calomel or any deleterious drug, they may be taken with safety by anybody. Their sugar coating preserves them ever fresh and makes them pleasant to take, while being purely vegetable no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.

They operate by their powerful influence on the internal viscera to purify the blood and stimulate it into healthy action—remove the obstructions of the stomach, bowels, liver, and other organs of the body, restoring their irregular action to health, and by correcting, wherever they exist, such derangements as are the first origin of disease.

Minute directions are given in the wrapper on the box, for the following complaints, which these *Pills* rapidly cure:—

For **Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Listlessness, Languor and Loss of Appetite,** they should be taken moderately to stimulate the stomach and restore its healthy tone and action.

For **Liver Complaint** and its various symptoms, **Bilious Headache, Sick Headache, Jaundice or Green Sickness, Bilious Colic and Bilious Fevers,** they should be judiciously taken for each case, to correct the diseased action or remove the obstructions which cause it.

For **Dysentery or Diarrhœa,** but one mild dose is generally required.

For **Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the Side, Back and Loins,** they should be continuously taken, as required, to change the diseased action of the system. With such change those complaints disappear.

For **Dropsy and Dropsical Swellings** they should be taken in large and frequent doses to produce the effect of a drastic purge.

For **Suppression** a large dose should be taken as it produces the desired effect by sympathy.

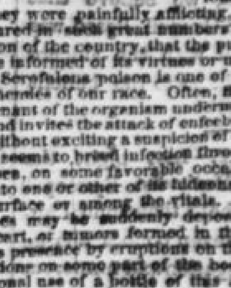
As a *Dinner Pill*, take one or two *Pills* to promote digestion and relieve the stomach.

An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and bowels into healthy action, restores the appetite, and invigorates the system. Hence it is often advantageous where no serious derangement exists. One who feels tolerably well, often finds that a dose of these *Pills* makes him feel decidedly better, from their cleansing and renovating effect on the digestive apparatus.

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical Chemists, LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.

Sarsaparilla,

[PURIF]YING THE BLOOD.



The reputation this excellent medicine enjoys, is derived from its cures, many of which are truly marvellous. Inveterate cases of Scrofulous disease, where the system seemed saturated with corruption, have been purified and cured by it. Scrofulous affections and disorders, which were aggravated by the scrofulous contamination until they were painfully afflicting, have been radically cured in such great numbers in almost every section of the country, that the public scarcely need to be informed of its virtues or uses.

Scrofulous poison is one of the most destructive enemies of our race. Often, this unseen and unfelt tenant of the organism undermines the constitution, and invites the attack of enfeebling or fatal diseases, without exciting a suspicion of its presence. Again, it seems to breed infection throughout the body, and then, on some favorable occasion, rapidly develop into one or other of its hideous forms, either on the surface or among the vitals. In the latter, tubercles may be suddenly deposited in the lungs or heart, or tumors formed in the liver, or it shows its presence by eruptions on the skin, or foul ulcerations on some part of the body. Hence the occasional use of a bottle of this *Sarsaparilla* is advisable, even when no active symptoms of disease appear. Persons afflicted with the following complaints generally find immediate relief, and, at length, cure, by the use of this *SARSAPARILLA: St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Sore Ears,* and other eruptions or visible forms of *Scrofulous* disease. Also in the more concealed forms, as *Dyspepsia, Dropsy, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Neuralgia,* and the various *Ulcerous* affections of the muscular and nervous systems.

Syphilis or Venereal and Mercurial Diseases are cured by it, though a long time is required for subduing these obstinate maladies by any medicine. But long continued use of this medicine will cure the complaint. *Leucorrhœa or Whites, Uterine Ulcerations,* and *Female Diseases,* are commonly soon relieved and ultimately cured by its purifying and invigorating effect. Minute Directions for each case are found in our Almanac, supplied gratis. *Rheumatism* and *Gout,* when caused by accumulations of extraneous matters in the blood, yield quickly to it, as also *Liver Complaints, Torpidity, Congestion or Inflammation of the Liver,* and *Jaundice,* when arising, as they often do, from the rankling poisons in the blood. This *SARSAPARILLA* is a great restorer for the strength and vigor of the system. Those who are *Languid and Listless, Despondent, Sleepless,* and troubled with *Nervous Apprehensions or Fears,* or any of the affections symptomatic of *Weakness,* will find immediate relief and convincing evidence of its restorative power upon trial.

PREPARED BY Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass., Practical and Analytical Chemists.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

Ottawa, August 7, 1870.

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DR. ROBILLARD, Accoucheur, ... Store, East end of ... hours from 9 a. m. to ... N. B.—Special atte[ntion] ... diseases of the EYE ... seen at his residence.

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DR. HUTCHISON ... new SETS of TEETH, ... where wanting, on either ... rubber parates, fitting ... the mouth as to be ... which natural teeth ... slightest inconvenience ... being for a short time ... a number of the preset ... ally foreign to the mouth ... N. B. with a view ... consciousness during the ... decayed or diseased teeth ... his practice the use ... laughing gas, which ... danger or inconvenience ... were in a pleasant dream ... the ... May be consulted ... at his office from 9 a. m. ... Ottawa September 2...

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T. R. HIGGINS, ... Agent for the Beaver, ... Stock Insurance Co... Importers, Manufac... ... Metcalfe and Sparks str... Hardware Store

DANCING AND DE[PORTMENT] ... Mrs Robert Stewart hav... an accomplished ... her Dancing Class ... Wednesday, the 22nd ins... Further particulars ma[y be] ... to Mrs Robert Stew[art] ... Ottawa September ...

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The Times

VOL. IV. NO. 1552. OTTAWA, FRIDAY, DECEMBER 30, 1870 PRICE—3 CENTS

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DR. HUTCHISON is fully prepared to supply new SETS of TEETH, or to insert single Teeth where wanting, on either gold, silver or vulcanite rubber plates, fitting so closely and easily to the mouth as to be capable of all the uses to which natural teeth are applied without the slightest inconvenience to the wearers, and after being for a short time in use, without even a consciousness of the presence of a substance originally foreign to the mouth.

DR. H. with a view to the removal of painful apprehensions during the operation of extracting the roots or diseased teeth, has introduced into his practice the use of the Nitrous Oxide or laughing gas, which the sufferer inhales without danger or inconvenience, and loses his tooth as it were in a pleasant dream.

Office hours—Open all day, except Sundays, while office from 9 a. m. to 5 p. m.

Ottawa September 2, 1870

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WAVERLY HOUSE, BARRINGTON-STREET, HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA, Established 1851. Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort. JOHN S. MANS, Proprietor.

DOMINION HOUSE, Corner James and King-sts., Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont. E. HOUGHTON, Proprietor, (Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.) A spacious sample-room for commercial traders. 559y

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The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a Boston Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refished throughout. The BAR contains the best Brandies, Wines and Liquors, and every day a free lunch will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.

Ottawa, June 3rd, 1870.

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Here gentlemen can be accommodated with comfortable board and rooms. Gentlemen visiting the Capital will find superior accommodation by calling at this house, and the proprietor will use his utmost to make them comfortable. Stabling and Buildings adjoining. 21 9tf

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THE CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT FOR THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.

The Bar always supplied with the CHOICEST LIQUORS, And the table spread with EVERY DELICACY OF THE SEASON

Stabling and an Attentive Hostler.

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DANCING AND DEPORTMENT.

Mrs Robert Stewart having made arrangements with an accomplished lady teacher, announces that her Dancing Classes will commence on Wednesday, the 22nd instant. Further particulars may be obtained on application to Mrs Robert Stewart, Wilbrod street. Ottawa September 9th, 1869. 1148tf

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THE HOWLEY FARM TO LET. Lot No 38, 1st Concession of Gloucester S From, containing 200 acres, 150 acres well cleared and in good state of cultivation, opposite Manotic, and fifteen miles from Ottawa, with good fences, a fine dwelling house, two story high, barns and outhouses complete, is now to let on reasonable terms, for a term of years. Apply for further particulars to CHARLES ROWAN, Ottawa. Ottawa September 5, 1870 1454tfxw37tf

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MR GENDREAU, the proprietor of that so popular Parlour, has the pleasure to announce to his numerous friends and the public in general, that to answer to the great encouragement which he has received up to the present, he has determined to enlarge and thoroughly furnish anew his establishment. He will save no expense to render Parlour the most comfortable, and process he most experienced hair dressers.

MR GENDREAU having served considerable time in some of the best and most extensive Hair Dressing Saloons in the Dominion and United States, is in a position to conduct the duties of his establishment in a manner that cannot be surpassed.

He will have always on hand the best perfumes, imported directly from Paris and London. MR GENDREAU solicits a visit to convince all of the truth of his statements.

PRESERVE YOUR ROOFS. PATENT PLASTIC SLATE PAINT, Is the best and cheapest material in use for preserving new, or repairing old IRON OR TIN ROOFS, No matter how bad their condition. Also fire rate for SHINGLE ROOFS, Making them FIRE AND WATER PROOF, Reduces into a coating of SOLID SLATE by experience. Price $6 a barrel, mixed ready for use. A barrel will cover 10 squares (10 x 10). SHEATHING FELT For lining Frame Buildings under the clapboards. An effectual protection against cold, damp and vermin. Rats and mice will come near it. No FRAME DWELLING should be without Send for circular, instructions, &c. BUCHANAN & CO., Wholesale Depot for Roofing Materials and Founder's Supplies, 32 Lemoine Street, Montreal. Ottawa, September 21, 1870 1468

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All work in any of the above branches executed in a prompt and workmanlike manner. Special attention given to Roofing and fitting up Galvanized Iron and Tin Gutters, Conductors, &c., &c.

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JUST RECEIVED, ex "Pride of Canada" and "Oceola," a splendid assortment of Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots, Jelly Moulds, Wire Dish Covers, Spice Boxes, Ladies' Dressing Cases, Trays, Enamelled Pie Dishes, Preserving Pans, Dall Milk Saucepans, &c., &c.

Constantly on hand, Cooking Stoves, (best makers) Hot Air Furnaces, Water Coolers, Baths, (all kinds) Cutlery, Plated and Britannia Meta Ware,

—ALSO—

FISHING TACKLE, comprising Rods, Lines, Flies, Hooks, Floats, Trolls, Panniers, Landing Nets, Fly Books, &c. &c. Ottawa, August 10, 1870 1432 1y

HARDWARE! HARDWARE!

Sign the VIL, 24 Rideau Street, where you can get a complete assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, and at prices to suit purchasers. Consisting in part of GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHINGS: Butcher Knives, Knives and Forks Pocket Knives, Table Spoons, Tea Spoons, Tea Trays, Table Mats, Bolts, Screws, Locks, Bolts, Catches, Latches, Axes, Saws, Planes, Squares, Hammers, Spokeshaves, Gouges, Chisels, Augers, Auger Bits, Steel Bits Levels, Boring Machines, Draw Knives, &c. &c. &c. together with PAINT OF ALL COLOURS: Rose, Pink, Burnt Umber, Terra de Sienna, Chrome Yellow, Yellow Ochre, Celestial Blue, Paris Green, Brunswick Green, Magnesia Green, Venetian Green, Red Lead, White Lead, in Oil or Dry, Drop Black, Ivory Black, Lamp Black, Boiled Oil, Raw Oil, Turpentine, Benzole, Coal Oil, Paint Brushes, Varnishes, &c. THOS BLYKETT, No. 24, Rideau Street, Sign of the Anvil. P. S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the City. Ottawa, Nov 18, 1870

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT, 35 SUSSEX STREET,

Elevated Oven Cook Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Low Oven Cook Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Double Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co
Box and Parlor Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co
Coal Stoves, Base Burners, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
The Quintal Coal Stove, at H. MEADOWS & Co
Parlour Cook Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Dumb Stoves, all sizes, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Hot Air Furnaces, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Stove Pipes and Elbows, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Lumbermen's Supplies, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
1st Prize Stoves can be seen, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Ottawa, Oct. 13, 1870.

Druggists.

DUTCH BULBS! The Subscriber has just received a full assortment from a celebrated Grower in HOLLAND, both for Spring Gardening and in-door Culture. THE ASSORTMENT INCLUDES Hyacinths, many varieties, Tulips, " Lilies, " Narcissus, " Jonquills, " Anemones, " Ranunculus, " &c, &c. The Flower Roots above mentioned not coming to hand till late in the season, are offered for sale at low prices. ALEXANDER CHRISTIE, Druggist, 40 Sparks-st, Ottawa. Ottawa, Nov. 18, 1870 1517yl

RICHARD HIGNAM, FAMILY AND DISPENSING CHEMIST, LATE MANAGER, MEDICAL HALL, SPARKS STREET, Wishes to return sincere thanks to his friends and the public, for the kind sympathy evinced toward him, on the occasion of the late fire. He now begs to inform the public that he will commence business on his own account in a few days, in part of Mr McLean's Auction Room, in rear of John Ross' Cigar Store, with entirely new stock, of Drugs, Chemicals Patent Medicines, Perfumery, &c., and trusts the public will appreciate his attention to business, with the same kind patronage that was extended to him in his situation. Ottawa, Dec. 16, 1870 1541y

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN. INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS. RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMERS: *First Cabin, Payable in Gold.* Liverpool or Queenstown $100 00; *Steerage, Payable in Currency.* Liverpool or Queenstown 35 00. PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMERS TO HALIFAX: *First Cabin, Payable in Gold.* Liverpool or Queenstown $100 00; Halifax 20 00; St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer 45 00; *Steerage, Payable in Currency.* Liverpool or Queenstown 30 00; Halifax 15 00; John's, N.F., by branch steamer 30 00. Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates. For further information, apply at the Company's Office, JOHN G. DALE, Agent, 15 Broadway, New York, or HENRICK & CROMBIE, Ottawa.

Groceries.

IF YOU WANT TO SAVE MONEY GO TO THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORES, —BY— P. BASKERVILLE & BROS., No. 36 Rideau St., and Duke St., Chaudiere, OTTAWA, Where from their great increase of business and the large addition now put to their Store, with a well selected Stock, and constant attention on their part, will enable them to sell at prices not to be equalled elsewhere. There will be found always on hand a general assortment of GROCERIES, TEAS in particular, imported, LIQUORS, WINES, BRANDIES, GIN, IRISH and SCOTCH WHISKEY, Gooderham & Worts' HIGHWINES OLD RYE, and PROOF, With a fine assortment of Christmas and New Year's FRUITS and STRUPS. —ALSO— WINTER APPLES, ORANGES and LEMONS, CHEESE, HAMS, and BACON. Remember our Motto—"Quick Sales and light Profits." Try their TEAS. Ottawa, Nov 29, 1870 1526

ATTENTION! If you want Choice VIRGIN HONEY, call at the NEW GROCERY STORE, Corner of Sussex and York Streets.

If you want Choice WHITE WINE VINEGAR, call at the NEW GROCERY STORE, Corner of Sussex and York Streets.

If you want SUPERIOR CHEESE, call at the NEW GROCERY STORE, Corner of Sussex and York Streets.

If you want FIRST-CLASS DAIRY BUTTER, call at the NEW GROCERY STORE Corner Sussex and York Streets.

—ALSO—

New Crop West End, Layers, Valencia and Seedless Raisins and Currants, French Turkey Figs, Malaga Grapes, Lemons, Choice Imperial Prunes, Canted Peels, Gelatine, Cross & Blackwell's Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies, and Marmalades, Fresh Oysters, Lobsters Sequin Mackerel, Salmon and Tomatoes, with a choice lot of Scotch and English Ales and Porter, Wines and Brandies, Gin, Scotch Whiskey, Jamaica Rum, Old Rye, Syrups and

JOHN A. BITTERS, CONSTANTLY ON HAND, At the New GROCERY STORE, Corner Sussex and York Streets. Extra Fine Green, Black and Japan Teas, Rio, Java and Turkey Coffee. —ALSO— Fine Family and Pastry Flour, Oat and Corn Meal, at the NEW GROCERY STORE, Corner Sussex and York streets. J. M. C. DELES DERNIERS, Corner Sussex and York-sts. Ottawa, Nov 29, 1870 1526tf

TESTIMONIAL —TO THE— HON. SIR JOHN A. MACDONALD, &c., &c., &c., &c. The friends of Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD propose to present that distinguished Statesman with a substantial Testimonial in recognition of his long and useful public services. Steps are being taken to afford his friends in all parts of the Dominion an opportunity of joining in the proposed manifestation of esteem and regard. The following gentlemen compose, (with power to add to their number,) the Committee at Ottawa: The Hon. JAMES SHEAD, His Worship the Mayor J ROCHESTER, Jr, Esq, THOS REYNOLDS, Esq, R W SCOTT, Esq, M P P, Dr GRANT, M P, E McDOUGALL, Esq, H V NORDS, Esq. H V Nordsheimer, Esq. has consented to act as Treasurer, to whom all communications may be addressed. For the information of intending subscribers the names of the gentlemen composing the Certain Committee at Toronto are subjoined, viz: His Worship the Mayor, D B HARMAN, Esq, The Hon G W ALLAN, The Hon D L MACPHERSON, The Hon JOHN CARLING, M P, JOHN CRAWFORD, Esq. M P, ALEXANDER MORRISON, Esq. M P, F W CUMBERLAND, Esq, M P, J H MORRIS, Esq, E R RUTHERFORD, Esq, W H HOWLAND Esq, G P BIDOUT, Esq, JOHN SHEDDEN, Esq, THOMAS DIXON, Esq, FRANK SHANLY, Esq, T C CHISHOLM, Esq, N BARNHART, Esq. Ottawa, Dec 6, 1870 1532

TO LUMBERERS. L. ROSE, PROVISION BROKER, LONDON, ONT., Inspects every BARREL of PORK he Ships and Ships only a FIRST-CLASS Article. He has for Sale from some of the Leading Packers and Curers: Heavy Mess Pork, guaranteed. Ex. P. Pork made from Heavy Mess. Shoulders Mess Mutton. Heavy Bacon, &c., at the lowest FIRST Prices, and on Terms to suit Purchasers. No 1 Sup. Flour, Oats, Corn, &c., bought on commission. White Beans always on hand. Orders or enquiries have prompt attention. Through rates to Brockville, Sand and Ottawa. L. ROSE, Produce Broker, London, Ont. London, Ont., Nov. 24, 1870 1522

Groceries, &c.

HENRY WHELAN, 39 RIDEAU STREET, OTTAWA HAVING OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT (*nearly opposite the Old Stand,*) offers for sale at VERY LOW PRICES a large and well selected stock, comprising Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy Soaps, Sauces, Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, Candles, Coarse and Fine Salt. Also, *Bordeaux and other Vinegars* MESS PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS, and the numerous other articles necessary to constitute a complete stock. TEAS—Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial Young Hyson, quite fresh and cheap. COFFEE—Fresh Coffee *ground* and *roasted* daily on the premises. LIQUORS—Cognac Brandies Renault & Co, Hennessy, Piper's and other brands. HOLLAND GIN—De Kuyper's and Houtman's, in wood bottle. WINES—Sherries to all grades, Ports of fine quality, Burgundy, Sauterne and Maderia Wines all prices, in wood and bottle, improved by age. HIGHWINES, OLD RYE, PROOF AND WHISKEY, high proof and flavor, at extremely low prices. Thorne's and Stewart' Scotch Whiskey and Old Tom. Dunville's Irish Whiskey. Murphy's Old Irish Potteen. Guinness' and London Porter, pts and qts. Molson's and other Ales. Sugars and Syrups, all grades. Sale strangers' prices. THE OLD STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE SELLING AT TWENTY-FIVE PER CENT BELOW COST. Now is the time or bar gains. 1106

ROUSILLON PORT. Received a fresh consignment of this delicious Wine. It is full flavoured, of great body, and guaranteed perity. ALICANTE. A Sweet Red Wine of delicate flavour and bouquet, invaluable for invalids. This wine has been specially imported as a pure Wine to be used in the Holy Communion. The following gentlemen have kindly allowed their names to be used as references: Ven Archdeacon Fuller, Toronto. Rev J Beaven, D D, " Rev G B Read, D D, " Rev E Baldwin, " Rev W S Darling, " Rev A Williams, " Rev J D Cayley, " Rev W H Davis, " Rev S Bedford Jones, L L D, Ottawa. —ALSO— A full Stock of Brandies, Gins, Jamaica Rum, Proof and Old Rye Whiskey, Sherries, Still and Sparkling Moselle, Champagne, Malaga, Maderia Malvoisie, Noyan Curacoa Creme de Menthe, Creme de Moka, Chartreuse, Maraschino, English and Canadian Ales and Porter, &c. &c. &c. J. P. MACPHERSON, Wine Merchant Elgin Street. Agent for Quelton, St George & Co's pure French Wines. Ottawa, Dec 16, 1870 1536y

H. FOOTE & COMPANY, IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALER —IN— TEAS AND WINES, 6 HOSPITAL STREET MONTREAL.

PRESTON & ROWSELL. MILITARY TAILORS —AND— HABIT MAKERS NO. 36 SPARKS STREET, A SELECT ASSORTMENT OF *Tweeds, Broad Cloths, Doe Skins, Fancy Coatings, Vestings, &c.* SUITS MADE TO ORDER FOR PRESTON & ROWSELL. PRESTON & ROWSELL. Ottawa, July 15, 1870.

No Smoke or Coal Oil used. THE LANG SAW TO PAINTING ESTABLISHMENT A. W. LANG, Sparks Street. STYLISH SIGNS AND HANDSOME WALL PAINTING

NOTICE. LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF ONTARIO, TORONTO, 29th October, 1870. Notice is hereby given, that the last day for receiving Petitions for Private Bills will be WEDNESDAY, the TWENTY-EIGHTH day of DECEMBER next. CHARLES T. GILLMOR, Clerk.

SITUATION WANTED AS FARMER A Married Man, who understands farming in all its departments; has had long experience in Canada. Address R. R., FARMER Box

Dry Goods.

STILL THEY COME! 34 PACKAGES NEW GOODS, JUST RECEIVED, —BY— GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO Comprising amongst other Goods the following:—

1 Case French Merinoes,
1 Case Kid Gloves and Hosiery,
1 Case Plain and Terry Ribbons, and Plain and Tartan Sash Ribbons,
1 Case Black and Colored Ribbon Velvets
1 Case New Jackets,
1 Case Waterproof Tweeds,
1 Case Ladies Hats,
1 Case Embroidered Muslin Sets, for Evening wear,
1 Case Hair Nets and Silk Epangles, for Dress Trimmings,
1 Case Sheetings,
1 " White Cottons,
1 Bale Serges,
1 " Scarlet Flannels,
1 Case Fancy Flannels,
1 " Canadian Flannels,
2 Bales Canadian Grey Blankets,
2 Cases Cornwall White Blankets,
6 Cases Heavy Tweeds,
3 " Light Grey Etoffes,
2 " Mid Grey "
3 " Oxford "

With other Goods too numerous to particularize.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

Would say that their Stock, notwithstanding their Immense Sales during the last 3 months (without doubt the largest ever made by any Dry Goods House in Ottawa) was never so well assorted at this season of the year as it is just now. INSPECTION INVITED. WHOLESALE & RETAIL. Ottawa, Dec. 16, 1870.

R. L. JAMES & CO.

DRESS GOODS. A large assortment worth from 20 to 90 cents, at 15 to 80.

A SPECIAL LINE of French Merinos, very cheap.

BLACK SILKS, very much under Market value, and considerably lower than present Ottawa prices.

MILLINERY. It is now pretty generally known that in this Department, especially the prices, are EXCEEDINGLY MODERATE, AT THE GOLDEN LION.

CANADIAN NEWS

Mr. Brydges is to be given a public dinner on his return from England.

Le Canadien states that *L'Indépendence* has been temporarily suspended.

The Sorel shipyards will be actively employed all through the winter.

A disastrous fire occurred at St. Thomas, Ont., on Christmas Day, destroying property to the amount of $80,000. Two men are missing and are supposed to be buried beneath the ruins.

The Cornwall Factory is, it is reported, to be re built. Sympathy has been expressed for the operatives, and steps are to be taken to procure them employment in other factories.

Scientific men have estimated the quantity of water passing over the Falls of Niagara into the yawning chasm below equivalent to about 22,445,000 feet per minute. To form some idea of the bulk of such an amount of water, imagine a "cistern" to be constructed a mile in depth, width and breadth. Could the waters of Niagara be turned into it, 'twould be filled in about eleven hours.

It is stated that Mr. Buckingham, of the Stratford *Beacon*, will offer himself as member for Perth at the next election.

Mayor Mathews, of Brantford, assaulted Mr. Lemmon, of the *Courier*, on the grounds of having been abused by that paper.

T. Batty Connolly, whose obituary has been going the rounds, is reported to be alive in an inebriate asylum in Chicago, and he promises to come to Canada to lecture.

The London *Free Press* relates the following:—"A story of cruel and heartless villainy comes from Whitby. On Friday last a young married couple took passage at Duffin's Creek, for Toronto, on their wedding trip. On the way up their demonstrations of attachment were very marked and very amusing to the rest of the passengers. Arrived at the Union Station, Toronto, the groom left his bride, and went to get shaved, having $500 of her money in his care. He never returned. The bride waited, till her patience was exhausted; and just previous to the departure of the five o'clock train east she discovered she was the victim of him who vowed to love, cherish and protect her. Her cries brought a crowd around, to whom she told her sorrowful tale. She was left without a cent of money, and no way of getting home. A gentleman of Whitby paid her fare to Duffin's Creek. The young lady, whose name we forbear to publish, is highly respectable, her father being an old and wealthy resident of Pickering."

FRESHEST GLEANINGS.

At the battle of Gravelotte a trumpeter was killed by a ball which went in at the mouth of his instrument.

It is estimated that it would take 5,000 men 2,000 years steadily at work to build the Chinese fortification walls.

The last steamer from San Francisco to China took back 600 live Chinamen.

The Mobiles who went to Algeria to replace the regular troops will return to France.

Nearly a thousand Kabyle horsemen have been landed at Toulon, and will join the French armies.

An enterprising book publisher of Berlin has issued a work entitled "A Guide Book for the Victorious Troops in Paris."

A woman is reported as holding the triple commission of chaplain, surgeon, and captain in a French volunteer regiment.

Strasbourg citizens have to provide German officers billetted upon them with four meals a day, and two bottles of good wine and five cigars each.

According to a London despatch the total effective force of the German armies now in France is set down in round numbers at 600,000, half of which is now before Paris. In addition to this number 100,000 men are reported on the sick list. It is estimated that 300,000 Germans have been killed or disabled since the beginning of the war. Garrison duty in Prussia is to be entrusted to volunteers who, by reason of being under or over age, or having served their terms, are not liable to military service.

Christmas was a sad day in Richmond (Va.) Early on Sunday morning the Spottswood Hotel was discovered to be on fire, and in a short time, owing to the inability of the fire engines to work on account of the intense cold, the building was burned to the ground. So rapid was the progress of the flames that many of the inmates were unable to escape, and eight persons are known to have perished, while five or six others are missing. Several persons leaped from the third and fourth story windows and were seriously injured. The disaster occasioned a profound sensation in Richmond, which seems to be fated of late years to peculiarly distressing calamities of one sort and another.

The weather in and around Chicago is intensely cold. The *Journal* of Saturday evening says "that for four days the mercury has played bo-peep with zero, ranging from ten degrees above to eighteen below, according to the location and exposure of thermometers no two of which are alike. The mean temperature in the business portion of the city at 7 o'clock this morning was about eight degrees below zero. Further out it was much colder. At noon to-day there is but little letting up, the thermometers indicating from two to eight degrees below. Everybody's nose indicates a greater degree of cold than this, and everybody insists that the mercury is out of sight. It is very cold at all events."

A "COUGH," "COLD," OR IRRITATED THROAT, allowed to progress, results in serious pulmonary and Bronchial affections, oftentimes incurable. BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES Reach DIRECTLY the affected parts, and give a most instant relief. In BRONCHITIS, ASTHMA, or CATARRH they are beneficial. Obtain only the *genuine* BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES which have *proved* their efficacy by test of many years. Among testimonials attesting their efficacy are letters from—
E. H. Chapin, D. D; New York,
Henry Ward Beecher, Brooklyn, N. Y.,
N. P. Willis, New York,
Hon. C. A. Phelps, Pres, Mass. Senate,
Dr. G. F. Bigelow, Boston,
Prof. Edwd. North, Clinton, N. Y.,
Surgeons in the Army, and others of eminence
Sold everywhere at 25 cents per box.
"TROCHES," so called, sold by the ounce, are a poor imitation and nothing like BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES, which are sold only in boxes with a fac-simile of the proprietors, JOHN I. BROWN & SON,
This care in putting up the Troches is important as a security to the purchaser in order to be sure of obtaining the genuine Brown bronchial Troches.

THE FLORENCE NIGHTINGALE OF THE NURSERY—The following is an extract from a letter written by the Rev. C. Z. Weiser, to the "German Reformed Messenger, at Chambersburg, Penn.:

A BENEFACTRESS.

Just open the door for her, and MRS. WINSLOW will prove the American Florence Nightingale of the Nursery. Of this we are sure, that we will teach our "BUSY" to say, "A BLESSING ON MRS. WINSLOW," for helping her to survive and escape the griping, collicking and teething siege. We confirm every word set forth in the PROSPECTUS. It performs precisely what it professes to perform, every part of it—nothing less. Away with your "Cordial," "Paregoric," "Drops," "Laudanum," and every other "anodyne," by which the babe is drugged into stupidity, and rendered dull and idiotic for life.

We have never seen Mrs. Winslow—know her only through the preparation of her "Soothing Syrup for Children Teething." If we had the power, we would make her, as she is, a physical saviour to the Infant Race. 25 cents per bottle sold by all druggists.

Be sure and call for MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. Having the facsimile of Curtis & Perkins on the outside wrapper.

"MURDERING THE QUEEN'S ENGLISH.

The Americans show their utter contempt for England and the "Queen's English" by murdering the latter to a terrible extent. Many of the corruptions of the English language which have sprung up in the States have extended to Canada. The N. Y. *Methodist*, referring to this subject, says:—

The following dialogue, which we recently overheard between two Jerseymen, well illustrates the conversational peculiarities on the part of that State in which it took place:

"I say, Dick, where are you goin' to-day? What hev you there?"

"I am goin a fishin', and hev got this tin kittle full of bait."

"Be you much of a fisherman?"

"Well, I should reckon, not. This is my fust hand at it. I can't do much wors'n you did day afore yesterday, I calculate. You didn't ketch a fish, did you?"

"'S I did. I ketched a dozen as nice a pair of trout as you ever seed. Why, I seed a man near me haul in two to wurst. But I was obleeged to put up jist at the time the fish bit best. I wax tooken altogether unawares. I had not expected sich a run of fish, so late in the tide."

"I hardly know what place I shall go to. Haint yo a perticular spot where you ketch your fish?"

"'S I have. It is north-northeast from Parker's clump of trees, and about sou'-west from Skager's landin'. It's jist two mild and a quarter from Priggle head."

"Tim Barley was pintin' out a place to me, but I don't know's I kin foller his directions. He said, sez he:—'Follow the east reach for about a mild, and,' sez he, 'take the left hand fork of the river,' sez he, 'and when you come to Pill landin,' sez he, 'go nor'east until you strike Hagar's pen,' sez he, 'and half way atween the pen,' sez he, 'and crooked ditch is the spot,' sez he. I have my doubts whether Tim was'nt lyin' to me or no."

"Tim ain't to be depended on. I hev never trusted his word. Tim's a good, clever feller, but he has a 'pensity for lyin'. He is the man, you know, who pizened old man Sterling's hoss. He is terrible groshus (ferocious) when he gits mad agin any one. Old Bill Drock sez Tim's ornry as pizen."

We follow the dialogue no further, enough having been given to show some of the most striking provincialisms of the State.

The Royal Family of Denmark

From Lippincott's Magazine

A countryman of our own, Captain Alexander Murray, U. S. N., had an opportunity a few years ago of seeing the royal circle in its domestic privacy, and of witnessing the simple and affectionate intercourse existing between its members. Capt. Murray, it may be remembered, sailed for the Baltic in May, 1866, in the *Augusta*, with the *Miantonomi* in charge, conveying Mr. Fox, our Government messenger to the Emperor of Russia. After touching at Queenstown and Portsmouth, he sailed up the Thames, gave an entertainment to the Prince of Wales and his royal brothers, and a few days afterwards was presented at Buckingham Palace, thus it will be seen that when he reached Denmark in July he was not unfamiliar with the manners of courts, even had this been his first hob nobbing with royalty, which was by no means the case. When, therefore, he was lying off Copenhagen, an elegant steam yacht was put alongside the *Augusta*, and a lovely girl of seventeen sprang on board, and running up to him, placed her arm upon his arm, saying in the easiest and most graceful English: "I want to see everything about this vessel; you must show me every part of it, from the anchor to the studding sails," he knew her to be a lady of the highest rank, though it was not until some time afterward that he discovered she was the Princess Dagmar, the eldest daughter of the King of Denmark, the sister of the Princess of Wales, and now the wife of the Czarowitch and future Empress of Russia.

While investigating the minutest details connected with the *Augusta*, the Princess Dagmar remarked to Captain Murray, "You are coming to dine with us on Sunday;" and the king, who had previously joined them, reiterated the command, for it is not the custom of crowned heads to request, but to order the presence of their guests. As, however, not even the most democratic mind has any invincible objection to regal entertainments, the commanders of the *Augusta* and *Miantonomi* accompanied Mr. Fox on the following Sunday to a country residence of King Christian's, where the party who sat down to dine were about seventy in number, including the ladies and children of the royal household.

The king remarked to his guests that this was a residence he had owned while a private gentleman, and he was sure they would appreciate his receiving them there as a higher compliment and a greater evidence of his friendship for their country than if he had

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

New Grocery Store—Robert Crain.
Dispensary Chemist—Richard Higman.

TO THE PUBLIC.

Mr. J. G. DAVIS *is authorized to receive advertisements and subscriptions for* THE TIMES. *Now that we are about* ENLARGING THE SIZE *of* THE TIMES *and introducing other improvements, advertisers ... take advantage of the increased circulation which it will at once be certain to obtain. In other directions, as well as in Ottawa, we are making exertions to extend our subscription list and to add to the value of* THE TIMES *as an advertising medium.*

The Ottawa Times.

Office—38 Sparks Street.

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 30, 1870.

☞ *For interesting reading matter see First and Fourth Pages.*

We are requested to state that the Governor General will receive New Year visitors at the Privy Council Chamber, Government Buildings, on Monday, January 2nd, between 12 and 1 o'clock.

Lengthy meetings of the Privy Council are held daily.

The Intercolonial Railway from Sackville, New Brunswick, to Amherst, Nova Scotia, connecting the latter place with St. John, N. B., by rail was opened for traffic yesterday.

It is understood that the elections in British Columbia have resulted in favor of Confederation, and it is believed that the Legislature of that Province will meet at an early day and sanction the Union with Canada.

Satisfactory advices have been received from Manitoba, where the reign of order seems now to be fully established under Governor Archibald's [illegible] most successful administration of affairs.

It is stated that King William and the Crown Princess of Prussia write to the Queen saying that they were altogether opposed to the marriage of the Princess Louise with the Marquis of Lorne. Whereupon Her Majesty replied with considerable vehemence, advising them to "mind their own business." God save the Queen! A free born Highlander is better than one of King William's petty vassels any day.

As will be seen by reference to our telegraphic columns, Prussia has apologised in the amplest manner for the destruction of British merchant vessels in France, and for the insult offered to the British flag. This is no more than we expected, for the Prussian Government, elated as they may be by their late successes, would hardly be inclined to commit so suicidal an act as to incur the hostility of England. The officer who authorized the outrage has been dismissed the Prussian service.

A NEW ARGUMENT FOR A CHANGE OF ADMINISTRATION.

The Toronto *Globe* has changed its base, and has adopted altogether a new line of argument against the Ministry. It appears to be almost willing to concede that the issues which divided parties in former times have no longer any point or significance, nor does it insist with any degree of energy or persistence on the wrong doing or corruption of the Administration, but it claims that "if they (the Ministry, are as pure and innocent as they are continually represented to be, and if all differences are dead," they ought at once to allow their opponents to occupy their places and examine their record, and then says the *Globe*, "if no practical abuse could be brought home to them, and no better administrative course suggested" what a triumph it would be for Sir John A. Macdonald and his colleagues after having given up their seats to Mr. Brown's coalition to say, "We gave you every opportunity for bringing home to us any kind of mal administration. We gave place and "allowed you to examine, with all the advantages of official position, our whole past record, as seen in all confidential "and private official documents, and yet "what have you been able to substantiate against us? Nothing. And what have "you done or arranged which [illegible] one "can say is simpler, cheaper, or more advantageous to the best interests of the "country than that which we were in the "habit of doing and arranging before you? "Equally nothing."

We will venture to say that since the day when representative government was first introduced, and political parties were organized, no such extraordinary reason for a Ministry resigning office has ever been brought forward as this. The present Government who have dealt so successfully with the great questions of the day, are to surrender office in order that Mr Brown, Mr. Mackenzie and their "independence" and annexation friends may have an opportunity of, as the *Globe* calls it, "examining the books!" To see the Brownites non plussed and proved to be utterly incompetent to carry on the Government, as they most assuredly would be, might be a triumph to the present Administration, but Sir John Macdonald and his colleagues look a little farther than party triumphs if Mr. Brown does not. They have some regard for the interests and welfare of the country, too much let us hope to permit of their deserting the ship of State and entrusting it to the charge of such a motley crew as Mr. Brown commands. So not even for the sake of the triumph to which the *Globe* alludes, or for the sake of allowing the factionists an opportunity of "examining the books," will the present Administration betray their trust, or desert the position in which they have been placed by the will of the Canadian people.

We are not disposed to enter into an argument with the *Globe* as to whether Tories have become Reformers, or Reformers have become Tories. This is a matter of very little consequence, inasmuch as we quite agree with our contemporary in believing that "a new leaf has been turned over and the past is gone." The *Globe* assumes that we are not in earnest in thus asserting, but we can assure it in the utmost good faith, that our firm conviction is, not only that the issues of the past are dead and ought to be bur... forgotten, but that old party lines are totally obliterated. Entirely new ques... have some significance attached to ... of very little moment. M... ...d, and

...ive as a destroyer, but there are men who in times past were allied with him in the Reform ranks who have shown themselves capable of building up, who have worked ably and energetically to push on the work of union which Mr. Brown in a fit of personal spleen deserted. Men who thus unmindful of old worn out quarrels unite together to complete and render permanent that great n[illegible]ion which we seek to establish o[illegible] continent in connection with the British Empire, have more in common together, whatever their former differences may have been, than they can have with Mr. Brown and the political *olla podrida* which forms his following. They constitute the party of Progress which the present Government so well and so fully represent. And because this party is so largely in the majority in Canada, Mr. Brown received a crushing defeat in 1867, and now, strive as he may, he is for the same reason unable to rally round him a respectable band of adherents.

While we repeat the assertion that the old party names of Conservative and Reformer have lost their former significance, we are far from acknowledging that "millenial times have come" in the sense in which the *Globe* affects to understand it. With Mr. Brown's coalition, whose war cry is "Party for party's sake," the supporters of the present Government desire neither truce nor treaty. Old Reformers and old Conservatives are united in their determined opposition to the men who, actuated simply by ambition and personal jealousy, strive to organize an Opposition. They oppose them because all such faction mongers are enemies to the best interests of Canada, and retard its progress and development. Again and again journals which support the Administration have asked to be informed of some important errors which have been committed in the administration of public affairs. The only response with which we are met, is an incoherent unsubstantiated story of "corruption," of members being "bought," &c., but nothing to cast doubt or discredit upon the able statesmanship which has resulted so beneficially to Canada, and has won the approbation of the press and of the leading men of England. At last driven to his wits' end to find a reason for the Ministry resigning, Mr Brown has discovered that they ought as a matter of policy to do so in order that he and his subordinates may have an opportunity of "auditing the administrative books!" The *Globe* is actually becoming amusing.

REPORTED MINISTERIAL CHANGES.

We are enabled to state on the best authority that the stories lately promulgated by the Ottawa correspondent of the Toronto *Globe* relative to reported ministerial changes are altogether untrue. No changes of any kind have been contemplated or are likely to occur. Ministers are thoroughly in accord on all important public questions, and are working together in thorough harmony and unity of purpose. The story of Sir A. T. Galt being about to join the administration is perhaps the most absurd of all these rumours. Even were there a vacancy for him no man holding "Independence" sentiments could become a member of the Cabinet. A coalition of the kind might suit the Hon. George Brown and Mr. Mackenzie but could not be thought of in connection with the present Government.

THE ALLEGED MUTINY OF THE 69TH REGT. AT QUEBEC.

We have received from Col. Bagot, of the 69th Regt., by the Bermuda steamer, a copy of a correspondence relative to the alleged mutiny of the men on board the *Orontes* just before leaving Quebec. In reference to the highly sensational telegram which appeared in a Halifax paper, the Colonel says:—

"During our stay on board the *Orontes*, not a single unpleasantness, of even the most trifling nature, occurred—in truth our sojourn on board that ship was distinguished by an unbroken harmony, on the part of all on board."

Previous to their parting at Bermuda, complimentary letters passed between Capt. Perry, commanding the *Orontes*, and Col. Bagot. The latter in his letter—dated "Bermuda harbor, 28th November" —to Capt. Perry says:—

"Now when the parting cheers of your crew are ringing in our ears, it appears a suitable time to convey to you on paper, the unanimous desire of my officers, and indeed I will add of my entire Regiment, that I should express to you, your officers and crew, our great gratitude for the unfailing courtesy, cordial kindness, and thorough good fellowship we have met with on board your ship from the moment we embarked until our departure.

It is at all times gratifying to every British Regiment to cultivate a friendly feeling towards the sister service, but is peculiarly so to this Regiment, which boasts among its proudest memories its achievements on board ship, and which welcomes with affectionate remembrance any opportunity of further cementing the great friendship which has existed so long between the Royal Navy and the 69th Regiment."

Capt. Perry returned the following reply to Col. Bagot:—

"The arrival of your letter, combined with the sense of the little either myself, officers or crew could do for the 69th Regiment during their stay on board the *Orontes*, has caused us great gratification; and I beg of you to convey to your officers and men the high estimation we entertain of the feeling held towards us by the 69th Regiment.

The *Orontes* has carried a large proportion of the British Army, and in all cases the hour of parting has brought its regrets, and much as our experience has shown us of the cordial feeling entertained by the Army towards the Navy, and its ever ready co-operation in the interests of the public service, and good order, in no case has it been more marked than in the case of the gallant 69th Regiment from the moment of embarkation of the Baggage Guard at Quebec, on 10th November, to the disembarkation of the Regiment at this place.

I take this opportunity of returning you and your officers our sincere thanks for your hospitable reception of us on the *Orontes'* arrival at Quebec, and I have to add for myself, officers and crew our best wishes for the health and happiness of the 69th Regiment."

As the telegram alluded to was published broadcast over the continent, and no doubt in England this correspondence will completely set the matter at rest. It is well known that the orderly and good soldierlike conduct of the 69th while in Canada, merited the warm encomiums of the people—not only in Quebec, but of the whole of the Lower and Upper Provinces.

THE ŒCUMENICAL COUNCIL, lately called at Rome is an instance of the solicitude of the Catholic Church for the welfare and prosperity of her Communicants. Large assemblies of this nature containing representatives from all parts of the world, should ...

Latest by Telegraph

VIA MONTREAL LINE.

THE WAR.

Midnight Despatches.

CABLE NEWS.

BALLOON ADVICES FROM PARIS.

LONDON, Dec. 29.—Balloon advices from Paris has been received to 4 o'clock. On the morning of Tuesday 2?th inst. citizens and soldiers were in excellent spirit, and are still determined on a vigorous defence of the city. Intensely cold weather had suspended military operations in great parts.

Preparations were being made on a large scale, and important results were looked for. These preparations had imbued the inhabitants with increased confidence.

PRUSSIANS CONCENTRATING.

LONDON, Dec. 29.—The Prussians on Wednesday occupied the line between Ducloir and Sant Pear, and were apparently concentrating their forces behind the town of Balbec, where an engagement with the French defenders of Havre is imminent.

VERSAILLES, Dec. 28.—Mount Arron is silent to day, but the forts in the neighborhood reply to the fire of the German guns.

The Prussians on Monday advanced to and occupied Bayonne, 14 miles S. S. E. from Arras.

EASTERN PROVINCES AROUSED.

BORDEAUX, Dec. 29.—The entire population of the eastern Departments is fully aroused to the emergency of the situation, and assist the troops to the utmost in all the battles and skirmishes.

The Government is taking measures for the distribution of arms among the people everywhere.

THE PRUSSIANS AND ENGLISH CORRESPONDENTS.

It is asserted that the Prussian authorities incensed at reports made by correspondents of English journals with the German armies have, after treating them very harshly, sent many of them outside the lines of occupation.

SUFFERINGS OF THE PRUSSIANS.

LILLE, Dec. 29.—The report that the Germans won the victory in the battle of Port Noyelles is officially contradicted. Not a single Frenchman was captured. The Prussians have lost heavily in the battle, and from sickness. In the north and north east of France villages are encumbered with the German wounded. A great number of German soldiers are suffering from opthalmia. There are 18,000 sick and wounded Germans at Chalons sur Marner.

The advanced guard of Garibaldi's army entered Dijon this morning.

INTRODUCTION OF THE BOMBARDMENT OF PARIS.

BERLIN, Dec. 29.—The Government organs say that Mount Arron was the first position attacked in order to obtain a stand point from which to operate against the adjacent forts. The bombardment of Mount Arron may be considered as the introduction to the general shelling of Paris. Its capture will greatly facilitate the operations against the city.

COMPLAINT AGAINST THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT.

LONDON, Dec 29.—The French Government has sent a formal complaint to Vienna concerning the employment of the rolling stock of the Austrian railways for military purposes, and the Austrian Government has appointed Commissioners to look into the charges.

COMMUNICATION BETWEEN CHERBOURG AND CALAIS INTERRUPTED.

Communication between Cherbourg and Calais is now carried on by water; Land routes have all been interrupted.

THE ATTEMPTED ASSASSINATION OF GEN. PRIM.

LONDON, Dec. 29.—Further particulars on the attempt on Gen. Prim's life state that his adjutant was shot. The wounds of neither are dangerous. No public disturbance was occasioned, as the authorities took prompt measures to prevent outbreaks and arrest the assassins. Great popular indignation is manifested at the occurrence.

ALL QUIET IN CHINA.

Hong Kong despatches of the 15th inst. report all quiet in the north of China.

GLASGOW, Dec. 29.—The steamship *Dorion* from New York has arrived.

N. Y. "WORLD" DESPATCHES.

NEW YORK, Dec. 29.—The *World's* Versailles special of April 28 says that the bombardment of Flrion has been ineffectual. The French fire caused considerable loss to the Prussians.

GERMANS RETREATING.

LONDON, Dec 29.—The Germans of the eastern Department are retreating. They have evacuated the town of Gosy, in the valley of the Soone.

PRUSSIAN PROCLAMATION.

A proclamation has been issued by the Prussian Government, placing under blockade all ports of France, now occupied or hereafter captured by German forces.

The harbor of Kiel is now closed by ice.

The Paris press is opposed to the participation of France in the Conference.

ANNOUNCEMENT OF THE INDEPENDENCE OF THE DANUBIAN PRINCIPALITIES.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Dec 29.—The declaration of the independence of the Danubian Principalities has been announced here and caused profound sensation.

A "TRIBUNE" SPECIAL.

LONDON, Dec. 29.—A *Tribune* special says the English Government, upon application of Count Bernsdorff, stopped the ship chartered by the French Government to lay a submarine cable to connect Dunkirk, Cherbourg, Brest and Bordeaux. The ship was given in charge of the Custom House officers on the Thames. The cable was seized three hours after the first notice of this embargo. Application was made for the release, but was refused.

ARRIVALS.

SOUTHAMPTON, Dec 29.—The steamship *Weser*, from New York, has arrived.

Yesterday's Despatches.

ENGAGEMENTS.

LONDON, December 29.—The Saxon battalion had been discharged at Maison Blanche.

A despatch from Strasbourg announces that the Germans have stormed the French fortress of Belfort twice recently. In both cases they were repulsed with considerable loss.

CAPTURE OF THE LEFT BANK OF THE SEINE.

The Prussians have captured the left bank of the Seine.

There is still a large force at Yoelot.

The Germans evacuated Dinnion on the approach of the French. The French now hold the city.

The French claim that the battle of Pontnoyelles was a success for the army of the North.

It is reported that the Crown Prince and Duke of Saxony have been sent to Amiens to assist Gen. Manteuffel.

The Germans are now near Cambray.

It is said that the French army of the north has left Arras, retreating towards Vitry, and it was thought they were falling back on their strong holds in the extreme north of France.

The Roumanian Government declares its independence, and repudiates the treaty of 1854.

PRUSSIA FULLY APOLOGISES TO GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, Dec 29.—Earl Granville has received a despatch from the Prussian Government at Berlin, apologising for the outrage on English vessels in the Seine, and stating that pecuniary indemnity will be given if demanded, and announcing that the military commander who was guilty of the outrage has been dismissed from the service.

NEW FORTIFICATIONS.

ATTEMPTED ESCAPE OF FRENCH PRISONERS.

BERLIN, Dec. 29.—It is stated that the French prisoners confined in a fortress near the Rhine conspired to revolt and escape on Christmas Eve, but the project was discovered and defeated.

THE CUBAN REBELS.

HAVANA, Dec 28.—The rebels are presenting themselves for surrender everywhere in large numbers. Their condition when they reach us is lamentable in the extreme.

The steamship *Missouri* from New York has arrived.

SURRATT'S REAPPEARANCE.

NEW YORK, Dec. 28.—A Washington despatch says that Surratt's re-appearance to public notice has brought out a fact concerning him which has never heretofore been published. It is stated on most responsible authority that when Surratt's mother was on trial here Judge Advocate Holt consented to release her if the former would give himself up to trial. Surratt was informed of this by his friends, who were in communication with him, and instead of at once complying, and thereby, securing the release of his mother, he immediately absconded, leaving her to her fate.

GENERAL ROBERT C SCHENCK.

General Robert C. Schenck, the newly appointed Minister Plenipotentiary to the Court of St. James, is sojourning for a few days at the Brevoort House. He will sail about the 18th of January for England.

ARRIVAL OF THE S. S. CITY OF BROOKLYN.

The steamship *City of Brooklyn* from Liverpool Dec 15th *via* Queenstown 16th, with merchandize and 39 passengers, reached this port this morning. She reports on the 28th off Nantucket passed the steamship *City of Cork* hence for Liverpool.

ATTEMPTED ASSASSINATION OF GEN. PRIM.

MADRID, Dec. 28.—Last night as General Prim was leaving the Cortes, eight shots were fired at his carriage by a band in the street. Prim was wounded in three places on the left arm and on the right hand. No arrests were made.

The Board of School Trustees.

To the Editor of THE TIMES

SIR,—The School Bill now before the Legislature of Ontario, and which is likely to become law in a very short time, contains a provision whereby the existing Grammar and Common School Boards will be abolished, and a Board designated the "Public School Board" constituted in their stead. It is also provided in the Bill that the members of the proposed "Board of Public School Trustees" shall be elected on the first Wednesday in July next. In view of these facts would it not be highly desirable that Mr. Slater should continue at the Board of School Trustees until the Board ceased to exist.

The public generally are, perhaps, not aware of the valuable services Mr. Slater has rendered in behalf of the educational interests of our city during his long term of service at the Board. In his capacity as Chairman of the Board he has discharged his duties with uniform kindness, courtesy and impartiality. As a professional man his advice and assistance in the erection of the Central School was invaluable and always most cheerfully afforded. While in pecuniary matters, his private cheque, to the extent of two and three thousand dollars at a time, was always readily given to meet the engagements of the Board until the public funds could be had to meet the payments due contractors and others. I can assure Mr. Slater that there is but one feeling throughout the Wellington Ward and the city, and that is of the deepest regret that he should, at the present time withdraw from the Trusteeship which he has so long and so creditably filled, and in which position he has rendered the public a signal service in more ways than can well be explained in a communication to a public journal.

As a ratepayer of Wellington Ward, I sincerely hope in common with many of my fellow electors in the Ward, that Mr. Slater may be induced to reconsider his decision, inasmuch as it is probable that the term of service will be short, and I trust that the electors in any case will not permit Mr. Slater's efforts in the post in behalf of our educational institutions to pass unnoticed, and without some mark of their high approval.

Yours truly,
A RATEPAYER.

Wellington Ward, Dec. 28, 1870.

Railway Meeting in Renfrew.

As announced some weeks ago, a large and influential meeting of the people of the County of Renfrew was convened on Wednesday last at the Village of Renfrew, to devise means for the construction of a railway through that County to Pembroke. The meeting was presided over by the Warden; Wm. Halpenny, Esq., Reeve of Renfrew, acting as Secretary, and was largely attended by leading and influential gentlemen from all parts of the County. Letters from the Hon. Sir Francis Hincks, the Hon. Alex. Morris, John Rochester, Esq., Mayor of Ottawa, and other gentlemen, were read, expressive of their regret at being prevented from attending.

After the formal opening of the meeting Mr. Macdougall, the representative of the County, called on Mr. R. W. Scott to address them. That gentleman enlarged somewhat on the general benefits to a country that flow from all railway enterprises, and pointed out the many advantages that the County of Renfrew would reap from the extension of the Canada Central Railway to Pembroke, and urged those present to take the necessary steps to induce the Canada Central to continue their line from Sand Point westward to Pembroke. A reasonable subsidy from the municipality, aided by the probable grant that this railway, among others, would be entitled to under the scheme of the Ontario Government, would no doubt justify the Company in making this line complete from Ottawa to Pembroke, that unless the line was built within a reasonable period the North Shore Railway would probably be constructed to Deep River, and thus cut off the trade that now passes through Renfrew. Toronto was now seeking to tap the lumber country by means of the Nipissing Road, by which route, when completed, the supplies for the Upper Ottawa would pass, and thus a valuable trade would be lost to this section of the Province.

Mr. Macdougall explained the position of the county in reference to the Brockville and Ottawa Railway, and the mortgage given by that Company to protect the municipality. He suggested that before granting any aid to the Canada Central it would be advisable to postpone the consideration of the question until the scheme of the Ontario Government was announced. The meeting was also addressed by Messrs. Irving and White, of Pembroke, who urged immediate action. Mr. McMullen, of the Brockville *Monitor*, spoke eloquently on the great advantages the county would derive from the continuation of the railway, and pointed out in forcible language how the work might be carried out. Mr. Wiley of the Brockville *Recorder* was also called on to speak and in a few pithy remarks urged the continuation of the railway. Mr. McAdam, Mr. McNabb, and other gentlemen followed in the same strain. The meeting showed perfect ...ty as to the necessity for the railway ...ave no doubt, now that the ball ...tarted, the enterprise will be a ...d before two years have passed ... linked with Pembroke by an

Dominion Board of Trade.

We have received from Mr. Patterson, the Secretary of the Dominion Board of Trade, a copy of a circular addressed to the Boards of Trade and Chambers of Commerce throughout the Dominion, having reference to the first annual meeting of the Board to be held at Ottawa on the 15th of January next. In the circular Mr. Patterson says that "while the Delegates present at the organization on the 5th and 6th October considered it desirable to adopt Article II. of the Constitution, which provides that constituent bodies shall be duly chartered, the Executive Committee will recommend that an expressed intention to apply for an Act of Incorporation be construed as a compliance with said Article; and, inasmuch as several other Boards have not had sufficient time to consider the question of becoming chartered, all such are invited to send delegates to the first annual meeting."

The following communications from the Association of Chambers of Commerce of the United Kingdom are embodied in the circular:

ASSOCIATION OF CHAMBERS OF COMMERCE OF THE UNITED KINGDOM, 29 PARLIAMENT STREET, WESTMINSTER,
2nd Dec., 1870.

WM. J. PATTERSON, ESQ,
Secretary of the Dominion Board of Trade, Montreal.

DEAR SIR:

I delayed my reply to your very interesting communication, until our provincial Meeting at Bradford had taken place, in order to lay your letter before the meeting, and to transmit to you its reply.

I have now the pleasure of communicating herewith our Meeting's formal reply to your letter.

Permit me, in doing so, to add the personal expression of the gratification and interest which I feel in the Dominion Board of Trade; my earnest desire for its success; my desire at all times to interchange information and friendly good offices; and my most earnest good wishes for the prosperity and progress of the great Dominion, and that these may be promoted to the fullest extent possible—while preserving and cementing the union which exists between your great country and the mother country.

I remain, Dear Sir,
Yours faithfully,
(Signed), SAMPSON S. LLOYD.
Chairman Association of Chamber of Commerce of the United Kingdom.

[*Copy*]

At a special meeting of the Association of Chambers of Commerce of the United Kingdom, held at Bradford, on the 24th and 25th of November, 1870, at which delegates from upwards of thirty Chambers of Commerce were present,—

The Chairman communicated a letter which he had received from Mr. Patterson, Secretary of the Dominion Board of Trade [of Canada], containing an interesting account of the formation of an Association of the Chambers of Commerce of that Dominion on principles similar to those on which this Association is founded. It was thereupon unanimously resolved,—

"That this Association desires to hold out the cordial hand of fellowship to their commercial brothers in Canada, and heartily wishes them good-speed; also that a special sub-committee of the Association be formed for the special purpose of intercommunication with the Canadian Board on all matters affecting commercial relations between Great Britain and Canada; also that the past printed Reports of the Association, and all information as regards their proceedings up to the present time be forwarded, along with a copy of this resolution, by the President, to the Secretary of the Dominion Board of Trade."

Extract from the Minutes.

(Signed,)
SAMPSON S. LLOYD.
Chairman of the Association.

The following is the official programme of Recommendations and Resolutions to be presented at the Annual Meeting, with the names of the bodies proposing them:

MONTREAL BOARD OF TRADE.

International Navigation, and effects of Canal enlargement on the general commerce of the Dominion.

That representations be made to Government in favor of revising and consolidating the Inspection Laws; and that they be made to apply to the whole Dominion, and that this important question should be pressed upon the attention of Parliament.

That information relating to the trade of the British Colonial Possessions be published from time to time by the Dominion Board of Trade.

That the Executive Council be requested to represent to the Government the importance of publishing a monthly summary statement of the Import and Export Trade of the Dominion, specifying, as far as possible, quantities and values.

That it be a recommendation to the Executive Council to represent to the Dominion Government the necessity which exists for a revision of the laws relating to Patents of Invention.

TORONTO BOARD OF TRADE.

Uniformity in the Commercial and Financial Laws and Usages of the Dominion, in the following particulars:—

1. The currency.
2. Standards of Inspection for Manufactured Products
3. Collection of Debts.
4. Weights and Measures.
5. Bills of Lading, Warehouse Receipts, Demurrage, &c.

The question of Protective Duties.

MONTREAL CORN EXCHANGE ASSOCIATION.

That a petition be presented to Parliament by the Dominion Board of Trade, praying for repeal of the duties on Flour and Grain.

The propriety of making efforts to establish the Central system of measurement in the handling of grain and other commodities throughout the Dominion.

That the Dominion Government be requested to publish a monthly or quarterly statement showing the extent and variety of the trade between the different Provinces in the Dominion.

EXECUTIVE COUNCIL.

That the various Boards and Associations be requested to publish Annual Statements of the Trade, Commerce and Manufactures of their respective cities or towns, as soon after the first day of January in each year as possible; also, to send to the Secretary of the Dominion Board of Trade monthly statements of receipts, shipments, and stocks of produce, to be by him summarized and published under the direction of the Dominion Council.

Should notices of other subjects come to hand before the meeting, a supplementary list will be issued.

The Catholic Support.

(*From The Canadian Freeman.*)

The *Globe* virtually repudiates its sentiments of ten or twelve years ago, when it considered it profitable work to abuse the Catholics. Some of the extracts which the *Leader* but a short while ago timeously unearthed, in order to prove Mr. George Brown's peculiar affection for Catholics, are now characterized by the *Globe* "pretended extracts" from its columns. *Pretended*, of course they are, but are they not also real? And if not, which one is the forgery? Did not the *Globe* denounce as worse than the ten plagues of Egypt a scheme for Irish Catholic immigration from the States to Canada? Did it not go to the expense of wood-cuts—at a time when George was very hard up indeed—in order to cast ridicule upon Bishop Charbonnel and insult the Catholics of Toronto? The fact is that the *Globe's* record is so shameful on this head that it shirks discussion of its conduct in relation to it, and boldly sheers past the difficulty, or takes the defence of somebody else who knowing nothing of the matter is seemingly the better able to make out a case.

☞ All Wool Tartans in all the leading clans. A large lot ex last steamer, at
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

WAR NOTES.

Whenever Count von Moltke has been in Berlin he has for years been in the habit to take dinner at the St. Petersburg Hotel. Since he has left for the seat of war in France his chair, which has been crowned with a laurel wreath, has been left unoccupied at the accustomed place at the dinner table, as though the distinguished guest was expected to appear at any moment.

At the commencement of the war the French had one hundred and thirty nine regiments of regulars. Only ten are left. The Germans have also captured five hundred thousand Chassepot guns and three thousand six hundred cannon.

It is stated that at Orleans the German officers organized an impromptu ball in M. Magne's house, and that no ladies being forthcoming, young smooth faced German officers made charming toilets in Madame Magne's sumptuous dresses.

The Crown Prince of Prussia, after a combat before Paris, reviewed his victorious Bavarians, one of whom eyed him with a broad smile. "What is up, comrade?" asked the Prince. "Why, is it not jolly," was the good humoured reply, "to see your Royal Highness just as bespattered with dirt as we are."

It is stated that all the great singers and actors who did not leave Paris prior to the declaration of the state of siege, are now on the ramparts.

A Paris correspondent who visited the Southern Hospital a few weeks ago, writes that he found a notice posted on the entrance door: "Whoever shall bring a cat, a dog, or three rats, shall be at liberty to stay to lunch and dinner. N.B.—It is absolutely necessary that the animals should be brought alive. The skins may be taken away." Such a notice, it is said, is common on the doors of the hospitals of Paris.

Three French sergeants named Bagot, Kount and Morizat, have escaped from the Saxon fortress, Konigstein, in a most hazardous manner. This fortress is built on a perpendicular rock, and can be ascended only by a stairway. The three sergeants manufactured a rope of shirts, towels and under clothing, and climbed down the perpendicular rock from a height of almost two hundred feet. They succeeded in reaching the Austrian border, where they were arrested, and placed at the disposal of the French Embassy in Vienna, on condition of giving their parole.

The French have captured one of the editors of the Berlin *Kreuzzeitung*, the organ of the Prussian aristocracy, and strenuous efforts have been made by his influential friends to get him released, but their efforts have so far met with very poor success, for the French suspect him to be a person of the highest possible importance, and so many in[fluen]ces are brought to bear in his favor [th]ey do not believe the statement that he is only an editor, and imagine him to be some Minister in disguise. He has been removed to the Fortress of Clermont-Ferrant, and is held in solitary confinement.

Heroism still exists in the world, and exists in the humblest ranks of life. On October 8th chlotoroom had begun to give out in Metz. The wounded were pouring in, but so little was in the medical stores that the surgeons were obliged to economise it for the serious cases. A foot chasseur of the guard was brought into the operating room. His hand was crushed, and it became necessary to remove the fifth metcarpal bone, the support of the little finger. He came on foot. He would not leave his musket, which he had slung by the bandeleer. "Well, my friend," said the surgeon, "we must perform a little operation here." "I know it, monsieur; that's why I came." "Do you want to be put to sleep?" "Of course—I suffered so much last night that I shall not resist it." "You wish it very much?" "Well-yes. O, but it is very scarce, isn't it, that stuff that puts a fellow to sleep?" "We are almost out." Well, well, just you keep it for the boy that loses a leg or an arm—only look alive." He stuck his poor blue cravat, all bloody as it was, between his teeth, lay down, and stretched out his arm. The operation was performed. "Did you suffer much?" "You bet I did; but what's that; poor fellows must help each other." In its way this story of the simple foot soldier matches the tale of Sir Philip Sidney's generous self-denial on the field of Zutphon.

A French writer thus descants on Paris purified:—The powder has purified the atmosphere. The red cross banner waves over the theatres where emperors and kings flocked to see Schneider's *can-can*. The Champs Elysees are one vast camp. Where the luxurious equipage of the *lorette* swept insolently by, the only vehicles are those of the military train. Besides those restaurants which so lately resounded with the loud laugh which speaks the vacant mind, "varied by the pop of the champagne corks stands the tests of the artillery. Transformation, purification.' It will be edifying to note how long this model state of morals continues after the siege ends.

The North German *Gazette* gives an account of the military hospital in the palace at Versailles. The wounded are placed in the picture galleries, and large windows of which are opened so that the air is kept pure. Every patient has a bed, with one or two mattresses, two blankets, and clean sheets. The body linen and sheets have often, from the nature of the wounds, to be changed daily, and in five weeks 7,946 articles had to be washed, without reckoning a large amount of bandages and 566 mattresses. The "Gallerie des Batailles' is devoted to the medicines and the thousand other requisites. The food is prepared in two kitchens in different wings of the palace in order to expedite its passage to the hospital rooms. Besides the usual diet of meat, white bread, and wine, ham, fruit, sausage, champagne, etc., are provided for the severely wounded. The fruit is supplied by the palace gardens, and the champagne is the gift of the King of Prussia, who daily sends orderlies with newspapers, and frequently with delicacies. The King and Crown Prince often visit the convalescent. Those not confined to their beds can walk out on the beautiful terrace, and even the bed ridden are placed there when the weather permits, in order to strengthen body and mind by the splendid prospects. Smoking, newspaper reading and letter writing go on, nor are friendly visits and religious conversation wanting, while divine service is frequently held in the large [a]partment.

One thing is certain (writes an occasional correspondent of the *Times* from Tours), that the Francs tireurs have become a most important element in this war. Not so much from the number of the enemy they may kill off with pot shots, but from the serious interruption they may cause to that system of tentacular feeling of the far distant surrounding country, so to speak, which has been one of the essential features of this marvellous German invasion of France. He adds:—"The Uhlan scouting system was essential to the Prussian method of invasion. Well, if they have not done much else, the omnipresent Francs-tireurs have clipped many, at least, of these important tentacles. We hear little more of the 'four Uhlans.' The German corps and divisions and minor massed bodies have to make their way about the country as they best can, sometimes in the dark, sometimes in twilight, but no longer in the blaze of noonday (to them) as they did at first. Singly each scouting *avant coureur* of Uhlans may be of no vital importance. Cut off all the tentacles of the *pieuvre*, and his fate sooner or later is sealed. This is just the work the Francs-tireurs are doing, and have largely done. No wonder that a sagacious instinct prompted the great Prussian strategists to declare a war of extermination against them from the outset, to declare them an organized brigandage, to say that they were not regular, respectable commissioned soldiers, entitled to the immunities of war when captured. The Francs-tireurs have now grown into a great, serious and regular institution. They are all uniformed, in a thousand fashions, but distinctly and unequivocally. They are regularly commissioned and brigaded, and now responsibility attached to the armies of the regions in which they operate and swarm. When captured they cannot conceal or disavow their character.

Why have they not a right to serve and defend their country, thus invaded, in this way as well as in any other?"

"The Poor Canadians"

(*From the London Free Press.*)

It is the custom with a portion of the U. S press, representing more fully the views of the administration at Washington, to speak of the people of this country as "poor Canadians." Without indulging in anything like vaunting, the derogatory statement may be successfully challenged. In a monetary point of view Canada is rich. Its national funds stand high. Its taxes are inconsiderable. Its fields are fertile and its herds fruitful. Industry is well rewarded, and the general population well housed, well clothed, and well fed. The banks and similar institutions are the depositories of sterling money wealth, which in Toronto alone exceeds that of Chicago and Milwaukee combined.

MARRIED.

On the 27th instant, in St. Andrew's Church, Pictou, Nova Scotia, by the Rev. A. W. Herdman, assisted by the Rev. Allan Pollock, George Macleod, Esq., of St. John, New Brunswick, to Sarah J., eldest daughter of William Gordon, Esq., of Pictou, Nova Scotia.

NEW GROCERY
—AND—
PROVISION STORE.

MR. ROBERT CRAIN

Would announce to his numerous friends and the public generally, that he has just opened in the Shop formerly occupied by MR. JAMES COOTE,

Corner of Rideau and King-sts,

With a well selected Stock of Groceries, Vegetables and Provisions, &c.; he solicits a call and hopes by strict attention to business to merit a share of public patronage.

MASON AND BUILDER.

Contracts for Building and Mason and Brick-Work attended to as usual. Also White Bricks constantly on hand and for sale.

ROBERT CRAIN,
Corner of Rideau and King-sts.
Ottawa, Dec 30. 1870. 1551 1m

RICHARD HIGMAN,

DISPENSARY CHEMIST,

LATE MANAGER MEDICAL HALL,

SPARKS STREET,

Begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has just received his extensive Stock of

DRUGS AND MEDICINES,

And he has opened at his temporary Store, next to JOHN ROOS, at McLEAN'S late Auction Mart, Sparks-st.

☞ Prescriptions carefully attended to.

Ottawa, Dec. 30, 1870 1551 1w

WALTHAM WALTHAM

THE AMERICAN WATCH

The public of the United States and Canada have now had over ten years experience of WALTHAM WATCHES, and they are now everywhere acknowledged to be the ONLY RELIABLE

TIME-KEEPERS!

Almost all other watches are sold under false pretences; not one in a hundred bears the name of the real maker; the public have absolutely no security, and have, therefore, been constantly imposed upon. On the contrary, every buyer of a Waltham Watch gets a guarantee of the company, and no matter from whom he buys it, has positive security that he is getting a TIME KEEPER.

It must be admitted that the apparent interest of watchmakers lies in selling other watches, of which they can make larger profits, but men of enterprise in the trade prefer an article of large and ready sale, and which leaves no bad stock. It is "small profits and quick returns."

These watches can be had in several grades (all guaranteed) the silver cases are made from coin silver, and from 2 to 5 ounces in weight. The gold cases are made in 14 carat gold, and from 3 4 to 4 ounces in weight; the size for ladies are richly engraved or enamelled. For the quality both in gold and silver, are the

CHEAPEST WATCHES IN THE WORLD

These watches can be ordered of any reliable watchmaker or jeweller in the Dominion; but the guarantee of the company should be invariably required. The Company in all cases pay the Government duty, which makes the Canadian consumer a privilged purchaser

ROBERT WILKES,
Sole Wholesale Agent for the Dominion of Canada
Toronto—43 and 50 Yonge Street.
Montreal—445 St. Paul Street
1397 3

T HUNTON SHOOLBRED & Co

47. SPARKS ST. 49.

Will receive this week "per Express,' from LONDON, England,

2 CASES OF MILLINERY,

Containing the VERY LATEST Styles in

Bonnets, Hats,

and some very Choice things in

Flowers, Feathers and Trimmings,

Per S. S. "MORAVIAN.'

1 Case Extra Cloths, in the new

Satin Cloths,

Trimming to match all our Fashionable

Dress Goods.
—ALSO—

1 Case of Newest

Mantle Cloths.

The "OLIVE GREEN" appears still prove the most fashionable, and of the above, we are in receipt of ten piece

"New Seal and plucked Otter Skins hand."

Fancy Wove Goods still arriving.

Clouds, Breakfast Shawls, Ties &c.,

in endless Variety.

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO
47 and 49 Sparks Street.
Ottawa, Oct 11 1870.

ST PATRICK'S ORPHAN ASYLUM

The Annual Meeting of the Members and Friends of the ST PATRICK'S ORPHAN ASYLUM of Ottawa, will be held on THURSDAY Evening next, at Seven o'clock, p.m., at the ASYLUM on Church Street, to receive the Report of the affairs of the Institution for the past year, and to elect the Members of the Council for the ensuing year

MARTIN BATTLE,
Secretary.
Ottawa, Dec. 28, 1870. 1550 2

THOMAS ISAAC,

DEALER IN

Shelf and Heavy Hardware

HENEY'S STONE BUILDING,

Wellington Street, Upper Town, Ottawa

Cooking and Fancy Stove
Coal, ..., Iron, Rope,
Twine, Glass, Oil,
Putty, &c.,
Always on Hand.

Ottawa December 20, 1869. 1398.3

Wants.

WANTED,

A thorough Servant man, who understands the care of Horses, and a good Driver. Apply at this Office.

JOHN McDONALD,
Aylmer, Dec 28, 1870. 1550 4

BOARD WANTED,

For a Single Gentleman. Address C., TIMES Office, stating terms.
Ottawa, December 20, 1870. 1544tf

SCHOOL TEACHER wanted for School Section No. 1, Gloucester.
Gloucester, Dec 24, 1870 1547a

WANTED,

For the ROMAN CATHOLIC Separate Schools of this City, two Male English Teachers holding 1st Class Certificates.

Application to be made to the undersigned, on or before the 15th inst.

WM. FINLEY,
Chairman Board of R. C. S. S. Trustees.
Ottawa, Dec 6 1870 1533tf

ST. JAMES' HOTEL,

METCALFE AND QUEEN STREETS,

F. EVANS, Proprietor.

Good accommodation for the travelling public. First-Class Wines and Liquors. Good stabling.
Ottawa, Dec 8, 1870 1516tf

TO THE ELECTORS OF VICTORIA WARD.

GENTLEMEN,—I have been asked by a large number of the influential Electors of Victoria Ward to allow myself "to be put in nomination as one of the School Trustees for said Ward, during the ensuing term."

To refuse to comply with their request in the absence of any reasonable plea for such refusal, or to neglect to do my duty to the best of my ability, if elected to a position on the Board by the unsought votes of my friends, would be to show myself altogether unworthy of their confidence.

I therefore accede to their wishes, and if elected as one of your representatives my best efforts, in the interests of the Public Schools of the city, shall be at your disposal.

I have the honor to be,
Gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
ERSKINE H. BRONSON.
Chaudiere, 25th Dec., 1870. 1459tf.

OTTAWA LITERARY AND SCIENTIFIC SOCIETY.

The next Regular Meeting will be held in the LECTURE ROOM, on FRIDAY, 30th December, at 7½ P. M.

At 8 o'clock a Lecture will be delivered by J. GEO. BOURINOT, Esq.

SUBJECT:

"Canadian Materials for History, Poetry and Romance."

Admission Free.

G KENNEDY,
Secretary.
Ottawa, Dec. 29, 1870 1551

To the Returning Officer and Electors of Ottawa Ward, in the City of Ottawa.

GENTLEMEN,—I beg to thank all my friends and supporters for the kind appreciation of the services I have endeavoured to render them for the last six years, during which I represented Ottawa Ward in the Municipal Council of Ottawa, by their so strongly aiding my nomination as a Candidate, but owing to urgent private occupations, I find that I shall not be able to devote my attention to the interest of Ottawa Ward in particular, and the City in general, as I have done heretofore, and therefore find it impossible to accept their unqualified support so heartily tendered. I beg therefore to tender my resignation as a Candidate in the present municipal election, and hereby beg to declare that I am no longer a Candidate in the election of Alderman for Ottawa Ward for 1871.

(Signed) JOHN B. GUERARD.
Ottawa, Dec. 28, 1870. 1551tf.

To the Returning Officer and Electors of Ottawa Ward, in the City of Ottawa:

GENTLEMEN,—

Owing to some doubts having been raised as to my qualifications for election as Alderman for Ottawa Ward, for the year 1871, and having ascertained that the fact of my being a licensed Inn keeper under the Corporation, substantiates such doubts. I hereby beg to tender my resignation as a Candidate in the Election of Alderman for the said Ward, and hereby renounce all intentions of being so elected, and declare that I am no longer a Candidate as above mentioned.

(Signed) F. X. GUERTIN.
Ottawa, Dec. 28, 1870. 1551tf.

NOTICE.

The gentleman who found a small parcel containing part of a Ladies Evening Dress near the Quebec Bank, yesterday, (Tuesday) will be suitably rewarded on leaving it at the Office of W R THISTLE & Co., Centre Town

Ottawa, Dec 28, 1870 1550 3

LAND OF CAKES.

BUY

your Cakes,
Confectionery
Plum cakes, Fruit
Cakes, Citron cakes, Lemon Sultan, Seed, Pound cakes,
Sponge and other large cakes, Iced and ornamented at D. Morrison's, 38 Rideau Street, where you will find the largest and best assortment of small cakes, and confectionary in the city, fancy boxes, Horns of plenty, pure Sugar toys and Figures, of home and foreign manufacture. D. Morrison is now prepared to furnish Socials, Soirees, Tea meetings and other parties in the best style, having had ten years experience in Montreal he feels confident of giving satisfaction to all who favor him with their orders. Please to remember the name and place, D. Morrison, Biscuit manufacturer, Pastry Baker, Wholesale and Retail Confectioner, 38 Rideau street, and 45 York Street.
Ottawa, Dec. 28, 1870. 1550

CARD.

The Subscriber begs to return thanks to his Customers and the public generally, for the Liberal Support extended to him for the last nine years, and by Strict Attention to his business hopes to secure their Patronage in future. He would also remind them that he has always on hand

FRESH MEAT,
PORK,
HAM,

And all the FOWLS of the Season.

JOHN KENNEDY.
Ottawa, Dec. 22, 1870.

STALL No. 1.

JOHN TERRANCE in returning thanks to his customers for their liberal patronage ...
... MRS BAILIFF, Managing D...

...ux Coats
at Devlin's.

LOCAL NEWS.

...New Stereoscopes and Slides, Bohemian ..., Microscopes, choice French and English Perfumery, at the Ottawa ... Store, Sappers' Bridge, W. HEARN,

Good teams are getting as high as $2 per day in the shanties this winter.

The thermometer indicated three degrees above zero yesterday afternoon at ... o'clock.

Tuesday evening and last night were very cold. Winter, although slow in coming, seems determined to make up by ... fierceness for lost time.

A lecture will be delivered in Aylmer on ...th inst. by the Rev. Mr. Stephenson. Subject—"Woman, her position and in..."

...Quadrille Club.—A meeting of ...ers and members of this club is ... take place at the "Shakespeare" ... evening next.

... Cornwall, St. Lawrence and ... Mills Blankets, in all sizes and ... very cheap, at GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

... foundation is being dug for the ... of a new building on the site of ... buildings lately destroyed by fire on ... street.

... Church Readings take place this ... at Gowan's Hall. The programme ... more than usually interesting one, and ... assemblage will, of course be as large ...

The Holman troupe begin a short season in Montreal on the 9th of next month, ... at its close will probably pay a visit to ...awa, a place where the young Canadian ...pe have always met with a hearty reception.

The ice on the river is now strong enough ... an army of elephants. Crossing ... become dangerous during the two or ... mild days succeeding the severe frost ... week, and several horses had gone ... the ice at different points on the ... There need be no fear now as to ... strength of the ice.

...—On Saturday night a building on ... street narrowly escaped destruction ... The fire had gained considerable ... before discovered by the inmates, ... it not been seen as early as it was ... building must have been destroyed. ... extinguished with water from the ..., without the assistance of the fire ...

We see that Mr. Richard Higman has ... store in the place lately occupied ... McLean as an auction mart. Mr. Hi... was manager of the Medical Hall, and ... had any dealings with him can testify to the satisfaction they received. ... medicines, and everything generally ... had in a first-class druggist shop ... kept constantly on hand.

...ets and House Furnishings made a ... at Garland, Mutchmor & Co's ... stock and new styles, at reduced ...
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

...ALS AT THE RUSSELL HOUSE—Thursday: ...T Dore, W H Miller, Quebec; J D ... T Tétbault, Montreal; L McGown, ...borough; T Jones, Kemptville; J ..., Toronto; W C Edwards, Rock... J B Read, Boston; B Gibson, R... Whitby; J Barwick, Woodstock.

... Readings—Last evening Mr. ... and his juvenile choir favoured ... at the Congregational Church ... with some excellent music. The "Happy New Year" was highly ap... The "readings" will be dis... with in the above mentioned place ..., on account of the prayer meet... in connection with the various ... during the week.

...usual Christ Church and Chapel ...s will take place this evening in ...'s Hall. An excellent programme ... prepared, embracing good vocal ... instrumental music, and the names of ... well known and favorite readers. ... will enjoy a treat by being present on the occasion this evening.

...—Now is the time. Go and see ...rion, 60 Sparks Street, for stoves ...-pipe fitting. No puff; but see ...lves. Lumbermen and country ... come and see. The most com... House in this Line in the Capital, ... C. P. Dorion, 60 Sparks
1486 2m.

... 50 dozen Velveteen Hats, from 25 ... upwards. A large assortment of ... and Feathers. Trimmed Hats and ... the "Golden Lion."
R. L. JAMES & Co.

... Market—Thursday—This morning... market was small Hay, oats and ..., however, were plentiful, the supply ... being unusually large; it sold at ... per bushel. Pork $7.50 to $8.50. ... $16 to $17 per ton. Beaver Hay $7 ... per ton. Straw $8 to $9 per ton. ... and price unchanged. Butter ... shade higher in price. ... were no vegetables of any kind.

...Police Court.—Thursday.—There were ... sittings at the Police Court to-day ... at 10 a.m., the other at 1 p.m. ... Langlois case for larceny occupied a ... deal of time, and the prisoner was ... committed for trial at the Assizes. ... larceny case against Mrs. Biggers ... again adjourned until this morning. ... charge of selling liquor without a ... against the same party was dismissed. ... Seargant was charged with keeping ... of ill-fame. The case was adjourned until this morning in order to obtain ... evidence.

During the fire last evening a gentleman living near the market arrived at the ... of destruction out of breath, and ... seeking out sergeant McVitty; in... him that a man apparently insane ... on committing some crime had en... his house through an upper story ..., which he succeeded in doing by ... on to a shed hard by. The Ser... hastened down to the gentleman's ..., where he found the inmates in ... consternation, dreading at every ... a raid upon them from upstairs ... intruder. In a few minutes more ...

New Grocery Store.—By reference to our advertising columns it will be seen that Mr. Robert Crain has opened a new grocery store in the shop lately occupied by Mr. James Foote, corner of Rideau and King streets.

He will keep constantly on hand a good assortment of groceries, provisions, and vegetables.

His calling as a mason and builder will as usual be properly attended to.

Soup Kitchen.

With a praiseworthy desire to contribute towards the relief of the poor of the city, the ladies of St. Andrew's Church intend to re-open, on Tuesday next, the Soup Kitchen established by them in Le Breton's Flats last winter. During last winter a large number of the poor were benefitted by means of this institution, the average distribution of soup during the three months that it was open being about 300 quarts each week. The method pursued by the Committee is this:—They issue tickets at the rate of half a dollar per dozen, each one of which is good for one quart of soup and a slice of bread. These tickets may be purchased by the charitable and given to the destitute, and, while securing relief for the poor, they serve also to secure the giver against any abuse of his charity. Some of the poorer classes buy these tickets for themselves, desiring, as far as possible, to pay for what they get, and knowing that, at this low rate, which is below the cost price, they can procure a better and cheaper article than they could make at home. Many others are relieved gratuitously, and often during last winter children or parents used to apply at the kitchen for soup not only for themselves but also for the other members of their family who were suffering from hunger at home. Two of the Managing Committee visit the kitchen daily. Particular care is taken to enquire into the condition of those who are gratuitously relieved, and to make the institution in every way worthy of the confidence and support of the charitably disposed. Donations of money, meat, vegetables or flour will be gratefully received. The Soup Kitchen will be open daily, Sundays excepted, from 12 till 3 o'clock, after Monday next Tickets may be procured at the shop of Messrs. Orme & Son, Sparks street, Mr Thomas Patterson, Rideau street, and at the Soup Kitchen.

Destructive Fire.

About twenty minutes past seven o'clock last night flames were seen to suddenly burst from one of the second story windows of Bussell's cabinet warerooms, Rideau street. The alarm was quickly given at the City Hall, and in less than fifteen minutes the engines were on the ground, but were compelled to wait for nearly half an hour before a drop of water was brought for their use. The flames meanwhile spread with remarkable rapidity, the inflamable contents of the warehouse being so much tinder for them to feed on. In less than half an hour the building was enveloped from garret to first floor, the flames rolling and tumbling in the interior of the building between the ceilings and floors of the flats, and shooting far into the street, brilliantly lighted up the neighbouring parts of the city. In rear of the cabinet warehouse was a workshop, and further back were a large number of sheds packed together, in one of which was stored a quantity of pork, the property of Mr. Evans, provision and pork merchant. The flames soon seized on these, and for a while there was every appearance of the fire extending to Gilpin's tavern and dwelling house and to the rear premises of neighboring buildings. The engines, however, by this time had got to work, and certainly prevented the record of a much more serious conflagration. The rapidity with which the cabinet warehouse was destroyed is proof that no matter how well fitted stone walls are to resist fire from the exterior that once in the interior of a building unless extinguished at its birth it will go on in its work of destruction with extraordinary speed. The city possessed of the means of placing its firemen in such a position that they can get at fire as soon as possible after its outbreak or discovery is the city best protected. The combination of the fire alarm telegraph and powerful water works, doing away with the necessity of engines of any kind, has been found to reach this consummation. The old fashioned pump handle engines cannot be kept very easily from freezing in a winter so severe as the Canadian one, and when we find the city of Ottawa provided with neither of the above necessities, and the energetic firemen contending not only against an inefficient alarm, but actually without a proper supply of water, too much credit cannot be given them for their successful efforts of last night.

DISPOSITION OF THE BRIGADE.

By the time a sufficient supply of water had reached the engines, the flames had burst through the roof and were burning fiercely, with every disposition to seize on the two neighboring buildings. The "Ottawa" engine was placed in St. Paul street, and prevented the flames from extending to a two story building in St. Paul street, and the numerous sheds southward and westward; branchman Kelly, of this company, particularly distinguished himself by his efforts, and at one stage of the fire fell in branch in hand with a large shed near Gilpins. He was, however, quickly extricated narrowly escaping a severe burning.

The "Chaudiere" company took up their position in Little Sussex street, and brought a stream to bear on the burning sheds in rear of the building on fire; the "Rideau" was placed in Rideau street, and well supplied with water, kept up a splendid stream, playing on the burning warehouse; the "Queen" did good service in preventing the spread of the fire to the block occupied by Messrs. Tracy and Evans. The roof of this block several times took fire, which, however, was not permitted to retain its hold. No sooner was it discovered that the fire had seized on the shed filled with pork, and was making steady progress to Gilpin's, than Chief Langford ordered a large shed which offered a sure means of communication for the flames to be pulled down, and it was in short season levelled to the ground. This timely action no doubt saved the premises at the corner of St. Paul and Little Sussex streets from destruction.

GOOD WORK DONE BY THE BRIGADE.

It is a truth that on every occasion of a fire of any magnitude that the firemen are far more apt to be censured than praised, no matter how great the disadvantages may be under which they labor. There are no firemen in any city in Canada who work the members of the Ottawa Fire Brigade, and none work with greater pluck, zeal, or industry. In the first place they have no proper means of receiving the alarm, and as a result it is far more often the case that they arrive at the scene of action too late to act except on the defensive, or to save neighboring property; again, on the alarm being sounded the men rush to the different engine houses to draw a heavy machine often a great distance; they arrive on the ground nearly winded to do the hardest kind of work they could experience, viz, "pumping," and as a rule they receive little or no aid from the bystanders, and very often a discouraging taunt or ill-natured jeer; even when on the ground they have to wait for water brought to them, it may truthfully be said, in buckets full, for by the time the eager water carrier has filled his puncheon and galloped to the engine half of the water is dashed out of the cask in its rapid transit. If the fireman is required to do good work he ought surely to be well provided with the means of doing that work. How or when these means are to be given him is for those in authority to decide. Notwithstanding all the existing disadvantages the Brigade did their work last night in such a manner as to draw forth from the spectators loud expressions of satisfaction. They well deserved the credit received by them last night.

PROPERTY DESTROYED.—

The principal sufferer by the fire is Mr. Evans, all whose outbuildings were destroyed in addition to the large stone house in which the fire originated. We must, however, congratulate him on the fortunate circumstance that they were insured to the amount of $3,000, thus to a considerable extent covering the loss, which is estimated at about $5,000. The adjoining building on the eastern side, owned by Mr. William Cowan, though not much the worse of the fire, owing to the vigorous exertions of the firemen was confined to the edge of the roof, which if slightly burned, is nevertheless greatly damaged in the successful endeavors to save it. Mr. Naughton's building, in which Mr. Evans keeps shop, was not injured in the least. Mr. Evans building was occupied by Mr. Russell as an upholstery, and by Mrs. Cootes, who kept a small jewellry or toy shop in it. We believe pretty nearly all the moveable articles were got out, though some of Mr. Russell's goods suffered in the removal, and by the crush of spectators who trampled on them in the street, and, by the way, we may mention one instance in which a young man, in his endeavour to get out of the road of an elated water carrier, who was driving his frosty steed at his best pace through the crowd, stepped through a large glass of a door placed upright behind him. There were some articles in the upper stories which were not saved. For a number of years this building was occupied as a printing office—from 1860 to 1865—by Dr. Dorion, who edited and published the *Courier d'Ottawa*, and at a later date, it was known as the *Citizen* printing establishment.

The only occupant of Mr. Cowan's building was Mr. Tracy, who kept a watch and jewellery shop, and who had all his goods safely removed, though probably they must have received some slight damage from the hurried handling. Some sheds were burned, as well as a stable and a couple of sheds on the property to the rear.

Among the ruins of these buildings some of which were pulled down by the Hook and Ladder Companies to prevent the spread of the flames, the fire burned briskly until about 10 30, and the engines did not leave until about an hour later, when there was no longer any danger.

Another Fire.

The glare of the fire in Rideau street had not ceased to redden the sky when the fire bells again rang out the alarm, this time for fire in Murray street. Fire had broken out in a large double tenement the property of a man named Gilligan, and had scarcely been discovered when the building was completely enveloped in flames. The engines were again on the ground in a very short time, considering the hour, three o'clock. Again they had to wait a long time before a single puncheon of water made its appearance, and meanwhile two of the number had frozen tight, the morning being bitterly cold. The house, which was a very old one and as dry as a chip, burned rapidly and fiercely, creating intense heat. While the flames crackled, hissed and burned, darting out of windows and doors halfway across the street, making the wooden buildings opposite to send forth a cloud of steam, the officers of the different engines loudly rang the engine bells for water, and that was all they could. The building might have been the fairest one in the wide world and as far as checking its destruction was concerned nothing could be done on the part of the firemen from want of water. From neighboring buildings half clothed women and children ran shrieking into the street, while in the buildings opposite buckets, tin pans, tea kettles, and even tea cups were used to keep the wooden walls wet and so prevent their combustion, which seemed impossible at the time. The fire from Gilligan's made way to the adjoining building west, the property of Alderman Martineau, which also fell a prey to the flames. Had there been a sufficient supply of water there is not the slightest doubt that the fire would have been confined to the building in which it originated. A fine brick house occupied by Ald. Martineau was saved by the thickness of the walls. In rear a number of sheds were destroyed.

After getting water the firemen worked as well as they could under the circumstance.

NO WATER AND WHAT WAS DONE.

What couldn't be done for want of water was attempted to be performed by hauling, bawling and a great deal of cursing and that was the saving of adjoining property by pulling down the building on fire. This was done when the house was all but consumed. An individual in the crowd said to be a large property holder at a time when no less than three puncheons full of water were being used if he did not think they wanted a good supply of water. "Want water" said the intelligent property owner "No sir; there is a good supply of water; the firemen have plenty. Look at that" and he pointed to two streams through which the air was sputtering with a report like so many pistol shots.

The property destroyed consisted of a large two story wooden tenement, a three story wooden house and a number of sheds. They were all insured to a certain extent. At four o'clock the fire was still burning brightly, but all danger of its extending was at an end.

Health is Strength.—To prevent or conquer disease is one of the grandest attainments ever aimed at by man; and Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers will as sure cure coughs, colds, tickling in the throat and pulmonary complaints, as war and pestilence will destroy. Severe colds if not attended to sooner or later lead to incurable consumption, and the strength of the strongest soon falls if neglected. The readiest and best means known for the cure of these complaints is "Byran's Pulmonic Wafers," which have been thoroughly tried for the last twenty years, and have never been known to fail. Singers and public speakers will also derive great benefit from the use of them. Sold by all medicine dealers, at 25cts. per box.

Twenty years experience in using Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers have proved them to be the most effectual remedy for coughs, and irritation of the throat, caused by cold, or unusual exertion of the vocal organs; public speakers and singers will find them most beneficial. The entire freedom from all deleterious ingredients renders Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers, or Cough and Voice Lozenges, a safe remedy fo[r] ... person ... high ...

DIRECT IMPORTATION.

Ex. Ships COGNAC, NEREO, UNION and CITY of QUEBEC, from the different places of Growth.

It is now AN ESTABLISHED FACT

If you want any First-Class BRANDIES or WINES and the best Family Groceries, you must go to

Thos. Patterson,

No 26 Rideau Street

The following Goods in Stock and for Sale:

BRANDIES.—Pure and unadulterated, good for any use, always on hand in Wood or Bottle.

PORT WINE—Pure and reliable (20 years old) for Medicinal purposes and the only House in the City that imports such WINES direct to order.

SHERRY WINES—Various grades, very, very Pale, (delicious flavour) Splendid Wines at a price to defy competition.

GIN—John D Kuyper & Sons Double-Berried, First class.

SCOTCH WHISKEY Old and Mild, (full strength)

RUM,

OLD RYE,

FAMILY PROOF,

AND HIGHWINES,

of the best kind.

PORTER AND ALES.—Guiness's Dublin and Dawe's, Lachine, in splendid order

COFFEE.—Delicious Flavour. Fresh Roasted and Ground Daily.

TEAS. The best qualities of Black, Japan, and Green, new crop and fragant.

SUGARS and SYRUPS of all kinds.

CHEESE—Fine old (Reesors and Factory) the best.

PICKLES and SAUCES, Jams and Jellies from Crosse and Blackwells, in great variety.

FRUITS—The finest table and cooking raisins that can be had, large fresh and rich flavored.

CURRANTS.—Quite fresh and Candied Peels.

SPERM CANDLES and fancy perfumed soaps, the greatest variety in the city, and made to order by Field of London, England. There is an endless variety of these fine goods worthy of SPECIAL ATTENTION FOR FAMILIES, being of the finest qualities at moderate prices. Everybody should know that to use good goods saves money. TRY THEM.

Ottawa, December 5, 1870

CARD.

The Subscriber in returning thanks for the Liberal Support extended to him since his Start, begs to inform his many Customers and the public generally, that he has always on hand a large supply of the following articles.

BACON, Rolled and Spiced.

HAMS, Sugar Cured,

SAUSAGES of all kinds, and all other articles in the trade.

HERMAN THORBAHN

STALL No. 10,

Ottawa, Dec. 21, 1870. 1546 9

ENGLISH BUN HOUSE,

37 Sussex Street.

C. BARTLET begs to remind the public that he will commence the Muffin Season this Day. All orders sent to any part of the city. He also begs to remind the public that he is buying in a large stock of Confectionery Ornaments for Christmas, from England, from the best houses in the line in London. Bon Bon Bons, of every variety. Fancy Boxes, Cake Ornaments, a Number of shell Boxes, from Brighton, England. Also, a great variety of other goods fit for Christmas and New Year's Presents, too numerous to insert in this advertisement. He therefore begs an early call, and inspect for yourselves, as he is certain he will have the largest and best assortment in the trade. Also, a very large assortment of rich Cakes, ornamented and plain Fruit, Citron, Seed, Genoa, Madera, Pound Cakes, Macroons, Sponge, Lady's Fingers. All kinds of Jellies. A large assortment of preserves in pots to suit customers. Sweets of every kind in great variety. An immense stock of Fancy Hearts, Wholesale and Retail.

N.B.—Tea and Coffee Hot at all hours of the day. Refreshments of every kind always on hand. Oyster Patties and Oysters Cooked in any style on the shortest notice.

Ottawa, Dec 22. 154'd

OTTAWA MARBLE WORKS,

—AND—

DRAIN-PIPE DEPOT,

RIDEAU STREET,

ESTABLISHED 1860.

WM. H. SOMERVILLE, Successor to W. McFARLANE

MANTLES—Of all designs in Italian and American Marble and Marbelised Slate, Grates Feeders and Fenders.

Monuments and Headstones of Scottish Granite, Marble and Sandstone, tables and Railings for residences and Grave Plots, Roof Cresting, Door Guards, Window Gratings, Sweep-hole Doors, Pipe Rings, and every description of Builders Castings.

Chimney Cans, Drain Pipes, Vent Linings, Flower Vases, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, &c., &c. Masons Mallets, Agency of Patent Needle Lubricator.

J G SOMERVILLE,
Travelling Agent.

HOLIDAY GOODS AND GIFTS,

ORNAMENTAL AND USEFUL,

—AT THE—

VARIETY HALL,

Children's Toy Tea Sets, Valeck China Ornaments, (entirely new on this Continent); Parian Statuary, from the best makers; Bohemian Glassware of every description, China Ornaments and Vases, Magolica Water Pitchers and Ornaments, Table Glassware of every quality, Wood and Tin Toys, Sleighs, Misses Tea sets, and Rocking Horses, 1,000 Snow Shovels for Callaran Willow Chairs and Book Tables, Children's Chairs in Variety, Breakfast sets, Dinner Sets and Tea Sets of every description, and in fact every description of goods for ornamental or useful purposes at the

VARIETY HALL,

34 Sussex Street.

Ottawa, Dec. 22, 1870 1546tf

BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

The Court of Directors hereby give notice that a half yearly dividend at the rate of six per cent per annum on the Capital of the Bank, will be payable on the 5th day of January 1871, to the proprietors of shares registered in the Colonies. The dividend is declared in sterling money, and will be payable at the rate of exchange current on the 5th day of January 1871, to be fixed by the Local Board.

No transfer can be made between the 21th inst., and the 5th prox., as the books must be closed during that period.

TOYS!

TOYS!

TOYS!

FANCY GOODS

—FOR THE—

MILLION.

GO TO

H. H. PALMER'S,

AND INSPECT HIS

STOCK OF JEWELLERY

—AND—

FANCY GOODS.

A very fine assortment of

LADIES CARD CASES,

RING AND JEWEL BOXES.

REMEMBER THE OLD STAND

No. 7

AND AT THE

NEW STORE,

No. 29 SUSSEX-ST.

NEXT DOOR TO

J. B. BUSS & Co.

OTTAWA, December 22, 1870. 1546y

BIVALVULAR!

It was a maxim of Euripides either to keep silence or to speak something better than silence. Whether this maxim is worthy of imitation or not must be decided by a

DISCRIMINATING PUBLIC.

There is, however, one important truth which demands a word, and that is, *there is no one article of food more universally palatable than the*

OYSTER,

And yet, even in the present day, very few really know what a good OYSTER is, or where the best can be obtained. The best JUDGES affirm that in no other place in the City can as good an article be found, as at the

American Oyster

COMPANY'S DEPOT,

27 SUSSEX-ST.

In view of this indisputable fact

J. B. BUSS & Co.,

Who has been connected with the business for the last 15 years are determined that everybody shall understand where the luxury may be found. To every lover of the BIVALVE they would say

BUY NONE BUT

J. B. BUSS & Co's

OYSTERS.

They are put up in the neatest possible manner, and delivered to any part of the city, and furnished either in

CANS,

KEGS,

BULK,

Or in the

SHELL,

By leaving your orders at

27 SUSSEX-ST.,

You will be sure to get the best OYSTERS in the City.

Dry Goods

NEW GOODS

—FOR THE—

HOLIDAYS!

PATTERSON & BRYSON,

53 SPARKS STREET,

Have just received a new assortment of FANCY GOODS for the approaching

HOLIDAYS.

In FANCY WOOLEN GOODS of all descriptions we are making a very large Show.

We have secured a quantity of JOUVINS celebrated GOLD MEDAL KID GLOVES, which we sell at FIFTY CENTS.

In going through our stock we have cleared a lot of Remnants of FLANNELS WINCIES, CLOTHS, etc., which we have markd at prices that will clear them out at once.

Call and secure a Bargain.

We call the attention of Gentlemen to our New SURPRISE COLLAR, (the best make) one prize in every Cartoon.

For sale during the Holidays.

REMEMBER THE PLACE,

PATTERSON & BRYSON.

Opposite BATE & Co.

Ottawa, Dec. 20, 1870.

TWENTY DOZEN

CANADIAN CLOUDS

JUST RECEIVED,

Large Size and very Heavy, just the thing for a

NEW YEAR'S GIFT,

—ALSO—

One Case AMERICAN CANTON FLANNEL, at reduced prices.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

CANADA

GREY COTTONS,

Dundas Manufacture,

ALL NUMBERS.

We have again much pleasure to inform our regular customers (for the above justly celebrated GOODS), and the public generally that the

FIRST FIVE BALES

Of a monthly supply, have just arrived and are now for SALE at our RETAIL STORE, SPARKS STREET, by the YARD or PIECE, at a small advance on MILL PRICES.

For Bleaching purposes and for wear they are without their epual in the Dominion.

Wholesale at mill prices.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, Dec. 22, 1870.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

14 RIDEAU STREET,

Have now received a full supply of

NEW FALL GOODS

IN ALL

DEPARTMENTS.

Ottawa, September 26, 1870

WHOLESALE.

GREY BLANKETS, Cornwall,

" " English.

GRAIN BAGS, Cotton and Linen.

LUMBERMEN SUPPLIED

AT

MAGEE & RUSSELL

THE TEA POT,

RIDEAU STREET.

Ticket for New Year!

3 lbs. Raisins for - - -	1s. 3d.
3 " New Figs for - - -	1s. 3d.
3 " Currants for - - -	1s. 3d.
1 Bottle Pure Old Rye for -	1s. 3d.
1 Bottle Family Proof for - -	1s. 3d.
1 Bottle Scotch Whiskey for -	1s. 3d.
1 Bottle Pure Elderberry Wine for	1s. 3d.

(OWN IMPORTATION, FROM ENGLAND, WARRANTED GENUINE.)

The above articles will be sold at these prices during the Holiday Season.

All goods delivered free (within the limits of the city) by our own waggons, and every attention will be paid to proper packing and delivery.

JOHN HILL,
"THE TEA POT," RIDEAU STREET.

1870 'XMAS & NEW YEAR 1871

The Subscriber has just received an assortment of

Bohemian Vases,

Toilet Bottles

and Sets.

—ALSO—

Lubin's and Violet's

Perfumery,

Mirrors

AND FINE

Toilet Articles.

ALEX. CHRISTIE,

Druggist,

40 Sparks-st.

Ottawa, Dec. 22, 1870. 1546y

FOR CHRISTMAS PRESENTS

—AND—

NEW YEAR'S GIFTS.

A great Variety of ... ALBUMS, LADIES COMPANIONS, WRITING DESKS, JEWELLERY, JUVENILE BOOKS, and other Fancy Goods, at

HAUSER'S NEW STORE,
Rideau Street,
1539y

Ottawa, Dec 14, 1870

TWO OR THREE GENTLEMAN be accommodated with

ROOMS, WITH OR WITHOUT BOARD.

Apply at

MR. ROWSELL'S,
Opposite the Union Hotel,
Centre Town.

Ottawa, July 5, 1870. 1490 tf

LIFE ASSOCIATION OF SCOTLAND.

Invested Funds Upwards of $1,300,000 Sterling.

HEAD OFFICE FOR CANADA,

MONTREAL.

This institution differs from other Life Offices in that the Bonus from Profits are applied on a special system for the Policy Holders Personal Benefit and Enjoyment during his own Lifetime, with the option of large Bonus additions to the sum assured. The Policy Holder thus obtains

A LARGE REDUCTION OF PRESENT OUTLAY

OR A PROVISION FOR OLD AGE,

of a most important amount in the one Cash payment or a life annuity, without any expense or outlay whatever beyond the ordinary assurance premium for the original sum assured which remains intact for the Policy Holder's heirs, or other purposes.

P WARDLAW, Secretary.

AGENTS—Messrs J T & W PENNOCK Ottawa.
December 15, 1870. 1541 3m

THE METROPOLITAN

Building and Savings Society.

MONEY TO LOAN.

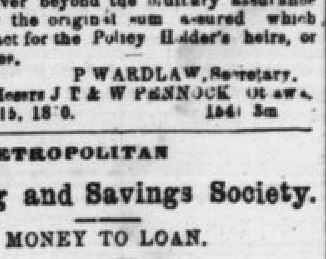
The above society having commenced operations on the 1st October last, have opened an office in Bang's Block, Elgin Street, Ottawa, and are now prepared to loan money on city or other property, at the lowest rates, repayable by monthly instalments, or otherwise, to suit borrowers.

Apply to
JAMES COX,
Secretary-Treasurer.

Ottawa, 13th December, 1870. 1540t1Jy1

JAMES PEACOCK,

FURS, FURS, FURS,



FURS.

I beg to intimate that my FUR STOCK is now complete in every

DEPARTMENT.

AN EARLY CALL IS SOLICITED.

Remember the place,

33 Rideau Street.

OPPOSITE OLD STAND.

FOR SALE, OR EXCHANGE

For Property in Montreal improved or unimproved, the new Mansard Roof Stone House situated in Victoria Crescent, having all the modern conveniences of heat, water and gas, good out building, on an ample Lot, and enjoy... ... in Ottawa. For further ...

BONUS YEAR.

SPECIAL INTIMATION.

LIFE ASSOCIATION OF SCOTLAND.

FOUNDED 1838.

ANNUAL REVENUE, - £ 257,683 Stg.

FUNDS in hand and invested, 1,357,386 " "

The BOOKS and ACCOUNTS have been for many years subjected (not yearly only, or at any other interval, but) to a continuous AUDIT—apart from the Directors and other officials—by a Professional Accountant of high standing and experience. In the VALUATIONS also, which are made on approved Tables of Mortality, the net Assurance Premiums only are taken into account. Thus by constant independent checks and rigid tests, the utmost precaution is adopted to secure the prudent conduct and permanent stability of the Institution. It has always maintained a high position among the Assurance Offices of the Kingdom, and has already paid Sums Assured and Bonuses to the amount of

$8,159,044.00

The amount paid last year alone having been upwards of

$601,763,00

The Funds remaining in hand and invested are upwards of

$6,605,945.00.

The List of Policy-holders in Class B. for 1870 will be closed as at

... DECEMBER.

Previous Entrants will be entitled to a

WHOLE YEAR'S BONUS

More than later Entrant will receive.

The PROFITS are allocated on a principle which gives LARGER BONUSES than ANY OTHER SYSTEM.

P WARDLAW,
Secretary.

Agents or Ottawa, J T & W PENNOCK.

November 8, 1870 ...

CANADA PACIFIC

RAILWAY.

Application will be made to Parliament, at its next Session, for the Incorporation of a Company to construct a Railway through British North America, connecting with the present Railway system of Canada, and thence to proceed to the North of Lake Superior and through the North West Territory to the Yellow or Leathe Head Pass of the Rocky Mountains, there to connect with the projected Railway through British Columbia to the Pacific,—with such powers and privileges as may be necessary to carry the same into operation.

ALFRED WADDINGTON.

Ottawa, Oct. 21, 1870 1498 3m

TEACHER WANTED.

Wanted for School Section No. 3, in the Township of Nepean, a Teacher having a First-class Certificate, to enter on his duties on the 3rd January, 1871.

Application to be made to any of the undermentioned Trustees.

EDWARD WATSON,
WILLIAM GRAHAM.
N G ROBINSON.

Nepean, Dec. 17, 1870 1547 4

FROM THIS DAY FORTH I change the prices of all my Wood, that is to say, best Hard Wood $4 75, Sawn $5.00; Second best Hard Wood, 4 25. Sawn $4.50.

My Saw Mill is now in constant operation and ready and will cut promptly in obedience to all orders.

JOHN HENRY.

Ottawa, Dec. 5. 1531-4

GEO. HAYES,

Copper Plate Printer.

Bank Street, near Sparks,

CENTRE TOWN.

Visiting Cards on the shortest notice.

Ottawa, December 20, 1870. 1544 1y

WANTED.

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

1870. FALL ARRANGEMENT. 1870.

CLOSE A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	MAILS	DELIVERED A.M.	A.M.	P.M.
11.15	....	9.30	Eastern, by Train; Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	9.00	....	4.00
6.00	....	....	Montreal, by Steamer	....	....	....
11.15	....	....	Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B., by St. L. & O. Railway	9.00	....	4.00
8.30	....	9.30	Western, by Train; Toronto, Hamilton, London, Kingston, Western, U.S., and all places west of Prescott	9.00	....	4.00
8.30	....	....	Fort Garry and other places in the Province of Manitoba to be despatched in closed mail from Windsor, Ontario, daily, via St. Paul, Minnesota. Ordinary Dominion rates of postage	....	....	....
8.30	....	....	Ottawa Branch, by St. L. & O. Railway; Ogdensburgh, New York, Boston, &c.	9.00	....	7.15
7.15	....	....	Lower Ottawa, by steamer; Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville, &c.	....	....	7.15
5.00	....	12.15	Upper Ottawa, by steamer; Onslow, Arnprior, Sand Point, Renfrew, Portage-du-Fort, Pembroke, &c.	9.00	....	4.00
6.00	....	4.00	Aylmer, by Stage; Pakenham, March, Huntley, Carp, &c.	....	....	6.30
5.00	11.00	....	Upper Ottawa, by Stage; Hull, Clarendon, Bristol, &c.	....	11.00	4.00
7.30	11.15	....	Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills and Burritt's Rapids by St. L. & O. Railway	8.0	....	4.00
11.15	....	....	North Gower, Kars, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	....	....	....
8.30	....	....	Osgoode, Russell, and Line of St. L. & O. Railway	8.00	....	1.30
8.30	....	4.30	For Brockville, Perth, Smith's Falls, Appleton and Carleton Place, per Canada Central Railway	8.00	....	1.30
6.00	....	....	For Sand Point and places on the Brockville and Ottawa Railway, North of Carleton Place Junction, and places on C. C. Railway	....	....	....
....	....	12.30	Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate offices daily; Aylwin, Kazabazua, Low, River Desert, Six Portages, Wright, Templeton, Tuesdays and Fridays; arrive Tuesdays and Fridays. Templeton Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays	....	11.30	5.00

Matter posted up to 9.30 p.m. will be forwarded East and West in supplementary package the same night.

The Western Mail arriving at 7 p.m. will be delivered the same evening.

BRITISH MAILS.

Per Cuna. d Line, close every Tuesday at 10.45 a.m.

Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 10.30 a.m.

A supplementary bag for Canadian steamer will be closed at 11.30, in which all paid unregistered matter will be sent.

MONEY ORDERS

On Money Order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this Office. Also, Postage and Bill Stamps.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

☞ Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent. per annum, and deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent. will be allowed on special deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which 3 months' notice will be required.

G. P. BAKER,
Postmaster.

POST OFFICE,
Ottawa, 21st Nov., 1870.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

THURSDAY, Dec. 29, 1870.

FLOUR—Extra	6 75	@	7 00
Strong Bakers	6 50	@	6 75
No. 1	5 50	@	6 25
No. 2	5 00	@	5 50
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	3 00	@	3 50
" Spring "	2 85	@	3 00
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	5 50	@	6 00
Indian meal " "	4 25	@	0 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.		none.	
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 75	@	0 00
Buckwheat flour 100 lbs.	2 12½	@	2 25
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs	1 20	@	1 30
Spring " "	1 10	@	1 20
CORN—per bushel 56 lbs.	0 90	@	1 00
Pease " 60 lbs.	0 90	@	1 00
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 50	@	0 55
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 25	@	1 40
PORK—Mess—per barrel	28 00	@	00 00
Prime Mess per do.	23 00	@	00 00
Prime		none.	
Pork (fresh)	7 50	@	8 50
Hams	0 15	@	0 16
Beef per 100 lbs.	4 50	@	5 00
Mutton per lb.	0 5	@	7 00
Calves,—each	0 00	@	0 00
Geese—each	0 45	@	0 50
Turkeys each	0 80	@	1 00
Poultry, per pair	0 40	@	0 50
Ducks, each	0 30	@	0 40
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 25	@	0 00
No. 1 Firkin	0 20	@	0 22
No. 2	0 18	@	0 20
Eggs	0 30	@	0 00
Apples, per brl.	3 00	@	4 00
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 40	@	0 45
Turnips per bushel	0 30	@	0 35
Onions, " "	2 00	@	2 50
HAY—Per ton	16 00	@	18 00
STRAW—Per ton	8 00	@	10 00
WOOD—per cord (Cubic measure)	3 50	@	4 00
Mixed Wood	3 00	@	3 25
Tamarac	4 00	@	0 00
Soft Wood	2 50	@	3 00
HIDES—Per 100 lbs No. 1 Insp.	8 50	@	0 00
No. 2, do. Inspected	8 00	@	0 00
No. 3, do. do.	7 50	@	0 00

New York Markets.

NEW YORK, Dec. 29.—Cotton, 15¼ for Middling Uplands.

Flour, 5 to 10c better; receipts 12,000 barrels; sales, 11,000 barrels at $5 35 to $5 65 for Superfine State and Western; $6 10 to $6 65 for Common to Choice Extra State; $6 00 to $6 70 for Common to Choice Extra State and Western; $6 15 to $6.70 for Round Hoop Ohio.

Rye flour, steady at $4 to $5 40.

Wheat, quiet and very firm; receipts, 19,000 bushels; sales, 35,000 bushels, at $1.43 for New No. 1 Spring; $1.47 to $1.49 for Winter Red and Amber Western; $1 48 to $1 50 for White Michigan; $1.33 for Inferior Red Southern.

Rye quiet and heavy; receipts, 4,000 bushels.

Corn firm; receipts, 51,000 bushels; sales, 36,000 bushels, at 78c to 80c for New Mixed Western.

Barley dull; sales, 8,000 Bay of Quinte at about $1.10.

Oats, firm; receipts, 18,000 bushels; sales, 34,000 bushels, at 60½c. to 62½c for Western Ohio.

Pork, lower, at $19 75 to $20 for New Mess; $19 25 to $19 50 for Old Mess.

Lard, steady at 11½c to 13c for Steam; 13c to 14c for Kettle Rendered.

Butter, steady, at 12c to 42c for State.

Cheese quite, at 12c to 16½c for Common to Prime.

Petroleum at 13½ for Crude; 22¾c to 22½c for Refined.

London Markets.

LONDON, 2 a.m, Dec. 29.—Consols opened at 91⅞c.

Both American securities quiet; 5 20's of '62, 88¾; 65 old 88¼; '67, 88¾; 10-40's, 97¼.

Stocks dull.

Erie 19½.

Illinois Central 112.

Atlantic and Great Western 28¼.

Liverpool Markets.

LIVERPOOL, 12 a.m., Dec. 29.—Cotton opened dull.

Uplands 8½.

Orleans 8¾.

To hand, our Autumn Shade in "Josephine, best Kid Gloves," also "Jouvins" good metal new colours at 75ct. per pair

T. HUNTON, SHOOLBREAD & Co

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,

OTTAWA,
Friday, the 18th day of Nov., 1870.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

Whereas by the Act 33 Victoria, Chapter 3, Section 28, intituled: "An Act to amend and continue the Act 32 and 33 Victoria, Chapter 3, and to establish and provide for the Government of the Province of Manitoba, it is provided that such provisions of the Customs Laws of Canada (other than such as prescribe the rate of duties payable) as may be from time to time declared by the Governor General in Council, to apply to the Province of Manitoba, shall be applicable thereto and in force therein accordingly.

His Excellency in Council on the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs, and under the authority aforesaid has been pleased to Order and it is hereby Ordered, that the following provisions of the Customs Laws of Canada, being the Acts or parts of Acts of the Parliament of Canada hereinafter mentioned be, and the same are hereby declared to apply to the said Province of Manitoba that is to say

Sections 1 to 14 inclusive, and also Sections 37 to 50 inclusive, of the Act 31 Victoria chapter 5, intituled: "An Act respecting the Collection and Management of the Revenue the Auditing of Public Accounts, and the liability of Public Accountants."

The whole of the Act 31 Victoria, Chapter intituled: "An Act respecting Customs," excepting thereout, Sections 2, 3, 4, 5, 19, 20 101, 138, 139 and 140.

Sections 8, 10, 11, 13, 17 and 18 of the Act 31 Victoria, Chapter 7, intituled an Act respecting Duties of Customs, with the Tariff of Duties payable under it."

Sections 10 and 13 of the Act 31 Victoria Chapter 44, intituled: "An Act to amend the Act of the present Session, intituled: "An Act imposing Duties of Customs, with the Tariff of Duties payable under it." And

The whole of the Act 33 Victoria, Chapter 8, intituled: "An Act to explain and amend the Act respecting the collecting and Management of the Revenue, the Auditing of Public Accounts, and the liability of Public Accountants."

WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Privy Council,
Canada.

1519 3

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,

OTTAWA,

21st day of December, 1870.

PRESENT

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs, and under and in virtue of the 8th Section of the Act 31st, Victoria, Chapter 6, intituled "An Act respecting the Customs."

His Excellency has been pleased to Order and it is hereby Ordered, that on from and after the first day of January next, the Village of Lambton in the County of Lambton and Province of Ontario shall be and the same is hereby declared to be an Out Port of Entry, under the Survey of the Port of Wallaceburg.

And it is further Ordered that the Out Port of Baby Point now under the survey of the said Port of Wallaceburg, shall from and after the last mentioned date be, and the same is hereby abolished.

WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Privy Council,
Canada.

Ottawa, Dec. 26, 1870. 1549 3

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned will be received at this office, until Thursday the 5th day of January, 1871, at noon, for certain works to be performed on the Madawaska River, from Arnprior to Burnstown and also from Calabogie Lake to Chain Rapids.

Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of the Superintendent of the Ottawa River Works, where printed forms of tender and other information can also be obtained.

Separate tenders for each work to be made endorsed respectively "Tender for Works from Arnprior to Burnstown," and "Tender for Works from Calabogie Lake to Chain Rapids."

The signatures of two solvent and responsible persons, willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract, must be attached to each tender.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,

F BRAUN,
Secretary,

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 24th Dec., 1870. 1548 3

TENDERS

Addressed to the Commissioner of Inland Revenue, will be received until Noon, on SATURDAY, the 14th of January, 1871, from parties desiring to acquire the privilege of establishing and maintaining A FERRY, navigated by Steam Power, across the Grand or Ottawa River, between the Village of New Edinburgh, in the Province of Ontario, and the Village of Waterloo or Gatineau Point, in the Province of Quebec.

The form of Tender, and the regulations that are to govern the Ferry, may be seen at the Office of the Commissioner, on and after the 5th day of JANUARY, 1871.

(Signed),

THOS. WORTHINGTON,
Commissioner.

Department of Inland Revenue,
Ottawa, 28th Dec., 1870. 1551t15

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS,

WOODS AND FORESTS BRANCH,)

TORONTO, 2nd December, 1870.

Notice is hereby given, that an Order in Council was this day made, directing that a tariff of $100 per thousand cubic feet on Square Timber, and $1 60 per standard Saw Log of 200 feet Board measure, be imposed on any White or Red Pine Timber hereafter found to have been cut or manufactured in trespass ... unlicensed, unsold or unlocated

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Railroads.

THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

The public is respectfully informed that this Company's Trains wait at Prescott Junction the arrival of the Grand Trunk Trains from the West, and

Passengers may rely on Connecting

FOR OTTAWA

By this the

SHORTEST RAILWAY ROUTE TO THE CAPITAL.

Twenty minutes are also allowed at Prescott Junction for Meals.

THOS REYNOLDS,
Managing Director.

R LUTTRELL
Superintendent.

Ottawa, 12th December, 1870. 1540tnm

CANADA CENTRAL AND BROCKVILLE AND OTTAWA RAILWAYS.

ALTERATION OF TRAINS,
Commencing DECEMBER 5, 1870.

SLEEPING CARS between TORONTO and Ottawa, going through in 13 HOURS.

On and after MONDAY, Dec 5, TRAINS will run as follows:

Leave Brockville

EXPRESS, at 4 45 a m connecting with Grand Trunk express from the West, and arriving at Ottawa, at 8 50 a m.

MAIL TRAIN, at 7 30 a m, arriving at Ottawa at 1.5 p m.

EXPRESS, at 3.30 p m, connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express from the West, and arriving at Ottawa at 7.45 p m.

Leave Ottawa.

EXPRESS, at 9 40 a m, arriving at Brockville at 1 45 p m, and connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express going West.

MAIL TRAIN, at 3 45 p m, arriving at Brockville 9 15 p m

EXPRESS, at 10 30 p m, arriving at Brockville at 2 15 a m, and connecting with Grand Trunk Night Express going West.

Arrive at Sand Point 1 35 and 7.10 p m.

Trains on Canada Central and Perth Branch make certain connections with all trains on B. & O. Railway

A Sleeping Car will leave Toronto on Monday, Wednesday and Friday nights, by the Grand Trunk 7.30 p m train, and go through to Ottawa, arriving at 8.30 a m.

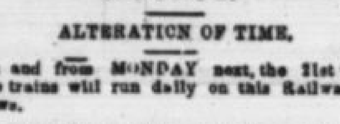
Returning, it will leave Ottawa on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday nights, at 9 30 p m. and go through to Toronto by G. T. Train, arriving at Toronto at 11 30 a m.

Freight forwarded with despatch, as the C. C. and B. & O. Railways are the same guage as the Grand Trunk. Car loads go through in Grand Trunk Cars to all points, without transhipment.

☞ Certain connections made with Grand Trunk Trains.

H ABBOTT,
Manager

Brockville, Ont., Dec 1, 1870 1530d



THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

ALTERATION OF TIME.

On and from MONDAY next, the 21st inst., three trains will run daily on this Railway as follows.

Going South Ottawa to Prescott.

MAIL will leave Ottawa at 9 30 a. m., connecting at Prescott, with the Grand Trunk Express, for the West, and with the Ogdensburg Railway, for Boston, New York, &c.

MAIL will leave Ottawa at 12 00 noon, connecting with the Grand Trunk Express, for Montreal.

EXPRESS will leave Ottawa at 10 30 p m, connecting with the Grand Trunk Expresses, East and West.

Going North Prescott to Ottawa

MAIL will leave Prescott Junction at 6 a m, connecting with the G. T. Expresses East and West and arriving in Ottawa at 8 30 a m

MAIL will leave Prescott Junction at 1 25 p m, connecting with the G. T. Express leaving Montreal at 8 a m, and arriving in Ottawa at 3 45 p m

EXPRESS will leave Prescott Junction at 4 30 p m, connecting with G T. Expresses, East and West, and arriving in Ottawa at 7 p m

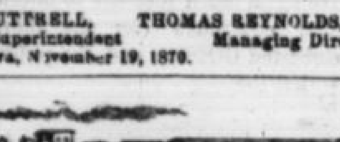
20 minutes allowed at Prescott Junction refreshments.

Tickets may be obtained on application to any of the Company's Agents, or at any of the Principal Stations of the Grand Trunk Railway.

All trains on this Line are run on Montreal time.

R LUTTRELL, Superintendent
THOMAS REYNOLDS, Managing Director

Ottawa, November 19, 1870.



GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY OF CANADA,

IMPROVED SERVICE OF TRAINS

FOR THE SUMMER OF 1870.

ACCELERATION OF SPEED.

NEW CARS ON ALL EXPRESS TRAINS.

Portland to Montreal in 13 Hours.
Montreal to Toronto in 13 Hours.

On and after JUNE 13th the new arrangements will be put in force, and trains will leave Montreal as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points west at	9 00 a m
NIGHT, do do	9 00 p m
Mail Train for Toronto and intermediate Stations	7 00 a m
Accommodation Train for Brockville and intermediate stations	5 00 p m
Trains for Lachine at 6 00 a m, 7 00 a m, 9 15 am, 12 noon, 3 00 p m, 4 00 p m, 5 30 p m, and 6 30 p m. The 1 30 p m Train runs through to Province Line.	

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Accommodation Train for Island Pond and intermediate stations at	7 10 a m
Express for Boston, via Vermont Central, at	9 00 a m
Express for New York and Boston, via Vermont Central, at	3 45 p m
Express for New York and Boston, via Plattsburg, Lake Champlain, Burlington and Rutland, at	6 00 a m
Do do do	4 00 p m
Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham, Portland and Lower Provinces at	1 10 p
Night Express for Quebec, Island Pond, Gorham and Portland, and the Lower Provinces, stopping between Montreal and Island Pond at St. Hilaire, St Hyacinthe, Upton, Acton, Richmond, Brompton Falls, Sherbrooke, Lennoxville, Compton, Coaticooke and Norton Mills only at	10 10 p m

Sleeping Cars on all night trains Baggage checked through

The steamers "Chase" and "Charlotta" leave Portland for Halifax, N S, every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, respectively, at 4 00 p m. They have excellent accommodations for passengers and Freight

The International Company's Steamers running in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway leave Portland every Monday and Thursday at 6 00 p m for St John, N B, &c.

Tickets issued through at the Company's principal stations.

For further information and time of arrival and departure ... terminal and ...

Insurance.

PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY of Canada, Head Office, Toronto.

President—The Hon John Hillyard Cameron M P.

Vice President—Lewis Moffatt, Esq.

Other Directors—C J Campbell, Esq, Hon Malcolm Cameron, W T Macdonnell, Esq, A R McMaster, Esq, H S Howland, Esq, Geo Duggan, Esq, A T Fulton, Esq, Angus Morrison, Esq, M P J S Crocker, Esq.

Banker—The Canadian Bank of Commerce.

Agents for Ottawa—Messrs J T & W PENNOCK.

The rates of the PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY are as low as its long experience has shewn to be profitable

The test of the value of insurance is, however not when the premiums are being paid, but when losses are being settled, and, from the equity and promptness of its settlements the Provincial Insurance Company is second to none.

Its Inspectors are always sent to adjust every important loss directly it occurs.

It has no adjusted losses due and unpaid.

It respectfully solicits a share of the patronage of the insuring public of Ottawa.

ARTHUR HARVEY,
Manager.

1298tf

UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY *OF MAINE.*

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 12th October, 1868.

No. 104.

The following Insurance Company has received a license to transact the business of Life Insurance in Canada:

No. 33 The UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Maine.

Deposit in U. S. 6s of '81—$50,000.

B. R. CORWIN, General Agent, St. John, N.B

For the Minister of Finance
JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.

have this day, deposited with the Receiver-General, Twenty Thousand Dollars in addition to the above Fifty Thousand, making Seventy Thousand Dollars ($70,000) U. S. Gold Bonds, 6s of '81

The Hon. Col. John H. Gray, M.P., has been appointed Counsel to the Company for the Dominion. All legal matters will be referred to him.

B. R. CORWIN,
Manager.

Ottawa, November 7 1868. 894tf

Government Notices.

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT,

OTTAWA, 3rd Nov., 1870

TO COLLECTORS OF CUSTOMS.

"SLATE,"—SCHEDULE C.—FREE GOODS.

With reference to item of the Tariff it is held by this Department, that SLATE simply in a quadrangular form, whatever may be its size or thickness is entitled to exemption. If otherwise, especially shapen or if it be polished, or artificially bored, it becomes subject to 15 per cent and 5 per cent duty, as a non-enumerated article

R S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs

Ottawa Nov 14, 1870

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to Parliament for Private Bills, either for granting exclusive privileges, or conferring corporate powers for commercial or other purposes of profit, or for doing anything tending to affect the rights or property of other parties, are hereby notified that they are required by the 51st and following Rules of the House of Commons (which are published in full in the "Canada Gazette") to give TWO MONTHS' NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object), in the "Canada Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected, sending copies of the first and last of such notices to the Private Bill Office.

All Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the first three weeks of the Session.

ALFRED TODD,
Chf. Clk. Committees and Private Bills,
House of Commons.

Ottawa, 8th Dec., 1870 1536tf

PRIVATE BILLS.

Parties intending to make application to the Legislature of Ontario for Private Bills are hereby notified that they are required by the 5 st and following Rules of the Legislative Assembly, which are published in the "Ontario Gazette"), to give NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object) in the "Ontario Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected; such notice shall be continued in each case for a period of at least six weeks during the interval of time between the close of the next preceding Session and the consideration of the Petition. Copies of the first and last of such notices to be sent to the Private Bill Office.

All Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the FIRST THREE WEEKS of the Session.

CHARLES T GILLMOR,
Clerk of the House.

Toronto March 15, 1870 1509 to laws

GOVERNMENT HOUSE

OTTAWA,

5th day of December, 1870.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Inland Revenue, and under and in virtue of the authority given by the 17th section of the Act 31st Vict., Chapter 8 intituled, "An Act respecting the Inland Revenue." His Excellency in Council has been pleased to Order, and it is hereby ordered that the following regulations for the manufacture of Methylated Spirits in bond shall be and they are hereby made and established:

REGULATIONS.

1st, The room in which the wood Naphtha is mixed with Spirits shall only be accessible to the proprietor during the actual presence of an officer of Inland Revenue.

2nd. A sample of the wood Naphtha (say about four ounces) shall be sent to the Department from every cask or package used.

3rd Not less than 100 proof gallons of Alcohol shall be mixed at one time, which shall be mixed in an open mixing tub in the presence of an officer who shall then test and gauge it as to strength and quantity.

4th. With every 100 proof gallons of Alcohol, there shall be mixed at least twelve and a-half gallons of "Wood Naphtha of Commerce," the whole being mixed together.

5th. After the mixing has been thoroughly completed the strength of the mixture shall be tested, and the quantity gauged by the officer in attendance and duly recorded The mixture shall then be placed in casks, the casks being branded or marked on the head in legible characters, with the words—

Methylated Spirits,
Date on which it was mixed,
Number of Wine gallons in the Cask.
Strength,
Number of Proof Gallons
Name of the Division.
Initials of the officer under whose inspection the mixture took place.
Number of the entry under which it is warehoused.

6th. A Stock Book must be kept in the Factory, in which Book must be entered:—

(A) The particulars of every package of Alcohol, brought in, stating where manufactured, the strength and quantity; the marks, &c., on the casks and the general number of the Permit, under which it was conveyed to the Manufactory.

(B) The particulars of every quantity mixed &c. of the original packages from which it was taken; the quantity and strength of the "Methylated Spirits" produced from it and the particulars as to marks, numbers, &c., of the Cask in which it is placed.

7th. Every entry in the Stock Book is to be checked by the officer in charge, who must keep an account of each transaction, which account or a duplicate thereof is to be taken to the Inland Revenue office, immediately after each transaction.

8th. So soon as the mixing and Barrelling has been completed, the "Methylated Spirits" shall be removed from the Bonded Manufactory and duly entered for warehousing as required by the

---

Bitters and Sauces.

ROYAL ITALIAN BITTERS.

Prepared by special permission from the original recipe of

F. F. VERRI, M. D.,

Professor of Chemistry in the University of PADUA, ITALY.

Kept by all the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion,

PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

A. M. F. GIANELLI,
Sole Manufacturer and Proprietor for the Dominion of Canada and the United States.

N.B.—These celebrated Bitters are carefully prepared with the very best quality of Sherry Wine, and are especially adapted and recommended to persons of delicate constitutions. They are gently stimulant, and will be found infallible aids to digestion.

For directions see label round the neck of each bottle.

None are genuine unless bearing the signature of the proprietor.

1022tf A. M. F GIANELLI.

LEA & PERRINS'

CELEBRATED

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

Declared by Connoisseur

TO BE

THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE.

CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.

The success of this most delicious and unrivaled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine, is to

ASK FOR LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE,

and to see that their names are upon the wrapper labels, stopper and bottle.

Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L and P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed

☞ Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c, &c, and by Grocers and Oilmen universally 42y1536 law

For sale by DRUGGISTS

AND GROCERS Issues.

GARDNER'S

QUININE

☞ WINE BITTERS. ☜

Invaluable to invalids and persons of impaired digestion; an excellent TONIC for persons recovering from illness. For sale in quart bottles; price one dollar.

GARDNER'S DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY will save you many a sleepless night. In bottles 25 cents and 50 cents each. Good for adults and children —it is pleasant to the taste and harmless in its nature. For sale by druggists and general dealers in all parts of the Dominion.

Gardner's First Prize Baking Powder, unrivalled for purity and excellence. For sale by grocers everywhere, in 3 oz packets, 7 cents; 5 oz packets, 10 cents; 1 pound packets, 25 cents; six pounds, $1.25 Whenever you want the best ask for GARDENER'S and take no other.

GARDENER'S EPILEPTIC CURE. Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

J GARDENER, Chemist,
457 Notre Dame street, Montreal,
Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

Commission Merchant

J. BERMINGHAM,

GENERAL AUCTIONEER.

OFFICE AND SALE ROOMS—City Auction Mart, York street, near the Market.

The subscriber in issuing this his spring Circular, begs to return his best thanks to his friends and the general public of Ottawa and Country, as well as his many consignors at a distance, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on, and confidence placed in him, since his advent as Auctioneer of this city, and to assure them that constant desire and endeavour will be, to merit continuance of the support and patronage liberally extended to him.

He can refer with pleasure to the many testimonials he has received from those who placed property in his hands for disposal, that quick sale, excellent prices, and immediate returns are his credentials.

SALES AT PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

In soliciting public patronage in this branch business he would respectfully intimate, that, in the future as in the past, it will be his unceasing care to study the interest of his patrons; and that by careful attention, prompt cash returns, and moderate charges, to merit a continuance of that patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him

Spring Furniture Sales at the Mart will commence immediately, and from time to time will be duly announced He will hold weekly sales of Horses, Cattle, &c, &c, on the Market, due notice of which will be given. The large number of Horses and Cattle sold by him during the past year, is sufficient guarantee that his ability in this critical branch of auctioneering is appreciated

Carriage and Buggy Sales will soon commence, and those who have Horses, Carriages, and Harness to dispose of will do well to send them to the Mart as soon as possible.

Trade Sales of Merchandise, Farm Stock, Real Estate, Libraries, Works of Art, &c., &c., as well as consignments, from a distance, will meet with best attention, and be conducted on very moderate terms.

Second hand Furniture will be received any hour during the day up to 7 o'clock p. m. Advances made on Furniture, Pianos, or other Goods sent in for Sale, or may be purchased in toto, if required

The Sale Room is well lighted and ventilated, and about the largest in the city, being 80 x 25. Your favours and patronage are respectfully solicited.

Several Houses in the city on hands for sale.

J BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, March 1870.

DOMINICK FOX.

GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,

Clarence Street, next to the City Hotel Ottawa.

Solicits the patronage of the Lumber Merchants generally on the Ottawa. From his long experience in the trade he offers his services in engaging men and attending to their rafts while passing here to the best of his ability.

REFERENCES.

Alex Fraser, Esq. Walter Smith, Esq.
John ...pore, Esq, R W Cruice, Esq.

1324tf

W. H. EASTON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS, FORWARDERS

DEALERS IN

Wheat, Corn, Flour, Oatmeal, Pork, &c. OTTAWA.

End of Little Sussex-st.

Cash advanced on goods consigned for immediate sale. Prompt returns in all cases

W. H. EASTON R. M. EASTON

FOR SALE.

MESS AND PRIME MESS PORK.

FLOUR NO. 1 & EXTRA

Medical.

GABRIEL'S PREPARATIONS FOR THE TEETH.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR CLEANSING, BEAUTIFYING, AND PRESERVING THE TEETH

Sold by Chemists and Perfumers, and by the Manufacturers.

MESSRS. GABRIEL

The old-established Dentists,
64 Ludgate Hill, London
And at LIVERPOOL and BRIGHTON

GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA ENAMEL, for Stopping Decayed Teeth. Renders the tooth sound and useful, and prevents Toothache, no matter how far decayed Price 1s. 6d per box. Ask for Gabriel's Celebrated Dental Preparations

GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING for Preserving Front Teeth. Warranted to keep white, and as firm as the tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores Front Teeth and prevents decay. Sufficient for Stopping six Teeth Price 5s.

GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE for cleansing and improving the Teeth, and imparting a natural redness to the gums; whitens the teeth without leaving between them any traces of powder, and gives brilliancy to the enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

GABRIEL'S ROYAL TOOTH POWDER prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty. Preserves the Teeth, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and protects the enamel Price 1s. 6d.

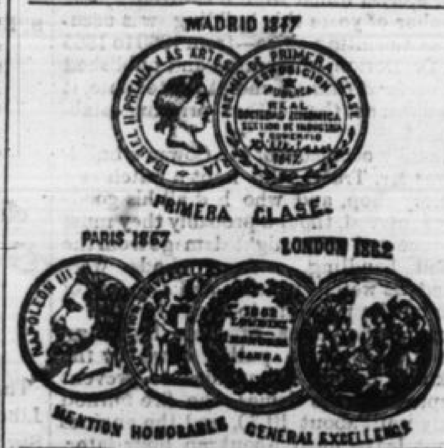
GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR a mouth wash unrivalled for its agreeable properties in cleansing the mouth and sweetening the breath; is is invaluable to smokers, and strongly recommended to sufferers from Tic Neuralgia, and Toothache.

See Gabriel's name—None Genuine without it Price 5s.

PARTIES AT A DISTANCE REQUIRING ARTIFICIAL TEETH may have them supplied, in partial or complete sets, on Messrs Gabriel's new system, by sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of One Guinea, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded, with all necessary instructions. Messrs. Gabriel will undertake to remodel or repair Artificial Teeth made by other Dentists [which do not prove satisfactory], at moderate charges.

Messrs. Gabriel's Pamphlet on Artificial Teeth and Painless Dentistry on receipt of postage.

*All letters to be addressed to 64 LUDGATE HILL, LONDON. 323 ...



ALKABASAR

ARRIVED AT LAST!

This elegant Turkish TONIC is one of the most salutary and delicate preparations ever submitted for public approval in this hemisphere, and asserts its pretentions to patronage on the following grounds:—

That it is a preparation of one of the most eminent Purveyors to the Ottoman Court.

It prevents acidity of the Stomach.

It relieves lowness of spirits.

It is a mild and invigorating tonic, and a cost efficient but innocuous stimulent.

It renders the breath sweet and agreeable.

It stimulates the appetite if taken BEFORE meals.

It promotes digestion if taken AFTER meals.

It neutralizes the propensity for strong liquors.

It renders the intellect bright and clear.

It taken habitually it imparts vitality and energy to all the bodily organs.

By its use a man of 70 will ..., as it were, restored to the elasticity of ...; and to persons of delicate constitutions it is strongly recommended.

It is an especial favourite with Oriental ladies.

Secure, then, health, longevity and vital energy by the habitual use of the

ALKABASAR TURKISH TONIC.

Kept in stock by the principal Druggists and Grocers in the Dominion.

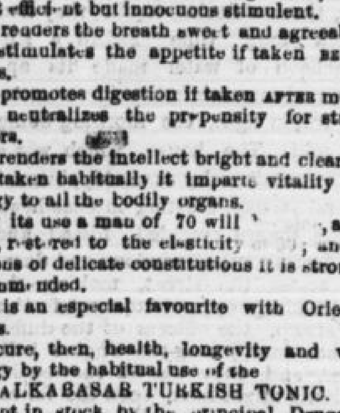
For directions for use see labels on bottles

HENRY CHAPMAN & CO.,
EVANS, MERCER & CO.,
Montreal,
Sole Agents for the Dominion

Montreal, July 6 1415-y

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

STOP AND SEE!



The following remarks on testimonials of most wonderful and extraordinary cures in Canada by the GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

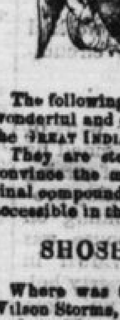
They are stern undeniable facts, sufficient to convince the most sceptical that the great medicinal compound, yearned after for ages, is now accessible in the great

SHOSHONEES REMEDY.

Where was there ever such a cure as that of Wilson Storms, of Brighton Ont, of Consumption or that of Peter C V Miller, of Ernstown, Ont, of Consumption, or that of Ambrose Wood, of Consecon, Ont, of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, or that of John Hecey, of Napanee, of Rheumatism who had actually been on crutches for years, but has now recovered the use of his limbs.

Handbook containing unquestionable certificates on the great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills can be obtained at all drug stores.

Price of the Remedy in large pints, $1. 31y



FOR ASTHMA,

and Chronic Bronchitis

DATURA TATULA,

Affords Immediate Relief.

"A remedy of great power and usefulness.—*Dr W. Parker.*

"Of great efficacy in cases of Asthma and Chronic Bronchitis. —*Dublin Journal Medical Science.*

"The smoke causes no nausea. When the right kind, I have never known an instance in which relief was not obtained."—*General Alexander Hon. B. Stuart.*

In Tins, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

Formed into Cigars and Cigarettes, Boxes, 3s, 5s and 15s.

Pastilles for Inhalation, Boxes, 2s 6d, 5s and 10s.

SAVORY & MOORE,
143, New Bond-st., London.

AGENTS—Messrs. F. Cundill & Co., Montreal

FOR INDIGESTION—PANCREATINE completely effects the DIGESTION and ASSIMILATION OF COD LIVER OIL, the fat eaten at meals, &c. In digestive activity, superior to Pepsine.

Pancreatine Powder, bottles, 2s, 3s 6d, 6s 6d and 12s 6d. Pancreatine Wine, bottles, 3s, 5s and 10s

N.B.—Pancreatine Wine is the best vehicle for taking Cod Liver Oil.

AGENTS—Messrs F. 11

NOTICE

Is hereby given, that an application will be made to the Legislature of the Province of Ontario at its next Session, for an Act to authorize the construction of Water Works in and for the City

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Medical.

ELECTRICITY IS LIFE

PULVERMACHER'S PATENT

GALVANIC CHAIN-BANDS

BELTS, AND POCKET BATTERIES

These highly improved inventions render Electricity perfectly self-applicable, and extremely efficacious in a mild continuous form, no shock or unpleasant sensation being experienced, whereby it becomes a true fountain of health and vigour, speedily soothing agonizing pains, reanimating torpid limbs, reviving the sluggish functions of life, and imparting renewed energy and vitality to constitutions enfeebled by whatever cause. Medicines and their deleterious consequences are thus entirely dispensed with. The daily increasing number of cures effected by PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC SYSTEM is so extensive and varied, that it forcibly points to this invention as the embryo of a universal remedy.

N. B—The following testimony from the elite of the English medical faculty has been received:

"We, the undersigned, have much pleasure in testifying that Mr. J. L. PULVERMACHER'S recent improvements in his Voltaic Batteries and Galvanic Appliances for Medical Purposes are of great importance to Scientific Medicine, and that he is entitled to the consideration and support of every one disposed to further the advancement of real and useful progress.

"Dated the 9th day of March, 1866.

"SIR CHARLES LOCOCK, Bart., M. D., F R C. P

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PULVERMACHER'S SYSTEM is also approved of by an official report of the Academie de Medicine, Paris, Royal College of Physicians, London, and the Imperial Faculty of Vienna, and its curative virtues are confirmed by thousands of private testimonials of cures effected. (See pamphlet gratis).

These facts appeal to the good sense of every sufferer to avail himself of this scientific and curative progress, to which the inventor has devoted a lifetime of study and labour, as an ardent disciple of that great benefactor of mankind, the late illustrious electrician MICHAEL FARADY.

PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC CHAINS are exceedingly effective without the aid of medicine, restriction of diet or the least derangement of the patient's habits and daily occupations, in the following maladies:

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Tic Doloreux	Nervous Debility
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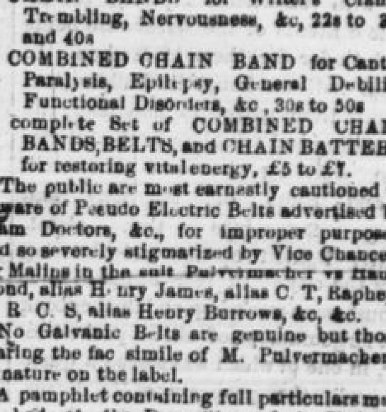

○ Messrs. CHAMBERLAIN & BILLS, Conway P O County of Lennox, Ontario, Canada:

MADOC, County of Hastings,
Province of Ontario, Feb. 9th, 1869.

This is to certify that during the winter of 1856 I was taken with a weakness of the ancles, which gradually, during the spring of 1867, extended to my knees, and on up to my hips, and I became so weak that I could not walk, but was confined to my chair. For about two years, while this weakness was coming on me, and afterwards, I sought medical advice, employing, at different time three doctors, and medicines of different kind prescribed by friends, but of no avail. I continued to get worse and worse, until the summer of 1868, when I was induced to try the great Shoshonees Remedy by reading the cures performed in a pamphlet. At this time I had begun to feel the weakness in my hands; in fact I was getting almost helpless I have taken two bottles of the Shoshonees Remedy and two boxes of the pills and I am entirely restored to health I never expected to get better, but simply tried the medicine as a ort of forlorn hope This case of mine was not a private one, but known to all my neighbours and friends; and to any one afflicted as I was, I have only to say try the Shoshonees Remedy; I believe it will cure you.

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Sworn to before me at Madoc, County of Hastings this ninth day of February, 1869.

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November 24, 1870 1522tf

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As a family Remedy it is well and favorably known relieving thousands from pain in the Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

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Has now been before the public for a length of time and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions have been properly followed, but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter having tested it thoroughly, and those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing the Diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

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Price only Twenty five Cents per bottle.

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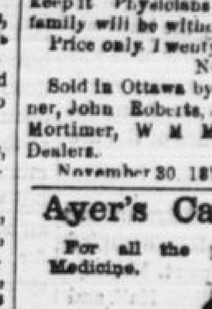
November 30 1870 1...

Ayer's Cathartic Pills

For all the purposes of a Laxative Medicine.



Perhaps no one medicine is so universally required by everybody as a cathartic, nor was ever any before so universally adopted into use, in every country and among all classes, as this mild but efficient purgative Pill. The obvious reason is, that it is a more reliable and far more effectual remedy than any other. Those who have tried it, know that it cured them; those who have not, know that it cures their neighbors and friends, and all know that what it does once it does always —that it never fails through any fault or neglect of its composition. We have thousands upon thousands of certificates of their remarkable cures of the following complaints, but such cures are known in every neighborhood, and we need not publish them. Adapted to all ages and conditions in all climates; containing neither calomel or any deleterious drug, they may be taken with safety by anybody. Their sugar coating preserves them ever fresh and makes them pleasant to take, while being purely vegetable no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.

They operate by their powerful influence on the internal viscera to purify the blood and stimulate it into healthy action—remove the obstructions of the stomach, bowels, liver, and other organs of the body, restoring their irregular action to health, and by correcting, wherever they exist, such derangements as are the first origin of disease.

Minute directions are given in the wrapper on the box for the following complaints, which these Pills rapidly cure:—

For Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Listlessness, Languor and Loss of Appetite, they should be taken moderately to stimulate the stomach and restore its healthy tone and action.

For Liver Complaint and its various symptoms, Bilious Headache, Sick Headache, Jaundice or Green Sickness, Bilious Colic and Bilious Fevers, they should be judiciously taken for each case, to correct the diseased action or remove the obstructions which cause it.

For Dysentery or Diarrhœa, but one mild dose is generally required.

For Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the Side, Back and Loins, they should be continuously taken, as required, to change the diseased action of the system. With such change those complaints disappear.

For Dropsy and Dropsical Swellings they should be taken in large and frequent doses to produce the effect of a drastic purge.

For Suppression a large dose should be taken as it produces the desired effect by sympathy.

As a *Dinner Pill*, take one or two *Pills* to promote digestion and relieve the stomach.

An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and bowels into healthy action, restores the appetite, and invigorates the system. Hence it is often advantageous where no serious derangement exists. One who feels tolerably well, often finds that a dose of these *Pills* makes him feel decidedly better, from their cleansing and renovating effect on the digestive apparatus.

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., *Practical Chemists*,
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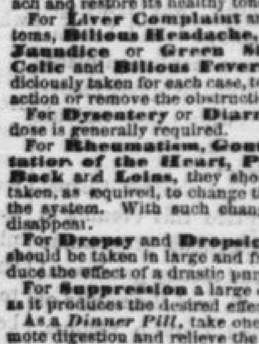

The reputation this excellent medicine enjoys is derived from its cures, many of which are truly marvellous. Inveterate cases of Scrofulous disease, where the system seemed saturated with corruption, have been purified and cured by it. Scrofulous affections and disorders, which were aggravated by the scrofulous contamination until they were painfully afflicting, have been radically cured in such great numbers in almost every section of the country, that the public scarcely need to be informed of its virtues or uses.

Scrofulous poison is one of the most destructive enemies of our race. Often, this unseen and unfelt tenant of the organism undermines the constitution, and invites the attack of enfeebling or fatal diseases, without exciting a suspicion of its presence. Again, it seems to breed infection throughout the body, and then, on some favorable occasion, rapidly develop into one or other of its hideous forms, either on the surface or among the vitals. In the latter, tubercles may be suddenly deposited in the lungs or heart, or tumors formed in the liver, or it shows its presence by eruptions on the skin, or foul ulcerations on some part of the body. Hence the occasional use of a bottle of this *Sarsaparilla* is advisable, even when no active symptoms of disease appear. Persons afflicted with the following complaints generally find immediate relief, and, at length, cure, by the use of this *SARSAPARILLA*: *St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Sore Ears*, and other eruptions or visible forms of *Scrofulous* disease. Also in the more concealed forms, as *Dyspepsia, Dropsy, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Neuralgia*, and the various *Ulcerous* affections of the muscular and nervous systems.

Syphilis or *Venereal* and *Mercurial Diseases* are cured by it, though a long time is required for subduing these obstinate maladies by any medicine. But long continued use of this medicine will cure the complaint. *Leucorrhœa* or *Whites*, *Uterine Ulcerations*, and *Female Diseases*, are commonly soon relieved and ultimately cured by its purifying and invigorating effect. Minute Directions for each case are found in our Almanac, supplied gratis. *Rheumatism* and *Gout*, when caused by accumulations of extraneous matters in the blood, yield quickly to it, as also *Liver Complaints, Torpidity, Congestion* or *Inflammation* of the *Liver*, and *Jaundice*, when arising, as they often do, from the rankling poisons in the blood. This *SARSAPARILLA* is a great restorer for the strength and vigor of the system. Those who are *Languid* and *Listless, Despondent, Sleepless*, and troubled with *Nervous Apprehensions* or *Fears*, or any of the affections symptomatic of *Weakness*, will find immediate relief and convincing evidence of its restorative power upon trial.

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Dr. H. with a view to the ... comfort during the operation ... ...ed or diseased teeth, has ... practice the use of the Nitrous ... laughing gas, which the sufferer ... danger or inconvenience, and is ... in a pleasant dream.

He may be consulted any day, ... his office from 9 a. m. to 6 p. m.

Ottawa, September 2, 1870

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EDGAR DOWARD, Organist, Christ Church, teacher of Organ, Piano and Singing. Residence—O'Connor street. Mr. Doward was formerly Choirster Boy and Articled Pupil of Mr W. Done, of Worcester Cathedral, England.

CHARLES J. TASKER, Accountant, Books posted. Accounts made out. Apply at the office of H P Hill, Solicitor, References: Dr Hill, C R Pinhey. Ottawa, Nov 5, 187

H. R. FRIPP, ORGANIST AND TEACHER OF MUSIC. Residence—Elgin Street, South of Slater Street. Classes for beginners at Mr Gowan's Hall on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 4½ p m. Ottawa, July 15th, 1870, 1410 tf

MUSICAL ACADEMY. Mr. GUSTAVE SMITH, (Organist of the Cathedral) a Graduate of the Imperial Conservatory of Paris. Lessons on Piano at 1 Singing. Rideau-street, corner of King-street. Ottawa, June 23, 1868. 775y

PEOPLE'S TELEGRAPH COMPANY. Incorporated under Chapter LXVII of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada.
OTTAWA OFFICE—G P Desmond's Exchange Office, 19 Sparks street.
DIRECTORS: A JOSEPH, Chairman; D C THOMSON, Treasurer; S B FOOTE A THOMSON, T H DUNN. DESMOND Manager 1141tf

FOR SALE. A beautiful country residence with Fifteen (15) Acres of Land (or more if necessary) attached; the house and outbuildings being completely surrounded by a grove of lovely shade trees. The whole within 10 minutes drive of the Government Buildings. Terms of sale, cash, if preferable to purchaser otherwise a small payment down, and the balance in 1 to 10 years, to suit purchaser. Apply to the Proprietor, R A BRADLEY, Solicitor, Elgin-st., Ottawa. Nearly opposite the Post Office. N. B.—Money to lend on Real Estate. Terms easy.

THE HOWLEY FARM TO LET. Lot No 30, 1st Concession of Gloucester Front, containing 300 acres, 150 acres well cleared and in good state of cultivation, opposite Manotte, and fifteen miles from Ottawa, with good fences, a fine dwelling house, two story high, barns and outhouses complete, is now to let on reasonable terms, for term of years. Apply for further particulars to CHARLES ROWAN, Ottawa. Ottawa September 5, 1870 1454tf&w37tf

A. E. GENDREAU, HAIR DRESSING PARLOUR, Wellington street, Opposite the Bank of Montreal.
MR GENDREAU, the proprietor of that so popular Parlour, has the pleasure to announce to his numerous friends and the public in general, that to answer to the great encouragement which he has received up to the present, he has determined to enlarge and thoroughly furnish anew his establishment. He will save no expense to render Parlour the most comfortable, and employ the most experienced hair dressers.
MR GENDREAU having served considerable time in some of the best and most extensive Hair Dressing saloons in the Dominion and United States, is in a position to conduct the duties of his establishment in a manner that cannot be surpassed.
He will have always on hand he best perfumes, imported directly from Paris and London. MR GENDREAU solicits a visit to convince all of the truth of his statements.

PRESERVE YOUR ROOFS. PATENT PLASTIC SLATE PAINT, Is the best and cheapest material in use for preserving new, or repairing old IRON OR TIN ROOFS, No matter how bad their condition. Also fire rate for SHINGLE ROOFS, Making them FIRE AND WATER PROOF, Hardens into a coating of SOLID SLATE by exposure. Price $6 a barrel, mixed ready for use. A barrel will cover 10 squares (10 x 10). SHEATHING FELT For lining Frame Buildings under the clap boards. An effectual protection against cold, damp and vermin. Rats and mice will come near it. No FRAME DWELLING should be without. Send for circular, instructions, &c. BUCHANAN & CO., Wholesale Depot for Roofing Materials and Founder's Supplies, 32 Lemoine Street, Montreal. Ottawa, September 21, 1870 1468

SATCHELL BROS BUTCHERS TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL. Beg to intimate to their customers and the public generally, that they will keep constantly on hand FRESH KILLED STALL-FED BEEF AND MUTTON. ALSO, THEIR CELEBRATED SPICED AND SALT ROUND, AND ROLLED BEEF FOR PARTIES. To be had at THEIR STALLS, Nos. 5 and 7,

Hardware.

BLYTH & KERR, No. 25 RIDEAU STREET, Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, Tin and Copper Smiths, Bell Hangers, &c.
All work in any of the above branches executed in a prompt and workmanlike manner. Special attention given to Roofing and fitting up Galvanized Iron and Tin Gutters, Conductors, &c., &c.

IMPORTERS OF GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.
JUST RECEIVED, ex "Pride of Canada" and "Oneida," a splendid assortment of Block Tin Tea and Coffee Pots, Jelly Moulds, Wire Dish Covers, Spice Boxes, Ladies' Dressing Cases, Trays, Enamelled Pie Dishes, Preserving Pans, Deaf Milk Saucepans, &c., &c.
Constantly on hand, Cooking Stoves, (best makers) Hot Air Furnaces, Water Coolers, Baths, (all kinds) Cutlery, Plated and Britannia Metal Ware.
—ALSO—
FISHING TACKLE, comprising Rods, Lines, Flies, Hooks, Floats, Trolls, Panniers, Landing Nets, Fly Books, &c. &c. Ottawa, August 10, 1870 1432 1y

HARDWARE! HARDWARE!

Sign the ANVIL, 24 Rideau Street, where you can get a complete assortment of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, and at prices to suit purchasers. Consisting in part of GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHINGS: Butcher Knives, Knives and Forks, Pocket Knives, Table Spoons, Tea Spoons, Tea Trays, Table Mats, Nuts, Screws, Locks, Bolts, Catches, Latches, Axes, Saws, Planes, Squares, Hammers, Spokeshaves, Gouges, Chisels, Augers, Auger Bits, Steel Bits, Bevils, Levels, Boring Machines, Draw Knives, &c, &c, &c. Together with PAINT OF ALL COLOURS: Rose, Pink, Burnt Umber, Terra de Sienna, Chrome Yellow, Yellow Ochre, Celestial Blue, Paris Green, Brunswick Green, Magnesia Green, Venetian Green, Red Lead, White Lead, in Oil or Dry, Drop Black, Ivory Black, Lamp Black, Boiled Oil, Raw Oil, Turpentine, Benzole, Coal Oil, Paint Brushes, Varnishes, &c.
THOS SIMKETT, No. 24, Rideau Street, Sign of the Anvil.
P. S.—All goods delivered free to any part of the City. Ottawa, Nov 18, 1870

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT, 35 SUSSEX STREET,
Elevated Oven Cook Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Low Oven Cook Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Double Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co
Box and Parlor Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co
Coal Stoves, Base Burners, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
The Quintal Coal Stove, at H. MEADOWS & Co
Parlour Cook Stoves, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Dumb Stoves, all sizes, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Hot Air Furnaces, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Stove Pipes and Elbows, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Lumbermen's Supplies, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
1st Prize Stoves can be seen, at H. MEADOWS & Co.
Ottawa, Oct. 13, 1870.

Druggists.

DUTCH BULBS!
The Subscriber has just received a full assortment from a celebrated Grower in HOLLAND, both for Spring Gardening and in-door Culture.
THE ASSORTMENT INCLUDES Hyacinths, many varieties, Tulips, " Lilies, " Narcissus, " Jonquills, " Anemones, " Ranunculus, " &c, &c.
The Flower Roots above mentioned not coming to hand till late in the season, are offered for sale at low prices.
ALEXANDER CHRISTIE, Druggist, 40 Sparks-st, Ottawa. Ottawa, Nov. 18, 1870 1517y

RICHARD HIGMAN, FAMILY AND DISPENSING CHEMIST, LATE MANAGER, MEDICAL HALL, SPARKS STREET,
Wishes to return sincere thanks to his friends and the public, for the kind sympathy evinced toward him, on the occasion of the late fire.
He now begs to inform them that he will commence business on his own account, in a few days, in part of Mr McLean's Auction Room, in rear of John Roos' Cigar store, with entirely new stock, of Drugs, Chemicals Patent Medicines, Perfumery, &c., and trusts the public will appreciate his attention to business, with the same kind patronage that was extended to him in his situation. Ottawa, Dec. 16, 1870 1541y

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN. INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.
RATES OF PASSAGE BY THE SATURDAY STEAMERS
First Cabin, Payable in Gold.
Liverpool or Queenstown $100 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.
Liverpool or Queenstown 35 00
PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VI HALIFAX.
First Cabin, Payable in Gold.
Liverpool or Queenstown $100 00
Halifax 20 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer 40 00
Steerage, Payable in Currency.
Liverpool or Queenstown 30 00
Halifax 15 00
St. John's, N.F., by branch steamer 30 00
Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland, and Continent, at moderate rates.
For further information, apply at the Company's Office, JOHN J. [illegible]

Groceries.

IF YOU WANT TO SAVE MONEY GO TO THE PEOPLE'S TEA STORES, —BY— P. BASKERVILLE & BROS., No. 36 Rideau St., and Duke St., Chaudiere, OTTAWA,
Where from their great increase of business and the large addition now put to their Store, with a well selected Stock, and constant attention on their part, will enable them to sell at prices not to be equalled elsewhere.
There will be found always on hand a general assortment of GROCERIES, TEAS in particular, imported, LIQUORS, WINES, BRANDIES, GIN, IRISH and SCOTCH WHISKEY, Goderham & Worts' HIGHWINES OLD RYE, and PROOF, with a fine assortment of Christmas and New Year's FRUITS and SYRUPS.
—ALSO—
WINTER APPLES, ORANGES and LEMONS, CHEESE, HAMS, and BACON.
Remember our Motto—"Quick Sales and light Profits."
Try their TEAS. Ottawa, Nov 29, 1870 1536

ATTENTION! If you want Choice VIRGIN HONEY, call at the New GROCERY STORE, Corner of Sussex and York Streets.
If you want SUPERIOR CHEESE, call at the New GROCERY STORE, Corner of Sussex and York Streets.
If you want FIRST-CLASS DAIRY BUTTER, call at the New GROCERY STORE Corner Sussex and York Streets.
—ALSO—
New Crop West End, Layers, Valencia and Seedless Raisins and Currants, Fresh Turkey Figs, Malaga Grapes, Lemons, Choice Imperial Prunes, Candied Peels, Gelatine, Cross & Blackwell's Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies, and Marmalades, Fresh Oysters, Lobsters Seguin Mackerel, Salmon and Tomatoes, with a choice lot of Scotch and English Ales and Porter, Wines and Brandies, Gin, Scotch Whiskey, Jamaica Rum, Old Rye, Syrups and
JOHN A. BITTERS, CONSTANTLY ON HAND, At the New GROCERY STORE, Corner Sussex and York Streets.
Extra Fine Green, Black and Japan Teas, Rio, Java and Turkey Coffee.
—ALSO—
Fine Family and Pastry Flour, Oat and Corn Meal, at the NEW GROCERY STORE, Corner Sussex and York Streets.
J. M. C. DELES DERNIERS, Corner Sussex and York-sts. Ottawa, Nov 29, 1870 1526tf

TESTIMONIAL —TO THE— HON. SIR JOHN A. MACDONALD, K. C. B., &c., &c., &c.
The friends of Sir JOHN A. MACDONALD propose to present that distinguished Statesman with a substantial Testimonial in recognition of his long and unselfish public services.
Steps are being taken to afford his friends in all parts of the Dominion an opportunity of joining in the proposed manifestation of esteem and regard.
The following gentlemen compose, (with power to add to their number,) the Committee at Ottawa
The Hon. JAMES SKEAD,
His Worship the Mayor J ROCHESTER, Jr, Esq,
THOS REYNOLDS, Esq,
R W SCOTT, Esq, M P P,
Dr GRANT, M P,
E McDILLIVRAY, Esq,
H V NOEL, Esq.
H V Noel, Esq, has consented to act as Treasurer, to whom all communications may be addressed.
For the information of intending subscribers the names of the gentlemen composing the Certain Committee at Toronto are subjoined, viz.:
His Worship the Mayor, MR HARMAN, Esq,
The Hon G W ALLAN
The Hon D L MACPHERSON,
The Hon JOHN CARLING, M P,
JOHN CRAWFORD, Esq, M P,
ANGUS MORRISON, Esq, M P,
F W CUMBERLAND, Esq, M P
J G WORTS, Esq,
E H RUTHERFORD, Esq,
W H HOWLAND Esq,
G P RIDOUT, Esq.,
JOHN SHEDDEN, Esq,
THOMAS DICK, Esq,
FRANK SHANLY, Esq,
T C CHISHOLM, Esq,
N BARNHART, Esq,
Ottawa, Dec 6, 1870 15 23t

TO LUMBERERS. L. ROSE, PROVISION BROKER, LONDON, ONT.,
Inspects every BARREL of PORK he Ships and Ships only a FIRST-CLASS Article. He has or Sale from some of the Leading Packers and Curers:
Heavy Mess Pork, guaranteed.
Ex. P. Pork made from Heavy Mess. Shoulders Mess Mutton.
Heavy Bacon, &c., at the lowest FIRST PRICES, and on Terms to suit Purchasers.
No. 1 Sup. Flour, Oats, Corn, &c., bought on commission.
White Beans always on hand.
Orders or enquiries have prompt attention.
Through rates to Brockville, Sand and Ottawa.
L. ROSE,

Groceries, &c.

DENIS WHELAN, 39 RIDEAU STREET, OTTAWA HAVING OPENED HIS NEW ESTABLISHMENT (nearly opposite the Old Stand,) offers for sale at VERY LOW PRICES a large and well selected stock, comprising Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Tobacco, Laundry and Fancy Soaps, Sauces, Spices, Pickles, Brooms, Brushes, Candles, Coarse and Fine Salt. Also, Bordeaux and other Vinegars
MESS PORK, PICKLED SALMON, LABR. HERRINGS,
and the numerous other articles necessary to constitute a complete stock.
TEAS—Japan, Oolong, Congou, Imperial Young Hyson, quite fresh and cheap.
COFFEE—Fresh Coffee ground and roasted daily on the premises.
LIQUORS—COGNAC BRANDIES Renault & Co, Hennessy, Piper's and other brands.
HOLLAND GIN—De Kuyper's and Houtman's, in wood bottle.
WINES—Sherries of all grades, Ports of fine quality, Burgundy, Sauterne and Maderia Wines all prices, in wood and bottle, improved by age.
HIGHWINES, OLD RYE, PROOF AND WHISKEY, high proof and favor, at extremely low prices.
Thorne's and Stewart' Scotch Whiskey and Old Tom.
Dunville's Irish Whiskey.
Murphy's Old Irish Potteen.
Guinness' and London Porter, pts and qts.
Molson's and other Ales.
Sugars and Syrups, all grades.
Sale attendance prices.
THE OLD STOCK, SAVED FROM FIRE SELLING AT TWENTY-FIVE PER CENT BELOW COST.
Now is the time or bar gains. 1165

ROUSILLON PORT. Received a fresh consignment of this delicious Wine. It is full flavoured, of great body, and guaranteed purity.
ALICANTE. A Sweet Red Wine of delicate flavour and bouquet, invaluable for invalids. This wine has been specially imported as a pure Wine to be used in the Holy Communion. The following gentlemen have kindly allowed their names to be used as references:
Ven Archdeacon Fuller, Toronto.
Rev J Beaven, D D, "
Rev G B Read, D D, "
Rev E Baldwin, "
Rev W S Darling, "
Rev A Williams, "
Rev J D Cayley, "
Rev W H Davis, "
Rev S Bedford Jones, L L D, Ottawa
—ALSO—
A full Stock of Brandies, Gins, Jamaica Rum, Proof and Old Rye Whiskey, Sherries, Still and Sparkling Moselle, Champagne, Malaga, Maderia Malvoisie, Noyan Curacoa Creme de Menthe, Creme de Moka, Chartreuse, Maraschino, English and Canadian Ales and Porter, &c, &c, &c.
J. P. MACPHERSON, Wine Merchant, Elgin Street.
Agent for Quelton, St George & Co's pure French Wines. Ottawa, Dec 16, 1870 1535y

M. FOOTE & COMPANY, IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALER —IN— TEAS AND WINES, 6 HOSPITAL STREET MONTREAL.

PRESTON & ROWSELL, MILITARY TAILORS —AND— HABIT MAKERS, NO. 36 SPARKS STREET, A SELECT ASSORTMENT OF Tweeds, Broad Cloths, Doe Skins, Fancy Coatings, Vestings, &c. SHIRTS MADE TO ORDER. Ottawa, July 16, 1870.
PRESTON & ROWSELL, No Branches or Coal Oil used. THE LANG 80 TO PAINTING FOR STYLISH SIGNS AND HANDSOME WALL PAINTING. A. W. LANG, Sparks Street.

NOTICE. LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF ONTARIO, TORONTO, 29th October, 1870.
Notice is hereby given, that the last day for receiving Petitions for Private Bills will be WEDNESDAY, the TWENTY-EIGHTH day of DECEMBER next.
CHARLES T. GILLMOR, Clerk.

SITUATION WANTED AS FARMER
A Married Man, who understands farming in all its departments; has had long experience in

Dry Goods.

STILL THEY COME! 34 PACKAGES NEW GOODS, JUST RECEIVED, —BY— GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO
Comprising amongst other Goods the following:—
1 Case French Merinoes,
1 Case Kid Gloves and Hosiery,
1 Case Plain and Terry Ribbons, Plain and Tartan Sash Ribbons,
1 Case Black and Colored Ribbon Velvets
1 Case New Jackets,
1 Case Waterproof Tweeds,
1 Case Ladies Hats,
1 Case Embroidered Muslin Sets, for Evening wear,
1 Case Hair Nets and Silk Epangles, for Dress Trimmings,
1 Case Sheetings,
1 " White Cottons,
1 Bale Serges,
1 " Scarlet Flannels,
1 Case Fancy Flannels,
1 " Canadian Flannels,
2 Bales Canadian Grey Blankets,
2 Cases Cornwall White Blankets,
6 Cases Heavy Tweeds,
3 " Light Grey Etoffes,
2 " Mid Grey "
3 " Oxford "
With other Goods too numerous to particularize.
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.
Would say that their Stock, notwithstanding their Immense Sales during the last 3 months (without doubt the largest ever made by any Dry Goods House in Ottawa) was never so well assorted at this season of the year as it is just now.
INSPECTION INVITED.
WHOLESALE & RETAIL
Ottawa, Dec. 16, 1870.

R. L. JAMES & CO.
DRESS GOODS. A large assortment worth from 20 to 90 cents, at 15 to 80.
A SPECIAL LINE of French Merinos, very cheap.
BLACK SILKS, very much under Market value, and considerably lower than present Ottawa prices.
MILLINERY. It is now pretty generally known that in this Department, especially the prices, are EXCEEDINGLY MODERATE, AT THE GOLDEN LION.

Souvenir de Paris.

BY ELORA M'FLIMSY.

What's the world without a Paris?
What are all its joys to me?
When that lovely town no longer
Lures me from beyond the sea.
Every journal brings new anguish;
Bursting sobs our grief reveal,
When I dream of days of shopping,
And Jack murmurs—*Ah! Mabille.*

Ah! those vanished days of Paris!
Kneeling counts of ancient birth,
Begging curls by Cherrel twisted—
Rumpling dresses built by Worth.
Ah! the Germans at the palace!
Led by that dear Marquis Caux—
With the Empress on the dais,
While Strauss ruled the floor below.

Blissful days with thee, Bon Marche!
Gas-lit nights with thee, Musard!
How my sad feet die to press thee—
Asphalt of the Boulevard!
How the hours fled, winged with rapture!
Tinged with gold Time's dropping sands!
In that waste of silks and casemeres,
In the Compagnie des Indes.

Oh! the Germans in the palace;
But no more the dancers go,
Swayed [illegible] tons;
And the gloves made [illegible] Caux.
Paris needs no boots of Satin,
For the balls that fills the air,
And no more she sings with Schneider,
Ah! que j'aime les militaires!

The Pass of Mont Cenis.

A GLORIOUS TRIUMPH OF ENGINEERING SKILL.

The triumphs of peace are not altogether at an end in Europe. A despatch announces that the Alps have been pierced through, and that the workmen from both ends of the Mont Cenis tunnel joined in congratulations upon the completion of the great work.

Between Susa in Piedmont and St. Jean de Maurienne in Savoy, is one, not of the highest, but of the most famous passes of the Alps long known in the history of war, but henceforth from to-day to be celebrated as the scene of one of the greatest triumphs in peace of that engineering "which knows no impossibility." Where the Graian and the Cottian Alps meet there is a high table land nearly 7,000 feet high with a peak springing up to 11,454 feet high. This is the Monte Ceridio of the Italians, the Mont Cenis of the French. It has long barred the free way from France into Italy. Over this pass Hannibal is asserted by some historians to have worked his way with vinegar and elephants; and over this pass more certainly King Pepin, in 755, led his Frankish legions to aid Pope Stephen III. against the heretical Lombard King Astolphus. The famous Catinat, Marshal of France, in the service of Louis XIV., followed in his path nine centuries later, and, foreseeing that it might be needed again by his august master, the Grand Monarch, he made it by a great effort for those days passable for mules. It was the the engineering triumph of his century Napoleon I., stopped by the same immovable opponent, built a road over it eighteen feet wide, for thirty miles, reaching from Lans-le-bourg to Susa. This was the triumph of his period, purchased by an outlay of 7,000,000 francs and by indomitable labor.

The first great triumph of our later period was the building of a railroad over the mountain range. This was called for by higher requirements than those of war, for over the path where the mailed legions of Pepin had preceded the battalions of Louis and the veterans of the first Napoleon, commerce had marked its way. The rail road systems of France and Italy required a connecting link from Calais to Brindisi. There was need of an uninterrupted route for traffic. The link was formed in what is known as the Brassey-Fell or "American" three-rail line opened over the Alps in 1867. It was a brilliant achievement, not so perfectly satisfactory as to make the route really uninterrupted. The passage across the mountain was continually stopped last year by the heavy snow. It is always slow, always liable to accident from avalanches, and the rails of course are of a different gauge from those of the lines it is meant to connect.

But a grander and climacteric triumph has been attempted, and, as the cable informs us, is now practically achieved. This is a road which opens through the seven miles of schist and quartz of the Alps a clear passage, which gives an unbroken and continuous line from Calais on the English Channel to Brindisi, in the heel of Italy—a port famous before the days of Pompeii, and marked out by the Roman builders of the Appian Way for a chief position in the world's commerce. Already the voices of the Italian excavators chanting victory in the tunnel's depths has proclaimed the approaching end to their French fellow-workmen, separated from them now only by a thin wall of fifteen feet of rock and earth. When the rails are laid through the new tunnel there will be a line of 1,390 consecutive miles of rails of the same gauge running from the Channel to the Mediterranean.

A Romance of the East.

HOW A BEAUTIFUL WHITE GIRL BECAME THE SLAVE OF TWO BLACK WOMEN, AND THEN THE WIFE OF COUNT BENEDETTI.

Louise Muhlbach, in her "Letters from Egypt," tells a very romantic story about the wife of Count Benedetti, the French Minister Plenipotentiary at the Prussian court before the outbreak of the present war. A very rich Greek merchant, resident in Alexandria, had two black wives, whom he loved dearly, and for whose service he provided a large retinue of beautiful girls. One of his wives one day chanced to see a charming white girl, and was so pleased with her that she coaxed her husband into buying her.

The beautiful slave became a confidential servant and companion to her negro mistresses, and conducted herself toward them in such a sagacious manner that she became indispensable to them. She sang to them, and gossipped and frolicked so gracefully that *ennui* was banished completely. She won their affection, and, through them, the affection of her master, the venerable Greek merchant.

But unfortunately the black wives suddenly fell sick one day, and before nightfall they were both dead. Their disease was known to nobody, and they were hastily buried. The beautiful young slave, who had not left their side for a moment during the few hours of their illness, seemed inconsolable. She did her best, however, to assuage the grief of the ancient merchant, and in this way so endeared herself to him that he adopted her as his child and heir, since he was just a little too old to marry her. In course of time, the venerable sage rejoined his swarthy wives in the other world, and the fortunate nymph came into possession of his millions. At this stage of her existence Count Benedetti, who was then only a penniless *attache* to the French consulate in Alexandria, offered her his hand and heart, and having married her, with the aid of her wealth cut for himself a road to fame. In this way, she who was once a slave to slaves, became a star in the circles of the French world of fashion.

The knife with which Payne the assassin assaulted Secretary Seward has been returned, by order of the War Department, to Mr. Robinson, who was Mr. Seward's only helper in that perilous hour. It is a murderous looking weapon, about two inches wide, the blade firmly fastened into

Yesterday's Despatches.

THE SEINE AFFAIR—PRUSSIA DECLINES TO COMPENSATE THE SAILORS.

LONDON, Dec. 30.—The Prussian Government has replied to the representative of the English Cabinet that it will give indemnity bonds to the owners of the British Vessels recently destroyed to impede the navigation of the Seine, but declines to compensate the sailors for the harsh treatment accorded them.

A SUCCESSFUL SORTIE.

A despatch from Befort reports that a successful sortie had been made by the garrison, in which the Prussians were badly punished.

TELEGRAPH LINES WORKING BADLY.

The land telegraph lines between London and the cable are working badly, owing to the heavy fall of snow.

THE FRENCH RETREAT.

VERSAILLES, Dec. 29, *via* London, 30th.—The Prussian 12th Corps occupied Mount Avron after one day's bombardment. The French in their retreat left behind them their dead and many gun carriages and rifles.

FROM PARIS BY BALLOON.

BORDEAUX, 30.—A despatch just received from Roche Saronne, dated 29th, reports the landing of a balloon from Paris at that place, with intelligence that the Prussians on Wednesday furiously attacked the forts Rosny, Nogent and Mont Avron. Some of their seige batteries were unmasked and an attempt was made at a regular bombardment of the above named positions, but the attack was repulsed with heavy loss to the enemy.

THE PRUSSIANS PREVENTED FROM ESTABLISHING SEIGE BATTERIES.

A despatch from Rocroi dated the 29th, says the French artillery at Mezieres prevents the Prussians from establishing their seige batteries.

AMERICAN NEWS.

BOILER EXPLOSION, TWO KILLED, AND SEVERAL INJURED.

NEW YORK, Dec. 30.—Last evening the boiler in the iron foundry of Miller & Defere, corner of North 13th and Second streets, Williamsburg, exploded. The engineer, Nicholas Stevens, and Daniel Mulboland, a workman, who were in the foundry at the time, were struck by the fragments of the boiler and instantly killed, and Ed. Geaton, aged 12, was severely injured by flying pieces of iron. Francis Lucien, a jointer, is missing, and several persons in the building at the time are slightly injured. The building was badly shattered, and portions of the front and side walls were blown into the street. The building and the adjoining cotton waste factory; both caught fire and were damaged $6,000.

For Ladies Only.

Young ladies are wearing dog-skin gloves for shopping, in lieu of kid.

The proper trimmings this Winter are laces, furs, satin and feathers.

Opera cloaks are made this season without hoods, and elaborately embroidered.

Stylish suits for promenade are of heavy black reps silk, trimmed with velvet.

Uniformity in the toilettes of bridesmaids is growing to be fearfully monotonous.

The dress most fashionable and useful is the all round skirt worn with a court train.

White linen cut-throat collars have been newly adopted by English ladies'.

Monograms on lockets and watches are considered indispensable embellishments now-a-days.

Here are seme pretty fall dresses lately worn:

Overdress of five puffed muslin and Valenciennes lace over scarlet gros grain; garniture of field flowers of various colors.

Gold tulle, trimmed with gold fringe over the guoise, blue satin and square bows for the looping up the skirt; head-dress or wreath forming a diadem, with long trails of golden wheat and blue corn flowers.

White organdie muslin trimmed with Valenciennes, and looped high with black velvet over a rich dress of pink gros grain; pink sash.

Ashes of roses faille made with a court train, and trimmed with narrow ruffles of the same, put on scant, and pinked out. Under sleeves and trimmings for the neck of fine old lace.

Tunic of pink china crape, very long, pointed and trimmed with rich crimped fringe over a dress of satin striped chamberg gauze, white and pink, sash with trails to the shoulder of white May blossom. Boquet at the left of the corsage connecting with a branch used for looping up the skirt.

Gloves are now made in England with a pocket on the inside of the palm, to suit the habit indulged in by the fair sex of carrying money in that position.

Among the strangest of rare laces is a veil given by Nicholas, Emperor of Russia, to Thomas H. Seymour, of Connecticut. It is very large, of exquisite design, and so fragile, so ethereal in texture that, when shaken out and cast upon the air, it floats like a thistle down, and it is many minutes before it will settle in a close room, and then a whispered invitation will start it on its aerial travels again.

A "COUGH," "COLD," OR IRRITATED THROAT, allowed to progress, results in serious pulmonary and Bronchial affections, of tentimes incurable.
BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES Reach DIRECTLY the affected parts, and give a most instant relief. In BRONCHITIS, ASTHMA, or CATARRH they are beneficial. Obtain only the genuine BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES which have *proved* their efficacy by test of many years. Among testimonials attesting their efficacy are letters from—
E. H. Chapin, D. D, New York,
Henry Ward Beecher, Brooklyn, N. Y.,
N. P. Willis, New York,
H

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Grand Musical and Dramatic Soiree.—T. C. Larose.
Christmas and New Year's Wines, &c.—J. P. Macpherson.
Lost—A Gold Watch and Chain.
Thanks—Elliott & Hamilton.
Notice—F. Evans.

TO THE PUBLIC.

Mr. J. G. DAVIS *is authorized to receive advertisements and subscriptions for* THE TIMES. *Now that we are about* ENLARGING THE SIZE *of* THE TIMES *and introducing other improvements, advertisers should take advantage of the increased circulation which it will at once be certain to obtain. In other directions, as well as in Ottawa, we are making exertions to extend our subscription list and to add to the value of* THE TIMES *as an advertising medium.*

The Ottawa Times.

Office—38 Sparks Street.

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 31, 1870.

☞ *For interesting reading matter see First and Fourth Pages.*

We are requested to state that the Governor General will receive New Year visitors at the Privy Council Chamber, Government Buildings, on Monday, January 2nd, between 12 and 1 o'clock.

The Minister of Agriculture arrived yesterday.

"As a matter of practical policy, 'Annexation' has no place in the topics of the hour."—*Toronto Globe.*

We cordially agree with the opinion expressed by our contemporary, and claim that no man whose views are at all doubtful in this respect, or who is a disciple of the Independence school, should, whatever may be the exigencies of party politics, be entrusted with the administration of public affairs.

Poor old Mr. Papineau has been writing an annexation letter to certain French Canadian annexationists in New York. He attacks the Imperial Government, and is, as a matter of course, as severe upon the Cabinet at Ottawa as the Toronto *Globe* itself. The N. Y. *Herald* betrays its total ignorance of Canadian affairs by speaking of Mr. Papineau as "the popular leader of Lower Canada!" The "popular leader of Lower Canada" is a member of the Cabinet which Mr. Papineau abuses, and is thoroughly opposed to annexation in any shape.

We notice that last week Mr. T. R. Ferguson, M. P., was re-elected a municipal Councillor of the township of Innisfall. It is now twenty-three years since Mr. Ferguson was first elected to this office, and he has held it continuously ever since. It is now about fourteen years since the Honorable gentleman first became the representative of his county in Parliament, and from that time until now he has continued to represent it, his return being frequently unopposed, though occasionally the Grits have made desperate exertions and ran a Conservative against him. With the exception of Sir John Macdonald, who has sat for Kingston for more than a quarter of a century, we do not think there is any member of the House of Commons who has continuously represented the same constituency for so long a period as Mr. Ferguson has done. The fact of his having done so speaks volumes in behalf of his personal and political worth.

ENGLAND'S POSITION.

American journalists, with remarkable pertinacity, labour continually to impress their readers with the idea that Great Britain is in all respects decaying, and losing that position among the nations of the earth which once she held. As, in consequence of our proximity to the United States, many American journals find their way across the border, and as every telegram which we receive by way of the Atlantic cable telegraph is more or less coloured and distorted by American prejudice, it may be as well for us to examine for ourselves what is the position which Great Britain holds to-day, and what has been the general character of the policy pursued by her of late towards foreign powers.

Her great crime at present, according to American writers, is that she is not at war with either France or Prussia. It does not appear to be regarded by them as a matter of the slightest consequence in which direction the sympathies or the interests of Englishmen led them, the great thing being that they should take a hand in the terrible struggle; while not to have done so, and to have permitted France and Prussia to fight it out between them, is regarded by Americans as an indisputable proof of Britain's decadence.

That the British people desire peace we are quite willing to allow. To their credit be it spoken, they are ready to make any reasonable sacrifices consistent with their honour, in order to avoid war. But if we look back to the history of the nation during the past few years, we shall find that whenever the national honour has demanded it, or armed interference in continental struggles appeared likely to be productive of beneficial results, Great Britain has never shrank from doing her duty. There is no nation in the world with whom the people of the Mother Country are so sincerely desirous to live on terms of peace and amity as with the Americans. Yet when in 1861 a flagrant insult was perpetrated upon the British flag how quickly the whole nation sprang to arms to avenge it. There was not much time taken for calculation or consideration then, but an instant demand for reparation and apology, which was as quickly made. In 1864, when Austria and Prussia were engaged in plundering Denmark, the British Government proposed to Napoleon that the two nations, England and France, should act conjointly and put an end to the war. But France was not ready, or Napoleon was not willing, which amounted to the same thing, and the British Government did not feel that they would be justified in entering single handed into the strife, more especially as at that time very serious apprehensions were entertained, though we believe unjustly, as to what were Napoleon's ulterior designs against Great Britain. In 1867 the efforts of the British Government and the personal exertions of the Queen herself, prevented war from breaking out between France and Prussia. At the [illegible] have announced that she would declare war against the nation which fired the first shot, and there would have been no war." This is certainly paying a very high compliment to England's moral power but we really fail to see why when two nations which have refused to listen to England's advice rush into war, the British people are at once to be hurried into the strife also, and forced to take part in a quarrel with which they have comparatively little concern. Not even to please the Americans ought this to be done. When the neutrality of Belgium was threatened, Great Britain did not fail to make her voice heard, and in consequence of her evident intention to defend the rights of the Belgian nation, the neutrality of the little kingdom was respected. We might refer to the Abyssinian expedition and to other events which have occurred during the last decade, to show that when the necessity arises, the British people, peace loving as they are, are not afraid of war, but we have already mentioned a sufficient number of instances of this kind.

It is true, we are thankful to say, that so far our beloved Mother Country has escaped all entanglement in the present war. Yet something of [illegible] though not [illegible] A nobler crusade than that of the Red Cross Knights of old have those Englishmen and Englishwomen engaged in who have enlisted under the red cross flag of Charity and Humanity, and what right-minded man dare speak contemptuously of a people, who have already contributed upwards of a million sterling towards the relief of the sick and wounded of both armies! England's record to day is a glorious one, as it ever has been; when will the Americans who abuse her have as proud a one?

THE CENSUS IN MANITOBA.

The census returns in Manitoba show the following figures:

PARISHES.	NO. OF INHABITANTS.
St. Boniface	819
St. Vital	383
St. Norbert	1,6[illegible]
Ste. Agathe	359
Winnipeg	215
St. John	330
Kildonan	323
St. Pauls	270
St. Andrews	652
St. Andrews	837
St. Clements	484
St. Peter's	870
Scanderburry	24
Ste. Anne	323
St. James and Fort Garry	450
Headingly	330
St. Francois Xavier	1,843
St. Paul's	5
St. Charles'	333
White Mud, Portage, and West Brown Mission	535
High Bluff	272
Poplar Point	511
Oak Point	140
Lake Manitoba	15[illegible]
St. Paul's in Bay	356
Long Lake	52
Total	11,948

Canadian Materials for History, Poetry and Romance.

The fourth lecture of the series which is being given before the Ottawa Literary and Scientific Society was delivered last evening by Mr. Bourinot in the rooms of the Society, Sparks street, in the presence of an attentive audience—E. A. Meredith, Esq., L. L. D., in the chair. The subject of the lecture was "Canadian Materials for History, Poetry and Romance.

In the introduction of his remarks the lecturer said it was not necessary to go beyond our own country to find dramatic incidents which may give light and brilliancy to the pages of history, or wake the genius of poetry and romance. Our history did not extend much above two hundred years, and must therefore be wanting in many of those elements of absorbing interest which necessarily exist in the history of the communities of the Old World—where every foot of ground has its memorable associations—its record of human heroism and human suffering to point many a moral and adorn many a tale.

"One-half the soil has walked the rest,
In poets, heroes, martyrs, sages."

In comparison with such a history that of Canada must be necessarily tame. The waving pines, the mountains towering into the sky until they are lost in the purple of distance, the wide expanse of lakes, the framing rapids and mighty falls that bar the progress of the river to the sea—all the sublime features of Canadian scenery might charm the eye and elevate the thoughts, but after all it was in the record of heroic endeavour and suffering of the struggle between antagonistic principles and systems of the play of human passion and frailty and virtue, that the essence of history, poetry and romance really existed.

In New France—in whose history we found features of the most dramatic character—Commerce and Religion first went hand in hand to reclaim the wilderness on the banks of the St Lawrence and on the shores of the Atlantic. Though the system under which the country was governed was defective in many essentials, yet it gave birth to men whose zeal and courage, exhibited on the broader arena of European life, would have won for them a wider and more enduring fame than it was possible for them to attain amid the forests of America. We, too, had our classic ground on which the student might stand and recall a past, rich in historic recollections. The ruins of Louisbourg and Ticonderoga, now covered by grass, recalled a momentous epoch in our history. Then at the mention of Quebec, what a troop of illustrious men came before us—of some the ashes lay beneath Canadian soil; of others, in Westminster Abbey, or in some quiet graveyard in old France. Time had touched the "ancient town" but lightly; its quaint churches, its walls and gates, the picturesque aspect of its surroundings, rendered it unique among American cities. It had none of that newness so characteristic of the towns on this side of the ocean—it looked like some fortified city, which had played its part in the old world's history, and been suddenly transferred to that grand promontory overlooking so noble a panorama of land and water.

Among the elements of the population of new France, we found not a few striking types of character. Adventurous explorers, brave soldiers, fearless priests, *preux chevaliers*, would stand out prominent figures in that historic picture which would represent the principal actors in the first era of Canada and Acadia. The lecturer then referred to the "characteristic men" of Canadian history—to Frontenac, La Salle, Marquette, Tonty of the Iron Hand, St. Castin—to the "gentlemen adventurers" and *coureurs de bois* who ventured into the depths of the wilderness for profit or for fame—to d'Iberville and other illustrious Canadians, who have written their names indelibly on the pages of Canadian history.

[illegible] public on our borders, this country could never have been saved to England. Our history, for the past half century, had been the record of material progress—the forest had echoed day by day to the axe of the pioneer, and now where the tall dark green pine and spruce stood more than fifty years ago, cities and towns arose to speak eloquently of the achievements of the people. The lives of the owners of this noble domain, so lately reclaimed from the forest, might be less adventurous than those of the pioneers and explorers of whom he had spoken, but the results were of no insignificant a character, as we might see when we looked over the face of the Dominion and recognized all the evidences of its wealth and prosperity, as well as intellectual progress.

So far, we had done much in the way of availing ourselves of the materials we possess for the acquisition of a Canadian literature. Hitherto, in comparatively new countries like these, the men of action were chiefly required—forests must be cut down cities must be built, the land and sea must pay their tribute to industry, before men had the leisure or ability to pay attention to letters and the arts. But now we had surmounted our early difficulties, and bilt up for ourselves a country of whose wealth and vitality we had every reason to be proud; and now the time had come when we should improve our surroundings and cultivate the arts that refine and adorn our literary record, even now, was not one of which we need be ashamed—we already saw enough to feel much encouragement for the future. In this connection he referred to "Sam Slick" (Judge Haliburton); Mr. Heavysege, the author of "Saul;" Professor de Mille, the author of the "Dodge Club in Italy," the "Cryptogram," and other works which are widely read; Mr. Le Moine, the writer of the "Maple Leaves;" Mr. Fennings Taylor, author of several stately biographies; Mr. Alpheus Todd, whose Constitutional Government entitles him to rank with Hallam and May; Mr. John Foster Kirk, the author of "Charles the Bold of Burgunday;" Garneau, whose Canadian History is still the ablest; Professors Dawson and Wilson, whose works deservedly stand high in the scientific and literary world; besides many others who have written books and contributed to the periodical literature of the day, and whose names could be seen on reference to that very accurate compilation by Mr. Morgan, the *Bibliotheca Canadensis*. But a great Canadian history or romance had not yet appeared—that is to say one which had its readers outside of the Dominion. Neither were the poems of Sangster, Reade and others as well known as they ought to be outside of Canada.

After some references to the remarkable progress and ability of the Canadian press of recent years, to the praiseworthy and useful exertions of Literary Societies like that of Quebec, which has done so much towards preserving valuable historic documents, to the high character of colleges and schools of the Dominion, the lecturer went on to say that the intellectual progress of Canada must henceforth keep pace with its material advancement. None of us must forget—indeed, our public men and educated classes every day showed they recognized the fact—that without a high condition of intellectual culture, no community could ever become truly great. "Knowledge is Power" was an oft quoted aphorism which could not be too deeply studied by the young men of the Dominion just starting into vigorous life. True intellect must always rule and leave its impress upon all ages and peoples. A few years ago the world witnessed a spectacle such as it had never seen before. Wherever the English language is spoken men assembled to pay the tribute of their homage to a man, who, while he lived, was poor and obscure. He had not added an acre of land to his country; he was only a Scottish laborer; at times a weak and erring man; but he gave to Scotland some poems of such exquisite pathos and genial humor, that the world has always recognized in them the inspiration of true genius. At a later time, and in the same countries, men again held "high festival" in honor of another son of genius, who, like the Scotch ploughman, was of humble origin. In his day, he was only a play actor, but he left, as a heritage to England, some dramas which for their knowledge of human nature, for their sagacious maxims, for their delineation of passion and humor, has never been equalled by any writer of ancient or modern times. Such was the tribute that the world was certain, sooner or later, to pay to its true benefactors and sons of genius. The great men of whom Shakespeare wrote nearly three hundred years ago, were best remembered now by the dramas where he portrays their follies, their weaknesses, or their crimes. The Kings and chieftains of the native land of Burns were almost forgotten, while deep in the hearts of his countrymen, all the world are, were imprinted the poems of that poor Scotch peasant.

The Minister of Agriculture.

The Montreal *Gazette* says:—The Hon. Mr. Dunkin was in town yesterday on his way to Ottawa from Knowlton, where he has been staying since the closing of the Quebec Legislature. He was accompanied to Knowlton by Mr. Thos Connolly, a delegate from the workingmen of Great Britain, who is out here on a visit in connection with the emigration, Mr. Dunkin being desirous to afford him an opportunity of seeing the Eastern Townships, and explaining the advantages which they offer to the industrious settler. The interest which Mr. Dunkin takes in the Eastern Townships has made him deservedly popular with the people. When it became known at Knowlton he had come to spend Christmas amongst them, several of his friends, accompanied by the band of the volunteers, proceeded to his residence and serenaded the honorable gentleman. After discoursing some very good music the party was invited to a capital repast, which having been partaken of, the assembly left for their homes, heartily cheering their representative, and promising him another easy victory at the next elections.

Trifles.

They have a man in Memphis who practices law before the police court in the morning and peddles pills during the afternoon.

The Oneida Community have received but one new member since 1867, and decline still further applications for membership.

A Paris correspondent writes that since the siege "the surviving cats of Paris are extremely shy, and no longer court on the roofs.

In an obituary notice of an elderly citizen of a village in Maine, it is stated that he had killed forty seven bears within the limits of the town.

The Chicago papers say there are more poor people out of employment in that section now than there have been at any time during the last eight years.

A Buffalo admirer says of Janauschek as *Deborah*: "Her climax is a thunderbolt of Jove; her 'Amen' the crowning faggot of a pyramid of fire;" &c., *ab lib.*

The parson: "Oh dear, oh dear! drunk again Jones; drunk again! And in broad daylight, too!" Jones: "Lorship (hic) whatsh the oddsh? Sh sh sho am I!"—*Punch.*

HEALTH IS STRENGTH.—To prevent or conquer disease is one of the grandest attainments ever aimed at by man; and Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers will as sure cure coughs, colds, tickling in the throat and pulmonary complaints, as war and pestilence will destroy. Severe colds if not attended to sooner or later lead to incurable consumption, and the strength of the strongest soon falls if neglected. The readiest and best means known for the cure of these

Latest by Telegraph

VIA MONTREAL LINE.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, Dec. 30.

A young boy was struck by the shaft of a sleigh attached to a runaway horse. He was carried to the Marine Hospital this afternoon dangerously injured

The School of Art and Design opened yesterday. The R. C. Bishop of Montreal presided, supported by the Mayor.

The severe frost of the last few days continues. It is drifting to-night, with the thermometer standing 9° above zero.

Mr. Brydges arrived here this evening per steamer *Moravian.*

The river is rapidly closing, and an ice bridge is looked forward to soon.

The Act to amend the Act incorporating the Montreal City Passenger Railway Company provides for the introduction of steam traction engines on the streets.

QUEBEC.

QUEBEC, Dec. 30.

Professor Andrew read last evening before a large audience, and will read again by request on Saturday next.

The ice bridge is soon expected to form. The thermometer is 20° below zero.

THE WAR.

Midnight Despatches.

CABLE NEWS.

THE FRENCH REFUGEES.

LONDON, Dec. 30.—The French Vice Consul in the Island of Jersey has ordered all French refugees to report themselves to army headquarters for service in France immediately. All who failed to comply will be considered as deserters.

The French have resolved to defend Gambetta at all hazards.

PRUSSIAN MOVEMENTS.

There is a force of 2,000 Prussians at St. Quentin, 25 miles south of Cambrai. The force which lately occupied Arras has evacuated the place, but its precise movements are unknown.

MILITARY PREPARATIONS.

BORDEAUX, Dec. 29.—The presence here of Gambetta has given a great impetus to military preparations. Troops are rapidly going forward to the armies in the field. Many were sent hence to day who had just arrived from the South of France.

ARMS FOR THE FRONT.

Cannon of a new pattern and small arms as well as shot, have lately been sent to the front at the earnest request of Gambetta. No public reception was tendered him on his arrival here. An effort was made to have him accept an ovation on New Year's Day, but he firmly declined.

THE WEATHER.

The cold weather still continues, detaining military operations.

BOURBAKI'S ARMY.

Bourbaki's army is now marching to the eastward. The General has been charged with the commission to cut the Prussian lines off all communication in all directions in that quarter.

PRUSSIANS DRIVEN FROM MONTERRE.

Chausey has sent a strong column to Monterre, driving the Prussians out of the place and taking many prisoners.

OVERFLOW OF THE TIBER.

ROME, Dec. 30.—An overflow of the Tiber has flooded half the city, and occasioned a great amount of damage to property.

THE SPANISH CORTES.

NEW YORK, December 30.—A correspondent at Madrid telegraphs that at a meeting of the Cortes held yesterday a resolution was submitted and passed by the Assembly, expressing their abhorrence of the manner in which the debate of Tuesday was conducted, and of the malicious party feeling evinced by many of the members.

RESIGNATION OF GEN. PRIM.

It is stated in this city that Gen. Prim has announced an intention of resigning his official position. It is highly probable that recent developments connected with the Spanish Throne complications may have influenced this step on his part. He intimates an intention to tender his resignation to King Amedus in person, and plead his desire to retire to private life.

The Cortes have adopted a resolution expressive of horror at the attempt to assassinate Gen. Prim, and passed a vote of confidence in the Government.

BY CABLE FROM PRIVATE SOURCES.

LONDON, December 30.—Advices from Tours estimates the entire number of French troops at 750,000.

BOURBAKI'S ARMY TO REVICTUAL PARIS.

Bourbaki's command is charged especially with the duty of revictualling Paris, and has already on hand a vast amount of live stock and provisions to this purpose. At the proper moment this will make a desperate effort to join Chausey's forces and reunite the army of the Loire; he will then with great energy push on for Paris.

Gen Palladine's reserve is now charged by meddling politicians, who persuaded Gambetta to interfere with his military operations.

NO FRENCH DELEGATE TO THE CONFERENCE.

Earl Granville has received an official despatch from the French Government at Bordeaux, in which France declares its determination not to send a delegate to the peace congress to be held in London unless the British Government shall first recognise the republic. A despatch of a similar nature has been sent to each of the other powers.

GERMANS EVACUATING.

A despatch received from Versailles states that a general evacuation of the departments east of Paris, which had been occupied by German troops, shall continue. It is thought that this is done to concentrate the Prussian strength in and around Versailles.

TROOPS SUFFERING.

BORDEAUX, Dec. 30.—Both the Prussian and French troops have suffered terribly from the cold.

REINFORCEMENTS.

Strong reinforcements have been sent forward to all points to replace the French soldiers thus incapacitated. Vast quantities of material calculated to increase the comfort of the troops have also been sent to the front.

PRUSSIAN EXCESS.

It appears the Prussians committed an excess at Orleans and Blois because the inhabitants, who had been ruined, were not able to meet their requisition. At Orleans the Prussians threatened to take away as hostages 50 prominent citizens unless 600,000 francs are paid for the maltreatment of Prussian soldiers.

ARRIVAL OF GEN. PELLINGEAS.

LONDON, Dec. 30.—Gen Pellingeas has arrived at Havre from Bordeaux to superintend the defence of the city

ORDER OF GEN. FRESKOW.

A despatch from Besancon says that Gen. Freskow has issued an order confining the population to the right bank of the River Danube.

GEN. PRIM RECOVERING.

MADRID, Dec. 30.—Gen Prim is rapidly recovering. Seven of the eight balls imbedded in his shoulder have been extracted, and his condition is comfortable;

TREATY RATIFIED.

LONDON, Dec. 30.—Despatches from Stuttgart and Darmstadt announce the ratification of the treaty between Wurtemburg and Hesse.

INVESTIGATION INTO THE LOSS OF THE "CAPTAIN."

The investigation into the cause of the loss of the *Captain* has resulted in an order from Admiralty for the following alterations in the British navy: A reduction of height and weight of masts, and the use of concrete for ballast introduced into a cellular bottom.

NEW MINISTRY.

BUCHAREST, Dec. 30.—A new service ministry has been formed with Prince Ghika at its head.

ARRIVALS.

LIVERPOOL, Dec. 30.—Arrived, steamship *Holland*, from New York.

NEW YORK, Dec. 30.—Arrived, steamship *Morha* from Panama.

SHIP LOST.

The bark *Thureida*, from Philadelphia, for Bremen, went ashore at Long Croon, and three of the crew were drowned.

A DESPERATE FIGHT.

LONDON, Dec. 30.—A Prussian despatch reports that Colonel Bettarshein, commanding a detachment of six companies on foot and two squadrons of cavalry, and two guns, was surrounded by the French near Montoise. After a desperate fight he cut his way out, losing only 100 of his men and taking 240 prisoners.

THE WORLD'S SPECIAL.

The *World's* special from Versailles, Dec 30th, says: Last night a detachment of Saxons advanced on Mont Arron, only to find the works had been evacuated by the French, and that all guns had been removed.

An attack is to be made soon on the south eastern forts.

Fort Arron is within range of the guns of the forts Rosiny and Nogent.

THE ATTEMPTED ASSASSINATION OF PRIM.

NEW YORK, Dec. 30.—The *Herald's* Madrid special, on the 29th., says intense excitement prevailed throughout the city when it was known Prim had been fired upon. Shortly after the attempted assassination descents were made on three places known to the police as harborages for Republicans, and five arrests of parties supposed to be implicated were made. It is a singular fact that, although scarcely dusk at the time, no arrest was made, although at the corner of the palace a large number of citizens and a considerable lot of soldiers were gathered.

To-day, the information obtained from the papers seized [illegible] the conspiracy was of an extensive character. The parties were sworn to exterminate or assassinate the public enemies of the Republic. It is believed the murder of Prim was opposed by some on the ground that nothing should be attempted until the arrival of Aosta, but the advocates for immediate action prevailed. Lots were drawn for the selection of three persons to undertake the killing of Prim.

It is said the Minister of War is in possession of proof identifying the actual assassins, but have not yet succeeded in making arrests. It is certain the conspiracy is of a most extensive character, and the plots were well laid. To-day there was some expressions of indignation at the attempted murder, but generally a sullen indifference is evinced.

At the War Office couriers are despatched to Barcelona and other points with stringent orders to military commandants.

THE LONDON CONFERENCE.

The *Herald's* special of London 30th says: It is believed that the preliminary difficulties to be entered into in the conference will be hard to overcome, for it is almost certain that the Russian representative at the beginning of the proceedings will announce formally as the fixed policy of his Government.

CHAUSEY ASSUMING THE OFFENSIVE.

LONDON, Dec. 30.—A *World's* special says that Chausey is about to assume the offensive, and is marching on St. Calas.

VON WERDER RETREATING.

Von Werder is retreating on Vecant.

Prince Frederick Charles is concentrating at Orleans.

There are French reports that propositions have been made for peace to Gambetta.

THE CONFERENCE POSTPONED.

LONDON, Eve., Dec. 30.—The conference of the powers on the eastern question has been indefinitely postponed, as France has refused to take part in it, and the absence of one of the signers of the Paris treaty would render the meeting useless.

FEDERAL TREATIES RATIFIED.

BERLIN, Dec. 30.—The Federal treaties with Baden, Hesse and Wurtemburg have been ratified. The Upper Chamber of the Bavarian Diet granted the treaty by nearly an unanimous vote.

DRESDEN, Dec. 30.—The Crown Prince of Saxony in a despatch to King John says, after the capture of Fort Avron, the German batteries were ordered to open fire on Noisly, Merlan and Bondy, the French subsequently withdrew from the villages, retreating along the road to Paris.

A "WORLD'S" SPECIAL.

The *World's* special dated London 30th, says, it is officially announced that Bismarck was asked by Washburne if Favre could have a safe conduct to the Conference. Bismarck however objected

Mr. Fortescue has been appointed President of the Board of Trade, and the Marquis of Hartington, Secretary for Ireland. Other Cabinet changes are contemplated.

The German reinforcements on the way to France number 150,000 men.

BOMBARDMENT OF PARIS.

A *Tribune* special, dated Margency 28th, says that a dozen shells were sent yesterday inside of Paris, into Lavellete and Belleville, from Rainey, at a range of 7,000 yards.

The French batteries at Bondy have been silenced and the camps behind Bondy broken up.

The French have erected six batteries in the plain between La Courneave and Droncy.

The railway station at Bodgny, which hitherto was of immense use to the French, is now commanded by German batteries. The German loss during the cannonading yesterday was 23.

London Luxury.

From the Pall Mall Gazette.

The example of the social life of Paris has had a more vicious and direct influence upon London than is usually suspected. Immodesties of costume which first appeared in the Tuileries were soon displayed in the opera boxes at Covent garden. Our ladies caught the rage for bare, very bare, necks, without any exhibition of those qualms which are supposed to furnish the British nation with a sort of moral sense in dress. It was from Paris again that Englishwomen borrowed the habit of dying the hair red, unaware, perhaps, that the original compliment of imitation has been paid to a famous lodger in the Quartier Bred. From Paris the dandies of the Row acquired that easy and friendly manner with the horsebreakers of Brompton, which they were not ashamed of airing under the eyes of women of their home acquaintance in places of public resort. And our literature became to a degree tainted with the French system of coquetting with vice. Within the last few years a very significant style of newspaper and magazine illustration has grown more or less popular; and the promoters of the enterprizes in which these pictures have appeared have derived the motives for their speculation from the high-legged, undraped studies from the semi-nude which fluttered from kiosks of the Boulevards. Indeed, Parisian artists themselves were employed in thus educating the London public. We all remember the [illegible] of virtue which ran [illegible] of the vivid Amazonian love-making of the Duchess of Gerolstein that the actress frequently forgot the hint she had received as to our insular bashfulness, and kicked as much over the traces of decorum in King street as she had been accustomed to do for the diversion of her patrons of the Parisian Jockey Club. An [illegible] theatrical manager could not help a natural feeling of jealousy at the encouragement given to the foreigner and the neglect shown to native talent of a kindred character, and he borrowed a cancan troupe from the French capital, which, until the other day, in various guises, has been flourishing among us. About the same period another Parisian novelty was imported. A notorious woman, whose *carte de visite* was staring at us from every window, was put on the stage of a West end house for a few nights; but this was going too far ahead of the times, the lady was withdrawn. But our imitation of Parisian frolicksomeness increased in emphasis. It has told in town—no doubt it was an invention—that during a capricious night at the Tuilleries the beauties of the Imperial Court invited the Nephew of his Uncle and a select party to witness a performance with locked doors of a dance in which the ladies figured in the costume of professional coryphees. Well, we had at home tableaux vivants of aristocratic belles, who, for the sake of charity, did almost as much as Lady Godiva did for Coventry. So far, we kept our eye on Paris, and Paris, so to speak, piped for us in laxity of manners. * * * *

Ladies of the middle class who have marriageable daughters complain sadly of the difficulty of attracting men to their houses. The clubs are put down for the negligence or indifference to the claims of the sex displayed by the inattention of bachelors. The truth may be that a club is the safest harbour to which a bachelor can retreat to spend his evenings. But there are other snares for the celibate of luxurious tastes which it is needless to particularize. It is a fact which bears on the point and heading of this article that the number of visitors to such a recreation ground as Cremorne has immensely increased within the last few years. Another institution of a kindred nature in Windmill-street has received an accession of habitues within the same time much over the average. Parisian influences could be traced in every appointment of these concerns. Absinthe and vermouth began to be sold in them; you could buy your little journal to make you laugh at the portals of the haunts. The very city clerks are finding out the French cafes at the West-end, and are to be seen apeing Frenchmen with black coffee and brandy and a lady to play dominoes with. At the West-end clubs absinthe is frequently substituted by youngsters for the old sherry and bitters, a mixture of homely and comparatively innocuous invention. Observe, too, the brisk revival and repetition of the bal-masque, at which quadrilles are performed in what is termed the Parisian method. Against this may be set off London athleticism; but then even there we observe tokens of effeminacy. Foot-ball clubs are not so many as there were, and foot-ball is a thoroughly manly and British game. The rowing clubs make a brave show enough, but in provincial towns there are proportionately a greater number of amateur oarsmen than there are on the Thames. It is worthy of remark that the best-conducted, and, we believe, the only notable, gymnastic society in London, is of German origin, has German teachers, and is assiduously attended by Germans. This society has contributed a contingent of soldiers to the Prussian army. The youth of London are, in fact, decidedly weakened in tone by the facilities for pleasure afforded them at music-halls and dancing-gardens. The men of a better class are saved from the perils of vicious indolence to a small extent by an annual trip to the moors, an open sea excursion in a yacht, a couple of months in the shires; but their activity is, after all, expended in an ill-regulated and over-concentrated manner. Hundreds, many hundreds of such men in London sneer at the volunteers, regard the army as a bore, and [illegible] is a satisfying pursuit. The successes of speculation have thrown upon the clubs of Pall Mall and Piccadilly a clamorous crew of as idle, cynical, and worthless young gentleman as can be found in Paris and New York. Their fathers have been or are something in the City; these hopefuls will not be anything in the City; but are content to be nobodies in more or less good company. These are the patrons of cancan troupes, the customers of the bal masque showman, the gay sparks that are found by the police in the Haymarket night-houses, swallowing Norton Folgate Moselle and impairing their constitution until the light of health and ambition seems visibly guttering to the end in their dull bloodshot eyes. How large a proportion of them, again, have been plunging on the turf, skulking into "Knightsbridge Exchanges," or swaggering under the noses of the police into Tattersall's, or sending money orders or postage stamps to agents of various kinds connected with the horse and his master! London, to be sure, does not represent all England; but the vices of London are very soon worn in the country. In this latter business we owe nothing to Paris; indeed, we were fast indoctrinating Paris with the principles of the turf as a sort of return for the tastes she had developed in us, when her education was interrupted by the events of the autumn.

A Voyage Through the Air.

ADVENTURES OF A PARIS BALLOON.

The following is from the London *Daily News* of the 8th inst:—

"Since the marvelous balloon adventure narrated by Edgar Poe, there has been no such voyage through the air as that taken by two Parisians a fortnight ago. They did not, indeed, enjoy the celestial revelations, nor accomplish the astronomical feats described by the most imaginative of Americans, for these two aeronauts were enveloped in thick fog during the greater part of their journey. They were not kept in constant alarm by the fear of running against a planet, or of falling down a lunar mountain crater; on the contrary, the vision of a star would have been hailed with gladness in that dreary night of thick darkness and cloud. It was not in the heavens above or in the earth beneath that their peril lay. Their fear was that they would be whelmed in the waters under the earth. A quarter of an hour before midnight of Nov. 24 this wonderful journey began. At that moment MM. Paul Relier and Deschamps stepped into the balloon that was to carry them out of beleagured Paris. Whither, they knew not; their destination depended upon wind and weather, and such contingencies impossible to arrange or foresee. They wished to go to Tours, for they had with them many bags of letters from anxious friends to still more anxious friends, many important despatches from the one half of the government to the other half, whose safe delivery involved, perhaps, the fate of the great sortie then at hand. But the wind bloweth where it listeth. In Paris, the vanes pointed to the north, and the north wind would take them whither they desired to go. The balloon, released from its trammels, shot aloft more than a mile high, in order that it might escape the unfriendly salutes of the needle gun. In that high region the travellers found the wind blowing in the opposite direction. They saw the whole Prussian camp beneath them at a safe distance, but as they sped over the heads of the foe, it was not towards the Loire that they took their way. These were departments of the north over which they were hurried. Then they seemed to hear the sound of innumerable locomotives rattling through some deep cutting. They were beyond the region of railways—the distant roar arose from the waves as they dashed against the rocks of the sea coast. There were no means of arresting their flight. In a few minutes they lost sight of the breakers beneath them, for they were whirled into a thick mist, wherein was no vision of any kind. They knew that they were being swept onwards, but they had [illegible] of measuring their pace or of [illegible] but she did not understand them, or at least did not answer them. They thought they would descend and float until the corvette came up and took them off; but the ubiquitous Uhlan was there, as every where else—that is to say, a vessel, no doubt German, fired at them, and they had once more to exchange the perils of the water for the perils of the air. Rising again, they were hurled along towards the north with a speed that dizzied the eye and bewildered the brain. They were being swept away toward the frozen sea, but for them the mysteries of the Arctic Pole, the problem of the north west passage, would remain unsolved, for long ere they reached that wonderful but desolate region they would be stiffened corpses, congealed to death. So they gave themselves up for lost, and they sent out one of their carrier pigeons, not as Noah sent forth his dove to return with the token of deliverance, but to convey to Paris the tidings of their destination. Yet 'Hope springs eternal in the human breast,' and even in the hour of despair the travellers would not neglect one last chance of salvation. They let down a rope, which dragging through the sea, somewhat retarded their terrific pace. At last there was land again. They threw out one of their bags of letters, and, lightened, the balloon shot upwards. They had no desire to continue their voyage toward the North Pole, so they opened the valve, let out some of their gas, descended to the top of the trees, and, at last, after much difficulty, succeeded in making the balloon fast, and alighting almost unhurt on the solid earth.

"Where are they? They had not the faintest conception. They were ravenously hungry, cruelly cold; the escaping gas nearly suffocated them, and they both fainted. There was not a house near, nor a sign of humanity. All around was snow, and the pine forest. Presently, they caught sight of some creatures moving about; they were wolves If the wolves had been as hungry as the aeronauts it would have gone badly with MM. Rolier and Deschamps, especially as there were only two men to three beasts. But perhaps because *messieurs les loups* had dinned quite recently, they did not attack the new comers. These continued their toilsome journey, and, after plunging through the snowdrifts, came upon a cabin where a fire was burning. It was empty, but soon two wood-cutters entered, and then began one of those pantomimes to which since Babeldom poor mankind has, for want of a common language, been reduced whenever it goes a few miles beyond its own home The Frenchmen naturally enough wished to know wehre in the world they were. But though they tried the purest Prussian accent their hosts could not understand a word One of them had a box of matches in his hand, and a happy thought seized M. Rolier; he took the box and read on it "Christinia.' So they were in Norway, and they had made the journey of 600 miles or more in thirteen hours, thus handsomely beating the Scotch limited mail to Inverness by five hours. Presently the Pastor and the engineer of mines appeared. The latter was, of course, called Nillssen—everybody is called Nillssen in Norway, just as everybody is called Smith in England. The engineer not being English, was, of course, a good linguist, and understood the story of the aeronauts, and put them in the way of Christinia. At Drammen they found that their balloon had been caught, and they received in safety their letters, instruments and carrier pigeons. The balloon they presented to the University of Christiania, where it will be one of the most remarkable articles of the very miscellaneous museum."

☞ Twenty years experience in using Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers have proved them to be the most effectual remedy for coughs, and irritation of the throat, caused by cold, or unusual exertion of the vocal organs; public speakers and singers will find them most beneficial. The entire freedom from all deleterious ingredients renders Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers, or Cough and Voice Lozenges, a safe remedy for the most delicate person, and has caused them to be held in high esteem by all who have used them Sold by all medicine dealers at 25cts. per box.

BIRTH.

In this city, on the 30th December, the wife of N. Sparks, Esq., Albert street, of a daughter.

DIED

Yesterday morning, 30th instant, Francis Harold, infant son of Mr. S. A. McMurtry, of this city.

The funeral will take place, this afternoon, at 3 o'clock, from his father's residence, corner of Nicholas and Theodore streets.

WALTHAM WALTHAM

THE AMERICAN WATCH

The public of the United States and Canada have now had over ten years experience of WALTHAM WATCHES, and they are now everywhere acknowledged to be the ONLY RELIABLE

TIME-KEEPERS!

Almost all other watches are sold under false pretences; not one in a hundred bears the name of the real maker; the public have absolutely no security, and have, therefore, been constantly imposed upon On the contrary, every buyer of a Waltham Watch gets a guarantee of the company, and no matter from whom he buys it, has positive security that he is getting a TIME KEEPER.

It must be admitted that the apparent interest of watchmakers lies in selling other watches, on which they can make larger profits, but men of enterprise in the trade prefer an article of large and ready sale, and which leaves no bad stock It is "small profits and quick returns."

These watches can be had in several grades (all guaranteed) the silver cases are made from coin silver, and from 2 to 6 ounces in weight. The gold cases are made in 18 carat gold, and from 1.4 to 4 ounces in weight; the size for ladies are richly engraved or enamelled. For the quality both in gold and silver, are the

CHEAPEST WATCHES IN THE WORLD

These watches can be ordered of any reliable watchmaker or jeweller in the Dominion; but the guarantee of the Company should be invariably required. The Company in all cases pay the Government duty, which makes the Canadian consumer a privileged purchaser

ROBERT WILKES,
Sole Wholesale Agent for the Dominion of Canada
Toronto—48 and 50 Yonge Street.
Montreal—445 St. Paul Street
1397 3

GRAND MUSICAL
—AND—
DRAMATIC SOIREE,
—AT THE—
CANADIAN INSTITUTE
On WEDNESDAY EVENING,
January 4, 1871.

The first PUBLIC SOIREE of the FRENCH CANADIAN INSTITUTE, for the Festive Season of 1871, will afford the Citizens of Ottawa a very varied and attractive Programme.

A Witty French Comedy in Three Acts, entitled "BATAILLE de DAMES," by Messrs SCRIBE and LEGOUVE, the plot of which passes at the chateau of the Countess D'Autreval, near Lyons, in October 1817, will be found highly interesting.

This Comedy will be performed by the CERCLE MOLIERE.

The musical performances will be rendered by Lady and Gentlemen Amateurs, who have already kindly appeared at the weekly SEANCES of the CERCLE des FAMILLES.

Full particulars will appear on printed programmes, which will be distributed among the audience.

ADMISSION—Reserved Seats 35cts
Ordinary Seats ....25cts.

A plan of the Hall may be seen at the Institute, in Sussex street, opposite the Cathedral, every evening from 7 till 10 o'clock, where seats may be secured and tickets obtained

Doors open at 7 p.m. and the performance will commence at 8 o'clock precisely.

By order.
T C LAROSE,
Recording Secretary.
Ottawa, December 30, 1870 1552 3

LOST. [illegible]
General Western Railway and Ste[illegible] office, at H Palmer's store, next Draper's, Sussex st. two doors fr[illegible]

'XMAS
—AND—
NEW YEAR'S
CHERRY BRANDY,
CHERRY WHISKEY,
LIQUEURS,
CORDIALS,
SHERRY,
FRENCH RED W[illegible]
PORT,
FRENCH WHITE WINES,
RUM,
GIN,
BRANDY,
IN WOOD AND BOTTLE,
—ALL OF—
Finest Quality and Purity,
J. P. MACPHERSON,
Wine Merchant,
Elgin Street.
Ottawa, December 31, 1870

THANKS.
ELLIOTT & HAMILTON desire to thank all those who assisted [illegible] Stock of Goods from destruction, [illegible] threatened their premises on Thursday 29th inst.
Ottawa, December 30, 1870

Wants.

WANTED,
A thorough Servant man, who understands the care of Horses, and a good Driver. [illegible] at this Office.
JOHN McDON[illegible]
Aylmer, Dec 28, 1870

BOARD WANTED,
For a Single Gentleman. Address [illegible] stating terms
Ottawa, December 29, 1870.

SCHOOL TEACHER wanted for School No. 1[illegible], Gloucester.
Gloucester, Dec 22, 1870

WANTED,
For the ROMAN CATHOLIC Schools of this City, two Male English [illegible] holding 1st Class Certificates.
Application to be made to the undersigned on or before the 15th inst.
WM. FINLEY,
Chairman Board of R. C. S. S.
Ottawa, Dec 6, 1870

ST. JAMES' HOTEL
METCALFE AND QUEEN STREETS
F. EVANS, Proprietor
Good accommodation for the travelling public. First-Class Wines and Liquors. [illegible] stabling.
Ottawa, Dec 8, 1870

TO THE ELECTORS OF VICTORIA WARD.

GENTLEMEN,—I have been asked by a large number of the influential Electors of Victoria Ward to allow myself to be put in nomination as one of the School [illegible] for said Ward, during the ensuing [illegible]

To refuse to comply with their [illegible] in the absence of any reasonable [illegible] such refusal, or to neglect to do [illegible] to the best of my ability, if elected [illegible] position on the Board by the votes of my friends, would be to [illegible]self altogether unworthy of th[illegible]dence.

I therefore accede to their w[illegible] if elected as one of your repr[illegible] my best efforts, in the int[illegible] Public Schools of the city, shall [illegible] disposal.

I have the honor to be Gentlemen, Your obedient se[illegible]
ERSKINE H. B[illegible]
Chaudiere, 25th Dec., 1870.

To the Returning Officer and [illegible] Ottawa Ward, in the City of [illegible]

GENTLEMEN,—I beg to th[illegible] friends and supporters for the k[illegible]ciation of the services I have en[illegible] to render them for the last six [illegible]ing which I represented Ottawa [illegible] the Municipal Council of Ottawa [illegible]o strongly aiding my nomi[illegible] Candidate, but owing to [illegible]vate occupations, I find that [illegible] not be able to devote my [illegible] to the interest of Ottawa Ward [illegible]lar, and the City in general, as I [illegible] heretofore, and therefore find it [illegible] to accept their unqualified [illegible] heartily tendered. I beg there[illegible]der my resignation as a Candid[illegible] present municipal election, and [illegible] beg to declare that I am no longer [illegible]didate in the election of Alderm[illegible] Ottawa Ward for 1871.

(Signed) JOHN B. GUE[illegible]
Ottawa, Dec. 28, 1870.

To the Returning Officer and [illegible] Ottawa Ward, in the City of [illegible]

GENTLEMEN,—

Owing to some doubts [illegible] raised as to my qualifications [illegible] as Alderman for Ottawa Ward [illegible] year 1871, and having ascertain[illegible] fact of my being a licensed [illegible] under the Corporation, substan[illegible] doubts. I hereby beg to tender [illegible] nation as a Candidate in the [illegible] Alderman for the said Ward, [illegible] renounce all intentions of be[illegible]ed, and declare that I am [illegible] Candidate as above mentioned.

(Signed) F. X. G[illegible]
Ottawa, Dec. 28, 1870.

NOTICE.

The gentleman who found a [illegible] containing part of a Ladies K[illegible] near the Quebec Bank, yesterday will be suitably rewarded on [illegible] Office of W B THISTLE & Co.
Ottawa, Dec. 28, 1870

LAND OF CAKES.

BUY
your Cakes, Confectionery
Plum cakes, Fruit Cakes, Citron cakes, [illegible] on Sultan, Seed, Pound [illegible] Sponge and other large cakes and ornamented at D. Morrison's [illegible] dean Street, where you will [illegible] and best assortment of small cakes [illegible] fectionary in the city, fancyboxes, Horns of plenty, pure Sugar toys and Figures of home and foreign manufacture. D. Morrison is now prepared to furnish Soirees, Tea meetings and other [illegible] in the best style, having had [illegible] rience in Montreal he feels confident [illegible] satisfaction to all who favor him with orders. Please to remember the place, D Morrison, Biscuit [illegible] Baker, Wholesale and Retail [illegible] 38 Rideau street, and 45 York Street.
Ottawa, Dec. 26, 1870.

STALL No. 1.
JOHN TERRANCE in returning [illegible] customers for their liberal patronage [illegible]